Computer Algebra
Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2023 edition

0-Independent-test-suites/2-Bondarenko-Problems

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Contents

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test.The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [35]. This is test number [2].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 13.3.1 (August 16, 2023) on windows 10.
2. Rubi 4.16.1 (Dec 19, 2018) on Mathematica 13.3 on windows 10
3. Maple 2023.1 (July, 12, 2023) on windows 10.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.3.0 on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
5. FriCAS 1.3.9 (July 8, 2023) based on sbcl 2.3.0 on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-57 (June 26, 2023) on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
7. Sympy 1.12 (May 10, 2023) Using Python 3.11.3 on Linux.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or `Hypergeometric2F1` functions. `RootSum` and `RootOf` are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Mathematica	97.14 (34)	2.86 (1)
Rubi	94.29 (33)	5.71 (2)
Maple	80.00 (28)	20.00 (7)
Fricas	71.43 (25)	28.57 (10)
Giac	48.57 (17)	51.43 (18)
Maxima	45.71 (16)	54.29 (19)
Mupad	25.71 (9)	74.29 (26)
Sympy	25.71 (9)	74.29 (26)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

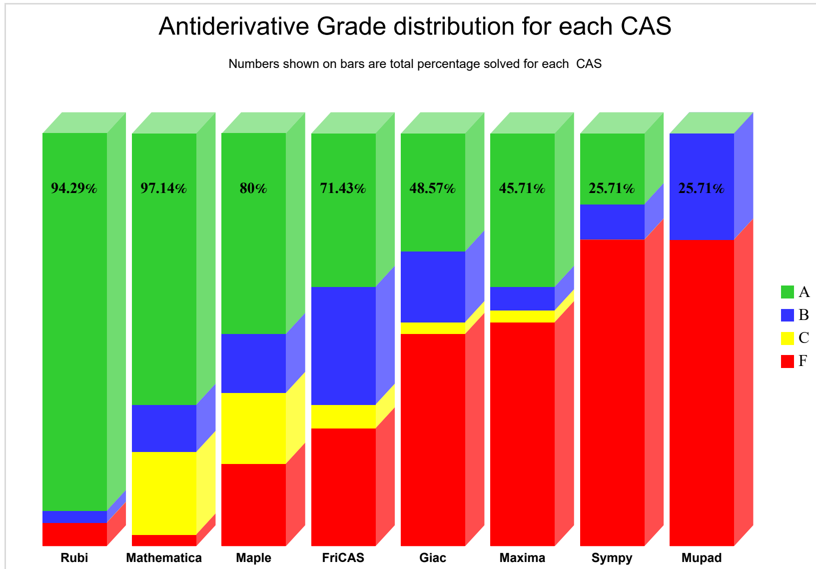
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

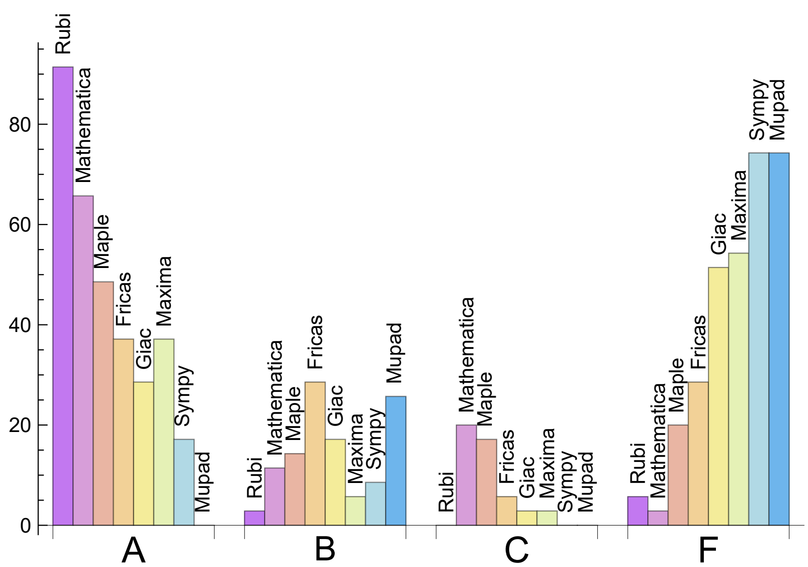
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	91.429	2.857	0.000	5.714
Mathematica	65.714	11.429	20.000	2.857
Maple	48.571	14.286	17.143	20.000
Fricas	37.143	28.571	5.714	28.571
Maxima	37.143	5.714	2.857	54.286
Giac	28.571	17.143	2.857	51.429
Sympy	17.143	8.571	0.000	74.286
Mupad	0.000	25.714	0.000	74.286

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage timeout failure	Percentage exception failure
Mathematica	1	100.00	0.00	0.00
Rubi	2	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	7	100.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	10	80.00	0.00	20.00
Giac	18	83.33	0.00	16.67
Maxima	19	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mupad	26	0.00	100.00	0.00
Sympy	26	88.46	11.54	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Rubi	0.22
Maxima	0.30
Giac	0.33
Mupad	0.59
Fricas	0.75
Mathematica	1.33
Sympy	2.57
Maple	4.50

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Giac	107.76	1.52	55.00	1.03
Maple	134.25	1.15	73.00	0.82
Sympy	143.00	3.02	65.00	1.21
Mupad	160.00	1.47	49.00	0.94
Mathematica	180.21	1.40	87.50	1.00
Rubi	183.58	1.23	83.00	1.00
Fricas	486.16	2.44	73.00	1.38
Maxima	851.50	8.19	53.50	1.24

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

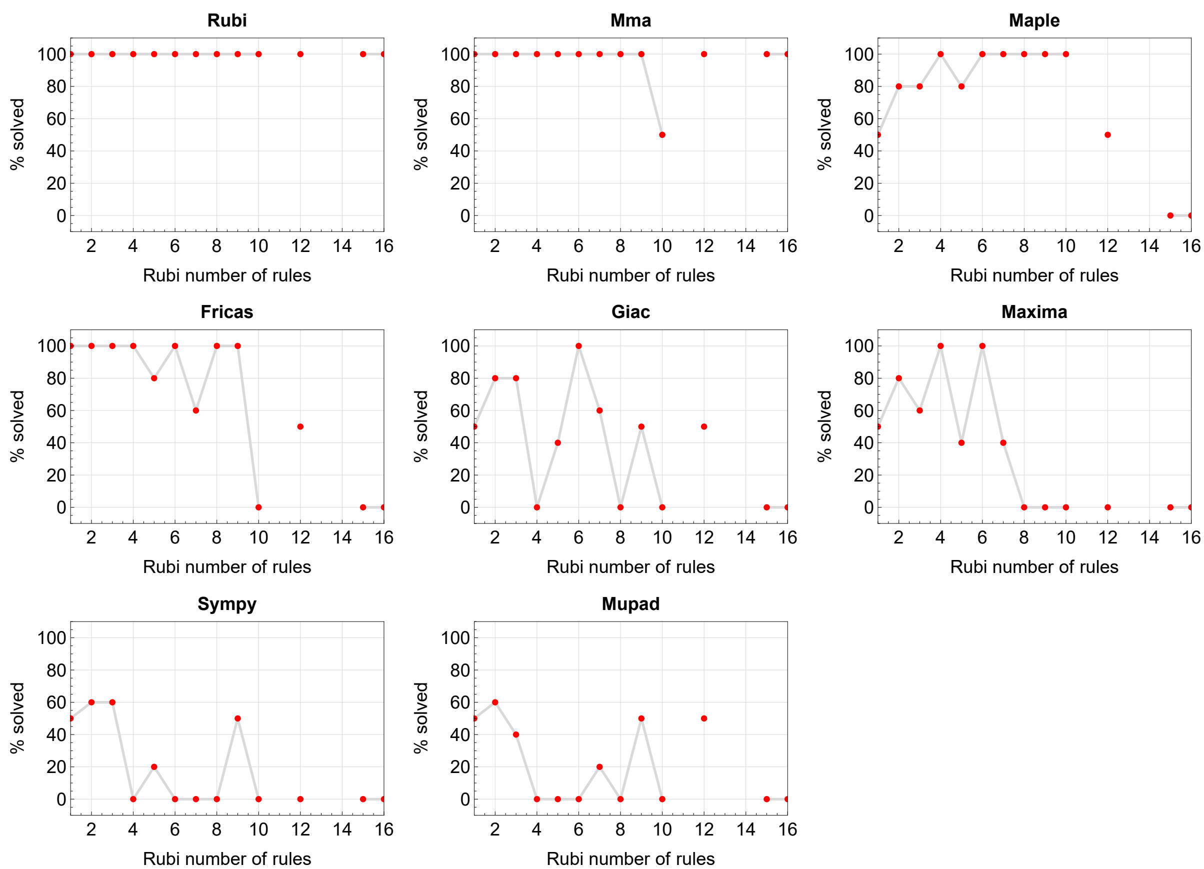


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

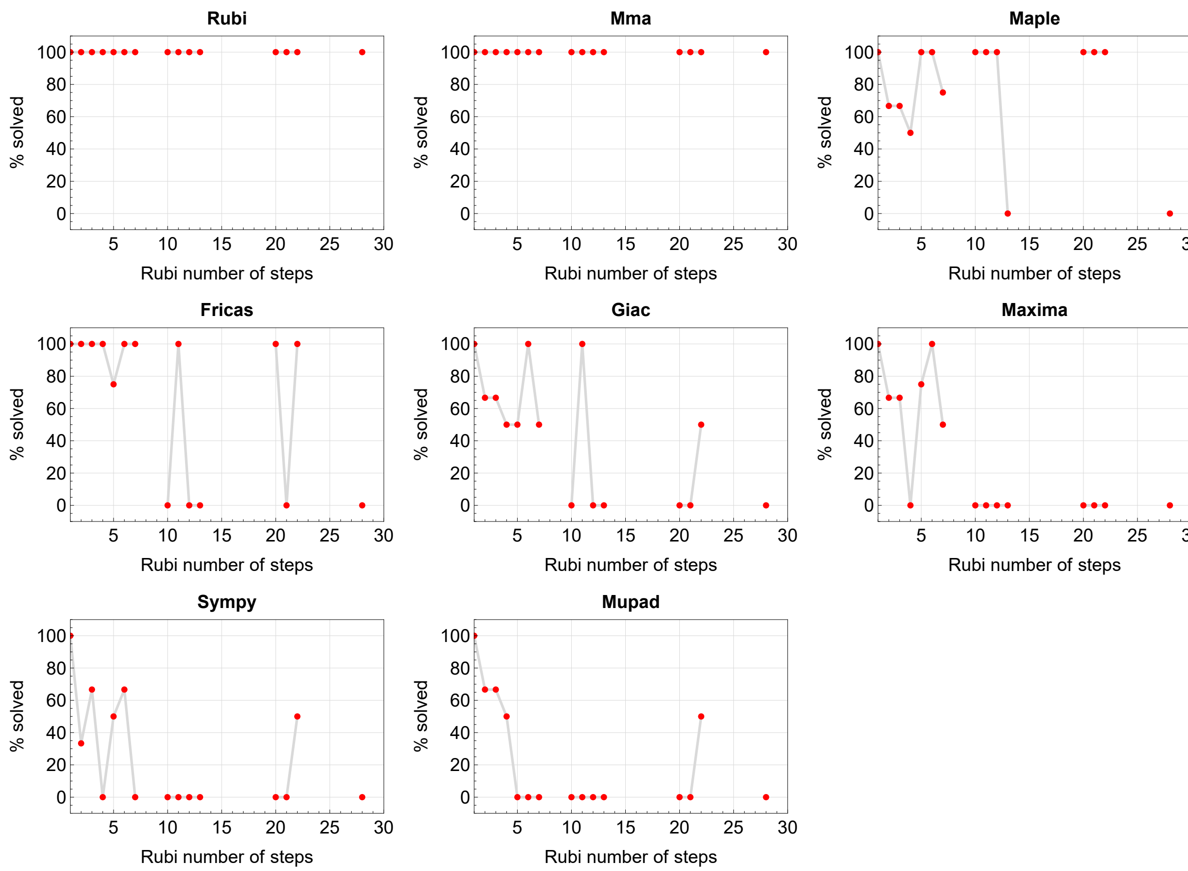


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the precentage of solved intergals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

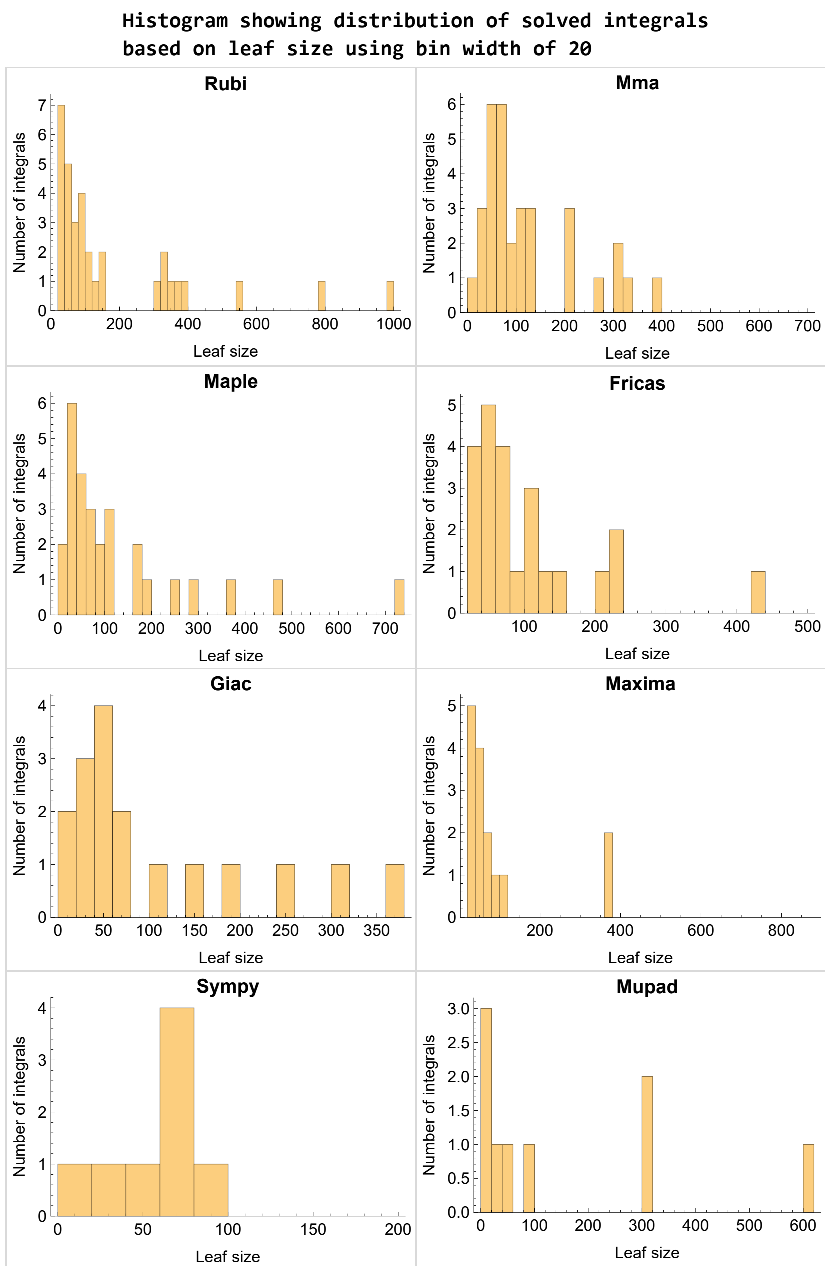


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

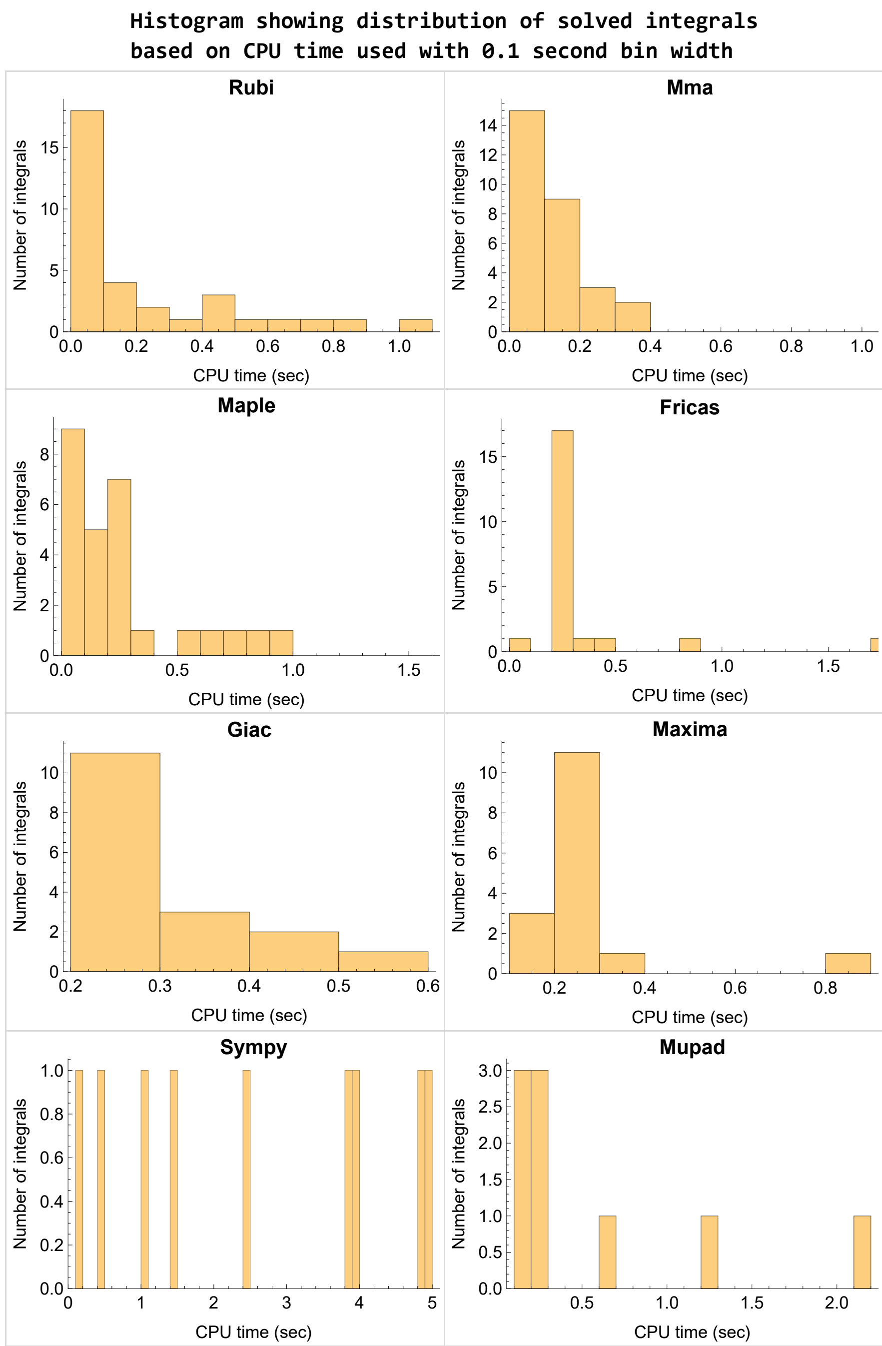


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fricas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

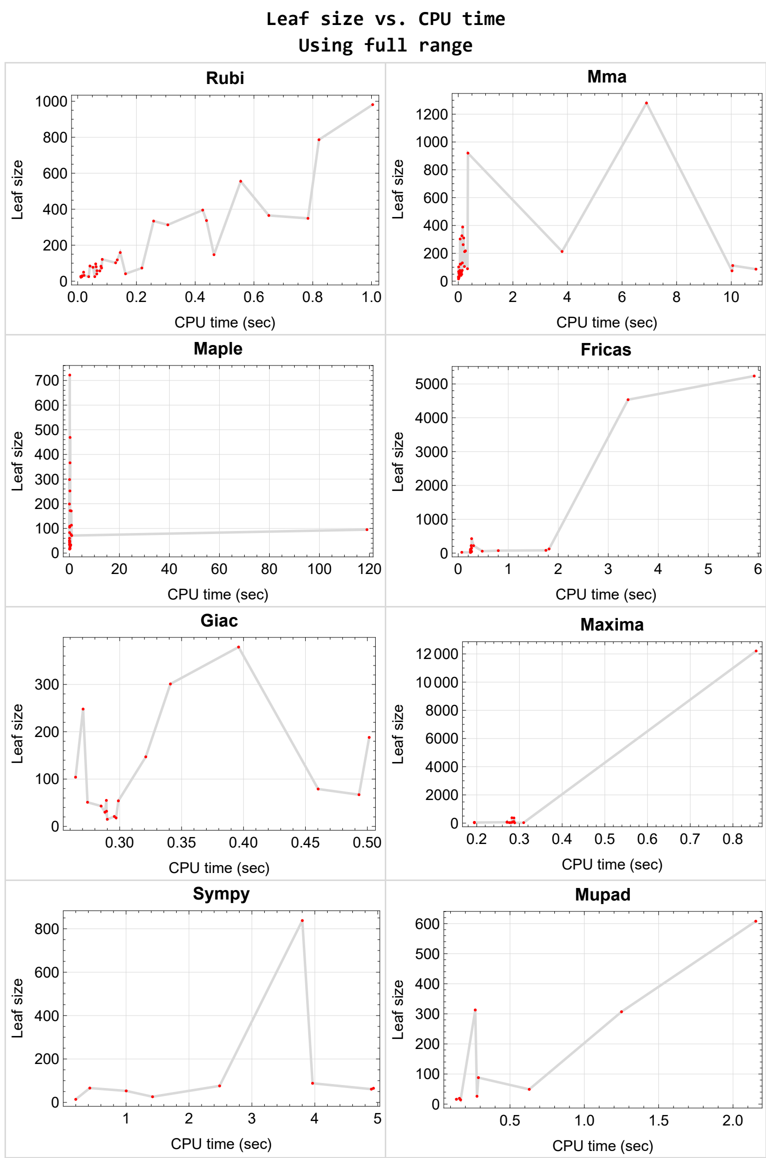


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {}

Mathematica $\{7, 8, 35\}$

Maple {}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime'
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for `Rubi` and `Mathematica`.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima integrate was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'
'display2d : false'
'domain : complex'
'keepfloat : true'
'load(to_poly_solve)'
'load(simplify_sum)'
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See `https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/` for reference.

Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at `https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/`

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
```

```
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:
  # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count
  leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))

  except Exception as ee:
        leafCount =1
```

Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

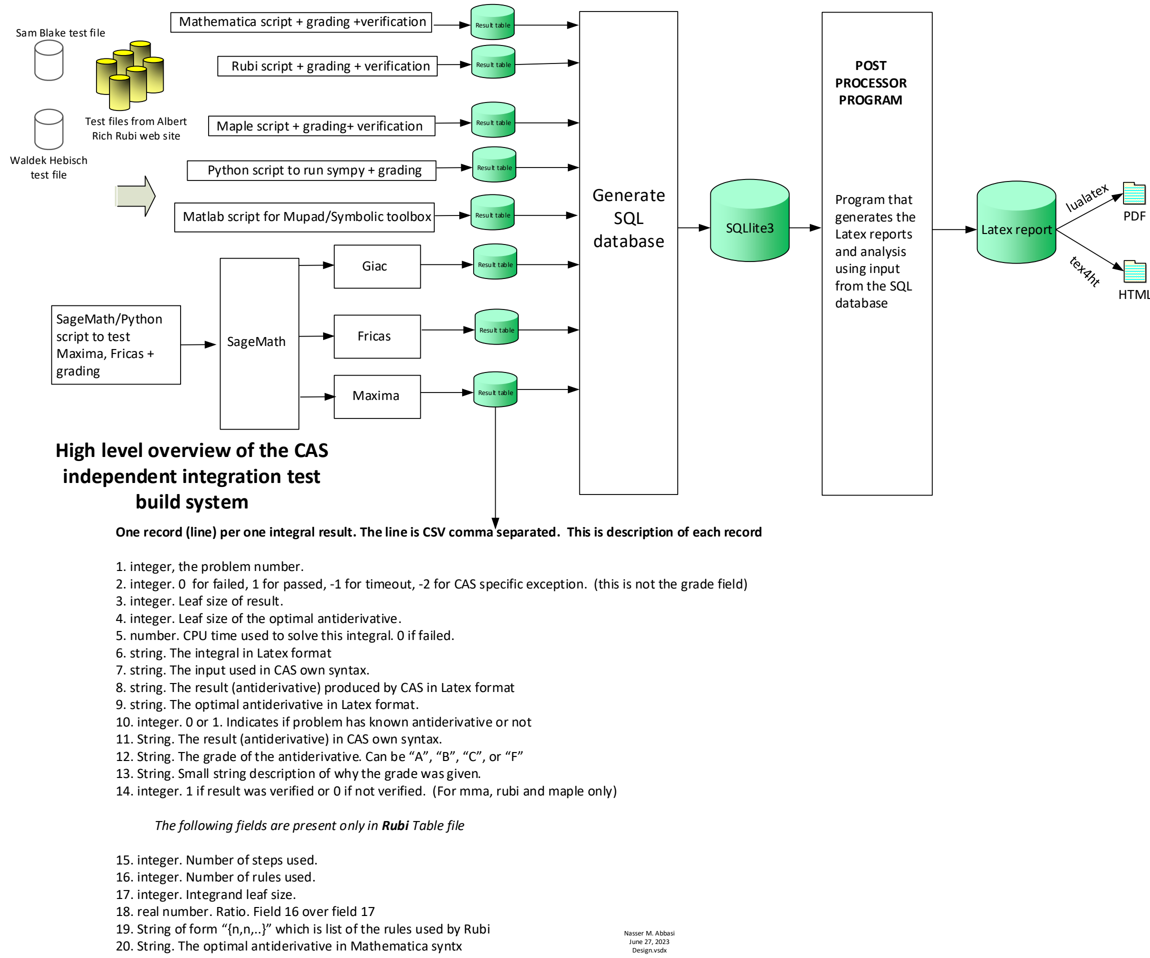
The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine,'cos(x)*sin(x)')
the_variable = evalin(symengine,'x')
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives `sin(x)^2/2`

1.15 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



CHAPTER 2

DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35 }

B grade { 21 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 7, 8 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mma

A grade { 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 22, 23, 24, 27, 28, 29, 32, 34, 35 }

B grade { 19, 20, 31, 33 }

C grade { 1, 4, 6, 13, 14, 25, 26 }

F normal fail { 30 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maple

A grade $\{ 1, 3, 4, 10, 11, 12, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 27, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35 \}$

B grade $\{ 2, 17, 19, 24, 26 \}$

C grade $\{ 5, 6, 7, 8, 13, 14 \}$

F normal fail $\{ 9, 15, 16, 18, 28, 29, 31 \}$

F(-1) timedout fail $\{ \}$

F(-2) exception fail $\{ \}$

Fricas

A grade $\{ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 22 \}$

B grade $\{ 10, 11, 13, 14, 20, 21, 23, 24, 26, 33 \}$

C grade $\{ 6, 25 \}$

F normal fail $\{ 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35 \}$

F(-1) timedout fail $\{ \}$

F(-2) exception fail $\{ 7, 8 \}$

Maxima

A grade $\{ 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 19, 20, 22, 33, 34 \}$

B grade $\{ 21, 23 \}$

C grade $\{ 4 \}$

F normal fail $\{ 2, 6, 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35 \}$

F(-1) timedout fail $\{ \}$

F(-2) exception fail $\{ \}$

Giac

A grade $\{ 1, 3, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12, 21, 22, 23 \}$

B grade $\{ 2, 17, 19, 20, 24, 26 \}$

C grade $\{ 4 \}$

F normal fail $\{ 7, 8, 9, 15, 18, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35 \}$

F(-1) timedout fail $\{ \}$

F(-2) exception fail $\{ 13, 14, 16 \}$

Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 21, 22, 23, 26 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 24, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Sympy

A grade { 3, 4, 6, 10, 11, 12 }

B grade { 1, 5, 22 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 2, 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 7, 8, 29 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column `N.S.` means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **`Mathematica`** was abbreviated to **`MMA`**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	77	18	20	25	61	18	16
N.S.	1	1.00	3.50	0.82	0.91	1.14	2.77	0.82	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.011	0.056	0.263	0.289	0.246	4.899	0.297	0.140

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	49	50	0	44	0	147	49
N.S.	1	1.00	1.53	1.56	0.00	1.38	0.00	4.59	1.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.022	0.125	0.026	0.000	0.247	0.000	0.321	0.630

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	16	16	23	20	14	15	14
N.S.	1	1.00	0.64	0.64	0.92	0.80	0.56	0.60	0.56
time (sec)	N/A	0.014	0.008	0.066	0.194	0.243	0.200	0.290	0.168

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	C	A	A	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	68	42	112	46	53	43	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	0.72	1.93	0.79	0.91	0.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.066	0.013	0.067	0.287	0.259	1.002	0.285	0.000

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	50	26	30	56	67	838	32	88
N.S.	1	1.00	0.52	0.60	1.12	1.34	16.76	0.64	1.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.020	0.027	0.393	0.194	0.246	3.801	0.289	0.288

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	C	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	334	334	30	34	0	149	26	248	313
N.S.	1	1.00	0.09	0.10	0.00	0.45	0.08	0.74	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.004	0.277	0.000	0.266	1.421	0.270	0.266

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	291	0	310	172	366	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.07	0.59	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.198	0.286	0.287	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	308	0	326	199	378	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.06	0.65	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.132	0.027	0.282	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	105	0	0	66	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.042	0.224	0.000	0.000	0.244	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	41	41	34	51	101	65	51	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.83	1.24	2.46	1.59	1.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.163	0.097	0.035	0.271	0.245	4.932	0.274	0.000

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	69	46	63	112	76	67	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.63	0.86	1.53	1.04	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.081	0.104	0.154	0.271	0.245	2.487	0.493	0.000

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	52	60	77	110	88	79	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.82	1.05	1.51	1.21	1.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.219	0.084	0.050	0.271	0.248	3.964	0.460	0.000

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	365	365	217	109	0	5235	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.59	0.30	0.00	14.34	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.651	0.262	0.158	0.000	5.918	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	337	337	212	105	0	4535	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.63	0.31	0.00	13.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.438	0.233	0.092	0.000	3.395	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	74	0	0	56	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.052	10.028	0.000	0.000	0.480	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	118	112	0	0	73	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.135	10.055	0.000	0.000	0.801	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	77	298	0	81	0	188	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	3.59	0.00	0.98	0.00	2.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.079	0.143	0.053	0.000	1.753	0.000	0.501	0.000

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	96	89	0	0	122	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.061	0.337	0.000	0.000	1.817	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	A	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	65	49	36	34	0	55	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.60	1.96	1.44	1.36	0.00	2.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.058	0.113	0.102	0.278	0.260	0.000	0.289	0.000

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	57	33	35	55	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.28	1.32	1.40	2.20	0.00	2.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.038	0.049	0.536	0.276	0.252	0.000	0.299	0.000

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	A	B	B	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	786	213	95	12209	219	0	104	307
N.S.	1	7.28	1.97	0.88	113.05	2.03	0.00	0.96	2.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.821	3.802	119.017	0.854	0.306	0.000	0.264	1.250

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	56	27	40	46	66	30	26
N.S.	1	1.00	1.93	0.93	1.38	1.59	2.28	1.03	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.015	0.026	0.288	0.195	0.267	0.423	0.288	0.278

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	26	20	43	68	0	21	19
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.77	1.65	2.62	0.00	0.81	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.011	0.013	0.165	0.282	0.247	0.000	0.296	0.160

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	147	121	366	0	220	0	379	0
N.S.	1	1.34	1.10	3.33	0.00	2.00	0.00	3.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.464	0.085	0.243	0.000	0.261	0.000	0.396	0.000

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	86	75	0	23	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.15	1.88	0.00	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.065	10.905	0.662	0.000	0.071	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	349	920	469	0	427	0	301	608
N.S.	1	1.89	4.97	2.54	0.00	2.31	0.00	1.63	3.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.784	0.354	0.260	0.000	0.267	0.000	0.341	2.153

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	102	102	83	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.129	0.015	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	159	122	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.145	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	395	395	389	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.426	0.160	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	981	981	0	722	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.004	0.000	0.144	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	555	555	1280	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.555	6.895	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	313	313	303	252	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.068	0.208	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	80	262	113	84	220	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.28	1.41	1.05	2.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.063	0.178	0.826	0.284	0.259	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	44	71	31	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	1.25	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.076	0.044	0.914	0.310	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	131	171	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.084	0.148	0.723	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [29] had the largest ratio of [1.15399999999999991]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	1	1	1.00	12	0.083
2	A	4	3	1.00	19	0.158
3	A	2	2	1.00	6	0.333
4	A	5	5	1.00	10	0.500
5	A	3	2	1.00	7	0.286
6	A	22	9	1.00	8	1.125
7	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
8	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
9	A	4	3	1.00	19	0.158
10	A	6	3	1.00	25	0.120
11	A	5	2	1.00	19	0.105
12	A	6	3	1.00	21	0.143
13	A	20	8	1.00	28	0.286
14	A	22	9	1.00	21	0.429
15	A	2	1	1.00	27	0.037
16	A	3	2	1.00	36	0.056
17	A	7	5	1.00	17	0.294
18	A	7	5	1.00	17	0.294
19	A	6	6	1.00	25	0.240
20	A	7	7	1.00	14	0.500
21	B	45	7	7.28	9	0.778
22	A	3	3	1.00	8	0.375
23	A	2	2	1.00	10	0.200
24	A	11	7	1.34	16	0.438

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
25	A	5	5	1.00	11	0.454
26	A	31	12	1.89	16	0.750
27	A	12	10	1.00	16	0.625
28	A	13	12	1.00	12	1.000
29	A	28	15	1.00	13	1.154
30	A	44	10	1.00	18	0.556
31	A	35	16	1.00	18	0.889
32	A	21	7	1.00	14	0.500
33	A	7	4	1.00	5	0.800
34	A	5	5	1.00	8	0.625
35	A	10	7	1.00	14	0.500

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\cos(z)+\sin(z)} \, dz$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\cos(z)+\sin(z)} \, dz = -\frac{1-\sqrt{2}\sin(z)}{\cos(z)-\sin(z)}$$

```
[Out] (-1+sin(z)*2^(1/2))/(cos(z)-sin(z))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.083, Rules used = {3193}

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\cos(z)+\sin(z)} \, dz = -\frac{1-\sqrt{2}\sin(z)}{\cos(z)-\sin(z)}$$

```
[In] Int[(Sqrt[2] + Cos[z] + Sin[z])^(-1),z]
```

```
[Out] -((1 - Sqrt[2]*Sin[z])/(Cos[z] - Sin[z]))
```

Rule 3193

```
Int[(cos[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_) + (c_.)*sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)])^
(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-(c - a*Sin[d + e*x])/(c*e*(c*Cos[d + e*x] - b*Sin[
d + e*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2 - c^2, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = -\frac{1-\sqrt{2}\sin(z)}{\cos(z)-\sin(z)}$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.50

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\cos(z)+\sin(z)}\,dz=\frac{-\left(\left((1+3i)+\sqrt{2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)\right)+\left((1+i)-i\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)}{\left((1+i)+\sqrt{2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)+i\left((-1-i)+\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)}$$

```
[In] Integrate[(Sqrt[2] + Cos[z] + Sin[z])^(-1),z]
```

```
[Out] (-(((1 + 3*I) + Sqrt[2])*Cos[z/2]) + ((1 + I) - I*Sqrt[2])*Sin[z/2])/(((1 +
 I) + Sqrt[2])*Cos[z/2] + I*((-1 - I) + Sqrt[2])*Sin[z/2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{2\tan\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)}{\tan\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)+\sqrt{2}+1}$	18
default	$-\frac{2}{\left(\sqrt{2}-1\right)\left(\tan\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)+\sqrt{2}+1\right)}$	21
norman	$\frac{\left(-2-2\sqrt{2}\right)\tan\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)+2}{\tan^{2}\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)+2\tan\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)-1}$	32
risch	$-\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}+2\,e^{iz}+i\sqrt{2}}+\frac{2i}{\sqrt{2}+2\,e^{iz}+i\sqrt{2}}$	45

```
[In] int(1/(cos(z)+sin(z)+2^(1/2)),z,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 2*tan(1/2*z)/(tan(1/2*z)+2^(1/2)+1)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\cos(z)+\sin(z)}\,dz=\frac{\sqrt{2}\cos(z)+\sqrt{2}\sin(z)-2}{2\left(\cos(z)-\sin(z)\right)}$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(cos(z)+sin(z)+2^(1/2)),z, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 1/2*(sqrt(2)*cos(z) + sqrt(2)*sin(z) - 2)/(cos(z) - sin(z))
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. $2(15) = 30$.

Time = 4.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\cos(z)+\sin(z)}\,dz = -\frac{198}{-239\tan\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)+169\sqrt{2}\tan\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)-70\sqrt{2}+99} + \frac{140\sqrt{2}}{-239\tan\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)+169\sqrt{2}\tan\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)-70\sqrt{2}+99}$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(cos(z)+sin(z)+2**(1/2)),z)
[Out] -198/(-239*tan(z/2) + 169*sqrt(2)*tan(z/2) - 70*sqrt(2) + 99) + 140*sqrt(2)
/(-239*tan(z/2) + 169*sqrt(2)*tan(z/2) - 70*sqrt(2) + 99)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\cos(z)+\sin(z)}\,dz = -\frac{2}{\frac{\left(\sqrt{2}-1\right)\sin(z)}{\cos(z)+1}+1}$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(cos(z)+sin(z)+2^(1/2)),z, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] -2/((sqrt(2) - 1)*sin(z)/(cos(z) + 1) + 1)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\cos(z)+\sin(z)}\,dz = -\frac{2\left(\sqrt{2}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}+\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}z\right)+1}$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(cos(z)+sin(z)+2^(1/2)),z, algorithm="giac")
[Out] -2*(sqrt(2) + 1)/(sqrt(2) + tan(1/2*z) + 1)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\cos(z)+\sin(z)}\,dz = -\frac{2}{\tan\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)\,\left(\sqrt{2}-1\right)+1}$$

```
[In] int(1/(cos(z) + sin(z) + 2^(1/2)),z)
[Out] -2/(tan(z/2)*(2^(1/2) - 1) + 1)
```

3.2 $\int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{1-x}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2} \, dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{1-x}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2} \, dx=-\frac{1}{2x}+\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x}+\frac{\arcsin(x)}{2}$$

```
[Out] -1/2/x+1/2*arcsin(x)+1/2*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)/x
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.158, Rules used = {6822, 283, 222}

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{1-x}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2} \, dx=\frac{\arcsin(x)}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x}-\frac{1}{2x}$$

```
[In] Int[(Sqrt[1 - x] + Sqrt[1 + x])^(-2),x]
```

```
[Out] -1/2*1/x + Sqrt[1 - x^2]/(2*x) + ArcSin[x]/2
```

Rule 222

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt
[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]
```

Rule 283

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*
x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[b*n*(p/(c^n*(m + 1))), In
t[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[
```

```
n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] &&  !ILtQ[(m + n*p + n + 1)/n, 0] && IntBi
nomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

Rule 6822

```
Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)] + (f_.)*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*
(x_)^(n_.)])^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[(b*e^2 - d*f^2)^m, Int[ExpandIntegrand
[(u*x^(m*n))/(e*Sqrt[a + b*x^n] - f*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[a*e^2 - c*f^2, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= \frac{1}{4}\int\left(\frac{2}{x^2}-\frac{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^2}\right)dx\\
&= -\frac{1}{2x}-\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^2}\,dx\\
&= -\frac{1}{2x}+\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x}+\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\,dx\\
&= -\frac{1}{2x}+\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x}+\frac{\arcsin(x)}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int\frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{1-x}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2}\,dx=\frac{-1+\sqrt{1-x^2}+4x\arctan\left(\frac{-\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{1-x}}\right)}{2x}$$

```
[In] Integrate[(Sqrt[1 - x] + Sqrt[1 + x])^(-2),x]
[Out] (-1 + Sqrt[1 - x^2] + 4*x*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[2] + Sqrt[1 + x])/Sqrt[1 - x]])/(2*
x)
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 49 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{1}{2x}-\frac{\left(-\arcsin(x)x-\sqrt{-x^2+1}\right)\sqrt{1+x}\,\sqrt{1-x}}{2x\sqrt{-x^2+1}}$	50

```
[In] int(1/((1-x)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] -1/2/x-1/2*(-arcsin(x)*x-(-x^2+1)^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2)*(1-x)^(1/2)/x/(-x^2+1)
^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{1-x}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2}\,dx = -\frac{2\,x\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{-x+1}-1}{x}\right)-\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{-x+1}+1}{2\,x}$$

```
[In] integrate(1/((1-x)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] -1/2*(2*x*arctan((sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)/x) - sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(-x +
1) + 1)/x
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{1-x}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2}\,dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{1-x}+\sqrt{x+1}\right)^2}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(1/((1-x)**(1/2)+(1+x)**(1/2))**2,x)
```

```
[Out] Integral((sqrt(1 - x) + sqrt(x + 1))**(-2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{1-x}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2}\,dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{-x+1}\right)^2}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(1/((1-x)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] integrate((sqrt(x + 1) + sqrt(-x + 1))^(-2), x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 147 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.59

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{1-x}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2}\,dx = \frac{1}{2}\pi + \frac{2\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{-x+1}}{\sqrt{x+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{-x+1}}\right)}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{-x+1}}{\sqrt{x+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{-x+1}}\right)^2 - 4} - \frac{1}{2x} + \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{x+1}\left(\frac{\left(\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{-x+1}\right)^2}{x+1} - 1\right)}{2\left(\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{-x+1}\right)}\right)$$

```
[In] integrate(1/((1-x)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
[Out] 1/2*pi + 2*((sqrt(2) - sqrt(-x + 1))/sqrt(x + 1) - sqrt(x + 1)/(sqrt(2) - s
qrt(-x + 1)))/(((sqrt(2) - sqrt(-x + 1))/sqrt(x + 1) - sqrt(x + 1)/(sqrt(2)
 - sqrt(-x + 1)))^2 - 4) - 1/2/x + arctan(1/2*sqrt(x + 1)*((sqrt(2) - sqrt(
-x + 1))^2/(x + 1) - 1)/(sqrt(2) - sqrt(-x + 1)))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{1-x}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2}\,dx = \frac{\left(\frac{x}{2}+\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{1-x}}{x\sqrt{x+1}} - \frac{1}{2x} - 2\,\mathrm{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-x}-1}{\sqrt{x+1}-1}\right)$$

```
[In] int(1/((x + 1)^(1/2) + (1 - x)^(1/2))^2,x)
```

```
[Out] ((x/2 + 1/2)*(1 - x)^(1/2))/(x*(x + 1)^(1/2)) - 1/(2*x) - 2*atan(((1 - x)^(
1/2) - 1)/((x + 1)^(1/2) - 1))
```

3.3 $\int \frac{1}{(1+\cos(x))^2} dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 6, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\cos(x))^2} dx = \frac{\sin(x)}{3(1+\cos(x))^2} + \frac{\sin(x)}{3(1+\cos(x))}$$

```
[Out] 1/3*sin(x)/(1+cos(x))^2+1/3*sin(x)/(1+cos(x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {2729, 2727}

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\cos(x))^2} dx = \frac{\sin(x)}{3(\cos(x)+1)} + \frac{\sin(x)}{3(\cos(x)+1)^2}$$

```
[In] Int[(1 + Cos[x])^(-2),x]
```

```
[Out] Sin[x]/(3*(1 + Cos[x])^2) + Sin[x]/(3*(1 + Cos[x]))
```

Rule 2727

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-Cos[c +
 d*x]/(d*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b
^2, 0]
```

Rule 2729

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b*Cos[c
+ d*x]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n + 1))), x] + Dist[(n + 1)/(a*(2*n
+ 1)), Int[(a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &
```

```
& EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}\text{integral} &= \frac{\sin(x)}{3(1+\cos(x))^2}+\frac{1}{3}\int\frac{1}{1+\cos(x)}\,dx\\ &= \frac{\sin(x)}{3(1+\cos(x))^2}+\frac{\sin(x)}{3(1+\cos(x))}\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int\frac{1}{(1+\cos(x))^2}\,dx=\frac{(2+\cos(x))\sin(x)}{3(1+\cos(x))^2}$$

```
[In] Integrate[(1 + Cos[x])^(-2),x]
[Out] ((2 + Cos[x])*Sin[x])/(3*(1 + Cos[x])^2)
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{6}+\frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2}$	16
norman	$\frac{\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{6}+\frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2}$	16
parallelrisch	$\frac{\left(\tan^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{6}+\frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2}$	16
risch	$\frac{2i\left(3\,e^{ix}+1\right)}{3\left(e^{ix}+1\right)^3}$	22

```
[In] int(1/(cos(x)+1)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
[Out] 1/6*tan(1/2*x)^3+1/2*tan(1/2*x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\cos(x))^2}\,dx = \frac{(\cos(x)+2)\sin(x)}{3\left(\cos(x)^2+2\,\cos(x)+1\right)}$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(1+cos(x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] 1/3*(cos(x) + 2)*sin(x)/(cos(x)^2 + 2*cos(x) + 1)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\cos(x))^2}\,dx = \frac{\tan^3\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{6} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2}$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(1+cos(x))**2,x)
[Out] tan(x/2)**3/6 + tan(x/2)/2
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\cos(x))^2}\,dx = \frac{\sin(x)}{2(\cos(x)+1)} + \frac{\sin(x)^3}{6(\cos(x)+1)^3}$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(1+cos(x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] 1/2*sin(x)/(cos(x) + 1) + 1/6*sin(x)^3/(cos(x) + 1)^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\cos(x))^2}\,dx = \frac{1}{6}\,\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}\,x\right)^3 + \frac{1}{2}\,\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}\,x\right)$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(1+cos(x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] 1/6*tan(1/2*x)^3 + 1/2*tan(1/2*x)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\cos(x))^2}\,dx = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\,\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2+3\right)}{6}$$

```
[In] int(1/(cos(x) + 1)^2,x)
[Out] (tan(x/2)*(tan(x/2)^2 + 3))/6
```

3.4 $\int \frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1+x}}\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1+x}}\,dx = \sqrt{2\pi}\cos(1)\,\text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{1+x}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\,\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{1+x}\right)\sin(1)$$

```
[Out] cos(1)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)-FresnelC(2^(
1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2))*sin(1)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.500, Rules used = {3387, 3386, 3432, 3385, 3433}

$$\int \frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1+x}}\,dx = \sqrt{2\pi}\cos(1)\,\text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{x+1}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sin(1)\,\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{x+1}\right)$$

```
[In] Int[Sin[x]/Sqrt[1 + x],x]
```

```
[Out] Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[1]*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[1 + x]] - Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[Sq
rt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[1 + x]]*Sin[1]
```

<u>Rule 3385</u>

```
Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> D
ist[2/d, Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d
, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

<u>Rule 3386</u>

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Dist[2/d
, Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}
, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3387

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Dist[Cos
[(d*e - c*f)/d], Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Dist[Sin[(d
*e - c*f)/d], Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d,
e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

Rule 3432

```
Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rule 3433

```
Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= \cos(1)\int \frac{\sin(1+x)}{\sqrt{1+x}}\,dx - \sin(1)\int \frac{\cos(1+x)}{\sqrt{1+x}}\,dx \\
&= (2\cos(1))\text{Subst}\left(\int \sin\left(x^2\right)\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) - (2\sin(1))\text{Subst}\left(\int \cos\left(x^2\right)\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&= \sqrt{2\pi}\cos(1)\,\text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{1+x}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\,\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{1+x}\right)\sin(1)
\end{aligned}
$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$
\int \frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1+x}}\,dx = -\frac{e^{-i}\left(\sqrt{-i(1+x)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2},-i(1+x)\right) + e^{2i}\sqrt{i(1+x)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2},i(1+x)\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{1+x}}
$$

```
[In] Integrate[Sin[x]/Sqrt[1 + x],x]
[Out] -1/2*(Sqrt[(-I)*(1 + x)]*Gamma[1/2, (-I)*(1 + x)] + E^(2*I)*Sqrt[I*(1 + x)]
*Gamma[1/2, I*(1 + x)])/(E^I*Sqrt[1 + x])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\sqrt{2}\,\sqrt{\pi}\,\left(\cos\left(1\right)\operatorname{S}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\,\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)-\sin\left(1\right)\operatorname{C}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\,\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\right)$	42
default	$\sqrt{2}\,\sqrt{\pi}\,\left(\cos\left(1\right)\operatorname{S}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\,\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)-\sin\left(1\right)\operatorname{C}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\,\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\right)$	42

```
[In] int(sin(x)/(1+x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(cos(1)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2))-sin(1)*Fres
nelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1+x}}\,dx=\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\cos\left(1\right)\operatorname{S}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{C}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\sin\left(1\right)$$

```
[In] integrate(sin(x)/(1+x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*cos(1)*fresnel_sin(sqrt(2)*sqrt(x + 1)/sqrt(pi)) - sqrt(2)
*sqrt(pi)*fresnel_cos(sqrt(2)*sqrt(x + 1)/sqrt(pi))*sin(1)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1+x}}\,dx=\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\left(-\sin\left(1\right)C\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)+\cos\left(1\right)S\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\right)$$

```
[In] integrate(sin(x)/(1+x)**(1/2),x)
```

```
[Out] sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*(-sin(1)*fresnelc(sqrt(2)*sqrt(x + 1)/sqrt(pi)) + cos(1)*f
resnels(sqrt(2)*sqrt(x + 1)/sqrt(pi)))
```

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1+x}}\,dx$$
$$= \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\pi}\left(\left((i+1)\sqrt{2}\cos(1) + (i-1)\sqrt{2}\sin(1)\right)\operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+1}\right) + \left((i-1)\sqrt{2}\cos(1) + (i+\right.\right.$$

```
[In] integrate(sin(x)/(1+x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] 1/8*sqrt(pi)*(((I + 1)*sqrt(2)*cos(1) + (I - 1)*sqrt(2)*sin(1))*erf((1/2*I
+ 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(x + 1)) + ((I - 1)*sqrt(2)*cos(1) + (I + 1)*sqrt(2)*sin
(1))*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(x + 1)) + (-(I - 1)*sqrt(2)*cos(1) - (I
 + 1)*sqrt(2)*sin(1))*erf(sqrt(-I)*sqrt(x + 1)) + ((I + 1)*sqrt(2)*cos(1) +
 (I - 1)*sqrt(2)*sin(1))*erf((-1)^(1/4)*sqrt(x + 1)))
```

Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1+x}}\,dx = -\left(\frac{1}{4}i + \frac{1}{4}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+1}\right)e^{i} + \left(\frac{1}{4}i - \frac{1}{4}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+1}\right)e^{(-i)}$$

