

# Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2023 edition with Rubi V 4.17.3

5-Inverse-trig-functions/5.1-Inverse-sine/144-5.1.5-Inverse-sine-  
functions

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# CHAPTER 1

## INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [ 474 ]. This is test number [ 144 ].

## 1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 13.3.1 (August 16, 2023) on windows 10.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 13.3.1 on windows 10
3. Maple 2023.1 (July, 12, 2023) on windows 10.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.3.0 on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
5. FriCAS 1.3.9 (July 8, 2023) based on sbcl 2.3.0 on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-57 (June 26, 2023) on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
7. Sympy 1.12 (May 10, 2023) Using Python 3.11.3 on Linux.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.



## 1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or `Hypergeometric2F1` functions. `RootSum` and `RootOf` are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	99.37 ( 471 )	0.63 ( 3 )
Mathematica	98.31 ( 466 )	1.69 ( 8 )
Maple	79.75 ( 378 )	20.25 ( 96 )
Giac	53.16 ( 252 )	46.84 ( 222 )
Fricas	43.46 ( 206 )	56.54 ( 268 )
Sympy	33.97 ( 161 )	66.03 ( 313 )
Maxima	24.26 ( 115 )	75.74 ( 359 )
Mupad	18.78 ( 89 )	81.22 ( 385 )

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> </ol>
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

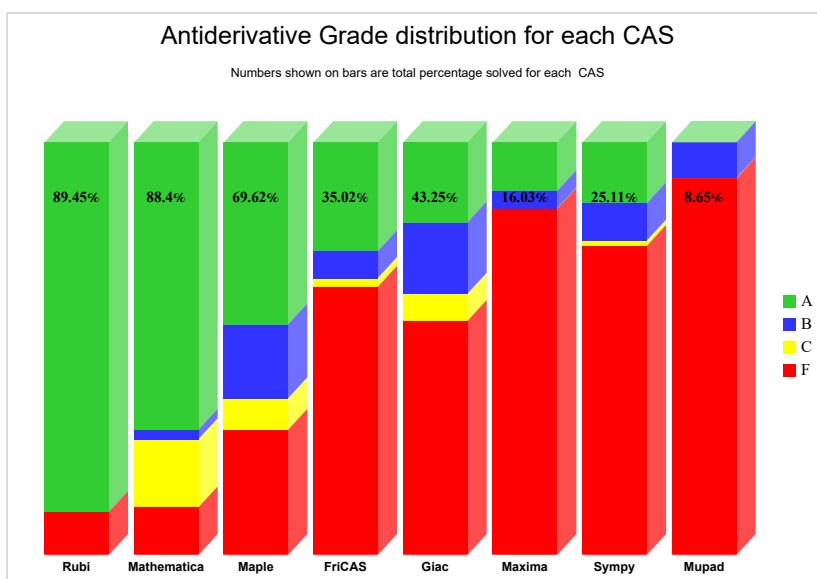
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

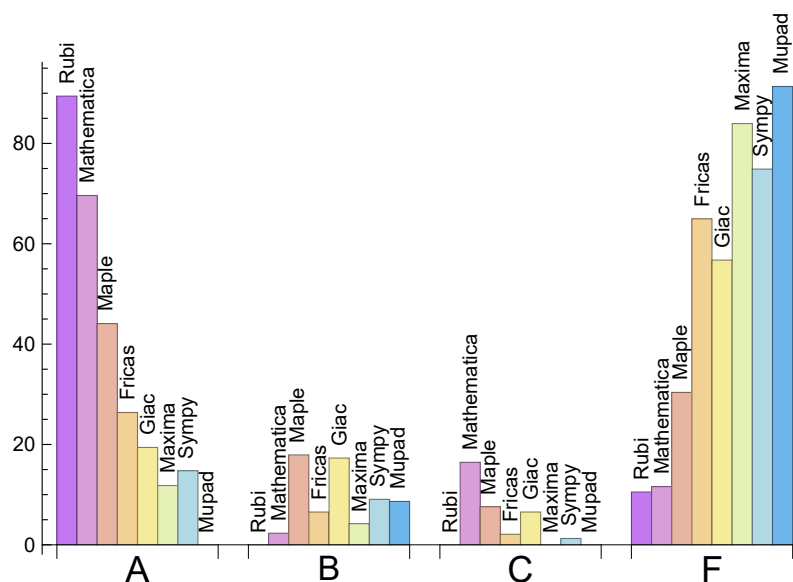
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	89.241	0.000	0.000	10.759
Mathematica	69.620	2.321	16.456	11.603
Maple	44.093	17.932	7.595	30.380
Fricas	26.371	6.540	2.110	64.979
Giac	19.409	17.300	6.540	56.751
Sympy	14.768	9.072	1.266	74.895
Maxima	11.814	4.219	0.000	83.966
Mupad	0.000	8.650	0.000	91.350

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima

and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	3	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	8	87.50	12.50	0.00
Maple	96	100.00	0.00	0.00
Giac	222	76.58	0.45	22.97
Fricas	268	69.78	0.37	29.85
Sympy	313	87.22	9.58	3.19
Maxima	359	72.98	3.06	23.96
Mupad	385	0.00	100.00	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

## 1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Mupad	0.38
Giac	0.70
Rubi	0.71
Maple	1.13
Mathematica	1.81
Fricas	3.06
Maxima	3.09
Sympy	5.43

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Mupad	40.96	1.12	25.00	1.00
Maxima	165.24	3.17	61.00	1.12
Mathematica	217.32	1.02	134.00	0.95
Rubi	219.50	0.96	143.00	1.00
Fricas	242.01	1.70	81.50	1.19
Sympy	277.27	1.92	76.00	1.33
Giac	497.48	2.52	151.00	1.41
Maple	612.02	1.79	203.00	1.37

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

## 1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the  $y$  axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the  $x$  axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

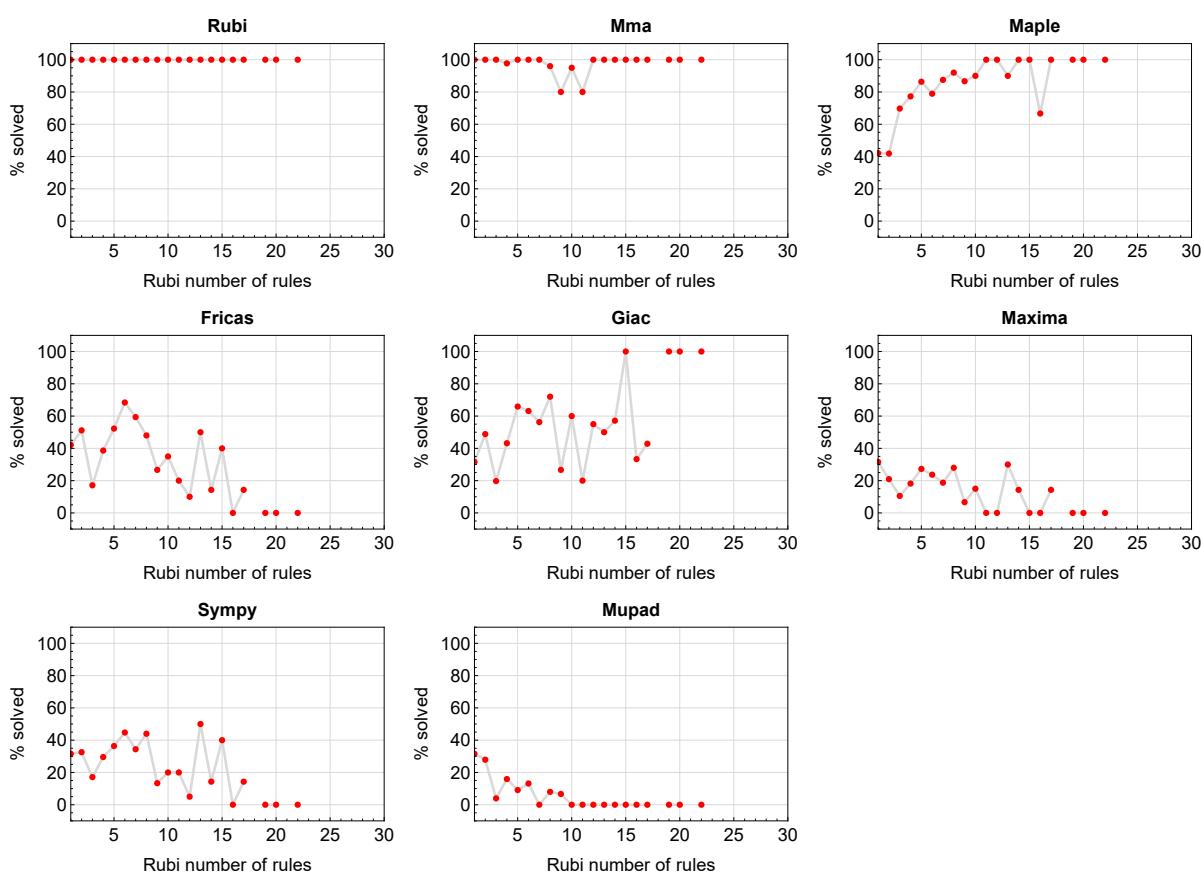


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

## 1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

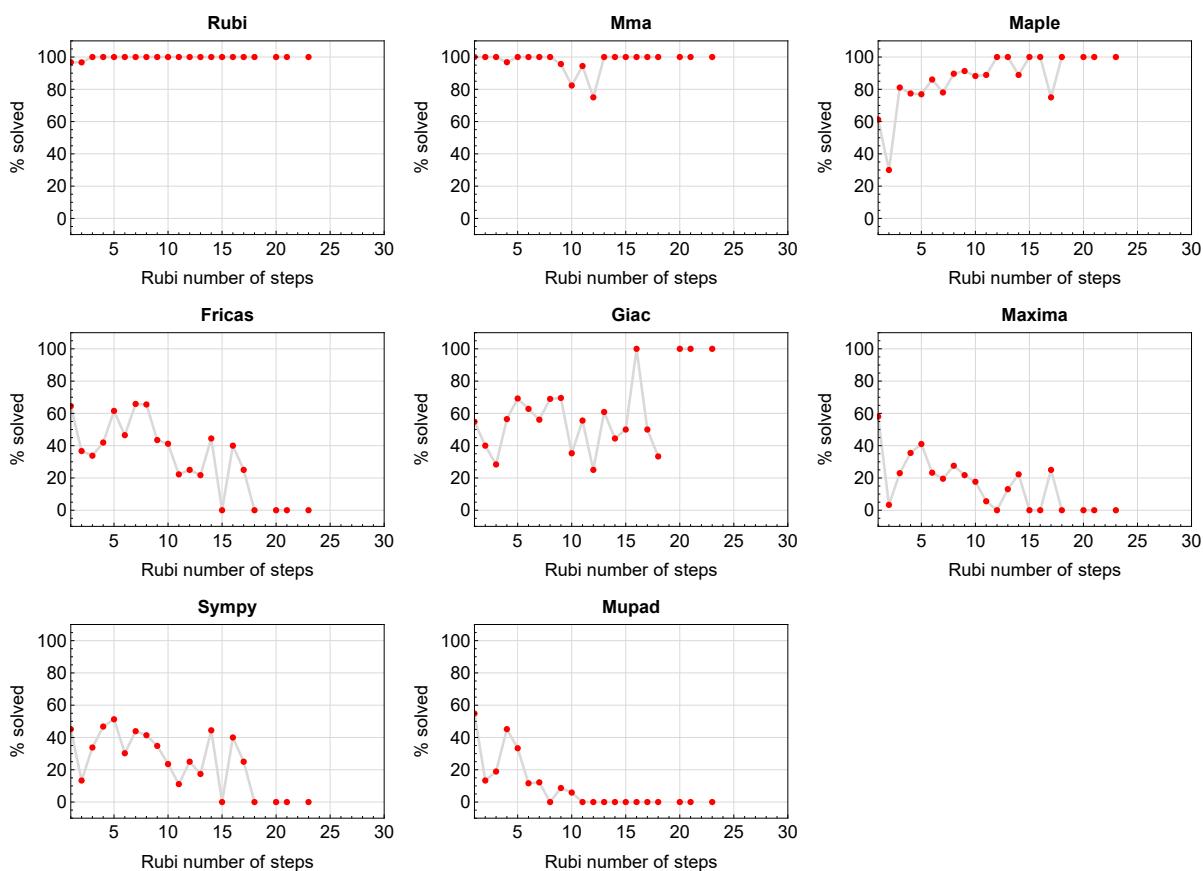


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved integrals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

## 1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

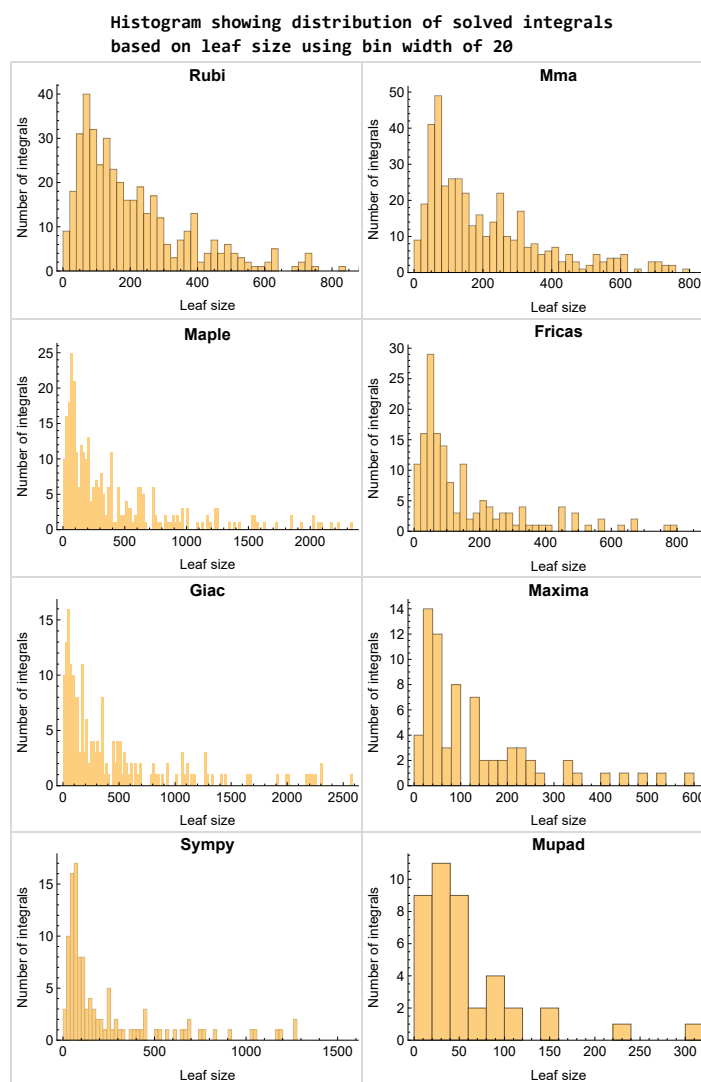


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution



## 1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

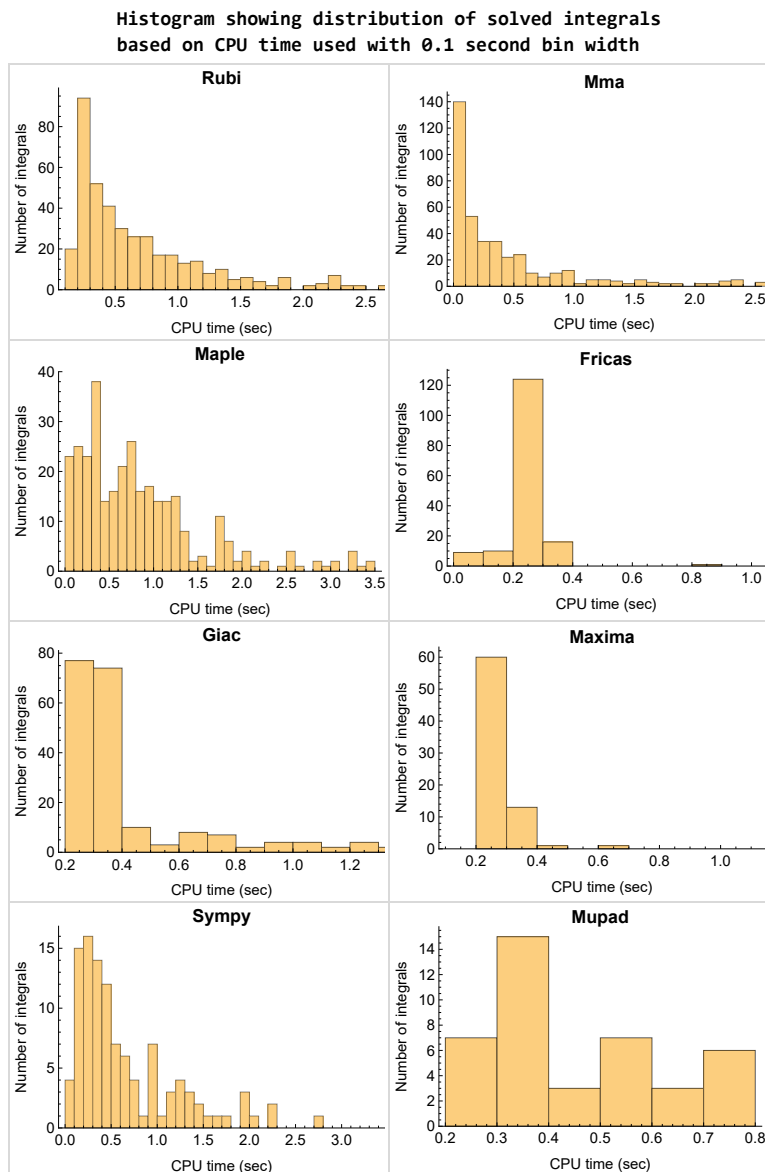


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

## 1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following gives the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fricas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time.

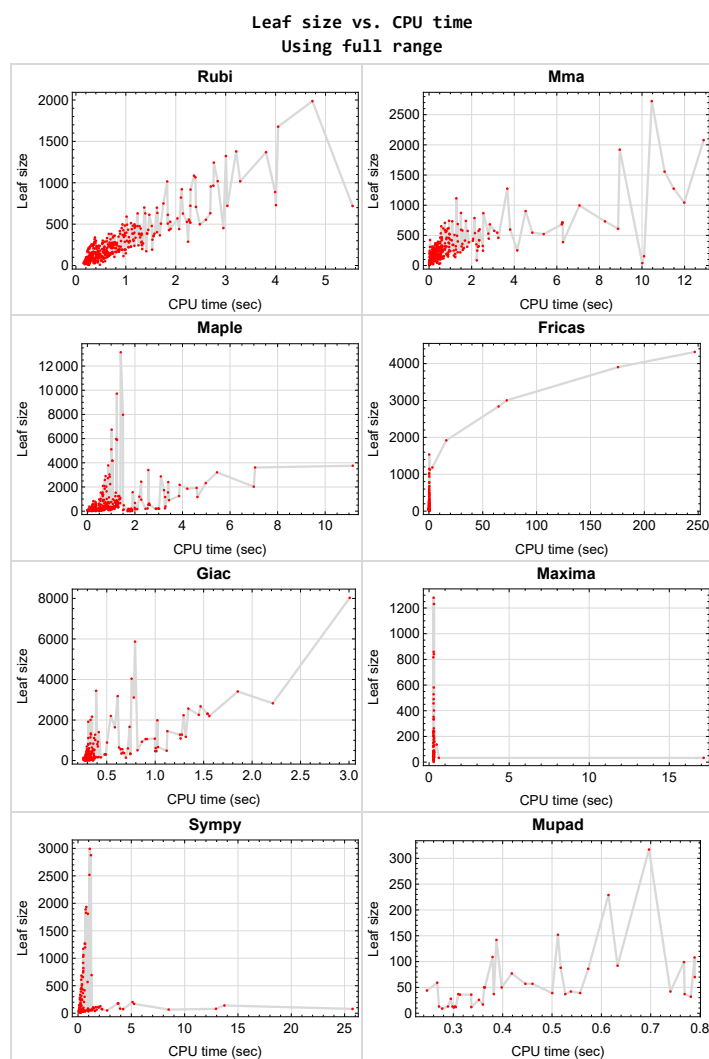


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

## 1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 82, 87, 146, 150, 154, 172, 176, 220, 226, 232, 238, 244, 249, 254, 258, 264, 270, 275, 280, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 312, 336, 337, 431, 435, 436, 449, 450, 455, 456, 461, 462}

## 1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

**Rubi** {}

**Mathematica** {}

**Maple** {}

**Maxima** {}

**Fricas** {}

**Sympy** {}

**Giac** {}

**Mupad** {}

## 1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

**Rubi** {137, 139, 177, 179, 183, 185, 187, 194, 196, 197, 199, 203, 205, 211, 213, 333, 334, 399, 400, 438, 469}

**Mathematica** {57, 78, 85, 102, 111, 112, 205, 213}

**Maple** {35}

**Maxima** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Fricas** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Sympy** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Giac** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Mupad** Verification phase not currently implemented.

## 1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

## 1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for Rubi and Mathematica.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

## 1.14 Important notes about some of the results

### 1.14.1 Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the Timofeev test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima integrate was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

### 1.14.2 Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

### 1.14.3 Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at [https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf\\_count-function-in-base-sagemath/](https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/)

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))

except Exception as ee:
    leafCount =1
```

### 1.14.4 Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

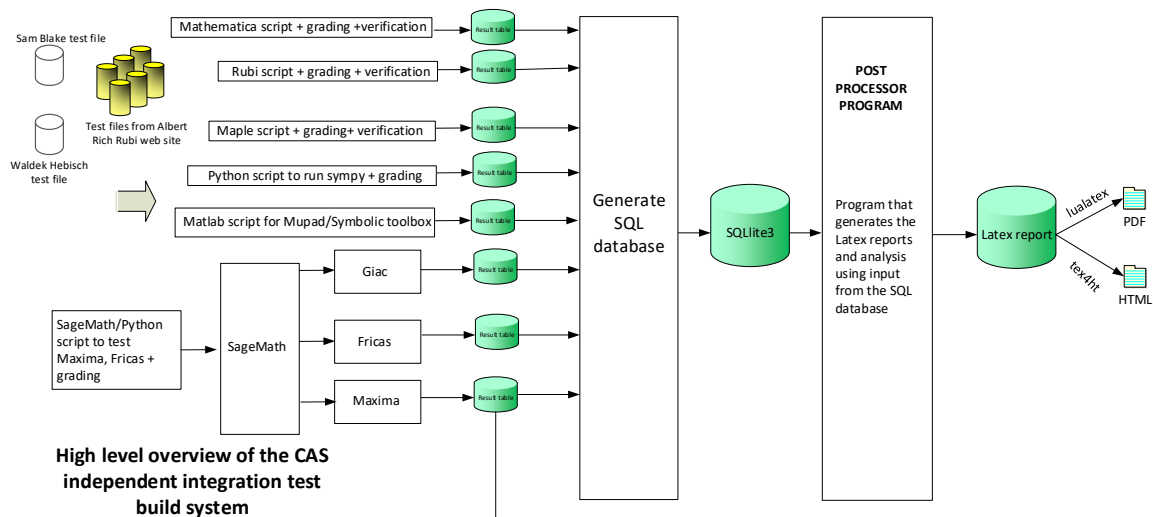
The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives  $\sin(x)^2/2$

## 1.15 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer, 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer, Leaf size of result.
4. integer, Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number, CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string, The integral in Latex format
7. string, The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string, The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string, The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer, 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String, The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String, The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "F"
13. String, Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer, 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

*The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file*

15. integer, Number of steps used.
16. integer, Number of rules used.
17. integer, Integrand leaf size.
18. real number, Ratio, Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String, The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

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Design v0.01



# CHAPTER 2

## DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

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## 2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

2.1.1	Rubi . . . . .	21
2.1.2	Mma . . . . .	22
2.1.3	Maple . . . . .	23
2.1.4	Fricas . . . . .	23
2.1.5	Maxima . . . . .	24
2.1.6	Giac . . . . .	25
2.1.7	Mupad . . . . .	26
2.1.8	Sympy . . . . .	26

### 2.1.1 Rubi

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 83, 84, 85, 86, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 173, 174, 175, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 245, 246, 247, 248, 250, 251, 252, 253, 256, 257, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 271, 272, 273, 274, 276, 277, 278, 279, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 310, 311, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 432, 433, 434, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 451, 452, 453, 454, 457, 458, 459, 460, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 471, 472, 473 }

**B grade** { }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 255, 470, 474 }

**F(-1) timeout fail { }**

**F(-2) exception fail { }**

### 2.1.2 Mma

**A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 86, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 155, 163, 166, 168, 170, 173, 174, 175, 177, 178, 179, 180, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 206, 207, 208, 209, 212, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 239, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 310, 311, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 351, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 384, 385, 386, 387, 389, 390, 391, 392, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 437, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 451, 452, 453, 454, 457, 458, 459, 460, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474 }**

**B grade { 85, 125, 181, 205, 210, 211, 213, 373, 383, 388, 469 }**

**C grade { 7, 54, 55, 56, 102, 111, 112, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 164, 165, 167, 169, 171, 187, 240, 241, 242, 243, 245, 246, 247, 248, 250, 251, 252, 253, 255, 256, 257, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 271, 272, 273, 274, 276, 277, 278, 279, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 350, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398 }**

**F normal fail { 28, 83, 84, 432, 433, 434, 438 }**

**F(-1) timeout fail { 300 }**

**F(-2) exception fail { }**

### 2.1.3 Maple

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 16, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 34, 35, 39, 43, 47, 48, 52, 76, 77, 88, 89, 90, 97, 98, 99, 106, 107, 108, 115, 116, 117, 122, 123, 124, 125, 127, 128, 129, 131, 132, 133, 134, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 143, 144, 145, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 155, 156, 157, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 203, 204, 205, 207, 213, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 230, 231, 237, 240, 241, 242, 243, 245, 247, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 282, 288, 290, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 357, 358, 359, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 383, 387, 388, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 404, 411, 434, 437, 438, 466, 469, 473, 474 }

**B grade** { 5, 6, 7, 8, 14, 15, 57, 75, 79, 80, 81, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 120, 121, 126, 130, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 168, 169, 170, 171, 193, 202, 206, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 214, 227, 228, 229, 233, 234, 235, 236, 239, 246, 248, 250, 251, 252, 253, 255, 256, 257, 271, 272, 273, 274, 276, 277, 278, 279, 284, 286, 320, 321, 322, 335, 356, 386, 432, 433 }

**C grade** { 31, 32, 33, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 44, 45, 46, 49, 50, 51, 53, 54, 55, 56, 58, 59, 60, 62, 63, 64, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289 }

**F normal fail** { 13, 28, 61, 65, 69, 73, 74, 78, 83, 84, 85, 86, 114, 118, 119, 135, 141, 142, 173, 174, 175, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 310, 311, 345, 360, 379, 380, 381, 382, 384, 385, 389, 400, 401, 402, 403, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 451, 452, 453, 454, 457, 458, 459, 460, 463, 464, 465, 467, 468, 470, 471, 472 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

### 2.1.4 Fricas

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 88, 89, 90, 97, 98, 99, 106, 107, 108, 115, 116, 117, 122, 123, 124, 125, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 138, 139, 140, 180, 181, 184, 191, 192, 195, 201, 313, 314, 315, 320, 321, 322, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 361, 362, 363, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 375, 376, 377, 378, 386, 387, 388, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 408, 409, 410, 411, 415, 416, 437, 439, 440, 441, 442, 451, 452, 453, 454, 463, 464, 465, 466, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474 }

**B grade** { 6, 7, 8, 93, 94, 95, 96, 103, 104, 177, 178, 179, 183, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 197, 198, 199, 200, 206, 207, 208, 209, 214, 335, 373, 469 }

**C grade** { 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290 }

**F normal fail** { 5, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 83, 84, 85, 86, 91, 92, 100, 101, 102, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 118, 119, 120, 121, 126, 135, 136, 137, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 173, 174, 175, 182, 193, 194, 196, 202, 203, 204, 205, 210, 211, 212, 213, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 239, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 310, 311, 316, 317, 318, 319, 323, 324, 325, 326, 333, 334, 338, 339, 345, 357, 358, 359, 360, 364, 374, 389, 397, 398, 405, 406, 407, 412, 413, 414, 432, 433, 434, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 457, 458, 459, 460, 467, 468 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 105 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 438 }

### 2.1.5 Maxima

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 12, 46, 72, 88, 89, 90, 97, 98, 99, 106, 107, 108, 125, 181, 333, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 361, 362, 363, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 375, 376, 377, 378, 387, 388, 399, 400, 404, 411, 437, 466, 470, 473 }

**B grade** { 122, 123, 124, 177, 178, 179, 180, 184, 186, 195, 315, 322, 328, 329, 331, 332, 335, 338, 339, 386 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 28, 31, 32, 33, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 62, 63, 64, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 83, 84, 85, 86, 91, 94, 95, 96, 100, 103, 104, 105, 109, 112, 115, 116, 117, 118, 126, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 138, 139, 140, 141, 143, 144, 145, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 173, 174, 175, 182, 185, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 240, 241, 242, 243, 245, 246, 247, 248, 250, 251, 252, 253, 255, 256, 257, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 271, 272, 273, 274, 276, 277, 278, 279, 310, 311, 313, 314, 316, 317, 318, 320, 321, 323, 324, 325, 330, 334, 345, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 364, 374, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 389, 408, 409, 410, 412, 413, 414, 416, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 432, 433, 434, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 451, 452, 453, 454, 457, 458, 459, 460, 463, 464, 465, 467, 468, 469, 474 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 204, 212, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 319, 326 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 6, 7, 14, 15, 34, 35, 39, 43, 61, 65, 69, 92, 93, 101, 102, 110, 111, 113, 114, 119, 120, 121, 127, 128, 129, 130, 136, 137, 142, 183, 194, 203, 211, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 327, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 401, 402, 403, 405, 406, 407, 415, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 471, 472 }

### 2.1.6 Giac

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 11, 12, 16, 17, 18, 19, 90, 124, 125, 127, 131, 132, 133, 134, 138, 139, 140, 143, 144, 145, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 191, 192, 217, 218, 219, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 335, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 361, 362, 363, 365, 375, 376, 377, 378, 387, 388, 399, 400, 404, 411, 416, 437, 439, 440, 441, 442, 451, 452, 453, 454, 466, 473, 474 }

**B grade** { 6, 9, 10, 22, 23, 24, 88, 89, 97, 98, 99, 106, 107, 108, 115, 116, 117, 122, 123, 128, 129, 130, 147, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 195, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 206, 207, 208, 209, 214, 215, 216, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 239, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 386, 401, 402, 403, 408, 409, 410, 469 }

**C grade** { 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 240, 241, 242, 243, 245, 246, 247, 248, 250, 251, 252, 253, 255, 256, 257, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263 }

**F normal fail** { 5, 7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 28, 44, 45, 46, 70, 71, 72, 83, 84, 85, 86, 91, 92, 93, 94, 96, 100, 101, 102, 103, 105, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 118, 119, 120, 121, 126, 135, 136, 137, 141, 142, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 173, 174, 175, 182, 193, 194, 196, 202, 203, 204, 205, 210, 211, 212, 213, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 271, 272, 273, 274, 276, 277, 278, 279, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 310, 311, 333, 334, 338, 339, 345, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 364, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 405, 406, 407, 412, 413, 414, 415, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 432, 433, 434, 438, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 457, 458, 459, 460, 467, 468, 470, 471, 472 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 172 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 95, 104, 374, 463, 464, 465 }

### 2.1.7 Mupad

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { 3, 4, 12, 125, 134, 140, 181, 192, 201, 209, 214, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 343, 344, 345, 346, 360, 363, 364, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 388, 399, 400, 404, 411, 437, 438, 466, 469, 472, 473, 474 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 83, 84, 85, 86, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 173, 174, 175, 177, 178, 179, 180, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 210, 211, 212, 213, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 245, 246, 247, 248, 250, 251, 252, 253, 255, 256, 257, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 271, 272, 273, 274, 276, 277, 278, 279, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 310, 311, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 333, 334, 335, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 361, 362, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 401, 402, 403, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 432, 433, 434, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 451, 452, 453, 454, 457, 458, 459, 460, 463, 464, 465, 467, 468, 470, 471 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

### 2.1.8 Sympy

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11, 12, 90, 124, 125, 131, 132, 133, 134, 138, 139, 140, 181, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 361, 362, 363, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 375, 376, 377, 378, 386, 387, 388, 399, 437, 439, 440, 441, 442, 451, 452, 453, 454, 463, 464, 465, 466, 473 }

**B grade** { 9, 88, 89, 97, 98, 99, 106, 107, 108, 115, 116, 117, 122, 123, 177, 178, 179, 180, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 206, 207, 208, 209, 214, 320, 321, 322, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 400 }

**C grade** { 365, 380, 381, 382, 384, 385 }

**F normal fail** { 5, 6, 7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 38, 39, 43, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 64, 65, 69, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 83, 84, 85, 86, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 118, 119, 120, 121, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 135, 136, 137, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 173, 174, 175, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 193, 194, 195, 196, 202, 203, 204, 205, 210, 211, 212, 213, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 245, 246, 247, 248, 250, 251, 252, 253, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 271, 272, 273, 274, 276, 277, 278, 279, 283, 284, 286, 287, 288, 293, 294, 296, 297, 298, 310, 311, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 323, 324, 325, 326, 333, 334, 335, 345, 360, 364, 374, 379, 383, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 438, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 457, 458, 459, 460, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 474 }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { 36, 37, 40, 41, 42, 62, 63, 66, 67, 68, 82, 162, 255, 256, 257, 258, 281, 282, 289, 290, 291, 292, 299, 338, 339, 431, 432, 433, 434, 436 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 44, 45, 46, 70, 71, 72, 285, 295, 301, 305 }



## 2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as  $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$ . To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	206	165	248	231	201	316	317	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.92	1.39	1.29	1.12	1.77	1.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.108	0.220	0.266	0.258	0.310	0.295	0.000

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	151	121	178	150	135	190	194	0
N.S.	1	1.22	0.98	1.44	1.21	1.09	1.53	1.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.077	0.230	0.267	0.259	0.237	0.283	0.000

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	106	92	86	81	76	99	98	77
N.S.	1	1.08	0.94	0.88	0.83	0.78	1.01	1.00	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	0.028	0.016	0.268	0.251	0.172	0.279	0.419

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	30	30	30	29	31	26	29	28
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.97	1.03	0.87	0.97	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.148	0.008	0.043	0.266	0.243	0.069	0.269	0.295

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	229	229	214	758	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	3.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.654	0.133	1.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	83	187	0	371	0	200	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	2.20	0.00	4.36	0.00	2.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	0.101	1.010	0.000	0.280	0.000	0.313	0.000

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	134	207	295	0	673	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.53	2.19	0.00	4.99	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.288	0.326	0.000	0.354	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	208	241	554	0	1125	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.26	2.90	0.00	5.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.361	0.211	0.000	0.860	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	374	393	355	541	0	446	743	816	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.95	1.45	0.00	1.19	1.99	2.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.966	0.351	0.568	0.000	0.275	0.478	0.308	0.000

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	242	266	249	374	0	290	454	487	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.03	1.55	0.00	1.20	1.88	2.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.719	0.239	0.316	0.000	0.273	0.320	0.308	0.000

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	164	154	189	0	156	233	244	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.08	1.33	0.00	1.10	1.64	1.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.531	0.695	0.197	0.000	0.243	0.246	0.284	0.000

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	51	47	72	72	65	82	75	142
N.S.	1	1.09	1.00	1.53	1.53	1.38	1.74	1.60	3.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.249	0.030	0.000	0.275	0.254	0.102	0.273	0.387

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	347	343	332	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.053	0.263	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	309	287	231	642	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.75	2.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.972	0.273	0.780	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	401	386	315	966	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.79	2.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.283	0.826	1.338	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	393	377	304	327	0	0	0	609	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.77	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.249	0.606	0.214	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.316	0.000

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	232	187	206	0	0	0	337	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.77	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.866	0.402	0.204	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.313	0.000

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	109	98	103	0	0	0	139	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.85	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.510	0.169	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.303	0.000

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	48	44	48	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.83	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.013	0.011	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.297	0.000

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	18	20	25	15	20	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.00	1.11	1.39	0.83	1.11	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.184	0.196	3.372	0.348	0.251	0.904	0.337	0.232

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	18	20	49	17	20	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.00	1.11	2.72	0.94	1.11	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.184	0.338	1.359	0.358	0.253	1.782	0.823	0.249

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	362	362	290	526	0	0	0	1276	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.784	1.634	0.355	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.381	0.000

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	181	149	257	0	0	0	554	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.487	0.893	0.154	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.359	0.000

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	83	72	76	0	0	0	192	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.84	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.546	0.179	0.014	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.311	0.000

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	18	297	51	17	20	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.00	16.50	2.83	0.94	1.11	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.182	10.233	5.662	1.603	0.245	1.668	0.398	0.237

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	18	426	92	19	20	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.00	23.67	5.11	1.06	1.11	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.184	12.804	1.961	2.601	0.249	6.159	0.965	0.224

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	18	227	32	17	20	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.00	12.61	1.78	0.94	1.11	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	11.395	0.236	1.682	0.264	14.916	0.420	0.386

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	18	20	20	15	20	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.00	1.11	1.11	0.83	1.11	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.190	0.353	2.317	0.368	0.242	0.952	0.363	0.229

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	18	237	34	17	20	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.00	13.17	1.89	0.94	1.11	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.187	0.732	1.448	1.793	0.260	15.553	0.455	0.249

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	669	371	356	1396	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.55	0.53	2.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.960	0.331	0.625	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	450	263	237	973	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.58	0.53	2.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.743	0.409	0.499	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	140	132	628	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.59	0.55	2.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.481	0.178	0.499	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	736	517	368	823	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.70	0.50	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.214	0.746	0.647	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	860	632	600	1352	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.73	0.70	1.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.693	2.373	0.661	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	959	498	463	2074	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.52	0.48	2.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.180	0.831	0.721	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	680	367	332	1535	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.54	0.49	2.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.948	0.356	0.565	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	370	193	216	1014	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.52	0.58	2.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.547	0.219	0.557	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1073	709	507	1546	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.66	0.47	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.337	1.192	0.643	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1281	630	587	2903	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.49	0.46	2.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.342	0.745	0.766	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	940	481	390	2090	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.51	0.41	2.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.092	0.523	0.657	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	517	256	251	1423	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.50	0.49	2.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.633	0.292	0.627	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1648	1019	787	2580	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.62	0.48	1.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.854	2.131	0.734	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	450	262	343	856	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.58	0.76	1.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.791	1.139	0.546	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	270	162	266	505	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.60	0.99	1.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.624	0.661	0.497	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	87	172	247	90	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.69	1.37	1.96	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.426	0.264	0.472	0.310	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	380	288	232	508	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.76	0.61	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.015	0.159	0.494	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	507	384	295	932	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.76	0.58	1.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.352	0.372	0.654	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	315	213	194	724	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.62	2.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.730	0.814	0.860	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	213	143	156	488	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.67	0.73	2.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.610	0.555	0.781	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	100	135	305	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.94	2.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.419	0.867	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	654	431	359	1094	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.66	0.55	1.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.402	1.564	1.388	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	528	452	868	6743	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.86	1.64	12.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.896	2.548	1.023	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	410	277	366	5114	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.89	12.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.661	0.946	1.009	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	271	192	285	3783	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.71	1.05	13.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.537	0.754	0.877	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	228	159	208	2237	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.70	0.91	9.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.442	0.571	0.959	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1300	821	2078	7971	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.63	1.60	6.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.080	12.894	1.497	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1154	750	708	2728	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.65	0.61	2.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.740	0.744	0.865	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	737	477	441	1852	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.65	0.60	2.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.141	0.595	0.728	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	396	256	225	1236	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.65	0.57	3.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.695	0.176	0.646	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1442	1018	516	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.71	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.193	0.967	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1685	1066	872	4176	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.63	0.52	2.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.413	1.495	1.046	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1108	699	616	3032	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.63	0.56	2.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.585	0.667	0.928	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	621	384	395	2021	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.62	0.64	3.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.875	0.418	0.799	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1992	1369	740	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.772	1.730	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	2290	1379	1114	5977	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.60	0.49	2.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.236	1.282	1.215	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1533	922	742	4170	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.60	0.48	2.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.150	0.940	1.055	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	878	513	470	2852	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.58	0.54	3.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.121	0.594	0.941	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	2989	1986	1275	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.66	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	4.963	3.674	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	692	417	582	1636	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.60	0.84	2.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.865	1.565	0.810	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	410	240	400	928	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.59	0.98	2.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.740	1.348	0.700	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	128	118	460	184	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.75	0.69	2.69	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.557	0.677	0.639	0.313	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	589	402	357	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.596	0.294	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1113	721	651	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.65	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.998	0.573	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	738	447	325	1528	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.61	0.44	2.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.274	2.523	1.193	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	513	314	259	975	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.61	0.50	1.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.107	1.583	1.075	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	410	243	237	612	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.59	0.58	1.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.783	0.999	1.204	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1137	722	597	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.64	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.259	3.807	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1589	918	715	13140	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.58	0.45	8.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.341	6.256	1.402	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1025	614	711	9720	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.60	0.69	9.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.435	6.275	1.239	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	641	398	683	5894	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.62	1.07	9.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.941	6.232	1.248	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-1)</b>	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	37	33	35	47	0	35	35
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.94	1.00	1.34	0.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	0.167	7.071	1.933	0.260	0.000	0.425	0.254

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	634	628	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.081	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	514	506	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.655	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	390	386	2724	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	6.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.260	10.459	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	238	246	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.704	0.034	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	37	33	35	57	34	35	35
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.94	1.00	1.63	0.97	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.420	12.391	1.011	0.241	9.436	0.419	0.241

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	351	379	305	445	528	441	770	784	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.87	1.27	1.50	1.26	2.19	2.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.280	0.421	0.197	0.282	0.269	0.505	0.308	0.000

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	248	275	211	304	353	295	502	491	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.85	1.23	1.42	1.19	2.02	1.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.807	0.323	0.198	0.281	0.269	0.357	0.309	0.000

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	168	138	178	199	161	267	259	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.93	1.20	1.34	1.09	1.80	1.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.438	0.203	0.080	0.279	0.255	0.246	0.308	0.000

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	344	345	322	1566	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	4.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.916	0.593	1.905	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	358	354	334	954	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.93	2.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.523	0.587	2.267	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	202	238	263	535	0	1184	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.30	2.65	0.00	5.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	0.739	2.562	0.000	3.243	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	257	271	321	908	0	1920	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.25	3.53	0.00	7.47	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.531	0.757	3.434	0.000	16.148	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	360	382	418	1550	0	2839	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.16	4.31	0.00	7.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.686	1.069	3.389	0.000	64.657	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	457	497	494	2406	0	3904	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.08	5.26	0.00	8.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.906	1.314	3.401	0.000	175.625	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	512	556	463	633	859	676	1263	1337	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.90	1.24	1.68	1.32	2.47	2.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.235	0.527	0.366	0.287	0.288	0.670	0.335	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	361	389	307	449	581	449	821	847	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.85	1.24	1.61	1.24	2.27	2.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.362	0.519	0.375	0.291	0.275	0.506	0.331	0.000

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	223	249	186	273	334	245	449	448	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.83	1.22	1.50	1.10	2.01	2.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.735	0.298	0.315	0.292	0.262	0.341	0.295	0.000

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	459	476	457	2438	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.00	5.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.169	0.929	2.265	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	460	457	432	1859	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.94	4.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.194	0.990	4.202	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	488	478	996	2027	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	2.04	4.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.503	7.064	6.997	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	349	357	442	1177	0	3003	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.27	3.37	0.00	8.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.753	2.069	4.631	0.000	72.257	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	470	494	575	1924	0	4316	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.22	4.09	0.00	9.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.002	3.062	4.595	0.000	246.845	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	593	630	682	3208	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.15	5.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.246	2.856	5.453	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	684	729	619	836	1231	936	1809	2010	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.90	1.22	1.80	1.37	2.64	2.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.813	0.919	0.250	0.307	0.314	0.928	0.333	0.000

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	484	528	380	602	840	621	1197	1287	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.79	1.24	1.74	1.28	2.47	2.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.225	0.913	0.251	0.302	0.294	0.676	0.337	0.000

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	308	336	253	380	490	341	658	692	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.82	1.23	1.59	1.11	2.14	2.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.191	0.471	0.088	0.285	0.285	0.465	0.294	0.000

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	623	636	610	3401	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.98	5.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.571	0.872	2.562	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	617	613	593	2873	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.96	4.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.777	1.503	3.090	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1016	965	1556	3610	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.53	3.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.779	11.060	7.053	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1278	1244	1921	3757	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.50	2.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.858	8.955	11.160	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	935	955	574	2321	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.61	2.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.762	1.812	4.978	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1678	1678	903	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.940	4.536	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1016	1016	734	1734	0	1537	2992	3444	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	1.71	0.00	1.51	2.94	3.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.791	1.089	3.223	0.000	0.327	1.105	0.390	0.000

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	701	701	534	1194	0	1029	1935	2166	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	1.70	0.00	1.47	2.76	3.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.374	0.551	2.186	0.000	0.315	0.781	0.348	0.000

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	425	425	364	679	0	579	1059	1145	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	1.60	0.00	1.36	2.49	2.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.916	0.357	2.003	0.000	0.290	0.511	0.331	0.000

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1067	1085	556	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.311	0.779	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1323	1323	688	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.933	1.346	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	520	507	307	1251	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.59	2.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.859	0.517	3.857	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	920	888	526	2174	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.57	2.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	4.009	0.952	3.881	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	166	99	213	333	93	255	284	0
N.S.	1	1.21	0.72	1.55	2.43	0.68	1.86	2.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.101	0.068	0.284	0.258	0.328	0.299	0.000

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	123	77	137	220	74	170	173	0
N.S.	1	1.31	0.82	1.46	2.34	0.79	1.81	1.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.297	0.073	0.045	0.272	0.253	0.238	0.292	0.000

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	85	62	79	153	58	104	91	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.78	0.99	1.91	0.72	1.30	1.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	0.058	0.053	0.274	0.261	0.184	0.289	0.000

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	32	154	31	30	39	46	30	86
N.S.	1	0.91	4.40	0.89	0.86	1.11	1.31	0.86	2.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.186	0.359	0.040	0.264	0.265	0.087	0.274	0.573

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	189	197	579	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.09	3.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.591	0.020	0.799	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	66	66	75	0	233	0	79	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.03	1.17	0.00	3.64	0.00	1.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	0.064	0.387	0.000	0.273	0.000	0.295	0.000



Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	109	125	116	0	325	0	243	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.21	1.13	0.00	3.16	0.00	2.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.330	0.341	0.000	0.309	0.000	0.304	0.000

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	163	166	230	0	404	0	557	0
N.S.	1	1.13	1.15	1.60	0.00	2.81	0.00	3.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.338	0.346	0.000	0.323	0.000	0.296	0.000

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	221	194	394	0	484	0	1112	0
N.S.	1	1.19	1.04	2.12	0.00	2.60	0.00	5.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	0.339	0.333	0.000	0.344	0.000	0.369	0.000

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	343	317	148	309	0	147	366	440	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.43	0.90	0.00	0.43	1.07	1.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.708	0.607	1.039	0.000	0.253	0.460	0.288	0.000

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	212	111	182	0	111	243	271	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.50	0.83	0.00	0.50	1.10	1.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.565	0.437	0.684	0.000	0.250	0.314	0.280	0.000

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	124	83	124	0	80	138	139	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.64	0.95	0.00	0.62	1.06	1.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.450	0.263	0.391	0.000	0.255	0.245	0.293	0.000

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	49	49	48	0	53	63	52	44
N.S.	1	1.04	1.04	1.02	0.00	1.13	1.34	1.11	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.034	0.316	0.000	0.257	0.110	0.276	0.247

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	271	297	309	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.893	0.046	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	230	208	208	301	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.90	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.797	0.161	0.914	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	272	279	314	521	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.15	1.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.036	0.149	1.288	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	371	333	181	294	0	152	432	389	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.49	0.79	0.00	0.41	1.16	1.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.612	0.540	0.920	0.000	0.264	0.443	0.295	0.000

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	199	135	185	0	108	248	203	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.64	0.88	0.00	0.51	1.18	0.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.515	0.351	0.444	0.000	0.259	0.330	0.280	0.000

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	77	74	71	0	66	109	78	59
N.S.	1	0.94	0.90	0.87	0.00	0.80	1.33	0.95	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.037	0.316	0.000	0.252	0.153	0.282	0.267

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	365	397	424	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.143	0.048	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	316	298	309	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.133	0.146	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	52	45	49	0	0	0	56	0
N.S.	1	0.87	0.75	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.557	0.371	0.591	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.299	0.000

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	28	30	27	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	0.189	0.375	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.291	0.000

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	11	11	11	12	0	0	0	11	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.018	0.207	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.279	0.000

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	12	14	14	10	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.17	0.83	1.17	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	0.381	6.883	0.362	0.250	0.336	0.305	0.229

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	144	86	149	0	0	0	169	0
N.S.	1	1.71	1.02	1.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	2.239	0.697	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.314	0.000

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	82	63	72	0	0	0	83	0
N.S.	1	1.49	1.15	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.395	0.580	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.284	0.000

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	39	37	38	0	0	0	39	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.90	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	0.126	0.344	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.271	0.000

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	12	174	14	12	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.00	14.50	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	5.406	11.409	2.514	0.243	0.406	0.297	0.225

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	231	115	215	0	0	0	272	0
N.S.	1	1.31	0.65	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.631	0.608	0.704	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.323	0.000

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	134	121	109	0	0	0	139	0
N.S.	1	1.24	1.12	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.414	0.219	0.517	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.302	0.000

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	60	65	53	0	0	0	57	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.00	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	0.038	0.333	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.296	0.000

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	12	172	14	12	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.00	14.33	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	2.869	9.023	57.493	0.239	0.480	0.329	0.227

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	535	569	459	777	0	0	0	2255	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.86	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.015	3.252	1.253	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.450	0.000

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	269	299	248	390	0	0	0	1079	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.92	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.002	2.262	1.113	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.996	0.000

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	129	129	203	0	0	0	563	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.97	1.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.680	0.119	0.753	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.660	0.000

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	343	387	610	599	0	0	0	1987	0
N.S.	1	1.13	1.78	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.116	8.876	1.269	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.022	0.000

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	165	311	304	0	0	0	1061	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.78	1.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.775	2.293	0.739	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.915	0.000



Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	406	475	1043	881	0	0	0	2671	0
N.S.	1	1.17	2.57	2.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.246	11.985	1.141	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.468	0.000

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	192	419	441	0	0	0	1279	0
N.S.	1	0.94	2.05	2.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.969	2.356	0.792	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.274	0.000

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	243	228	545	616	0	0	0	2308	0
N.S.	1	0.94	2.24	2.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.081	4.849	0.766	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.542	0.000

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	440	433	319	384	0	0	0	646	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.72	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.072	2.336	1.103	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.627	0.000

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	209	218	179	0	0	0	306	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.712	1.467	0.996	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.488	0.000

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	106	131	94	0	0	0	167	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.25	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.532	0.128	0.526	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.377	0.000

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	274	251	321	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.87	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.718	4.142	1.011	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	144	185	170	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.28	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.713	0.228	0.719	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	384	362	388	725	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.01	1.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.980	6.287	1.158	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	177	238	370	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.33	2.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.831	0.638	0.743	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	468	440	521	1238	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.11	2.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.095	5.384	1.178	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	218	222	287	624	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.32	2.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.043	0.385	0.783	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-1)</b>	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	18	18	15	0	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	1.12	1.12	0.94	0.00	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.606	2.491	1.132	0.267	18.790	0.000	0.235

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	611	591	419	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.000	0.592	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	301	292	269	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.616	0.250	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	150	129	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	16	18	18	14	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.00	1.12	1.12	0.88	1.12	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.338	0.460	0.955	0.270	0.621	0.495	0.229

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	84	77	99	1280	262	527	174	0
N.S.	1	0.79	0.73	0.93	12.08	2.47	4.97	1.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	0.117	0.263	0.284	0.288	0.382	0.293	0.000

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	100	87	90	816	209	394	136	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.80	0.83	7.49	1.92	3.61	1.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.084	0.265	0.269	0.265	0.288	0.291	0.000

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	67	64	77	457	151	258	110	0
N.S.	1	0.84	0.80	0.96	5.71	1.89	3.22	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	0.055	0.261	0.276	0.257	0.181	0.292	0.000

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	67	59	64	204	93	148	77	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.84	0.91	2.91	1.33	2.11	1.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	0.076	0.118	0.265	0.249	0.126	0.297	0.000

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	159	36	35	48	51	35	92
N.S.	1	1.00	3.98	0.90	0.88	1.20	1.28	0.88	2.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.171	0.377	0.128	0.258	0.251	0.091	0.277	0.633

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	86	71	154	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.80	1.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.436	0.133	0.578	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	44	45	56	0	101	0	108	0
N.S.	1	0.86	0.88	1.10	0.00	1.98	0.00	2.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	0.035	0.227	0.000	0.267	0.000	0.302	0.000

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	56	49	62	120	102	0	231	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.80	1.02	1.97	1.67	0.00	3.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	0.060	0.234	0.267	0.276	0.000	0.307	0.000

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	73	77	78	0	209	0	388	0
N.S.	1	0.83	0.88	0.89	0.00	2.38	0.00	4.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	0.081	0.274	0.000	0.307	0.000	0.666	0.000

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	87	63	84	263	193	0	447	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.67	0.89	2.80	2.05	0.00	4.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	0.084	0.244	0.298	0.294	0.000	0.341	0.000

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	102	65	100	0	321	0	598	0
N.S.	1	0.84	0.54	0.83	0.00	2.65	0.00	4.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.090	0.269	0.000	0.343	0.000	0.718	0.000

Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	203	177	164	194	0	567	1268	443	0
N.S.	1	0.87	0.81	0.96	0.00	2.79	6.25	2.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.592	0.402	1.036	0.000	0.276	0.637	0.323	0.000

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	155	142	203	0	442	916	342	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.81	1.15	0.00	2.51	5.20	1.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.551	0.202	0.888	0.000	0.269	0.486	0.317	0.000

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	124	112	152	0	307	610	274	0
N.S.	1	0.89	0.80	1.09	0.00	2.19	4.36	1.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.439	0.201	0.997	0.000	0.261	0.307	0.311	0.000

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	98	86	146	0	188	335	184	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.82	1.39	0.00	1.79	3.19	1.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	0.077	0.460	0.000	0.274	0.205	0.317	0.000



Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	61	61	90	0	94	143	111	88
N.S.	1	1.03	1.03	1.53	0.00	1.59	2.42	1.88	1.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.099	0.417	0.000	0.266	0.123	0.287	0.518

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	124	170	367	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.35	2.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.570	0.356	0.654	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	92	176	207	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.79	1.52	1.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.829	0.460	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	76	126	125	236	146	0	510	0
N.S.	1	0.87	1.45	1.44	2.71	1.68	0.00	5.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.463	0.662	0.284	0.301	0.000	0.369	0.000

Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	149	246	262	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.80	1.32	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.682	2.533	0.987	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	338	340	307	383	0	996	2518	832	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.91	1.13	0.00	2.95	7.45	2.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.265	0.942	3.282	0.000	0.287	1.074	0.361	0.000

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	297	232	394	0	769	1828	641	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.81	1.37	0.00	2.68	6.37	2.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.050	0.463	1.137	0.000	0.311	0.759	0.347	0.000

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	235	213	199	280	0	530	1173	504	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.85	1.19	0.00	2.26	4.99	2.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.751	0.352	1.049	0.000	0.280	0.494	0.355	0.000

Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	154	137	266	0	329	685	340	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.83	1.61	0.00	1.99	4.15	2.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.588	0.205	0.638	0.000	0.272	0.319	0.340	0.000

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	97	96	166	0	158	282	208	152
N.S.	1	0.93	0.92	1.60	0.00	1.52	2.71	2.00	1.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.079	0.455	0.000	0.262	0.187	0.295	0.512

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	164	304	652	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.80	3.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.698	0.469	0.711	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	156	342	428	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.82	1.80	2.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.690	1.108	0.794	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	155	248	324	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.49	1.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.708	1.153	0.912	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	291	239	732	550	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.82	2.52	1.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.147	8.262	1.249	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	357	384	287	657	0	1148	2876	1016	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.80	1.84	0.00	3.22	8.06	2.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.584	0.463	1.383	0.000	0.302	1.212	0.381	0.000

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	289	288	235	440	0	784	1889	809	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	1.52	0.00	2.71	6.54	2.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.313	0.645	1.194	0.000	0.288	0.717	0.403	0.000

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	186	163	412	0	483	1027	533	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.82	2.08	0.00	2.44	5.19	2.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.824	0.276	0.885	0.000	0.282	0.491	0.372	0.000

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	116	115	255	0	233	444	329	229
N.S.	1	0.97	0.97	2.14	0.00	1.96	3.73	2.76	1.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.443	0.159	0.655	0.000	0.272	0.264	0.303	0.614

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	202	202	439	1007	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.17	4.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.826	0.810	0.814	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	270	228	575	721	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.84	2.13	2.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.877	2.324	0.911	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	191	385	593	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.94	2.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.890	1.871	1.068	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	439	365	1274	1009	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.83	2.90	2.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.623	11.489	1.376	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	164	152	150	367	0	323	663	482	317
N.S.	1	0.93	0.91	2.24	0.00	1.97	4.04	2.94	1.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.527	0.192	0.658	0.000	0.258	0.408	0.297	0.697

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	213	169	150	153	0	0	0	419	0
N.S.	1	0.79	0.70	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.553	0.561	0.282	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.350	0.000

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	119	109	112	0	0	0	277	0
N.S.	1	0.82	0.75	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.458	0.458	0.303	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.334	0.000

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	115	102	103	0	0	0	203	0
N.S.	1	0.82	0.72	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.428	0.394	0.320	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.332	0.000

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	61	61	60	0	0	0	95	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.88	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.490	0.125	0.213	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.322	0.000

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	52	48	52	0	0	0	53	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.84	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.411	0.026	0.263	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.334	0.000

Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	25	31	34	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	1.09	1.35	1.48	1.09	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.960	0.341	0.358	0.244	1.027	0.903	0.255

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	258	210	283	396	0	0	0	1401	0
N.S.	1	0.81	1.10	1.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.460	1.613	0.746	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.418	0.000

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	160	220	280	0	0	0	928	0
N.S.	1	0.84	1.16	1.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	1.344	0.296	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.409	0.000

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	156	140	266	0	0	0	698	0
N.S.	1	0.84	0.75	1.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	1.231	0.618	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.408	0.000



Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	96	99	151	0	0	0	341	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.95	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.485	0.517	0.205	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.365	0.000

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	88	79	82	0	0	0	215	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.85	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.550	0.303	0.410	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.307	0.000

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	357	61	73	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	15.52	2.65	3.17	1.09	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	4.963	0.381	4.164	0.241	1.863	2.153	0.270

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	322	385	317	720	0	0	0	3180	0
N.S.	1	1.20	0.98	2.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.082	1.528	0.871	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.613	0.000

Problem 228	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	249	279	181	507	0	0	0	2201	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.73	2.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.308	0.890	0.341	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.542	0.000

Problem 229	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	248	267	219	476	0	0	0	1641	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.88	1.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.342	0.904	0.753	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.584	0.000

Problem 230	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	148	122	264	0	0	0	888	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.78	1.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.976	0.481	0.241	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.502	0.000

Problem 231	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	118	102	158	0	0	0	547	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.80	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.653	0.410	0.458	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.310	0.000

Problem 232	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	520	91	112	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	22.61	3.96	4.87	1.09	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	1.303	0.684	196.969	0.263	3.615	7.284	0.253

Problem 233	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	416	483	414	1138	0	0	0	5870	0
N.S.	1	1.16	1.00	2.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.993	1.687	0.909	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.792	0.000

Problem 234	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	346	367	320	783	0	0	0	4040	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.92	2.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.305	1.257	0.332	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.756	0.000

Problem 235	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	337	360	264	753	0	0	0	3109	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.78	2.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.564	1.260	0.757	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.780	0.000

Problem 236	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	208	193	186	399	0	0	0	1665	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.89	1.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.956	0.884	0.221	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.736	0.000

Problem 237	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	164	162	134	270	0	0	0	1112	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.82	1.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.797	0.448	0.565	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.309	0.000

Problem 238	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-1)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	0	121	151	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	0.00	5.26	6.57	1.09	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	15.145	1.273	0.000	0.272	7.756	21.185	0.280

Problem 239	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	192	156	387	0	0	0	1915	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.82	2.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.932	0.502	0.519	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.309	0.000

Problem 240	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	288	264	253	395	0	0	0	1088	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.88	1.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.783	0.219	1.141	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.262	0.000

Problem 241	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	274	256	248	394	0	0	0	1169	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.91	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.801	0.319	1.170	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.316	0.000

Problem 242	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	148	138	203	0	0	0	488	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.88	1.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.606	0.080	0.792	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.118	0.000

Problem 243	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	129	129	203	0	0	0	563	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.97	1.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.682	0.043	0.318	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.642	0.000

Problem 244	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	25	0	20	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	0.00	0.80	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.531	0.597	0.924	0.000	0.415	1.357	0.253

Problem 245	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	380	452	252	604	0	0	0	2237	0
N.S.	1	1.19	0.66	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.890	0.283	1.218	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.293	0.000

Problem 246	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	361	441	268	600	0	0	0	2199	0
N.S.	1	1.22	0.74	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.051	0.322	1.214	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.559	0.000

Problem 247	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	192	137	308	0	0	0	929	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.69	1.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.497	0.088	0.874	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.863	0.000

Problem 248	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	165	311	304	0	0	0	1061	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.78	1.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.778	1.791	0.353	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.901	0.000

Problem 249	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	25	0	51	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	0.00	2.04	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.317	0.546	1.104	0.000	3.309	0.944	0.247

Problem 250	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	475	553	255	886	0	0	0	3408	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.54	1.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.533	0.198	1.227	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.852	0.000

Problem 251	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	427	499	249	879	0	0	0	2826	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.58	2.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.462	0.309	1.239	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.214	0.000

Problem 252	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	256	244	140	449	0	0	0	1449	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.55	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.218	0.081	0.850	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.126	0.000

Problem 253	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	192	419	441	0	0	0	1279	0
N.S.	1	0.94	2.05	2.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.969	2.348	0.333	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.256	0.000

Problem 254	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	25	0	88	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	0.00	3.52	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.387	0.662	1.276	0.000	24.397	0.978	0.237

Problem 255	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	<b>F</b>	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	518	0	267	1234	0	0	0	8028	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.52	2.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	15.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.358	1.315	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.007	0.000



Problem 256	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	301	288	137	654	0	0	0	2561	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.46	2.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.170	0.096	0.921	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.342	0.000

Problem 257	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	243	228	545	616	0	0	0	2308	0
N.S.	1	0.94	2.24	2.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.066	3.202	0.359	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.539	0.000

Problem 258	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	25	0	0	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.382	0.697	2.035	0.000	0.000	0.979	0.270

Problem 259	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	365	339	370	317	0	0	0	507	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.01	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.724	0.301	1.290	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.817	0.000

Problem 260	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	233	219	249	186	0	0	0	318	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.07	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.558	0.178	1.145	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.743	0.000

Problem 261	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	243	229	249	207	0	0	0	345	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.02	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.561	0.276	1.092	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.743	0.000

Problem 262	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	103	134	96	0	0	0	142	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.28	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.628	0.075	0.679	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.698	0.000

Problem 263	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	106	131	94	0	0	0	167	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.25	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.517	0.083	0.125	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.386	0.000

Problem 264	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	25	0	36	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	0.00	1.44	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.171	0.556	0.974	0.000	0.741	0.845	0.273

Problem 265	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	412	383	572	483	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.39	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.656	0.819	1.531	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 266	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	270	263	300	329	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.11	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.522	0.361	1.169	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 267	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	280	273	380	326	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.36	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.525	0.447	1.303	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 268	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	141	168	169	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.17	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.626	0.174	0.884	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 269	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	144	185	170	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.28	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.699	0.163	0.323	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 270	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	25	0	88	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	0.00	3.52	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.193	0.971	1.129	0.000	1.971	2.558	0.289

Problem 271	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	344	428	351	733	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.24	1.02	2.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.820	2.224	1.295	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 272	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	342	443	411	733	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.30	1.20	2.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.886	2.059	1.179	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 273	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	199	192	370	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.93	1.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.318	1.224	0.979	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 274	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	177	238	370	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.33	2.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.829	0.553	0.309	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 275	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-2)</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	25	0	155	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	0.00	6.20	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.205	1.072	1.379	0.000	8.534	5.947	0.256

Problem 276	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	442	529	445	1247	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.20	1.01	2.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.886	2.805	1.339	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 277	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	441	539	538	1247	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.22	1.22	2.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.266	2.159	1.301	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 278	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	247	254	625	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.01	2.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.285	0.951	0.850	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 279	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	218	222	287	624	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.32	2.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.061	0.270	0.362	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 280	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	25	0	221	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	1.00	0.00	8.84	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.217	0.953	1.387	0.000	111.307	15.600	0.279

Problem 281	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F(-2)	C	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	161	115	228	0	273	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.74	1.46	0.00	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.253	2.974	0.000	0.122	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 282	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	C	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	141	115	206	0	220	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.85	1.51	0.00	1.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.191	2.878	0.000	0.124	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 283	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	122	87	194	0	152	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.74	1.66	0.00	1.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.057	2.447	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 284	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	102	87	172	0	108	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.88	1.74	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.037	2.042	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 285	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	79	59	149	0	68	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.73	1.84	0.00	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.037	1.772	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 286	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	59	54	132	0	84	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.89	2.16	0.00	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.030	1.529	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 287	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	120	56	190	0	148	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.46	1.56	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.038	1.720	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 288	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	104	59	169	0	175	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.58	1.66	0.00	1.72	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.043	2.097	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 289	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	161	66	225	0	236	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.42	1.42	0.00	1.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.056	2.533	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 290	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	145	66	203	0	263	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.47	1.46	0.00	1.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	0.051	3.015	0.000	0.112	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 291	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	131	114	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.406	0.127	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 292	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	131	106	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	0.124	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 293	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	131	107	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.412	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 294	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	131	107	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 295	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	127	107	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 296	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	125	104	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 297	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	127	102	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 298	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	131	106	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 299	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	131	114	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.404	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 300	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	0	23	0	55	22	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.92	0.00	2.20	0.88	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	0.000	0.428	0.000	0.254	70.919	0.933	0.316

Problem 301	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	0	55	0	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	0.00	2.20	0.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.390	91.049	0.112	0.000	0.256	0.000	0.835	0.318

Problem 302	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	0	83	22	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	0.00	3.32	0.88	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.404	49.627	1.302	0.000	0.262	20.422	0.547	0.286

Problem 303	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	0	97	22	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	0.00	3.88	0.88	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.406	45.152	0.532	0.000	0.263	30.894	0.558	0.290

Problem 304	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	0	71	22	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	0.00	2.84	0.88	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	164.931	0.389	0.000	0.277	73.332	1.749	0.358

Problem 305	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	0	71	0	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	0.00	2.84	0.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	15.470	0.088	0.000	0.270	0.000	1.251	0.365

Problem 306	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	0	99	22	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	0.00	3.96	0.88	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	27.877	1.358	0.000	0.262	26.310	0.730	0.294

Problem 307	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	23	0	113	22	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.92	0.00	4.52	0.88	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	10.788	0.798	0.000	0.265	40.213	0.770	0.290

Problem 308	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	618	71	20	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	26.87	3.09	0.87	1.09	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	1.607	2.296	10.102	0.268	52.553	0.507	0.415

Problem 309	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	469	55	20	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	20.39	2.39	0.87	1.09	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	0.813	2.171	7.430	0.265	20.491	0.470	0.409

Problem 310	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	176	151	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.414	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 311	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	87	77	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	0.030	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 312	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	25	25	19	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	1.09	1.09	0.83	1.09	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.459	4.290	0.394	0.259	1.016	0.377	0.245

Problem 313	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	126	133	215	0	110	0	162	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.99	1.59	0.00	0.81	0.00	1.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.616	0.089	1.846	0.000	0.275	0.000	0.344	0.000

Problem 314	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	105	116	179	0	91	0	125	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.05	1.61	0.00	0.82	0.00	1.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	0.075	1.751	0.000	0.247	0.000	0.341	0.000

Problem 315	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	58	64	96	240	63	0	79	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.02	1.52	3.81	1.00	0.00	1.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.043	1.502	0.313	0.256	0.000	0.299	0.000

Problem 316	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	29	24	23	0	0	0	27	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.77	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.057	1.792	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.313	0.000

Problem 317	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	37	46	42	0	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.18	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	0.046	1.755	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.349	0.000

Problem 318	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	68	88	61	0	0	0	84	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.24	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.211	1.744	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.359	0.000

Problem 319	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	104	117	81	0	0	0	128	0
N.S.	1	0.90	1.02	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.741	0.073	1.707	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.368	0.000



Problem 320	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	245	313	272	628	0	243	694	296	0
N.S.	1	1.28	1.11	2.56	0.00	0.99	2.83	1.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.460	0.150	2.599	0.000	0.268	1.276	0.365	0.000

Problem 321	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	238	216	515	0	185	568	227	0
N.S.	1	1.20	1.09	2.59	0.00	0.93	2.85	1.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.675	0.125	2.621	0.000	0.252	0.899	0.370	0.000

Problem 322	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	120	129	280	402	125	298	141	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.17	2.55	3.65	1.14	2.71	1.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.424	0.055	1.991	0.304	0.263	0.619	0.350	0.000

Problem 323	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	42	37	36	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	0.89	0.79	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.517	1.787	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.341	0.000

Problem 324	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	70	70	0	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.23	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.235	1.779	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.346	0.000

Problem 325	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	114	110	108	0	0	0	101	0
N.S.	1	1.27	1.22	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.928	0.253	1.881	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.374	0.000

Problem 326	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	173	143	148	0	0	0	163	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.92	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.358	0.240	1.839	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.403	0.000

Problem 327	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	20	0	22	60	19	37
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.05	0.00	1.16	3.16	1.00	1.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.023	1.882	0.000	0.264	0.445	0.292	0.527

Problem 328	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	14	130	13	26	13	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.93	8.67	0.87	1.73	0.87	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	0.017	1.759	0.295	0.247	0.297	0.325	0.303

Problem 329	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	14	83	13	24	13	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.93	5.53	0.87	1.60	0.87	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.015	1.760	0.284	0.260	0.248	0.298	0.298

Problem 330	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	11	11	11	12	0	13	22	12	11
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.09	0.00	1.18	2.00	1.09	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	0.028	1.687	0.000	0.235	0.279	0.307	0.301

Problem 331	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	13	13	13	14	33	13	26	13	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.08	2.54	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.014	1.816	0.611	0.241	0.461	0.359	0.289

Problem 332	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	14	33	13	29	13	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.93	2.20	0.87	1.93	0.87	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.014	1.817	17.146	0.227	0.653	0.360	0.271

Problem 333	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	132	144	229	137	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.12	1.79	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.649	0.444	3.266	0.477	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 334	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	97	114	189	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.18	1.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.539	0.260	2.885	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 335	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	48	66	155	160	99	0	83	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.32	3.10	3.20	1.98	0.00	1.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.077	2.000	0.333	0.261	0.000	0.324	0.000

Problem 336	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	35	31	33	87	27	33	33
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.94	1.00	2.64	0.82	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.847	2.743	0.439	0.241	3.319	0.390	0.244

Problem 337	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	35	31	195	87	29	33	33
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.94	5.91	2.64	0.88	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	8.401	2.747	6.528	0.246	3.240	0.431	0.250

Problem 338	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	46	80	206	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.74	4.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.066	0.954	0.288	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 339	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	54	80	200	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.74	4.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.062	0.887	0.308	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 340	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	86	60	71	76	65	90	140	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.71	0.85	0.90	0.77	1.07	1.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.044	0.109	0.335	0.248	1.484	0.260	0.000

Problem 341	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	94	87	95	130	65	85	110	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.06	1.16	1.59	0.79	1.04	1.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.237	0.026	0.141	0.306	0.252	0.936	0.260	0.000

Problem 342	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	65	70	62	59	55	65	87	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.13	1.00	0.95	0.89	1.05	1.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	0.031	0.128	0.323	0.259	0.468	0.263	0.000

Problem 343	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	62	62	74	88	53	60	59	50
N.S.	1	1.09	1.09	1.30	1.54	0.93	1.05	1.04	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.211	0.020	0.109	0.297	0.250	0.280	0.263	0.362

Problem 344	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	40	43	38	37	38	42	38	37
N.S.	1	0.89	0.96	0.84	0.82	0.84	0.93	0.84	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.211	0.007	0.139	0.321	0.257	0.114	0.262	0.382

Problem 345	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	69	64	0	0	0	0	0	57
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.446

Problem 346	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	44	38	57	61	54	354	36
N.S.	1	1.00	1.13	0.97	1.46	1.56	1.38	9.08	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.208	0.006	0.101	0.286	0.274	1.180	0.319	0.336

Problem 347	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	41	46	54	38	42	70	176	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.32	0.93	1.02	1.71	4.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.198	0.014	0.117	0.278	0.260	0.981	0.291	0.000

Problem 348	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	69	61	81	84	126	301	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.95	1.27	1.31	1.97	4.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.220	0.021	0.116	0.269	0.298	2.099	0.478	0.000

Problem 349	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	70	60	64	61	54	112	342	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.91	0.97	0.92	0.82	1.70	5.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	0.027	0.101	0.275	0.290	1.906	0.294	0.000

Problem 350	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	93	63	84	125	97	201	467	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.71	0.94	1.40	1.09	2.26	5.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	0.021	0.123	0.271	0.319	5.116	1.000	0.000

Problem 351	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	99	68	72	82	64	170	504	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.75	0.79	0.90	0.70	1.87	5.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.237	0.032	0.108	0.270	0.318	5.259	0.308	0.000



Problem 352	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	98	82	108	0	58	58	0	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.95	1.26	0.00	0.67	0.67	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.161	0.937	0.000	0.097	1.356	0.000	0.000

Problem 353	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	90	93	101	0	59	58	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.12	1.22	0.00	0.71	0.70	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.176	0.701	0.000	0.092	1.137	0.000	0.000

Problem 354	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	66	72	88	0	42	58	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.18	1.44	0.00	0.69	0.95	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.205	0.107	0.536	0.000	0.081	0.927	0.000	0.000

Problem 355	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	39	71	0	41	49	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	1.45	0.00	0.84	1.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	10.013	0.540	0.000	0.088	0.592	0.000	0.000

Problem 356	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	44	66	0	45	49	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.29	1.94	0.00	1.32	1.44	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	0.049	0.387	0.000	0.113	0.757	0.000	0.000

Problem 357	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	83	89	97	0	0	60	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.10	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.74	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.140	0.502	0.000	0.000	0.969	0.000	0.000

Problem 358	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	65	72	87	0	0	61	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.18	1.43	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.213	0.105	0.600	0.000	0.000	1.251	0.000	0.000

Problem 359	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	112	100	118	0	0	65	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.94	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.297	0.164	0.721	0.000	0.000	1.742	0.000	0.000

Problem 360	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	71	58	0	0	0	0	0	50
N.S.	1	1.15	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	0.036	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.398

Problem 361	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	91	64	53	52	36	54	77	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.82	0.68	0.67	0.46	0.69	0.99	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.214	0.029	0.082	0.283	0.253	1.246	0.276	0.000

Problem 362	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	68	47	41	40	31	46	50	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.78	0.68	0.67	0.52	0.77	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.198	0.020	0.077	0.292	0.264	0.512	0.292	0.000

Problem 363	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	39	46	26	25	24	29	27	37
N.S.	1	1.05	1.24	0.70	0.68	0.65	0.78	0.73	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.174	0.077	0.062	0.280	0.247	0.110	0.263	0.769

Problem 364	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	69	53	97	0	0	0	0	42
N.S.	1	1.23	0.95	1.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.027	0.697	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.538

Problem 365	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	23	23	22	21	42	40	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.82	0.79	0.75	1.50	1.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.167	0.012	0.070	0.265	0.245	1.585	0.283	0.000

Problem 366	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	55	32	35	34	28	51	74	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.64	0.70	0.68	0.56	1.02	1.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	0.022	0.065	0.270	0.258	2.728	0.281	0.000

Problem 367	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	78	44	47	46	33	66	106	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.65	0.69	0.68	0.49	0.97	1.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.021	0.075	0.277	0.239	8.501	0.276	0.000

Problem 368	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	101	49	59	58	38	78	138	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.57	0.69	0.67	0.44	0.91	1.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.197	0.021	0.079	0.270	0.248	25.745	0.272	0.000

Problem 369	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	93	91	84	125	118	175	464	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.02	0.94	1.40	1.33	1.97	5.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.063	0.464	0.277	0.268	3.726	1.012	0.000

Problem 370	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	68	59	67	59	51	107	340	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.92	1.05	0.92	0.80	1.67	5.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	0.046	0.311	0.273	0.253	1.430	0.285	0.000

Problem 371	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	79	64	81	106	105	298	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.23	1.00	1.27	1.66	1.64	4.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	0.036	0.362	0.281	0.260	1.959	0.491	0.000

Problem 372	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	47	47	36	40	58	174	36
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	1.21	0.92	1.03	1.49	4.46	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.186	0.029	0.320	0.274	0.247	0.912	0.281	0.313

Problem 373	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	89	37	52	75	32	60	32
N.S.	1	1.00	2.87	1.19	1.68	2.42	1.03	1.94	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.159	0.060	0.313	0.271	0.262	0.980	0.279	0.781

Problem 374	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	61	134	0	0	0	0	57
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.073	1.025	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.460

Problem 375	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	39	38	37	40	32	38	37
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.97	0.95	1.03	0.82	0.97	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.212	0.020	0.178	0.267	0.248	0.414	0.266	0.310

Problem 376	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	62	65	55	86	55	112	70	50
N.S.	1	1.09	1.14	0.96	1.51	0.96	1.96	1.23	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.219	0.030	0.348	0.287	0.249	1.940	0.279	0.364

Problem 377	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	65	60	63	58	57	112	88	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.97	1.02	0.94	0.92	1.81	1.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.046	0.356	0.291	0.254	1.674	0.272	0.000

Problem 378	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	94	77	75	126	67	180	111	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.94	0.91	1.54	0.82	2.20	1.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.041	0.332	0.271	0.255	3.784	0.267	0.000

Problem 379	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	81	78	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 380	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	68	75	0	0	0	82	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.221	0.059	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.953	0.000	0.000

Problem 381	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	69	75	0	0	0	75	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.214	0.047	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.222	0.000	0.000

Problem 382	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	60	0	0	0	71	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.18	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.183	0.045	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.314	0.000	0.000

Problem 383	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	157	143	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.09	1.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.148	0.974	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 384	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	69	68	0	0	0	73	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.061	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.270	0.000	0.000

Problem 385	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	73	75	0	0	0	75	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	0.046	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.232	0.000	0.000

Problem 386	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	154	116	258	245	97	204	254	0
N.S.	1	1.19	0.90	2.00	1.90	0.75	1.58	1.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.089	0.185	0.273	0.260	0.568	0.284	0.000

Problem 387	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	136	98	191	174	79	133	128	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.85	1.66	1.51	0.69	1.16	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.066	0.127	0.286	0.255	0.309	0.275	0.000

Problem 388	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	52	183	46	45	57	76	49	108
N.S.	1	0.91	3.21	0.81	0.79	1.00	1.33	0.86	1.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	0.103	0.174	0.275	0.257	0.128	0.281	0.789

Problem 389	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	214	221	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.667	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 390	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	81	89	0	280	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.99	0.00	3.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.053	0.142	0.000	0.297	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 391	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	135	148	132	0	392	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.08	0.96	0.00	2.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.373	0.122	0.000	0.327	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 392	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	199	174	245	0	496	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.92	1.29	0.00	2.61	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.408	0.335	0.125	0.000	0.393	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 393	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	336	289	349	346	0	88	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.86	1.04	1.03	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.561	0.426	1.194	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 394	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	233	307	295	0	72	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.81	1.07	1.03	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.433	0.368	0.807	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 395	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	237	155	153	0	55	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.65	0.65	0.00	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	10.097	0.618	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 396	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	126	140	114	0	17	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.90	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.184	0.342	0.000	0.140	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 397	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	284	240	243	207	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.85	0.86	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.441	0.266	0.552	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 398	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	355	301	370	346	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.85	1.04	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.528	0.519	0.837	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 399	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	35	41	38	37	46	61	37	99
N.S.	1	0.74	0.87	0.81	0.79	0.98	1.30	0.79	2.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.255	0.022	0.071	0.278	0.243	0.236	0.278	0.767

Problem 400	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	37	47	0	39	57	80	39	109
N.S.	1	0.79	1.00	0.00	0.83	1.21	1.70	0.83	2.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.028	0.000	0.269	0.256	12.937	0.278	0.380

Problem 401	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	127	123	0	0	207	0	664	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	1.63	0.00	5.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.068	0.000	0.000	0.261	0.000	1.028	0.000

Problem 402	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	107	162	0	0	144	0	370	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.47	0.00	0.00	1.31	0.00	3.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.257	0.000	0.678	0.000

Problem 403	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	63	0	0	91	0	172	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.44	0.00	2.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.013	0.000	0.000	0.255	0.000	0.416	0.000

Problem 404	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	41	45	45	48	0	55	39
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	1.05	1.05	1.12	0.00	1.28	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.172	0.016	0.068	0.298	0.249	0.000	0.277	0.557

Problem 405	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	159	120	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	0.544	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 406	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	205	205	164	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	1.164	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 407	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	227	235	187	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.335	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 408	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	135	131	0	0	207	0	617	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	1.53	0.00	4.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.261	0.000	1.005	0.000

Problem 409	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	113	166	0	0	144	0	346	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.44	0.00	0.00	1.25	0.00	3.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.249	0.000	0.651	0.000

Problem 410	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	67	0	0	91	0	160	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.36	0.00	2.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	0.026	0.000	0.000	0.252	0.000	0.438	0.000

Problem 411	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	43	45	45	48	0	50	39
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	1.00	1.00	1.07	0.00	1.11	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.160	0.018	0.065	0.304	0.249	0.000	0.267	0.500

Problem 412	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	168	130	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	0.210	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 413	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	216	183	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	0.532	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 414	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	248	195	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.480	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 415	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	40	0	0	43	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.163	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.240	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 416	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	44	0	0	43	0	58	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.00	1.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.168	0.011	0.000	0.000	0.254	0.000	0.277	0.000

Problem 417	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	277	278	269	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	0.189	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 418	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	247	253	249	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.240	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 419	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	210	207	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	0.037	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 420	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	185	143	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.027	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 421	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	238	238	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.444	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 422	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	261	265	247	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.364	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 423	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	317	318	297	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.569	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 424	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	299	300	292	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	0.213	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 425	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	267	273	265	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.382	0.293	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 426	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	228	228	225	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.041	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 427	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	201	155	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.042	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 428	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	256	256	256	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.328	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 429	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	281	285	270	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	0.575	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 430	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	339	340	319	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.381	0.636	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 431	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	42	36	39	38	0	38	39
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	0.90	0.98	0.95	0.00	0.95	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.185	2.125	1.082	0.292	0.000	0.921	0.707

Problem 432	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	275	282	0	1171	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.00	4.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.761	0.000	3.272	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 433	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	205	212	0	657	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.00	3.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.617	0.000	1.296	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 434	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	144	0	273	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.00	1.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.455	0.000	0.754	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 435	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	42	36	39	48	61	38	39
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	0.90	0.98	1.20	1.52	0.95	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.219	0.316	0.900	0.446	0.247	133.389	0.419	0.456

Problem 436	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>F(-1)</b>	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	42	36	225	91	0	38	39
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	0.90	5.62	2.28	0.00	0.95	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	3.156	0.806	1.893	0.248	0.000	0.542	1.289

Problem 437	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	22	18	17	17	17	17	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.82	0.77	0.77	0.77	0.77	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.008	0.079	0.293	0.244	0.235	0.287	0.360

Problem 438	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	85	0	170	0	0	0	0	70
N.S.	1	1.01	0.00	2.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	0.000	0.922	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.789

Problem 439	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	73	50	0	0	54	100	97	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.67	1.23	1.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.124	0.000	0.000	0.255	0.511	0.295	0.000

Problem 440	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	75	50	0	0	45	80	76	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.98	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.250	0.341	0.293	0.000

Problem 441	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	42	30	0	0	35	53	53	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.85	1.29	1.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	0.033	0.000	0.000	0.265	0.219	0.282	0.000

Problem 442	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	41	31	0	0	26	32	31	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.82	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.025	0.000	0.000	0.259	0.099	0.273	0.000

Problem 443	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	75	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.042	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 444	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	54	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 445	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	93	67	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.314	0.067	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 446	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	121	84	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.067	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 447	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	47	36	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.255	0.026	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000



Problem 448	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	63	48	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.028	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 449	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	11	13	13	10	13	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	0.92	1.08	1.08	0.83	1.08	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	0.168	0.034	0.420	0.247	0.361	0.314	0.252

Problem 450	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	11	13	13	12	13	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	0.92	1.08	1.08	1.00	1.08	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	1.474	0.031	0.420	0.244	0.381	0.329	0.251

Problem 451	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	309	278	148	0	0	129	416	334	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.42	1.35	1.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.719	0.349	0.000	0.000	0.271	0.613	0.296	0.000

Problem 452	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	205	185	103	0	0	85	243	208	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.41	1.19	1.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.553	0.158	0.000	0.000	0.283	0.388	0.306	0.000

Problem 453	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	94	59	0	0	63	146	108	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.62	1.45	1.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.132	0.000	0.000	0.273	0.305	0.305	0.000

Problem 454	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	49	35	0	0	39	65	43	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.76	1.27	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.197	0.022	0.000	0.000	0.278	0.120	0.288	0.000

Problem 455	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	11	13	13	10	13	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	0.92	1.08	1.08	0.83	1.08	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.459	0.135	0.033	0.452	0.267	0.367	0.362	0.298

Problem 456	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	11	13	13	12	13	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	0.92	1.08	1.08	1.00	1.08	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.475	0.200	0.033	0.451	0.264	0.409	0.388	0.274

Problem 457	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	381	350	221	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.832	0.285	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 458	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	265	245	161	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.664	0.152	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 459	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	116	93	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	0.124	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 460	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	67	52	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.011	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 461	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	13	15	15	12	15	15
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.93	1.07	1.07	0.86	1.07	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.461	0.156	0.029	0.483	0.246	0.421	0.375	0.279

Problem 462	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	13	15	15	14	15	15
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.93	1.07	1.07	1.00	1.07	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.481	0.368	0.032	0.482	0.239	0.470	0.369	0.273

Problem 463	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	167	69	0	0	71	141	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.87	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.837	0.334	0.000	0.000	0.267	13.730	0.000	0.000

Problem 464	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	114	51	0	0	55	95	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.85	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.634	0.150	0.000	0.000	0.256	1.394	0.000	0.000

Problem 465	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	61	31	0	0	35	49	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.79	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.492	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.262	0.140	0.000	0.000

Problem 466	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	10	10	9	9	8	9	9
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.90	0.90	0.80	0.90	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.470	0.016	0.352	0.287	0.251	0.239	0.294	0.278

Problem 467	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	45	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.519	0.060	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 468	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	95	84	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.578	0.129	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 469	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	48	529	47	0	141	0	95	42
N.S.	1	1.02	11.26	1.00	0.00	3.00	0.00	2.02	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	2.784	0.592	0.000	0.261	0.000	0.318	0.740

Problem 470	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	0	28	0	1	3	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.04	0.00	0.04	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.475	0.000	0.287	0.232	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 471	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	38	0	0	41	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.040	0.000	0.000	0.264	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 472	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	30	26	0	0	28	0	0	26
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.019	0.000	0.000	0.241	0.000	0.000	0.352

Problem 473	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	16	17	12	14	12	14	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.06	0.75	0.88	0.75	0.88	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.165	0.019	0.486	0.275	0.249	0.105	0.272	0.337

Problem 474	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	B
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	0	22	17	0	14	0	20	12
N.S.	1	0.00	1.38	1.06	0.00	0.88	0.00	1.25	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.187	0.343	0.000	0.259	0.000	0.318	0.305

## 2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. The column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$  is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [137] had the largest ratio of [1.41667000000000010]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	8	8	1.15	16	0.500
2	A	5	5	1.22	16	0.312
3	A	5	5	1.08	14	0.357
4	A	1	1	1.00	8	0.125
5	A	6	5	1.00	16	0.312
6	A	4	3	1.00	16	0.188
7	A	5	4	0.99	16	0.250
8	A	7	6	1.09	16	0.375
9	A	3	3	1.05	18	0.167
10	A	3	3	1.10	18	0.167
11	A	3	3	1.15	16	0.188
12	A	3	3	1.09	10	0.300
13	A	7	6	0.99	18	0.333
14	A	10	9	0.93	18	0.500
15	A	14	13	0.96	18	0.722
16	A	4	3	0.96	18	0.167
17	A	4	3	0.95	18	0.167
18	A	4	3	0.95	16	0.188
19	A	8	7	0.91	10	0.700
20	N/A	1	0	1.00	18	0.000
21	N/A	1	0	1.00	18	0.000
22	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
23	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
24	A	10	9	0.97	10	0.900
25	N/A	1	0	1.00	18	0.000
26	N/A	1	0	1.00	18	0.000
27	N/A	2	0	1.00	18	0.000
28	A	4	4	0.81	16	0.250
29	N/A	1	0	1.00	18	0.000
30	N/A	1	0	1.00	18	0.000
31	A	3	3	0.55	31	0.097
32	A	3	3	0.58	31	0.097
33	A	3	3	0.59	29	0.103
34	A	7	7	0.70	31	0.226
35	A	7	7	0.73	31	0.226
36	A	3	3	0.52	31	0.097
37	A	3	3	0.54	31	0.097
38	A	3	3	0.52	29	0.103
39	A	3	3	0.66	31	0.097
40	A	3	3	0.49	31	0.097
41	A	3	3	0.51	31	0.097
42	A	3	3	0.50	29	0.103
43	A	3	3	0.62	31	0.097
44	A	3	3	0.58	31	0.097
45	A	3	3	0.60	31	0.097
46	A	3	3	0.69	29	0.103
47	A	10	9	0.76	31	0.290
48	A	14	13	0.76	31	0.419
49	A	3	3	0.68	31	0.097
50	A	3	3	0.67	31	0.097
51	A	6	6	0.69	29	0.207
52	A	3	3	0.66	31	0.097
53	A	3	3	0.86	31	0.097
54	A	3	3	0.68	31	0.097
55	A	3	3	0.71	31	0.097

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
56	A	3	3	0.70	29	0.103
57	A	3	3	0.63	31	0.097
58	A	3	3	0.65	33	0.091
59	A	3	3	0.65	33	0.091
60	A	3	3	0.65	31	0.097
61	A	7	7	0.71	33	0.212
62	A	3	3	0.63	33	0.091
63	A	3	3	0.63	33	0.091
64	A	3	3	0.62	31	0.097
65	A	3	3	0.69	33	0.091
66	A	3	3	0.60	33	0.091
67	A	3	3	0.60	33	0.091
68	A	3	3	0.58	31	0.097
69	A	3	3	0.66	33	0.091
70	A	6	5	0.60	33	0.152
71	A	6	5	0.59	33	0.152
72	A	3	3	0.75	31	0.097
73	A	11	10	0.68	33	0.303
74	A	17	16	0.65	33	0.485
75	A	3	3	0.61	33	0.091
76	A	3	3	0.61	33	0.091
77	A	3	3	0.59	31	0.097
78	A	3	3	0.64	33	0.091
79	A	3	3	0.58	33	0.091
80	A	3	3	0.60	33	0.091
81	A	3	3	0.62	31	0.097
82	N/A	1	0	1.00	35	0.000
83	A	10	9	0.99	35	0.257
84	A	9	8	0.98	35	0.229
85	A	8	7	0.99	33	0.212
86	A	8	7	1.00	25	0.280
87	N/A	1	0	1.00	35	0.000
88	A	13	13	1.08	21	0.619

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
89	A	10	10	1.11	21	0.476
90	A	8	8	1.14	19	0.421
91	A	4	4	1.00	21	0.190
92	A	6	6	0.99	21	0.286
93	A	8	7	1.18	21	0.333
94	A	8	7	1.05	21	0.333
95	A	11	10	1.06	21	0.476
96	A	13	12	1.09	21	0.571
97	A	14	14	1.09	26	0.538
98	A	13	13	1.08	26	0.500
99	A	10	10	1.12	24	0.417
100	A	4	4	1.04	26	0.154
101	A	4	4	0.99	26	0.154
102	A	4	4	0.98	26	0.154
103	A	8	7	1.02	26	0.269
104	A	10	9	1.05	26	0.346
105	A	13	12	1.06	26	0.462
106	A	17	17	1.07	31	0.548
107	A	14	14	1.09	31	0.452
108	A	13	13	1.09	29	0.448
109	A	4	4	1.02	31	0.129
110	A	4	4	0.99	31	0.129
111	A	4	4	0.95	31	0.129
112	A	4	4	0.97	31	0.129
113	A	4	4	1.02	23	0.174
114	A	2	2	1.00	25	0.080
115	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
116	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
117	A	2	2	1.00	26	0.077
118	A	2	2	1.02	28	0.071
119	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
120	A	3	3	0.98	33	0.091
121	A	4	4	0.97	35	0.114
122	A	11	10	1.21	10	1.000

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
123	A	8	7	1.31	10	0.700
124	A	9	8	1.06	8	1.000
125	A	4	3	0.91	6	0.500
126	A	9	8	1.04	10	0.800
127	A	6	5	1.03	10	0.500
128	A	8	7	1.06	10	0.700
129	A	9	8	1.13	10	0.800
130	A	11	10	1.19	10	1.000
131	A	7	6	0.92	12	0.500
132	A	6	5	0.96	12	0.417
133	A	7	6	0.95	10	0.600
134	A	5	4	1.04	8	0.500
135	A	10	9	1.10	12	0.750
136	A	13	12	0.90	12	1.000
137	A	18	17	1.03	12	1.417
138	A	8	7	0.90	12	0.583
139	A	9	8	0.94	10	0.800
140	A	6	5	0.94	8	0.625
141	A	11	10	1.09	12	0.833
142	A	14	13	0.94	12	1.083
143	A	6	5	0.87	12	0.417
144	A	7	6	0.93	10	0.600
145	A	5	4	1.00	8	0.500
146	N/A	5	0	1.00	12	0.000
147	A	5	4	1.71	12	0.333
148	A	6	5	1.49	10	0.500
149	A	6	5	0.95	8	0.625
150	N/A	5	0	1.00	12	0.000
151	A	5	4	1.31	12	0.333
152	A	6	5	1.24	10	0.500
153	A	7	6	0.92	8	0.750
154	N/A	5	0	1.00	12	0.000
155	A	8	7	1.06	18	0.389

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
156	A	9	8	1.11	16	0.500
157	A	13	12	0.97	14	0.857
158	A	9	8	1.13	16	0.500
159	A	13	12	0.94	14	0.857
160	A	9	8	1.17	16	0.500
161	A	15	14	0.94	14	1.000
162	A	15	14	0.94	14	1.000
163	A	8	7	0.98	18	0.389
164	A	9	8	0.99	16	0.500
165	A	11	10	1.01	14	0.714
166	A	6	5	0.95	16	0.312
167	A	13	12	1.00	14	0.857
168	A	6	5	0.94	16	0.312
169	A	13	12	0.99	14	0.857
170	A	6	5	0.94	16	0.312
171	A	15	14	1.02	14	1.000
172	N/A	3	0	1.00	16	0.000
173	A	6	5	0.97	16	0.312
174	A	7	6	0.97	14	0.429
175	A	7	6	1.02	12	0.500
176	N/A	5	0	1.00	16	0.000
177	A	7	6	0.79	21	0.286
178	A	7	6	0.92	21	0.286
179	A	7	6	0.84	21	0.286
180	A	6	5	0.96	19	0.263
181	A	1	1	1.00	10	0.100
182	A	11	10	0.97	21	0.476
183	A	7	6	0.86	21	0.286
184	A	5	4	0.92	21	0.190
185	A	8	7	0.83	21	0.333
186	A	6	5	0.93	21	0.238
187	A	9	8	0.84	21	0.381
188	A	10	9	0.87	23	0.391

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
189	A	9	8	0.88	23	0.348
190	A	8	7	0.89	23	0.304
191	A	7	6	0.93	21	0.286
192	A	5	4	1.03	12	0.333
193	A	12	11	0.98	23	0.478
194	A	9	8	0.79	23	0.348
195	A	6	5	0.87	23	0.217
196	A	11	10	0.80	23	0.435
197	A	16	15	1.01	23	0.652
198	A	14	13	1.03	23	0.565
199	A	11	10	0.91	23	0.435
200	A	9	8	0.93	21	0.381
201	A	5	4	0.93	12	0.333
202	A	13	12	0.97	23	0.522
203	A	10	9	0.82	23	0.391
204	A	13	12	0.93	23	0.522
205	A	15	14	0.82	23	0.609
206	A	13	12	1.08	23	0.522
207	A	14	13	1.00	23	0.565
208	A	10	9	0.94	21	0.429
209	A	7	6	0.97	12	0.500
210	A	14	13	1.00	23	0.565
211	A	11	10	0.84	23	0.435
212	A	14	13	0.96	23	0.565
213	A	15	14	0.83	23	0.609
214	A	7	6	0.93	12	0.500
215	A	6	5	0.79	23	0.217
216	A	7	6	0.82	23	0.261
217	A	6	5	0.82	23	0.217
218	A	13	12	0.88	21	0.571
219	A	9	8	0.91	12	0.667
220	N/A	4	0	1.00	23	0.000
221	A	5	4	0.81	23	0.174

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
222	A	5	4	0.84	23	0.174
223	A	5	4	0.84	23	0.174
224	A	10	9	0.92	21	0.429
225	A	11	10	0.95	12	0.833
226	N/A	4	0	1.00	23	0.000
227	A	8	7	1.20	23	0.304
228	A	16	15	1.12	23	0.652
229	A	15	14	1.08	23	0.609
230	A	16	15	0.94	21	0.714
231	A	11	10	0.93	12	0.833
232	N/A	4	0	1.00	23	0.000
233	A	7	6	1.16	23	0.261
234	A	13	12	1.06	23	0.522
235	A	16	15	1.07	23	0.652
236	A	13	12	0.93	21	0.571
237	A	13	12	0.99	12	1.000
238	N/A	4	0	1.00	23	0.000
239	A	13	12	1.01	12	1.000
240	A	8	7	0.92	25	0.280
241	A	9	8	0.93	25	0.320
242	A	8	7	0.95	23	0.304
243	A	13	12	0.97	14	0.857
244	N/A	4	0	1.00	25	0.000
245	A	23	22	1.19	25	0.880
246	A	18	17	1.22	25	0.680
247	A	18	17	0.96	23	0.739
248	A	13	12	0.94	14	0.857
249	N/A	4	0	1.00	25	0.000
250	A	13	12	1.16	25	0.480
251	A	20	19	1.17	25	0.760
252	A	11	10	0.95	23	0.435
253	A	15	14	0.94	14	1.000
254	N/A	4	0	1.00	25	0.000

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
255	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
256	A	21	20	0.96	23	0.870
257	A	15	14	0.94	14	1.000
258	N/A	4	0	1.00	25	0.000
259	A	6	5	0.93	25	0.200
260	A	7	6	0.94	25	0.240
261	A	6	5	0.94	25	0.200
262	A	15	14	0.98	23	0.609
263	A	11	10	1.01	14	0.714
264	N/A	4	0	1.00	25	0.000
265	A	5	4	0.93	25	0.160
266	A	5	4	0.97	25	0.160
267	A	5	4	0.98	25	0.160
268	A	12	11	0.98	23	0.478
269	A	13	12	1.00	14	0.857
270	N/A	4	0	1.00	25	0.000
271	A	18	17	1.24	25	0.680
272	A	17	16	1.30	25	0.640
273	A	18	17	0.96	23	0.739
274	A	13	12	0.99	14	0.857
275	N/A	4	0	1.00	25	0.000
276	A	15	14	1.20	25	0.560
277	A	18	17	1.22	25	0.680
278	A	15	14	0.98	23	0.609
279	A	15	14	1.02	14	1.000
280	N/A	4	0	1.00	25	0.000
281	A	8	7	1.03	23	0.304
282	A	7	6	1.04	23	0.261
283	A	7	6	1.04	23	0.261
284	A	6	5	1.03	23	0.217
285	A	6	5	0.98	23	0.217
286	A	5	4	0.97	23	0.174
287	A	7	6	0.98	23	0.261

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
288	A	6	5	1.02	23	0.217
289	A	8	7	1.01	23	0.304
290	A	7	6	1.04	23	0.261
291	A	4	3	1.01	25	0.120
292	A	4	3	1.01	25	0.120
293	A	4	3	1.01	25	0.120
294	A	4	3	1.01	25	0.120
295	A	4	3	0.99	25	0.120
296	A	4	3	0.99	25	0.120
297	A	4	3	0.98	25	0.120
298	A	4	3	1.01	25	0.120
299	A	4	3	1.01	25	0.120
300	N/A	4	0	1.00	25	0.000
301	N/A	4	0	1.00	25	0.000
302	N/A	4	0	1.00	25	0.000
303	N/A	4	0	1.00	25	0.000
304	N/A	4	0	1.00	25	0.000
305	N/A	4	0	1.00	25	0.000
306	N/A	4	0	1.00	25	0.000
307	N/A	4	0	1.00	25	0.000
308	N/A	4	0	1.00	23	0.000
309	N/A	4	0	1.00	23	0.000
310	A	4	3	0.96	23	0.130
311	A	4	3	0.98	21	0.143
312	N/A	3	0	1.00	23	0.000
313	A	8	7	0.93	33	0.212
314	A	7	6	0.95	33	0.182
315	A	5	4	0.92	31	0.129
316	A	6	5	0.94	33	0.152
317	A	8	7	0.95	33	0.212
318	A	6	5	0.96	33	0.152
319	A	11	10	0.90	33	0.303

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
320	A	16	15	1.28	33	0.455
321	A	12	11	1.20	33	0.333
322	A	8	7	1.09	31	0.226
323	A	6	5	0.89	33	0.152
324	A	6	5	1.00	33	0.152
325	A	11	10	1.27	33	0.303
326	A	17	16	1.12	33	0.485
327	A	3	2	1.00	33	0.061
328	A	3	2	1.00	33	0.061
329	A	3	2	1.00	31	0.065
330	A	3	2	1.00	33	0.061
331	A	3	2	1.00	33	0.061
332	A	3	2	1.00	33	0.061
333	A	10	9	1.03	33	0.273
334	A	9	8	1.00	33	0.242
335	A	4	3	0.96	31	0.097
336	N/A	3	0	1.00	33	0.000
337	N/A	4	0	1.00	33	0.000
338	A	3	2	1.00	23	0.087
339	A	3	2	1.00	36	0.056
340	A	6	5	1.02	14	0.357
341	A	7	6	1.15	14	0.429
342	A	6	5	1.05	14	0.357
343	A	6	5	1.09	14	0.357
344	A	3	2	0.89	12	0.167
345	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
346	A	6	5	1.00	14	0.357
347	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
348	A	7	6	1.00	14	0.429
349	A	4	4	1.06	14	0.286
350	A	8	7	1.04	14	0.500
351	A	5	5	1.09	14	0.357
352	A	5	5	1.14	14	0.357

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
353	A	7	7	1.08	14	0.500
354	A	4	4	1.08	14	0.286
355	A	1	1	1.00	10	0.100
356	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
357	A	7	7	1.02	14	0.500
358	A	4	4	1.07	14	0.286
359	A	8	8	1.06	14	0.571
360	A	9	8	1.15	10	0.800
361	A	9	8	1.17	10	0.800
362	A	8	7	1.13	8	0.875
363	A	7	6	1.05	6	1.000
364	A	9	8	1.23	10	0.800
365	A	3	3	1.00	10	0.300
366	A	4	4	1.10	10	0.400
367	A	5	5	1.15	10	0.500
368	A	6	6	1.17	10	0.600
369	A	9	8	1.04	14	0.571
370	A	5	5	1.06	14	0.357
371	A	8	7	1.00	14	0.500
372	A	4	4	1.00	12	0.333
373	A	1	1	1.00	10	0.100
374	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
375	A	3	2	1.00	14	0.143
376	A	7	6	1.09	14	0.429
377	A	7	6	1.05	14	0.429
378	A	8	7	1.15	14	0.500
379	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
380	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
381	A	3	3	1.00	12	0.250
382	A	1	1	1.00	10	0.100
383	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
384	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
385	A	3	3	1.01	14	0.214
386	A	9	8	1.19	16	0.500

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
387	A	9	8	1.18	16	0.500
388	A	3	2	0.91	14	0.143
389	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
390	A	6	5	1.00	16	0.312
391	A	7	6	0.99	16	0.375
392	A	10	9	1.05	16	0.562
393	A	10	10	0.86	16	0.625
394	A	7	7	0.81	16	0.438
395	A	1	1	1.00	12	0.083
396	A	4	4	1.00	16	0.250
397	A	9	9	0.85	16	0.562
398	A	11	11	0.85	16	0.688
399	A	5	4	0.74	12	0.333
400	A	5	4	0.79	14	0.286
401	A	3	3	1.00	14	0.214
402	A	2	2	0.97	14	0.143
403	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
404	A	1	1	1.00	12	0.083
405	A	1	1	1.00	14	0.071
406	A	1	1	1.00	14	0.071
407	A	2	2	1.04	14	0.143
408	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
409	A	2	2	0.98	16	0.125
410	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
411	A	1	1	1.00	14	0.071
412	A	1	1	1.00	16	0.062
413	A	1	1	1.00	16	0.062
414	A	2	2	1.03	16	0.125
415	A	2	2	1.00	8	0.250
416	A	2	2	1.00	10	0.200
417	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
418	A	2	2	1.02	16	0.125
419	A	1	1	1.00	16	0.062
420	A	1	1	1.00	16	0.062

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
421	A	1	1	1.00	16	0.062
422	A	2	2	1.02	16	0.125
423	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
424	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
425	A	2	2	1.02	18	0.111
426	A	1	1	1.00	18	0.056
427	A	1	1	1.00	18	0.056
428	A	1	1	1.00	18	0.056
429	A	2	2	1.01	18	0.111
430	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
431	N/A	1	0	1.00	40	0.000
432	A	12	11	1.03	40	0.275
433	A	11	10	1.03	40	0.250
434	A	10	9	1.02	38	0.237
435	N/A	1	0	1.00	40	0.000
436	N/A	1	0	1.00	40	0.000
437	A	4	3	1.00	8	0.375
438	A	10	9	1.01	10	0.900
439	A	5	4	0.90	10	0.400
440	A	5	4	0.91	10	0.400
441	A	6	5	1.02	8	0.625
442	A	3	2	1.05	6	0.333
443	A	5	4	1.00	10	0.400
444	A	5	4	1.00	10	0.400
445	A	5	4	0.92	12	0.333
446	A	5	4	0.94	12	0.333
447	A	5	4	0.96	10	0.400
448	A	4	3	0.97	8	0.375
449	N/A	4	0	1.00	12	0.000
450	N/A	4	0	1.00	12	0.000
451	A	7	6	0.90	12	0.500
452	A	6	5	0.90	12	0.417
453	A	7	6	0.93	10	0.600

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
454	A	3	2	0.96	8	0.250
455	N/A	6	0	1.00	12	0.000
456	N/A	5	0	1.00	12	0.000
457	A	7	6	0.92	14	0.429
458	A	6	5	0.92	14	0.357
459	A	7	6	0.94	12	0.500
460	A	4	3	0.97	10	0.300
461	N/A	6	0	1.00	14	0.000
462	N/A	5	0	1.00	14	0.000
463	A	8	7	1.03	21	0.333
464	A	7	6	1.02	21	0.286
465	A	6	5	0.98	21	0.238
466	A	5	4	1.00	21	0.190
467	A	5	4	1.00	21	0.190
468	A	6	5	0.99	21	0.238
469	A	7	6	1.02	10	0.600
470	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
471	A	3	2	1.00	26	0.077
472	A	3	2	1.00	26	0.077
473	A	1	1	1.00	28	0.036
474	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A

# CHAPTER 3

## LISTING OF INTEGRALS

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3.9	$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$ . . . . .	227
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3.13	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d+ex} dx$ . . . . .	255
3.14	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$ . . . . .	261
3.15	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$ . . . . .	269
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3.17	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx$ . . . . .	285
3.18	$\int \frac{d+ex}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx$ . . . . .	291
3.19	$\int \frac{1}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx$ . . . . .	296
3.20	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b \arcsin(cx))} dx$ . . . . .	301
3.21	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))} dx$ . . . . .	305
3.22	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$ . . . . .	309
3.23	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$ . . . . .	315
3.24	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$ . . . . .	321
3.25	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$ . . . . .	327
3.26	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$ . . . . .	331

3.27	$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$	335
3.28	$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$	340
3.29	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx$	345
3.30	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$	349
3.31	$\int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$	353
3.32	$\int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$	360
3.33	$\int (f + gx) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$	366
3.34	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{f+gx} dx$	372
3.35	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(f+gx)^2} dx$	380
3.36	$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$	390
3.37	$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$	398
3.38	$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$	405
3.39	$\int \frac{(d-c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{f+gx} dx$	411
3.40	$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$	419
3.41	$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$	428
3.42	$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$	435
3.43	$\int \frac{(d-c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{f+gx} dx$	441
3.44	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2}} dx$	449
3.45	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2}} dx$	456
3.46	$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2}} dx$	462
3.47	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(f+gx)\sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2}} dx$	467
3.48	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2}} dx$	475
3.49	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	485
3.50	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	491
3.51	$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	497
3.52	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(f+gx)(d-c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	503
3.53	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	510
3.54	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	517
3.55	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	523
3.56	$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	529
3.57	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(f+gx)(d-c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	535
3.58	$\int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$	543
3.59	$\int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$	551
3.60	$\int (f + gx) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$	558



3.61	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{f+gx} dx$	564
3.62	$\int (f+gx)^3 (d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2} (a+b\arcsin(cx))^2 dx$	573
3.63	$\int (f+gx)^2 (d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2} (a+b\arcsin(cx))^2 dx$	582
3.64	$\int (f+gx) (d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2} (a+b\arcsin(cx))^2 dx$	590
3.65	$\int \frac{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{f+gx} dx$	597
3.66	$\int (f+gx)^3 (d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2} (a+b\arcsin(cx))^2 dx$	603
3.67	$\int (f+gx)^2 (d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2} (a+b\arcsin(cx))^2 dx$	610
3.68	$\int (f+gx) (d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2} (a+b\arcsin(cx))^2 dx$	619
3.69	$\int \frac{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{f+gx} dx$	626
3.70	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$	632
3.71	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$	640
3.72	$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$	647
3.73	$\int \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(f+gx)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$	653
3.74	$\int \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(f+gx)^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$	661
3.75	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	675
3.76	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	682
3.77	$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	689
3.78	$\int \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(f+gx)(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	695
3.79	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	702
3.80	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	708
3.81	$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	716
3.82	$\int \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$	723
3.83	$\int \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$	727
3.84	$\int \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$	735
3.85	$\int \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$	742
3.86	$\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$	750
3.87	$\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx$	756
3.88	$\int (d+ex)^3 (f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) dx$	760
3.89	$\int (d+ex)^2 (f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) dx$	773
3.90	$\int (d+ex)(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) dx$	783
3.91	$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{d+ex} dx$	792
3.92	$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	799
3.93	$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	806
3.94	$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	815

3.95	$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	824
3.96	$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	834
3.97	$\int (d+ex)^3 (f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx$	845
3.98	$\int (d+ex)^2 (f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx$	859
3.99	$\int (d+ex)(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx$	872
3.100	$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{d+ex} dx$	882
3.101	$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	889
3.102	$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	896
3.103	$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	905
3.104	$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	914
3.105	$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	924
3.106	$\int (d+ex)^3 (f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx$	934
3.107	$\int (d+ex)^2 (f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx$	949
3.108	$\int (d+ex)(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx$	963
3.109	$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{d+ex} dx$	975
3.110	$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	982
3.111	$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	989
3.112	$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	999
3.113	$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	1008
3.114	$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	1017
3.115	$\int (g+hx)^3 (d+ex+fx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$	1024
3.116	$\int (g+hx)^2 (d+ex+fx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$	1036
3.117	$\int (g+hx)(d+ex+fx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$	1045
3.118	$\int \frac{(d+ex+fx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{g+hx} dx$	1054
3.119	$\int \frac{(d+ex+fx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(g+hx)^2} dx$	1062
3.120	$\int \frac{(ef+2dhx+ehx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	1070
3.121	$\int \frac{(ef+2dhx+ehx^2)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	1077
3.122	$\int x^3 \arcsin(a+bx) dx$	1086
3.123	$\int x^2 \arcsin(a+bx) dx$	1095
3.124	$\int x \arcsin(a+bx) dx$	1102
3.125	$\int \arcsin(a+bx) dx$	1108
3.126	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x} dx$	1113
3.127	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^2} dx$	1120
3.128	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^3} dx$	1125
3.129	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^4} dx$	1131
3.130	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^5} dx$	1138

3.131	$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$	1147
3.132	$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$	1155
3.133	$\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$	1162
3.134	$\int \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$	1168
3.135	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x} dx$	1173
3.136	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x^2} dx$	1180
3.137	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x^3} dx$	1188
3.138	$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$	1197
3.139	$\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$	1205
3.140	$\int \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$	1212
3.141	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{x} dx$	1218
3.142	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{x^2} dx$	1226
3.143	$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$	1234
3.144	$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$	1239
3.145	$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$	1244
3.146	$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a+bx)} dx$	1249
3.147	$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$	1254
3.148	$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$	1259
3.149	$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$	1264
3.150	$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$	1269
3.151	$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$	1274
3.152	$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$	1280
3.153	$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$	1285
3.154	$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$	1290
3.155	$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$	1295
3.156	$\int x \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$	1303
3.157	$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$	1310
3.158	$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$	1318
3.159	$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$	1326
3.160	$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	1334
3.161	$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	1342
3.162	$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$	1350
3.163	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx$	1359
3.164	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx$	1367
3.165	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx$	1374
3.166	$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1381
3.167	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	1387
3.168	$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1394

3.169	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	1401
3.170	$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	1409
3.171	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	1416
3.172	$\int x^m (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^n dx$	1426
3.173	$\int x^2 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^n dx$	1430
3.174	$\int x (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^n dx$	1436
3.175	$\int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^n dx$	1442
3.176	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^n}{x} dx$	1447
3.177	$\int (ce+dex)^4 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) dx$	1452
3.178	$\int (ce+dex)^3 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) dx$	1459
3.179	$\int (ce+dex)^2 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) dx$	1466
3.180	$\int (ce+dex) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) dx$	1473
3.181	$\int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) dx$	1479
3.182	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{ce+dex} dx$	1483
3.183	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^2} dx$	1489
3.184	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^3} dx$	1495
3.185	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^4} dx$	1501
3.186	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^5} dx$	1508
3.187	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^6} dx$	1514
3.188	$\int (ce+dex)^4 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 dx$	1522
3.189	$\int (ce+dex)^3 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 dx$	1532
3.190	$\int (ce+dex)^2 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 dx$	1541
3.191	$\int (ce+dex) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 dx$	1548
3.192	$\int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 dx$	1555
3.193	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{ce+dex} dx$	1561
3.194	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dex)^2} dx$	1568
3.195	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dex)^3} dx$	1574
3.196	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dex)^4} dx$	1581
3.197	$\int (ce+dex)^4 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 dx$	1588
3.198	$\int (ce+dex)^3 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 dx$	1598
3.199	$\int (ce+dex)^2 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 dx$	1609
3.200	$\int (ce+dex) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 dx$	1619
3.201	$\int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 dx$	1628
3.202	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{ce+dex} dx$	1634
3.203	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(ce+dex)^2} dx$	1642
3.204	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(ce+dex)^3} dx$	1649
3.205	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(ce+dex)^4} dx$	1657
3.206	$\int (ce+dex)^3 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4 dx$	1667

3.207	$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$	1677
3.208	$\int (ce + dex) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$	1688
3.209	$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$	1698
3.210	$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{ce + dex} dx$	1706
3.211	$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^2} dx$	1714
3.212	$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^3} dx$	1723
3.213	$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^4} dx$	1731
3.214	$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5 dx$	1742
3.215	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$	1751
3.216	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$	1758
3.217	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$	1765
3.218	$\int \frac{ce + dex}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$	1771
3.219	$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$	1777
3.220	$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} dx$	1782
3.221	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx$	1787
3.222	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx$	1793
3.223	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx$	1799
3.224	$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx$	1806
3.225	$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx$	1813
3.226	$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx$	1820
3.227	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx$	1825
3.228	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx$	1834
3.229	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx$	1845
3.230	$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx$	1855
3.231	$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx$	1864
3.232	$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx$	1872
3.233	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$	1877
3.234	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$	1886
3.235	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$	1897
3.236	$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$	1909
3.237	$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$	1918
3.238	$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$	1926
3.239	$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5} dx$	1931
3.240	$\int (ce + dex)^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$	1939
3.241	$\int (ce + dex)^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$	1946
3.242	$\int (ce + dex) \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$	1953

3.243	$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$	1960
3.244	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{ce + dex} dx$	1968
3.245	$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$	1973
3.246	$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$	1984
3.247	$\int (ce + dex) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$	1994
3.248	$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$	2003
3.249	$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{ce + dex} dx$	2011
3.250	$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	2016
3.251	$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	2026
3.252	$\int (ce + dex) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	2037
3.253	$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	2045
3.254	$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{ce + dex} dx$	2053
3.255	$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$	2058
3.256	$\int (ce + dex) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$	2071
3.257	$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$	2081
3.258	$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}}{ce + dex} dx$	2090
3.259	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx$	2094
3.260	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx$	2102
3.261	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx$	2109
3.262	$\int \frac{ce + dex}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx$	2116
3.263	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx$	2123
3.264	$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex) \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx$	2130
3.265	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2135
3.266	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2142
3.267	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2148
3.268	$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2154
3.269	$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2161
3.270	$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2168
3.271	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2173
3.272	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2185
3.273	$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2197
3.274	$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2207
3.275	$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2215
3.276	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2220
3.277	$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2233
3.278	$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2248

3.279	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2260
3.280	$\int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2270
3.281	$\int (ce+dex)^{7/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) dx$	2275
3.282	$\int (ce+dex)^{5/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) dx$	2282
3.283	$\int (ce+dex)^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) dx$	2288
3.284	$\int \sqrt{ce+dex}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) dx$	2294
3.285	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ce+dex}} dx$	2300
3.286	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^{3/2}} dx$	2306
3.287	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^{5/2}} dx$	2311
3.288	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^{7/2}} dx$	2317
3.289	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^{9/2}} dx$	2323
3.290	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^{11/2}} dx$	2330
3.291	$\int (ce+dex)^{7/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 dx$	2336
3.292	$\int (ce+dex)^{5/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 dx$	2341
3.293	$\int (ce+dex)^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 dx$	2346
3.294	$\int \sqrt{ce+dex}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 dx$	2351
3.295	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{ce+dex}} dx$	2356
3.296	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dex)^{3/2}} dx$	2361
3.297	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dex)^{5/2}} dx$	2366
3.298	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dex)^{7/2}} dx$	2371
3.299	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dex)^{9/2}} dx$	2376
3.300	$\int \sqrt{ce+dex}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 dx$	2381
3.301	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{ce+dex}} dx$	2386
3.302	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(ce+dex)^{3/2}} dx$	2391
3.303	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(ce+dex)^{5/2}} dx$	2396
3.304	$\int \sqrt{ce+dex}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4 dx$	2401
3.305	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{\sqrt{ce+dex}} dx$	2406
3.306	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{(ce+dex)^{3/2}} dx$	2411
3.307	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{(ce+dex)^{5/2}} dx$	2416
3.308	$\int (ce+dex)^m(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4 dx$	2421
3.309	$\int (ce+dex)^m(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 dx$	2426
3.310	$\int (ce+dex)^m(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 dx$	2431
3.311	$\int (ce+dex)^m(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) dx$	2436
3.312	$\int \frac{(ce+dex)^m}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} dx$	2441
3.313	$\int \sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^3 dx$	2445
3.314	$\int \sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2 dx$	2451

3.315	$\int \sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx) dx$	2457
3.316	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$	2463
3.317	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$	2468
3.318	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$	2473
3.319	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^4} dx$	2478
3.320	$\int (1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)^3 dx$	2485
3.321	$\int (1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2 dx$	2495
3.322	$\int (1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx) dx$	2504
3.323	$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$	2511
3.324	$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$	2516
3.325	$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$	2521
3.326	$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^4} dx$	2528
3.327	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^n}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx$	2536
3.328	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx$	2541
3.329	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx$	2546
3.330	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)} dx$	2550
3.331	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$	2554
3.332	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$	2558
3.333	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2562
3.334	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2569
3.335	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2575
3.336	$\int \frac{1}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)} dx$	2580
3.337	$\int \frac{1}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$	2584
3.338	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c-c(a+bx)^2}} dx$	2589
3.339	$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{(1-a^2)c-2abx-b^2cx^2}} dx$	2594
3.340	$\int x^9(a+b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$	2599
3.341	$\int x^7(a+b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$	2605
3.342	$\int x^5(a+b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$	2611
3.343	$\int x^3(a+b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$	2616
3.344	$\int x(a+b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$	2621
3.345	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x} dx$	2625
3.346	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^3} dx$	2629
3.347	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^5} dx$	2635
3.348	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^7} dx$	2640



3.349	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^9} dx$	2646
3.350	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{11}} dx$	2651
3.351	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{13}} dx$	2658
3.352	$\int x^6(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$	2664
3.353	$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$	2669
3.354	$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$	2675
3.355	$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$	2680
3.356	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^2} dx$	2684
3.357	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^4} dx$	2689
3.358	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^6} dx$	2695
3.359	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^8} dx$	2700
3.360	$\int \frac{\arcsin(ax^5)}{x} dx$	2707
3.361	$\int x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx$	2712
3.362	$\int x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx$	2718
3.363	$\int \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx$	2723
3.364	$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx$	2728
3.365	$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^2} dx$	2733
3.366	$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^3} dx$	2738
3.367	$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^4} dx$	2743
3.368	$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^5} dx$	2748
3.369	$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})) dx$	2754
3.370	$\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})) dx$	2761
3.371	$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})) dx$	2767
3.372	$\int x(a + b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})) dx$	2774
3.373	$\int (a + b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})) dx$	2779
3.374	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{x} dx$	2784
3.375	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{x^2} dx$	2788
3.376	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{x^3} dx$	2793
3.377	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{x^4} dx$	2799
3.378	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{x^5} dx$	2805
3.379	$\int x^m(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx$	2811
3.380	$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx$	2815
3.381	$\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx$	2819
3.382	$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx$	2823
3.383	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x} dx$	2827
3.384	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^2} dx$	2832
3.385	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^3} dx$	2836

3.386	$\int x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$	2840
3.387	$\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$	2848
3.388	$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$	2855
3.389	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{x} dx$	2860
3.390	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{x^3} dx$	2865
3.391	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{x^5} dx$	2870
3.392	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{x^7} dx$	2876
3.393	$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$	2884
3.394	$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$	2892
3.395	$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$	2899
3.396	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{x^2} dx$	2904
3.397	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{x^4} dx$	2909
3.398	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{x^6} dx$	2917
3.399	$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx^4) dx$	2926
3.400	$\int x^{-1+n} \arcsin(a + bx^n) dx$	2931
3.401	$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^4 dx$	2936
3.402	$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3 dx$	2942
3.403	$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2 dx$	2948
3.404	$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)) dx$	2953
3.405	$\int \frac{1}{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)} dx$	2957
3.406	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^2} dx$	2961
3.407	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^3} dx$	2966
3.408	$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^4 dx$	2971
3.409	$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3 dx$	2977
3.410	$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2 dx$	2983
3.411	$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)) dx$	2988
3.412	$\int \frac{1}{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)} dx$	2992
3.413	$\int \frac{1}{(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^2} dx$	2996
3.414	$\int \frac{1}{(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^3} dx$	3001
3.415	$\int \arcsin(1 + x^2)^2 dx$	3006
3.416	$\int \arcsin(1 - x^2)^2 dx$	3010
3.417	$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{5/2} dx$	3014
3.418	$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{3/2} dx$	3019
3.419	$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} dx$	3024
3.420	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}} dx$	3029
3.421	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^{3/2}} dx$	3034
3.422	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^{5/2}} dx$	3039

3.423	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^{7/2}} dx$	3044
3.424	$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2} dx$	3049
3.425	$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2} dx$	3054
3.426	$\int \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx$	3059
3.427	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}} dx$	3064
3.428	$\int \frac{1}{(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^{3/2}} dx$	3069
3.429	$\int \frac{1}{(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^{5/2}} dx$	3074
3.430	$\int \frac{1}{(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^{7/2}} dx$	3079
3.431	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}))^n}{1-c^2x^2} dx$	3084
3.432	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}))^3}{1-c^2x^2} dx$	3088
3.433	$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}))^2}{1-c^2x^2} dx$	3096
3.434	$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}})}{1-c^2x^2} dx$	3103
3.435	$\int \frac{1}{(1-c^2x^2)(a+b \arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}))} dx$	3110
3.436	$\int \frac{1}{(1-c^2x^2)(a+b \arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}))^2} dx$	3115
3.437	$\int e^x \arcsin(e^x) dx$	3120
3.438	$\int \arcsin(ce^{a+bx}) dx$	3125
3.439	$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^3 dx$	3131
3.440	$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^2 dx$	3136
3.441	$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x dx$	3141
3.442	$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx$	3146
3.443	$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x} dx$	3150
3.444	$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x^2} dx$	3155
3.445	$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^3 dx$	3160
3.446	$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^2 dx$	3165
3.447	$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x dx$	3170
3.448	$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} dx$	3174
3.449	$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x} dx$	3178
3.450	$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x^2} dx$	3182
3.451	$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^3 dx$	3186
3.452	$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^2 dx$	3193
3.453	$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x dx$	3199
3.454	$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$	3204
3.455	$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x} dx$	3208
3.456	$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x^2} dx$	3213
3.457	$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^3 dx$	3218

3.458	$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^2 dx$	3224
3.459	$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x dx$	3229
3.460	$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$	3234
3.461	$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x} dx$	3238
3.462	$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x^2} dx$	3243
3.463	$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx$	3248
3.464	$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx$	3253
3.465	$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} dx$	3258
3.466	$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx$	3263
3.467	$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3267
3.468	$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1 - a^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3271
3.469	$\int \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{a+bx}\right) dx$	3276
3.470	$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(\sin(x))} dx$	3282
3.471	$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})^n}{\sqrt{1+bx^2}} dx$	3286
3.472	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+bx^2} \arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})} dx$	3290
3.473	$\int \left( \frac{x}{1-x^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \arcsin(x)} \right) dx$	3294
3.474	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2} + x \arcsin(x)}{\arcsin(x) - x^2 \arcsin(x)} dx$	3298

### 3.1 $\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.1.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{7bd(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{48c} + \frac{b(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{16c} + \frac{b(4d(19c^2d^2 + 16e^2) + e(26c^2d^2 + 9e^2)x) \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{96c^3} - \frac{b(8c^4d^4 + 24c^2d^2e^2 + 3e^4) \arcsin(cx)}{32c^4e} + \frac{(d + ex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4e}$$

```
output -1/32*b*(8*c^4*d^4+24*c^2*d^2*e^2+3*e^4)*arcsin(c*x)/c^4/e+1/4*(e*x+d)^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e+7/48*b*d*(e*x+d)^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/16*b*(e*x+d)^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/96*b*(4*d*(19*c^2*d^2+16*e^2)+e*(26*c^2*d^2+9*e^2)*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3
```

#### 3.1.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{24ac^4x(4d^3 + 6d^2ex + 4de^2x^2 + e^3x^3) + bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(e^2(64d + 9ex) + c^2(96d^3 + 72d^2ex + 32de^2x^2 + 6e^3))}{96c^4}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output  $(24*a*c^4*x*(4*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x + 4*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3) + b*c*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(e^2*(64*d + 9*e*x) + c^2*(96*d^3 + 72*d^2*e*x + 32*d*e^2*x^2 + 6*e^3*x^3)) + 3*b*(-24*c^2*d^2*e - 3*e^3 + 8*c^4*x*(4*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x + 4*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3))*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/(96*c^4)$

### 3.1.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5242, 497, 25, 687, 25, 27, 676, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5242} \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4e} - \frac{bc \int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{497} \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4e} - \frac{bc \left( -\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (4d^2c^2 + 7dexc^2 + 3e^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)^3}{4c^2} \right)}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4e} - \frac{bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (4d^2c^2 + 7dexc^2 + 3e^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)^3}{4c^2} \right)}{4e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{687} \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4e} - \frac{bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{c^2(d+ex)(d(12c^2d^2 + 23e^2) + e(26c^2d^2 + 9e^2)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{7}{3} de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)^2 - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)^3}{4c^2} \right)}{4e}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{(d+ex)^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e} - \\
bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{c^2(d+ex)(d(12c^2d^2+23e^2)+e(26c^2d^2+9e^2)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{7}{3}de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)^2 - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)^3}{4c^2} \right) \\
\hline
4e \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{(d+ex)^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e} - \\
bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(d+ex)(d(12c^2d^2+23e^2)+e(26c^2d^2+9e^2)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{7}{3}de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)^2 - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)^3}{4c^2}}{4c^2} \right) \\
\hline
4e \\
\downarrow 676 \\
\frac{(d+ex)^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e} - \\
bc \left( \frac{\left( \frac{3(8c^4d^4+24c^2d^2e^2+3e^4)}{2c^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{2}e^2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{9e^2}{c^2} + 26d^2 \right) - 2de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{16e^2}{c^2} + 19d^2 \right) \right) - \frac{7}{3}de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)^2 - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)^3}{4c^2}}{4c^2} \right) \\
\hline
4e \\
\downarrow 223 \\
\frac{(d+ex)^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e} - \\
bc \left( \frac{\left( \frac{3\arcsin(cx)(8c^4d^4+24c^2d^2e^2+3e^4)}{2c^3} - \frac{1}{2}e^2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{9e^2}{c^2} + 26d^2 \right) - 2de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{16e^2}{c^2} + 19d^2 \right) \right) - \frac{7}{3}de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)^2 - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)^3}{4c^2}}{4c^2} \right) \\
\hline
4e
\end{array}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `((d + e*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(4*e) - (b*c*(-1/4*(e*(d + e*x)^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 + ((-7*d*e*(d + e*x)^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/3 + (-2*d*e*(19*d^2 + (16*e^2)/c^2)*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] - (e^2*(26*d^2 + (9*e^2)/c^2))*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/2 + (3*(8*c^4*d^4 + 24*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 3*e^4)*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*c^3))/3)/(4*c^2))/(4*e)`

## 3.1.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 676 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 687 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`
- rule 5242 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`



### 3.1.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
parts	$\frac{a(e x+d)^4}{4 e} + \frac{b\left(\frac{c e^3 \arcsin(c x) x^4}{4} + c e^2 \arcsin(c x) x^3 d + \frac{3 c \arcsin(c x) d^2 e x^2}{2} + \arcsin(c x) d^3 c x + \frac{c \arcsin(c x) d^4}{4 e} - \frac{c^4 d^4 \arcsin(c x)}{4 e}\right)}{4 c^3 e}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a(c e x+d c)^4}{4 c^3 e} + \frac{b\left(\frac{\arcsin(c x) e^4 d^4}{4 e} + \arcsin(c x) c^4 d^3 x + \frac{3 e \arcsin(c x) c^4 d^2 x^2}{2} + e^2 \arcsin(c x) c^4 d x^3 + \frac{\arcsin(c x) e^3 c^4 x^4}{4} - \frac{c^4 d^4 \arcsin(c x)}{4}\right)}{4 c^3 e}$
default	$\frac{a(c e x+d c)^4}{4 c^3 e} + \frac{b\left(\frac{\arcsin(c x) e^4 d^4}{4 e} + \arcsin(c x) c^4 d^3 x + \frac{3 e \arcsin(c x) c^4 d^2 x^2}{2} + e^2 \arcsin(c x) c^4 d x^3 + \frac{\arcsin(c x) e^3 c^4 x^4}{4} - \frac{c^4 d^4 \arcsin(c x)}{4}\right)}{4 c^3 e}$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{4} a (e x+d)^4 / e + b / c \left( \frac{1}{4} c e^3 \arcsin(c x) x^4 + c e^2 \arcsin(c x) x^3 d + \frac{3}{2} c \arcsin(c x) d^2 e x^2 + \arcsin(c x) d^3 c x + \frac{1}{4} c / e \arcsin(c x) d^4 - \frac{1}{4} / c^3 / e (c^4 d^4 \arcsin(c x) + e^4 (-\frac{1}{4} c^3 x^3 (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{(1/2)} - \frac{3}{8} c x (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{(1/2)} + \frac{3}{8} \arcsin(c x)) - 4 d^3 c^3 e (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{(1/2)} + 6 d^2 c^2 e^2 (-\frac{1}{2} c x (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{(1/2)} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(c x)) + 4 d c e^3 (-\frac{1}{3} c^2 x^2 (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{(1/2)} - \frac{2}{3} (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{(1/2)}) \right)$$

### 3.1.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (d + e x)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c x)) dx$$

$$= \frac{24 a c^4 e^3 x^4 + 96 a c^4 d e^2 x^3 + 144 a c^4 d^2 e x^2 + 96 a c^4 d^3 x + 3 (8 b c^4 e^3 x^4 + 32 b c^4 d e^2 x^3 + 48 b c^4 d^2 e x^2 + 32 b c^4 d^3 x - 24 b c^2 d^2 e - 3 b e^3) \arcsin(c x) + (6 b c^3 e^3 x^3 + 32 b c^3 d e^2 x^2 + 96 b c^3 d^2 e + 64 b c d e^2 + 9 (8 b c^3 d^2 e + b c e^3) x) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{96} (24 a c^4 e^3 x^4 + 96 a c^4 d e^2 x^3 + 144 a c^4 d^2 e x^2 + 96 a c^4 d^3 x + 3 (8 b c^4 e^3 x^4 + 32 b c^4 d e^2 x^3 + 48 b c^4 d^2 e x^2 + 32 b c^4 d^3 x - 24 b c^2 d^2 e - 3 b e^3) \arcsin(c x) + (6 b c^3 e^3 x^3 + 32 b c^3 d e^2 x^2 + 96 b c^3 d^2 e + 64 b c d e^2 + 9 (8 b c^3 d^2 e + b c e^3) x) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}) / c^4$$

---

3.1.  $\int (d + e x)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c x)) dx$

### 3.1.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} ad^3x + \frac{3ad^2ex^2}{2} + ade^2x^3 + \frac{ae^3x^4}{4} + bd^3x \arcsin(cx) + \frac{3bd^2ex^2 \arcsin(cx)}{2} + bde^2x^3 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{be^3x^4 \arcsin(cx)}{4} + \frac{bd^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{4c} \\ a\left(d^3x + \frac{3d^2ex^2}{2} + de^2x^3 + \frac{e^3x^4}{4}\right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*d**3*x + 3*a*d**2*e*x**2/2 + a*d*e**2*x**3 + a*e**3*x**4/4 + b*d**3*x*asin(c*x) + 3*b*d**2*e*x**2*asin(c*x)/2 + b*d*e**2*x**3*asin(c*x) + b*e**3*x**4*asin(c*x)/4 + b*d**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + 3*b*d**2*e*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) + b*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c) + b*e**3*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) - 3*b*d**2*e*asin(c*x)/(4*c**2) + 2*b*d*e**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c**3) + 3*b*e**3*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*c**3) - 3*b*e**3*asin(c*x)/(32*c**4), Ne(c, 0)), (a*(d**3*x + 3*d**2*e*x**2/2 + d*e**2*x**3 + e**3*x**4/4), True))`

### 3.1.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} ae^3x^4 + ade^2x^3 + \frac{3}{2} ad^2ex^2$$

$$+ \frac{3}{4} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bd^2e$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c^4} \right) \right) bde^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{32} \left( 8x^4 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^3}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^4} - \frac{3\arcsin(cx)}{c^5} \right) c \right) be^3$$

$$+ ad^3x + \frac{(cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})bd^3}{c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{4}ae^3x^4 + ad^2e^2x^3 + \frac{3}{2}ad^2e^2x^2 + \frac{3}{4}(2x^2\arcsin(cx) + c\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})x/c^2 - \arcsin(cx)/c^3) * b^2d^2e + \frac{1}{3}(3x^3\arcsin(cx) + c(\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})x^2/c^2 + 2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}/c^4) * b^2d^2e^2 + \frac{1}{32}(8x^4\arcsin(cx) + (2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})x^3/c^2 + 3\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})x/c^4 - 3\arcsin(cx)/c^5) * c * b^2e^3 + ad^3x + (cx\arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}) * b^2d^3/c$

### 3.1.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int (d + ex)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{4}ae^3x^4 + ade^2x^3 + bd^3x \arcsin(cx) + ad^3x + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)bde^2x \arcsin(cx)}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bd^2ex}{4c} + \frac{3(c^2x^2 - 1)bd^2e \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} + \frac{bde^2x \arcsin(cx)}{c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bd^3}{c} - \frac{(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}be^3x}{16c^3} + \frac{3(c^2x^2 - 1)ad^2e}{2c^2} + \frac{3bd^2e \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)^2be^3 \arcsin(cx)}{4c^4} - \frac{(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}bde^2}{3c^3} + \frac{5\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}be^3x}{32c^3} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)be^3 \arcsin(cx)}{2c^4} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bde^2}{c^3} + \frac{5be^3 \arcsin(cx)}{32c^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{4}ae^3x^4 + ad^2e^2x^3 + b^2d^3x\arcsin(cx) + ad^3x + (c^2x^2 - 1) * b^2d^2e^2x\arcsin(cx)/c^2 + \frac{3}{4}\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1} * b^2d^2e^2x/c + \frac{3}{2}(c^2x^2 - 1) * b^2d^2e^2\arcsin(cx)/c^2 + b^2d^2e^2x\arcsin(cx)/c^2 + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1} * b^2d^3/c - \frac{1}{16}(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{(3/2)} * b^2e^3x/c^3 + \frac{3}{2}(c^2x^2 - 1) * ad^2e/c^2 + \frac{3}{4} * b^2d^2e\arcsin(cx)/c^2 + \frac{1}{4}(c^2x^2 - 1)^2 * b^2e^3\arcsin(cx)/c^4 - \frac{1}{3}(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{(3/2)} * b^2d^2e^2/c^3 + \frac{5}{32}\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1} * b^2e^3x/c^3 + \frac{1}{2}(c^2x^2 - 1) * b^2e^3\arcsin(cx)/c^4 + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1} * b^2d^2e/c^3 + \frac{5}{32} * b^2e^3\arcsin(cx)/c^4$

**3.1.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx)) (d + ex)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

## 3.2 $\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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### 3.2.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{b(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{9c} + \frac{b(4(4c^2 d^2 + e^2) + 5c^2 dex) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{18c^3} - \frac{bd \left(2d^2 + \frac{3e^2}{c^2}\right) \arcsin(cx)}{6e} + \frac{(d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e}$$

output

```
-1/6*b*d*(2*d^2+3*e^2/c^2)*arcsin(c*x)/e+1/3*(e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e
+1/9*b*(e*x+d)^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/18*b*(5*c^2*d*e*x+16*c^2*d^2+4*e^2
)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3
```

### 3.2.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{6ac^3 x(3d^2 + 3dex + e^2 x^2) + b\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(4e^2 + c^2(18d^2 + 9dex + 2e^2 x^2)) + 3bc(6c^2 d^2 x + 2c^2 e^2 x^3 + 3de(-$$

$18c^3$ )

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]
```

output  $(6ac^3x(3d^2 + 3dex + e^2x^2) + b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(4e^2 + c^2(18d^2 + 9dex + 2e^2x^2)) + 3bc(6c^2d^2x + 2c^2e^2x^3 + 3de^2(-1 + 2c^2x^2))\text{ArcSin}[cx])/(18c^3)$

### 3.2.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$ , Rules used = {5242, 497, 25, 676, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5242 \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e} - \frac{bc \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 497 \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e} - \frac{bc \left( -\int \frac{(d+ex)(3d^2c^2+5dexc^2+2e^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)^2}{3c^2} \right)}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e} - \frac{bc \left( \int \frac{(d+ex)(3d^2c^2+5dexc^2+2e^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)^2}{3c^2} \right)}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 676 \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e} - \frac{bc \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2}d(2c^2d^2+3e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(4c^2d^2+e^2)}{c^2} - \frac{5}{2}de^2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)^2}{3c^2} \right)}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 223
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3e} - \frac{bc\left(\frac{3d\arcsin(cx)(2c^2d^2+3e^2)}{2c} - \frac{2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(4c^2d^2+e^2)}{3c^2} - \frac{5}{2}de^2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)^2}{3c^2}\right)}{3e}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*e) - (b*c*(-1/3*(e*(d + e*x)^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 + ((-2*e*(4*c^2*d^2 + e^2)*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 - (5*d*e^2*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/2 + (3*d*(2*c^2*d^2 + 3*e^2)*ArcSin[c*x])/(2*c))/(3*c^2)))/(3*e)`

### 3.2.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 5242 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] -
Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n -
1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
&& NeQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.2.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
parts	$\frac{a(e x+d)^3}{3 e} + \frac{b\left(\frac{c e^2 \arcsin(c x) x^3}{3}+c \arcsin(c x) e d x^2+\arcsin(c x) d^2 c x+\frac{c \arcsin(c x) d^3}{3 e}-\frac{c^3 d^3 \arcsin(c x)+e^3\left(-\frac{c^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2+1}}{3}\right)}{c}\right)}{c}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a(c e x+d c)^3}{3 c^2 e} + \frac{b\left(\frac{\arcsin(c x) e^3 d^3}{3 e}+\arcsin(c x) c^3 d^2 x+e \arcsin(c x) c^3 d x^2+\frac{\arcsin(c x) e^2 c^3 x^3}{3}-\frac{c^3 d^3 \arcsin(c x)+e^3\left(-\frac{e^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2+1}}{3}\right)}{c^2}\right)}{c^2}$
default	$\frac{a(c e x+d c)^3}{3 c^2 e} + \frac{b\left(\frac{\arcsin(c x) e^3 d^3}{3 e}+\arcsin(c x) c^3 d^2 x+e \arcsin(c x) c^3 d x^2+\frac{\arcsin(c x) e^2 c^3 x^3}{3}-\frac{c^3 d^3 \arcsin(c x)+e^3\left(-\frac{e^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2+1}}{3}\right)}{c^2}\right)}{c}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3*a*(e*x+d)^3/e+b/c*(1/3*c*e^2*arcsin(c*x)*x^3+c*arcsin(c*x)*e*d*x^2+arc
sin(c*x)*d^2*c*x+1/3*c/e*arcsin(c*x)*d^3-1/3/c^2/e*(c^3*d^3*arcsin(c*x)+e^
3*(-1/3*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)*c^2*d^2*e+3*d*c*e^2*(-1/2*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*arcsin(c*x)))
```

### 3.2.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (d + ex)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{6 ac^3 e^2 x^3 + 18 ac^3 d e x^2 + 18 ac^3 d^2 x + 3(2 bc^3 e^2 x^3 + 6 bc^3 d e x^2 + 6 bc^3 d^2 x - 3 bcde) \arcsin(cx) + (2 bc^2 e^2 x^3 + 6 bc^2 d e x^2 + 6 bc^2 d^2 x - 3 bcde) \arcsin(cx)}{18 c^3}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output  $1/18*(6*a*c^3*e^{2*x^3} + 18*a*c^3*d*e*x^2 + 18*a*c^3*d^2*x + 3*(2*b*c^3*e^{2*x^3} + 6*b*c^3*d*e*x^2 + 6*b*c^3*d^2*x - 3*b*c*d*e)*\arcsin(c*x) + (2*b*c^2*e^{2*x^2} + 9*b*c^2*d*e*x + 18*b*c^2*d^2 + 4*b*e^2)*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1})/c^3$

### 3.2.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (d + ex)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} ad^2x + adex^2 + \frac{ae^2x^3}{3} + bd^2x \arcsin(cx) + bdex^2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{be^2x^3 \arcsin(cx)}{3} + \frac{bd^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c} + \frac{bdex\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{2c} + be^2x^2 \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} \\ a(d^2x + dex^2 + \frac{e^2x^3}{3}) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*d**2*x + a*d*e*x**2 + a*e**2*x**3/3 + b*d**2*x*asin(c*x) + b*d*e*x**2*asin(c*x) + b*e**2*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + b*d**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + b*d*e*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(2*c) + b*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) - b*d*e*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2) + 2*b*e**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3), Ne(c, 0)), (a*(d**2*x + d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**3/3), True))`

### 3.2.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (d + ex)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}ae^2x^3 + adex^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bde$$

$$+ \frac{1}{9} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c^4} \right) \right) be^2$$

$$+ ad^2x + \frac{(cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})bd^2}{c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/3*a*e^2*x^3 + a*d*e*x^2 + 1/2*(2*x^2*\arcsin(c*x) + c*(\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1})*x/c^2 - \arcsin(c*x)/c^3)*b*d*e + 1/9*(3*x^3*\arcsin(c*x) + c*(\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1})*x^2/c^2 + 2*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}/c^4)*b*e^2 + a*d^2*x + (c*x*\arcsin(c*x) + \sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1})*b*d^2/c$

### 3.2.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int (d + ex)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{3} ae^2 x^3 + bd^2 x \arcsin(cx) + ad^2 x + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)be^2 x \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}bdex}{2c} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)bde \arcsin(cx)}{c^2} + \frac{be^2 x \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}bd^2}{c} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)ade}{c^2} + \frac{bde \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} - \frac{(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}be^2}{9c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}be^2}{3c^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $1/3*a*e^2*x^3 + b*d^2*x*\arcsin(c*x) + a*d^2*x + 1/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e^2*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/2*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*b*d*e*x/c + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*e*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/3*b*e^2*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + \sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*b*d^2/c + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*d*e/c^2 + 1/2*b*d*e*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 - 1/9*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*b*e^2/c^3 + 1/3*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*b*e^2/c^3$

### 3.2.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} b e^2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} - x^2} \left( \frac{2}{c^2} + x^2 \right)}{9} + \frac{x^3 \arcsin(cx)}{3} \right) + \frac{ax(3d^2 + 3dex + e^2 x^2)}{3} + \frac{bd^2(\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} + cx \arcsin(cx))}{c} + \frac{2bde \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx)(2c^2 x^2 - 1)}{4} \right)}{c^2} \\ \int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d + ex)^2 dx \end{array} \right.$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `piecewise(0 < c, b*e^2*(((1/c^2 - x^2)^(1/2))*(2/c^2 + x^2))/9 + (x^3*asin(c*x))/3) + (a*x*(3*d^2 + e^2*x^2 + 3*d*e*x))/3 + (b*d^2*(- c^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2) + c*x*asin(c*x))/c + (2*b*d*e*((asin(c*x)*(2*c^2*x^2 - 1))/4 + (c*x*(- c^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2))/4))/c^2, ~0 < c, int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^2, x))`

### 3.3 $\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.3.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{3bd\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{4c} + \frac{b(d + ex)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{4c} - \frac{b\left(2d^2 + \frac{e^2}{c^2}\right) \arcsin(cx)}{4e} + \frac{(d + ex)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e}$$

output `-1/4*b*(2*d^2+e^2/c^2)*arcsin(c*x)/e+1/2*(e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e+3/4*b*d*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/4*b*(e*x+d)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c`

#### 3.3.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = adx + \frac{1}{2}aex^2 + \frac{bd\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{c} + \frac{bex\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{4c} - \frac{be \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2} + bdx \arcsin(cx) + \frac{1}{2}bex^2 \arcsin(cx)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `a*d*x + (a*e*x^2)/2 + (b*d*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c + (b*e*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(4*c) - (b*e*ArcSin[c*x])/(4*c^2) + b*d*x*ArcSin[c*x] + (b*e*x^2*ArcSin[c*x])/2`

### 3.3.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$ , Rules used = {5242, 497, 25, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d+ex)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5242} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2e} - \frac{bc \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{497} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2e} - \frac{bc \left( -\frac{\int \frac{-2d^2c^2+3dexc^2+e^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)}{2c^2} \right)}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2e} - \frac{bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{2d^2c^2+3dexc^2+e^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)}{2c^2} \right)}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2e} - \frac{bc \left( \frac{(2c^2d^2+e^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - 3de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)}{2c^2} \right)}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2e} - \frac{bc \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx)(2c^2d^2+e^2)}{c} - \frac{3de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2c^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d+ex)}{2c^2} \right)}{2e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*e) - (b*c*(-1/2*(e*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 + (-3*d*e*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + ((2*c^2*d^2 + e^2)*ArcSin[c*x])/c)/(2*c^2))/(2*e)`

## 3.3.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 5242 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

## 3.3.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
parts	$a\left(\frac{1}{2}e x^2 + dx\right) + \frac{b\left(\frac{c \arcsin(cx)x^2 e + \arcsin(cx)dcx - e\left(-\frac{cx\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{2} + \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{2}\right) - 2dc\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{2c}\right)}{c}$	86
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(\frac{dc^2x + \frac{1}{2}c^2ex^2}{e}\right) + \frac{b\left(\arcsin(cx)c^2xd + \frac{\arcsin(cx)c^2ex^2}{2} - \frac{e\left(-\frac{cx\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{2} + \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{2}\right) + dc\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{2}\right)}{c}}{c}$	97
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{dc^2x + \frac{1}{2}c^2ex^2}{e}\right) + \frac{b\left(\arcsin(cx)c^2xd + \frac{\arcsin(cx)c^2ex^2}{2} - \frac{e\left(-\frac{cx\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{2} + \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{2}\right) + dc\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{2}\right)}{c}}{c}$	97

input `int((e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(1/2*e*x^2+d*x)+b/c*(1/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*e+arcsin(c*x)*d*c*x-1/2/c*(e*(-1/2*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*arcsin(c*x))-2*d*c*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))`

### 3.3.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{2ac^2ex^2 + 4ac^2dx + (2bc^2ex^2 + 4bc^2dx - be) \arcsin(cx) + (bcex + 4bcd)\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{4c^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(2*a*c^2*e*x^2 + 4*a*c^2*d*x + (2*b*c^2*e*x^2 + 4*b*c^2*d*x - b*e)*arcsin(c*x) + (b*c*e*x + 4*b*c*d)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))/c^2`

### 3.3.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} adx + \frac{aex^2}{2} + bdx \arcsin(cx) + \frac{bex^2 \arcsin(cx)}{2} + \frac{bd\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c} + \frac{bex\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{4c} - \frac{be \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ a\left(dx + \frac{ex^2}{2}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*d*x + a*e*x**2/2 + b*d*x*asin(c*x) + b*e*x**2*asin(c*x)/2 + b*d*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + b*e*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) - b*e*asin(c*x)/(4*c**2), Ne(c, 0)), (a*(d*x + e*x**2/2), True))`

### 3.3.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} aex^2 + \frac{1}{4} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) be$$

$$+ adx + \frac{(cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})bd}{c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a*e*x^2 + 1/4*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*b*e + a*d*x + (c*x*arcsin(c*x) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*b*d/c`



**3.3.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = bdx \arcsin(cx) + adx + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bex}{4c} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)be \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bd}{c} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)ae}{2c^2} + \frac{be \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `b*d*x*arcsin(c*x) + a*d*x + 1/4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*e*x/c + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d/c + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*e/c^2 + 1/4*b*e*arcsin(c*x)/c^2`**3.3.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{ax(2d + ex)}{2} + \frac{be \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx)(2c^2x^2 - 1)}{4} + \frac{cx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{4} \right)}{c^2} + \frac{bd(\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} + cx \arcsin(cx))}{c}$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x),x)`output `(a*x*(2*d + e*x))/2 + (b*e*((asin(c*x)*(2*c^2*x^2 - 1))/4 + (c*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2))/4))/c^2 + (b*d*((1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2) + c*x*asin(c*x)))/c`

## 3.4 $\int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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### 3.4.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = ax + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{c} + bx \arcsin(cx)$$

output `a*x+b*x*arcsin(c*x)+b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c`

### 3.4.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = ax + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{c} + bx \arcsin(cx)$$

input `Integrate[a + b*ArcSin[c*x],x]`

output `a*x + (b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c + b*x*ArcSin[c*x]`

### 3.4.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$ax + bx \arcsin(cx) + \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{c}$$

input `Int[a + b*ArcSin[c*x],x]`

output `a*x + (b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c + b*x*ArcSin[c*x]`

#### 3.4.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### 3.4.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
default	$ax + \frac{b(cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})}{c}$	30
parts	$ax + \frac{b(cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})}{c}$	30
derivativedivides	$\frac{cxa+b(cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})}{c}$	32

input `int(a+b*arcsin(c*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x+b/c*(c*x*arcsin(c*x)+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))`

### 3.4.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{bcx \arcsin(cx) + acx + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}b}{c}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(c*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b*c*x*arcsin(c*x) + a*c*x + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b)/c`

### 3.4.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = ax + b \left( \begin{cases} x \operatorname{asin}(cx) + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(a+b*asin(c*x),x)`

output `a*x + b*Piecewise((x*asin(c*x) + sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c, Ne(c, 0)), (0, True))`

### 3.4.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = ax + \frac{(cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})b}{c}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(c*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*x + (c*x*arcsin(c*x) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*b/c`

**3.4.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = ax + \frac{(cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})b}{c}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(c*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `a*x + (c*x*arcsin(c*x) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*b/c`**3.4.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = ax + \frac{b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{c} + bx \operatorname{asin}(cx)$$

input `int(a + b*asin(c*x),x)`output `a*x + (b*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2))/c + b*x*asin(c*x)`

### 3.5 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{d+ex} dx$

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#### 3.5.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 229

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{i(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2be} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e}$$

$$+ \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e}$$

$$- \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e}$$

output `-1/2*I*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/b/e+(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e+(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e-I*b*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e-I*b*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e`

### 3.5.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \frac{i \left( (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \left( a + b \arcsin(cx) + 2ib \log \left( 1 + \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{-cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) + 2ib \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) \right) + 2b^2}{2be}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/(d + e*x), x]`

output `((-1/2*I)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x] + (2*I)*b*Log[1 + (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(-c*d) + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]]) + (2*I)*b*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])]) + 2*b^2*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(-c*d) + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]]) + 2*b^2*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/(b*e)`

### 3.5.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$ , Rules used = {5240, 5030, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{d + ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5240} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{cd + cex} d \arcsin(cx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5030} \\ & \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{cd - iee^{i \arcsin(cx)} - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} d \arcsin(cx) + \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{cd - iee^{i \arcsin(cx)} + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} d \arcsin(cx) - \\ & \quad \frac{i(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2be} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b \int \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) d \arcsin(cx)}{e} - \frac{b \int \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) d \arcsin(cx)}{e} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{e} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + cd} \right)}{e} - \\
& \frac{i(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2be} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
& \frac{ib \int e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) de^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{e} + \\
& \frac{ib \int e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) de^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{e} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{e} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + cd} \right)}{e} - \frac{i(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2be} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2838} \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{e} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + cd} \right)}{e} - \\
& \frac{i(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2be} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{e} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{e}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(b*e) + ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/e + ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/e - (I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/e - (I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/e`

### 3.5.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])]*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`



```
rule 2715 Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 2838 Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

```
rule 5030 Int[(Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*Sin[
(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-I)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1
))), x] + (Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(a - Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] - I*b*E^(
I*(c + d*x))), x] + Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(a + Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2]
- I*b*E^(I*(c + d*x))), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
&& PosQ[a^2 - b^2]
```

```
rule 5240 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_.)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:> Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(Cos[x]/(c*d + e*SIN[x])), x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

### 3.5.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 757 vs. 2(244) = 488.

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 758, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.31

method	result
parts	$\frac{a \ln(ex+d)}{e} + b \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(cx)^2 c}{2e} + \frac{c^3 \arcsin(cx) \ln \left( \frac{idc + (icx + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1})e - \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}}{idc - \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}} \right) d^2}{e(c^2 d^2 - e^2)} - \frac{ec \arcsin(cx) \ln \left( \frac{idc + (icx + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1})e + \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}}{idc - \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}} \right)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \right)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{ac \ln(cex+dc)}{e} + bc \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(cx)^2}{2e} + \frac{ie \operatorname{dilog} \left( \frac{idc + (icx + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1})e - \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}}{idc - \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}} \right)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + \frac{ie \operatorname{dilog} \left( \frac{idc + (icx + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1})e + \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}}{idc - \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}} \right)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \right)$
default	$\frac{ac \ln(cex+dc)}{e} + bc \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(cx)^2}{2e} + \frac{ie \operatorname{dilog} \left( \frac{idc + (icx + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1})e - \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}}{idc - \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}} \right)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + \frac{ie \operatorname{dilog} \left( \frac{idc + (icx + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1})e + \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}}{idc - \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}} \right)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \right)$

3.5.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{d+ex} dx$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*ln(e*x+d)/e+b/c*(-1/2*I*arcsin(c*x)^2*c/e+1/e*c^3*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^2-e*c*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-e*c*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+1/e*c^3*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^2-I/e*c^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^2-I/e*c^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^2+I*e*c/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+I*e*c/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))))`

### 3.5.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx) + a}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d), x)`

### 3.5.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))/(d + e*x), x)`

### 3.5.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx) + a}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*integrate(arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(e*x + d), x) + a*log(e*x + d)/e`

### 3.5.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx) + a}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d), x)`

### 3.5.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))/(d + e*x), x)`

### 3.6 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

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#### 3.6.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{e(d + ex)} + \frac{bc \arctan\left(\frac{e + c^2 dx}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}$$

output  $(-a-b*\arcsin(c*x))/e/(e*x+d)+b*c*\arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)$

#### 3.6.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{d+ex} + \frac{bc \arctan\left(\frac{e + c^2 dx}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output  $(-((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/(d + e*x)) + (b*c*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]]))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])/e$

### 3.6.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$ , Rules used = {5242, 488, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5242} \\
 & \frac{bc \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{e(d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
 & -\frac{bc \int \frac{1}{-c^2d^2+e^2 - \frac{(dxc^2+e)^2}{1-c^2x^2}} d \frac{dxc^2+e}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{e} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{e(d + ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
 & \frac{bc \arctan\left(\frac{c^2dx+e}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{e(d + ex)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `-((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x))) + (b*c*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]])/(e*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])`

#### 3.6.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] & & (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

```
rule 5242 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] -
Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/
Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

### 3.6.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 186 vs. 2(81) = 162.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

method	result
parts	$bc \ln \left( \frac{-\frac{2(c^2 d^2 - e^2)}{e^2} + \frac{2dc(cx + \frac{dc}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d^2 - e^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{-(cx + \frac{dc}{e})^2 + \frac{2dc(cx + \frac{dc}{e})}{e} - \frac{c^2 d^2 - e^2}{e^2}}}{cx + \frac{dc}{e}} \right)$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a}{(ex+d)e} - \frac{bc \arcsin(cx)}{(cex+dc)e} - \frac{bc \arcsin(cx)}{(cex+dc)e} - \frac{\ln \left( \frac{-\frac{2(c^2 d^2 - e^2)}{e^2} + \frac{2dc(cx + \frac{dc}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d^2 - e^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{-(cx + \frac{dc}{e})^2 + \frac{2dc(cx + \frac{dc}{e})}{e} - \frac{c^2 d^2 - e^2}{e^2}}}{cx + \frac{dc}{e}} \right)}{e^2 \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d^2 - e^2}{e^2}}}$
default	$-\frac{a c^2}{(cex+dc)e} + b c^2 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx)}{(cex+dc)e} - \frac{\ln \left( \frac{-\frac{2(c^2 d^2 - e^2)}{e^2} + \frac{2dc(cx + \frac{dc}{e})}{e} + 2\sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d^2 - e^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{-(cx + \frac{dc}{e})^2 + \frac{2dc(cx + \frac{dc}{e})}{e} - \frac{c^2 d^2 - e^2}{e^2}}}{cx + \frac{dc}{e}} \right)}{e^2 \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 d^2 - e^2}{e^2}}} \right)$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -a/(e*x+d)/e-b*c/(c*e*x+c*d)/e*arcsin(c*x)-b*c/e^2/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(c*x+d*c/e)
```

$$3.6. \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

### 3.6.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs. 2(79) = 158.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.36

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2ac^2d^2 - 2ae^2 + \sqrt{-c^2d^2 + e^2}(bcex + bcd) \log\left(\frac{2c^2dex - c^2d^2 + (2c^4d^2 - c^2e^2)x^2 - 2\sqrt{-c^2d^2 + e^2}(c^2dx + e)\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1} + 2e^2x^2 + 2dex + d^2}{2(c^2d^3e - de^3 + (c^2d^2e^2 - e^4)x)}\right)}{ac^2d^2 - ae^2 - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}(bcex + bcd) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}(c^2dx + e)\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{c^2d^2 - (c^4d^2 - c^2e^2)x^2 - e^2}\right) + (bc^2d^2 - be^2) \arcsin(cx)}{c^2d^3e - de^3 + (c^2d^2e^2 - e^4)x} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(2*a*c^2*d^2 - 2*a*e^2 + sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(b*c*e*x + b*c*d)*log((2*c^2*d*e*x - c^2*d^2 + (2*c^4*d^2 - c^2*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(c^2*d*x + e)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) + 2*e^2)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(b*c^2*d^2 - b*e^2)*arcsin(c*x))/(c^2*d^3*e - d*e^3 + (c^2*d^2*e^2 - e^4)*x), -(a*c^2*d^2 - a*e^2 - sqrt(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(b*c*e*x + b*c*d)*arctan(sqrt(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(c^2*d*x + e)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*d^2 - (c^4*d^2 - c^2*e^2)*x^2 - e^2)) + (b*c^2*d^2 - b*e^2)*arcsin(c*x))/(c^2*d^3*e - d*e^3 + (c^2*d^2*e^2 - e^4)*x)]`

### 3.6.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

### 3.6.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((e-c*d)*(e+c*d)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

### 3.6.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 200 vs. 2(79) = 158.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{a}{(ex + d)e} - \frac{be^2}{c} \left( \frac{2c^2 \arctan \left( \frac{cde \left( \sqrt{-\frac{(ex+d)^2 \left( c - \frac{cd}{ex+d} \right)^2}{e^2} + 1} - 1}{(ex+d) \left( c - \frac{cd}{ex+d} \right)} \right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) - e}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} e^3} + \frac{c^2 \arcsin \left( -\frac{c \left( d - \frac{(ex+d) \left( c - \frac{cd}{ex+d} \right) e}{e} + de \right)}{e}}{(ex+d) \left( c - \frac{cd}{ex+d} \right) + cd}{e^3} \right)}{c} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`



output `-b*e^2*(2*c^2*arctan((c*d*e*(sqrt(-(e*x + d)^2*(c - c*d/(e*x + d))^2/e^2 + 1) - 1)/((e*x + d)*(c - c*d/(e*x + d))) - e)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - e^2))/(sqrt(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*e^3) + c^2*arcsin(-c*(d - ((e*x + d)*(c - c*d/(e*x + d)))*e/c + d*e)/e)/(((e*x + d)*(c - c*d/(e*x + d)) + c*d)*e^3))/c - a/((e*x + d)*e)`

### 3.6.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

### 3.7 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

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#### 3.7.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{2(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{2e(d + ex)^2} + \frac{bc^3d \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}\right)}{2e(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}}$$

output `1/2*(-a-b*arcsin(c*x))/e/(e*x+d)^2+1/2*b*c^3*d*arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)+1/2*b*c*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)`

#### 3.7.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{a}{e(d + ex)^2} + \frac{bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx)}{e(d + ex)^2} - \frac{ibc^3d \left( \log(4) + \log\left(\frac{e^2\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}(ie+ic^2dx+\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2})}{bc^3d(d+ex)}\right) \right)}{(cd - e)e(cd + e)\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `(-(a/(e*(d + e*x)^2)) + (b*c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) - (b*ArcSin[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x)^2) - (I*b*c^3*d*(Log[4] + Log[(e^2*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*(I*e + I*c^2*d*x + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(b*c^3*d*(d + e*x))]))/(c*d - e)*e*(c*d + e)*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])/2`

### 3.7.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {5242, 491, 488, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5242} \\
 & \frac{bc \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2e} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{491} \\
 & \frac{bc \left( \frac{c^2 d \int \frac{1}{(d+ex) \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + \frac{e \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(d+ex)} \right)}{2e} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
 & \frac{bc \left( \frac{e \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(d+ex)} - \frac{c^2 d \int \frac{1}{-c^2 d^2 + e^2 - \frac{(dxc^2 + e)^2 d \frac{dxc^2 + e}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}}{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \right)}{2e} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
 & \frac{bc \left( \frac{c^2 d \arctan\left(\frac{c^2 dx + e}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{e \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(d+ex)} \right)}{2e} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{2e(d+ex)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x)^2) + (b*c*((e*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (c^2*d*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])]))/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2))/(2*e)`

### 3.7.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 491 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b*(c/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 5242 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

### 3.7.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 294 vs.  $2(124) = 248$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a}{2(ce x+d)^2 e} - \frac{b c^2 \arcsin(\frac{c x}{e})}{2(c e x+d c)^2 e} + \frac{b c^2 \sqrt{-(c x+\frac{d c}{e})^2 + \frac{2 d c(c x+\frac{d c}{e})}{e} - \frac{c^2 d^2 - e^2}{e^2}}}{2 e(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(c x+\frac{d c}{e})} - \frac{b c^3 d \ln\left(\frac{-\frac{2(c^2 d^2 - e^2)}{e^2} + \frac{2 d c(c x+\frac{d c}{e})}{e}}{\dots}\right)}{2 \dots}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a c^3}{2(c e x+d c)^2 e} + b c^3 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(\frac{c x}{e})}{2(c e x+d c)^2 e} + \frac{e^2 \sqrt{-(c x+\frac{d c}{e})^2 + \frac{2 d c(c x+\frac{d c}{e})}{e} - \frac{c^2 d^2 - e^2}{e^2}}}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(c x+\frac{d c}{e})} - \frac{d c e \ln\left(\frac{-\frac{2(c^2 d^2 - e^2)}{e^2} + \frac{2 d c(c x+\frac{d c}{e})}{e}}{\dots}\right)}{2 e^3} \right)$
default	$-\frac{a c^3}{2(c e x+d c)^2 e} + b c^3 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(\frac{c x}{e})}{2(c e x+d c)^2 e} + \frac{e^2 \sqrt{-(c x+\frac{d c}{e})^2 + \frac{2 d c(c x+\frac{d c}{e})}{e} - \frac{c^2 d^2 - e^2}{e^2}}}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(c x+\frac{d c}{e})} - \frac{d c e \ln\left(\frac{-\frac{2(c^2 d^2 - e^2)}{e^2} + \frac{2 d c(c x+\frac{d c}{e})}{e}}{\dots}\right)}{2 e^3} \right)$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*a/(e*x+d)^2/e-1/2*b*c^2/(c*e*x+c*d)^2/e*arcsin(c*x)+1/2*b*c^2/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c*x+d*c/e)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-1/2*b*c^3/e^2*d/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(c*x+d*c/e))
```

### 3.7.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 322 vs. 2(121) = 242.

$$3.7. \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(\frac{c x}{e})}{(d+e x)^3} d x$$

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 673, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.99

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2ac^4d^4 - 4ac^2d^2e^2 + 2ae^4 - (bc^3de^2x^2 + 2bc^3d^2ex + bc^3d^3)\sqrt{-c^2d^2 + e^2} \log\left(\frac{2c^2dex - c^2d^2 + (2c^4d^2 - c^2e^2)x}{e^2}\right)}{4(c^4d^6e - 2c^2d^4e^3 + d^2e^5 + (c^4d^4e^3 - 2c^2d^2e^5 + e^7)x^2 + 2(c^4d^5e^2 - 2c^2d^3e^4 + d^6e)x)}, \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{ac^4d^4 - 2ac^2d^2e^2 + ae^4 - (bc^3de^2x^2 + 2bc^3d^2ex + bc^3d^3)\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}(c^2dx + e)\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{c^2d^2 - (c^4d^2 - c^2e^2)x^2 - e^2}\right)}{2(c^4d^6e - 2c^2d^4e^3 + d^2e^5 + (c^4d^4e^3 - 2c^2d^2e^5 + e^7)x^2 + 2(c^4d^5e^2 - 2c^2d^3e^4 + d^6e)x)}, \right.$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*(2*a*c^4*d^4 - 4*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*a*e^4 - (b*c^3*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*b*c^3*d^2*e*x + b*c^3*d^3)*sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*log((2*c^2*d*e*x - c^2*d^2 + (2*c^4*d^2 - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(c^2*d*x + e)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) + 2*e^2)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(b*c^4*d^4 - 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + b*e^4)*arcsin(c*x) - 2*(b*c^3*d^3*e - b*c*d*e^3 + (b*c^3*d^2*e^2 - b*c*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))/(c^4*d^6*e - 2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + d^2*e^5 + (c^4*d^4*e^3 - 2*c^2*d^2*e^5 + e^7)*x^2 + 2*(c^4*d^5*e^2 - 2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + d^6*e*x), -1/2*(a*c^4*d^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4 - (b*c^3*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*b*c^3*d^2*e*x + b*c^3*d^3)*sqrt(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*arctan(sqrt(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(c^2*d*x + e)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*d^2 - (c^4*d^2 - c^2*e^2)*x^2 - e^2)) + (b*c^4*d^4 - 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^2 + b*e^4)*arcsin(c*x) - (b*c^3*d^3*e - b*c*d*e^3 + (b*c^3*d^2*e^2 - b*c*e^4)*x)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))/(c^4*d^6*e - 2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + d^2*e^5 + (c^4*d^4*e^3 - 2*c^2*d^2*e^5 + e^7)*x^2 + 2*(c^4*d^5*e^2 - 2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + d^6*e*x)]`

### 3.7.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

### 3.7.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((e-c*d)*(e+c*d)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

### 3.7.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

### 3.7.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

### 3.8 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

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#### 3.8.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{6(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^2} + \frac{bc^3d\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{2(c^2d^2 - e^2)^2(d + ex)} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{3e(d + ex)^3} + \frac{bc^3(2c^2d^2 + e^2) \arctan\left(\frac{e + c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}\right)}{6e(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{5/2}}$$

output `1/3*(-a-b*arcsin(c*x))/e/(e*x+d)^3+1/6*b*c^3*(2*c^2*d^2+e^2)*arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(5/2)+1/6*b*c*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)^2+1/2*b*c^3*d*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2/(e*x+d)`

#### 3.8.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{2a}{e(d + ex)^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(-ce^2 + c^3d(4d + 3ex))}{(-c^2d^2 + e^2)^2(d + ex)^2} - \frac{2b \arcsin(cx)}{e(d + ex)^3} + \frac{bc^3(2c^2d^2 + e^2) \log(d + ex)}{e(-cd + e)^2(cd + e)^2\sqrt{-c^2d^2 + e^2}} - \frac{bc^3(2c^2d^2 + e^2) \log(e + c^2dx + \sqrt{-c^2d^2 + e^2}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2})}{e(-cd + e)^2(cd + e)^2\sqrt{-c^2d^2 + e^2}} \right)$$



input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output 
$$\frac{((-2*a)/(e*(d + e*x)^3) + (b*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2}*(-(c*e^2) + c^3*d*(4*d + 3*e*x)))/((-c^2*d^2) + e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^2 - (2*b*ArcSin[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x)^3) + (b*c^3*(2*c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/(e*(-(c*d) + e)^2*(c*d + e)^2*\sqrt{-(c^2*d^2) + e^2}) - (b*c^3*(2*c^2*d^2 + e^2)*Log[e + c^2*d*x + \sqrt{-(c^2*d^2) + e^2}]*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2})/(e*(-(c*d) + e)^2*(c*d + e)^2*\sqrt{-(c^2*d^2) + e^2})}{6}$$

### 3.8.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$ , Rules used = {5242, 498, 25, 679, 488, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5242} \\ & \frac{bc \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3e} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{3e(d + ex)^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{498} \\ & \frac{bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{c^2 \int -\frac{2d-ex}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)} \right)}{3e} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{3e(d + ex)^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{bc \left( \frac{c^2 \int \frac{2d-ex}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)} + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} \right)}{3e} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{3e(d + ex)^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{679} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{bc \left( \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{(2c^2d^2+e^2) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} + \frac{3de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} \right)}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)} + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} \right)}{3e} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{3e(d+ex)^3}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{bc \left( \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{(2c^2d^2+e^2) \int \frac{1}{-c^2d^2+e^2 - \frac{(dxc^2+e)^2}{1-c^2x^2}} d \frac{dxc^2+e}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}} \right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} - \frac{3de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} \right)}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)} + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} \right)}{3e} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{3e(d+ex)^3}$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{bc \left( \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{(2c^2d^2+e^2) \arctan\left(\frac{c^2dx+e}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{3de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} \right)}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)} + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} \right)}{3e} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{3e(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/(e*(d + e*x)^3) + (b*c*((e*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) + (c^2*((3*d*e*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) + ((2*c^2*d^2 + e^2)*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2)))/(2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)))/(3*e)`

## 3.8.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] & & (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])`
- rule 679 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`
- rule 5242 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

### 3.8.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 553 vs.  $2(176) = 352$ .

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 554, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a}{3(ex+d)^3e} - \frac{bc^3 \arcsin(cx)}{3(cex+dc)^3e} + \frac{bc^3 \sqrt{-(cx+\frac{dc}{e})^2 + \frac{2dc(cx+\frac{dc}{e})}{e} - \frac{c^2d^2-e^2}{e^2}}}{6e^2(c^2d^2-e^2)(cx+\frac{dc}{e})^2} + \frac{bc^4 d \sqrt{-(cx+\frac{dc}{e})^2 + \frac{2dc(cx+\frac{dc}{e})}{e} - \frac{c^2d^2-e^2}{e^2}}}{2e(c^2d^2-e^2)^2(cx+\frac{dc}{e})}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{ac^4}{3(cex+dc)^3e} - \frac{bc^4 \arcsin(cx)}{3(cex+dc)^3e} + \frac{bc^4 \sqrt{-(cx+\frac{dc}{e})^2 + \frac{2dc(cx+\frac{dc}{e})}{e} - \frac{c^2d^2-e^2}{e^2}}}{6e^2(c^2d^2-e^2)(cx+\frac{dc}{e})^2} + \frac{bc^5 d \sqrt{-(cx+\frac{dc}{e})^2 + \frac{2dc(cx+\frac{dc}{e})}{e} - \frac{c^2d^2-e^2}{e^2}}}{2e(c^2d^2-e^2)^2(cx+\frac{dc}{e})}$
default	$-\frac{ac^4}{3(cex+dc)^3e} - \frac{bc^4 \arcsin(cx)}{3(cex+dc)^3e} + \frac{bc^4 \sqrt{-(cx+\frac{dc}{e})^2 + \frac{2dc(cx+\frac{dc}{e})}{e} - \frac{c^2d^2-e^2}{e^2}}}{6e^2(c^2d^2-e^2)(cx+\frac{dc}{e})^2} + \frac{bc^5 d \sqrt{-(cx+\frac{dc}{e})^2 + \frac{2dc(cx+\frac{dc}{e})}{e} - \frac{c^2d^2-e^2}{e^2}}}{2e(c^2d^2-e^2)^2(cx+\frac{dc}{e})}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1/3*a/(e*x+d)^3/e - 1/3*b*c^3/(c*e*x+c*d)^3/e*\arcsin(c*x) + 1/6*b*c^3/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c*x+d*c/e)^2*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)} \\
 & + 1/2*b*c^4/e*d/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2/(c*x+d*c/e)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)} \\
 & - 1/2*b*c^5/e^2*d^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)} * \ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)})/(c*x+d*c/e) \\
 & + 1/6*b*c^3/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)} * \ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)}*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^{(1/2)})/(c*x+d*c/e)
 \end{aligned}$$



### 3.8.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

### 3.8.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(3*(c*e^4*x^3 + 3*c*d*e^3*x^2 + 3*c*d^2*e^2*x + c*d^3*e)*integrate(1/3*e^(1/2*log(c*x + 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x + 1))/(c^4*e^4*x^7 + 3*c^4*d*e^3*x^6 - 3*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^3 - c^2*d^3*e*x^2 + (3*c^4*d^2*e^2 - c^2*e^4)*x^5 + (c^4*d^3*e - 3*c^2*d*e^3)*x^4 + (c^2*e^4*x^5 + 3*c^2*d*e^3*x^4 - 3*d^2*e^2*x - d^3*e + (3*c^2*d^2*e^2 - e^4)*x^3 + (c^2*d^3*e - 3*d*e^3)*x^2)*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(-c*x + 1))), x) + arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))*b/(e^4*x^3 + 3*d*e^3*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^2*x + d^3*e) - 1/3*a/(e^4*x^3 + 3*d*e^3*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^2*x + d^3*e)`

### 3.8.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx) + a}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

**3.8.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))/(d + e*x)^4,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

### 3.9 $\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

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#### 3.9.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 374

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = & -2b^2 d^3 x - \frac{4b^2 de^2 x}{3c^2} - \frac{3}{4} b^2 d^2 ex^2 - \frac{3b^2 e^3 x^2}{32c^2} - \frac{2}{9} b^2 de^2 x^3 \\
 & - \frac{1}{32} b^2 e^3 x^4 + \frac{2bd^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} \\
 & + \frac{4bde^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^3} \\
 & + \frac{3bd^2 ex \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2c} \\
 & + \frac{3be^3 x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{16c^3} \\
 & + \frac{2bde^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3c} \\
 & + \frac{be^3 x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{8c} \\
 & - \frac{d^4 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4e} - \frac{3d^2 e (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4c^2} \\
 & - \frac{3e^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{32c^4} + \frac{(d + ex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4e}
 \end{aligned}$$



output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2b^2d^3x - 4/3b^2de^2x/c^2 - 3/4b^2d^2e^2x^2 - 3/32b^2e^3x^2/c^2 - 2/9b^2de^2x^3 - 1/32b^2e^3x^4 - 1/4d^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2/e - 3/4d^2e(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2/c^2 - 3/32e^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2/c^4 + 1/4(e+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2/e + 2b^2d^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c + 4/3b^2de^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^3 + 3/2b^2d^2e^2x(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c + 3/16b^2e^3x(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^3 + 2/3b^2de^2x^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c + 1/8b^2e^3x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c \end{aligned}$$

### 3.9.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (d+ex)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \frac{c(72a^2c^3x(4d^3+6d^2ex+4de^2x^2+e^3x^3)+6ab\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(e^2(64d+9ex)+c^2(96d^3+72d^2ex+32de^2x^2+e^3x^3)))+6a^2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(e^2(64d+9ex)+c^2(96d^3+72d^2ex+32de^2x^2+e^3x^3))}{288c^4}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (c(72a^2c^3x(4d^3+6d^2ex+4de^2x^2+e^3x^3)+6a^2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(e^2(64d+9ex)+c^2(96d^3+72d^2ex+32de^2x^2+e^3x^3)))-b^2cx(3e^2(128d+9ex)+c^2(576d^3+216d^2ex+64de^2x^2+9e^3x^3)))+6b^2(3a(-24c^2d^2e-3e^3+8c^4x)(4d^3+6d^2ex+4de^2x^2+e^3x^3)+b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(e^2(64d+9ex)+c^2(96d^3+72d^2ex+32de^2x^2+6e^3x^3)))+9b^2(-24c^2d^2e-3e^3+8c^4x)(4d^3+6d^2ex+4de^2x^2+e^3x^3))*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]^2)/(288*c^4) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.9.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {5242, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.9.  $\int (d+ex)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5242} \\
& \frac{(d + ex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4e} - \frac{bc \int \frac{(d+ex)^4 (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2e} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5262} \\
& \frac{(d + ex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4e} - \frac{bc \int \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))d^4}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{4ex(a+b \arcsin(cx))d^3}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{6e^2x^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))d^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{4e^3x^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))d}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{e^4x^4(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) dx}{2e} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{(d + ex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4e} - \frac{bc \left( \frac{3e^4(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{16bc^5} + \frac{3d^2e^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc^3} - \frac{4d^3e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{3d^2e^2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{4de^3x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2} \right)}{2e}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(4*e) - (b*c*((4*b*d^3*e*x)/c + (8*b*d*e^3*x)/(3*c^3) + (3*b*d^2*e^2*x^2)/(2*c) + (3*b*e^4*x^2)/(16*c^3) + (4*b*d*e^3*x^3)/(9*c) + (b*e^4*x^4)/(16*c) - (4*d^3*e*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c^2 - (8*d*e^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c^4) - (3*d^2*e^2*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c^2 - (3*e^4*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(8*c^4) - (4*d*e^3*x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c^2) - (e^4*x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(4*c^2) + (d^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c) + (3*d^2*e^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c^3) + (3*e^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(16*b*c^5))/(2*e)`

### 3.9.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5242 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

### 3.9.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 541, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 (ce x + dc)^4}{4c^3 e} + \frac{b^2 \left( d^3 c^3 (cx \arcsin(cx)^2 - 2cx + 2 \arcsin(cx) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}) + \frac{3d^2 c^2 e (2 \arcsin(cx)^2 x^2 c^2 + 2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arcsin(cx) x c - \arcsin^3(cx))}{4} \right)}{4c^3 e}$
default	$\frac{a^2 (ce x + dc)^4}{4c^3 e} + \frac{b^2 \left( d^3 c^3 (cx \arcsin(cx)^2 - 2cx + 2 \arcsin(cx) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}) + \frac{3d^2 c^2 e (2 \arcsin(cx)^2 x^2 c^2 + 2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arcsin(cx) x c - \arcsin^3(cx))}{4} \right)}{4c^3 e}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 (ex + d)^4}{4e} + \frac{b^2 (288 \arcsin(cx)^2 c^4 x^4 e^3 + 1152 \arcsin(cx)^2 c^4 x^3 d e^2 + 1728 \arcsin(cx)^2 c^4 x^2 d^2 e + 1152 \arcsin(cx)^2 c^4 x d^3)}{4e}$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
output 1/c*(1/4*a^2/c^3*(c*e*x+c*d)^4/e+b^2/c^3*(d^3*c^3*(c*x*arcsin(c*x))^2-2*c*x
+2*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+3/4*d^2*c^2*e*(2*arcsin(c*x)^2*x^2*c^2+
2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x*c-arcsin(c*x)^2-c^2*x^2)+1/9*d*c*e^2*(9
*c^3*x^3*arcsin(c*x)^2+6*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*c^2-2*c^3*x^3+
12*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-12*c*x)+1/128*e^3*(32*arcsin(c*x)^2*x^4*
c^4+16*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*c^3*x^3-4*c^4*x^4+24*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x*c-12*arcsin(c*x)^2-12*c^2*x^2-9))+2*a*b/c^3*(1/4/e*arcsi
n(c*x)*c^4*d^4+arcsin(c*x)*c^4*d^3*x+3/2*e*arcsin(c*x)*c^4*d^2*x^2+e^2*arc
sin(c*x)*c^4*d*x^3+1/4*arcsin(c*x)*e^3*c^4*x^4-1/4/e*(c^4*d^4*arcsin(c*x)+
e^4*(-1/4*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3/8*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/8*arcsin
(c*x))-4*d^3*c^3*e*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+6*d^2*c^2*e^2*(-1/2*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)
^(1/2)+1/2*arcsin(c*x))+4*d*c*e^3*(-1/3*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/3*(-c
^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))))
```

### 3.9.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{9(8a^2 - b^2)c^4e^3x^4 + 32(9a^2 - 2b^2)c^4de^2x^3 + 27(8(2a^2 - b^2)c^4d^2e - b^2c^2e^3)x^2 + 9(8b^2c^4e^3x^4 + 32b^2c^4$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/288*(9*(8*a^2 - b^2)*c^4*e^3*x^4 + 32*(9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^4*d*e^2*x^3 + 27
*(8*(2*a^2 - b^2)*c^4*d^2*e - b^2*c^2*e^3)*x^2 + 9*(8*b^2*c^4*e^3*x^4 + 32
*b^2*c^4*d*e^2*x^3 + 48*b^2*c^4*d^2*e*x^2 + 32*b^2*c^4*d^3*x - 24*b^2*c^2*
d^2*e - 3*b^2*e^3)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 96*(3*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^4*d^3 - 4*b^2*c^2
*d*e^2)*x + 18*(8*a*b*c^4*e^3*x^4 + 32*a*b*c^4*d*e^2*x^3 + 48*a*b*c^4*d^2*
e*x^2 + 32*a*b*c^4*d^3*x - 24*a*b*c^2*d^2*e - 3*a*b*e^3)*arcsin(c*x) + 6*(
6*a*b*c^3*e^3*x^3 + 32*a*b*c^3*d*e^2*x^2 + 96*a*b*c^3*d^3 + 64*a*b*c*d*e^2
+ 9*(8*a*b*c^3*d^2*e + a*b*c*e^3)*x + (6*b^2*c^3*e^3*x^3 + 32*b^2*c^3*d*e
^2*x^2 + 96*b^2*c^3*d^3 + 64*b^2*c*d*e^2 + 9*(8*b^2*c^3*d^2*e + b^2*c*e^3)
*x)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4
```

### 3.9.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 743 vs.  $2(364) = 728$ .

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 743, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^2 d^3 x + \frac{3a^2 d^2 ex^2}{2} + a^2 de^2 x^3 + \frac{a^2 e^3 x^4}{4} + 2abd^3 x \arcsin(cx) + 3abd^2 ex^2 \arcsin(cx) + 2abde^2 x^3 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{abe^3 x^4}{4} \\ a^2 \left( d^3 x + \frac{3d^2 ex^2}{2} + de^2 x^3 + \frac{e^3 x^4}{4} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*d**3*x + 3*a**2*d**2*e*x**2/2 + a**2*d*e**2*x**3 + a**2*e**3*x**4/4 + 2*a*b*d**3*x*asin(c*x) + 3*a*b*d**2*e*x**2*asin(c*x) + 2*a*b*d*e**2*x**3*asin(c*x) + a*b*e**3*x**4*asin(c*x)/2 + 2*a*b*d**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + 3*a*b*d**2*e*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(2*c) + 2*a*b*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c) + a*b*e**3*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(8*c) - 3*a*b*d**2*e*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2) + 4*a*b*d*e**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c**3) + 3*a*b*e**3*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c**3) - 3*a*b*e**3*asin(c*x)/(16*c**4) + b**2*d**3*x*asin(c*x)**2 - 2*b**2*d**3*x + 3*b**2*d**2*e*x**2*asin(c*x)**2/2 - 3*b**2*d**2*e*x**2/4 + b**2*d*e**2*x**3*asin(c*x)**2 - 2*b**2*d*e**2*x**3/9 + b**2*e**3*x**4*asin(c*x)**2/4 - b**2*e**3*x**4/32 + 2*b**2*d**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/c + 3*b**2*d**2*e*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/(2*c) + 2*b**2*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/(3*c) + b**2*e**3*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/(8*c) - 3*b**2*d**2*e*asin(c*x)**2/(4*c**2) - 4*b**2*d*e**2*x/(3*c**2) - 3*b**2*e**3*x**2/(32*c**2) + 4*b**2*d*e**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/(3*c**3) + 3*b**2*e**3*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/(16*c**3) - 3*b**2*e**3*asin(c*x)**2/(32*c**4), Ne(c, 0)), (a**2*(d**3*x + 3*d**2*e*x**2/2 + d*e**2*x**3 + e**3*x**4/4), True))`

### 3.9.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (ex + d)^3 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a^2*e^3*x^4 + a^2*d*e^2*x^3 + b^2*d^3*x*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 3/2*a^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 3/2*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*a*b*d^2*e + 2/3*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*a*b*d*e^2 + 1/16*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*a*b*e^3 - 2*b^2*d^3*(x - sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*arcsin(c*x)/c) + a^2*d^3*x + 2*(c*x*arcsin(c*x) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*a*b*d^3/c + 1/4*(b^2*e^3*x^4 + 4*b^2*d*e^2*x^3 + 6*b^2*d^2*e*x^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + integrate(1/2*(b^2*c*e^3*x^4 + 4*b^2*c*d*e^2*x^3 + 6*b^2*c*d^2*e*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

### 3.9.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 816 vs.  $2(334) = 668$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 816, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = & \frac{1}{4} a^2 e^3 x^4 + a^2 d e^2 x^3 + b^2 d^3 x \arcsin(cx)^2 \\
& + 2 a b d^3 x \arcsin(cx) + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1) b^2 d e^2 x \arcsin(cx)^2}{c^2} \\
& + \frac{3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^2 d^2 e x \arcsin(cx)}{2c} + a^2 d^3 x \\
& - 2 b^2 d^3 x + \frac{2(c^2 x^2 - 1) a b d e^2 x \arcsin(cx)}{c^2} \\
& + \frac{3(c^2 x^2 - 1) b^2 d^2 e \arcsin(cx)^2}{2c^2} + \frac{b^2 d e^2 x \arcsin(cx)^2}{c^2} \\
& + \frac{3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a b d^2 e x}{2c} + \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^2 d^3 \arcsin(cx)}{c} \\
& - \frac{(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2 e^3 x \arcsin(cx)}{8c^3} - \frac{2(c^2 x^2 - 1) b^2 d e^2 x}{9c^2} \\
& + \frac{3(c^2 x^2 - 1) a b d^2 e \arcsin(cx)}{c^2} + \frac{2 a b d e^2 x \arcsin(cx)}{c^2} \\
& + \frac{3 b^2 d^2 e \arcsin(cx)^2}{4c^2} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2 b^2 e^3 \arcsin(cx)^2}{4c^4} \\
& + \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a b d^3}{c} - \frac{(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} a b e^3 x}{8c^3} \\
& - \frac{2(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2 d e^2 \arcsin(cx)}{3c^3} \\
& + \frac{5 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^2 e^3 x \arcsin(cx)}{16c^3} \\
& + \frac{3(c^2 x^2 - 1) a^2 d^2 e}{2c^2} - \frac{3(c^2 x^2 - 1) b^2 d^2 e}{4c^2} - \frac{14 b^2 d e^2 x}{9c^2} \\
& + \frac{3 a b d^2 e \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2 a b e^3 \arcsin(cx)}{2c^4} \\
& + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1) b^2 e^3 \arcsin(cx)^2}{2c^4} - \frac{2(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} a b d e^2}{3c^3} \\
& + \frac{5 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a b e^3 x}{16c^3} + \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^2 d e^2 \arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \\
& - \frac{3 b^2 d^2 e}{8c^2} - \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2 b^2 e^3}{32c^4} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1) a b e^3 \arcsin(cx)}{c^4} \\
& + \frac{5 b^2 e^3 \arcsin(cx)^2}{32c^4} + \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a b d e^2}{c^3} \\
& - \frac{5(c^2 x^2 - 1) b^2 e^3}{32c^4} + \frac{5 a b e^3 \arcsin(cx)}{16c^4} - \frac{17 b^2 e^3}{256c^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{4}a^2e^3x^4 + a^2d^2e^2x^3 + b^2d^3x^2\arcsin(cx)^2 + 2ab^2d^3x\arcsin(cx) + (c^2x^2 - 1)b^2d^2e^2x\arcsin(cx)^2/c^2 + 3/2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}b^2d^2e^2x\arcsin(cx)/c + a^2d^3x - 2b^2d^3x + 2(c^2x^2 - 1)ab^2d^2e^2x\arcsin(cx)/c^2 + 3/2(c^2x^2 - 1)b^2d^2e^2\arcsin(cx)^2/c^2 + b^2d^2e^2x\arcsin(cx)^2/c^2 + 3/2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}ab^2d^2e^2x/c + 2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}b^2d^3\arcsin(cx)/c - 1/8(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}b^2e^3x\arcsin(cx)/c^3 - 2/9(c^2x^2 - 1)b^2d^2e^2x/c^2 + 3(c^2x^2 - 1)ab^2d^2e^2\arcsin(cx)/c^2 + 2ab^2d^2e^2x\arcsin(cx)/c^2 + 3/4b^2d^2e^2\arcsin(cx)^2/c^2 + 1/4(c^2x^2 - 1)^2b^2e^3\arcsin(cx)^2/c^4 + 2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}ab^2d^3/c - 1/8(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}ab^2e^3x/c^3 - 2/3(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}b^2d^2e^2\arcsin(cx)/c^3 + 5/16\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}b^2e^3x\arcsin(cx)/c^3 + 3/2(c^2x^2 - 1)a^2d^2e/c^2 - 3/4(c^2x^2 - 1)b^2d^2e/c^2 - 14/9b^2d^2e^2x/c^2 + 3/2ab^2d^2e\arcsin(cx)/c^2 + 1/2(c^2x^2 - 1)^2ab^2e^3\arcsin(cx)/c^4 + 1/2(c^2x^2 - 1)b^2e^3\arcsin(cx)^2/c^4 - 2/3(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}ab^2d^2e/c^3 + 5/16\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}ab^2e^3x/c^3 + 2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}b^2d^2e^2\arcsin(cx)/c^3 - 3/8b^2d^2e/c^2 - 1/32(c^2x^2 - 1)^2b^2e^3/c^4 + (c^2x^2 - 1)ab^2e^3\arcsin(cx)/c^4 + 5/32b^2e^3\arcsin(cx)^2/c^4 + 2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}ab^2d^2e/c^3 - 5/32(c^2x^2 - 1)b^2e^3/c^4 + 5/16ab^2e^3\arcsin(cx)/c^4 - 17/256b^2e^3/c^4$

### 3.9.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (d + ex)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x)^3, x)`



### 3.10 $\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

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#### 3.10.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 242