```
[In] integrate(sin(x)/(1+x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
[Out] -(1/4*I + 1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(x + 1))*e^I
 + (1/4*I - 1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(x + 1))*e^
(-I)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{1+x}}\,dx = \int \frac{\sin(x)}{\sqrt{x+1}}\,dx$$

```
[In] int(sin(x)/(x + 1)^(1/2),x)
```

```
[Out] int(sin(x)/(x + 1)^(1/2), x)
```

3.5 $\int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^6} \, dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 7, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^6} \, dx = -\frac{\cos(x)-\sin(x)}{10(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^5} - \frac{\cos(x)-\sin(x)}{15(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^3} + \frac{2\sin(x)}{15(\cos(x)+\sin(x))}$$

```
[Out] 1/10*(-cos(x)+sin(x))/(cos(x)+sin(x))^5+1/15*(-cos(x)+sin(x))/(cos(x)+sin(x
))^3+2/15*sin(x)/(cos(x)+sin(x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.286, Rules used = {3155, 3154}

$$\int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^6} \, dx = -\frac{\cos(x)-\sin(x)}{15(\sin(x)+\cos(x))^3} - \frac{\cos(x)-\sin(x)}{10(\sin(x)+\cos(x))^5} + \frac{2\sin(x)}{15(\sin(x)+\cos(x))}$$

```
[In] Int[(Cos[x] + Sin[x])^(-6),x]
```

```
[Out] -1/10*(Cos[x] - Sin[x])/(Cos[x] + Sin[x])^5 - (Cos[x] - Sin[x])/(15*(Cos[x]
 + Sin[x])^3) + (2*Sin[x])/(15*(Cos[x] + Sin[x]))
```

Rule 3154

```
Int[(cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-2), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[Sin[c + d*x]/(a*d*(a*Cos[c + d*x] + b*Sin[c + d*x])), x] /
```

```
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 + b^2, 0]
```

Rule 3155

```
Int[(cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[(b*Cos[c + d*x] - a*Sin[c + d*x])*((a*Cos[c + d*x] + b*Sin
[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(a^2 + b^2))), x] + Dist[(n + 2)/((n + 1)*(a^
2 + b^2)), Int[(a*Cos[c + d*x] + b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 + b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[n, -2]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}\text{integral} &= -\frac{\cos(x)-\sin(x)}{10(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^5}+\frac{2}{5}\int\frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^4}\,dx\\ &= -\frac{\cos(x)-\sin(x)}{10(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^5}-\frac{\cos(x)-\sin(x)}{15(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^3}+\frac{2}{15}\int\frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^2}\,dx\\ &= -\frac{\cos(x)-\sin(x)}{10(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^5}-\frac{\cos(x)-\sin(x)}{15(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^3}+\frac{2\sin(x)}{15(\cos(x)+\sin(x))}\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int\frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^6}\,dx=-\frac{5\cos(3x)-10\sin(x)+\sin(5x)}{30(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^5}$$

```
[In] Integrate[(Cos[x] + Sin[x])^(-6),x]
[Out] -1/30*(5*Cos[3*x] - 10*Sin[x] + Sin[5*x])/(Cos[x] + Sin[x])^5
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{2}{15}+\frac{4\,e^{4ix}}{3}+\frac{2i e^{2ix}}{3}}{\left(e^{2ix}+i\right)^{5}}$
default	$-\frac{4}{5(\tan(x)+1)^{5}}-\frac{8}{3(\tan(x)+1)^{3}}-\frac{1}{\tan(x)+1}+\frac{2}{(\tan(x)+1)^{4}}+\frac{2}{(\tan(x)+1)^{2}}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-9\sin(5x)+25\sin(3x)+90\sin(x)-45\cos(3x)-5\cos(5x)+50\cos(x)}{-30\cos(5x)-150\cos(3x)+300\cos(x)-30\sin(5x)+150\sin(3x)+300\sin(x)}$
norman	$\frac{-8\left(\tan^{2}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)-2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-2\left(\tan^{9}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)+8\left(\tan^{8}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)-\frac{40\left(\tan^{3}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{3}-\frac{40\left(\tan^{7}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{3}-\frac{8\left(\tan^{6}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{3}+\frac{8\left(\tan^{4}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{3}+\frac{236\left(\tan^{5}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{15}}{\left(\tan^{2}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-1\right)^{5}}$

```
[In] int(1/(cos(x)+sin(x))^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 2/15*(-1+10*exp(4*I*x)+5*I*exp(2*I*x))/(exp(2*I*x)+I)^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^{6}}\,dx = -\frac{8\,\cos(x)^{5}-20\,\cos(x)^{3}-\left(8\,\cos(x)^{4}+4\,\cos(x)^{2}-7\right)\sin(x)+5\,\cos(x)}{30\left(4\,\cos(x)^{5}+\left(4\,\cos(x)^{4}-8\,\cos(x)^{2}-1\right)\sin(x)-5\,\cos(x)\right)}$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(cos(x)+sin(x))^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] -1/30*(8*cos(x)^5 - 20*cos(x)^3 - (8*cos(x)^4 + 4*cos(x)^2 - 7)*sin(x) + 5*
cos(x))/(4*cos(x)^5 + (4*cos(x)^4 - 8*cos(x)^2 - 1)*sin(x) - 5*cos(x))
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 838 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 3.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 838, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^{6}}\,dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(cos(x)+sin(x))**6,x)
```

```
[Out] -30*tan(x/2)**9/(15*tan(x/2)**10 - 150*tan(x/2)**9 + 525*tan(x/2)**8 - 600*
tan(x/2)**7 - 450*tan(x/2)**6 + 1020*tan(x/2)**5 + 450*tan(x/2)**4 - 600*ta
n(x/2)**3 - 525*tan(x/2)**2 - 150*tan(x/2) - 15) + 120*tan(x/2)**8/(15*tan(
x/2)**10 - 150*tan(x/2)**9 + 525*tan(x/2)**8 - 600*tan(x/2)**7 - 450*tan(x/
2)**6 + 1020*tan(x/2)**5 + 450*tan(x/2)**4 - 600*tan(x/2)**3 - 525*tan(x/2)
```

```
**2 - 150*tan(x/2) - 15) - 200*tan(x/2)**7/(15*tan(x/2)**10 - 150*tan(x/2)*
*9 + 525*tan(x/2)**8 - 600*tan(x/2)**7 - 450*tan(x/2)**6 + 1020*tan(x/2)**5
 + 450*tan(x/2)**4 - 600*tan(x/2)**3 - 525*tan(x/2)**2 - 150*tan(x/2) - 15)
 - 40*tan(x/2)**6/(15*tan(x/2)**10 - 150*tan(x/2)**9 + 525*tan(x/2)**8 - 60
0*tan(x/2)**7 - 450*tan(x/2)**6 + 1020*tan(x/2)**5 + 450*tan(x/2)**4 - 600*
tan(x/2)**3 - 525*tan(x/2)**2 - 150*tan(x/2) - 15) + 236*tan(x/2)**5/(15*ta
n(x/2)**10 - 150*tan(x/2)**9 + 525*tan(x/2)**8 - 600*tan(x/2)**7 - 450*tan(
x/2)**6 + 1020*tan(x/2)**5 + 450*tan(x/2)**4 - 600*tan(x/2)**3 - 525*tan(x/
2)**2 - 150*tan(x/2) - 15) + 40*tan(x/2)**4/(15*tan(x/2)**10 - 150*tan(x/2)
**9 + 525*tan(x/2)**8 - 600*tan(x/2)**7 - 450*tan(x/2)**6 + 1020*tan(x/2)**
5 + 450*tan(x/2)**4 - 600*tan(x/2)**3 - 525*tan(x/2)**2 - 150*tan(x/2) - 15
) - 200*tan(x/2)**3/(15*tan(x/2)**10 - 150*tan(x/2)**9 + 525*tan(x/2)**8 -
600*tan(x/2)**7 - 450*tan(x/2)**6 + 1020*tan(x/2)**5 + 450*tan(x/2)**4 - 60
0*tan(x/2)**3 - 525*tan(x/2)**2 - 150*tan(x/2) - 15) - 120*tan(x/2)**2/(15*
tan(x/2)**10 - 150*tan(x/2)**9 + 525*tan(x/2)**8 - 600*tan(x/2)**7 - 450*ta
n(x/2)**6 + 1020*tan(x/2)**5 + 450*tan(x/2)**4 - 600*tan(x/2)**3 - 525*tan(
x/2)**2 - 150*tan(x/2) - 15) - 30*tan(x/2)/(15*tan(x/2)**10 - 150*tan(x/2)*
*9 + 525*tan(x/2)**8 - 600*tan(x/2)**7 - 450*tan(x/2)**6 + 1020*tan(x/2)**5
 + 450*tan(x/2)**4 - 600*tan(x/2)**3 - 525*tan(x/2)**2 - 150*tan(x/2) - 15)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^6}\,dx = -\frac{15\,\tan(x)^4 + 30\,\tan(x)^3 + 40\,\tan(x)^2 + 20\,\tan(x) + 7}{15\left(\tan(x)^5 + 5\,\tan(x)^4 + 10\,\tan(x)^3 + 10\,\tan(x)^2 + 5\,\tan(x) + 1\right)}$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(cos(x)+sin(x))^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] -1/15*(15*tan(x)^4 + 30*tan(x)^3 + 40*tan(x)^2 + 20*tan(x) + 7)/(tan(x)^5 +
 5*tan(x)^4 + 10*tan(x)^3 + 10*tan(x)^2 + 5*tan(x) + 1)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^6}\,dx = -\frac{15\,\tan(x)^4 + 30\,\tan(x)^3 + 40\,\tan(x)^2 + 20\,\tan(x) + 7}{15\,(\tan(x)+1)^5}$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(cos(x)+sin(x))^6,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
[Out] -1/15*(15*tan(x)^4 + 30*tan(x)^3 + 40*tan(x)^2 + 20*tan(x) + 7)/(tan(x) + 1
)^5
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\sin(x))^6}\,dx = \frac{2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\left(15\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^8-60\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^7+100\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^6+20\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^5-118\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^4-20\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3+100\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right.\right.}{15\left(-\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2+2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)^5}$$

```
[In] int(1/(cos(x) + sin(x))^6,x)
```

```
[Out] (2*tan(x/2)*(60*tan(x/2) + 100*tan(x/2)^2 - 20*tan(x/2)^3 - 118*tan(x/2)^4
+ 20*tan(x/2)^5 + 100*tan(x/2)^6 - 60*tan(x/2)^7 + 15*tan(x/2)^8 + 15))/(15
*(2*tan(x/2) - tan(x/2)^2 + 1)^5)
```

3.6 $\int \log \left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right) \, dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 334

$$\begin{aligned}\int \log \left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right) \, dx = & -4x-\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}-2x}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}\right) \\ & -\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}-2x}{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}\right) \\ & +\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}+2x}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}\right) \\ & +\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}+2x}{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}\right) \\ & -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\log\left(1-\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}x+x^2\right) \\ & +\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\log\left(1+\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}x+x^2\right) \\ & -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\log\left(1-\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}x+x^2\right) \\ & +\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\log\left(1+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}x+x^2\right)+x\log\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)\end{aligned}$$

```
[Out] -4*x+x*ln(1/x^4+x^4)-arctan((-2*x+(2+2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(2-2^(1/2))^(1/2))*(2-
2^(1/2))^(1/2)+arctan((2*x+(2+2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(2-2^(1/2))^(1/2))*(2-2^(1/2)
)^(1/2)-1/2*ln(1+x^2-x*(2-2^(1/2))^(1/2))*(2-2^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/2*ln(1+x^2+x*
(2-2^(1/2))^(1/2))*(2-2^(1/2))^(1/2)-arctan((-2*x+(2-2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(2+2^(
1/2))^(1/2))*(2+2^(1/2))^(1/2)+arctan((2*x+(2-2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(2+2^(1/2))^(
1/2))*(2+2^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/2*ln(1+x^2-x*(2+2^(1/2))^(1/2))*(2+2^(1/2))^(1/2)
+1/2*ln(1+x^2+x*(2+2^(1/2))^(1/2))*(2+2^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 22, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 1.125, Rules used = {2603, 12, 396, 219, 1183, 648, 632, 210, 642}

$$\begin{aligned}\int \log\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)dx = &-\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}-2x}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}\right)\\ &-\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}-2x}{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}\right)\\ &+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{2x+\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}\right)\\ &+\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{2x+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}\right)+x\log\left(x^4+\frac{1}{x^4}\right)\\ &-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\log\left(x^2-\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}x+1\right)\\ &+\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}x+1\right)\\ &-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\log\left(x^2-\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}x+1\right)\\ &+\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}x+1\right)-4x\end{aligned}$$

```
[In] Int[Log[x^(-4) + x^4],x]
```

```
[Out] -4*x - Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[2]] - 2*x)/Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[2]]
] - Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[2]] - 2*x)/Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[2]]] +
 Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[2]] + 2*x)/Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[2]]] + Sq
rt[2 - Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[2]] + 2*x)/Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[2]]] - (Sqrt
[2 - Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[2]]*x + x^2])/2 + (Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[2]]*Lo
g[1 + Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[2]]*x + x^2])/2 - (Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - Sqrt[2 + S
qrt[2]]*x + x^2])/2 + (Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[2]]*x + x^2]
)/2 + x*Log[x^(-4) + x^4]
```

Rule 12

```
Int[(a_)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[a, Int[u, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] &&  !Match
Q[u, (b_)*(v_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

Rule 210

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(
-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] &
```

```
& (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(-1), x_Symbol] :> With[{r = Numerator[Rt[a/b,
 4]], s = Denominator[Rt[a/b, 4]]}, Dist[r/(2*Sqrt[2]*a), Int[(Sqrt[2]*r -
s*x^(n/4))/(r^2 - Sqrt[2]*r*s*x^(n/4) + s^2*x^(n/2)), x], x] + Dist[r/(2*Sq
rt[2]*a), Int[(Sqrt[2]*r + s*x^(n/4))/(r^2 + Sqrt[2]*r*s*x^(n/4) + s^2*x^(n
/2)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n/4, 1] && GtQ[a/b, 0]
```

Rule 396

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Si
mp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Dist[(a*d - b*c*(n*(
p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)), Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
 c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

Rule 632

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-2, Subst[I
nt[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c},
x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Rule 642

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> S
imp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

Rule 648

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> D
ist[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c), Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Dist[e/(2*c), In
t[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ
[2*c*d - b*e, 0] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] &&  !NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

Rule 1183

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Dist[1/(2*c*q*r), Int
[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + Dist[1/(2*c*q*r), Int[(d*r +
 (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ
[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

Rule 2603

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(RFx_)^(p_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*(a +
 b*Log[c*RFx^p])^n, x] - Dist[b*n*p, Int[SimplifyIntegrand[x*(a + b*Log[c*R
Fx^p])^(n - 1)*(D[RFx, x]/RFx), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && Rat
ionalFunctionQ[RFx, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= x\log\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)-\int\frac{4(-1+x^8)}{1+x^8}\,dx\\
&= x\log\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)-4\int\frac{-1+x^8}{1+x^8}\,dx\\
&= -4x+x\log\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)+8\int\frac{1}{1+x^8}\,dx\\
&= -4x+x\log\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)+\left(2\sqrt{2}\right)\int\frac{\sqrt{2}-x^2}{1-\sqrt{2}x^2+x^4}\,dx+\left(2\sqrt{2}\right)\int\frac{\sqrt{2}+x^2}{1+\sqrt{2}x^2+x^4}\,dx\\
&= -4x+x\log\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)+\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\int\frac{\sqrt{2\left(2+\sqrt{2}\right)}-\left(1+\sqrt{2}\right)x}{1-\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}x+x^2}\,dx\\
&\quad+\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\int\frac{\sqrt{2\left(2+\sqrt{2}\right)}+\left(1+\sqrt{2}\right)x}{1+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}x+x^2}\,dx\\
&\quad+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\int\frac{\sqrt{2\left(2-\sqrt{2}\right)}-\left(-1+\sqrt{2}\right)x}{1-\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}x+x^2}\,dx\\
&\quad+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\int\frac{\sqrt{2\left(2-\sqrt{2}\right)}+\left(-1+\sqrt{2}\right)x}{1+\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}x+x^2}\,dx\\
&= -4x+x\log\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\int\frac{-\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}+2x}{1-\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}x+x^2}\,dx\\
&\quad+\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\int\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}+2x}{1+\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}x+x^2}\,dx+\frac{1}{2}\left(2-\sqrt{2}\right)\int\frac{1}{1-\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}x+x^2}\,dx\\
&\quad+\frac{1}{2}\left(2-\sqrt{2}\right)\int\frac{1}{1+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}x+x^2}\,dx-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\int\frac{-\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}+2x}{1-\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}x+x^2}\,dx\\
&\quad+\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\int\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}+2x}{1+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}x+x^2}\,dx+\frac{1}{2}\left(2+\sqrt{2}\right)\int\frac{1}{1-\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}x+x^2}\,dx\\
&\quad+\frac{1}{2}\left(2+\sqrt{2}\right)\int\frac{1}{1+\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}x+x^2}\,dx
\end{aligned}$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= -4x - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\log\left(1-\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}x+x^2\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\log\left(1+\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}x+x^2\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\log\left(1-\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}x+x^2\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\log\left(1+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}x+x^2\right) \\
&\quad + x\log\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right) + \left(-2+\sqrt{2}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{1}{-2+\sqrt{2}-x^2}\,dx, x, -\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}+2x\right) \\
&\quad + \left(-2+\sqrt{2}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{1}{-2+\sqrt{2}-x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}+2x\right) \\
&\quad - \left(2+\sqrt{2}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{1}{-2-\sqrt{2}-x^2}\,dx, x, -\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}+2x\right) \\
&\quad - \left(2+\sqrt{2}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{1}{-2-\sqrt{2}-x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}+2x\right) \\
&= -4x - \sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}-2x}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}\right) \\
&\quad - \sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}-2x}{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}\right) + \sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}+2x}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}\right) \\
&\quad + \sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}+2x}{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\log\left(1-\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}x+x^2\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\log\left(1+\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}x+x^2\right) - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\log\left(1-\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}x+x^2\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\log\left(1+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}x+x^2\right) + x\log\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.09

$$
\int \log\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)\,dx = -4x + 8x\,\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{8},1,\frac{9}{8},-x^8\right) + x\log\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)
$$

```
[In] Integrate[Log[x^(-4) + x^4],x]
[Out] -4*x + 8*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/8, 1, 9/8, -x^8] + x*Log[x^(-4) + x^4]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

method	result	size
risch	$x \ln\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)-4x+\left(\sum_{\_R=\mathrm{RootOf}(\_Z^8+1)}\frac{\ln(x-\_R)}{\_R^7}\right)$	34
parts	$x \ln\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)-4x+\left(\sum_{\_R=\mathrm{RootOf}(\_Z^8+1)}\frac{\ln(x-\_R)}{\_R^7}\right)$	34
default	$x \ln\left(\frac{x^8+1}{x^4}\right)-4x+\left(\sum_{\_R=\mathrm{RootOf}(\_Z^8+1)}\frac{\ln(x-\_R)}{\_R^7}\right)$	36

```
[In] int(ln(1/x^4+x^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
[Out] x*ln(1/x^4+x^4)-4*x+sum(1/_R^7*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^8+1))
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\begin{aligned}\int \log\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)dx &= x\log\left(\frac{x^8+1}{x^4}\right)+\left(\frac{1}{2}i+\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}(-1)^{\frac{1}{8}}\log\left(2x+(i+1)\sqrt{2}(-1)^{\frac{1}{8}}\right)\\ &\quad-\left(\frac{1}{2}i-\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}(-1)^{\frac{1}{8}}\log\left(2x-(i-1)\sqrt{2}(-1)^{\frac{1}{8}}\right)\\ &\quad+\left(\frac{1}{2}i-\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}(-1)^{\frac{1}{8}}\log\left(2x+(i-1)\sqrt{2}(-1)^{\frac{1}{8}}\right)\\ &\quad-\left(\frac{1}{2}i+\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}(-1)^{\frac{1}{8}}\log\left(2x-(i+1)\sqrt{2}(-1)^{\frac{1}{8}}\right)\\ &\quad+(-1)^{\frac{1}{8}}\log\left(x+(-1)^{\frac{1}{8}}\right)+i(-1)^{\frac{1}{8}}\log\left(x+i(-1)^{\frac{1}{8}}\right)\\ &\quad-i(-1)^{\frac{1}{8}}\log\left(x-i(-1)^{\frac{1}{8}}\right)-(-1)^{\frac{1}{8}}\log\left(x-(-1)^{\frac{1}{8}}\right)-4x\end{aligned}$$

```
[In] integrate(log(1/x^4+x^4),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] x*log((x^8 + 1)/x^4) + (1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(2)*(-1)^(1/8)*log(2*x + (I + 1)*s
qrt(2)*(-1)^(1/8)) - (1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(2)*(-1)^(1/8)*log(2*x - (I - 1)*sqr
t(2)*(-1)^(1/8)) + (1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(2)*(-1)^(1/8)*log(2*x + (I - 1)*sqrt(
2)*(-1)^(1/8)) - (1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(2)*(-1)^(1/8)*log(2*x - (I + 1)*sqrt(2)
*(-1)^(1/8)) + (-1)^(1/8)*log(x + (-1)^(1/8)) + I*(-1)^(1/8)*log(x + I*(-1)
```

```
^(1/8)) - I*(-1)^(1/8)*log(x - I*(-1)^(1/8)) - (-1)^(1/8)*log(x - (-1)^(1/8
)) - 4*x
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \log\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)\,dx = x\log\left(x^4+\frac{1}{x^4}\right) - 4x - \operatorname{RootSum}\left(t^8+1,\left(t\mapsto t\log\left(-t+x\right)\right)\right)$$

```
[In] integrate(ln(1/x**4+x**4),x)
[Out] x*log(x**4 + x**(-4)) - 4*x - RootSum(_t**8 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-_t + x)
))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \log\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)\,dx = \int \log\left(x^4+\frac{1}{x^4}\right)\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(log(1/x^4+x^4),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] x*log(x^8 + 1) - 4*x*log(x) - 4*x + 8*integrate(1/(x^8 + 1), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \log \left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right) dx = x \log \left(x^4+\frac{1}{x^4}\right)+\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}\arctan \left(\frac{2x+\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}}\right) + \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}\arctan \left(\frac{2x-\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}}\right) + \sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}\arctan \left(\frac{2x+\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}}\right) + \sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}\arctan \left(\frac{2x-\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}\log \left(x^2+x\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}+1\right) - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}\log \left(x^2-x\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}+1\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}\log \left(x^2+x\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}+1\right) - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}\log \left(x^2-x\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}+1\right) - 4x$$

```
[In] integrate(log(1/x^4+x^4),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
[Out] x*log(x^4 + 1/x^4) + sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2)*arctan((2*x + sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2))/sq
rt(sqrt(2) + 2)) + sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2)*arctan((2*x - sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2))/sqrt
(sqrt(2) + 2)) + sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2)*arctan((2*x + sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2))/sqrt(-
sqrt(2) + 2)) + sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2)*arctan((2*x - sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2))/sqrt(-s
qrt(2) + 2)) + 1/2*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2)*log(x^2 + x*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) + 1) - 1
/2*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2)*log(x^2 - x*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) + 1) + 1/2*sqrt(-sqrt(2)
 + 2)*log(x^2 + x*sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2) + 1) - 1/2*sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2)*log(x^2
- x*sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2) + 1) - 4*x
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \log\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)\,dx = x\ln\left(\frac{1}{x^4}+x^4\right)-4\,x+\mathrm{atan}\left(\frac{x\,\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}-2}\,2097152\mathrm{i}}{2097152\,\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\,\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}-2}+2097152\,\sqrt{2}}-\frac{x\,\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\,2097152\mathrm{i}}{2097152\,\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\,\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}-2}+2097152\,\sqrt{2}}\right)\left(\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}-2}\,1\mathrm{i}-\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\,1\mathrm{i}\right)-\mathrm{atan}\left(\frac{x\,\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-2}\,2097152\mathrm{i}}{2097152\,\sqrt{2}+2097152\,\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-2}\,\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}}+\frac{x\,\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}\,2097152\mathrm{i}}{2097152\,\sqrt{2}+2097152\,\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-2}\,\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}}\right)\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-2}\,1\mathrm{i}+\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}\,1\mathrm{i}\right)+\mathrm{atan}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\,x\,\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}}{2}+x\,\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}\mathrm{i}\right)\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\,1\mathrm{i}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2}\mathrm{i}\right)\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}\,2\mathrm{i}-\mathrm{atan}\left(x\,\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2}\mathrm{i}\right)+\frac{\sqrt{2}\,x\,\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}\,1\mathrm{i}}{2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}\mathrm{i}\right)\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}\,2\mathrm{i}$$

```
[In] int(log(1/x^4 + x^4),x)
```

```
[Out] x*log(1/x^4 + x^4) - 4*x + atan((x*(- 2^(1/2) - 2)^(1/2)*2097152i)/(2097152
*(2 - 2^(1/2))^(1/2)*(- 2^(1/2) - 2)^(1/2) + 2097152*2^(1/2)) - (x*(2 - 2^(
1/2))^(1/2)*2097152i)/(2097152*(2 - 2^(1/2))^(1/2)*(- 2^(1/2) - 2)^(1/2) +
2097152*2^(1/2)))*((- 2^(1/2) - 2)^(1/2)*1i - (2 - 2^(1/2))^(1/2)*1i) - ata
n((x*(2^(1/2) - 2)^(1/2)*2097152i)/(2097152*2^(1/2) + 2097152*(2^(1/2) - 2)
^(1/2)*(2^(1/2) + 2)^(1/2)) + (x*(2^(1/2) + 2)^(1/2)*2097152i)/(2097152*2^(
1/2) + 2097152*(2^(1/2) - 2)^(1/2)*(2^(1/2) + 2)^(1/2)))*((2^(1/2) - 2)^(1/
2)*1i + (2^(1/2) + 2)^(1/2)*1i) + atan(x*(2^(1/2) + 2)^(1/2)*(1/2 + 1i/2) -
 (2^(1/2)*x*(2^(1/2) + 2)^(1/2))/2)*((2^(1/2)*1i)/2 - (1/2 + 1i/2))*(2^(1/2
) + 2)^(1/2)*2i - atan(x*(2^(1/2) + 2)^(1/2)*(1/2 - 1i/2) + (2^(1/2)*x*(2^(
1/2) + 2)^(1/2)*1i)/2)*(2^(1/2)/2 - (1/2 - 1i/2))*(2^(1/2) + 2)^(1/2)*2i
```

3.7 $\int \frac{\log(1+x)}{x\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 291

$$\begin{aligned}\int \frac{\log(1+x)}{x\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx &= -8\mathrm{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right) - \frac{2\log(1+x)}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \\ &\quad - \sqrt{2}\mathrm{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log(1+x) \\ &\quad + 2\sqrt{2}\mathrm{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right) \\ &\quad - 2\sqrt{2}\mathrm{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right) \\ &\quad + \sqrt{2}\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2-\sqrt{2}}\right) \\ &\quad - \sqrt{2}\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2+\sqrt{2}}\right) \\ &\quad - \sqrt{2}\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2-\sqrt{2}}\right) \\ &\quad + \sqrt{2}\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2+\sqrt{2}}\right)\end{aligned}$$

```
[Out] -8*arctanh((1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))-arctanh(1/2*(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)
)*ln(1+x)*2^(1/2)+2*arctanh(1/2*2^(1/2))*ln(1-(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2
)-2*arctanh(1/2*2^(1/2))*ln(1+(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)+polylog(2,-2^(
```

```
1/2)*(1-(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))/(2-2^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)-polylog(2,2^(1/2)*(1-(1
+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))/(2+2^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)-polylog(2,-2^(1/2)*(1+(1+(1+x)^(1
/2))^(1/2))/(2-2^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)+polylog(2,2^(1/2)*(1+(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)
)/(2+2^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)-2*ln(1+x)/(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Rubi [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(1+x)}{x\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = \int \frac{\log(1+x)}{x\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx$$

```
[In] Int[Log[1 + x]/(x*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]),x]
[Out] Defer[Int][Log[1 + x]/(x*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]), x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = \int \frac{\log(1+x)}{x\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx$$

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\begin{aligned}
&\int \frac{\log(1+x)}{x\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx \\
&= -8\text{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right) - \frac{2\log(1+x)}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \\
&\quad + \frac{\log(1+x)\left(\log\left(\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)-\log\left(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{2}} \\
&\quad + \sqrt{2}\Bigg(-\log\left(-1+\sqrt{2}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)+\log\left(1+\sqrt{2}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right) \\
&\qquad + \log\left(-1+\sqrt{2}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)-\log\left(1+\sqrt{2}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right) \\
&\qquad - \text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\left(\left(-1+\sqrt{2}\right)\left(-1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right)\right) \\
&\qquad + \text{PolyLog}\left(2,\left(1+\sqrt{2}\right)\left(-1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right) \\
&\qquad + \text{PolyLog}\left(2,\left(-1+\sqrt{2}\right)\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right) \\
&\qquad - \text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\left(\left(1+\sqrt{2}\right)\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right)\right)\Bigg)
\end{aligned}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Log[1 + x]/(x*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]),x]
```

```
[Out] -8*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]] - (2*Log[1 + x])/Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]] +
(Log[1 + x]*(Log[Sqrt[2] - Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]] - Log[Sqrt[2] + Sqrt[1 +
Sqrt[1 + x]]]))/Sqrt[2] + Sqrt[2]*(-(Log[-1 + Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - Sqrt[1 + Sqr
t[1 + x]]]) + Log[1 + Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]] + Log[-1 + Sq
rt[2]]*Log[1 + Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]] - Log[1 + Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + Sqrt[1 + S
qrt[1 + x]]] - PolyLog[2, -((-1 + Sqrt[2])*(-1 + Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]))] +
 PolyLog[2, (1 + Sqrt[2])*(-1 + Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]])] + PolyLog[2, (-1 +
Sqrt[2])*(1 + Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]])] - PolyLog[2, -((1 + Sqrt[2])*(1 + Sqr
t[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]))])
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result
derivativedivides	$8\left(\sum_{\_\alpha=\mathrm{RootOf}(\_Z^2-2)}\frac{\left(\frac{\ln\left(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}-\_\alpha\right)\ln(1+x)}{2}-\mathrm{dilog}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}-1}{-1+\_\alpha}\right)-\ln\left(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}-\_\alpha\right)\ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}-}{-1+\_\alpha}\right.\right.}{8}\right.$
default	$8\left(\sum_{\_\alpha=\mathrm{RootOf}(\_Z^2-2)}\frac{\left(\frac{\ln\left(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}-\_\alpha\right)\ln(1+x)}{2}-\mathrm{dilog}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}-1}{-1+\_\alpha}\right)-\ln\left(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}-\_\alpha\right)\ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}-}{-1+\_\alpha}\right.\right.}{8}\right.$

```
[In] int(ln(1+x)/x/(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 8*Sum(1/8*(1/2*ln((1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)-_alpha)*ln(1+x)-dilog(((1+(1+x)^(1/
2))^(1/2)-1)/(-1+_alpha))-ln((1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)-_alpha)*ln(((1+(1+x)^(1/
2))^(1/2)-1)/(-1+_alpha))-dilog((1+(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))/(1+_alpha))-ln((1
+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)-_alpha)*ln((1+(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))/(1+_alpha)))*_alph
a,_alpha=RootOf(_Z^2-2))-2*ln(1+x)/(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)-8*arctanh((1+(1+x)
^(1/2))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\log(1+x)}{x\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
[In] integrate(log(1+x)/x/(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >>  Error detected within library code:   integ
rate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(1+x)}{x\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
[In] integrate(ln(1+x)/x/(1+(1+x)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)
```

```
[Out] Timed out
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\begin{aligned}\int \frac{\log(1+x)}{x\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx &= \frac{1}{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}\right) - \frac{4}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}\right)\log(x+1) \\
&+\sqrt{2}\left(\log\left(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}\right)\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}+1}+1\right)+\mathrm{Li}_2\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}+1}\right)\right) \\
&-\sqrt{2}\left(\log\left(-\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}\right)\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}+1}+1\right)+\mathrm{Li}_2\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}+1}\right)\right) \\
&+\sqrt{2}\left(\log\left(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}\right)\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}-1}+1\right)+\mathrm{Li}_2\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}-1}\right)\right) \\
&-\sqrt{2}\left(\log\left(-\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}\right)\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}-1}+1\right)+\mathrm{Li}_2\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}-1}\right)\right) \\
&-4\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}+1\right)+4\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}-1\right)\end{aligned}$$

```
[In] integrate(log(1+x)/x/(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] 1/2*(sqrt(2)*log(-(sqrt(2) - sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))/(sqrt(2) + sqrt(sqrt(x
+ 1) + 1))) - 4/sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))*log(x + 1) + sqrt(2)*(log(sqrt(2) +
sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))*log(-(sqrt(2) + sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))/(sqrt(2) + 1)
 + 1) + dilog((sqrt(2) + sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))/(sqrt(2) + 1))) - sqrt(2)*(
log(-sqrt(2) + sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))*log(-(sqrt(2) - sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1)
)/(sqrt(2) + 1) + 1) + dilog((sqrt(2) - sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))/(sqrt(2) + 1
))) + sqrt(2)*(log(sqrt(2) + sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))*log(-(sqrt(2) + sqrt(sq
rt(x + 1) + 1))/(sqrt(2) - 1) + 1) + dilog((sqrt(2) + sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1)
)/(sqrt(2) - 1))) - sqrt(2)*(log(-sqrt(2) + sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))*log(-(sq
rt(2) - sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))/(sqrt(2) - 1) + 1) + dilog((sqrt(2) - sqrt(s
qrt(x + 1) + 1))/(sqrt(2) - 1))) - 4*log(sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1) + 1) + 4*log
(sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1) - 1)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(1+x)}{x\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = \int \frac{\log\left(x+1\right)}{x\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(log(1+x)/x/(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(log(x + 1)/(x*sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1)), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(1+x)}{x\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(x+1\right)}{x\,\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}\,dx$$

```
[In] int(log(x + 1)/(x*((x + 1)^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2)),x)
[Out] int(log(x + 1)/(x*((x + 1)^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2)), x)
```

3.8 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\log(1+x)}{x}\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 308

$$\begin{aligned}\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\log(1+x)}{x}\,dx &= -16\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}+16\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\\
&\quad+4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\log(1+x)\\
&\quad-2\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log(1+x)\\
&\quad+4\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\\
&\quad-4\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\\
&\quad+2\sqrt{2}\,\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2-\sqrt{2}}\right)\\
&\quad-2\sqrt{2}\,\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2+\sqrt{2}}\right)\\
&\quad-2\sqrt{2}\,\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2-\sqrt{2}}\right)\\
&\quad+2\sqrt{2}\,\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2+\sqrt{2}}\right)\end{aligned}$$

```
[Out] 16*arctanh((1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))-2*arctanh(1/2*(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/
2))*ln(1+x)*2^(1/2)+4*arctanh(1/2*2^(1/2))*ln(1-(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1
```

```
/2)-4*arctanh(1/2*2^(1/2))*ln(1+(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)+2*polylog(2,
-2^(1/2)*(1-(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))/(2-2^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)-2*polylog(2,2^(1/2)
*(1-(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))/(2+2^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)-2*polylog(2,-2^(1/2)*(1+(1+
(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))/(2-2^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)+2*polylog(2,2^(1/2)*(1+(1+(1+x)^(1
/2))^(1/2))/(2+2^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)-16*(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)+4*ln(1+x)*(1+(1+x
)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Rubi [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\log(1+x)}{x}\,dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\log(1+x)}{x}\,dx$$

```
[In] Int[(Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[1 + x])/x,x]
[Out] Defer[Int][(Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[1 + x])/x, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = \int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\log(1+x)}{x}\,dx$$

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$
\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\log(1+x)}{x}\,dx = & -16\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}+16\text{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right) \\
& +4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\log(1+x) \\
& +\sqrt{2}\log(1+x)\left(\log\left(\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right. \\
& \left.-\log\left(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right) \\
& -2\sqrt{2}\left(\log\left(-1+\sqrt{2}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right. \\
& -\log\left(1+\sqrt{2}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right) \\
& -\log\left(-1+\sqrt{2}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right) \\
& +\log\left(1+\sqrt{2}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right) \\
& +\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\left(\left(-1+\sqrt{2}\right)\left(-1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right)\right) \\
& -\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\left(1+\sqrt{2}\right)\left(-1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right) \\
& -\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\left(-1+\sqrt{2}\right)\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right) \\
& \left.+\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\left(\left(1+\sqrt{2}\right)\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\right)\right)\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

```
[In] Integrate[(Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[1 + x])/x,x]
```

```
[Out] -16*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]] + 16*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]] + 4*Sqrt[1 +
Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[1 + x] + Sqrt[2]*Log[1 + x]*(Log[Sqrt[2] - Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1
 + x]]] - Log[Sqrt[2] + Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]]) - 2*Sqrt[2]*(Log[-1 + Sqrt[
2]]*Log[1 - Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]] - Log[1 + Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - Sqrt[1 + Sqrt
[1 + x]]] - Log[-1 + Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]] + Log[1 + Sqrt
[2]]*Log[1 + Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]] + PolyLog[2, -((-1 + Sqrt[2])*(-1 + Sqr
t[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]))] - PolyLog[2, (1 + Sqrt[2])*(-1 + Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]
])] - PolyLog[2, (-1 + Sqrt[2])*(1 + Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]])] + PolyLog[2, -
((1 + Sqrt[2])*(1 + Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]))])
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
derivativedivides	$4\ln\left(1+x\right)\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}-16\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}-8\ln\left(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}-1\right)+8\ln\left(1+\sqrt{}\right.$
default	$4\ln\left(1+x\right)\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}-16\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}-8\ln\left(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}-1\right)+8\ln\left(1+\sqrt{}\right.$

```
[In] int(ln(1+x)*(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 4*ln(1+x)*(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)-16*(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)-8*ln((1+(1+x)^(1/2
))^(1/2)-1)+8*ln(1+(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))+8*Sum(1/4*(1/2*ln((1+(1+x)^(1/2))
^(1/2)-_alpha)*ln(1+x)-dilog(((1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1)/(-1+_alpha))-ln((1+(
1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)-_alpha)*ln(((1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1)/(-1+_alpha))-dilog((
1+(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))/(1+_alpha))-ln((1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)-_alpha)*ln((1
+(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))/(1+_alpha)))*_alpha,_alpha=RootOf(_Z^2-2))
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\log(1+x)}{x}\,dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
[In] integrate(log(1+x)*(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >>  Error detected within library code:   integ
rate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\log(1+x)}{x}\,dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
[In] integrate(ln(1+x)*(1+(1+x)**(1/2))**(1/2)/x,x)
```

```
[Out] Timed out
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 378, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$
\begin{aligned}
&\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\log(1+x)}{x}\,dx \\
&= \left(\sqrt{2}\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}\right)+4\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}\right)\log(x+1) \\
&\quad +2\sqrt{2}\left(\log\left(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}\right)\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}+1}+1\right)+\mathrm{Li}_2\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}+1}\right)\right) \\
&\quad -2\sqrt{2}\left(\log\left(-\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}\right)\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}+1}+1\right)+\mathrm{Li}_2\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}+1}\right)\right) \\
&\quad +2\sqrt{2}\left(\log\left(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}\right)\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}-1}+1\right)+\mathrm{Li}_2\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}-1}\right)\right) \\
&\quad -2\sqrt{2}\left(\log\left(-\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}\right)\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}-1}+1\right)+\mathrm{Li}_2\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{\sqrt{2}-1}\right)\right) \\
&\quad -16\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}+8\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}+1\right)-8\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}-1\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

```
[In] integrate(log(1+x)*(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] (sqrt(2)*log(-(sqrt(2) - sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))/(sqrt(2) + sqrt(sqrt(x + 1)
 + 1))) + 4*sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))*log(x + 1) + 2*sqrt(2)*(log(sqrt(2) + sq
rt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))*log(-(sqrt(2) + sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))/(sqrt(2) + 1) +
 1) + dilog((sqrt(2) + sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))/(sqrt(2) + 1))) - 2*sqrt(2)*(
log(-sqrt(2) + sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))*log(-(sqrt(2) - sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1)
)/(sqrt(2) + 1) + 1) + dilog((sqrt(2) - sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))/(sqrt(2) + 1
))) + 2*sqrt(2)*(log(sqrt(2) + sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))*log(-(sqrt(2) + sqrt(
sqrt(x + 1) + 1))/(sqrt(2) - 1) + 1) + dilog((sqrt(2) + sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) +
1))/(sqrt(2) - 1))) - 2*sqrt(2)*(log(-sqrt(2) + sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))*log(
-(sqrt(2) - sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))/(sqrt(2) - 1) + 1) + dilog((sqrt(2) - sq
rt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))/(sqrt(2) - 1))) - 16*sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1) + 8*log(sqr
t(sqrt(x + 1) + 1) + 1) - 8*log(sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1) - 1)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\log(1+x)}{x}\,dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}\log\left(x+1\right)}{x}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(log(1+x)*(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1)*log(x + 1)/x, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\log(1+x)}{x}\,dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(x+1\right)\,\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}{x}\,dx$$

```
[In] int((log(x + 1)*((x + 1)^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))/x,x)
[Out] int((log(x + 1)*((x + 1)^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))/x, x)
```

3.9 $\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}} \, dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}} \, dx = -\frac{1}{2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x^2}\right)}+\frac{1}{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}}+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x^2}\right)-2\log\left(1+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}\right)$$

```
[Out] 1/2*ln(x+(x^2+1)^(1/2))-2*ln(1+(x+(x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2))-1/2/(x+(x^2+1)^(1/2
))+1/(x+(x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2)+(x+(x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.158, Rules used = {2142, 1835, 1634}

$$\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}} \, dx = \sqrt{\sqrt{x^2+1}+x}+\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2+1}+x}}-\frac{1}{2\left(\sqrt{x^2+1}+x\right)} + \frac{1}{2}\log\left(\sqrt{x^2+1}+x\right)-2\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2+1}+x}+1\right)$$

```
[In] Int[(1 + Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x^2]])^(-1),x]
```

```
[Out] -1/2*1/(x + Sqrt[1 + x^2]) + 1/Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x^2]] + Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 +
x^2]] + Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x^2]]/2 - 2*Log[1 + Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x^2]]]
```

Rule 1634

```
Int[(Px_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol]
:> Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
```

```
, d, m, n}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && (IntegersQ[m, n] || IGtQ[m, -2]) && GtQ[E
xpon[Px, x], 2]
```

Rule 1835

```
Int[(Pq_)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n,
 Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*SubstFor[x^n, Pq, x]*(a + b*x)^p, x]
, x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x^n] && IntegerQ[Si
mplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 2142

```
Int[((g_.) + (h_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_) + (f_.)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2])^(
n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(2*e), Subst[Int[(g + h*x^n)^p*((d^2 + a*f^
2 - 2*d*x + x^2)/(d - x)^2), x], x, d + e*x + f*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, h, n}, x] && EqQ[e^2 - c*f^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= \frac{1}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1+x^2}{(1+\sqrt{x})\,x^2}\,dx, x, x+\sqrt{1+x^2}\right) \\
&= \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1+x^4}{x^3(1+x)}\,dx, x, \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}\right) \\
&= \text{Subst}\left(\int \left(1+\frac{1}{x^3}-\frac{1}{x^2}+\frac{1}{x}-\frac{2}{1+x}\right)\,dx, x, \sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x^2}\right)}+\frac{1}{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}}+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}} \\
&\quad +\frac{1}{2}\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x^2}\right)-2\log\left(1+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\begin{aligned}
&\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}}\,dx \\
&= \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{-1+5x+2(1+x)\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}+\sqrt{1+x^2}\left(5+2\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}\right)}{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}\right. \\
&\qquad \left.+\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x^2}\right)-4\log\left(1+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}\right)\right)
\end{aligned}$$

```
[In] Integrate[(1 + Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x^2]])^(-1),x]
```

```
[Out] ((-1 + 5*x + 2*(1 + x)*Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x^2]] + Sqrt[1 + x^2]*(5 + 2*Sqrt[
x + Sqrt[1 + x^2]]))/(x + Sqrt[1 + x^2]) + Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x^2]] - 4*Log[1
 + Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x^2]]])/2
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x^2+1}}}dx$$

```
[In] int(1/(1+(x+(x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x)
```

```
[Out] int(1/(1+(x+(x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}}\,dx = -\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x^2+1}}\left(x-\sqrt{x^2+1}-1\right)+\frac{1}{2}\,x-\frac{1}{2}\,\sqrt{x^2+1} - 2\,\log\left(\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x^2+1}}+1\right)+\log\left(\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x^2+1}}\right)$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(1+(x+(x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] -sqrt(x + sqrt(x^2 + 1))*(x - sqrt(x^2 + 1) - 1) + 1/2*x - 1/2*sqrt(x^2 + 1
) - 2*log(sqrt(x + sqrt(x^2 + 1)) + 1) + log(sqrt(x + sqrt(x^2 + 1)))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}}\,dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x^2+1}}+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(1+(x+(x**2+1)**(1/2))**(1/2)),x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(1/(sqrt(x + sqrt(x**2 + 1)) + 1), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}}\,dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x^2+1}}+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(1+(x+(x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] integrate(1/(sqrt(x + sqrt(x^2 + 1)) + 1), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}}\,dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x^2+1}}+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(1+(x+(x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(1/(sqrt(x + sqrt(x^2 + 1)) + 1), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x^2}}}\,dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x^2+1}}+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] int(1/((x + (x^2 + 1)^(1/2))^(1/2) + 1),x)
[Out] int(1/((x + (x^2 + 1)^(1/2))^(1/2) + 1), x)
```

3.10 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{x+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \, dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{x+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \, dx = 2\sqrt{1+x}+\frac{8\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{5}}\right)}{\sqrt{5}}$$

```
[Out] 8/5*arctanh(1/5*(1+2*(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))*5^(1/2))*5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.120, Rules used = {814, 632, 212}

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{x+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \, dx = \frac{8\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}+1}{\sqrt{5}}\right)}{\sqrt{5}}+2\sqrt{x+1}$$

```
[In] Int[Sqrt[1 + x]/(x + Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]),x]
```

```
[Out] 2*Sqrt[1 + x] + (8*ArcTanh[(1 + 2*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]])/Sqrt[5]])/Sqrt[5]
```

Rule 212

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 632

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-2, Subst[I
nt[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c},
```

```
x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Rule 814

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) +
(c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)/(a +
 b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*
c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x^2}{-1+x^2+\sqrt{1+x}}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)\\
&= 4\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(-1+x)(1+x)^2}{-1+x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\\
&= 4\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(x-\frac{1}{-1+x+x^2}\right)\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\\
&= 2\sqrt{1+x}-4\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-1+x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\\
&= 2\sqrt{1+x}+8\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{5-x^2}\,dx, x, 1+2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\\
&= 2\sqrt{1+x}+\frac{8\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{5}}\right)}{\sqrt{5}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{x+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = 2\sqrt{1+x}+\frac{8\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{5}}\right)}{\sqrt{5}}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Sqrt[1 + x]/(x + Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]),x]
[Out] 2*Sqrt[1 + x] + (8*ArcTanh[(1 + 2*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]])/Sqrt[5]])/Sqrt[5]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$2\sqrt{1+x}+2+\frac{8\,\mathrm{arctanh}\left(\frac{\left(1+2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)\sqrt{5}}{5}$	34
default	$2\sqrt{1+x}+2+\frac{8\,\mathrm{arctanh}\left(\frac{\left(1+2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)\sqrt{5}}{5}$	34

```
[In] int((1+x)^(1/2)/(x+(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
[Out] 2*(1+x)^(1/2)+2+8/5*arctanh(1/5*(1+2*(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))*5^(1/2))*5^(1/2
)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 101 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{x+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx$$
$$= \frac{4}{5}\sqrt{5}\log\left(\frac{2\,x^2-\sqrt{5}(3\,x+1)-\left(\sqrt{5}(x+2)-5\,x\right)\sqrt{x+1}+\left(\sqrt{5}(x+2)+\left(\sqrt{5}(2\,x-1)-5\right)\sqrt{x+1}-5}{x^2-x-1}\right.$$
$$+\,2\sqrt{x+1}$$

```
[In] integrate((1+x)^(1/2)/(x+(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] 4/5*sqrt(5)*log((2*x^2 - sqrt(5)*(3*x + 1) - (sqrt(5)*(x + 2) - 5*x)*sqrt(x
 + 1) + (sqrt(5)*(x + 2) + (sqrt(5)*(2*x - 1) - 5)*sqrt(x + 1) - 5*x)*sqrt(
sqrt(x + 1) + 1) + 3*x + 3)/(x^2 - x - 1)) + 2*sqrt(x + 1)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{x+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx$$
$$= 2\sqrt{x+1}-\frac{4\sqrt{5}\left(-\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)+\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)}{5}+2$$

```
[In] integrate((1+x)**(1/2)/(x+(1+(1+x)**(1/2))**(1/2)),x)
[Out] 2*sqrt(x + 1) - 4*sqrt(5)*(-log(sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1) + 1/2 + sqrt(5)/2) +
log(sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1) - sqrt(5)/2 + 1/2))/5 + 2
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{x+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = -\frac{4}{5}\sqrt{5}\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}-1}{\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}+1}\right)+2\sqrt{x+1}+2$$

```
[In] integrate((1+x)^(1/2)/(x+(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] -4/5*sqrt(5)*log(-(sqrt(5) - 2*sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1) - 1)/(sqrt(5) + 2*sqrt
(sqrt(x + 1) + 1) + 1)) + 2*sqrt(x + 1) + 2
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{x+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = -\frac{4}{5}\sqrt{5}\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}-1}{\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}+1}\right)+2\sqrt{x+1}+2$$

```
[In] integrate((1+x)^(1/2)/(x+(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] -4/5*sqrt(5)*log(-(sqrt(5) - 2*sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1) - 1)/(sqrt(5) + 2*sqrt
(sqrt(x + 1) + 1) + 1)) + 2*sqrt(x + 1) + 2
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{x+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{x+\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}\,dx$$

```
[In] int((x + 1)^(1/2)/(x + ((x + 1)^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2)),x)
[Out] int((x + 1)^(1/2)/(x + ((x + 1)^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2)), x)
```

3.11 $\int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \, dx = \frac{2}{5}\left(5+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right) + \frac{2}{5}\left(5-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)$$

```
[Out] 2/5*ln(1+5^(1/2)-2*(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))*(5-5^(1/2))+2/5*ln(1-5^(1/2)-2*(1
+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))*(5+5^(1/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.105, Rules used = {646, 31}

$$\int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} \, dx = \frac{2}{5}\left(5+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(-2\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}-\sqrt{5}+1\right) + \frac{2}{5}\left(5-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(-2\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}+\sqrt{5}+1\right)$$

```
[In] Int[(x - Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]])^(-1),x]
```

```
[Out] (2*(5 + Sqrt[5])*Log[1 - Sqrt[5] - 2*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]])/5 + (2*(5 - Sq
rt[5])*Log[1 + Sqrt[5] - 2*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]])/5
```

Rule 31

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x,
x]]/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