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = & -2b^2 d^2 x - \frac{4b^2 e^2 x}{9c^2} - \frac{1}{2} b^2 dex^2 - \frac{2}{27} b^2 e^2 x^3 \\ & + \frac{2bd^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} \\ & + \frac{4be^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{9c^3} \\ & + \frac{bdex \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} \\ & + \frac{2be^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{9c} \\ & - \frac{d^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3e} - \frac{de (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2c^2} \\ & + \frac{(d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3e} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-2*b^2*d^2*x-4/9*b^2*e^2*x/c^2-1/2*b^2*d*e*x^2-2/27*b^2*e^2*x^3-1/3*d^3*(a
+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/e-1/2*d*e*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/c^2+1/3*(e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arc
sin(c*x))^2/e+2*b*d^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+4/9*b*e^2*(a+
b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3+b*d*e*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)/c+2/9*b*e^2*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c
```

### 3.10.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{18a^2c^3x(3d^2 + 3dex + e^2x^2) + 6ab\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(4e^2 + c^2(18d^2 + 9dex + 2e^2x^2)) - b^2cx(24e^2 + c^2(108d^2 + 27dex + 4e^2x^2)) + 6b^2(-9acde + 6ac^3x(3d^2 + 3dex + e^2x^2) + b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(4e^2 + c^2(18d^2 + 9dex + 2e^2x^2))) \arcsin(cx) + 9b^2c(6c^2d^2x + 2c^2e^2x^3 + 3dex(-1 + 2c^2x^2)) \arcsin(cx)^2}{54c^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output  $(18a^2c^3x(3d^2 + 3d*ex + e^2x^2) + 6a*b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2x^2]*(4e^2 + c^2*(18d^2 + 9d*ex + 2e^2x^2)) - b^2cx*(24e^2 + c^2*(108d^2 + 27d*ex + 4e^2x^2)) + 6b^2*(-9acde + 6ac^3x(3d^2 + 3d*ex + e^2x^2) + b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2x^2]*(4e^2 + c^2*(18d^2 + 9d*ex + 2e^2x^2))) * \text{ArcSin}[c*x] + 9b^2c*(6c^2d^2x + 2c^2e^2x^3 + 3dex*(-1 + 2c^2x^2)) * \text{ArcSin}[c*x]^2)/(54c^3)$

### 3.10.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {5242, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 5242$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3e} - \frac{2bc \int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3e}$$

$$\downarrow 5262$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3e} - \frac{2bc \int \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))d^3}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{3ex(a+b \arcsin(cx))d^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{3e^2x^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))d}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{e^3x^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) dx}{3e}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc \left( \frac{3de^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4bc^3} - \frac{3d^2e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{3de^2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2c^2} - \frac{e^3x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^2} - \frac{2e^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3e} \right)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `((d + e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(3*e) - (2*b*c*((3*b*d^2*e*x)/c + (2*b*e^3*x)/(3*c^3) + (3*b*d*e^2*x^2)/(4*c) + (b*e^3*x^3)/(9*c) - (3*d^2*e*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c^2 - (2*e^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c^4) - (3*d*e^2*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*c^2) - (e^3*x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c^2) + (d^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c) + (3*d*e^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(4*b*c^3))/(3*e)`

### 3.10.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5242 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

### 3.10.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 (ce x + dc)^3}{3c^2 e} + \frac{b^2 \left( d^2 c^2 (cx \arcsin(cx))^2 - 2cx + 2 \arcsin(cx) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \right) + \frac{dce (2 \arcsin(cx)^2 x^2 c^2 + 2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arcsin(cx) xc - \arcsin(cx))}{2}}{c^2}$
default	$\frac{a^2 (ce x + dc)^3}{3c^2 e} + \frac{b^2 \left( d^2 c^2 (cx \arcsin(cx))^2 - 2cx + 2 \arcsin(cx) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \right) + \frac{dce (2 \arcsin(cx)^2 x^2 c^2 + 2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arcsin(cx) xc - \arcsin(cx))}{2}}{c^2}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 (ex + d)^3}{3e} + \frac{b^2 (18 \arcsin(cx)^2 c^3 x^3 e^2 + 54 \arcsin(cx)^2 c^3 x^2 de + 54 \arcsin(cx)^2 c^3 x d^2 + 12 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arcsin(cx) c^2 x^2 e^2}{3e}$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c*(1/3*a^2/c^2*(c*e*x+c*d)^3/e+b^2/c^2*(d^2*c^2*(c*x*arcsin(c*x))^2-2*c*x+2*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+1/2*d*c*e*(2*arcsin(c*x)^2*x^2*c^2+2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x*c-arcsin(c*x)^2-c^2*x^2)+1/27*e^2*(9*c^3*x^3*arcsin(c*x)^2+6*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*c^2-2*c^3*x^3+12*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-12*c*x))+2*a*b/c^2*(1/3/e*arcsin(c*x)*c^3*d^3+a*rcsin(c*x)*c^3*d^2*x+e*arcsin(c*x)*c^3*d*x^2+1/3*arcsin(c*x)*e^2*c^3*x^3-1/3/e*(c^3*d^3*arcsin(c*x)+e^3*(-1/3*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*e+3*d*c*e^2*(-1/2*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*arcsin(c*x))))`

### 3.10.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(9a^2 - 2b^2)c^3 e^2 x^3 + 27(2a^2 - b^2)c^3 dex^2 + 9(2b^2 c^3 e^2 x^3 + 6b^2 c^3 dex^2 + 6b^2 c^3 d^2 x - 3b^2 cde) \arcsin(cx)}{c^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output 1/54*(2*(9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^3*e^2*x^3 + 27*(2*a^2 - b^2)*c^3*d*e*x^2 + 9*(2*
b^2*c^3*e^2*x^3 + 6*b^2*c^3*d*e*x^2 + 6*b^2*c^3*d^2*x - 3*b^2*c*d*e)*arcsi
n(c*x)^2 + 6*(9*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^3*d^2 - 4*b^2*c*e^2)*x + 18*(2*a*b*c^3*e^2
*x^3 + 6*a*b*c^3*d*e*x^2 + 6*a*b*c^3*d^2*x - 3*a*b*c*d*e)*arcsin(c*x) + 6*
(2*a*b*c^2*e^2*x^2 + 9*a*b*c^2*d*e*x + 18*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 4*a*b*e^2 + (2*b^2
*c^2*e^2*x^2 + 9*b^2*c^2*d*e*x + 18*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*b^2*e^2)*arcsin(c*x))*
sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))/c^3
```

### 3.10.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^2 d^2 x + a^2 dex^2 + \frac{a^2 e^2 x^3}{3} + 2abd^2 x \arcsin(cx) + 2abdex^2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2abe^2 x^3 \arcsin(cx)}{3} + \frac{2abd^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c} + \frac{abdex^3}{3} \\ a^2 \left( d^2 x + dex^2 + \frac{e^2 x^3}{3} \right) \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**2*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)
```

```
output Piecewise((a**2*d**2*x + a**2*d*e*x**2 + a**2*e**2*x**3/3 + 2*a*b*d**2*x*a
sin(c*x) + 2*a*b*d*e*x**2*asin(c*x) + 2*a*b*e**2*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + 2*a*b*
d**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + a*b*d*e*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + 2*a*b*e**
2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) - a*b*d*e*asin(c*x)/c**2 + 4*a*b*e**2*sq
rt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + b**2*d**2*x*asin(c*x)**2 - 2*b**2*d**2*x + b
**2*d*e*x**2*asin(c*x)**2 - b**2*d*e*x**2/2 + b**2*e**2*x**3*asin(c*x)**2/
3 - 2*b**2*e**2*x**3/27 + 2*b**2*d**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/c + b
**2*d*e*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/c + 2*b**2*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x
**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/(9*c) - b**2*d*e*asin(c*x)**2/(2*c**2) - 4*b**2*e**2*x/
(9*c**2) + 4*b**2*e**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/(9*c**3), Ne(c, 0)),
(a**2*(d**2*x + d*e*x**2 + e**2*x**3/3), True))
```

**3.10.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (ex + d)^2 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a^2*e^2*x^3 + b^2*d^2*x*arcsin(c*x)^2 + a^2*d*e*x^2 + (2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*a*b*d*e + 2/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*a*b*e^2 - 2*b^2*d^2*(x - sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*arcsin(c*x)/c) + a^2*d^2*x + 2*(c*x*arcsin(c*x) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*a*b*d^2/c + 1/3*(b^2*e^2*x^3 + 3*b^2*d*e*x^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + integrate(2/3*(b^2*c*e^2*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d*e*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

**3.10.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 487 vs.  $2(218) = 436$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 487, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = & \frac{1}{3} a^2 e^2 x^3 + b^2 d^2 x \arcsin(cx)^2 + 2 abd^2 x \arcsin(cx) \\
 & + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1) b^2 e^2 x \arcsin(cx)^2}{3 c^2} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^2 d e x \arcsin(cx)}{c} + a^2 d^2 x \\
 & - 2 b^2 d^2 x + \frac{2 (c^2 x^2 - 1) a b e^2 x \arcsin(cx)}{3 c^2} \\
 & + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1) b^2 d e \arcsin(cx)^2}{c^2} + \frac{b^2 e^2 x \arcsin(cx)^2}{3 c^2} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a b d e x}{c} + \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^2 d^2 \arcsin(cx)}{c} \\
 & - \frac{2 (c^2 x^2 - 1) b^2 e^2 x}{27 c^2} + \frac{2 (c^2 x^2 - 1) a b d e \arcsin(cx)}{c^2} \\
 & + \frac{2 a b e^2 x \arcsin(cx)}{3 c^2} + \frac{b^2 d e \arcsin(cx)^2}{2 c^2} \\
 & + \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a b d^2}{c} - \frac{2 (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2 e^2 \arcsin(cx)}{9 c^3} \\
 & + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1) a^2 d e}{c^2} - \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1) b^2 d e}{2 c^2} - \frac{14 b^2 e^2 x}{27 c^2} \\
 & + \frac{a b d e \arcsin(cx)}{c^2} - \frac{2 (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} a b e^2}{9 c^3} \\
 & + \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^2 e^2 \arcsin(cx)}{3 c^3} \\
 & - \frac{b^2 d e}{4 c^2} + \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a b e^2}{3 c^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{3}a^2e^{2x^3} + b^2d^2x\arcsin(cx)^2 + 2abd^2x\arcsin(cx) + \frac{1}{3}(c^2x^2 - 1)b^2e^{2x}\arcsin(cx)^2/c^2 + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}b^2d^2e^x\arcsin(cx)/c + a^2d^2x - 2b^2d^2x + \frac{2}{3}(c^2x^2 - 1)abe^{2x}\arcsin(cx)/c^2 + (c^2x^2 - 1)b^2d^2e^x\arcsin(cx)^2/c^2 + \frac{1}{3}b^2e^{2x}\arcsin(cx)^2/c^2 + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}abd^2e^x/c + 2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}b^2d^2\arcsin(cx)/c - \frac{2}{27}(c^2x^2 - 1)b^2e^{2x}/c^2 + 2(c^2x^2 - 1)abd^2e^x\arcsin(cx)/c^2 + \frac{2}{3}abe^{2x}\arcsin(cx)/c^2 + \frac{1}{2}b^2d^2e^x\arcsin(cx)^2/c^2 + 2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}abd^2/c - \frac{2}{9}(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}b^2e^{2x}\arcsin(cx)/c^3 + (c^2x^2 - 1)a^2d^2e/c^2 - \frac{1}{2}(c^2x^2 - 1)b^2d^2e/c^2 - \frac{14}{27}b^2e^{2x}/c^2 + abd^2e^x\arcsin(cx)/c^2 - \frac{2}{9}(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}abe^{2x}/c^3 + \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}b^2e^{2x}\arcsin(cx)/c^3 - \frac{1}{4}b^2d^2e/c^2 + \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}abe^{2x}/c^3$

### 3.10.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (d + ex)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x)^2, x)`



### 3.11 $\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

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#### 3.11.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = -2b^2 dx - \frac{1}{4}b^2 ex^2 + \frac{2bd\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} + \frac{bex\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2c} - \frac{d^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e} - \frac{e(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4c^2} + \frac{(d + ex)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e}$$

output `-2*b^2*d*x-1/4*b^2*e*x^2-1/2*d^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/e-1/4*e*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/c^2+1/2*(e*x+d)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/e+2*b*d*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/2*b*e*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c`

#### 3.11.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \frac{(d + ex)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e} - \frac{b\left(2bdex + \frac{1}{4}be^2x^2 - \frac{2de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{c} - \frac{e^2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2c} + \frac{d^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2b} + \frac{e^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4bc^2}\right)}{e}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output  $((d + ex)^2(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx])^2)/(2e) - (b(2bdex + (be^2x^2)/4 - (2d\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx]))) / c - (e^2x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx])) / (2c) + (d^2(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx])^2) / (2b) + (e^2(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx])^2) / (4bc^2)) / e$

### 3.11.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$ , Rules used = {5242, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 5242$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e} - \frac{bc \int \frac{(d+ex)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 5262$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e} - \frac{bc \int \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))d^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{2ex(a+b \arcsin(cx))d}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{e^2x^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e} - \frac{bc \left( \frac{e^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4bc^3} - \frac{2de\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{e^2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2c^2} + \frac{d^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc} + \frac{2bdex}{c} + \frac{be^2x^2}{4c} \right)}{e}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output  $((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*e) - (b*c*((2*b*d*e*x)/c + (b*e^2*x^2)/(4*c) - (2*d*e*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c^2 - (e^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*c^2) + (d^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c) + (e^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(4*b*c^3)))/e$

### 3.11.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5242 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5262 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))
```

### 3.11.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
parts	$a^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} e x^2 + dx \right) + \frac{b^2 \left( \frac{e \left( 2 \arcsin(cx)^2 x^2 c^2 + 2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arcsin(cx) x c - \arcsin(cx)^2 - c^2 x^2 \right)}{4c} + d \left( cx \arcsin(cx)^2 - 2cx + 2 \arcsin(cx) \right) \right)}{c}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left( d c^2 x + \frac{1}{2} c^2 e x^2 \right)}{c} + \frac{b^2 \left( d c \left( cx \arcsin(cx)^2 - 2cx + 2 \arcsin(cx) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \right) + \frac{e \left( 2 \arcsin(cx)^2 x^2 c^2 + 2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arcsin(cx) x c - \arcsin(cx)^2 - c^2 x^2 \right)}{4} \right)}{c}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left( d c^2 x + \frac{1}{2} c^2 e x^2 \right)}{c} + \frac{b^2 \left( d c \left( cx \arcsin(cx)^2 - 2cx + 2 \arcsin(cx) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \right) + \frac{e \left( 2 \arcsin(cx)^2 x^2 c^2 + 2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arcsin(cx) x c - \arcsin(cx)^2 - c^2 x^2 \right)}{4} \right)}{c}$

```
input int((e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

---

3.11.  $\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

output  $a^2*(1/2*e*x^2+d*x)+b^2/c*(1/4*e*(2*arcsin(c*x)^2*x^2*c^2+2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x*c-arcsin(c*x)^2-c^2*x^2)/c+d*(c*x*arcsin(c*x)^2-2*c*x+2*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+2*a*b/c*(1/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*e+arcsin(c*x)*d*c*x-1/2/c*(e*(-1/2*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*arcsin(c*x))-2*d*c*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))$

### 3.11.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(2a^2 - b^2)c^2ex^2 + 4(a^2 - 2b^2)c^2dx + (2b^2c^2ex^2 + 4b^2c^2dx - b^2e) \arcsin(cx)^2 + 2(2abc^2ex^2 + 4abc^2dx - b^2e) \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/4*((2*a^2 - b^2)*c^2*e*x^2 + 4*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^2*d*x + (2*b^2*c^2*e*x^2 + 4*b^2*c^2*d*x - b^2*e)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(2*a*b*c^2*e*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2*d*x - a*b*e)*arcsin(c*x) + 2*(a*b*c*e*x + 4*a*b*c*d + (b^2*c*e*x + 4*b^2*c*d)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))/c^2$

### 3.11.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^2 dx + \frac{a^2 ex^2}{2} + 2abdx \operatorname{asin}(cx) + abex^2 \operatorname{asin}(cx) + \frac{2abd\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c} + \frac{abex\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{2c} - \frac{abe \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{2c^2} + b^2 dx \operatorname{asin}^2(cx) \\ a^2 \left(dx + \frac{ex^2}{2}\right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*d*x + a**2*e*x**2/2 + 2*a*b*d*x*asin(c*x) + a*b*e*x**2*asin(c*x) + 2*a*b*d*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + a*b*e*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(2*c) - a*b*e*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2) + b**2*d*x*asin(c*x)**2 - 2*b**2*d*x + b**2*e*x**2*asin(c*x)**2/2 - b**2*e*x**2/4 + 2*b**2*d*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/c + b**2*e*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/(2*c) - b**2*e*asin(c*x)**2/(4*c**2), Ne(c, 0)), (a**2*(d*x + e*x**2/2), True))`

### 3.11.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (ex + d)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^2*d*x*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 1/2*a^2*e*x^2 + 1/2*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*a*b*e + 1/2*(x^2*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + 2*c*integrate(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x^2*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x))*b^2*e - 2*b^2*d*(x - sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*arcsin(c*x)/c) + a^2*d*x + 2*(c*x*arcsin(c*x) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*a*b*d/c`

### 3.11.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx &= b^2 dx \arcsin(cx)^2 + 2 ab dx \arcsin(cx) \\ &+ \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^2 ex \arcsin(cx)}{2c} + a^2 dx \\ &- 2 b^2 dx + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1) b^2 e \arcsin(cx)^2}{2c^2} \\ &+ \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} abex}{2c} + \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^2 d \arcsin(cx)}{c} \\ &+ \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1) abe \arcsin(cx)}{c^2} + \frac{b^2 e \arcsin(cx)^2}{4c^2} \\ &+ \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} abd}{c} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1) a^2 e}{2c^2} \\ &- \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1) b^2 e}{4c^2} + \frac{abe \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} - \frac{b^2 e}{8c^2} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.11.  $\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b^2*d*x*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*d*x*arcsin(c*x) + 1/2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^2*  
*e*x*arcsin(c*x)/c + a^2*d*x - 2*b^2*d*x + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*e*arcsin(  
c*x)^2/c^2 + 1/2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a*b*e*x/c + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^2*d  
*arcsin(c*x)/c + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*b*e*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/4*b^2*e*arcsin(c*  
x)^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a*b*d/c + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a^2*e/c^2 - 1/  
4*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*e/c^2 + 1/2*a*b*e*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 - 1/8*b^2*e/c^2`

### 3.11.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (d + ex) dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x), x)`

## 3.12 $\int (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

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### 3.12.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = -2b^2x + \frac{2b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} + x(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2$$

output `-2*b^2*x+x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2+2*b*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c`

### 3.12.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = -2b^2x + \frac{2b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} + x(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `-2*b^2*x + (2*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c + x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2`

### 3.12.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$ , Rules used = {5130, 5182, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5130} \\
 & x(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - 2bc \int \frac{x(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5182} \\
 & x(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - 2bc \left( \frac{b \int 1 dx}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & x(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - 2bc \left( \frac{bx}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 - 2*b*c*((b*x)/c - (Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c^2)`

#### 3.12.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 5130 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`



```
rule 5182 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

### 3.12.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{cx a^2 + b^2 (cx \arcsin(cx)^2 - 2cx + 2 \arcsin(cx) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}) + 2ab (cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1})}{c}$	72
default	$\frac{cx a^2 + b^2 (cx \arcsin(cx)^2 - 2cx + 2 \arcsin(cx) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}) + 2ab (cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1})}{c}$	72
parts	$a^2 x + \frac{b^2 (cx \arcsin(cx)^2 - 2cx + 2 \arcsin(cx) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1})}{c} + \frac{2ab (cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1})}{c}$	73

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/c*(c*x*a^2+b^2*(c*x*arcsin(c*x)^2-2*c*x+2*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))
)+2*a*b*(c*x*arcsin(c*x)+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))
```

### 3.12.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 cx \arcsin(cx)^2 + 2 abcx \arcsin(cx) + (a^2 - 2b^2)cx + 2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}(b^2 \arcsin(cx) + ab)}{c}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output (b^2*c*x*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*c*x*arcsin(c*x) + (a^2 - 2*b^2)*c*x + 2*sqr
t(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*(b^2*arcsin(c*x) + a*b))/c
```

**3.12.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \begin{cases} a^2x + 2abx \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2ab\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c} + b^2x \arcsin^2(cx) - 2b^2x + \frac{2b^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} \arcsin(cx)}{c} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ a^2x & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)`output `Piecewise((a**2*x + 2*a*b*x*asin(c*x) + 2*a*b*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + b**2*x*asin(c*x)**2 - 2*b**2*x + 2*b**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/c, Ne(c, 0)), (a**2*x, True))`**3.12.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = b^2x \arcsin^2(cx) - 2b^2 \left( x - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} \arcsin(cx)}{c} \right) + a^2x + \frac{2(cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})ab}{c}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b^2*x*arcsin(c*x)^2 - 2*b^2*(x - sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*arcsin(c*x)/c) + a^2*x + 2*(c*x*arcsin(c*x) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*a*b/c`

**3.12.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = b^2 x \arcsin(cx)^2 + 2 abx \arcsin(cx) + a^2 x - 2 b^2 x \\ + \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^2 \arcsin(cx)}{c} + \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} ab}{c}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `b^2*x*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*x*arcsin(c*x) + a^2*x - 2*b^2*x + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^2*arcsin(c*x)/c + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a*b/c`**3.12.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx \\ = \begin{cases} b^2 \left( x (\arcsin(cx))^2 - 2 \right) + 2 \arcsin(cx) \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} - x^2} + a^2 x + \frac{2 ab (\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} + cx \arcsin(cx))}{c} & \text{if } 0 < c \\ a^2 x + b^2 x (\arcsin(cx))^2 - 2 + \frac{2 b^2 \arcsin(cx) \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{c} + \frac{2 ab (\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} + cx \arcsin(cx))}{c} & \text{if } -0 < c \end{cases}$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2,x)`output `piecewise(0 < c, b^2*(x*(asin(c*x))^2 - 2) + 2*asin(c*x)*(1/c^2 - x^2)^(1/2)) + a^2*x + (2*a*b*((- c^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2) + c*x*asin(c*x)))/c, ~0 < c, a^2*x + b^2*x*(asin(c*x))^2 - 2 + (2*b^2*asin(c*x)*(- c^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2))/c + (2*a*b*((- c^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2) + c*x*asin(c*x)))/c`

### 3.13 $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d+ex} dx$

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#### 3.13.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 347

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{i(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3be} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e}$$

$$+ \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e}$$

$$- \frac{2ib(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e}$$

$$- \frac{2ib(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e}$$

```
output -1/3*I*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3/b/e+(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x
^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e+(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*ln(1-I*e*(I*
c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e-2*I*b*(a+b*arcsin(c*x
))*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e-2
*I*b*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*
d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e+2*b^2*polylog(3,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^
2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e+2*b^2*polylog(3,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(
c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e
```

### 3.13.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{b} + 3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{-cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right) + 3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{3e}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/b + 3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 + (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(-(c*d) + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] + 3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] + 6*b*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] + b*PolyLog[3, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])]) + 6*b*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] + b*PolyLog[3, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])]))/(3*e)`

### 3.13.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5240, 5030, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5240$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{cd + cex} d \arcsin(cx)$$

$$\downarrow 5030$$

$$\int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{cd - iee^{i \arcsin(cx)} - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} d \arcsin(cx) + \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{cd - iee^{i \arcsin(cx)} + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} d \arcsin(cx) - \frac{i(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3be}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 2620 \\
& \frac{2b \int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) d \arcsin(cx)}{e} - \\
& \frac{2b \int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) d \arcsin(cx)}{e} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{e} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + cd} \right)}{e} - \\
& \frac{i(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3be} \\
& \downarrow 3011 \\
& \frac{2b \left( i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) - ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) d \arcsin(cx) \right)}{e} - \\
& \frac{2b \left( i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) - ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) d \arcsin(cx) \right)}{e} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{e} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + cd} \right)}{e} - \\
& \frac{i(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3be} \\
& \downarrow 2720 \\
& \frac{2b \left( i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) - b \int e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) de^{i \arcsin(cx)} \right)}{e} - \\
& \frac{2b \left( i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) - b \int e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) de^{i \arcsin(cx)} \right)}{e} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{e} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + cd} \right)}{e} - \\
& \frac{i(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3be} \\
& \downarrow 7143 \\
& \frac{2b \left( i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) - b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 3, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) \right)}{e} - \\
& \frac{2b \left( i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) - b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 3, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) \right)}{e} + \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{e} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + cd} \right)}{e} - \\
& \frac{i(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3be}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((-1/3*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(b*e) + ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/e + ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/e - (2*b*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])) - b*PolyLog[3, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])))/e - (2*b*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])) - b*PolyLog[3, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])))/e`

### 3.13.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*(a_) + (b_)*x))* (F_) [v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*(a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5030 `Int[(Cos[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*Sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + (Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(a - Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] - I*b*E^(I*(c + d*x))), x] + Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(a + Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] - I*b*E^(I*(c + d*x))), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && PosQ[a^2 - b^2]`

```
rule 5240 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
  :> Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(Cos[x]/(c*d + e*Sin[x])), x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
  :> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

### 3.13.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{ex + d} dx$$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d),x)
```

### 3.13.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{ex + d} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((b^2*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(c*x) + a^2)/(e*x + d), x)
```

### 3.13.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))^2}{d + ex} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(e*x+d),x)
```

```
output Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2/(d + e*x), x)
```



**3.13.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^2*log(e*x + d)/e + integrate((b^2*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + 2*a*b*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(e*x + d), x)`

**3.13.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2/(e*x + d), x)`

**3.13.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2/(d + e*x), x)`

### 3.14 $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

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#### 3.14.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 309

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e(d + ex)} - \frac{2ibc(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} + \frac{2ibc(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} - \frac{2b^2 c \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} + \frac{2b^2 c \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}$$

output

```
-(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/e/(e*x+d)-2*I*b*c*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(
-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)+2*I*b*
c*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)
^(1/2)))/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)-2*b^2*c*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)+2*b^2*c*polylog(2,I
*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(
1/2)
```

### 3.14.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d+ex} + \frac{2bc \left( -i(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \left( \log \left( 1 + \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{-cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) - \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) \right) - b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) + b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) \right)}{e}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(-((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/(d + e*x)) + (2*b*c*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))*(Log[1 + (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(-c*d) + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]]) - Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]]) - b*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]]) + b*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]])))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])/e`

### 3.14.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5242, 5272, 3042, 3804, 2694, 27, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5242}$$

$$\frac{2bc \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5272}$$

$$\frac{2bc \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{cd+ce x} d \arcsin(cx)}{e} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e(d + ex)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2bc \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{cd+e \sin(\arcsin(cx))} dx \arcsin(cx)}{e} - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3804} \\
 & - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e(d+ex)} + \frac{4bc \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2ce^i \arcsin(cx)d-iee^{2i \arcsin(cx)}+ie} dx \arcsin(cx)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2694} \\
 & \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e(d+ex)} + \\
 & 4bc \left( \frac{ie \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2(cd-iee^i \arcsin(cx)+\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} dx \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} - \frac{ie \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2(cd-iee^i \arcsin(cx)-\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} dx \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e(d+ex)} + \\
 & 4bc \left( \frac{ie \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{cd-iee^i \arcsin(cx)+\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} dx \arcsin(cx)}{2\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} - \frac{ie \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{cd-iee^i \arcsin(cx)-\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} dx \arcsin(cx)}{2\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e(d+ex)} + \\
 & 4bc \left( \frac{ie \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}+cd} \right)}{e} - \frac{b \int \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} \right) dx \arcsin(cx)}{e} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} - \frac{ie \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} \right)}{e} - \frac{b \int \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} \right) dx \arcsin(cx)}{e} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
 & - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e(d+ex)} + \\
 & 4bc \left( \frac{ie \left( \frac{ib \int e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} \right) de^i \arcsin(cx)}{e} + \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}+cd} \right)}{e} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} - \frac{ie \left( \frac{ib \int e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} \right) de^i \arcsin(cx)}{e} + \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}-cd} \right)}{e} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2838}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.14.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

$$4bc \left( \frac{ie \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie e^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + cd}\right)}{e} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie e^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} - \frac{ie \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie e^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie e^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e(d + ex)}$$


---

$e$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `-((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/(e*(d + e*x))) + (4*b*c*(((1/2*I)*e*(((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]])))/e - (I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]]))/e))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2] + ((I/2)*e*(((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]]))/e - (I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]]))/e))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])/e`

### 3.14.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2694 `Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_)*(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

---

3.14.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3804 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(I*(e + f*x)))/(I*b + 2*a*E^(I*(e + f*x))) - I*b*E^(2*I*(e + f*x))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5242 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5272 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(c^(m + 1)*Sqrt[d]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(c*f + g*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && GtQ[d, 0] && (GtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[n, 0])`

### 3.14.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 641 vs.  $2(319) = 638$ .

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 642, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^2 c^2}{(c e x+d c) e}+b^2 c^2\left(-\frac{\arcsin(c x)^2}{e(c e x+d c)}-\frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 d^2+e^2} \arcsin(c x) \ln\left(\frac{i d c+(i c x+\sqrt{-c^2 x^2+1}) e-\sqrt{-c^2 d^2+e^2}}{i d c-\sqrt{-c^2 d^2+e^2}}\right)}{e\left(c^2 d^2-e^2\right)}\right)+\frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 d^2+e^2} \arcsin(c x)}{e\left(c^2 d^2-e^2\right)}$
default	$-\frac{a^2 c^2}{(c e x+d c) e}+b^2 c^2\left(-\frac{\arcsin(c x)^2}{e(c e x+d c)}-\frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 d^2+e^2} \arcsin(c x) \ln\left(\frac{i d c+(i c x+\sqrt{-c^2 x^2+1}) e-\sqrt{-c^2 d^2+e^2}}{i d c-\sqrt{-c^2 d^2+e^2}}\right)}{e\left(c^2 d^2-e^2\right)}\right)+\frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 d^2+e^2} \arcsin(c x)}{e\left(c^2 d^2-e^2\right)}$
parts	$-\frac{a^2}{(e x+d) e}+\frac{b^2}{e}\left(-\frac{c^2 \arcsin(c x)^2}{e(c e x+d c)}-\frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 d^2+e^2} c^2 \arcsin(c x) \ln\left(\frac{i d c+(i c x+\sqrt{-c^2 x^2+1}) e-\sqrt{-c^2 d^2+e^2}}{i d c-\sqrt{-c^2 d^2+e^2}}\right)}{e\left(c^2 d^2-e^2\right)}\right)+\frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 d^2+e^2} \arcsin(c x)}{e\left(c^2 d^2-e^2\right)}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c*(-a^2*c^2/(c*e*x+c*d)/e+b^2*c^2*(-arcsin(c*x)^2/e/(c*e*x+c*d)-2*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+2*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+2*I*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-2*I*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+2*a*b*c^2*(-1/(c*e*x+c*d)/e*arcsin(c*x)-1/e^2/((-c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(c*x+d*c/e))`

### 3.14.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(c*x) + a^2)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

### 3.14.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

### 3.14.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((e-c*d)*(e+c*d)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`



**3.14.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

**3.14.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

### 3.15 $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

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#### 3.15.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 401

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e(d + ex)^2}$$

$$- \frac{ibc^3d(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{ibc^3d(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{b^2c^2 \log(d + ex)}{e(c^2d^2 - e^2)} - \frac{b^2c^3d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2c^3d \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/e/(e*x+d)^2-b^2*c^2*ln(e*x+d)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)-I*b
*c^3*d*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2
-e^2)^(1/2)))/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)+I*b*c^3*d*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(1-I*e*(
I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)
-b^2*c^3*d*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/
2)))/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)+b^2*c^3*d*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/
2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)+b*c*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))
*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)
```

### 3.15.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2bce\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} - \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^2} - \frac{2b^2c^2\log(d+ex)}{c^2d^2-e^2} + \frac{2bc^3d\left(-i(a+b\arcsin(cx))\left(\log\left(1+\frac{iee^{i\arcsin(cx)}}{-cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)-\log\left(1-\frac{iee^{-i\arcsin(cx)}}{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)\right)\right)}{2e}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output  $((2*b*c*e*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/(d + e*x)^2 - (2*b^2*c^2*Log[d + e*x])/(c^2*d^2 - e^2) + (2*b*c^3*d*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))*(Log[1 + (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))])/(-c*d) + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])) - Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])) - b*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]) + b*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])))/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2))/(2*e)$

### 3.15.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.722$ , Rules used = {5242, 5272, 3042, 3805, 3042, 3147, 16, 3804, 2694, 27, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 5242

$$\frac{bc \int \frac{a+b\arcsin(cx)}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e(d + ex)^2}$$

↓ 5272

$$\frac{bc^2 \int \frac{a+b\arcsin(cx)}{(cd+cex)^2} d \arcsin(cx)}{e} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e(d + ex)^2}$$

↓ 3042

---

3.15.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{bc^2 \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(cd+e \sin(\arcsin(cx)))^2} d \arcsin(cx)}{e} - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3805} \\
 & \frac{bc^2 \left( \frac{cd \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{cd+ce x} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} - \frac{be \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{cd+ce x} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(cd+ce x)} \right)}{e} - \\
 & \quad \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{bc^2 \left( \frac{cd \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{cd+e \sin(\arcsin(cx))} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} - \frac{be \int \frac{\cos(\arcsin(cx))}{cd+e \sin(\arcsin(cx))} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(cd+ce x)} \right)}{e} - \\
 & \quad \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3147} \\
 & \frac{bc^2 \left( \frac{cd \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{cd+e \sin(\arcsin(cx))} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{cd+ce x} d(ce x)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(cd+ce x)} \right)}{e} - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
 & \frac{bc^2 \left( \frac{cd \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{cd+e \sin(\arcsin(cx))} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(cd+ce x)} - \frac{b \log(cd+ce x)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \right)}{e} - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e(d+ex)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3804} \\
 & \quad - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e(d+ex)^2} + \\
 & \frac{bc^2 \left( \frac{2cd \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2ce^i \arcsin(cx) d - iee^{2i} \arcsin(cx) + ie} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(cd+ce x)} - \frac{b \log(cd+ce x)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \right)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2694} \\
 & \quad - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e(d+ex)^2} + \\
 & bc^2 \left( \frac{2cd \left( \frac{ie \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2(cd - iee^i \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2})} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} - \frac{ie \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2(cd - iee^i \arcsin(cx) - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2})} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(cd+ce x)} - \frac{b \log(cd+ce x)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \quad e
 \end{aligned}$$

3.15.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e(d + ex)^2} + \\
 bc^2 \left( \frac{2cd \left( \frac{ie \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{cd - iee^i \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} d \arcsin(cx)}{2\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} - \frac{ie \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{cd - iee^i \arcsin(cx) - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} d \arcsin(cx)}{2\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(cd+ex)} - \frac{b \log(ca)}{c^2 d^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

e

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2620 \\
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e(d + ex)^2} + \\
 bc^2 \left( \frac{2cd \left( \frac{ie \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + cd} \right)}{e} - \frac{b \int \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) d \arcsin(cx)}{e} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} - \frac{ie \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{e} - \frac{b \int \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) d \arcsin(cx)}{e} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

e

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2715 \\
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e(d + ex)^2} + \\
 bc^2 \left( \frac{2cd \left( \frac{ie \left( \frac{ib \int e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) de^i \arcsin(cx)}{2\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} + \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + cd} \right)}{e} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} - \frac{ie \left( \frac{ib \int e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) de^i \arcsin(cx)}{2\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} + \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} - cd} \right)}{e} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

e

$$\downarrow 2838$$

$$3.15. \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

$$\frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2e(d + ex)^2} + \frac{2cd \left( \frac{ie \left( \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + cd}\right)}{e} - ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} - \frac{ie \left( \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e} - ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{c^2 d^2 - e^2}$$

```
input Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/(d + e*x)^3,x]
```

```
output -1/2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/(e*(d + e*x)^2) + (b*c^2*((e*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(c*d + c*e*x)) - (b*Log[c*d + c*e*x])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2) + (2*c*d*(((-1/2*I)*e*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))])/e - (I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))]/e))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2] + ((I/2)*e*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))])/e - (I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))]/e))/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/((c^2*d^2 - e^2))/e
```

3.15.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 16 Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 2620 Int[(((F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*((F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 2694 `Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_) * (F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int [(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^(e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3147 `Int[cos[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b^p*f) Subst[Int[(a + x)^m*(b^2 - x^2)^(p - 1)/2], x], x, b*Sin[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[(p - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3804 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(I*(e + f*x))/(I*b + 2*a*E^(I*(e + f*x))) - I*b*E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3805 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] + (Simp[a/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*d*(m/(f*(a^2 - b^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 5242 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] -
Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n -
1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
&& NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5272 Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(c^(m + 1)*Sqrt[d]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(c*f + g*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && GtQ[d, 0] && (GtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[n, 0])
```

### 3.15.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 965 vs. 2(407) = 814.

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 966, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^2 c^3}{2(cex+dc)^2 e} + b^2 c^3 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx) (-2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} cde - e^2 \arcsin(cx) + c^2 d^2 \arcsin(cx) + 4ic^2 dex + 2ic^2 d^2 + 2ie^2 c^2 x^2 - 2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} cde)}{2(cex+dc)^2 (c^2 d^2 - e^2) e} \right)$
default	$-\frac{a^2 c^3}{2(cex+dc)^2 e} + b^2 c^3 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx) (-2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} cde - e^2 \arcsin(cx) + c^2 d^2 \arcsin(cx) + 4ic^2 dex + 2ic^2 d^2 + 2ie^2 c^2 x^2 - 2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} cde)}{2(cex+dc)^2 (c^2 d^2 - e^2) e} \right)$
parts	$-\frac{a^2}{2(ex+d)^2 e} + b^2 \left( -\frac{c^3 \arcsin(cx) (-2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} cde - e^2 \arcsin(cx) + c^2 d^2 \arcsin(cx) + 4ic^2 dex + 2ic^2 d^2 + 2ie^2 c^2 x^2 - 2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} cde)}{2(cex+dc)^2 (c^2 d^2 - e^2) e} \right)$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.15.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$



output `1/c*(-1/2*a^2*c^3/(c*e*x+c*d)^2/e+b^2*c^3*(-1/2*arcsin(c*x)*(-2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c*d*e-e^2*arcsin(c*x)+c^2*d^2*arcsin(c*x)+4*I*c^2*d*e*x+2*I*c^2*d^2+2*I*e^2*c^2*x^2-2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*e^2*c*x)/(c*e*x+c*d)^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e-1/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln(I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2-2*d*c*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-I*e)+2/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-1/e*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2*d*c*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+1/e*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2*d*c*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+I/e*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2*d*c*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-I/e*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2*d*c*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-a*b*c^3/(c*e*x+c*d)^2/e*arcsin(c*x)+a*b*c^3/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c*x+d*c/e)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-a*b*c^4/e^2*d/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(c*x+d*c/e))`

### 3.15.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(c*x) + a^2)/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

### 3.15.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

---

3.15.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

### 3.15.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((e-c*d)*(e+c*d)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

### 3.15.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

### 3.15.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

---

3.15.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

### 3.16 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx$

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#### 3.16.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 393

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx = \frac{d^3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc} + \frac{3de^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^3} - \frac{3de^2 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^3} - \frac{3d^2e \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2bc^2} - \frac{e^3 \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{4bc^4} + \frac{e^3 \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{4a}{b} + 4 \arcsin(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{8bc^4} + \frac{d^3 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc} + \frac{3de^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^3} + \frac{3d^2e \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(cx)\right)}{2bc^2} + \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^4} - \frac{3de^2 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^3} - \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{4a}{b} + 4 \arcsin(cx)\right)}{8bc^4}$$

output  $d^3 \text{Ci}(a/b + \arcsin(cx)) \cos(a/b) / b/c + 3/4 d^2 e^2 \text{Ci}(a/b + \arcsin(cx)) \cos(a/b) / b/c^3 - 3/4 d^2 e^2 \text{Ci}(3a/b + 3\arcsin(cx)) \cos(3a/b) / b/c^3 + 3/2 d^2 e^2 \cos(2a/b) \text{Si}(2a/b + 2\arcsin(cx)) / b/c^2 + 1/4 e^3 \cos(2a/b) \text{Si}(2a/b + 2\arcsin(cx)) / b/c^4 - 1/8 e^3 \cos(4a/b) \text{Si}(4a/b + 4\arcsin(cx)) / b/c^4 + d^3 \text{Si}(a/b + \arcsin(cx)) \sin(a/b) / b/c + 3/4 d^2 e^2 \text{Si}(a/b + \arcsin(cx)) \sin(a/b) / b/c^3 - 3/2 d^2 e^2 \text{Ci}(2a/b + 2\arcsin(cx)) \sin(2a/b) / b/c^2 - 1/4 e^3 \text{Ci}(2a/b + 2\arcsin(cx)) \sin(2a/b) / b/c^4 - 3/4 d^2 e^2 \text{Si}(3a/b + 3\arcsin(cx)) \sin(3a/b) / b/c^3 + 1/8 e^3 \text{Ci}(4a/b + 4\arcsin(cx)) \sin(4a/b) / b/c^4$

### 3.16.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{d^3 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right) \right)}{bc}$$

$$+ \frac{3de^2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right) - \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right) \right)}{4bc^3}$$

$$+ \frac{e^3 \left( -2 \text{CosIntegral}\left(2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) + \text{CosIntegral}\left(4\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)\right) \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) + 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \right)}{8bc^4}$$

$$+ \frac{3d^2 e \left( -\text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\arcsin(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\arcsin(cx)\right) \right)}{2bc^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output  $(d^3 (\cos[a/b] \text{CosIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c*x]] + \sin[a/b] \text{SinIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c*x]])) / (b*c) + (3*d^2*e^2 (\cos[a/b] \text{CosIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c*x]] - \cos[(3*a)/b] \text{CosIntegral}[3*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c*x])] + \sin[a/b] \text{SinIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c*x]] - \sin[(3*a)/b] \text{SinIntegral}[3*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c*x])])) / (4*b*c^3) + (e^3 (-2*\text{CosIntegral}[2*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c*x])] * \sin[(2*a)/b] + \text{CosIntegral}[4*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c*x])] * \sin[(4*a)/b] + 2*\cos[(2*a)/b] * \text{SinIntegral}[2*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c*x]]] - \cos[(4*a)/b] * \text{SinIntegral}[4*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c*x])])) / (8*b*c^4) + (3*d^2*e (-\text{CosIntegral}[(2*a)/b + 2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]] * \sin[(2*a)/b] + \cos[(2*a)/b] * \text{SinIntegral}[(2*a)/b + 2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]])) / (2*b*c^2)$

### 3.16.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 377, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {5246, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5246} \\
 & \int \frac{(cd+cex)^3 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} d\arcsin(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & \int \left( \frac{d^3 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} c^3}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} + \frac{e^3 x^3 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} c^3}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} + \frac{3de^2 x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} c^3}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} + \frac{3d^2 ex \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} c^3}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} \right) d\arcsin(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{c^3 d^3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{b} + \frac{c^3 d^3 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{b} - \frac{3c^2 d^2 e \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\arcsin(cx)\right)}{2b} + \frac{3c^2 d^2 e \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\arcsin(cx)\right)}{2b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `((c^3*d^3*cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c*x]])/b + (3*c*d*e^2*cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c*x]])/(4*b) - (3*c*d*e^2*cos[(3*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(3*a)/b + 3*ArcSin[c*x]])/(4*b) - (3*c^2*d^2*e*cosIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcSin[c*x]]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/(2*b) - (e^3*cosIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcSin[c*x]]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/(4*b) + (e^3*cosIntegral[(4*a)/b + 4*ArcSin[c*x]]*Sin[(4*a)/b])/(8*b) + (c^3*d^3*sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c*x]])/b + (3*c*d*e^2*sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c*x]])/(4*b) + (3*c^2*d^2*e*cos[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcSin[c*x]])/(2*b) + (e^3*cos[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcSin[c*x]])/(4*b) - (3*c*d*e^2*sin[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(3*a)/b + 3*ArcSin[c*x]])/(4*b) - (e^3*cos[(4*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(4*a)/b + 4*ArcSin[c*x]])/(8*b))/c^4`

## 3.16.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5246 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Cos[x]*(c*d + e*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]`

## 3.16.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{8 \operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \sin(\frac{a}{b}) c^3 d^3 + 8 \operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \cos(\frac{a}{b}) c^3 d^3 + 12 \cos(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) c^2 d^2 e - 12 \sin(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) c^2 d^2 e}{8 \operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \sin(\frac{a}{b}) c^3 d^3 + 8 \operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \cos(\frac{a}{b}) c^3 d^3 + 12 \cos(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) c^2 d^2 e - 12 \sin(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) c^2 d^2 e}$
default	$\frac{8 \operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \sin(\frac{a}{b}) c^3 d^3 + 8 \operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \cos(\frac{a}{b}) c^3 d^3 + 12 \cos(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) c^2 d^2 e - 12 \sin(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) c^2 d^2 e}{8 \operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \sin(\frac{a}{b}) c^3 d^3 + 8 \operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \cos(\frac{a}{b}) c^3 d^3 + 12 \cos(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) c^2 d^2 e - 12 \sin(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) c^2 d^2 e}$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{8} \frac{1}{c^4} (8 \operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \sin(\frac{a}{b}) c^3 d^3 + 8 \operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \cos(\frac{a}{b}) c^3 d^3 + 12 \cos(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) c^2 d^2 e - 12 \sin(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) c^2 d^2 e + 6 \operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \sin(\frac{a}{b}) c^3 d^2 e + 6 \operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \cos(\frac{a}{b}) c^3 d^2 e - 6 \operatorname{Si}(3 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}) \sin(\frac{3a}{b}) c^2 d^2 e - 6 \operatorname{Ci}(3 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}) \cos(\frac{3a}{b}) c^2 d^2 e + 2 \cos(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) e^3 - 2 \sin(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) e^3 - \cos(\frac{4a}{b}) \operatorname{Si}(4 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{4a}{b}) e^3 + \sin(\frac{4a}{b}) \operatorname{Ci}(4 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{4a}{b}) e^3) / b$

**3.16.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3}{b\arcsin(cx)+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3)/(b*arcsin(c*x) + a), x)`

**3.16.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**3/(a + b*asin(c*x)), x)`

**3.16.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^3}{b\arcsin(cx)+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^3/(b*arcsin(c*x) + a), x)`

**3.16.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 609, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx = & -\frac{3de^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^3 \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3\arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc^3} \\
& + \frac{d^3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc} \\
& + \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^3 \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{4a}{b} + 4\arcsin(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{bc^4} \\
& - \frac{3d^2e \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\arcsin(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{bc^2} \\
& - \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^4 \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{4a}{b} + 4\arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc^4} \\
& - \frac{3de^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3\arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc^3} \\
& + \frac{3d^2e \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc^2} \\
& + \frac{d^3 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc} \\
& + \frac{9de^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3\arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^3} \\
& + \frac{3de^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^3} \\
& - \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{4a}{b} + 4\arcsin(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2bc^4} \\
& - \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\arcsin(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2bc^4} \\
& + \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{4a}{b} + 4\arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc^4} \\
& + \frac{3de^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3\arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^3} \\
& - \frac{3d^2e \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\arcsin(cx)\right)}{2bc^2} + \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\arcsin(cx)\right)}{2bc^4} \\
& + \frac{3de^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^3} \\
& - \frac{e^3 \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{4a}{b} + 4\arcsin(cx)\right)}{8bc^4} - \frac{e^3 \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`



output

```

-3*d*e^2*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^3) + d^3*cos(
a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b*c) + e^3*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral(4
*a/b + 4*arcsin(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b*c^4) - 3*d^2*e*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(2*a
/b + 2*arcsin(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b*c^2) - e^3*cos(a/b)^4*sin_integral(4*a/b +
4*arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^4) - 3*d^2*e*cos(a/b)^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b +
3*arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^3) + 3*d^2*e*cos(a/b)^2*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin
(c*x))/(b*c^2) + d^3*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b*c) + 9/4*
d*e^2*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^3) + 3/4*d*e^2*cos
(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^3) - 1/2*e^3*cos(a/b)*cos_integ
ral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b*c^4) - 1/2*e^3*cos(a/b)*cos_integra
l(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b*c^4) + e^3*cos(a/b)^2*sin_integral(4*
a/b + 4*arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^4) + 3/4*d*e^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*a
rcsin(c*x))/(b*c^3) - 3/2*d^2*e*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^2
) + 1/2*e^3*cos(a/b)^2*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^4) + 3/4*d
*e^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^3) - 1/8*e^3*sin_integr
al(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^4) - 1/4*e^3*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(
c*x))/(b*c^4)

```

### 3.16.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c*x)), x)`

### 3.17 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx$

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#### 3.17.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 244

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx = \frac{d^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc} + \frac{e^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^3} - \frac{e^2 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^3} - \frac{de \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{bc^2} + \frac{d^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc} + \frac{e^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^3} + \frac{de \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc^2} - \frac{e^2 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^3}$$

output

```
d^2*Ci(a/b+arcsin(c*x))*cos(a/b)/b/c+1/4*e^2*Ci(a/b+arcsin(c*x))*cos(a/b)/
b/c^3-1/4*e^2*Ci(3*a/b+3*arcsin(c*x))*cos(3*a/b)/b/c^3+d*e*cos(2*a/b)*Si(2
*a/b+2*arcsin(c*x))/b/c^2+d^2*Si(a/b+arcsin(c*x))*sin(a/b)/b/c+1/4*e^2*Si(
a/b+arcsin(c*x))*sin(a/b)/b/c^3-d*e*Ci(2*a/b+2*arcsin(c*x))*sin(2*a/b)/b/c
^2-1/4*e^2*Si(3*a/b+3*arcsin(c*x))*sin(3*a/b)/b/c^3
```

### 3.17.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(4c^2d^2 + e^2) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right) - e^2 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)\right) - 4cde \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output 
$$\frac{((4c^2d^2 + e^2)\operatorname{Cos}[a/b]\operatorname{CosIntegral}[a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]] - e^2\operatorname{Cos}[(3a)/b]\operatorname{CosIntegral}[3*(a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])]) - 4c*d*e*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[2*(a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])]*\operatorname{Sin}[(2*a)/b] + 4c^2*d^2*\operatorname{Sin}[a/b]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]] + e^2*\operatorname{Sin}[a/b]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]] + 4c*d*e*\operatorname{Cos}[(2*a)/b]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[2*(a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])] - e^2*\operatorname{Sin}[(3*a)/b]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[3*(a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])])}{4*b*c^3}$$

### 3.17.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {5246, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5246}$$

$$\int \frac{(cd + cex)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} d \arcsin(cx)}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{7293}$$

$$\int \left( \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} d^2}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} + \frac{ce \sin(2 \arcsin(cx)) d}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} + \frac{c^2 e^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} \right) d \arcsin(cx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{c^2 d^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{b} + \frac{c^2 d^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{b} - \frac{c d e \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(cx)\right)}{b} + \frac{e^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{4b}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]
```

```
output ((c^2*d^2*Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c*x]])/b + (e^2*Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c*x]])/(4*b) - (e^2*Cos[(3*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(3*a)/b + 3*ArcSin[c*x]])/(4*b) - (c*d*e*CosIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcSin[c*x]]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/b + (c^2*d^2*Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c*x]])/b + (e^2*Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c*x]])/(4*b) + (c*d*e*Cos[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcSin[c*x]])/b - (e^2*Sin[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(3*a)/b + 3*ArcSin[c*x]])/(4*b))/c^3
```

### 3.17.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5246 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^n_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Cos[x]*(c*d + e*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 7293 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]
```

### 3.17.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{4 \text{Si}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) c^2 d^2 + 4 \text{Ci}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) c^2 d^2 + 4 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}\right) c d e - 4 \text{Ci}\left(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}\right) c d e}{c^3}$
default	$\frac{4 \text{Si}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) c^2 d^2 + 4 \text{Ci}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) c^2 d^2 + 4 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}\right) c d e - 4 \text{Ci}\left(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}\right) c d e}{c^3}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

3.17.  $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx$

output `1/4/c^3*(4*Si(arcsin(c*x)+a/b)*sin(a/b)*c^2*d^2+4*Ci(arcsin(c*x)+a/b)*cos(a/b)*c^2*d^2+4*cos(2*a/b)*Si(2*arcsin(c*x)+2*a/b)*c*d*e-4*Ci(2*arcsin(c*x)+2*a/b)*sin(2*a/b)*c*d*e-sin(3*a/b)*Si(3*arcsin(c*x)+3*a/b)*e^2-cos(3*a/b)*Ci(3*arcsin(c*x)+3*a/b)*e^2+sin(a/b)*Si(arcsin(c*x)+a/b)*e^2+cos(a/b)*Ci(arcsin(c*x)+a/b)*e^2)/b`

### 3.17.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{b\arcsin(cx)+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)/(b*arcsin(c*x) + a), x)`

### 3.17.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**2/(a + b*asin(c*x)), x)`

### 3.17.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{b\arcsin(cx)+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^2/(b*arcsin(c*x) + a), x)`

**3.17.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx = -\frac{e^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^3 \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3\arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc^3}$$

$$+ \frac{d^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc}$$

$$- \frac{2de \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\arcsin(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{bc^2}$$

$$- \frac{e^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3\arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2de \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc^2}$$

$$+ \frac{d^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc}$$

$$+ \frac{3e^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3\arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^3}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^3} + \frac{e^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3\arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^3}$$

$$- \frac{de \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2\arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc^2} + \frac{e^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{4bc^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output -e^2*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^3) + d^2*cos(a/b)
*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b*c) - 2*d*e*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(2*a/b
+ 2*arcsin(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b*c^2) - e^2*cos(a/b)^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(
3*a/b + 3*arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^3) + 2*d*e*cos(a/b)^2*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*a
rcsin(c*x))/(b*c^2) + d^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b*c) +
3/4*e^2*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^3) + 1/4*e^2*co
s(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^3) + 1/4*e^2*sin(a/b)*sin_inte
gral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^3) - d*e*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(c*
x))/(b*c^2) + 1/4*e^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^3)
```

**3.17.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+b\operatorname{asin}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c*x)),x)`output `int((d + e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c*x)), x)`

### 3.18 $\int \frac{d+ex}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx$

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#### 3.18.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx = \frac{d \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc} - \frac{e \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2bc^2} + \frac{d \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc} + \frac{e \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(cx)\right)}{2bc^2}$$

output `d*Ci(a/b+arcsin(c*x))*cos(a/b)/b/c+1/2*e*cos(2*a/b)*Si(2*a/b+2*arcsin(c*x))/b/c^2+d*Si(a/b+arcsin(c*x))*sin(a/b)/b/c-1/2*e*Ci(2*a/b+2*arcsin(c*x))*sin(2*a/b)/b/c^2`

#### 3.18.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx = \frac{2cd \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right) - e \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) + 2cd \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{2bc^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`



output  $(2*c*d*\text{Cos}[a/b]*\text{CosIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c*x]] - e*\text{CosIntegral}[2*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c*x])]*\text{Sin}[(2*a)/b] + 2*c*d*\text{Sin}[a/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c*x]] + e*\text{Cos}[(2*a)/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[2*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c*x])])/(2*b*c^2)$

### 3.18.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$ , Rules used = {5246, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx$$

↓ 5246

$$\frac{\int \frac{(cd+ce x)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2}$$

↓ 7293

$$\frac{\int \left( \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}d}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} + \frac{ce x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} \right) d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{cd \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right) - \frac{e \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(cx)\right)}{2b} + \frac{cd \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{b} + \frac{e \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(cx)\right)}{2b}}{c^2}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)/(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]), x]$

output  $((c*d*\text{Cos}[a/b]*\text{CosIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c*x]])/b - (e*\text{CosIntegral}[(2*a)/b + 2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]]*\text{Sin}[(2*a)/b])/(2*b) + (c*d*\text{Sin}[a/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c*x]])/b + (e*\text{Cos}[(2*a)/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[(2*a)/b + 2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]])/(2*b))/c^2$

### 3.18.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5246 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*cos[x]*(c*d + e*sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 7293 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]
```

### 3.18.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	S
derivativedivides	$\frac{d\left(\operatorname{Si}\left(\arcsin(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)+\operatorname{Ci}\left(\arcsin(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\right)}{b} + \frac{e\left(\operatorname{Si}\left(2\arcsin(cx)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)-\operatorname{Ci}\left(2\arcsin(cx)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\right)}{2cb}$	1
default	$\frac{d\left(\operatorname{Si}\left(\arcsin(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)+\operatorname{Ci}\left(\arcsin(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\right)}{b} + \frac{e\left(\operatorname{Si}\left(2\arcsin(cx)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)-\operatorname{Ci}\left(2\arcsin(cx)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\right)}{2cb}$	1

```
input int((e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/c*(d*(Si(arcsin(c*x)+a/b)*sin(a/b)+Ci(arcsin(c*x)+a/b)*cos(a/b))/b+1/2/c*e*(Si(2*arcsin(c*x)+2*a/b)*cos(2*a/b)-Ci(2*arcsin(c*x)+2*a/b)*sin(2*a/b))/b)
```

### 3.18.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{b \arcsin(cx) + a} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e*x + d)/(b*arcsin(c*x) + a), x)
```

---

3.18.  $\int \frac{d+ex}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx$

### 3.18.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{d + ex}{a + b \sin(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)/(a + b*asin(c*x)), x)`

### 3.18.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{b \arcsin(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)/(b*arcsin(c*x) + a), x)`

### 3.18.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{d + ex}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx = & \frac{d \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc} \\ & - \frac{e \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{bc^2} \\ & + \frac{e \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc^2} \\ & + \frac{d \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc} - \frac{e \text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(cx)\right)}{2bc^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `d*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b*c) - e*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b*c^2) + e*cos(a/b)^2*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^2) + d*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b*c) - 1/2*e*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(c*x))/(b*c^2)`

**3.18.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{d+ex}{a+b \operatorname{asin}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(a + b*asin(c*x)),x)`output `int((d + e*x)/(a + b*asin(c*x)), x)`

### 3.19 $\int \frac{1}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx$

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3.19.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	300

#### 3.19.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{bc} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{bc}$$

output `Ci((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b)*cos(a/b)/b/c+Si((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b)*sin(a/b)/b/c`

#### 3.19.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(-1), x]`

output `(Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c*x]] + Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c*x]])/(b*c)`

### 3.19.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.700$ , Rules used = {5134, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5134} \\
 & \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\
 & \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a + b \arcsin(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3780} \\
 & \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3783} \\
 & \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{bc}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(-1),x]`

output `(Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/b] + Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/b])/(b*c)`

### 3.19.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 5134 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

### 3.19.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\text{Si}\left(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b} + \frac{\text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b}}{c}$	48
default	$\frac{\frac{\text{Si}\left(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b} + \frac{\text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b}}{c}$	48

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c*(Si(arcsin(c*x)+a/b)*sin(a/b)/b+Ci(arcsin(c*x)+a/b)*cos(a/b)/b)`

### 3.19.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \arcsin(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*arcsin(c*x) + a), x)`

### 3.19.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a + b*asin(c*x)), x)`



**3.19.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \arcsin(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(b*arcsin(c*x) + a), x)`

**3.19.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{bc}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b*c) + sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b*c)`

**3.19.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(c*x)), x)`

### 3.20 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b \arcsin(cx))} dx$

3.20.1	Optimal result	301
3.20.2	Mathematica [N/A]	301
3.20.3	Rubi [N/A]	302
3.20.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	302
3.20.5	Fricas [N/A]	303
3.20.6	Sympy [N/A]	303
3.20.7	Maxima [N/A]	303
3.20.8	Giac [N/A]	304
3.20.9	Mupad [N/A]	304

#### 3.20.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b \arcsin(cx))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x)`

#### 3.20.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b \arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b \arcsin(cx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])), x]`

### 3.20.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5300}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx$$

↓ 5300

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

#### 3.20.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5300 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_.*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[u*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

### 3.20.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 3.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex+d)(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x)`

**3.20.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex+d)(b\arcsin(cx)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(a*e*x + a*d + (b*e*x + b*d)*arcsin(c*x)), x)`**3.20.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`output `Integral(1/((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`**3.20.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex+d)(b\arcsin(cx)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((e*x + d)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)), x)`

**3.20.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex+d)(b\arcsin(cx)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((e*x + d)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)), x)`**3.20.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)), x)`

### 3.21 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))} dx$

3.21.1	Optimal result	305
3.21.2	Mathematica [N/A]	305
3.21.3	Rubi [N/A]	306
3.21.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	306
3.21.5	Fricas [N/A]	307
3.21.6	Sympy [N/A]	307
3.21.7	Maxima [N/A]	307
3.21.8	Giac [N/A]	308
3.21.9	Mupad [N/A]	308

#### 3.21.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x)`

#### 3.21.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])), x]`

### 3.21.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5300}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx$$

↓ 5300

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

#### 3.21.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5300 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[u*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

### 3.21.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex+d)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x)`

**3.21.5 Fracas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex+d)^2(b\arcsin(cx)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(a*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*d^2 + (b*e^2*x^2 + 2*b*d*e*x + b*d^2)*arcsin(c*x)), x)`**3.21.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`output `Integral(1/((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)**2), x)`**3.21.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex+d)^2(b\arcsin(cx)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((e*x + d)^2*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)), x)`

---

3.21.  $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx$



**3.21.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex+d)^2(b\arcsin(cx)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((e*x + d)^2*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)), x)`**3.21.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d+ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^2),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

### 3.22 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$

3.22.1	Optimal result	309
3.22.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	310
3.22.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	310
3.22.4	Maple [A] (verified)	312
3.22.5	Fricas [F]	313
3.22.6	Sympy [F]	313
3.22.7	Maxima [F]	313
3.22.8	Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	314
3.22.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	314

#### 3.22.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 362

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = -\frac{d^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b \arcsin(cx))} - \frac{2dex \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b \arcsin(cx))} - \frac{e^2 x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b \arcsin(cx))} + \frac{2de \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{d^2 \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^2 c} + \frac{e^2 \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4b^2 c^3} - \frac{3e^2 \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{4b^2 c^3} - \frac{d^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2 c} - \frac{e^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{4b^2 c^3} + \frac{2de \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{3e^2 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{b}\right)}{4b^2 c^3}$$

output `2*d*e*Ci(2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b)*cos(2*a/b)/b^2/c^2-d^2*cos(a/b)*Si((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b)/b^2/c-1/4*e^2*cos(a/b)*Si((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b)/b^2/c^3+3/4*e^2*cos(3*a/b)*Si(3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b)/b^2/c^3+d^2*Ci((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b)*sin(a/b)/b^2/c+1/4*e^2*Ci((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b)*sin(a/b)/b^2/c^3+2*d*e*Si(2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b)*sin(2*a/b)/b^2/c^2-3/4*e^2*Ci(3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b)*sin(3*a/b)/b^2/c^3-d^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))-2*d*e*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))-e^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))`

### 3.22.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \frac{4bc^2d^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} + \frac{8bc^2dex\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} + \frac{4bc^2e^2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} - 8cde \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)\right) - (4c^2d^2 + e^2) \text{CosIntegral}\left[\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right] \sin\left[\frac{a}{b}\right] + 3e^2 \text{CosIntegral}\left[3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)\right] \sin\left[\frac{3a}{b}\right] + 4c^2d^2 \text{CosIntegral}\left[\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right] + e^2 \text{CosIntegral}\left[\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right] \sin\left[\frac{a}{b}\right] \text{SinIntegral}\left[\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right] - 8c^2d^2e \text{SinIntegral}\left[2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)\right] - 3e^2 \text{CosIntegral}\left[3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)\right] \text{SinIntegral}\left[3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)\right] \right) / (b^2c^3)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/4*((4*b*c^2*d^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + (8*b*c^2*d*e*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + (4*b*c^2*e^2*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) - 8*c*d*e*Cos[(2*a)/b]*CosIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c*x])] - (4*c^2*d^2 + e^2)*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c*x]]*Sin[a/b] + 3*e^2*CosIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcSin[c*x])]*Sin[(3*a)/b] + 4*c^2*d^2*Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c*x]] + e^2*Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c*x]] - 8*c^2*d^2*e*Sin[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c*x])] - 3*e^2*Cos[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcSin[c*x])])/(b^2*c^3)`

### 3.22.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {5244, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.22.  $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5244} \\
& \int \left( \frac{d^2}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} + \frac{2dex}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} + \frac{e^2x^2}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} \right) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{e^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{4b^2c^3} - \frac{3e^2 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{b}\right)}{4b^2c^3} - \\
& \frac{e^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{4b^2c^3} + \frac{3e^2 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{b}\right)}{4b^2c^3} + \\
& \frac{2de \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2c^2} + \frac{2de \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2c^2} + \\
& \frac{d^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c} - \frac{d^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b\arcsin(cx))} - \\
& \frac{2dex\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b\arcsin(cx))} - \frac{e^2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b\arcsin(cx))}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `-((d^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(b*c*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))) - (2*d*e*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(b*c*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])) - (e^2*x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(b*c*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])) + (2*d*e*cos[(2*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/b])/(b^2*c^2) + (d^2*cosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/b]*Sin[a/b])/(b^2*c) + (e^2*cosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/b]*Sin[a/b])/(4*b^2*c^3) - (3*e^2*cosIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/b]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/(4*b^2*c^3) - (d^2*cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/b])/(b^2*c) - (e^2*cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/b])/(4*b^2*c^3) + (2*d*e*sin[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/b])/(b^2*c^2) + (3*e^2*cos[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/b])/(4*b^2*c^3)`

## 3.22.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5244 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_.))^m_., x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

## 3.22.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 526, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{4 \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \cos(\frac{a}{b}) b c^2 d^2 - 4 \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \sin(\frac{a}{b}) b c^2 d^2 - 8 \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) \cos(\frac{a}{b}) b c^2 d^2 - 8 \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) \sin(\frac{a}{b}) b c^2 d^2}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}$
default	$-\frac{4 \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \cos(\frac{a}{b}) b c^2 d^2 - 4 \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \sin(\frac{a}{b}) b c^2 d^2 - 8 \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) \cos(\frac{a}{b}) b c^2 d^2 - 8 \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) \sin(\frac{a}{b}) b c^2 d^2}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-\frac{1}{4} \frac{4 \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \cos(\frac{a}{b}) b c^2 d^2 - 4 \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \sin(\frac{a}{b}) b c^2 d^2 - 8 \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) \cos(\frac{a}{b}) b c^2 d^2 - 8 \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) \sin(\frac{a}{b}) b c^2 d^2 + 4 \operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \cos(\frac{a}{b}) a c^2 d^2 - 4 \operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \sin(\frac{a}{b}) a c^2 d^2 + 4 (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} b c^2 d^2 + \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \cos(\frac{a}{b}) b e^{-2 \arcsin(cx)} \operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \sin(\frac{a}{b}) b e^{-2 \arcsin(cx)} - 3 \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Si}(3 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}) \cos(\frac{3a}{b}) b e^{-2 \arcsin(cx)} \operatorname{Ci}(3 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}) \sin(\frac{3a}{b}) b e^{-2 \arcsin(cx)} - 8 \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) \sin(\frac{2a}{b}) a c^2 d e - 8 \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}) \cos(\frac{2a}{b}) a c^2 d e + \operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \cos(\frac{a}{b}) a e^{-2 \arcsin(cx)} - \operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \sin(\frac{a}{b}) a e^{-2 \arcsin(cx)} + 4 \sin(2 \arcsin(cx)) b c^2 d e - 3 \operatorname{Si}(3 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}) \cos(\frac{3a}{b}) a e^{-2 \arcsin(cx)} + 3 \operatorname{Ci}(3 \arcsin(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}) \sin(\frac{3a}{b}) a e^{-2 \arcsin(cx)} + (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} b e^{-2 \arcsin(cx)} - \cos(3 \arcsin(cx)) b e^{-2 \arcsin(cx)}}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}$$

## 3.22.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{(b\arcsin(cx)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)/(b^2*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(c*x) + a^2), x)`

## 3.22.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+b\operatorname{asin}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**2/(a + b*asin(c*x))**2, x)`

## 3.22.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^2}{(b\arcsin(cx)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-((e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1) - (b^2*c*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)) + a*b*c)*integrate((3*c^2*e^2*x^3 + 4*c^2*d*e*x^2 - 2*d*e + (c^2*d^2 - 2*e^2)*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(a*b*c^3*x^2 - a*b*c + (b^2*c^3*x^2 - b^2*c)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))), x))/(b^2*c*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)) + a*b*c)`

### 3.22.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1276 vs.  $2(348) = 696$ .

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1276, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
4*b*c*d*e*arcsin(c*x)*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) - 3*b*e^2*arcsin(c*x)*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*c^3*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) + b*c^2*d^2*arcsin(c*x)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*c^3*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) + 3*b*e^2*arcsin(c*x)*cos(a/b)^3*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) + 4*b*c*d*e*arcsin(c*x)*cos(a/b)*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) - b*c^2*d^2*arcsin(c*x)*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) + 4*a*c*d*e*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) - 3*a*e^2*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*c^3*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) + a*c^2*d^2*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*c^3*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) + 3*a*e^2*cos(a/b)^3*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) + 4*a*c*d*e*cos(a/b)*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) - a*c^2*d^2*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) - 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*c^2*d*e*x/(b^3*c^3*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) - 2*b*c*d*e*arcsin(c*x)*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) + 3/4*b*e^2*arcsin(c*x)*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*c^3*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) + 1/4*b*e^2*arcsin(c*x)*c...
```

### 3.22.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c*x))^2, x)`

### 3.23 $\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$

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#### 3.23.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b \arcsin(cx))} - \frac{ex\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b \arcsin(cx))} + \frac{e \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2c^2} + \frac{d \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^2c} - \frac{d \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c} + \frac{e \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2c^2}$$

output

```
e*Ci(2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b)*cos(2*a/b)/b^2/c^2-d*cos(a/b)*Si((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b)/b^2/c+d*Ci((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b)*sin(a/b)/b^2/c+e*Si(2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b)*sin(2*a/b)/b^2/c^2-d*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))-e*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))
```



### 3.23.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{bc(d+ex)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} + e \log(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + cd(\text{CosIntegral}(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)) \sin(\frac{a}{b}) - \cos(\frac{a}{b}) \text{Si}(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)))}{b^2c^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(-((b*c*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])) + e*Log[a + b*ArcSin[c*x]] + c*d*(CosIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c*x]]*Sin[a/b] - Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c*x]]) + e*(Cos[(2*a)/b]*CosIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c*x])] - Log[a + b*ArcSin[c*x]] + Sin[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c*x])]))/(b^2*c^2)`

### 3.23.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {5244, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5244}$$

$$\int \left( \frac{d}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} + \frac{ex}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{e \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2c^2} + \frac{e \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2c^2} +$$

$$\frac{d \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c} - \frac{d \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a + b \arcsin(cx))} -$$

$$\frac{ex\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a + b \arcsin(cx))}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `-((d*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(b*c*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))) - (e*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(b*c*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])) + (e*cos[(2*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/b])/b^2*c^2 + (d*cosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/b]*sin[a/b])/b^2*c - (d*cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/b])/b^2*c + (e*sin[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/b])/b^2*c^2`

### 3.23.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5244 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n]*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^m, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

### 3.23.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{d \left( \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Si} \left( \arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b} \right) \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) b - \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Ci} \left( \arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b} \right) \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) b + \operatorname{Si} \left( \arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b} \right) \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) a - \operatorname{Ci} \left( \arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b} \right) \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) a}{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) b^2}$
default	$\frac{d \left( \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Si} \left( \arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b} \right) \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) b - \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Ci} \left( \arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b} \right) \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) b + \operatorname{Si} \left( \arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b} \right) \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) a - \operatorname{Ci} \left( \arcsin(cx) + \frac{a}{b} \right) \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) a}{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) b^2}$

input `int((e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c*(-d*(arcsin(c*x)*Si(arcsin(c*x)+a/b)*cos(a/b)*b-arcsin(c*x)*Ci(arcsin(c*x)+a/b)*sin(a/b)*b+Si(arcsin(c*x)+a/b)*cos(a/b)*a-Ci(arcsin(c*x)+a/b)*sin(a/b)*a+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*b)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b^2+1/2/c*e*(2*arcsin(c*x)*Si(2*arcsin(c*x)+2*a/b)*sin(2*a/b)*b+2*arcsin(c*x)*Ci(2*arcsin(c*x)+2*a/b)*cos(2*a/b)*b+2*Si(2*arcsin(c*x)+2*a/b)*sin(2*a/b)*a+2*Ci(2*arcsin(c*x)+2*a/b)*cos(2*a/b)*a-sin(2*arcsin(c*x))*b)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b^2)`

**3.23.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x + d)/(b^2*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(c*x) + a^2), x)`

**3.23.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{d + ex}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)/(a + b*asin(c*x))**2, x)`

**3.23.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{ex + d}{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*(e*x + d) - (b^2*c*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)) + a*b*c)*integrate((2*c^2*e*x^2 + c^2*d*x - e)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(a*b*c^3*x^2 - a*b*c + (b^2*c^3*x^2 - b^2*c)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))), x))/(b^2*c*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)) + a*b*c)`

**3.23.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 554 vs.  $2(177) = 354$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 554, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \frac{2be\arcsin(cx)\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2\text{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b}+2\arcsin(cx)\right)}{b^3c^2\arcsin(cx)+ab^2c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{bcd\arcsin(cx)\text{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b}+\arcsin(cx)\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^3c^2\arcsin(cx)+ab^2c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2be\arcsin(cx)\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b}+2\arcsin(cx)\right)}{b^3c^2\arcsin(cx)+ab^2c^2}$$

$$- \frac{bcd\arcsin(cx)\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b}+\arcsin(cx)\right)}{b^3c^2\arcsin(cx)+ab^2c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2ae\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2\text{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b}+2\arcsin(cx)\right)}{b^3c^2\arcsin(cx)+ab^2c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{acd\text{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b}+\arcsin(cx)\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^3c^2\arcsin(cx)+ab^2c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2ae\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b}+2\arcsin(cx)\right)}{b^3c^2\arcsin(cx)+ab^2c^2}$$

$$- \frac{acd\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b}+\arcsin(cx)\right)}{b^3c^2\arcsin(cx)+ab^2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}bce}{b^3c^2\arcsin(cx)+ab^2c^2}$$

$$- \frac{be\arcsin(cx)\text{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b}+2\arcsin(cx)\right)}{b^3c^2\arcsin(cx)+ab^2c^2}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}bcd}{b^3c^2\arcsin(cx)+ab^2c^2} - \frac{ae\text{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b}+2\arcsin(cx)\right)}{b^3c^2\arcsin(cx)+ab^2c^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*b*e*arcsin(c*x)*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c^2*
arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^2) + b*c*d*arcsin(c*x)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x
))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*c^2*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^2) + 2*b*e*arcsin(c*x)*cos(a/b)
*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c^2*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2
*c^2) - b*c*d*arcsin(c*x)*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c^
2*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^2) + 2*a*e*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsi
n(c*x))/(b^3*c^2*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^2) + a*c*d*cos_integral(a/b + arcsi
n(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*c^2*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^2) + 2*a*e*cos(a/b)*sin(a/
b)*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c^2*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^2) -
a*c*d*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c^2*arcsin(c*x) + a*b
^2*c^2) - sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*c*e*x/(b^3*c^2*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^2) - b
*e*arcsin(c*x)*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c^2*arcsin(c*x) +
a*b^2*c^2) - sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*c*d/(b^3*c^2*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^2) -
a*e*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c^2*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c^2)

```

### 3.23.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{d + ex}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(a + b*asin(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((d + e*x)/(a + b*asin(c*x))^2, x)`

### 3.24 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$

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#### 3.24.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{bc(a + b \arcsin(cx))} + \frac{\text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^2c} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c}$$

output `-cos(a/b)*Si((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b)/b^2/c+Ci((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b)*sin(a/b)/b^2/c-(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))`

#### 3.24.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} + \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{b^2c}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(-2),x]`

output `(-((b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])) + CosIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c*x]]*Sin[a/b] - Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c*x]])/(b^2*c)`

### 3.24.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.900$ , Rules used = {5132, 5224, 25, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5132} \\
 & -\frac{c \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))} dx}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b \arcsin(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5224} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{b^2c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b \arcsin(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{b^2c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b \arcsin(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{b^2c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b \arcsin(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\
 & \frac{-\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a+b \arcsin(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\frac{b^2c}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a+b \arcsin(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\frac{b^2c}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.24.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a+b \arcsin(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\frac{b^2 c}{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} bc(a+b \arcsin(cx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3780} \\
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} d(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{b^2 c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{bc(a+b \arcsin(cx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3783} \\
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2 c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{bc(a+b \arcsin(cx))}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(-2),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/(b*c*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))) - (-(CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/b]*Sin[a/b]) + Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/b])/(b^2*c)`

### 3.24.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`



rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 5132 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5224 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

### 3.24.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))b} - \frac{\operatorname{Si}\left(\arcsin(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) - \operatorname{Ci}\left(\arcsin(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^2}}{c}$	76
default	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))b} - \frac{\operatorname{Si}\left(\arcsin(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) - \operatorname{Ci}\left(\arcsin(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^2}}{c}$	76

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c*(-(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/b-(Si(arcsin(c*x)+a/b)*cos(a/b)-Ci(arcsin(c*x)+a/b)*sin(a/b))/b^2)`

**3.24.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^2*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(c*x) + a^2), x)`

**3.24.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**(-2), x)`

**3.24.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((b^2*c^2*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)) + a*b*c^2)*integrate(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x/(a*b*c^2*x^2 - a*b + (b^2*c^2*x^2 - b^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))), x) - sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(b^2*c*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)) + a*b*c)`

**3.24.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 192 vs. 2(84) = 168.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \frac{b \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^3 c \arcsin(cx) + ab^2 c} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{b^3 c \arcsin(cx) + ab^2 c} + \frac{a \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^3 c \arcsin(cx) + ab^2 c} - \frac{a \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(cx)\right)}{b^3 c \arcsin(cx) + ab^2 c} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b}{b^3 c \arcsin(cx) + ab^2 c}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b*arcsin(c*x)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*c*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c) - b*arcsin(c*x)*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c) + a*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*c*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c) - a*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(c*x))/(b^3*c*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c) - sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b/(b^3*c*arcsin(c*x) + a*b^2*c)`

**3.24.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(c*x))^2, x)`

### 3.25 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$

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#### 3.25.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x)`

#### 3.25.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 10.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2), x]`

### 3.25.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5300}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 5300

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

#### 3.25.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5300 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_.*(u_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[u*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

### 3.25.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 5.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex+d)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x)`

**3.25.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex+d)(b\arcsin(cx)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(a^2*e*x + a^2*d + (b^2*e*x + b^2*d)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*e*x + a*b*d)*arcsin(c*x)), x)`**3.25.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2(d+ex)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)`output `Integral(1/((a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(d + e*x)), x)`**3.25.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.50

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex+d)(b\arcsin(cx)+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((a*b*c*e*x + a*b*c*d + (b^2*c*e*x + b^2*c*d)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)))*integrate((c^2*d*x + e)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(a*b*c^3*e^2*x^4 + 2*a*b*c^3*d*e*x^3 - 2*a*b*c*d*e*x - a*b*c*d^2 + (a*b*c^3*d^2 - a*b*c*e^2)*x^2 + (b^2*c^3*e^2*x^4 + 2*b^2*c^3*d*e*x^3 - 2*b^2*c*d*e*x - b^2*c*d^2 + (b^2*c^3*d^2 - b^2*c*e^2)*x^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))), x) - sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(a*b*c*e*x + a*b*c*d + (b^2*c*e*x + b^2*c*d)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)))`

### 3.25.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex + d)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x + d)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2), x)`

### 3.25.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (d + ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x)), x)`

$$3.26 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

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### 3.26.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x)`

### 3.26.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 12.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2), x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2), x]`



### 3.26.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5300}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 5300

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

#### 3.26.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5300 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_.*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[u*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

### 3.26.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex+d)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x)`

**3.26.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex+d)^2(b\arcsin(cx)+a)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(1/(a^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*d*e*x + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*d*e*x + b^2*d^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*d*e*x + a*b*d^2)*arcsin(c*x)), x)
```

**3.26.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 6.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2(d+ex)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)
```

```
output Integral(1/((a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(d + e*x)**2), x)
```

**3.26.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 426, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex+d)^2(b\arcsin(cx)+a)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output  $-\left((a*b*c*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*e*x + a*b*c*d^2 + (b^2*c*e^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*e*x + b^2*c*d^2)*\arctan2(c*x, \sqrt{c*x + 1})*\sqrt{-c*x + 1})\right)*\int\left(\frac{c^2*e*x^2 - c^2*d*x - 2*e}{(d + e*x)^2(a + b*\arcsin(cx))^2}\right)dx + \sqrt{c*x + 1}*\sqrt{-c*x + 1}/(a*b*c*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*e*x + a*b*c*d^2 + (b^2*c*e^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*e*x + b^2*c*d^2)*\arctan2(c*x, \sqrt{c*x + 1})*\sqrt{-c*x + 1}))$

### 3.26.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex + d)^2(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x + d)^2*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2), x)`

### 3.26.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x)^2), x)`

### 3.27 $\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

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#### 3.27.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e(1 + m)} - \frac{2bc \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(d+ex)^{1+m} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}, x\right)}{e(1 + m)}$$

output `(e*x+d)^(1+m)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/e/(1+m)-2*b*c*Unintegrable((e*x+d)^(1+m)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)/e/(1+m)`

#### 3.27.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 11.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2, x]`

### 3.27.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5242, 5300}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5242}$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{m+1} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e(m + 1)} - \frac{2bc \int \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e(m + 1)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5300}$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{m+1} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e(m + 1)} - \frac{2bc \int \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e(m + 1)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

#### 3.27.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5242 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5300 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[u*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

**3.27.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ex + d)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x)`output `int((e*x+d)^m*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x)`**3.27.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((b^2*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(c*x) + a^2)*(e*x + d)^m, x)`**3.27.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 14.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (d + ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)`output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(d + e*x)**m, x)`

**3.27.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.61

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(e*x + d)^(m + 1)*a^2/(e*(m + 1)) + ((b^2*e*x + b^2*d)*(e*x + d)^m*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + (e*m + e)*integrate(2*((b^2*c*e*x + b^2*c*d)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*(e*x + d)^m*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)) - (a*b*e*m + a*b*e - (a*b*c^2*e*m + a*b*c^2*e)*x^2)*(e*x + d)^m*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)))/((c^2*e*m + c^2*e)*x^2 - e*m - e), x))/(e*m + e)`

**3.27.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 (ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

**3.27.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (d + ex)^m dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x)^m,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x)^m, x)`



### 3.28 $\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.28.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{bc(d + ex)^{2+m} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c(d+ex)}{cd-e}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(2 + m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 3 + m, \frac{c(d+ex)}{cd-e}, \frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}\right)}{e^2(1 + m)(2 + m)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} + \frac{(d + ex)^{1+m}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e(1 + m)}$$

output  $(e*x+d)^{(1+m)}*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))/e/(1+m)-b*c*(e*x+d)^{(2+m)}*\operatorname{AppellF1}(2+m, 1/2, 1/2, 3+m, c*(e*x+d)/(c*d-e), c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))*(1-c*(e*x+d)/(c*d-e))^{(1/2)}*(1-c*(e*x+d)/(c*d+e))^{(1/2)}/e^2/(1+m)/(2+m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}$

#### 3.28.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]), x]`

output `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]), x]`

### 3.28.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {5242, 513, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5242} \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^{m+1} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e(m + 1)} - \frac{bc \int \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e(m + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{513} \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^{m+1} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e(m + 1)} - \frac{bc \int \frac{(d+ex)^{m+1}}{\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx}{e(m + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{156} \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^{m+1} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e(m + 1)} - \frac{b(cd + e)(d + ex)^m \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}\right)^{-m} \int \frac{\left(\frac{cd}{cd+e} + \frac{cex}{cd+e}\right)^{m+1}}{\sqrt{1-cx}\sqrt{cx+1}} dx}{e(m + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{155} \\
 & \frac{(d + ex)^{m+1} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e(m + 1)} + \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2}b\sqrt{1-cx}(cd + e)(d + ex)^m \left(\frac{c(d+ex)}{cd+e}\right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -m - 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - cx), \frac{e(1-cx)}{cd+e}\right)}{ce(m + 1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*b*(c*d + e)*Sqrt[1 - c*x]*(d + e*x)^m*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -1 - m, 3/2, (1 - c*x)/2, (e*(1 - c*x))/(c*d + e)]/(c*e*(1 + m)*((c*(d + e*x))/(c*d + e))^m) + ((d + e*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(e*(1 + m))`

## 3.28.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 155 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*
Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/
(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simpl
ify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplrQ[c + d
*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c
- e*d)], 0] && SimplrQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])
```

```
rule 156 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p
]*(b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Si
mp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] &
& GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]
```

```
rule 513 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[(c + d*x)^n*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]
```

```
rule 5242 Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] -
Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n -
1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
&& NeQ[m, -1]
```

## 3.28.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (ex + d)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

```
input int((e*x+d)^m*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x)
```

```
output int((e*x+d)^m*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x)
```

**3.28.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(cx) + a)(ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

**3.28.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d + ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**m*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)**m, x)`

**3.28.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(cx) + a)(ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((e*x + d)*(e*x + d)^m*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)) + (e*m + e)*integrate((c*e*x + c*d)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*(e*x + d)^m/((c^2 *e*m + c^2*e)*x^2 - e*m - e), x))*b/(e*m + e) + (e*x + d)^(m + 1)*a/(e*(m + 1))`

**3.28.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(cx) + a)(ex + d)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)*(e*x + d)^m, x)`

**3.28.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^m (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d + ex)^m dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^m,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^m, x)`

### 3.29 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx$

3.29.1	Optimal result	345
3.29.2	Mathematica [N/A]	345
3.29.3	Rubi [N/A]	346
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3.29.5	Fricas [N/A]	347
3.29.6	Sympy [N/A]	347
3.29.7	Maxima [N/A]	347
3.29.8	Giac [N/A]	348
3.29.9	Mupad [N/A]	348

#### 3.29.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+b \arcsin(cx)}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((e*x+d)^m/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x)`

#### 3.29.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+b \arcsin(cx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]), x]`

**3.29.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5300}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx$$

↓ 5300

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.29.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5300 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*(u_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[u*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

**3.29.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 2.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{a + b \arcsin(cx)} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x)`

**3.29.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{b\arcsin(cx)+a} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e*x + d)^m/(b*arcsin(c*x) + a), x)
```

**3.29.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**m/(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)
```

```
output Integral((d + e*x)**m/(a + b*asin(c*x)), x)
```

**3.29.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{b\arcsin(cx)+a} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((e*x + d)^m/(b*arcsin(c*x) + a), x)
```



**3.29.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{b\arcsin(cx)+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/(b*arcsin(c*x) + a), x)`

**3.29.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+b\arcsin(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{a+b\operatorname{asin}(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m/(a + b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^m/(a + b*asin(c*x)), x)`

### 3.30 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$

3.30.1	Optimal result	349
3.30.2	Mathematica [N/A]	349
3.30.3	Rubi [N/A]	350
3.30.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	350
3.30.5	Fricas [N/A]	351
3.30.6	Sympy [N/A]	351
3.30.7	Maxima [N/A]	351
3.30.8	Giac [N/A]	352
3.30.9	Mupad [N/A]	352

#### 3.30.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(d+ex)^m}{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((e*x+d)^m/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x)`

#### 3.30.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(d + e*x)^m/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2, x]`

### 3.30.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5300}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 5300

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^m/(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

#### 3.30.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5300 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n_.*(u_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[u*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

### 3.30.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^m/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((e*x+d)^m/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x)`

**3.30.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{(b\arcsin(cx)+a)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((e*x + d)^m/(b^2*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(c*x) + a^2), x)
```

**3.30.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 15.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**m/(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)
```

```
output Integral((d + e*x)**m/(a + b*asin(c*x))**2, x)
```

**3.30.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.17

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^m}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^m}{(b\arcsin(cx)+a)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output  $-(\sqrt{cx + 1})\sqrt{-cx + 1}(ex + d)^m - (b^2c \arctan2(cx, \sqrt{cx + 1})\sqrt{-cx + 1}) + a*bc) \int ((c^2dx + (c^2em + c^2e)x^2 - em)\sqrt{cx + 1}\sqrt{-cx + 1}(ex + d)^m / (a*bc^3ex^3 + a*bc^3d*x^2 - a*bc*ex - a*bc*d + (b^2c^3ex^3 + b^2c^3d*x^2 - b^2c*ex - b^2c*d) \arctan2(cx, \sqrt{cx + 1})\sqrt{-cx + 1})), x) / (b^2c \arctan2(cx, \sqrt{cx + 1})\sqrt{-cx + 1}) + a*bc)$

### 3.30.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^m}{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^m/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^m/(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2, x)`

### 3.30.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^m}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int((d + e*x)^m/(a + b*asin(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((d + e*x)^m/(a + b*asin(c*x))^2, x)`

### 3.31 $\int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

3.31.1	Optimal result	353
3.31.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	354
3.31.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	355
3.31.4	Maple [C] (verified)	356
3.31.5	Fricas [F]	357
3.31.6	Sympy [F]	358
3.31.7	Maxima [F]	358
3.31.8	Giac [F(-2)]	358
3.31.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	359

#### 3.31.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 669

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = & \frac{bf^2 gx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{2bg^3 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{15c^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 & - \frac{bcf^3 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{4 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{3bf g^2 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{16c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 & - \frac{bcf^2 g x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{bg^3 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{45c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 & - \frac{3bcf g^2 x^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{16 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{bcg^3 x^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{25 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{1}{2} f^3 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & - \frac{3f g^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{8c^2} \\
 & + \frac{3}{4} f g^2 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & - \frac{f^2 g (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2} \\
 & - \frac{g^3 (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^4} \\
 & + \frac{g^3 (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{5c^4} \\
 & + \frac{f^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4bc \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{3f g^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{16bc^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output  $\frac{1}{2}f^3x(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}-\frac{3}{8}f^2g^2x(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^2+\frac{3}{4}f^2g^2x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}-f^2g^2(-c^2x^2+1)(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^2-\frac{1}{3}g^3(-c^2x^2+1)(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^4+\frac{1}{5}g^3(-c^2x^2+1)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^4+b^2f^2g^2x(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+\frac{2}{15}b^2g^3x^2(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^3/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-\frac{1}{4}b^2c^2f^3x^2(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+\frac{3}{16}b^2f^2g^2x^2(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-\frac{1}{3}b^2c^2f^2g^2x^3(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+\frac{1}{45}b^2g^3x^3(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-\frac{3}{16}b^2c^2f^2g^2x^4(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-\frac{1}{25}b^2c^2g^3x^5(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+\frac{1}{4}f^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/b/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+\frac{3}{16}f^2g^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/b/c^3/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}$

### 3.31.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (225a^2(4c^3 f^3 + 3c f g^2) + 30ab\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(-16g^3 - c^2 g(120f^2 + 45f g x + 8g^2 x^2) + 6c^4 x(10f^3 + 20f^2 g x + 15f g^2 x^2 + 4g^3 x^3)) + b^2 c x(480g^3 + 5c^2 g(720f^2 + 135f g x + 16g^2 x^2) - 3c^4 x(300f^3 + 400f^2 g x + 225f g^2 x^2 + 48g^3 x^3)) + 30b^2(15a^2(4c^3 f^3 + 3c f g^2) + b^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(-16g^3 - c^2 g(120f^2 + 45f g x + 8g^2 x^2) + 6c^4 x(10f^3 + 20f^2 g x + 15f g^2 x^2 + 4g^3 x^3))) \operatorname{ArcSin}[cx] + 225b^2 c f(4c^2 f^2 + 3g^2) \operatorname{ArcSin}[cx]^2)}{(3600b^2 c^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^3*sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output  $(\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (225a^2(4c^3 f^3 + 3c f g^2) + 30a b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (-16g^3 - c^2 g (120f^2 + 45f g x + 8g^2 x^2) + 6c^4 x (10f^3 + 20f^2 g x + 15f g^2 x^2 + 4g^3 x^3)) + b^2 c x (480g^3 + 5c^2 g (720f^2 + 135f g x + 16g^2 x^2) - 3c^4 x (300f^3 + 400f^2 g x + 225f g^2 x^2 + 48g^3 x^3)) + 30b^2 (15a^2 (4c^3 f^3 + 3c f g^2) + b^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (-16g^3 - c^2 g (120f^2 + 45f g x + 8g^2 x^2) + 6c^4 x (10f^3 + 20f^2 g x + 15f g^2 x^2 + 4g^3 x^3))) \operatorname{ArcSin}[cx] + 225b^2 c f (4c^2 f^2 + 3g^2) \operatorname{ArcSin}[cx]^2) / (3600b^2 c^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})$

### 3.31.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5276$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 5262$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left( \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) f^3 + 3gx \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) f^2 + 3g^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) f + 3g^3 x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{3fg^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{16bc^3} + \frac{1}{2}f^3x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx)) - \frac{f^2g(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{3fg^2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{8c^2} \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^3*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((b*f^2*g*x)/c + (2*b*g^3*x)/(15*c^3) - (b*c*f^3*x^2)/4 + (3*b*f*g^2*x^2)/(16*c) - (b*c*f^2*g*x^3)/3 + (b*g^3*x^3)/(45*c) - (3*b*c*f*g^2*x^4)/16 - (b*c*g^3*x^5)/25 + (f^3*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/2 - (3*f*g^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(8*c^2) + (3*f*g^2*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/4 - (f^2*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c^2 - (g^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c^4) + (g^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(5*c^4) + (f^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(4*b*c) + (3*f*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(16*b*c^3))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]`



## 3.31.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

## 3.31.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1396, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1396
parts	Expression too large to display	1396

input `int((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

a*(f^3*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)
)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+g^3*(-1/5*x^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c^2/d-2/15/d
/c^4*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2))+3*f*g^2*(-1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c^2/d+1/4/
c^2*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x
/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)))-f^2*g*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c^2/d)+b*(-1/16*(-d*(c
^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*f*(4*c^2
*f^2+3*g^2)+1/800*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(16*c^6*x^6-28*c^4*x^4-16*I*(-c^2
*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^5*c^5+13*c^2*x^2+20*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^3*c^3-5*I*(-c^2
*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g^3*(I+5*arcsin(c*x))/c^4/(c^2*x^2-1)+3/256*(-d*(c^2
*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4+8*c^5*x^5+8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)*x^2*c^2-12*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x)*f*g^2*(4*arcsin(c*x)+
I)/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/288*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(4*c^4*x^4-5*c^2*x^2-4*I*c
^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+1)*g*(12*I*f^2*c^2+36
*arcsin(c*x)*c^2*f^2+I*g^2+3*arcsin(c*x)*g^2)/c^4/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/16*(-d*(c^
2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^3+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)-2*c*x)*f^3*(I+2*arcsin(c*x))/c/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/
2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g*(6*I*f^2*c^2+6*arcsin(c*x)*c^2*f
^2+I*g^2+arcsin(c*x)*g^2)/c^4/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I(
-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*g*(6*arcsin(c*x)*c^2*f^2-6*I*f^2*c^2+arcs
in(c*x)*g^2-I*g^2)/c^4/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*I*(-c...