Rule 646

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> W
ith[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Dist[(c*d - e*(b/2 - q/2))/q, Int[1/(b/2 - q/
2 + c*x), x], x] - Dist[(c*d - e*(b/2 + q/2))/q, Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x), x
], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a
*c, 0] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x}{-1+x^2-\sqrt{1+x}}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)\\
&= 4\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{-1+x}{-1-x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\\
&= \frac{1}{5}\left(2\left(5-\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\\
&\quad+\frac{1}{5}\left(2\left(5+\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\\
&= \frac{2}{5}\left(5+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)+\frac{2}{5}\left(5-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = -\frac{2}{5}\left(-5+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)+\frac{2}{5}\left(5+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(-1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)$$

```
[In] Integrate[(x - Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]])^(-1),x]
```

```
[Out] (-2*(-5 + Sqrt[5])*Log[1 + Sqrt[5] - 2*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]])/5 + (2*(5 +
Sqrt[5])*Log[-1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]])/5
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
derivativedivides	$2\ln\left(\sqrt{1+x}-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)+\frac{4\sqrt{5}\,\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\left(2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}-1\right)\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)}{5}$
default	$\frac{\ln\left(x^{2}-x-1\right)}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{5}\,\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)}{5}-\ln\left(\sqrt{1+x}+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)+\frac{2\,\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\left(1+2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\sqrt{\cdot}}{5}\right.}{5}$

```
[In] int(1/(x-(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 2*ln((1+x)^(1/2)-(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))+4/5*5^(1/2)*arctanh(1/5*(2*(1+(1+x)
^(1/2))^(1/2)-1)*5^(1/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx$$
$$=\frac{2}{5}\sqrt{5}\log\left(\frac{2\,x^{2}+\sqrt{5}(3\,x+1)+\left(\sqrt{5}(x+2)+5\,x\right)\sqrt{x+1}+\left(\sqrt{5}(x+2)+\left(\sqrt{5}(2\,x-1)+5\right)\sqrt{x+1}+5\right.}{x^{2}-x-1}\right.$$
$$+2\,\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}\right)$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(x-(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 2/5*sqrt(5)*log((2*x^2 + sqrt(5)*(3*x + 1) + (sqrt(5)*(x + 2) + 5*x)*sqrt(x
 + 1) + (sqrt(5)*(x + 2) + (sqrt(5)*(2*x - 1) + 5)*sqrt(x + 1) + 5*x)*sqrt(
sqrt(x + 1) + 1) + 3*x + 3)/(x^2 - x - 1)) + 2*log(sqrt(x + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(
x + 1) + 1))
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{5}\left(-\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)+\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)}{5} + 2\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}\right)$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(x-(1+(1+x)**(1/2))**(1/2)),x)
[Out] -2*sqrt(5)*(-log(sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1) - 1/2 + sqrt(5)/2) + log(sqrt(sqrt(x
 + 1) + 1) - sqrt(5)/2 - 1/2))/5 + 2*log(sqrt(x + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1
))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = -\frac{2}{5}\sqrt{5}\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}+1}{\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}-1}\right) + 2\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}\right)$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(x-(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] -2/5*sqrt(5)*log(-(sqrt(5) - 2*sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(5) + 2*sqrt
(sqrt(x + 1) + 1) - 1)) + 2*log(sqrt(x + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = -\frac{2}{5}\sqrt{5}\log\left(\frac{\left|-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}-1\right|}{\left|\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}-1\right|}\right) + 2\log\left(\left|\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}\right|\right)$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(x-(1+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
[Out] -2/5*sqrt(5)*log(abs(-sqrt(5) + 2*sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1) - 1)/abs(sqrt(5) +
2*sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) + 1) - 1)) + 2*log(abs(sqrt(x + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x + 1) +
1)))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx=\int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt{\sqrt{x+1}+1}}\,dx$$

```
[In] int(1/(x - ((x + 1)^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2)),x)
```

```
[Out] int(1/(x - ((x + 1)^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2)), x)
```

3.12 $\int \frac{x}{x+\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{x}{x+\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = 2\sqrt{1+x}-4\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}+\left(1-\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2+\frac{8\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+2\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{5}}\right)}{\sqrt{5}}$$

```
[Out] 8/5*arctanh(1/5*(1+2*(1-(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))*5^(1/2))*5^(1/2)+(1-(1+x)^(1/2)
)^2+2*(1+x)^(1/2)-4*(1-(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.143, Rules used = {1642, 632, 212}

$$\int \frac{x}{x+\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = \frac{8\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-\sqrt{x+1}}+1}{\sqrt{5}}\right)}{\sqrt{5}}+\left(1-\sqrt{x+1}\right)^2-4\sqrt{1-\sqrt{x+1}}+2\sqrt{x+1}$$

```
[In] Int[x/(x + Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[1 + x]]),x]
```

```
[Out] 2*Sqrt[1 + x] - 4*Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[1 + x]] + (1 - Sqrt[1 + x])^2 + (8*ArcTanh[
(1 + 2*Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[1 + x]])/Sqrt[5]])/Sqrt[5]
```

Rule 212

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 632

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-2, Subst[I
nt[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c},
x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Rule 1642

```
Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*Pq*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && IGtQ[p, -2]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x(-1+x^2)}{-1+\sqrt{1-x}+x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)\\
&= 4\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x^2(1+x)\,(-2+x^2)}{-1+x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\\
&= 4\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(-1-x+x^3-\frac{1}{-1+x+x^2}\right)\,dx, x, \sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\\
&= 2\sqrt{1+x}-4\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}+\left(1-\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2-4\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-1+x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\\
&= 2\sqrt{1+x}-4\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}+\left(1-\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2+8\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{5-x^2}\,dx, x, 1+2\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\\
&= 2\sqrt{1+x}-4\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}+\left(1-\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2+\frac{8\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+2\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{5}}\right)}{\sqrt{5}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x}{x+\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = x-4\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}+\frac{8\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+2\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{5}}\right)}{\sqrt{5}}$$

```
[In] Integrate[x/(x + Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[1 + x]]),x]
[Out] x - 4*Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[1 + x]] + (8*ArcTanh[(1 + 2*Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[1 + x]])/Sqrt
[5]])/Sqrt[5]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\left(1-\sqrt{1+x}\right)^{2}+2\sqrt{1+x}-2-4\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}+\frac{8\,\mathrm{arctanh}\left(\frac{\left(1+2\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)\sqrt{5}}{5}$	60
default	$\left(1-\sqrt{1+x}\right)^{2}+2\sqrt{1+x}-2-4\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}+\frac{8\,\mathrm{arctanh}\left(\frac{\left(1+2\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}\right)\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)\sqrt{5}}{5}$	60

```
[In] int(x/(x+(1-(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] (1-(1+x)^(1/2))^2+2*(1+x)^(1/2)-2-4*(1-(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)+8/5*arctanh(1/5*(
1+2*(1-(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))*5^(1/2))*5^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{x}{x+\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx$$
$$=\frac{4}{5}\sqrt{5}\log\left(\frac{2\,x^{2}-\sqrt{5}(3\,x+1)+\left(\sqrt{5}(x+2)-5\,x\right)\sqrt{x+1}+\left(\sqrt{5}(x+2)-\left(\sqrt{5}(2\,x-1)-5\right)\sqrt{x+1}-\right.}{x^{2}-x-1}\right.$$
$$+x-4\sqrt{-\sqrt{x+1}+1}$$

```
[In] integrate(x/(x+(1-(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 4/5*sqrt(5)*log((2*x^2 - sqrt(5)*(3*x + 1) + (sqrt(5)*(x + 2) - 5*x)*sqrt(x
 + 1) + (sqrt(5)*(x + 2) - (sqrt(5)*(2*x - 1) - 5)*sqrt(x + 1) - 5*x)*sqrt(
-sqrt(x + 1) + 1) + 3*x + 3)/(x^2 - x - 1)) + x - 4*sqrt(-sqrt(x + 1) + 1)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{x}{x+\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx$$
$$=-4\sqrt{1-\sqrt{x+1}}+\left(1-\sqrt{x+1}\right)^{2}+2\sqrt{x+1}$$
$$-\frac{4\sqrt{5}\left(-\log\left(\sqrt{1-\sqrt{x+1}}+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)+\log\left(\sqrt{1-\sqrt{x+1}}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)}{5}-2$$

```
[In] integrate(x/(x+(1-(1+x)**(1/2))**(1/2)),x)
```

```
[Out] -4*sqrt(1 - sqrt(x + 1)) + (1 - sqrt(x + 1))**2 + 2*sqrt(x + 1) - 4*sqrt(5)
*(-log(sqrt(1 - sqrt(x + 1)) + 1/2 + sqrt(5)/2) + log(sqrt(1 - sqrt(x + 1))
 - sqrt(5)/2 + 1/2))/5 - 2
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x}{x+\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = \left(\sqrt{x+1}-1\right)^2 - \frac{4}{5}\sqrt{5}\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{-\sqrt{x+1}+1}-1}{\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{-\sqrt{x+1}+1}+1}\right) + 2\sqrt{x+1} - 4\sqrt{-\sqrt{x+1}+1} - 2$$

```
[In] integrate(x/(x+(1-(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] (sqrt(x + 1) - 1)^2 - 4/5*sqrt(5)*log(-(sqrt(5) - 2*sqrt(-sqrt(x + 1) + 1)
- 1)/(sqrt(5) + 2*sqrt(-sqrt(x + 1) + 1) + 1)) + 2*sqrt(x + 1) - 4*sqrt(-sq
rt(x + 1) + 1) - 2
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x}{x+\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = \left(\sqrt{x+1}-1\right)^2 - \frac{4}{5}\sqrt{5}\log\left(\frac{\left|-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{-\sqrt{x+1}+1}+1\right|}{\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{-\sqrt{x+1}+1}+1}\right) + 2\sqrt{x+1} - 4\sqrt{-\sqrt{x+1}+1} - 2$$

```
[In] integrate(x/(x+(1-(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
[Out] (sqrt(x + 1) - 1)^2 - 4/5*sqrt(5)*log(abs(-sqrt(5) + 2*sqrt(-sqrt(x + 1) +
1) + 1)/(sqrt(5) + 2*sqrt(-sqrt(x + 1) + 1) + 1)) + 2*sqrt(x + 1) - 4*sqrt(
-sqrt(x + 1) + 1) - 2
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{x+\sqrt{1-\sqrt{1+x}}}\,dx = \int \frac{x}{x+\sqrt{1-\sqrt{x+1}}}\,dx$$

```
[In] int(x/(x + (1 - (x + 1)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x)
[Out] int(x/(x + (1 - (x + 1)^(1/2))^(1/2)), x)
```

3.13 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)}\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 365

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+x}\,(1+x^2)}\,dx = -\frac{i\arctan\left(\frac{2+\sqrt{1-i}-(1-2\sqrt{1-i})\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{1-i}{i+\sqrt{1-i}}}} + \frac{i\arctan\left(\frac{2+\sqrt{1+i}-(1-2\sqrt{1+i})\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-\frac{1+i}{i-\sqrt{1+i}}}} + \frac{i\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{2-\sqrt{1-i}-(1+2\sqrt{1-i})\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-\frac{1-i}{i-\sqrt{1-i}}}} - \frac{i\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{2-\sqrt{1+i}-(1+2\sqrt{1+i})\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{1+i}{i+\sqrt{1+i}}}}$$

```
[Out] 1/2*I*arctanh(1/2*(2-(1-I)^(1/2)-(1+2*(1-I)^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2))/(-I+(1-I)^(
1/2))^(1/2)/(x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))/((-1+I)/(I-(1-I)^(1/2)))^(1/2)-1/2*I*arc
tan(1/2*(2+(1-I)^(1/2)-(1-2*(1-I)^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2))/(I+(1-I)^(1/2))^(1/2)
/(x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))/((1-I)/(I+(1-I)^(1/2)))^(1/2)+1/2*I*arctan(1/2*(2+(
1+I)^(1/2)-(1-2*(1+I)^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2))/(-I+(1+I)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(x+(1+x)^(
1/2))^(1/2))/((-1-I)/(I-(1+I)^(1/2)))^(1/2)-1/2*I*arctanh(1/2*(2-(1+I)^(1/2
)-(1+2*(1+I)^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2))/(I+(1+I)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2
))/((1+I)/(I+(1+I)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 365, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.286, Rules used = {6873, 6860, 1004, 635, 212, 1047, 738, 210}

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+x}\,(1+x^2)}\,dx = -\frac{i\arctan\left(\frac{-\left((1-2\sqrt{1-i})\sqrt{x+1}\right)+\sqrt{1-i}+2}{2\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{1-i}{i+\sqrt{1-i}}}} + \frac{i\arctan\left(\frac{-\left((1-2\sqrt{1+i})\sqrt{x+1}\right)+\sqrt{1+i}+2}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{1+i}-i}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-\frac{1+i}{i-\sqrt{1+i}}}} + \frac{i\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{-\left((1+2\sqrt{1-i})\sqrt{x+1}\right)-\sqrt{1-i}+2}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{1-i}-i}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-\frac{1-i}{i-\sqrt{1-i}}}} - \frac{i\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{-\left((1+2\sqrt{1+i})\sqrt{x+1}\right)-\sqrt{1+i}+2}{2\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{1+i}{i+\sqrt{1+i}}}}$$

```
[In] Int[Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]/(Sqrt[1 + x]*(1 + x^2)),x]
```

```
[Out] ((-1/2*I)*ArcTan[(2 + Sqrt[1 - I] - (1 - 2*Sqrt[1 - I])*Sqrt[1 + x])/(2*Sqr
t[I + Sqrt[1 - I]]*Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]])])/Sqrt[(1 - I)/(I + Sqrt[1 - I])]
 + ((I/2)*ArcTan[(2 + Sqrt[1 + I] - (1 - 2*Sqrt[1 + I])*Sqrt[1 + x])/(2*Sqr
t[-I + Sqrt[1 + I]]*Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]])])/Sqrt[(-1 - I)/(I - Sqrt[1 + I]
)] + ((I/2)*ArcTanh[(2 - Sqrt[1 - I] - (1 + 2*Sqrt[1 - I])*Sqrt[1 + x])/(2*
Sqrt[-I + Sqrt[1 - I]]*Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]])])/Sqrt[(-1 + I)/(I - Sqrt[1 -
 I])] - ((I/2)*ArcTanh[(2 - Sqrt[1 + I] - (1 + 2*Sqrt[1 + I])*Sqrt[1 + x])/
(2*Sqrt[I + Sqrt[1 + I]]*Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]])])/Sqrt[(1 + I)/(I + Sqrt[1
+ I])]
```

Rule 210

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(
-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] &
& (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 212

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 635

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Dist[2, Subst[In
t[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
 b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Rule 738

```
Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Sym
bol] :> Dist[-2, Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2
*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
 d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

Rule 1004

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]/((d_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol]
 :> Dist[c/f, Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2], x], x] - Dist[1/f, Int[(c*d - a*
f - b*f*x)/(Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]*(d + f*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, f}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Rule 1047

```
Int[((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))/(((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_) + (
f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Dist[h/2 + c*(g/(2*q)
), Int[1/((-q + c*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x + f*x^2]), x], x] + Dist[h/2 - c*(g/(2*q)
), Int[1/((q + c*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x + f*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f
, g, h}, x] && NeQ[e^2 - 4*d*f, 0] && PosQ[(-a)*c]
```

Rule 6860

```
Int[(u_)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.)), x_Symbol] :> With[
{v = RationalFunctionExpand[u/(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n)), x]}, Int[v, x] /; Su
mQ[v]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 6873

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v =!
= u]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}{1+(-1+x^2)^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}{2-2x^2+x^4}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{i\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}{(2+2i)-2x^2} + \frac{i\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}{(-2+2i)+2x^2}\right) dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$= 2i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}{(2+2i)-2x^2} dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) + 2i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}{(-2+2i)+2x^2} dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$= i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{2i+2x}{((2+2i)-2x^2)\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}} dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) - i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{2i-2x}{\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}\,((-2+2i)+2x^2)} dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$= -\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(i\left(-2-(1-i)^{3/2}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\left(-2\sqrt{1-i}+2x\right)\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}} dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)\right) - \frac{1}{2}\left(i\left(-2+(1-i)^{3/2}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\left(2\sqrt{1-i}+2x\right)\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}} dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\left(i\left(2-(1+i)^{3\right.\right.$$

$$= \left(i\left(-2 - (1-i)^{3/2}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-16i+16\sqrt{1-i}-x^2} dx, x, \frac{-4+2\sqrt{1-i}-\left(-2-4\sqrt{1-i}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right) + \left(i\left(-2+(1-i)^{3/2}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-16i-16\sqrt{1-i}-x^2} dx, x, \frac{-4-2\sqrt{1-i}-\left(-2+4\sqrt{1-i}\right)\sqrt{}}{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right. - \left(i\left(2-(1+i)^{3/2}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{16i-16\sqrt{1+i}-x^2} dx, x, \frac{4+2\sqrt{1+i}-\left(2-4\sqrt{1+i}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{i\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}\arctan\left(\frac{2+\sqrt{1-i}-\left(1-2\sqrt{1-i}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{1-i}} + \frac{1}{4}(1+i)^{3/2}\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1+i}}\arctan\left(\frac{2+\sqrt{1+i}-\left(1-2\sqrt{1+i}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right) - \frac{1}{4}(1-i)^{3/2}\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1-i}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2-\sqrt{1-i}-\left(1+2\sqrt{1-i}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right) - \frac{i\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2-\sqrt{1+i}-\left(1+2\sqrt{1+i}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{1+i}}$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+x}\,(1+x^2)}\,dx = -\frac{1}{2}\text{RootSum}\Big[1-8\#1+40\#1^2-48\#1^3+20\#1^4+8\#1^5-4\#1^6$$
$$+\#1^8\&, \frac{-\log\left(-\sqrt{1+x}+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}-\#1\right)+5\log\left(-\sqrt{1+x}+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}-\#1\right)\#1^2-5\log}{-1+10\#1-18\#1^2+10\#1^3-}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]/(Sqrt[1 + x]*(1 + x^2)),x]
```

```
[Out] -1/2*RootSum[1 - 8*#1 + 40*#1^2 - 48*#1^3 + 20*#1^4 + 8*#1^5 - 4*#1^6 + #1^
8 & , (-Log[-Sqrt[1 + x] + Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]] - #1] + 5*Log[-Sqrt[1 + x]
 + Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]] - #1]*#1^2 - 5*Log[-Sqrt[1 + x] + Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1
+ x]] - #1]*#1^4 + 2*Log[-Sqrt[1 + x] + Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]] - #1]*#1^5)/(
-1 + 10*#1 - 18*#1^2 + 10*#1^3 + 5*#1^4 - 3*#1^5 + #1^7) & ]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\left(\sum_{\_R=\text{RootOf}\left(\_Z^8-4\_Z^6+8\_Z^5+20\_Z^4-48\_Z^3+40\_Z^2-8\_Z+1\right)}\frac{\left(2\_R^5-5\_R^4+5\_R^2-1\right)\ln\left(\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}-\sqrt{1+x}-\right.}{\_R^7-3\_R^5+5\_R^4+10\_R^3-18\_R^2+10\_}\right.}{2}$
default	$-\frac{\left(\sum_{\_R=\text{RootOf}\left(\_Z^8-4\_Z^6+8\_Z^5+20\_Z^4-48\_Z^3+40\_Z^2-8\_Z+1\right)}\frac{\left(2\_R^5-5\_R^4+5\_R^2-1\right)\ln\left(\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}-\sqrt{1+x}-\right.}{\_R^7-3\_R^5+5\_R^4+10\_R^3-18\_R^2+10\_}\right.}{2}$

```
[In] int((x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(x^2+1)/(1+x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] -1/2*sum((2*_R^5-5*_R^4+5*_R^2-1)/(_R^7-3*_R^5+5*_R^4+10*_R^3-18*_R^2+10*_R
-1)*ln((x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)-(1+x)^(1/2)-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^8-4*_Z^6+8*_Z^5+2
0*_Z^4-48*_Z^3+40*_Z^2-8*_Z+1))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5235 vs. 2(201) = 402.

Time = 5.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5235, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.34

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+x}\,(1+x^2)}\,dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
[In] integrate((x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(x^2+1)/(1+x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] Too large to include
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+x}\,(1+x^2)}\,dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}{\sqrt{x+1}\,(x^2+1)}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((x+(1+x)**(1/2))**(1/2)/(x**2+1)/(1+x)**(1/2),x)
[Out] Integral(sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))/(sqrt(x + 1)*(x**2 + 1)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+x}\,(1+x^2)}\,dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}{(x^2+1)\sqrt{x+1}}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(x^2+1)/(1+x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] integrate(sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))/((x^2 + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)), x)
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+x}\,(1+x^2)}\,dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
[In] integrate((x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(x^2+1)/(1+x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INP
UT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Invalid _EXT in replace_ext Error: Ba
d Argument ValueInvalid _EXT in replace_ext Error: Bad Argument ValueDone
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{1+x}\,(1+x^2)}\,dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}{(x^2+1)\,\sqrt{x+1}}\,dx$$

```
[In] int((x + (x + 1)^(1/2))^(1/2)/((x^2 + 1)*(x + 1)^(1/2)),x)
[Out] int((x + (x + 1)^(1/2))^(1/2)/((x^2 + 1)*(x + 1)^(1/2)), x)
```

3.14 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{1+x^2} \, dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 337

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{1+x^2} \, dx = \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}\arctan\left(\frac{2+\sqrt{1-i}-\left(1-2\sqrt{1-i}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1+i}}\arctan\left(\frac{2+\sqrt{1+i}-\left(1-2\sqrt{1+i}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1-i}}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{2-\sqrt{1-i}-\left(1+2\sqrt{1-i}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{2-\sqrt{1+i}-\left(1+2\sqrt{1+i}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right)$$

```
[Out] 1/2*I*arctanh(1/2*(2-(1-I)^(1/2)-(1+2*(1-I)^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2))/(-I+(1-I)^(
1/2))^(1/2)/(x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))*(-I+(1-I)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/2*I*arctan(1/2*
(2+(1-I)^(1/2)-(1-2*(1-I)^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2))/(I+(1-I)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(x+(1+x
)^(1/2))^(1/2))*(I+(1-I)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/2*I*arctan(1/2*(2+(1+I)^(1/2)-(1-2*
(1+I)^(1/2))*(1+x)^(1/2))/(-I+(1+I)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))*(-I
+(1+I)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/2*I*arctanh(1/2*(2-(1+I)^(1/2)-(1+2*(1+I)^(1/2))*(1+x
)^(1/2))/(I+(1+I)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))*(I+(1+I)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 22, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.429, Rules used = {6873, 6860, 1035, 1092, 635, 212, 1047, 738, 210}

$$\begin{aligned}\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{1+x^2}\,dx = & \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}\arctan\left(\frac{-\left(\left(1-2\sqrt{1-i}\right)\sqrt{x+1}\right)+\sqrt{1-i}+2}{2\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}\right)\\ & -\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\sqrt{1+i}-i}\arctan\left(\frac{-\left(\left(1-2\sqrt{1+i}\right)\sqrt{x+1}\right)+\sqrt{1+i}+2}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{1+i}-i}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}\right)\\ & +\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{\sqrt{1-i}-i}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{-\left(\left(1+2\sqrt{1-i}\right)\sqrt{x+1}\right)-\sqrt{1-i}+2}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{1-i}-i}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}\right)\\ & -\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{-\left(\left(1+2\sqrt{1+i}\right)\sqrt{x+1}\right)-\sqrt{1+i}+2}{2\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}\right)\end{aligned}$$

```
[In] Int[Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]/(1 + x^2),x]
```

```
[Out] (I/2)*Sqrt[I + Sqrt[1 - I]]*ArcTan[(2 + Sqrt[1 - I] - (1 - 2*Sqrt[1 - I])*S
qrt[1 + x])/(2*Sqrt[I + Sqrt[1 - I]]*Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]])] - (I/2)*Sqrt[-
I + Sqrt[1 + I]]*ArcTan[(2 + Sqrt[1 + I] - (1 - 2*Sqrt[1 + I])*Sqrt[1 + x])
/(2*Sqrt[-I + Sqrt[1 + I]]*Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]])] + (I/2)*Sqrt[-I + Sqrt[1
 - I]]*ArcTanh[(2 - Sqrt[1 - I] - (1 + 2*Sqrt[1 - I])*Sqrt[1 + x])/(2*Sqrt[
-I + Sqrt[1 - I]]*Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]])] - (I/2)*Sqrt[I + Sqrt[1 + I]]*Arc
Tanh[(2 - Sqrt[1 + I] - (1 + 2*Sqrt[1 + I])*Sqrt[1 + x])/(2*Sqrt[I + Sqrt[1
 + I]]*Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]])]
```

Rule 210

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(
-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] &
& (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 212

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 635

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Dist[2, Subst[In
t[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
 b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Rule 738

```
Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Sym
bol] :> Dist[-2, Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2
*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
 d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

Rule 1035

```
Int[((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((d_) + (f
_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[h*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*((d + f*x^2)^(q +
 1)/(2*f*(p + q + 1))), x] - Dist[1/(2*f*(p + q + 1)), Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2
)^(p - 1)*(d + f*x^2)^q*Simp[h*p*(b*d) + a*(-2*g*f)*(p + q + 1) + (2*h*p*(c
*d - a*f) + b*(-2*g*f)*(p + q + 1))*x + (h*p*((-b)*f) + c*(-2*g*f)*(p + q +
 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, f, g, h, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a
*c, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[p + q + 1, 0]
```

Rule 1047

```
Int[((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))/(((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_) + (
f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Dist[h/2 + c*(g/(2*q)
), Int[1/((-q + c*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x + f*x^2]), x], x] + Dist[h/2 - c*(g/(2*q)
), Int[1/((q + c*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x + f*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f
, g, h}, x] && NeQ[e^2 - 4*d*f, 0] && PosQ[(-a)*c]
```

Rule 1092

```
Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(d_.) +
 (e_.)*(x_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Dist[C/c, Int[1/Sqrt[d + e*x + f
*x^2], x], x] + Dist[1/c, Int[(A*c - a*C + B*c*x)/((a + c*x^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x
 + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && NeQ[e^2 - 4*d*f
, 0]
```

Rule 6860

```
Int[(u_)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.)), x_Symbol] :> With[
{v = RationalFunctionExpand[u/(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n)), x]}, Int[v, x] /; Su
mQ[v]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 6873

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v =!
= u]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}{1+(-1+x^2)^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}{2-2x^2+x^4}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{ix\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}{(2+2i)-2x^2} + \frac{ix\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}{(-2+2i)+2x^2}\right)\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$= 2i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}{(2+2i)-2x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) + 2i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}{(-2+2i)+2x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$= i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(1+i)+2ix+x^2}{((2+2i)-2x^2)\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) - i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(-1+i)+2ix-x^2}{\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}\,((-2+2i)+2x^2)}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$= -\left(\frac{1}{2}i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(-4-4i)-4ix}{((2+2i)-2x^2)\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)\right) - \frac{1}{2}i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(-4+4i)+4ix}{\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}\,((-2+2i)+2x^2)}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$= -\left(\left(-1-i\sqrt{1-i}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\left(-2\sqrt{1-i}+2x\right)\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)\right) - \left(-1+i\sqrt{1-i}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\left(2\sqrt{1-i}+2x\right)\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) + \left(-1-i\sqrt{1+i}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\left(-2\sqrt{1+i}-2x\right)\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) + \left(-1+i\sqrt{1+i}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\left(2\sqrt{1+i}-2x\right)\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= \\
&-\left(\left(2\left(1-i\sqrt{1-i}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-16i-16\sqrt{1-i}-x^2}\,dx, x, \frac{-4-2\sqrt{1-i}-\left(-2+4\sqrt{1-i}\right)\sqrt{}}{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right.\right. \\
&-\left(2\left(1\right.\right. \\
&\left.\left.+i\sqrt{1-i}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-16i+16\sqrt{1-i}-x^2}\,dx, x, \frac{-4+2\sqrt{1-i}-\left(-2-4\sqrt{1-i}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right) \\
&+\left(2\left(1\right.\right. \\
&\left.\left.-i\sqrt{1+i}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{16i+16\sqrt{1+i}-x^2}\,dx, x, \frac{4-2\sqrt{1+i}-\left(2+4\sqrt{1+i}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right) \\
&+\left(2\left(1\right.\right. \\
&\left.\left.+i\sqrt{1+i}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{16i-16\sqrt{1+i}-x^2}\,dx, x, \frac{4+2\sqrt{1+i}-\left(2-4\sqrt{1+i}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right) \\
&= \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}\arctan\left(\frac{2+\sqrt{1-i}-\left(1-2\sqrt{1-i}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right) \\
&-\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1+i}}\arctan\left(\frac{2+\sqrt{1+i}-\left(1-2\sqrt{1+i}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right) \\
&+\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1-i}}\,\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{2-\sqrt{1-i}-\left(1+2\sqrt{1-i}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{-i+\sqrt{1-i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right) \\
&-\frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}\,\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{2-\sqrt{1+i}-\left(1+2\sqrt{1+i}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{i+\sqrt{1+i}}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$
\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{1+x^2}\,dx &= \frac{1}{2}\text{RootSum}\Big[1-8\#1+40\#1^2-48\#1^3+20\#1^4+8\#1^5-4\#1^6 \\
&+\#1^8\&, \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{1+x}+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}-\#1\right)+2\log\left(-\sqrt{1+x}+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}-\#1\right)\#1-2\log\left(\right.}{-1+10\#1-18\#1^2+10\#1^3+}
\end{aligned}
$$

```
[In] Integrate[Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]/(1 + x^2),x]
[Out] RootSum[1 - 8*#1 + 40*#1^2 - 48*#1^3 + 20*#1^4 + 8*#1^5 - 4*#1^6 + #1^8 & ,
 (Log[-Sqrt[1 + x] + Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]] - #1] + 2*Log[-Sqrt[1 + x] + Sqr
```

```
t[x + Sqrt[1 + x]] - #1]*#1 - 2*Log[-Sqrt[1 + x] + Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]] -
#1]*#1^5 + Log[-Sqrt[1 + x] + Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]] - #1]*#1^6)/(-1 + 10*#1
 - 18*#1^2 + 10*#1^3 + 5*#1^4 - 3*#1^5 + #1^7) & ]/2
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\sum_{\_R=\mathrm{RootOf}\left(\_Z^8-4\_Z^6+8\_Z^5+20\_Z^4-48\_Z^3+40\_Z^2-8\_Z+1\right)} \frac{\left(\_R^6-2\_R^5+2\_R+1\right)\ln\left(\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}-\sqrt{1+x}-\_R\right)}{\_R^7-3\_R^5+5\_R^4+10\_R^3-18\_R^2+10\_R-}\right)}{2}$
default	$\frac{\left(\sum_{\_R=\mathrm{RootOf}\left(\_Z^8-4\_Z^6+8\_Z^5+20\_Z^4-48\_Z^3+40\_Z^2-8\_Z+1\right)} \frac{\left(\_R^6-2\_R^5+2\_R+1\right)\ln\left(\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}-\sqrt{1+x}-\_R\right)}{\_R^7-3\_R^5+5\_R^4+10\_R^3-18\_R^2+10\_R-}\right)}{2}$

```
[In] int((x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 1/2*sum((_R^6-2*_R^5+2*_R+1)/(_R^7-3*_R^5+5*_R^4+10*_R^3-18*_R^2+10*_R-1)*l
n((x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)-(1+x)^(1/2)-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^8-4*_Z^6+8*_Z^5+20*_Z^
4-48*_Z^3+40*_Z^2-8*_Z+1))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4535 vs. 2(185) = 370.

Time = 3.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4535, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{1+x^2}\,dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
[In] integrate((x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] -1/4*sqrt(sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - 2*sqrt(-3/16*(2*sqrt(1/4
*I + 1/4) + I)^2 - 1/8*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)
 - 3/16*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2))*log(-1/4*(2*(((2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)
- 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - x - 8)*sqr
t(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2 + 2*(((2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)
 - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 + (3*x - 16)*sqrt(x + 1) + 4*x - 3)
*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) + 8*((((2*x + 1)*sqrt(x +
 1) - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - x - 8)
*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) + ((4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x +
```

```
1) - x - 8)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) - (3*x - 16)*sqrt(x + 1) - 4*x + 3)*s
qrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)))*sqrt(-3/16*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 - 1/8*(2*sqrt(
1/4*I + 1/4) + I)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) - 3/16*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) -
 I)^2) + 2*((4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - x - 8)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 +
 ((3*x - 16)*sqrt(x + 1) + 4*x - 3)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 12*(2*x + 1
)*sqrt(x + 1) + 32*x + 46)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)) + ((3*x^2 + 8*sqrt(x + 1)*
(x - 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 + (3*x^2 - 2*(4*x^2 - sqrt(
x + 1)*(x - 2) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 8*sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2)
 - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2 + 44*x^2 - 2*(6*x^2 + (16*x + 3)*
sqrt(x + 1) + 3*x + 10)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) - 2*((4*x^2 - sqrt(x + 1)
*(x - 2) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 + 6*x^2 + (16*x + 3)*sqrt(x
 + 1) + 3*x + 10)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) + 4*(12*x^2 + (3*x^2 + 8*sqrt(
x + 1)*(x - 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + (3*x^2 - 2*(4*x^2 -
sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 8*sqrt(x + 1)*(x
 - 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) + 2*(16*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 1) + 6
*x + 20)*sqrt(-3/16*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 - 1/8*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4)
+ I)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) - 3/16*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2) + 24*s
qrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 92*x - 20)*sqrt(sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4)
 - 2*sqrt(-3/16*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 - 1/8*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)
*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) - 3/16*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2)))/(x^2 + 1
)) + 1/4*sqrt(sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - 2*sqrt(-3/16*(2*sqrt
(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 - 1/8*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4)
- I) - 3/16*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2))*log(-1/4*(2*(((2*x + 1)*sqrt(x +
 1) - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - x - 8)
*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2 + 2*(((2*x + 1)*sqrt(x
+ 1) - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 + (3*x - 16)*sqrt(x + 1) + 4*x
- 3)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) + 8*((((2*x + 1)*sqrt
(x + 1) - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - x
- 8)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) + ((4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(
x + 1) - x - 8)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) - (3*x - 16)*sqrt(x + 1) - 4*x +
3)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)))*sqrt(-3/16*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 - 1/8*(2*s
qrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) - 3/16*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/
4) - I)^2) + 2*((4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - x - 8)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)
^2 + ((3*x - 16)*sqrt(x + 1) + 4*x - 3)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 12*(2*x
 + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 32*x + 46)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)) - ((3*x^2 + 8*sqrt(x +
 1)*(x - 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 + (3*x^2 - 2*(4*x^2 - s
qrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 8*sqrt(x + 1)*(x
- 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2 + 44*x^2 - 2*(6*x^2 + (16*x +
 3)*sqrt(x + 1) + 3*x + 10)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) - 2*((4*x^2 - sqrt(x
+ 1)*(x - 2) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 + 6*x^2 + (16*x + 3)*sq
rt(x + 1) + 3*x + 10)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) + 4*(12*x^2 + (3*x^2 + 8*s
qrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + (3*x^2 - 2*(4*x^
2 - sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 8*sqrt(x + 1
)*(x - 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) + 2*(16*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 1)
 + 6*x + 20)*sqrt(-3/16*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 - 1/8*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1
```

```
/4) + I)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) - 3/16*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2) +
24*sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 92*x - 20)*sqrt(sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + sqrt(-1/4*I +
1/4) - 2*sqrt(-3/16*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 - 1/8*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4)
+ I)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) - 3/16*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2)))/(x^2
 + 1)) - 1/4*sqrt(sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) + 2*sqrt(-3/16*(2*
sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 - 1/8*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1
/4) - I) - 3/16*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2))*log(-1/4*(2*(((2*x + 1)*sqrt
(x + 1) - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - x
- 8)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2 + 2*(((2*x + 1)*sqr
t(x + 1) - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 + (3*x - 16)*sqrt(x + 1) +
4*x - 3)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) - 8*((((2*x + 1)*
sqrt(x + 1) - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)
- x - 8)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) + ((4*(2*x + 1)*s
qrt(x + 1) - x - 8)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) - (3*x - 16)*sqrt(x + 1) - 4*
x + 3)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)))*sqrt(-3/16*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 - 1/8*
(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) - 3/16*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I
+ 1/4) - I)^2) + 2*((4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - x - 8)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4)
+ I)^2 + ((3*x - 16)*sqrt(x + 1) + 4*x - 3)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 12*
(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 32*x + 46)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)) + ((3*x^2 + 8*sqrt
(x + 1)*(x - 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 + (3*x^2 - 2*(4*x^2
 - sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 8*sqrt(x + 1)
*(x - 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2 + 44*x^2 - 2*(6*x^2 + (16
*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 1) + 3*x + 10)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) - 2*((4*x^2 - sqr
t(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 + 6*x^2 + (16*x + 3
)*sqrt(x + 1) + 3*x + 10)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) - 4*(12*x^2 + (3*x^2 +
 8*sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + (3*x^2 - 2*(
4*x^2 - sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 8*sqrt(x
 + 1)*(x - 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) + 2*(16*x + 3)*sqrt(x
+ 1) + 6*x + 20)*sqrt(-3/16*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 - 1/8*(2*sqrt(1/4*I
 + 1/4) + I)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) - 3/16*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2
) + 24*sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 92*x - 20)*sqrt(sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + sqrt(-1/4*
I + 1/4) + 2*sqrt(-3/16*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 - 1/8*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1
/4) + I)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) - 3/16*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2)))/
(x^2 + 1)) + 1/4*sqrt(sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) + 2*sqrt(-3/16
*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 - 1/8*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I
 + 1/4) - I) - 3/16*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2))*log(-1/4*(2*(((2*x + 1)*
sqrt(x + 1) - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)
- x - 8)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2 + 2*(((2*x + 1)
*sqrt(x + 1) - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 + (3*x - 16)*sqrt(x + 1
) + 4*x - 3)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) - 8*((((2*x +
 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x +
 1) - x - 8)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) + ((4*(2*x +
1)*sqrt(x + 1) - x - 8)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) - (3*x - 16)*sqrt(x + 1)
- 4*x + 3)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)))*sqrt(-3/16*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 -
1/8*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) - 3/16*(2*sqrt(-1/
```

```
4*I + 1/4) - I)^2) + 2*((4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - x - 8)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1
/4) + I)^2 + ((3*x - 16)*sqrt(x + 1) + 4*x - 3)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) +
 12*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + 32*x + 46)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)) - ((3*x^2 + 8*
sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 + (3*x^2 - 2*(4
*x^2 - sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 8*sqrt(x
+ 1)*(x - 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2 + 44*x^2 - 2*(6*x^2 +
 (16*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 1) + 3*x + 10)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) - 2*((4*x^2 -
 sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 + 6*x^2 + (16*x
 + 3)*sqrt(x + 1) + 3*x + 10)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) - 4*(12*x^2 + (3*x
^2 + 8*sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + (3*x^2 -
 2*(4*x^2 - sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 8*sq
rt(x + 1)*(x - 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) + 2*(16*x + 3)*sqr
t(x + 1) + 6*x + 20)*sqrt(-3/16*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 - 1/8*(2*sqrt(1
/4*I + 1/4) + I)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) - 3/16*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) -
I)^2) + 24*sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 92*x - 20)*sqrt(sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + sqrt(-
1/4*I + 1/4) + 2*sqrt(-3/16*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 - 1/8*(2*sqrt(1/4*I
 + 1/4) + I)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) - 3/16*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2
)))/(x^2 + 1)) + 1/2*sqrt(-1/2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) + 1/4*I)*log(((((2*x + 1)
*sqrt(x + 1) - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)
 - x - 8)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2 + (((2*x + 1)*
sqrt(x + 1) - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 + (3*x - 16)*sqrt(x + 1)
 + 4*x - 3)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) + (((2*x + 1)*
sqrt(x + 1) - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^3 - 6*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1
) - 16*x - 23)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)) + (2*(4*x^2 - sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 2*
x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^3 - (3*x^2 - 2*(4*x^2 - sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2
) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 8*sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) - 16*x + 5)*
(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2 + 22*x^2 + 2*((4*x^2 - sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 2
*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 + 6*x^2 + (16*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 1) + 3*x
+ 10)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) + 12*sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 46*x - 10)*sqrt
(-1/2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) + 1/4*I))/(x^2 + 1)) - 1/2*sqrt(-1/2*sqrt(-1/4*I +
 1/4) + 1/4*I)*log(((((2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4)
 + I) + 4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - x - 8)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(2*sqrt(-1/4
*I + 1/4) - I)^2 + (((2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4)
+ I)^2 + (3*x - 16)*sqrt(x + 1) + 4*x - 3)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(2*sqrt(-1
/4*I + 1/4) - I) + (((2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4)
+ I)^3 - 6*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 16*x - 23)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)) - (2*(4
*x^2 - sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^3 - (3*x^2
- 2*(4*x^2 - sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 8*s
qrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I)^2 + 22*x^2 + 2*((
4*x^2 - sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 + 6*x^2
+ (16*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 1) + 3*x + 10)*(2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) - I) + 12*sqrt(x
 + 1)*(x - 2) + 46*x - 10)*sqrt(-1/2*sqrt(-1/4*I + 1/4) + 1/4*I))/(x^2 + 1)
) + 1/2*sqrt(-1/2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) - 1/4*I)*log(-((((2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)
- 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^3 - (4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - x - 8)*
(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 - ((3*x - 16)*sqrt(x + 1) + 4*x - 3)*(2*sqrt(1/
```

```
4*I + 1/4) + I) + 10*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 20*x + 15)*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1
)) + (2*(4*x^2 - sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^3
 + (3*x^2 + 8*sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 +
 10*x^2 - 2*(6*x^2 + (16*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 1) + 3*x + 10)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4
) + I) - 20*sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) - 30*x - 30)*sqrt(-1/2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) -
1/4*I))/(x^2 + 1)) - 1/2*sqrt(-1/2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) - 1/4*I)*log(-((((2*x
+ 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 9*x - 2)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^3 - (4*(2*x + 1)*sqrt
(x + 1) - x - 8)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I)^2 - ((3*x - 16)*sqrt(x + 1) + 4*
x - 3)*(2*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) + 10*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) - 20*x + 15)*sq
rt(x + sqrt(x + 1)) - (2*(4*x^2 - sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) + 2*x - 5)*(2*sqrt(1/
4*I + 1/4) + I)^3 + (3*x^2 + 8*sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) - 16*x + 5)*(2*sqrt(1/4*
I + 1/4) + I)^2 + 10*x^2 - 2*(6*x^2 + (16*x + 3)*sqrt(x + 1) + 3*x + 10)*(2
*sqrt(1/4*I + 1/4) + I) - 20*sqrt(x + 1)*(x - 2) - 30*x - 30)*sqrt(-1/2*sqr
t(1/4*I + 1/4) - 1/4*I))/(x^2 + 1))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{1+x^2}\,dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}{x^2+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((x+(1+x)**(1/2))**(1/2)/(x**2+1),x)
[Out] Integral(sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))/(x**2 + 1), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{1+x^2}\,dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}{x^2+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] integrate(sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))/(x^2 + 1), x)
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{1+x^2}\,dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
[In] integrate((x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INP
UT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Invalid _EXT in replace_ext Error: Ba
d Argument ValueInvalid _EXT in replace_ext Error: Bad Argument ValueDone
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{1+x^2}\,dx=\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}{x^2+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] int((x + (x + 1)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(x^2 + 1),x)
[Out] int((x + (x + 1)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(x^2 + 1), x)
```

3.15 $\int \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}}\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}}\,dx = \frac{2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}}\left(2+\sqrt{x}+6x^{3/2}-\left(2-\sqrt{x}\right)\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}\right)}{15\sqrt{x}}$$

```
[Out] 2/15*(2+6*x^(3/2)+x^(1/2)-(2-x^(1/2))*(1+2*x+2*x^(1/2))^(1/2))*(1+x^(1/2)+(
1+2*x+2*x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.037, Rules used = {2139}

$$\int \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}}\,dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{2x+2\sqrt{x}+1}+1}\left(6x^{3/2}+\sqrt{x}-\left(2-\sqrt{x}\right)\sqrt{2x+2\sqrt{x}+1}+2\right)}{15\sqrt{x}}$$

```
[In] Int[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x] + Sqrt[1 + 2*Sqrt[x] + 2*x]],x]
```

```
[Out] (2*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x] + Sqrt[1 + 2*Sqrt[x] + 2*x]]*(2 + Sqrt[x] + 6*x^(3/2) -
 (2 - Sqrt[x])*Sqrt[1 + 2*Sqrt[x] + 2*x]))/(15*Sqrt[x])
```

Rule 2139

```
Int[((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_) + (f_.)*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)
*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2*((f*(5*b*c*g^2 - 2*b^2*g*h - 3*
a*c*g*h + 2*a*b*h^2) + c*f*(10*c*g^2 - b*g*h + a*h^2)*x + 9*c^2*f*g*h*x^2 +
 3*c^2*f*h^2*x^3 - (e*g - d*h)*(5*c*g - 2*b*h + c*h*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2
])/(15*c^2*f*(g + h*x)))*Sqrt[d + e*x + f*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && EqQ[(e*g - d*h)^2 - f^2*(c*g^2 - b*g*h +
 a*h^2), 0] && EqQ[2*e^2*g - 2*d*e*h - f^2*(2*c*g - b*h), 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = 2\text{Subst}\left(\int x\sqrt{1+x+\sqrt{1+2x+2x^2}}\,dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right)$$
$$= \frac{2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}}\left(2+\sqrt{x}+6x^{3/2}-\left(2-\sqrt{x}\right)\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}\right)}{15\sqrt{x}}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}}\,dx$$
$$= \frac{2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}}\left(2+\sqrt{x}+6x^{3/2}+\left(-2+\sqrt{x}\right)\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}\right)}{15\sqrt{x}}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x] + Sqrt[1 + 2*Sqrt[x] + 2*x]],x]
[Out] (2*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x] + Sqrt[1 + 2*Sqrt[x] + 2*x]]*(2 + Sqrt[x] + 6*x^(3/2) +
 (-2 + Sqrt[x])*Sqrt[1 + 2*Sqrt[x] + 2*x]))/(15*Sqrt[x])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{1+2x+2\sqrt{x}}}dx$$

```
[In] int((1+x^(1/2)+(1+2*x+2*x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x)
[Out] int((1+x^(1/2)+(1+2*x+2*x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}}\,dx = \frac{2\left(6\,x^2+\sqrt{2\,x+2\,\sqrt{x}+1}(x-2\,\sqrt{x})+x+2\,\sqrt{x}\right)\sqrt{\sqrt{2\,x+2\,\sqrt{x}+1}+\sqrt{x}+1}}{15\,x}$$

```
[In] integrate((1+x^(1/2)+(1+2*x+2*x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] 2/15*(6*x^2 + sqrt(2*x + 2*sqrt(x) + 1)*(x - 2*sqrt(x)) + x + 2*sqrt(x))*sq
rt(sqrt(2*x + 2*sqrt(x) + 1) + sqrt(x) + 1)/x
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}}\,dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{2\sqrt{x}+2x+1}+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((1+x**(1/2)+(1+2*x+2*x**(1/2))**(1/2))**(1/2),x)
[Out] Integral(sqrt(sqrt(x) + sqrt(2*sqrt(x) + 2*x + 1) + 1), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}}\,dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{2\,x+2\,\sqrt{x}+1}+\sqrt{x}+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((1+x^(1/2)+(1+2*x+2*x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] integrate(sqrt(sqrt(2*x + 2*sqrt(x) + 1) + sqrt(x) + 1), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}}\,dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{2\,x+2\,\sqrt{x}+1}+\sqrt{x}+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((1+x^(1/2)+(1+2*x+2*x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(sqrt(sqrt(2*x + 2*sqrt(x) + 1) + sqrt(x) + 1), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{x}+2x}}\,dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{2\,x+2\,\sqrt{x}+1}+\sqrt{x}+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] int(((2*x + 2*x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) + x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2),x)
[Out] int(((2*x + 2*x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) + x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2), x)
```

3.16 $\int \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+2x}}\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 36, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+2x}}\,dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+x}}\left(4+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+3\sqrt{2}x^{3/2}-\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{x})\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+x}\right)}{15\sqrt{x}}$$

```
[Out] 2/15*2^(1/2)*(4+3*x^(3/2)*2^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*x^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*(2*2^(1/2)-x^(1/2
))*(1+x+2^(1/2)*x^(1/2))^(1/2))*(2^(1/2)+x^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*(1+x+2^(1/2)*x^(1/
2))^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.056, Rules used = {2140, 2139}

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+2x}}\,dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+1}+\sqrt{2}}\left(3\sqrt{2}x^{3/2}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{x})\sqrt{x+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+1}+4\right)}{15\sqrt{x}}$$

```
[In] Int[Sqrt[Sqrt[2] + Sqrt[x] + Sqrt[2 + 2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x] + 2*x]],x]
```

```
[Out] (2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[2] + Sqrt[x] + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x] + x]]*
(4 + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x] + 3*Sqrt[2]*x^(3/2) - Sqrt[2]*(2*Sqrt[2] - Sqrt[x])*Sq
rt[1 + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x] + x]))/(15*Sqrt[x])
```

Rule 2139

```
Int[((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_) + (f_.)*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)
*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2*((f*(5*b*c*g^2 - 2*b^2*g*h - 3*
a*c*g*h + 2*a*b*h^2) + c*f*(10*c*g^2 - b*g*h + a*h^2)*x + 9*c^2*f*g*h*x^2 +
 3*c^2*f*h^2*x^3 - (e*g - d*h)*(5*c*g - 2*b*h + c*h*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2
])/(15*c^2*f*(g + h*x)))*Sqrt[d + e*x + f*Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && EqQ[(e*g - d*h)^2 - f^2*(c*g^2 - b*g*h +
 a*h^2), 0] && EqQ[2*e^2*g - 2*d*e*h - f^2*(2*c*g - b*h), 0]
```

Rule 2140

```
Int[((u_) + (f_.)*((j_.) + (k_.)*Sqrt[v_]))^(n_.)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))^(m_.
), x_Symbol] :> Int[(g + h*x)^m*(ExpandToSum[u + f*j, x] + f*k*Sqrt[ExpandT
oSum[v, x]])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{f, g, h, j, k, m, n}, x] && LinearQ[u, x] && Q
uadraticQ[v, x] &&  !(LinearMatchQ[u, x] && QuadraticMatchQ[v, x] && (EqQ[j
, 0] || EqQ[f, 1])) && EqQ[(Coefficient[u, x, 1]*g - h*(Coefficient[u, x, 0
] + f*j))^2 - f^2*k^2*(Coefficient[v, x, 2]*g^2 - Coefficient[v, x, 1]*g*h
+ Coefficient[v, x, 0]*h^2), 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = 2\text{Subst}\left(\int x\sqrt{x+\sqrt{2}\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}x+x^2}\right)}\,dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right)$$

$$= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int x\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+x+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}x+x^2}}\,dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right)$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+x}}\left(4+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+3\sqrt{2}x^{3/2}-\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{x})\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+\cdots}\right)}{15\sqrt{x}}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+2x}}\,dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{2}\left(4+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+3\sqrt{2}x^{3/2}+\sqrt{2}(-2\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{x})\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+x}\right)\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{2}\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+x}\right)}}{15\sqrt{x}}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Sqrt[Sqrt[2] + Sqrt[x] + Sqrt[2 + 2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x] + 2*x]],x]
```

```
[Out] (2*Sqrt[2]*(4 + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x] + 3*Sqrt[2]*x^(3/2) + Sqrt[2]*(-2*Sqrt[2] +
 Sqrt[x])*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x] + x])*Sqrt[Sqrt[x] + Sqrt[2]*(1 + Sqrt[1
 + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x] + x])])/(15*Sqrt[x])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{2+2x+2\sqrt{2}\,\sqrt{x}}}dx$$