```

### 3.31.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (f+gx)^3 \sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (gx+f)^3 (b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((a*g^3*x^3 + 3*a*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*a*f^2*g*x + a*f^3 + (b*g^3*x^3 + 3*b*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*b*f^2*g*x + b*f^3)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

**3.31.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1)} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (f + gx)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**3*(a+b*asin(c*x))*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x)**3, x)`

**3.31.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (gx + f)^3 (b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x + sqrt(d)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a*f^3 - 1/15*a*g^3*(3*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x^2/(c^2*d) + 2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(c^4*d)) + 3/8*a*f*g^2*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x/c^2 - 2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*arcsin(c*x)/c^3) - (-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a*f^2*g/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate((b*g^3*x^3 + 3*b*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*b*f^2*g*x + b*f^3)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)`

**3.31.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.31.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

### 3.32 $\int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.32.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 450

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\ &= \frac{2bfgx\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{3c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{bcf^2 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{4\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{bg^2 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{16c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\ & - \frac{2bcfgx^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{9\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{bcg^2 x^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{16\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{2} f^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\ & - \frac{g^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{8c^2} + \frac{1}{4} g^2 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\ & - \frac{2fg(1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^2} \\ & + \frac{f^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4bc\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{g^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{16bc^3\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output  $\frac{1}{2} f^2 x (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} - \frac{1}{8} g^2 x (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / c^2 + \frac{1}{4} g^2 x^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / c^2 + \frac{2}{3} b f g x^3 (-c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / c^2 + \frac{2}{3} b f g x^3 (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / c / (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} - \frac{1}{4} b c f^2 x^2 (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{16} b g^2 x^2 (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / c / (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} - \frac{2}{9} b c f g x^3 (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} - \frac{1}{16} b c g^2 x^4 (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{4} f^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / b c / (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{16} g^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / b c^3 / (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2}$

### 3.32.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( -36bcf^2 x^2 - 9bcg^2 x^4 - \frac{32bfgx(-3+c^2x^2)}{c} + 72f^2 x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + 36g^2 x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \right)}{144 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(-36*b*c*f^2*x^2 - 9*b*c*g^2*x^4 - (32*b*f*g*x*(-3 + c^2*x^2))/c + 72*f^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + 36*g^2*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) - (96*f*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c^2 + (36*f^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(b*c) + (9*g^2*(b*c^2*x^2 - 2*c*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/b))/c^3)/(144*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])`

### 3.32.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (f + gx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5276}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5262}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left( \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) f^2 + 2gx \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) f + g^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

---

3.32.  $\int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{g^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{16bc^3} + \frac{1}{2} f^2 x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) - \frac{2fg(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^2} - \frac{g^2 x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{8c^2} \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((2*b*f*g*x)/(3*c) - (b*c*f^2*x^2)/4 + (b*g^2*x^2)/(16*c) - (2*b*c*f*g*x^3)/9 - (b*c*g^2*x^4)/16 + (f^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/2 - (g^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(8*c^2) + (g^2*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/4 - (2*f*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c^2) + (f^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(4*b*c) + (g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(16*b*c^3))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]`

### 3.32.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.32.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 973, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

method	result
default	$a \left( f^2 \left( \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}{2} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2dx}}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c^2d}} \right) + g^2 \left( -\frac{x(-c^2dx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c^2d} + \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}{2} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2dx}}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}\right)}{4c^2} \right) \right)$
parts	$a \left( f^2 \left( \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}{2} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2dx}}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c^2d}} \right) + g^2 \left( -\frac{x(-c^2dx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c^2d} + \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}{2} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2dx}}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}\right)}{4c^2} \right) \right)$

input `int((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
a*(f^2*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)))+g^2*(-1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c^2/d+1/4/c^2*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)))-2/3*f*g*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c^2/d+b*(-1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*(4*c^2*f^2+g^2)+1/256*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4+8*c^5*x^5+8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2-12*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x)*g^2*(4*arcsin(c*x)+I)/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/36*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(4*c^4*x^4-5*c^2*x^2-4*I*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+1)*f*g*(I+3*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^3+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*f^2*(I+2*arcsin(c*x))/c/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/4*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*f*g*(arcsin(c*x)+I)/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/4*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*f*g*(arcsin(c*x)-I)/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*f^2*(-I+2*arcsin(c*x))/c/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/36*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(4*I*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c^4*x^4-3*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-5*c^2*x^2+1)*f*g*(-I+3*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/256*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^4*x^4+8*c^5*x^5-8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2-12*c^3*x^3+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x)*g^2*(-I+4*arc...
```



**3.32.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (gx + f)^2 (b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(a*g^2*x^2 + 2*a*f*g*x + a*f^2 + (b*g^2*x^2 + 2*b*f*g*x + b*f^2)*arcsin(c*x)), x)`

**3.32.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1)} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (f + gx)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2*(a+b*asin(c*x))*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x)**2, x)`

**3.32.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (gx + f)^2 (b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x + sqrt(d)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a*f^2 + 1/8*a*g^2*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x/c^2 - 2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*arcsin(c*x)/c^3) - 2/3*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a*f*g/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate((b*g^2*x^2 + 2*b*f*g*x + b*f^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)`

**3.32.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.32.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (f + gx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

### 3.33 $\int (f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.33.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int (f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{bgx\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}{3c\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} - \frac{bcfx^2\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}{4\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} - \frac{bcgx^3\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}{9\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}fx\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) - \frac{g(1 - c^2x^2)\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^2} + \frac{f\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

```
output 1/2*f*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/3*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+1/3*b*g*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/4*b*c*f*x^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/9*b*c*g*x^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/4*f*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
```

### 3.33.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int (f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( -9bcfx^2 - \frac{4bgx(-3+c^2x^2)}{c} + 18fx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) - \frac{12g(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2} + 9 \right)}{36\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(-9*b*c*f*x^2 - (4*b*g*x*(-3 + c^2*x^2))/c + 18*f*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) - (12*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c^2 + (9*f*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(b*c))/(36*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])`

### 3.33.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5276$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int (f + gx)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 5262$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left( f\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + gx\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{1}{2} f x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) - \frac{g(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^2} + \frac{f(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4bc} - \frac{1}{4} b c f x^2 - \frac{1}{9} b c g x^3 + \dots \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((b*g*x)/(3*c) - (b*c*f*x^2)/4 - (b*c*g*x^3)/9 + (f*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/2 - (g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c^2) + (f*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(4*b*c)))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]`

### 3.33.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.33.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 628, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

method	result
default	$\frac{afx\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}{2} + \frac{afd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2d}x}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c^2d}} - \frac{ag(-c^2dx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3c^2d} + b\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} \arcsin(cx)^2 f}{4c(c^2x^2-1)} + \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} \arcsin(cx) f}{4c(c^2x^2-1)} + \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} f}{4c(c^2x^2-1)}\right)$
parts	$\frac{afx\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}{2} + \frac{afd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2d}x}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c^2d}} - \frac{ag(-c^2dx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3c^2d} + b\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} \arcsin(cx)^2 f}{4c(c^2x^2-1)} + \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} \arcsin(cx) f}{4c(c^2x^2-1)} + \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} f}{4c(c^2x^2-1)}\right)$

```
input int((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*a*f*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*a*f*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))-1/3*a*g*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c^2/d+b*(-1/4*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*f+1/72*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(4*c^4*x^4-5*c^2*x^2-4*I*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+1)*g*(I+3*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^3+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*f*(I+2*arcsin(c*x))/c/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g*(arcsin(c*x)+I)/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*g*(arcsin(c*x)-I)/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*f*(-I+2*arcsin(c*x))/c/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/72*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(4*I*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c^4*x^4-3*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-5*c^2*x^2+1)*g*(-I+3*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1))
```

### 3.33.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{-c^2dx^2 + d}(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(a*g*x + a*f + (b*g*x + b*f)*arcsin(c*x)), x)
```

**3.33.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1)}(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x), x)`

**3.33.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x + sqrt(d)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a*f + sqrt(d)*integrate((b*g*x + b*f)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1), x) - 1/3*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a*g/(c^2*d)`

**3.33.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.33.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (f + g x) (a + b \arcsin(c x)) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`



$$3.34 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{f+gx} dx$$

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### 3.34.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 736

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{f+gx} dx \\
&= \frac{a\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{g} - \frac{bcx\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{g\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{g} \\
&+ \frac{cx\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bg\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} - \frac{\left(1-\frac{c^2f^2}{g^2}\right)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc(f+gx)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
&+ \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc(f+gx)} \\
&- \frac{a\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \arctan\left(\frac{g+c^2fx}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{g^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
&+ \frac{ib\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1-\frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{g^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
&- \frac{ib\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1-\frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{g^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
&+ \frac{b\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{g^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
&- \frac{b\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{g^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

---


$$3.34. \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{f+gx} dx$$

output

```

a*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g+b*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g-b*c*x*(-c^2*
d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*c*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^
2+d)^(1/2)/b/g/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/2*(1-c^2*f^2/g^2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*
(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-a*arctan((c^2*f*x+g)/(
c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(
1/2)/g^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+I*b*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)
/g^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-I*b*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*
g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/
(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+b*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^
2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)-b*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2))
*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*(a+b*
arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c/(g*x+f)

```

### 3.34.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( (c^2 f^2 - g^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + c^2 gx(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + g^2(1 - c^2 x^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \right)}{(2b^2 c^2 g^2 (f + gx) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(f + g*x),x]`

output

```

(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((c^2*f^2 - g^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 + c^2*g*x*(f +
g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 + g^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 - 2*
b*c*(f + g*x)*(b*c*g*x - g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) - I*Sqrt[
c^2*f^2 - g^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*(Log[1 + (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(-c*
f) + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) - Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c
^2*f^2 - g^2]]) - I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*
f^2 - g^2]]) + I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2
- g^2]])])))/(2*b*c*g^2*(f + g*x)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])

```

**3.34.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 517, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.226$ , Rules used = {5276, 5264, 25, 5256, 25, 5298, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{f+gx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{f+gx} dx}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5264} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{(1-c^2x^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc(f+gx)} - \int \frac{(gx^2c^2+2fxc^2+g)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(f+gx)^2} dx \right)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2} \left( \int \frac{(gx^2c^2+2fxc^2+g)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(f+gx)^2} dx + \frac{(1-c^2x^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc(f+gx)} \right)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5256} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2} \left( -2bc \int \frac{\left( \frac{1}{f+gx} - \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{f^2}{f+gx} + gx \right)}{g^2} \right) (a+b\arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\left( 1 - \frac{c^2 f^2}{g^2} \right) (a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{f+gx} + \frac{c^2 x (a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{g} + \frac{(1-c^2x^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2bc(f+gx)} \right)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{2bc \int \left( \frac{1}{f+gx} - \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{f^2}{f+gx} + gx \right)}{g^2} \right) (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{\left(1 - \frac{c^2 f^2}{g^2}\right) (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f+gx} + \frac{c^2 x (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{g} \right) + \frac{(1-c^2 x^2) (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2bc(f+gx)}$$

---


$$\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}$$

↓ 5298

$$\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{2bc \int \left( -\frac{b \arcsin(cx) (f^2 c^2 + g^2 x^2 c^2 + f g x c^2 - g^2)}{g^2 (f+gx) \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} - \frac{a (f^2 c^2 + g^2 x^2 c^2 + f g x c^2 - g^2)}{g^2 (f+gx) \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} \right) dx - \frac{\left(1 - \frac{c^2 f^2}{g^2}\right) (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f+gx} + \frac{c^2 x (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{g}}{2bc} \right)$$

---


$$\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{(1-c^2 x^2) (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc(f+gx)} + \frac{2bc \left( -\frac{a \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \arctan \left( \frac{c^2 f x + g}{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right)}{g^2} + \frac{a \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{g} + \frac{b \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right)}{g^2} \right)}{2bc} \right)$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(f + g*x),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(((1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c*(f + g*x)) + ((c^2*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/g - ((1 - (c^2*f^2)/g^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(f + g*x) + 2*b*c*(-((b*c*x)/g) + (a*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/g + (b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x])/g - (a*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*ArcTan[(g + c^2*f*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/g^2 + (I*b*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))]/g^2 - (I*b*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))]/g^2 + (b*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^2 - (b*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^2)/(2*b*c))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]`

## 3.34.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5256 `Int[(((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))^(n_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_) + (h_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2, x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f + g*x + h*x^2)^p/(d + e*x^2, x)]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n u, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[e*g - 2*d*h, 0]`
- rule 5264 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))^(n_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n + 1)) Int[(d*g*m + 2*e*f*x + e*g*(m + 2)*x^2)*(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 5276 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))^(n_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`
- rule 5298 `Int[(ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_) + (a_))^(n_)*(RFx_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p, RFx*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2]`

### 3.34.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 823, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
default	$a \left( \sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right)^2 c^2 d + \frac{2c^2 d f \left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right) - d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g}} + \frac{c^2 d f \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right)^2 c^2 d + \frac{2c^2 d f \left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right) - d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g}}}\right)}{g \sqrt{c^2 d}} + \frac{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2) \ln\left(\frac{-2d(c^2 f^2 - g^2) + \sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right)^2 c^2 d + \frac{2c^2 d f \left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right) - d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g}}}{-2d(c^2 f^2 - g^2) - \sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right)^2 c^2 d + \frac{2c^2 d f \left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right) - d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g}}}\right)}{g} \right)$
parts	$a \left( \sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right)^2 c^2 d + \frac{2c^2 d f \left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right) - d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g}} + \frac{c^2 d f \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right)^2 c^2 d + \frac{2c^2 d f \left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right) - d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g}}}\right)}{g \sqrt{c^2 d}} + \frac{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2) \ln\left(\frac{-2d(c^2 f^2 - g^2) + \sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right)^2 c^2 d + \frac{2c^2 d f \left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right) - d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g}}}{-2d(c^2 f^2 - g^2) - \sqrt{-\left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right)^2 c^2 d + \frac{2c^2 d f \left(x+\frac{f}{g}\right) - d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g}}}\right)}{g} \right)$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
)
```

```
output a/g*((-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)+c^2*d*f/g/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2))+d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2/(-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)+2*(-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2))/(x+f/g))+b*(-1/2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*f*c/g^2+1/2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*(arcsin(c*x)+I)/(c^2*x^2-1)/g+1/2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*(arcsin(c*x)-I)/(c^2*x^2-1)/g+I*(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(I*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*c*f+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g-(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2))/(I*c*f-(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)))-I*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*c*f+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2))/(I*c*f+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)))+dilog((I*c*f+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g-(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2))/(I*c*f-(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)))-dilog((I*c*f+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2))/(I*c*f+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)))/((c^2*x^2-1)/g^2)
```

3.34.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{f+gx} dx$

**3.34.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(g*x + f), x)`

**3.34.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1)}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(a + b*asin(c*x))/(f + g*x), x)`

**3.34.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(g-c*f>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**3.34.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.34.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{f + gx} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2))/(f + g*x),x)`

output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2))/(f + g*x), x)`



$$3.35 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(f+gx)^2} dx$$

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### 3.35.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 860

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(f+gx)^2} dx = & -\frac{a\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{g(f+gx)} - \frac{b\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}\arcsin(cx)}{g(f+gx)} \\
 & - \frac{ac^3f^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}\arcsin(cx)}{g^2(c^2f^2-g^2)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & - \frac{bc^3f^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}\arcsin(cx)^2}{2g^2(c^2f^2-g^2)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{(g+c^2fx)^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc(c^2f^2-g^2)(f+gx)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc(f+gx)^2} \\
 & + \frac{ac^2f\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}\arctan\left(\frac{g+c^2fx}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{g^2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & - \frac{ibc^2f\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}\arcsin(cx)\log\left(1-\frac{ie^{i\arcsin(cx)}g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{g^2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{ibc^2f\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}\arcsin(cx)\log\left(1-\frac{ie^{i\arcsin(cx)}g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{g^2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}\log(f+gx)}{g^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & - \frac{bc^2f\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{ie^{i\arcsin(cx)}g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{g^2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{bc^2f\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{ie^{i\arcsin(cx)}g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{g^2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-a*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g/(g*x+f)-b*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g/(g*x+f)-a*c^3*f^2*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(c^2*f^2-g^2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/2*b*c^3*f^2*arcsin(c*x)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(c^2*f^2-g^2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*(c^2*f*x+g)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c/(c^2*f^2-g^2)/(g*x+f)^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+b*c*ln(g*x+f)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*c^2*f*arctan((c^2*f*x+g)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-I*b*c^2*f*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+I*b*c^2*f*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-b*c^2*f*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+b*c^2*f*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c/(g*x+f)^2
```

### 3.35.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 600, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(f+gx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}}{g^2(f+gx)^2} \left( \frac{(c^2f^2-g^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{g^2(f+gx)^2} - \frac{2c^2f(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{g^2(f+gx)} + \frac{(1-c^2x^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(f+gx)^2} + \frac{4bc^3f}{g^2(f+gx)} \left( -i(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \left( \log \left( \frac{1-c^2x^2}{1-c^2x^2+2cx} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(f + g*x)^2,x]`

---

3.35.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(f+gx)^2} dx$

output  $(\sqrt{d - c^2 d x^2} * (((c^2 f^2 - g^2) * (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^2) / (g^2 (f + g x)^2) - (2 c^2 f (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^2) / (g^2 (f + g x)) + ((1 - c^2 x^2) * (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])^2) / (f + g x)^2 + (4 b c^3 f * ((-1) * (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]) * (\operatorname{Log}[1 + (I * E^{(I * \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]) * g}) / (-c f) + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}]] - \operatorname{Log}[1 - (I * E^{(I * \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]) * g}) / (c f + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}]] - b \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (I * E^{(I * \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]) * g}) / (c f - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}]] + b \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (I * E^{(I * \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]) * g}) / (c f + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}]])) / (g^2 \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}) + (2 * b c^2 * (-((g \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} * (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x])) / (c f + c g x)) + b \operatorname{Log}[f + g x] + (c f * (I * (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]) * (\operatorname{Log}[1 + (I * E^{(I * \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]) * g}) / (-c f) + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}]] - \operatorname{Log}[1 - (I * E^{(I * \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]) * g}) / (c f + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}]])) + b \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (I * E^{(I * \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]) * g}) / (c f - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}]] - b \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (I * E^{(I * \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]) * g}) / (c f + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}]])) / \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2})) / g^2)) / (2 * b * c * \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})$

### 3.35.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 632, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.226$ , Rules used = {5276, 5264, 27, 5254, 27, 5298, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(f + gx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(f + gx)^2} dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5264} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{(1 - c^2 x^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc(f + gx)^2} - \int \frac{2(fxc^2 + g)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)^3} dx \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{(fxc^2 + g)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)^3} dx}{bc} + \frac{(1 - c^2 x^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc(f + gx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.35.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(f + gx)^2} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 5254 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{(c^2fx+g)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{2(c^2f^2-g^2)(f+gx)^2} - \frac{2bc \int \frac{(fxc^2+g)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2(c^2f^2-g^2)(f+gx)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{bc} + \frac{(1-c^2x^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc(f+gx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{(c^2fx+g)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{2(c^2f^2-g^2)(f+gx)^2} - \frac{bc \int \frac{(fxc^2+g)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(f+gx)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{bc} + \frac{(1-c^2x^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc(f+gx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 \downarrow 5298 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{(c^2fx+g)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{2(c^2f^2-g^2)(f+gx)^2} - \frac{bc \int \left( \frac{b\arcsin(cx)(fxc^2+g)^2}{(f+gx)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{a(fxc^2+g)^2}{(f+gx)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) dx}{bc} + \frac{(1-c^2x^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc(f+gx)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{(1-c^2x^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc(f+gx)^2} + \frac{(c^2fx+g)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{2(c^2f^2-g^2)(f+gx)^2} - \frac{bc \left( \frac{ac^3f^2\arcsin(cx)}{g^2} - \frac{ac^2f\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}\arctan\left(\frac{c^2fx+g}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{g^2} \right)}{g^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(f + g*x)^2,x]`

```
output (Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(((1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c*(f + g*x)^2) + (((g + c^2*f*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)*(f + g*x)^2) - (b*c*((a*(c*f - g)*(c*f + g)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(g*(f + g*x)) + (a*c^3*f^2*ArcSin[c*x])/g^2 + (b*(c*f - g)*(c*f + g)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x])/(g*(f + g*x)) + (b*c^3*f^2*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/(2*g^2) - (a*c^2*f*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*ArcTan[(g + c^2*f*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/g^2 + (I*b*c^2*f*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^2 - (I*b*c^2*f*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^2 + b*c*(1 - (c^2*f^2)/g^2)*Log[f + g*x] + (b*c^2*f*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^2 - (b*c^2*f*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^2))/(c^2*f^2 - g^2)/(b*c))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]
```

### 3.35.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5254 Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f + g*x)^p*(d + e*x)^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n u, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m + p + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 5264 Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n + 1)) Int[(d*g*m + 2*e*f*x + e*g*(m + 2)*x^2)*(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 5276 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_
) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^
p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && Intege
rQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]
```

```
rule 5298 Int[(ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_.)*(Rfx_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p, Rfx*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[Rfx, x] && IGt
Q[n, 0] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2]
```

### 3.35.4 Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1352, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1352
parts	Expression too large to display	1352

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBO
SE)
```

output

```
a/g^2*(1/d/(c^2*f^2-g^2)*g^2/(x+f/g)*(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)
-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(3/2)-c^2*f*g/(c^2*f^2-g^2)*((-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2
*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)+c^2*d*f/g/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((
c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(
1/2))+d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2/(-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*d*(c^2*f^2-
g^2)/g^2+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)+2*(-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*(-(x+f/g)^2*c^
2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2))/(x+f/g))+2*c^2/(c^2*f
^2-g^2)*g^2*(-1/4*(-2*(x+f/g)*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g)/c^2/d*(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+
2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)-1/8*(4*c^2*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)
/g^2-4*c^4*d^2*f^2/g^2)/c^2/d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-(x+f/
g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2))))+b*(1/2*(-d*(c
^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*c/g^2-(-d*(c
^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)*(c^2*f*x
+g-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c*f)/(c^2*x^2-1)/g^2/(g*x+f)+(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2
)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(ln((I*c*f+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g-(-c^2*f^2+g^2
)^(1/2))/(I*c*f-(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)))*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)*c*
f-ln((I*c*f+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2))/(I*c*f+(-c^
2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)))*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)*c*f-I*dilog((I*c*f+(I*
c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g-(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2))/(I*c*f-(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2
)))*(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)*c*f+I*dilog((I*c*f+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*...
```

### 3.35.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(f+gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2+d}(b \arcsin(cx)+a)}{(gx+f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(b*arcsin(c*x)+a)/(g^2*x^2+2*f*g*x+f^2),x)`



**3.35.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(f + gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1)}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(f + gx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(a + b*asin(c*x))/(f + g*x)**2, x)`

**3.35.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(f + gx)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(g-c*f>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**3.35.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(f + gx)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.35.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(f+gx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}}{(f+gx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2))/(f + g*x)^2,x)`output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2))/(f + g*x)^2, x)`

### 3.36 $\int (f+gx)^3 (d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2} (a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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### 3.36.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 959

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{3bdf^2 gx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{5c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{2bdg^3 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{35c^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{5bcdf^3 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{16\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{3bdf g^2 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{32c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{2bcdf^2 g x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{5\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{bdg^3 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{105c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{bc^3 df^3 x^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{16\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{7bcdf g^2 x^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{32\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{3bc^3 df^2 g x^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{25\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{8bcdg^3 x^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{175\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{bc^3 df g^2 x^6 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{12\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{bc^3 dg^3 x^7 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{49\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{3}{8} df^3 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) - \frac{3df g^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{16c^2} \\
& + \frac{3}{8} df g^2 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
& + \frac{1}{4} df^3 x (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
& + \frac{1}{2} df g^2 x^3 (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
& - \frac{3df^2 g (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{5c^2} \\
& - \frac{dg^3 (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{5c^4} \\
& + \frac{dg^3 (1 - c^2 x^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{7c^4} \\
& + \frac{3df^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{16bc\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{3df g^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{32bc^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output  $\frac{3}{8}d^3f^3x(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}-\frac{3}{16}d^2fg^2x^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^2+\frac{3}{8}d^2fg^2x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}+1/4d^3f^3x(-c^2x^2+1)(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}+1/2d^2fg^2x^3(-c^2x^2+1)(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}-3/5d^2fg^2(-c^2x^2+1)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^2-1/5d^2fg^3(-c^2x^2+1)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^4+1/7d^2fg^3(-c^2x^2+1)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^4+3/5b^2d^2fg^2x^2(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+2/35b^2d^2fg^3x^2(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^3/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-5/16b^2cd^2f^3x^2(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+3/32b^2d^2fg^2x^2(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-2/5b^2cd^2fg^2x^3(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+1/105b^2d^2fg^3x^3(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+1/16b^2c^3d^2f^3x^4(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-7/32b^2cd^2fg^2x^4(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+3/25b^2c^3d^2fg^2x^5(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-8/175b^2cd^2fg^3x^5(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+1/12b^2c^3d^2fg^2x^6(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+1/49b^2c^3d^2fg^3x^7(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+3/16d^2f^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/b/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+3/32d^2fg^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/b/c^3/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}$

### 3.36.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 463, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (11025a^2 cf(2c^2 f^2 + g^2) - 210ab\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (32g^3 + c^2 g(336f^2 + 105fgx +$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^3*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output  $(d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2} * (11025a^2c^2f(2c^2f^2 + g^2) - 210ab\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} * (32g^3 + c^2g(336f^2 + 105f^2g^2 + 16g^2x^2) + 4c^6x^3(35f^3 + 84f^2g^2 + 70f^2g^2x^2 + 20g^3x^3) - 2c^4x(175f^3 + 336f^2g^2 + 245f^2g^2x^2 + 64g^3x^3)) + b^2c^2x(6720g^3 + 35c^2g(2016f^2 + 315f^2g^2 + 32g^2x^2) - 21c^4x(1750f^3 + 2240f^2g^2 + 1225f^2g^2x^2 + 256g^3x^3) + 2c^6x^3(3675f^3 + 7056f^2g^2 + 4900f^2g^2x^2 + 1200g^3x^3)) - 210b(-105ac^2f(2c^2f^2 + g^2) + b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} * (32g^3 + c^2g(336f^2 + 105f^2g^2 + 16g^2x^2) + 4c^6x^3(35f^3 + 84f^2g^2 + 70f^2g^2x^2 + 20g^3x^3) - 2c^4x(175f^3 + 336f^2g^2 + 245f^2g^2x^2 + 64g^3x^3))) * \text{ArcSin}[cx] + 11025b^2c^2f(2c^2f^2 + g^2) * \text{ArcSin}[cx]^2) / (117600b^2c^4\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2})$

### 3.36.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 498, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2} (f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5276$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2} \int (f + gx)^3 (1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 5262$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2} \int \left( (1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) f^3 + 3gx(1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) f^2 + 3g^2x^2(1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) f + 3g^3x^3(1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2} \left( \frac{3fg^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{32bc^3} + \frac{1}{4} f^3 x (1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{3}{8} f^3 x \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) - \frac{3}{8} g^3 x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(f + gx)^3 (d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \text{ArcSin}[cx]), x]$

$$3.36. \quad \int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

```
output (d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((3*b*f^2*g*x)/(5*c) + (2*b*g^3*x)/(35*c^3) - (5*b*
c*f^3*x^2)/16 + (3*b*f*g^2*x^2)/(32*c) - (2*b*c*f^2*g*x^3)/5 + (b*g^3*x^3)
/(105*c) + (b*c^3*f^3*x^4)/16 - (7*b*c*f*g^2*x^4)/32 + (3*b*c^3*f^2*g*x^5)
/25 - (8*b*c*g^3*x^5)/175 + (b*c^3*f*g^2*x^6)/12 + (b*c^3*g^3*x^7)/49 + (3
*f^3*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/8 - (3*f*g^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*
x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(16*c^2) + (3*f*g^2*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b
*ArcSin[c*x]))/8 + (f^3*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/4 + (f*
g^2*x^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/2 - (3*f^2*g*(1 - c^2*x^2
)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(5*c^2) - (g^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*Arc
Sin[c*x]))/(5*c^4) + (g^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(7*c^4)
+ (3*f^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(16*b*c) + (3*f*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2
)/(32*b*c^3))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]
```

### 3.36.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5262 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_
) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a +
b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] &
& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ
[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))
```

```
rule 5276 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_
) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^
p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && Intege
rQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]
```

### 3.36.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2074, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2074
parts	Expression too large to display	2074

---

3.36.  $\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

```
input int((g*x+f)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(f^3*(1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/4*d*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))))+g^3*(-1/7*x^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/c^2/d-2/35/d/c^4*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2))+3*f*g^2*(-1/6*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/c^2/d+1/6/c^2*(1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/4*d*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))))-3/5*f^2*g/c^2/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2))+b*(-3/32*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*f*(2*c^2*f^2+g^2)*d-1/6272*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(64*c^8*x^8-144*c^6*x^6-64*I*c^7*x^7*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+104*c^4*x^4+112*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^5*c^5-25*c^2*x^2-56*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^3*c^3+7*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+1)*g^3*(I+7*arcsin(c*x))*d/c^4/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/768*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-32*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^6*x^6+32*c^7*x^7+48*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4-64*c^5*x^5-18*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+38*c^3*x^3+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-6*c*x)*f*g^2*(I+6*arcsin(c*x))*d/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/3200*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(16*c^6*x^6-28*c^4*x^4-16*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^5*c^5+13*c^2*x^2+20*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^3*c^3-5*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g*(12*I*f^2*c^2+60*arcsin(c*x)*c^2*f^2-I*g^2-5*arcsin(c*x)*g^2)*d/c^4/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/512*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4+8*c^5*x^5+8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2-12*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x)*f*(2*I*c^2*f^2+8*arcsin(c*x)*c^2*f^2-3*I*g^2-12*arcsin(c*x)*g^2)*d/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)-3/128*(-...
```

### 3.36.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (gx + f)^3 (b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(-(a*c^2*d*g^3*x^5 + 3*a*c^2*d*f*g^2*x^4 - 3*a*d*f^2*g*x - a*d*f^3 + (3*a*c^2*d*f^2*g - a*d*g^3)*x^3 + (a*c^2*d*f^3 - 3*a*d*f*g^2)*x^2 + (b*c^2*d*g^3*x^5 + 3*b*c^2*d*f*g^2*x^4 - 3*b*d*f^2*g*x - b*d*f^3 + (3*b*c^2*d*f^2*g - b*d*g^3)*x^3 + (b*c^2*d*f^3 - 3*b*d*f*g^2)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)
```

---

3.36.  $\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$



### 3.36.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**3*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.36.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (gx + f)^3 (b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x + 3*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d*x + 3*d^(3/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a*f^3 - 1/35*(5*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x^2/(c^2*d) + 2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(c^4*d))*a*g^3 + 1/16*a*f*g^2*(2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x/c^2 - 8*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x/(c^2*d) + 3*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d*x/c^2 + 3*d^(3/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c^3) - 3/5*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*a*f^2*g/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate(-(b*c^2*d*g^3*x^5 + 3*b*c^2*d*f*g^2*x^4 - 3*b*d*f^2*g*x - b*d*f^3 + (3*b*c^2*d*f^2*g - b*d*g^3)*x^3 + (b*c^2*d*f^3 - 3*b*d*f*g^2)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)`

**3.36.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.36.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (f + gx)^3 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx)) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.37 $\int (f+gx)^2 (d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2} (a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.37.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 680

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (f+gx)^2 (d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2} (a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx = & \frac{2bdfgx\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{5c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & - \frac{5bcd f^2 x^2 \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{16\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{bdg^2 x^2 \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{32c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} - \frac{4bcd f gx^3 \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{15\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{bc^3 d f^2 x^4 \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{16\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} - \frac{7bcdg^2 x^4 \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{96\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{2bc^3 d f gx^5 \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{25\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{bc^3 dg^2 x^6 \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{36\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{3}{8} df^2 x \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & - \frac{dg^2 x \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{16c^2} + \frac{1}{8} dg^2 x^3 \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & + \frac{1}{4} df^2 x (1-c^2x^2) \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & + \frac{1}{6} dg^2 x^3 (1-c^2x^2) \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & - \frac{2dfg(1-c^2x^2)^2 \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{5c^2} \\
 & + \frac{3df^2 \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{16bc\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{dg^2 \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{32bc^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output  $\frac{3}{8}df^2x(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}-\frac{1}{16}d^2g^2x(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^2+\frac{1}{8}d^2g^2x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}+\frac{1}{4}df^2x(-c^2x^2+1)(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}+\frac{1}{6}d^2g^2x^3(-c^2x^2+1)(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}-\frac{2}{5}dfg(-c^2x^2+1)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^2+\frac{2}{5}b^2dfgx(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-\frac{5}{16}b^2c^2df^2x^2(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+\frac{1}{32}b^2d^2g^2x^2(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-\frac{4}{15}b^2c^2dfgx^3(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+\frac{1}{16}b^2c^3df^2x^4(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-\frac{7}{96}b^2c^2d^2g^2x^4(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+\frac{2}{25}b^2c^3dfg^2x^5(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+\frac{1}{36}b^2c^3d^2g^2x^6(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+\frac{3}{16}df^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/b/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+\frac{1}{32}d^2g^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/b/c^3/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}$

### 3.37.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( 225a^2(6c^2 f^2 + g^2) + b^2 c^2 x(450c^2 f^2 x(-5 + c^2 x^2) + 192fg(15 - 10c^2 x^2 + b \arcsin(cx))) \right)}{dx}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output  $(d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} * (225a^2 * (6c^2 f^2 + g^2) + b^2 c^2 x * (450c^2 f^2 x * (-5 + c^2 x^2) + 192f * g * (15 - 10c^2 x^2 + 3c^4 x^4) + 25g^2 x * (9 - 21c^2 x^2 + 8c^4 x^4)) - 30a * b * c * \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} * (96f * g * (-1 + c^2 x^2)^2 + 30c^2 f^2 x * (-5 + 2c^2 x^2) + 5g^2 x * (3 - 14c^2 x^2 + 8c^4 x^4)) + 30b * (15a * (6c^2 f^2 + g^2) - b * c * \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} * (96f * g * (-1 + c^2 x^2)^2 + 30c^2 f^2 x * (-5 + 2c^2 x^2) + 5g^2 x * (3 - 14c^2 x^2 + 8c^4 x^4))) * \text{ArcSin}[c*x] + 225b^2 * (6c^2 f^2 + g^2) * \text{ArcSin}[c*x]^2) / (7200 * b * c^3 * \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}))$

**3.37.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (f + gx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5276$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int (f + gx)^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 5262$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left( (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) f^2 + 2gx(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) f + g^2 x^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{g^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{32bc^3} + \frac{1}{4} f^2 x (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{3}{8} f^2 x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) - \frac{2fg}{c} \int (f + gx) (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `(d*sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((2*b*f*g*x)/(5*c) - (5*b*c*f^2*x^2)/16 + (b*g^2*x^2)/(32*c) - (4*b*c*f*g*x^3)/15 + (b*c^3*f^2*x^4)/16 - (7*b*c*g^2*x^4)/96 + (2*b*c^3*f*g*x^5)/25 + (b*c^3*g^2*x^6)/36 + (3*f^2*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/8 - (g^2*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(16*c^2) + (g^2*x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/8 + (f^2*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/4 + (g^2*x^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/6 - (2*f*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(5*c^2) + (3*f^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(16*b*c) + (g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(32*b*c^3))/sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]`

## 3.37.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

## 3.37.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1535, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1535
parts	Expression too large to display	1535

input `int((g*x+f)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

a*(f^2*(1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/4*d*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d
/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))))+g^2*(-1/6*x*
(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/c^2/d+1/6/c^2*(1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/4*d*(1/2*
x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*
x^2+d)^(1/2)))))-2/5*f*g/c^2/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2))+b*(-1/32*(-d*(c^2*x^2
-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*(6*c^2*f^2+g^2
)*d-1/2304*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-32*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^6*x^6+32*c^7
*x^7+48*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4-64*c^5*x^5-18*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^
2*c^2+38*c^3*x^3+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-6*c*x)*g^2*(I+6*arcsin(c*x))*d/c^3/(
c^2*x^2-1)-1/400*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(16*c^6*x^6-28*c^4*x^4-16*I*(-c^2*
x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^5*c^5+13*c^2*x^2+20*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^3*c^3-5*I*(-c^2*
x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*f*g*(I+5*arcsin(c*x))*d/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/512*(-d*(c^2
*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4+8*c^5*x^5+8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)
^(1/2)*x^2*c^2-12*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x)*(8*arcsin(c*x)*c^2*f
^2+2*I*c^2*f^2-4*arcsin(c*x)*g^2-I*g^2)*d/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2
-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*f*g*(arcsin(c*x)+I)*d/c^2/
(c^2*x^2-1)-1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1
)*f*g*(arcsin(c*x)-I)*d/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/256*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*I*
(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*(-16*I*c^
2*f^2+32*arcsin(c*x)*c^2*f^2-I*g^2+2*arcsin(c*x)*g^2)*d/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)...

```

### 3.37.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (gx + f)^2 (b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

input

```

integrate((g*x+f)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="f
ricas")

```

output

```

integral(-(a*c^2*d*g^2*x^4 + 2*a*c^2*d*f*g*x^3 - 2*a*d*f*g*x - a*d*f^2 + (
a*c^2*d*f^2 - a*d*g^2)*x^2 + (b*c^2*d*g^2*x^4 + 2*b*c^2*d*f*g*x^3 - 2*b*d*
f*g*x - b*d*f^2 + (b*c^2*d*f^2 - b*d*g^2)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^
2 + d), x)

```

**3.37.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.37.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (gx + f)^2 (b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x + 3*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d*x + 3*d^(3/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a*f^2 + 1/48*a*g^2*(2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x/c^2 - 8*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x/(c^2*d) + 3*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d*x/c^2 + 3*d^(3/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c^3) - 2/5*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*a*f*g/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate(-(b*c^2*d*g^2*x^4 + 2*b*c^2*d*f*g*x^3 - 2*b*d*f*g*x - b*d*f^2 + (b*c^2*d*f^2 - b*d*g^2)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)`

**3.37.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$



input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vector & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

### 3.37.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (f + gx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.38 $\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.38.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 370

$$\begin{aligned} \int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = & \frac{bdgx\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{5c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\ & - \frac{5bcdfx^2\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{16\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{2bcdgx^3\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{15\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{bc^3dfx^4\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{16\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\ & + \frac{bc^3dgx^5\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{25\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{3}{8}dfx\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\ & + \frac{1}{4}dfx(1 - c^2 x^2)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\ & - \frac{dg(1 - c^2 x^2)^2\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{5c^2} + \frac{3df\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{16bc\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
3/8*d*f*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/4*d*f*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a
+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/5*d*g*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*
x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+1/5*b*d*g*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)-5/16*b*c*d*f*x^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/15*b*c
*d*g*x^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/16*b*c^3*d*f*x^4*(-c^2*
d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/25*b*c^3*d*g*x^5*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/
(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/16*d*f*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c/(
-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
```

**3.38.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( 225a^2 cf - 30ab\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( 8g(-1 + c^2 x^2)^2 + 5c^2 fx(-5 + 2c^2 x^2) \right) + b^2 cx \right) + b \arcsin(cx)}{1200b^2 c^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`output `(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(225*a^2*c*f - 30*a*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(8*g*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^2 + 5*c^2*f*x*(-5 + 2*c^2*x^2)) + b^2*c*x*(75*c^2*f*x*(-5 + c^2*x^2) + 16*g*(15 - 10*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4)) + 30*b*(15*a*c*f + b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(5*c^2*f*x*(5 - 2*c^2*x^2) - 8*g*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^2))*ArcSin[c*x] + 25*b^2*c*f*ArcSin[c*x]^2))/(1200*b*c^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])`**3.38.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5276}$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int (f + gx) (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5262}$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left( f(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} + gx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}\left(\frac{1}{4}fx(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{3}{8}fx\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx)) - \frac{g(1-c^2x^2)^{5/2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{5c^2}\right)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((b*g*x)/(5*c) - (5*b*c*f*x^2)/16 - (2*b*c*g*x^3)/15 + (b*c^3*f*x^4)/16 + (b*c^3*g*x^5)/25 + (3*f*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/8 + (f*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/4 - (g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(5*c^2) + (3*f*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(16*b*c))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]`

### 3.38.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.38.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1014, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

method	result
default	$\frac{afx(-c^2dx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3afd\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}{8} + \frac{3af d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2dx}}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c^2d}} - \frac{ag(-c^2dx^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5c^2d} + b\left(-\frac{3\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}{16c(c^2x^2-1)}\right)$
parts	$\frac{afx(-c^2dx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3afd\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}{8} + \frac{3af d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2dx}}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c^2d}} - \frac{ag(-c^2dx^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5c^2d} + b\left(-\frac{3\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}}{16c(c^2x^2-1)}\right)$

```
input int((g*x+f)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4*a*f*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/8*a*f*d*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+3/8*a*f*d^2/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))-1/5*a*g/c^2/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)+b*(-3/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*f*d-1/800*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(16*c^6*x^6-28*c^4*x^4-16*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^5*c^5+13*c^2*x^2+20*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^3*c^3-5*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g*(I+5*arcsin(c*x))*d/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/256*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4+8*c^5*x^5+8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2-12*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x)*f*(4*arcsin(c*x)+I)*d/c/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g*(arcsin(c*x)+I)*d/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*g*(arcsin(c*x)-I)*d/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*f*(-I+2*arcsin(c*x))*d/c/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/96*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(4*I*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c^4*x^4-3*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-5*c^2*x^2+1)*g*(-I+3*arcsin(c*x))*d/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/1200*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*g*(11*I+45*arcsin(c*x))*cos(4*arcsin(c*x))*d/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/600*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*c^2*x^2-c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-I)*g*(7*I+15*arcsin(c*x))*sin(4*arcsin(c*x))*d/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/256*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*c^2*x^2-c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-I)*f*(17*I+28*arcsin(c*x))*cos(3*arcsin(c*x))*d/...
```

**3.38.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(a*c^2*d*g*x^3 + a*c^2*d*f*x^2 - a*d*g*x - a*d*f + (b*c^2*d*g*x^3 + b*c^2*d*f*x^2 - b*d*g*x - b*d*f)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

**3.38.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral((-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2)*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x), x)`

**3.38.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x + 3*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d*x + 3*d^(3/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a*f - 1/5*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*a*g/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate(-(b*c^2*d*g*x^3 + b*c^2*d*f*x^2 - b*d*g*x - b*d*f)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)`

### 3.38.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

### 3.38.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (f + gx) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

$$\mathbf{3.39} \quad \int \frac{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{f+gx} dx$$

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### 3.39.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 1073

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \\
& - \frac{ad(cf - g)(cf + g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{g^3} - \frac{bcdx\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{3g\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{bcd(cf - g)(cf + g)x\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{g^3\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{bc^3 dfx^2\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{4g^2\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{bc^3 dx^3\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{9g\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{bd(cf - g)(cf + g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{g^3} \\
& + \frac{c^2 dfx\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2g^2} \\
& + \frac{d(1 - c^2 x^2)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3g} \\
& + \frac{cdf\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4bg^2\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{cd(cf - g)(cf + g)x\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bg^3\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^2\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bcg^4(f + gx)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{d(cf - g)(cf + g)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bcg^2(f + gx)} \\
& + \frac{ad(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arctan\left(\frac{g + c^2 fx}{\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}\right)}{g^4\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{ibd(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g^4\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{ibd(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g^4\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{bd(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g^4\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{bd(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g^4\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-a*d*(c*f-g)*(c*f+g)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^3-b*d*(c*f-g)*(c*f+g)*arcsin(c
*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^3+1/2*c^2*d*f*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d
)^(1/2)/g^2+1/3*d*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g-1/
3*b*c*d*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+b*c*d*(c*f-g)*(c*f+g)*
x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^3/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/4*b*c^3*d*f*x^2*(-c^2*d*x^
2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/9*b*c^3*d*x^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g/(
-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/4*c*d*f*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/g^2
/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/2*c*d*(c*f-g)*(c*f+g)*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*
x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/g^3/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/2*d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*
x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c/g^4/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*d*(c^2*f^2
-g^2)^(3/2)*arctan((c^2*f*x+g)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*(-c
^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^4/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-I*b*d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(3/2)*arcsin(
c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*
d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^4/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+I*b*d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(3/2)*arcsin(c*x
)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*d*x
^2+d)^(1/2)/g^4/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-b*d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(3/2)*polylog(2,I*(I*
c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/
g^4/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+b*d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(3/2)*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^
2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^4/(-c^2*x^
2+1)^(1/2)-1/2*d*(c*f-g)*(c*f+g)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)...

```

### 3.39.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 507, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( -9bc^3 fx^2 + 4bcgx(-3 + c^2 x^2) + 18c^2 fx\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \right)}{f + gx}$$

input `Integrate[((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(f + g*x),x]`

output  $(d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}) * (-9bc^3fx^2 + 4b^2cgx(-3 + c^2x^2) + 18c^2fx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx]) + 12g(1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2}(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx]) + (9cf(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx])^2)/b + (18(c^2f^2 - g^2)(-1 + c^2x^2)(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx])^2)/(bc(f + gx)) - (18(c^2f^2 - g^2)((c^2f^2 - g^2)(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx])^2 + c^2gxx(f + gx)(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx])^2 - 2bc(f + gx)(bcgx - g\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2})(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx])) - I\sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}((a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx])(\text{Log}[1 + (I\text{E}^{(I\text{ArcSin}[cx])})g)/(-cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2})]) - \text{Log}[1 - (I\text{E}^{(I\text{ArcSin}[cx])})g]/(cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2})]) - I*b*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I\text{E}^{(I\text{ArcSin}[cx])})g)/(cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2})]) + I*b*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I\text{E}^{(I\text{ArcSin}[cx])})g)/(cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2})])/(bcg^2(f + gx)))/(36g^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2})$

### 3.39.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 709, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5266, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx$$

↓ 5276

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2} \int \frac{(1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

↓ 5266

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2} \int \left( -\frac{x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))c^2}{g} + \frac{f\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))c^2}{g^2} + \frac{(g^2 - c^2f^2)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{g^2(f + gx)} \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2} \left( -\frac{(1 - c^2x^2)(c^2f^2 - g^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bcg^2(f + gx)} - \frac{(c^2f^2 - g^2)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bcg^4(f + gx)} - \frac{cx(c^2f^2 - g^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bg^3} + \frac{c^2fx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{g^2} \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

---

3.39.  $\int \frac{(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx$

input `Int[((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(f + g*x),x]`

output `(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(-1/3*(b*c*x)/g + (b*c*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)*x)/g^3 - (b*c^3*f*x^2)/(4*g^2) + (b*c^3*x^3)/(9*g) - (a*(c*f - g)*(c*f + g)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/g^3 - (b*(c*f - g)*(c*f + g)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x])/g^3 + (c^2*f*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*g^2) + ((1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*g) + (c*f*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(4*b*g^2) - (c*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*b*g^3) - ((c^2*f^2 - g^2)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c*g^4*(f + g*x)) - ((c^2*f^2 - g^2)*(1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c*g^2*(f + g*x)) + (a*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(g + c^2*f*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/g^4 - (I*b*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^4 + (I*b*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^4 - (b*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2)*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^4 + (b*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2)*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^4)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]`

### 3.39.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5266 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.39.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1546, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1546
parts	Expression too large to display	1546

```
input int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a/g*(1/3*(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(3/2)+
c^2*d*f/g*(-1/4*(-2*(x+f/g)*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g)/c^2/d*(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c
^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)-1/8*(4*c^2*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g
^2-4*c^4*d^2*f^2/g^2)/c^2/d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-(x+f/g)
^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2))-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/
g^2*((-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)+c^2*
d*f/g/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(
x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2))+d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2/(-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g
^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)+2*(-d*(c^2*f^2-g^
2)/g^2)^(1/2)*(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(
1/2))/(x+f/g))) + b*(1/4*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2
-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*f*(2*c^2*f^2-3*g^2)*d*c/g^4-1/72*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*
(4*c^4*x^4-5*c^2*x^2-4*I*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
*x*c+1)*(I+3*arcsin(c*x))*d/(c^2*x^2-1)/g+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-2*
I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^3+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*f*(I+2*
arcsin(c*x))*d*c/(c^2*x^2-1)/g^2-1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c
^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*(4*c^2*f^2-5*g^2)*(arcsin(c*x)+I)*d/(c^2*x^2-1)/g^3
-1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*(4*c^2*f^
2-5*g^2)*(arcsin(c*x)-I)*d/(c^2*x^2-1)/g^3+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*
I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*f*(-...
```

### 3.39.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{gx + f} dx$$

```
input integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

---

3.39.  $\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx$

output `integral(-(a*c^2*d*x^2 - a*d + (b*c^2*d*x^2 - b*d)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(g*x + f), x)`

### 3.39.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(g*x+f),x)`

output `Integral((-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2)*(a + b*asin(c*x))/(f + g*x), x)`

### 3.39.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(g-c*f>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

### 3.39.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

### 3.39.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{f + gx} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2))/(f + g*x),x)`

output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2))/(f + g*x), x)`

### 3.40 $\int (f+gx)^3 (d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2} (a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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### 3.40.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 1281

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{3bd^2 f^2 gx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{7c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{2bd^2 g^3 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{63c^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{25bcd^2 f^3 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{96\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{15bd^2 f g^2 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{256c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{3bcd^2 f^2 g x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{7\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{bd^2 g^3 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{189c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{5bc^3 d^2 f^3 x^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{96\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{59bcd^2 f g^2 x^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{256\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{9bc^3 d^2 f^2 g x^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{35\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{bcd^2 g^3 x^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{21\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{17bc^3 d^2 f g^2 x^6 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{96\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{3bc^5 d^2 f^2 g x^7 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{49\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{19bc^3 d^2 g^3 x^7 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{441\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{3bc^5 d^2 f g^2 x^8 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{64\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{bc^5 d^2 g^3 x^9 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{81\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{bd^2 f^3 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{36c} \\
& + \frac{5}{16} d^2 f^3 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) - \frac{15d^2 f g^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{128c^2} \\
& + \frac{15}{64} d^2 f g^2 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{5}{24} d^2 f^3 x (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
& + \frac{5}{16} d^2 f g^2 x^3 (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
& + \frac{1}{6} d^2 f^3 x (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
& + \frac{3}{8} d^2 f g^2 x^3 (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
& - \frac{3d^2 f^2 g (1 - c^2 x^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{7c^2} \\
& - \frac{d^2 g^3 (1 - c^2 x^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{7c^4} \\
& + \frac{d^2 g^3 (1 - c^2 x^2)^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{9c^4} \\
& + \frac{5d^2 f^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{32bc\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{15d^2 f g^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{256bc^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

5/96*b*c^3*d^2*f^3*x^4*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/21*b*c*d^
2*g^3*x^5*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+19/441*b*c^3*d^2*g^3*x^7
*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/81*b*c^5*d^2*g^3*x^9*(-c^2*d*x^
2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+5/32*d^2*f^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2
+d)^(1/2)/b/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-15/128*d^2*f*g^2*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^
2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+5/16*d^2*f*g^2*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c
^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+3/8*d^2*f*g^2*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2
*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-3/7*d^2*f^2*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2
+d)^(1/2)/c^2+2/63*b*d^2*g^3*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^3/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
-25/96*b*c*d^2*f^3*x^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/189*b*d^2
*g^3*x^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+5/16*d^2*f^3*x*(a+b*arc
sin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+3/7*b*d^2*f^2*g*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/(-
c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+15/256*b*d^2*f*g^2*x^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2+1
)^(1/2)+1/36*b*d^2*f^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(5/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c+15/64*d^2
*f*g^2*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+5/24*d^2*f^3*x*(-c^2*x^2
+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/6*d^2*f^3*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(a
+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/7*d^2*g^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^3*(a+b*arcsi
n(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^4+1/9*d^2*g^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*
x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^4-3/7*b*c*d^2*f^2*g*x^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-
c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-59/256*b*c*d^2*f*g^2*x^4*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^...

```

### 3.40.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 587, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (99225 a^2 (8c^3 f^3 + 3c f g^2) + 630 ab \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (-256g^3 - c^2 g (3456f^2 + 945$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^3*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output  $(d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}) \cdot (99225 a^2 (8c^3 f^3 + 3c f g^2) + 630 a b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (-256 g^3 - c^2 g (3456 f^2 + 945 f g x + 128 g^2 x^2) + 16 c^8 x^5 (84 f^3 + 216 f^2 g x + 189 f g^2 x^2 + 56 g^3 x^3) - 8 c^6 x^3 (546 f^3 + 1296 f^2 g x + 1071 f g^2 x^2 + 304 g^3 x^3) + 6 c^4 x (924 f^3 + 1728 f^2 g x + 1239 f g^2 x^2 + 320 g^3 x^3)) + b^2 c x (161280 g^3 + 105 c^2 g (20736 f^2 + 2835 f g x + 256 g^2 x^2) - 945 c^4 x (1848 f^3 + 2304 f^2 g x + 1239 f g^2 x^2 + 256 g^3 x^3) + 72 c^6 x^3 (9555 f^3 + 18144 f^2 g x + 12495 f g^2 x^2 + 3040 g^3 x^3) - 20 c^8 x^5 (7056 f^3 + 15552 f^2 g x + 11907 f g^2 x^2 + 3136 g^3 x^3)) + 630 b (315 a (8c^3 f^3 + 3c f g^2) + b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (-256 g^3 - c^2 g (3456 f^2 + 945 f g x + 128 g^2 x^2) + 16 c^8 x^5 (84 f^3 + 216 f^2 g x + 189 f g^2 x^2 + 56 g^3 x^3) - 8 c^6 x^3 (546 f^3 + 1296 f^2 g x + 1071 f g^2 x^2 + 304 g^3 x^3) + 6 c^4 x (924 f^3 + 1728 f^2 g x + 1239 f g^2 x^2 + 320 g^3 x^3))) \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x] + 99225 b^2 c f (8c^2 f^2 + 3g^2) \operatorname{ArcSin}[c x]^2) / (5080320 b c^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})$

### 3.40.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 630, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (f + gx)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsin}(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5276}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int (f + gx)^3 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsin}(cx)) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5262}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left( (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsin}(cx)) f^3 + 3gx (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsin}(cx)) f^2 + 3g^2 x^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsin}(cx)) f + 3g^3 x^3 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsin}(cx)) \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{15fg^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsin}(cx))^2}{256bc^3} + \frac{1}{6} f^3 x (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsin}(cx)) + \frac{5}{24} f^3 x (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsin}(cx)) \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

---

3.40.  $\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsin}(cx)) dx$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^3*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `(d^2*sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((3*b*f^2*g*x)/(7*c) + (2*b*g^3*x)/(63*c^3) - (25*b*c*f^3*x^2)/96 + (15*b*f*g^2*x^2)/(256*c) - (3*b*c*f^2*g*x^3)/7 + (b*g^3*x^3)/(189*c) + (5*b*c^3*f^3*x^4)/96 - (59*b*c*f*g^2*x^4)/256 + (9*b*c^3*f^2*g*x^5)/35 - (b*c*g^3*x^5)/21 + (17*b*c^3*f*g^2*x^6)/96 - (3*b*c^5*f^2*g*x^7)/49 + (19*b*c^3*g^3*x^7)/441 - (3*b*c^5*f*g^2*x^8)/64 - (b*c^5*g^3*x^9)/81 + (b*f^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^3)/(36*c) + (5*f^3*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/16 - (15*f*g^2*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(128*c^2) + (15*f*g^2*x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/64 + (5*f^3*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/24 + (5*f*g^2*x^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/16 + (f^3*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/6 + (3*f*g^2*x^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/8 - (3*f^2*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(7*c^2) - (g^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(7*c^4) + (g^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(9/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(9*c^4) + (5*f^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(32*b*c) + (15*f*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(256*b*c^3))/sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]`

### 3.40.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.40.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2903, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2903
parts	Expression too large to display	2903

```
input int((g*x+f)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(f^3*(1/6*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)+5/6*d*(1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/4*d*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))))+g^3*(-1/9*x^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(7/2)/c^2/d-2/63/d/c^4*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(7/2))+3*f*g^2*(-1/8*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(7/2)/c^2/d+1/8/c^2*(1/6*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)+5/6*d*(1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/4*d*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)))))-3/7*f^2*g*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(7/2)/c^2/d)+b*(-5/256*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*f*(8*c^2*f^2+3*g^2)*d^2+1/41472*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(256*c^10*x^10-704*c^8*x^8-256*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^9*c^9+688*c^6*x^6+576*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^7*c^7-280*c^4*x^4-432*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^5*c^5+41*c^2*x^2+120*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^3*c^3-9*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g^3*(I+9*arcsin(c*x))*d^2/c^4/(c^2*x^2-1)+3/25088*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(64*c^8*x^8-144*c^6*x^6-64*I*c^7*x^7*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+104*c^4*x^4+112*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^5*c^5-25*c^2*x^2-56*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^3*c^3+7*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+1)*g*(4*I*c^2*f^2+28*arcsin(c*x)*c^2*f^2-I*g^2-7*arcsin(c*x)*g^2)*d^2/c^4/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/9216*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*c^2*x^2-c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-I)*f*(58*I*c^2*f^2+192*arcsin(c*x)*c^2*f^2-39*I*g^2-36*arcsin(c*x)*g^2)*cos(5*arcsin(c*x))*d^2/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)-3/640*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(16*c^6*x^6-28*c^4*x^4-16*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^5*c^5+13*c^2*x^2+20*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)...
```

## 3.40.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (gx + f)^3 (b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*c^4*d^2*g^3*x^7 + 3*a*c^4*d^2*f*g^2*x^6 + 3*a*d^2*f^2*g*x + a*d^2*f^3 + (3*a*c^4*d^2*f^2*g - 2*a*c^2*d^2*g^3)*x^5 + (a*c^4*d^2*f^3 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*f*g^2)*x^4 - (6*a*c^2*d^2*f^2*g - a*d^2*g^3)*x^3 - (2*a*c^2*d^2*f^3 - 3*a*d^2*f*g^2)*x^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*g^3*x^7 + 3*b*c^4*d^2*f*g^2*x^6 + 3*b*d^2*f^2*g*x + b*d^2*f^3 + (3*b*c^4*d^2*f^2*g - 2*b*c^2*d^2*g^3)*x^5 + (b*c^4*d^2*f^3 - 6*b*c^2*d^2*f*g^2)*x^4 - (6*b*c^2*d^2*f^2*g - b*d^2*g^3)*x^3 - (2*b*c^2*d^2*f^3 - 3*b*d^2*f*g^2)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

## 3.40.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**3*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2)*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

## 3.40.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (gx + f)^3 (b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/48*(8*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x + 10*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d*x + 15*sqrt
(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2*x + 15*d^(5/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a*f^3 + 1/128*(8*(-c^2*
d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x/c^2 - 48*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*x/(c^2*d) + 10*(-c^2*d*
x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d*x/c^2 + 15*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2*x/c^2 + 15*d^(5/2)*ar
csin(c*x)/c^3)*a*f*g^2 - 1/63*(7*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*x^2/(c^2*d) + 2*(-
c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(7/2)/(c^4*d))*a*g^3 - 3/7*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*a*f^2*g/(
c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate((b*c^4*d^2*g^3*x^7 + 3*b*c^4*d^2*f*g^2*x^6 + 3*
b*d^2*f^2*g*x + b*d^2*f^3 + (3*b*c^4*d^2*f^2*g - 2*b*c^2*d^2*g^3)*x^5 + (b
*c^4*d^2*f^3 - 6*b*c^2*d^2*f*g^2)*x^4 - (6*b*c^2*d^2*f^2*g - b*d^2*g^3)*x^
3 - (2*b*c^2*d^2*f^3 - 3*b*d^2*f*g^2)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*ar
ctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)
```

## 3.40.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve
cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**3.40.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`



### 3.41 $\int (f+gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.41.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 940

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (f+gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx = & \frac{2bd^2 f gx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{7c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 & - \frac{25bcd^2 f^2 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{96\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{5bd^2 g^2 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{256c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{2bcd^2 f gx^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{7\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{5bc^3 d^2 f^2 x^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{96\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{59bcd^2 g^2 x^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{768\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{6bc^3 d^2 f gx^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{35\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{17bc^3 d^2 g^2 x^6 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{288\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{2bc^5 d^2 f gx^7 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{49\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 & - \frac{bc^5 d^2 g^2 x^8 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{64\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{bd^2 f^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{36c} \\
 & + \frac{5}{16} d^2 f^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) - \frac{5d^2 g^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{128c^2} \\
 & + \frac{5}{64} d^2 g^2 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{5}{24} d^2 f^2 x (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & + \frac{5}{48} d^2 g^2 x^3 (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & + \frac{1}{6} d^2 f^2 x (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & + \frac{1}{8} d^2 g^2 x^3 (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & - \frac{2d^2 fg (1 - c^2 x^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{7c^2} \\
 & + \frac{5d^2 f^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{32bc\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{5d^2 g^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{256bc^3\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.41.  $\int (f+gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

output  $\frac{1}{36}b^2d^2f^2(-c^2x^2+1)^{5/2}(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c+5/16d^2f^2x*(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}-5/128d^2g^2x*(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^2+5/64d^2g^2x^3*(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}+5/24d^2f^2x*(-c^2x^2+1)*(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}+5/48d^2g^2x^3*(-c^2x^2+1)*(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}+1/6d^2f^2x*(-c^2x^2+1)^2*(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}+1/8d^2g^2x^3*(-c^2x^2+1)^2*(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}-2/7d^2f*g*(-c^2x^2+1)^3*(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^2+2/7b*d^2f*g*x*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-25/96b*c*d^2f^2x^2*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+5/256b*d^2g^2x^2*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-2/7b*c*d^2f*g*x^3*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+5/96b*c^3*d^2f^2x^4*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-59/768b*c*d^2g^2x^4*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+6/35b*c^3*d^2f*g*x^5*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+17/288b*c^3*d^2g^2x^6*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-2/49b*c^5*d^2f*g*x^7*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-1/64b*c^5*d^2g^2x^8*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+5/32d^2f^2*(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/b/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+5/256d^2g^2*(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/b/c^3/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}$

### 3.41.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( 11025a^2(8c^2 f^2 + g^2) + b^2 c^2 x(-1960c^2 f^2 x(99 - 39c^2 x^2 + 8c^4 x^4) - 4608f*g(-35 + 35c^2 x^2 - 21c^4 x^4 + 5c^6 x^6) - 245g^2 x(-45 + 177c^2 x^2 - 136c^4 x^4 + 36c^6 x^6)) + 210a*b*c*\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}*(768f*g*(-1 + c^2 x^2)^3 + 56c^2 f^2 x*(33 - 26c^2 x^2 + 8c^4 x^4) + 7g^2 x*(-15 + 118c^2 x^2 - 136c^4 x^4 + 48c^6 x^6)) + 210b*(105a*(8c^2 f^2 + g^2) + b*c*\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}*(768f*g*(-1 + c^2 x^2)^3 + 56c^2 f^2 x*(33 - 26c^2 x^2 + 8c^4 x^4) + 7g^2 x*(-15 + 118c^2 x^2 - 136c^4 x^4 + 48c^6 x^6))) * \text{ArcSin}[c*x] + 11025b^2*(8c^2 f^2 + g^2) * \text{ArcSin}[c*x]^2 \right)}{(564480b*c^3*\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output  $(d^2*\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(11025*a^2*(8*c^2*f^2 + g^2) + b^2*c^2*x*(-1960*c^2*f^2*x*(99 - 39*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4) - 4608*f*g*(-35 + 35*c^2*x^2 - 21*c^4*x^4 + 5*c^6*x^6) - 245*g^2*x*(-45 + 177*c^2*x^2 - 136*c^4*x^4 + 36*c^6*x^6)) + 210*a*b*c*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(768*f*g*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^3 + 56*c^2*f^2*x*(33 - 26*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4) + 7*g^2*x*(-15 + 118*c^2*x^2 - 136*c^4*x^4 + 48*c^6*x^6)) + 210*b*(105*a*(8*c^2*f^2 + g^2) + b*c*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(768*f*g*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^3 + 56*c^2*f^2*x*(33 - 26*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4) + 7*g^2*x*(-15 + 118*c^2*x^2 - 136*c^4*x^4 + 48*c^6*x^6)))*\text{ArcSin}[c*x] + 11025*b^2*(8*c^2*f^2 + g^2)*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]^2))/(564480*b*c^3*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])$

$$3.41. \int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

### 3.41.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 481, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (f + gx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5276$$

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int (f + gx)^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 5262$$

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left( f^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} + g^2 x^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} + 2fgx (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{5g^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{256bc^3} + \frac{1}{6} f^2 x (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{5}{24} f^2 x (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `(d^2*sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((2*b*f*g*x)/(7*c) - (25*b*c*f^2*x^2)/96 + (5*b*g^2*x^2)/(256*c) - (2*b*c*f*g*x^3)/7 + (5*b*c^3*f^2*x^4)/96 - (59*b*c*g^2*x^4)/768 + (6*b*c^3*f*g*x^5)/35 + (17*b*c^3*g^2*x^6)/288 - (2*b*c^5*f*g*x^7)/49 - (b*c^5*g^2*x^8)/64 + (b*f^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)^3)/(36*c) + (5*f^2*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/16 - (5*g^2*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(128*c^2) + (5*g^2*x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/64 + (5*f^2*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/24 + (5*g^2*x^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/48 + (f^2*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/6 + (g^2*x^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/8 - (2*f*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(7*c^2) + (5*f^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(32*b*c) + (5*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(256*b*c^3))/sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]`

---

3.41.  $\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

## 3.41.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

## 3.41.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2090, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2090
parts	Expression too large to display	2090

input `int((g*x+f)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

a*(f^2*(1/6*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)+5/6*d*(1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/4*d
*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-
c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))))+g^2*(-1/8*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(7/2)/c^2/d+1/8/c^2*(1/6
*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)+5/6*d*(1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/4*d*(1/2*x*(-c
^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d
)^(1/2)))))-2/7*f*g*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(7/2)/c^2/d)+b*(-5/256*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1)
)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*(8*c^2*f^2+g^2)*d
^2+1/3136*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(64*c^8*x^8-144*c^6*x^6-64*I*c^7*x^7*(-c^
2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+104*c^4*x^4+112*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^5*c^5-25*c^2*x^2-56*
I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^3*c^3+7*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+1)*f*g*(I+7*arcsin
(c*x))*d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/2304*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-32*I*(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)*c^6*x^6+32*c^7*x^7+48*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4-64*c^5*x^5-18*
I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+38*c^3*x^3+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-6*c*x)*(6*arc
sin(c*x)*c^2*f^2+I*c^2*f^2-6*arcsin(c*x)*g^2-I*g^2)*d^2/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)-3/
1024*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*c^2*x^2-c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-I)*(22*I*c^2
*f^2+32*arcsin(c*x)*c^2*f^2+I*g^2+4*arcsin(c*x)*g^2)*cos(3*arcsin(c*x))*d^
2/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)-5/64*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2
))*x*c-1)*f*g*(arcsin(c*x)+I)*d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-5/64*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/
2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*f*g*(arcsin(c*x)-I)*d^2/c^2/(c^2*x
^2-1)+1/64*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(4*I*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c^4...

```

### 3.41.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (gx + f)^2 (b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

input

```

integrate((g*x+f)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="f
ricas")

```

output

```

integral((a*c^4*d^2*g^2*x^6 + 2*a*c^4*d^2*f*g*x^5 - 4*a*c^2*d^2*f*g*x^3 +
2*a*d^2*f*g*x + a*d^2*f^2 + (a*c^4*d^2*f^2 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*g^2)*x^4 - (2*a*c
^2*d^2*f^2 - a*d^2*g^2)*x^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*g^2*x^6 + 2*b*c^4*d^2*f*g*x^5 - 4
*b*c^2*d^2*f*g*x^3 + 2*b*d^2*f*g*x + b*d^2*f^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*f^2 - 2*b*c^2*
d^2*g^2)*x^4 - (2*b*c^2*d^2*f^2 - b*d^2*g^2)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d
*x^2 + d), x)

```

---

3.41.  $\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

### 3.41.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2)*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.41.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (gx + f)^2 (b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/48*(8*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x + 10*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d*x + 15*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2*x + 15*d^(5/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a*f^2 + 1/384*(8*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x/c^2 - 48*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*x/(c^2*d) + 10*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d*x/c^2 + 15*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2*x/c^2 + 15*d^(5/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c^3)*a*g^2 - 2/7*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*a*f*g/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate((b*c^4*d^2*g^2*x^6 + 2*b*c^4*d^2*f*g*x^5 - 4*b*c^2*d^2*f*g*x^3 + 2*b*d^2*f*g*x + b*d^2*f^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*f^2 - 2*b*c^2*d^2*g^2)*x^4 - (2*b*c^2*d^2*f^2 - b*d^2*g^2)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)`

**3.41.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.41.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (f + gx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

### 3.42 $\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.42.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 517

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx &= \frac{bd^2 gx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{7c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 &- \frac{25bcd^2 f x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{96 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{bcd^2 gx^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{7 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 &+ \frac{5bc^3 d^2 f x^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{96 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{3bc^3 d^2 gx^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{35 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{bc^5 d^2 gx^7 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{49 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 &+ \frac{bd^2 f (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{36c} + \frac{5}{16} d^2 f x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 &+ \frac{5}{24} d^2 f x (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 &+ \frac{1}{6} d^2 f x (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 &- \frac{d^2 g (1 - c^2 x^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{7c^2} \\
 &+ \frac{5d^2 f \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{32bc \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$



output  $\frac{1}{36}bd^2f(-c^2x^2+1)^{5/2}(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c+5/16d^2fxx(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}+5/24d^2fxx(-c^2x^2+1)*(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}+1/6d^2fxx(-c^2x^2+1)^2*(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}-1/7d^2g*(-c^2x^2+1)^3*(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^2+1/7bd^2gxx(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-25/96b*c*d^2fxx^2*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-1/7b*c*d^2gxx^3*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+5/96b*c^3d^2fxx^4*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+3/35b*c^3d^2gxx^5*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-1/49b*c^5d^2gxx^7*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+5/32d^2f*(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2*(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/b/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}$

### 3.42.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( 11025 a^2 c f + 210 a b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( 48 g (-1 + c^2 x^2)^3 + 7 c^2 f x (33 - 26 c^2 x^2 + 8 c^4 x^4) \right) + b^2 c x x (-24 5 c^2 f x x (99 - 39 c^2 x^2 + 8 c^4 x^4) - 288 g (-35 + 35 c^2 x^2 - 21 c^4 x^4 + 5 c^6 x^6)) + 210 b (105 a c f + b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (48 g (-1 + c^2 x^2)^3 + 7 c^2 f x x (33 - 26 c^2 x^2 + 8 c^4 x^4))) \arcsin[cx] + 11025 b^2 c f \arcsin[cx]^2 \right)}{(70560 b c^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output  $(d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} * (11025 a^2 c f + 210 a b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} * (48 g * (-1 + c^2 x^2)^3 + 7 c^2 f x x (33 - 26 c^2 x^2 + 8 c^4 x^4)) + b^2 c x x (-24 5 c^2 f x x (99 - 39 c^2 x^2 + 8 c^4 x^4) - 288 g * (-35 + 35 c^2 x^2 - 21 c^4 x^4 + 5 c^6 x^6)) + 210 b (105 a c f + b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} * (48 g * (-1 + c^2 x^2)^3 + 7 c^2 f x x (33 - 26 c^2 x^2 + 8 c^4 x^4))) * \text{ArcSin}[c*x] + 11025 b^2 c f * \text{ArcSin}[c*x]^2)) / (70560 b c^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})$

### 3.42.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.42.  $\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\
& \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int (f + gx) (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5262} \\
& \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left( f(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} + gx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{1}{6} f x (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{5}{24} f x (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{5}{16} f x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + \right.}{
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `(d^2*sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((b*g*x)/(7*c) - (25*b*c*f*x^2)/96 - (b*c*g*x^3)/7 + (5*b*c^3*f*x^4)/96 + (3*b*c^3*g*x^5)/35 - (b*c^5*g*x^7)/49 + (b*f*(1 - c^2*x^2)^3)/(36*c) + (5*f*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/16 + (5*f*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/24 + (f*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/6 - (g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(7*c^2) + (5*f*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(32*b*c))/sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]`

### 3.42.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.42.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1423, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1423
parts	Expression too large to display	1423

input `int((g*x+f)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*a*f*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)+5/24*a*f*d*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+5/16*a*f*d^2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+5/16*a*f*d^3/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))-1/7*a*g*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(7/2)/c^2/d+b*(-5/32*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*f*d^2+1/6*272*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(64*c^8*x^8-144*c^6*x^6-64*I*c^7*x^7*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+104*c^4*x^4+112*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^5*c^5-25*c^2*x^2-56*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^3*c^3+7*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+1)*g*(I+7*arcsin(c*x))*d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/2304*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-32*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^6*x^6+32*c^7*x^7+48*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4-64*c^5*x^5-18*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+38*c^3*x^3+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-6*c*x)*f*(I+6*arcsin(c*x))*d^2/c/(c^2*x^2-1)-5/128*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g*(arcsin(c*x)+I)*d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-5/128*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*g*(arcsin(c*x)-I)*d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+15/256*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*f*(-I+2*arcsin(c*x))*d^2/c/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/128*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(4*I*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c^4*x^4-3*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-5*c^2*x^2+1)*g*(-I+3*arcsin(c*x))*d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/7840*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*g*(11*I+70*arcsin(c*x))*cos(6*arcsin(c*x))*d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-3/15680*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*c^2*x^2-c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-I)*g*(9*I+35*arcsin...`

$$3.42. \quad \int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

**3.42.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*c^4*d^2*g*x^5 + a*c^4*d^2*f*x^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*g*x^3 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*f*x^2 + a*d^2*g*x + a*d^2*f + (b*c^4*d^2*g*x^5 + b*c^4*d^2*f*x^4 - 2*b*c^2*d^2*g*x^3 - 2*b*c^2*d^2*f*x^2 + b*d^2*g*x + b*d^2*f)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

**3.42.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2)*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.42.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/48*(8*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x + 10*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d*x + 15*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2*x + 15*d^(5/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a*f - 1/7*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*a*g/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate((b*c^4*d^2*g*x^5 + b*c^4*d^2*f*x^4 - 2*b*c^2*d^2*g*x^3 - 2*b*c^2*d^2*f*x^2 + b*d^2*g*x + b*d^2*f)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)`

### 3.42.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

### 3.42.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (f + gx) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

$$\mathbf{3.43} \quad \int \frac{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{f+gx} dx$$

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### 3.43.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 1648

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \frac{ad^2(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{g^5} \\
& + \frac{2bcd^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{15g\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{bcd^2(c^2 f^2 - 2g^2) x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{3g^3\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{bcd^2(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{g^5\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{bc^3 d^2 f x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{16g^2\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{bc^3 d^2 f(c^2 f^2 - 2g^2) x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{4g^4\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{bc^3 d^2 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{45g\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{bc^3 d^2(c^2 f^2 - 2g^2) x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{9g^3\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{bc^5 d^2 f x^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{16g^2\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{bc^5 d^2 x^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{25g\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{bd^2(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{g^5} \\
& + \frac{c^2 d^2 f x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{8g^2} \\
& - \frac{c^2 d^2 f(c^2 f^2 - 2g^2) x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2g^4} \\
& - \frac{c^4 d^2 f x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4g^2} \\
& - \frac{d^2(1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3g} \\
& - \frac{d^2(c^2 f^2 - 2g^2)(1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3g^3} \\
& + \frac{d^2(1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{5g} \\
& - \frac{cd^2 f \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{16bg^2\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{cd^2 f(c^2 f^2 - 2g^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4bg^4\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{cd^2(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bg^5\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{d^2(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bcg^6(f + gx)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{d^2(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bcg^4(f + gx)} \\
& - \frac{ad^2(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arctan\left(\frac{g + c^2 fx}{\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}\right)}{g^6\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$


---

3.43.  $\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \frac{ad^2(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g^6\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$

output

```

-1/25*b*c^5*d^2*x^5*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/8*c^2*d^2*
f*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2-1/4*c^4*d^2*f*x^3*(a+b*arcs
in(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2+2/15*b*c*d^2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g/(-
c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/45*b*c^3*d^2*x^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2)+a*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^5+b*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^2*a
rcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^5-b*c*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+
d)^(1/2)/g^5/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-a*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(5/2)*arctan((c^2*f*x+
g)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^6/(-c^2*
x^2+1)^(1/2)+b*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(5/2)*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/
2)))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^6/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/
2)-b*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(5/2)*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f
+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^6/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+I*b*d^2
*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(5/2)*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-
(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^6/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/3*d^2*
(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g+1/5*d^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)
^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g-1/3*d^2*(c^2*f^2-2*g^2)*(-c^2*
x^2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^3-1/16*b*c^3*d^2*f*x^2*(-c
^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/9*b*c^3*d^2*(c^2*f^2-2*g^2)*x^3
*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^3/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/16*b*c^5*d^2*f*x^4*(-c^2*d*
x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/16*c*d^2*f*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-...

```

### 3.43.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 787, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx =$$

$$d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( -900bc^3 f (c^2 f^2 - 2g^2) x^2 - 225bc^5 f g^2 x^4 + 144bc^5 g^3 x^5 + 400bcg (c^2 f^2 - 2g^2) x (-3 + c^2 x^2) \right)$$

input `Integrate[((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(f + g*x),x]`

---

3.43.  $\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx$



```
output -1/3600*(d^2*sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(-900*b*c^3*f*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*x^2 - 225
*b*c^5*f*g^2*x^4 + 144*b*c^5*g^3*x^5 + 400*b*c*g*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*x*(-3 +
c^2*x^2) + 1800*c^2*f*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin
[c*x]) + 900*c^4*f*g^2*x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) - 720*c^4
*g^3*x^4*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + 1200*g*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*
(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + (900*c*f*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*(a +
b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/b + (1800*(-(c^2*f^2) + g^2)^2*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*(a + b*Arc
Sin[c*x])^2)/(b*c*(f + g*x)) - 80*g^3*(6*b*c*x + b*c^3*x^3 - 6*sqrt[1 - c^
2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) - 3*c^2*x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x
])) + 225*c*f*g^2*(b*c^2*x^2 - 2*c*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
+ (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/b) - (1800*(-(c^2*f^2) + g^2)^2*(c^2*g*x*(a + b*A
rcSin[c*x])^2 + ((c^2*f^2 - g^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(f + g*x) - 2*b*c*
(b*c*g*x - g*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) - I*sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]
*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*(Log[1 + (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(-(c*f) + sqrt[c^2*
f^2 - g^2])]) - Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])
]) - I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])]) +
I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])))))/(
b*c*g^2))/g^4*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])
```

### 3.43.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1019, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5266, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx$$

↓ 5276

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \frac{(1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

↓ 5266

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left( \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) c^4}{g} - \frac{f x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) c^4}{g^2} - \frac{f (c^2 f^2 - 2g^2) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) c^2}{g^4} + \frac{(c^2 f}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

↓ 2009

---

3.43.  $\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx$

$$d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( -\frac{bx^5 c^5}{25g} + \frac{bf x^4 c^5}{16g^2} - \frac{f x^3 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx)) c^4}{4g^2} - \frac{b(c^2 f^2 - 2g^2) x^3 c^3}{9g^3} + \frac{bx^3 c^3}{45g} + \frac{bf(c^2 f^2 - 2g^2) x^2 c^3}{4g^4} - \frac{bf x^2 c^3}{16g^2} \right)$$

input `Int[((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(f + g*x),x]`

output `(d^2*sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((2*b*c*x)/(15*g) + (b*c*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*x)/(3*g^3) - (b*c*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^2*x)/g^5 - (b*c^3*f*x^2)/(16*g^2) + (b*c^3*f*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*x^2)/(4*g^4) + (b*c^3*x^3)/(45*g) - (b*c^3*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*x^3)/(9*g^3) + (b*c^5*f*x^4)/(16*g^2) - (b*c^5*x^5)/(25*g) + (a*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/g^5 + (b*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x])/g^5 + (c^2*f*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(8*g^2) - (c^2*f*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*g^4) - (c^4*f*x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(4*g^2) - ((1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*g) - ((c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*g^3) + ((1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(5*g) - (c*f*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(16*b*g^2) - (c*f*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(4*b*g^4) + (c*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^2*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*b*g^5) + ((c^2*f^2 - g^2)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c*g^6*(f + g*x)) + ((c^2*f^2 - g^2)^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c*g^4*(f + g*x)) - (a*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(5/2)*ArcTan[(g + c^2*f*x)/(sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]])/g^6 + (I*b*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(5/2)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^6 - (I*b*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(5/2)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^6 + (b*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(5/2)*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^6 - (b*(c^2*f^2 - g...`

### 3.43.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5266 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

$$3.43. \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx$$

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.43.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2580, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2580
parts	Expression too large to display	2580

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a/g*(1/5*(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(5/2)+c^2*d*f/g*(-1/8*(-2*(x+f/g)*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g)/c^2/d*(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(3/2)-3/16*(4*c^2*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2-4*c^4*d^2*f^2/g^2)/c^2/d*(-1/4*(-2*(x+f/g)*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g)/c^2/d*(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)-1/8*(4*c^2*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2-4*c^4*d^2*f^2/g^2)/c^2/d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)))-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2*(1/3*(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(3/2)+c^2*d*f/g*(-1/4*(-2*(x+f/g)*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g)/c^2/d*(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)-1/8*(4*c^2*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2-4*c^4*d^2*f^2/g^2)/c^2/d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)))-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2*((-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)+c^2*d*f/g/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2))+d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2/(-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)+2*(-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2))/(x+f/g))))+b*(-1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*f*(8*c^4*f^4-20*c^2*f^2*g^2+15*g^4)*d^2*c/g^6+1/800*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(16*c^6*x^6-28*c^4*x^4-16*I*(...`

$$3.43. \int \frac{(d-c^2x^2)^{5/2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{f+gx} dx$$

### 3.43.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*d^2 + (b*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*b*c^2*d^2*x^2 + b*d^2)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(g*x + f), x)`

### 3.43.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(g*x+f),x)`

output `Integral((-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(5/2)*(a + b*asin(c*x))/(f + g*x), x)`

### 3.43.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(g-c*f>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

---

3.43.  $\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx$

**3.43.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.43.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{f + gx} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2))/(f + g*x),x)`

output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2))/(f + g*x), x)`

$$3.44 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$$

3.44.1	Optimal result	449
3.44.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	450
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### 3.44.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 450

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx = & \frac{3bf^2gx\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2bg^3x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3c^3\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & + \frac{3bf g^2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{bg^3x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{9c\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & - \frac{3f^2g(1-c^2x^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & - \frac{2g^3(1-c^2x^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^4\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & - \frac{3fg^2x(1-c^2x^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2c^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & - \frac{g^3x^2(1-c^2x^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & + \frac{f^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & + \frac{3fg^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4bc^3\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -3f^2g(-c^2x^2+1)(a+b\arcsin(cx))/c^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)} - 2/3g^3(-c^2x^2+1)(a+b\arcsin(cx))/c^4/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)} - 3/2f^2g^2x(-c^2x^2+1)(a+b\arcsin(cx))/c^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)} - 1/3g^3x^2(-c^2x^2+1)(a+b\arcsin(cx))/c^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)} + 3bf^2gx(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)} + 2/3b^2g^3x(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^3/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)} + 3/4b^2fg^2x^2(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)} + 1/9b^2g^3x^3(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)} + 1/2f^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/b/c/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)} + 3/4f^2g^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/b/c^3/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

### 3.44.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} dx = \frac{-18bc\sqrt{d}f(2c^2f^2+3g^2)(-1+c^2x^2)\arcsin(cx)^2 - 36acf(2c^2f^2+3g^2)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}\arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}}\right)}{}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2], x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (-18bc\sqrt{d}f(2c^2f^2+3g^2)(-1+c^2x^2)\text{ArcSin}[c*x]^2 - 36ac f(2c^2f^2+3g^2)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}\text{ArcTan}[(c*x) \\ & \text{Sqrt}[d-c^2d*x^2])]/(\text{Sqrt}[d]*(-1+c^2x^2))] - \text{Sqrt}[d]*g*(-1+c^2x^2) \\ & *(8*b*c*x*(6*g^2+c^2*(27*f^2+g^2*x^2)) - 12*a*\text{Sqrt}[1-c^2x^2]*(4*g^2 \\ & + c^2*(18*f^2+9*f*g*x+2*g^2*x^2)) - 27*b*c*f*g*\text{Cos}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]]) + \\ & 6*b*\text{Sqrt}[d]*g*(-1+c^2x^2)*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]*(4*\text{Sqrt}[1-c^2x^2]*(2*g^2+c^2 \\ & *(9*f^2+g^2*x^2)) + 9*c*f*g*\text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]])]/(72*c^4*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[1 \\ & - c^2x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2d*x^2]) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.44.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.44.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5262} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \left( \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))f^3}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{3gx(a+b\arcsin(cx))f^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{3g^2x^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))f}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{g^3x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) dx}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{3fg^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{4bc^3} - \frac{3f^2g\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{3fg^2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2c^2} - \frac{g^3x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3c^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((3*b*f^2*g*x)/c + (2*b*g^3*x)/(3*c^3) + (3*b*f*g^2*x^2)/(4*c) + (b*g^3*x^3)/(9*c) - (3*f^2*g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c^2 - (2*g^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c^4) - (3*f*g^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*c^2) - (g^3*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c^2) + (f^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c) + (3*f*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(4*b*c^3))/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]`

### 3.44.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^m_.*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^p_., x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`



```
rule 5276 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_
) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^
p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && Intege
rQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]
```

### 3.44.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 856, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

method	result
default	$a \left( \frac{f^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + g^3 \left( -\frac{x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{3c^2 d} - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{3d c^4} \right) + 3f g^2 \left( -\frac{x \sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{2c^2 d} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{2c^2 \sqrt{c^2 d}} \right) \right)$
parts	$a \left( \frac{f^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + g^3 \left( -\frac{x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{3c^2 d} - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{3d c^4} \right) + 3f g^2 \left( -\frac{x \sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{2c^2 d} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{2c^2 \sqrt{c^2 d}} \right) \right)$

```
input int((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBO
SE)
```

output

```

a*(f^3/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+g^3*(-1/
3*x^2/c^2/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2/3/d/c^4*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+3*f*g^2*(
-1/2*x/c^2/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2/c^2/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/
2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)))-3*f^2*g/c^2/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+b*(-1/4*(-
d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*f*
(2*c^2*f^2+3*g^2)+1/144*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*c^2*x^2-2*I*c*x*(-c^2*x^
2+1)^(1/2)-1)*g^3*(I+3*arcsin(c*x))/c^4/d/(c^2*x^2-1)-3/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))
^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g*(4*arcsin(c*x)*c^2*f^2+4*I*c
^2*f^2+arcsin(c*x)*g^2+I*g^2)/c^4/d/(c^2*x^2-1)-3/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)
*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*g*(4*arcsin(c*x)*c^2*f^2-4*I*c^2*f^2
+arcsin(c*x)*g^2-I*g^2)/c^4/d/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/144*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*
I*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2*c^2*x^2-1)*g^3*(-I+3*arcsin(c*x))/c^4/d/(c^2*x^
2-1)+3/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*f*g^
2+3/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^2/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*f*g^2*arcsin(c*x)*x-1/24*(-
d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^4/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)*g^3*cos(4*arcsin(c*x))+
1/72*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^4/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^3*sin(4*arcsin(c*x))+3/16*
(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*f*g^2*cos(3*arcsin(c*x))+3/8*(-d*
(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*f*g^2*arcsin(c*x)*sin(3*arcsin(c*x))

```

### 3.44.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx+f)^3(b\arcsin(cx)+a)}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}} dx$$

input

```

integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="f
ricas")

```

output

```

integral(-(a*g^3*x^3 + 3*a*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*a*f^2*g*x + a*f^3 + (b*g^3*x^3 +
3*b*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*b*f^2*g*x + b*f^3)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(c^
2*d*x^2 - d), x)

```

### 3.44.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**3*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`

### 3.44.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^3(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*a*g^3*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x^2/(c^2*d) + 2*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(c^4*d)) - 3/2*a*f*g^2*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x/(c^2*d) - arcsin(c*x)/(c^3*sqrt(d))) + 1/2*b*f^3*arcsin(c*x)^2/(c*sqrt(d)) + 3*b*f^2*g*x/(c*sqrt(d)) + a*f^3*arcsin(c*x)/(c*sqrt(d)) - 3*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*b*f^2*g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d) - 3*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*a*f^2*g/(c^2*d) - sqrt(d)*integrate((b*g^3*x^3 + 3*b*f*g^2*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(c^2*d*x^2 - d), x)`

### 3.44.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^3(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)^3*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

**3.44.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int(((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

$$3.45 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$$

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### 3.45.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 270

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx = \frac{2bfgx\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{bg^2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{2fg(1-c^2x^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{g^2x(1-c^2x^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2c^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{f^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{g^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4bc^3\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}$$

output

```
-2*f*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/2*g^2*x*(
-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2*b*f*g*x*(-c^2*x^2
+1)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/4*b*g^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*
d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*f^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(-c^2*d*
x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/4*g^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c^3/(-c^2*d*
x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

### 3.45.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2b\sqrt{d}(2c^2 f^2 + g^2)(-1 + c^2 x^2) \arcsin(cx)^2 - 4a(2c^2 f^2 + g^2) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arctan\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{\sqrt{d(-1 + c^2 x^2)}}\right)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2],x]`

output `(-2*b*Sqrt[d]*(2*c^2*f^2 + g^2)*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*ArcSin[c*x]^2 - 4*a*(2*c^2*f^2 + g^2)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*ArcTan[(c*x*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])/(Sqrt[d]*(-1 + c^2*x^2))] + Sqrt[d]*g*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*(4*c*(-4*b*c*f*x + a*(4*f + g*x)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + b*g*Cos[2*ArcSin[c*x]]) + 2*b*Sqrt[d]*g*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*ArcSin[c*x]*(8*c*f*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + g*Sin[2*ArcSin[c*x]]))/(8*c^3*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

### 3.45.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5276}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5262}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \left( \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))f^2}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{2gx(a + b \arcsin(cx))f}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{g^2 x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \right) dx}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

---

3.45.  $\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{g^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{4bc^3} - \frac{2fg\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{g^2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2c^2} + \frac{f^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc} + \frac{2bfgx}{c} + \frac{bg^2}{4} \right)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((2*b*f*g*x)/c + (b*g^2*x^2)/(4*c) - (2*f*g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c^2 - (g^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*c^2) + (f^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c) + (g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(4*b*c^3)))/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]`

### 3.45.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.45.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 505, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

---

3.45.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$

method	result
default	$a \left( \frac{f^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + g^2 \left( -\frac{x\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{2c^2 d} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{2c^2 \sqrt{c^2 d}} \right) - \frac{2fg\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{c^2 d} \right) + b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-d}(c^2 x^2 + d)}{c^2 d} \right)$
parts	$a \left( \frac{f^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + g^2 \left( -\frac{x\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{2c^2 d} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{2c^2 \sqrt{c^2 d}} \right) - \frac{2fg\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{c^2 d} \right) + b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-d}(c^2 x^2 + d)}{c^2 d} \right)$

```
input int((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(f^2/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+g^2*(-1/2*x/c^2/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2/c^2/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)))-2*f*g/c^2/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+b*(-1/4*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*(2*c^2*f^2+g^2)-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*f*g*(arcsin(c*x)+I)/c^2/d/(c^2*x^2-1)-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*f*g*(arcsin(c*x)-I)/c^2/d/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^2+1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^2/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^2*arcsin(c*x)*x+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^2*cos(3*arcsin(c*x))+1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^2*arcsin(c*x)*sin(3*arcsin(c*x)))
```

### 3.45.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx+f)^2(b\arcsin(cx)+a)}{\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a*g^2*x^2+2*a*f*g*x+a*f^2+(b*g^2*x^2+2*b*f*g*x+b*f^2)*arcsin(c*x))/(c^2*d*x^2-d),x)
```



**3.45.6 Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)**2*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2), x)
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo
```

**3.45.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^2(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -1/2*a*g^2*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x/(c^2*d) - arcsin(c*x)/(c^3*sqrt(d))) +
1/2*b*f^2*arcsin(c*x)^2/(c*sqrt(d)) + b*g^2*integrate(x^2*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)/sqrt(d) + 2*b*f*g*x/(c*sqrt(d)) + a*f^2*arcsin(c*x)/(c*sqrt(d)) - 2*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*b*f*g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d) - 2*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*a*f*g/(c^2*d)
```

**3.45.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^2(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((g*x + f)^2*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)
```

**3.45.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

### 3.46 $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$

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#### 3.46.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} dx = \frac{bgx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{c\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} - \frac{g(1 - c^2x^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} + \frac{f\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

output `-g*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+b*g*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*f*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)`

#### 3.46.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d}g(-a + ac^2x^2 + bcx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}) + 2b\sqrt{d}g(-1 + c^2x^2) \arcsin(cx) + bc\sqrt{d}f\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \arcsin(cx)^2 - 2a}{2c^2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2],x]`

output  $(2\sqrt{d}g(-a + ac^2x^2 + bcx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}) + 2b\sqrt{d}g(-1 + c^2x^2)\text{ArcSin}[cx] + bc\sqrt{d}f\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\text{ArcSin}[cx]^2 - 2acf\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}\text{ArcTan}[(cx\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2})/(\sqrt{d}(-1 + c^2x^2))])/(2c^2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2})$

### 3.46.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5262} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \left( \frac{f(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{gx(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \right) dx}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( -\frac{g\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2} + \frac{f(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc} + \frac{bgx}{c} \right)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(f + g*x)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2], x]$

output  $(\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}*((b*g*x)/c - (g*\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))/c^2 + (f*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c)))/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]$

## 3.46.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_)+ (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_)+ (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

## 3.46.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

method	result
default	$\frac{af \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d x}}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} - \frac{ag\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{c^2 d} + b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)}\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arcsin(cx)^2 f}{2cd(c^2 x^2 - 1)} - \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)}(c^2 x^2 - icx\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)})}{2c^2 d(c^2 x^2 - 1)} \right)$
parts	$\frac{af \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d x}}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} - \frac{ag\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{c^2 d} + b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)}\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arcsin(cx)^2 f}{2cd(c^2 x^2 - 1)} - \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)}(c^2 x^2 - icx\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)})}{2c^2 d(c^2 x^2 - 1)} \right)$

input `int((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*f/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))-a*g/c^2/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+b*(-1/2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*f-1/2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g*(arcsin(c*x)+I)/c^2/d/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*g*(arcsin(c*x)-I)/c^2/d/(c^2*x^2-1)`

$$3.46. \int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

### 3.46.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(a*g*x + a*f + (b*g*x + b*f)*arcsin(c*x))/(c^2*d*x^2 - d), x)`

### 3.46.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`

### 3.46.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \frac{bf \arcsin(cx)^2}{2c\sqrt{d}} + \frac{bgx}{c\sqrt{d}} + \frac{af \arcsin(cx)}{c\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}bg \arcsin(cx)}{c^2 d} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}ag}{c^2 d}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*b*f*arcsin(c*x)^2/(c*sqrt(d)) + b*g*x/(c*sqrt(d)) + a*f*arcsin(c*x)/(c*sqrt(d)) - sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*b*g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d) - sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*a*g/(c^2*d)`

**3.46.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

**3.46.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

### 3.47 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(f+gx)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$

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#### 3.47.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 380

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} dx = -\frac{i\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} + \frac{i\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

output

```
-I*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+I*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-b*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+b*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```



### 3.47.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( -i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \left( \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{-cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) - \log \left( 1 - \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) \right) - b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{i}{-c} \right)}{\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/((f + g*x)*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]), x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))*(Log[1 + (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(-(c*f) + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])] - Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])]) - b*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(-(c*f) + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])] + b*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/(Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

### 3.47.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.290$ , Rules used = {5276, 5272, 3042, 3804, 2694, 27, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (f + gx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5276$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 5272$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{cf + cgx} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{cf+g \sin(\arcsin(cx))} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3804} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2ce^i \arcsin(cx) f - ie^{2i} \arcsin(cx) g + ig} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2694} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{ig \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2(cf-ie^i \arcsin(cx) g + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2})} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} - \frac{ig \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2(cf-ie^i \arcsin(cx) g - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2})} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{ig \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{cf-ie^i \arcsin(cx) g + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} d \arcsin(cx)}{2\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} - \frac{ig \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{cf-ie^i \arcsin(cx) g - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} d \arcsin(cx)}{2\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{ig \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} + cf} \right)}{g} - \frac{b \int \log \left( 1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) d \arcsin(cx)}{g} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} - \frac{ig \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right)}{g} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{ig \left( \frac{ib \int e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \log \left( 1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) de^i \arcsin(cx)}{g} + \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} + cf} \right)}{g} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} - \frac{ig \left( \frac{ib \int e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \log \left( 1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) de^i \arcsin(cx)}{g} + \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} - cf} \right)}{g} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2838}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.47.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(f+gx)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$

$$2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{ig \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2+cf}} \right)}{g} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right)}{g} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right) - \frac{ig \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right)}{g} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right)}{g} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right) \frac{1}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/((f + g*x)*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((( -1/2*I)*g*(((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]])/g - (I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]])/g))/Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2] + ((I/2)*g*(((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]])/g - (I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]])/g))/Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])))/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]`

### 3.47.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^((n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^((n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2694 `Int[(((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_)*(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)))]^(n_.)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]`

rule 3804 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Sy
mbol] :> Simp[2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(I*(e + f*x))/(I*b + 2*a*E^(I*(e + f*x)
)) - I*b*E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ
[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5272 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/Sq
rt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/(c^(m + 1)*Sqrt[d]) Subst[Int
t[(a + b*x)^n*(c*f + g*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && GtQ[d, 0] && (G
tQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[n, 0])`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_
) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^
p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && Intege
rQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.47.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 508, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result
default	$\frac{a \ln \left( \frac{-\frac{2d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g^2} + \frac{2c^2 df(x + \frac{f}{g})}{g} + 2\sqrt{-\frac{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g^2}} \sqrt{\frac{-(x + \frac{f}{g})^2 c^2 d + \frac{2c^2 df(x + \frac{f}{g})}{g} - \frac{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g^2}}}{x + \frac{f}{g}} \right)}{g \sqrt{-\frac{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g^2}}}$
parts	$\frac{a \ln \left( \frac{-\frac{2d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g^2} + \frac{2c^2 df(x + \frac{f}{g})}{g} + 2\sqrt{-\frac{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g^2}} \sqrt{\frac{-(x + \frac{f}{g})^2 c^2 d + \frac{2c^2 df(x + \frac{f}{g})}{g} - \frac{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g^2}}}{x + \frac{f}{g}} \right)}{g \sqrt{-\frac{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g^2}}}$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -a/g/(-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)+2*(-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2))/(x+f/g)-I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(I*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*c*f+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g-(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2))/(I*c*f-(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)))-I*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*c*f+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2))/(I*c*f+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)))+dilog((I*c*f+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g-(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2))/(I*c*f-(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)))-dilog((I*c*f+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2))/(I*c*f+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)))/d/(c^2*x^2-1)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)
```

### 3.47.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}(gx + f)} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(c^2*d*g*x^3 + c^2*d*f*x^2 - d*g*x - d*f), x)`

### 3.47.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1)}(f + gx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))/(g*x+f)/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))/(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(f + g*x)), x)`

### 3.47.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}(gx + f)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(g*x + f)), x)`

### 3.47.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.47.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{(f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))/((f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))/((f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

**3.48**  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2}} dx$

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**3.48.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 507

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \frac{g(1 - c^2 x^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2) (f + gx) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} - \frac{ic^2 f \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} + \frac{ic^2 f \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} - \frac{bc \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \log(f + gx)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} - \frac{bc^2 f \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} + \frac{bc^2 f \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$



output 
$$\begin{aligned} &g*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))/(c^2*f^2-g^2)/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)} \\ &-b*c*\ln(g*x+f)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(c^2*f^2-g^2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-I*c^2*f*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*\ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^{(1/2)})) \\ &*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^{(3/2)}/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+I*c^2*f*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*\ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^{(1/2)})) \\ &*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^{(3/2)}/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-b*c^2*f*\text{polylog}(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^{(1/2)}))* \\ &(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^{(3/2)}/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+b*c^2*f*\text{polylog}(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^{(1/2)}))* \\ &(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^{(3/2)}/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

### 3.48.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{g\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{cf + cgx} - b \log(f + gx) + \frac{cf \left( -i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \left( \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{-cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) - \log \left( 1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/((f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} &(c*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*((g*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))/(c*f + c*g \\ &*x) - b*\text{Log}[f + g*x] + (c*f*((-1)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*(\text{Log}[1 + (I*E^(I*\text{Arc} \\ &\text{Sin}[c*x])*g)/(-c*f) + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) - \text{Log}[1 - (I*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x] \\ &)*g)/(c*f + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) - b*\text{PolyLog}[2, ((-1)*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])* \\ &g)/(-c*f) + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) + b*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*g)/ \\ &(c*f + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2])]))/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2])/((c^2*f^2 - g^2)*\text{Sqrt} \\ &[d - c^2*d*x^2]) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.48.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.419$ , Rules used = {5276, 5272, 3042, 3805, 3042, 3147, 16, 3804, 2694, 27, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (f + gx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5272} \\
 & \frac{c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(cf + cgx)^2} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(cf + g \sin(\arcsin(cx)))^2} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3805} \\
 & \frac{c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{cf \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{cf + cgx} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2 f^2 - g^2} - \frac{bg \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{cf + cgx} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2 f^2 - g^2} + \frac{g\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)(cf + cgx)} \right)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{cf \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{cf + g \sin(\arcsin(cx))} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2 f^2 - g^2} - \frac{bg \int \frac{\cos(\arcsin(cx))}{cf + g \sin(\arcsin(cx))} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2 f^2 - g^2} + \frac{g\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)(cf + cgx)} \right)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3147} \\
 & \frac{c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{cf \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{cf + g \sin(\arcsin(cx))} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2 f^2 - g^2} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{cf + cgx} d(cgx)}{c^2 f^2 - g^2} + \frac{g\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)(cf + cgx)} \right)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.48.  $\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{cf \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{cf+g \sin(\arcsin(cx))} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2f^2-g^2} + \frac{g\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(c^2f^2-g^2)(cf+cgx)} - \frac{b \log(cf+cgx)}{c^2f^2-g^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3804} \\
 & \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2cf \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2ce^{i \arcsin(cx)}f-ie^{2i \arcsin(cx)}g+ig} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2f^2-g^2} + \frac{g\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(c^2f^2-g^2)(cf+cgx)} - \frac{b \log(cf+cgx)}{c^2f^2-g^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2694} \\
 & \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2cf \left( \frac{ig \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2(cf-ie^i \arcsin(cx))g+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} - \frac{ig \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2(cf-ie^i \arcsin(cx))g-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right)}{c^2f^2-g^2} + \frac{g\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(c^2f^2-g^2)(cf+cgx)} \right)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2cf \left( \frac{ig \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{cf-ie^i \arcsin(cx)}g+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} d \arcsin(cx)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} - \frac{ig \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{cf-ie^i \arcsin(cx)}g-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} d \arcsin(cx)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right)}{c^2f^2-g^2} + \frac{g\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(c^2f^2-g^2)(cf+cgx)} \right)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.48.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$

$$c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2cf \left( \frac{ig \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2+cf}} \right) - b f \log \left( 1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right) d \arcsin(cx)}{g} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} - \frac{ig \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right)}{g} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right)}{c^2f^2-g^2} \right)$$