```
[In] int((2^(1/2)+x^(1/2)+(2+2*x+2*2^(1/2)*x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x)
```

```
[Out] int((2^(1/2)+x^(1/2)+(2+2*x+2*2^(1/2)*x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+2x}}\,dx$$
$$=\frac{2\left(6\,x^2+\left(\sqrt{2}x-4\,\sqrt{x}\right)\sqrt{2\,\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+2\,x+2}+4\,\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+2\,x\right)\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2\,\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+2\,x+2}+\sqrt{x}}}{15\,x}$$

```
[In] integrate((2^(1/2)+x^(1/2)+(2+2*x+2*2^(1/2)*x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algori
thm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 2/15*(6*x^2 + (sqrt(2)*x - 4*sqrt(x))*sqrt(2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(x) + 2*x + 2) + 4
*sqrt(2)*sqrt(x) + 2*x)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + sqrt(2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(x) + 2*x + 2) +
sqrt(x))/x
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+2x}}\,dx=\int \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}+2x+2}+\sqrt{2}}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((2**(1/2)+x**(1/2)+(2+2*x+2*2**(1/2)*x**(1/2))**(1/2))**(1/2),x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(sqrt(sqrt(x) + sqrt(2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(x) + 2*x + 2) + sqrt(2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{2 + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + 2x}}\, dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + 2x + 2} + \sqrt{x}}\, dx$$

```
[In] integrate((2^(1/2)+x^(1/2)+(2+2*x+2*2^(1/2)*x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algori
thm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] integrate(sqrt(sqrt(2) + sqrt(2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(x) + 2*x + 2) + sqrt(x)), x)
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{2 + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + 2x}}\, dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
[In] integrate((2^(1/2)+x^(1/2)+(2+2*x+2*2^(1/2)*x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algori
thm="giac")
```

```
[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INP
UT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:The choice was done assuming [sageVAR
x]=[79]sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Er
ror: B
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{2 + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + 2x}}\, dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{2x + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + 2} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{x}}\, dx$$

```
[In] int(((2*x + 2*2^(1/2)*x^(1/2) + 2)^(1/2) + 2^(1/2) + x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)
```

```
[Out] int(((2*x + 2*2^(1/2)*x^(1/2) + 2)^(1/2) + 2^(1/2) + x^(1/2))^(1/2), x)
```

3.17 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{x^2} \, dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{x^2} \, dx = -\frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{x} - \frac{1}{4}\arctan\left(\frac{3+\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right) + \frac{3}{4}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{1-3\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right)$$

```
[Out] -1/4*arctan(1/2*(3+(1+x)^(1/2))/(x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))+3/4*arctanh(1/2*(1-3
*(1+x)^(1/2))/(x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2))-(x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.294, Rules used = {1028, 1047, 738, 212, 210}

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{x^2} \, dx = -\frac{1}{4}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{x+1}+3}{2\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}\right) + \frac{3}{4}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{1-3\sqrt{x+1}}{2\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}{x}$$

```
[In] Int[Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]/x^2,x]
```

```
[Out] -(Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]/x) - ArcTan[(3 + Sqrt[1 + x])/(2*Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 +
x]])]/4 + (3*ArcTanh[(1 - 3*Sqrt[1 + x])/(2*Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]])])/4
```

Rule 210

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(
-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] &
& (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 212

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 738

```
Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Sym
bol] :> Dist[-2, Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2
*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
 d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

Rule 1028

```
Int[((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_) + (f
_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a*h - g*c*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((d +
 e*x + f*x^2)^q/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] + Dist[2/(4*a*c*(p + 1)), Int[(a + c*x
^2)^(p + 1)*(d + e*x + f*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[g*c*d*(2*p + 3) - a*(h*e*q) + (g
*c*e*(2*p + q + 3) - a*(2*h*f*q))*x + g*c*f*(2*p + 2*q + 3)*x^2, x], x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && NeQ[e^2 - 4*d*f, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] &&
 GtQ[q, 0]
```

Rule 1047

```
Int[((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))/(((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_) + (
f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Dist[h/2 + c*(g/(2*q)
), Int[1/((-q + c*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x + f*x^2]), x], x] + Dist[h/2 - c*(g/(2*q)
), Int[1/((q + c*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x + f*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f
, g, h}, x] && NeQ[e^2 - 4*d*f, 0] && PosQ[(-a)*c]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}{\left(-1+x^2\right)^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{x} + \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\frac{1}{2}+x}{\left(-1+x^2\right)\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{x} + \frac{1}{4}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) + \frac{3}{4}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{(-1+x)\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{x} - \frac{1}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-4-x^2}\,dx, x, \frac{-3-\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right) - \frac{3}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{4-x^2}\,dx, x, \frac{-1+3\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{x} - \frac{1}{4}\arctan\left(\frac{3+\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right) + \frac{3}{4}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{1-3\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}\right)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{x^2}\,dx = -\frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{x} - \frac{1}{2}\arctan\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}-\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}\right) - \frac{3}{2}\text{arctanh}\left(1-\sqrt{1+x}+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)$$

```
[In] Integrate[Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]/x^2,x]
[Out] -(Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]/x) - ArcTan[1 + Sqrt[1 + x] - Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]
]/2 - (3*ArcTanh[1 - Sqrt[1 + x] + Sqrt[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]])/2
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 297 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\left(\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2+3\sqrt{1+x}-2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}+\frac{3\sqrt{\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2+3\sqrt{1+x}-2}}{4}+\frac{\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}+\sqrt{\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2+3\sqrt{1+x}-2}\right)}{2}$
default	$-\frac{\left(\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2+3\sqrt{1+x}-2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}+\frac{3\sqrt{\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2+3\sqrt{1+x}-2}}{4}+\frac{\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}+\sqrt{\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2+3\sqrt{1+x}-2}\right)}{2}$

```
[In] int((x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] -1/2/(-1+(1+x)^(1/2))*((-1+(1+x)^(1/2))^2+3*(1+x)^(1/2)-2)^(3/2)+3/4*((-1+(
1+x)^(1/2))^2+3*(1+x)^(1/2)-2)^(1/2)+1/2*ln(1/2+(1+x)^(1/2)+((-1+(1+x)^(1/2
))^2+3*(1+x)^(1/2)-2)^(1/2))-3/4*arctanh(1/2*(-1+3*(1+x)^(1/2))/((-1+(1+x)^
(1/2))^2+3*(1+x)^(1/2)-2)^(1/2))+1/4*(1+2*(1+x)^(1/2))*((-1+(1+x)^(1/2))^2+
3*(1+x)^(1/2)-2)^(1/2)-1/2/(1+(1+x)^(1/2))*((1+(1+x)^(1/2))^2-(1+x)^(1/2)-2
)^(3/2)-1/4*((1+(1+x)^(1/2))^2-(1+x)^(1/2)-2)^(1/2)-1/2*ln(1/2+(1+x)^(1/2)+
((1+(1+x)^(1/2))^2-(1+x)^(1/2)-2)^(1/2))+1/4*arctan(1/2*(-3-(1+x)^(1/2))/((
1+(1+x)^(1/2))^2-(1+x)^(1/2)-2)^(1/2))+1/4*(1+2*(1+x)^(1/2))*((1+(1+x)^(1/2
))^2-(1+x)^(1/2)-2)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{x^2}\,dx = \frac{x\arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}(\sqrt{x+1}-3)}{x-8}\right)+3\,x\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}(\sqrt{x+1}+1)-3\,x-2\sqrt{x+1}-2}{x}\right)-4\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}{4\,x}$$

```
[In] integrate((x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 1/4*(x*arctan(2*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(sqrt(x + 1) - 3)/(x - 8)) + 3*x*log(
(2*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))*(sqrt(x + 1) + 1) - 3*x - 2*sqrt(x + 1) - 2)/x) -
4*sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)))/x
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{x^2}\,dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}{x^2}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((x+(1+x)**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**2,x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))/x**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{x^2}\,dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}{x^2}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] integrate(sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1))/x^2, x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{x^2}\,dx = -\frac{2\left(\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}-\sqrt{x+1}\right)^3-3\left(\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}-\sqrt{x+1}\right)^2-\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}+\sqrt{x+1}+1}{\left(\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}-\sqrt{x+1}\right)^4-2\left(\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}-\sqrt{x+1}\right)^2+4\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}-4\sqrt{x+1}} + \frac{1}{2}\arctan\left(\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}-\sqrt{x+1}-1\right)-\frac{3}{4}\log\left(\left|\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}-\sqrt{x+1}+2\right|\right) + \frac{3}{4}\log\left(\left|\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}-\sqrt{x+1}\right|\right)$$

```
[In] integrate((x+(1+x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] -(2*(sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)) - sqrt(x + 1))^3 - 3*(sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)) - sq
rt(x + 1))^2 - sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)) + sqrt(x + 1) + 1)/((sqrt(x + sqrt(x +
 1)) - sqrt(x + 1))^4 - 2*(sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)) - sqrt(x + 1))^2 + 4*sqrt(
x + sqrt(x + 1)) - 4*sqrt(x + 1)) + 1/2*arctan(sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)) - sqrt
(x + 1) - 1) - 3/4*log(abs(sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)) - sqrt(x + 1) + 2)) + 3/4*
log(abs(sqrt(x + sqrt(x + 1)) - sqrt(x + 1)))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{1+x}}}{x^2}\,dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x+1}}}{x^2}\,dx$$

```
[In] int((x + (x + 1)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x)
[Out] int((x + (x + 1)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2, x)
```

3.18 $\int \sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}\,dx=\sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}x+\frac{1}{4}\arctan\left(\frac{3+\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}}\right)-\frac{3}{4}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{1-3\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}}\right)$$

```
[Out] 1/4*arctan(1/2*(3+(1+1/x)^(1/2))/(1/x+(1+1/x)^(1/2))^(1/2))-3/4*arctanh(1/2
*(1-3*(1+1/x)^(1/2))/(1/x+(1+1/x)^(1/2))^(1/2))+x*(1/x+(1+1/x)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.294, Rules used = {1028, 1047, 738, 212, 210}

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}\,dx=\frac{1}{4}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}+1}+3}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}+1}+\frac{1}{x}}}\right)-\frac{3}{4}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{1-3\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}+1}}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}+1}+\frac{1}{x}}}\right)+\sqrt{\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}+1}+\frac{1}{x}}x$$

```
[In] Int[Sqrt[Sqrt[1 + x^(-1)] + x^(-1)],x]
```

```
[Out] Sqrt[Sqrt[1 + x^(-1)] + x^(-1)]*x + ArcTan[(3 + Sqrt[1 + x^(-1)])/(2*Sqrt[S
qrt[1 + x^(-1)] + x^(-1)])]/4 - (3*ArcTanh[(1 - 3*Sqrt[1 + x^(-1)])/(2*Sqrt
[Sqrt[1 + x^(-1)] + x^(-1)])])/4
```

Rule 210

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(
-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] &
& (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 212

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 738

```
Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Sym
bol] :> Dist[-2, Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2
*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
 d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

Rule 1028

```
Int[((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_) + (f
_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a*h - g*c*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((d +
 e*x + f*x^2)^q/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] + Dist[2/(4*a*c*(p + 1)), Int[(a + c*x
^2)^(p + 1)*(d + e*x + f*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[g*c*d*(2*p + 3) - a*(h*e*q) + (g
*c*e*(2*p + q + 3) - a*(2*h*f*q))*x + g*c*f*(2*p + 2*q + 3)*x^2, x], x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && NeQ[e^2 - 4*d*f, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] &&
 GtQ[q, 0]
```

Rule 1047

```
Int[((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))/(((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_) + (
f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[(-a)*c, 2]}, Dist[h/2 + c*(g/(2*q)
), Int[1/((-q + c*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x + f*x^2]), x], x] + Dist[h/2 - c*(g/(2*q)
), Int[1/((q + c*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x + f*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f
, g, h}, x] && NeQ[e^2 - 4*d*f, 0] && PosQ[(-a)*c]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = -\left(2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}{(-1+x^2)^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}\right)\right)$$

$$= \sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}x - \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\frac{1}{2}+x}{(-1+x^2)\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}\right)$$

$$= \sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}x - \frac{1}{4}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}\right) - \frac{3}{4}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{(-1+x)\sqrt{-1+x+x^2}}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}\right)$$

$$= \sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}x + \frac{1}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-4-x^2}\,dx, x, \frac{-3-\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}}\right) + \frac{3}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{4-x^2}\,dx, x, \frac{-1+3\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}}\right)$$

$$= \sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}x + \frac{1}{4}\arctan\left(\frac{3+\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}}\right) - \frac{3}{4}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{1-3\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}}\right)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}\,dx = \frac{1}{2}\left(2\sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}x + \arctan\left(1+\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}-\sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}\right) + 3\text{arctanh}\left(1-\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}\right)\right)$$

```
[In] Integrate[Sqrt[Sqrt[1 + x^(-1)] + x^(-1)],x]
```

```
[Out] (2*Sqrt[Sqrt[1 + x^(-1)] + x^(-1)]*x + ArcTan[1 + Sqrt[1 + x^(-1)] - Sqrt[S
qrt[1 + x^(-1)] + x^(-1)]] + 3*ArcTanh[1 - Sqrt[1 + x^(-1)] + Sqrt[Sqrt[1 +
 x^(-1)] + x^(-1)]])/2
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{1}{x}+\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}}dx$$

```
[In] int((1/x+(1+1/x)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)
```

```
[Out] int((1/x+(1+1/x)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}\,dx = x\sqrt{\frac{x\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}}+1}{x}} + \frac{1}{4}\arctan\left(\frac{2\left(x\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}}-3\,x\right)\sqrt{\frac{x\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}}+1}{x}}}{8\,x-1}\right) + \frac{3}{4}\log\left(2\left(x\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}}+x\right)\sqrt{\frac{x\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}}+1}{x}}+2\,x\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}}+2\,x+3\right)$$

```
[In] integrate((1/x+(1+1/x)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] x*sqrt((x*sqrt((x + 1)/x) + 1)/x) + 1/4*arctan(2*(x*sqrt((x + 1)/x) - 3*x)*
sqrt((x*sqrt((x + 1)/x) + 1)/x)/(8*x - 1)) + 3/4*log(2*(x*sqrt((x + 1)/x) +
 x)*sqrt((x*sqrt((x + 1)/x) + 1)/x) + 2*x*sqrt((x + 1)/x) + 2*x + 3)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}\,dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((1/x+(1+1/x)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(sqrt(sqrt(1 + 1/x) + 1/x), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}\,dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}+1}+\frac{1}{x}}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((1/x+(1+1/x)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] integrate(sqrt(sqrt(1/x + 1) + 1/x), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}\,dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}+1}+\frac{1}{x}}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((1/x+(1+1/x)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(sqrt(sqrt(1/x + 1) + 1/x), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}+\frac{1}{x}}\,dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}+1}+\frac{1}{x}}\,dx$$

```
[In] int(((1/x + 1)^(1/2) + 1/x)^(1/2),x)
[Out] int(((1/x + 1)^(1/2) + 1/x)^(1/2), x)
```

3.19 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}}{-e^{-x}+e^x} \, dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}}{-e^{-x}+e^x} \, dx = -\sqrt{2}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

```
[Out] -arctanh(1/2*(1+exp(-x))^(1/2)*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.240, Rules used = {2320, 1460, 1483, 641, 65, 212}

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}}{-e^{-x}+e^x} \, dx = -\sqrt{2}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^{-x}+1}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

```
[In] Int[Sqrt[1 + E^(-x)]/(-E^(-x) + E^x),x]
```

```
[Out] -(Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^(-x)]/Sqrt[2]])
```

Rule 65

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Dist[p/b, Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Den
ominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

Rule 212

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 641

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int
[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, p}, x] &&
 EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && Intege
rQ[m + p]))
```

Rule 1460

```
Int[((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(mn2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_S
ymbol] :> Int[((d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p)/x^(2*n*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Rule 1483

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q
_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify
[m - n + 1], 0]
```

Rule 2320

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Dist[v/D[v, x]
, Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Functi
onOfExponentialQ[u, x] &&  !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ[
{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] &&  !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))*
(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}}{-1+x^2}\,dx, x, e^x\right)$$

$$= \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}}{\left(1-\frac{1}{x^2}\right)x^2}\,dx, x, e^x\right)$$

$$= -\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{1-x^2}\,dx, x, e^{-x}\right)$$

$$= -\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{(1-x)\sqrt{1+x}}\,dx, x, e^{-x}\right)$$

$$= -\left(2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{2-x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+e^{-x}}\right)\right)$$

$$= -\sqrt{2}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs. $2(25) = 50$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}}{-e^{-x}+e^x}\,dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}e^{x/2}\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{1-e^x+e^{x/2}\sqrt{1+e^x}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{\sqrt{1+e^x}}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Sqrt[1 + E^(-x)]/(-E^(-x) + E^x),x]
[Out] -((Sqrt[2]*E^(x/2)*Sqrt[1 + E^(-x)]*ArcTanh[(1 - E^x + E^(x/2)*Sqrt[1 + E^x
])/Sqrt[2]])/Sqrt[1 + E^x])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 48 vs. $2(19) = 38$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{(1+e^x)e^{-x}}\,e^x\sqrt{2}\,\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{(1+3\,e^x)\sqrt{2}}{4\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(1+e^x)e^x}}$	49

```
[In] int((1+exp(-x))^(1/2)/(-exp(-x)+exp(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
[Out] -1/2*((1+exp(x))/exp(x))^(1/2)*exp(x)/((1+exp(x))*exp(x))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*arc
tanh(1/4*(1+3*exp(x))*2^(1/2)/(exp(x)^2+exp(x))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}}{-e^{-x}+e^x}\,dx = \frac{1}{2}\,\sqrt{2}\log\left(\frac{2\,\sqrt{2}\sqrt{e^x+1}e^{\left(\frac{1}{2}\,x\right)}-3\,e^x-1}{e^x-1}\right)$$

```
[In] integrate((1+exp(-x))^(1/2)/(-exp(-x)+exp(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] 1/2*sqrt(2)*log((2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(e^x + 1)*e^(1/2*x) - 3*e^x - 1)/(e^x - 1))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}}{-e^{-x}+e^x}\,dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}e^x}{(e^x-1)\,(e^x+1)}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((1+exp(-x))**(1/2)/(-exp(-x)+exp(x)),x)
[Out] Integral(sqrt(1 + exp(-x))*exp(x)/((exp(x) - 1)*(exp(x) + 1)), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}}{-e^{-x}+e^x}\,dx = \frac{1}{2}\,\sqrt{2}\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{e^{(-x)}+1}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{e^{(-x)}+1}}\right)$$

```
[In] integrate((1+exp(-x))^(1/2)/(-exp(-x)+exp(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] 1/2*sqrt(2)*log(-(sqrt(2) - sqrt(e^(-x) + 1))/(sqrt(2) + sqrt(e^(-x) + 1)))
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 55 vs. $2(19) = 38$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}}{-e^{-x}+e^x}\,dx = \frac{1}{2}\,\sqrt{2}\log\left(\frac{\left|-2\,\sqrt{2}+2\,\sqrt{e^{(2\,x)}+e^x}-2\,e^x+2\right|}{\left|2\,\sqrt{2}+2\,\sqrt{e^{(2\,x)}+e^x}-2\,e^x+2\right|}\right)$$

```
[In] integrate((1+exp(-x))^(1/2)/(-exp(-x)+exp(x)),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] 1/2*sqrt(2)*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(e^(2*x) + e^x) - 2*e^x + 2)/abs(2*s
qrt(2) + 2*sqrt(e^(2*x) + e^x) - 2*e^x + 2))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}}{-e^{-x}+e^x}\,dx = -\int \frac{\sqrt{\mathrm{e}^{-x}+1}}{\mathrm{e}^{-x}-\mathrm{e}^x}\,dx$$

```
[In] int(-(exp(-x) + 1)^(1/2)/(exp(-x) - exp(x)),x)
[Out] -int((exp(-x) + 1)^(1/2)/(exp(-x) - exp(x)), x)
```

3.20 $\int \sqrt{1+e^{-x}}\operatorname{csch}(x)\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \sqrt{1+e^{-x}}\operatorname{csch}(x)\,dx = -2\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

```
[Out] -2*arctanh(1/2*(1+exp(-x))^(1/2)*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.500, Rules used = {2320, 12, 1460, 1483, 641, 65, 212}

$$\int \sqrt{1+e^{-x}}\operatorname{csch}(x)\,dx = -2\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e^{-x}+1}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

```
[In] Int[Sqrt[1 + E^(-x)]*Csch[x],x]
[Out] -2*Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + E^(-x)]/Sqrt[2]]
```

Rule 12

```
Int[(a_)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[a, Int[u, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] &&  !Match
Q[u, (b_)*(v_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

Rule 65

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Dist[p/b, Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ
```

```
[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Den
ominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

Rule 212

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 641

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int
[(d + e*x)^(m + p)*(a/d + (c/e)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, p}, x] &&
 EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && Intege
rQ[m + p]))
```

Rule 1460

```
Int[((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(mn2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_S
ymbol] :> Int[((d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p)/x^(2*n*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, n, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Rule 1483

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q
_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify
[m - n + 1], 0]
```

Rule 2320

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Dist[v/D[v, x]
, Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Functi
onOfExponentialQ[u, x] &&  !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ[
{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] &&  !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))*
(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{2\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}}{-1+x^2}\,dx, x, e^x\right)$$

$$= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}}{-1+x^2}\,dx, x, e^x\right)$$

$$= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x}}}{\left(1-\frac{1}{x^2}\right)x^2}\,dx, x, e^x\right)$$

$$= -\left(2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{1-x^2}\,dx, x, e^{-x}\right)\right)$$

$$= -\left(2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{(1-x)\sqrt{1+x}}\,dx, x, e^{-x}\right)\right)$$

$$= -\left(4\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{2-x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+e^{-x}}\right)\right)$$

$$= -2\sqrt{2}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 57 vs. $2(25) = 50$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \sqrt{1+e^{-x}}\text{csch}(x)\,dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{2}e^{x/2}\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}e^{x/2}}{\sqrt{1+e^x}}\right)}{\sqrt{1+e^x}}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Sqrt[1 + E^(-x)]*Csch[x],x]
```

```
[Out] (-2*Sqrt[2]*E^(x/2)*Sqrt[1 + E^(-x)]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*E^(x/2))/Sqrt[1 + E^x
]])/Sqrt[1 + E^x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result	size
default	$-2\sqrt{2}\,\sqrt{\frac{1}{\tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1}}\,\sqrt{\tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1}\ \text{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1}\right)$	33

```
[In] int((1+exp(-x))^(1/2)/sinh(x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] -2*2^(1/2)*(1/(tanh(1/2*x)+1))^(1/2)*(tanh(1/2*x)+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((tanh(1/
2*x)+1)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 55 vs. $2(19) = 38$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \sqrt{1+e^{-x}}\operatorname{csch}(x)\,dx$$
$$= \sqrt{2}\log\left(\frac{2\left(\sqrt{2}\cosh\left(x\right)+\sqrt{2}\sinh\left(x\right)\right)\sqrt{\frac{\cosh(x)+\sinh(x)+1}{\cosh(x)+\sinh(x)}}-3\,\cosh\left(x\right)-3\,\sinh\left(x\right)-1}{\cosh\left(x\right)+\sinh\left(x\right)-1}\right)$$

```
[In] integrate((1+exp(-x))^(1/2)/sinh(x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] sqrt(2)*log((2*(sqrt(2)*cosh(x) + sqrt(2)*sinh(x))*sqrt((cosh(x) + sinh(x)
+ 1)/(cosh(x) + sinh(x))) - 3*cosh(x) - 3*sinh(x) - 1)/(cosh(x) + sinh(x) -
 1))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1+e^{-x}}\operatorname{csch}(x)\,dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1+e^{-x}}}{\sinh\left(x\right)}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((1+exp(-x))**(1/2)/sinh(x),x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(sqrt(1 + exp(-x))/sinh(x), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \sqrt{1+e^{-x}}\operatorname{csch}(x)\,dx = \sqrt{2}\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{e^{(-x)}+1}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{e^{(-x)}+1}}\right)$$

```
[In] integrate((1+exp(-x))^(1/2)/sinh(x),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] sqrt(2)*log(-(sqrt(2) - sqrt(e^(-x) + 1))/(sqrt(2) + sqrt(e^(-x) + 1)))
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 54 vs. $2(19) = 38$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \sqrt{1+e^{-x}}\operatorname{csch}(x)\,dx = \sqrt{2}\log\left(\frac{\left|-2\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{e^{(2x)}+e^{x}}-2e^{x}+2\right|}{\left|2\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{e^{(2x)}+e^{x}}-2e^{x}+2\right|}\right)$$

```
[In] integrate((1+exp(-x))^(1/2)/sinh(x),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] sqrt(2)*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(e^(2*x) + e^x) - 2*e^x + 2)/abs(2*sqrt(
2) + 2*sqrt(e^(2*x) + e^x) - 2*e^x + 2))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{1+e^{-x}}\operatorname{csch}(x)\,dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\mathrm{e}^{-x}+1}}{\sinh(x)}\,dx$$

```
[In] int((exp(-x) + 1)^(1/2)/sinh(x),x)
[Out] int((exp(-x) + 1)^(1/2)/sinh(x), x)
```

3.21 $\int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\cos(3x))^5}\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\cos(3x))^5}\,dx = -\frac{523}{256}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(x)) + \frac{1483\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{2}\sin(x)\right)}{512\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sin(x)}{32\left(1-2\sin^2(x)\right)^4} - \frac{17\sin(x)}{192\left(1-2\sin^2(x)\right)^3} + \frac{203\sin(x)}{768\left(1-2\sin^2(x)\right)^2} - \frac{437\sin(x)}{512\left(1-2\sin^2(x)\right)} - \frac{43}{256}\sec(x)\tan(x) - \frac{1}{128}\sec^3(x)\tan(x)$$

```
[Out] -523/256*arctanh(sin(x))+1/32*sin(x)/(1-2*sin(x)^2)^4-17/192*sin(x)/(1-2*si
n(x)^2)^3+203/768*sin(x)/(1-2*sin(x)^2)^2-437/512*sin(x)/(1-2*sin(x)^2)+148
3/1024*arctanh(sin(x)*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)-43/256*sec(x)*tan(x)-1/128*sec(x)^3*
tan(x)
```

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 786 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 786, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.28, number of steps used = 45, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.778, Rules used

= {12, 2098, 213, 652, 628, 632, 212}

$$\int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\cos(3x))^5}\,dx$$
$$= -\frac{523}{256}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(x)) + \frac{451\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)}{512\left(-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)}$$
$$- \frac{15\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+89}{64\left(-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)} + \frac{89-15\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{64\left(-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)}$$
$$- \frac{451\left(1-\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{512\left(-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)} - \frac{1-43\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{32\left(-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)^2}$$
$$- \frac{65\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)}{384\left(-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)^2} + \frac{65\left(1-\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{384\left(-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)^2}$$
$$+ \frac{43\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1}{32\left(-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)^2} + \frac{119\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)}{48\left(-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)^3}$$
$$- \frac{11\left(3\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)}{12\left(-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)^3} + \frac{11\left(1-3\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{12\left(-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)^3}$$
$$- \frac{119\left(1-\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{48\left(-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)^3} - \frac{7-17\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4\left(-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)^4}$$
$$+ \frac{17\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+7}{4\left(-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)^4} + \frac{45}{256\left(1-\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)} - \frac{45}{256\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)}$$
$$- \frac{47}{256\left(1-\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^2} + \frac{47}{256\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)^2} + \frac{1}{64\left(1-\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^3}$$
$$- \frac{1}{64\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)^3} - \frac{1}{128\left(1-\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^4} + \frac{1}{128\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)^4}$$
$$- \frac{1483\log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sin(x)-\sin(x)+\sqrt{2}\cos(x)+\cos(x)+\sqrt{2}+2\right)}{2048\sqrt{2}}$$
$$- \frac{1483\log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sin(x)+\sin(x)-\sqrt{2}\cos(x)+\cos(x)-\sqrt{2}+2\right)}{2048\sqrt{2}}$$
$$+ \frac{1483\log\left(\sqrt{2}\sin(x)-\sin(x)-\sqrt{2}\cos(x)+\cos(x)-\sqrt{2}+2\right)}{2048\sqrt{2}}$$
$$+ \frac{1483\log\left(\sqrt{2}\sin(x)+\sin(x)+\sqrt{2}\cos(x)+\cos(x)+\sqrt{2}+2\right)}{2048\sqrt{2}}$$

```
[In] Int[(Cos[x] + Cos[3*x])^(-5),x]
```

```
[Out] (-523*ArcTanh[Sin[x]])/256 - (1483*Log[2 + Sqrt[2] + Cos[x] + Sqrt[2]*Cos[x
] - Sin[x] - Sqrt[2]*Sin[x]])/(2048*Sqrt[2]) - (1483*Log[2 - Sqrt[2] + Cos[
x] - Sqrt[2]*Cos[x] + Sin[x] - Sqrt[2]*Sin[x]])/(2048*Sqrt[2]) + (1483*Log[
2 - Sqrt[2] + Cos[x] - Sqrt[2]*Cos[x] - Sin[x] + Sqrt[2]*Sin[x]])/(2048*Sqr
```

```
t[2]) + (1483*Log[2 + Sqrt[2] + Cos[x] + Sqrt[2]*Cos[x] + Sin[x] + Sqrt[2]*
Sin[x]])/(2048*Sqrt[2]) - 1/(128*(1 - Tan[x/2])^4) + 1/(64*(1 - Tan[x/2])^3
) - 47/(256*(1 - Tan[x/2])^2) + 45/(256*(1 - Tan[x/2])) + 1/(128*(1 + Tan[x
/2])^4) - 1/(64*(1 + Tan[x/2])^3) + 47/(256*(1 + Tan[x/2])^2) - 45/(256*(1
+ Tan[x/2])) - (7 - 17*Tan[x/2])/(4*(1 - 2*Tan[x/2] - Tan[x/2]^2)^4) + (119
*(1 + Tan[x/2]))/(48*(1 - 2*Tan[x/2] - Tan[x/2]^2)^3) - (11*(1 + 3*Tan[x/2]
))/(12*(1 - 2*Tan[x/2] - Tan[x/2]^2)^3) - (1 - 43*Tan[x/2])/(32*(1 - 2*Tan[
x/2] - Tan[x/2]^2)^2) - (65*(1 + Tan[x/2]))/(384*(1 - 2*Tan[x/2] - Tan[x/2]
^2)^2) + (451*(1 + Tan[x/2]))/(512*(1 - 2*Tan[x/2] - Tan[x/2]^2)) - (89 + 1
5*Tan[x/2])/(64*(1 - 2*Tan[x/2] - Tan[x/2]^2)) + (7 + 17*Tan[x/2])/(4*(1 +
2*Tan[x/2] - Tan[x/2]^2)^4) + (11*(1 - 3*Tan[x/2]))/(12*(1 + 2*Tan[x/2] - T
an[x/2]^2)^3) - (119*(1 - Tan[x/2]))/(48*(1 + 2*Tan[x/2] - Tan[x/2]^2)^3) +
 (65*(1 - Tan[x/2]))/(384*(1 + 2*Tan[x/2] - Tan[x/2]^2)^2) + (1 + 43*Tan[x/
2])/(32*(1 + 2*Tan[x/2] - Tan[x/2]^2)^2) + (89 - 15*Tan[x/2])/(64*(1 + 2*Ta
n[x/2] - Tan[x/2]^2)) - (451*(1 - Tan[x/2]))/(512*(1 + 2*Tan[x/2] - Tan[x/2
]^2))
```

Rule 12

```
Int[(a_)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[a, Int[u, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] &&  !Match
Q[u, (b_)*(v_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

Rule 212

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 213

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-
1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] &&
 (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 628

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(b + 2*c*x)
*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Dist[2*c*((2*p +
 3)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2] && Int
egerQ[4*p]
```

Rule 632

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-2, Subst[I
nt[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c},
```

```
x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Rule 652

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[((b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))*(a + b*
x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x] - Dist[(2*p + 3)*((2*c*d - b*e)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*
c))), Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] &&
 NeQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]
```

Rule 2098

```
Int[(P_)^(p_)*(Q_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{PP = Factor[P /. x -> Sqrt[x]]
}, Int[ExpandIntegrand[(PP /. x -> x^2)^p*Q^q, x], x] /;  !SumQ[NonfreeFact
ors[PP, x]]] /; FreeQ[q, x] && PolyQ[P, x^2] && PolyQ[Q, x] && ILtQ[p, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(1+x^2)^{14}}{32\,(1-7x^2+7x^4-x^6)^5}\,dx, x, \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{16}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(1+x^2)^{14}}{(1-7x^2+7x^4-x^6)^5}\,dx, x, \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{16}\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{1}{2(-1+x)^5} + \frac{3}{4(-1+x)^4} + \frac{47}{8(-1+x)^3} + \frac{45}{16(-1+x)^2} - \frac{1}{2(1+x)^5} + \frac{3}{4(1+x)^4} - \frac{47}{8(1+x)^3} + \frac{45}{16(1+x)^2} + \frac{523}{8\,(-1+x^2)} - \frac{64(5+12x)}{(-1-2x+x^2)^5} - \frac{176(2+x)}{(-1-2x+x^2)^4} - \frac{4(21+22x)}{(-1-2x+x^2)^3} + \frac{-52+37x}{(-1-2x+x^2)^2} - \frac{36}{-1-2x+x^2} + \frac{64(-5+12x)}{(-1+2x+x^2)^5} + \frac{176(-2+x)}{(-1+2x+x^2)^4} + \frac{4(-21+22x)}{(-1+2x+x^2)^3} + \frac{-52-37x}{(-1+2x+x^2)^2} - \frac{36}{-1+2x+x^2}\right) dx, x, \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
= & -\frac{1}{128\left(1-\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^4}+\frac{1}{64\left(1-\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^3}-\frac{47}{256\left(1-\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^2}+\frac{45}{256\left(1-\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)} \\
& +\frac{1}{128\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^4}-\frac{1}{64\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^3}+\frac{47}{256\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^2} \\
& -\frac{45}{256\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}+\frac{1}{16}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{-52+37x}{\left(-1-2x+x^2\right)^2}\,dx,x,\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \\
& +\frac{1}{16}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{-52-37x}{\left(-1+2x+x^2\right)^2}\,dx,x,\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \\
& -\frac{1}{4}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{21+22x}{\left(-1-2x+x^2\right)^3}\,dx,x,\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \\
& +\frac{1}{4}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{-21+22x}{\left(-1+2x+x^2\right)^3}\,dx,x,\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \\
& -\frac{9}{4}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-1-2x+x^2}\,dx,x,\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \\
& -\frac{9}{4}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-1+2x+x^2}\,dx,x,\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \\
& -4\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{5+12x}{\left(-1-2x+x^2\right)^5}\,dx,x,\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \\
& +4\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{-5+12x}{\left(-1+2x+x^2\right)^5}\,dx,x,\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \\
& +\frac{523}{128}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-1+x^2}\,dx,x,\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \\
& -11\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{2+x}{\left(-1-2x+x^2\right)^4}\,dx,x,\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \\
& +11\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{-2+x}{\left(-1+2x+x^2\right)^4}\,dx,x,\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$= -\frac{523}{256}\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(x)) - \frac{1}{128\left(1-\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^4} + \frac{1}{64\left(1-\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^3} - \frac{47}{256\left(1-\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^2} + \frac{45}{256\left(1-\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)} + \frac{1}{128\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^4} - \frac{1}{64\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^3} + \frac{47}{256\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^2} - \frac{45}{256\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)} - \frac{7-17\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4\left(1-2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^4} - \frac{11\left(1+3\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{12\left(1-2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^3} - \frac{1-43\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{32\left(1-2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^2} - \frac{89+15\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{64\left(1-2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)} + \frac{7+17\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4\left(1+2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^4} + \frac{11\left(1-3\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{12\left(1+2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^3} + \frac{1+43\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{32\left(1+2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^2} + \frac{89-15\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{64\left(1+2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-\tan^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)} + \frac{15}{64}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-1-2x+x^2}\,dx, x, \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{15}{64}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-1+2x+x^2}\,dx, x, \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{129}{32}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{(-1-2x+x^2)^2}\,dx, x, \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{129}{32}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{(-1+2x+x^2)^2}\,dx, x, \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{9}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{8-x^2}\,dx, x, -2+2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{9}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{8-x^2}\,dx, x, 2+2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{55}{4}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{(-1-2x+x^2)^3}\,dx, x, \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{55}{4}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{(-1+2x+x^2)^3}\,dx, x, \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{119}{4}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{(-1-2x+x^2)^4}\,dx, x, \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{119}{4}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{(-1+2x+x^2)^4}\,dx, x, \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$= \text{Too large to display}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\cos(3x))^5}\,dx = \frac{12552\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)-12552\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)-4449\sqrt{2}\log\left(\sqrt{2}-2\sin(x)\right)+4449\sqrt{2}\log}{}$$

```
[In] Integrate[(Cos[x] + Cos[3*x])^(-5),x]
```

```
[Out] (12552*Log[Cos[x/2] - Sin[x/2]] - 12552*Log[Cos[x/2] + Sin[x/2]] - 4449*Sqr
t[2]*Log[Sqrt[2] - 2*Sin[x]] + 4449*Sqrt[2]*Log[Sqrt[2] + 2*Sin[x]] - 12/(C
os[x/2] - Sin[x/2])^4 - 516/(Cos[x/2] - Sin[x/2])^2 + 12/(Cos[x/2] + Sin[x/
2])^4 + 516/(Cos[x/2] + Sin[x/2])^2 - 136/(Cos[x] - Sin[x])^3 - 2622/(Cos[x
] - Sin[x]) + 136/(Cos[x] + Sin[x])^3 + 2622/(Cos[x] + Sin[x]) + 6*Sec[2*x]
^4*(190*Sin[x] + 79*(-Sin[3*x] + Sin[5*x])))/6144
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 119.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
default	$-\frac{4\left(-\frac{437\left(\sin^7(x)\right)}{256}+\frac{3527\left(\sin^5(x)\right)}{1536}-\frac{3257\left(\sin^3(x)\right)}{3072}+\frac{331\sin(x)}{2048}\right)}{\left(2\left(\sin^2(x)\right)-1\right)^4}+\frac{1483\,\text{arctanh}\left(\sin(x)\sqrt{2}\right)\sqrt{2}}{1024}-\frac{1}{512(\sin(x)-1)^2}+\frac{43}{512(\sin(x)-}$
risch	$\frac{i\left(1827\,\mathrm{e}^{23ix}+3733\,\mathrm{e}^{21ix}+6115\,\mathrm{e}^{19ix}+9109\,\mathrm{e}^{17ix}+5746\,\mathrm{e}^{15ix}+2382\,\mathrm{e}^{13ix}-2382\,\mathrm{e}^{11ix}-5746\,\mathrm{e}^{9ix}-9109\,\mathrm{e}^{7ix}-6115\,\mathrm{e}^{5ix}-3733\,\mathrm{e}^{3ix}-182\right.}{1536\left(\mathrm{e}^{6ix}+\mathrm{e}^{4ix}+\mathrm{e}^{2ix}+1\right)^4}$

```
[In] int(1/(cos(x)+cos(3*x))^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] -4*(-437/256*sin(x)^7+3527/1536*sin(x)^5-3257/3072*sin(x)^3+331/2048*sin(x)
)/(2*sin(x)^2-1)^4+1483/1024*arctanh(sin(x)*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)-1/512/(sin(x)-
1)^2+43/512/(sin(x)-1)+523/512*ln(sin(x)-1)+1/512/(sin(x)+1)^2+43/512/(sin(
x)+1)-523/512*ln(sin(x)+1)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\cos(3x))^5}\,dx = \frac{4449\left(16\sqrt{2}\cos(x)^{12}-32\sqrt{2}\cos(x)^{10}+24\sqrt{2}\cos(x)^{8}-8\sqrt{2}\cos(x)^{6}+\sqrt{2}\cos(x)^{4}\right)\log\left(-\frac{2\cos(x)^2-2\sqrt{}}{2\cos(x)}\right.}{}$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(cos(x)+cos(3*x))^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 1/6144*(4449*(16*sqrt(2)*cos(x)^12 - 32*sqrt(2)*cos(x)^10 + 24*sqrt(2)*cos(
x)^8 - 8*sqrt(2)*cos(x)^6 + sqrt(2)*cos(x)^4)*log(-(2*cos(x)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*
sin(x) - 3)/(2*cos(x)^2 - 1)) - 6276*(16*cos(x)^12 - 32*cos(x)^10 + 24*cos(
x)^8 - 8*cos(x)^6 + cos(x)^4)*log(sin(x) + 1) + 6276*(16*cos(x)^12 - 32*cos
(x)^10 + 24*cos(x)^8 - 8*cos(x)^6 + cos(x)^4)*log(-sin(x) + 1) - 4*(14616*c
os(x)^10 - 25420*cos(x)^8 + 15570*cos(x)^6 - 3677*cos(x)^4 + 162*cos(x)^2 +
 12)*sin(x))/(16*cos(x)^12 - 32*cos(x)^10 + 24*cos(x)^8 - 8*cos(x)^6 + cos(
x)^4)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\cos(3x))^5}\,dx = \int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\cos(3x))^5}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(cos(x)+cos(3*x))**5,x)
```

```
[Out] Integral((cos(x) + cos(3*x))**(-5), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 12209 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12209, normalized size of antiderivative = 113.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\cos(3x))^5}\,dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(cos(x)+cos(3*x))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] -1/12288*(8*(1827*sin(23*x) + 3733*sin(21*x) + 6115*sin(19*x) + 9109*sin(17
*x) + 5746*sin(15*x) + 2382*sin(13*x) - 2382*sin(11*x) - 5746*sin(9*x) - 91
```

```
09*sin(7*x) - 6115*sin(5*x) - 3733*sin(3*x) - 1827*sin(x))*cos(24*x) - 1461
6*(4*sin(22*x) + 10*sin(20*x) + 20*sin(18*x) + 31*sin(16*x) + 40*sin(14*x)
+ 44*sin(12*x) + 40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4
*sin(2*x))*cos(23*x) + 32*(3733*sin(21*x) + 6115*sin(19*x) + 9109*sin(17*x)
 + 5746*sin(15*x) + 2382*sin(13*x) - 2382*sin(11*x) - 5746*sin(9*x) - 9109*
sin(7*x) - 6115*sin(5*x) - 3733*sin(3*x) - 1827*sin(x))*cos(22*x) - 29864*(
10*sin(20*x) + 20*sin(18*x) + 31*sin(16*x) + 40*sin(14*x) + 44*sin(12*x) +
40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*cos(21
*x) + 80*(6115*sin(19*x) + 9109*sin(17*x) + 5746*sin(15*x) + 2382*sin(13*x)
 - 2382*sin(11*x) - 5746*sin(9*x) - 9109*sin(7*x) - 6115*sin(5*x) - 3733*si
n(3*x) - 1827*sin(x))*cos(20*x) - 48920*(20*sin(18*x) + 31*sin(16*x) + 40*s
in(14*x) + 44*sin(12*x) + 40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin
(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*cos(19*x) + 160*(9109*sin(17*x) + 5746*sin(15*x) + 2382
*sin(13*x) - 2382*sin(11*x) - 5746*sin(9*x) - 9109*sin(7*x) - 6115*sin(5*x)
 - 3733*sin(3*x) - 1827*sin(x))*cos(18*x) - 72872*(31*sin(16*x) + 40*sin(14
*x) + 44*sin(12*x) + 40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x)
 + 4*sin(2*x))*cos(17*x) + 248*(5746*sin(15*x) + 2382*sin(13*x) - 2382*sin(
11*x) - 5746*sin(9*x) - 9109*sin(7*x) - 6115*sin(5*x) - 3733*sin(3*x) - 182
7*sin(x))*cos(16*x) - 45968*(40*sin(14*x) + 44*sin(12*x) + 40*sin(10*x) + 3
1*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*cos(15*x) + 320*(2382*
sin(13*x) - 2382*sin(11*x) - 5746*sin(9*x) - 9109*sin(7*x) - 6115*sin(5*x)
- 3733*sin(3*x) - 1827*sin(x))*cos(14*x) - 19056*(44*sin(12*x) + 40*sin(10*
x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*cos(13*x) - 352*
(2382*sin(11*x) + 5746*sin(9*x) + 9109*sin(7*x) + 6115*sin(5*x) + 3733*sin(
3*x) + 1827*sin(x))*cos(12*x) + 19056*(40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(
6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*cos(11*x) - 320*(5746*sin(9*x) + 9109*sin(
7*x) + 6115*sin(5*x) + 3733*sin(3*x) + 1827*sin(x))*cos(10*x) + 45968*(31*s
in(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*cos(9*x) - 248*(9109*sin(
7*x) + 6115*sin(5*x) + 3733*sin(3*x) + 1827*sin(x))*cos(8*x) + 145744*(10*s
in(6*x) + 5*sin(4*x) + 2*sin(2*x))*cos(7*x) - 160*(6115*sin(5*x) + 3733*sin
(3*x) + 1827*sin(x))*cos(6*x) + 97840*(5*sin(4*x) + 2*sin(2*x))*cos(5*x) -
80*(3733*sin(3*x) + 1827*sin(x))*cos(4*x) - 4449*(sqrt(2)*cos(24*x)^2 + 16*
sqrt(2)*cos(22*x)^2 + 100*sqrt(2)*cos(20*x)^2 + 400*sqrt(2)*cos(18*x)^2 + 9
61*sqrt(2)*cos(16*x)^2 + 1600*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x)^2 + 1936*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x)^
2 + 1600*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x)^2 + 961*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x)^2 + 400*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x
)^2 + 100*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x)^2 + 16*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(24*x)^2
+ 16*sqrt(2)*sin(22*x)^2 + 100*sqrt(2)*sin(20*x)^2 + 400*sqrt(2)*sin(18*x)^
2 + 961*sqrt(2)*sin(16*x)^2 + 1600*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x)^2 + 1936*sqrt(2)*sin(1
2*x)^2 + 1600*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x)^2 + 961*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x)^2 + 400*sqrt(2)*si
n(6*x)^2 + 100*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x)^2 + 80*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x)*sin(2*x) + 16*sqrt(
2)*sin(2*x)^2 + 2*(4*sqrt(2)*cos(22*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(20*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*
cos(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*cos(12
*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10
*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(24*x) + 8*(10*sqrt(2)
*cos(20*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(1
```

```
4*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) +
20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*c
os(22*x) + 20*(20*sqrt(2)*cos(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos
(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x)
+ 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))
*cos(20*x) + 40*(31*sqrt(2)*cos(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*c
os(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x)
 + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(18*x) + 62*(40*s
qrt(2)*cos(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)
*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x)
+ sqrt(2))*cos(16*x) + 80*(44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31
*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*c
os(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(14*x) + 88*(40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*
x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(
2))*cos(12*x) + 80*(31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*
cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(10*x) + 62*(20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x
) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(8*x) + 40*(10*s
qrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(6*x) + 20*(4*sqrt(2)*co
s(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(4*x) + 2*(4*sqrt(2)*sin(22*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(20*x)
+ 20*sqrt(2)*sin(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x) + 44*s
qrt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*
sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(24*x) + 8*(10*sqrt
(2)*sin(20*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*si
n(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x)
 + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(22*x
) + 20*(20*sqrt(2)*sin(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x)
+ 44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sq
rt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(20*x) + 40*(
31*sqrt(2)*sin(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqr
t(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin
(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(18*x) + 62*(40*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x) + 44*sqrt(
2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(
6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(16*x) + 80*(44*sqrt(2)
*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*
x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(14*x) + 88*(40*sqrt(2)*s
in(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x)
+ 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(12*x) + 80*(31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(
6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(10*x) + 124*(10*sqrt(2
)*sin(6*x) + 5*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(8*x) + 80*(5*sqrt
(2)*sin(4*x) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(6*x) + 8*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))
*log(2*cos(x)^2 + 2*sin(x)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(x) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(x) + 2) + 4
449*(sqrt(2)*cos(24*x)^2 + 16*sqrt(2)*cos(22*x)^2 + 100*sqrt(2)*cos(20*x)^2
 + 400*sqrt(2)*cos(18*x)^2 + 961*sqrt(2)*cos(16*x)^2 + 1600*sqrt(2)*cos(14*
x)^2 + 1936*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x)^2 + 1600*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x)^2 + 961*sqrt(2)*co
s(8*x)^2 + 400*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x)^2 + 100*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x)^2 + 16*sqrt(2)*cos
```

(2*x)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(24*x)^2 + 16*sqrt(2)*sin(22*x)^2 + 100*sqrt(2)*sin(20
*x)^2 + 400*sqrt(2)*sin(18*x)^2 + 961*sqrt(2)*sin(16*x)^2 + 1600*sqrt(2)*si
n(14*x)^2 + 1936*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x)^2 + 1600*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x)^2 + 961*sqrt(
2)*sin(8*x)^2 + 400*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x)^2 + 100*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x)^2 + 80*sqrt(2
)*sin(4*x)*sin(2*x) + 16*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x)^2 + 2*(4*sqrt(2)*cos(22*x) + 10*s
qrt(2)*cos(20*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)
*cos(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8
*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt
(2))*cos(24*x) + 8*(10*sqrt(2)*cos(20*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2
)*cos(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(
10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4
*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(22*x) + 20*(20*sqrt(2)*cos(18*x) + 31*sqrt
(2)*cos(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*co
s(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) +
4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(20*x) + 40*(31*sqrt(2)*cos(16*x) + 40*sq
rt(2)*cos(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*
cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) +
sqrt(2))*cos(18*x) + 62*(40*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*
sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*
cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(16*x) + 80*(44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*
x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*
sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(14*x) + 88*(40*sqrt(2)
*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x
) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(12*x) + 80*(31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*
sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(
10*x) + 62*(20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x)
+ sqrt(2))*cos(8*x) + 40*(10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2
))*cos(6*x) + 20*(4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(4*x) + 2*(4*sqrt(2)*sin
(22*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(20*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(16*x)
+ 40*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*
sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*si
n(2*x))*sin(24*x) + 8*(10*sqrt(2)*sin(20*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(18*x) + 31*sqr
t(2)*sin(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*s
in(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x)
+ 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(22*x) + 20*(20*sqrt(2)*sin(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin
(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x)
+ 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt
(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(20*x) + 40*(31*sqrt(2)*sin(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x) +
44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqr
t(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(18*x) + 62*(4
0*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt
(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*
x))*sin(16*x) + 80*(44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2
)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x)
)*sin(14*x) + 88*(40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*s

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in(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(12*x) + 80*(31*sqrt
(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*
x))*sin(10*x) + 124*(10*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 5*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 2*sqrt(2)*s
in(2*x))*sin(8*x) + 80*(5*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(6*x) +
 8*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*log(2*cos(x)^2 + 2*sin(x)^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*cos(
x) - 2*sqrt(2)*sin(x) + 2) - 4449*(sqrt(2)*cos(24*x)^2 + 16*sqrt(2)*cos(22*
x)^2 + 100*sqrt(2)*cos(20*x)^2 + 400*sqrt(2)*cos(18*x)^2 + 961*sqrt(2)*cos(
16*x)^2 + 1600*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x)^2 + 1936*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x)^2 + 1600*sqrt(2
)*cos(10*x)^2 + 961*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x)^2 + 400*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x)^2 + 100*sqrt(
2)*cos(4*x)^2 + 16*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x)^2 + sqrt(2)*sin(24*x)^2 + 16*sqrt(2)*si
n(22*x)^2 + 100*sqrt(2)*sin(20*x)^2 + 400*sqrt(2)*sin(18*x)^2 + 961*sqrt(2)
*sin(16*x)^2 + 1600*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x)^2 + 1936*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x)^2 + 1600*s
qrt(2)*sin(10*x)^2 + 961*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x)^2 + 400*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x)^2 + 100*
sqrt(2)*sin(4*x)^2 + 80*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x)*sin(2*x) + 16*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x)^2 +
 2*(4*sqrt(2)*cos(22*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(20*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(18*x) + 31*
sqrt(2)*cos(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2
)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*
x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(24*x) + 8*(10*sqrt(2)*cos(20*x) + 20
*sqrt(2)*cos(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x) + 44*sqrt(
2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(
6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(22*x) + 20*(
20*sqrt(2)*cos(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x) + 44*sqr
t(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*co
s(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(20*x) + 40
*(31*sqrt(2)*cos(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*s
qrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*c
os(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(18*x) + 62*(40*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x
) + 44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*
sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(
16*x) + 80*(44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*
x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(
2))*cos(14*x) + 88*(40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)
*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(12*x) +
 80*(31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sq
rt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(10*x) + 62*(20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*
cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(8*x) + 40*(10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x)
 + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(6*x) + 20*(4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2
))*cos(4*x) + 2*(4*sqrt(2)*sin(22*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(20*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*si
n(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x
) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*s
qrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(24*x) + 8*(10*sqrt(2)*sin(20*x) +
 20*sqrt(2)*sin(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x) + 44*sq
rt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*s
in(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(22*x) + 20*(20*sqrt
(2)*sin(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*si
```