$\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}$

↓ 2715

$$c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2cf \left( \frac{ig \left( \frac{ib f e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \log \left( 1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right) de^i \arcsin(cx) + \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2+cf}} \right)}{g} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right) - \frac{ig \left( \frac{ib f e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \log \left( 1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right)}{g} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right)}{c^2f^2-g^2} \right)$$

$\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}$

↓ 2838

3.48.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$

$$c\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2cf \left( \frac{ig \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2} + cf} \right)}{g} - \text{ib PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}} - \frac{ig \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}} \right)}{g} - \text{ib PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}} \right)}{c^2f^2 - g^2} \right) \sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/((f + g*x)^2*sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]),x]`

output `(c*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((g*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/((c^2*f^2 - g^2)*(c*f + c*g*x)) - (b*Log[c*f + c*g*x]/(c^2*f^2 - g^2) + (2*c*f*((-1/2*I)*g*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))]/g - (I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))]/g))/sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2] + ((I/2)*g*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))]/g - (I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))]/g))/sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))/(c^2*f^2 - g^2))/sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]`

### 3.48.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)]/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2694 `Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_)*(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(n_))], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3147 `Int[cos[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b^p*f) Subst[Int[(a + x)^m*(b^2 - x^2)^((p - 1)/2), x], x, b*Sin[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[(p - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3804 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(I*(e + f*x)))/(I*b + 2*a*E^(I*(e + f*x))) - I*b*E^(2*I*(e + f*x))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 3805 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol]
:> Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))), x] + (Simp[a/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*d*(m/(f*(a^2 - b^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5272 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(c^(m + 1)*Sqrt[d]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(c*f + g*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && GtQ[d, 0] && (GtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[n, 0])
```

```
rule 5276 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]
```

### 3.48.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 932, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

method	result
default	$\frac{a\sqrt{-(x+\frac{f}{g})^2 c^2 d + \frac{2c^2 df(x+\frac{f}{g})}{g} - \frac{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g^2}}}{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)(x+\frac{f}{g})} - \frac{a c^2 f \ln\left(\frac{-\frac{2d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g^2} + \frac{2c^2 df(x+\frac{f}{g})}{g} + 2\sqrt{-\frac{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g^2}}\sqrt{-(x+\frac{f}{g})^2 c^2 d + \frac{2c^2 df(x+\frac{f}{g})}{g}}}{x+\frac{f}{g}}\right)}{g(c^2 f^2 - g^2)\sqrt{-\frac{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g^2}}}$
parts	$\frac{a\sqrt{-(x+\frac{f}{g})^2 c^2 d + \frac{2c^2 df(x+\frac{f}{g})}{g} - \frac{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g^2}}}{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)(x+\frac{f}{g})} - \frac{a c^2 f \ln\left(\frac{-\frac{2d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g^2} + \frac{2c^2 df(x+\frac{f}{g})}{g} + 2\sqrt{-\frac{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g^2}}\sqrt{-(x+\frac{f}{g})^2 c^2 d + \frac{2c^2 df(x+\frac{f}{g})}{g}}}{x+\frac{f}{g}}\right)}{g(c^2 f^2 - g^2)\sqrt{-\frac{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)}{g^2}}}$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f)^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

$$3.48. \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

output  $a/d/(c^2f^2-g^2)/(x+f/g)*(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}-a/g*c^2*f/(c^2*f^2-g^2)/(-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln(( -2*d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)+2*(-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)}*(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+f/g)) +b*((-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*\arcsin(c*x))*(c^2*f*x+g-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*c*f)/d/(c^2*x^2-1)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)/(g*x+f) -(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}*(-\ln((I*c*f+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*g-(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^{(1/2)})/(I*c*f-(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^{(1/2)}))*\arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^{(1/2)}*c*f+\ln((I*c*f+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*g+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^{(1/2)})/(I*c*f+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^{(1/2)}))*\arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^{(1/2)}*c*f+2*\ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*c^2*f^2-\ln((I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})^2*g+2*I*c*f*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})-g)*c^2*f^2+I*dilog((I*c*f+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*g-(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^{(1/2)})/(I*c*f-(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^{(1/2)}))*(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^{(1/2)}*c*f-I*dilog((I*c*f+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*g+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^{(1/2)})/(I*c*f+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^{(1/2)}))*(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^{(1/2)}*c*f-2*\ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*g^2+\ln((I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})^2*g+2*I*c*f*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})-g)*g^2)*c/d/(c^2*x^2-1)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^2$

### 3.48.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (gx + f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f)^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(c^2*d*g^2*x^4 + 2*c^2*d*f*g*x^3 - 2*d*f*g*x - d*f^2 + (c^2*d*f^2 - d*g^2)*x^2), x)`

### 3.48.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{\sqrt{-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1)}(f + gx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))/(g*x+f)**2/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))/(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(f + g*x)**2), x)`

---

3.48.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2}} dx$



**3.48.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx) + a}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (gx + f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f)^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(g*x + f)^2), x)`

**3.48.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f)^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.48.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))/((f + g*x)^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))/((f + g*x)^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.49 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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### 3.49.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 315

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx &= -\frac{bg^3x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{c^3d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{(g(3c^2f^2+g^2)+c^2f(c^2f^2+3g^2)x)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{c^4d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{g^3(1-c^2x^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{c^4d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{3fg^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc^3d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{b(cf+g)^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\log(1-cx)}{2c^4d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{b(cf-g)^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\log(1+cx)}{2c^4d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output  $(g*(3*c^2*f^2+g^2)+c^2*f*(c^2*f^2+3*g^2)*x)*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))/c^4/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+g^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))/c^4/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-b*g^3*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-3/2*f*g^2*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c^3/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*b*(c*f+g)^3*\ln(-c*x+1)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*b*(c*f-g)^3*\ln(c*x+1)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)$

### 3.49.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( -2bcg^3 x + 2g^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) - \frac{3c f g^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{b} \right)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(-2*b*c*g^3*x + 2*g^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) - (3*c*f*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/b + (c*f - g)^3*(-((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x])/4]) + 2*b*Log[Sin[(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x])/4]]) + (c*f + g)^3*(2*b*Log[Cos[(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x])/4]] + (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Tan[(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x])/4]))) / (2*c^4*d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

### 3.49.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5274, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5274} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \left( -\frac{x(a + b \arcsin(cx))g^3}{c^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{3f(a + b \arcsin(cx))g^2}{c^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{(c^2 f^3 + 3g^2 f + g(3c^2 f^2 + g^2)x)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} \right) dx}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{3fg^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc^3} + \frac{(c^2fx(c^2f^2+3g^2)+g(3c^2f^2+g^2))(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{c^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{g^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{c^4} - \frac{bg\operatorname{arctanh}(cx)}{c^4} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(-((b*g^3*x)/c^3) + ((g*(3*c^2*f^2 + g^2) + c^2*f*(c^2*f^2 + 3*g^2)*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c^4*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + (g^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c^4 - (3*f*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c^3) - (b*g*(3*c^2*f^2 + g^2)*ArcTanh[c*x])/c^4 + (b*f*(c^2*f^2 + 3*g^2)*Log[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*c^3)))/(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

### 3.49.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5274 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], (f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.49.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 724, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

method	result
default	$a \left( \frac{f^3 x}{d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} + g^3 \left( -\frac{x^2}{c^2 d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} + \frac{2}{d c^4 \sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} \right) + 3f g^2 \left( \frac{x}{c^2 d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{c^2 d\sqrt{c^2 d}} \right) \right)$
parts	$a \left( \frac{f^3 x}{d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} + g^3 \left( -\frac{x^2}{c^2 d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} + \frac{2}{d c^4 \sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} \right) + 3f g^2 \left( \frac{x}{c^2 d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{c^2 d\sqrt{c^2 d}} \right) \right)$

```
input int((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBO
SE)
```

```
output a*(f^3/d*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+g^3*(-x^2/c^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2/d/c
^4/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+3*f*g^2*(x/c^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/c^2/d/(c^
2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)))+3*f^2*g/c^2/d/(-c
^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+b*(3/2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/c^
3/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*f*g^2+1/2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-
c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g^3*(arcsin(c*x)+I)/d^2/c^4/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/2*(-d*(c
^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*g^3*(arcsin(c*x)-I)/
d^2/c^4/(c^2*x^2-1)+2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^2/c^3/
(c^2*x^2-1)*f*(c^2*f^2+3*g^2)*arcsin(c*x)-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^2/c^4/(
c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^3*f^3+c^4*f^3*x+3*I*(-c^2*x
^2+1)^(1/2)*c*f*g^2+3*c^2*f*g^2*x+3*f^2*g*c^2+g^3)-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*
(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(c^3*f^3-3*c^2*f^2*g+3*c*f*g^2-g^3)*ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)+I)/d^2/c^4/(c^2*x^2-1)-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/
d^2/c^4/(c^2*x^2-1)*(c^3*f^3+3*c^2*f^2*g+3*c*f*g^2+g^3)*ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2
+1)^(1/2)-I))
```

### 3.49.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx+f)^3(b\arcsin(cx)+a)}{(-c^2dx^2+d)^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="f
ricas")
```

---

3.49.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

output `integral((a*g^3*x^3 + 3*a*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*a*f^2*g*x + a*f^3 + (b*g^3*x^3 + 3*b*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*b*f^2*g*x + b*f^3)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2), x)`

### 3.49.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx)^3}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**3*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x)**3/(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2), x)`

### 3.49.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^3(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-a*g^3*(x^2/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^2*d) - 2/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^4*d)) + 3*a*f*g^2*(x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^2*d) - arcsin(c*x)/(c^3*d^(3/2))) + b*f^3*x*arcsin(c*x)/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d) + a*f^3*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d) - 1/2*b*f^3*log(x^2 - 1/c^2)/(c*d^(3/2)) + 3*a*f^2*g/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^2*d) - integrate((b*g^3*x^3 + 3*b*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*b*f^2*g*x)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/((c^2*d*x^2 - d)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)/sqrt(d)`

**3.49.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.49.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**3.50** 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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**3.50.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 213

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(2fg+(c^2f^2+g^2)x)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{g^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc^3d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{b(cf+g)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\log(1-cx)}{2c^3d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{b(cf-g)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\log(1+cx)}{2c^3d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}$$

output `(2*f*g+(c^2*f^2+g^2)*x)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/2*g^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c^3/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*b*(c*f+g)^2*ln(-c*x+1)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*b*(c*f-g)^2*ln(c*x+1)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)`

**3.50.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\left(-\frac{g^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{b} + (-cf+g)^2\left(-((a+b \arcsin(cx)) \cot\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)\right)\right)}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

3.50. 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$



output  $(\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(-((g^2*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2)/b) + (-c*f) + g)^2*(-((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*Cot[(\text{Pi} + 2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/4]) + 2*b*\text{Log}[\text{Sin}[(\text{Pi} + 2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/4]]) + (c*f + g)^2*(2*b*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(\text{Pi} + 2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/4]] + (a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*Tan[(\text{Pi} + 2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/4]))) / (2*c^3*d*\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2])$

### 3.50.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5274, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5274} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \left( \frac{(f^2 c^2 + 2fgxc^2 + g^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{g^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \right) dx}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( -\frac{g^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bc^3} + \frac{(x(c^2 f^2 + g^2) + 2fg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{2bfg \arctanh(cx)}{c^2} + \frac{b(c^2 f^2 + g^2) \log(1 - c^2 x^2)}{2c^3} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(f + g*x)^2*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])]/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x]$

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(((2*f*g + (c^2*f^2 + g^2)*x)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))/(c^2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]) - (g^2*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2)/(2*b*c^3) - (2*b*f*g*\text{ArcTanh}[c*x])/c^2 + (b*(c^2*f^2 + g^2)*\text{Log}[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*c^3)))/(d*\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2])$

## 3.50.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5274 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], (f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

## 3.50.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

method	result
default	$a \left( \frac{f^2 x}{d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} + g^2 \left( \frac{x}{c^2 d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{c^2 d\sqrt{c^2 d}} \right) + \frac{2fg}{c^2 d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} \right) + b \left( \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)}\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}}{2d^2 c^3 (c^2 x^2)} \right)$
parts	$a \left( \frac{f^2 x}{d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} + g^2 \left( \frac{x}{c^2 d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{c^2 d\sqrt{c^2 d}} \right) + \frac{2fg}{c^2 d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} \right) + b \left( \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)}\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}}{2d^2 c^3 (c^2 x^2)} \right)$

input `int((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
a*(f^2/d*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+g^2*(x/c^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/c^2/d/
(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)))+2*f*g/c^2/d/(-
c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+b*(1/2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/c
^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^2*arcsin(c*x)^2+2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(
1/2)/d^2/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*(c^2*f^2+g^2)*arcsin(c*x)-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*
(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*arcsin(c*x)*(c^2*f^2+g^2-2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
*c*f*g+2*x*c^2*f*g)/d^2/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1
)^(1/2)/d^2/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*(c^2*f^2-2*c*f*g+g^2)*ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2)+I)-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*(c^2*
f^2+2*c*f*g+g^2)*ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-I))
```

### 3.50.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^2(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="f
ricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(a*g^2*x^2 + 2*a*f*g*x + a*f^2 + (b*g^2*x^2
+ 2*b*f*g*x + b*f^2)*arcsin(c*x))/(c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2), x)
```

### 3.50.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx)^2}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((g*x+f)**2*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x)**2/(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2), x
)
```

### 3.50.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^2(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*g^2*(x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^2*d) - arcsin(c*x)/(c^3*d^(3/2))) + b*f^2*x*arcsin(c*x)/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d) + a*f^2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate((b*g^2*x^2 + 2*b*f*g*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2), x) - 1/2*b*f^2*log(x^2 - 1/c^2)/(c*d^(3/2)) + 2*a*f*g/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^2*d)`

### 3.50.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

### 3.50.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

---

3.50.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

### 3.51 $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

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#### 3.51.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(g + c^2fx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} + \frac{b(cf + g)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \log(1 - cx)}{2c^2d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} + \frac{b(cf - g)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \log(1 + cx)}{2c^2d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

output  $(c^2fx+g)*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))/c^2d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/2*b*(c*f+g)*\ln(-c*x+1)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^2d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/2*b*(c*f-g)*\ln(c*x+1)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^2d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}$

#### 3.51.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}((cf - g) (-((a + b \arcsin(cx)) \cot(\frac{1}{4}(\pi + 2 \arcsin(cx))))))}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} + \dots$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*((c*f - g)*(-((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x])/4])) + 2*b*Log[\text{Sin}[(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x])/4]]) + (c*f + g)*(2*b*Log[\text{Cos}[(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x])/4]] + (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Tan[(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x])/4])))/(2*c^2*d*\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2])$

### 3.51.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.207$ , Rules used = {5276, 5260, 27, 452, 219, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5260} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{(c^2fx+g)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} - bc \int \frac{fxc^2+g}{c^2(1-c^2x^2)} dx \right)}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{(c^2fx+g)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} - \frac{b \int \frac{fxc^2+g}{1-c^2x^2} dx}{c} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{452} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{(c^2fx+g)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} - \frac{b \left( c^2f \int \frac{x}{1-c^2x^2} dx + g \int \frac{1}{1-c^2x^2} dx \right)}{c} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{(c^2fx+g)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} - \frac{b \left( c^2f \int \frac{x}{1-c^2x^2} dx + \frac{g \operatorname{arctanh}(cx)}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{240} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{(c^2fx+g)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} - \frac{b \left( \frac{g \operatorname{arctanh}(cx)}{c} - \frac{1}{2} f \log(1-c^2x^2) \right)}{c} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.51.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `Int[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(((g + c^2*f*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) - (b*((g*ArcTanh[c*x])/c - (f*Log[1 - c^2*x^2])/2))/c))/(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

### 3.51.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 240 `Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 452 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] + Simp[d Int[x/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 5260 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[1/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2*p - 1] || GtQ[m, 3])`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`



### 3.51.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

method	result
default	$a \left( \frac{fx}{d\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}} + \frac{g}{c^2d\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}} \right) + b \left( \frac{2i\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}f \arcsin(cx)}{d^2c(c^2x^2-1)} - \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)} \arcsin(cx) \left( i\sqrt{-c^2x^2} \right)}{d^2c^2(c^2x^2-1)} \right)$
parts	$a \left( \frac{fx}{d\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}} + \frac{g}{c^2d\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}} \right) + b \left( \frac{2i\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}f \arcsin(cx)}{d^2c(c^2x^2-1)} - \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)} \arcsin(cx) \left( i\sqrt{-c^2x^2} \right)}{d^2c^2(c^2x^2-1)} \right)$

```
input int((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(f/d*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+g/c^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+b*(2*I*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*f*arcsin(c*x)-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c*f+c^2*f*x+g)-(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c*f-g)*ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+I)/d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)*(c*f+g)*ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-I))
```

### 3.51.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(a*g*x + a*f + (b*g*x + b*f)*arcsin(c*x))/(c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2), x)
```

## 3.51.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx)}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x)/(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2), x)`

## 3.51.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*f*x*arcsin(c*x)/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d) + a*f*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d) - 1/2*b*f*log(x^2 - 1/c^2)/(c*d^(3/2)) + (sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*c^3*d^2*integrate(x^2/(c^4*d^2*x^4 - c^2*d^2*x^2 + (c^2*d^2*x^2 - d^2)*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(-c*x + 1))), x) + arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))*b*g/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*c^2*d^(3/2)) + a*g/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^2*d)`

## 3.51.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

---

3.51.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

**3.51.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx) (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**3.52** 
$$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(f+gx)(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.52.1	Optimal result . . . . .	503
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**3.52.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 654

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(f+gx)(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = & -\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \cot\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)}{2d(cf-g)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & + \frac{ig^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{d(c^2f^2-g^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & - \frac{ig^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{d(c^2f^2-g^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & + \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)\right)}{d(cf+g)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \log\left(\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)\right)}{d(cf-g)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & + \frac{bg^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{d(c^2f^2-g^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{bg^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{d(c^2f^2-g^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)}{2d(cf+g)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$-1/2*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*\cot(1/4*\text{Pi}+1/2*\arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/d/(c*f-g)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+b*\ln(\cos(1/4*\text{Pi}+1/2*\arcsin(c*x)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/d/(c*f+g)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+b*\ln(\sin(1/4*\text{Pi}+1/2*\arcsin(c*x)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/d/(c*f-g)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+I*g^2*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*\ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^{(1/2)}))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/d/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^{(3/2)}/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-I*g^2*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*\ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^{(1/2)}))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/d/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^{(3/2)}/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+b*g^2*\text{polylog}(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^{(1/2)}))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/d/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^{(3/2)}/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-b*g^2*\text{polylog}(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^{(1/2)}))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/d/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^{(3/2)}/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/2*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\tan(1/4*\text{Pi}+1/2*\arcsin(c*x))/d/(c*f+g)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}$$

### 3.52.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{-((a + b \arcsin(cx)) \cot(\frac{1}{4}(\pi + 2 \arcsin(cx)))) + 2b \log(\sin(\frac{1}{4}(\pi + 2 \arcsin(cx))))}{cf - g} \right) + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/((f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output 
$$(\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*((-(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*Cot[(\text{Pi} + 2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/4]) + 2*b*\text{Log}[\text{Sin}[(\text{Pi} + 2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/4]])/(c*f - g) + (2*g^2*(I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))*(\text{Log}[1 + (I*\text{E}^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])})g]/(-(c*f) + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2])) - \text{Log}[1 - (I*\text{E}^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])})g]/(c*f + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2])) + b*\text{PolyLog}[2, ((-I)*\text{E}^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])})g]/(-(c*f) + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2])) - b*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*\text{E}^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])})g]/(c*f + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2])))/((c*f - g)*(c*f + g)*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2]) + (2*b*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[(\text{Pi} + 2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/4]] + (a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*Tan[(\text{Pi} + 2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/4])/(c*f + g))/((2*d*\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2]))$$

### 3.52.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 431, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5274, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (f + gx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5274} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \left( \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))g^2}{(g - cf)(cf + g)(f + gx)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{c(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2(cf + g)(cx - 1)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{c(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2(cf - g)(cx + 1)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \right) dx}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{ig^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{ig^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} + cf}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx) + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2(cf + g)} \right)}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/((f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(-1/2*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Cot[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]))/(c*f - g) + (I*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))*g]/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))/(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2) - (I*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))*g]/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))/(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2) + (b*Log[Cos[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]]/(c*f + g) + (b*Log[Sin[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]]/(c*f - g) + (b*g^2*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))*g]/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))/(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2) - (b*g^2*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))*g]/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))/(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2) + ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2])/(2*(c*f + g))))/(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

---

3.52.  $\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

## 3.52.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5274 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], (f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

## 3.52.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1094, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1094
parts	Expression too large to display	1094

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-a*g/d/(c^2*f^2-g^2)/(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)
/g^2)^(1/2)+a*f/(c^2*f^2-g^2)/d/(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c
^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2)*x*c^2+a*g/d/(c^2*f^2-g^2)/(-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1
/2)*ln((-2*d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)+2*(-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2
)^(1/2)*(-(x+f/g)^2*c^2*d+2*c^2*d*f/g*(x+f/g)-d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)/g^2)^(1/2))/
(x+f/g))+b*(-(d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c*f+
c^2*f*x-g)/d^2/(c^2*x^2-1)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1
))^(1/2)*(-ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-I)*c^3*f^3-ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2)+I)*c^3*f^3+2*ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*c^3*f^3+ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1
)^(1/2))-I)*c^2*f^2*g-ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+I)*c^2*f^2*g+arcsin(c*x)*
(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)*ln((I*c*f+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)
^(1/2))/(I*c*f+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)))*g^2-arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)
*ln((-I*c*f-(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2))/(-I*c*f+(-c
^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)))*g^2-I*(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)*dilog((I*c*f+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x
^2+1)^(1/2))*g+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2))/(I*c*f+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)))*g^2+I*(
-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)*dilog((-I*c*f-(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g+(-c^2*f^2+g
^2)^(1/2))/(-I*c*f+(-c^2*f^2+g^2)^(1/2)))*g^2+ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-
I)*c*f*g^2+ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+I)*c*f*g^2-2*ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2))*c*f*g^2-ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-I)*g^3+ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2)+I)*g^3)/d^2/(c^2*x^2-1)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)/(c*f-g)/(c*f+g)

```

### 3.52.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx) + a}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (gx + f)} dx$$

input

```

integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fric
as")

```

output

```

integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(c^4*d^2*g*x^5 + c^4*d^2
*f*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*g*x^3 - 2*c^2*d^2*f*x^2 + d^2*g*x + d^2*f), x)

```



**3.52.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}(f + gx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))/(g*x+f)/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))/((-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2)*(f + g*x)), x)`

**3.52.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx) + a}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx + f)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)), x)`

**3.52.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.52.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))/((f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))/((f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.53** 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.53.1	Optimal result . . . . .	510
3.53.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	511
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**3.53.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 528

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(f+gx)^4(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = & -\frac{b(f+gx)^2(c^2f^2+g^2+2c^2fgx)}{6c^3d^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & -\frac{bfg^3x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3c^3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} -\frac{bg^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\arcsin(cx)^2}{2c^5d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & +\frac{(f+gx)(g(c^2f^2-3g^2)+2c^2f(c^2f^2-2g^2)x)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^4d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & +\frac{(g+c^2fx)(f+gx)^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^2d^2(1-c^2x^2)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & +\frac{fg(2c^2f^2-5g^2)(1-c^2x^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^4d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & +\frac{g^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{c^5d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & +\frac{b(cf-2g)(cf+g)^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\log(1-cx)}{3c^5d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & +\frac{b(cf-g)^3(cf+2g)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\log(1+cx)}{3c^5d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output  $\frac{1}{3}(gx+f)(g(c^2f^2-3g^2)+2c^2f(c^2f^2-2g^2)x)(a+b\arcsin(cx))/c^4/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/3(c^2fx+g)(gx+f)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))/c^2/d^2/(-c^2x^2+1)/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/3f*g*(2c^2f^2-5g^2)*(-c^2x^2+1)(a+b\arcsin(cx))/c^4/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}-1/6b*(gx+f)^2*(2c^2f*gx+c^2f^2+g^2)/c^3/d^2/(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}-1/3*b*f*g^3*x*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^3/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}-1/2*b*g^4*\arcsin(cx)^2*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^5/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+g^4*\arcsin(cx)*(a+b\arcsin(cx))*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^5/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/3*b*(cf-2g)*(cf+g)^3*\ln(-cx+1)*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^5/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/3*b*(cf-g)^3*(cf+2g)*\ln(cx+1)*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^5/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}$

### 3.53.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 868, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \sqrt{-d(-1+c^2x^2)} \left( \frac{4ac^2f^3g+4afg^3+ac^4f^4x+6ac^2f^2g^2x+ag^4x}{3c^4d^3(-1+c^2x^2)^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2a(-6fg^3+c^4f^4x-3c^2f^2g^2x-2g^4x)}{3c^4d^3(-1+c^2x^2)} \right) - \frac{ag^4 \arctan\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{-d(-1+c^2x^2)}}{\sqrt{d(-1+c^2x^2)}}\right)}{c^5d^{5/2}} \\ + \frac{bf^2g^2\left(-2cx\arcsin(cx) + \frac{-1+\frac{2cx\arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} - 2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\log(\sqrt{1-c^2x^2})\right)}{c^3d^2\sqrt{d(1-c^2x^2)}} \\ + \frac{bf^4\left(4cx\arcsin(cx) + \frac{-1+\frac{2cx\arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + 4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\log(\sqrt{1-c^2x^2})\right)}{6cd^2\sqrt{d(1-c^2x^2)}} \\ + \frac{bf^3g(8\arcsin(cx) + 3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(\log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(cx))) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(cx)))) - \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(cx))) + \sin(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(cx))}{c^3d^2\sqrt{d(1-c^2x^2)}} \\ - \frac{bfg^3(4\arcsin(cx) + 12\arcsin(cx)\cos(2\arcsin(cx)) + 5\cos(3\arcsin(cx))\log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(cx))) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(cx)))}{c^5d^2\sqrt{d(1-c^2x^2)}} \\ + \frac{bg^4\left(\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(3\arcsin(cx))^2 - 8\log(\sqrt{1-c^2x^2})\right) - \frac{1+\frac{2\arcsin(cx)\sin(3\arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{6c^5d^2\sqrt{d(1-c^2x^2)}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output  $\text{Sqrt}[-(d*(-1 + c^2*x^2))]*((4*a*c^2*f^3*g + 4*a*f*g^3 + a*c^4*f^4*x + 6*a*c^2*f^2*g^2*x + a*g^4*x)/(3*c^4*d^3*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^2) - (2*a*(-6*f*g^3 + c^4*f^4*x - 3*c^2*f^2*g^2*x - 2*g^4*x))/(3*c^4*d^3*(-1 + c^2*x^2))) - (a*g^4*\text{ArcTan}[(c*x*\text{Sqrt}[-(d*(-1 + c^2*x^2))])]/(\text{Sqrt}[d]*(-1 + c^2*x^2)))/(c^5*d^{(5/2)}) + (b*f^2*g^2*(-2*c*x*\text{ArcSin}[c*x] + (-1 + (2*c*x*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2] - 2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]])/(c^3*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[d*(1 - c^2*x^2)]) + (b*f^4*(4*c*x*\text{ArcSin}[c*x] + (-1 + (2*c*x*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2] + 4*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]]))/(6*c*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[d*(1 - c^2*x^2)]) + (b*f^3*g*(8*\text{ArcSin}[c*x] + 3*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2] - \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2]) - \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2] + \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2]]) + \text{Cos}[3*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]]*(\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2] - \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2]) - \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2] + \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2])) - 2*\text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]]))/(6*c^2*d*(d*(1 - c^2*x^2))^{(3/2)}) - (b*f*g^3*(4*\text{ArcSin}[c*x] + 12*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]*\text{Cos}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]] + 5*\text{Cos}[3*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]]*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2] - \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2]) + 15*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2] - \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2]) - \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2] + \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2])) - 5*\text{Cos}[3*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]]*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2] + \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2]) + 2*\text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]]))/(6*c^4*d*(d*(1 - c^2*x^2))^{(3/2)}) + (b*g^4*(\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(3*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]^2 - 8*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]]) - (1 + (2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]*\text{Sin}[3*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]]))/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]))/...$

### 3.53.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 452, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5260, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5276}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{(f+gx)^4(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(1-c^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5260}$$

$$\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -bc \int \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx)g^4}{c^5\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{f(2c^2f^2-5g^2)g}{3c^4} + \frac{(f+gx)(2f(c^2f^2-2g^2)xc^2+g(c^2f^2-3g^2))}{3c^4(1-c^2x^2)} + \frac{(fxc^2+g)(f+gx)^3}{3c^2(1-c^2x^2)^2} \right) dx + \frac{g^4 \arcsin(cx)}{c^5} \right)$$

---

3.53.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)^4(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{g^4 \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{c^5} + \frac{(f+gx)^3(c^2fx+g)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^2(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{fg\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2c^2f^2-5g^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^4} + \frac{(f+gx)(2c^2f^2-5g^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^4} \right)}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(((g + c^2*f*x)*(f + g*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((f + g*x)*(g*(c^2*f^2 - 3*g^2) + 2*c^2*f*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c^4*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + (f*g*(2*c^2*f^2 - 5*g^2)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c^4) + (g^4*ArcSin[c*x]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c^5 - b*c*((f*g^3*x)/(3*c^4) + (f*g*(2*c^2*f^2 - 5*g^2)*x)/(3*c^4) - (2*f*g*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*x)/(3*c^4) + (c*f + g)^4/(12*c^6*(1 - c*x)) + (c*f - g)^4/(12*c^6*(1 + c*x)) + (g^4*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/(2*c^6) + (f*g*(3*c^2*f^2 - 7*g^2)*ArcTanh[c*x])/(3*c^5) + (g*(c*f + g)^3*Log[1 - c*x])/(6*c^6) - ((c*f - g)^3*g*Log[1 + c*x])/(6*c^6) - ((2*c^4*f^4 - 3*c^2*f^2*g^2 - 3*g^4)*Log[1 - c^2*x^2])/(6*c^6)))/(d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

### 3.53.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5260 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[1/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2*p - 1] || GtQ[m, 3])`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.53.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6743, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.77

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	6743
parts	Expression too large to display	6743

```
input int((g*x+f)^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output result too large to display
```

### 3.53.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx+f)^4(b\arcsin(cx)+a)}{(-c^2dx^2+d)^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(-(a*g^4*x^4 + 4*a*f*g^3*x^3 + 6*a*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 4*a*f^3*g*x + a*f^4 + (b*g^4*x^4 + 4*b*f*g^3*x^3 + 6*b*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 4*b*f^3*g*x + b*f^4)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3), x)
```

### 3.53.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(f+gx)^4}{(-d(cx-1)(cx+1))^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)**4*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)
```

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x)**4/(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(5/2), x)`

### 3.53.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^4(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*b*c*f^4*(1/(c^4*d^(5/2)*x^2 - c^2*d^(5/2)) + 2*log(c*x + 1)/(c^2*d^(5/2)) + 2*log(c*x - 1)/(c^2*d^(5/2))) + 1/3*b*f^4*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d))*arcsin(c*x) + 1/3*(x*(3*x^2/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d) - 2/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^4*d)) - x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^4*d^2) + 3*arcsin(c*x)/(c^5*d^(5/2)))*a*g^4 + 1/3*a*f^4*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d)) + 4/3*a*f*g^3*(3*x^2/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d) - 2/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^4*d)) - 2*a*f^2*g^2*(x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^2*d^2) - x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d)) - sqrt(d)*integrate((b*g^4*x^4 + 4*b*f*g^3*x^3 + 6*b*f^2*g^2*x^2 + 4*b*f^3*g*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3), x) + 4/3*a*f^3*g/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d)`

### 3.53.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E rror: Bad Argument Value`



**3.53.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^4 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^4*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int(((f + g*x)^4*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

$$3.54 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

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### 3.54.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 410

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = & -\frac{b(f+gx)(c^2f^2+g^2+2c^2fgx)}{6c^3d^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & + \frac{2(cf-g)(cf+g)(g+c^2fx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^4d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & + \frac{(g+c^2fx)(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^2d^2(1-c^2x^2)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{b(cf-g)(cf+g)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\log(1-cx)}{3c^4d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & - \frac{bg(cf+g)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\log(1-cx)}{12c^4d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{b(cf-g)^2g\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\log(1+cx)}{12c^4d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & + \frac{b(cf-g)^2(cf+g)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\log(1+cx)}{3c^4d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
2/3*(c*f-g)*(c*f+g)*(c^2*f*x+g)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/c^4/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/3*(c^2*f*x+g)*(g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/d^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/6*b*(g*x+f)*(2*c^2*f*g*x+c^2*f^2+g^2)/c^3/d^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/3*b*(c*f-g)*(c*f+g)^2*ln(-c*x+1)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/12*b*g*(c*f+g)^2*ln(-c*x+1)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/12*b*(c*f-g)^2*g*ln(c*x+1)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/3*b*(c*f-g)^2*(c*f+g)*ln(c*x+1)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

### 3.54.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 4 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( ibc g (3c^2 f^2 - 5g^2) (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} \text{EllipticF} \left( i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2 x^2}) \right) \right)}{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(I*b*c*g*(3*c^2*f^2 - 5*g^2)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^2]*x], 1] - Sqrt[-c^2]*(-6*a*c^2*f^2*g + 4*a*g^3 - 6*a*c^4*f^3*x - 6*a*c^2*g^3*x^2 + 4*a*c^6*f^3*x^3 - 6*a*c^4*f*g^2*x^3 + b*c^3*f^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + 3*b*c*f*g^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + 3*b*c^3*f^2*g*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + b*c*g^3*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + 2*b*(2*g^3 + 2*c^6*f^3*x^3 - 3*c^2*g*(f^2 + g^2*x^2) - 3*c^4*f*x*(f^2 + g^2*x^2))*ArcSin[c*x] - b*c*f*(2*c^2*f^2 - 3*g^2)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*Log[-1 + c^2*x^2]))/(6*c^4*Sqrt[-c^2]*d^3*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^2)`

### 3.54.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5260, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5276$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 5260$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( -bc \int \left( \frac{(fx^2 + g)(f + gx)^2}{3c^2(1 - c^2 x^2)^2} + \frac{2(cf - g)(cf + g)(fx^2 + g)}{3c^4(1 - c^2 x^2)} \right) dx + \frac{(f + gx)^2(c^2 fx + g)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^2(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(cf - g)(cf + g)(c^2 fx + g)}{3c^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

---

3.54.  $\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{(f+gx)^2(c^2fx+g)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3c^2(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(cf-g)(cf+g)(c^2fx+g)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3c^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} - bc \left( \frac{2g\operatorname{arctanh}(cx)(cf+g)(cf-g)}{3c^5} + \frac{(c^2fx+g)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{12c^5} \right) \right)}{d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(((g + c^2*f*x)*(f + g*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*(c*f - g)*(c*f + g)*(g + c^2*f*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c^4*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) - b*c*((c*f + g)^3/(12*c^5*(1 - c*x)) + (c*f - g)^3/(12*c^5*(1 + c*x)) + (2*(c*f - g)*g*(c*f + g)*ArcTanh[c*x])/(3*c^5) + (g*(c*f + g)^2*Log[1 - c*x])/(12*c^5) - ((c*f - g)^2*g*Log[1 + c*x])/(12*c^5) - (f*(c*f - g)*(c*f + g)*Log[1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*c^4)))/(d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

### 3.54.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5260 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[1/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2*p - 1] || GtQ[m, 3])`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.54.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5114, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.47

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	5114
parts	Expression too large to display	5114

```
input int((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output result too large to display
```

### 3.54.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^3(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(-(a*g^3*x^3 + 3*a*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*a*f^2*g*x + a*f^3 + (b*g^3*x^3 + 3*b*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*b*f^2*g*x + b*f^3)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3), x)
```

### 3.54.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx)^3}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)**3*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x)**3/(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(5/2), x)
```

## 3.54.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^3(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*b*c*f^3*(1/(c^4*d^(5/2)*x^2 - c^2*d^(5/2)) + 2*log(c*x + 1)/(c^2*d^(5/2)) + 2*log(c*x - 1)/(c^2*d^(5/2))) + 1/3*b*f^3*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d))*arcsin(c*x) + 1/3*a*f^3*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d)) + 1/3*a*g^3*(3*x^2/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d) - 2/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^4*d)) - a*f*g^2*(x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^2*d^2) - x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d)) + integrate((b*g^3*x^3 + 3*b*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*b*f^2*g*x)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/((c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)/sqrt(d) + a*f^2*g/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d)`

## 3.54.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.54.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int(((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

**3.55** 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

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 3.55.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 524  
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 3.55.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 528

**3.55.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 271

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx &= -\frac{bx(2fg+(c^2f^2+g^2)x)}{6cd^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{2f(g+c^2fx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{x(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3d^2(1-c^2x^2)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{b(2cf-g)(cf+g)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \log(1-cx)}{6c^3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{b(cf-g)(2cf+g)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \log(1+cx)}{6c^3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

```
output 2/3*f*(c^2*f*x+g)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/3*x*(g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/d^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/6*b*x*(2*f*g+(c^2*f^2+g^2)*x)/c/d^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/6*b*(2*c*f-g)*(c*f+g)*ln(-c*x+1)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/6*b*(c*f-g)*(2*c*f+g)*ln(c*x+1)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```



### 3.55.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 4 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( 2ibc^2 fg(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} \text{EllipticF}(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2 x}), 1) - \sqrt{-c^2} \right)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(c*sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((2*I)*b*c^2*f*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^2]*x], 1] - Sqrt[-c^2]*(-4*a*c*f*g - 6*a*c^3*f^2*x + 4*a*c^5*f^2*x^3 - 2*a*c^3*g^2*x^3 + b*c^2*f^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + b*g^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + 2*b*c^2*f*g*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + 2*b*c*(-2*f*g - c^2*g^2*x^3 + c^2*f^2*x*(-3 + 2*c^2*x^2))*ArcSin[c*x] - b*(2*c^2*f^2 - g^2)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*Log[-1 + c^2*x^2])))/(6*(-c^2)^(5/2)*d^3*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^2)`

### 3.55.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5260, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5260} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( -bc \int \left( \frac{x(f + gx)^2}{3(1 - c^2 x^2)^2} + \frac{2f(fx^2 + g)}{3c^2(1 - c^2 x^2)} \right) dx + \frac{x(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2f(c^2 fx + g)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.55.  $\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{x(f+gx)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2f(c^2fx+g)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} - bc \left( \frac{fg\operatorname{arctanh}(cx)}{3c^3} - \frac{f^2 \log(1-c^2x^2)}{3c^2} + \frac{(f+gx)^2}{6c^2(1-c^2x^2)} + \frac{g^2}{6c^2} \right) \right)}{d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((x*(f + g*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*f*(g + c^2*f*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) - b*c*((f + g*x)^2/(6*c^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)) + (f*g*ArcTanh[c*x])/(3*c^3) - (f^2*Log[1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*c^2) + (g^2*Log[1 - c^2*x^2])/(6*c^4)))/(d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

### 3.55.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5260 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^n_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^p_, x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^m * u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[1/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2*p - 1] || GtQ[m, 3])`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^m_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^p_, x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.55.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3783, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.96

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3783
parts	Expression too large to display	3783

```
input int((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -14/3*I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c
^4*x^6*f*g+2/3*I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2
*x^2-4)*c^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)*x^5*g^2+16/3*I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^3/(3*c^
6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^2*x^4*f*g-8/3*I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/
d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)/c*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*f
^2+4/3*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)/c*
(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*f*g-8/3*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^
4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^4*arcsin(c*x)*x^6*f*g+4*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^3
/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*(-c^2*x^2+1)*arcsin(c*x)*x^3*g^2+7*b*
(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^2*arcsin(
c*x)*x^5*g^2-2*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x
^2-4)*c^4*arcsin(c*x)*x^7*g^2-2*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10
*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^4*arcsin(c*x)*x^5*f^2+I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/
d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*(-c^2*x^2+1)*x*f^2-6*b*(-d*(c^2*x^
2-1))^(1/2)/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*f*g+17
/3*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^2*ar
csin(c*x)*x^3*f^2-1/2*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+1
1*c^2*x^2-4)*c*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*f^2-1/2*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^3
/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)/c*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*g^2+2*b*(-d*
(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)/c^2*arcsin(c...
```

## 3.55.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^2(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(a*g^2*x^2 + 2*a*f*g*x + a*f^2 + (b*g^2*x^2 + 2*b*f*g*x + b*f^2)*arcsin(c*x))/(c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3), x)`

## 3.55.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx)^2}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x)**2/(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(5/2), x)`

## 3.55.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^2(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

```
output 1/6*b*c*f^2*(1/(c^4*d^(5/2)*x^2 - c^2*d^(5/2)) + 2*log(c*x + 1)/(c^2*d^(5/2)) + 2*log(c*x - 1)/(c^2*d^(5/2))) + 1/3*b*f^2*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d))*arcsin(c*x) + 1/3*a*f^2*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d)) - 1/3*a*g^2*(x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^2*d^2) - x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d)) - sqrt(d)*integrate((b*g^2*x^2 + 2*b*f*g*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3), x) + 2/3*a*f*g/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d)
```

### 3.55.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E
rror: Bad Argument Value
```

### 3.55.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

```
output int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```

**3.56**  $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

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 3.56.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 529  
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**3.56.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 228

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{b(f + gx)}{6cd^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3d^2\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} + \frac{(g + c^2fx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^2d^2(1 - c^2x^2)\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} - \frac{bg\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\operatorname{arctanh}(cx)}{6c^2d^2\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} + \frac{bf\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\log(1 - c^2x^2)}{3cd^2\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

output

```
2/3*f*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/3*(c^2*f*x+g)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/d^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/6*b*(g*x+f)/c/d^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/6*b*g*arctanh(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^2/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/3*b*f*ln(-c^2*x^2+1)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

**3.56.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 4 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2} \left( ibcg(1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{EllipticF}(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2x}), 1) + \sqrt{-c^2} (2ag + 6ac^2fx - 4ac^4fx^3 - bcf\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}) \right)}{6(-c^2)^{3/2}d^3}$$

3.56.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output 
$$-1/6*(\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(I*b*c*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^{(3/2)}*\text{EllipticF}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-c^2]*x], 1] + \text{Sqrt}[-c^2]*(2*a*g + 6*a*c^2*f*x - 4*a*c^4*f*x^3 - b*c*f*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2] - b*c*g*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2] + 2*b*(g + c^2*f*x*(3 - 2*c^2*x^2))*\text{ArcSin}[c*x] + 2*b*c*f*(1 - c^2*x^2)^{(3/2)}*\text{Log}[-1 + c^2*x^2])))/((-c^2)^{(3/2)}*d^3*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^2)$$

### 3.56.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$ , Rules used = {5276, 5260, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5260} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( -bc \int \left( \frac{2fx}{3(1 - c^2 x^2)} + \frac{fx^2 + g}{3c^2(1 - c^2 x^2)^2} \right) dx + \frac{(c^2 fx + g)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^2(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{(c^2 fx + g)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^2(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - bc \left( \frac{\text{garctanh}(cx)}{6c^3} + \frac{f + gx}{6c^2(1 - c^2 x^2)} - \frac{f \log(1 - c^2 x^2)}{3c^2} \right) \right)}{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

```
output (Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((g + c^2*f*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*f*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) - b*c*((f + g*x)/(6*c^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)) + (g*ArcTanh[c*x])/(6*c^3) - (f*Log[1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*c^2)))/(d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])
```

### 3.56.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5260 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[1/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && (LtQ[m, -2*p - 1] || GtQ[m, 3])
```

```
rule 5276 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]
```

### 3.56.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2237, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.81

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2237
parts	Expression too large to display	2237

```
input int((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output  $\frac{2}{3}I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^6*x^7*f+14/3*I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\arcsin(c*x)*x^2*f+2/3*I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^4*(-c^2*x^2+1)*x^6*g-5/3*I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)*x^3*f-3*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*\arcsin(c*x)*x^2*g-4*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*f*x*\arcsin(c*x)+2/3*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)/c*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*f-I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*f*x-I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*x^2*g-7/3*I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^4*x^6*g-7/3*I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^4*x^5*f+8/3*I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^2*x^4*g+8/3*I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^2*x^3*f+I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*(-c^2*x^2+1)*x^2*g+I*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*(-c^2*x^2+1)*x*f+17/3*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c^2*\arcsin(c*x)*x^3*f-1/2*b*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^{(1/2)}/d^3/(3*c^6*x^6-10*c^4*x^4+11*c^2*x^2-4)*c*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*x^2*f-2/3*b*(-c^2...$

### 3.56.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx+f)(b \arcsin(cx)+a)}{(-c^2dx^2+d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a*g*x+a*f+(b*g*x+b*f)*arcsin(c*x))/(c^6*d^3*x^6-3*c^4*d^3*x^4+3*c^2*d^3*x^2-d^3),x)`

## 3.56.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx)}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x)/(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(5/2), x)`

## 3.56.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*b*c*f*(1/(c^4*d^(5/2)*x^2 - c^2*d^(5/2)) + 2*log(c*x + 1)/(c^2*d^(5/2)) + 2*log(c*x - 1)/(c^2*d^(5/2))) + 1/3*b*f*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d))*arcsin(c*x) + 1/3*a*f*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d)) + b*g*integrate(x*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/((c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)/sqrt(d) + 1/3*a*g/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d)`

## 3.56.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:index.cc index\_m i\_lex\_is\_greater Error: Bad Argument Value

### 3.56.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

$$3.57 \quad \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx)}{(f+gx)(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

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### 3.57.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 1300

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \\
& \frac{(cf - 2g)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \cot\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)}{4d^2(cf - g)^2\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \cot\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)}{12d^2(cf - g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \csc^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)}{24d^2(cf - g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \cot\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right) \csc^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)}{24d^2(cf - g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& - \frac{ig^4\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{d^2(cf - g)^2(cf + g)^2\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{ig^4\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{d^2(cf - g)^2(cf + g)^2\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)\right)}{6d^2(cf + g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{b(cf + 2g)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)\right)}{2d^2(cf + g)^2\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{b(cf - 2g)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \log\left(\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)\right)}{2d^2(cf - g)^2\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \log\left(\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)\right)}{6d^2(cf - g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} - \frac{bg^4\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{d^2(cf - g)^2(cf + g)^2\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{bg^4\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{d^2(cf - g)^2(cf + g)^2\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \sec^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)}{24d^2(cf + g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)}{12d^2(cf + g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{(cf + 2g)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)}{4d^2(cf + g)^2\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \sec^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right) \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)}{24d^2(cf + g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/4*(c*f-2*g)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*cot(1/4*Pi+1/2*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
(1/2)/d^2/(c*f-g)^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/12*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*cot(1/4*Pi
+1/2*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/(c*f-g)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/24
*b*csc(1/4*Pi+1/2*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/(c*f-g)/(-c^2*d*x^
2+d)^(1/2)-1/24*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*cot(1/4*Pi+1/2*arcsin(c*x))*csc(1/4*Pi+1
/2*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/(c*f-g)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/6*
b*ln(cos(1/4*Pi+1/2*arcsin(c*x)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/(c*f+g)/(-c^2*d*x
^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*b*(c*f+2*g)*ln(cos(1/4*Pi+1/2*arcsin(c*x)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)/d^2/(c*f+g)^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*b*(c*f-2*g)*ln(sin(1/4*Pi+1/2*
arcsin(c*x)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/(c*f-g)^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/6*b*
ln(sin(1/4*Pi+1/2*arcsin(c*x)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/(c*f-g)/(-c^2*d*x^2
+d)^(1/2)-I*g^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f
-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(5/2)/(-c^2*d*
x^2+d)^(1/2)+I*g^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(
c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(5/2)/(-c^2
*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-b*g^4*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f
^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(5/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(
1/2)+b*g^4*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1
/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(5/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/24
*b*sec(1/4*Pi+1/2*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/(c*f+g)/(-c^2*d...

```

### 3.57.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 12.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2078, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/((f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output  $\text{Sqrt}[-(d*(-1 + c^2*x^2))]*((a*g - a*c^2*f*x)/(3*d^3*(-(c^2*f^2) + g^2)*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^2) + (-3*a*g^3 - 2*a*c^4*f^3*x + 5*a*c^2*f*g^2*x)/(3*d^3*(-(c^2*f^2) + g^2)^2*(-1 + c^2*x^2))) + (a*g^4*\text{Log}[f + g*x])/(d^(5/2)*(-(c*f) + g)^2*(c*f + g)^2*\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*f^2) + g^2]) - (a*g^4*\text{Log}[d*g + c^2*d*f*x + \text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*f^2) + g^2]*\text{Sqrt}[-(d*(-1 + c^2*x^2))]])/(d^(5/2)*(-(c*f) + g)^2*(c*f + g)^2*\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*f^2) + g^2]) + (b*((g*(-(c^2*f^2) + 7*g^2)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/(6*(-(c^2*f^2) + g^2)^2*(d*(1 - c^2*x^2))^(3/2)) + ((4*c*f + 7*g)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2] - \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2]])/(6*(c*f + g)^2*(d*(1 - c^2*x^2))^(3/2)) + ((4*c*f - 7*g)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2] + \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2]])/(6*(c*f - g)^2*(d*(1 - c^2*x^2))^(3/2)) + (g^4*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*((\text{Pi}*\text{ArcTan}[(g + c*f*\text{Tan}[\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/2)])/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2])/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2] + (2*(\text{Pi}/2 - \text{ArcSin}[c*x])*\text{ArcTanh}[(c*f + g)*\text{Cot}[(\text{Pi}/2 - \text{ArcSin}[c*x])/2])/\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*f^2) + g^2]) - 2*\text{ArcCos}[-((c*f)/g)]*\text{ArcTanh}[((-c*f) + g)*\text{Tan}[(\text{Pi}/2 - \text{ArcSin}[c*x])/2])/\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*f^2) + g^2]) + (\text{ArcCos}[-((c*f)/g)] - (2*I)*(\text{ArcTanh}[(c*f + g)*\text{Cot}[(\text{Pi}/2 - \text{ArcSin}[c*x])/2])/\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*f^2) + g^2]) - \text{ArcTanh}[((-c*f) + g)*\text{Tan}[(\text{Pi}/2 - \text{ArcSin}[c*x])/2])/\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*f^2) + g^2]))*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*f^2) + g^2]/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{E}^((I/2)*(\text{Pi}/2 - \text{ArcSin}[c*x])))*\text{Sqrt}[g]*\text{Sqrt}[c*f + c*g*x]]) + (\text{ArcCos}[-((c*f)/g)] + (2*I)*(\text{ArcTanh}[(c*f + g)*\text{Cot}[(\text{Pi}/2 - \text{ArcSin}[c*x])/2])/\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*f^2) + g^2]) - \text{ArcTanh}[((-c*f) ...$

### 3.57.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 821, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5274, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (f + gx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5276$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)(1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 5274$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \left( \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))g^4}{(g - cf)^2 (cf + g)^2 (f + gx) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{c(cf + 2g)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4(cf + g)^2 (cx - 1) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{c(cf - 2g)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4(cf - g)^2 (cx + 1) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{c(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4(cf + g)(cx - 1)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

---

3.57.  $\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

↓ 2009

$$\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{i(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1-\frac{ie^{i\arcsin(cx)}g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)g^4}{(cf-g)^2(cf+g)^2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} + \frac{i(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1-\frac{ie^{i\arcsin(cx)}g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)g^4}{(cf-g)^2(cf+g)^2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} - \frac{b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i\arcsin(cx)}g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{(cf-g)^2(cf+g)^2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/((f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)), x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(-1/4*((c*f - 2*g)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Cot[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2])/(c*f - g)^2 - ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Cot[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2])/(12*(c*f - g)) - (b*Csc[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]^2)/(24*(c*f - g)) - ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Cot[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]*Csc[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]^2)/(24*(c*f - g)) - (I*g^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/(c*f - g)^2*(c*f + g)^2*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]) + (I*g^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/(c*f - g)^2*(c*f + g)^2*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]) + (b*Log[Cos[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]])/(6*(c*f + g)) + (b*(c*f + 2*g)*Log[Cos[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]])/(2*(c*f + g)^2) + (b*(c*f - 2*g)*Log[Sin[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]])/(2*(c*f - g)^2) + (b*Log[Sin[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]])/(6*(c*f - g)) - (b*g^4*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/(c*f - g)^2*(c*f + g)^2*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]) + (b*g^4*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/(c*f - g)^2*(c*f + g)^2*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]) - (b*Sec[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]^2)/(24*(c*f + g)) + ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2])/(12*(c*f + g)) + ((c*f + 2*g)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2])/(4*(c*f + g)^2) + ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Sec[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]^2*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2])/(24*(c*f + g))))/(d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

### 3.57.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5274 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], (f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

$$3.57. \quad \int \frac{a+b\arcsin(cx)}{(f+gx)(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$



```
rule 5276 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_
) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^
p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && Intege
rQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]
```

### 3.57.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7970 vs.  $2(1102) = 2204$ .

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7971, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.13

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	7971
parts	Expression too large to display	7971

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE
)
```

```
output result too large to display
```

### 3.57.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx) + a}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}(gx + f)} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fri
cas")
```

```
output integral(-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(c^6*d^3*g*x^7 + c^6*d^
3*f*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^3*g*x^5 - 3*c^4*d^3*f*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^3*g*x^3 + 3*c^2*d^3*
f*x^2 - d^3*g*x - d^3*f), x)
```

**3.57.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{5}{2}}(f + gx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))/(g*x+f)/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))/((-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(5/2)*(f + g*x)), x)`

**3.57.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx) + a}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}(gx + f)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*(g*x + f)), x)`

**3.57.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.57.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))/((f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))/((f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)), x)`

### 3.58 $\int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

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### 3.58.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 1154

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx \\
&= \frac{4b^2 f^2 g \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{3c^2} + \frac{52b^2 g^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{225c^4} - \frac{1}{4} b^2 f^3 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \\
&+ \frac{3b^2 f g^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{64c^2} - \frac{3}{32} b^2 f g^2 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} + \frac{4abg^3 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{15c^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&+ \frac{2b^2 f^2 g (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{9c^2} + \frac{26b^2 g^3 (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{675c^4} \\
&- \frac{2b^2 g^3 (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{125c^4} + \frac{b^2 f^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{4c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&- \frac{3b^2 f g^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{64c^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{4b^2 g^3 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{15c^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&+ \frac{2bf^2 gx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{bcf^3 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&+ \frac{3bf g^2 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{8c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{2bcf^2 g x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&+ \frac{2bg^3 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{45c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{3bcf g^2 x^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{8\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&- \frac{2bcg^3 x^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{25\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{2g^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{15c^4} \\
&+ \frac{1}{2} f^3 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - \frac{3fg^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{8c^2} \\
&- \frac{g^3 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{15c^2} + \frac{3}{4} fg^2 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
&+ \frac{1}{5} g^3 x^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - \frac{f^2 g (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{c^2} \\
&+ \frac{f^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{6bc \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{fg^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{8bc^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

4/15*a*b*g^3*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^3/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3/64*b^2*f*g^2*
arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^3/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4/15*b^2*g^3*x*arc
sin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^3/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/2*b*c*f^3*x^2*(a+b*
arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2/45*b*g^3*x^3*(a+b*a
rcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/25*b*c*g^3*x^5*(a+
b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/8*f*g^2*(a+b*arcs
in(c*x))^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c^3/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+52/225*b^2*g^3*(-
c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^4-1/4*b^2*f^3*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2/15*g^3*(a+b*ar
csin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^4+1/2*f^3*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*
d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/5*g^3*x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-f^2*g*
(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+3/4*f*g^2*x^3*(a
+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+4/3*b^2*f^2*g*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/
c^2-3/32*b^2*f*g^2*x^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+26/675*b^2*g^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(-
c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^4-2/125*b^2*g^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c
^4-1/15*g^3*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+3/64*b^2*f*g^
2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+2/9*b^2*f^2*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/
2)/c^2-3/8*f*g^2*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+1/4*b^2*f^
3*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/6*f^3*(a+b*arcsi
n(c*x))^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2*b*f^2*g*x*(a+b*arc
sin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/8*b*f*g^2*x^2*(a...

```

### 3.58.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 708, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{1}{2} f^3 x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{3}{4} f g^2 x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{5} g^3 x^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \right)}{c^4}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^3*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

```
output (Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((f^3*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/2 +
(3*f*g^2*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/4 + (g^3*x^4*Sqrt[1
- c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/5 - (f^2*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*Ar
cSin[c*x])^2)/c^2 + (f^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(6*b*c) - (2*b*g^3*(15*a*c
^5*x^5 + b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(8 + 4*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4) + 15*b*c^5*x^5*Ar
cSin[c*x]))/(375*c^4) - (2*b*f^2*g*(b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(-7 + c^2*x^2) + 3
*a*c*x*(-3 + c^2*x^2) + 3*b*c*x*(-3 + c^2*x^2)*ArcSin[c*x]))/(9*c^2) - (b*
f^3*(c*x*(2*a*c*x + b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + b*(-1 + 2*c^2*x^2)*ArcSin[c*x])
)/(4*c) - (3*b*f*g^2*(8*a*c^4*x^4 + b*c*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(3 + 2*c^2*x^2
) + b*(-3 + 8*c^4*x^4)*ArcSin[c*x]))/(64*c^3) + (g^3*(-9*a^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*
x^2]*(2 + c^2*x^2) + 6*a*b*c*x*(6 + c^2*x^2) + 2*b^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(20
+ c^2*x^2) + 6*b*(-3*a*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(2 + c^2*x^2) + b*c*x*(6 + c^2*x
^2))*ArcSin[c*x] - 9*b^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(2 + c^2*x^2)*ArcSin[c*x]^2))/(
135*c^4) - (f*g^2*(6*c*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 - (2*(a +
b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/b - 3*b*(c*x*(2*a*c*x + b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + b*(-1 +
2*c^2*x^2)*ArcSin[c*x])))/(16*c^3))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]
```

### 3.58.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 750, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5262} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left( \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 f^3 + 3gx \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 f^2 + 3g^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 f \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.58.  $\int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

$$\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{fg^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{8bc^3} + \frac{1}{2} f^3 x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - \frac{f^2 g (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{c^2} - \frac{3fg^2 x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{8} \right)$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^3*sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((4*a*b*g^3*x)/(15*c^3) + (4*b^2*f^2*g*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*c^2) + (52*b^2*g^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(225*c^4) - (b^2*f^3*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/4 + (3*b^2*f*g^2*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(64*c^2) - (3*b^2*f*g^2*x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/32 + (2*b^2*f^2*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(9*c^2) + (26*b^2*g^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(675*c^4) - (2*b^2*g^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(125*c^4) + (b^2*f^3*ArcSin[c*x])/(4*c) - (3*b^2*f*g^2*ArcSin[c*x])/(64*c^3) + (4*b^2*g^3*x*ArcSin[c*x])/(15*c^3) + (2*b*f^2*g*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c - (b*c*f^3*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/2 + (3*b*f*g^2*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(8*c) - (2*b*c*f^2*g*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/3 + (2*b*g^3*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(45*c) - (3*b*c*f*g^2*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/8 - (2*b*c*g^3*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/25 - (2*g^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(15*c^4) + (f^3*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/2 - (3*f*g^2*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(8*c^2) - (g^3*x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(15*c^2) + (3*f*g^2*x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/4 + (g^3*x^4*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/5 - (f^2*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/c^2 + (f^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(6*b*c) + (f*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(8*b*c^3))/sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]`

### 3.58.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`



```
rule 5276 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_
) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^
p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && Intege
rQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]
```

### 3.58.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2728, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2728
parts	Expression too large to display	2728

```
input int((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVER
BOSE)
```

```
output a^2*(f^3*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1
/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)))+g^3*(-1/5*x^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c^2/d-2/15
/d/c^4*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2))+3*f*g^2*(-1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c^2/d+1/
4/c^2*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)
*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))))-f^2*g*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c^2/d)+b^2*(-1/24*(-
d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^3*f*(4
*c^2*f^2+3*g^2)+1/4000*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(16*c^6*x^6-28*c^4*x^4-16*I*
(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^5*c^5+13*c^2*x^2+20*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^3*c^3-5*I*
(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g^3*(10*I*arcsin(c*x)+25*arcsin(c*x)^2-2)/c^4/(c
^2*x^2-1)+3/512*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4+8*
c^5*x^5+8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2-12*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c
*x)*f*g^2*(4*I*arcsin(c*x)+8*arcsin(c*x)^2-1)/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/864*(-d*(c
^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(4*c^4*x^4-5*c^2*x^2-4*I*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3*I*(
-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+1)*g*(72*I*arcsin(c*x)*c^2*f^2+108*arcsin(c*x)^2*c^2
*f^2+6*I*arcsin(c*x)*g^2+9*arcsin(c*x)^2*g^2-24*c^2*f^2-2*g^2)/c^4/(c^2*x^
2-1)+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^
3+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*f^3*(2*I*arcsin(c*x)+2*arcsin(c*x)^2-1)/c/(c
^2*x^2-1)-1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)
*g*(12*I*arcsin(c*x)*c^2*f^2+6*arcsin(c*x)^2*c^2*f^2+2*I*arcsin(c*x)*g^2+a
rcsin(c*x)^2*g^2-12*c^2*f^2-2*g^2)/c^4/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1)...
```

## 3.58.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (gx + f)^3 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a^2*g^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*f^2*g*x + a^2*f^3 + (b^2*g^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*f^2*g*x + b^2*f^3)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*g^3*x^3 + 3*a*b*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*a*b*f^2*g*x + a*b*f^3)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

## 3.58.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1)} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (f + gx)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**3*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(f + g*x)**3, x)`

## 3.58.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (gx + f)^3 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x + sqrt(d)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a^2*f^3 - 1/15*a^2*g^3*(3*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x^2/(c^2*d) + 2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)/(c^4*d) ) + 3/8*a^2*f*g^2*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x/c^2 - 2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*arcsin(c*x)/c^3) - (-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a^2*f^2*g/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate(((b^2*g^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*f^2*g*x + b^2*f^3)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b*g^3*x^3 + 3*a*b*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*a*b*f^2*g*x + a*b*f^3)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), x)`

### 3.58.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index\_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

### 3.58.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

### 3.59 $\int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

3.59.1	Optimal result	551
3.59.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	552
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#### 3.59.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 737

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx \\
 &= \frac{8b^2 fg \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{9c^2} - \frac{1}{4} b^2 f^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} + \frac{b^2 g^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{64c^2} - \frac{1}{32} b^2 g^2 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \\
 &+ \frac{4b^2 fg(1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{27c^2} + \frac{b^2 f^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{4c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 &- \frac{b^2 g^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{64c^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{4bfgx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 &- \frac{bcf^2 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{bg^2 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{8c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 &- \frac{4bcfgx^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{9\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{bcg^2 x^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{8\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2} f^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - \frac{g^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{8c^2} \\
 &+ \frac{1}{4} g^2 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - \frac{2fg(1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3c^2} \\
 &+ \frac{f^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{6bc\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{g^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{24bc^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$\frac{8}{9}b^2fg(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^2-1/4b^2f^2x(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}+1/64b^2g^2x(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^2-1/32b^2g^2x^3(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}+4/27b^2fg(-c^2x^2+1)(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^2+1/2f^2x(a+b\arcsin(cx))^{2(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^2+1/4g^2x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^{2(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^2+1/4b^2f^2\arcsin(cx)(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-1/64b^2g^2\arcsin(cx)(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c^3/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+4/3bfgx(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-1/2b^2cf^2x^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+1/8b^2g^2x^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-4/9b^2c^2fgx^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}-1/8b^2c^2g^2x^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+1/6f^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^3(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/b/c/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+1/24g^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^3(-c^2dx^2+d)^{1/2}/b/c^3/(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}$$

### 3.59.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{1}{2} f^2 x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{4} g^2 x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - \frac{2fg(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3c^2} \right)}{c^3}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output 
$$\frac{(\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} ((f^2 x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2)/2 + (g^2 x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2)/4 - (2fg(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2)/(3c^2) + (f^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3)/(6b^2 c) - (4bfg(b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (-7 + c^2 x^2) + 3acx(-3 + c^2 x^2) + 3b^2 cx(-3 + c^2 x^2) \arcsin(cx)))/(27c^2) - (b^2 f^2 (cx(2acx + b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}) + b(-1 + 2c^2 x^2) \arcsin(cx)))/(4c) - (b^2 g^2 (8ac^4 x^4 + b^2 cx \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (3 + 2c^2 x^2) + b(-3 + 8c^4 x^4) \arcsin(cx)))/(64c^3) - (g^2 (6b^2 cx \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - 2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 - 3b^2 (cx(2acx + b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}) + b(-1 + 2c^2 x^2) \arcsin(cx))))/(48b^2 c^3)))/\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}$$

### 3.59.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 477, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (f + gx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5276}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5262}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left( f^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + g^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + 2fgx \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{g^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{24bc^3} + \frac{1}{2} f^2 x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - \frac{2fg(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3c^2} - \frac{g^2 x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{8c^2} \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((8*b^2*f*g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(9*c^2) - (b^2*f^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/4 + (b^2*g^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(64*c^2) - (b^2*g^2*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/32 + (4*b^2*f*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(27*c^2) + (b^2*f^2*ArcSin[c*x])/(4*c) - (b^2*g^2*ArcSin[c*x])/(64*c^3) + (4*b*f*g*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c) - (b*c*f^2*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/2 + (b*g^2*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(8*c) - (4*b*c*f*g*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/9 - (b*c*g^2*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/8 + (f^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/2 - (g^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(8*c^2) + (g^2*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/4 - (2*f*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(3*c^2) + (f^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(6*b*c) + (g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(24*b*c^3))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]`

## 3.59.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

## 3.59.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1852, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1852
parts	Expression too large to display	1852

input `int((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

a^2*(f^2*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)))+g^2*(-1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c^2/d+1/4/c^2*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)))-2/3*f*g*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c^2/d)+b^2*(-1/24*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^3*(4*c^2*f^2+g^2)+1/512*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4+8*c^5*x^5+8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2-12*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x)*g^2*(4*I*arcsin(c*x)+8*arcsin(c*x)^2-1)/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/108*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(4*c^4*x^4-5*c^2*x^2-4*I*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+1)*f*g*(6*I*arcsin(c*x)+9*arcsin(c*x)^2-2)/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^3+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*f^2*(2*I*arcsin(c*x)+2*arcsin(c*x)^2-1)/c/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/4*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*f*g*(arcsin(c*x)^2-2+2*I*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/4*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*f*g*(arcsin(c*x)^2-2-2*I*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*f^2*(-2*I*arcsin(c*x)+2*arcsin(c*x)^2-1)/c/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/108*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(4*I*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c^4*x^4-3*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-5*c^2*x^2+1)*f*g*(-6*I*arcsin(c*x)+9*arcsin(c*x)^2-2)/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/512*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))...

```

### 3.59.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (gx + f)^2 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input

```

integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")

```

output

```

integral((a^2*g^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*f*g*x + a^2*f^2 + (b^2*g^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*f*g*x + b^2*f^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*g^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*f*g*x + a*b*f^2)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)

```



**3.59.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1)} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (f + gx)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(f + g*x)**2, x)`

**3.59.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (gx + f)^2 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x + sqrt(d)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a^2*f^2 + 1/8*a^2*g^2*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x/c^2 - 2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*arcsin(c*x)/c^3) - 2/3*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a^2*f*g/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate(((b^2*g^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*f*g*x + b^2*f^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b*g^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*f*g*x + a*b*f^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), x)`

**3.59.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

### 3.59.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (f+gx)^2 \sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (f+gx)^2 (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

### 3.60 $\int (f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

3.60.1	Optimal result . . . . .	558
3.60.2	Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	559
3.60.3	Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	559
3.60.4	Maple [C] (verified) . . . . .	561
3.60.5	Fricas [F] . . . . .	562
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#### 3.60.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 396

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx \\ &= \frac{4b^2 g \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{9c^2} - \frac{1}{4} b^2 f x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \\ &+ \frac{2b^2 g (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{27c^2} + \frac{b^2 f \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{4c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\ &+ \frac{2bgx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{bcf x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\ &- \frac{2bcgx^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{9 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{2} f x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\ &- \frac{g(1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3c^2} + \frac{f \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{6bc \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output  $\frac{4}{9} b^2 g (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / c^2 - 1/4 b^2 f x (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} + 2/27 b^2 g (-c^2 x^2 + 1) (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / c^2 + 1/2 b^2 f x (a + b \arcsin(c x))^2 (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} - 1/3 b^2 g (-c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \arcsin(c x))^2 (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / c^2 + 1/4 b^2 f \arcsin(c x) (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / c (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} + 2/3 b^2 g x (a + b \arcsin(c x)) (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / c (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} - 1/2 b^2 c f x^2 (a + b \arcsin(c x)) (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} - 2/9 b^2 c g x^3 (a + b \arcsin(c x)) (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} + 1/6 f x (a + b \arcsin(c x))^2 (-c^2 d x^2 + d)^{1/2} / b c (-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2}$

### 3.60.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int (f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2x^2} \left( 54fx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - \frac{36g(1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{c^2} + \frac{18f(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{bc} - \frac{8bg(b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{108\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} \right)}{108\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(54*f*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 - (36*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/c^2 + (18*f*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(b*c) - (8*b*g*(b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(-7 + c^2*x^2) + 3*a*c*x*(-3 + c^2*x^2) + 3*b*c*x*(-3 + c^2*x^2)*ArcSin[c*x]))/c^2 - (27*b*f*(c*x*(2*a*c*x + b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + b*(-1 + 2*c^2*x^2)*ArcSin[c*x]))/c)/(108*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])`

### 3.60.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d - c^2x^2}(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5276}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2x^2} \int (f + gx)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5262}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2x^2} \int \left( f\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + gx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\sqrt{d - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{1}{2} f x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - \frac{g(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3c^2} - \frac{1}{2} b c f x^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{f(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{6b} \right)$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((4*b^2*g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(9*c^2) - (b^2*f*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/4 + (2*b^2*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(27*c^2) + (b^2*f*ArcSin[c*x])/(4*c) + (2*b*g*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c) - (b*c*f*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/2 - (2*b*c*g*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/9 + (f*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/2 - (g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(3*c^2) + (f*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(6*b*c))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]`

### 3.60.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n_.*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n_.*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.60.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1236, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1236
parts	Expression too large to display	1236

```
input int((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*a^2*f*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*a^2*f*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))-1/3*a^2*g*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c^2/d+b^2*(-1/6*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^3*f+1/216*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(4*c^4*x^4-5*c^2*x^2-4*I*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+1)*g*(6*I*arcsin(c*x)+9*arcsin(c*x)^2-2)/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^3+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*f*(2*I*arcsin(c*x)+2*arcsin(c*x)^2-1)/c/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g*(arcsin(c*x)^2-2+2*I*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*g*(arcsin(c*x)^2-2+2*I*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*f*(-2*I*arcsin(c*x)+2*arcsin(c*x)^2-1)/c/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/216*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(4*I*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c^4*x^4-3*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-5*c^2*x^2+1)*g*(-6*I*arcsin(c*x)+9*arcsin(c*x)^2-2)/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+2*a*b*(-1/4*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*f+1/72*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(4*c^4*x^4-5*c^2*x^2-4*I*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+1)*g*(I+3*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^3+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*f*(I+2*arcsin(c*x))/c/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)...
```

**3.60.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int (f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(a^2*g*x + a^2*f + (b^2*g*x + b^2*f)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*g*x + a*b*f)*arcsin(c*x)), x)`

**3.60.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1)} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (f + gx) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(f + g*x), x)`

**3.60.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x + sqrt(d)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a^2*f - 1/3*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a^2*g/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate(((b^2*g*x + b^2*f)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b*g*x + a*b*f)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)))*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), x)`

**3.60.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.60.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (f + gx) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`



$$\mathbf{3.61} \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f+gx} dx$$

3.61.1	Optimal result	565
3.61.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	566
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3.61.4	Maple [F]	570
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3.61.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	572

### 3.61.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 1442

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx \\
&= \frac{a^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{g} - \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{g} - \frac{2abcx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{g \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&+ \frac{2ab \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{g} - \frac{2b^2 cx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{g \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&+ \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)^2}{g} + \frac{cx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3bg \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&- \frac{\left(1 - \frac{c^2 f^2}{g^2}\right) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3bc(f + gx) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3bc(f + gx)} \\
&- \frac{a^2 \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arctan\left(\frac{g + c^2 fx}{\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}\right)}{g^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&+ \frac{2iab \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&+ \frac{ib^2 \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&- \frac{2iab \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&- \frac{ib^2 \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&+ \frac{2ab \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&+ \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&- \frac{2ab \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&- \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&+ \frac{2ib^2 \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
&- \frac{2ib^2 \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
\hline
3.61. & \int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

a^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g-2*b^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g+2*a*b*arcsin(c*x)*
(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g+b^2*arcsin(c*x)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g-2*a*b*c*x*
(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*b^2*c*x*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^
2+d)^(1/2)/g/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/3*c*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)
^(1/2)/b/g/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/3*(1-c^2*f^2/g^2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^
2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-a^2*arctan((c^2*f*x+g)/(c^
2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1
/2)/g^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+I*b^2*arcsin(c*x)^2*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/
2)/g^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*I*a*b*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2
)/g^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2*I*b^2*polylog(3,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/
(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(-
c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2*I*a*b*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(
c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(-c
^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2*a*b*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f
^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)
^(1/2)+2*b^2*arcsin(c*x)*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2
*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(-c^2*x^2+1
)^(1/2)-2*a*b*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^...

```

### 3.61.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 516, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( (c^2 f^2 - g^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 + c^2 gx (f + gx) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 + g^2 (1 - c^2 x^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \right)}{f + gx}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(f + g*x),x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2 d x^2] * ((c^2 f^2 - g^2) * (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])^3 + c^2 g x * (f + g x) * (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])^3 + g^2 * (1 - c^2 x^2) * (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])^3 + 3 * b * c * (f + g x) * (g * \text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2 x^2] * (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])^2 - 2 * b * g * (a * c x + b * \text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2 x^2] + b * c x * \text{ArcSin}[c x])) + I * \text{Sqrt}[c^2 f^2 - g^2] * ((a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])^2 * \text{Log}[1 + (I * E^{(I * \text{ArcSin}[c x]) * g}) / (-(c * f) + \text{Sqrt}[c^2 f^2 - g^2])] - (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])^2 * \text{Log}[1 - (I * E^{(I * \text{ArcSin}[c x]) * g}) / (c * f + \text{Sqrt}[c^2 f^2 - g^2])]) - (2 * I) * b * (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x]) * \text{PolyLog}[2, (I * E^{(I * \text{ArcSin}[c x]) * g}) / (c * f - \text{Sqrt}[c^2 f^2 - g^2])] + (2 * I) * b * (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x]) * \text{PolyLog}[2, (I * E^{(I * \text{ArcSin}[c x]) * g}) / (c * f + \text{Sqrt}[c^2 f^2 - g^2])] + 2 * b^2 * \text{PolyLog}[3, (I * E^{(I * \text{ArcSin}[c x]) * g}) / (c * f - \text{Sqrt}[c^2 f^2 - g^2])] - 2 * b^2 * \text{PolyLog}[3, (I * E^{(I * \text{ArcSin}[c x]) * g}) / (c * f + \text{Sqrt}[c^2 f^2 - g^2])])]) / (3 * b * c * g^2 * (f + g x) * \text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2 x^2])$

### 3.61.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1018, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {5276, 5264, 25, 5256, 25, 5298, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx$$

↓ 5276

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

↓ 5264

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{(1 - c^2 x^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3bc(f + gx)} - \int \frac{(gx^2 c^2 + 2fxc^2 + g)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{(f + gx)^2} dx \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \int \frac{(gx^2 c^2 + 2fxc^2 + g)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{(f + gx)^2} dx + \frac{(1 - c^2 x^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3bc(f + gx)} \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

↓ 5256

---

3.61.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx$

$$\sqrt{d - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{-3bc \int \frac{\left( \frac{1}{f+gx} - \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{f^2}{f+gx} + gx \right)}{g^2} \right) (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{\left( 1 - \frac{c^2 f^2}{g^2} \right) (a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{f+gx} + \frac{c^2 x (a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{g}}{3bc} + \frac{(1-c^2 x^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3bc(f+gx)} \right)$$

---


$$\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{d - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{3bc \int \frac{\left( \frac{1}{f+gx} - \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{f^2}{f+gx} + gx \right)}{g^2} \right) (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{\left( 1 - \frac{c^2 f^2}{g^2} \right) (a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{f+gx} + \frac{c^2 x (a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{g}}{3bc} + \frac{(1-c^2 x^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3bc(f+gx)} \right)$$

---


$$\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}$$

↓ 5298

$$\sqrt{d - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{3bc \int \left( -\frac{(f^2 c^2 + g^2 x^2 c^2 + f g x c^2 - g^2) a^2}{g^2 (f+gx) \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} - \frac{2b(f^2 c^2 + g^2 x^2 c^2 + f g x c^2 - g^2) \arcsin(cx) a}{g^2 (f+gx) \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} - \frac{b^2 (f^2 c^2 + g^2 x^2 c^2 + f g x c^2 - g^2) \arcsin(cx)^2}{g^2 (f+gx) \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} \right) dx - \frac{\left( 1 - \frac{c^2 f^2}{g^2} \right) (a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{f+gx} + \frac{c^2 x (a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{g}}{3bc} + \frac{(1-c^2 x^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3bc(f+gx)} \right)$$

---


$$\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\sqrt{d - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{(1-c^2 x^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3bc(f+gx)} + \frac{c^2 x (a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{g} - \frac{\left( 1 - \frac{c^2 f^2}{g^2} \right) (a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{f+gx} + 3bc \left( -\frac{\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \arctan \left( \frac{f x c^2 + g}{\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2} \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} \right)}{g^2} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(f + g*x),x]`

```

output (Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(((1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(3*b*c*(f + g*x)) + ((c^2*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/g - ((1 - (c^2*f^2)/g^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(f + g*x) + 3*b*c*((-2*a*b*c*x)/g + (a^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/g - (2*b^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/g - (2*b^2*c*x*ArcSin[c*x])/g + (2*a*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x])/g + (b^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/g - (a^2*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*ArcTan[(g + c^2*f*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/g^2 + ((2*I)*a*b*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^2 + (I*b^2*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*ArcSin[c*x]^2*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^2 - ((2*I)*a*b*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^2 - (I*b^2*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*ArcSin[c*x]^2*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^2 + (2*a*b*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^2 + (2*b^2*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*ArcSin[c*x]*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^2 - (2*a*b*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^2 - (2*b^2*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*ArcSin[c*x]*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^2 + ((2*I)*b^2*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^2 - ((2*I)*b^2*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/g^2)

```

### 3.61.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5256 Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_) + (h_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2, x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f + g*x + h*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^2, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n u, x] - Simp[b*c^n Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[e*g - 2*d*h, 0]
```

```
rule 5264 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_)*Sqrt[
(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)*((a + b*Arc
Sin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n + 1))
Int[(d*g*m + 2*e*f*x + e*g*(m + 2)*x^2)*(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcSin[
c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e,
0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 5276 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_
) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^
p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && Intege
rQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]
```

```
rule 5298 Int[(ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_.)*(RFX_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p, RFX*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFX, x] && IGt
Q[n, 0] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2]
```

### 3.61.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}}{gx + f} dx$$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f),x)
```

```
output int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f),x)
```

### 3.61.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{gx + f} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="f
ricas")
```

output `integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b^2*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(c*x) + a^2)/(g*x + f), x)`

### 3.61.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1)} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))**2*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2)/(g*x+f), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(a + b*asin(c*x))**2/(f + g*x), x)`

### 3.61.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(g-c*f>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

### 3.61.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$



input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

### 3.61.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{f+gx} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2 \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}{f+gx} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2))/(f + g*x),x)`

output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2))/(f + g*x), x)`

### 3.62 $\int (f+gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

3.62.1	Optimal result	574
3.62.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	575
3.62.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	576
3.62.4	Maple [C] (verified)	578
3.62.5	Fricas [F]	579
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3.62.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	580

### 3.62.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 1685

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \frac{16b^2 df^2 g \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{25c^2} \\
& + \frac{304b^2 dg^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{3675c^4} - \frac{15}{64} b^2 df^3 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} - \frac{7b^2 df g^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{384c^2} \\
& - \frac{43}{576} b^2 df g^2 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} + \frac{1}{36} b^2 c^2 df g^2 x^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \\
& + \frac{4abd g^3 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{35c^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{8b^2 df^2 g (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{75c^2} \\
& + \frac{152b^2 dg^3 (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{11025c^4} - \frac{1}{32} b^2 df^3 x (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \\
& + \frac{6b^2 df^2 g (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{125c^2} + \frac{38b^2 dg^3 (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{6125c^4} \\
& - \frac{2b^2 dg^3 (1 - c^2 x^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{343c^4} + \frac{9b^2 df^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{64c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{7b^2 df g^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{384c^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{4b^2 dg^3 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{35c^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{6bdf^2 gx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{5c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{3bcd f^3 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{8 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{3bdf g^2 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{16c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{4bcd f^2 g x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{5 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{2bdg^3 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{105c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{7bcd f g^2 x^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{16 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{6bc^3 df^2 g x^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{25 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{16bcdg^3 x^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{175 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{bc^3 df g^2 x^6 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{6 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{2bc^3 dg^3 x^7 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{49 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{bdf^3 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{8c} - \frac{2dg^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{35c^4} \\
& + \frac{3}{8} df^3 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - \frac{3df g^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{16c^2} \\
& - \frac{dg^3 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{35c^2} + \frac{3}{8} df g^2 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
& + \frac{3}{35} dg^3 x^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{4} df^3 x (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} df g^2 x^3 (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{7} dg^3 x^4 (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
& - \frac{3df^2 g (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{5c^2} \\
& + \frac{3bdf^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{8bc \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{3bdf^2 g \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{16bc^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

9/64*b^2*d*f^3*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/8*d
*f^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+8/75*
b^2*d*f^2*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+6/125*b^2*d*f^2*g*(-c^2*
x^2+1)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+1/8*b*d*f^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcs
in(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c-3/16*d*f*g^2*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d
*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+1/2*d*f*g^2*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d
*x^2+d)^(1/2)-3/5*d*f^2*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d
)^(1/2)/c^2-7/384*b^2*d*f*g^2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+1/36*b^2*c^2*d*f*
g^2*x^5*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+304/3675*b^2*d*g^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^4-1
5/64*b^2*d*f^3*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+16/25*b^2*d*f^2*g*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/
2)/c^2-43/576*b^2*d*f*g^2*x^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+152/11025*b^2*d*g^3*(-c
^2*x^2+1)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^4-1/32*b^2*d*f^3*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(-c^2*d*x
^2+d)^(1/2)+38/6125*b^2*d*g^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^4-2/34
3*b^2*d*g^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^4-1/35*d*g^3*x^2*(a+b*ar
csin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+3/8*d*f*g^2*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*
(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/4*d*f^3*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*
x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/7*d*g^3*x^4*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)
^(1/2)+6/5*b*d*f^2*g*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)+3/16*b*d*f*g^2*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2
*x^2+1)^(1/2)-4/5*b*c*d*f^2*g*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)...

```

### 3.62.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 872, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (3087000a^3 cf(2c^2 f^2 + g^2) - 88200a^2 b\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (32g^3 + c^2 g(336f^2 + 105g^2) - 32c^2 f^2 g^2))}{c^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^3*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output  $(d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}*(3087000*a^3*c*f*(2*c^2*f^2 + g^2) - 88200*a^2*b*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2}*(32*g^3 + c^2*g*(336*f^2 + 105*f*g*x + 16*g^2*x^2) + 4*c^6*x^3*(35*f^3 + 84*f^2*g*x + 70*f*g^2*x^2 + 20*g^3*x^3) - 2*c^4*x*(175*f^3 + 336*f^2*g*x + 245*f*g^2*x^2 + 64*g^3*x^3)) + 840*a*b^2*c*x*(6720*g^3 + 35*c^2*g*(2016*f^2 + 315*f*g*x + 32*g^2*x^2) - 21*c^4*x*(1750*f^3 + 2240*f^2*g*x + 1225*f*g^2*x^2 + 256*g^3*x^3) + 2*c^6*x^3*(3675*f^3 + 7056*f^2*g*x + 4900*f*g^2*x^2 + 1200*g^3*x^3)) + b^3*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2}*(4785152*g^3 + c^2*g*(39250176*f^2 - 900375*f*g*x - 429824*g^2*x^2) + 4*c^6*x^3*(385875*f^3 + 592704*f^2*g*x + 343000*f*g^2*x^2 + 72000*g^3*x^3) - 2*c^4*x*(6559875*f^3 + 5005056*f^2*g*x + 1843625*f*g^2*x^2 + 278784*g^3*x^3)) + 105*b*(88200*a^2*c*f*(2*c^2*f^2 + g^2) - 1680*a*b*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2}*(32*g^3 + c^2*g*(336*f^2 + 105*f*g*x + 16*g^2*x^2) + 4*c^6*x^3*(35*f^3 + 84*f^2*g*x + 70*f*g^2*x^2 + 20*g^3*x^3) - 2*c^4*x*(175*f^3 + 336*f^2*g*x + 245*f*g^2*x^2 + 64*g^3*x^3)) + b^2*c*(35*g^2*(245*f + 1536*g*x) + 70*c^2*(1785*f^3 + 8064*f^2*g*x + 1260*f*g^2*x^2 + 128*g^3*x^3) - 168*c^4*x^2*(1750*f^3 + 2240*f^2*g*x + 1225*f*g^2*x^2 + 256*g^3*x^3) + 16*c^6*x^4*(3675*f^3 + 7056*f^2*g*x + 4900*f*g^2*x^2 + 1200*g^3*x^3)))*\text{ArcSin}[c*x] - 88200*b^2*(-105*a*c*f*(2*c^2*f^2 + g^2) + b*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2}*(32*g^3 + c^2*g*(336*f^2 + 105*f*g*x + 16*g^2*x^2) + 4*c^6*x^3*(35*f^3 + 84*f^2*g*x + 70*f*g^2*x^2 + 20*g^3*x^3) - 2*c^4*x*(175*f^3 + 336*f^2*g*x + 245*f*g^2*x^2 + 64*g^3*x^3)))*\text{Arc}...$

### 3.62.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1066, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2} (f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5276}$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2} \int (f + gx)^3 (1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5262}$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2} \int \left( (1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 f^3 + 3gx(1 - c^2x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 f^2 + 3g^2x^2(1 - c^2x^2)^3 \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

---

3.62.  $\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

↓ 2009

$$d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left( \frac{2}{49}bc^3g^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))x^7 + \frac{1}{6}bc^3fg^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))x^6 - \frac{16}{175}bcg^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))x^5 + \frac{6}{25}bc^3f \right)$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^3*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((4*a*b*g^3*x)/(35*c^3) + (16*b^2*f^2*g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(25*c^2) + (304*b^2*g^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(3675*c^4) - (15*b^2*f^3*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/64 - (7*b^2*f*g^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(384*c^2) - (43*b^2*f*g^2*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/576 + (b^2*c^2*f*g^2*x^5*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/36 + (8*b^2*f^2*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(75*c^2) + (152*b^2*g^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(11025*c^4) - (b^2*f^3*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/32 + (6*b^2*f^2*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(125*c^2) + (38*b^2*g^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(6125*c^4) - (2*b^2*g^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(343*c^4) + (9*b^2*f^3*ArcSin[c*x])/(64*c) + (7*b^2*f*g^2*ArcSin[c*x])/(384*c^3) + (4*b^2*g^3*x*ArcSin[c*x])/(35*c^3) + (6*b*f^2*g*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(5*c) - (3*b*c*f^3*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/8 + (3*b*f*g^2*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(16*c) - (4*b*c*f^2*g*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/5 + (2*b*g^3*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(10*5*c) - (7*b*c*f*g^2*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/16 + (6*b*c^3*f^2*g*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/25 - (16*b*c*g^3*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/175 + (b*c^3*f*g^2*x^6*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/6 + (2*b*c^3*g^3*x^7*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/49 + (b*f^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(8*c) - (2*g^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(35*c^4) + (3*f^3*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/8 - (3*f*g^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(16*c^2) - (g^3*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(35*c^2) + (3*f*g^2*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/8 + (3*g^3*x^4*Sqrt[1 - ...`

### 3.62.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n_)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

$$3.62. \quad \int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b\arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.62.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4176, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	4176
parts	Expression too large to display	4176

input `int((g*x+f)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2*(f^3*(1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/4*d*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))))+g^3*(-1/7*x^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/c^2/d-2/35/d/c^4*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2))+3*f*g^2*(-1/6*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/c^2/d+1/6/c^2*(1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/4*d*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))))-3/5*f^2*g/c^2/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2))+b^2*(-1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^3*f*(2*c^2*f^2+g^2)*d-1/43904*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(64*c^8*x^8-144*c^6*x^6-64*I*c^7*x^7*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+104*c^4*x^4+112*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^5*c^5-25*c^2*x^2-56*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^3*c^3+7*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+1)*g^3*(14*I*arcsin(c*x)+49*arcsin(c*x)^2-2)*d/c^4/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/2304*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-32*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^6*x^6+32*c^7*x^7+48*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4-64*c^5*x^5-18*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+38*c^3*x^3+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-6*c*x)*f*g^2*(6*I*arcsin(c*x)+18*arcsin(c*x)^2-1)*d/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/16000*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(16*c^6*x^6-28*c^4*x^4-16*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^5*c^5+13*c^2*x^2+20*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^3*c^3-5*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g*(300*arcsin(c*x)^2*c^2*f^2+120*I*arcsin(c*x)*c^2*f^2-25*arcsin(c*x)^2*g^2-10*I*arcsin(c*x)*g^2-24*c^2*f^2+2*g^2)*d/c^4/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/1024*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4+8*c^5*x^5+8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2-12*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+...`

$$3.62. \quad \int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

## 3.62.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (gx + f)^3 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(a^2*c^2*d*g^3*x^5 + 3*a^2*c^2*d*f*g^2*x^4 - 3*a^2*d*f^2*g*x - a^2*d*f^3 + (3*a^2*c^2*d*f^2*g - a^2*d*g^3)*x^3 + (a^2*c^2*d*f^3 - 3*a^2*d*f*g^2)*x^2 + (b^2*c^2*d*g^3*x^5 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*f*g^2*x^4 - 3*b^2*d*f^2*g*x - b^2*d*f^3 + (3*b^2*c^2*d*f^2*g - b^2*d*g^3)*x^3 + (b^2*c^2*d*f^3 - 3*b^2*d*f*g^2)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*c^2*d*g^3*x^5 + 3*a*b*c^2*d*f*g^2*x^4 - 3*a*b*d*f^2*g*x - a*b*d*f^3 + (3*a*b*c^2*d*f^2*g - a*b*d*g^3)*x^3 + (a*b*c^2*d*f^3 - 3*a*b*d*f*g^2)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

## 3.62.6 SymPy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**3*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

## 3.62.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (gx + f)^3 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$



input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x + 3*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d*x + 3*d^(3/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a^2*f^3 - 1/35*(5*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x^2/(c^2*d) + 2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)/(c^4*d))*a^2*g^3 + 1/16*a^2*f*g^2*(2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x/c^2 - 8*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x/(c^2*d) + 3*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d*x/c^2 + 3*d^(3/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c^3) - 3/5*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*a^2*f^2*g/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate(-((b^2*c^2*d*g^3*x^5 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*f*g^2*x^4 - 3*b^2*d*f^2*g*x - b^2*d*f^3 + (3*b^2*c^2*d*f^2*g - b^2*d*g^3)*x^3 + (b^2*c^2*d*f^3 - 3*b^2*d*f*g^2)*x^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b*c^2*d*g^3*x^5 + 3*a*b*c^2*d*f*g^2*x^4 - 3*a*b*d*f^2*g*x - a*b*d*f^3 + (3*a*b*c^2*d*f^2*g - a*b*d*g^3)*x^3 + (a*b*c^2*d*f^3 - 3*a*b*d*f*g^2)*x^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)`

### 3.62.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vector & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

### 3.62.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.63 $\int (f+gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

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### 3.63.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 1108

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \frac{32b^2 df g \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{75c^2} \\
& - \frac{15}{64} b^2 df^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} - \frac{7b^2 dg^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{1152c^2} \\
& - \frac{43b^2 dg^2 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{1728} + \frac{1}{108} b^2 c^2 dg^2 x^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \\
& + \frac{16b^2 df g (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{225c^2} - \frac{1}{32} b^2 df^2 x (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \\
& + \frac{4b^2 df g (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{125c^2} + \frac{9b^2 df^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{64c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{7b^2 dg^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{1152c^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{4bdf gx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{5c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{3bcd f^2 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{8\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{bdg^2 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{16c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{8bcd f g x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{15\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{7bcdg^2 x^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{48\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{4bc^3 df gx^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{25\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{bc^3 dg^2 x^6 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{18\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{bdf^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{8c} \\
& + \frac{3}{8} df^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
& - \frac{dg^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{16c^2} \\
& + \frac{1}{8} dg^2 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{4} df^2 x (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{6} dg^2 x^3 (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
& - \frac{2df g (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{5c^2} \\
& + \frac{df^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{8bc\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{dg^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{48bc^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
3.63. & \int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx
\end{aligned}$$

output  $16/225*b^2*d*f*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/c^2+4/125*b^2*d*f*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/c^2+1/8*b*d*f^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(3/2)}*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/c-2/5*d*f*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/c^2+9/64*b^2*d*f^2*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+7/1152*b^2*d*g^2*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/c^3/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+1/8*d*f^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/b/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+1/48*d*g^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/b/c^3/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+1/6*d*g^2*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+32/75*b^2*d*f*g*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/c^2-7/1152*b^2*d*g^2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/c^2+1/108*b^2*c^2*d*g^2*x^5*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-1/32*b^2*d*f^2*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-1/16*d*g^2*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/c^2+1/4*d*f^2*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+4/5*b*d*f*g*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}-8/15*b*c*d*f*g*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+4/25*b*c^3*d*f*g*x^5*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}-15/64*b^2*d*f^2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-43/1728*b^2*d*g^2*x^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+3/8*d*f^2*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/8*d*g^2*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-3/8*b*c*d*f^2*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+1/16*b*d*g^2*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/c/(-c^...$

### 3.63.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 616, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( 9000a^3(6c^2 f^2 + g^2) + 120ab^2 c^2 x(450c^2 f^2 x(-5 + c^2 x^2) + 192fg(15 - 10c^2 x^2)) \right)}{c^3}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output

```
(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(9000*a^3*(6*c^2*f^2 + g^2) + 120*a*b^2*c^2*x*(450*
c^2*f^2*x*(-5 + c^2*x^2) + 192*f*g*(15 - 10*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4) + 25*g^2*
x*(9 - 21*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4)) - 1800*a^2*b*c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(96*f*g*(
-1 + c^2*x^2)^2 + 30*c^2*f^2*x*(-5 + 2*c^2*x^2) + 5*g^2*x*(3 - 14*c^2*x^2
+ 8*c^4*x^4)) + b^3*c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(6750*c^2*f^2*x*(-17 + 2*c^2*x^2)
+ 1536*f*g*(149 - 38*c^2*x^2 + 9*c^4*x^4) + 125*g^2*x*(-21 - 86*c^2*x^2 +
32*c^4*x^4)) + 15*b*(1800*a^2*(6*c^2*f^2 + g^2) + b^2*(175*g^2 + 90*c^2*(8
5*f^2 + 256*f*g*x + 20*g^2*x^2) - 120*c^4*x^2*(150*f^2 + 128*f*g*x + 35*g^
2*x^2) + 16*c^6*x^4*(225*f^2 + 288*f*g*x + 100*g^2*x^2)) - 240*a*b*c*Sqrt[
1 - c^2*x^2]*(96*f*g*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^2 + 30*c^2*f^2*x*(-5 + 2*c^2*x^2) + 5*
g^2*x*(3 - 14*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4)))*ArcSin[c*x] + 1800*b^2*(15*a*(6*c^2*f
^2 + g^2) - b*c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(96*f*g*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^2 + 30*c^2*f^2*x*
(-5 + 2*c^2*x^2) + 5*g^2*x*(3 - 14*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4)))*ArcSin[c*x]^2 +
9000*b^3*(6*c^2*f^2 + g^2)*ArcSin[c*x]^3)/(432000*b*c^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]
)
```

### 3.63.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 699, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (f + gx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5276}$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int (f + gx)^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5262}$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left( f^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + g^2 x^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + 2fgx (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{4}{25} bc^3 fgx^5 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{18} bc^3 g^2 x^6 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{g^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{48bc^3} + \frac{1}{4} f^2 x (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

---

3.63.  $\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((32*b^2*f*g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(75*c^2) - (15*b^2*f^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/64 - (7*b^2*g^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(1152*c^2) - (43*b^2*g^2*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/1728 + (b^2*c^2*g^2*x^5*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/108 + (16*b^2*f*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(225*c^2) - (b^2*f^2*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/32 + (4*b^2*f*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(125*c^2) + (9*b^2*f^2*ArcSin[c*x])/(64*c) + (7*b^2*g^2*ArcSin[c*x])/(1152*c^3) + (4*b*f*g*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(5*c) - (3*b*c*f^2*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/8 + (b*g^2*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(16*c) - (8*b*c*f*g*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/15 - (7*b*c*g^2*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/48 + (4*b*c^3*f*g*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/25 + (b*c^3*g^2*x^6*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/18 + (b*f^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(8*c) + (3*f^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/8 - (g^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(16*c^2) + (g^2*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/8 + (f^2*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/4 + (g^2*x^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/6 - (2*f*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(5*c^2) + (f^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(8*b*c) + (g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(48*b*c^3))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]`

### 3.63.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.63.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3032, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3032
parts	Expression too large to display	3032