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n(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x)
+ 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(20*x) + 40*(31*sqrt(2)*sin(
16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x)
+ 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(
2)*sin(2*x))*sin(18*x) + 62*(40*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x) +
40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(
2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(16*x) + 80*(44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40
*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)
*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(14*x) + 88*(40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*s
qrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin
(2*x))*sin(12*x) + 80*(31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(
2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(10*x) + 124*(10*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 5*
sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(8*x) + 80*(5*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) +
2*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(6*x) + 8*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*log(2*cos(x)^2
 + 2*sin(x)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(x) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(x) + 2) + 4449*(sqrt(2)*co
s(24*x)^2 + 16*sqrt(2)*cos(22*x)^2 + 100*sqrt(2)*cos(20*x)^2 + 400*sqrt(2)*
cos(18*x)^2 + 961*sqrt(2)*cos(16*x)^2 + 1600*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x)^2 + 1936*sqr
t(2)*cos(12*x)^2 + 1600*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x)^2 + 961*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x)^2 + 400*
sqrt(2)*cos(6*x)^2 + 100*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x)^2 + 16*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x)^2 + sqrt(
2)*sin(24*x)^2 + 16*sqrt(2)*sin(22*x)^2 + 100*sqrt(2)*sin(20*x)^2 + 400*sqr
t(2)*sin(18*x)^2 + 961*sqrt(2)*sin(16*x)^2 + 1600*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x)^2 + 193
6*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x)^2 + 1600*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x)^2 + 961*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x)^2 +
 400*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x)^2 + 100*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x)^2 + 80*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x)*sin(
2*x) + 16*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x)^2 + 2*(4*sqrt(2)*cos(22*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(20*x
) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x) + 44
*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2
)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(24*x)
+ 8*(10*sqrt(2)*cos(20*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(16*x) + 4
0*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt
(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*
x) + sqrt(2))*cos(22*x) + 20*(20*sqrt(2)*cos(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(16*x) +
 40*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sq
rt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(
2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(20*x) + 40*(31*sqrt(2)*cos(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x)
 + 44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*s
qrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(1
8*x) + 62*(40*sqrt(2)*cos(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*
x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sq
rt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(16*x) + 80*(44*sqrt(2)*cos(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)
*cos(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x
) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(14*x) + 88*(40*sqrt(2)*cos(10*x) + 31
*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*c
os(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(12*x) + 80*(31*sqrt(2)*cos(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*cos(6*x
) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(10*x) + 62*(20*
sqrt(2)*cos(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(
```

```
8*x) + 40*(10*sqrt(2)*cos(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(6*x) + 2
0*(4*sqrt(2)*cos(2*x) + sqrt(2))*cos(4*x) + 2*(4*sqrt(2)*sin(22*x) + 10*sqr
t(2)*sin(20*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*s
in(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x
) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(24*
x) + 8*(10*sqrt(2)*sin(20*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(16*x)
+ 40*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*s
qrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin
(2*x))*sin(22*x) + 20*(20*sqrt(2)*sin(18*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(16*x) + 40*sqr
t(2)*sin(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*s
in(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*s
in(20*x) + 40*(31*sqrt(2)*sin(16*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(14*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*sin
(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) +
 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(18*x) + 62*(40*sqrt(2)*sin(1
4*x) + 44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) +
20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(16*x) +
 80*(44*sqrt(2)*sin(12*x) + 40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20
*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(14*x) + 8
8*(40*sqrt(2)*sin(10*x) + 31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) + 20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sq
rt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(12*x) + 80*(31*sqrt(2)*sin(8*x) +
20*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 4*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(10*x) +
 124*(10*sqrt(2)*sin(6*x) + 5*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(8*
x) + 80*(5*sqrt(2)*sin(4*x) + 2*sqrt(2)*sin(2*x))*sin(6*x) + 8*sqrt(2)*cos(
2*x) + sqrt(2))*log(2*cos(x)^2 + 2*sin(x)^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*cos(x) - 2*sqrt(2)*
sin(x) + 2) + 12552*(2*(4*cos(22*x) + 10*cos(20*x) + 20*cos(18*x) + 31*cos(
16*x) + 40*cos(14*x) + 44*cos(12*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6
*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(24*x) + cos(24*x)^2 + 8*(10*cos(20*
x) + 20*cos(18*x) + 31*cos(16*x) + 40*cos(14*x) + 44*cos(12*x) + 40*cos(10*
x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(22*x) +
16*cos(22*x)^2 + 20*(20*cos(18*x) + 31*cos(16*x) + 40*cos(14*x) + 44*cos(12
*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) +
 1)*cos(20*x) + 100*cos(20*x)^2 + 40*(31*cos(16*x) + 40*cos(14*x) + 44*cos(
12*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x)
 + 1)*cos(18*x) + 400*cos(18*x)^2 + 62*(40*cos(14*x) + 44*cos(12*x) + 40*co
s(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(16*
x) + 961*cos(16*x)^2 + 80*(44*cos(12*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*c
os(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(14*x) + 1600*cos(14*x)^2 + 88*(
40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*co
s(12*x) + 1936*cos(12*x)^2 + 80*(31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) +
4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(10*x) + 1600*cos(10*x)^2 + 62*(20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x
) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(8*x) + 961*cos(8*x)^2 + 40*(10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x
) + 1)*cos(6*x) + 400*cos(6*x)^2 + 20*(4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(4*x) + 100*cos(4
*x)^2 + 16*cos(2*x)^2 + 2*(4*sin(22*x) + 10*sin(20*x) + 20*sin(18*x) + 31*s
in(16*x) + 40*sin(14*x) + 44*sin(12*x) + 40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*si
n(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(24*x) + sin(24*x)^2 + 8*(10*sin(20*x
```

```
) + 20*sin(18*x) + 31*sin(16*x) + 40*sin(14*x) + 44*sin(12*x) + 40*sin(10*x
) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(22*x) + 16*si
n(22*x)^2 + 20*(20*sin(18*x) + 31*sin(16*x) + 40*sin(14*x) + 44*sin(12*x) +
 40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(2
0*x) + 100*sin(20*x)^2 + 40*(31*sin(16*x) + 40*sin(14*x) + 44*sin(12*x) + 4
0*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(18*
x) + 400*sin(18*x)^2 + 62*(40*sin(14*x) + 44*sin(12*x) + 40*sin(10*x) + 31*
sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(16*x) + 961*sin(16*x
)^2 + 80*(44*sin(12*x) + 40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(
4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(14*x) + 1600*sin(14*x)^2 + 88*(40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin
(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(12*x) + 1936*sin(12*x)^
2 + 80*(31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(10*x) + 1
600*sin(10*x)^2 + 124*(10*sin(6*x) + 5*sin(4*x) + 2*sin(2*x))*sin(8*x) + 96
1*sin(8*x)^2 + 80*(5*sin(4*x) + 2*sin(2*x))*sin(6*x) + 400*sin(6*x)^2 + 100
*sin(4*x)^2 + 80*sin(4*x)*sin(2*x) + 16*sin(2*x)^2 + 8*cos(2*x) + 1)*log(co
s(x)^2 + sin(x)^2 + 2*sin(x) + 1) - 12552*(2*(4*cos(22*x) + 10*cos(20*x) +
20*cos(18*x) + 31*cos(16*x) + 40*cos(14*x) + 44*cos(12*x) + 40*cos(10*x) +
31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(24*x) + cos(2
4*x)^2 + 8*(10*cos(20*x) + 20*cos(18*x) + 31*cos(16*x) + 40*cos(14*x) + 44*
cos(12*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(
2*x) + 1)*cos(22*x) + 16*cos(22*x)^2 + 20*(20*cos(18*x) + 31*cos(16*x) + 40
*cos(14*x) + 44*cos(12*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*c
os(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(20*x) + 100*cos(20*x)^2 + 40*(31*cos(16*x) +
40*cos(14*x) + 44*cos(12*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10
*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(18*x) + 400*cos(18*x)^2 + 62*(40*cos(14*x)
+ 44*cos(12*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4
*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(16*x) + 961*cos(16*x)^2 + 80*(44*cos(12*x) + 40*cos(10*x
) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(14*x) + 1
600*cos(14*x)^2 + 88*(40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x
) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(12*x) + 1936*cos(12*x)^2 + 80*(31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos
(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(10*x) + 1600*cos(10*x)^2 + 62*(20
*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(8*x) + 961*cos(8*x)^2 + 40*(1
0*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(6*x) + 400*cos(6*x)^2 + 20*(4*cos(2*x) + 1
)*cos(4*x) + 100*cos(4*x)^2 + 16*cos(2*x)^2 + 2*(4*sin(22*x) + 10*sin(20*x)
 + 20*sin(18*x) + 31*sin(16*x) + 40*sin(14*x) + 44*sin(12*x) + 40*sin(10*x)
 + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(24*x) + sin(24
*x)^2 + 8*(10*sin(20*x) + 20*sin(18*x) + 31*sin(16*x) + 40*sin(14*x) + 44*s
in(12*x) + 40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2
*x))*sin(22*x) + 16*sin(22*x)^2 + 20*(20*sin(18*x) + 31*sin(16*x) + 40*sin(
14*x) + 44*sin(12*x) + 40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*
x) + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(20*x) + 100*sin(20*x)^2 + 40*(31*sin(16*x) + 40*sin(14
*x) + 44*sin(12*x) + 40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x)
 + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(18*x) + 400*sin(18*x)^2 + 62*(40*sin(14*x) + 44*sin(12*x
) + 40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*si
n(16*x) + 961*sin(16*x)^2 + 80*(44*sin(12*x) + 40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) +
```

```
 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(14*x) + 1600*sin(14*x)^2 + 88*
(40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(1
2*x) + 1936*sin(12*x)^2 + 80*(31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*s
in(2*x))*sin(10*x) + 1600*sin(10*x)^2 + 124*(10*sin(6*x) + 5*sin(4*x) + 2*s
in(2*x))*sin(8*x) + 961*sin(8*x)^2 + 80*(5*sin(4*x) + 2*sin(2*x))*sin(6*x)
+ 400*sin(6*x)^2 + 100*sin(4*x)^2 + 80*sin(4*x)*sin(2*x) + 16*sin(2*x)^2 +
8*cos(2*x) + 1)*log(cos(x)^2 + sin(x)^2 - 2*sin(x) + 1) - 8*(1827*cos(23*x)
 + 3733*cos(21*x) + 6115*cos(19*x) + 9109*cos(17*x) + 5746*cos(15*x) + 2382
*cos(13*x) - 2382*cos(11*x) - 5746*cos(9*x) - 9109*cos(7*x) - 6115*cos(5*x)
 - 3733*cos(3*x) - 1827*cos(x))*sin(24*x) + 14616*(4*cos(22*x) + 10*cos(20*
x) + 20*cos(18*x) + 31*cos(16*x) + 40*cos(14*x) + 44*cos(12*x) + 40*cos(10*
x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*sin(23*x) -
32*(3733*cos(21*x) + 6115*cos(19*x) + 9109*cos(17*x) + 5746*cos(15*x) + 238
2*cos(13*x) - 2382*cos(11*x) - 5746*cos(9*x) - 9109*cos(7*x) - 6115*cos(5*x
) - 3733*cos(3*x) - 1827*cos(x))*sin(22*x) + 29864*(10*cos(20*x) + 20*cos(1
8*x) + 31*cos(16*x) + 40*cos(14*x) + 44*cos(12*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8
*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*sin(21*x) - 80*(6115*cos(
19*x) + 9109*cos(17*x) + 5746*cos(15*x) + 2382*cos(13*x) - 2382*cos(11*x) -
 5746*cos(9*x) - 9109*cos(7*x) - 6115*cos(5*x) - 3733*cos(3*x) - 1827*cos(x
))*sin(20*x) + 48920*(20*cos(18*x) + 31*cos(16*x) + 40*cos(14*x) + 44*cos(1
2*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x)
+ 1)*sin(19*x) - 160*(9109*cos(17*x) + 5746*cos(15*x) + 2382*cos(13*x) - 23
82*cos(11*x) - 5746*cos(9*x) - 9109*cos(7*x) - 6115*cos(5*x) - 3733*cos(3*x
) - 1827*cos(x))*sin(18*x) + 72872*(31*cos(16*x) + 40*cos(14*x) + 44*cos(12
*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) +
 1)*sin(17*x) - 248*(5746*cos(15*x) + 2382*cos(13*x) - 2382*cos(11*x) - 574
6*cos(9*x) - 9109*cos(7*x) - 6115*cos(5*x) - 3733*cos(3*x) - 1827*cos(x))*s
in(16*x) + 45968*(40*cos(14*x) + 44*cos(12*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x)
+ 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*sin(15*x) - 320*(2382*cos(13*
x) - 2382*cos(11*x) - 5746*cos(9*x) - 9109*cos(7*x) - 6115*cos(5*x) - 3733*
cos(3*x) - 1827*cos(x))*sin(14*x) + 19056*(44*cos(12*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31
*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*sin(13*x) + 352*(23
82*cos(11*x) + 5746*cos(9*x) + 9109*cos(7*x) + 6115*cos(5*x) + 3733*cos(3*x
) + 1827*cos(x))*sin(12*x) - 19056*(40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x
) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*sin(11*x) + 320*(5746*cos(9*x) + 9109*cos
(7*x) + 6115*cos(5*x) + 3733*cos(3*x) + 1827*cos(x))*sin(10*x) - 45968*(31*
cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*sin(9*x) + 248*(9109
*cos(7*x) + 6115*cos(5*x) + 3733*cos(3*x) + 1827*cos(x))*sin(8*x) - 72872*(
20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*sin(7*x) + 160*(6115*cos(5*x) +
 3733*cos(3*x) + 1827*cos(x))*sin(6*x) - 48920*(10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) +
1)*sin(5*x) + 80*(3733*cos(3*x) + 1827*cos(x))*sin(4*x) - 29864*(4*cos(2*x)
 + 1)*sin(3*x) + 119456*cos(3*x)*sin(2*x) + 58464*cos(x)*sin(2*x) - 58464*c
os(2*x)*sin(x) - 14616*sin(x))/(2*(4*cos(22*x) + 10*cos(20*x) + 20*cos(18*x
) + 31*cos(16*x) + 40*cos(14*x) + 44*cos(12*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x)
 + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(24*x) + cos(24*x)^2 + 8*
```

```
(10*cos(20*x) + 20*cos(18*x) + 31*cos(16*x) + 40*cos(14*x) + 44*cos(12*x) +
 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*c
os(22*x) + 16*cos(22*x)^2 + 20*(20*cos(18*x) + 31*cos(16*x) + 40*cos(14*x)
+ 44*cos(12*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4
*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(20*x) + 100*cos(20*x)^2 + 40*(31*cos(16*x) + 40*cos(14*x
) + 44*cos(12*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) +
 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(18*x) + 400*cos(18*x)^2 + 62*(40*cos(14*x) + 44*cos(12
*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) +
 1)*cos(16*x) + 961*cos(16*x)^2 + 80*(44*cos(12*x) + 40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(
8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(14*x) + 1600*cos(14*
x)^2 + 88*(40*cos(10*x) + 31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2
*x) + 1)*cos(12*x) + 1936*cos(12*x)^2 + 80*(31*cos(8*x) + 20*cos(6*x) + 10*
cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(10*x) + 1600*cos(10*x)^2 + 62*(20*cos(6*x) +
 10*cos(4*x) + 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(8*x) + 961*cos(8*x)^2 + 40*(10*cos(4*x)
+ 4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(6*x) + 400*cos(6*x)^2 + 20*(4*cos(2*x) + 1)*cos(4*x)
+ 100*cos(4*x)^2 + 16*cos(2*x)^2 + 2*(4*sin(22*x) + 10*sin(20*x) + 20*sin(1
8*x) + 31*sin(16*x) + 40*sin(14*x) + 44*sin(12*x) + 40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8
*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(24*x) + sin(24*x)^2 + 8*(
10*sin(20*x) + 20*sin(18*x) + 31*sin(16*x) + 40*sin(14*x) + 44*sin(12*x) +
40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(22
*x) + 16*sin(22*x)^2 + 20*(20*sin(18*x) + 31*sin(16*x) + 40*sin(14*x) + 44*
sin(12*x) + 40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(
2*x))*sin(20*x) + 100*sin(20*x)^2 + 40*(31*sin(16*x) + 40*sin(14*x) + 44*si
n(12*x) + 40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*
x))*sin(18*x) + 400*sin(18*x)^2 + 62*(40*sin(14*x) + 44*sin(12*x) + 40*sin(
10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(16*x) + 9
61*sin(16*x)^2 + 80*(44*sin(12*x) + 40*sin(10*x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x
) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(14*x) + 1600*sin(14*x)^2 + 88*(40*sin(10*
x) + 31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*sin(12*x) + 1936
*sin(12*x)^2 + 80*(31*sin(8*x) + 20*sin(6*x) + 10*sin(4*x) + 4*sin(2*x))*si
n(10*x) + 1600*sin(10*x)^2 + 124*(10*sin(6*x) + 5*sin(4*x) + 2*sin(2*x))*si
n(8*x) + 961*sin(8*x)^2 + 80*(5*sin(4*x) + 2*sin(2*x))*sin(6*x) + 400*sin(6
*x)^2 + 100*sin(4*x)^2 + 80*sin(4*x)*sin(2*x) + 16*sin(2*x)^2 + 8*cos(2*x)
+ 1)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\cos(3x))^5}\,dx = -\frac{1483}{2048}\sqrt{2}\log\left(\frac{\left|-2\sqrt{2}+4\sin(x)\right|}{\left|2\sqrt{2}+4\sin(x)\right|}\right)+\frac{43\sin(x)^3-45\sin(x)}{256\left(\sin(x)^2-1\right)^2} + \frac{10488\sin(x)^7-14108\sin(x)^5+6514\sin(x)^3-993\sin(x)}{1536\left(2\sin(x)^2-1\right)^4} - \frac{523}{512}\log(\sin(x)+1)+\frac{523}{512}\log(-\sin(x)+1)$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(cos(x)+cos(3*x))^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
[Out] -1483/2048*sqrt(2)*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(x))/abs(2*sqrt(2) + 4*sin(x))
) + 1/256*(43*sin(x)^3 - 45*sin(x))/(sin(x)^2 - 1)^2 + 1/1536*(10488*sin(x)
^7 - 14108*sin(x)^5 + 6514*sin(x)^3 - 993*sin(x))/(2*sin(x)^2 - 1)^4 - 523/
512*log(sin(x) + 1) + 523/512*log(-sin(x) + 1)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(\cos(x)+\cos(3x))^5}\,dx = -\frac{11492\sin(3x)+18218\sin(5x)+12230\sin(7x)+7466\sin(9x)+3654\sin(11x)+276144\operatorname{atanh}\Big(}{}$$

```
[In] int(1/(cos(3*x) + cos(x))^5,x)
```

```
[Out] -(11492*sin(3*x) + 18218*sin(5*x) + 12230*sin(7*x) + 7466*sin(9*x) + 3654*s
in(11*x) + 276144*atanh(sin(x/2)/cos(x/2)) + 4764*sin(x) + 502080*cos(2*x)*
atanh(sin(x/2)/cos(x/2)) + 389112*cos(4*x)*atanh(sin(x/2)/cos(x/2)) + 25104
0*cos(6*x)*atanh(sin(x/2)/cos(x/2)) + 125520*cos(8*x)*atanh(sin(x/2)/cos(x/
2)) + 50208*cos(10*x)*atanh(sin(x/2)/cos(x/2)) + 12552*cos(12*x)*atanh(sin(
x/2)/cos(x/2)) - 97878*2^(1/2)*atanh(2^(1/2)*sin(x)) - 177960*2^(1/2)*atanh
(2^(1/2)*sin(x))*cos(2*x) - 137919*2^(1/2)*atanh(2^(1/2)*sin(x))*cos(4*x) -
 88980*2^(1/2)*atanh(2^(1/2)*sin(x))*cos(6*x) - 44490*2^(1/2)*atanh(2^(1/2)
*sin(x))*cos(8*x) - 17796*2^(1/2)*atanh(2^(1/2)*sin(x))*cos(10*x) - 4449*2^
(1/2)*atanh(2^(1/2)*sin(x))*cos(12*x))/(122880*cos(2*x) + 95232*cos(4*x) +
61440*cos(6*x) + 30720*cos(8*x) + 12288*cos(10*x) + 3072*cos(12*x) + 67584)
```

3.22 $\int \frac{1}{(1+\cos(x)+\sin(x))^2} \, dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\cos(x)+\sin(x))^2} \, dx = -\log\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) - \frac{\cos(x)-\sin(x)}{1+\cos(x)+\sin(x)}$$

```
[Out] -ln(1+tan(1/2*x))+(-cos(x)+sin(x))/(1+cos(x)+sin(x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.375, Rules used = {3208, 3203, 31}

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\cos(x)+\sin(x))^2} \, dx = -\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right) - \frac{\cos(x)-\sin(x)}{\sin(x)+\cos(x)+1}$$

```
[In] Int[(1 + Cos[x] + Sin[x])^(-2),x]
```

```
[Out] -Log[1 + Tan[x/2]] - (Cos[x] - Sin[x])/(1 + Cos[x] + Sin[x])
```

Rule 31

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x,
x]]/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

Rule 3203

```
Int[(cos[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_) + (c_.)*sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)])^
(-1), x_Symbol] :> Module[{f = FreeFactors[Tan[(d + e*x)/2], x]}, Dist[2*(f
/e), Subst[Int[1/(a + b + 2*c*f*x + (a - b)*f^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(d + e*x)/
```

```
2]/f], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2 - c^2, 0]
```

Rule 3208

```
Int[(cos[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_) + (c_.)*sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)])^
(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[((-c)*Cos[d + e*x] + b*Sin[d + e*x])*((a + b*Cos[d
+ e*x] + c*Sin[d + e*x])^(n + 1)/(e*(n + 1)*(a^2 - b^2 - c^2))), x] + Dist[
1/((n + 1)*(a^2 - b^2 - c^2)), Int[(a*(n + 1) - b*(n + 2)*Cos[d + e*x] - c*
(n + 2)*Sin[d + e*x])*(a + b*Cos[d + e*x] + c*Sin[d + e*x])^(n + 1), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2 - c^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && N
eQ[n, -3/2]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}\text{integral} &= -\frac{\cos(x)-\sin(x)}{1+\cos(x)+\sin(x)}-\int\frac{1}{1+\cos(x)+\sin(x)}\,dx\\ &= -\frac{\cos(x)-\sin(x)}{1+\cos(x)+\sin(x)}-2\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{1}{2+2x}\,dx,x,\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)\\ &= -\log\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)-\frac{\cos(x)-\sin(x)}{1+\cos(x)+\sin(x)}\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int\frac{1}{(1+\cos(x)+\sin(x))^2}\,dx=\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)-\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)+\frac{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}+\frac{1}{2}\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

```
[In] Integrate[(1 + Cos[x] + Sin[x])^(-2),x]
[Out] Log[Cos[x/2]] - Log[Cos[x/2] + Sin[x/2]] + Sin[x/2]/(Cos[x/2] + Sin[x/2]) +
 Tan[x/2]/2
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2}-\frac{1}{1+\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}-\ln\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)$	27
norman	$\frac{\frac{\left(\tan^{2}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2}-\frac{3}{2}}{1+\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}-\ln\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)$	30
parallelrisch	$\frac{\left(-2-2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)\ln\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)+\tan^{2}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)-3}{2+2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}$	36
risch	$\frac{(-1+i)\left(\mathrm{e}^{ix}+1+i\right)}{\mathrm{e}^{2ix}+i+\mathrm{e}^{ix}+i\mathrm{e}^{ix}}+\ln\left(\mathrm{e}^{ix}+1\right)-\ln\left(i+\mathrm{e}^{ix}\right)$	57

```
[In] int(1/(1+cos(x)+sin(x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
[Out] 1/2*tan(1/2*x)-1/(1+tan(1/2*x))-ln(1+tan(1/2*x))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\cos(x)+\sin(x))^2}\,dx = \frac{(\cos(x)+\sin(x)+1)\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\cos(x)+\frac{1}{2}\right)-(\cos(x)+\sin(x)+1)\log(\sin(x)+1)-2\cos(x)+2\sin(x)}{2(\cos(x)+\sin(x)+1)}$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(1+cos(x)+sin(x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] 1/2*((cos(x) + sin(x) + 1)*log(1/2*cos(x) + 1/2) - (cos(x) + sin(x) + 1)*lo
g(sin(x) + 1) - 2*cos(x) + 2*sin(x))/(cos(x) + sin(x) + 1)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 66 vs. $2(22) = 44$.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\cos(x)+\sin(x))^2}\,dx = -\frac{2\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+2}-\frac{2\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right)}{2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+2}+\frac{\tan^{2}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+2}-\frac{3}{2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+2}$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(1+cos(x)+sin(x))**2,x)
[Out] -2*log(tan(x/2) + 1)*tan(x/2)/(2*tan(x/2) + 2) - 2*log(tan(x/2) + 1)/(2*tan
(x/2) + 2) + tan(x/2)**2/(2*tan(x/2) + 2) - 3/(2*tan(x/2) + 2)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\cos(x)+\sin(x))^2}\,dx = \frac{\sin(x)}{2(\cos(x)+1)} - \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1}+1} - \log\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1}+1\right)$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(1+cos(x)+sin(x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] 1/2*sin(x)/(cos(x) + 1) - 1/(sin(x)/(cos(x) + 1) + 1) - log(sin(x)/(cos(x)
+ 1) + 1)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\cos(x)+\sin(x))^2}\,dx = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)+1} - \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)+1\right|\right) + \frac{1}{2}\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)$$

```
[In] integrate(1/(1+cos(x)+sin(x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] tan(1/2*x)/(tan(1/2*x) + 1) - log(abs(tan(1/2*x) + 1)) + 1/2*tan(1/2*x)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\cos(x)+\sin(x))^2}\,dx = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2} - \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1\right) - \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+1}$$

```
[In] int(1/(cos(x) + sin(x) + 1)^2,x)
[Out] tan(x/2)/2 - log(tan(x/2) + 1) - 1/(tan(x/2) + 1)
```

3.23 $\int \sqrt{1+\tanh(4x)}\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \sqrt{1+\tanh(4x)}\,dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\tanh(4x)}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

```
[Out] 1/4*arctanh(1/2*(1+tanh(4*x))^(1/2)*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.200, Rules used = {3561, 212}

$$\int \sqrt{1+\tanh(4x)}\,dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\tanh(4x)+1}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

```
[In] Int[Sqrt[1 + Tanh[4*x]],x]
```

```
[Out] ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + Tanh[4*x]]/Sqrt[2]]/(2*Sqrt[2])
```

Rule 212

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 3561

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Dist[-2*(b/d),
 Subst[Int[1/(2*a - x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*Tan[c + d*x]]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
```

```
b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 + b^2, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = \frac{1}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{2-x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+\tanh(4x)}\right)$$
$$= \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\tanh(4x)}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{1+\tanh(4x)}\,dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\tanh(4x)}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Sqrt[1 + Tanh[4*x]],x]
[Out] ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + Tanh[4*x]]/Sqrt[2]]/(2*Sqrt[2])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\tanh(4x)}\,\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}}{4}$	20
default	$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\tanh(4x)}\,\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}}{4}$	20

```
[In] int((1+tanh(4*x))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
[Out] 1/4*arctanh(1/2*(1+tanh(4*x))^(1/2)*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 68 vs. $2(19) = 38$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \sqrt{1+\tanh(4x)}\,dx = \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{2}\log\left(-2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\cosh(4x)}{\cosh(4x)-\sinh(4x)}}(\cosh(4x)+\sinh(4x)) - 2\cosh(4x)^2 - 4\cosh(4x)\sinh(4x) - 2\sinh(4x)^2 - 1\right)$$

```
[In] integrate((1+tanh(4*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] 1/8*sqrt(2)*log(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(cosh(4*x)/(cosh(4*x) - sinh(4*x)))*(cosh(4*
x) + sinh(4*x)) - 2*cosh(4*x)^2 - 4*cosh(4*x)*sinh(4*x) - 2*sinh(4*x)^2 - 1
)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1+\tanh(4x)}\,dx = \int \sqrt{\tanh(4x)+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((1+tanh(4*x))**(1/2),x)
[Out] Integral(sqrt(tanh(4*x) + 1), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 43 vs. $2(19) = 38$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \sqrt{1+\tanh(4x)}\,dx = -\frac{1}{8}\sqrt{2}\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{e^{(-8x)}+1}}}{\sqrt{2}+\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{e^{(-8x)}+1}}}\right)$$

```
[In] integrate((1+tanh(4*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] -1/8*sqrt(2)*log(-(sqrt(2) - sqrt(2)/sqrt(e^(-8*x) + 1))/(sqrt(2) + sqrt(2)
/sqrt(e^(-8*x) + 1)))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{1+\tanh(4x)}\,dx = -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{2}\log\left(\sqrt{e^{(8x)}+1}-e^{(4x)}\right)$$

```
[In] integrate((1+tanh(4*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] -1/4*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(e^(8*x) + 1) - e^(4*x))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \sqrt{1+\tanh(4x)}\,dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\,\mathrm{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\,\sqrt{\tanh(4\,x)+1}}{2}\right)}{4}$$

```
[In] int((tanh(4*x) + 1)^(1/2),x)
[Out] (2^(1/2)*atanh((2^(1/2)*(tanh(4*x) + 1)^(1/2))/2))/4
```

3.24 $\int \frac{\tanh(x)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{\tanh(x)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}\,dx = 2e^{-x}\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{i-(1-2i)e^x}{2\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}\right)}{\sqrt{1+i}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{i+(1+2i)e^x}{2\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-i}}$$

```
[Out] arctan(1/2*(I+(1+2*I)*exp(x))/(1-I)^(1/2)/(exp(x)+exp(2*x))^(1/2))/(1-I)^(1
/2)-arctan(1/2*(I+(-1+2*I)*exp(x))/(1+I)^(1/2)/(exp(x)+exp(2*x))^(1/2))/(1+
I)^(1/2)+2*(exp(x)+exp(2*x))^(1/2)/exp(x)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.438, Rules used = {2320, 6856, 1600, 6857, 96, 95, 214}

$$\int \frac{\tanh(x)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}\,dx = -\frac{(1-i)^{3/2}\sqrt{e^x}\sqrt{e^x+1}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{e^x}}{\sqrt{e^x+1}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}} - \frac{(1+i)^{3/2}\sqrt{e^x}\sqrt{e^x+1}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{e^x}}{\sqrt{e^x+1}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}} + \frac{2(e^x+1)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}$$

```
[In] Int[Tanh[x]/Sqrt[E^x + E^(2*x)],x]
```

```
[Out] (2*(1 + E^x))/Sqrt[E^x + E^(2*x)] - ((1 - I)^(3/2)*Sqrt[E^x]*Sqrt[1 + E^x]*
ArcTanh[(Sqrt[1 - I]*Sqrt[E^x])/Sqrt[1 + E^x]])/Sqrt[E^x + E^(2*x)] - ((1 +
 I)^(3/2)*Sqrt[E^x]*Sqrt[1 + E^x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[1 + I]*Sqrt[E^x])/Sqrt[1 +
E^x]])/Sqrt[E^x + E^(2*x)]
```

Rule 95

```
Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Dist[q, Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1)
 - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)
], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n]
 && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]
```

Rule 96

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^(p + 1
)/((m + 1)*(b*e - a*f))), x] - Dist[n*((d*e - c*f)/((m + 1)*(b*e - a*f))),
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
 c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (SumSimpler
Q[m, 1] ||  !SumSimplerQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[m, -1]
```

Rule 214

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Rule 1600

```
Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_.)*(Qx_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[u*PolynomialQuotient[Px
, Qx, x]^p*Qx^(p + q), x] /; FreeQ[q, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && PolyQ[Qx, x] &&
 EqQ[PolynomialRemainder[Px, Qx, x], 0] && IntegerQ[p] && LtQ[p*q, 0]
```

Rule 2320

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Dist[v/D[v, x]
, Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Functi
onOfExponentialQ[u, x] &&  !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ[
{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] &&  !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))*
(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

Rule 6856

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(r_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(s_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] :> With[{v
= (a*x^r + b*x^s)^FracPart[m]/(x^(r*FracPart[m])*(a + b*x^(s - r))^FracPart
[m])}, Dist[v, Int[u*x^(m*r)*(a + b*x^(s - r))^m, x], x] /; NeQ[Simplify[v]
, 1]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, r, s}, x] &&  !IntegerQ[m] && PosQ[s - r]
```

Rule 6857

```
Int[(u_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> With[{v = RationalFunctionE
xpand[u/(a + b*x^n), x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ
[n, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{-1+x^2}{x\,(1+x^2)\,\sqrt{x+x^2}}\,dx, x, e^x\right)$$

$$= \frac{\left(\sqrt{e^x}\sqrt{1+e^x}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{-1+x^2}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)}\,dx, x, e^x\right)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\sqrt{e^x}\sqrt{1+e^x}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(-1+x)\sqrt{1+x}}{x^{3/2}(1+x^2)}\,dx, x, e^x\right)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\sqrt{e^x}\sqrt{1+e^x}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(-\frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{(i-x)x^{3/2}}+\frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)\sqrt{1+x}}{x^{3/2}(i+x)}\right)\,dx, x, e^x\right)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}$$

$$= -\frac{\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)\sqrt{e^x}\sqrt{1+e^x}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{(i-x)x^{3/2}}\,dx, x, e^x\right)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}} + \frac{\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)\sqrt{e^x}\sqrt{1+e^x}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{x^{3/2}(i+x)}\,dx, x, e^x\right)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}$$

$$= \frac{2(1+e^x)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}} - \frac{\left(\sqrt{e^x}\sqrt{1+e^x}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{(i-x)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x}}\,dx, x, e^x\right)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}} + \frac{\left(\sqrt{e^x}\sqrt{1+e^x}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(i+x)\sqrt{1+x}}\,dx, x, e^x\right)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}$$

$$= \frac{2(1+e^x)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}} - \frac{\left(2\sqrt{e^x}\sqrt{1+e^x}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{i-(1+i)x^2}\,dx, x, \frac{\sqrt{e^x}}{\sqrt{1+e^x}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}} + \frac{\left(2\sqrt{e^x}\sqrt{1+e^x}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{i+(1-i)x^2}\,dx, x, \frac{\sqrt{e^x}}{\sqrt{1+e^x}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}$$

$$= \frac{2(1+e^x)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}} - \frac{(1-i)^{3/2}\sqrt{e^x}\sqrt{1+e^x}\,\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-i}\sqrt{e^x}}{\sqrt{1+e^x}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}} - \frac{(1+i)^{3/2}\sqrt{e^x}\sqrt{1+e^x}\,\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+i}\sqrt{e^x}}{\sqrt{1+e^x}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\tanh(x)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}\,dx = \frac{2+2e^x-(1-i)^{3/2}e^{x/2}\sqrt{1+e^x}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-i}e^{x/2}}{\sqrt{1+e^x}}\right)-(1+i)^{3/2}e^{x/2}\sqrt{1+e^x}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+i}e^{x/2}}{\sqrt{1+e^x}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^x\left(1+e^x\right)}}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Tanh[x]/Sqrt[E^x + E^(2*x)],x]
```

```
[Out] (2 + 2*E^x - (1 - I)^(3/2)*E^(x/2)*Sqrt[1 + E^x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[1 - I]*E^(x/
2))/Sqrt[1 + E^x]] - (1 + I)^(3/2)*E^(x/2)*Sqrt[1 + E^x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[1 +
I]*E^(x/2))/Sqrt[1 + E^x]])/Sqrt[E^x*(1 + E^x)]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 365 vs. 2(81) = 162.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{\tanh(\frac{x}{2})+1}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}\,\ln\left(\tanh(\frac{x}{2})+1-\sqrt{\tanh(\frac{x}{2})+1}\,\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}+2}+\sqrt{2}\right)\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}+2}-\sqrt{\tanh(\frac{x}{2})+1}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}\,\ln\left(\mathrm{t}\right.\right.}{}$

```
[In] int(tanh(x)/(exp(x)+exp(2*x))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] -1/4*2^(1/2)*((tanh(1/2*x)+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*ln(tanh(1/
2*x)+1-(tanh(1/2*x)+1)^(1/2)*(2*2^(1/2)+2)^(1/2)+2^(1/2))*(2*2^(1/2)+2)^(1/
2)-(tanh(1/2*x)+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*ln(tanh(1/2*x)+1+(tan
h(1/2*x)+1)^(1/2)*(2*2^(1/2)+2)^(1/2)+2^(1/2))*(2*2^(1/2)+2)^(1/2)+4*(tanh(
1/2*x)+1)^(1/2)*arctan((2*(tanh(1/2*x)+1)^(1/2)-(2*2^(1/2)+2)^(1/2))/(-2+2*
2^(1/2))^(1/2))+4*(tanh(1/2*x)+1)^(1/2)*arctan((2*(tanh(1/2*x)+1)^(1/2)+(2*
2^(1/2)+2)^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))-(tanh(1/2*x)+1)^(1/2)*(-2+2*2^(1/2)
)^(1/2)*ln(tanh(1/2*x)+1-(tanh(1/2*x)+1)^(1/2)*(2*2^(1/2)+2)^(1/2)+2^(1/2))
*(2*2^(1/2)+2)^(1/2)+(tanh(1/2*x)+1)^(1/2)*(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*ln(tanh(1/2
*x)+1+(tanh(1/2*x)+1)^(1/2)*(2*2^(1/2)+2)^(1/2)+2^(1/2))*(2*2^(1/2)+2)^(1/2
)+8*(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)/(tanh(1/2*x)-1)/((tanh(1/2*x
)+1)/(tanh(1/2*x)-1)^2)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 220 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\tanh(x)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}\,dx = \frac{\sqrt{2i-2}(\cosh(x)+\sinh(x))\log\left((i+1)\sqrt{2i-2}+2\sqrt{\frac{\cosh(x)+\sinh(x)+1}{\cosh(x)-\sinh(x)}}-2\cosh(x)-2\sinh(x)-2i\right)-}{}$$

```
[In] integrate(tanh(x)/(exp(x)+exp(2*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] 1/2*(sqrt(2*I - 2)*(cosh(x) + sinh(x))*log((I + 1)*sqrt(2*I - 2) + 2*sqrt((
cosh(x) + sinh(x) + 1)/(cosh(x) - sinh(x))) - 2*cosh(x) - 2*sinh(x) - 2*I)
- sqrt(2*I - 2)*(cosh(x) + sinh(x))*log(-(I + 1)*sqrt(2*I - 2) + 2*sqrt((co
sh(x) + sinh(x) + 1)/(cosh(x) - sinh(x))) - 2*cosh(x) - 2*sinh(x) - 2*I) +
sqrt(-2*I - 2)*(cosh(x) + sinh(x))*log(-(I - 1)*sqrt(-2*I - 2) + 2*sqrt((co
sh(x) + sinh(x) + 1)/(cosh(x) - sinh(x))) - 2*cosh(x) - 2*sinh(x) + 2*I) -
sqrt(-2*I - 2)*(cosh(x) + sinh(x))*log((I - 1)*sqrt(-2*I - 2) + 2*sqrt((cos
h(x) + sinh(x) + 1)/(cosh(x) - sinh(x))) - 2*cosh(x) - 2*sinh(x) + 2*I) + 4
*sqrt((cosh(x) + sinh(x) + 1)/(cosh(x) - sinh(x))) + 4*cosh(x) + 4*sinh(x))
/(cosh(x) + sinh(x))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tanh(x)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}\,dx = \int \frac{\tanh(x)}{\sqrt{(e^x+1)\,e^x}}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(tanh(x)/(exp(x)+exp(2*x))**(1/2),x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(tanh(x)/sqrt((exp(x) + 1)*exp(x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\tanh(x)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}\,dx = \int \frac{\tanh(x)}{\sqrt{e^{(2x)}+e^x}}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(tanh(x)/(exp(x)+exp(2*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] integrate(tanh(x)/sqrt(e^(2*x) + e^x), x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 379 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.45

$$\int \frac{\tanh(x)}{\sqrt{e^x+e^{2x}}}\,dx$$
$$= -\left(\frac{1}{4}i+\frac{1}{4}\right)\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}+2}\left(\frac{i}{\sqrt{2}+1}+1\right)\log\left(4\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{e^{(2x)}+e^x}-e^x\right)+2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}-2}-4i\sqrt{2}-(2i+2)\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}-2}-4\sqrt{e^{(2x)}+e^x}+4e^x+4i\right)$$
$$+\left(\frac{1}{4}i+\frac{1}{4}\right)\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}+2}\left(\frac{i}{\sqrt{2}+1}+1\right)\log\left(4\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{e^{(2x)}+e^x}-e^x\right)-2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}-2}-4i\sqrt{2}+(2i+2)\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}-2}-4\sqrt{e^{(2x)}+e^x}+4e^x+4i\right)-\left(\frac{1}{4}i+\frac{1}{4}\right)\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}-2}\left(\frac{i}{\sqrt{2}-1}+1\right)\log\left(-20\sqrt{2}\left(-(i+2)\sqrt{e^{(2x)}+e^x}+(i+2)e^x\right)+10\sqrt{2}\sqrt{10\sqrt{2}-14}+(40i-20)\sqrt{2}-(2i+14)\sqrt{10\sqrt{2}-14}-(28i+56)\sqrt{e^{(2x)}+e^x}+(28i+56)e^x-56i+28\right)$$
$$+\left(\frac{1}{4}i+\frac{1}{4}\right)\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}-2}\left(\frac{i}{\sqrt{2}-1}+1\right)\log\left(-20\sqrt{2}\left(-(i+2)\sqrt{e^{(2x)}+e^x}+(i+2)e^x\right)-10\sqrt{2}\sqrt{10\sqrt{2}-14}+(40i-20)\sqrt{2}+(2i+14)\sqrt{10\sqrt{2}-14}-(28i+56)\sqrt{e^{(2x)}+e^x}+(28i+56)e^x-56i+28\right)+\frac{2}{\sqrt{e^{(2x)}+e^x}-e^x}$$

```
[In] integrate(tanh(x)/(exp(x)+exp(2*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] -(1/4*I + 1/4)*sqrt(2*sqrt(2) + 2)*(I/(sqrt(2) + 1) + 1)*log(4*sqrt(2)*(sqr
t(e^(2*x) + e^x) - e^x) + 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2*sqrt(2) - 2) - 4*I*sqrt(2) - (2*
I + 2)*sqrt(2*sqrt(2) - 2) - 4*sqrt(e^(2*x) + e^x) + 4*e^x + 4*I) + (1/4*I
+ 1/4)*sqrt(2*sqrt(2) + 2)*(I/(sqrt(2) + 1) + 1)*log(4*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(e^(2*x
) + e^x) - e^x) - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2*sqrt(2) - 2) - 4*I*sqrt(2) + (2*I + 2)*s
qrt(2*sqrt(2) - 2) - 4*sqrt(e^(2*x) + e^x) + 4*e^x + 4*I) - (1/4*I + 1/4)*s
qrt(2*sqrt(2) - 2)*(I/(sqrt(2) - 1) + 1)*log(-20*sqrt(2)*(-(I + 2)*sqrt(e^(
2*x) + e^x) + (I + 2)*e^x) + 10*sqrt(2)*sqrt(10*sqrt(2) - 14) + (40*I - 20)
*sqrt(2) - (2*I + 14)*sqrt(10*sqrt(2) - 14) - (28*I + 56)*sqrt(e^(2*x) + e^
x) + (28*I + 56)*e^x - 56*I + 28) + (1/4*I + 1/4)*sqrt(2*sqrt(2) - 2)*(I/(s
qrt(2) - 1) + 1)*log(-20*sqrt(2)*(-(I + 2)*sqrt(e^(2*x) + e^x) + (I + 2)*e^
x) - 10*sqrt(2)*sqrt(10*sqrt(2) - 14) + (40*I - 20)*sqrt(2) + (2*I + 14)*sq
rt(10*sqrt(2) - 14) - (28*I + 56)*sqrt(e^(2*x) + e^x) + (28*I + 56)*e^x - 5
6*I + 28) + 2/(sqrt(e^(2*x) + e^x) - e^x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tanh(x)}{\sqrt{e^x + e^{2x}}}\, dx = \int \frac{\tanh(x)}{\sqrt{\mathrm{e}^{2\,x} + \mathrm{e}^x}}\, dx$$

```
[In] int(tanh(x)/(exp(2*x) + exp(x))^(1/2),x)
[Out] int(tanh(x)/(exp(2*x) + exp(x))^(1/2), x)
```

3.25 $\int \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)\sinh(2x)}\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)\sinh(2x)}\,dx=\frac{2i\sqrt{2}E\left(\frac{\pi}{4}-\frac{ix}{2}\middle|2\right)\sqrt{\sinh(x)}}{\sqrt{i\sinh(x)}}$$

```
[Out] 2*I*(sin(1/4*Pi+1/2*I*x)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/4*Pi+1/2*I*x)*EllipticE(cos(1/4*Pi+
1/2*I*x),2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*sinh(x)^(1/2)/(I*sinh(x))^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.455, Rules used = {4483, 4485, 4306, 4394, 2719}

$$\int \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)\sinh(2x)}\,dx=\frac{2iE\left(\frac{\pi}{4}-\frac{ix}{2}\middle|2\right)\sqrt{\sinh(2x)\operatorname{sech}(x)}}{\sqrt{i\sinh(x)}}$$

```
[In] Int[Sqrt[Sech[x]*Sinh[2*x]],x]
```

```
[Out] ((2*I)*EllipticE[Pi/4 - (I/2)*x, 2]*Sqrt[Sech[x]*Sinh[2*x]])/Sqrt[I*Sinh[x]
]
```

Rule 2719

```
Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rule 4306

```
Int[(u_)*((c_.)*sec[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)])^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[(c*Sec[a
+ b*x])^m*(c*Cos[a + b*x])^m, Int[ActivateTrig[u]/(c*Cos[a + b*x])^m, x], x
```

```
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] &&  !IntegerQ[m] && KnownSineIntegrandQ[u, x]
```

Rule 4394

```
Int[(cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*(e_.))^(m_.)*((g_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(
p_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[(g*Sin[c + d*x])^p/((e*Cos[a + b*x])^p*Sin[a + b*x]^
p), Int[(e*Cos[a + b*x])^(m + p)*Sin[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[d/b, 2] &&  !IntegerQ[p]
```

Rule 4483

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_)*(v_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{uu = ActivateTrig[u], vv = A
ctivateTrig[v]}, Dist[a^IntPart[p]*((a*vv)^FracPart[p]/vv^FracPart[p]), Int
[uu*vv^p, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, p}, x] &&  !IntegerQ[p] &&  !InertTrigFreeQ[
v]
```

Rule 4485

```
Int[(u_.)*((v_)^(m_.)*(w_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{uu = ActivateTri
g[u], vv = ActivateTrig[v], ww = ActivateTrig[w]}, Dist[(vv^m*ww^n)^FracPar
t[p]/(vv^(m*FracPart[p])*ww^(n*FracPart[p])), Int[uu*vv^(m*p)*ww^(n*p), x],
 x]] /; FreeQ[{m, n, p}, x] &&  !IntegerQ[p] && ( !InertTrigFreeQ[v] ||  !I
nertTrigFreeQ[w])
```

Rubi steps

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)\sinh(2x)}\int\sqrt{i\operatorname{sech}(x)\sinh(2x)}\,dx}{\sqrt{i\operatorname{sech}(x)\sinh(2x)}}\\
&= \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)\sinh(2x)}\int\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}\sqrt{i\sinh(2x)}\,dx}{\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)}\sqrt{i\sinh(2x)}}\\
&= \frac{\left(\sqrt{\cosh(x)}\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)\sinh(2x)}\right)\int\frac{\sqrt{i\sinh(2x)}}{\sqrt{\cosh(x)}}\,dx}{\sqrt{i\sinh(2x)}}\\
&= \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)\sinh(2x)}\int\sqrt{i\sinh(x)}\,dx}{\sqrt{i\sinh(x)}}\\
&= \frac{2iE\left(\frac{\pi}{4}-\frac{ix}{2}\middle|2\right)\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)\sinh(2x)}}{\sqrt{i\sinh(x)}}
\end{aligned}
$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)\sinh(2x)}\,dx = \frac{2}{3}\left(-3+\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{3}{4},\frac{7}{4},\tanh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} +4\,\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{4},\frac{3}{2},\frac{7}{4},\tanh^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}\right)\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)\sinh(2x)}\tanh\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

```
[In] Integrate[Sqrt[Sech[x]*Sinh[2*x]],x]
```

```
[Out] (2*(-3 + Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, Tanh[x/2]^2]*Sqrt[Sech[x/2]^2] +
4*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, Tanh[x/2]^2]*Sqrt[Sech[x/2]^2])*Sqrt[Sec
h[x]*Sinh[2*x]]*Tanh[x/2])/3
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-i(\sinh(x)+i)}\,\sqrt{-i(-\sinh(x)+i)}\,\sqrt{i\sinh(x)}\,\left(2E\left(\sqrt{1-i\sinh(x)},\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)-F\left(\sqrt{1-i\sinh(x)},\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\right)}{\cosh(x)\sqrt{\sinh(x)}}$
risch	$2\sqrt{\mathrm{e}^{-x}\left(\mathrm{e}^{2x}-1\right)}+\frac{\left(-\frac{4\left(\mathrm{e}^{2x}-1\right)}{\sqrt{\mathrm{e}^{x}\left(\mathrm{e}^{2x}-1\right)}}+\frac{2\sqrt{1+\mathrm{e}^{x}}\,\sqrt{-2\,\mathrm{e}^{x}+2}\,\sqrt{-\mathrm{e}^{x}}\,\left(-2E\left(\sqrt{1+\mathrm{e}^{x}},\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)+F\left(\sqrt{1+\mathrm{e}^{x}},\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\mathrm{e}^{3x}-\mathrm{e}^{x}}}\right)\sqrt{\mathrm{e}^{-x}\left(\mathrm{e}^{2x}-1\right)}\,\sqrt{\mathrm{e}^{x}(\mathrm{e}^{2x}}}{\mathrm{e}^{2x}-1}$

```
[In] int((sinh(2*x)/cosh(x))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 2*(-I*(sinh(x)+I))^(1/2)*(-I*(-sinh(x)+I))^(1/2)*(I*sinh(x))^(1/2)*(2*Ellip
ticE((1-I*sinh(x))^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))-EllipticF((1-I*sinh(x))^(1/2),1/2*2^(
1/2)))/cosh(x)/sinh(x)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)\sinh(2x)}\,dx = -2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sinh(x)} - 4\,\text{weierstrassZeta}(4,0,\text{weierstrassPInverse}(4,0,\cosh(x) + \sinh(x)))$$

```
[In] integrate((sinh(2*x)/cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] -2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(sinh(x)) - 4*weierstrassZeta(4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(4, 0
, cosh(x) + sinh(x)))
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)\sinh(2x)}\,dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{\sinh{(2x)}}{\cosh{(x)}}}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((sinh(2*x)/cosh(x))**(1/2),x)
[Out] Integral(sqrt(sinh(2*x)/cosh(x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)\sinh(2x)}\,dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{\sinh{(2\,x)}}{\cosh{(x)}}}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((sinh(2*x)/cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] integrate(sqrt(sinh(2*x)/cosh(x)), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)\sinh(2x)}\,dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{\sinh{(2\,x)}}{\cosh{(x)}}}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate((sinh(2*x)/cosh(x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(sqrt(sinh(2*x)/cosh(x)), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}(x)\sinh(2x)}\,dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{\sinh{(2\,x)}}{\cosh{(x)}}}\,dx$$

```
[In] int((sinh(2*x)/cosh(x))^(1/2),x)
[Out] int((sinh(2*x)/cosh(x))^(1/2), x)
```

3.26 $\int \log \left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) \, dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \log \left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) \, dx = -2x-\arcsin(x)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\text{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right)-\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right)+x\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)$$

```
[Out] -2*x-arcsin(x)+x*ln(x^2+(-x^2+1)^(1/2))+1/2*arctanh(x*2^(1/2)/(5^(1/2)-1)^(
1/2))*(-2+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/2*arctanh(1/2*x*(-2+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)^
(1/2))*(-2+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/2*arctan(x*2^(1/2)/(5^(1/2)+1)^(1/2))*(2+2*5^
(1/2))^(1/2)+1/2*arctan(1/2*x*(2+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2))*(2+2*5^(1
/2))^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89, number of steps used = 31, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.750, Rules used = {2628, 6874, 1307, 222, 1706, 385, 213, 209, 1180, 1144, 1188, 399}

$$\int \log \left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) dx = -\arcsin(x)+2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\left(2+\sqrt{5}\right)}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right) + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\left(2+\sqrt{5}\right)}\arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}\left(\sqrt{5}-1\right)}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\sqrt{5}-1\right)}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right) - 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\left(\sqrt{5}-2\right)}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\sqrt{5}-1\right)}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}\left(\sqrt{5}-1\right)}\text{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}-1}}x\right) + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\left(\sqrt{5}-2\right)}\text{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}-1}}x\right) + x\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) - 2x$$

```
[In] Int[Log[x^2 + Sqrt[1 - x^2]],x]
```

```
[Out] -2*x - ArcSin[x] - Sqrt[(1 + Sqrt[5])/10]*ArcTan[Sqrt[2/(1 + Sqrt[5])]*x] +
 2*Sqrt[(2 + Sqrt[5])/5]*ArcTan[Sqrt[2/(1 + Sqrt[5])]*x] - Sqrt[(1 + Sqrt[5
])/10]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[(1 + Sqrt[5])/2]*x)/Sqrt[1 - x^2]] + 2*Sqrt[(2 + Sqrt[5
])/5]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[(1 + Sqrt[5])/2]*x)/Sqrt[1 - x^2]] + 2*Sqrt[(-2 + Sqrt[5
])/5]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[2/(-1 + Sqrt[5])]*x] + Sqrt[(-1 + Sqrt[5])/10]*ArcTanh[S
qrt[2/(-1 + Sqrt[5])]*x] - 2*Sqrt[(-2 + Sqrt[5])/5]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[(-1 + Sqr
t[5])/2]*x)/Sqrt[1 - x^2]] - Sqrt[(-1 + Sqrt[5])/10]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[(-1 + Sq
rt[5])/2]*x)/Sqrt[1 - x^2]] + x*Log[x^2 + Sqrt[1 - x^2]]
```

Rule 209

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 213

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-
1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] &&
 (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 222

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt
[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]
```

Rule 385

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Su
bst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^n), x], x, x/(a + b*x^n)^(1/n)] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 399

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Di
st[b/d, Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] - Dist[(b*c - a*d)/d, Int[(a + b*x^
n)^(p - 1)/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*
d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p - 1) + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 1144

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :> Wi
th[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Dist[(d^2/2)*(b/q + 1), Int[(d*x)^(m - 2)/(b/2
 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] - Dist[(d^2/2)*(b/q - 1), Int[(d*x)^(m - 2)/(b/2 -
q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && G
eQ[m, 2]
```

Rule 1180

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Dist[e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q), Int[1/(b/2
 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Dist[e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q), Int[1/(b/2 + q/2
+ c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && Ne
Q[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

Rule 1188

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symb
ol] :> With[{r = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Dist[2*(c/r), Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(b -
r + 2*c*x^2), x], x] - Dist[2*(c/r), Int[(d + e*x^2)^q/(b + r + 2*c*x^2), x
], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2
- b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] &&  !IntegerQ[q]
```

Rule 1307

```
Int[(((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 +
 (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :> Dist[e*(f^2/c), Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^
(q - 1), x], x] - Dist[f^2/c, Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^(q - 1)*(Simp[a
*e - (c*d - b*e)*x^2, x]/(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
 e, f}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] &&  !IntegerQ[q] && GtQ[q, 0] && GtQ[m, 1
] && LeQ[m, 3]
```

Rule 1706

```
Int[(Px_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^
(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(d + e*x^2)^q*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4
)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x^2] && NeQ[b^2 -
4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Rule 2628

```
Int[Log[u_], x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*Log[u], x] - Int[SimplifyIntegrand[x*(D[u,
 x]/u), x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x]
```

Rule 6874

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= x\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)-\int\frac{x^2\left(2-\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right)}{x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}}\,dx\\
&= x\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)-\int\left(\frac{2x^2}{x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}}-\frac{x^2}{1-x^2+x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right)dx\\
&= x\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)-2\int\frac{x^2}{x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}}\,dx+\int\frac{x^2}{1-x^2+x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}}\,dx
\end{aligned}$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= x \log\left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) - 2\int \left(1 - \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{-1+x^2+x^4} + \frac{1-x^2}{-1+x^2+x^4}\right) dx \\
&\quad + \int \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} - \frac{x^2}{-1+x^2+x^4} + \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{-1+x^2+x^4}\right) dx \\
&= -2x + x\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) + 2\int \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{-1+x^2+x^4}\,dx - 2\int \frac{1-x^2}{-1+x^2+x^4}\,dx \\
&\quad + \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\,dx - \int \frac{x^2}{-1+x^2+x^4}\,dx + \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{-1+x^2+x^4}\,dx \\
&= -2x + \arcsin(x) + x\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) - 2\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\,dx \\
&\quad - 2\int \frac{1-2x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\,(-1+x^2+x^4)}\,dx + \frac{2\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x^2}\,dx}{\sqrt{5}} - \frac{2\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x^2}\,dx}{\sqrt{5}} \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{10}\left(-5+\sqrt{5}\right)\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+x^2}\,dx - \frac{1}{10}\left(5+\sqrt{5}\right)\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+x^2}\,dx \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{5}\left(-5+3\sqrt{5}\right)\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+x^2}\,dx + \frac{1}{5}\left(5+3\sqrt{5}\right)\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+x^2}\,dx \\
&= -2x - \arcsin(x) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right) \\
&\quad + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\left(2+\sqrt{5}\right)}\arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right) \\
&\quad + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\left(-2+\sqrt{5}\right)}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right) \\
&\quad + \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right) + x\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) \\
&\quad - 2\int \left(\frac{-2+\frac{4}{\sqrt{5}}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\,(1-\sqrt{5}+2x^2)} + \frac{-2-\frac{4}{\sqrt{5}}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\,(1+\sqrt{5}+2x^2)}\right) dx \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{5}\left(5-3\sqrt{5}\right)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\,(1-\sqrt{5}+2x^2)}\,dx \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{5}\left(5+3\sqrt{5}\right)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\,(1+\sqrt{5}+2x^2)}\,dx
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= -2x - \arcsin(x) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)} \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right) \\
&\quad + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\left(2+\sqrt{5}\right)} \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right) \\
&\quad + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\left(-2+\sqrt{5}\right)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right) \\
&\quad + \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right) + x\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{5}\left(5-3\sqrt{5}\right) \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{1-\sqrt{5}-(-3+\sqrt{5})\,x^2}\,dx, x, \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{5}\left(4\left(5-2\sqrt{5}\right)\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\,(1-\sqrt{5}+2x^2)}\,dx \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{5}\left(4\left(5+2\sqrt{5}\right)\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}\,(1+\sqrt{5}+2x^2)}\,dx \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{5}\left(5+3\sqrt{5}\right) \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{5}-(-3-\sqrt{5})\,x^2}\,dx, x, \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= -2x - \arcsin(x) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)} \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right) \\
&\quad + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\left(2+\sqrt{5}\right)} \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right) \\
&\quad - \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right) \\
&\quad + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\left(-2+\sqrt{5}\right)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right) \\
&\quad + \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right) \\
&\quad - \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right) + x\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{5}\left(4\left(5-2\sqrt{5}\right)\right) \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{1-\sqrt{5}-(-3+\sqrt{5})\,x^2}\,dx, x, \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{5}\left(4\left(5+2\sqrt{5}\right)\right) \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{5}-(-3-\sqrt{5})\,x^2}\,dx, x, \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$= -2x - \arcsin(x) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right)$$
$$+ 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\left(2+\sqrt{5}\right)}\arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right)$$
$$- \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right)$$
$$+ 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\left(2+\sqrt{5}\right)}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right)$$
$$+ 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\left(-2+\sqrt{5}\right)}\text{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right)$$
$$+ \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\text{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right)$$
$$- 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\left(-2+\sqrt{5}\right)}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right)$$
$$- \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right) + x\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 920, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.97

$$\int \log\left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)\,dx$$
$$= \frac{-8\sqrt{5}x - 4\sqrt{5}\arcsin(x) + 5\sqrt{2\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right) + \sqrt{10\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right) - (}{}$$

```
[In] Integrate[Log[x^2 + Sqrt[1 - x^2]],x]
```

```
[Out] (-8*Sqrt[5]*x - 4*Sqrt[5]*ArcSin[x] + 5*Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[5])]*ArcTan[Sqrt[
2/(1 + Sqrt[5])]*x] + Sqrt[10*(-1 + Sqrt[5])]*ArcTan[Sqrt[2/(1 + Sqrt[5])]*
x] - (-5 + Sqrt[5])*Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[5])]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[2/(-1 + Sqrt[5])]*x]
 - 5*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[5]]*Log[-Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[5])] + 2*x] + 3*Sqrt[5*(2 + S
qrt[5])]*Log[-Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[5])] + 2*x] + 5*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[5]]*Log[Sqrt[
2*(-1 + Sqrt[5])] + 2*x] - 3*Sqrt[5*(2 + Sqrt[5])]*Log[Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[5]
```

```
)] + 2*x] - (5*I)*Sqrt[-2 + Sqrt[5]]*Log[(-I)*Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[5])] + 2*x]
- (3*I)*Sqrt[5*(-2 + Sqrt[5])]*Log[(-I)*Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[5])] + 2*x] + (5*I
)*Sqrt[-2 + Sqrt[5]]*Log[I*Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[5])] + 2*x] + (3*I)*Sqrt[5*(-2
+ Sqrt[5])]*Log[I*Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[5])] + 2*x] + 4*Sqrt[5]*x*Log[x^2 + Sqrt
[1 - x^2]] + (5*I)*Sqrt[-2 + Sqrt[5]]*Log[4 - (2*I)*Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[5])]*x
 + 2*Sqrt[2*(3 + Sqrt[5])]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]] + (3*I)*Sqrt[5*(-2 + Sqrt[5])]*Lo
g[4 - (2*I)*Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[5])]*x + 2*Sqrt[2*(3 + Sqrt[5])]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]
] - (5*I)*Sqrt[-2 + Sqrt[5]]*Log[4 + (2*I)*Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[5])]*x + 2*Sqrt
[2*(3 + Sqrt[5])]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]] - (3*I)*Sqrt[5*(-2 + Sqrt[5])]*Log[4 + (2*
I)*Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[5])]*x + 2*Sqrt[2*(3 + Sqrt[5])]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]] - 5*Sqr
t[2 + Sqrt[5]]*Log[2*(2 + Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[5])]*x + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(-3 + Sqr
t[5])*(-1 + x^2)])] + 3*Sqrt[5*(2 + Sqrt[5])]*Log[2*(2 + Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[
5])]*x + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(-3 + Sqrt[5])*(-1 + x^2)])] + 5*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[5]]*Lo
g[4 - 2*Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[5])]*x + 2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(-3 + Sqrt[5])*(-1 + x^2)
]] - 3*Sqrt[5*(2 + Sqrt[5])]*Log[4 - 2*Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[5])]*x + 2*Sqrt[2]
*Sqrt[(-3 + Sqrt[5])*(-1 + x^2)]])/(4*Sqrt[5])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 468 vs. $2(138) = 276$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 469, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

method	result
parts	$x \ln\left(x^2+\sqrt{-x^2+1}\right) - \frac{\left(\sqrt{5}+1\right)\sqrt{5}\,\arctan\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{5\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}}} + \frac{\left(\sqrt{5}-1\right)\sqrt{5}\,\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{5\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}}} + \arcsin(x) - \frac{(\sqrt{5}+\cdots}{\cdots}$
default	$x \ln\left(x^2+\sqrt{-x^2+1}\right) - \frac{\left(\sqrt{5}+1\right)\sqrt{5}\,\arctan\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{5\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}}} + \frac{\left(\sqrt{5}-1\right)\sqrt{5}\,\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{5\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}}} - 2x + \frac{2\left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\sqrt{5}\,\mathrm{arc}\cdots}{5\sqrt{2-\cdots}}$

```
[In] int(ln(x^2+(-x^2+1)^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] x*ln(x^2+(-x^2+1)^(1/2))-1/5*(5^(1/2)+1)*5^(1/2)/(2+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan
(2*x/(2+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2))+1/5*(5^(1/2)-1)*5^(1/2)/(-2+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arct
anh(2*x/(-2+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2))+arcsin(x)-1/10*(5^(1/2)+1)*5^(1/2)/(2+5^(1/2)
)^(1/2)*arctanh(((-x^2+1)^(1/2)-1)/x/(2+5^(1/2))^(1/2))+1/10*(5^(1/2)-1)*5^
(1/2)/(-2+5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((-x^2+1)^(1/2)-1)/x/(-2+5^(1/2))^(1/2))-1/
10*(5^(1/2)-3)*5^(1/2)/(-2+5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(((-x^2+1)^(1/2)-1)/x/(-2+
5^(1/2))^(1/2))+1/10*(3+5^(1/2))*5^(1/2)/(2+5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((-x^2+1)
^(1/2)-1)/x/(2+5^(1/2))^(1/2))-2/5*5^(1/2)/(2+5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(((-x^2
+1)^(1/2)-1)/x/(2+5^(1/2))^(1/2))-2/5*5^(1/2)/(-2+5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((-
x^2+1)^(1/2)-1)/x/(-2+5^(1/2))^(1/2))+2/5*(-2+5^(1/2))^(1/2)*5^(1/2)*arctan
h(((-x^2+1)^(1/2)-1)/x/(-2+5^(1/2))^(1/2))-2/5*(2+5^(1/2))^(1/2)*5^(1/2)*ar
ctan(((-x^2+1)^(1/2)-1)/x/(2+5^(1/2))^(1/2))+4*arctan(((-x^2+1)^(1/2)-1)/x)
-2*x+2/5*(3+5^(1/2))*5^(1/2)/(2+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(2*x/(2+2*5^(1/2))^(
```

```
1/2))-2/5*(5^(1/2)-3)*5^(1/2)/(-2+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(2*x/(-2+2*5^(1/2
))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 427 vs. $2(138) = 276$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \log\left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)\,dx$$
$$= x\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{-x^2+1}\right)+\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-1}\log\left(2x+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-1}\right)$$
$$-\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-1}\log\left(2x-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-1}\right)+\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{5}-1}\log\left(2x+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{5}-1}\right)$$
$$-\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{5}-1}\log\left(2x-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{5}-1}\right)$$
$$-\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{5}-1}\log\left(-\frac{2x^2+\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{-\sqrt{5}-1}-\sqrt{-x^2+1}\left(\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{-\sqrt{5}-1}-2\right)-2}{x^2}\right)$$
$$+\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{5}-1}\log\left(-\frac{2x^2-\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{-\sqrt{5}-1}+\sqrt{-x^2+1}\left(\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{-\sqrt{5}-1}+2\right)-2}{x^2}\right)$$
$$+\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-1}\log\left(-\frac{2x^2+\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x^2+1}x-\sqrt{2}x\right)\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-1}+2\sqrt{-x^2+1}-2}{x^2}\right)$$
$$-\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-1}\log\left(-\frac{2x^2-\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x^2+1}x-\sqrt{2}x\right)\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-1}+2\sqrt{-x^2+1}-2}{x^2}\right)$$
$$-2x+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x}\right)$$

```
[In] integrate(log(x^2+(-x^2+1)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] x*log(x^2 + sqrt(-x^2 + 1)) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 1)*log(2*x + sqrt(
2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 1)) - 1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 1)*log(2*x - sqrt(2)*sqr
t(sqrt(5) - 1)) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-sqrt(5) - 1)*log(2*x + sqrt(2)*sqrt(-sq
rt(5) - 1)) - 1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-sqrt(5) - 1)*log(2*x - sqrt(2)*sqrt(-sqrt(5
) - 1)) - 1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-sqrt(5) - 1)*log(-(2*x^2 + sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(-sqrt
(5) - 1) - sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*(sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(-sqrt(5) - 1) - 2) - 2)/x^2) + 1/
4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-sqrt(5) - 1)*log(-(2*x^2 - sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(-sqrt(5) - 1) + s
qrt(-x^2 + 1)*(sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(-sqrt(5) - 1) + 2) - 2)/x^2) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*sq
rt(sqrt(5) - 1)*log(-(2*x^2 + (sqrt(2)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*x - sqrt(2)*x)*sqrt(s
qrt(5) - 1) + 2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 2)/x^2) - 1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 1)*lo
```

```
g(-(2*x^2 - (sqrt(2)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*x - sqrt(2)*x)*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 1) + 2*sq
rt(-x^2 + 1) - 2)/x^2) - 2*x + 2*arctan((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \log\left(x^2 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}\right) dx = \int \log\left(x^2 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}\right) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(ln(x**2+(-x**2+1)**(1/2)),x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(log(x**2 + sqrt(1 - x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \log\left(x^2 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}\right) dx = \int \log\left(x^2 + \sqrt{-x^2 + 1}\right) dx$$

```
[In] integrate(log(x^2+(-x^2+1)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] x*log(x^2 + sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(-x + 1)) - x - integrate((x^4 - 2*x^2)/(x^4 -
x^2 + (x^2 - 1)*e^(1/2*log(x + 1) + 1/2*log(-x + 1))), x) + 1/2*log(x + 1)
- 1/2*log(-x + 1)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 301 vs. $2(138) = 276$.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$
\begin{aligned}
&\int \log \left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) dx \\
&= x \log \left(x^2+\sqrt{-x^2+1}\right)-\frac{1}{2} \pi \operatorname{sgn}(x)+\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2 \sqrt{5}+2} \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{5}+\frac{1}{2}}}\right) \\
&\quad-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2 \sqrt{5}+2} \arctan \left(-\frac{\frac{x}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}-\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x}}{\sqrt{2 \sqrt{5}+2}}\right) \\
&\quad+\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2 \sqrt{5}-2} \log \left(\left|x+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{5}-\frac{1}{2}}\right|\right)-\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2 \sqrt{5}-2} \log \left(\left|x-\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{5}-\frac{1}{2}}\right|\right) \\
&\quad-\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2 \sqrt{5}-2} \log \left(\left|\sqrt{2 \sqrt{5}-2}-\frac{x}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}+\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x}\right|\right) \\
&\quad+\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2 \sqrt{5}-2} \log \left(\left|-\sqrt{2 \sqrt{5}-2}-\frac{x}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}+\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1}{x}\right|\right) \\
&\quad-2 x-\arctan \left(-\frac{x\left(\frac{\left(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1\right)^2}{x^2}-1\right)}{2\left(\sqrt{-x^2+1}-1\right)}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

```
[In] integrate(log(x^2+(-x^2+1)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
[Out] x*log(x^2 + sqrt(-x^2 + 1)) - 1/2*pi*sgn(x) + 1/2*sqrt(2*sqrt(5) + 2)*arcta
n(x/sqrt(1/2*sqrt(5) + 1/2)) - 1/2*sqrt(2*sqrt(5) + 2)*arctan(-(x/(sqrt(-x^
2 + 1) - 1) - (sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(5) + 2)) + 1/4*sqrt(2*sqr
t(5) - 2)*log(abs(x + sqrt(1/2*sqrt(5) - 1/2))) - 1/4*sqrt(2*sqrt(5) - 2)*l
og(abs(x - sqrt(1/2*sqrt(5) - 1/2))) - 1/4*sqrt(2*sqrt(5) - 2)*log(abs(sqrt
(2*sqrt(5) - 2) - x/(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1) + (sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x)) + 1/4*s
qrt(2*sqrt(5) - 2)*log(abs(-sqrt(2*sqrt(5) - 2) - x/(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1) +
(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x)) - 2*x - arctan(-1/2*x*((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)^2/x^2
- 1)/(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 608, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$
\begin{aligned}
\int \log\left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)\,dx &= x\,\ln\left(x^2+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)-\operatorname{asin}(x)-2\,x \\
&+\frac{\ln\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{2}\,\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-1}}{2}\right)\,\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{5}{2}\right)}{2\,\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}+4\,{\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}\right)}^{3/2}} \\
&-\frac{\ln\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{2}\,\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-1}}{2}\right)\,\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{5}{2}\right)}{2\,\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}+4\,{\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}\right)}^{3/2}} \\
&-\frac{\ln\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{2}\,\sqrt{-\sqrt{5}-1}}{2}\right)\,\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{5}{2}\right)}{2\,\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}+4\,{\left(-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}\right)}^{3/2}} \\
&+\frac{\ln\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{2}\,\sqrt{-\sqrt{5}-1}}{2}\right)\,\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{5}{2}\right)}{2\,\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}+4\,{\left(-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}\right)}^{3/2}} \\
&+\frac{\ln\left(\frac{\frac{\left(x\,\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}+1\right)\,1{}\mathrm{i}}{\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}}}+\sqrt{1-x^2}\,1{}\mathrm{i}}{x+\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}}\right)\,\left(\frac{3\,\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{5}{2}\right)}{\left(2\,\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}+4\,{\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}\right)}^{3/2}\right)\,\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}}} \\
&-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{\frac{\left(x\,\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}+1\right)\,1{}\mathrm{i}}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{3}{2}}}+\sqrt{1-x^2}\,1{}\mathrm{i}}{x+\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}}\right)\,\left(\frac{3\,\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{5}{2}\right)}{\left(2\,\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}+4\,{\left(-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}\right)}^{3/2}\right)\,\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{3}{2}}} \\
&-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{\frac{\left(x\,\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}-1\right)\,1{}\mathrm{i}}{\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}}}-\sqrt{1-x^2}\,1{}\mathrm{i}}{x-\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}}\right)\,\left(\frac{3\,\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{5}{2}\right)}{\left(2\,\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}+4\,{\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}\right)}^{3/2}\right)\,\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}}} \\
&+\frac{\ln\left(\frac{\frac{\left(x\,\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}-1\right)\,1{}\mathrm{i}}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{3}{2}}}-\sqrt{1-x^2}\,1{}\mathrm{i}}{x-\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}}\right)\,\left(\frac{3\,\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{5}{2}\right)}{\left(2\,\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}}+4\,{\left(-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}-\frac{1}{2}\right)}^{3/2}\right)\,\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{3}{2}}}
\end{aligned}
$$

```
[In] int(log(x^2 + (1 - x^2)^(1/2)),x)

[Out] x*log(x^2 + (1 - x^2)^(1/2)) - asin(x) - 2*x + (log(x - (2^(1/2)*(5^(1/2) -
 1)^(1/2))/2)*(5^(1/2)/2 - 5/2))/(2*(5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(1/2) + 4*(5^(1/2)/2
- 1/2)^(3/2)) - (log(x + (2^(1/2)*(5^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2))/2)*(5^(1/2)/2 - 5/2)
)/(2*(5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(1/2) + 4*(5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(3/2)) - (log(x - (2^(1/
2)*(- 5^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2))/2)*(5^(1/2)/2 + 5/2))/(2*(- 5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(1/2
) + 4*(- 5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(3/2)) + (log(x + (2^(1/2)*(- 5^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2))
/2)*(5^(1/2)/2 + 5/2))/(2*(- 5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(1/2) + 4*(- 5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)
^(3/2)) + (log((((x*(5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(1/2) + 1)*1i)/(3/2 - 5^(1/2)/2)^(1/2
) + (1 - x^2)^(1/2)*1i)/(x + (5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(1/2)))*((3*5^(1/2))/2 - 5/2
))/((2*(5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(1/2) + 4*(5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(3/2))*(3/2 - 5^(1/2)/
2)^(1/2)) - (log((((x*(- 5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(1/2) + 1)*1i)/(5^(1/2)/2 + 3/2)^
(1/2) + (1 - x^2)^(1/2)*1i)/(x + (- 5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(1/2)))*((3*5^(1/2))/2
 + 5/2))/((2*(- 5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(1/2) + 4*(- 5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(3/2))*(5^(1
/2)/2 + 3/2)^(1/2)) - (log((((x*(5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(1/2) - 1)*1i)/(3/2 - 5^(
1/2)/2)^(1/2) - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)*1i)/(x - (5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(1/2)))*((3*5^(1
/2))/2 - 5/2))/((2*(5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(1/2) + 4*(5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(3/2))*(3/
2 - 5^(1/2)/2)^(1/2)) + (log((((x*(- 5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(1/2) - 1)*1i)/(5^(1/
2)/2 + 3/2)^(1/2) - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)*1i)/(x - (- 5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(1/2)))*((
3*5^(1/2))/2 + 5/2))/((2*(- 5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^(1/2) + 4*(- 5^(1/2)/2 - 1/2)^
(3/2))*(5^(1/2)/2 + 3/2)^(1/2))
```

3.27 $\int \frac{\log(1+e^x)}{1+e^{2x}} dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{\log(1+e^x)}{1+e^{2x}}\,dx = -\frac{1}{2}\log\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(i-e^x)\right)\log(1+e^x) - \frac{1}{2}\log\left(\left(-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(i+e^x)\right)\log(1+e^x) - \text{PolyLog}(2,-e^x) - \frac{1}{2}\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(1+e^x)\right) - \frac{1}{2}\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)(1+e^x)\right)$$

```
[Out] -1/2*ln((1/2-1/2*I)*(I-exp(x)))*ln(1+exp(x))-1/2*ln((-1/2-1/2*I)*(I+exp(x))
)*ln(1+exp(x))-polylog(2,-exp(x))-1/2*polylog(2,(1/2-1/2*I)*(1+exp(x)))-1/2
*polylog(2,(1/2+1/2*I)*(1+exp(x)))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.625, Rules used = {2320, 272, 36, 29, 31, 2463, 2438, 266, 2441, 2440}

$$\int \frac{\log(1+e^x)}{1+e^{2x}}\,dx = -\text{PolyLog}(2,-e^x) - \frac{1}{2}\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(1+e^x)\right) - \frac{1}{2}\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)(1+e^x)\right) - \frac{1}{2}\log\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(-e^x+i)\right)\log(e^x+1) - \frac{1}{2}\log\left(\left(-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(e^x+i)\right)\log(e^x+1)$$

```
[In] Int[Log[1 + E^x]/(1 + E^(2*x)),x]
```

```
[Out] -1/2*(Log[(1/2 - I/2)*(I - E^x)]*Log[1 + E^x]) - (Log[(-1/2 - I/2)*(I + E^x
)]*Log[1 + E^x])/2 - PolyLog[2, -E^x] - PolyLog[2, (1/2 - I/2)*(1 + E^x)]/2
 - PolyLog[2, (1/2 + I/2)*(1 + E^x)]/2
```

Rule 29

```
Int[(x_)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[x], x]
```

Rule 31

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x,
x]]/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

Rule 36

```
Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] :> Dist[b/(b*c
 - a*d), Int[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - Dist[d/(b*c - a*d), Int[1/(c + d*x), x],
 x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

Rule 266

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveConten
t[a + b*x^n, x]]/(b*n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1]
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[
Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 2320

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Dist[v/D[v, x]
, Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Functi
onOfExponentialQ[u, x] &&  !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ[
{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] &&  !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))*
(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 2440

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))]*(b_.))/((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)), x_
Symbol] :> Dist[1/g, Subst[Int[(a + b*Log[1 + c*e*(x/g)])/x, x], x, f + g*x
```

```
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && EqQ[g + c*
(e*f - d*g), 0]
```

Rule 2441

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(n_.)]*(b_.))/((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_
)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[e*((f + g*x)/(e*f - d*g))]*((a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x
)^n])/g), x] - Dist[b*e*(n/g), Int[Log[(e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g)]/(d + e*x)
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0]
```

Rule 2463

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((h_.)*(x_))
^(m_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(r_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a
 + b*Log[c*(d + e*x)^n])^p, (h*x)^m*(f + g*x^r)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e, f, g, h, m, n, p, q, r}, x] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[q]
```

Rubi steps

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(1+x)}{x\,(1+x^2)}\,dx, x, e^x\right)\\
&= \text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{\log(1+x)}{x} - \frac{x\log(1+x)}{1+x^2}\right)\,dx, x, e^x\right)\\
&= \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(1+x)}{x}\,dx, x, e^x\right) - \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x\log(1+x)}{1+x^2}\,dx, x, e^x\right)\\
&= -\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-e^x\right) - \text{Subst}\left(\int \left(-\frac{\log(1+x)}{2(i-x)} + \frac{\log(1+x)}{2(i+x)}\right)\,dx, x, e^x\right)\\
&= -\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-e^x\right) + \frac{1}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(1+x)}{i-x}\,dx, x, e^x\right) - \frac{1}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(1+x)}{i+x}\,dx, x, e^x\right)\\
&= -\frac{1}{2}\log\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(i-e^x)\right)\log\left(1+e^x\right) - \frac{1}{2}\log\left(\left(-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(i+e^x)\right)\log\left(1+e^x\right)\\
&\quad - \text{PolyLog}\left(2,-e^x\right) + \frac{1}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(i-x)\right)}{1+x}\,dx, x, e^x\right)\\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\left(-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(i+x)\right)}{1+x}\,dx, x, e^x\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}\log\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(i-e^x)\right)\log(1+e^x) - \frac{1}{2}\log\left(\left(-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(i+e^x)\right)\log(1+e^x) - \text{PolyLog}(2,-e^x) + \frac{1}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\log\left(1-\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)x\right)}{x}\,dx, x, 1+e^x\right) + \frac{1}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\log\left(1-\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)x\right)}{x}\,dx, x, 1+e^x\right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}\log\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(i-e^x)\right)\log(1+e^x) - \frac{1}{2}\log\left(\left(-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(i+e^x)\right)\log(1+e^x) - \text{PolyLog}(2,-e^x) - \frac{1}{2}\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(1+e^x)\right) - \frac{1}{2}\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)(1+e^x)\right)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int\frac{\log(1+e^x)}{1+e^{2x}}\,dx = -\frac{1}{2}\log\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(i-e^x)\right)\log(1+e^x) - \frac{1}{2}\log\left(\left(-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(i+e^x)\right)\log(1+e^x) - \text{PolyLog}(2,-e^x) - \frac{1}{2}\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)(1+e^x)\right) - \frac{1}{2}\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)(1+e^x)\right)$$

```
[In] Integrate[Log[1 + E^x]/(1 + E^(2*x)),x]
```

```
[Out] -1/2*(Log[(1/2 - I/2)*(I - E^x)]*Log[1 + E^x]) - (Log[(-1/2 - I/2)*(I + E^x
)]*Log[1 + E^x])/2 - PolyLog[2, -E^x] - PolyLog[2, (1/2 - I/2)*(1 + E^x)]/2
 - PolyLog[2, (1/2 + I/2)*(1 + E^x)]/2
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
risch	$-\operatorname{dilog}(1+e^x) - \frac{\ln(1+e^x)\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{e^x}{2}+\frac{i(1+e^x)}{2}\right)}{2} - \frac{\ln(1+e^x)\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{e^x}{2}-\frac{i(1+e^x)}{2}\right)}{2} - \frac{\operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{e^x}{2}+\frac{i(1+e^x)}{2}\right)}{2} - \operatorname{dilog}($

```
[In] int(ln(1+exp(x))/(1+exp(2*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] -dilog(1+exp(x))-1/2*ln(1+exp(x))*ln(1/2-1/2*exp(x)+1/2*I*(1+exp(x)))-1/2*l
n(1+exp(x))*ln(1/2-1/2*exp(x)-1/2*I*(1+exp(x)))-1/2*dilog(1/2-1/2*exp(x)+1/
2*I*(1+exp(x)))-1/2*dilog(1/2-1/2*exp(x)-1/2*I*(1+exp(x)))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log (1+e^x)}{1+e^{2x}}\,dx=\int \frac{\log (e^x+1)}{e^{(2\,x)}+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(log(1+exp(x))/(1+exp(2*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] integral(log(e^x + 1)/(e^(2*x) + 1), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\log (1+e^x)}{1+e^{2x}}\,dx=\int \frac{\log (e^x+1)}{e^{2x}+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(ln(1+exp(x))/(1+exp(2*x)),x)
[Out] Integral(log(exp(x) + 1)/(exp(2*x) + 1), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log (1+e^x)}{1+e^{2x}}\,dx=\int \frac{\log (e^x+1)}{e^{(2\,x)}+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(log(1+exp(x))/(1+exp(2*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] integrate(log(e^x + 1)/(e^(2*x) + 1), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log (1+e^x)}{1+e^{2x}}\,dx=\int \frac{\log (e^x+1)}{e^{(2\,x)}+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(log(1+exp(x))/(1+exp(2*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(log(e^x + 1)/(e^(2*x) + 1), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log \left(1+e^x\right)}{1+e^{2x}}\,dx=\int \frac{\ln \left({\mathrm{e}}^x+1\right)}{{\mathrm{e}}^{2\,x}+1} \,d x$$

```
[In] int(log(exp(x) + 1)/(exp(2*x) + 1),x)
[Out] int(log(exp(x) + 1)/(exp(2*x) + 1), x)
```

3.28 $\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(1+\cosh^2(x)\right)\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(1+\cosh^2(x)\right)\,dx = -8\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)+4i\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + 8\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}+i\sinh(x)}\right) + 4\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right) + 4i\sqrt{2}\,\text{PolyLog}\left(2,1-\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}+i\sinh(x)}\right) + 8\sinh(x)-4\log\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) + \log^2\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x)$$

```
[Out] 8*sinh(x)-4*ln(2+sinh(x)^2)*sinh(x)+ln(2+sinh(x)^2)^2*sinh(x)-8*arctan(1/2*
sinh(x)*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)+4*I*arctan(1/2*sinh(x)*2^(1/2))^2*2^(1/2)+4*arctan
(1/2*sinh(x)*2^(1/2))*ln(2+sinh(x)^2)*2^(1/2)+8*arctan(1/2*sinh(x)*2^(1/2))
*ln(2*2^(1/2)/(I*sinh(x)+2^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)+4*I*polylog(2,1-2*2^(1/2)/(I*sin
h(x)+2^(1/2)))*2^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 1.000, Rules used = {4443, 2500, 2526, 2498, 327, 209, 2520, 12, 5040, 4964, 2449, 2352}

$$\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(1+\cosh^2(x)\right)\,dx = 4i\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 - 8\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + 4\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log\left(\sinh^2(x)+2\right) + 8\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}+i\sinh(x)}\right) + 4i\sqrt{2}\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,1-\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{i\sinh(x)+\sqrt{2}}\right) + 8\sinh(x) + \sinh(x)\log^2\left(\sinh^2(x)+2\right) - 4\sinh(x)\log\left(\sinh^2(x)+2\right)$$

```
[In] Int[Cosh[x]*Log[1 + Cosh[x]^2]^2,x]
```

```
[Out] -8*Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[Sinh[x]/Sqrt[2]] + (4*I)*Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[Sinh[x]/Sqrt[2]]^
2 + 8*Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[Sinh[x]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[(2*Sqrt[2])/(Sqrt[2] + I*Sinh[x])
] + 4*Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[Sinh[x]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[2 + Sinh[x]^2] + (4*I)*Sqrt[2]*Po
lyLog[2, 1 - (2*Sqrt[2])/(Sqrt[2] + I*Sinh[x])] + 8*Sinh[x] - 4*Log[2 + Sin
h[x]^2]*Sinh[x] + Log[2 + Sinh[x]^2]^2*Sinh[x]
```

Rule 12

```
Int[(a_)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[a, Int[u, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] &&  !Match
Q[u, (b_)*(v_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

Rule 209

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 327

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(n
 - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Dist[
a*c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x],
 x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*p
 + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

Rule 2352

```
Int[Log[(c_.)*(x_)]/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-e^(-1))*PolyLo
g[2, 1 - c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[e + c*d, 0]
```

Rule 2449

```
Int[Log[(c_.)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))]/((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Dist
[-e/g, Subst[Int[Log[2*d*x]/(1 - 2*d*x), x], x, 1/(d + e*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{
c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c, 2*d] && EqQ[e^2*f + d^2*g, 0]
```

Rule 2498

```
Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*Log[c*(d
 + e*x^n)^p], x] - Dist[e*n*p, Int[x^n/(d + e*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d,
e, n, p}, x]
```

Rule 2500

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)]*(b_.))^(q_), x_Symbo
l] :> Simp[x*(a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x^n)^p])^q, x] - Dist[b*e*n*p*q, Int[x^n*(
(a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x^n)^p])^(q - 1)/(d + e*x^n)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e, n, p}, x] && IGtQ[q, 0] && (EqQ[q, 1] || IntegerQ[n])
```

Rule 2520

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)]*(b_.))/((f_) + (g_.)
*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> With[{u = IntHide[1/(f + g*x^2), x]}, Simp[u*(a + b*
Log[c*(d + e*x^n)^p]), x] - Dist[b*e*n*p, Int[u*(x^(n - 1)/(d + e*x^n)), x]
, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 2526

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)]*(b_.))^(q_.)*(x_)^(m
_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(s_))^(r_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b
*Log[c*(d + e*x^n)^p])^q, x^m*(f + g*x^s)^r, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, g, m, n, p, q, r, s}, x] && IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[r] &
& IntegerQ[s]
```

Rule 4443

```
Int[Cosh[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))]*(u_), x_Symbol] :> With[{d = FreeFacto
rs[Sinh[c*(a + b*x)], x]}, Dist[d/(b*c), Subst[Int[SubstFor[1, Sinh[c*(a +
b*x)]/d, u, x], x], x, Sinh[c*(a + b*x)]/d], x] /; FunctionOfQ[Sinh[c*(a +
b*x)]/d, u, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

Rule 4964

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcTan[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(p_.)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
 :> Simp[(-(a + b*ArcTan[c*x])^p)*(Log[2/(1 + e*(x/d))]/e), x] + Dist[b*c*(
p/e), Int[(a + b*ArcTan[c*x])^(p - 1)*(Log[2/(1 + e*(x/d))]/(1 + c^2*x^2)),
 x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[c^2*d^2 + e^2, 0]
```

Rule 5040

```
Int[(((a_.) + ArcTan[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(x_))/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-I)*((a + b*ArcTan[c*x])^(p + 1)/(b*e*(p + 1))), x] - Di
st[1/(c*d), Int[(a + b*ArcTan[c*x])^p/(I - c*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e}, x] && EqQ[e, c^2*d] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= \text{Subst}\left(\int \log^2\left(2+x^2\right)\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)\\
&= \log^2\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) - 4\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x^2\log\left(2+x^2\right)}{2+x^2}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)\\
&= \log^2\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) - 4\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\log\left(2+x^2\right) - \frac{2\log\left(2+x^2\right)}{2+x^2}\right)\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)\\
&= \log^2\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) - 4\text{Subst}\left(\int \log\left(2+x^2\right)\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)\\
&\quad + 8\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(2+x^2\right)}{2+x^2}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)\\
&= 4\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right) - 4\log\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x)\\
&\quad + \log^2\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) + 8\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x^2}{2+x^2}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)\\
&\quad - 16\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x\arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\left(2+x^2\right)}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)\\
&= 4\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right) + 8\sinh(x) - 4\log\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x)\\
&\quad + \log^2\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) - 16\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{2+x^2}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)\\
&\quad - \left(8\sqrt{2}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x\arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2+x^2}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$= -8\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + 4i\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2$$
$$+4\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)+8\sinh(x)-4\log\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x)$$
$$+\log^2\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) + 8\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{i-\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)$$

$$= -8\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + 4i\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2$$
$$+ 8\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}+i\sinh(x)}\right)$$
$$+4\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)+8\sinh(x)-4\log\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x)$$
$$+\log^2\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) - 8\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\frac{2}{1+\frac{ix}{\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{1+\frac{x^2}{2}}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)$$

$$= -8\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + 4i\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2$$
$$+ 8\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}+i\sinh(x)}\right)$$
$$+4\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)+8\sinh(x)-4\log\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x)$$
$$+\log^2\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) + \left(8i\sqrt{2}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(2x)}{1-2x}\,dx, x, \frac{1}{1+\frac{i\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}}\right)$$

$$= -8\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + 4i\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2$$
$$+ 8\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}+i\sinh(x)}\right)$$
$$+ 4\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\log\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)$$
$$+ 4i\sqrt{2}\,\text{PolyLog}\left(2, 1-\frac{4}{2+i\sqrt{2}\sinh(x)}\right) + 8\sinh(x)$$
$$- 4\log\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) + \log^2\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(1+\cosh^2(x)\right)\,dx = 4\sqrt{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\left(-2+i\arctan\left(\frac{\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{2}}\right)+2\log\left(\frac{4i}{2i-\sqrt{2}\sinh(x)}\right)+\log\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\right)+4i\sqrt{2}\,\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2i+\sqrt{2}\sinh(x)}{-2i+\sqrt{2}\sinh(x)}\right)+\left(8-4\log\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)+\log^2\left(2+\sinh^2(x)\right)\right)\sinh(x)$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cosh[x]*Log[1 + Cosh[x]^2]^2,x]
[Out] 4*Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[Sinh[x]/Sqrt[2]]*(-2 + I*ArcTan[Sinh[x]/Sqrt[2]] + 2*Log[(
4*I)/(2*I - Sqrt[2]*Sinh[x])] + Log[2 + Sinh[x]^2]) + (4*I)*Sqrt[2]*PolyLog
[2, (2*I + Sqrt[2]*Sinh[x])/(-2*I + Sqrt[2]*Sinh[x])] + (8 - 4*Log[2 + Sinh
[x]^2] + Log[2 + Sinh[x]^2]^2)*Sinh[x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \cosh(x)\ln\left(1+\cosh^2(x)\right)^2 dx$$

```
[In] int(cosh(x)*ln(1+cosh(x)^2)^2,x)
[Out] int(cosh(x)*ln(1+cosh(x)^2)^2,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(1+\cosh^2(x)\right)\,dx = \int \cosh(x)\log\left(\cosh(x)^2+1\right)^2 dx$$

```
[In] integrate(cosh(x)*log(1+cosh(x)^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] integral(cosh(x)*log(cosh(x)^2 + 1)^2, x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(1+\cosh^2(x)\right)\,dx = \int \log\left(\cosh^2(x)+1\right)^2\cosh(x)\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(cosh(x)*ln(1+cosh(x)**2)**2,x)
[Out] Integral(log(cosh(x)**2 + 1)**2*cosh(x), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(1+\cosh^2(x)\right)\,dx = \int \cosh(x)\log\left(\cosh(x)^2+1\right)^2\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(cosh(x)*log(1+cosh(x)^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] 1/2*(e^(2*x) - 1)*e^(-x)*log(e^(4*x) + 6*e^(2*x) + 1)^2 - 2*(e^(-x) + integ
rate((e^(2*x) + 6)*e^x/(e^(4*x) + 6*e^(2*x) + 1), x))*log(2)^2 + 2*(e^x - i
ntegrate((6*e^(2*x) + 1)*e^x/(e^(4*x) + 6*e^(2*x) + 1), x))*log(2)^2 + 14*i
ntegrate(e^(3*x)/(e^(4*x) + 6*e^(2*x) + 1), x)*log(2)^2 + 14*integrate(e^x/
(e^(4*x) + 6*e^(2*x) + 1), x)*log(2)^2 + 4*integrate(x*e^(6*x)/(e^(5*x) + 6
*e^(3*x) + e^x), x)*log(2) + 28*integrate(x*e^(4*x)/(e^(5*x) + 6*e^(3*x) +
e^x), x)*log(2) + 28*integrate(x*e^(2*x)/(e^(5*x) + 6*e^(3*x) + e^x), x)*lo
g(2) - 2*integrate(e^(6*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 6*e^(2*x) + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 6*e^(3*x
) + e^x), x)*log(2) - 14*integrate(e^(4*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 6*e^(2*x) + 1)/(e^
(5*x) + 6*e^(3*x) + e^x), x)*log(2) - 14*integrate(e^(2*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 6*
e^(2*x) + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 6*e^(3*x) + e^x), x)*log(2) + 4*integrate(x/(e^(5*x
) + 6*e^(3*x) + e^x), x)*log(2) - 2*integrate(log(e^(4*x) + 6*e^(2*x) + 1)/
(e^(5*x) + 6*e^(3*x) + e^x), x)*log(2) + 2*integrate(x^2*e^(6*x)/(e^(5*x) +
 6*e^(3*x) + e^x), x) + 14*integrate(x^2*e^(4*x)/(e^(5*x) + 6*e^(3*x) + e^x
), x) + 14*integrate(x^2*e^(2*x)/(e^(5*x) + 6*e^(3*x) + e^x), x) - 2*integr
ate(x*e^(6*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 6*e^(2*x) + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 6*e^(3*x) + e^x), x)
- 14*integrate(x*e^(4*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 6*e^(2*x) + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 6*e^(3*x)
+ e^x), x) - 14*integrate(x*e^(2*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 6*e^(2*x) + 1)/(e^(5*x) +
 6*e^(3*x) + e^x), x) + 2*integrate(x^2/(e^(5*x) + 6*e^(3*x) + e^x), x) - 2
*integrate(x*log(e^(4*x) + 6*e^(2*x) + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 6*e^(3*x) + e^x), x) -
 4*integrate(e^(6*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 6*e^(2*x) + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 6*e^(3*x) + e^
x), x) - 8*integrate(e^(4*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 6*e^(2*x) + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 6*e^(3
*x) + e^x), x) + 12*integrate(e^(2*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 6*e^(2*x) + 1)/(e^(5*x)
 + 6*e^(3*x) + e^x), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(1+\cosh^2(x)\right)\,dx = \int \cosh\left(x\right)\log\left(\cosh\left(x\right)^2+1\right)^2\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(cosh(x)*log(1+cosh(x)^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(cosh(x)*log(cosh(x)^2 + 1)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(1+\cosh^2(x)\right)\,dx = \int \ln\left(\cosh(x)^2+1\right)^2\cosh(x)\,dx$$

```
[In] int(log(cosh(x)^2 + 1)^2*cosh(x),x)
[Out] int(log(cosh(x)^2 + 1)^2*cosh(x), x)
```

3.29 $\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(\cosh^2(x)+\sinh(x)\right)\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 395

$$\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(\cosh^2(x)+\sinh(x)\right)\,dx = -4\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{1+2\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\log^2\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right) - \left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(\frac{i\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)}{2\sqrt{3}}\right)\log\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right) - \frac{1}{2}\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log^2\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right) - \left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\log\left(-\frac{i\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)}{2\sqrt{3}}\right) - 2\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right) + \left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right) + \left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right) - \left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{i-\sqrt{3}+2i\sinh(x)}{2\sqrt{3}}\right) - \left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{i+\sqrt{3}+2i\sinh(x)}{2\sqrt{3}}\right) + 8\sinh(x) - 4\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) + \log^2\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x)$$