```
input int((g*x+f)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVER
BOSE)
```

```
output a^2*(f^2*(1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/4*d*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2
*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))))+g^2*(-1/6*
*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)/c^2/d+1/6/c^2*(1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/4*d*(1/
2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*
d*x^2+d)^(1/2))))-2/5*f*g/c^2/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2))+b^2*(-1/48*(-d*(c^2
*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^3*(6*c^2*f^2
+g^2)*d-1/6912*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-32*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^6*x^6+32
*c^7*x^7+48*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4-64*c^5*x^5-18*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2
)*x^2*c^2+38*c^3*x^3+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-6*c*x)*g^2*(6*I*arcsin(c*x)+18*a
rcsin(c*x)^2-1)*d/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/2000*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(16*c^6*x^
6-28*c^4*x^4-16*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^5*c^5+13*c^2*x^2+20*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)*x^3*c^3-5*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*f*g*(10*I*arcsin(c*x)+25*arcsi
n(c*x)^2-2)*d/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/1024*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-8*I*(-c^2*x^
2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4+8*c^5*x^5+8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2-12*c^3*x^3-I*(
-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x)*(8*I*arcsin(c*x)*c^2*f^2+16*arcsin(c*x)^2*c^2*f^2
-4*I*arcsin(c*x)*g^2-8*arcsin(c*x)^2*g^2-2*c^2*f^2+g^2)*d/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)-
1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*f*g*(arcsi
n(c*x)^2-2+2*I*arcsin(c*x))*d/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(
I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*f*g*(arcsin(c*x)^2-2-2*I*arcsin(c*x))*
d/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/256*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*...
```



### 3.63.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (gx + f)^2 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(a^2*c^2*d*g^2*x^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d*f*g*x^3 - 2*a^2*d*f*g*x - a^2*d*f^2 + (a^2*c^2*d*f^2 - a^2*d*g^2)*x^2 + (b^2*c^2*d*g^2*x^4 + 2*b^2*c^2*d*f*g*x^3 - 2*b^2*d*f*g*x - b^2*d*f^2 + (b^2*c^2*d*f^2 - b^2*d*g^2)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*c^2*d*g^2*x^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d*f*g*x^3 - 2*a*b*d*f*g*x - a*b*d*f^2 + (a*b*c^2*d*f^2 - a*b*d*g^2)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

### 3.63.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.63.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (gx + f)^2 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x + 3*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d*x + 3*d^(3/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a^2*f^2 + 1/48*a^2*g^2*(2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x/c^2 - 8*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x/(c^2*d) + 3*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d*x/c^2 + 3*d^(3/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c^3) - 2/5*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*a^2*f*g/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate(-((b^2*c^2*d*g^2*x^4 + 2*b^2*c^2*d*f*g*x^3 - 2*b^2*d*f*g*x - b^2*d*f^2 + (b^2*c^2*d*f^2 - b^2*d*g^2)*x^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b*c^2*d*g^2*x^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d*f*g*x^3 - 2*a*b*d*f*g*x - a*b*d*f^2 + (a*b*c^2*d*f^2 - a*b*d*g^2)*x^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1))*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), x)`

### 3.63.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

### 3.63.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (f + gx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

---

3.63.  $\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

### 3.64 $\int (f+gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

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#### 3.64.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 621

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (f+gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx &= \frac{16b^2 dg \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{75c^2} \\
 &- \frac{15}{64} b^2 dfx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} + \frac{8b^2 dg(1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{225c^2} \\
 &- \frac{1}{32} b^2 dfx(1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} + \frac{2b^2 dg(1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{125c^2} \\
 &+ \frac{9b^2 df \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{64c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{2bdgx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{5c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 &- \frac{3bcdfx^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{8\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{4bcdgx^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{15\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 &+ \frac{2bc^3 dgx^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{25\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 &+ \frac{bdf(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{8c} \\
 &+ \frac{3}{8} dfx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
 &+ \frac{1}{4} dfx(1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
 &- \frac{dg(1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{5c^2} \\
 &+ \frac{df \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{8bc\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output  $16/75*b^2*d*g*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/c^2-15/64*b^2*d*f*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}$   
 $+8/225*b^2*d*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/c^2-1/32*b^2*d*f*x*(-c^2$   
 $*x^2+1)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+2/125*b^2*d*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{($   
 $1/2)}/c^2+1/8*b*d*f*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(3/2)}*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/$   
 $2)}/c+3/8*d*f*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/4*d*f*x*(-c^2*x^$   
 $2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-1/5*d*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(a+b$   
 $arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/c^2+9/64*b^2*d*f*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x$   
 $^2+d)^{(1/2)}/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+2/5*b*d*g*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2$   
 $+d)^{(1/2)}/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}-3/8*b*c*d*f*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x$   
 $^2+d)^{(1/2)}/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}-4/15*b*c*d*g*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*$   
 $x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+2/25*b*c^3*d*g*x^5*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2$   
 $*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+1/8*d*f*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*d*x^2$   
 $+d)^{(1/2)}/b/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}$

### 3.64.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( 9000a^3 cf - 1800a^2 b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( 8g(-1 + c^2 x^2)^2 + 5c^2 f x(-5 + 2c^2 x^2) \right) \right)}{}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output  $(d*\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(9000*a^3*c*f - 1800*a^2*b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(8*g*(-$   
 $-1 + c^2*x^2)^2 + 5*c^2*f*x*(-5 + 2*c^2*x^2)) + 120*a*b^2*c*x*(75*c^2*f*x$   
 $(-5 + c^2*x^2) + 16*g*(15 - 10*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4)) + b^3*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^$   
 $2]*(1125*c^2*f*x*(-17 + 2*c^2*x^2) + 128*g*(149 - 38*c^2*x^2 + 9*c^4*x^4))$   
 $+ 15*b*(1800*a^2*c*f - 240*a*b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(8*g*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^2 +$   
 $5*c^2*f*x*(-5 + 2*c^2*x^2)) + b^2*c*(128*g*x*(15 - 10*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4)$   
 $+ 75*f*(17 - 40*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4)))*\text{ArcSin}[c*x] + 1800*b^2*(15*a*c*f +$   
 $b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(5*c^2*f*x*(5 - 2*c^2*x^2) - 8*g*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^2))*A$   
 $\text{rcSin}[c*x]^2 + 9000*b^3*c*f*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]^3)/(72000*b*c^2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]$   
 $)$

### 3.64.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 5276$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int (f + gx) (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 5262$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left( f(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + gx(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( \frac{2}{25} bc^3 gx^5 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4} fx(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{3}{8} fx\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((16*b^2*g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(75*c^2) - (15*b^2*f*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/64 + (8*b^2*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(225*c^2) - (b^2*f*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/32 + (2*b^2*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(125*c^2) + (9*b^2*f*ArcSin[c*x])/(64*c) + (2*b*g*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(5*c) - (3*b*c*f*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/8 - (4*b*c*g*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/15 + (2*b*c^3*g*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/25 + (b*f*(1 - c^2*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(8*c) + (3*f*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/8 + (f*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/4 - (g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(5*c^2) + (f*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(8*b*c))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]`

---

3.64.  $\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

## 3.64.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

## 3.64.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2021, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2021
parts	Expression too large to display	2021

input `int((g*x+f)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*a^2*f*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/8*a^2*f*d*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+3/8*a^2*f*d^2/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))-1/5*a^2*g/c^2/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)+b^2*(-1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^3*f*d-1/4000*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(16*c^6*x^6-28*c^4*x^4-16*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^5*c^5+13*c^2*x^2+20*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^3*c^3-5*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g*(10*I*arcsin(c*x)+25*arcsin(c*x)^2-2)*d/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/512*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4+8*c^5*x^5+8*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2-12*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c*x)*f*(4*I*arcsin(c*x)+8*arcsin(c*x)^2-1)*d/c/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g*(arcsin(c*x)^2-2+2*I*arcsin(c*x))*d/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*g*(arcsin(c*x)^2-2-2*I*arcsin(c*x))*d/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*f*(-2*I*arcsin(c*x)+2*arcsin(c*x)^2-1)*d/c/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/288*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(4*I*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c^4*x^4-3*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-5*c^2*x^2+1)*g*(-6*I*arcsin(c*x)+9*arcsin(c*x)^2-2)*d/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/18000*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*g*(330*I*arcsin(c*x)+675*arcsin(c*x)^2-134)*cos(4*arcsin(c*x))*d/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/9000*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*c^2*x^2-c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-I)*g*(210*I*arcsin(c*x)+225*arc...`

### 3.64.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (gx + f) (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(a^2*c^2*d*g*x^3 + a^2*c^2*d*f*x^2 - a^2*d*g*x - a^2*d*f + (b^2*c^2*d*g*x^3 + b^2*c^2*d*f*x^2 - b^2*d*g*x - b^2*d*f)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*c^2*d*g*x^3 + a*b*c^2*d*f*x^2 - a*b*d*g*x - a*b*d*f)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

---

3.64.  $\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

**3.64.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (f + gx) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2)*(a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(f + g*x), x)`

**3.64.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (gx + f) (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*x + 3*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d*x + 3*d^(3/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a^2*f - 1/5*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*a^2*g/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate(-((b^2*c^2*d*g*x^3 + b^2*c^2*d*f*x^2 - b^2*d*g*x - b^2*d*f)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b*c^2*d*g*x^3 + a*b*c^2*d*f*x^2 - a*b*d*g*x - a*b*d*f)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)))*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), x)`



**3.64.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.64.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (f + gx) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**3.65** 
$$\int \frac{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f+gx} dx$$

3.65.1 Optimal result . . . . . 597  
 3.65.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 598  
 3.65.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 598  
 3.65.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 600  
 3.65.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 600  
 3.65.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 601  
 3.65.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 601  
 3.65.8 Giac [F(-2)] . . . . . 601  
 3.65.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 602

**3.65.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 1992

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```
-1/4*b^2*c^2*d*f*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2+1/2*c^2*d*f*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)
)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2+a^2*d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(3/2)*arctan((c^2*f*x+g)/
(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^4/(-c^2*x^2
+1)^(1/2)-b^2*d*(c*f-g)*(c*f+g)*arcsin(c*x)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^3+I*b
^2*d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(3/2)*arcsin(c*x)^2*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g
/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^4/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-4/
9*b^2*d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g-a^2*d*(c*f-g)*(c*f+g)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/
g^3+2*I*a*b*d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(3/2)*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^4/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)+2*I*b^2*d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(3/2)*polylog(3,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*
g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^4/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2
*a*b*d*(c*f-g)*(c*f+g)*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^3+1/4*b^2*c*d*f*
arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/3*b*c*d*x*(a+b*
arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2/9*b*c^3*d*x^3*(a+b
*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/6*c*d*f*(a+b*arc
sin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/g^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*a*b*d*(c^2*f^2
-g^2)^(3/2)*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1
/2)))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^4/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*b^2*d*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(3
/2)*arcsin(c*x)*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2
)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^4/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2*a*b*d*(c^2*f^2-...
```

3.65. 
$$\int \frac{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f+gx} dx$$

### 3.65.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 740, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( 54c^2 fx \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + 36g(1 - c^2 x^2) \right)}{f + gx}$$

input `Integrate[((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(f + g*x),x]`

output

```
(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(54*c^2*f*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2
+ 36*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 + (18*c*f*(a + b*ArcSin[
c*x])^3)/b + (36*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(b*
c*(f + g*x)) - 27*b*c*f*(c*x*(2*a*c*x + b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + b*(-1 + 2*c
^2*x^2)*ArcSin[c*x]) - 8*b*g*(b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(7 - c^2*x^2) + 9*c*x*(a
+ b*ArcSin[c*x]) - 3*c^3*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])) - (36*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)*(
c^2*f^2 - g^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3 + c^2*g*x*(f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*
x])^3 + 3*b*c*(f + g*x)*(g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 - 2*b*g
*(a*c*x + b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + b*c*x*ArcSin[c*x]) + I*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]
*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 + (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(-(c*f) + Sqrt[c^2
*f^2 - g^2])]) - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f
+ Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])]) - (2*I)*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*
ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])]) + (2*I)*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])]) + 2*b^2*P
olyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])]) - 2*b^2*Pol
yLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])))/(b*c*g^2*
(f + g*x)))/(108*g^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])
```

### 3.65.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1369, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {5276, 5266, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx$$

3.65.  $\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 5276 \\
 \frac{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \frac{(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{f+gx} dx}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 \downarrow 5266 \\
 \frac{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \int \left( -\frac{c^2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{g} + \frac{(g^2-c^2f^2)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{g^2(f+gx)} + \frac{c^2f\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{g^2} \right) dx}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2} \left( \frac{2bx^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))c^3}{9g} - \frac{bfx^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))c^3}{2g^2} + \frac{fx\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2c^2}{2g^2} - \frac{b^2fx\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}c^2}{4g^2} - \frac{(c^2f^2-g^2)x}{(f+gx)} \right)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(f + g*x),x]`

output

```

(d*sqrt(d - c^2*d*x^2)*((2*a*b*c*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)*x)/g^3 - (4*b^2*sqrt(1 -
c^2*x^2))/(9*g) - (a^2*(c*f - g)*(c*f + g)*sqrt(1 - c^2*x^2))/g^3 + (2*b^2
*(c*f - g)*(c*f + g)*sqrt(1 - c^2*x^2))/g^3 - (b^2*c^2*f*x*sqrt(1 - c^2*x^
2))/(4*g^2) - (2*b^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(27*g) + (b^2*c*f*ArcSin[c*x])/(
4*g^2) + (2*b^2*c*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)*x*ArcSin[c*x])/g^3 - (2*a*b*(c*f - g)*(c
*f + g)*sqrt(1 - c^2*x^2)*ArcSin[c*x])/g^3 - (b^2*(c*f - g)*(c*f + g)*sqrt
[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/g^3 - (2*b*c*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*g) - (
b*c^3*f*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*g^2) + (2*b*c^3*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]
))/(9*g) + (c^2*f*x*sqrt(1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*g^2) + ((1
 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(3*g) + (c*f*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^
3)/(6*b*g^2) - (c*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(3*b*g^3) - ((c
^2*f^2 - g^2)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(3*b*c*g^4*(f + g*x)) - ((c^2*f^2 -
g^2)*(1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(3*b*c*g^2*(f + g*x)) + (a^2*(c
^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(g + c^2*f*x)/(sqrt(c^2*f^2 - g^2)*sqrt(1 - c^2
*x^2))])/g^4 - ((2*I)*a*b*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^
(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - sqrt(c^2*f^2 - g^2))])/g^4 - (I*b^2*(c^2*f^2 - g^
2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[c*x]^2*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - sqrt(c^2*f^2
 - g^2))])/g^4 + ((2*I)*a*b*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E
^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + sqrt(c^2*f^2 - g^2))])/g^4 + (I*b^2*(c^2*f^2 -
g^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[c*x]^2*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + sqrt(c^...

```

3.65.  $\int \frac{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{f+gx} dx$

## 3.65.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5266 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

## 3.65.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{gx + f} dx$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f),x)`

output `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f),x)`

## 3.65.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(a^2*c^2*d*x^2 - a^2*d + (b^2*c^2*d*x^2 - b^2*d)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*c^2*d*x^2 - a*b*d)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(g*x + f), x)`

---

3.65.  $\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx$

### 3.65.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(g*x+f),x)`

output `Integral((-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2)*(a + b*asin(c*x))**2/(f + g*x), x)`

### 3.65.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(g-c*f>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

### 3.65.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

---

3.65.  $\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx$

**3.65.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}{f + gx} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2))/(f + g*x), x)`output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2))/(f + g*x), x)`

### 3.66 $\int (f+gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

3.66.1	Optimal result	603
3.66.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	604
3.66.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	604
3.66.4	Maple [C] (verified)	606
3.66.5	Fricas [F]	607
3.66.6	Sympy [F(-1)]	607
3.66.7	Maxima [F]	608
3.66.8	Giac [F(-2)]	608
3.66.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	609

#### 3.66.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 2290

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

1/18*b*d^2*f^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c
-15/128*d^2*f*g^2*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+5/16*d^2*
f*g^2*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+3/8*d^2*f*
g^2*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-3/7*d^2*f^
2*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+115/1152*b
^2*d^2*f^3*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+5/48*d^2*
f^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-359/12
288*b^2*d^2*f*g^2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+209/4608*b^2*c^2*d^2*f*g^2*x^
5*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-3/256*b^2*c^4*d^2*f*g^2*x^7*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+16
/245*b^2*d^2*f^2*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+36/1225*b^2*d^2*f
^2*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+6/343*b^2*d^2*f^2*g*(-c^2*x^2
+1)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+5/48*b*d^2*f^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcs
in(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c-59/128*b*c*d^2*f*g^2*x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))
*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+18/35*b*c^3*d^2*f^2*g*x^5*(a+b*ar
csin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+17/48*b*c^3*d^2*f*g^2*x
^6*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-6/49*b*c^5*d^
2*f^2*g*x^7*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3/32
*b*c^5*d^2*f*g^2*x^8*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)+6/7*b*d^2*f^2*g*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)+15/128*b*d^2*f*g^2*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/...
    
```



### 3.66.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (333396000a^3(8c^3 f^3 + 3c f g^2) + 3175200a^2 b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (-256g^3 - c^2 g(34$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^3*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output  $(d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (333396000 a^3 (8c^3 f^3 + 3c f g^2) + 3175200 a^2 b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (-256g^3 - c^2 g (3456f^2 + 945f g x + 128g^2 x^2) + 16c^8 x^5 (84f^3 + 216f^2 g x + 189f g^2 x^2 + 56g^3 x^3) - 8c^6 x^3 (546f^3 + 1296f^2 g x + 1071f g^2 x^2 + 304g^3 x^3) + 6c^4 x (924f^3 + 1728f^2 g x + 1239f g^2 x^2 + 320g^3 x^3)) - 10080 a b^2 c x (-161280g^3 - 105c^2 g (20736f^2 + 2835f g x + 256g^2 x^2) + 945c^4 x (1848f^3 + 2304f^2 g x + 1239f g^2 x^2 + 256g^3 x^3) - 72c^6 x^3 (9555f^3 + 18144f^2 g x + 12495f g^2 x^2 + 3040g^3 x^3) + 20c^8 x^5 (7056f^3 + 15552f^2 g x + 11907f g^2 x^2 + 3136g^3 x^3)) - b^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (-1257472000g^3 + c^2 g (-12905422848f^2 + 748057275f g x + 184115200g^2 x^2) + 400c^8 x^5 (592704f^3 + 1119744f^2 g x + 750141f g^2 x^2 + 175616g^3 x^3) - 8c^6 x^3 (179663400f^3 + 262020096f^2 g x + 145166175f g^2 x^2 + 29363200g^3 x^3) + 6c^4 x (1107615600f^3 + 753463296f^2 g x + 249815475f g^2 x^2 + 34304000g^3 x^3)) + 315b (3175200a^2 (8c^3 f^3 + 3c f g^2) + 20160a b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (-256g^3 - c^2 g (3456f^2 + 945f g x + 128g^2 x^2) + 16c^8 x^5 (84f^3 + 216f^2 g x + 189f g^2 x^2 + 56g^3 x^3) - 8c^6 x^3 (546f^3 + 1296f^2 g x + 1071f g^2 x^2 + 304g^3 x^3) + 6c^4 x (924f^3 + 1728f^2 g x + 1239f g^2 x^2 + 320g^3 x^3)) + b^2 c (315g^2 (7539f + 16384g x) - 30240c^4 x^2 (1848f^3 + 2304f^2 g x + 1239f g^2 x^2 + 256g^3 x^3) + 3360c^2 (6279f^3...$

### 3.66.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1379, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.66.  $\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5276 \\
 & \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int (f + gx)^3 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5262 \\
 & \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left( (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 f^3 + 3gx(1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 f^2 + 3g^2 x^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 f + 3g^3 x^3 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( -\frac{2}{81} bc^5 g^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) x^9 - \frac{3}{32} bc^5 f g^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) x^8 + \frac{38}{441} bc^3 g^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) x^7 - \frac{6}{49} bc^3 f g^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) x^6 + \frac{2}{3} bc^3 f^2 g (a + b \arcsin(cx)) x^5 - \frac{2}{3} bc^3 f^2 g^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) x^4 + \frac{2}{3} bc^3 f^2 g^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) x^3 - \frac{2}{3} bc^3 f^2 g^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) x^2 + \frac{2}{3} bc^3 f^2 g^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) x - \frac{2}{3} bc^3 f^2 g^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^3*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output

```

(d^2*sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((4*a*b*g^3*x)/(63*c^3) + (96*b^2*f^2*g*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(245*c^2) + (160*b^2*g^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(3969*c^4) - (245*b^2*f^3*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/1152 - (359*b^2*f*g^2*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(12288*c^2) - (1079*b^2*f*g^2*x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/18432 + (209*b^2*c^2*f*g^2*x^5*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/4608 - (3*b^2*c^4*f*g^2*x^7*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/256 + (16*b^2*f^2*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(245*c^2) + (80*b^2*g^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(11907*c^4) - (65*b^2*f^3*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/1728 + (36*b^2*f^2*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(1225*c^2) + (4*b^2*g^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(1323*c^4) - (b^2*f^3*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/108 + (6*b^2*f^2*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(343*c^2) + (50*b^2*g^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(27783*c^4) - (2*b^2*g^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(9/2))/(729*c^4) + (115*b^2*f^3*ArcSin[c*x])/(1152*c) + (359*b^2*f*g^2*ArcSin[c*x])/(12288*c^3) + (4*b^2*g^3*x*ArcSin[c*x])/(63*c^3) + (6*b*f^2*g*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(7*c) - (5*b*c*f^3*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/16 + (15*b*f*g^2*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(128*c) - (6*b*c*f^2*g*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/7 + (2*b*g^3*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(189*c) - (59*b*c*f*g^2*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/128 + (18*b*c^3*f^2*g*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/35 - (2*b*c*g^3*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/21 + (17*b*c^3*f*g^2*x^6*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/48 - (6*b*c^5*f^2*g*x^7*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/49 + (38*b*c^3*g^3*x^7*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/441 - (3*b*c^5*f*g^2*x^8*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/32 - (2*b*c^5*g^3*x^9*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/81 + (5*b*f^3*(1...

```

## 3.66.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

## 3.66.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5977, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	5977
parts	Expression too large to display	5977

input `int((g*x+f)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

**3.66.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (gx + f)^3 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a^2*c^4*d^2*g^3*x^7 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^2*f*g^2*x^6 + 3*a^2*d^2*f^2*g*x + a^2*d^2*f^3 + (3*a^2*c^4*d^2*f^2*g - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*g^3)*x^5 + (a^2*c^4*d^2*f^3 - 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*f*g^2)*x^4 - (6*a^2*c^2*d^2*f^2*g - a^2*d^2*g^3)*x^3 - (2*a^2*c^2*d^2*f^3 - 3*a^2*d^2*f*g^2)*x^2 + (b^2*c^4*d^2*g^3*x^7 + 3*b^2*c^4*d^2*f*g^2*x^6 + 3*b^2*d^2*f^2*g*x + b^2*d^2*f^3 + (3*b^2*c^4*d^2*f^2*g - 2*b^2*c^2*d^2*g^3)*x^5 + (b^2*c^4*d^2*f^3 - 6*b^2*c^2*d^2*f*g^2)*x^4 - (6*b^2*c^2*d^2*f^2*g - b^2*d^2*g^3)*x^3 - (2*b^2*c^2*d^2*f^3 - 3*b^2*d^2*f*g^2)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*c^4*d^2*g^3*x^7 + 3*a*b*c^4*d^2*f*g^2*x^6 + 3*a*b*d^2*f^2*g*x + a*b*d^2*f^3 + (3*a*b*c^4*d^2*f^2*g - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2*g^3)*x^5 + (a*b*c^4*d^2*f^3 - 6*a*b*c^2*d^2*f*g^2)*x^4 - (6*a*b*c^2*d^2*f^2*g - a*b*d^2*g^3)*x^3 - (2*a*b*c^2*d^2*f^3 - 3*a*b*d^2*f*g^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

**3.66.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**3*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.66.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (gx + f)^3 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm=
"maxima")
```

```
output 1/48*(8*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x + 10*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d*x + 15*sqrt
(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2*x + 15*d^(5/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a^2*f^3 + 1/128*(8*(-c^
2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x/c^2 - 48*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*x/(c^2*d) + 10*(-c^2*
d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d*x/c^2 + 15*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2*x/c^2 + 15*d^(5/2)*
arcsin(c*x)/c^3)*a^2*f*g^2 - 1/63*(7*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*x^2/(c^2*d) +
2*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(7/2)/(c^4*d))*a^2*g^3 - 3/7*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*a^2
*f^2*g/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate(((b^2*c^4*d^2*g^3*x^7 + 3*b^2*c^4*d^2*f
*g^2*x^6 + 3*b^2*d^2*f^2*g*x + b^2*d^2*f^3 + (3*b^2*c^4*d^2*f^2*g - 2*b^2*
c^2*d^2*g^3)*x^5 + (b^2*c^4*d^2*f^3 - 6*b^2*c^2*d^2*f*g^2)*x^4 - (6*b^2*c^
2*d^2*f^2*g - b^2*d^2*g^3)*x^3 - (2*b^2*c^2*d^2*f^3 - 3*b^2*d^2*f*g^2)*x^2
)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b*c^4*d^2*g^3*x^7 +
3*a*b*c^4*d^2*f*g^2*x^6 + 3*a*b*d^2*f^2*g*x + a*b*d^2*f^3 + (3*a*b*c^4*d^2
*f^2*g - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2*g^3)*x^5 + (a*b*c^4*d^2*f^3 - 6*a*b*c^2*d^2*f*g^2)*
x^4 - (6*a*b*c^2*d^2*f^2*g - a*b*d^2*g^3)*x^3 - (2*a*b*c^2*d^2*f^3 - 3*a*b
*d^2*f*g^2)*x^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1)))*sqrt(c*x + 1)
*sqrt(-c*x + 1), x)
```

### 3.66.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm=
"giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve
cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

---

3.66.  $\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

**3.66.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^3 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (f + gx)^3 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

### 3.67 $\int (f+gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

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### 3.67.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 1533

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \frac{64b^2 d^2 fg \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{245c^2} \\
& - \frac{245b^2 d^2 f^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{1152} - \frac{359b^2 d^2 g^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{36864c^2} - \frac{1079b^2 d^2 g^2 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{55296} \\
& + \frac{209b^2 c^2 d^2 g^2 x^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{13824} - \frac{1}{256} b^2 c^4 d^2 g^2 x^7 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \\
& + \frac{32b^2 d^2 fg(1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{735c^2} - \frac{65b^2 d^2 f^2 x(1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{1728} \\
& + \frac{24b^2 d^2 fg(1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{1225c^2} - \frac{1}{108} b^2 d^2 f^2 x(1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \\
& + \frac{4b^2 d^2 fg(1 - c^2 x^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{343c^2} + \frac{115b^2 d^2 f^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{1152c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{359b^2 d^2 g^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{36864c^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{4bd^2 fgx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{7c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{5bcd^2 f^2 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{16\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{5bd^2 g^2 x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{128c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{4bcd^2 fgx^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{7\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{59bcd^2 g^2 x^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{384\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{12bc^3 d^2 fgx^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{35\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{17bc^3 d^2 g^2 x^6 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{144\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& - \frac{4bc^5 d^2 fgx^7 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{49\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{bc^5 d^2 g^2 x^8 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{32\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& + \frac{5bd^2 f^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{48c} \\
& + \frac{bd^2 f^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{18c} \\
& + \frac{5}{16} d^2 f^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - \frac{5d^2 g^2 x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{128c^2} + \frac{5}{64} d^2 g^2 x^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2
\end{aligned}$$



output

```

32/735*b^2*d^2*f*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+24/1225*b^2*d^2*f
*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+4/7*b*d^2*f*g*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x
))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-4/7*b*c*d^2*f*g*x^3*(a+b*arcs
in(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+12/35*b*c^3*d^2*f*g*x^5*(
a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-4/49*b*c^5*d^2*f*
g*x^7*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4/343*b^2*
d^2*f*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+5/48*b*d^2*f^2*(-c^2*x^2+1
)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c+1/18*b*d^2*f^2*(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c-2/7*d^2*f*g*(-c^2*x^2+1
)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+115/1152*b^2*d^2*f^2*arcsi
n(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+359/36864*b^2*d^2*g^2*arc
sin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^3/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+5/48*d^2*f^2*(a+b*arc
sin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+5/384*d^2*g^2*(a+b
*arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c^3/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-5/16*b*c*d^2
*f^2*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+5/128*b
*d^2*g^2*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-5
9/384*b*c*d^2*g^2*x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)+17/144*b*c^3*d^2*g^2*x^6*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^
2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/32*b*c^5*d^2*g^2*x^8*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/
2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+64/245*b^2*d^2*f*g*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2-359/3...

```

### 3.67.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 742, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( 12348000a^3(8c^2 f^2 + g^2) - 3360ab^2 c^2 x(1960c^2 f^2 x(99 - 39c^2 x^2 + 8c^4 x^4) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output

```
(d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(12348000*a^3*(8*c^2*f^2 + g^2) - 3360*a*b^2*c^2*x*(1960*c^2*f^2*x*(99 - 39*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4) + 4608*f*g*(-35 + 35*c^2*x^2 - 21*c^4*x^4 + 5*c^6*x^6) + 245*g^2*x*(-45 + 177*c^2*x^2 - 136*c^4*x^4 + 36*c^6*x^6)) + 352800*a^2*b*c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(768*f*g*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^3 + 56*c^2*f^2*x*(33 - 26*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4) + 7*g^2*x*(-15 + 118*c^2*x^2 - 136*c^4*x^4 + 48*c^6*x^6)) - b^3*c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(274400*c^2*f^2*x*(897 - 194*c^2*x^2 + 32*c^4*x^4) + 147456*f*g*(-2161 + 757*c^2*x^2 - 351*c^4*x^4 + 75*c^6*x^6) + 8575*g^2*x*(1077 + 2158*c^2*x^2 - 1672*c^4*x^4 + 432*c^6*x^6)) + 105*b*(352800*a^2*(8*c^2*f^2 + g^2) + b^2*(87955*g^2 + 1120*c^2*(2093*f^2 + 4608*f*g*x + 315*g^2*x^2) - 3360*c^4*x^2*(1848*f^2 + 1536*f*g*x + 413*g^2*x^2) - 640*c^8*x^6*(784*f^2 + 1152*f*g*x + 441*g^2*x^2) + 1792*c^6*x^4*(1365*f^2 + 1728*f*g*x + 595*g^2*x^2)) + 6720*a*b*c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(768*f*g*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^3 + 56*c^2*f^2*x*(33 - 26*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4) + 7*g^2*x*(-15 + 118*c^2*x^2 - 136*c^4*x^4 + 48*c^6*x^6)))*ArcSin[c*x] + 352800*b^2*(105*a*(8*c^2*f^2 + g^2) + b*c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(768*f*g*(-1 + c^2*x^2)^3 + 56*c^2*f^2*x*(33 - 26*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4) + 7*g^2*x*(-15 + 118*c^2*x^2 - 136*c^4*x^4 + 48*c^6*x^6)))*ArcSin[c*x]^2 + 12348000*b^3*(8*c^2*f^2 + g^2)*ArcSin[c*x]^3)/(948326400*b*c^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])
```

### 3.67.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 922, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (f + gx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5276}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int (f + gx)^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5262}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left( f^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} + g^2 x^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} + 2fgx (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

---

3.67.  $\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

$$d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}\left(-\frac{1}{32}bc^5g^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))x^8-\frac{4}{49}bc^5fg(a+b\arcsin(cx))x^7-\frac{1}{256}b^2c^4g^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}x^7+\frac{17}{144}bc^3g^2\right)$$

input `Int[(f + g*x)^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(d^2*sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((64*b^2*f*g*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(245*c^2) - (245*b^2*f^2*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/1152 - (359*b^2*g^2*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(36864*c^2) - (1079*b^2*g^2*x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/55296 + (209*b^2*c^2*g^2*x^5*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/13824 - (b^2*c^4*g^2*x^7*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/256 + (32*b^2*f*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(735*c^2) - (65*b^2*f^2*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/1728 + (24*b^2*f*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(1225*c^2) - (b^2*f^2*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/108 + (4*b^2*f*g*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(7/2))/(343*c^2) + (115*b^2*f^2*ArcSin[c*x])/(1152*c) + (359*b^2*g^2*ArcSin[c*x])/(36864*c^3) + (4*b*f*g*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(7*c) - (5*b*c*f^2*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/16 + (5*b*g^2*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(128*c) - (4*b*c*f*g*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/7 - (59*b*c*g^2*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/384 + (12*b*c^3*f*g*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/35 + (17*b*c^3*g^2*x^6*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/144 - (4*b*c^5*f*g*x^7*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/49 - (b*c^5*g^2*x^8*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/32 + (5*b*f^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(48*c) + (b*f^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(18*c) + (5*f^2*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/16 - (5*g^2*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(128*c^2) + (5*g^2*x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/64 + (5*f^2*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/24 + (5*g^2*x^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/48 + (f^2*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/6 + (g^2*x^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/8 - (2*...`

### 3.67.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

---

3.67.  $\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.67.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4170, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.72

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	4170
parts	Expression too large to display	4170

input `int((g*x+f)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2*(f^2*(1/6*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)+5/6*d*(1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/4*d*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))))+g^2*(-1/8*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(7/2)/c^2/d+1/8/c^2*(1/6*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)+5/6*d*(1/4*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+3/4*d*(1/2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)))))-2/7*f*g*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(7/2)/c^2/d+b^2*(-5/384*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^3*(8*c^2*f^2+g^2)*d^2+1/21952*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(64*c^8*x^8-144*c^6*x^6-64*I*c^7*x^7*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+104*c^4*x^4+112*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^5*c^5-25*c^2*x^2-56*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^3*c^3+7*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+1)*f*g*(14*I*arcsin(c*x)+49*arcsin(c*x)^2-2)*d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-3/274400*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*c^2*x^2-c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-I)*f*g*(630*I*arcsin(c*x)+1225*arcsin(c*x)^2-106)*sin(6*arcsin(c*x))*d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/6912*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-32*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^6*x^6+32*c^7*x^7+48*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4-64*c^5*x^5-18*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+38*c^3*x^3+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-6*c*x)*(6*I*arcsin(c*x)*c^2*f^2+18*arcsin(c*x)^2*c^2*f^2-6*I*arcsin(c*x)*g^2-18*arcsin(c*x)^2*g^2-c^2*f^2+g^2)*d^2/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/65536*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-128*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^8*c^8+128*c^9*x^9+256*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^6*c^6-320*c^7*x^7-160*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^4*c^4+272*c^5*x^5+32*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-88*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^...`

## 3.67.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (gx + f)^2 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a^2*c^4*d^2*g^2*x^6 + 2*a^2*c^4*d^2*f*g*x^5 - 4*a^2*c^2*d^2*f*g*x^3 + 2*a^2*d^2*f*g*x + a^2*d^2*f^2 + (a^2*c^4*d^2*f^2 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*g^2)*x^4 - (2*a^2*c^2*d^2*f^2 - a^2*d^2*g^2)*x^2 + (b^2*c^4*d^2*g^2*x^6 + 2*b^2*c^4*d^2*f*g*x^5 - 4*b^2*c^2*d^2*f*g*x^3 + 2*b^2*d^2*f*g*x + b^2*d^2*f^2 + (b^2*c^4*d^2*f^2 - 2*b^2*c^2*d^2*g^2)*x^4 - (2*b^2*c^2*d^2*f^2 - b^2*d^2*g^2)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*c^4*d^2*g^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*c^4*d^2*f*g*x^5 - 4*a*b*c^2*d^2*f*g*x^3 + 2*a*b*d^2*f*g*x + a*b*d^2*f^2 + (a*b*c^4*d^2*f^2 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2*g^2)*x^4 - (2*a*b*c^2*d^2*f^2 - a*b*d^2*g^2)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

## 3.67.6 SymPy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

## 3.67.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (gx + f)^2 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/48*(8*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x + 10*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d*x + 15*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2*x + 15*d^(5/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a^2*f^2 + 1/384*(8*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x/c^2 - 48*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*x/(c^2*d) + 10*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d*x/c^2 + 15*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2*x/c^2 + 15*d^(5/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c^3)*a^2*g^2 - 2/7*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*a^2*f*g/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate(((b^2*c^4*d^2*g^2*x^6 + 2*b^2*c^4*d^2*f*g*x^5 - 4*b^2*c^2*d^2*f*g*x^3 + 2*b^2*d^2*f*g*x + b^2*d^2*f^2 + (b^2*c^4*d^2*f^2 - 2*b^2*c^2*d^2*g^2)*x^4 - (2*b^2*c^2*d^2*f^2 - b^2*d^2*g^2)*x^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b*c^4*d^2*g^2*x^6 + 2*a*b*c^4*d^2*f*g*x^5 - 4*a*b*c^2*d^2*f*g*x^3 + 2*a*b*d^2*f*g*x + a*b*d^2*f^2 + (a*b*c^4*d^2*f^2 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2*g^2)*x^4 - (2*a*b*c^2*d^2*f^2 - a*b*d^2*g^2)*x^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1)))*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), x)`

## 3.67.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.67.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx)^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (f + gx)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

### 3.68 $\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

3.68.1	Optimal result	619
3.68.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	620
3.68.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	621
3.68.4	Maple [C] (verified)	623
3.68.5	Fricas [F]	624
3.68.6	Sympy [F(-1)]	624
3.68.7	Maxima [F]	624
3.68.8	Giac [F(-2)]	625
3.68.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	625

#### 3.68.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 878

$$\begin{aligned} \int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = & \frac{32b^2 d^2 g \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{245c^2} \\ & - \frac{245b^2 d^2 f x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{1152} + \frac{16b^2 d^2 g (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{735c^2} - \frac{65b^2 d^2 f x (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{1728} \\ & + \frac{12b^2 d^2 g (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{1225c^2} - \frac{1}{108} b^2 d^2 f x (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \\ & + \frac{2b^2 d^2 g (1 - c^2 x^2)^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}{343c^2} + \frac{115b^2 d^2 f \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \arcsin(cx)}{1152c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\ & + \frac{2bd^2 gx \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{7c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{5bcd^2 f x^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{16 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\ & - \frac{2bcd^2 gx^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{7 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{6bc^3 d^2 gx^5 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{35 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\ & - \frac{2bc^5 d^2 gx^7 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{49 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{5bd^2 f (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{48c} \\ & + \frac{bd^2 f (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{18c} \\ & + \frac{5}{16} d^2 f x \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{5}{24} d^2 f x (1 - c^2 x^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{6} d^2 f x (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 \end{aligned}$$



output

```

32/245*b^2*d^2*g*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2-245/1152*b^2*d^2*f*x*(-c^2*d*x^2
+d)^(1/2)+16/735*b^2*d^2*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2-65/1728*b
^2*d^2*f*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+12/1225*b^2*d^2*g*(-c^2*x^2+1
)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2-1/108*b^2*d^2*f*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+
d)^(1/2)+2/343*b^2*d^2*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+5/48*b*d^
2*f*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c+1/18*b*d^2
*f*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c+5/16*d^2*f*
x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+5/24*d^2*f*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b
arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/6*d^2*f*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2*(a+b*arcsin
(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/7*d^2*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2
*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/c^2+115/1152*b^2*d^2*f*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1
/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2/7*b*d^2*g*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1
/2)/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-5/16*b*c*d^2*f*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+
d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/7*b*c*d^2*g*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^
2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+6/35*b*c^3*d^2*g*x^5*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2
*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/49*b*c^5*d^2*g*x^7*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*
(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+5/48*d^2*f*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c
^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)

```

### 3.68.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 470, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( 3087000 a^3 c f + 88200 a^2 b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( 48g(-1 + c^2 x^2)^3 + 7c^2 f x(33 - 26c^2 x^2) \right) \right)}{c^2}$$

input `Integrate[(f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output  $(d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}) \cdot (3087000 a^3 c f + 88200 a^2 b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \cdot (48 g (-1 + c^2 x^2)^3 + 7 c^2 f x (33 - 26 c^2 x^2 + 8 c^4 x^4)) - 840 a b^2 c x (245 c^2 f x (99 - 39 c^2 x^2 + 8 c^4 x^4) + 288 g (-35 + 35 c^2 x^2 - 21 c^4 x^4 + 5 c^6 x^6)) + b^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \cdot (-8575 c^2 f x (897 - 194 c^2 x^2 + 32 c^4 x^4) - 2304 g (-2161 + 757 c^2 x^2 - 351 c^4 x^4 + 75 c^6 x^6)) + 105 b (88200 a^2 c f + 1680 a b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \cdot (48 g (-1 + c^2 x^2)^3 + 7 c^2 f x (33 - 26 c^2 x^2 + 8 c^4 x^4)) + b^2 c (-2304 g x (-35 + 35 c^2 x^2 - 21 c^4 x^4 + 5 c^6 x^6) - 245 f (-299 + 792 c^2 x^2 - 312 c^4 x^4 + 64 c^6 x^6))) \cdot \text{ArcSin}[c x] + 88200 b^2 (105 a c f + b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \cdot (48 g (-1 + c^2 x^2)^3 + 7 c^2 f x (33 - 26 c^2 x^2 + 8 c^4 x^4))) \cdot \text{ArcSin}[c x]^2 + 3087000 b^3 c f \cdot \text{ArcSin}[c x]^3) / (29635200 b c^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})$

### 3.68.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5276}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int (f + gx) (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5262}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left( f(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} + gx(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} \right) dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( -\frac{2}{49} b c^5 g x^7 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{6}{35} b c^3 g x^5 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6} f x (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \right)$$

input  $\text{Int}[(f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2, x]$

---

3.68.  $\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

output  $(d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} * ((32b^2 g \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}) / (245c^2) - (245b^2 f x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}) / 1152 + (16b^2 g (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2}) / (735c^2) - (65b^2 f x (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2}) / 1728 + (12b^2 g (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2}) / (1225c^2) - (b^2 f x (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2}) / 108 + (2b^2 g (1 - c^2 x^2)^{7/2}) / (343c^2) + (115b^2 f \text{ArcSin}[c x]) / (1152c) + (2b g x (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])) / (7c) - (5b c f x^2 (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])) / 16 - (2b c g x^3 (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])) / 7 + (6b c^3 g x^5 (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])) / 35 - (2b c^5 g x^7 (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])) / 49 + (5b f (1 - c^2 x^2)^2 (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])) / (48c) + (b f (1 - c^2 x^2)^3 (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])) / (18c) + (5f x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])^2) / 16 + (5f x (1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])^2) / 24 + (f x (1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])^2) / 6 - (g (1 - c^2 x^2)^{7/2} (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])^2) / (7c^2) + (5f (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])^3) / (48bc)) / \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}$

### 3.68.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$

rule 5262  $\text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcSin}[c x])^n (f + g x)^m (d + e x^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e x^2)^p (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])^n (f + g x)^m, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \& \& \text{EqQ}[c^2 d + e, 0] \& \& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \& \& \text{IntegerQ}[p + 1/2] \& \& \text{GtQ}[d, 0] \& \& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \& \& (m == 1 \text{ || } p > 0 \text{ || } (n == 1 \& \& p > -1) \text{ || } (m == 2 \& \& p < -2))$

rule 5276  $\text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcSin}[c x])^n (f + g x)^m (d + e x^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[(d + e x^2)^p / (1 - c^2 x^2)^p] \text{ Int}[(f + g x)^m (1 - c^2 x^2)^p (a + b \text{ArcSin}[c x])^n, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n\}, x] \& \& \text{EqQ}[c^2 d + e, 0] \& \& \text{IntegerQ}[m] \& \& \text{IntegerQ}[p - 1/2] \& \& \text{!GtQ}[d, 0]$

### 3.68.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2852, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2852
parts	Expression too large to display	2852

```
input int((g*x+f)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/6*a^2*f*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)+5/24*a^2*f*d*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2)+5/16*
a^2*f*d^2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+5/16*a^2*f*d^3/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*
d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))-1/7*a^2*g*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(7/2)/c^2/d+b^2*
(-5/48*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)
^3*f*d^2+1/43904*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(64*c^8*x^8-144*c^6*x^6-64*I*c^7*x
^7*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+104*c^4*x^4+112*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^5*c^5-25*c^2*
x^2-56*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^3*c^3+7*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+1)*g*(14*I*
arcsin(c*x)+49*arcsin(c*x)^2-2)*d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/6912*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1)
)^(1/2)*(-32*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^6*x^6+32*c^7*x^7+48*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/
2)*x^4*c^4-64*c^5*x^5-18*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*c^2+38*c^3*x^3+I*(-c^2*x
^2+1)^(1/2)-6*c*x)*f*(6*I*arcsin(c*x)+18*arcsin(c*x)^2-1)*d^2/c/(c^2*x^2-1
)-5/128*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g*(arc
sin(c*x)^2-2+2*I*arcsin(c*x))*d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-5/128*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(
1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*g*(arcsin(c*x)^2-2-2*I*arcsin(c*
x))*d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)+15/256*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2)*x^2*c^2+2*c^3*x^3-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*c*x)*f*(-2*I*arcsin(c*x)+2*ar
csin(c*x)^2-1)*d^2/c/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/384*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(4*I*c^3*x^3
*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4*c^4*x^4-3*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-5*c^2*x^2+1)*g*(-
6*I*arcsin(c*x)+9*arcsin(c*x)^2-2)*d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/137200*(-d*(c^2*x
^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*g*(385*I*arcsin(c*x)+...
```

### 3.68.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a^2*c^4*d^2*g*x^5 + a^2*c^4*d^2*f*x^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*g*x^3 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*f*x^2 + a^2*d^2*g*x + a^2*d^2*f + (b^2*c^4*d^2*g*x^5 + b^2*c^4*d^2*f*x^4 - 2*b^2*c^2*d^2*g*x^3 - 2*b^2*c^2*d^2*f*x^2 + b^2*d^2*g*x + b^2*d^2*f)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*c^4*d^2*g*x^5 + a*b*c^4*d^2*f*x^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2*g*x^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2*f*x^2 + a*b*d^2*g*x + a*b*d^2*f)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

### 3.68.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.68.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/48*(8*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*x + 10*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d*x + 15*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2*x + 15*d^(5/2)*arcsin(c*x)/c)*a^2*f - 1/7*(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*a^2*g/(c^2*d) + sqrt(d)*integrate(((b^2*c^4*d^2*g*x^5 + b^2*c^4*d^2*f*x^4 - 2*b^2*c^2*d^2*g*x^3 - 2*b^2*c^2*d^2*f*x^2 + b^2*d^2*g*x + b^2*d^2*f)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b*c^4*d^2*g*x^5 + a*b*c^4*d^2*f*x^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2*g*x^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2*f*x^2 + a*b*d^2*g*x + a*b*d^2*f)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)))*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), x)`

### 3.68.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

### 3.68.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \int (f + gx) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

---

3.68.  $\int (f + gx) (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

$$3.69 \quad \int \frac{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f+gx} dx$$

3.69.1	Optimal result	626
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3.69.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	627
3.69.4	Maple [F]	630
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3.69.8	Giac [F(-2)]	631
3.69.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	631

### 3.69.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 2989

$$\int \frac{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f+gx} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```
-a^2*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(5/2)*arctan((c^2*f*x+g)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^6/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2*I*b^2*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(5/2)*polylog(3,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^6/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+I*b^2*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(5/2)*arcsin(c*x)^2*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^6/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+52/225*b^2*d^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g-2/15*d^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g+b^2*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^2*arcsin(c*x)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^5+a^2*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^2*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^5-1/6*c*d^2*f*(c^2*f^2-2*g^2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/g^4/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/3*c*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^2*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/g^5/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/3*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c/g^6/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/3*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/b/c/g^4/(g*x+f)-2*a*b*c*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^2*x*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^5/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/4*b^2*c*d^2*f*(c^2*f^2-2*g^2)*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^4/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2*b^2*c*d^2*(c^2*f^2-g^2)^2*x*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^5/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2/3*b*c*d^2*(c^2*f^2-2*g^2)*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^3/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/8*b*c^3*d^2*f*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)/g^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/9*b*c^3*d^2*(c^2*f^2-2*g^2)*x^3*(a+b...
```

$$3.69. \quad \int \frac{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f+gx} dx$$

### 3.69.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1275, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx = \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( -\frac{c^2 f (c^2 f^2 - 2g^2) x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2g^4} - \frac{c^4 f x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{4} \right)}{f + gx}$$

input `Integrate[((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(f + g*x),x]`

output

```
(d^2*sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*(-1/2*(c^2*f*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]
)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/g^4 - (c^4*f*x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[
c*x])^2)/(4*g^2) + (c^4*x^4*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(5*g)
- ((c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(3*g^3) -
(c*f*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(6*b*g^4) - ((-(c^2*f^2) +
g^2)^2*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(3*b*c*g^4*(f + g*x)) + (b*c*
f*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*(c*x*(2*a*c*x + b*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + b*(-1 + 2*c^2*x
^2)*ArcSin[c*x]))/(4*g^4) + (2*b*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*(b*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(7
- c^2*x^2) + 9*c*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) - 3*c^3*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])))/
(27*g^3) + (b*c*f*(b*c*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(3 + 2*c^2*x^2) - 3*b*ArcSin[c*
x] + 8*c^4*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])))/(64*g^2) - (2*b*(b*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*
(8 + 4*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4) + 15*c^5*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])))/(375*g) + (
c*f*(6*b*c*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 - 2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x
])^3 - 3*b^2*(c*x*(2*a*c*x + b*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + b*(-1 + 2*c^2*x^2)*Arc
Sin[c*x])))/(48*b*g^2) - (9*c^2*x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^
2 - 2*b*(b*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(2 + c^2*x^2) + 3*c^3*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]
)) + 18*(sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 - 2*b*(a*c*x + b*sqrt[1 -
c^2*x^2] + b*c*x*ArcSin[c*x])))/(135*g) + ((-(c^2*f^2) + g^2)^2*((c^2*f^2
- g^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3 + c^2*g*x*(f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3 + 3
*b*c*(f + g*x)*(g*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 - 2*b*g*(a*c...
```

### 3.69.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 4.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1986, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {5276, 5266, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

3.69.  $\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\
& \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \frac{(1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5266} \\
& \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \int \left( \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 c^4}{g} - \frac{fx^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 c^4}{g^2} - \frac{f(c^2 f^2 - 2g^2) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 c^2}{g^4} + \dots \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} \left( -\frac{2bx^5 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) c^5}{25g} + \frac{bf x^4 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) c^5}{8g^2} + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 c^4}{5g} - \frac{fx^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 c^2}{4g^2} + \dots \right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(f + g*x), x]`

```

output (d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]*((4*a*b*c*x)/(15*g) - (2*a*b*c*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^2*
x)/g^5 + (52*b^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(225*g) + (4*b^2*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*Sqr
t[1 - c^2*x^2])/(9*g^3) + (a^2*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/g^5 -
(2*b^2*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/g^5 - (b^2*c^2*f*x*Sqrt[1 - c^
2*x^2])/(64*g^2) + (b^2*c^2*f*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(4*g^
4) + (b^2*c^4*f*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(32*g^2) + (26*b^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3
/2))/(675*g) + (2*b^2*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(27*g^3) - (2
*b^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(125*g) + (b^2*c*f*ArcSin[c*x])/(64*g^2) - (b^2*
c*f*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*ArcSin[c*x])/(4*g^4) + (4*b^2*c*x*ArcSin[c*x])/(15*g
) - (2*b^2*c*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^2*x*ArcSin[c*x])/g^5 + (2*a*b*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)
^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x])/g^5 + (b^2*(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - c^
2*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/g^5 + (2*b*c*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]
))/(3*g^3) - (b*c^3*f*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(8*g^2) + (b*c^3*f*(c^2*f^2
- 2*g^2)*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*g^4) + (2*b*c^3*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x
]))/(45*g) - (2*b*c^3*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g^2)*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(9*g^3) +
(b*c^5*f*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(8*g^2) - (2*b*c^5*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*
x]))/(25*g) - (2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(15*g) + (c^2*f*
x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(8*g^2) - (c^2*f*(c^2*f^2 - 2*g
^2)*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(2*g^4) - (c^2*x^2*Sqrt[1 -
c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(15*g) - (c^4*f*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*...

```

### 3.69.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5266 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_
) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a
+ b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[p + 1/2,
0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 5276 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_
) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^
p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && Intege
rQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]
```

$$3.69. \int \frac{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{f+gx} dx$$

**3.69.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{gx + f} dx$$

input `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f),x)`

output `int((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f),x)`

**3.69.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{gx + f} dx$$

input `integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a^2*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + b^2*d^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a*b*d^2)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(g*x + f), x)`

**3.69.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx$$

input `integrate((-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(g*x+f),x)`

output `Integral((-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(5/2)*(a + b*asin(c*x))**2/(f + g*x), x)`

**3.69.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(g-c*f>0)', see `assume?` for more details)
```

**3.69.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**3.69.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}}{f + gx} dx$$

```
input int(((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2))/(f + g*x),x)
```

```
output int(((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2))/(f + g*x), x)
```

---

3.69.  $\int \frac{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx$

$$3.70 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} dx$$

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### 3.70.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 692

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} dx = & \frac{6b^2f^2g(1-c^2x^2)}{c^2\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} + \frac{14b^2g^3(1-c^2x^2)}{9c^4\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{3b^2fg^2x(1-c^2x^2)}{4c^2\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} - \frac{2b^2g^3(1-c^2x^2)^2}{27c^4\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} \\
 & - \frac{3b^2fg^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\arcsin(cx)}{4c^3\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{6bf^2gx\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{c\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{4bg^3x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3c^3\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{3bf^2g^2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2c\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{2bg^3x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{9c\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} \\
 & - \frac{3f^2g(1-c^2x^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{c^2\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} \\
 & - \frac{2g^3(1-c^2x^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{3c^4\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} \\
 & - \frac{3fg^2x(1-c^2x^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{2c^2\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} \\
 & - \frac{g^3x^2(1-c^2x^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{3c^2\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{f^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))^3}{3bc\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} \\
 & + \frac{fg^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))^3}{2bc^3\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 6*b^2*f^2*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+14/9*b^2*g^3*(-c^2*x^2+1) \\
& )/c^4/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+3/4*b^2*f*g^2*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d) \\
& ^{(1/2)}-2/27*b^2*g^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^2/c^4/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-3*f^2*g*(-c^2* \\
& x^2+1)*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^2/c^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-2/3*g^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)*( \\
& a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^2/c^4/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-3/2*f*g^2*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b* \\
& \arcsin(c*x))^2/c^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-1/3*g^3*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*\arcs \\
& in(c*x))^2/c^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-3/4*b^2*f*g^2*\arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1) \\
& ^{(1/2)}/c^3/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+6*b*f^2*g*x*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1) \\
& ^{(1/2)}/c/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+4/3*b*g^3*x*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{( \\
& 1/2)}/c^3/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+3/2*b*f*g^2*x^2*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+ \\
& 1)^{(1/2)}/c/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+2/9*b*g^3*x^3*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+ \\
& 1)^{(1/2)}/c/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/3*f^3*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{( \\
& 1/2)}/b/c/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/2*f*g^2*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{( \\
& 1/2)}/b/c^3/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}
\end{aligned}$$

### 3.70.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 582, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} dx \\
& = \frac{-36a^2d(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}(4g^3+c^2g(18f^2+9fgx+2g^2x^2))-216abc^3df^3(-1+c^2x^2)\arcsin(cx)^2-72b^2c^3df^3}{\dots}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2],x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (-36*a^2*d*(1 - c^2*x^2)^{(3/2)}*(4*g^3 + c^2*g*(18*f^2 + 9*f*g*x + 2*g^2*x^2)) - 216*a*b*c^3*d*f^3*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]^2 - 72*b^2*c^3*d*f^3*(- \\
& 1 + c^2*x^2)*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]^3 - 1296*a*b*c^2*d*f^2*g*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*(c*x - \text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]) - 48*a*b*d*g^3*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*(6*c*x + c^3*x^ \\
& 3 - 3*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(2 + c^2*x^2)*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]) + 648*b^2*c^2*d*f^2*g*( \\
& 1 - c^2*x^2)*(2*c*x*\text{ArcSin}[c*x] - \text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(-2 + \text{ArcSin}[c*x]^2)) \\
& - 108*a^2*c*\text{Sqrt}[d]*f*(2*c^2*f^2 + 3*g^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d \\
& *x^2]*\text{ArcTan}[(c*x*\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2])/(\text{Sqrt}[d]*(-1 + c^2*x^2))] + 162*a*b \\
& *c*d*f*g^2*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*(-2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]^2 + \text{Cos}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]] + 2*\text{ArcSi} \\
& n[c*x]*\text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]]) + 27*b^2*c*d*f*g^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)*(4*\text{ArcSin}[c*x] \\
& ^3 - 6*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]*\text{Cos}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]] + (3 - 6*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]^2)*\text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcSin} \\
& [c*x]]) - 2*b^2*d*g^3*(1 - c^2*x^2)*(81*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(-2 + \text{ArcSin}[c*x] \\
& ]^2) - (-2 + 9*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]^2)*\text{Cos}[3*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]] + 6*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]*(-27*c*x \\
& + \text{Sin}[3*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]])))/(216*c^4*d*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2])
\end{aligned}$$

$$3.70. \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} dx$$

**3.70.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {5276, 5272, 3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5272} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int (cf + cgx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 d \arcsin(cx)}{c^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (cf + g \sin(\arcsin(cx)))^3 d \arcsin(cx)}{c^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3798} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int (f^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 c^3 + g^3 x^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 c^3 + 3fg^2 x^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 c^3 + 3f^2 gx (a + b \arcsin(cx)) c^3}{c^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{c^3 f^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3b} + 6bc^3 f^2 gx (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{3}{2} bc^3 f g^2 x^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{2}{9} bc^3 g^3 x^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \right)}{c^4 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2],x]`

---

3.70.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3 (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2}} dx$



```
output (Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(6*b^2*c^2*f^2*g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + (14*b^2*g^3*Sqrt[1
- c^2*x^2])/9 + (3*b^2*c^2*f*g^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/4 - (2*b^2*g^3*(1 -
c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/27 - (3*b^2*c*f*g^2*ArcSin[c*x])/4 + 6*b*c^3*f^2*g*x*(a +
b*ArcSin[c*x]) + (4*b*c*g^3*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/3 + (3*b*c^3*f*g^2*x^2
*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/2 + (2*b*c^3*g^3*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/9 - 3*c^2*
f^2*g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 - (2*g^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(
a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/3 - (3*c^2*f*g^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c
*x])^2)/2 - (c^2*g^3*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/3 + (c^3
*f^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(3*b) + (c*f*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(2*b))
)/(c^4*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])
```

### 3.70.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3798 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[
m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])
```

```
rule 5272 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/Sq
rt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(c^(m + 1)*Sqrt[d]) Subst[Int
t[(a + b*x)^n*(c*f + g*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && GtQ[d, 0] && (G
tQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[n, 0])
```

```
rule 5276 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_
) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^
p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && Intege
rQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]
```

### 3.70.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1636, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1636
parts	Expression too large to display	1636

```
input int((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVER
BOSE)
```

```
output a^2*(f^3/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+g^3*(-
1/3*x^2/c^2/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2/3/d/c^4*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+3*f*g^2
*(-1/2*x/c^2/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2/c^2/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(
1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)))-3*f^2*g/c^2/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+b^2*(-1/
6*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^
3*f*(2*c^2*f^2+3*g^2)+1/432*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*c^2*x^2-2*I*c*x*(-c^
2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1)*g^3*(6*I*arcsin(c*x)+9*arcsin(c*x)^2-2)/c^4/d/(c^2*x^2-1
)-3/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g*(8*I*a
rcsin(c*x)*c^2*f^2+4*arcsin(c*x)^2*c^2*f^2+2*I*arcsin(c*x)*g^2+arcsin(c*x)
^2*g^2-8*c^2*f^2-2*g^2)/c^4/d/(c^2*x^2-1)-3/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-
c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*g*(4*arcsin(c*x)^2*c^2*f^2-8*I*arcsin(c*x)
*c^2*f^2+arcsin(c*x)^2*g^2-2*I*arcsin(c*x)*g^2-8*c^2*f^2-2*g^2)/c^4/d/(c^2
*x^2-1)+1/432*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*I*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2*c^2*x^2
-1)*g^3*(-6*I*arcsin(c*x)+9*arcsin(c*x)^2-2)/c^4/d/(c^2*x^2-1)+3/8*(-d*(c^
2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^2*f*arcsin(c*x)+3/1
6*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^2/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^2*f*(2*arcsin(c*x)^2-1)*x-1/2
16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^4/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^3*(9*arcsin(c*x)^2-2)*cos(4*
arcsin(c*x))+1/36*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^4/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)*g^3
*sin(4*arcsin(c*x))+3/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^2*f*arc
sin(c*x)*cos(3*arcsin(c*x))+3/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-...
```

### 3.70.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^3(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(a^2*g^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*f^2*g*x + a^2*f^3 + (b^2*g^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*f^2*g*x + b^2*f^3)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*g^3*x^3 + 3*a*b*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*a*b*f^2*g*x + a*b*f^3)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(c^2*d*x^2 - d), x)`

### 3.70.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**3*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`

### 3.70.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^3(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*a^2*g^3*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x^2/(c^2*d) + 2*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(c^4*d)) - 3/2*a^2*f*g^2*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x/(c^2*d) - arcsin(c*x)/(c^3*sqrt(d))) + a*b*f^3*arcsin(c*x)^2/(c*sqrt(d)) + 6*a*b*f^2*g*x/(c*sqrt(d)) + a^2*f^3*arcsin(c*x)/(c*sqrt(d)) - 6*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*a*b*f^2*g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d) - 3*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*a^2*f^2*g/(c^2*d) - sqrt(d)*integrate(((b^2*g^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*f^2*g*x + b^2*f^3)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b*g^3*x^3 + 3*a*b*f*g^2*x^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)))*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c^2*d*x^2 - d), x)`

### 3.70.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^3(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)^3*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2/sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

### 3.70.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

**3.71** 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$$

3.71.1	Optimal result	640
3.71.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	641
3.71.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	642
3.71.4	Maple [C] (verified)	644
3.71.5	Fricas [F]	645
3.71.6	Sympy [F(-2)]	645
3.71.7	Maxima [F]	645
3.71.8	Giac [F]	646
3.71.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	646

**3.71.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 410

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx = & \frac{4b^2fg(1-c^2x^2)}{c^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{b^2g^2x(1-c^2x^2)}{4c^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & - \frac{b^2g^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \arcsin(cx)}{4c^3\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & + \frac{4bfgx\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{c\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & + \frac{bg^2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2c\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & - \frac{2fg(1-c^2x^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{c^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & - \frac{g^2x(1-c^2x^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2c^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & + \frac{f^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3bc\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & + \frac{g^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{6bc^3\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output  $4*b^2*f*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/4*b^2*g^2*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-2*f*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^2/c^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-1/2*g^2*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^2/c^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}-1/4*b^2*g^2*\arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^3/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+4*b*f*g*x*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/2*b*g^2*x^2*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/3*f^2*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/b/c/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/6*g^2*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/b/c^3/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}$

### 3.71.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4b^2\sqrt{d}(2c^2f^2+g^2)(-1+c^2x^2)\arcsin(cx)^3 - 12a^2(2c^2f^2+g^2)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}\arctan\left(\frac{cx\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{d}(-1+c^2x^2)}\right)}{}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2],x]`

output  $(-4*b^2*\sqrt{d}*(2*c^2*f^2 + g^2)*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]^3 - 12*a^2*(2*c^2*f^2 + g^2)*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2}*\sqrt{d - c^2*d*x^2}*\text{ArcTan}[(c*x*\sqrt{d - c^2*d*x^2})/(\sqrt{d}*(-1 + c^2*x^2))] + 6*b*\sqrt{d}*g*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]*(16*c*f*(-(b*c*x) + a*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2}) + b*g*\text{Cos}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]] + 2*a*g*\text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]]) + 3*\sqrt{d}*g*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*(4*c*(-8*a*b*c*f*x - 8*b^2*f*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2} + a^2*(4*f + g*x)*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2}) + 2*a*b*g*\text{Cos}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]] - b^2*g*\text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]]) + 6*b*\sqrt{d}*(-1 + c^2*x^2)*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]^2*(-2*a*(2*c^2*f^2 + g^2) + 8*b*c*f*g*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2} + b*g^2*\text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]]))/((24*c^3*\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2}*\sqrt{d - c^2*d*x^2}))$

**3.71.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {5276, 5272, 3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5272} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int (cf + cgx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 d \arcsin(cx)}{c^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (cf + g \sin(\arcsin(cx)))^2 d \arcsin(cx)}{c^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3798} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int (c^2 f^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + c^2 g^2 x^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + 2c^2 f g x (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2) d \arcsin(cx)}{c^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{c^2 f^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3b} - 2c f g \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + 4bc^2 f g x (a + b \arcsin(cx)) - \frac{1}{2} c g^2 x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \right)}{c^3 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2], x]`

---

3.71.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2}} dx$

```
output (Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(4*b^2*c*f*g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + (b^2*c*g^2*x*Sqrt[1 -
c^2*x^2])/4 - (b^2*g^2*ArcSin[c*x])/4 + 4*b*c^2*f*g*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
+ (b*c^2*g^2*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/2 - 2*c*f*g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b
*ArcSin[c*x])^2 - (c*g^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/2 + (c
^2*f^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(3*b) + (g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(6*b))/
(c^3*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])
```

### 3.71.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3798 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)
, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[
m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])
```

```
rule 5272 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/Sq
rt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(c^(m + 1)*Sqrt[d]) Subst[Int
[(a + b*x)^n*(c*f + g*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && GtQ[d, 0] && (G
tQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[n, 0])
```

```
rule 5276 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_
) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^
p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && Intege
rQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]
```



## 3.71.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 928, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

method	result
default	$a^2 \left( \frac{f^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + g^2 \left( -\frac{x\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{2c^2 d} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{2c^2 \sqrt{c^2 d}} \right) - \frac{2fg\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{c^2 d} \right) + b^2 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)}}{c^2 d} \right)$
parts	$a^2 \left( \frac{f^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + g^2 \left( -\frac{x\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{2c^2 d} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d} x}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{2c^2 \sqrt{c^2 d}} \right) - \frac{2fg\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{c^2 d} \right) + b^2 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)}}{c^2 d} \right)$

```
input int((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a^2*(f^2/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+g^2*(-1/2*x/c^2/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2/c^2/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)))-2*f*g/c^2/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+b^2*(-1/6*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^3*(2*c^2*f^2+g^2)-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*f*g*(arcsin(c*x)^2-2*I*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/d/(c^2*x^2-1)-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*f*g*(arcsin(c*x)^2-2*I*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/d/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)*g^2+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^2/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^2*(2*arcsin(c*x)^2-1)*x+1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)*g^2*cos(3*arcsin(c*x))+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^2*(2*arcsin(c*x)^2-1)*sin(3*arcsin(c*x)))+2*a*b*(-1/4*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*(2*c^2*f^2+g^2)-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*f*g*(arcsin(c*x)+I)/c^2/d/(c^2*x^2-1)-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*f*g*(arcsin(c*x)-I)/c^2/d/(c^2*x^2-1)+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^2+1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^2/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^2*arcsin(c*x)*x+1/16*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^2*cos(3*arcsin(c*x))+1/8*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^2*arcsin(c*x)*sin(3*arcsin(c*x))
```

**3.71.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^2(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(a^2*g^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*f*g*x + a^2*f^2 + (b^2*g^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*f*g*x + b^2*f^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*g^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*f*g*x + a*b*f^2)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(c^2*d*x^2 - d), x)`

**3.71.6 Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`

**3.71.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^2(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*a^2*g^2*(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*x/(c^2*d) - arcsin(c*x)/(c^3*sqrt(d))) + a*b*f^2*arcsin(c*x)^2/(c*sqrt(d)) + 4*a*b*f*g*x/(c*sqrt(d)) + a^2*f^2*arcsin(c*x)/(c*sqrt(d)) - 4*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*a*b*f*g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d) - 2*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*a^2*f*g/(c^2*d) - sqrt(d)*integrate((2*a*b*g^2*x^2*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)) + (b^2*g^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*f*g*x + b^2*f^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c^2*d*x^2 - d), x)`

### 3.71.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^2(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)^2*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2/sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)`

### 3.71.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

### 3.72 $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$

3.72.1	Optimal result	647
3.72.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	647
3.72.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	648
3.72.4	Maple [C] (verified)	649
3.72.5	Fricas [F]	650
3.72.6	Sympy [F(-2)]	650
3.72.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	651
3.72.8	Giac [F]	651
3.72.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	652

#### 3.72.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} dx = \frac{2b^2g(1 - c^2x^2)}{c^2\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2bgx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} - \frac{g(1 - c^2x^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{c^2\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} + \frac{f\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3bc\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

output `2*b^2*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-g*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/c^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2*b*g*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/3*f*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)`

#### 3.72.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{g\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{c} + \frac{f(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3b} + \frac{2bg(ax+b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}+bcx \arcsin(cx))}{c} \right)}{c\sqrt{d - c^2dx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(-((g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/c) + (f*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(3*b) + (2*b*g*(a*c*x + b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + b*c*x*ArcSin[c*x]))/c))/(c*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

### 3.72.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5262} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \left( \frac{f(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} + \frac{gx(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}} \right) dx}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( -\frac{g\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{c^2} + \frac{f(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3bc} + \frac{2abgx}{c} + \frac{2b^2 gx \arcsin(cx)}{c} + \frac{2b^2 g\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{c^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((2*a*b*g*x)/c + (2*b^2*g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 + (2*b^2*g*x*ArcSin[c*x])/c - (g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/c^2 + (f*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(3*b*c)))/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]`

## 3.72.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

## 3.72.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 460, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

method	result
default	$\frac{a^2 f \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d x}}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} - \frac{a^2 g \sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{c^2 d} + b^2 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arcsin(cx)^3 f}{3cd(c^2 x^2 - 1)} - \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)} (c^2 x^2 - icx)}{3cd(c^2 x^2 - 1)} \right)$
parts	$\frac{a^2 f \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d x}}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} - \frac{a^2 g \sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}{c^2 d} + b^2 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arcsin(cx)^3 f}{3cd(c^2 x^2 - 1)} - \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)} (c^2 x^2 - icx)}{3cd(c^2 x^2 - 1)} \right)$

input `int((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
output a^2*f/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))-a^2*g/c^2
/d*(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+b^2*(-1/3*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2
)/c/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^3*f-1/2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-
c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g*(arcsin(c*x)^2-2+2*I*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/d/(c^2*x^2
-1)-1/2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*g*(arc
sin(c*x)^2-2-2*I*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/d/(c^2*x^2-1)+2*a*b*(-1/2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-
1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/d/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*f-1/2*(-d*(c^2*
x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g*(arcsin(c*x)+I)/c^2/d
/(c^2*x^2-1)-1/2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-
1)*g*(arcsin(c*x)-I)/c^2/d/(c^2*x^2-1))
```

### 3.72.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="f
ricas")
```

```
output integral(-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(a^2*g*x + a^2*f + (b^2*g*x + b^2*f)*arcsin
(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*g*x + a*b*f)*arcsin(c*x))/(c^2*d*x^2 - d), x)
```

### 3.72.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo
```

**3.72.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \frac{b^2 f \arcsin(cx)^3}{3c\sqrt{d}} + 2b^2 g \left( \frac{x \arcsin(cx)}{c\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c^2 \sqrt{d}} \right) + \frac{abf \arcsin(cx)^2}{c\sqrt{d}} + \frac{2abgx}{c\sqrt{d}} + \frac{a^2 f \arcsin(cx)}{c\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} b^2 g \arcsin(cx)^2}{c^2 d} - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} abg \arcsin(cx)}{c^2 d} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} a^2 g}{c^2 d}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/3*b^2*f*arcsin(c*x)^3/(c*sqrt(d)) + 2*b^2*g*(x*arcsin(c*x)/(c*sqrt(d)) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*sqrt(d))) + a*b*f*arcsin(c*x)^2/(c*sqrt(d)) + 2*a*b*g*x/(c*sqrt(d)) + a^2*f*arcsin(c*x)/(c*sqrt(d)) - sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*b^2*g*arcsin(c*x)^2/(c^2*d) - 2*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*a*b*g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d) - sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*a^2*g/(c^2*d)
```

**3.72.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((g*x + f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2/sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d), x)
```



**3.72.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx) (a + b \sin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

### 3.73 $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f+gx)\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} dx$

3.73.1	Optimal result	653
3.73.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	654
3.73.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	655
3.73.4	Maple [F]	659
3.73.5	Fricas [F]	659
3.73.6	Sympy [F]	659
3.73.7	Maxima [F]	660
3.73.8	Giac [F(-2)]	660
3.73.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	660

#### 3.73.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 589

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{i\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}\sqrt{d - c^2x^2}} + \frac{i\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}\sqrt{d - c^2x^2}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}\sqrt{d - c^2x^2}} + \frac{2b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}\sqrt{d - c^2x^2}} - \frac{2ib^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}\sqrt{d - c^2x^2}} + \frac{2ib^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}\sqrt{d - c^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-I*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+I*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2*b*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2*b*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2*I*b^2*polylog(3,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2*I*b^2*polylog(3,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

### 3.73.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \frac{i\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{-cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) - (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) \right)}{d - c^2 dx^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/((f + g*x)*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]),x]`

output

```
((-I)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 + (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(-(c*f) + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])] - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])] - (2*I)*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])] + (2*I)*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])] + 2*b^2*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])] - 2*b^2*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])]))/(Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])
```

**3.73.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.303$ , Rules used = {5276, 5272, 3042, 3804, 2694, 27, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}(f + gx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5272} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{cf + cgx} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{cf + g \sin(\arcsin(cx))} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3804} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2ce^{i \arcsin(cx)} f - ie^{2i \arcsin(cx)} g + ig} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2694} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{ig \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2(cf - ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2})} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} - \frac{ig \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2(cf - ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2})} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{ig \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{cf - ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} d \arcsin(cx)}{2\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} - \frac{ig \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{cf - ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} d \arcsin(cx)}{2\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.73.  $\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$

$$2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{ig \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2+cf}}\right)}{g} - \frac{2bf(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx)}{g} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right) - \frac{ig \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2+cf}}\right)}{g} - \frac{2bf(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx)}{g} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}$$

$\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}$

↓ 3011

$$2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{ig \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2+cf}}\right)}{g} - \frac{2b \left( i(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) - ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx) \right)}{g} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right)$$

↓ 2720

$$2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{ig \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2+cf}}\right)}{g} - \frac{2b \left( i(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) - b \int e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx) \right)}{g} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right)$$

↓ 7143

$$2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{ig \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2+cf}}\right)}{g} - \frac{2b \left( i(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) - b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) \right)}{g} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right)$$

$\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}$

```
input Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/((f + g*x)*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]),x]
```

3.73.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f+gx)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$

```
output (2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(((1/2*I)*g*(((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*
ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])))/g - (2*b*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*
x])*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) - b*Po
lyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]])))/g))/Sqrt[c
^2*f^2 - g^2] + ((I/2)*g*(((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*
x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])))/g - (2*b*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyL
og[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) - b*PolyLog[3,
(I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]])))/g))/Sqrt[c^2*f^2 -
g^2]))/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]
```

### 3.73.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 2620 Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/
((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp
[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Si
mp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x
)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2694 Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_)
*(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int
[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)
^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[
v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2720 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Funct
ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ
[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))
*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3804 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(I*(e + f*x))/(I*b + 2*a*E^(I*(e + f*x))) - I*b*E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5272 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(c^(m + 1)*Sqrt[d]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(c*f + g*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && GtQ[d, 0] && (GtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[n, 0])`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

**3.73.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(gx + f) \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

**3.73.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}(gx + f)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b^2*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(c*x) + a^2)/(c^2*d*g*x^3 + c^2*d*f*x^2 - d*g*x - d*f), x)`

**3.73.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1)}(f + gx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(g*x+f)/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2/(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(f + g*x)), x)`



**3.73.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}(gx + f)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(g*x + f)), x)`

**3.73.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.73.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2/((f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2/((f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.74 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} dx$$

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## 3.74.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 1113

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx &= \frac{ic\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
&+ \frac{g(1 - c^2 x^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)(f + gx)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
&- \frac{2bc\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
&- \frac{ic^2 f \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
&- \frac{2bc\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
&+ \frac{ic^2 f \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
&+ \frac{2ib^2 c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
&- \frac{2bc^2 f \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
&+ \frac{2ib^2 c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2) \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
&+ \frac{2bc^2 f \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
&- \frac{2ib^2 c^2 f \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
&+ \frac{2ib^2 c^2 f \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}
\end{aligned}$$



```

output (c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 + (g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a +
b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(c*f + c*g*x) - 2*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + (I*E^(I*
ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(-(c*f) + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])] - 2*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*
Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])] + (2*I)*b^2*P
olyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])] + (2*I)*b^2
*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])] - (I*c*f*
((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 + (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(-(c*f) + Sqrt[c^2*
f^2 - g^2]]) - (2*I)*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])
*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])] + 2*b^2*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g
)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2] + (c*f*(2*b*(a + b*Ar
cSin[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])
+ I*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^
2*f^2 - g^2]]) + 2*b^2*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*
f^2 - g^2])])))/Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])/((c^2*f^2 - g^2)*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]
)

```

### 3.74.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 721, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.485$ , Rules used = {5276, 5272, 3042, 3805, 3042, 3804, 2694, 27, 2620, 3011, 2720, 5030, 2620, 2715, 2838, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2} (f + gx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5272} \\
 & \frac{c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(cf + cgx)^2} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(cf + g \sin(\arcsin(cx)))^2} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.74.  $\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3805} \\
 & \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{2bg \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{cf+cgx} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2f^2-g^2} + \frac{cf \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{cf+cgx} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2f^2-g^2} + \frac{g\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(c^2f^2-g^2)(cf+cgx)} \right)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{2bg \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{cf+cgx} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2f^2-g^2} + \frac{cf \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{cf+g \sin(\arcsin(cx))} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2f^2-g^2} + \frac{g\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(c^2f^2-g^2)(cf+cgx)} \right)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3804} \\
 & \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{2bg \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{cf+cgx} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2f^2-g^2} + \frac{2cf \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2ce^{i \arcsin(cx)} f - ie^{2i \arcsin(cx)} g + ig} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2f^2-g^2} + \frac{g\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(c^2f^2-g^2)(cf+cgx)} \right)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{2694} \\
 & \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{2bg \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{cf+cgx} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2f^2-g^2} + \frac{2cf \left( \frac{ig \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2(cf - ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g + \sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2})} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} - \frac{ig \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2(cf - ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g - \sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2})} d \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right)}{c^2f^2-g^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{2bg \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{cf+cgx} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2f^2-g^2} + \frac{2cf \left( \frac{ig \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{cf - ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g + \sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} d \arcsin(cx)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} - \frac{ig \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{cf - ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g - \sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} d \arcsin(cx)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right)}{c^2f^2-g^2} \right)}{\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{2620}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.74.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} dx$

$$c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{2bg \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{cf+cgx} d \arcsin(cx)}{c^2f^2-g^2} + \frac{2cf}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \left( \frac{ig \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1-\frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}+cf}\right)}{g} - \frac{2b \int (a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1-\frac{ie^i}{cf+g}\right)}{g} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3011

$$c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2cf}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \left( \frac{ig \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1-\frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}+cf}\right)}{g} - \frac{2b \left( i(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) - ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{g} \right)}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 2720

---

3.74.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} dx$

$$c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2cf}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \left( ig \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1-\frac{ig e^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}+cf}\right)}{g} - \frac{2b \left( i(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) - b f e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)\right)}{g} \right) \right)$$

↓ 5030

$$c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2cf}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \left( ig \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1-\frac{ig e^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}+cf}\right)}{g} - \frac{2b \left( i(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) - b f e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)\right)}{g} \right) \right)$$

↓ 2620

3.74.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} dx$



$$c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2cf}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \left( ig \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}+cf}\right)}{g} - 2b \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) - b f e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{g} \right) \right)$$

↓ 2715

$$c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{g\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(c^2f^2-g^2)(cf+cgx)} - \frac{2bg \left( -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bg} + \frac{\log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{g} + \frac{\log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{g} \right)}{(c^2f^2-g^2)(cf+cgx)} \right)$$

↓ 2838

$$c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2cf}{2\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} \left( ig \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}+cf}\right)}{g} - \frac{2b \left( i(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) - b f e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)\right)}{g} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 7143

$$c\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2bg \left( \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{g} + \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}+cf}\right)}{g} - \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2bg} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right)}{g} \right)}{c^2f^2-g^2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/((f + g*x)^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2]),x]`

3.74.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} dx$

```

output (c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/((c^2*f^
2 - g^2)*(c*f + c*g*x)) - (2*b*g*(((1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(b*g) +
((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2
- g^2]])))/g + ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f +
Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]))/g - (I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f -
Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]))/g - (I*b*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f +
Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]))/g))/(c^2*f^2 - g^2) + (2*c*f*(((1/2*I)*g*(((a + b*
ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])
])/g - (2*b*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f
- Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) - b*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqr
t[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]))/g))/Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2] + ((I/2)*g*(((a + b*ArcSin[c*
x])^2*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]))/g - (2
*b*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c
^2*f^2 - g^2]]) - b*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2
- g^2]]))/g))/Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))/(c^2*f^2 - g^2))/Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2
]

```

### 3.74.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]

```

```

rule 2620 Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/
((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp
[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Si
mp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x
))))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]

```

```

rule 2694 Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_)
*(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int
[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)
^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[
v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]

```

```

rule 2715 Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol]
:= Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))]^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]

```

$$3.74. \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f+gx)^2 \sqrt{d-c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x)) *(F_) [v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f + g*x)^m)*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3804 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(I*(e + f*x)))/(I*b + 2*a*E^(I*(e + f*x)) - I*b*E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3805 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))], x] + (Simp[a/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*d*(m/(f*(a^2 - b^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5030 `Int[(Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)))/((a_) + (b_.)*Sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + (Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(a - Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] - I*b*E^(I*(c + d*x))), x] + Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(a + Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] - I*b*E^(I*(c + d*x))), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && PosQ[a^2 - b^2]`

rule 5272 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(c^(m + 1)*Sqrt[d]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(c*f + g*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && GtQ[d, 0] && (GtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[n, 0])`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

### 3.74.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(gx + f)^2 \sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f)^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f)^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x)`

### 3.74.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (gx + f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f)^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b^2*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(c*x) + a^2)/(c^2*d*g^2*x^4 + 2*c^2*d*f*g*x^3 - 2*d*f*g*x - d*f^2 + (c^2*d*f^2 - d*g^2)*x^2), x)`

## 3.74.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1)} (f + gx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(g*x+f)**2/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2/(sqrt(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(f + g*x)**2), x)`

## 3.74.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 dx^2 + d} (gx + f)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f)^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(g*x + f)^2), x)`

## 3.74.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f)^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.74.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))^2}{(f + gx)^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2/((f + g*x)^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2/((f + g*x)^2*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

$$3.75 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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### 3.75.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 738

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = & -\frac{2abg^3x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{c^3d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & -\frac{2b^2g^3(1-c^2x^2)}{c^4d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} -\frac{2b^2g^3x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \arcsin(cx)}{c^3d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & +\frac{g(3c^2f^2+g^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{c^4d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} +\frac{f\left(f^2+\frac{3g^2}{c^2}\right)x(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & -\frac{if(c^2f^2+3g^2)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{c^3d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & +\frac{g^3(1-c^2x^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{c^4d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} -\frac{fg^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{bc^3d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & +\frac{4ibg(3c^2f^2+g^2)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \arctan(e^{i \arcsin(cx)})}{c^4d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & +\frac{2bf(c^2f^2+3g^2)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log(1+e^{2i \arcsin(cx)})}{c^3d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & -\frac{2ib^2g(3c^2f^2+g^2)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2,-ie^{i \arcsin(cx)})}{c^4d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & +\frac{2ib^2g(3c^2f^2+g^2)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2,ie^{i \arcsin(cx)})}{c^4d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ & -\frac{ib^2f(c^2f^2+3g^2)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2,-e^{2i \arcsin(cx)})}{c^3d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.75.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$



output

```

-2*b^2*g^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)/c^4/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+g*(3*c^2*f^2+g^2)*(a+b*
arcsin(c*x))^2/c^4/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+f*(f^2+3*g^2/c^2)*x*(a+b*arcsin(
c*x))^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+g^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/c^4/d/
(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2*a*b*g^3*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(
1/2)-2*b^2*g^3*x*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)
-I*f*(c^2*f^2+3*g^2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(-c^2*d*
x^2+d)^(1/2)-f*g^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c^3/d/(-c^2*d*
x^2+d)^(1/2)+4*I*b*g*(3*c^2*f^2+g^2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*arctan(I*c*x+(-c^2*
x^2+1)^(1/2))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2*b*f*(c^2*f^2
+3*g^2)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(1+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)/c^3/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2*I*b^2*g*(3*c^2*f^2+g^2)*polylog(2,-I*(I
*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2*
I*b^2*g*(3*c^2*f^2+g^2)*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)/c^4/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-I*b^2*f*(c^2*f^2+3*g^2)*polylog(2,-(I*
c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)

```

### 3.75.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( 2g^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - \frac{2c f g^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{b} - 4b \right)}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

```

(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(2*g^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 - (2*c*f
*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/b - 4*b*g^3*(a*c*x + b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + b*c
*x*ArcSin[c*x]) + (c*f - g)^3*(-((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcSin[
c*x])/4]) + I*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x] - (4*I)*b*Log[1 + I/
E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])) + 4*b^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])) - (c*f +
g)^3*(I*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x] + (4*I)*b*Log[1 + I*E^(I*A
rcSin[c*x])]) + 4*b^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])) - (a + b*ArcSin[
c*x])^2*Tan[(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x])/4])))/(2*c^4*d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])

```

### 3.75.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 447, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {5276, 5274, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5276

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}$$

↓ 5274

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \left( -\frac{x(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2g^3}{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} - \frac{3f(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2g^2}{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(c^2f^3+3g^2f+g(3c^2f^2+g^2)x)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{c^2(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}} \right) dx}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{4ibg(3c^2f^2+g^2) \arctan\left(\frac{e^{i\arcsin(cx)}}{c}\right)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{c^4} - \frac{fg^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^3}{bc^3} + \frac{fx\left(\frac{3g^2}{c^2}+f^2\right)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{g(3c^2f^2+g^2)}{c^2} \right)$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((-2*a*b*g^3*x)/c^3 - (2*b^2*g^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^4 - (2*b^2*g^3*x*ArcSin[c*x])/c^3 - (I*f*(c^2*f^2 + 3*g^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/c^3 + (g*(3*c^2*f^2 + g^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(c^4*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + (f*(f^2 + (3*g^2)/c^2)*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + (g^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/c^4 - (f*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(b*c^3) + ((4*I)*b*g*(3*c^2*f^2 + g^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*ArcTan[E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^4 + (2*b*f*(c^2*f^2 + 3*g^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^3 - ((2*I)*b^2*g*(3*c^2*f^2 + g^2)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^4 + ((2*I)*b^2*g*(3*c^2*f^2 + g^2)*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^4 - (I*b^2*f*(c^2*f^2 + 3*g^2)*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^3)/(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

---

3.75.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

## 3.75.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5274 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], (f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

## 3.75.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1527 vs.  $2(731) = 1462$ .

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1528, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1528
parts	Expression too large to display	1528

input `int((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.75. \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

output

```

a^2*(f^3/d*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+g^3*(-x^2/c^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2/d
/c^4/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+3*f*g^2*(x/c^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/c^2/d/(
c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)))+3*f^2*g/c^2/d/(
-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+b^2*((-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/c^
3/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^3*f*g^2+1/2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2-I*(-
c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c-1)*g^3*(arcsin(c*x)^2-2+2*I*arcsin(c*x))/d^2/c^4/(c^2
*x^2-1)+1/2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x*c+c^2*x^2-1)*g^
3*(arcsin(c*x)^2-2-2*I*arcsin(c*x))/d^2/c^4/(c^2*x^2-1)-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(
1/2)/d^2/c^4/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^3*f^3+c^4*f
^3*x+3*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c*f*g^2+3*c^2*f*g^2*x+3*f^2*g*c^2+g^3)+(-d*(c^
2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(2*I*arcsin(c*x)^2*c^3*f^3+I*polylog(2,
-(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)*c^3*f^3-2*ln(1+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2
)*arcsin(c*x)*c^3*f^3+6*I*arcsin(c*x)^2*c*f*g^2-6*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1+I*(I*c*
x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*c^2*f^2*g+6*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)))*c^2*f^2*g+6*I*dilog(1+I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*c^2*f^2*g-6*I*
dilog(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*c^2*f^2*g+3*I*polylog(2,-(I*c*x+(-c^
2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)*c*f*g^2-6*ln(1+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)*arcsin(c*x
)*c*f*g^2-2*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1+I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*g^3+2*arcsin(c*
x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*g^3+2*I*dilog(1+I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1
)^(1/2)))*g^3-2*I*dilog(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*g^3)/d^2/c^4/(c...

```

### 3.75.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx+f)^3(b\arcsin(cx)+a)^2}{(-c^2dx^2+d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a^2*g^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*f^2*g*x + a^2*f^3 + (b^2*g^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*f^2*g*x + b^2*f^3)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*g^3*x^3 + 3*a*b*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*a*b*f^2*g*x + a*b*f^3)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2), x)`

## 3.75.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2(f+gx)^3}{(-d(cx-1)(cx+1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**3*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(f + g*x)**3/(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2), x)`

## 3.75.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx+f)^3(b\arcsin(cx)+a)^2}{(-c^2dx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-a^2*g^3*(x^2/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^2*d) - 2/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^4*d)) + 3*a^2*f*g^2*(x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^2*d) - arcsin(c*x)/(c^3*d^(3/2))) + 2*a*b*f^3*x*arcsin(c*x)/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d) + a^2*f^3*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d) - a*b*f^3*log(x^2 - 1/c^2)/(c*d^(3/2)) + 3*a^2*f^2*g/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^2*d) - sqrt(d)*integrate(((b^2*g^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*f^2*g*x + b^2*f^3)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b*g^3*x^3 + 3*a*b*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*a*b*f^2*g*x)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)))/((c^2*d^2*x^2 - d^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)`

**3.75.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.75.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

$$3.76 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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### 3.76.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 513

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{2fg(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{c^2d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{(c^2f^2+g^2)x(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{c^2d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &- \frac{i(c^2f^2+g^2)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{c^3d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{g^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3bc^3d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{8ibfg\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \arctan(e^{i \arcsin(cx)})}{c^2d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{2b(c^2f^2+g^2)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log(1+e^{2i \arcsin(cx)})}{c^3d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &- \frac{4ib^2fg\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arcsin(cx)})}{c^2d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{4ib^2fg\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i \arcsin(cx)})}{c^2d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &- \frac{ib^2(c^2f^2+g^2)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arcsin(cx)})}{c^3d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

---


$$3.76. \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

output  $2*f*g*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^2/c^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+(c^2*f^2+g^2)*x*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^2/c^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-I*(c^2*f^2+g^2)*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/3*g^2*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c^3/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+8*I*b*f*g*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*\arctan(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2*b*(c^2*f^2+g^2)*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*\ln(1+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))-4*I*b^2*f*g*\text{polylog}(2,-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+4*I*b^2*f*g*\text{polylog}(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-I*b^2*(c^2*f^2+g^2)*\text{polylog}(2,-(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))$

### 3.76.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{2g^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^3}{b} + 3(-cf+g)^2(-a+b\arcsin(cx))^2 \cot \right)}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*((-2*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/b + 3*(-(c*f) + g)^2*(-((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*\text{Cot}[(\text{Pi} + 2*ArcSin[c*x])/4]) + I*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x] - (4*I)*b*\text{Log}[1 + I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])) + 4*b^2*\text{PolyLog}[2, (-I)/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])]) - 3*(c*f + g)^2*(I*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x] + (4*I)*b*\text{Log}[1 + I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])]) + 4*b^2*\text{PolyLog}[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])]) - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*\text{Tan}[(\text{Pi} + 2*ArcSin[c*x])/4])))/(6*c^3*d*\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2])$

### 3.76.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {5276, 5274, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.76.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5274} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \left( \frac{(f^2c^2+2fgxc^2+g^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{c^2(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{g^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) dx}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{8ibfg \arctan(e^{i\arcsin(cx)})(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{g^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^3}{3bc^3} + \frac{x(c^2f^2+g^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{2fg(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((( -1)*(c^2*f^2 + g^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/c^3 + (2*f*g*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(c^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + ((c^2*f^2 + g^2)*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(c^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) - (g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(3*b*c^3) + ((8*I)*b*f*g*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*ArcTan[E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^2 + (2*b*(c^2*f^2 + g^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^3 - ((4*I)*b^2*f*g*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^2 + ((4*I)*b^2*f*g*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^2 - (I*b^2*(c^2*f^2 + g^2)*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^3)/(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

### 3.76.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5274 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_.*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^m_.*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], (f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

```
rule 5276 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]
```

### 3.76.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 975, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

method	result
default	$a^2 \left( \frac{f^2 x}{d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} + g^2 \left( \frac{x}{c^2 d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d x}}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{c^2 d\sqrt{c^2 d}} \right) + \frac{2fg}{c^2 d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} \right) + b^2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)}\sqrt{-c^2}}{3d^2 c^3 (c^2 x^2 - 1)^{3/2}} \right)$
parts	$a^2 \left( \frac{f^2 x}{d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} + g^2 \left( \frac{x}{c^2 d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2 d x}}{\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}}\right)}{c^2 d\sqrt{c^2 d}} \right) + \frac{2fg}{c^2 d\sqrt{-c^2 d x^2 + d}} \right) + b^2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2 x^2 - 1)}\sqrt{-c^2}}{3d^2 c^3 (c^2 x^2 - 1)^{3/2}} \right)$