```
[Out] -2*ln(1+sinh(x)+sinh(x)^2)+8*sinh(x)-4*ln(1+sinh(x)+sinh(x)^2)*sinh(x)+ln(1
+sinh(x)+sinh(x)^2)^2*sinh(x)+ln(1+sinh(x)+sinh(x)^2)*ln(1+2*sinh(x)-I*3^(1
/2))*(1-I*3^(1/2))-1/2*ln(1+2*sinh(x)-I*3^(1/2))^2*(1-I*3^(1/2))-ln(1+2*sin
h(x)-I*3^(1/2))*ln(-1/6*I*(1+2*sinh(x)+I*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2))*(1-I*3^(1/2))-po
lylog(2,1/6*(I+2*I*sinh(x)+3^(1/2))*3^(1/2))*(1-I*3^(1/2))+ln(1+sinh(x)+sin
h(x)^2)*ln(1+2*sinh(x)+I*3^(1/2))*(1+I*3^(1/2))-1/2*ln(1+2*sinh(x)+I*3^(1/2
))^2*(1+I*3^(1/2))-ln(1+2*sinh(x)+I*3^(1/2))*ln(1/6*I*(1+2*sinh(x)-I*3^(1/2
))*3^(1/2))*(1+I*3^(1/2))-polylog(2,1/6*(-I-2*I*sinh(x)+3^(1/2))*3^(1/2))*(
1+I*3^(1/2))-4*arctan(1/3*(1+2*sinh(x))*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 28, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 1.154, Rules used = {4443, 2603, 2608, 787, 648, 632, 210, 642, 2604, 2465, 2437, 2338, 2441, 2440, 2438}

$$\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(\cosh^2(x)+\sinh(x)\right)\,dx$$
$$= -4\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{2\sinh(x)+1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)-\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{2i\sinh(x)-\sqrt{3}+i}{2\sqrt{3}}\right)$$
$$-\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2i\sinh(x)+\sqrt{3}+i}{2\sqrt{3}}\right)$$
$$+8\sinh(x)+\sinh(x)\log^2\left(\sinh^2(x)+\sinh(x)+1\right)$$
$$-\frac{1}{2}\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\log^2\left(2\sinh(x)-i\sqrt{3}+1\right)-\frac{1}{2}\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log^2\left(2\sinh(x)+i\sqrt{3}+1\right)$$
$$+\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(\sinh^2(x)+\sinh(x)+1\right)\log\left(2\sinh(x)-i\sqrt{3}+1\right)$$
$$+\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(2\sinh(x)+i\sqrt{3}+1\right)\log\left(\sinh^2(x)+\sinh(x)+1\right)$$
$$-2\log\left(\sinh^2(x)+\sinh(x)+1\right)-4\sinh(x)\log\left(\sinh^2(x)+\sinh(x)+1\right)$$
$$-\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(-\frac{i(2\sinh(x)+i\sqrt{3}+1)}{2\sqrt{3}}\right)\log\left(2\sinh(x)-i\sqrt{3}+1\right)$$
$$-\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(\frac{i(2\sinh(x)-i\sqrt{3}+1)}{2\sqrt{3}}\right)\log\left(2\sinh(x)+i\sqrt{3}+1\right)$$

```
[In] Int[Cosh[x]*Log[Cosh[x]^2 + Sinh[x]]^2,x]
```

```
[Out] -4*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + 2*Sinh[x])/Sqrt[3]] - ((1 - I*Sqrt[3])*Log[1 - I*Sqr
t[3] + 2*Sinh[x]]^2)/2 - (1 + I*Sqrt[3])*Log[((I/2)*(1 - I*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sinh
[x]))/Sqrt[3]]*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sinh[x]] - ((1 + I*Sqrt[3])*Log[1 + I*
Sqrt[3] + 2*Sinh[x]]^2)/2 - (1 - I*Sqrt[3])*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sinh[x]]*
Log[((-1/2*I)*(1 + I*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sinh[x]))/Sqrt[3]] - 2*Log[1 + Sinh[x] + S
inh[x]^2] + (1 - I*Sqrt[3])*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sinh[x]]*Log[1 + Sinh[x]
+ Sinh[x]^2] + (1 + I*Sqrt[3])*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sinh[x]]*Log[1 + Sinh[
x] + Sinh[x]^2] - (1 + I*Sqrt[3])*PolyLog[2, -1/2*(I - Sqrt[3] + (2*I)*Sinh
[x])/Sqrt[3]] - (1 - I*Sqrt[3])*PolyLog[2, (I + Sqrt[3] + (2*I)*Sinh[x])/(2
*Sqrt[3])] + 8*Sinh[x] - 4*Log[1 + Sinh[x] + Sinh[x]^2]*Sinh[x] + Log[1 + S
inh[x] + Sinh[x]^2]^2*Sinh[x]
```

<u>Rule 210</u>

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(
-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] &
```

```
& (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 632

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-2, Subst[I
nt[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c},
x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Rule 642

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> S
imp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

Rule 648

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> D
ist[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c), Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Dist[e/(2*c), In
t[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ
[2*c*d - b*e, 0] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] &&  !NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

Rule 787

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*
(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*g*(x/c), x] + Dist[1/c, Int[(c*d*f - a*e*g + (
c*e*f + c*d*g - b*e*g)*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, f, g}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Rule 2338

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*Lo
g[c*x^n])^2/(2*b*n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]
```

Rule 2437

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((f_) + (g_.
)*(x_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/e, Subst[Int[(f*(x/d))^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^
n])^p, x], x, d + e*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p, q}, x] && E
qQ[e*f - d*g, 0]
```

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 2440

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))]*(b_.))/((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)), x_
Symbol] :> Dist[1/g, Subst[Int[(a + b*Log[1 + c*e*(x/g)])/x, x], x, f + g*x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && EqQ[g + c*
(e*f - d*g), 0]
```

Rule 2441

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(n_.)]*(b_.))/((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_
)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[e*((f + g*x)/(e*f - d*g))]*((a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x
)^n])/g), x] - Dist[b*e*(n/g), Int[Log[(e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g)]/(d + e*x)
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0]
```

Rule 2465

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(RFx_), x_Sy
mbol] :> With[{u = ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x)^n])^p, RFx, x]},
Int[u, x] /; SumQ[u]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[
RFx, x] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Rule 2603

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(RFx_)^(p_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*(a +
 b*Log[c*RFx^p])^n, x] - Dist[b*n*p, Int[SimplifyIntegrand[x*(a + b*Log[c*R
Fx^p])^(n - 1)*(D[RFx, x]/RFx), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && Rat
ionalFunctionQ[RFx, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 2604

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(RFx_)^(p_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[Log[d + e*x]*((a + b*Log[c*RFx^p])^n/e), x] - Dist[b*n*(p/e)
, Int[Log[d + e*x]*(a + b*Log[c*RFx^p])^(n - 1)*(D[RFx, x]/RFx), x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 2608

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(RFx_)^(p_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(RGx_), x_Symbol] :> With
[{u = ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Log[c*RFx^p])^n, RGx, x]}, Int[u, x] /; SumQ[u
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx, x] && RationalFuncti
onQ[RGx, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 4443

```
Int[Cosh[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))]*(u_), x_Symbol] :> With[{d = FreeFacto
rs[Sinh[c*(a + b*x)], x]}, Dist[d/(b*c), Subst[Int[SubstFor[1, Sinh[c*(a +
b*x)]/d, u, x], x], x, Sinh[c*(a + b*x)]/d], x] /; FunctionOfQ[Sinh[c*(a +
b*x)]/d, u, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = \text{Subst}\left(\int \log^2\left(1+x+x^2\right)\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)$$

$$= \log^2\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) - 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x(1+2x)\log\left(1+x+x^2\right)}{1+x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)$$

$$= \log^2\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) - 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(2\log\left(1+x+x^2\right) - \frac{(2+x)\log\left(1+x+x^2\right)}{1+x+x^2}\right)\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)$$

$$= \log^2\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) + 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(2+x)\log\left(1+x+x^2\right)}{1+x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right) - 4\text{Subst}\left(\int \log\left(1+x+x^2\right)\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)$$

$$= -4\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) + \log^2\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) + 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1+x+x^2\right)}{1-i\sqrt{3}+2x} + \frac{\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1+x+x^2\right)}{1+i\sqrt{3}+2x}\right)\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right) + 4\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x(1+2x)}{1+x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)$$

$$= 8\sinh(x) - 4\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) + \log^2\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) + 4\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{-2-x}{1+x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right) + \left(2\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1+x+x^2\right)}{1-i\sqrt{3}+2x}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right) + \left(2\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1+x+x^2\right)}{1+i\sqrt{3}+2x}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= \left(1 - i\sqrt{3}\right) \log\left(1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2\sinh(x)\right) \log\left(1 + \sinh(x) + \sinh^2(x)\right) \\
&\quad + \left(1 + i\sqrt{3}\right) \log\left(1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2\sinh(x)\right) \log\left(1 + \sinh(x) + \sinh^2(x)\right) + 8\sinh(x) \\
&\quad - 4\log\left(1 + \sinh(x) + \sinh^2(x)\right) \sinh(x) + \log^2\left(1 + \sinh(x) + \sinh^2(x)\right) \sinh(x) \\
&\quad - 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1 + 2x}{1 + x + x^2}\, dx, x, \sinh(x)\right) - 6\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{1 + x + x^2}\, dx, x, \sinh(x)\right) \\
&\quad + \left(-1 - i\sqrt{3}\right) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(1 + 2x)\log\left(1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2x\right)}{1 + x + x^2}\, dx, x, \sinh(x)\right) \\
&\quad + \left(-1 + i\sqrt{3}\right) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(1 + 2x)\log\left(1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2x\right)}{1 + x + x^2}\, dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= -2\log\left(1 + \sinh(x) + \sinh^2(x)\right) \\
&\quad + \left(1 - i\sqrt{3}\right) \log\left(1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2\sinh(x)\right) \log\left(1 + \sinh(x) + \sinh^2(x)\right) \\
&\quad + \left(1 + i\sqrt{3}\right) \log\left(1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2\sinh(x)\right) \log\left(1 + \sinh(x) + \sinh^2(x)\right) + 8\sinh(x) \\
&\quad - 4\log\left(1 + \sinh(x) + \sinh^2(x)\right) \sinh(x) + \log^2\left(1 + \sinh(x) + \sinh^2(x)\right) \sinh(x) \\
&\quad + 12\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-3 - x^2}\, dx, x, 1 + 2\sinh(x)\right) \\
&\quad + \left(-1 - i\sqrt{3}\right) \text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{2\log\left(1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2x\right)}{1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2x}\right.\right. \\
&\qquad\qquad\qquad \left.\left. + \frac{2\log\left(1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2x\right)}{1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2x}\right) dx, x, \sinh(x)\right) \\
&\quad + \left(-1 + i\sqrt{3}\right) \text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{2\log\left(1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2x\right)}{1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2x}\right.\right. \\
&\qquad\qquad\qquad \left.\left. + \frac{2\log\left(1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2x\right)}{1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2x}\right) dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= -4\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{1+2\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - 2\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\\
&\quad + \left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\\
&\quad + \left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right) + 8\sinh(x)\\
&\quad - 4\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) + \log^2\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x)\\
&\quad - \left(2\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2x\right)}{1-i\sqrt{3}+2x}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)\\
&\quad - \left(2\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2x\right)}{1+i\sqrt{3}+2x}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)\\
&\quad - \left(2\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2x\right)}{1-i\sqrt{3}+2x}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)\\
&\quad - \left(2\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2x\right)}{1+i\sqrt{3}+2x}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= -4\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{1+2\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\\
&\quad - \left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(\frac{i(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x))}{2\sqrt{3}}\right)\log\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\\
&\quad - \left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\log\left(-\frac{i(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x))}{2\sqrt{3}}\right)\\
&\quad - 2\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\\
&\quad + \left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\\
&\quad + \left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right) + 8\sinh(x)\\
&\quad - 4\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) + \log^2\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x)\\
&\quad - \left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(x)}{x}\,dx, x, 1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\\
&\quad + \left(2\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\frac{2\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2x\right)}{-2\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)+2\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)}\right)}{1-i\sqrt{3}+2x}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)\\
&\quad - \left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(x)}{x}\,dx, x, 1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\\
&\quad + \left(2\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\frac{2\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2x\right)}{2\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)-2\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)}\right)}{1+i\sqrt{3}+2x}\,dx, x, \sinh(x)\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= -4\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{1+2\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\log^2\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right) \\
&\quad - \left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(\frac{i(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x))}{2\sqrt{3}}\right)\log\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2}\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log^2\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right) \\
&\quad - \left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\log\left(-\frac{i(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x))}{2\sqrt{3}}\right) \\
&\quad - 2\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right) \\
&\quad + \left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right) \\
&\quad + \left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right) + 8\sinh(x) \\
&\quad - 4\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) + \log^2\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) \\
&\quad + \left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1+\frac{2x}{-2\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)+2\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)}\right)}{x}\,dx, x, 1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right) \\
&\quad + \left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1+\frac{2x}{2\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)-2\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)}\right)}{x}\,dx, x, 1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= -4\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{1+2\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\log^2\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right) \\
&\quad - \left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(\frac{i(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x))}{2\sqrt{3}}\right)\log\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2}\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log^2\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right) \\
&\quad - \left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\log\left(-\frac{i(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x))}{2\sqrt{3}}\right) \\
&\quad - 2\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right) \\
&\quad + \left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right) \\
&\quad + \left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right) \\
&\quad - \left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x))}{2\sqrt{3}}\right) \\
&\quad - \left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x))}{2\sqrt{3}}\right) + 8\sinh(x) \\
&\quad - 4\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) + \log^2\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x)
\end{aligned}
$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(\cosh^2(x)+\sinh(x)\right)\,dx = -4\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{1+2\sinh(x)}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + i\left(i+\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(\frac{-i+\sqrt{3}-2i\sinh(x)}{2\sqrt{3}}\right)\log\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right) + \frac{1}{2}i\left(i+\sqrt{3}\right)\log^2\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right) - \left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(\frac{i+\sqrt{3}+2i\sinh(x)}{2\sqrt{3}}\right)\log\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right) - \frac{1}{2}\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log^2\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right) - 2\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right) + \left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1-i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right) + \left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\log\left(1+i\sqrt{3}+2\sinh(x)\right)\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right) - \left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right)\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{-i+\sqrt{3}-2i\sinh(x)}{2\sqrt{3}}\right) + i\left(i+\sqrt{3}\right)\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{i+\sqrt{3}+2i\sinh(x)}{2\sqrt{3}}\right) + 8\sinh(x) - 4\log\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x) + \log^2\left(1+\sinh(x)+\sinh^2(x)\right)\sinh(x)$$

```
[In] Integrate[Cosh[x]*Log[Cosh[x]^2 + Sinh[x]]^2,x]
```

```
[Out] -4*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + 2*Sinh[x])/Sqrt[3]] + I*(I + Sqrt[3])*Log[(-I + Sqrt
[3] - (2*I)*Sinh[x])/(2*Sqrt[3])]*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sinh[x]] + (I/2)*(I
 + Sqrt[3])*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sinh[x]]^2 - (1 + I*Sqrt[3])*Log[(I + Sqr
t[3] + (2*I)*Sinh[x])/(2*Sqrt[3])]*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sinh[x]] - ((1 + I
*Sqrt[3])*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sinh[x]]^2)/2 - 2*Log[1 + Sinh[x] + Sinh[x]
^2] + (1 - I*Sqrt[3])*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sinh[x]]*Log[1 + Sinh[x] + Sinh
[x]^2] + (1 + I*Sqrt[3])*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[3] + 2*Sinh[x]]*Log[1 + Sinh[x] + S
inh[x]^2] - (1 + I*Sqrt[3])*PolyLog[2, (-I + Sqrt[3] - (2*I)*Sinh[x])/(2*Sq
rt[3])] + I*(I + Sqrt[3])*PolyLog[2, (I + Sqrt[3] + (2*I)*Sinh[x])/(2*Sqrt[
```

```
3])] + 8*Sinh[x] - 4*Log[1 + Sinh[x] + Sinh[x]^2]*Sinh[x] + Log[1 + Sinh[x]
 + Sinh[x]^2]^2*Sinh[x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \cosh(x)\ln\left(\cosh^2(x)+\sinh(x)\right)^2 dx$$

```
[In] int(cosh(x)*ln(cosh(x)^2+sinh(x))^2,x)
[Out] int(cosh(x)*ln(cosh(x)^2+sinh(x))^2,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(\cosh^2(x)+\sinh(x)\right)\,dx=\int \cosh(x)\log\left(\cosh(x)^2+\sinh(x)\right)^2\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(cosh(x)*log(cosh(x)^2+sinh(x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] integral(cosh(x)*log(cosh(x)^2 + sinh(x))^2, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(\cosh^2(x)+\sinh(x)\right)\,dx=\text{Timed out}$$

```
[In] integrate(cosh(x)*ln(cosh(x)**2+sinh(x))**2,x)
[Out] Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(\cosh^2(x)+\sinh(x)\right)\,dx=\int \cosh(x)\log\left(\cosh(x)^2+\sinh(x)\right)^2\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(cosh(x)*log(cosh(x)^2+sinh(x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] 1/2*(e^(2*x) - 1)*e^(-x)*log(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1)^2
 + 2*(2*x - e^(-x) - integrate((2*e^(3*x) + 5*e^(2*x) + 6*e^x - 2)*e^x/(e^(
4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1), x))*log(2)^2 - 4*(x - integrate(
(e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) + 2*e^x - 2)*e^x/(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*
e^x + 1), x))*log(2)^2 + 2*(e^x - integrate((2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x
+ 1)*e^x/(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1), x))*log(2)^2 + 4*in
```

```
tegrate(e^(4*x)/(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1), x)*log(2)^2
+ 6*integrate(e^(3*x)/(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1), x)*log
(2)^2 + 6*integrate(e^x/(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1), x)*l
og(2)^2 + 4*integrate(x*e^(6*x)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x
) + e^x), x)*log(2) + 8*integrate(x*e^(5*x)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x
) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x)*log(2) + 12*integrate(x*e^(4*x)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*
x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x)*log(2) + 12*integrate(x*e^(2*x)/(e^(5
*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x)*log(2) - 8*integrate(x*e
^x/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x)*log(2) - 2*integ
rate(e^(6*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 2*
e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x)*log(2) - 4*integrate(e^(5*x)*log
(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3
*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x)*log(2) - 6*integrate(e^(4*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(
3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x)
+ e^x), x)*log(2) - 6*integrate(e^(2*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x)
 - 2*e^x + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x)*log(2
) + 4*integrate(e^x*log(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1)/(e^(5*
x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x)*log(2) + 4*integrate(x/(e
^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x)*log(2) - 2*integrate(
log(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e
^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x)*log(2) + 2*integrate(x^2*e^(6*x)/(e^(5*x) + 2
*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x) + 4*integrate(x^2*e^(5*x)/(e^(5
*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x) + 6*integrate(x^2*e^(4*x
)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x) + 6*integrate(x^2
*e^(2*x)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x) - 4*integr
ate(x^2*e^x/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x) - 2*int
egrate(x*e^(6*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1)/(e^(5*x)
+ 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x) - 4*integrate(x*e^(5*x)*log(
e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*
x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x) - 6*integrate(x*e^(4*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) +
 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x)
, x) - 6*integrate(x*e^(2*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x +
1)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x) + 4*integrate(x*
e^x*log(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) +
 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x) + 2*integrate(x^2/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) +
2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x) - 2*integrate(x*log(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) +
2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x),
 x) - 4*integrate(e^(6*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1)/
(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x) - 6*integrate(e^(5*
x)*log(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) +
2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x) + 8*integrate(e^(3*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3
*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) +
 e^x), x) + 4*integrate(e^(2*x)*log(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x
 + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x) - 2*integrate
(e^x*log(e^(4*x) + 2*e^(3*x) + 2*e^(2*x) - 2*e^x + 1)/(e^(5*x) + 2*e^(4*x)
```

```
+ 2*e^(3*x) - 2*e^(2*x) + e^x), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(\cosh^2(x)+\sinh(x)\right)\,dx=\int \cosh\left(x\right)\log\left(\cosh\left(x\right)^2+\sinh\left(x\right)\right)^2\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(cosh(x)*log(cosh(x)^2+sinh(x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(cosh(x)*log(cosh(x)^2 + sinh(x))^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cosh(x)\log^2\left(\cosh^2(x)+\sinh(x)\right)\,dx=\int \cosh(x)\,\ln\left(\cosh(x)^2+\sinh(x)\right)^2\,dx$$

```
[In] int(cosh(x)*log(sinh(x) + cosh(x)^2)^2,x)
[Out] int(cosh(x)*log(sinh(x) + cosh(x)^2)^2, x)
```

3.30 $\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x^2}\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 981

$$
\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x^2}\,dx = {} & \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
& - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
& + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
& - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
& - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-2\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& - \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& - \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& + \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& + \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+2\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& - \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{2\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& - \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{2\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& + \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{2\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{\cdots}\right.
\end{aligned}
$$

```
[Out] 1/2*I*polylog(2,2*((1+I)^(1/2)-(1+x)^(1/2))/(1+2*(1+I)^(1/2)-5^(1/2)))-1/2*
I*ln((1-I)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1-5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(1-2*(1-I)^(1/2)
-5^(1/2)))+1/2*I*polylog(2,-2*((1+I)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2))/(1-2*(1+I)^(1/2)-5^
(1/2)))+1/2*I*ln((1+I)^(1/2)-(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1-5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(1+2
*(1+I)^(1/2)-5^(1/2)))-1/2*I*ln((1-I)^(1/2)-(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1-5^(1/2)+2*(1
+x)^(1/2))/(1+2*(1-I)^(1/2)-5^(1/2)))+1/2*I*ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1-I)^(1/2
)+(1+x)^(1/2))+1/2*I*ln((1+I)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1+5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2
))/(1-2*(1+I)^(1/2)+5^(1/2)))+1/2*I*ln((1+I)^(1/2)-(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1+5^(1/
2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(1+2*(1+I)^(1/2)+5^(1/2)))+1/2*I*ln((1-I)^(1/2)-(1+x)^(1/
2))*ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))+1/2*I*ln((1+I)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1-5^(1/2)+2*(1+
x)^(1/2))/(1-2*(1+I)^(1/2)-5^(1/2)))-1/2*I*ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1+I)^(1/2)
+(1+x)^(1/2))-1/2*I*ln((1-I)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1+5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2)
)/(1-2*(1-I)^(1/2)+5^(1/2)))-1/2*I*ln((1-I)^(1/2)-(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1+5^(1/2
)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(1+2*(1-I)^(1/2)+5^(1/2)))+1/2*I*polylog(2,2*((1+I)^(1/2)-
(1+x)^(1/2))/(1+2*(1+I)^(1/2)+5^(1/2)))-1/2*I*ln((1+I)^(1/2)-(1+x)^(1/2))*l
n(x+(1+x)^(1/2))+1/2*I*polylog(2,-2*((1+I)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2))/(1-2*(1+I)^(1
/2)+5^(1/2)))-1/2*I*polylog(2,-2*((1-I)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2))/(1-2*(1-I)^(1/2)
+5^(1/2)))-1/2*I*polylog(2,2*((1-I)^(1/2)-(1+x)^(1/2))/(1+2*(1-I)^(1/2)-5^(
1/2)))-1/2*I*polylog(2,-2*((1-I)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2))/(1-2*(1-I)^(1/2)-5^(1/2
)))-1/2*I*polylog(2,2*((1-I)^(1/2)-(1+x)^(1/2))/(1+2*(1-I)^(1/2)+5^(1/2)))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 981, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 44, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.556$, Rules

used = {2610, 1605, 209, 6873, 2608, 2604, 2465, 2441, 2440, 2438}

$$
\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x^2}\,dx = {} & \frac{1}{2}i\log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{x+1}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right) \\
& -\frac{1}{2}i\log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{x+1}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right) \\
& +\frac{1}{2}i\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{1-i}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right) \\
& -\frac{1}{2}i\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{1+i}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right) \\
& -\frac{1}{2}i\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{1-i}\right)\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{5}+1}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& -\frac{1}{2}i\log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{x+1}\right)\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{5}+1}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& +\frac{1}{2}i\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{1+i}\right)\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{5}+1}{1-2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& +\frac{1}{2}i\log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{x+1}\right)\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{5}+1}{1+2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& -\frac{1}{2}i\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{1-i}\right)\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{5}+1}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& -\frac{1}{2}i\log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{x+1}\right)\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{5}+1}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& +\frac{1}{2}i\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{1+i}\right)\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{5}+1}{1-2\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& +\frac{1}{2}i\log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{x+1}\right)\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{5}+1}{1+2\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& -\frac{1}{2}i\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{x+1}\right)}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& -\frac{1}{2}i\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{x+1}\right)}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& +\frac{1}{2}i\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{x+1}\right)}{1+2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& +\frac{1}{2}i\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{x+1}\right)}{1+2\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& -\frac{1}{2}i\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{2\left(\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{1-i}\right)}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& -\frac{1}{2}i\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{2\left(\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{1-i}\right)}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
& +\frac{1}{2}i\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{2\left(\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{1+i}\right)}{1-2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

```
[In] Int[Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]/(1 + x^2),x]
```

```
[Out] (I/2)*Log[Sqrt[1 - I] - Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]] - (I/2)*Log[Sqrt[
1 + I] - Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]] + (I/2)*Log[Sqrt[1 - I] + Sqrt[1
 + x]]*Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]] - (I/2)*Log[Sqrt[1 + I] + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[x +
Sqrt[1 + x]] - (I/2)*Log[Sqrt[1 - I] + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[(1 - Sqrt[5] + 2*Sq
rt[1 + x])/(1 - 2*Sqrt[1 - I] - Sqrt[5])] - (I/2)*Log[Sqrt[1 - I] - Sqrt[1
+ x]]*Log[(1 - Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 + 2*Sqrt[1 - I] - Sqrt[5])] + (I
/2)*Log[Sqrt[1 + I] + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[(1 - Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 - 2
*Sqrt[1 + I] - Sqrt[5])] + (I/2)*Log[Sqrt[1 + I] - Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[(1 - Sq
rt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 + 2*Sqrt[1 + I] - Sqrt[5])] - (I/2)*Log[Sqrt[1 -
I] + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[(1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 - 2*Sqrt[1 - I] + Sq
rt[5])] - (I/2)*Log[Sqrt[1 - I] - Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[(1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1
+ x])/(1 + 2*Sqrt[1 - I] + Sqrt[5])] + (I/2)*Log[Sqrt[1 + I] + Sqrt[1 + x]]
*Log[(1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 - 2*Sqrt[1 + I] + Sqrt[5])] + (I/2)*L
og[Sqrt[1 + I] - Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[(1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 + 2*Sqrt
[1 + I] + Sqrt[5])] - (I/2)*PolyLog[2, (2*(Sqrt[1 - I] - Sqrt[1 + x]))/(1 +
 2*Sqrt[1 - I] - Sqrt[5])] - (I/2)*PolyLog[2, (2*(Sqrt[1 - I] - Sqrt[1 + x]
))/(1 + 2*Sqrt[1 - I] + Sqrt[5])] + (I/2)*PolyLog[2, (2*(Sqrt[1 + I] - Sqrt
[1 + x]))/(1 + 2*Sqrt[1 + I] - Sqrt[5])] + (I/2)*PolyLog[2, (2*(Sqrt[1 + I]
 - Sqrt[1 + x]))/(1 + 2*Sqrt[1 + I] + Sqrt[5])] - (I/2)*PolyLog[2, (-2*(Sqr
t[1 - I] + Sqrt[1 + x]))/(1 - 2*Sqrt[1 - I] - Sqrt[5])] - (I/2)*PolyLog[2,
(-2*(Sqrt[1 - I] + Sqrt[1 + x]))/(1 - 2*Sqrt[1 - I] + Sqrt[5])] + (I/2)*Pol
yLog[2, (-2*(Sqrt[1 + I] + Sqrt[1 + x]))/(1 - 2*Sqrt[1 + I] - Sqrt[5])] + (
I/2)*PolyLog[2, (-2*(Sqrt[1 + I] + Sqrt[1 + x]))/(1 - 2*Sqrt[1 + I] + Sqrt[
5])]
```

Rule 209

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 1605

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(Pq_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(Qr_), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Expon[P
q, x], r = Expon[Qr, x]}, Dist[Coeff[Qr, x, r]/(q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]), Subst[I
nt[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, Pq], x] /; EqQ[r, q - 1] && EqQ[Coeff[Qr, x, r]*D[
Pq, x], q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]*Qr]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] &&
 PolyQ[Qr, x]
```

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 2440

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))]*(b_.))/((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)), x_
Symbol] :> Dist[1/g, Subst[Int[(a + b*Log[1 + c*e*(x/g)])/x, x], x, f + g*x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && EqQ[g + c*
(e*f - d*g), 0]
```

Rule 2441

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(n_.)]*(b_.))/((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_
)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[e*((f + g*x)/(e*f - d*g))]*((a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x
)^n])/g), x] - Dist[b*e*(n/g), Int[Log[(e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g)]/(d + e*x)
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0]
```

Rule 2465

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(RFx_), x_Sy
mbol] :> With[{u = ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x)^n])^p, RFx, x]},
Int[u, x] /; SumQ[u]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[
RFx, x] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Rule 2604

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(RFx_)^(p_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[Log[d + e*x]*((a + b*Log[c*RFx^p])^n/e), x] - Dist[b*n*(p/e)
, Int[Log[d + e*x]*(a + b*Log[c*RFx^p])^(n - 1)*(D[RFx, x]/RFx), x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 2608

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(RFx_)^(p_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(RGx_), x_Symbol] :> With
[{u = ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Log[c*RFx^p])^n, RGx, x]}, Int[u, x] /; SumQ[u
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx, x] && RationalFuncti
onQ[RGx, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 2610

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[u_]*(b_.))*(RFx_), x_Symbol] :> With[{lst = SubstForFracti
onalPowerOfLinear[RFx*(a + b*Log[u]), x]}, Dist[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]], Subst[In
t[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst[[2]])], x] /;  !FalseQ[lst]] /; FreeQ[{a
, b}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx, x]
```

Rule 6873

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v =!
= u]
```

Rubi steps

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{1+\left(-1+x^2\right)^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)\\
&= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{2-2x^2+x^4}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)\\
&= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{ix\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{(2+2i)-2x^2}+\frac{ix\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{(-2+2i)+2x^2}\right)\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)\\
&= 2i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{(2+2i)-2x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)\\
&\quad + 2i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{(-2+2i)+2x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)\\
&= 2i\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(-\frac{\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{4\left(\sqrt{1-i}-x\right)}+\frac{\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{4\left(\sqrt{1-i}+x\right)}\right)\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)\\
&\quad + 2i\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{4\left(\sqrt{1+i}-x\right)}-\frac{\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{4\left(\sqrt{1+i}+x\right)}\right)\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)\\
&= -\left(\frac{1}{2}i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{\sqrt{1-i}-x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)\right)\\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2}i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{\sqrt{1+i}-x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)\\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2}i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{\sqrt{1-i}+x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)\\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2}i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{\sqrt{1+i}+x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(1+2x)\log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-x\right)}{-1+x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) + \frac{1}{2} i \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(1+2x)\log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-x\right)}{-1+x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(1+2x)\log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+x\right)}{-1+x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) + \frac{1}{2} i \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(1+2x)\log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+x\right)}{-1+x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{2\log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-x\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x} + \frac{2\log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-x\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\right) dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) + \frac{1}{2} i \text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{2\log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-x\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x} + \frac{2\log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-x\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\right) dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{2\log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+x\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x} + \frac{2\log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+x\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\right) dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) + \frac{1}{2} i \text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{2\log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+x\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x} + \frac{2\log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+x\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\right) dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-x\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-x\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-x\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-x\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+x\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+x\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+x\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + i\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+x\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-2\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\frac{-1-\sqrt{5}-2x}{-1-2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-i}-x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\frac{-1-\sqrt{5}-2x}{-1-2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right)}{\sqrt{1+i}-x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\frac{-1+\sqrt{5}-2x}{-1-2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-i}-x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\frac{-1+\sqrt{5}-2x}{-1-2\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{5}}\right)}{\sqrt{1+i}-x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-i}+x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}{1-2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right)}{\sqrt{1+i}+x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-2\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \mathrm{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1+\frac{2x}{-1-2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right)}{x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \mathrm{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1+\frac{2x}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right)}{x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \mathrm{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1+\frac{2x}{-1-2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right)}{x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \mathrm{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1+\frac{2x}{1-2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right)}{x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \mathrm{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1+\frac{2x}{-1-2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right)}{x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \mathrm{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1+\frac{2x}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right)}{x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-2\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right) \log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{2\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{2\left(\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{2\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{2\left(\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+2\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{2\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{2\left(\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1-2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{2\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1-2\sqrt{1+i}-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{2\left(\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1-2\sqrt{1+i}+\sqrt{5}}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x^2}\,dx=\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x^2}\,dx$$

```
[In] Integrate[Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]/(1 + x^2),x]
```

```
[Out] Integrate[Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]/(1 + x^2), x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 722, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{i\left(\ln\left(\sqrt{1+x}-\sqrt{1-i}\right)\ln\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)-\ln\left(\sqrt{1+x}-\sqrt{1-i}\right)\ln\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right)-\ln\left(\sqrt{1+x}-\sqrt{1-i}\right)\ln\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right)-\mathrm{dilog}}{2}$
default	$\frac{i\left(\ln\left(\sqrt{1+x}-\sqrt{1-i}\right)\ln\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)-\ln\left(\sqrt{1+x}-\sqrt{1-i}\right)\ln\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right)-\ln\left(\sqrt{1+x}-\sqrt{1-i}\right)\ln\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right)-\mathrm{dilog}}{2}$
parts	$\frac{i\left(\ln\left(\sqrt{1+x}-\sqrt{1-i}\right)\ln\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)-\ln\left(\sqrt{1+x}-\sqrt{1-i}\right)\ln\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}-\sqrt{5}}\right)-\ln\left(\sqrt{1+x}-\sqrt{1-i}\right)\ln\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+2\sqrt{1-i}+\sqrt{5}}\right)-\mathrm{dilog}}{2}$

```
[In] int(ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))/(x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 1/2*I*(ln((1+x)^(1/2)-(1-I)^(1/2))*ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))-ln((1+x)^(1/2)-(1-I)^(
1/2))*ln((1-5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(1+2*(1-I)^(1/2)-5^(1/2)))-ln((1+x)^(1/2
)-(1-I)^(1/2))*ln((1+5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(1+2*(1-I)^(1/2)+5^(1/2)))-dilo
g((1-5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(1+2*(1-I)^(1/2)-5^(1/2)))-dilog((1+5^(1/2)+2*(
1+x)^(1/2))/(1+2*(1-I)^(1/2)+5^(1/2))))+1/2*I*(ln((1-I)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2))*
ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))-ln((1-I)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1-5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/
(1-2*(1-I)^(1/2)-5^(1/2)))-ln((1-I)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1+5^(1/2)+2*(1+x
)^(1/2))/(1-2*(1-I)^(1/2)+5^(1/2)))-dilog((1-5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(1-2*(1
-I)^(1/2)-5^(1/2)))-dilog((1+5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(1-2*(1-I)^(1/2)+5^(1/2
))))-1/2*I*(ln((1+x)^(1/2)-(1+I)^(1/2))*ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))-ln((1+x)^(1/2)-(1
+I)^(1/2))*ln((1-5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(1+2*(1+I)^(1/2)-5^(1/2)))-ln((1+x)
^(1/2)-(1+I)^(1/2))*ln((1+5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(1+2*(1+I)^(1/2)+5^(1/2)))
-dilog((1-5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(1+2*(1+I)^(1/2)-5^(1/2)))-dilog((1+5^(1/2
)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(1+2*(1+I)^(1/2)+5^(1/2))))-1/2*I*(ln((1+I)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1
/2))*ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))-ln((1+I)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1-5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1
/2))/(1-2*(1+I)^(1/2)-5^(1/2)))-ln((1+I)^(1/2)+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1+5^(1/2)+2
*(1+x)^(1/2))/(1-2*(1+I)^(1/2)+5^(1/2)))-dilog((1-5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(1
-2*(1+I)^(1/2)-5^(1/2)))-dilog((1+5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(1-2*(1+I)^(1/2)+5
^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x^2}\,dx=\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)}{x^2+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(log(x+(1+x)^(1/2))/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] integral(log(x + sqrt(x + 1))/(x^2 + 1), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x^2}\,dx=\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)}{x^2+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(ln(x+(1+x)**(1/2))/(x**2+1),x)
[Out] Integral(log(x + sqrt(x + 1))/(x**2 + 1), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x^2}\,dx=\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)}{x^2+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(log(x+(1+x)^(1/2))/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] integrate(log(x + sqrt(x + 1))/(x^2 + 1), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x^2}\,dx=\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)}{x^2+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(log(x+(1+x)^(1/2))/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(log(x + sqrt(x + 1))/(x^2 + 1), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log \left(x + \sqrt{1 + x}\right)}{1 + x^2} \, dx = \int \frac{\ln \left(x + \sqrt{x + 1}\right)}{x^2 + 1} \, dx$$

```
[In] int(log(x + (x + 1)^(1/2))/(x^2 + 1),x)
[Out] int(log(x + (x + 1)^(1/2))/(x^2 + 1), x)
```

3.31 $\int \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{(1+x)^2}\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 555

$$\int \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{(1+x)^2}\,dx = \log(1+x)+\frac{2\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{\sqrt{1+x}}$$
$$-6\log\left(\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)-\frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x}$$
$$-\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$+6\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$+\left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$-\frac{1}{2}\left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log^2\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$-\left(1-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$+\left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$-\left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(-\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$-\frac{1}{2}\left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log^2\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$-\left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$+6\log\left(\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$+6\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$-\left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$-\left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$-6\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,1+\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-\sqrt{5}}\right)$$

```
[Out] ln(1+x)-3*ln(1+x)*ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))-ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))^2/(1+x)+6*ln(1/2*5^(1
/2)-1/2)*ln(1-5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))+3*ln(1+x)*ln(1+2*(1+x)^(1/2)/(5^(1/2)+
1))+6*polylog(2,-2*(1+x)^(1/2)/(5^(1/2)+1))-6*polylog(2,1+2*(1+x)^(1/2)/(-5
^(1/2)+1))-ln(1+5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))*(-5^(1/2)+1)+ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln(1+
5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))*(3-5^(1/2))-ln(1/10*(-1+5^(1/2)-2*(1+x)^(1/2))*5^(1/
```

```
2))*ln(1+5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))*(3-5^(1/2))-1/2*ln(1+5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))
^2*(3-5^(1/2))-polylog(2,1/10*(1+5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))*5^(1/2))*(3-5^(1/2)
)-ln(1-5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))*(5^(1/2)+1)+ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln(1-5^(1/2)+2*
(1+x)^(1/2))*(3+5^(1/2))-1/2*ln(1-5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))^2*(3+5^(1/2))-ln(1
-5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))*ln(1/10*(1+5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))*5^(1/2))*(3+5^(1/
2))-polylog(2,1/10*(-1+5^(1/2)-2*(1+x)^(1/2))*5^(1/2))*(3+5^(1/2))+2*ln(x+(
1+x)^(1/2))/(1+x)^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 555, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 35, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.889$, Rules used = {2605, 2608, 814, 646, 31, 2604, 2404, 2353, 2352, 2354, 2438, 2465, 2437, 2338, 2441, 2440}

$$\int \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{(1+x)^2}\,dx = 6\,\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right) - \left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{5}+1}{2\sqrt{5}}\right) - \left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{5}+1}{2\sqrt{5}}\right) - 6\,\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}}{1-\sqrt{5}}+1\right) - \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)}{x+1} - \frac{1}{2}\left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log^2\left(2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{5}+1\right) - \frac{1}{2}\left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log^2\left(2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{5}+1\right) - 6\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right) + \left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{5}+1\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right) + \left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{5}+1\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right) + \frac{2\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)}{\sqrt{x+1}} + \log(x+1) + 6\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\sqrt{5}-1\right)\right)\log\left(2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{5}+1\right) - \left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{5}+1\right) - \left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{5}+1}{2\sqrt{5}}\right)\log\left(2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{5}+1\right) - \left(1-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{5}+1\right) - \left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{5}+1\right)\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{5}+1}{2\sqrt{5}}\right) + 6\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}\right)\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}}{1+\sqrt{5}}+1\right)$$

```
[In] Int[Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]^2/(1 + x)^2,x]
```

```
[Out] Log[1 + x] + (2*Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]])/Sqrt[1 + x] - 6*Log[Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[
x + Sqrt[1 + x]] - Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]^2/(1 + x) - (1 + Sqrt[5])*Log[1 - S
qrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x]] + 6*Log[(-1 + Sqrt[5])/2]*Log[1 - Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[
1 + x]] + (3 + Sqrt[5])*Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[1 - Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x
]] - ((3 + Sqrt[5])*Log[1 - Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x]]^2)/2 - (1 - Sqrt[5])*L
og[1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x]] + (3 - Sqrt[5])*Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[1
```

```
+ Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x]] - (3 - Sqrt[5])*Log[-1/2*(1 - Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1
 + x])/Sqrt[5]]*Log[1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x]] - ((3 - Sqrt[5])*Log[1 + S
qrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x]]^2)/2 - (3 + Sqrt[5])*Log[1 - Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x
]]*Log[(1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(2*Sqrt[5])] + 6*Log[Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[
1 + (2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 + Sqrt[5])] + 6*PolyLog[2, (-2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 + Sqr
t[5])] - (3 + Sqrt[5])*PolyLog[2, -1/2*(1 - Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/Sqrt[5
]] - (3 - Sqrt[5])*PolyLog[2, (1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(2*Sqrt[5])] -
6*PolyLog[2, 1 + (2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 - Sqrt[5])]
```

Rule 31

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x,
x]]/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

Rule 646

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> W
ith[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Dist[(c*d - e*(b/2 - q/2))/q, Int[1/(b/2 - q/
2 + c*x), x], x] - Dist[(c*d - e*(b/2 + q/2))/q, Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x), x
], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a
*c, 0] && NiceSqrtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

Rule 814

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) +
(c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)/(a +
 b*x + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*
c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rule 2338

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*Lo
g[c*x^n])^2/(2*b*n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]
```

Rule 2352

```
Int[Log[(c_.)*(x_)]/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-e^(-1))*PolyLo
g[2, 1 - c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[e + c*d, 0]
```

Rule 2353

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[
(a + b*Log[(-c)*(d/e)])*(Log[d + e*x]/e), x] + Dist[b, Int[Log[(-e)*(x/d)]/
(d + e*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && GtQ[(-c)*(d/e), 0]
```

Rule 2354

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symb
ol] :> Simp[Log[1 + e*(x/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/e), x] - Dist[b*n*(p/e),
 Int[Log[1 + e*(x/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

Rule 2404

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(RFx_), x_Symbol] :> With[{
u = ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, RFx, x]}, Int[u, x] /; SumQ[u]] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

Rule 2437

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((f_) + (g_.
)*(x_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/e, Subst[Int[(f*(x/d))^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^
n])^p, x], x, d + e*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, p, q}, x] && E
qQ[e*f - d*g, 0]
```

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 2440

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))]*(b_.))/((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)), x_
Symbol] :> Dist[1/g, Subst[Int[(a + b*Log[1 + c*e*(x/g)])/x, x], x, f + g*x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && EqQ[g + c*
(e*f - d*g), 0]
```

Rule 2441

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(n_.)]*(b_.))/((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_
)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[e*((f + g*x)/(e*f - d*g))]*((a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x
)^n])/g), x] - Dist[b*e*(n/g), Int[Log[(e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g)]/(d + e*x)
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0]
```

Rule 2465

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(RFx_), x_Sy
mbol] :> With[{u = ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x)^n])^p, RFx, x]},
Int[u, x] /; SumQ[u]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[
RFx, x] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Rule 2604

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(RFx_)^(p_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[Log[d + e*x]*((a + b*Log[c*RFx^p])^n/e), x] - Dist[b*n*(p/e)
, Int[Log[d + e*x]*(a + b*Log[c*RFx^p])^(n - 1)*(D[RFx, x]/RFx), x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 2605

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(RFx_)^(p_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*RFx^p])^n/(e*(m + 1)))
, x] - Dist[b*n*(p/(e*(m + 1))), Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a
 + b*Log[c*RFx^p])^(n - 1)*(D[RFx, x]/RFx), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, m, p}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] ||
IntegerQ[m]) && NeQ[m, -1]
```

Rule 2608

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(RFx_)^(p_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(RGx_), x_Symbol] :> With
[{u = ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Log[c*RFx^p])^n, RGx, x]}, Int[u, x] /; SumQ[u
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx, x] && RationalFuncti
onQ[RGx, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log^2(-1+x+x^2)}{x^3}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x} + 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(1+2x)\log(-1+x+x^2)}{x^2(-1+x+x^2)}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x} + 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(-\frac{\log(-1+x+x^2)}{x^2} - \frac{3\log(-1+x+x^2)}{x} + \frac{(4+3x)\log(-1+x+x^2)}{-1+x+x^2}\right)dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x} - 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(-1+x+x^2)}{x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(4+3x)\log(-1+x+x^2)}{-1+x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - 6\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(-1+x+x^2)}{x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{2\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{\sqrt{1+x}} - 6\log\left(\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x} - 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1+2x}{x\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{\left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}\right.\right. \\
&\qquad\qquad \left.\left. + \frac{\left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\right)\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + 6\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(1+2x)\log(x)}{-1+x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{2\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{\sqrt{1+x}} - 6\log\left(\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x} - 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(-\frac{1}{x}+\frac{3+x}{-1+x+x^2}\right)\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + 6\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{2\log(x)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}+\frac{2\log(x)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\right)\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \left(2\left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \left(2\left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= \log(1+x) + \frac{2\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{\sqrt{1+x}} - 6\log\left(\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x} + \left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{3+x}{-1+x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + 12\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(x)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + 12\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(x)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \left(-3-\sqrt{5}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(1+2x)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2x\right)}{-1+x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \left(-3+\sqrt{5}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(1+2x)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2x\right)}{-1+x+x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$= \log(1+x) + \frac{2\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{\sqrt{1+x}} - 6\log\left(\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$- \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x} + 6\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$+ \left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$+ \left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$+ 6\log\left(\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$- 6\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1+\frac{2x}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right)}{x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$+ 12\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(-\frac{2x}{1-\sqrt{5}}\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) + \left(-3\right.$$
$$\left.-\sqrt{5}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{2\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2x\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x} + \frac{2\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2x\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\right)\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$- \left(1-\sqrt{5}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) + \left(-3\right.$$
$$\left.+\sqrt{5}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{2\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2x\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x} + \frac{2\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2x\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\right)\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$- \left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= \log(1+x) + \frac{2\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{\sqrt{1+x}} - 6\log\left(\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x} - \left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + 6\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \left(1-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + 6\log\left(\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + 6\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right) - 6\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,1+\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad - \left(2\left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\mathrm{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2x\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \left(2\left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\mathrm{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2x\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \left(2\left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\mathrm{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2x\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \left(2\left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\mathrm{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2x\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$= \log(1+x) + \frac{2\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{\sqrt{1+x}} - 6\log\left(\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$- \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x} - \left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$+ 6\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$+ \left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$- \left(1-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$+ \left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$- \left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(-\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$- \left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$+ 6\log\left(\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$+ 6\,\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right) - 6\,\text{PolyLog}\left(2,1+\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$- \left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\log(x)}{x}\,dx, x, 1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$+ \left(2\left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\log\left(\frac{2\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2x\right)}{2\left(1-\sqrt{5}\right)-2\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$- \left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\log(x)}{x}\,dx, x, 1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$+ \left(2\left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\log\left(\frac{2\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2x\right)}{-2\left(1-\sqrt{5}\right)+2\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= \log(1+x) + \frac{2\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{\sqrt{1+x}} - 6\log\left(\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x} - \left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + 6\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2}\left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log^2\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) - \left(1-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(-\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2}\left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log^2\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + 6\log\left(\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + 6\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right) - 6\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,1+\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + \left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\mathrm{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\log\left(1+\frac{2x}{2\left(1-\sqrt{5}\right)-2\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\right)}{x}\,dx, x, 1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\mathrm{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\log\left(1+\frac{2x}{-2\left(1-\sqrt{5}\right)+2\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)}\right)}{x}\,dx, x, 1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= \log(1+x) + \frac{2\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{\sqrt{1+x}} - 6\log\left(\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x} - \left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + 6\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-1+\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2}\left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log^2\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) - \left(1-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad + \left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(-\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2}\left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\log^2\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&\quad - \left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\log\left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad + 6\log\left(\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right) + 6\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad - \left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right) \\
&\quad - \left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{5}}\right) - 6\,\mathrm{PolyLog}\left(2,1+\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-\sqrt{5}}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1280 vs. $2(555) = 1110$.

Time = 6.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1280, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$
\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{(1+x)^2}\,dx &= \frac{2\log(1+x)}{-1+\sqrt{5}} - \frac{2\log(1+x)}{1+\sqrt{5}} - \frac{4\log\left(-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{-1+\sqrt{5}} \\
&+ \frac{\log(100)\log\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{\sqrt{5}} \\
&- 6\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{1+x}}{-1+\sqrt{5}}\right)\log\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&+ 3\log(1+x)\log\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&- 3\log\left(-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&- \sqrt{5}\log\left(-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&+ \frac{3}{2}\log^2\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{5}\log^2\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&+ \frac{\log(8)\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{2\sqrt{5}} \\
&- 3\log\left(-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&- \sqrt{5}\log\left(-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&+ \frac{3}{2}\log^2\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)+\sqrt{1+x}\right) - \frac{\log^2\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{\sqrt{5}} \\
&+ \frac{2\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{\sqrt{1+x}} - 3\log(1+x)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&+ 3\log\left(-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&+ \sqrt{5}\log\left(-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&- \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+x} + \frac{4\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}} \\
&- 3\log\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&+ \sqrt{5}\log\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&- 3\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&+ \frac{7\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{2\sqrt{5}} \\
&+ 3\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\
&- \sqrt{5}\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

```
[In] Integrate[Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]^2/(1 + x)^2,x]
```

```
[Out] (2*Log[1 + x])/(-1 + Sqrt[5]) - (2*Log[1 + x])/(1 + Sqrt[5]) - (4*Log[-1 +
Sqrt[5] - 2*Sqrt[1 + x]])/(-1 + Sqrt[5]) + (Log[100]*Log[1/2 - Sqrt[5]/2 +
Sqrt[1 + x]])/Sqrt[5] - 6*Log[(2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(-1 + Sqrt[5])]*Log[1/2 - Sqr
t[5]/2 + Sqrt[1 + x]] + 3*Log[1 + x]*Log[1/2 - Sqrt[5]/2 + Sqrt[1 + x]] - 3
*Log[-1 + Sqrt[5] - 2*Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[1/2 - Sqrt[5]/2 + Sqrt[1 + x]] - Sqr
t[5]*Log[-1 + Sqrt[5] - 2*Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[1/2 - Sqrt[5]/2 + Sqrt[1 + x]] +
 (3*Log[1/2 - Sqrt[5]/2 + Sqrt[1 + x]]^2)/2 + (Sqrt[5]*Log[1/2 - Sqrt[5]/2
+ Sqrt[1 + x]]^2)/2 + (Log[8]*Log[(1 + Sqrt[5])/2 + Sqrt[1 + x]])/(2*Sqrt[5
]) - 3*Log[-1 + Sqrt[5] - 2*Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[(1 + Sqrt[5])/2 + Sqrt[1 + x]]
 - Sqrt[5]*Log[-1 + Sqrt[5] - 2*Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[(1 + Sqrt[5])/2 + Sqrt[1 +
 x]] + (3*Log[(1 + Sqrt[5])/2 + Sqrt[1 + x]]^2)/2 - Log[(1 + Sqrt[5])/2 + S
qrt[1 + x]]^2/Sqrt[5] + (2*Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]])/Sqrt[1 + x] - 3*Log[1 + x]
*Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]] + 3*Log[-1 + Sqrt[5] - 2*Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[x + Sqrt[1
+ x]] + Sqrt[5]*Log[-1 + Sqrt[5] - 2*Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]] - Lo
g[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]^2/(1 + x) + (4*Log[1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x]])/(1 + Sq
rt[5]) - 3*Log[1/2 - Sqrt[5]/2 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 +
x]] + Sqrt[5]*Log[1/2 - Sqrt[5]/2 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1
 + x]] - 3*Log[(1 + Sqrt[5])/2 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 +
x]] + (7*Log[(1 + Sqrt[5])/2 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x]
])/(2*Sqrt[5]) + 3*Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x]] -
Sqrt[5]*Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x]] + 3*Log[1/2 -
 Sqrt[5]/2 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[(1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(2*Sqrt[5])] -
(3*Log[1/2 - Sqrt[5]/2 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[(1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(2*
Sqrt[5])])/Sqrt[5] + 3*Log[(1 + Sqrt[5])/2 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[(5 - Sqrt[5]
- 2*Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[1 + x])/10] + Sqrt[5]*Log[(1 + Sqrt[5])/2 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*L
og[(5 - Sqrt[5] - 2*Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[1 + x])/10] - (2*Log[1/2 - Sqrt[5]/2 + Sqr
t[1 + x]]*Log[5 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[1 + x]])/Sqrt[5] + 3*Log[1 + x]*
Log[1 + (2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 + Sqrt[5])] + 6*PolyLog[2, (-2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 +
 Sqrt[5])] - (-3 + Sqrt[5])*PolyLog[2, (-1 + Sqrt[5] - 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(2*Sq
rt[5])] - 6*PolyLog[2, (-1 + Sqrt[5] - 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(-1 + Sqrt[5])] + 3*P
olyLog[2, (1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(2*Sqrt[5])] + Sqrt[5]*PolyLog[2, (
1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(2*Sqrt[5])]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)^2}{\left(1+x\right)^2}dx$$

```
[In] int(ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))^2/(1+x)^2,x)
```

```
[Out] int(ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))^2/(1+x)^2,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{(1+x)^2}\,dx = \int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)^2}{\left(x+1\right)^2}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(log(x+(1+x)^(1/2))^2/(1+x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] integral(log(x + sqrt(x + 1))^2/(x^2 + 2*x + 1), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{(1+x)^2}\,dx = \int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)^2}{\left(x+1\right)^2}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(ln(x+(1+x)**(1/2))**2/(1+x)**2,x)
[Out] Integral(log(x + sqrt(x + 1))**2/(x + 1)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{(1+x)^2}\,dx = \int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)^2}{\left(x+1\right)^2}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(log(x+(1+x)^(1/2))^2/(1+x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] -log(x + sqrt(x + 1))^2/(x + 1) + integrate((2*x + sqrt(x + 1) + 2)*log(x +
 sqrt(x + 1))/(x^3 + 2*x^2 + (x^2 + 2*x + 1)*sqrt(x + 1) + x), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{(1+x)^2}\,dx = \int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)^2}{\left(x+1\right)^2}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(log(x+(1+x)^(1/2))^2/(1+x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(log(x + sqrt(x + 1))^2/(x + 1)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log^2\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{(1+x)^2}\,dx=\int \frac{\ln\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)^2}{\left(x+1\right)^2}\,dx$$

```
[In] int(log(x + (x + 1)^(1/2))^2/(x + 1)^2,x)
[Out] int(log(x + (x + 1)^(1/2))^2/(x + 1)^2, x)
```

3.32 $\int \frac{\log(x+\sqrt{1+x})}{x}\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 313

$$\begin{aligned}\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{x}\,dx = {} & \log\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\ & + \log\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) \\ & - \log\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{3-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\ & - \log\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(-\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\ & - \log\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(-\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-\sqrt{5}}\right) \\ & - \log\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{3+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\ & - \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(1-\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{3-\sqrt{5}}\right) - \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(1-\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{3+\sqrt{5}}\right) \\ & - \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}}\right) - \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right)\end{aligned}$$

```
[Out] ln(-1+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))+ln(1+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))-ln
(-1+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1-5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(3-5^(1/2)))-ln(1+(1+x)^(1/2)
)*ln((-1+5^(1/2)-2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(5^(1/2)+1))-ln(1+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((-1-5^(1/
2)-2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(-5^(1/2)+1))-ln(-1+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1+5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1
/2))/(3+5^(1/2)))-polylog(2,2*(1-(1+x)^(1/2))/(3-5^(1/2)))-polylog(2,2*(1-(
1+x)^(1/2))/(3+5^(1/2)))-polylog(2,2*(1+(1+x)^(1/2))/(-5^(1/2)+1))-polylog(
2,2*(1+(1+x)^(1/2))/(5^(1/2)+1))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.500, Rules used = {2610, 2608, 2604, 2465, 2441, 2440, 2438}

$$\int \frac{\log \left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{x} \, dx = -\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(1-\sqrt{x+1}\right)}{3-\sqrt{5}}\right)-\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(1-\sqrt{x+1}\right)}{3+\sqrt{5}}\right)-\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(\sqrt{x+1}+1\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}}\right)-\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(\sqrt{x+1}+1\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right)+\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}-1\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)+\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}+1\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)-\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}-1\right)\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{5}+1}{3-\sqrt{5}}\right)-\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}+1\right)\log\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{5}+1}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right)-\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}+1\right)\log\left(-\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{5}+1}{1-\sqrt{5}}\right)-\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}-1\right)\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{5}+1}{3+\sqrt{5}}\right)$$

```
[In] Int[Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]/x,x]
```

```
[Out] Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]] + Log[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[x + S
qrt[1 + x]] - Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[(1 - Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(3 -
Sqrt[5])] - Log[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[-((1 - Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 + S
qrt[5]))] - Log[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[-((1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 - S
qrt[5]))] - Log[-1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[(1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(3 + Sq
rt[5])] - PolyLog[2, (2*(1 - Sqrt[1 + x]))/(3 - Sqrt[5])] - PolyLog[2, (2*(
1 - Sqrt[1 + x]))/(3 + Sqrt[5])] - PolyLog[2, (2*(1 + Sqrt[1 + x]))/(1 - Sq
rt[5])] - PolyLog[2, (2*(1 + Sqrt[1 + x]))/(1 + Sqrt[5])]
```

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 2440

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))]*(b_.))/((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)), x_
Symbol] :> Dist[1/g, Subst[Int[(a + b*Log[1 + c*e*(x/g)])/x, x], x, f + g*x
```

```
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && EqQ[g + c*
(e*f - d*g), 0]
```

Rule 2441

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(n_.)]*(b_.))/((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_
)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[e*((f + g*x)/(e*f - d*g))]*((a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x
)^n])/g), x] - Dist[b*e*(n/g), Int[Log[(e*(f + g*x))/(e*f - d*g)]/(d + e*x)
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0]
```

Rule 2465

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(RFx_), x_Sy
mbol] :> With[{u = ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x)^n])^p, RFx, x]},
Int[u, x] /; SumQ[u]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[
RFx, x] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Rule 2604

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(RFx_)^(p_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[Log[d + e*x]*((a + b*Log[c*RFx^p])^n/e), x] - Dist[b*n*(p/e)
, Int[Log[d + e*x]*(a + b*Log[c*RFx^p])^(n - 1)*(D[RFx, x]/RFx), x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 2608

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(RFx_)^(p_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(RGx_), x_Symbol] :> With
[{u = ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Log[c*RFx^p])^n, RGx, x]}, Int[u, x] /; SumQ[u
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx, x] && RationalFuncti
onQ[RGx, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 2610

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[u_]*(b_.))*(RFx_), x_Symbol] :> With[{lst = SubstForFracti
onalPowerOfLinear[RFx*(a + b*Log[u]), x]}, Dist[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]], Subst[In
t[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst[[2]])], x] /;  !FalseQ[lst]] /; FreeQ[{a
, b}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x\log(-1+x+x^2)}{-1+x^2}\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$= 2\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{\log(-1+x+x^2)}{2(-1+x)} + \frac{\log(-1+x+x^2)}{2(1+x)}\right)\,dx, x, \sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$=\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{-1+x}\,dx,x,\sqrt{1+x}\right)+\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(-1+x+x^2\right)}{1+x}\,dx,x,\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$=\log\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)+\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$-\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(1+2x)\log(-1+x)}{-1+x+x^2}\,dx,x,\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$-\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(1+2x)\log(1+x)}{-1+x+x^2}\,dx,x,\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$=\log\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)+\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$-\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{2\log(-1+x)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}+\frac{2\log(-1+x)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\right)\,dx,x,\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$-\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{2\log(1+x)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}+\frac{2\log(1+x)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\right)\,dx,x,\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$=\log\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)+\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)-2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(-1+x)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx,x,\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$-2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(-1+x)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx,x,\sqrt{1+x}\right)-2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(1+x)}{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx,x,\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$-2\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(1+x)}{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}\,dx,x,\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&= \log\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)+\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\\
&\quad-\log\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{3-\sqrt{5}}\right)\\
&\quad-\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(-\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right)\\
&\quad-\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(-\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-\sqrt{5}}\right)\\
&\quad-\log\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{3+\sqrt{5}}\right)\\
&\quad+\mathrm{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}{-1-\sqrt{5}}\right)}{1+x}\,dx,x,\sqrt{1+x}\right)\\
&\quad+\mathrm{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2x}{3-\sqrt{5}}\right)}{-1+x}\,dx,x,\sqrt{1+x}\right)\\
&\quad+\mathrm{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}{-1+\sqrt{5}}\right)}{1+x}\,dx,x,\sqrt{1+x}\right)\\
&\quad+\mathrm{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2x}{3+\sqrt{5}}\right)}{-1+x}\,dx,x,\sqrt{1+x}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$= \log\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)+\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$-\log\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{3-\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$-\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(-\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$-\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(-\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$-\log\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{3+\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$+\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\log\left(1+\frac{2x}{-1-\sqrt{5}}\right)}{x}\,dx,x,1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$+\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\log\left(1+\frac{2x}{3-\sqrt{5}}\right)}{x}\,dx,x,-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$+\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\log\left(1+\frac{2x}{-1+\sqrt{5}}\right)}{x}\,dx,x,1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$+\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\log\left(1+\frac{2x}{3+\sqrt{5}}\right)}{x}\,dx,x,-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$

$$= \log\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)+\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)$$
$$-\log\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{3-\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$-\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(-\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$-\log\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(-\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$-\log\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{3+\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$-\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{2\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{3-\sqrt{5}}\right)-\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{2\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{3+\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
$$-\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}}\right)-\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\log \left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{x}\,dx = \log \left(1-\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log \left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) + \log \left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log \left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right) - \log \left(\frac{1}{2}\left(3-\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\log \left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) - \log \left(\frac{1}{2}\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\log \left(1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) - \log \left(\frac{1}{2}\left(3+\sqrt{5}\right)\right)\log \left(1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}\right) - \log \left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\log \left(-\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1-\sqrt{5}}\right) - \text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{2\left(1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{1-\sqrt{5}}\right) + \text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{3-\sqrt{5}}\right) + \text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{5}}\right) + \text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{3+\sqrt{5}}\right)$$

```
[In] Integrate[Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]]/x,x]
```

```
[Out] Log[1 - Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[x + Sqrt[1 + x]] + Log[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[x + Sq
rt[1 + x]] - Log[(3 - Sqrt[5])/2]*Log[1 - Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x]] - Log[(1
 + Sqrt[5])/2]*Log[1 - Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x]] - Log[(3 + Sqrt[5])/2]*Log[
1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x]] - Log[1 + Sqrt[1 + x]]*Log[-((1 + Sqrt[5] + 2*
Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 - Sqrt[5]))] - PolyLog[2, (2*(1 + Sqrt[1 + x]))/(1 - Sqrt[5
])] + PolyLog[2, (1 - Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(3 - Sqrt[5])] + PolyLog[2,
-((1 - Sqrt[5] + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(1 + Sqrt[5]))] + PolyLog[2, (1 + Sqrt[5] +
 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/(3 + Sqrt[5])]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
derivativedivides	$\ln\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\ln\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)-\ln\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\ln\left(\frac{-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{5}-3}\right)-\ln\left(-1+\right.$
default	$\ln\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\ln\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)-\ln\left(-1+\sqrt{1+x}\right)\ln\left(\frac{-1+\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{5}-3}\right)-\ln\left(-1+\right.$
parts	$\ln\left(x\right)\ln\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)-\ln\left(\sqrt{1+x}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}+\frac{1}{2}\right)\ln\left(x\right)+\operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{1+x}}{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}}\right)+\ln\left(\sqrt{1+x}\right.$

```
[In] int(ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] ln(-1+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))-ln(-1+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((-1+5^(1/2)-2*(1
+x)^(1/2))/(5^(1/2)-3))-ln(-1+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1+5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(3+
5^(1/2)))-dilog((-1+5^(1/2)-2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(5^(1/2)-3))-dilog((1+5^(1/2)+2*
(1+x)^(1/2))/(3+5^(1/2)))+ln(1+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln(x+(1+x)^(1/2))-ln(1+(1+x)^(1
/2))*ln((-1+5^(1/2)-2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(5^(1/2)+1))-ln(1+(1+x)^(1/2))*ln((1+5^(
1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(5^(1/2)-1))-dilog((-1+5^(1/2)-2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(5^(1/2)+
1))-dilog((1+5^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(5^(1/2)-1))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{x}\,dx=\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)}{x}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(log(x+(1+x)^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] integral(log(x + sqrt(x + 1))/x, x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{x}\,dx=\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)}{x}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(ln(x+(1+x)**(1/2))/x,x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(log(x + sqrt(x + 1))/x, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{x}\,dx=\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)}{x}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(log(x+(1+x)^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] integrate(log(x + sqrt(x + 1))/x, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{x}\,dx=\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)}{x}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(log(x+(1+x)^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(log(x + sqrt(x + 1))/x, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(x+\sqrt{1+x}\right)}{x}\,dx=\int \frac{\ln\left(x+\sqrt{x+1}\right)}{x}\,dx$$

```
[In] int(log(x + (x + 1)^(1/2))/x,x)
[Out] int(log(x + (x + 1)^(1/2))/x, x)
```

3.33 $\int \arctan(2\tan(x))\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 5, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \arctan(2\tan(x))\,dx = x\arctan(2\tan(x)) + \frac{1}{2}ix\log\left(1-3e^{2ix}\right) - \frac{1}{2}ix\log\left(1-\frac{1}{3}e^{2ix}\right) - \frac{1}{4}\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{1}{3}e^{2ix}\right) + \frac{1}{4}\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,3e^{2ix}\right)$$

```
[Out] x*arctan(2*tan(x))+1/2*I*x*ln(1-3*exp(2*I*x))-1/2*I*x*ln(1-1/3*exp(2*I*x))-
1/4*polylog(2,1/3*exp(2*I*x))+1/4*polylog(2,3*exp(2*I*x))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.800, Rules used = {5275, 2221, 2317, 2438}

$$\int \arctan(2\tan(x))\,dx = x\arctan(2\tan(x)) - \frac{1}{4}\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{1}{3}e^{2ix}\right) + \frac{1}{4}\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,3e^{2ix}\right) + \frac{1}{2}ix\log\left(1-3e^{2ix}\right) - \frac{1}{2}ix\log\left(1-\frac{1}{3}e^{2ix}\right)$$

```
[In] Int[ArcTan[2*Tan[x]],x]
```

```
[Out] x*ArcTan[2*Tan[x]] + (I/2)*x*Log[1 - 3*E^((2*I)*x)] - (I/2)*x*Log[1 - E^((2
*I)*x)/3] - PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*x)/3]/4 + PolyLog[2, 3*E^((2*I)*x)]/4
```

Rule 2221

```
Int[(((F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/
((a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp
```

```
[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Di
st[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)
))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 2317

```
Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)], x_Symbol]
:> Dist[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]), Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x))
)^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 5275

```
Int[ArcTan[(c_.) + (d_.)*Tan[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*ArcT
an[c + d*Tan[a + b*x]], x] + (Dist[b*(1 - I*c - d), Int[x*(E^(2*I*a + 2*I*b
*x)/(1 - I*c + d + (1 - I*c - d)*E^(2*I*a + 2*I*b*x))), x], x] - Dist[b*(1
+ I*c + d), Int[x*(E^(2*I*a + 2*I*b*x)/(1 + I*c - d + (1 + I*c + d)*E^(2*I*
a + 2*I*b*x))), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[(c + I*d)^2, -1]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= x\arctan(2\tan(x)) - 3\int \frac{e^{2ix}x}{-1+3e^{2ix}}\,dx - \int \frac{e^{2ix}x}{3-e^{2ix}}\,dx \\
&= x\arctan(2\tan(x)) + \frac{1}{2}ix\log\left(1-3e^{2ix}\right) - \frac{1}{2}ix\log\left(1-\frac{1}{3}e^{2ix}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2}i\int \log\left(1-3e^{2ix}\right)\,dx + \frac{1}{2}i\int \log\left(1-\frac{1}{3}e^{2ix}\right)\,dx \\
&= x\arctan(2\tan(x)) + \frac{1}{2}ix\log\left(1-3e^{2ix}\right) - \frac{1}{2}ix\log\left(1-\frac{1}{3}e^{2ix}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{4}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(1-3x)}{x}\,dx, x, e^{2ix}\right) + \frac{1}{4}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log\left(1-\frac{x}{3}\right)}{x}\,dx, x, e^{2ix}\right) \\
&= x\arctan(2\tan(x)) + \frac{1}{2}ix\log\left(1-3e^{2ix}\right) - \frac{1}{2}ix\log\left(1-\frac{1}{3}e^{2ix}\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{4}\,\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{1}{3}e^{2ix}\right) + \frac{1}{4}\,\text{PolyLog}\left(2,3e^{2ix}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 262 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28

$$\begin{aligned}\int \arctan(2\tan(x))\,dx &= x\arctan(2\tan(x)) \\ &- \frac{1}{4}i\Bigg(4ix\arctan\left(\frac{\cot(x)}{2}\right) + 2i\arccos\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)\arctan(2\tan(x)) \\ &+ \left(\arccos\left(\frac{5}{3}\right) + 2\arctan\left(\frac{\cot(x)}{2}\right) + 2\arctan(2\tan(x))\right)\log\left(\frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}e^{-ix}}{\sqrt{-5+3\cos(2x)}}\right) \\ &+ \left(\arccos\left(\frac{5}{3}\right) - 2\arctan\left(\frac{\cot(x)}{2}\right) - 2\arctan(2\tan(x))\right)\log\left(\frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}e^{ix}}{\sqrt{-5+3\cos(2x)}}\right) \\ &- \left(\arccos\left(\frac{5}{3}\right) - 2\arctan(2\tan(x))\right)\log\left(\frac{4i-4\tan(x)}{i+2\tan(x)}\right) \\ &- \left(\arccos\left(\frac{5}{3}\right) + 2\arctan(2\tan(x))\right)\log\left(\frac{4(i+\tan(x))}{3i+6\tan(x)}\right) \\ &+ i\left(-\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{-3i+6\tan(x)}{i+2\tan(x)}\right) + \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{-i+2\tan(x)}{3i+6\tan(x)}\right)\right)\Bigg)\end{aligned}$$

```
[In] Integrate[ArcTan[2*Tan[x]],x]
```

```
[Out] x*ArcTan[2*Tan[x]] - (I/4)*((4*I)*x*ArcTan[Cot[x]/2] + (2*I)*ArcCos[5/3]*Ar
cTan[2*Tan[x]] + (ArcCos[5/3] + 2*ArcTan[Cot[x]/2] + 2*ArcTan[2*Tan[x]])*Lo
g[((2*I)*Sqrt[2/3])/(E^(I*x)*Sqrt[-5 + 3*Cos[2*x]])] + (ArcCos[5/3] - 2*Arc
Tan[Cot[x]/2] - 2*ArcTan[2*Tan[x]])*Log[((2*I)*Sqrt[2/3]*E^(I*x))/Sqrt[-5 +
 3*Cos[2*x]]] - (ArcCos[5/3] - 2*ArcTan[2*Tan[x]])*Log[(4*I - 4*Tan[x])/(I
+ 2*Tan[x])] - (ArcCos[5/3] + 2*ArcTan[2*Tan[x]])*Log[(4*(I + Tan[x]))/(3*I
 + 6*Tan[x])] + I*(-PolyLog[2, (-3*I + 6*Tan[x])/(I + 2*Tan[x])] + PolyLog[
2, (-I + 2*Tan[x])/(3*I + 6*Tan[x])]))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
derivativedivides	$\arctan(2\tan(x))\arctan(\tan(x))+\frac{i\arctan(\tan(x))\ln\left(1-\frac{3(1+i\tan(x))^2}{1+\tan^2(x)}\right)}{2}+\frac{\mathrm{Li}_2\left(\frac{3(1+i\tan(x))^2}{1+\tan^2(x)}\right)}{4}-\frac{i\,a}{}$
default	$\arctan(2\tan(x))\arctan(\tan(x))+\frac{i\arctan(\tan(x))\ln\left(1-\frac{3(1+i\tan(x))^2}{1+\tan^2(x)}\right)}{2}+\frac{\mathrm{Li}_2\left(\frac{3(1+i\tan(x))^2}{1+\tan^2(x)}\right)}{4}-\frac{i\,a}{}$
risch	$-\frac{\pi x}{2}-\frac{\pi\mathrm{csgn}\left(\frac{i(\mathrm{e}^{2ix}-3)}{\mathrm{e}^{2ix}+1}\right)^3 x}{4}+\frac{\pi\,\mathrm{csgn}(i(\mathrm{e}^{2ix}-3))\,\mathrm{csgn}\left(\frac{i}{\mathrm{e}^{2ix}+1}\right)\mathrm{csgn}\left(\frac{i(\mathrm{e}^{2ix}-3)}{\mathrm{e}^{2ix}+1}\right)x}{4}-\frac{\pi\,\mathrm{csgn}\left(\frac{i}{\mathrm{e}^{2ix}+1}\right)\mathrm{csgn}(i(\mathrm{e}}{}$

```
[In] int(arctan(2*tan(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] arctan(2*tan(x))*arctan(tan(x))+1/2*I*arctan(tan(x))*ln(1-3*(1+I*tan(x))^2/
(1+tan(x)^2))+1/4*polylog(2,3*(1+I*tan(x))^2/(1+tan(x)^2))-1/2*I*arctan(tan
(x))*ln(1-1/3*(1+I*tan(x))^2/(1+tan(x)^2))-1/4*polylog(2,1/3*(1+I*tan(x))^2
/(1+tan(x)^2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 220 vs. 2(50) = 100.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int \arctan(2\tan(x))\,dx = x\arctan\left(2\tan\left(x\right)\right) - \frac{1}{4}i\,x\log\left(\frac{2\left(2\tan\left(x\right)^{2}+3i\tan\left(x\right)-1\right)}{\tan\left(x\right)^{2}+1}\right) + \frac{1}{4}i\,x\log\left(\frac{2\left(2\tan\left(x\right)^{2}+i\tan\left(x\right)+1\right)}{3\left(\tan\left(x\right)^{2}+1\right)}\right) - \frac{1}{4}i\,x\log\left(\frac{2\left(2\tan\left(x\right)^{2}-i\tan\left(x\right)+1\right)}{3\left(\tan\left(x\right)^{2}+1\right)}\right) + \frac{1}{4}i\,x\log\left(\frac{2\left(2\tan\left(x\right)^{2}-3i\tan\left(x\right)-1\right)}{\tan\left(x\right)^{2}+1}\right) + \frac{1}{8}\operatorname{Li}_2\left(-\frac{2\left(2\tan\left(x\right)^{2}+3i\tan\left(x\right)-1\right)}{\tan\left(x\right)^{2}+1}+1\right) - \frac{1}{8}\operatorname{Li}_2\left(-\frac{2\left(2\tan\left(x\right)^{2}+i\tan\left(x\right)+1\right)}{3\left(\tan\left(x\right)^{2}+1\right)}+1\right) - \frac{1}{8}\operatorname{Li}_2\left(-\frac{2\left(2\tan\left(x\right)^{2}-i\tan\left(x\right)+1\right)}{3\left(\tan\left(x\right)^{2}+1\right)}+1\right) + \frac{1}{8}\operatorname{Li}_2\left(-\frac{2\left(2\tan\left(x\right)^{2}-3i\tan\left(x\right)-1\right)}{\tan\left(x\right)^{2}+1}+1\right)$$

```
[In] integrate(arctan(2*tan(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
[Out] x*arctan(2*tan(x)) - 1/4*I*x*log(2*(2*tan(x)^2 + 3*I*tan(x) - 1)/(tan(x)^2
+ 1)) + 1/4*I*x*log(2/3*(2*tan(x)^2 + I*tan(x) + 1)/(tan(x)^2 + 1)) - 1/4*I
*x*log(2/3*(2*tan(x)^2 - I*tan(x) + 1)/(tan(x)^2 + 1)) + 1/4*I*x*log(2*(2*t
an(x)^2 - 3*I*tan(x) - 1)/(tan(x)^2 + 1)) + 1/8*dilog(-2*(2*tan(x)^2 + 3*I*
tan(x) - 1)/(tan(x)^2 + 1) + 1) - 1/8*dilog(-2/3*(2*tan(x)^2 + I*tan(x) + 1
)/(tan(x)^2 + 1) + 1) - 1/8*dilog(-2/3*(2*tan(x)^2 - I*tan(x) + 1)/(tan(x)^
2 + 1) + 1) + 1/8*dilog(-2*(2*tan(x)^2 - 3*I*tan(x) - 1)/(tan(x)^2 + 1) + 1
)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \arctan(2\tan(x))\,dx = \int \operatorname{atan}\left(2\tan\left(x\right)\right)\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(atan(2*tan(x)),x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(atan(2*tan(x)), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \arctan(2\tan(x))\,dx = x\arctan\left(2\,\tan\left(x\right)\right) - \frac{1}{8}\,\log\left(4\,\tan\left(x\right)^{2} + 4\right)\log\left(4\,\tan\left(x\right)^{2} + 1\right) + \frac{1}{8}\,\log\left(4\,\tan\left(x\right)^{2} + 1\right)\log\left(\frac{4}{9}\,\tan\left(x\right)^{2} + \frac{4}{9}\right) - \frac{1}{4}\,\mathrm{Li}_2(2i\,\tan\left(x\right) - 1) + \frac{1}{4}\,\mathrm{Li}_2\left(\frac{2}{3}i\,\tan\left(x\right) + \frac{1}{3}\right) + \frac{1}{4}\,\mathrm{Li}_2\left(-\frac{2}{3}i\,\tan\left(x\right) + \frac{1}{3}\right) - \frac{1}{4}\,\mathrm{Li}_2(-2i\,\tan\left(x\right) - 1)$$

```
[In] integrate(arctan(2*tan(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] x*arctan(2*tan(x)) - 1/8*log(4*tan(x)^2 + 4)*log(4*tan(x)^2 + 1) + 1/8*log(
4*tan(x)^2 + 1)*log(4/9*tan(x)^2 + 4/9) - 1/4*dilog(2*I*tan(x) - 1) + 1/4*d
ilog(2/3*I*tan(x) + 1/3) + 1/4*dilog(-2/3*I*tan(x) + 1/3) - 1/4*dilog(-2*I*
tan(x) - 1)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \arctan(2\tan(x))\,dx = \int \arctan\left(2\,\tan\left(x\right)\right)\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(arctan(2*tan(x)),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(arctan(2*tan(x)), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \arctan(2\tan(x))\,dx = \int \mathrm{atan}(2\tan(x))\,dx$$

```
[In] int(atan(2*tan(x)),x)
[Out] int(atan(2*tan(x)), x)
```

3.34 $\int \frac{\arctan(x)\log(x)}{x}\,dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{\arctan(x)\log(x)}{x}\,dx = \frac{1}{2}i\log(x)\operatorname{PolyLog}(2,-ix) - \frac{1}{2}i\log(x)\operatorname{PolyLog}(2,ix) - \frac{1}{2}i\operatorname{PolyLog}(3,-ix) + \frac{1}{2}i\operatorname{PolyLog}(3,ix)$$

```
[Out] 1/2*I*ln(x)*polylog(2,-I*x)-1/2*I*ln(x)*polylog(2,I*x)-1/2*I*polylog(3,-I*x
)+1/2*I*polylog(3,I*x)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {4940, 2438, 5125, 2421, 6724}

$$\int \frac{\arctan(x)\log(x)}{x}\,dx = -\frac{1}{2}i\operatorname{PolyLog}(3,-ix) + \frac{1}{2}i\operatorname{PolyLog}(3,ix) + \frac{1}{2}i\operatorname{PolyLog}(2,-ix)\log(x) - \frac{1}{2}i\operatorname{PolyLog}(2,ix)\log(x)$$

```
[In] Int[(ArcTan[x]*Log[x])/x,x]
```

```
[Out] (I/2)*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*x] - (I/2)*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, I*x] - (I/2)*Poly
Log[3, (-I)*x] + (I/2)*PolyLog[3, I*x]
```

Rule 2421

```
Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b
_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*((a + b*Log[c
*x^n])^p/m), x] + Dist[b*n*(p/m), Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*
```

```
x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0
] && EqQ[d*e, 1]
```

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 4940

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcTan[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*Log[x], x]
 + (Dist[I*(b/2), Int[Log[1 - I*c*x]/x, x], x] - Dist[I*(b/2), Int[Log[1 +
I*c*x]/x, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

Rule 5125

```
Int[(ArcTan[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*Log[(d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)])/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Dis
t[I/2, Int[Log[d*x^m]*(Log[1 - I*c*x^n]/x), x], x] - Dist[I/2, Int[Log[d*x^
m]*(Log[1 + I*c*x^n]/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, m, n}, x]
```

Rule 6724

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{integral} &= \frac{1}{2}i\int\frac{\log(1-ix)\log(x)}{x}\,dx-\frac{1}{2}i\int\frac{\log(1+ix)\log(x)}{x}\,dx\\
&= \frac{1}{2}i\log(x)\,\text{PolyLog}(2,-ix)-\frac{1}{2}i\log(x)\,\text{PolyLog}(2,ix)\\
&\quad-\frac{1}{2}i\int\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2,-ix)}{x}\,dx+\frac{1}{2}i\int\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2,ix)}{x}\,dx\\
&= \frac{1}{2}i\log(x)\,\text{PolyLog}(2,-ix)-\frac{1}{2}i\log(x)\,\text{PolyLog}(2,ix)\\
&\quad-\frac{1}{2}i\,\text{PolyLog}(3,-ix)+\frac{1}{2}i\,\text{PolyLog}(3,ix)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\arctan(x)\log(x)}{x}\,dx = \frac{1}{2}i(\log(x)\,\text{PolyLog}(2,-ix) - \log(x)\,\text{PolyLog}(2,ix) - \text{PolyLog}(3,-ix) + \text{PolyLog}(3,ix))$$

```
[In] Integrate[(ArcTan[x]*Log[x])/x,x]
[Out] (I/2)*(Log[x]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*x] - Log[x]*PolyLog[2, I*x] - PolyLog[3, (-I)
*x] + PolyLog[3, I*x])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{i\ln(x)^2\ln(-i(x+i))}{4} - \frac{i\ln(x)^2\ln(-ix+1)}{4} - \frac{i\ln(x)\,\text{Li}_2(ix)}{2} + \frac{i\,\text{Li}_3(ix)}{2} + \frac{i\ln(x)\,\text{Li}_2(-ix)}{2} - \frac{i\,\text{Li}_3(-ix)}{2}$	71

```
[In] int(arctan(x)*ln(x)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
[Out] 1/4*I*ln(x)^2*ln(-I*(x+I))-1/4*I*ln(x)^2*ln(1-I*x)-1/2*I*ln(x)*polylog(2,I*
x)+1/2*I*polylog(3,I*x)+1/2*I*ln(x)*polylog(2,-I*x)-1/2*I*polylog(3,-I*x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arctan(x)\log(x)}{x}\,dx = \int \frac{\arctan(x)\log(x)}{x}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(arctan(x)*log(x)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] integral(arctan(x)*log(x)/x, x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arctan(x)\log(x)}{x}\,dx = \int \frac{\log(x)\operatorname{atan}(x)}{x}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(atan(x)*ln(x)/x,x)
[Out] Integral(log(x)*atan(x)/x, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

none

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{\arctan(x)\log(x)}{x}\,dx = -\frac{1}{2}i\,\mathrm{Li}_2(i\,x)\log(x) + \frac{1}{2}i\,\mathrm{Li}_2(-i\,x)\log(x) + \frac{1}{2}i\,\mathrm{Li}_3(i\,x) - \frac{1}{2}i\,\mathrm{Li}_3(-i\,x)$$

```
[In] integrate(arctan(x)*log(x)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] -1/2*I*dilog(I*x)*log(x) + 1/2*I*dilog(-I*x)*log(x) + 1/2*I*polylog(3, I*x)
 - 1/2*I*polylog(3, -I*x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\arctan(x)\log(x)}{x}\,dx = \int \frac{\arctan(x)\log(x)}{x}\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(arctan(x)*log(x)/x,x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(arctan(x)*log(x)/x, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arctan(x)\log(x)}{x}\,dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{atan}(x)\,\ln(x)}{x}\,dx$$

```
[In] int((atan(x)*log(x))/x,x)
[Out] int((atan(x)*log(x))/x, x)
```

3.35 $\int \sqrt{1+x^2} \arctan(x)^2 \, dx$

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 121

$$\begin{aligned}\int \sqrt{1+x^2} \arctan(x)^2 \, dx = {} & \operatorname{arcsinh}(x) - \sqrt{1+x^2} \arctan(x) + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{1+x^2} \arctan(x)^2 \\ & - i \arctan\left(e^{i \arctan(x)}\right) \arctan(x)^2 \\ & + i \arctan(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{i \arctan(x)}\right) \\ & - i \arctan(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{i \arctan(x)}\right) \\ & - \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{i \arctan(x)}\right) + \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{i \arctan(x)}\right)\end{aligned}$$

```
[Out] arcsinh(x)-I*arctan((1+I*x)/(x^2+1)^(1/2))*arctan(x)^2+I*arctan(x)*polylog(
2,-I*(1+I*x)/(x^2+1)^(1/2))-I*arctan(x)*polylog(2,I*(1+I*x)/(x^2+1)^(1/2))-
polylog(3,-I*(1+I*x)/(x^2+1)^(1/2))+polylog(3,I*(1+I*x)/(x^2+1)^(1/2))-arct
an(x)*(x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*x*arctan(x)^2*(x^2+1)^(1/2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5000, 5008, 4266, 2611, 2320, 6724, 221}

$$\begin{aligned}\int \sqrt{1+x^2} \arctan(x)^2 \, dx = {} & \operatorname{arcsinh}(x) + i \arctan(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{i \arctan(x)}\right) \\ & - i \arctan(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{i \arctan(x)}\right) - \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -ie^{i \arctan(x)}\right) \\ & + \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, ie^{i \arctan(x)}\right) + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{x^2+1} \arctan(x)^2 \\ & - \sqrt{x^2+1} \arctan(x) - i \arctan\left(e^{i \arctan(x)}\right) \arctan(x)^2\end{aligned}$$

```
[In] Int[Sqrt[1 + x^2]*ArcTan[x]^2,x]
```

```
[Out] ArcSinh[x] - Sqrt[1 + x^2]*ArcTan[x] + (x*Sqrt[1 + x^2]*ArcTan[x]^2)/2 - I*
ArcTan[E^(I*ArcTan[x])]*ArcTan[x]^2 + I*ArcTan[x]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcT
an[x])] - I*ArcTan[x]*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcTan[x])] - PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(I*
ArcTan[x])] + PolyLog[3, I*E^(I*ArcTan[x])]
```

Rule 221

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt
[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]
```

Rule 2320

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Dist[v/D[v, x]
, Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Functi
onOfExponentialQ[u, x] &&  !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ[
{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] &&  !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))*
(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

Rule 2611

```
Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)
*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(f + g*x)^m)*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Dist[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])), Int[(f + g*x)^(m
 - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e,
 f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 4266

```
Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))]/f), x] + (-Di
st[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))], x],
x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))
], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 5000

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcTan[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_
Symbol] :> Simp[(-b)*p*(d + e*x^2)^q*((a + b*ArcTan[c*x])^(p - 1)/(2*c*q*(2
*q + 1))), x] + (Dist[2*d*(q/(2*q + 1)), Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q - 1)*(a + b*Arc
Tan[c*x])^p, x], x] + Dist[b^2*d*p*((p - 1)/(2*q*(2*q + 1))), Int[(d + e*x^
2)^(q - 1)*(a + b*ArcTan[c*x])^(p - 2), x], x] + Simp[x*(d + e*x^2)^q*((a +
 b*ArcTan[c*x])^p/(2*q + 1)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[e, c^
2*d] && GtQ[q, 0] && GtQ[p, 1]
```

Rule 5008

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcTan[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(p_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_S
ymbol] :> Dist[1/(c*Sqrt[d]), Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*Sec[x], x], x, ArcTan[c
```

```
*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[e, c^2*d] && IGtQ[p, 0] && GtQ
[d, 0]
```

Rule 6724

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Rubi steps

$$\text{integral} = -\sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)+\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)^2+\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\arctan(x)^2}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}\,dx+\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}\,dx$$

$$= \operatorname{arcsinh}(x)-\sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)+\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)^2 + \frac{1}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int x^2\sec(x)\,dx,x,\arctan(x)\right)$$

$$= \operatorname{arcsinh}(x)-\sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)+\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)^2-i\arctan\left(e^{i\arctan(x)}\right)\arctan(x)^2 - \text{Subst}\left(\int x\log\left(1-ie^{ix}\right)\,dx,x,\arctan(x)\right)+\text{Subst}\left(\int x\log\left(1+ie^{ix}\right)\,dx,x,\arctan(x)\right)$$

$$= \operatorname{arcsinh}(x)-\sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)+\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)^2 - i\arctan\left(e^{i\arctan(x)}\right)\arctan(x)^2+i\arctan(x)\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,-ie^{i\arctan(x)}\right) - i\arctan(x)\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,ie^{i\arctan(x)}\right) - i\text{Subst}\left(\int\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,-ie^{ix}\right)\,dx,x,\arctan(x)\right) + i\text{Subst}\left(\int\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,ie^{ix}\right)\,dx,x,\arctan(x)\right)$$

$$= \operatorname{arcsinh}(x)-\sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)+\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)^2 - i\arctan\left(e^{i\arctan(x)}\right)\arctan(x)^2+i\arctan(x)\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,-ie^{i\arctan(x)}\right) - i\arctan(x)\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,ie^{i\arctan(x)}\right) - \text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(2,-ix)}{x}\,dx,x,e^{i\arctan(x)}\right) + \text{Subst}\left(\int\frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(2,ix)}{x}\,dx,x,e^{i\arctan(x)}\right)$$

$$= \operatorname{arcsinh}(x) - \sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x) + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)^2 - i\arctan\left(e^{i\arctan(x)}\right)\arctan(x)^2 + i\arctan(x)\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,-ie^{i\arctan(x)}\right) - i\arctan(x)\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,ie^{i\arctan(x)}\right) - \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3,-ie^{i\arctan(x)}\right) + \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3,ie^{i\arctan(x)}\right)$$

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)^2\,dx = -\sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x) + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)^2 - i\arctan\left(e^{i\arctan(x)}\right)\arctan(x)^2 + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}\right) + i\arctan(x)\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,-ie^{i\arctan(x)}\right) - i\arctan(x)\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,ie^{i\arctan(x)}\right) - \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3,-ie^{i\arctan(x)}\right) + \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3,ie^{i\arctan(x)}\right)$$

```
[In] Integrate[Sqrt[1 + x^2]*ArcTan[x]^2,x]
```

```
[Out] -(Sqrt[1 + x^2]*ArcTan[x]) + (x*Sqrt[1 + x^2]*ArcTan[x]^2)/2 - I*ArcTan[E^(
I*ArcTan[x])]*ArcTan[x]^2 + ArcTanh[x/Sqrt[1 + x^2]] + I*ArcTan[x]*PolyLog[
2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcTan[x])] - I*ArcTan[x]*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcTan[x])] - Poly
Log[3, (-I)*E^(I*ArcTan[x])] + PolyLog[3, I*E^(I*ArcTan[x])]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
default	$\frac{(x\arctan(x)-2)\arctan(x)\sqrt{x^2+1}}{2} + \frac{\arctan(x)^2\ln\left(1-\frac{i(ix+1)}{\sqrt{x^2+1}}\right)}{2} - \frac{\arctan(x)^2\ln\left(1+\frac{i(ix+1)}{\sqrt{x^2+1}}\right)}{2} - i\arctan(x)\operatorname{Li}_2\left(\frac{i(ix+1)}{\sqrt{x^2+1}}\right.$

```
[In] int(arctan(x)^2*(x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
[Out] 1/2*(x*arctan(x)-2)*arctan(x)*(x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*arctan(x)^2*ln(1-I*(1+I*x)/
(x^2+1)^(1/2))-1/2*arctan(x)^2*ln(1+I*(1+I*x)/(x^2+1)^(1/2))-I*arctan(x)*po
lylog(2,I*(1+I*x)/(x^2+1)^(1/2))+I*arctan(x)*polylog(2,-I*(1+I*x)/(x^2+1)^(
1/2))+polylog(3,I*(1+I*x)/(x^2+1)^(1/2))-polylog(3,-I*(1+I*x)/(x^2+1)^(1/2)
)-2*I*arctan((1+I*x)/(x^2+1)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)^2\,dx = \int \sqrt{x^2+1}\arctan\left(x\right)^2\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(arctan(x)^2*(x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] integral(sqrt(x^2 + 1)*arctan(x)^2, x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)^2\,dx = \int \sqrt{x^2+1}\operatorname{atan}^2\left(x\right)dx$$

```
[In] integrate(atan(x)**2*(x**2+1)**(1/2),x)
[Out] Integral(sqrt(x**2 + 1)*atan(x)**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)^2\,dx = \int \sqrt{x^2+1}\arctan\left(x\right)^2\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(arctan(x)^2*(x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] integrate(sqrt(x^2 + 1)*arctan(x)^2, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)^2\,dx = \int \sqrt{x^2+1}\arctan\left(x\right)^2\,dx$$

```
[In] integrate(arctan(x)^2*(x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(sqrt(x^2 + 1)*arctan(x)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{1+x^2}\arctan(x)^2\,dx = \int \mathrm{atan}(x)^2\sqrt{x^2+1}\,dx$$

```
[In] int(atan(x)^2*(x^2 + 1)^(1/2),x)
[Out] int(atan(x)^2*(x^2 + 1)^(1/2), x)
```

CHAPTER 4

APPENDIX

4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7,2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                       Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                       match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)


(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
```

```
(*          GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(*  "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(*  "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(*  "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(*  "A" if result can be considered optimal*)


GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCou
    expnResult  = ExpnType[result];
    expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
    leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
    leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

    (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
    If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
        If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
            If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
                If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
                    finalresult={"A",""}
                    ,(*ELSE*)
                    finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is
                  ]
            ,(*ELSE*)
                finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
            ]
        ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
            If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
               finalresult={"A",""}
            ,(*ELSE*)
               finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. $"<
              ]
        ]
    ,(*ELSE*) (*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
        If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
            finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "<>T
            ,
            finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
        ]
    ];

    finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
```

```
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)


ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]===Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
        1,
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]]],2]],
    Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]]],ExpnType[expn[[2]]],3]]],
  If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
    Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
  If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
    Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
  If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
    Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
  If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
    Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],5]],
  If[AppellFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
    Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],6]],
  If[Head[expn]===RootSum,
    Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
  If[Head[expn]===Integrate || Head[expn]===Int,
    Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],8]],
  9]]]]]]]]]]


ElementaryFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
  Exp,Log,
  Sin,Cos,Tan,Cot,Sec,Csc,
  ArcSin,ArcCos,ArcTan,ArcCot,ArcSec,ArcCsc,
```

```
  Sinh,Cosh,Tanh,Coth,Sech,Csch,
  ArcSinh,ArcCosh,ArcTanh,ArcCoth,ArcSech,ArcCsch
},func]


SpecialFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
  Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
  FresnelS, FresnelC,
  ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
  SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
  Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
  Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
  EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
},func]


HypergeometricFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{Hypergeometric1F1,Hypergeometric2F1,HypergeometricPFQ},func]


AppellFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{AppellF1},func]
```

Maple grading function

```
# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017  Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017  missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017  corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017  check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019  Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022   add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
        leaf_count_optimal,
        ExpnType_result,
        ExpnType_optimal,
        debug:=false;

        leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
```

```
        #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
        if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
            return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues
        fi;

        leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
        ExpnType_result  := ExpnType(result);
        ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

        if debug then
            print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
        fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
#  GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
#   "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
#       is integrable
#   "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
#   "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal
#       antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

    #This check below actually is not needed, since I only
    #call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
    #for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
    #just in case.


    if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
        return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
    fi;


    if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
        if debug then
             print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
        fi;
        if is_contains_complex(result) then
            if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
                if debug then
                        print("both result and optimal complex");
                fi;
                if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                    return "A"," ";
                else
                   return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (",
```

```
                                    convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf_co
                   end if
               else #result contains complex but optimal is not
                   if debug then
                           print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
                   fi;
                   return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
               fi;
           else # result do not contain complex
                # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
               if debug then
                      print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well")
               fi;
               if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                   if debug then
                       print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
                   fi;
                   return "A"," ";
               else
                   if debug then
                       print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
                   fi;
                   return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of opt
                                    convert(leaf_count_result,string),"$ vs. $2(",
                                    convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_count
               fi;
           fi;
       else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
           if debug then
               print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
           fi;
           return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                          convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                          convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
       fi;

end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
  return (has(expression,I));
end proc:
```

```
# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function
# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
       1
    else
       max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'`^`') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
         1
      else
         max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
         max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'`+`') or type(expn,'`*`') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
```

```
  9
  end if
end proc:


ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func,[
        exp,log,ln,
        sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
        arcsin,arccos,arctan,arccot,arcsec,arccsc,
        sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
        arcsinh,arccosh,arctanh,arccoth,arcsech,arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func,[
        erf,erfc,erfi,
        FresnelS,FresnelC,
        Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
        GAMMA,lnGAMMA,Psi,Zeta,polylog,dilog,LambertW,
        EllipticF,EllipticE,EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func,[Hypergeometric1F1,hypergeom,HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func,[AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product.  rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
     op(2,u)
  else
     apply(op(0,u),op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.
#Nasser 3/23/17  Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
   MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc:
```

Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#             Port of original Maple grading function by
#             Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019  Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#             added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
   #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
   return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
   if isinstance(expr,Pow):
      if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
         return True
      else:
         return False
   else:
      return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
   return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
         asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
         asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
      ]

def is_special_function(func):
   return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
          fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
          gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
          elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
       ]

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
   return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
   return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
   try:
      if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
        return True
      else:
        return False
```

```
    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
       return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn))    #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif  is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))   #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow):    #type(expn,'`^`')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer):   #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0])    #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational):   #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))   #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnTy
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'`+`') or type(expn,'`*`')
        m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
        m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
        return max(m1,m2)   #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
    elif is_elementary_function(expn.func):   #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
        return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]))   #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
        m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
        return max(4,m1)    #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
    elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
        m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
        return max(5,m1)    #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
    elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
        m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
        return max(6,m1)    #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
    elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
        m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
        return max(7,m1)
    elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
```

```
        m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
        return max(8,m1)    #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
    else:
        return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result  = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result  = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation =""
    else:
        if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
            if result.has(I):
                if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                    if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                        grade = "A"
                        grade_annotation =""
                    else:
                        grade = "B"
                        grade_annotation ="Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is large
                else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                    grade = "C"
                    grade_annotation ="Result contains complex when optimal does not."
            else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation =""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation ="Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(le
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation ="Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType_
```

```
    #print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

    return grade, grade_annotation
```

SageMath grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#              Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#              grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#              'arctan2','floor','abs','log_integral'
#June 4, 2022  Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#              issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow:   #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False
```

```
def is_elementary_function(func):
   #debug=False
   m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
           'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
           'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
           'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
           'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arccoth','arcsech','arccsch','sgn',
       'arctan2','floor','abs'
       ]
   if debug:
      if m:
         print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
      else:
         print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")


   return m

def is_special_function(func):
   #debug=False
   if debug:
      print ("type(func)=", type(func))

   m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
         'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral'
         'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi,zeta',
         'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
         'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral']

   if debug:
      print ("m=",m)
      if m:
         print ("func ", func ," is special_function")
      else:
         print ("func ", func ," is NOT special_function")


   return m


def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
   return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
   return func.name() in ['hypergeometric']   #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath
```

```
def is_atom(expn):

   #debug=False
   if debug:
       print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

   if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
      return False


   #thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic-t
   try:
      if expn.parent() is SR:
         return expn.operator() is None
      if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
         return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
      if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
         return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

      return False

   except AttributeError as error:
      print("Exception,AttributeError in  is_atom")
      print ("cought exception" , type(error).__name__ )
      return False


def expnType(expn):

   if debug:
      print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
      print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

   if is_atom(expn):
      return 1
   elif type(expn)==list:   #isinstance(expn,list):
      return max(map(expnType, expn))    #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
   elif  is_sqrt(expn):
      if  type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational:  #type(isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational):
         return 1
      else:
         return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))   #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
   elif expn.operator() == operator.pow:    #isinstance(expn,Pow)
      if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer:   #isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer)
         return expnType(expn.operands()[0])    #expnType(expn.args[0])
      elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational:   #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
         if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational:  #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
```

```
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))  #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn.
    elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isinsta
        m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
        m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
        return max(m1,m2)  #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
    elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()):  #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
        return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
    elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
        m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands()))       #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
        return max(4,m1)   #max(4,m1)
    elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
        m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands()))       #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
        return max(5,m1)   #max(5,m1)
    elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
        m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands()))       #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
        return max(6,m1)   #max(6,m1)
    elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
                #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
                #but kept it here.
        m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands()))       #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
        return max(8,m1)   #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
    else:
        return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):


    if debug:
        print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
        print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
        print("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
        print("type(anti)=",type(result))
        print("type(optimal)=",type(optimal))

    leaf_count_result  = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

    #if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)


    expnType_result  = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)
```

```
if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation ="none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation ="Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger th
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation ="Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation ="none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation ="Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_c
else:
    grade = "C"
    grade_annotation ="Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_resul


print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation
```