```
input int((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

a^2*(f^2/d*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+g^2*(x/c^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/c^2/d/
d/(c^2*d)^(1/2)*arctan((c^2*d)^(1/2)*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)))+2*f*g/c^2/d/
(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+b^2*(1/3*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d
^2/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^2*arcsin(c*x)^3-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c*x+I*(-c^2*x
^2+1)^(1/2))*arcsin(c*x)^2*(c^2*f^2+g^2-2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c*f*g+2*x*c
^2*f*g)/d^2/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-2*
I*arcsin(c*x)^2*c^2*f^2+2*ln(1+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)*arcsin(c*x)*c
^2*f^2-I*polylog(2,-(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)*c^2*f^2+4*ln(1+I*(I*c*x+
(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*arcsin(c*x)*c*f*g-4*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))
)*arcsin(c*x)*c*f*g-4*I*dilog(1+I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*c*f*g+4*I*di
log(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*c*f*g-2*I*arcsin(c*x)^2*g^2+2*ln(1+(I*
c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)*arcsin(c*x)*g^2-I*polylog(2,-(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1
)^(1/2))^2)*g^2)/d^2/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1))+2*a*b*(1/2*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-
c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*g^2*arcsin(c*x)^2+2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2)*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^2/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*(c^2*f^2+g^2)*arcsin(c*x)-(-
d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*arcsin(c*x)*(c^2*f^2+g^2-
2*I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c*f*g+2*x*c^2*f*g)/d^2/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)-(-d*(c^2*x^2
-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*(c^2*f^2-2*c*f*g+g^2)*ln
(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+I)-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2
/c^3/(c^2*x^2-1)*(c^2*f^2+2*c*f*g+g^2)*ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-I)

```

### 3.76.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^2(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a^2*g^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*f*g*x + a^2*f^2 + (b^2*g^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*f*g*x + b^2*f^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*g^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*f*g*x + a*b*f^2)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2), x)`

**3.76.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (f + gx)^2}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(f + g*x)**2/(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2), x)`

**3.76.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^2 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^2*g^2*(x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^2*d) - arcsin(c*x)/(c^3*d^(3/2))) + 2*a*b*f^2*x*arcsin(c*x)/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d) + a^2*f^2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d) - a*b*f^2*log(x^2 - 1/c^2)/(c*d^(3/2)) - sqrt(d)*integrate(((b^2*g^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*f*g*x + b^2*f^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b*g^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*f*g*x)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)))/((c^2*d^2*x^2 - d^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x) + 2*a^2*f*g/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^2*d)`

**3.76.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:index.cc index\_m i\_lex\_is\_greater Error: Bad Argument Value

### 3.76.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**3.77** 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

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 3.77.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 690  
 3.77.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 690  
 3.77.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 692  
 3.77.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 692  
 3.77.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 693  
 3.77.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 693  
 3.77.8 Giac [F(-2)] . . . . . 694  
 3.77.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 694

**3.77.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 410

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{g(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{c^2d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{fx(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{if\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{cd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{4ibg\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \arctan(e^{i \arcsin(cx)})}{c^2d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{2bf\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log(1+e^{2i \arcsin(cx)})}{cd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &- \frac{2ib^2g\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arcsin(cx)})}{c^2d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{2ib^2g\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i \arcsin(cx)})}{c^2d\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{ib^2f\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arcsin(cx)})}{cd\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
g*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/c^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+f*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/d
/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-I*f*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/d/(-c^2
*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+4*I*b*g*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*arctan(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))
*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2*b*f*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(
1+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2
)-2*I*b^2*g*polylog(2,-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^
2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2*I*b^2*g*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))
*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-I*b^2*f*polylog(2,-(I*c*x+(
-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

3.77. 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

### 3.77.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} ((cf - g) (-(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \cot(\frac{1}{4}(\pi + 2 \arcsin(cx))) + i$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((c*f - g)*(-(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Cot[(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x])/4]) + I*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x] - (4*I)*b*Log[1 + I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]])) + 4*b^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]])) - (c*f + g)*(I*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x] + (4*I)*b*Log[1 + I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]])) + 4*b^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]])) - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Tan[(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x])/4])))/(2*c^2*d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

### 3.77.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5276} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(1-c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5262} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \left( \frac{f(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(1-c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{gx(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(1-c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} \right) dx}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.77.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{4ibg \arctan(e^{i \arcsin(cx)}) (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{c^2} + \frac{fx(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{g(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} - \frac{if(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{c} + \frac{2bf \log(1+e^{i \arcsin(cx)})}{d\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}} \right)}{d\sqrt{d-c^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(((I)*f*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/c + (g*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(c^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + (f*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + ((4*I)*b*g*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*ArcTan[E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^2 + (2*b*f*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*x])])/c - ((2*I)*b^2*g*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^2 + ((2*I)*b^2*g*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^2 - (I*b^2*f*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*x])])/c)/(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

### 3.77.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_.*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^m_.*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^p_.], x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_.*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^m_.*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^p_.], x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`



### 3.77.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 612, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

method	result
default	$a^2 \left( \frac{fx}{d\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}} + \frac{g}{c^2d\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}} \right) + b^2 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)} \arcsin(cx)^2 (i\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}cf+c^2fx+g)}{d^2c^2(c^2x^2-1)} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{-d}}{\dots} \right)$
parts	$a^2 \left( \frac{fx}{d\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}} + \frac{g}{c^2d\sqrt{-c^2dx^2+d}} \right) + b^2 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-d(c^2x^2-1)} \arcsin(cx)^2 (i\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}cf+c^2fx+g)}{d^2c^2(c^2x^2-1)} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{-d}}{\dots} \right)$

input `int((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2*(f/d*x/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+g/c^2/d/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2))+b^2*(-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)^2*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c*f+c^2*f*x+g)+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(2*I*arcsin(c*x)^2*c*f+I*polylog(2,-(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)*c*f-2*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)*c*f+2*I*dilog(1+I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*g-2*I*dilog(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*g-2*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1+I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*g+2*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*g)/d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1))+2*a*b*(2*I*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/c/(c^2*x^2-1)*f*arcsin(c*x)-(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)*arcsin(c*x)*(I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c*f+c^2*f*x+g)-(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)*(c*f-g)*ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+I)/d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)-(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(-d*(c^2*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d^2/c^2/(c^2*x^2-1)*(c*f+g)*ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-I))`

### 3.77.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx+f)(b \arcsin(cx)+a)^2}{(-c^2dx^2+d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(a^2*g*x + a^2*f + (b^2*g*x + b^2*f)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*g*x + a*b*f)*arcsin(c*x))/(c^4*d^2*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + d^2), x)`

### 3.77.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (f + gx)}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(f + g*x)/(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2), x)`

### 3.77.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*a*b*f*x*arcsin(c*x)/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d) + a^2*f*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d) - sqrt(d)*integrate((2*a*b*g*x*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1)) + (b^2*g*x + b^2*f)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2/((c^2*d^2*x^2 - d^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x) - a*b*f*log(x^2 - 1/c^2)/(c*d^(3/2)) + a^2*g/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^2*d)`

**3.77.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.77.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

$$3.78 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f+gx)(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.78.1	Optimal result	696
3.78.2	Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	697
3.78.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	698
3.78.4	Maple [F]	700
3.78.5	Fricas [F]	700
3.78.6	Sympy [F]	700
3.78.7	Maxima [F]	701
3.78.8	Giac [F(-2)]	701
3.78.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	701

## 3.78.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 1137

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \\
& - \frac{i\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2d(cf - g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} + \frac{i\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2d(cf + g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \cot\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)}{2d(cf - g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{2b\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log(1 - ie^{-i \arcsin(cx)})}{d(cf + g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{2b\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log(1 - ie^{i \arcsin(cx)})}{d(cf - g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{ig^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& - \frac{ig^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{2ib^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{-i \arcsin(cx)}\right)}{d(cf + g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& - \frac{2ib^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}\right)}{d(cf - g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{2bg^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& - \frac{2bg^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{2ib^2 g^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& - \frac{2ib^2 g^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{d(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(cx)\right)}{2d(cf + g)\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.78.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f+gx)(d-c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

output

```

-1/2*I*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d/(c*f-g)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/2*I*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d/(c*f+g)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*cot(1/4*Pi+1/2*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d/(c*f-g)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2*b*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d/(c*f+g)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2*b*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d/(c*f-g)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+I*g^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(3/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-I*g^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(3/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2*I*b^2*polylog(2,I/(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d/(c*f+g)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2*I*b^2*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d/(c*f-g)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2*b*g^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(3/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2*b*g^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(3/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+2*I*b^2*g^2*polylog(3,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d/(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(3/2)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2*I*b^2*g^2*polylog(3,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*g/(c*...

```

### 3.78.2 Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 3.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 597, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{-((a + b \arcsin(cx))(-ia + a \cot(\frac{1}{4}(\pi + 2 \arcsin(cx)))) + b \arcsin(cx))(-i + \cot(\frac{1}{4}(\pi + 2 \arcsin(cx))))}{cf - g} \right)}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/((f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*((-(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*(-I)*a + a*\text{Cot}[(\text{Pi} + 2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/4] + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]*(-I + \text{Cot}[(\text{Pi} + 2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/4]) - 4*b*\text{Log}[1 + I/E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])])) + (4*I)*b^2*\text{PolyLog}[2, (-I)/E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])]/(c*f - g) + ((2*I)*g^2*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2*\text{Log}[1 + (I*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*g)/(-(c*f) + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2])] - (a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2*\text{Log}[1 - (I*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*g)/(c*f + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2])] - (2*I)*b*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])* \text{PolyLog}[2, (I*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*g)/(c*f - \text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2])] + (2*I)*b*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])* \text{PolyLog}[2, (I*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*g)/(c*f + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2])] + 2*b^2*\text{PolyLog}[3, (I*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*g)/(c*f - \text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2])] - 2*b^2*\text{PolyLog}[3, (I*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*g)/(c*f + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2])]))/(c*f - g)*(c*f + g)*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2]) + ((-4*I)*b^2*\text{PolyLog}[2, (-I)*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])] + (a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*(-I)*a + 4*b*\text{Log}[1 + I*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])]) + a*\text{Tan}[(\text{Pi} + 2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/4] + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]*(-I + \text{Tan}[(\text{Pi} + 2*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/4]))/(c*f + g)))/(2*d*\text{Sqrt}[d - c^2*d*x^2])$

### 3.78.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 722, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {5276, 5274, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2} (f + gx)} dx$$

↓ 5276

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)(1 - c^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

↓ 5274

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \left( -\frac{c(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2(cf + g)(cx - 1)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{c(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2(cf - g)(cx + 1)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{g^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(g - cf)(cf + g)(f + gx)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \right) dx}{d\sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{2bg^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2bg^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{ig^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{(c^2 f^2 - g^2)^{3/2}}$$

---

3.78.  $\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/((f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(((1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(c*f - g) + ((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(c*f + g) - ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Cot[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]))/(2*(c*f - g)) + (2*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/(c*f + g) + (2*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/(c*f - g) + (I*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))*g]/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))/(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2) - (I*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))*g]/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))/(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2) + ((2*I)*b^2*PolyLog[2, I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/(c*f + g) - ((2*I)*b^2*PolyLog[2, I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/(c*f - g) + (2*b*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))*g]/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))/(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2) - (2*b*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))*g]/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))/(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2) + ((2*I)*b^2*g^2*PolyLog[3, (I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))*g]/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))/(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2) - ((2*I)*b^2*g^2*PolyLog[3, (I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))*g]/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]))/(c^2*f^2 - g^2)^(3/2) + ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2])/(2*(c*f + g)))/(d*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

### 3.78.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5274 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], (f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

$$3.78. \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f+gx)(d-c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$



**3.78.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(gx + f)(-c^2dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x)`

**3.78.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(-c^2dx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(gx + f)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*(b^2*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(c*x) + a^2)/(c^4*d^2*g*x^5 + c^4*d^2*f*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*g*x^3 - 2*c^2*d^2*f*x^2 + d^2*g*x + d^2*f), x)`

**3.78.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)(d - c^2dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}(f + gx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(g*x+f)/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2/((-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(3/2)*(f + g*x)), x)`

**3.78.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}(gx + f)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*(g*x + f)), x)`

**3.78.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(g*x+f)/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E  
rror: Bad Argument Value`

**3.78.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))^2}{(f + gx)(d - c^2 dx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2/((f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))^2/((f + g*x)*(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.79** 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

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**3.79.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 1589

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```
1/3*I*b^2*(c*f+g)^3*polylog(2,I/(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)/c^4/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/12*I*(c*f+g)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c
^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/4*I*(c*f-2*g)*(c*f+g)^2*(a
b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/12*I*(c
*f-g)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2
)-1/6*b^2*(c*f-g)^3*cot(1/4*Pi+1/2*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/d^2
/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/12*(c*f-g)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*cot(1/4*Pi+1/2*ar
csin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/4*(c*f-g)^2*(
c*f+2*g)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*cot(1/4*Pi+1/2*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2
)/c^4/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/12*b*(c*f-g)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*csc(1/4*
Pi+1/2*arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/24
*(c*f-g)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*cot(1/4*Pi+1/2*arcsin(c*x))*csc(1/4*Pi+1/2*
arcsin(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+b*(c*f-2*g)
*(c*f+g)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(1-I/(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)/c^4/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+1/3*b*(c*f+g)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln
(1-I/(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)
^(1/2)+1/3*b*(c*f-g)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))
)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+b*(c*f-g)^2*(c*f+2*g)*(a
+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^4/
d^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(1/2)+I*b^2*(c*f-2*g)*(c*f+g)^2*polylog(2,I/(I*c*x+(...
```

### 3.79.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 6.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 715, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \left( \frac{(cf - g)^2 (cf + 2g) \left( ib \left( \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{b} - 4 \left( i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 + e^{\frac{1}{2} i(\pi - 2 \arcsin(cx))} \right) \right) \right)}{\right)}{d - c^2 dx^2} \right)}{d - c^2 dx^2}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(((c*f - g)^2*(c*f + 2*g)*(I*b*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/b - 4*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((I/2)*(Pi - 2*ArcSin[c*x]))]) - b*PolyLog[2, -E^((I/2)*(Pi - 2*ArcSin[c*x]))])) - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Tan[Pi/4 - ArcSin[c*x]/2]))/(4*c^4) - ((c*f - g)^3*(2*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Sec[Pi/4 - ArcSin[c*x]/2]^2 + 4*b^2*Tan[Pi/4 - ArcSin[c*x]/2] + (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Sec[Pi/4 - ArcSin[c*x]/2]^2*Tan[Pi/4 - ArcSin[c*x]/2] - 2*(I*b*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/b - 4*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((I/2)*(Pi - 2*ArcSin[c*x]))]) - b*PolyLog[2, -E^((I/2)*(Pi - 2*ArcSin[c*x]))])) - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Tan[Pi/4 - ArcSin[c*x]/2]))/(24*c^4) - ((c*f - 2*g)*(c*f + g)^2*(I*b*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/b + 4*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((I/2)*(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x]))]) + b*PolyLog[2, -E^((I/2)*(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x]))])) - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]))/(4*c^4) - ((c*f + g)^3*(2*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Sec[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]^2 - 4*b^2*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2] - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Sec[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]^2*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2] + 2*(I*b*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/b + 4*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((I/2)*(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x]))]) + b*PolyLog[2, -E^((I/2)*(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x]))])) - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]))/(24*c^4))/(d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

### 3.79.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 918, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {5276, 5274, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

---

3.79.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 5276 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(1-c^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 \downarrow 5274 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \int \left( \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2(cf-g)^3}{4c^3(cx+1)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(cf+2g)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2(cf-g)^2}{4c^3(cx+1)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} - \frac{(cf-2g)(cf+g)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{4c^3(cx-1)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{(cf+g)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{4c^3(cx-1)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right)}{d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( -\frac{i(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2(cf-g)^3}{12c^4} - \frac{b(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \csc^2\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(cx)+\frac{\pi}{4}\right)(cf-g)^3}{12c^4} - \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2 \cot\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(cx)+\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \csc^2}{24c^4} \right)}{d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((( -1/12*I)*(c*f - g)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/c^4 + ((I/4)*(c*f - 2*g)*(c*f + g)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/c^4 + ((I/12)*(c*f + g)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/c^4 - ((I/4)*(c*f - g)^2*(c*f + 2*g)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/c^4 - (b^2*(c*f - g)^3*Cot[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2])/(6*c^4) - (c*f - g)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Cot[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2])/(12*c^4) - ((c*f - g)^2*(c*f + 2*g)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Cot[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2])/(4*c^4) - (b*(c*f - g)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Csc[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]^2)/(12*c^4) - ((c*f - g)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Cot[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]*Csc[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]^2)/(24*c^4) + (b*(c*f - 2*g)*(c*f + g)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^4 + (b*(c*f + g)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/(3*c^4) + (b*(c*f - g)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/(3*c^4) + (b*(c*f - g)^2*(c*f + 2*g)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 - I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^4 + (I*b^2*(c*f - 2*g)*(c*f + g)^2*PolyLog[2, I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^4 + ((I/3)*b^2*(c*f + g)^3*PolyLog[2, I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^4 - ((I/3)*b^2*(c*f - g)^3*PolyLog[2, I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^4 - (I*b^2*(c*f - g)^2*(c*f + 2*g)*PolyLog[2, I/E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^4 - (b*(c*f + g)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Sec[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]^2)/(12*c^4) + (b^2*(c*f + g)^3*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2])/(6*c^4) + ((c*f - 2*g)*(c*f + g)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2])/(4*c^4) + ((c*f + g)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]...`

## 3.79.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5274 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/Sqrt[d + e*x^2], (f + g*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

## 3.79.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 13139 vs.  $2(1473) = 2946$ .

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13140, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.27

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	13140
parts	Expression too large to display	13140

input `int((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

---

3.79. 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

**3.79.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^3(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(a^2*g^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*f^2*g*x + a^2*f^3 + (b^2*g^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*f^2*g*x + b^2*f^3)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*g^3*x^3 + 3*a*b*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*a*b*f^2*g*x + a*b*f^3)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3), x)`

**3.79.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (f + gx)^3}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**3*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(f + g*x)**3/(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(5/2), x)`

**3.79.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^3(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

```
output 1/3*a*b*c*f^3*(1/(c^4*d^(5/2)*x^2 - c^2*d^(5/2)) + 2*log(c*x + 1)/(c^2*d^(5/2)) + 2*log(c*x - 1)/(c^2*d^(5/2))) + 2/3*a*b*f^3*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d))*arcsin(c*x) + 1/3*a^2*f^3*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d)) + 1/3*a^2*g^3*(3*x^2/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d) - 2/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^4*d)) - a^2*f*g^2*(x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^2*d^2) - x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d)) + sqrt(d)*integrate(((b^2*g^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*f^2*g*x + b^2*f^3)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b*g^3*x^3 + 3*a*b*f*g^2*x^2 + 3*a*b*f^2*g*x)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)))/((c^4*d^3*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^3*x^2 + d^3)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x) + a^2*f^2*g/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d)
```

### 3.79.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value
```

### 3.79.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^3 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input int(((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x)
```

```
output int(((f + g*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)
```



$$3.80 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

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### 3.80.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 1025

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2b^2fg}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{b^2f^2x}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{b^2g^2x}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{b^2g^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\arcsin(cx)}{3c^3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{bf^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3cd^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& - \frac{2bfgx(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3cd^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{bg^2x^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3cd^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{2f^2x(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{2fg(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{3c^2d^2(1-c^2x^2)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{f^2x(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{3d^2(1-c^2x^2)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{g^2x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{3d^2(1-c^2x^2)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& - \frac{2if^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{3cd^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{ig^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{3c^3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{4ibfg\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))\arctan(e^{i\arcsin(cx)})}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{4bf^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))\log(1+e^{2i\arcsin(cx)})}{3cd^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& - \frac{2bg^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))\log(1+e^{2i\arcsin(cx)})}{3c^3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& - \frac{2ib^2fg\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{PolyLog}(2,-ie^{i\arcsin(cx)})}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{2ib^2fg\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{PolyLog}(2,ie^{i\arcsin(cx)})}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& - \frac{2ib^2f^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{PolyLog}(2,-e^{2i\arcsin(cx)})}{3cd^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\
& + \frac{ib^2g^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\text{PolyLog}(2,-e^{2i\arcsin(cx)})}{3c^3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output  $\frac{2}{3}b^2fg/c^2/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/3b^2f^2x/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/3b^2g^2x/c^2/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+2/3f^2x*(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+2/3f*g*(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2/c^2/d^2/(-c^2x^2+1)/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/3f^2x*(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2/d^2/(-c^2x^2+1)/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/3g^2x^3*(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2/d^2/(-c^2x^2+1)/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}-1/3b*f^2*(a+b\arcsin(cx))/c/d^2/(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}-2/3b*f*g*x*(a+b\arcsin(cx))/c/d^2/(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}-1/3b*g^2x^2*(a+b\arcsin(cx))/c/d^2/(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}-1/3b^2g^2\arcsin(cx)*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^3/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+2/3I*b^2f*g*\text{polylog}(2,I*(I*cx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}))*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^2/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+4/3I*b*f*g*(a+b\arcsin(cx))*\arctan(I*cx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^2/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/3I*b^2g^2*\text{polylog}(2,-(I*cx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)})^2)*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^3/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+4/3b*f^2*(a+b\arcsin(cx))*\ln(1+(I*cx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)})^2)*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}-2/3b*g^2*(a+b\arcsin(cx))*\ln(1+(I*cx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)})^2)*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^3/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}-2/3I*b^2f*g*\text{polylog}(2,-I*(I*cx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}))*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^2/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}-2/3I*f^2*(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/3I*g^2*(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^3/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}...$

### 3.80.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 6.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 711, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \left( (c^2f^2 - g^2) \left( ib \left( \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{b} - 4 \left( i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log \left( 1 + e^{\frac{1}{2}i(\pi - 2 \arcsin(cx))} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(((c^2*f^2 - g^2)*(I*b*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/b - 4*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((I/2)*(Pi - 2*ArcSin[c*x]))] - b*PolyLog[2, -E^((I/2)*(Pi - 2*ArcSin[c*x]))])) - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Tan[Pi/4 - ArcSin[c*x]/2]))/(4*c^3) - ((c*f - g)^2*(2*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Sec[Pi/4 - ArcSin[c*x]/2]^2 + 4*b^2*Tan[Pi/4 - ArcSin[c*x]/2] + (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Sec[Pi/4 - ArcSin[c*x]/2]^2*Tan[Pi/4 - ArcSin[c*x]/2] - 2*(I*b*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/b - 4*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((I/2)*(Pi - 2*ArcSin[c*x]))] - b*PolyLog[2, -E^((I/2)*(Pi - 2*ArcSin[c*x]))])) - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Tan[Pi/4 - ArcSin[c*x]/2]))/(24*c^3) - ((c^2*f^2 - g^2)*(I*b*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/b + 4*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((I/2)*(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x]))] + b*PolyLog[2, -E^((I/2)*(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x]))])) - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]))/(4*c^3) - ((c*f + g)^2*(2*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Sec[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]^2 - 4*b^2*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2] - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Sec[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]^2*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2] + 2*(I*b*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/b + 4*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((I/2)*(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x]))] + b*PolyLog[2, -E^((I/2)*(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x]))])) - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]))/(24*c^3)))/(d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])
```

### 3.80.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 614, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5276$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 5262$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \left( \frac{f^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{g^2 x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{2fgx(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right) dx}{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

---

3.80.  $\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{4ibfg \arctan(e^{i \arcsin(cx)}) (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^2} + \frac{ig^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3c^3} - \frac{2bg^2 \log(1+e^{2i \arcsin(cx)}) (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^3} + \frac{2f^2x(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right)}{d - c^2dx^2}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((2*b^2*f*g)/(3*c^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + (b^2*f^2*x)/(3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + (b^2*g^2*x)/(3*c^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) - (b^2*g^2*ArcSin[c*x])/(3*c^3) - (b*f^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c*(1 - c^2*x^2)) - (2*b*f*g*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c*(1 - c^2*x^2)) - (b*g^2*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c*(1 - c^2*x^2)) - (((2*I)/3)*f^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/c + ((I/3)*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/c^3 + (2*f*g*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(3*c^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (f^2*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (g^2*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*f^2*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + (((4*I)/3)*b*f*g*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*ArcTan[E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^2 + (4*b*f^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*x])])/(3*c) - (2*b*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*x])])/(3*c^3) - (((2*I)/3)*b^2*f*g*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^2 + (((2*I)/3)*b^2*f*g*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^2 - (((2*I)/3)*b^2*f^2*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*x])])/c + ((I/3)*b^2*g^2*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^3)/(d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

### 3.80.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

---

3.80.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

### 3.80.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 9719 vs.  $2(974) = 1948$ .

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9720, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.48

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	9720
parts	Expression too large to display	9720

input `int((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

### 3.80.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^2(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(a^2*g^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*f*g*x + a^2*f^2 + (b^2*g^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*f*g*x + b^2*f^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*g^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*f*g*x + a*b*f^2)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)/(c^6*d^3*x^6 - 3*c^4*d^3*x^4 + 3*c^2*d^3*x^2 - d^3), x)`

### 3.80.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (f + gx)^2}{(-d(cx - 1)(cx + 1))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

---

3.80.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(f + g*x)**2/(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(5/2), x)`

### 3.80.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^2(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a*b*c*f^2*(1/(c^4*d^(5/2)*x^2 - c^2*d^(5/2)) + 2*log(c*x + 1)/(c^2*d^(5/2)) + 2*log(c*x - 1)/(c^2*d^(5/2))) + 2/3*a*b*f^2*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d))*arcsin(c*x) + 1/3*a^2*f^2*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d)) - 1/3*a^2*g^2*(x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*c^2*d^2) - x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d)) + sqrt(d)*integrate(((b^2*g^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*f*g*x + b^2*f^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b*g^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*f*g*x)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)))/((c^4*d^3*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^3*x^2 + d^3)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x) + 2/3*a^2*f*g/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d)`

### 3.80.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.80.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`



**3.81** 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.81.1	Optimal result	716
3.81.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	717
3.81.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	718
3.81.4	Maple [B] (verified)	720
3.81.5	Fricas [F]	720
3.81.6	Sympy [F]	720
3.81.7	Maxima [F]	721
3.81.8	Giac [F(-2)]	721
3.81.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	722

**3.81.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 641

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{b^2g}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{b^2fx}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &- \frac{bf(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3cd^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{bgx(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3cd^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{2fx(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} + \frac{g(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3c^2d^2(1-c^2x^2)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{fx(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3d^2(1-c^2x^2)\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} - \frac{2if\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3cd^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{2ibg\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \arctan(e^{i \arcsin(cx)})}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{4bf\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log(1+e^{2i \arcsin(cx)})}{3cd^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &- \frac{ib^2g\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arcsin(cx)})}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{ib^2g\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i \arcsin(cx)})}{3c^2d^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \\ &- \frac{2ib^2f\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arcsin(cx)})}{3cd^2\sqrt{d-c^2dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output  $\frac{1}{3}b^2g/c^2/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/3b^2fx/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+2/3f*x*(a+b*arcsin(cx))^2/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/3g*(a+b*arcsin(cx))^2/c^2/d^2/(-c^2x^2+1)/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/3f*x*(a+b*arcsin(cx))^2/d^2/(-c^2x^2+1)/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}-1/3b*g*x*(a+b*arcsin(cx))/c/d^2/(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}-1/3b*g*x*(a+b*arcsin(cx))/c/d^2/(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}-2/3I*f*(a+b*arcsin(cx))^2*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+2/3I*b*g*(a+b*arcsin(cx))*arctan(I*cx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)})*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^2/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+4/3b*f*(a+b*arcsin(cx))*ln(1+(I*cx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)})^2*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}-1/3I*b^2*g*polylog(2,-I*(I*cx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}))*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^2/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}+1/3I*b^2*g*polylog(2,I*(I*cx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}))*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^2/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}-2/3I*b^2*f*polylog(2,-(I*cx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)})^2*(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c/d^2/(-c^2dx^2+d)^{(1/2)}$

### 3.81.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 6.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 683, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{f \left( ib \left( \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{b} - 4(i(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \log(1+e^{\frac{1}{2}i(\pi-2\arcsin(cx))} \right) - b \operatorname{Polylog}(2, I*(I*cx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)})) \right)}{4c} \right)}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} \right)}{1}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((f*(I*b*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/b - 4*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[
c*x])*Log[1 + E^((I/2)*(Pi - 2*ArcSin[c*x]))]) - b*PolyLog[2, -E^((I/2)*(Pi
- 2*ArcSin[c*x]))])) - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Tan[Pi/4 - ArcSin[c*x]/2]))/
(4*c) - ((c*f - g)*(2*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Sec[Pi/4 - ArcSin[c*x]/2]^2 +
4*b^2*Tan[Pi/4 - ArcSin[c*x]/2] + (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Sec[Pi/4 - ArcSin[
c*x]/2]^2*Tan[Pi/4 - ArcSin[c*x]/2] - 2*(I*b*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/b - 4*
(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((I/2)*(Pi - 2*ArcSin[c*x]))]) - b*PolyLog
[2, -E^((I/2)*(Pi - 2*ArcSin[c*x]))])) - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Tan[Pi/4 -
ArcSin[c*x]/2]))/(24*c^2) - (f*(I*b*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/b + 4*(I*(a +
b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((I/2)*(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x]))]) + b*PolyLog[2, -E^
((I/2)*(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x]))])) - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c
*x]/2]))/(4*c) - ((c*f + g)*(2*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Sec[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x
]/2]^2 - 4*b^2*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2] - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Sec[Pi/4
+ ArcSin[c*x]/2]^2*Tan[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2] + 2*(I*b*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
^2/b + 4*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((I/2)*(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x]))]) +
b*PolyLog[2, -E^((I/2)*(Pi + 2*ArcSin[c*x]))])) - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Ta
n[Pi/4 + ArcSin[c*x]/2]))/(24*c^2)))/(d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])
```

### 3.81.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 398, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5276, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5276}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} dx}{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5262}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \int \left( \frac{f(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{gx(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(1 - c^2 x^2)^{5/2}} \right) dx}{d^2 \sqrt{d - c^2 dx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

---

3.81.  $\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2ibg \arctan(e^i \arcsin(cx)) (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3c^2} - \frac{bf(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3c(1-c^2x^2)} + \frac{2fx(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{fx(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{bgx(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3c(1-c^2x^2)} \right)}{1}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((b^2*g)/(3*c^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + (b^2*f*x)/(3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) - (b*f*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c*(1 - c^2*x^2)) - (b*g*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*c*(1 - c^2*x^2)) - (((2*I)/3)*f*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/c + (g*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(3*c^2*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (f*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(3*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*f*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + (((2*I)/3)*b*g*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*ArcTan[E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])]/c^2 + (4*b*f*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*x])])/(3*c) - ((I/3)*b^2*g*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^2 + ((I/3)*b^2*g*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])])/c^2 - (((2*I)/3)*b^2*f*PolyLog[2, -E^(2*I)*ArcSin[c*x]])/c)/(d^2*Sqrt[d - c^2*d*x^2])`

### 3.81.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^p_, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5276 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^p_, x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f + g*x)^m*(1 - c^2*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2] && !GtQ[d, 0]`

### 3.81.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5893 vs.  $2(610) = 1220$ .

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5894, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.20

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	5894
parts	Expression too large to display	5894

input `int((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

### 3.81.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx+f)(b\arcsin(cx)+a)^2}{(-c^2dx^2+d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a^2*g*x+a^2*f+(b^2*g*x+b^2*f)*arcsin(c*x)^2+2*(a*b*g*x+a*b*f)*arcsin(c*x))/(c^6*d^3*x^6-3*c^4*d^3*x^4+3*c^2*d^3*x^2-d^3),x)`

### 3.81.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d-c^2dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2(f+gx)}{(-d(cx-1)(cx+1))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(-c**2*d*x**2+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(f + g*x)/(-d*(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))**(5/2), x)`

### 3.81.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(-c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a*b*c*f*(1/(c^4*d^(5/2)*x^2 - c^2*d^(5/2)) + 2*log(c*x + 1)/(c^2*d^(5/2)) + 2*log(c*x - 1)/(c^2*d^(5/2))) + 2/3*a*b*f*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d))*arcsin(c*x) + 1/3*a^2*f*(2*x/(sqrt(-c^2*d*x^2 + d)*d^2) + x/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*d)) + sqrt(d)*integrate((2*a*b*g*x*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)) + (b^2*g*x + b^2*f)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2)/((c^4*d^3*x^4 - 2*c^2*d^3*x^2 + d^3)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x) + 1/3*a^2*g/((-c^2*d*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d)`

### 3.81.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-c^2*d*x^2+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.81.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d - c^2 dx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d - c^2*d*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

### 3.82 $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^n \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$

3.82.1	Optimal result	723
3.82.2	Mathematica [N/A]	723
3.82.3	Rubi [N/A]	724
3.82.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	724
3.82.5	Fricas [N/A]	725
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3.82.9	Mupad [N/A]	726

#### 3.82.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^n \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^n \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^n*ln(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

#### 3.82.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^n \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^n \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n*Log[h*(f + g*x)^m])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2],x]`

output `Integrate[((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n*Log[h*(f + g*x)^m])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x]`



**3.82.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5300}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^n \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx$$

↓ 5300

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^n \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx$$

input `Int[((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n*Log[h*(f + g*x)^m])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.82.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5300 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)]^(n_.)*(u_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrate[u*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

**3.82.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 7.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^n \ln(h(gx + f)^m)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^n*ln(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^n*ln(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

**3.82.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^n \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^n \log((gx + f)^m h)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^n*log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algo  
ithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^n*log((g*x + f)^m*h)/(c^2  
*x^2 - 1), x)`

**3.82.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^n \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))^n*ln(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.82.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^n \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^n \log((gx + f)^m h)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^n*log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algo  
ithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^n*log((g*x + f)^m*h)/sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

---

3.82.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^n \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$

**3.82.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^n \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^n \log((gx + f)^m h)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^n*log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x,algor  
ithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^n*log((g*x + f)^m*h)/sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

**3.82.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^n \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\ln(h(f + gx)^m) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^n}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx$$

input `int((log(h*(f + g*x)^m)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^n)/(1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((log(h*(f + g*x)^m)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^n)/(1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

$$3.83 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$$

3.83.1	Optimal result	727
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3.83.8	Giac [F]	734
3.83.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	734

### 3.83.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 634

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \\ &= \frac{im(a+b \arcsin(cx))^5}{20b^2c} - \frac{m(a+b \arcsin(cx))^4 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{4bc} \\ & \quad - \frac{m(a+b \arcsin(cx))^4 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{4bc} + \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^4 \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{4bc} \\ & \quad + \frac{im(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c} \\ & \quad + \frac{im(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c} \\ & \quad - \frac{3bm(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c} \\ & \quad - \frac{3bm(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c} \\ & \quad - \frac{6ib^2m(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \text{PolyLog}\left(4, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c} \\ & \quad - \frac{6ib^2m(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \text{PolyLog}\left(4, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c} \\ & \quad + \frac{6b^3m \text{PolyLog}\left(5, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c} + \frac{6b^3m \text{PolyLog}\left(5, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.83.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$

output  $\frac{1}{20}I^m(a+b\arcsin(cx))^5/b^2/c+1/4*(a+b\arcsin(cx))^4*\ln(h*(g*x+f)^m)/b/c-1/4*m*(a+b\arcsin(cx))^4*\ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/b/c-1/4*m*(a+b\arcsin(cx))^4*\ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/b/c+I^m*(a+b\arcsin(cx))^3*\text{polylog}(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/c+I^m*(a+b\arcsin(cx))^3*\text{polylog}(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/c-3*b*m*(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2*\text{polylog}(3,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/c-3*b*m*(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2*\text{polylog}(3,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/c-6*I*b^2*m*(a+b\arcsin(cx))*\text{polylog}(4,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/c-6*I*b^2*m*(a+b\arcsin(cx))*\text{polylog}(4,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/c+6*b^3*m*\text{polylog}(5,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/c+6*b^3*m*\text{polylog}(5,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/c$

### 3.83.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3*Log[h*(f + g*x)^m])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x]`

output `Integrate[((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3*Log[h*(f + g*x)^m])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x]`

### 3.83.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 628, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.257$ , Rules used = {5278, 5240, 5030, 2620, 3011, 7163, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx$$

↓ 5278

---

3.83.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^4 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{4bc} - \frac{gm \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^4}{f+gx} dx}{4bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5240} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^4 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{4bc} - \frac{gm \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^4}{cf+cgx} d \arcsin(cx)}{4bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5030} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^4 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{4bc} - \\
 & \frac{gm \left( \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^4}{cf-ie^i \arcsin(cx)g-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} d \arcsin(cx) + \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^4}{cf-ie^i \arcsin(cx)g+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} d \arcsin(cx) - \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(cx))^5}{5bg} \right)}{4bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^4 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{4bc} - \\
 & gm \left( - \frac{4b \int (a+b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx)}{g} - \frac{4b \int (a+b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx)}{g} + \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^4 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{4bc} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^4 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{4bc} - \\
 & gm \left( - \frac{4b \left( i(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) - 3ib \int (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx) \right)}{g} - \frac{4b \left( i(a+b \arcsin(cx))^4 \log(h(f + gx)^m) \right)}{4bc} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7163} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^4 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{4bc} - \\
 & gm \left( - \frac{4b \left( i(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) - 3ib \left( 2ib \int (a+b \arcsin(cx)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx) - i(a+b \arcsin(cx))^4 \log(h(f + gx)^m) \right) \right)}{g} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7163}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.83.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$

$$gm \left( \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^4 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{4bc} - \frac{4b \left( i(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) - 3ib \left( 2ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 4, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) d \arcsin(cx) - i(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 4, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) \right)}{g} \right)$$

↓ 2720

$$gm \left( \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^4 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{4bc} - \frac{4b \left( i(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) - 3ib \left( 2ib \left( b \int e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 4, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) de^i \arcsin(cx) - i(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 4, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) \right)}{g} \right)$$

↓ 7143

$$gm \left( \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^4 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{4bc} - \frac{4b \left( i(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) - 3ib \left( 2ib \left( b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 5, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) - i(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 4, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) \right)}{g} \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3*Log[h*(f + g*x)^m])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2],x]`

output `((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^4*Log[h*(f + g*x)^m])/(4*b*c) - (g*m*((( -1/5*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^5)/(b*g) + ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^4*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]])/g + ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^4*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]])/g - (4*b*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) - (3*I)*b*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) + (2*I)*b*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[4, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) + b*PolyLog[5, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]])])))/g - (4*b*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) - (3*I)*b*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) + (2*I)*b*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[4, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) + b*PolyLog[5, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]])])))/g))/(4*b*c)`

## 3.83.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_))]*(f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5030 `Int[(Cos[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*Sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + (Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(a - Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] - I*b*E^(I*(c + d*x))), x] + Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(a + Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] - I*b*E^(I*(c + d*x))), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && PosQ[a^2 - b^2]`

rule 5240 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(Cos[x]/(c*d + e*Sin[x])), x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5278 `Int[(Log[(h_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_)]*((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[h*(f + g*x)^m]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n + 1)), x] - Simp[g*(m/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n + 1))) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(f + g*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`



rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

rule 7163 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

### 3.83.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \ln(h(gx + f)^m)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*ln(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*ln(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

### 3.83.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^3 \log((gx + f)^m h)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algor ithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(b^3*arcsin(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arcsin(c*x) + a^3)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*log((g*x + f)^m*h)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

## 3.83.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{-(cx - 1)(cx + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))**3*ln(h*(g*x+f)**m)/(-c**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**3*log(h*(f + g*x)**m)/sqrt(-(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1)), x)`

## 3.83.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^3 \log((gx + f)^m h)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `(b^3*c*integrate(arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^3/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)*log(h) + 3*a*b^2*c*integrate(arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)*log(h) + 3*a^2*b*c*integrate(arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)*log(h) + b^3*c*integrate(arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^3*log((g*x + f)^m)/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x) + 3*a*b^2*c*integrate(arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2*log((g*x + f)^m)/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x) + 3*a^2*b*c*integrate(arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))*log((g*x + f)^m)/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x) + a^3*c*integrate(log((g*x + f)^m)/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x) + a^3*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*log(h))/c`

**3.83.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^3 \log((gx + f)^m h)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^3*log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^3*log((g*x + f)^m*h)/sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

**3.83.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\ln(h(f + gx)^m) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx$$

input `int((log(h*(f + g*x)^m)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^3)/(1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((log(h*(f + g*x)^m)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^3)/(1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

$$3.84 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$$

3.84.1	Optimal result	735
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### 3.84.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 514

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \\ &= \frac{im(a+b \arcsin(cx))^4}{12b^2c} - \frac{m(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{3bc} \\ & \quad - \frac{m(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{3bc} + \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{3bc} \\ & \quad + \frac{im(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c} \\ & \quad + \frac{im(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c} \\ & \quad - \frac{2bm(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c} \\ & \quad - \frac{2bm(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c} \\ & \quad - \frac{2ib^2m \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c} - \frac{2ib^2m \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c} \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/12*I*m*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^4/b^2/c+1/3*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^3*\ln(h*(g*x+f)^m) \\ & /b/c-1/3*m*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^3*\ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c \\ & ^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/b/c-1/3*m*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^3*\ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+ \\ & 1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/b/c+I*m*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^2*polylog \\ & (2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/c+I*m*(a+b*\ar \\ & csin(c*x))^2*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^( \\ & 1/2)))/c-2*b*m*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*polylog(3,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/ \\ & (c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/c-2*b*m*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*polylog(3,I*(I*c*x+(- \\ & c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/c-2*I*b^2*m*polylog(4,I*(I \\ & c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/c-2*I*b^2*m*polylog(4 \\ & ,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/c \end{aligned}$$

### 3.84.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[h*(f + g*x)^m])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2],x]`

output `Integrate[((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[h*(f + g*x)^m])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x]`

### 3.84.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 506, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.229$ , Rules used = {5278, 5240, 5030, 2620, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5278} \\ & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{3bc} - \frac{gm \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{f + gx} dx}{3bc} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5240} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.84.  $\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{3bc} - \frac{gm \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{cf+cgx} d \arcsin(cx)}{3bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5030} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{3bc} - \frac{gm \left( \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{cf-ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} d \arcsin(cx) + \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)}(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{cf-ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}} d \arcsin(cx) - \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(cx))^4}{4bg} \right)}{3bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{3bc} - gm \left( - \frac{3b \int (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx)}{g} - \frac{3b \int (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx)}{g} + \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^4}{4bg} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{3bc} - gm \left( - \frac{3b \left( i(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) - 2ib \int (a+b \arcsin(cx)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx) \right)}{g} - \frac{3b \left( i(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) - 2ib \int (a+b \arcsin(cx)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf+\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx) \right)}{g} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7163} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{3bc} - gm \left( - \frac{3b \left( i(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) - 2ib \left( ib \int \text{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx) - i(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) \right)}{g} \right)}{g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2720} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{3bc} - gm \left( - \frac{3b \left( i(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) - 2ib \left( b \int e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \text{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) de^{i \arcsin(cx)} - i(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)}g}{cf-\sqrt{c^2f^2-g^2}}\right) \right)}{g} \right)}{g} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.84.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$

$$gm \left( \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{3bc}{g} \left( \frac{3b \left( i(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) - 2ib \left( b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 4, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) - i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} \right) \right)}{g} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[h*(f + g*x)^m])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2],x]`

output `((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3*Log[h*(f + g*x)^m]/(3*b*c) - (g*m*((( -1/4*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^4)/(b*g) + ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]])/g + ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]])/g - (3*b*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) - (2*I)*b*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) + b*PolyLog[4, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]])])))/g - (3*b*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) - (2*I)*b*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) + b*PolyLog[4, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]])])))/g)/(3*b*c)`

### 3.84.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_))*((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp [((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*(a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_) [v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5030 `Int[(Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*Sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-1)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + (Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(a - Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] - I*b*E^(I*(c + d*x))), x] + Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(a + Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] - I*b*E^(I*(c + d*x))), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && PosQ[a^2 - b^2]`

rule 5240 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(Cos[x]/(c*d + e*SIN[x])), x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5278 `Int[(Log[(h_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)]*((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.))/Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[h*(f + g*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[g*(m/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n + 1))) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(f + g*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

rule 7163 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`



**3.84.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \ln(h(gx + f)^m)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*ln(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*ln(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

**3.84.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 \log((gx + f)^m h)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*(b^2*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(c*x) + a^2)*log((g*x + f)^m*h)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

**3.84.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{-(cx - 1)(cx + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))**2*ln(h*(g*x+f)**m)/(-c**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2*log(h*(f + g*x)**m)/sqrt(-(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1)), x)`

**3.84.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 \log((gx + f)^m h)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `(b^2*c*integrate(arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)*log(h) + 2*a*b*c*integrate(arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)*log(h) + b^2*c*integrate(arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2*log((g*x + f)^m)/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x) + 2*a*b*c*integrate(arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))*log((g*x + f)^m)/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x) + a^2*c*integrate(log((g*x + f)^m)/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x) + a^2*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*log(h))/c`

**3.84.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 \log((gx + f)^m h)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2*log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2*log((g*x + f)^m*h)/sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

**3.84.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\ln(h(f + gx)^m) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx$$

input `int((log(h*(f + g*x)^m)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((log(h*(f + g*x)^m)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

$$3.85 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$$

3.85.1	Optimal result	742
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### 3.85.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 390

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \frac{im(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{6b^2c} - \frac{m(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{2bc} - \frac{m(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{2bc} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{2bc} + \frac{im(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c} + \frac{im(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c} - \frac{bm \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c} - \frac{bm \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c}$$

output  $\frac{1}{6}I^m(a+b\arcsin(cx))^3/b^2/c+1/2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2\ln(h(gx+f)^m)/b/c-1/2m(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2\ln(1-I(Icx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}))g/(cf-(c^2f^2-g^2)^{1/2}))/b/c-1/2m(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2\ln(1-I(Icx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}))g/(cf+(c^2f^2-g^2)^{1/2}))/b/c+I^m(a+b\arcsin(cx))*\text{polylog}(2,I(Icx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}))g/(cf-(c^2f^2-g^2)^{1/2}))/c+I^m(a+b\arcsin(cx))*\text{polylog}(2,I(Icx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}))g/(cf+(c^2f^2-g^2)^{1/2}))/c-b*m*\text{polylog}(3,I(Icx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}))g/(cf-(c^2f^2-g^2)^{1/2}))/c-b*m*\text{polylog}(3,I(Icx+(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}))g/(cf+(c^2f^2-g^2)^{1/2}))/c$

### 3.85.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2724 vs.  $2(390) = 780$ .

Time = 10.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2724, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.98

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[h*(f + g*x)^m])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2],x]`

output  $(m \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x] * (2*a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]) * \operatorname{Log}[f + g*x]) / (2*c) + (a \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x] * (-m \operatorname{Log}[f + g*x]) + \operatorname{Log}[h*(f + g*x)^m]) / c + (b*f*(-m \operatorname{Log}[f + g*x]) + \operatorname{Log}[h*(f + g*x)^m]) * ((-I) \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x] * (\operatorname{Log}[1 + (I \operatorname{E}^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]) * g}) / (-c*f) + \operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) - \operatorname{Log}[1 - (I \operatorname{E}^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]) * g}) / (c*f + \operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2])]) - \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, ((-I) \operatorname{E}^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]) * g}) / (-c*f) + \operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) + \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (I \operatorname{E}^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]) * g}) / (c*f + \operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2])]) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2] + (a*g*m*(-1/2*((3*I)/2)*\operatorname{Pi} \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x] - (I/2)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]^2 + 2*\operatorname{Pi} \operatorname{Log}[1 + \operatorname{E}^{((-I) \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])}] - \operatorname{Pi} \operatorname{Log}[1 + I \operatorname{E}^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])}] + 2*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x] * \operatorname{Log}[1 + I \operatorname{E}^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])}] - 2*\operatorname{Pi} \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]/2]] + \operatorname{Pi} \operatorname{Log}[-\operatorname{Cos}[(\operatorname{Pi} + 2*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])/4]] - (2*I) \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (-I) \operatorname{E}^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])}]) / (c*(-c^{-1}) - f/g)*g) + ((I/2)*\operatorname{Pi} \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x] - (I/2)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]^2 + 2*\operatorname{Pi} \operatorname{Log}[1 + \operatorname{E}^{((-I) \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])}] + \operatorname{Pi} \operatorname{Log}[1 - I \operatorname{E}^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])}] + 2*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x] * \operatorname{Log}[1 - I \operatorname{E}^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])}] - 2*\operatorname{Pi} \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]/2]] - \operatorname{Pi} \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Sin}[(\operatorname{Pi} + 2*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])/4]] - (2*I) \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, I \operatorname{E}^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])}]) / (2*c*(c^{-1}) - f/g)*g) + (((-1/2*I) \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]^2) / g + (\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x] * \operatorname{Log}[1 - (I \operatorname{E}^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]) * g}) / (c*f - \operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2])]) / g + (\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x] * \operatorname{Log}[1 - (I \operatorname{E}^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]) * g}) / (c*f + \operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2])]) / g - (I \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, ((-I) \operatorname{E}^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]) * g}) / (-c*f) + \operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) / g - (I \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (I \operatorname{E}^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]) * g}) / (c*f + \operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) / g) / (c^2*(-c^{-1}) - f/g)*(c^{-1}) - f/g))) / c - a*c*g*m*(-1/...$

### 3.85.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {5278, 5240, 5030, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5278}$$

$$\frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{2bc} - \frac{gm \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{f + gx} dx}{2bc}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5240}$$

$$\frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{2bc} - \frac{gm \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{cf + cgx} d \arcsin(cx)}{2bc}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5030}$$

---

3.85.  $\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{2bc} - \\
 gm \left( \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{cf - ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} d \arcsin(cx) + \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(cx)} (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{cf - ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} d \arcsin(cx) - \frac{i(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3bg} \right) \\
 & \frac{2bc}{2bc} \\
 & \downarrow 2620 \\
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{2bc} - \\
 gm \left( - \frac{2b \int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx)}{g} - \frac{2b \int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx)}{g} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{3bg} \right) \\
 & \frac{2bc}{2bc} \\
 & \downarrow 3011 \\
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{2bc} - \\
 gm \left( - \frac{2b \left( i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) - ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx) \right)}{g} - \frac{2b \left( i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) - ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx) \right)}{g} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 2720 \\
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{2bc} - \\
 gm \left( - \frac{2b \left( i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) - b \int e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) d e^{i \arcsin(cx)} \right)}{g} - \frac{2b \left( i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) - b \int e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) d e^{i \arcsin(cx)} \right)}{g} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 7143 \\
 & \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{2bc} - \\
 gm \left( - \frac{2b \left( i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) - b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) \right)}{g} - \frac{2b \left( i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) - b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) \right)}{g} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[h*(f + g*x)^m])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x]
```

```
output ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[h*(f + g*x)^m]/(2*b*c) - (g*m*((-1/3*I)*(a +
b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/(b*g) + ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*
x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]])/g + ((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (I
*I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]])/g - (2*b*(I*(a + b*Arc
Sin[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]])
- b*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]))/g -
(2*b*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt
[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]) - b*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f
^2 - g^2]]))/g))/(2*b*c)
```

### 3.85.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2620 Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/
((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp
[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Si
mp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x
)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2720 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; Funct
ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ
[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))
*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

```
rule 3011 Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((f_) + (g_)
*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5030 Int[(Cos[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*Sin[
(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1
))), x] + (Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(a - Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] - I*b*E^(
I*(c + d*x))), x] + Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(a + Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2]
- I*b*E^(I*(c + d*x))), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
&& PosQ[a^2 - b^2]
```

```
rule 5240 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
  := Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(Cos[x]/(c*d + e*Sin[x])), x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 5278 Int[(Log[(h_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))]^(m_.))*((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.
))^(n_.))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[h*(f + g*x)^m]*(
(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*Sqrt[d]*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[g*(m/(b*c*Sqr
t[d]*(n + 1))) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(f + g*x), x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[
n, 0]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))]^(p_.)/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

### 3.85.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \ln(h(gx + f)^m)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)
```

```
output int((a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)
```

### 3.85.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a) \log((gx + f)^m h)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))*log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorit
hm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(-sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)*log((g*x + f)^m*h)/(c^2*x
^2 - 1), x)
```



## 3.85.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{-(cx - 1)(cx + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x))*ln(h*(g*x+f)**m)/(-c**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*log(h*(f + g*x)**m)/sqrt(-(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1)), x)`

## 3.85.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a) \log((gx + f)^m h)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))*log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b*c*integrate(arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x)*log(h) + b*c*integrate(arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))*log((g*x + f)^m)/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x) + a*c*integrate(log((g*x + f)^m)/(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)), x) + a*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*log(h))/c`

## 3.85.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(cx) + a) \log((gx + f)^m h)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x))*log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x) + a)*log((g*x + f)^m*h)/sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

**3.85.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\ln(h(f + gx)^m) (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx$$

input `int((log(h*(f + g*x)^m)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((log(h*(f + g*x)^m)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

### 3.86 $\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$

3.86.1	Optimal result	750
3.86.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	751
3.86.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	751
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#### 3.86.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx = \frac{im \arcsin(cx)^2}{2c} - \frac{m \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c}$$

$$- \frac{m \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c}$$

$$+ \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{c} + \frac{im \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c}$$

$$+ \frac{im \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c}$$

output `1/2*I*m*arcsin(c*x)^2/c+arcsin(c*x)*ln(h*(g*x+f)^m)/c-m*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/c-m*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/c+I*m*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f-(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/c+I*m*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*g/(c*f+(c^2*f^2-g^2)^(1/2)))/c`

### 3.86.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx = \frac{im \arcsin(cx)^2}{2c} - \frac{m \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ice^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{c^2 f - c\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c}$$

$$- \frac{m \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ice^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{c^2 f + c\sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c}$$

$$+ \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{c} + \frac{im \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c}$$

$$+ \frac{im \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(cx)} g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{c}$$

input `Integrate[Log[h*(f + g*x)^m]/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2],x]`

output `((I/2)*m*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/c - (m*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*c*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c^2*f - c*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/c - (m*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*c*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c^2*f + c*Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/c + (ArcSin[c*x]*Log[h*(f + g*x)^m])/c + (I*m*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/c + (I*m*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2])])/c`

### 3.86.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$ , Rules used = {2851, 27, 5240, 5030, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2851}$$

$$\frac{\arcsin(cx) \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{c} - gm \int \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c(f+gx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{c} - \frac{gm \int \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{f+gx} dx}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5240} \\
 & \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{c} - \frac{gm \int \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \arcsin(cx)}{cf+cgx} d \arcsin(cx)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5030} \\
 & \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{c} - \\
 & \frac{gm \left( \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx) \arcsin(cx)}{cf - ie^i \arcsin(cx) g - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} d \arcsin(cx) + \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(cx) \arcsin(cx)}{cf - ie^i \arcsin(cx) g + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}} d \arcsin(cx) - \frac{i \arcsin(cx)^2}{2g} \right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{c} - \\
 & \frac{gm \left( -\frac{\int \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx)}{g} - \frac{\int \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) d \arcsin(cx)}{g} + \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g} + \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g} \right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
 & \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{c} - \\
 & \frac{gm \left( \frac{i \int e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) de^i \arcsin(cx)}{g} + \frac{i \int e^{-i \arcsin(cx)} \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right) de^i \arcsin(cx)}{g} + \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g} + \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g} \right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2838} \\
 & \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log(h(f+gx)^m)}{c} - \\
 & \frac{gm \left( -\frac{i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g} - \frac{i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx) g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g} + \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g} + \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ige^i \arcsin(cx)}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 - g^2}}\right)}{g} \right)}{c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Log[h*(f + g*x)^m]/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x]`

```
output (ArcSin[c*x]*Log[h*(f + g*x)^m])/c - (g*m*(((1/2*I)*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/g + (ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]))/g + (ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]))/g - (I*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f - Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]))/g - (I*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*g)/(c*f + Sqrt[c^2*f^2 - g^2]]))/g))/c
```

### 3.86.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 2620 Int[(((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)]/((a_) + (b_))*((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2715 Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*(c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 2838 Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

```
rule 2851 Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]*(b_))/Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[1/Sqrt[f + g*x^2], x]}, Simp[u*(a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x)^n]), x] - Simp[b*e*n Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/(d + e*x)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[f, 0]
```

```
rule 5030 Int[(Cos[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_)]/((a_) + (b_)*Sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + (Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(a - Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] - I*b*E^(I*(c + d*x))), x] + Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(a + Rt[a^2 - b^2, 2] - I*b*E^(I*(c + d*x))), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && PosQ[a^2 - b^2]
```

```
rule 5240 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
  :> Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(Cos[x]/(c*d + e*SIN[x]))], x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

### 3.86.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln(h(gx + f)^m)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

```
input int(ln(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2), x)
```

```
output int(ln(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2), x)
```

### 3.86.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\log((gx + f)^m h)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

```
input integrate(log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(-sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*log((g*x + f)^m*h)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)
```

### 3.86.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\log(h(f + gx)^m)}{\sqrt{-(cx - 1)(cx + 1)}} dx$$

```
input integrate(ln(h*(g*x+f)**m)/(-c**2*x**2+1)**(1/2), x)
```

```
output Integral(log(h*(f + g*x)**m)/sqrt(-(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1)), x)
```

**3.86.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\log((gx+f)^m h)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(log((g*x + f)^m*h)/sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

**3.86.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\log((gx+f)^m h)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(log((g*x + f)^m*h)/sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

**3.86.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\ln(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$$

input `int(log(h*(f + g*x)^m)/(1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(log(h*(f + g*x)^m)/(1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`



$$3.87 \quad \int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))} dx$$

3.87.1	Optimal result	756
3.87.2	Mathematica [N/A]	756
3.87.3	Rubi [N/A]	757
3.87.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	757
3.87.5	Fricas [N/A]	758
3.87.6	Sympy [N/A]	758
3.87.7	Maxima [N/A]	758
3.87.8	Giac [N/A]	759
3.87.9	Mupad [N/A]	759

### 3.87.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(ln(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

### 3.87.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arcsin(cx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[Log[h*(f + g*x)^m]/(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])),x]`

output `Integrate[Log[h*(f + g*x)^m]/(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])), x]`

### 3.87.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5300}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx$$

↓ 5300

$$\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[Log[h*(f + g*x)^m]/(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

#### 3.87.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5300 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_.*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrate[u*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

### 3.87.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 12.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\ln(h(gx+f)^m)}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} dx$$

input `int(ln(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(ln(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

**3.87.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{\log((gx+f)^mh)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}(b\arcsin(cx)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*log((g*x + f)^m*h)/(a*c^2*x^2 + (b*c^2*x^2 - b)*arcsin(c*x) - a), x)`

**3.87.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 9.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{-(cx-1)(cx+1)}(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx$$

input `integrate(ln(h*(g*x+f)**m)/(a+b*asin(c*x))/(-c**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(log(h*(f + g*x)**m)/(sqrt(-(c*x - 1)*(c*x + 1))*(a + b*asin(c*x))), x)`

**3.87.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{\log((gx+f)^mh)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}(b\arcsin(cx)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(log((g*x + f)^m*h)/(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)), x)`

### 3.87.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{\log((gx+f)^mh)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}(b\arcsin(cx)+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(log(h*(g*x+f)^m)/(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(log((g*x + f)^m*h)/(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)), x)`

### 3.87.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\log(h(f+gx)^m)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))} dx = \int \frac{\ln(h(f+gx)^m)}{(a+b\arcsin(cx))\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$$

input `int(log(h*(f + g*x)^m)/((a + b*asin(c*x))*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(log(h*(f + g*x)^m)/((a + b*asin(c*x))*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2)), x)`

### 3.88 $\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.88.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 351

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{be(4e^2g + 25c^2d(ef + dg))x^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{75c^3} + \frac{be^2(ef + 3dg)x^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{16c} + \frac{be^3gx^4\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{25c}$$

$$+ \frac{b(32(75c^4d^3f + 8e^3g + 50c^2de(ef + dg)) + 75c^2(8c^2d^2(3ef + dg) + 3e^2(ef + 3dg))x)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{2400c^5}$$

$$- \frac{b(8c^2d^2(3ef + dg) + 3e^2(ef + 3dg))\arcsin(cx)}{32c^4} + d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}d^2(3ef + dg)x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + de(ef + dg)x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4}e^2(ef + 3dg)x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^3gx^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

output

```
-1/32*b*(8*c^2*d^2*(d*g+3*e*f)+3*e^2*(3*d*g+e*f))*arcsin(c*x)/c^4+d^3*f*x*
(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/2*d^2*(d*g+3*e*f)*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+d*e*(d*g+e*f)*
x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/4*e^2*(3*d*g+e*f)*x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/5*e^3*g*
x^5*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/75*b*e*(4*e^2*g+25*c^2*d*(d*g+e*f))*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)/c^3+1/16*b*e^2*(3*d*g+e*f)*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/25*b*e^3*g*
x^4*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/2400*b*(2400*c^4*d^3*f+256*e^3*g+1600*c^2*d*e*(
d*g+e*f)+75*c^2*(8*c^2*d^2*(d*g+3*e*f)+3*e^2*(3*d*g+e*f))*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)/c^5
```

### 3.88.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{120ac^5x(10d^3(2f + gx) + 10d^2ex(3f + 2gx) + 5de^2x^2(4f + 3gx) + e^3x^3(5f + 4gx)) + b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(256e^3g + 2c^4(300d^3(4f + gx) + 100d^2ex(9f + 4gx) + 25de^2x^2(16f + 9gx) + 3e^3x^3(25f + 16gx))) + c^2e(1600d^2g + 25de(64f + 27gx) + e^2(225f + 128gx)) + 15bc(-40c^2d^2(3ef + dg) - 15e^2(ef + 3dg) + 8c^4x(10d^3(2f + gx) + 10d^2ex(3f + 2gx) + 5de^2x^2(4f + 3gx) + e^3x^3(5f + 4gx)))\arcsin[cx]}{(2400c^5)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `(120*a*c^5*x*(10*d^3*(2*f + g*x) + 10*d^2*e*x*(3*f + 2*g*x) + 5*d*e^2*x^2*(4*f + 3*g*x) + e^3*x^3*(5*f + 4*g*x)) + b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(256*e^3*g + 2*c^4*(300*d^3*(4*f + g*x) + 100*d^2*e*x*(9*f + 4*g*x) + 25*d*e^2*x^2*(16*f + 9*g*x) + 3*e^3*x^3*(25*f + 16*g*x)) + c^2*e*(1600*d^2*g + 25*d*e*(64*f + 27*g*x) + e^2*x*(225*f + 128*g*x))) + 15*b*c*(-40*c^2*d^2*(3*e*f + d*g) - 15*e^2*(e*f + 3*d*g) + 8*c^4*x*(10*d^3*(2*f + g*x) + 10*d^2*e*x*(3*f + 2*g*x) + 5*d*e^2*x^2*(4*f + 3*g*x) + e^3*x^3*(5*f + 4*g*x)))*ArcSin[c*x])/(2400*c^5)`

### 3.88.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {5248, 27, 2340, 25, 2340, 25, 2340, 25, 27, 533, 27, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5248$$

$$-bc \int \frac{x(4e^3gx^4 + 5e^2(ef + 3dg)x^3 + 20de(ef + dg)x^2 + 10d^2(3ef + dg)x + 20d^3f)}{20\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx +$$

$$d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4(3dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) +$$

$$dex^3(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^3gx^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{20}bc \int \frac{x(4e^3gx^4 + 5e^2(ef + 3dg)x^3 + 20de(ef + dg)x^2 + 10d^2(3ef + dg)x + 20d^3f)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \\
& d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4(3dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \\
& dex^3(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^3gx^5(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2340} \\
& -\frac{1}{20}bc \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{x(100c^2fd^3 + 50c^2(3ef + dg)xd^2 + 25c^2e^2(ef + 3dg)x^3 + 4e(25d(ef + dg)c^2 + 4e^2g)x^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{5c^2} - \frac{4e^3gx^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{5c^2} \right) + \\
& d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4(3dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \\
& dex^3(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^3gx^5(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& -\frac{1}{20}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{x(100c^2fd^3 + 50c^2(3ef + dg)xd^2 + 25c^2e^2(ef + 3dg)x^3 + 4e(25d(ef + dg)c^2 + 4e^2g)x^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{5c^2} - \frac{4e^3gx^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{5c^2} \right) + \\
& d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4(3dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \\
& dex^3(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^3gx^5(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2340} \\
& -\frac{1}{20}bc \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{x(400d^3fc^4 + 16e(25d(ef + dg)c^2 + 4e^2g)x^2c^2 + 25(8c^2(3ef + dg)d^2 + 3e^2(ef + 3dg)xc^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2}}{5c^2} - \frac{25}{4}e^2x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(3dg + ef) - \frac{4e^3gx^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{5c^2} \right) + \\
& d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4(3dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \\
& dex^3(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^3gx^5(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& -\frac{1}{20}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{x(400d^3fc^4 + 16e(25d(ef + dg)c^2 + 4e^2g)x^2c^2 + 25(8c^2(3ef + dg)d^2 + 3e^2(ef + 3dg)xc^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2}}{5c^2} - \frac{25}{4}e^2x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(3dg + ef) - \frac{4e^3gx^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{5c^2} \right) + \\
& d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4(3dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \\
& dex^3(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^3gx^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 2340

$$-\frac{1}{20}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{c^2x(75(8c^2(3ef+dg)d^2+3e^2(ef+3dg))xc^2+16(75d^3fc^4+50de(ef+dg)c^2+8e^3g))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{\frac{16}{3}ex^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(25c^2d(dg+ef)+4e^2g)}{4c^2} - \frac{25}{4}e^2x^3}{5c^2} \right) \\ d^3fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg+3ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4(3dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \\ dex^3(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^3gx^5(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{1}{20}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{c^2x(75(8c^2(3ef+dg)d^2+3e^2(ef+3dg))xc^2+16(75d^3fc^4+50de(ef+dg)c^2+8e^3g))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{\frac{16}{3}ex^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(25c^2d(dg+ef)+4e^2g)}{4c^2} - \frac{25}{4}e^2x^3}{5c^2} \right) \\ d^3fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg+3ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4(3dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \\ dex^3(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^3gx^5(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{1}{20}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x(75(8c^2(3ef+dg)d^2+3e^2(ef+3dg))xc^2+16(75d^3fc^4+50de(ef+dg)c^2+8e^3g))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\frac{16}{3}ex^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(25c^2d(dg+ef)+4e^2g)}{4c^2}}{5c^2} - \frac{25}{4}e^2x^3}{5c^2} \right) \\ d^3fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg+3ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4(3dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \\ dex^3(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^3gx^5(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 533

$$-\frac{1}{20}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{c^2(75(8c^2(3ef+dg)d^2+3e^2(ef+3dg))+32(75d^3fc^4+50de(ef+dg)c^2+8e^3g)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{75}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(8c^2d^2(dg+3ef)+3e^2(3dg+ef)) \right)}{2c^2}}{4c^2} - \frac{25}{4}e^2x^3}{5c^2} \right) \\ d^3fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg+3ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4(3dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \\ dex^3(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^3gx^5(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$



↓ 27

$$-\frac{1}{20}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{75(8c^2(3ef+dg)d^2+3e^2(ef+3dg))+32(75d^3fc^4+50de(ef+dg)c^2+8e^3g)x}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{75}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(8c^2d^2(dg+3ef)+3e^2(3dg+ef)) \right) - \frac{16}{3}cx}{4c^2} \right) - \frac{16}{3}cx$$

$$d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4(3dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) +$$

$$dex^3(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^3gx^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 455

$$-\frac{1}{20}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 75(8c^2d^2(dg+3ef)+3e^2(3dg+ef)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{32\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(75c^4d^3f+50c^2de(dg+ef)+8e^3g)}{c^2} \right) - \frac{75}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(8c^2d^2(dg+3ef))}{4c^2} \right) - \frac{16}{3}cx}{5c^2}$$

$$d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4(3dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) +$$

$$dex^3(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^3gx^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 223

$$d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2x^4(3dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) +$$

$$dex^3(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^3gx^5(a + b \arcsin(cx)) -$$

$$\frac{1}{20}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{75 \arcsin(cx)(8c^2d^2(dg+3ef)+3e^2(3dg+ef))}{c} - \frac{32\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(75c^4d^3f+50c^2de(dg+ef)+8e^3g)}{c^2} \right) - \frac{75}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(8c^2d^2(dg+3ef)+3e^2(3dg+ef))}{4c^2} \right) - \frac{16}{3}cx}{5c^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

```
output d^3*f*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + (d^2*(3*e*f + d*g)*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/
2 + d*e*(e*f + d*g)*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + (e^2*(e*f + 3*d*g)*x^4*(a +
b*ArcSin[c*x]))/4 + (e^3*g*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/5 - (b*c*((-4*e^3*g*x^
4*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(5*c^2) + ((-25*e^2*(e*f + 3*d*g)*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^
2]))/4 + ((-16*e*(4*e^2*g + 25*c^2*d*(e*f + d*g))*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/3
+ ((-75*(8*c^2*d^2*(3*e*f + d*g) + 3*e^2*(e*f + 3*d*g))*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2
])/2 + ((-32*(75*c^4*d^3*f + 8*e^3*g + 50*c^2*d*e*(e*f + d*g))*Sqrt[1 - c^
2*x^2])/c^2 + (75*(8*c^2*d^2*(3*e*f + d*g) + 3*e^2*(e*f + 3*d*g))*ArcSin[c
*x])/c)/2)/3)/(4*c^2))/(5*c^2))/20
```

### 3.88.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt
[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*
p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && Integer
Q[2*p]`

```
rule 2340 Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)
)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)
*pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x] /;
GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ
[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])
```

```
rule 5248 Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)]*(Px_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHid
e[ExpandExpression[Px, x], x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c
Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

### 3.88.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 445, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
parts	$a \left( \frac{e^3 g x^5}{5} + \frac{(3d e^2 g + e^3 f) x^4}{4} + \frac{(3d^2 e g + 3d e^2 f) x^3}{3} + \frac{(d^3 g + 3d^2 e f) x^2}{2} + d^3 f x \right) + \frac{b \left( \frac{c \arcsin(cx) e^3 g x^5}{5} + 3c \arcsin(cx) e^3 g x^4 + 3d \arcsin(cx) e^3 g x^3 + 3d^2 \arcsin(cx) e^3 g x^2 + 3d^3 \arcsin(cx) e^3 g x + 3d^3 \arcsin(cx) e^3 f \right)}{c^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \left( \frac{e^3 g c^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{(3dc e^2 g + e^3 c f) c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{(3d^2 c^2 e g + 3d c^2 e^2 f) c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{(c^3 d^3 g + 3d^2 c^3 e f) c^2 x^2}{2} + d^3 c^5 f x \right)}{c^4} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx) e^3 g c^5 x^5}{5} + 3d \arcsin(cx) e^3 g c^5 x^4 + 3d^2 \arcsin(cx) e^3 g c^5 x^3 + 3d^3 \arcsin(cx) e^3 g c^5 x^2 + 3d^3 \arcsin(cx) e^3 f c^5 \right)}{c^4}$
default	$\frac{a \left( \frac{e^3 g c^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{(3dc e^2 g + e^3 c f) c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{(3d^2 c^2 e g + 3d c^2 e^2 f) c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{(c^3 d^3 g + 3d^2 c^3 e f) c^2 x^2}{2} + d^3 c^5 f x \right)}{c^4} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx) e^3 g c^5 x^5}{5} + 3d \arcsin(cx) e^3 g c^5 x^4 + 3d^2 \arcsin(cx) e^3 g c^5 x^3 + 3d^3 \arcsin(cx) e^3 g c^5 x^2 + 3d^3 \arcsin(cx) e^3 f c^5 \right)}{c^4}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(1/5*e^3*g*x^5+1/4*(3*d*e^2*g+e^3*f)*x^4+1/3*(3*d^2*e*g+3*d*e^2*f)*x^3+1
/2*(d^3*g+3*d^2*e*f)*x^2+d^3*f*x)+b/c*(1/5*c*arcsin(c*x)*e^3*g*x^5+3/4*c*a
rcsin(c*x)*x^4*d*e^2*g+1/4*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^4*e^3*f+c*arcsin(c*x)*x^3*d^2*e
*g+c*arcsin(c*x)*x^3*d*e^2*f+1/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*d^3*g+3/2*c*arcsin(c*x)
*x^2*d^2*e*f+arcsin(c*x)*d^3*f*c*x-1/60/c^4*(12*e^3*g*(-1/5*c^4*x^4*(-c^2*
x^2+1)^(1/2)-4/15*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-8/15*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-60*d
^3*c^4*f*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3*(15*c*d*e^2*g+5*c*e^3*f)*(-1/4*c^3*x^3*(-c^2
*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3/8*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/8*arcsin(c*x))+3*(10*c^3*d^3*g+
30*c^3*d^2*e*f)*(-1/2*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*arcsin(c*x))+3*(20*c^2*d^
2*e*g+20*c^2*d*e^2*f)*(-1/3*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2))))
```

### 3.88.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{480 ac^5 e^3 g x^5 + 2400 ac^5 d^3 f x + 600 (ac^5 e^3 f + 3 ac^5 d e^2 g) x^4 + 2400 (ac^5 d e^2 f + ac^5 d^2 e g) x^3 + 1200 (3 ac^5 d^2 e f + a c^5 d^3 g) x^2 + 15 (32 b c^5 e^3 g x^5 + 160 b c^5 d^3 f x + 40 (b c^5 e^3 f + 3 b c^5 d e^2 g) x^4 + 160 (b c^5 d e^2 f + b c^5 d^2 e g) x^3 + 80 (3 b c^5 d^2 e f + b c^5 d^3 g) x^2 - 15 (8 b c^3 d^2 e + b c e^3) f - 5 (8 b c^3 d^3 + 9 b c d e^2) g) \arcsin(cx) + (96 b c^4 e^3 g x^4 + 150 (b c^4 e^3 f + 3 b c^4 d e^2 g) x^3 + 32 (25 b c^4 d e^2 f + (25 b c^4 d^2 e + 4 b c^2 e^3) g) x^2 + 800 (3 b c^4 d^3 + 2 b c^2 d e^2) f + 64 (25 b c^2 d^2 e + 4 b e^3) g + 75 (3 (8 b c^4 d^2 e + b c^2 e^3) f + (8 b c^4 d^3 + 9 b c^2 d e^2) g) x) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c^5}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/2400*(480*a*c^5*e^3*g*x^5 + 2400*a*c^5*d^3*f*x + 600*(a*c^5*e^3*f + 3*a*
c^5*d*e^2*g)*x^4 + 2400*(a*c^5*d*e^2*f + a*c^5*d^2*e*g)*x^3 + 1200*(3*a*c^
5*d^2*e*f + a*c^5*d^3*g)*x^2 + 15*(32*b*c^5*e^3*g*x^5 + 160*b*c^5*d^3*f*x
+ 40*(b*c^5*e^3*f + 3*b*c^5*d*e^2*g)*x^4 + 160*(b*c^5*d*e^2*f + b*c^5*d^2*
e*g)*x^3 + 80*(3*b*c^5*d^2*e*f + b*c^5*d^3*g)*x^2 - 15*(8*b*c^3*d^2*e + b*
c*e^3)*f - 5*(8*b*c^3*d^3 + 9*b*c*d*e^2)*g)*arcsin(c*x) + (96*b*c^4*e^3*g*
x^4 + 150*(b*c^4*e^3*f + 3*b*c^4*d*e^2*g)*x^3 + 32*(25*b*c^4*d*e^2*f + (25
*b*c^4*d^2*e + 4*b*c^2*e^3)*g)*x^2 + 800*(3*b*c^4*d^3 + 2*b*c^2*d*e^2)*f +
64*(25*b*c^2*d^2*e + 4*b*e^3)*g + 75*(3*(8*b*c^4*d^2*e + b*c^2*e^3)*f + (
8*b*c^4*d^3 + 9*b*c^2*d*e^2)*g)*x)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))/c^5
```

### 3.88.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 770 vs.  $2(338) = 676$ .

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 770, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} ad^3 fx + \frac{ad^3 gx^2}{2} + \frac{3ad^2 efx^2}{2} + ad^2 egx^3 + ade^2 fx^3 + \frac{3ade^2 gx^4}{4} + \frac{ae^3 fx^4}{4} + \frac{ae^3 gx^5}{5} + bd^3 fx \arcsin(cx) + \frac{bd^3 gx^2}{2} \arcsin(cx) \\ a \left( d^3 fx + \frac{d^3 gx^2}{2} + \frac{3d^2 efx^2}{2} + d^2 egx^3 + de^2 fx^3 + \frac{3de^2 gx^4}{4} + \frac{e^3 fx^4}{4} + \frac{e^3 gx^5}{5} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*d**3*f*x + a*d**3*g*x**2/2 + 3*a*d**2*e*f*x**2/2 + a*d**2*e*g*x**3 + a*d*e**2*f*x**3 + 3*a*d*e**2*g*x**4/4 + a*e**3*f*x**4/4 + a*e**3*g*x**5/5 + b*d**3*f*x*asin(c*x) + b*d**3*g*x**2*asin(c*x)/2 + 3*b*d**2*e*f*x**2*asin(c*x)/2 + b*d**2*e*g*x**3*asin(c*x) + b*d*e**2*f*x**3*asin(c*x) + 3*b*d*e**2*g*x**4*asin(c*x)/4 + b*e**3*f*x**4*asin(c*x)/4 + b*e**3*g*x**5*asin(c*x)/5 + b*d**3*f*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + b*d**3*g*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) + 3*b*d**2*e*f*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) + b*d**2*e*g*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c) + b*d*e**2*f*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c) + 3*b*d*e**2*g*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) + b*e**3*f*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) + b*e**3*g*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*c) - b*d**3*g*asin(c*x)/(4*c**2) - 3*b*d**2*e*f*asin(c*x)/(4*c**2) + 2*b*d**2*e*g*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c**3) + 2*b*d*e**2*f*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c**3) + 9*b*d*e**2*g*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*c**3) + 3*b*e**3*f*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*c**3) + 4*b*e**3*g*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(75*c**3) - 9*b*d*e**2*g*asin(c*x)/(32*c**4) - 3*b*e**3*f*asin(c*x)/(32*c**4) + 8*b*e**3*g*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(75*c**5), Ne(c, 0)), (a*(d**3*f*x + d**3*g*x**2/2 + 3*d**2*e*f*x**2/2 + d**2*e*g*x**3 + d*e**2*f*x**3 + 3*d*e**2*g*x**4/4 + e**3*f*x**4/4 + e**3*g*x**5/5), True))`

**3.88.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 528, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d+ex)^3(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) dx \\
&= \frac{1}{5}ae^3gx^5 + \frac{1}{4}ae^3fx^4 + \frac{3}{4}ade^2gx^4 + ade^2fx^3 + ad^2egx^3 + \frac{3}{2}ad^2efx^2 \\
&+ \frac{1}{2}ad^3gx^2 + \frac{3}{4} \left( 2x^2\arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bd^2ef \\
&+ \frac{1}{3} \left( 3x^3\arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c^4} \right) \right) bde^2f \\
&+ \frac{1}{32} \left( 8x^4\arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^3}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^4} - \frac{3\arcsin(cx)}{c^5} \right) c \right) be^3f \\
&+ \frac{1}{4} \left( 2x^2\arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bd^3g \\
&+ \frac{1}{3} \left( 3x^3\arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c^4} \right) \right) bd^2eg \\
&+ \frac{3}{32} \left( 8x^4\arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^3}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^4} - \frac{3\arcsin(cx)}{c^5} \right) c \right) bde^2g \\
&+ \frac{1}{75} \left( 15x^5\arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^4}{c^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^2}{c^4} + \frac{8\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c^6} \right) c \right) be^3g \\
&+ ad^3fx + \frac{(cx\arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})bd^3f}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/5*a*e^3*g*x^5 + 1/4*a*e^3*f*x^4 + 3/4*a*d*e^2*g*x^4 + a*d*e^2*f*x^3 + a*
d^2*e*g*x^3 + 3/2*a*d^2*e*f*x^2 + 1/2*a*d^3*g*x^2 + 3/4*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x)
+ c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*b*d^2*e*f + 1/3*(3*x^3*
arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*b
*d*e^2*f + 1/32*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3*sq
rt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*b*e^3*f + 1/4*(2*x^2*arcsin(
c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*b*d^3*g + 1/3*(3*x^
3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))
*b*d^2*e*g + 3/32*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3*sq
rt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*b*d*e^2*g + 1/75*(15*x^5*a
rcsin(c*x) + (3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^4
+ 8*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^6)*c)*b*e^3*g + a*d^3*f*x + (c*x*arcsin(c*x) + sq
rt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*b*d^3*f/c

```

### 3.88.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 784 vs.  $2(324) = 648$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 784, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = & \frac{1}{5} ae^3 gx^5 + \frac{1}{4} ae^3 fx^4 + \frac{3}{4} ade^2 gx^4 \\
 & + ade^2 fx^3 + ad^2 egx^3 + bd^3 fx \arcsin(cx) \\
 & + ad^3 fx + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)bde^2 fx \arcsin(cx)}{c^2} \\
 & + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)bd^2 egx \arcsin(cx)}{c^2} \\
 & + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}bd^2 efx}{4c} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}bd^3 gx}{4c} \\
 & + \frac{3(c^2 x^2 - 1)bd^2 ef \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} \\
 & + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)bd^3 g \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} \\
 & + \frac{bde^2 fx \arcsin(cx)}{c^2} + \frac{bd^2 egx \arcsin(cx)}{c^2} \\
 & + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2 be^3 gx \arcsin(cx)}{5c^4} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}bd^3 f}{c} - \frac{(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} be^3 fx}{16c^3} \\
 & - \frac{3(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} bde^2 gx}{16c^3} + \frac{3(c^2 x^2 - 1)ad^2 ef}{2c^2} \\
 & + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)ad^3 g}{2c^2} + \frac{3bd^2 ef \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2} \\
 & + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2 be^3 f \arcsin(cx)}{4c^4} + \frac{bd^3 g \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2} \\
 & + \frac{3(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2 bde^2 g \arcsin(cx)}{4c^4} \\
 & + \frac{2(c^2 x^2 - 1)be^3 gx \arcsin(cx)}{5c^4} \\
 & - \frac{(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} bde^2 f}{3c^3} - \frac{(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} bd^2 eg}{3c^3} \\
 & + \frac{5\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}be^3 fx}{32c^3} + \frac{15\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}bde^2 gx}{32c^3} \\
 & + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)be^3 f \arcsin(cx)}{2c^4} \\
 & + \frac{3(c^2 x^2 - 1)bde^2 g \arcsin(cx)}{2c^4} \\
 & + \frac{be^3 gx \arcsin(cx)}{5c^4} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}bde^2 f}{c^3} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}bd^2 eg}{c^3} \\
 & + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}be^3 g}{25c^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.88.  $\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx + \frac{15 be^3 f \arcsin(cx)}{32c^4} + \frac{15 bde^2 g \arcsin(cx)}{32c^4}$



input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/5*a*e^3*g*x^5 + 1/4*a*e^3*f*x^4 + 3/4*a*d*e^2*g*x^4 + a*d*e^2*f*x^3 + a* \\ & d^2*e*g*x^3 + b*d^3*f*x*arcsin(c*x) + a*d^3*f*x + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*e^2*f* \\ & x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d^2*e*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 3/4*sqrt(- \\ & c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d^2*e*f*x/c + 1/4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d^3*g*x/c + 3/2*(c^2 \\ & *x^2 - 1)*b*d^2*e*f*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d^3*g*arcsin(c*x) \\ & )/c^2 + b*d*e^2*f*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + b*d^2*e*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/5*(c \\ & ^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*e^3*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d^3*f/c - 1 \\ & /16*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*e^3*f*x/c^3 - 3/16*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*d*e^2 \\ & *g*x/c^3 + 3/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*d^2*e*f/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*d^3*g/c^2 \\ & + 3/4*b*d^2*e*f*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/4*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*e^3*f*arcsin(c*x) \\ & /c^4 + 1/4*b*d^3*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 3/4*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*d*e^2*g*arcsin( \\ & c*x)/c^4 + 2/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e^3*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 - 1/3*(-c^2*x^2 + 1) \\ & )^(3/2)*b*d*e^2*f/c^3 - 1/3*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*d^2*e*g/c^3 + 5/32*sqrt \\ & (-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*e^3*f*x/c^3 + 15/32*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d*e^2*g*x/c^3 + \\ & 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e^3*f*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 3/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*e^2*g*ar \\ & csin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/5*b*e^3*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d*e^2 \\ & *f/c^3 + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d^2*e*g/c^3 + 1/25*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*sqrt(-c^2 \\ & *x^2 + 1)*b*e^3*g/c^5 + 5/32*b*e^3*f*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 15/32*b*d*e^2*g*arc \\ & sin(c*x)/c^4 - 2/15*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*e^3*g/c^5 + 1/5*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + \\ & 1)*b*e^3*g/c^5 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.88.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (f + gx) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d + ex)^3 dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^3, x)`

### 3.89 $\int (d + ex)^2(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.89.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 248

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^2(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\ &= \frac{be(ef + 2dg)x^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{9c} + \frac{be^2gx^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{16c} \\ &+ \frac{b(32(9c^2d^2f + 2e(ef + 2dg)) + 9(3e^2g + 8c^2d(2ef + dg))x)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{288c^3} \\ &- \frac{b(3e^2g + 8c^2d(2ef + dg))\arcsin(cx)}{32c^4} \\ &+ d^2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}d(2ef + dg)x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\ &+ \frac{1}{3}e(ef + 2dg)x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2gx^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/32*b*(3*e^2*g+8*c^2*d*(d*g+2*e*f))*arcsin(c*x)/c^4+d^2*f*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/2*d*(d*g+2*e*f)*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/3*e*(2*d*g+e*f)*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/4*e^2*g*x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/9*b*e*(2*d*g+e*f)*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/16*b*e^2*g*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/288*b*(288*c^2*d^2*f+64*e*(2*d*g+e*f)+9*(3*e^2*g+8*c^2*d*(d*g+2*e*f))*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3
```

**3.89.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (d + ex)^2(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{24ac^4x(6d^2(2f + gx) + 4dex(3f + 2gx) + e^2x^2(4f + 3gx)) + bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(e(64ef + 128dg + 27egx) + 2$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`output `(24*a*c^4*x*(6*d^2*(2*f + g*x) + 4*d*e*x*(3*f + 2*g*x) + e^2*x^2*(4*f + 3*g*x)) + b*c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(e*(64*e*f + 128*d*g + 27*e*g*x) + 2*c^2*(36*d^2*(4*f + g*x) + 8*d*e*x*(9*f + 4*g*x) + e^2*x^2*(16*f + 9*g*x))) + 3*b*(-9*e^2*g - 24*c^2*d*(2*e*f + d*g) + 8*c^4*x*(6*d^2*(2*f + g*x) + 4*d*e*x*(3*f + 2*g*x) + e^2*x^2*(4*f + 3*g*x)))*ArcSin[c*x])/(288*c^4)`**3.89.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$ , Rules used = {5248, 27, 2340, 25, 2340, 25, 27, 533, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^2(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5248$$

$$-bc \int \frac{x(3e^2gx^3 + 4e(ef + 2dg)x^2 + 6d(2ef + dg)x + 12d^2f)}{12\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + d^2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(2dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg + 2ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2gx^4(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{1}{12}bc \int \frac{x(3e^2gx^3 + 4e(ef + 2dg)x^2 + 6d(2ef + dg)x + 12d^2f)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + d^2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(2dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg + 2ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2gx^4(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 2340$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{12}bc \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{x(48c^2fd^2+16c^2e(ef+2dg)x^2+3(8d(2ef+dg)c^2+3e^2g)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{3e^2gx^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} \right) + d^2fx(a + \\
& b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(2dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg + 2ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2gx^4(a + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad b \arcsin(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
& -\frac{1}{12}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{x(48c^2fd^2+16c^2e(ef+2dg)x^2+3(8d(2ef+dg)c^2+3e^2g)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{3e^2gx^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} \right) + d^2fx(a + \\
& b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(2dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg + 2ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e^2gx^4(a + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad b \arcsin(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 2340 \\
& -\frac{1}{12}bc \left( \frac{\int -\frac{c^2x(16(9c^2fd^2+2e(ef+2dg))+9(8d(2ef+dg)c^2+3e^2g)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{16}{3}ex^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2dg + ef) - \frac{3e^2gx^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} \right) + \\
& d^2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(2dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg + 2ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{4}e^2gx^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
& -\frac{1}{12}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{c^2x(16(9c^2fd^2+2e(ef+2dg))+9(8d(2ef+dg)c^2+3e^2g)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{16}{3}ex^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2dg + ef) - \frac{3e^2gx^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} \right) + \\
& d^2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(2dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg + 2ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{4}e^2gx^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{1}{12}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x(16(9c^2fd^2+2e(ef+2dg))+9(8d(2ef+dg)c^2+3e^2g)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{16}{3}ex^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2dg + ef) - \frac{3e^2gx^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} \right) + \\
& d^2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(2dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg + 2ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{4}e^2gx^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 533
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{12}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{32(9c^2fd^2+2e(ef+2dg))xc^2+9(8d(2ef+dg)c^2+3e^2g)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{9}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{3e^2g}{c^2} + 8d(dg+2ef) \right) \right)}{4c^2} \right) - \frac{16}{3}ex^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \\
& d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(2dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{4}e^2gx^4(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 455 \\
& -\frac{1}{12}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{9(8c^2d(dg+2ef)+3e^2g) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - 32\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(9c^2d^2f+2e(2dg+ef))}{2c^2} - \frac{9}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{3e^2g}{c^2} + 8d(dg+2ef) \right) \right)}{4c^2} \right) - \\
& d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(2dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{4}e^2gx^4(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 223 \\
& d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3(2dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{4}e^2gx^4(a+b\arcsin(cx)) - \\
& \frac{1}{12}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{9\arcsin(cx)(8c^2d(dg+2ef)+3e^2g)}{c} - \frac{32\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(9c^2d^2f+2e(2dg+ef))}{2c^2} - \frac{9}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{3e^2g}{c^2} + 8d(dg+2ef) \right) \right)}{4c^2} \right) - \frac{16}{3}ex^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `d^2*f*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + (d*(2*e*f + d*g)*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/2 + (e*(e*f + 2*d*g)*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/3 + (e^2*g*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/4 - (b*c*((-3*e^2*g*x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(4*c^2) + ((-16*e*(e*f + 2*d*g)*x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/3 + ((-9*((3*e^2*g)/c^2 + 8*d*(2*e*f + d*g))*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/2 + (-32*(9*c^2*d^2*f + 2*e*(e*f + 2*d*g))*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + (9*(3*e^2*g + 8*c^2*d*(2*e*f + d*g))*ArcSin[c*x])/c)/(2*c^2))/3)/(4*c^2))/12`

## 3.89.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 2340 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])`
- rule 5248 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(Px_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[ExpandExpression[Px, x], x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

### 3.89.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
parts	$a \left( \frac{e^2 g x^4}{4} + \frac{(2deg+e^2 f)x^3}{3} + \frac{(d^2 g+2def)x^2}{2} + d^2 f x \right) + \frac{b \left( \frac{c \arcsin(cx) e^2 g x^4}{4} + \frac{2c \arcsin(cx) x^3 deg}{3} + \frac{c \arcsin(cx) x^2 def}{3} \right)}{c^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \left( \frac{e^2 g c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{(2dceg+e^2 cf)c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{(c^2 d^2 g+2d c^2 ef)c^2 x^2}{2} + d^2 c^4 f x \right)}{c^3} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx) e^2 g c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{2 \arcsin(cx) c^4 deg x^3}{3} + \frac{\arcsin(cx) c^4 def x^2}{3} \right)}{c^3}$
default	$\frac{a \left( \frac{e^2 g c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{(2dceg+e^2 cf)c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{(c^2 d^2 g+2d c^2 ef)c^2 x^2}{2} + d^2 c^4 f x \right)}{c^3} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx) e^2 g c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{2 \arcsin(cx) c^4 deg x^3}{3} + \frac{\arcsin(cx) c^4 def x^2}{3} \right)}{c^3}$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(1/4*e^2*g*x^4+1/3*(2*d*e*g+e^2*f)*x^3+1/2*(d^2*g+2*d*e*f)*x^2+d^2*f*x)+  
b/c*(1/4*c*arcsin(c*x)*e^2*g*x^4+2/3*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^3*d*e*g+1/3*c*arcsin(  
c*x)*x^3*e^2*f+1/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*d^2*g+c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*d*e*f+arcsin(  
c*x)*d^2*f*c*x-1/12/c^3*(3*e^2*g*(-1/4*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3/8*c*x*  
(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/8*arcsin(c*x))-12*d^2*c^3*f*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+(8*c*d  
*e*g+4*c*e^2*f)*(-1/3*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+  
6*c^2*d^2*g+12*c^2*d*e*f)*(-1/2*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*arcsin(c*x)))`

### 3.89.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$


---


$$= \frac{72 ac^4 e^2 g x^4 + 288 ac^4 d^2 f x + 96 (ac^4 e^2 f + 2 ac^4 deg) x^3 + 144 (2 ac^4 def + ac^4 d^2 g) x^2 + 3 (24 bc^4 e^2 g x^4 + 96$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output 1/288*(72*a*c^4*e^2*g*x^4 + 288*a*c^4*d^2*f*x + 96*(a*c^4*e^2*f + 2*a*c^4*
d*e*g)*x^3 + 144*(2*a*c^4*d*e*f + a*c^4*d^2*g)*x^2 + 3*(24*b*c^4*e^2*g*x^4
+ 96*b*c^4*d^2*f*x - 48*b*c^2*d*e*f + 32*(b*c^4*e^2*f + 2*b*c^4*d*e*g)*x^
3 + 48*(2*b*c^4*d*e*f + b*c^4*d^2*g)*x^2 - 3*(8*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*b*e^2)*g)*ar
csin(c*x) + (18*b*c^3*e^2*g*x^3 + 128*b*c*d*e*g + 32*(b*c^3*e^2*f + 2*b*c^
3*d*e*g)*x^2 + 32*(9*b*c^3*d^2 + 2*b*c*e^2)*f + 9*(16*b*c^3*d*e*f + (8*b*c
^3*d^2 + 3*b*c*e^2)*g)*x)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))/c^4
```

### 3.89.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 502 vs.  $2(235) = 470$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 502, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} ad^2fx + \frac{ad^2gx^2}{2} + adefx^2 + \frac{2adegx^3}{3} + \frac{ae^2fx^3}{3} + \frac{ae^2gx^4}{4} + bd^2fx \arcsin(cx) + \frac{bd^2gx^2 \arcsin(cx)}{2} + bdefx^2 \arcsin(cx) \\ a\left(d^2fx + \frac{d^2gx^2}{2} + defx^2 + \frac{2degx^3}{3} + \frac{e^2fx^3}{3} + \frac{e^2gx^4}{4}\right) \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**2*(g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((a*d**2*f*x + a*d**2*g*x**2/2 + a*d*e*f*x**2 + 2*a*d*e*g*x**3/3
+ a*e**2*f*x**3/3 + a*e**2*g*x**4/4 + b*d**2*f*x*asin(c*x) + b*d**2*g*x**2
*asin(c*x)/2 + b*d*e*f*x**2*asin(c*x) + 2*b*d*e*g*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + b*e**
2*f*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + b*e**2*g*x**4*asin(c*x)/4 + b*d**2*f*sqrt(-c**2*x**
2 + 1)/c + b*d**2*g*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) + b*d*e*f*x*sqrt(-c**2*x*
*2 + 1)/(2*c) + 2*b*d*e*g*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + b*e**2*f*x**2*
sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + b*e**2*g*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) - b
*d**2*g*asin(c*x)/(4*c**2) - b*d*e*f*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2) + 4*b*d*e*g*sqrt(-
c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + 2*b*e**2*f*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + 3*b*e
**2*g*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*c**3) - 3*b*e**2*g*asin(c*x)/(32*c**4), N
e(c, 0)), (a*(d**2*f*x + d**2*g*x**2/2 + d*e*f*x**2 + 2*d*e*g*x**3/3 + e**
2*f*x**3/3 + e**2*g*x**4/4), True))
```



**3.89.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\
&= \frac{1}{4} ae^2 gx^4 + \frac{1}{3} ae^2 fx^3 + \frac{2}{3} adegx^3 + adefx^2 + \frac{1}{2} ad^2 gx^2 \\
&+ \frac{1}{2} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bdef \\
&+ \frac{1}{9} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) be^2f \\
&+ \frac{1}{4} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bd^2g \\
&+ \frac{2}{9} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) bdeg \\
&+ \frac{1}{32} \left( 8x^4 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^3}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x}{c^4} - \frac{3\arcsin(cx)}{c^5} \right) c \right) be^2g \\
&+ ad^2fx + \frac{(cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})bd^2f}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1/4*a*e^2*g*x^4 + 1/3*a*e^2*f*x^3 + 2/3*a*d*e*g*x^3 + a*d*e*f*x^2 + 1/2*a* \\
& d^2*g*x^2 + 1/2*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin( \\
& c*x)/c^3))*b*d*e*f + 1/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^ \\
& 2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*b*e^2*f + 1/4*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt( \\
& -c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*b*d^2*g + 2/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + \\
& c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*b*d*e*g + 1/32 \\
& *(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) \\
& *x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*b*e^2*g + a*d^2*f*x + (c*x*arcsin(c*x) + sq \\
& rt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*b*d^2*f/c
\end{aligned}$$

**3.89.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 491 vs.  $2(225) = 450$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 491, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int (d+ex)^2(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}ae^2gx^4 + \frac{1}{3}ae^2fx^3 + \frac{2}{3}adegx^3 + bd^2fx\arcsin(cx) + ad^2fx + \frac{(c^2x^2-1)be^2fx\arcsin(cx)}{3c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2(c^2x^2-1)bdegx\arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}bdefx}{2c} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}bd^2gx}{4c}$$

$$+ \frac{(c^2x^2-1)bdef\arcsin(cx)}{c^2} + \frac{(c^2x^2-1)bd^2g\arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} + \frac{be^2fx\arcsin(cx)}{3c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2bdegx\arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}bd^2f}{c} - \frac{(-c^2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}be^2gx}{16c^3} + \frac{(c^2x^2-1)adf}{c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(c^2x^2-1)ad^2g}{2c^2} + \frac{bdef\arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} + \frac{bd^2g\arcsin(cx)}{4c^2} + \frac{(c^2x^2-1)^2be^2g\arcsin(cx)}{4c^4}$$

$$- \frac{(-c^2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}be^2f}{9c^3} - \frac{2(-c^2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}bdeg}{9c^3} + \frac{5\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}be^2gx}{32c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(c^2x^2-1)be^2g\arcsin(cx)}{2c^4} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}be^2f}{3c^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}bdeg}{3c^3} + \frac{5be^2g\arcsin(cx)}{32c^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*a*e^2*g*x^4 + 1/3*a*e^2*f*x^3 + 2/3*a*d*e*g*x^3 + b*d^2*f*x*arcsin(c*x) + a*d^2*f*x + 1/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e^2*f*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 2/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*e*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d*e*f*x/c + 1/4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d^2*g*x/c + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*e*f*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d^2*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/3*b*e^2*f*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 2/3*b*d*e*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d^2*f/c - 1/16*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*e^2*g*x/c^3 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*d*e*f/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*d^2*g/c^2 + 1/2*b*d*e*f*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/4*b*d^2*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/4*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*e^2*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 - 1/9*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*e^2*f/c^3 - 2/9*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*d*e*g/c^3 + 5/32*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*e^2*g*x/c^3 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e^2*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*e^2*f/c^3 + 2/3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d*e*g/c^3 + 5/32*b*e^2*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^4`

**3.89.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \int (f + gx) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d + ex)^2 dx$$

input `int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^2, x)`

### 3.90 $\int (d + ex)(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.90.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{begx^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{9c} + \frac{b(4(9c^2df + 2eg) + 9c^2(ef + dg)x)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{36c^3} - \frac{b(ef + dg)\arcsin(cx)}{4c^2} + dfx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}(ef + dg)x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}egx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

output `-1/4*b*(d*g+e*f)*arcsin(c*x)/c^2+d*f*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/2*(d*g+e*f)*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/3*e*g*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/9*b*e*g*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/36*b*(36*c^2*d*f+8*e*g+9*c^2*(d*g+e*f)*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3`

### 3.90.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{6ac^3x(3d(2f + gx) + ex(3f + 2gx)) + b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(8eg + c^2(9d(4f + gx) + ex(9f + 4gx))) + 3bc(12c^2df + 3d^2x^2 + 3d^2x^2) + 3bc(12c^2df + 3d^2x^2 + 3d^2x^2)}{36c^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `(6*a*c^3*x*(3*d*(2*f + g*x) + e*x*(3*f + 2*g*x)) + b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(8*e*g + c^2*(9*d*(4*f + g*x) + e*x*(9*f + 4*g*x))) + 3*b*c*(12*c^2*d*f*x + 4*c^2*e*g*x^3 + 3*d*g*(-1 + 2*c^2*x^2) + e*f*(-3 + 6*c^2*x^2))*ArcSin[c*x]) / (36*c^3)`

### 3.90.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {5248, 27, 2340, 25, 533, 27, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5248}$$

$$-bc \int \frac{x(2egx^2 + 3(ef + dg)x + 6df)}{6\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}egx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$-\frac{1}{6}bc \int \frac{x(2egx^2 + 3(ef + dg)x + 6df)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}egx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{2340}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{6}bc \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{x(9(ef+dg)xc^2+2(9dfc^2+2eg))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{2egx^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \\
& \quad dfx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}egx^3(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& -\frac{1}{6}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{x(9(ef+dg)xc^2+2(9dfc^2+2eg))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{2egx^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \\
& \quad dfx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}egx^3(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 533 \\
& -\frac{1}{6}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{c^2(9(ef+dg)+4(9dfc^2+2eg)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{\frac{9}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dg+ef)}{3c^2} - \frac{2egx^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ \\
& \quad ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}egx^3(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{1}{6}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{9(ef+dg)+4(9dfc^2+2eg)x}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{9}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dg+ef)}{3c^2} - \frac{2egx^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ \\
& \quad ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}egx^3(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 455 \\
& -\frac{1}{6}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( 9(dg+ef) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - 4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2eg}{c^2} + 9df \right) \right) - \frac{9}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dg+ef)}{3c^2} - \frac{2egx^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3c^2} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}egx^3(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 223 \\
& \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}egx^3(a+b\arcsin(cx)) - \\
& \frac{1}{6}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{9\arcsin(cx)(dg+ef)}{c} - 4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{2eg}{c^2} + 9df \right) \right) - \frac{9}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dg+ef)}{3c^2} - \frac{2egx^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3c^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*(f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

```
output d*f*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + ((e*f + d*g)*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/2 + (e*g
*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/3 - (b*c*((-2*e*g*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(3*c^2)
+ ((-9*(e*f + d*g)*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/2 + (-4*(9*d*f + (2*e*g)/c^2)*Sqr
t[1 - c^2*x^2] + (9*(e*f + d*g)*ArcSin[c*x])/c)/2)/(3*c^2))/6
```

### 3.90.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 223 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt
[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]
```

```
rule 455 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 533 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*
p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && Integer
Q[2*p]
```

```
rule 2340 Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)
*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)
*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /;
GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ
[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])
```

```
rule 5248 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))*(Px_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHid
e[ExpandExpression[Px, x], x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c
Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

### 3.90.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
parts	$a \left( \frac{egx^3}{3} + \frac{(dg+ef)x^2}{2} + dfx \right) + \frac{b \left( \frac{c \arcsin(cx) egx^3}{3} + \frac{c \arcsin(cx) x^2 dg}{2} + \frac{c \arcsin(cx) x^2 ef}{2} + \arcsin(cx) dfx - \frac{2eg(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}}{c} \right)}{c^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \left( \frac{egc^3x^3}{3} + \frac{(d cg+ecf)c^2x^2}{2} + dc^3fx \right)}{c^2} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx) egc^3x^3}{3} + \frac{\arcsin(cx) c^3 dgx^2}{2} + \frac{\arcsin(cx) c^3 ef x^2}{2} + \arcsin(cx) dc^3fx - \frac{eg(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}}{c} \right)}{c}$
default	$\frac{a \left( \frac{egc^3x^3}{3} + \frac{(d cg+ecf)c^2x^2}{2} + dc^3fx \right)}{c^2} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx) egc^3x^3}{3} + \frac{\arcsin(cx) c^3 dgx^2}{2} + \frac{\arcsin(cx) c^3 ef x^2}{2} + \arcsin(cx) dc^3fx - \frac{eg(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}}{c} \right)}{c}$

```
input int((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(1/3*e*g*x^3+1/2*(d*g+e*f)*x^2+d*f*x)+b/c*(1/3*c*arcsin(c*x)*e*g*x^3+1/2
*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*d*g+1/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*e*f+arcsin(c*x)*d*f*c*x-1/6/c
^2*(2*e*g*(-1/3*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-2/3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-6*d*c^2
*f*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+(3*c*d*g+3*c*e*f)*(-1/2*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*a
rcsin(c*x)))
```

### 3.90.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{12 ac^3 egx^3 + 36 ac^3 dfx + 18 (ac^3 ef + ac^3 dg)x^2 + 3 (4 bc^3 egx^3 + 12 bc^3 dfx - 3 bcef - 3 bcdg + 6 (bc^3 ef + 36 c^3))}{36 c^3}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.90.  $\int (d + ex)(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$



output  $\frac{1}{36}(12ac^3egx^3 + 36ac^3d*fx + 18(a^3c^3ef + a^3c^3d*g)x^2 + 3(4b^3c^3egx^3 + 12b^3c^3d*fx - 3b^3c^3ef - 3b^3c^3d*g + 6(b^3c^3ef + b^3c^3d*g)x^2)*\arcsin(cx) + (4b^3c^2egx^2 + 36b^3c^2d*fx + 8b^3c^2g + 9(b^3c^2ef + b^3c^2d*g)x)*\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})/c^3$

### 3.90.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} adfx + \frac{adgx^2}{2} + \frac{aefx^2}{2} + \frac{aegx^3}{3} + bdfx \arcsin(cx) + \frac{bdgx^2 \arcsin(cx)}{2} + \frac{befx^2 \arcsin(cx)}{2} + \frac{begx^3 \arcsin(cx)}{3} + \frac{bdf\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c} \\ a\left(dfx + \frac{dgx^2}{2} + \frac{efx^2}{2} + \frac{egx^3}{3}\right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*d*f*x + a*d*g*x**2/2 + a*e*f*x**2/2 + a*e*g*x**3/3 + b*d*f*x*asin(c*x) + b*d*g*x**2*asin(c*x)/2 + b*e*f*x**2*asin(c*x)/2 + b*e*g*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + b*d*f*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + b*d*g*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) + b*e*f*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) + b*e*g*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) - b*d*g*asin(c*x)/(4*c**2) - b*e*f*asin(c*x)/(4*c**2) + 2*b*e*g*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3), Ne(c, 0)), (a*(d*f*x + d*g*x**2/2 + e*f*x**2/2 + e*g*x**3/3), True))`

**3.90.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex)(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\
&= \frac{1}{3} aegx^3 + \frac{1}{2} aefx^2 + \frac{1}{2} adgx^2 \\
&+ \frac{1}{4} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bef \\
&+ \frac{1}{4} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bdg \\
&+ \frac{1}{9} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) beg \\
&+ adfx + \frac{(cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})bdf}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*a*e*g*x^3 + 1/2*a*e*f*x^2 + 1/2*a*d*g*x^2 + 1/4*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*b*e*f + 1/4*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*b*d*g + 1/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*b*e*g + a*d*f*x + (c*x*arcsin(c*x) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*b*d*f/c`

### 3.90.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{3} aegx^3 + bdfx \arcsin(cx) + adfx$$

$$+ \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)begx \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}befx}{4c}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bdgx}{4c} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)bef \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)bdg \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{begx \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bdf}{c}$$

$$+ \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)ae f}{2c^2} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)adg}{2c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{bef \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2} + \frac{bdg \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2}$$

$$- \frac{(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}beg}{9c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}beg}{3c^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*a*e*g*x^3 + b*d*f*x*arcsin(c*x) + a*d*f*x + 1/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*e*f*x/c + 1/4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d*g*x/c + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e*f*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/3*b*e*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d*f/c + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*e*f/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*d*g/c^2 + 1/4*b*e*f*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/4*b*d*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 - 1/9*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*e*g/c^3 + 1/3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*e*g/c^3`

### 3.90.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{ax^2(dg+ef)}{2} + adfx + beg \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}-x^2} \left( \frac{2}{c^2} + x^2 \right)}{9} + \frac{x^3 \arcsin(cx)}{3} \right) + \frac{aegx^3}{3} + \frac{bdf(\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}+cx \arcsin(cx))}{c} + \frac{bdg \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c} \right)}{c} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\int (f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d + ex) dx$$

3.90.  $\int (d + ex)(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

input `int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x),x)`

output `piecewise(0 < c, (a*x^2*(d*g + e*f))/2 + a*d*f*x + b*e*g*(((1/c^2 - x^2)^(1/2)*(2/c^2 + x^2))/9 + (x^3*asin(c*x))/3) + (a*e*g*x^3)/3 + (b*d*f*(- c^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2) + c*x*asin(c*x)))/c + (b*d*g*((asin(c*x)*(2*c^2*x^2 - 1))/4 + (c*x*(- c^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2))/4))/c^2 + (b*e*f*((asin(c*x)*(2*c^2*x^2 - 1))/4 + (c*x*(- c^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2))/4))/c^2, ~0 < c, int((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x), x))`

### 3.91 $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{d+ex} dx$

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#### 3.91.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 344

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx = \frac{bg\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{ce} - \frac{ib(ef - dg) \arcsin(cx)^2}{2e^2} + \frac{gx(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e} + \frac{b(ef - dg) \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{b(ef - dg) \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^2} - \frac{b(ef - dg) \arcsin(cx) \log(d + ex)}{e^2} + \frac{(ef - dg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log(d + ex)}{e^2} - \frac{ib(ef - dg) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^2} - \frac{ib(ef - dg) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^2}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2*I*b*(-d*g+e*f)*\arcsin(c*x)^2/e^2+g*x*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))/e-b*(-d*g+e*f) \\ & * \arcsin(c*x)*\ln(e*x+d)/e^2+(-d*g+e*f)*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*\ln(e*x+d)/e^2+b*(- \\ & d*g+e*f)*\arcsin(c*x)*\ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2) \\ & )^(1/2)))/e^2+b*(-d*g+e*f)*\arcsin(c*x)*\ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)) \\ & / (c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^2-I*b*(-d*g+e*f)*\operatorname{polylog}(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2* \\ & x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^2-I*b*(-d*g+e*f)*\operatorname{polylog}(2,I*e* \\ & (I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^2+b*g*(-c^2*x^2+1) \\ & ^{(1/2)}/c/e \end{aligned}$$

### 3.91.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{beg\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{c} - \frac{1}{2}ib(ef - dg) \arcsin(cx)^2 + egx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + b(ef - dg) \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 + \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{-cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^2}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((b*e*g*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])/c - (I/2)*b*(e*f - d*g)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]^2 + e*g*x*( \\ & a + b*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]) + b*(e*f - d*g)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]*\operatorname{Log}[1 + (I*e*E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c* \\ & x])})/(- (c*d) + \operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] + b*(e*f - d*g)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]*\operatorname{Log}[1 - ( \\ & I*e*E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])})/(c*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] - b*(e*f - d*g)*\operatorname{ArcSin} \\ & [c*x]*\operatorname{Log}[d + e*x] + (e*f - d*g)*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])* \operatorname{Log}[d + e*x] - I*b*(e \\ & *f - d*g)*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (I*e*E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])})/(c*d - \operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - \\ & e^2])] - I*b*(e*f - d*g)*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (I*e*E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])})/(c*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - \\ & e^2])])]/e^2 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.91.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {5252, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.91. 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{d+ex} dx$$



### 3.91.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5252 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.)), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*(d + e*x)^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]`

### 3.91.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1565 vs.  $2(357) = 714$ .

Time = 1.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1566, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.55

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	1566
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1584
default	Expression too large to display	1584

input `int((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`



output

```

a*(g/e*x+(-d*g+e*f)/e^2*ln(e*x+d))+I*b*c^2/e^2*d^3*g/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((
I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+
e^2)^(1/2)))+b*g*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/e-I*b*d*g/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c
+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(
1/2)))+I*b*c^2/e^2*d^3*g/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+b*c^2/e*f*arcs
in(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2
)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^2+b*c^2/e*f*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-
e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(
-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^2-b*c^2/e^2*d^3*g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*
d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^
2)^(1/2)))-b*c^2/e^2*d^3*g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^
2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-1/2*
I*b*arcsin(c*x)^2/e*f+I*b*e*f/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-I*b*c^2/e*
f/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(
1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^2+b*d*g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln
((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^
2+e^2)^(1/2)))-b*e*f*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-b*e*f*a...

```

### 3.91.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{d+ex} dx = \int \frac{(gx+f)(b \arcsin(cx)+a)}{ex+d} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((a*g*x + a*f + (b*g*x + b*f)*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x + d), x)`

**3.91.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx)}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x)/(d + e*x), x)`

**3.91.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*g*(x/e - d*log(e*x + d)/e^2) + a*f*log(e*x + d)/e + integrate((b*g*x + b*f)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(e*x + d), x)`

**3.91.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d), x)`

**3.91.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d + e*x),x)`output `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d + e*x), x)`

### 3.92 $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

3.92.1	Optimal result	799
3.92.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	800
3.92.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	800
3.92.4	Maple [B] (verified)	803
3.92.5	Fricas [F]	804
3.92.6	Sympy [F]	804
3.92.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	804
3.92.8	Giac [F]	805
3.92.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	805

#### 3.92.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 358

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^2} dx = & -\frac{ibg \arcsin(cx)^2}{2e^2} - \frac{(ef-dg)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{e^2(d+ex)} \\
 & + \frac{bc(ef-dg) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2 dx}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e^2 \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \\
 & + \frac{bg \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^2} \\
 & + \frac{bg \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^2} \\
 & - \frac{bg \arcsin(cx) \log(d+ex)}{e^2} \\
 & + \frac{g(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log(d+ex)}{e^2} \\
 & - \frac{ibg \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^2} \\
 & - \frac{ibg \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2*I*b*g*\arcsin(c*x)^2/e^2-(d*g+e*f)*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))/e^2/(e*x+d)-b*g* \\ & \arcsin(c*x)*\ln(e*x+d)/e^2+g*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*\ln(e*x+d)/e^2+b*g*\arcsin(c*x) \\ & )*\ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^2+b*g*a \\ & rcsin(c*x)*\ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/ \\ & e^2-I*b*g*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2) \\ & ))/e^2-I*b*g*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2) \\ & ))/e^2+b*c*(-d*g+e*f)*\arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2 \\ & +1)^(1/2))/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.92.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{1}{2}ibg \arcsin(cx)^2 - \frac{(ef-dg)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{d+ex} + \frac{bc(ef-dg) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2 dx}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} + bg \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 + \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)}{-cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^2}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((-1/2*I)*b*g*ArcSin[c*x]^2 - ((e*f - d*g)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x) \\ & + (b*c*(e*f - d*g)*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2* \\ & x^2]])/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2] + b*g*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 + (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x] \\ & ))/(-(c*d) + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] + b*g*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*Ar \\ & cSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] - b*g*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[d + e*x] + \\ & g*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[d + e*x] - I*b*g*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x] \\ & ))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] - I*b*g*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]) \\ & ))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/e^2 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.92.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {5252, 25, 27, 7292, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.92.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^2} dx$



```
output -(((e*f - d*g)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(e^2*(d + e*x))) + (g*(a + b*ArcSin[c*
x])*Log[d + e*x])/e^2 + (b*c*(((1/2*I)*g*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/c + ((e*f - d*g)*
ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/Sqrt[c^2*d^
2 - e^2] + (g*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*
d^2 - e^2]))/c + (g*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d + Sq
rt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/c - (g*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[d + e*x])/c - (I*g*PolyLog[2,
(I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/c - (I*g*PolyLog[2,
(I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/c)/e^2
```

### 3.92.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5252 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_
Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*(d + e*x)^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 7292 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v !=
= u]
```

```
rule 7293 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

### 3.92.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 953 vs.  $2(367) = 734$ .

Time = 2.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 954, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

method	result
derivativedivides	$ac\left(\frac{g \ln(cex+dc)}{e^2} + \frac{c(dg-ef)}{e^2(cex+dc)}\right) + bc \left( -\frac{ig \arcsin(cx)^2}{2e^2} + \frac{(dg-ef) \arcsin(cx)c}{e^2(cex+dc)} + \frac{ig \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{idc+(icx+\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})e+\sqrt{-c^2d^2+e^2}}{idc+\sqrt{-c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)$
default	$ac\left(\frac{g \ln(cex+dc)}{e^2} + \frac{c(dg-ef)}{e^2(cex+dc)}\right) + bc \left( -\frac{ig \arcsin(cx)^2}{2e^2} + \frac{(dg-ef) \arcsin(cx)c}{e^2(cex+dc)} + \frac{ig \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{idc+(icx+\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})e+\sqrt{-c^2d^2+e^2}}{idc+\sqrt{-c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)$
parts	$a\left(-\frac{dg+ef}{e^2(ex+d)} + \frac{g \ln(ex+d)}{e^2}\right) + b \left( -\frac{ic \arcsin(cx)^2g}{2e^2} + \frac{(dg-ef) \arcsin(cx)c^2}{e^2(cex+dc)} - \frac{ic^3g \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{idc+(icx+\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})e-\sqrt{-c^2d^2+e^2}}{idc-\sqrt{-c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)}{e^2(c^2d^2-e^2)} \right)$

input `int((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c*(a*c*(g/e^2*ln(c*e*x+c*d)+c*(d*g-e*f)/e^2/(c*e*x+c*d))+b*c*(-1/2*I*g*arcsin(c*x)^2/e^2+(d*g-e*f)*arcsin(c*x)*c/e^2/(c*e*x+c*d)+I*g/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-I/e^2*g/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*c^2*d^2-2*I/e*c*f/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-2*d*c)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2))+1/e^2*g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*c^2*d^2+1/e^2*g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*c^2*d^2-g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+2*I/e^2*c*d*g/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-2*d*c)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2))+I*g/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-I/e^2*g/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*c^2*d^2)`



**3.92.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*g*x + a*f + (b*g*x + b*f)*arcsin(c*x))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

**3.92.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x)/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

**3.92.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((e-c*d)*(e+c*d)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

**3.92.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

**3.92.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

### 3.93 $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

3.93.1	Optimal result	806
3.93.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	806
3.93.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	807
3.93.4	Maple [B] (verified)	810
3.93.5	Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	812
3.93.6	Sympy [F]	813
3.93.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	814
3.93.8	Giac [F]	814
3.93.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	814

#### 3.93.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 202

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{bc(ef-dg)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2e(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{bg^2 \arcsin(cx)}{2e^2(ef-dg)} - \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{bc(2e^2g-c^2d(ef+dg)) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^2(c^2d^2-e^2)^{3/2}}$$

output  $1/2*b*g^2*\arcsin(c*x)/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)-1/2*(g*x+f)^2*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)^2-1/2*b*c*(2*e^2*g-c^2*d*(d*g+e*f))*\arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^{(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^{(3/2)}+1/2*b*c*(-d*g+e*f)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)$

#### 3.93.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{a(-ef+dg)}{(d+ex)^2} - \frac{2ag}{d+ex} - \frac{bce(ef-dg)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(-c^2d^2+e^2)(d+ex)} - \frac{b(dg+e(f+2gx)) \arcsin(cx)}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{bc(-2e^2g+c^2d(ef+dg)) \log(d+ex)}{(cd-e)(cd+e)\sqrt{-c^2d^2+e^2}} + \frac{bc(-2e^2g+c^2d(ef+dg)) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{-c^2d^2+e^2}}\right)}{2e^2}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output 
$$\frac{((a*(-(ef) + d*g))/(d + e*x)^2 - (2*a*g)/(d + e*x) - (b*c*e*(ef - d*g)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])/((-c^2*d^2) + e^2)*(d + e*x)) - (b*(d*g + e*(f + 2*g*x))*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/(d + e*x)^2 + (b*c*(-2*e^2*g + c^2*d*(ef + d*g))*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/((c*d - e)*(c*d + e)*\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2]) + (b*c*(-2*e^2*g + c^2*d*(ef + d*g))*\text{Log}[e + c^2*d*x + \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])]/((-c*d) + e)*(c*d + e)*\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2])}{(2*e^2)}$$

### 3.93.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5252, 27, 715, 719, 223, 488, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 5252 \\ & -bc \int -\frac{(f + gx)^2}{2(ef - dg)(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2(d + ex)^2(ef - dg)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{bc \int \frac{(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx}{2(ef - dg)} - \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2(d + ex)^2(ef - dg)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 715 \\ & \frac{bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{c^2 df^2 - g(2ef - dg) + \left(\frac{c^2 d^2}{e} - e\right) g^2 x}{(d + ex) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx}{c^2 d^2 - e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (ef - dg)^2}{e(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)} \right)}{2(ef - dg)} - \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2(d + ex)^2(ef - dg)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 719 \end{aligned}$$

$$bc \left( \frac{g^2(cd-e)(cd+e) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{e^2} - \frac{(ef-dg)(2e^2g-c^2d(dg+ef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)^2}{e(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2(ef-dg)(f+gx)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 223

$$bc \left( \frac{g^2 \arcsin(cx)(cd-e)(cd+e)}{ce^2} - \frac{(ef-dg)(2e^2g-c^2d(dg+ef)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)^2}{e(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2(ef-dg)(f+gx)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 488

$$bc \left( \frac{(ef-dg)(2e^2g-c^2d(dg+ef)) \int \frac{1}{\frac{-c^2d^2+c^2-\frac{(dxc^2+e)}{1-c^2x^2}}{e^2}} d \frac{dxc^2+e}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{c^2d^2-e^2} + \frac{g^2 \arcsin(cx)(cd-e)(cd+e)}{ce^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)^2}{e(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2(ef-dg)(f+gx)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

↓ 217

$$bc \left( \frac{g^2 \arcsin(cx)(cd-e)(cd+e)}{ce^2} - \frac{(ef-dg) \arctan\left(\frac{c^2dx+e}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)(2e^2g-c^2d(dg+ef))}{c^2d^2-e^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)^2}{e(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2(ef-dg)(f+gx)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2(d+ex)^2(ef-dg)}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/((e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^2) + (b*c*((e*f - d*g)^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(e*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (((c*d - e)*(c*d + e)*g^2*ArcSin[c*x])/(c*e^2) - ((e*f - d*g)*(2*e^2*g - c^2*d*(e*f + d*g))*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]])/(e^2*sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/(c^2*d^2 - e^2))/(2*(e*f - d*g))`

## 3.93.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 715 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(f + g*x)^n, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(f + g*x)^n, d + e*x, x]}, Simp[(e*R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Q + c*d*R*(m + 1) - c*e*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (NeQ[m + n, 0] || EqQ[p, -2^(-1)])`
- rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 5252 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*(P_x_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*(d + e*x)^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

**3.93.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 534 vs.  $2(186) = 372$ .

Time = 2.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 535, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

method	result
parts	$a \left( -\frac{g}{e^2(ex+d)} - \frac{-dg+ef}{2e^2(ex+d)^2} \right) + b \left( \frac{c^3 \arcsin(cx)dg}{2e^2(cx+dc)^2} - \frac{c^3 \arcsin(cx)f}{2e(cx+dc)^2} - \frac{c^2 \arcsin(cx)g}{e^2(cx+dc)} + \frac{2g \ln \left( -\frac{2(c^2d^2-e^2)}{e^2} + \frac{2dc}{e} \right)}{e^2} \right)$
derivativedivides	$a c^2 \left( \frac{c(dg-ef)}{2e^2(cx+dc)^2} - \frac{g}{e^2(cx+dc)} \right) + b c^2 \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx)cdg}{2e^2(cx+dc)^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)cf}{2e(cx+dc)^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)g}{e^2(cx+dc)} + \frac{2g \ln \left( -\frac{2(c^2d^2-e^2)}{e^2} + \frac{2dc(cx+\frac{dc}{e})}{e} \right)}{e^2} \right)$
3.93.	$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx$



input `int((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(-g/e^2/(e*x+d)-1/2*(-d*g+e*f)/e^2/(e*x+d)^2)+b/c*(1/2*c^3*arcsin(c*x)/e^2/(c*e*x+c*d)^2*d*g-1/2*c^3*arcsin(c*x)/e/(c*e*x+c*d)^2*f-c^2*arcsin(c*x)*g/e^2/(c*e*x+c*d)+1/2*c^2/e^2*(-2*g/e/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(c*x+d*c/e))-c*(d*g-e*f)/e^2*(1/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2))*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2))*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(c*x+d*c/e))))`

### 3.93.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 578 vs.  $2(185) = 370$ .

Time = 3.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1184, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.86

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```

[-1/4*(4*(a*c^4*d^4*e - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a*e^5)*g*x + (b*c^3*d^3*e*f + (b
*c^3*d*e^3*f + (b*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 2*b*c*e^4)*g)*x^2 + (b*c^3*d^4 - 2*b*c*d^2
*e^2)*g + 2*(b*c^3*d^2*e^2*f + (b*c^3*d^3*e - 2*b*c*d*e^3)*g)*x)*sqrt(-c^2
*d^2 + e^2)*log((2*c^2*d*e*x - c^2*d^2 + (2*c^4*d^2 - c^2*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt
(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(c^2*d*x + e)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) + 2*e^2)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d
*e*x + d^2)) + 2*(a*c^4*d^4*e - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a*e^5)*f + 2*(a*c^4*d^5
- 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a*d*e^4)*g + 2*(2*(b*c^4*d^4*e - 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^3 + b*e
^5)*g*x + (b*c^4*d^4*e - 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^3 + b*e^5)*f + (b*c^4*d^5 - 2*b*c^2
*d^3*e^2 + b*d*e^4)*g)*arcsin(c*x) - 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*((b*c^3*d^3*e^2
- b*c*d*e^4)*f - (b*c^3*d^4*e - b*c*d^2*e^3)*g + ((b*c^3*d^2*e^3 - b*c*e^5
)*f - (b*c^3*d^3*e^2 - b*c*d*e^4)*g)*x)/(c^4*d^6*e^2 - 2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + d^
2*e^6 + (c^4*d^4*e^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*e^6 + e^8)*x^2 + 2*(c^4*d^5*e^3 - 2*c^2*d
^3*e^5 + d*e^7)*x), -1/2*(2*(a*c^4*d^4*e - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a*e^5)*g*x -
(b*c^3*d^3*e*f + (b*c^3*d*e^3*f + (b*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 2*b*c*e^4)*g)*x^2 + (b
*c^3*d^4 - 2*b*c*d^2*e^2)*g + 2*(b*c^3*d^2*e^2*f + (b*c^3*d^3*e - 2*b*c*d*e
^3)*g)*x)*sqrt(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*arctan(sqrt(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(c^2*d*x + e)*sqrt
(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*d^2 - (c^4*d^2 - c^2*e^2)*x^2 - e^2)) + (a*c^4*d^4*e
- 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a*e^5)*f + (a*c^4*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a*d*e^4)*g +
(2*(b*c^4*d^4*e - 2*b*c^2*d^2*e^3 + b*e^5)*g*x + (b*c^4*d^4*e - 2*b*c^2*d
^2*e^3 + b*e^5)*f + (b*c^4*d^5 - 2*b*c^2*d^3*e^2 + b*d*e^4)*g)*arcsin(c...

```

### 3.93.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(f+gx)}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x)/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

**3.93.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((e-c*d)*(e+c*d)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

**3.93.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

**3.93.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

### 3.94 $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

3.94.1	Optimal result	815
3.94.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	815
3.94.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	816
3.94.4	Maple [B] (verified)	819
3.94.5	Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	821
3.94.6	Sympy [F]	822
3.94.7	Maxima [F]	823
3.94.8	Giac [F]	823
3.94.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	823

#### 3.94.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 257

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{bc(ef-dg)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{6e(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{bc(c^2df-eg)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)^2(d+ex)} - \frac{(ef-dg)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^3} - \frac{g(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^2(d+ex)^2} + \frac{bc^3(e^2(ef-4dg)+c^2d^2(2ef+dg)) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{6e^2(c^2d^2-e^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(-d*g+e*f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^2/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*g*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^2/(e*x+d)^2+1/6*b*c^3*(e^2*(-4*d*g+e*f)+c^2*d^2*(d*g+2*e*f))*arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(5/2)+1/6*b*c*(-d*g+e*f)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)^2+1/2*b*c*(c^2*d*f-e*g)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2/(e*x+d)
```

#### 3.94.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{a(-2ef+2dg)}{(d+ex)^3} - \frac{3ag}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{bce\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d(4def-d^2g+3e^2fx)-e^2(2dg+e(f+3gx)))}{(-c^2d^2+e^2)^2(d+ex)^2} - \frac{b(2ef+dg+3egx) \arcsin(cx)}{(d+ex)^3} + \frac{bc^3(e^2(ef-4dg))}{(-cd+e)6e^2}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output 
$$\frac{((a*(-2*ef + 2*d*g))/(d + e*x)^3 - (3*a*g)/(d + e*x)^2 + (b*c*e*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(c^2*d*(4*d*ef - d^2*g + 3*e^2*f*x) - e^2*(2*d*g + e*(f + 3*g*x))))/((-c^2*d^2) + e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^2 - (b*(2*ef + d*g + 3*e*g*x)*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/(d + e*x)^3 + (b*c^3*(e^2*(ef - 4*d*g) + c^2*d^2*(2*ef + d*g))*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/((-c*d) + e)^2*(c*d + e)^2*\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2]) - (b*c^3*(e^2*(ef - 4*d*g) + c^2*d^2*(2*ef + d*g))*\text{Log}[e + c^2*d*x + \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2]]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])/((-c*d) + e)^2*(c*d + e)^2*\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2])}{(6*e^2)}$$

### 3.94.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5252, 27, 688, 27, 679, 488, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5252} \\ & -bc \int -\frac{2ef + dg + 3egx}{6e^2(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(ef - dg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^2(d + ex)^3} - \frac{g(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^2(d + ex)^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{bc \int \frac{2ef + dg + 3egx}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx}{6e^2} - \frac{(ef - dg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^2(d + ex)^3} - \frac{g(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^2(d + ex)^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{688} \\ & \frac{bc \left( \frac{\int -\frac{2(-d(2ef + dg)c^2 + e(ef - dg)xc^2 + 3e^2g)}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx}{2(c^2d^2 - e^2)} + \frac{e\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(ef - dg)}{(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^2} \right)}{6e^2} - \frac{(ef - dg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^2(d + ex)^3} - \\ & \quad \frac{g(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^2(d + ex)^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{-d(2ef+dg)c^2+e(ef-dg)xc^2+3e^2g}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)}{6e^2} - \frac{(ef-dg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^3} \\
& \quad - \frac{g(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2e^2(d+ex)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{679} \\
& \frac{bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{c^2(c^2d^2(dg+2ef)+e^2(ef-4dg)) \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} - \frac{3e^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2df-eg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} \right)}{6e^2} \\
& \quad - \frac{(ef-dg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^3} - \frac{g(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2e^2(d+ex)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
& \frac{bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{c^2(c^2d^2(dg+2ef)+e^2(ef-4dg)) \int \frac{1}{(dxc^2+e)^2} d \frac{dxc^2+e}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{c^2d^2-e^2} - \frac{3e^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2df-eg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} \right)}{6e^2} \\
& \quad - \frac{(ef-dg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^3} - \frac{g(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2e^2(d+ex)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
& \frac{bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{c^2 \arctan\left(\frac{c^2dx+e}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right) (c^2d^2(dg+2ef)+e^2(ef-4dg))}{(c^2d^2-e^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3e^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2df-eg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} \right)}{6e^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `-1/3*((ef - d*g)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(e^2*(d + e*x)^3) - (g*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*e^2*(d + e*x)^2) + (b*c*((e*(ef - d*g)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) - ((-3*e^2*(c^2*d*f - e*g)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) - (c^2*(e^2*(e*f - 4*d*g) + c^2*d^2*(2*e*f + d*g))*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2))/(6*e^2)`

$$3.94. \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx$$

## 3.94.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 679 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`
- rule 688 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`
- rule 5252 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*(d + e*x)^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

**3.94.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 907 vs.  $2(237) = 474$ .

Time = 3.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 908, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.53



method	result
parts	$a \left( -\frac{g}{2e^2(ex+d)^2} - \frac{-dg+ef}{3e^2(ex+d)^3} \right) +$ $b \frac{c^4 \arcsin(cx)dg}{3e^2(cex+dc)^3} - \frac{c^4 \arcsin(cx)f}{3e(cex+dc)^3} - \frac{c^3 \arcsin(cx)g}{2e^2(cex+dc)^2} +$ $c^3 \left[ \frac{3g}{c^3} \frac{e^2 \sqrt{-(cx + \frac{dc}{e})^2 + \frac{2dc}{e}}}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)} \right]$
3.94.	$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

input `int((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(-1/2*g/e^2/(e*x+d)^2-1/3*(-d*g+e*f)/e^2/(e*x+d)^3)+b/c*(1/3*c^4*arcsin(c*x)/e^2/(c*e*x+c*d)^3*d*g-1/3*c^4*arcsin(c*x)/e/(c*e*x+c*d)^3*f-1/2*c^3*arcsin(c*x)*g/e^2/(c*e*x+c*d)^2+1/6*c^3/e^2*(3*g/e^2*(1/(c^2*d^2-e^2))*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)))/(c*x+d*c/e))-2*c*(d*g-e*f)/e^3*(1/2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)^2*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+3/2*d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*(1/(c^2*d^2-e^2))*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)))/(c*x+d*c/e))+1/2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)))/(c*x+d*c/e))))`

### 3.94.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 946 vs.  $2(237) = 474$ .

Time = 16.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1920, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.47

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

```

output [-1/12*(6*(a*c^6*d^6*e - 3*a*c^4*d^4*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - a*e^7)*g*x -
sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(((2*b*c^5*d^2*e^4 + b*c^3*e^6)*f + (b*c^5*d^3*e^3 -
4*b*c^3*d*e^5)*g)*x^3 + 3*((2*b*c^5*d^3*e^3 + b*c^3*d*e^5)*f + (b*c^5*d^4*
e^2 - 4*b*c^3*d^2*e^4)*g)*x^2 + (2*b*c^5*d^5*e + b*c^3*d^3*e^3)*f + (b*c^5
*d^6 - 4*b*c^3*d^4*e^2)*g + 3*((2*b*c^5*d^4*e^2 + b*c^3*d^2*e^4)*f + (b*c^
5*d^5*e - 4*b*c^3*d^3*e^3)*g)*x)*log((2*c^2*d*e*x - c^2*d^2 + (2*c^4*d^2 -
c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(c^2*d*x + e)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) +
2*e^2)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 4*(a*c^6*d^6*e - 3*a*c^4*d^4*e^3 + 3*a
*c^2*d^2*e^5 - a*e^7)*f + 2*(a*c^6*d^7 - 3*a*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^4
- a*d*e^6)*g + 2*(3*(b*c^6*d^6*e - 3*b*c^4*d^4*e^3 + 3*b*c^2*d^2*e^5 - b*
e^7)*g*x + 2*(b*c^6*d^6*e - 3*b*c^4*d^4*e^3 + 3*b*c^2*d^2*e^5 - b*e^7)*f +
(b*c^6*d^7 - 3*b*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 3*b*c^2*d^3*e^4 - b*d*e^6)*g)*arcsin(c*x)
- 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*(3*((b*c^5*d^3*e^4 - b*c^3*d*e^6)*f - (b*c^3*d^2*e^
5 - b*c*e^7)*g)*x^2 + (4*b*c^5*d^5*e^2 - 5*b*c^3*d^3*e^4 + b*c*d*e^6)*f -
(b*c^5*d^6*e + b*c^3*d^4*e^3 - 2*b*c*d^2*e^5)*g + ((7*b*c^5*d^4*e^3 - 8*b*
c^3*d^2*e^5 + b*c*e^7)*f - (b*c^5*d^5*e^2 + 4*b*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 5*b*c*d*e^6)
*g)*x))/(c^6*d^9*e^2 - 3*c^4*d^7*e^4 + 3*c^2*d^5*e^6 - d^3*e^8 + (c^6*d^6*
e^5 - 3*c^4*d^4*e^7 + 3*c^2*d^2*e^9 - e^11)*x^3 + 3*(c^6*d^7*e^4 - 3*c^4*d
^5*e^6 + 3*c^2*d^3*e^8 - d*e^10)*x^2 + 3*(c^6*d^8*e^3 - 3*c^4*d^6*e^5 + 3*
c^2*d^4*e^7 - d^2*e^9)*x), -1/6*(3*(a*c^6*d^6*e - 3*a*c^4*d^4*e^3 + 3*a...

```

### 3.94.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(f+gx)}{(d+ex)^4} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d)**4,x)
```

```
output Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x)/(d + e*x)**4, x)
```

**3.94.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6*(3*e*x + d)*a*g/(e^5*x^3 + 3*d*e^4*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^3*x + d^3*e^2) - 1/3*a*f/(e^4*x^3 + 3*d*e^3*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^2*x + d^3*e) - 1/6*((3*b*e*g*x + 2*b*e*f + b*d*g)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1)) + 6*(e^5*x^3 + 3*d*e^4*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^3*x + d^3*e^2)*integrate(1/6*(3*b*c*e*g*x + 2*b*c*e*f + b*c*d*g)*e^(1/2*log(c*x + 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x + 1))/(c^4*e^5*x^7 + 3*c^4*d*e^4*x^6 - 3*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^3 - c^2*d^3*e^2*x^2 + (3*c^4*d^2*e^3 - c^2*e^5)*x^5 + (c^4*d^3*e^2 - 3*c^2*d*e^4)*x^4 + (c^2*e^5*x^5 + 3*c^2*d*e^4*x^4 - 3*d^2*e^3*x - d^3*e^2 + (3*c^2*d^2*e^3 - e^5)*x^3 + (c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*d*e^4)*x^2)*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(-c*x + 1)), x))/(e^5*x^3 + 3*d*e^4*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^3*x + d^3*e^2)`

**3.94.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

**3.94.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

### 3.95 $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^5} dx$

3.95.1	Optimal result	824
3.95.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	825
3.95.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	825
3.95.4	Maple [B] (verified)	829
3.95.5	Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	830
3.95.6	Sympy [F]	831
3.95.7	Maxima [F]	832
3.95.8	Giac [F(-2)]	832
3.95.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	833

#### 3.95.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 360

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{bc(ef - dg)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{12e(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^3} - \frac{bc(4e^2g - c^2d(5ef - dg))\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{24e(c^2d^2 - e^2)^2(d + ex)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{bc^3(4e^2(ef - 4dg) + c^2d^2(11ef + dg))\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{24e(c^2d^2 - e^2)^3(d + ex)}$$

$$- \frac{(ef - dg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d + ex)^4} - \frac{g(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^2(d + ex)^3}$$

$$- \frac{bc^3(4e^4g - c^2de^2(9ef - 13dg) - 2c^4d^3(3ef + dg)) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{24e^2(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-d*g+e*f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^2/(e*x+d)^4-1/3*g*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^2/(e*x+d)^3-1/24*b*c^3*(4*e^4*g-c^2*d*e^2*(-13*d*g+9*e*f)-2*c^4*d^3*(d*g+3*e*f))*arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(7/2)+1/12*b*c*(-d*g+e*f)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)^3-1/24*b*c*(4*e^2*g-c^2*d*(-d*g+5*e*f))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2+1/24*b*c^3*(4*e^2*(-4*d*g+e*f)+c^2*d^2*(d*g+11*e*f))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^3/(e*x+d)
```

### 3.95.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{a(-6ef+6dg)}{(d+ex)^4} - \frac{8ag}{(d+ex)^3} - \frac{be\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^5d^2(-2d^3g+11e^3fx^2+d^2e(18f+gx))+de^2x(27f+gx))+2ce^4(dg+e(f+2gx))-c^3e^2(15d^3g-4e^3fx^2)}{(-c^2d^2+e^2)^3(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^5,x]`

output 
$$\frac{((a*(-6*e*f + 6*d*g))/(d + e*x)^4 - (8*a*g)/(d + e*x)^3 - (b*e*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(c^5*d^2*(-2*d^3*g + 11*e^3*f*x^2 + d^2*e*(18*f + g*x) + d*e^2*x*(27*f + g*x)) + 2*c*e^4*(d*g + e*(f + 2*g*x)) - c^3*e^2*(15*d^3*g - 4*e^3*f*x^2 + 5*d^2*e*(f + 7*g*x) + d*e^2*x*(-3*f + 16*g*x))))/((-c^2*d^2) + e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^3 - (2*b*(3*e*f + d*g + 4*e*g*x)*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/(d + e*x)^4 + (b*c^3*(4*e^4*g - 2*c^4*d^3*(3*e*f + d*g) + c^2*d*e^2*(-9*e*f + 13*d*g))*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/((-c*d) + e)^3*(c*d + e)^3*\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2] + (b*c^3*(-4*e^4*g + c^2*d*e^2*(9*e*f - 13*d*g) + 2*c^4*d^3*(3*e*f + d*g))*\text{Log}[e + c^2*d*x + \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]])/((-c*d) + e)^3*(c*d + e)^3*\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2])}{(24*e^2)}$$

### 3.95.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$ , Rules used = {5252, 27, 688, 27, 688, 25, 27, 679, 488, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5252$$

$$-bc \int \frac{3ef + dg + 4egx}{12e^2(d + ex)^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(ef - dg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d + ex)^4} - \frac{g(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^2(d + ex)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{bc \int \frac{3ef+dg+4egx}{(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{12e^2} - \frac{(ef-dg)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} - \frac{g(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 688 \\
& \frac{bc \left( \frac{\int -\frac{3(-d(3ef+dg)c^2+2e(ef-dg)xc^2+4e^2g)}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3(c^2d^2-e^2)} + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} \right)}{12e^2} - \frac{(ef-dg)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} - \\
& \quad \frac{g(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(3ef+dg)c^2+2e(ef-dg)xc^2+4e^2g}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)}{12e^2} - \frac{(ef-dg)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} - \\
& \quad \frac{g(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 688 \\
& \frac{bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{c^2(2(c^2(3ef+dg)d^2+2e^2(ef-3dg))+e(4e^2g-c^2d(5ef-dg))x)}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)} + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(4e^2g-c^2d(5ef-dg))}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} \right)}{12e^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{(ef-dg)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} - \frac{g(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(4e^2g-c^2d(5ef-dg))}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{c^2(2(c^2(3ef+dg)d^2+2e^2(ef-3dg))+e(4e^2g-c^2d(5ef-dg))x)}{(d+ex)^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)} \right)}{12e^2} - \\
& \quad \frac{(ef-dg)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} - \frac{g(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^5} dx
\end{aligned}$$

3.95.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^5} dx$

$$bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(4e^2g-c^2d(5ef-dg))}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{c^2 \int \frac{2(c^2(3ef+dg)d^2+2e^2(ef-3dg))+e(4e^2g-c^2d(5ef-dg))x}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{(ef-dg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} - \frac{12e^2}{3e^2(d+ex)^3} g(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 679

$$bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(4e^2g-c^2d(5ef-dg))}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d^2(dg+11ef)+4e^2(ef-4dg))}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} - \frac{(-2c^4d^3(dg+3ef)-c^2de^2(9ef-13dg)+4e^4g)}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{(ef-dg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} - \frac{12e^2}{3e^2(d+ex)^3} g(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 488

$$bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(4e^2g-c^2d(5ef-dg))}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{(-2c^4d^3(dg+3ef)-c^2de^2(9ef-13dg)+4e^4g) \int \frac{1}{-c^2d^2+e^2-\frac{(dxc^2+e)^2}{1-c^2x^2}} d \frac{dxc^2+e}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{c^2d^2-e^2} + e \right)}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{(ef-dg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} - \frac{12e^2}{3e^2(d+ex)^3} g(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 217

$$-\frac{(ef-dg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} - \frac{g(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3e^2(d+ex)^3} +$$

$$bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(4e^2g-c^2d(5ef-dg))}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d^2(dg+11ef)+4e^2(ef-4dg))}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{c^2dx+e}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right) (-2c^4d^3(dg+3ef)-c^2de^2(9ef-13dg)+4e^4g)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)^3} \right)$$

12e<sup>2</sup>

---

3.95.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^5} dx$



input `Int[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^5,x]`

output `-1/4*((e*f - d*g)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(e^2*(d + e*x)^4) - (g*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*e^2*(d + e*x)^3) + (b*c*((e*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)^3) - ((e*(4*e^2*g - c^2*d*(5*e*f - d*g))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) - (c^2*((e*(4*e^2*(e*f - 4*d*g) + c^2*d^2*(11*e*f + d*g))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) - ((4*e^4*g - c^2*d*e^2*(9*e*f - 13*d*g) - 2*c^4*d^3*(3*e*f + d*g))*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2)))/(2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2))/(c^2*d^2 - e^2))/(12*e^2)`

### 3.95.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 679 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

```
rule 688 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 5252 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_
Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*(d + e*x)^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

### 3.95.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1549 vs.  $2(336) = 672$ .

Time = 3.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1550, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.31

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	1550
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1554
default	Expression too large to display	1554

```
input int((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

a*(-1/4*(-d*g+e*f)/e^2/(e*x+d)^4-1/3*g/e^2/(e*x+d)^3)+b/c*(1/4*c^5*arcsin(
c*x)/e^2/(c*e*x+c*d)^4*d*g-1/4*c^5*arcsin(c*x)/e/(c*e*x+c*d)^4*f-1/3*c^4*a
rcsin(c*x)*g/e^2/(c*e*x+c*d)^3+1/12*c^4/e^2*(4*g/e^3*(1/2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^
2/(c*x+d*c/e)^2*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/
2)+3/2*d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*(1/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^
2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(-(c^2*
d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*
d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)
^(1/2))/(c*x+d*c/e)))+1/2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln(
(-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(
c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(c*x+d*c/e))-3
*c*(d*g-e*f)/e^4*(1/3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)^3*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*
c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+5/3*d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*(1/2/(c^2
*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)^2*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e
^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+3/2*d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*(1/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)*(-
(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-
e^2)/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/
e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d
^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(c*x+d*c/e)))+1/2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^
2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)...

```

### 3.95.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1407 vs.  $2(334) = 668$ .

Time = 64.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2839, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.89

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-1/48*(16*(a*c^8*d^8*e - 4*a*c^6*d^6*e^3 + 6*a*c^4*d^4*e^5 - 4*a*c^2*d^2*
e^7 + a*e^9)*g*x + ((3*(2*b*c^7*d^3*e^5 + 3*b*c^5*d*e^7)*f + (2*b*c^7*d^4*
e^4 - 13*b*c^5*d^2*e^6 - 4*b*c^3*e^8)*g)*x^4 + 4*(3*(2*b*c^7*d^4*e^4 + 3*b
*c^5*d^2*e^6)*f + (2*b*c^7*d^5*e^3 - 13*b*c^5*d^3*e^5 - 4*b*c^3*d*e^7)*g)*
x^3 + 6*(3*(2*b*c^7*d^5*e^3 + 3*b*c^5*d^3*e^5)*f + (2*b*c^7*d^6*e^2 - 13*b
*c^5*d^4*e^4 - 4*b*c^3*d^2*e^6)*g)*x^2 + 3*(2*b*c^7*d^7*e + 3*b*c^5*d^5*e^
3)*f + (2*b*c^7*d^8 - 13*b*c^5*d^6*e^2 - 4*b*c^3*d^4*e^4)*g + 4*(3*(2*b*c^
7*d^6*e^2 + 3*b*c^5*d^4*e^4)*f + (2*b*c^7*d^7*e - 13*b*c^5*d^5*e^3 - 4*b*c
^3*d^3*e^5)*g)*x)*sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*log((2*c^2*d*e*x - c^2*d^2 + (2*c^4
*d^2 - c^2*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(c^2*d*x + e)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 +
1) + 2*e^2)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 12*(a*c^8*d^8*e - 4*a*c^6*d^6*e^
3 + 6*a*c^4*d^4*e^5 - 4*a*c^2*d^2*e^7 + a*e^9)*f + 4*(a*c^8*d^9 - 4*a*c^6*
d^7*e^2 + 6*a*c^4*d^5*e^4 - 4*a*c^2*d^3*e^6 + a*d*e^8)*g + 4*(4*(b*c^8*d^8
*e - 4*b*c^6*d^6*e^3 + 6*b*c^4*d^4*e^5 - 4*b*c^2*d^2*e^7 + b*e^9)*g*x + 3*
(b*c^8*d^8*e - 4*b*c^6*d^6*e^3 + 6*b*c^4*d^4*e^5 - 4*b*c^2*d^2*e^7 + b*e^9
)*f + (b*c^8*d^9 - 4*b*c^6*d^7*e^2 + 6*b*c^4*d^5*e^4 - 4*b*c^2*d^3*e^6 + b
*d*e^8)*g)*arcsin(c*x) - 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*(((11*b*c^7*d^4*e^5 - 7*b*c^
5*d^2*e^7 - 4*b*c^3*e^9)*f + (b*c^7*d^5*e^4 - 17*b*c^5*d^3*e^6 + 16*b*c^3*
d*e^8)*g)*x^3 + ((38*b*c^7*d^5*e^4 - 31*b*c^5*d^3*e^6 - 7*b*c^3*d*e^8)*f +
(2*b*c^7*d^6*e^3 - 53*b*c^5*d^4*e^5 + 55*b*c^3*d^2*e^7 - 4*b*c*e^9)*g)...

```

### 3.95.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(f+gx)}{(d+ex)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d)**5,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x)/(d + e*x)**5, x)`

## 3.95.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/12*(4*e*x + d)*a*g/(e^6*x^4 + 4*d*e^5*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^3*x + d^4*e^2) - 1/4*a*f/(e^5*x^4 + 4*d*e^4*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^2*x + d^4*e) - 1/12*((4*b*e*g*x + 3*b*e*f + b*d*g)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1) + 12*(e^6*x^4 + 4*d*e^5*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^3*x + d^4*e^2)*integrate(1/12*(4*b*c*e*g*x + 3*b*c*e*f + b*c*d*g)*e^(1/2*log(c*x + 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x + 1))/(c^4*e^6*x^8 + 4*c^4*d*e^5*x^7 - 4*c^2*d^3*e^3*x^3 - c^2*d^4*e^2*x^2 + (6*c^4*d^2*e^4 - c^2*e^6)*x^6 + 4*(c^4*d^3*e^3 - c^2*d*e^5)*x^5 + (c^4*d^4*e^2 - 6*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^4 + (c^2*e^6*x^6 + 4*c^2*d*e^5*x^5 - 4*d^3*e^3*x - d^4*e^2 + (6*c^2*d^2*e^4 - e^6)*x^4 + 4*(c^2*d^3*e^3 - d*e^5)*x^3 + (c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*d^2*e^4)*x^2)*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(-c*x + 1))), x)/(e^6*x^4 + 4*d*e^5*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^3*x + d^4*e^2)`

## 3.95.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vateur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.95.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^5,x)`output `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^5, x)`

### 3.96 $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^6} dx$

3.96.1	Optimal result	834
3.96.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	835
3.96.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	835
3.96.4	Maple [B] (verified)	840
3.96.5	Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	841
3.96.6	Sympy [F]	842
3.96.7	Maxima [F]	843
3.96.8	Giac [F]	843
3.96.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	844

#### 3.96.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 457

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{bc(ef-dg)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{20e(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{bc(5e^2g-c^2d(7ef-2dg))\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{60e(c^2d^2-e^2)^2(d+ex)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{bc^3(e^2(9ef-34dg)+c^2d^2(26ef-dg))\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{120e(c^2d^2-e^2)^3(d+ex)^2}$$

$$- \frac{bc^3(4e^4g-c^2de^2(11ef-18dg)-c^4d^3(10ef+dg))\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{24e(c^2d^2-e^2)^4(d+ex)}$$

$$- \frac{(ef-dg)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{5e^2(d+ex)^5} - \frac{g(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4}$$

$$+ \frac{bc^5(c^2d^2e^2(24ef-19dg)+3e^4(ef-6dg)+2c^4d^4(4ef+dg)) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{40e^2(c^2d^2-e^2)^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/5*(-d*g+e*f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^2/(e*x+d)^5-1/4*g*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^2/(e*x+d)^4+1/40*b*c^5*(c^2*d^2*e^2*(-19*d*g+24*e*f)+3*e^4*(-6*d*g+e*f)+2*c^4*d^4*(d*g+4*e*f))*arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(9/2)+1/20*b*c*(-d*g+e*f)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)^4-1/60*b*c*(5*e^2*g-c^2*d*(-2*d*g+7*e*f))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2/(e*x+d)^3+1/120*b*c^3*(e^2*(-34*d*g+9*e*f)+c^2*d^2*(-d*g+26*e*f))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^3/(e*x+d)^2-1/24*b*c^3*(4*e^4*g-c^2*d*e^2*(-18*d*g+11*e*f)-c^4*d^3*(d*g+10*e*f))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^4/(e*x+d)
```

### 3.96.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 494, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{3a(-8ef + 8dg)}{(d+ex)^5} - \frac{30ag}{(d+ex)^4} + \frac{bce\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(-6(-c^2d^2+e^2)^3(ef-dg)-2(-c^2d^2+e^2)^2(5e^2g+c^2d(-7ef+2dg))(d+ex)-c^2(c^2d^2-e^2)(c^2d^2(-c^2d^2+e^2)^4(d+ex))}{(-c^2d^2+e^2)^4(d+ex)}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^6,x]`

output

```
((3*a*(-8*e*f + 8*d*g))/(d + e*x)^5 - (30*a*g)/(d + e*x)^4 + (b*c*e*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(-6*(-(c^2*d^2) + e^2)^3*(e*f - d*g) - 2*(-(c^2*d^2) + e^2)^2*(5*e^2*g + c^2*d*(-7*e*f + 2*d*g))*(d + e*x) - c^2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(c^2*d^2*(-26*e*f + d*g) + e^2*(-9*e*f + 34*d*g))*(d + e*x)^2 + 5*c^2*(-4*e^4*g + c^2*d*e^2*(11*e*f - 18*d*g) + c^4*d^3*(10*e*f + d*g))*(d + e*x)^3))/((- (c^2*d^2) + e^2)^4*(d + e*x)^4) - (6*b*(4*e*f + d*g + 5*e*g*x)*ArcSin[c*x])/(d + e*x)^5 + (3*b*c^5*(c^2*d^2*e^2*(24*e*f - 19*d*g) + 3*e^4*(e*f - 6*d*g) + 2*c^4*d^4*(4*e*f + d*g))*Log[d + e*x])/((- (c*d) + e)^4*(c*d + e)^4*Sqrt[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2]) - (3*b*c^5*(c^2*d^2*e^2*(24*e*f - 19*d*g) + 3*e^4*(e*f - 6*d*g) + 2*c^4*d^4*(4*e*f + d*g))*Log[e + c^2*d*x + Sqrt[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]]/((- (c*d) + e)^4*(c*d + e)^4*Sqrt[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2]))/(120*e^2)
```

### 3.96.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 497, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {5252, 27, 688, 27, 688, 25, 27, 688, 25, 679, 488, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5252}$$

$$-bc \int -\frac{4ef + dg + 5egx}{20e^2(d + ex)^5\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(ef - dg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{5e^2(d + ex)^5} - \frac{g(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d + ex)^4}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

---

3.96.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^6} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{bc \int \frac{4ef+dg+5egx}{(d+ex)^5 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{20e^2} - \frac{(ef-dg)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{5e^2(d+ex)^5} - \frac{g(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{688} \\
 & \frac{bc \left( \frac{\int -\frac{4(-d(4ef+dg)c^2+3e(ef-dg)xc^2+5e^2g)}{(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4(c^2d^2-e^2)} + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} \right)}{20e^2} - \frac{(ef-dg)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{5e^2(d+ex)^5} - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{g(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(4ef+dg)c^2+3e(ef-dg)xc^2+5e^2g}{(d+ex)^4 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)}{20e^2} - \frac{(ef-dg)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{5e^2(d+ex)^5} - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{g(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{688} \\
 & \frac{bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{\int -\frac{c^2(3(c^2(4ef+dg)d^2+e^2(3ef-8dg))+2e(5e^2g-c^2d(7ef-2dg))x)}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3(c^2d^2-e^2)} + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(5e^2g-c^2d(7ef-2dg))}{3(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} \right)}{20e^2} - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(ef-dg)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{5e^2(d+ex)^5} - \frac{g(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(5e^2g-c^2d(7ef-2dg))}{3(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{c^2(3(c^2(4ef+dg)d^2+e^2(3ef-8dg))+2e(5e^2g-c^2d(7ef-2dg))x)}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3(c^2d^2-e^2)} \right)}{20e^2} - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{(ef-dg)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{5e^2(d+ex)^5} - \frac{g(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.96.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^6} dx$

$$bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(5e^2g-c^2d(7ef-2dg))}{3(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{c^2 \int \frac{3(c^2(4ef+dg)d^2+e^2(3ef-8dg))+2e(5e^2g-c^2d(7ef-2dg))x}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(ef-dg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{5e^2(d+ex)^5} - \frac{g(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4}$$

↓ 688

$$bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(5e^2g-c^2d(7ef-2dg))}{3(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{c^2 \left( \int -\frac{e(c^2(26ef-dg)d^2+e^2(9ef-34dg))xc^2+2(-3d^3(4ef+dg)c^4-de^2(23ef-28dg)c^2+10e^2d^2(4ef+dg))}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{(ef-dg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{5e^2(d+ex)^5} - \frac{g(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} \frac{20e^2}{3(c^2d^2-e^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(5e^2g-c^2d(7ef-2dg))}{3(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d^2(26ef-dg)+e^2(9ef-34dg))}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \int \frac{e(c^2(26ef-dg)d^2+e^2(9ef-34dg))xc^2}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx \right)}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{(ef-dg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{5e^2(d+ex)^5} - \frac{g(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} \frac{20e^2}{3(c^2d^2-e^2)}$$

↓ 679

$$bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(5e^2g-c^2d(7ef-2dg))}{3(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d^2(26ef-dg)+e^2(9ef-34dg))}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{5e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^4(-d^3)(dg+10ef)-c^2de^2)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} \right)}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(ef-dg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{5e^2(d+ex)^5} - \frac{g(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} \quad 20e^2$$

↓ 488

$$bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(5e^2g-c^2d(7ef-2dg))}{3(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d^2(26ef-dg)+e^2(9ef-34dg))}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{3c^2(2c^4d^4(dg+4ef)+c^2d^2e^2(24ef-19dg))}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(ef-dg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{5e^2(d+ex)^5} - \frac{g(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d+ex)^4} \quad 20e^2$$

↓ 217

$$bc \left( \frac{(ef - dg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{5e^2(d + ex)^5} - \frac{g(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^2(d + ex)^4} + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(ef-dg)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(5e^2g-c^2d(7ef-2dg))}{3(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^2d^2(26ef-dg)+e^2(9ef-34dg))}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{5e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^4(-d^3)(dg+10ef)-c^2de^2)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} \right) \frac{1}{c^2d^2-e^2}$$

20e<sup>2</sup>

input `Int[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^6,x]`

output `-1/5*((e*f - d*g)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(e^2*(d + e*x)^5) - (g*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(4*e^2*(d + e*x)^4) + (b*c*((e*(e*f - d*g)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)^4) - ((e*(5*e^2*g - c^2*d*(7*e*f - 2*d*g))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(3*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)^3) - (c^2*((e*(e^2*(9*e*f - 34*d*g) + c^2*d^2*(26*e*f - d*g))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) - ((5*e*(4*e^4*g - c^2*d*e^2*(11*e*f - 18*d*g) - c^4*d^3*(10*e*f + d*g))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) - (3*c^2*(c^2*d^2*e^2*(24*e*f - 19*d*g) + 3*e^4*(e*f - 6*d*g) + 2*c^4*d^4*(4*e*f + d*g))*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2))/(2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)))/(3*(c^2*d^2 - e^2))/(c^2*d^2 - e^2))/(20*e^2)`

### 3.96.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

```
rule 488 Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 679 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)
)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

```
rule 688 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 5252 Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(Px_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_
Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*(d + e*x)^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

### 3.96.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2405 vs.  $2(429) = 858$ .

Time = 3.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2406, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.26

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	2406
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	2420
default	Expression too large to display	2420

```
input int((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

a*(-1/4*g/e^2/(e*x+d)^4-1/5*(-d*g+e*f)/e^2/(e*x+d)^5)-1/4*b*c^4*arcsin(c*x
)*g/e^2/(c*e*x+c*d)^4+1/5*b*c^5*arcsin(c*x)/e^2/(c*e*x+c*d)^5*d*g-1/5*b*c^
5*arcsin(c*x)/e/(c*e*x+c*d)^5*f+1/12*b*c^4/e^4*g/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c*x+d*c/e)
^3*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^1/2+17/60*b*c^
5/e^3*g*d/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2/(c*x+d*c/e)^2*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)
)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^1/2+13/12*b*c^6/e^2*g*d^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^3/(c*x+d*c/
e)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^1/2-11/8*b*c^7
/e^3*g*d^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^3/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^1/2*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)
/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^1/2*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*
c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^1/2)/(c*x+d*c/e))+9/20*b*c^5/e^3*g*d/
(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^1/2*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/
e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^1/2*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*
c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^1/2)/(c*x+d*c/e))-1/6*b*c^4/e^2*g/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^
2/(c*x+d*c/e)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^1/2
-1/20*b*c^5/e^5/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c*x+d*c/e)^4*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d
*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^1/2*d*g+1/20*b*c^5/e^4/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c*x+d*c/e)
^4*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^1/2*f-7/60*b*
c^6/e^4*d^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2/(c*x+d*c/e)^3*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c
/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^1/2*g+7/60*b*c^6/e^3*d/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2/(c*x+d*c/e)
)^3*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^1/2*f-7/24...

```

### 3.96.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1939 vs.  $2(426) = 852$ .

Time = 175.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3904, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.54

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```

[-1/240*(60*(a*c^10*d^10*e - 5*a*c^8*d^8*e^3 + 10*a*c^6*d^6*e^5 - 10*a*c^4
*d^4*e^7 + 5*a*c^2*d^2*e^9 - a*e^11)*g*x - 3*((8*b*c^9*d^4*e^6 + 24*b*c^7
*d^2*e^8 + 3*b*c^5*e^10)*f + (2*b*c^9*d^5*e^5 - 19*b*c^7*d^3*e^7 - 18*b*c^
5*d*e^9)*g)*x^5 + 5*((8*b*c^9*d^5*e^5 + 24*b*c^7*d^3*e^7 + 3*b*c^5*d*e^9)*
f + (2*b*c^9*d^6*e^4 - 19*b*c^7*d^4*e^6 - 18*b*c^5*d^2*e^8)*g)*x^4 + 10*((
8*b*c^9*d^6*e^4 + 24*b*c^7*d^4*e^6 + 3*b*c^5*d^2*e^8)*f + (2*b*c^9*d^7*e^3
- 19*b*c^7*d^5*e^5 - 18*b*c^5*d^3*e^7)*g)*x^3 + 10*((8*b*c^9*d^7*e^3 + 24
*b*c^7*d^5*e^5 + 3*b*c^5*d^3*e^7)*f + (2*b*c^9*d^8*e^2 - 19*b*c^7*d^6*e^4
- 18*b*c^5*d^4*e^6)*g)*x^2 + (8*b*c^9*d^9*e + 24*b*c^7*d^7*e^3 + 3*b*c^5*d
^5*e^5)*f + (2*b*c^9*d^10 - 19*b*c^7*d^8*e^2 - 18*b*c^5*d^6*e^4)*g + 5*((8
*b*c^9*d^8*e^2 + 24*b*c^7*d^6*e^4 + 3*b*c^5*d^4*e^6)*f + (2*b*c^9*d^9*e -
19*b*c^7*d^7*e^3 - 18*b*c^5*d^5*e^5)*g)*x)*sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*log((2*c^2
*d*e*x - c^2*d^2 + (2*c^4*d^2 - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(c^2
*d*x + e)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) + 2*e^2)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 48*(a*c
^10*d^10*e - 5*a*c^8*d^8*e^3 + 10*a*c^6*d^6*e^5 - 10*a*c^4*d^4*e^7 + 5*a*c
^2*d^2*e^9 - a*e^11)*f + 12*(a*c^10*d^11 - 5*a*c^8*d^9*e^2 + 10*a*c^6*d^7*
e^4 - 10*a*c^4*d^5*e^6 + 5*a*c^2*d^3*e^8 - a*d*e^10)*g + 12*(5*(b*c^10*d^1
0*e - 5*b*c^8*d^8*e^3 + 10*b*c^6*d^6*e^5 - 10*b*c^4*d^4*e^7 + 5*b*c^2*d^2*
e^9 - b*e^11)*g*x + 4*(b*c^10*d^10*e - 5*b*c^8*d^8*e^3 + 10*b*c^6*d^6*e^5
- 10*b*c^4*d^4*e^7 + 5*b*c^2*d^2*e^9 - b*e^11)*f + (b*c^10*d^11 - 5*b*c...

```

### 3.96.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(f+gx)}{(d+ex)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d)**6,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x)/(d + e*x)**6, x)`

## 3.96.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/20*(5*e*x + d)*a*g/(e^7*x^5 + 5*d*e^6*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^5*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^3*x + d^5*e^2) - 1/5*a*f/(e^6*x^5 + 5*d*e^5*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^4*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^2*x + d^5*e) - 1/20*((5*b*e*g*x + 4*b*e*f + b*d*g)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)) + 20*(e^7*x^5 + 5*d*e^6*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^5*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^3*x + d^5*e^2)*integrate(1/20*(5*b*c*e*g*x + 4*b*c*e*f + b*c*d*g)*e^(1/2*log(c*x + 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x + 1))/(c^4*e^7*x^9 + 5*c^4*d*e^6*x^8 - 5*c^2*d^4*e^3*x^3 - c^2*d^5*e^2*x^2 + (10*c^4*d^2*e^5 - c^2*e^7)*x^7 + 5*(2*c^4*d^3*e^4 - c^2*d*e^6)*x^6 + 5*(c^4*d^4*e^3 - 2*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^5 + (c^4*d^5*e^2 - 10*c^2*d^3*e^4)*x^4 + (c^2*e^7*x^7 + 5*c^2*d*e^6*x^6 - 5*d^4*e^3*x - d^5*e^2 + (10*c^2*d^2*e^5 - e^7)*x^5 + 5*(2*c^2*d^3*e^4 - d*e^6)*x^4 + 5*(c^2*d^4*e^3 - 2*d^2*e^5)*x^3 + (c^2*d^5*e^2 - 10*d^3*e^4)*x^2)*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(-c*x + 1))), x))/(e^7*x^5 + 5*d*e^6*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^5*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^3*x + d^5*e^2)`

## 3.96.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^6, x)`



**3.96.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx) (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx))}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^6,x)`output `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x)))/(d + e*x)^6, x)`

### 3.97 $\int (d+ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2) (a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.97.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 512

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d+ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\
 = & \frac{b(12e^2(eg + 3dh) + 25c^2d(3e^2f + 3deg + d^2h)) x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{225c^3} \\
 & + \frac{be(5e^2h + 9c^2(e^2f + 3deg + 3d^2h)) x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{144c^3} \\
 & + \frac{be^2(eg + 3dh)x^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{25c} + \frac{be^3hx^5 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{36c} \\
 & + \frac{b(32(225c^4d^3f + 24e^2(eg + 3dh) + 50c^2d(3e^2f + 3deg + d^2h)) + 75(24c^4d^2(3ef + dg) + 5e^3h + 9c^2e(e(eg + 3dh) + 3d^2h)))}{7200c^5} \arcsin(cx) \\
 & - \frac{b(24c^4d^2(3ef + dg) + 5e^3h + 9c^2e(e^2f + 3deg + 3d^2h))}{96c^6} \arcsin(cx) \\
 & + d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}d^2(3ef + dg)x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & + \frac{1}{3}d(3e^2f + 3deg + d^2h)x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}e(e^2f + 3deg + 3d^2h)x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & + \frac{1}{5}e^2(eg + 3dh)x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^3hx^6(a + b \arcsin(cx))
 \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/96*b*(24*c^4*d^2*(d*g+3*e*f)+5*e^3*h+9*c^2*e*(3*d^2*h+3*d*e*g+e^2*f))*a \\ & \text{rcsin}(c*x)/c^6+d^3*f*x*(a+b*\text{arcsin}(c*x))+1/2*d^2*(d*g+3*e*f)*x^2*(a+b*\text{arcsin}(c*x)) \\ & +1/3*d*(d^2*h+3*d*e*g+3*e^2*f)*x^3*(a+b*\text{arcsin}(c*x))+1/4*e*(3*d^2*h+3*d*e*g+e^2*f) \\ & *x^4*(a+b*\text{arcsin}(c*x))+1/5*e^2*(3*d*h+e*g)*x^5*(a+b*\text{arcsin}(c*x))+1/6*e^3*h*x^6 \\ & *(a+b*\text{arcsin}(c*x))+1/225*b*(12*e^2*(3*d*h+e*g)+25*c^2*d*(d^2*h+3*d*e*g+3*e^2*f)) \\ & *x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3+1/144*b*e*(5*e^2*h+9*c^2*(3*d^2*h+3*d*e*g+e^2*f)) \\ & *x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3+1/25*b*e^2*(3*d*h+e*g)*x^4*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c \\ & +1/36*b*e^3*h*x^5*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/720*b*(7200*c^4*d^3*f+768*e^2*(3*d*h+e*g) \\ & +1600*c^2*d*(d^2*h+3*d*e*g+3*e^2*f)+75*(24*c^4*d^2*(d*g+3*e*f)+5*e^3*h+9*c^2*e*(3*d^2*h+3*d*e*g+e^2*f)) \\ & *x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^5 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.97.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 463, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d+ex)^3 (f+gx+hx^2) (a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx &= ad^3fx + \frac{1}{2}ad^2(3ef+dg)x^2 \\ &+ \frac{1}{3}ad(3e^2f+3deg+d^2h)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}ae(e^2f+3deg+3d^2h)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}ae^2(eg+3dh)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}ae^3hx^6 \\ &+ \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(3e^2(256eg+768dh+125ehx)+c^2(1600d^3h+75d^2e(64g+27hx))+e^3x(675f+384gx+ \\ &- \frac{b(24c^4d^2(3ef+dg)+5e^3h+9c^2e(e^2f+3deg+3d^2h)) \arcsin(cx)}{96c^6} \\ &+ \frac{1}{60}bx(10d^3(6f+x(3g+2hx))+15d^2ex(6f+x(4g+3hx))+3de^2x^2(20f+3x(5g+4hx)) \\ &+ e^3x^3(15f+2x(6g+5hx))) \arcsin(cx)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & a*d^3*f*x + (a*d^2*(3*e*f + d*g)*x^2)/2 + (a*d*(3*e^2*f + 3*d*e*g + d^2*h) \\ & *x^3)/3 + (a*e*(e^2*f + 3*d*e*g + 3*d^2*h)*x^4)/4 + (a*e^2*(e*g + 3*d*h)*x \\ & ^5)/5 + (a*e^3*h*x^6)/6 + (b*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(3*e^2*(256*e*g + 768*d*h + \\ & 125*e*h*x) + c^2*(1600*d^3*h + 75*d^2*e*(64*g + 27*h*x) + e^3*x*(675*f + \\ & 384*g*x + 250*h*x^2) + 3*d*e^2*(1600*f + 675*g*x + 384*h*x^2)) + 2*c^4*(10 \\ & 0*d^3*(36*f + x*(9*g + 4*h*x)) + 75*d^2*e*x*(36*f + x*(16*g + 9*h*x)) + 3* \\ & d*e^2*x^2*(400*f + 9*x*(25*g + 16*h*x)) + e^3*x^3*(225*f + 4*x*(36*g + 25* \\ & h*x))))/(7200*c^5) - (b*(24*c^4*d^2*(3*e*f + d*g) + 5*e^3*h + 9*c^2*e*(e^2*f \\ & + 3*d*e*g + 3*d^2*h))*ArcSin[c*x])/(96*c^6) + (b*x*(10*d^3*(6*f + x*(3 \\ & *g + 2*h*x)) + 15*d^2*e*x*(6*f + x*(4*g + 3*h*x)) + 3*d*e^2*x^2*(20*f + 3* \\ & x*(5*g + 4*h*x)) + e^3*x^3*(15*f + 2*x*(6*g + 5*h*x)))*ArcSin[c*x])/60 \end{aligned}$$

**3.97.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 556, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.538$ , Rules used = {5248, 27, 2340, 27, 2340, 25, 2340, 27, 2340, 25, 27, 533, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5248}$$

$$-bc \int \frac{x(10(6f + x(3g + 2hx))d^3 + 15ex(6f + x(4g + 3hx))d^2 + 3e^2x^2(20f + 3x(5g + 4hx))d + e^3x^3(15f + 2x(d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(a + b \arcsin(cx))(3d^2h + 3deg + e^2f) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2h + 3deg + 3e^2f) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(3dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^3hx^6(a + b \arcsin(cx))))}{60\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \int \frac{x(10(6f + x(3g + 2hx))d^3 + 15ex(6f + x(4g + 3hx))d^2 + 3e^2x^2(20f + 3x(5g + 4hx))d + e^3x^3(15f + 2x(d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(a + b \arcsin(cx))(3d^2h + 3deg + e^2f) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2h + 3deg + 3e^2f) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(3dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^3hx^6(a + b \arcsin(cx))))}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2340}$$

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{2x(36c^2e^2(eg+3dh)x^4+5e(9(3hd^2+3egd+e^2f)c^2+5e^2h)x^3+60c^2d(hd^2+3egd+3e^2f)x^2+90c^2d^2(3ef+dg)x+180c^2d^3f)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{6c^2} \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(a + b \arcsin(cx))(3d^2h + 3deg + e^2f) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2h + 3deg + 3e^2f) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(3dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^3hx^6(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{x(36c^2e^2(eg+3dh)x^4+5e(9(3hd^2+3egd+e^2f)c^2+5e^2h)x^3+60c^2d(hd^2+3egd+3e^2f)x^2+90c^2d^2(3ef+dg)x+180c^2d^3f)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{36}{5}e^2 \right. \\
& \quad \left. d^3fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(3d^2h+3deg+e^2f) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+3deg+3e^2f) \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg+3ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(3dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^3hx^6(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2340 \\
& -\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\int -\frac{x(900d^3fc^4+450d^2(3ef+dg)xc^4+25e(9(3hd^2+3egd+e^2f)c^2+5e^2h)x^3c^2+12(25d(hd^2+3egd+3e^2f)c^2+12e^2(eg+3dh))x^2c^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{5c^2} - \frac{36}{5}e^2 \right. \\
& \quad \left. d^3fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(3d^2h+3deg+e^2f) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+3deg+3e^2f) \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg+3ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(3dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^3hx^6(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& -\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{x(900d^3fc^4+450d^2(3ef+dg)xc^4+25e(9(3hd^2+3egd+e^2f)c^2+5e^2h)x^3c^2+12(25d(hd^2+3egd+3e^2f)c^2+12e^2(eg+3dh))x^2c^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{5c^2} - \frac{36}{5}e^2x^4 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \right. \\
& \quad \left. d^3fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(3d^2h+3deg+e^2f) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+3deg+3e^2f) \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg+3ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(3dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^3hx^6(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2340 \\
& -\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\int -\frac{3x(1200d^3fc^6+16(25d(hd^2+3egd+3e^2f)c^2+12e^2(eg+3dh))x^2c^4+25(24d^2(3ef+dg)c^4+9e(3hd^2+3egd+e^2f)c^2+5e^3h)xc^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{25}{4}e^3x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \right. \\
& \quad \left. d^3fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(3d^2h+3deg+e^2f) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+3deg+3e^2f) \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg+3ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(3dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^3hx^6(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.97.  $\int (d+ex)^3 (f+gx+hx^2) (a+b\arcsin(cx)) dx$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{x(1200d^3fc^6 + 16(25d(hd^2 + 3egd + 3e^2f)c^2 + 12e^2(eg + 3dh))x^2c^4 + 25(24d^2(3ef + dg)c^4 + 9e(3hd^2 + 3egd + e^2f)c^2 + 5e^3h)xc^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{25}{4}ex^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} \right. \\ \left. \frac{5c^2}{3c^2} \right)$$

$$d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2h + 3deg + e^2f) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 3deg + 3e^2f) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(3dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^3hx^6(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 2340

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \int -\frac{c^4x(16(225d^3fc^4 + 50d(hd^2 + 3egd + 3e^2f)c^2 + 24e^2(eg + 3dh)) + 75(24d^2(3ef + dg)c^4 + 9e(3hd^2 + 3egd + e^2f)c^2 + 5e^3h)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{16}{3}c^2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \right)}{4c^2} \right. \\ \left. \frac{5c^2}{3c^2} \right)$$

$$d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2h + 3deg + e^2f) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 3deg + 3e^2f) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(3dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^3hx^6(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{c^4x(16(225d^3fc^4 + 50d(hd^2 + 3egd + 3e^2f)c^2 + 24e^2(eg + 3dh)) + 75(24d^2(3ef + dg)c^4 + 9e(3hd^2 + 3egd + e^2f)c^2 + 5e^3h)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{16}{3}c^2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \right)}{4c^2} \right. \\ \left. \frac{5c^2}{3c^2} \right)$$

$$d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2h + 3deg + e^2f) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 3deg + 3e^2f) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(3dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^3hx^6(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 27

---

3.97.  $\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{3}c^2 \int \frac{x(16(225d^3fc^4+50d(hd^2+3egd+3e^2f)c^2+24e^2(eg+3dh))+75(24d^2(3ef+dg)c^4+9e(3hd^2+3egd+e^2f)c^2+5e^3h)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{16}{3}c^2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} \right)}{5c^2} \right) \frac{3c^2}{3c^2}$$

$$d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2h + 3deg + e^2f) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 3deg + 3e^2f) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(3dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^3hx^6(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 533

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{3}c^2 \int \frac{32(225d^3fc^4+50d(hd^2+3egd+3e^2f)c^2+24e^2(eg+3dh))xc^2+75(24d^2(3ef+dg)c^4+9e(3hd^2+3egd+e^2f)c^2+5e^3h)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{75x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(24d^2(3ef+dg)c^4+9e(3hd^2+3egd+e^2f)c^2+5e^3h)}{2c^2}}{4c^2} \right)}{4c^2} \right)$$

$$d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2h + 3deg + e^2f) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 3deg + 3e^2f) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(3dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^3hx^6(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 455

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{3}c^2 \left( \frac{75(24c^4d^2(dg+3ef)+9c^2e(3d^2h+3deg+e^2f)+5e^3h)}{2c^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - 32\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(225c^4d^3f+50c^2d(d^2h+3deg+3e^2f))+24e^2(3dh+eg)}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} \right)}{4c^2} \right)$$

$$d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2h + 3deg + e^2f) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 3deg + 3e^2f) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2x^5(3dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^3hx^6(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 223

$$\begin{aligned}
 & d^3 f x(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4} e x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2 h + 3deg + e^2 f) + \frac{1}{3} d x^3(a + \\
 & b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2 h + 3deg + 3e^2 f) + \frac{1}{2} d^2 x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5} e^2 x^5(3dh + eg)(a + \\
 & b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6} e^3 h x^6(a + b \arcsin(cx)) - \\
 & \frac{1}{60} b c \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{3} c^2 \left( \frac{75 \arcsin(cx) (24c^4 d^2 (dg+3ef)+9c^2 e (3d^2 h+3deg+e^2 f)+5e^3 h)}{c} - \frac{32 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} (225c^4 d^3 f+50c^2 d (d^2 h+3deg+3e^2 f)+24e^2 (3dh+eg))}{2c^2} - \frac{75x \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{4c^2} \right)}{4c^2} \right)}{4c^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `d^3*f*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + (d^2*(3*e*f + d*g)*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/2 + (d*(3*e^2*f + 3*d*e*g + d^2*h)*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/3 + (e*(e^2*f + 3*d*e*g + 3*d^2*h)*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/4 + (e^2*(e*g + 3*d*h)*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/5 + (e^3*h*x^6*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/6 - (b*c*((-5*e^3*h*x^5*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(3*c^2) + ((-36*e^2*(e*g + 3*d*h)*x^4*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/5 + ((-25*e*(5*e^2*h + 9*c^2*(e^2*f + 3*d*e*g + 3*d^2*h))*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/4 + (3*((-16*c^2*(12*e^2*(e*g + 3*d*h) + 25*c^2*d*(3*e^2*f + 3*d*e*g + d^2*h))*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/3 + (c^2*((-75*(24*c^4*d^2*(3*e*f + d*g) + 5*e^3*h + 9*c^2*e*(e^2*f + 3*d*e*g + 3*d^2*h))*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(2*c^2) + (-32*(225*c^4*d^3*f + 24*e^2*(e*g + 3*d*h) + 50*c^2*d*(3*e^2*f + 3*d*e*g + d^2*h))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + (75*(24*c^4*d^2*(3*e*f + d*g) + 5*e^3*h + 9*c^2*e*(e^2*f + 3*d*e*g + 3*d^2*h))*ArcSin[c*x])/c)/(2*c^2))/3)/(4*c^2))/(5*c^2))/(3*c^2))/60`

### 3.97.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

---

3.97.  $\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$



```
rule 455 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 533 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*
p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && Integer
Q[2*p]
```

```
rule 2340 Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)
*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)
*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /;
GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ
[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])
```

```
rule 5248 Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(Px_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHid
e[ExpandExpression[Px, x], x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c
Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

### 3.97.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 633, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
parts	$a\left(\frac{e^3 h x^6}{6} + \frac{(3d e^2 h + e^3 g)x^5}{5} + \frac{(3d^2 e h + 3d e^2 g + e^3 f)x^4}{4} + \frac{(d^3 h + 3d^2 e g + 3d e^2 f)x^3}{3} + \frac{(d^3 g + 3d^2 e f)x^2}{2} + d^3 f\right)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a\left(\frac{e^3 h e^6 x^6}{6} + \frac{(3d c e^2 h + e^3 c g)e^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{(3d^2 c^2 e h + 3d c^2 e^2 g + e^3 c^2 f)c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{(c^3 d^3 h + 3d^2 c^3 e g + 3d c^3 e^2 f)c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{(c^4 d^3 g + 3d^2 c^4 e f)c^2}{2}\right)}{e^5}$
default	$\frac{a\left(\frac{e^3 h e^6 x^6}{6} + \frac{(3d c e^2 h + e^3 c g)e^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{(3d^2 c^2 e h + 3d c^2 e^2 g + e^3 c^2 f)c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{(c^3 d^3 h + 3d^2 c^3 e g + 3d c^3 e^2 f)c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{(c^4 d^3 g + 3d^2 c^4 e f)c^2}{2}\right)}{e^5}$

3.97.  $\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

```
input int((e*x+d)^3*(h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(1/6*e^3*h*x^6+1/5*(3*d*e^2*h+e^3*g)*x^5+1/4*(3*d^2*e*h+3*d*e^2*g+e^3*f)*
*x^4+1/3*(d^3*h+3*d^2*e*g+3*d*e^2*f)*x^3+1/2*(d^3*g+3*d^2*e*f)*x^2+d^3*f*x
)+b/c*(1/6*c*arcsin(c*x)*e^3*h*x^6+3/5*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^5*d*e^2*h+1/5*c*arc
sin(c*x)*e^3*g*x^5+3/4*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^4*d^2*e*h+3/4*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^4*d*
e^2*g+1/4*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^4*e^3*f+1/3*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^3*d^3*h+c*arcsin(c*x)
*x^3*d^2*e*g+c*arcsin(c*x)*x^3*d*e^2*f+1/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*d^3*g+3/2*c*a
rcsin(c*x)*x^2*d^2*e*f+arcsin(c*x)*d^3*f*c*x-1/60/c^5*(10*e^3*h*(-1/6*c^5*
x^5*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-5/24*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-5/16*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)+5/16*arcsin(c*x))-60*d^3*c^5*f*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+(36*c*d*e^2*h+1
2*c*e^3*g)*(-1/5*c^4*x^4*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-4/15*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2
)-8/15*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+30*c^4*d^3*g+90*c^4*d^2*e*f)*(-1/2*c*x*(-c^2*x
^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*arcsin(c*x))+45*c^2*d^2*e*h+45*c^2*d*e^2*g+15*c^2*e^3*f)*
(-1/4*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3/8*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/8*arcsin(c*x
))+20*c^3*d^3*h+60*c^3*d^2*e*g+60*c^3*d*e^2*f)*(-1/3*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)
^(1/2)-2/3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))))
```

### 3.97.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 676, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1200 ac^6 e^3 h x^6 + 7200 ac^6 d^3 f x + 1440 (ac^6 e^3 g + 3 ac^6 d e^2 h) x^5 + 1800 (ac^6 e^3 f + 3 ac^6 d e^2 g + 3 ac^6 d^2 e h) x^4}{1}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/7200*(1200*a*c^6*e^3*h*x^6 + 7200*a*c^6*d^3*f*x + 1440*(a*c^6*e^3*g + 3*
a*c^6*d*e^2*h)*x^5 + 1800*(a*c^6*e^3*f + 3*a*c^6*d*e^2*g + 3*a*c^6*d^2*e*h
)*x^4 + 2400*(3*a*c^6*d*e^2*f + 3*a*c^6*d^2*e*g + a*c^6*d^3*h)*x^3 + 3600*
(3*a*c^6*d^2*e*f + a*c^6*d^3*g)*x^2 + 15*(80*b*c^6*e^3*h*x^6 + 480*b*c^6*d
^3*f*x + 96*(b*c^6*e^3*g + 3*b*c^6*d*e^2*h)*x^5 + 120*(b*c^6*e^3*f + 3*b*c
^6*d*e^2*g + 3*b*c^6*d^2*e*h)*x^4 + 160*(3*b*c^6*d*e^2*f + 3*b*c^6*d^2*e*g
+ b*c^6*d^3*h)*x^3 + 240*(3*b*c^6*d^2*e*f + b*c^6*d^3*g)*x^2 - 45*(8*b*c^
4*d^2*e + b*c^2*e^3)*f - 15*(8*b*c^4*d^3 + 9*b*c^2*d*e^2)*g - 5*(27*b*c^2*
d^2*e + 5*b*e^3)*h)*arcsin(c*x) + (200*b*c^5*e^3*h*x^5 + 288*(b*c^5*e^3*g
+ 3*b*c^5*d*e^2*h)*x^4 + 50*(9*b*c^5*e^3*f + 27*b*c^5*d*e^2*g + (27*b*c^5*
d^2*e + 5*b*c^3*e^3)*h)*x^3 + 32*(75*b*c^5*d*e^2*f + 3*(25*b*c^5*d^2*e + 4
*b*c^3*e^3)*g + (25*b*c^5*d^3 + 36*b*c^3*d*e^2)*h)*x^2 + 2400*(3*b*c^5*d^3
+ 2*b*c^3*d*e^2)*f + 192*(25*b*c^3*d^2*e + 4*b*c*e^3)*g + 64*(25*b*c^3*d^
3 + 36*b*c*d*e^2)*h + 75*(9*(8*b*c^5*d^2*e + b*c^3*e^3)*f + 3*(8*b*c^5*d^3
+ 9*b*c^3*d*e^2)*g + (27*b*c^3*d^2*e + 5*b*c*e^3)*h)*x)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1
))/c^6
```

### 3.97.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1263 vs.  $2(505) = 1010$ .

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1263, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**3*(h*x**2+g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)
```

output `Piecewise((a*d**3*f*x + a*d**3*g*x**2/2 + a*d**3*h*x**3/3 + 3*a*d**2*e*f*x**2/2 + a*d**2*e*g*x**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*h*x**4/4 + a*d**2*f*x**3 + 3*a*d**2*g*x**4/4 + 3*a*d**2*h*x**5/5 + a*e**3*f*x**4/4 + a*e**3*g*x**5/5 + a*e**3*h*x**6/6 + b*d**3*f*x*asin(c*x) + b*d**3*g*x**2*asin(c*x)/2 + b*d**3*h*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + 3*b*d**2*e*f*x**2*asin(c*x)/2 + b*d**2*e*g*x**3*asin(c*x) + 3*b*d**2*e*h*x**4*asin(c*x)/4 + b*d**2*f*x**3*asin(c*x) + 3*b*d**2*g*x**4*asin(c*x)/4 + 3*b*d**2*h*x**5*asin(c*x)/5 + b*e**3*f*x**4*asin(c*x)/4 + b*e**3*g*x**5*asin(c*x)/5 + b*e**3*h*x**6*asin(c*x)/6 + b*d**3*f*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + b*d**3*g*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) + b*d**3*h*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + 3*b*d**2*e*f*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) + b*d**2*e*g*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c) + 3*b*d**2*e*h*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) + b*d**2*f*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c) + 3*b*d**2*g*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) + 3*b*d**2*h*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*c) + b*e**3*f*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) + b*e**3*g*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*c) + b*e**3*h*x**5*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(36*c) - b*d**3*g*asin(c*x)/(4*c**2) - 3*b*d**2*e*f*asin(c*x)/(4*c**2) + 2*b*d**3*h*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + 2*b*d**2*e*g*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c**3) + 9*b*d**2*e*h*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*c**3) + 2*b*d**2*f*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c**3) + 9*b*d**2*g*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*c**3) + 4*b*d**2*h*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*c**3) + 3*b*e**3*f*x*sqrt(-c...`

**3.97.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 859, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d+ex)^3 (f+gx+hx^2) (a+b\arcsin(cx)) dx &= \frac{1}{6} ae^3 hx^6 + \frac{1}{5} ae^3 gx^5 + \frac{3}{5} ade^2 hx^5 \\
&+ \frac{1}{4} ae^3 fx^4 + \frac{3}{4} ade^2 gx^4 + \frac{3}{4} ad^2 ehx^4 + ade^2 fx^3 + ad^2 egx^3 + \frac{1}{3} ad^3 hx^3 + \frac{3}{2} ad^2 efx^2 \\
&+ \frac{1}{2} ad^3 gx^2 + \frac{3}{4} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bd^2 ef \\
&+ \frac{1}{3} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c^4} \right) \right) bde^2 f \\
&+ \frac{1}{32} \left( 8x^4 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^3}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^4} - \frac{3\arcsin(cx)}{c^5} \right) c \right) be^3 f \\
&+ \frac{1}{4} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bd^3 g \\
&+ \frac{1}{3} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c^4} \right) \right) bd^2 eg \\
&+ \frac{3}{32} \left( 8x^4 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^3}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^4} - \frac{3\arcsin(cx)}{c^5} \right) c \right) bde^2 g \\
&+ \frac{1}{75} \left( 15x^5 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^4}{c^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^2}{c^4} + \frac{8\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c^6} \right) c \right) be^3 g \\
&+ \frac{1}{9} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c^4} \right) \right) bd^3 h \\
&+ \frac{3}{32} \left( 8x^4 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^3}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^4} - \frac{3\arcsin(cx)}{c^5} \right) c \right) bd^2 eh \\
&+ \frac{1}{25} \left( 15x^5 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^4}{c^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^2}{c^4} + \frac{8\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c^6} \right) c \right) bde^2 h \\
&+ \frac{1}{288} \left( 48x^6 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{8\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^5}{c^2} + \frac{10\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^3}{c^4} + \frac{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^6} - \frac{15\arcsin(cx)}{c^7} \right) \right) \\
&+ ad^3 fx + \frac{(cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})bd^3 f}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/6*a*e^3*h*x^6 + 1/5*a*e^3*g*x^5 + 3/5*a*d*e^2*h*x^5 + 1/4*a*e^3*f*x^4 +
3/4*a*d*e^2*g*x^4 + 3/4*a*d^2*e*h*x^4 + a*d*e^2*f*x^3 + a*d^2*e*g*x^3 + 1/
3*a*d^3*h*x^3 + 3/2*a*d^2*e*f*x^2 + 1/2*a*d^3*g*x^2 + 3/4*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*
x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*b*d^2*e*f + 1/3*(3*x^
3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))
*b*d*e^2*f + 1/32*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3*s
qrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*b*e^3*f + 1/4*(2*x^2*arcsi
n(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*b*d^3*g + 1/3*(3*x
^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4
))*b*d^2*e*g + 3/32*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3
*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*b*d*e^2*g + 1/75*(15*x^5
*arcsin(c*x) + (3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^
4 + 8*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^6)*c)*b*e^3*g + 1/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqr
t(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*b*d^3*h + 3/32*(8*x^4
*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4
- 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*b*d^2*e*h + 1/25*(15*x^5*arcsin(c*x) + (3*sqrt(-c^
2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c
^6)*c)*b*d*e^2*h + 1/288*(48*x^6*arcsin(c*x) + (8*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^5/c
^2 + 10*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^4 + 15*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^6 - 15*arcs
in(c*x)/c^7)*c)*b*e^3*h + a*d^3*f*x + (c*x*arcsin(c*x) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 ...

```

### 3.97.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1337 vs.  $2(477) = 954$ .

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1337, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/6*a*e^3*h*x^6 + 1/5*a*e^3*g*x^5 + 3/5*a*d*e^2*h*x^5 + 1/4*a*e^3*f*x^4 +
3/4*a*d*e^2*g*x^4 + 3/4*a*d^2*e*h*x^4 + a*d*e^2*f*x^3 + a*d^2*e*g*x^3 + 1/
3*a*d^3*h*x^3 + b*d^3*f*x*arcsin(c*x) + a*d^3*f*x + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*e^2*
f*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d^2*e*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/3*(c^2
*x^2 - 1)*b*d^3*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 3/4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d^2*e*f*x/c
+ 1/4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d^3*g*x/c + 3/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d^2*e*f*arcsin
(c*x)/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d^3*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + b*d*e^2*f*x*arcsin
(c*x)/c^2 + b*d^2*e*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*e^3*g*x*ar
csin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/3*b*d^3*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 3/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*d*e^
2*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d^3*f/c - 1/16*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)
^(3/2)*b*e^3*f*x/c^3 - 3/16*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*d*e^2*g*x/c^3 - 3/16*(-
c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*d^2*e*h*x/c^3 + 3/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*d^2*e*f/c^2 + 1/2
*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*d^3*g/c^2 + 3/4*b*d^2*e*f*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/4*(c^2*x^2
- 1)^2*b*e^3*f*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/4*b*d^3*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 3/4*(c^2*x^
2 - 1)^2*b*d*e^2*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 3/4*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*d^2*e*h*arcsin(
c*x)/c^4 + 2/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e^3*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 6/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)
*b*d*e^2*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 - 1/3*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*d*e^2*f/c^3 - 1/
3*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*d^2*e*g/c^3 - 1/9*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*d^3*h/c^
3 + 5/32*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*e^3*f*x/c^3 + 15/32*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d*e
^2*g*x/c^3 + 15/32*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d^2*e*h*x/c^3 + 1/36*(c^2*x^2 - ...

```

### 3.97.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d + ex)^3 (hx^2 + gx + f) dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x + h*x^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x + h*x^2), x)`

### 3.98 $\int (d+ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2) (a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.98.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 361

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{b(12e^2h + 25c^2(e^2f + 2deg + d^2h)) x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{225c^3} + \frac{be(eg + 2dh)x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{16c} + \frac{be^2hx^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{25c}$$

$$+ \frac{b(32(225c^4d^2f + 24e^2h + 50c^2(e^2f + 2deg + d^2h)) + 225c^2(8c^2d(2ef + dg) + 3e(eg + 2dh)) x) \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{7200c^5}$$

$$- \frac{b(8c^2d(2ef + dg) + 3e(eg + 2dh)) \arcsin(cx)}{32c^4} + d^2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}d(2ef + dg)x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}(e^2f + 2deg + d^2h)x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4}e(eg + 2dh)x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2hx^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

output

```
-1/32*b*(8*c^2*d*(d*g+2*e*f)+3*e*(2*d*h+e*g))*arcsin(c*x)/c^4+d^2*f*x*(a+b
*arcsin(c*x))+1/2*d*(d*g+2*e*f)*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/3*(d^2*h+2*d*e*g+e
^2*f)*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/4*e*(2*d*h+e*g)*x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/5*e^
2*h*x^5*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/225*b*(12*e^2*h+25*c^2*(d^2*h+2*d*e*g+e^2*f))*
x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3+1/16*b*e*(2*d*h+e*g)*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1
/25*b*e^2*h*x^4*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/7200*b*(7200*c^4*d^2*f+768*e^2*h+16
00*c^2*(d^2*h+2*d*e*g+e^2*f)+225*c^2*(8*c^2*d*(d*g+2*e*f)+3*e*(2*d*h+e*g))
*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^5
```



### 3.98.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{120ac^5x(10d^2(6f + x(3g + 2hx)) + 10dex(6f + x(4g + 3hx)) + e^2x^2(20f + 3x(5g + 4hx))) + b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `(120*a*c^5*x*(10*d^2*(6*f + x*(3*g + 2*h*x)) + 10*d*e*x*(6*f + x*(4*g + 3*h*x)) + e^2*x^2*(20*f + 3*x*(5*g + 4*h*x))) + b*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(768*e^2*h + c^2*(1600*d^2*h + 50*d*e*(64*g + 27*h*x)) + e^2*(1600*f + 675*g*x + 384*h*x^2)) + 2*c^4*(100*d^2*(36*f + x*(9*g + 4*h*x)) + 50*d*e*x*(36*f + x*(16*g + 9*h*x)) + e^2*x^2*(400*f + 9*x*(25*g + 16*h*x))) + 15*b*c*(-120*c^2*d*(2*e*f + d*g) - 45*e*(e*g + 2*d*h) + 8*c^4*x*(10*d^2*(6*f + x*(3*g + 2*h*x)) + 10*d*e*x*(6*f + x*(4*g + 3*h*x)) + e^2*x^2*(20*f + 3*x*(5*g + 4*h*x))))*ArcSin[c*x]/(7200*c^5)`

### 3.98.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5248, 27, 2340, 25, 2340, 25, 2340, 25, 27, 533, 27, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5248$$

$$-bc \int \frac{x(12e^2hx^4 + 15e(eg + 2dh)x^3 + 20(hd^2 + 2egd + e^2f)x^2 + 30d(2ef + dg)x + 60d^2f)}{60\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx +$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 2deg + e^2f) + d^2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg + 2ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(2dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2hx^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \int \frac{x(12e^2hx^4 + 15e(eg + 2dh)x^3 + 20(hd^2 + 2egd + e^2f)x^2 + 30d(2ef + dg)x + 60d^2f)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx +$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 2deg + e^2f) + d^2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg + 2ef)(a +$$

$$b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(2dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2hx^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 2340

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{x(75c^2e(eg+2dh)x^3+4(25(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)c^2+12e^2h)x^2+150c^2d(2ef+dg)x+300c^2d^2f)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{5c^2} - \frac{12e^2hx^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{5c^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 2deg + e^2f) + d^2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg + 2ef)(a +$$

$$b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(2dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2hx^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{x(75c^2e(eg+2dh)x^3+4(25(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)c^2+12e^2h)x^2+150c^2d(2ef+dg)x+300c^2d^2f)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{5c^2} - \frac{12e^2hx^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{5c^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 2deg + e^2f) + d^2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg + 2ef)(a +$$

$$b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(2dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2hx^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 2340

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{x(1200d^2fc^4+16(25(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)c^2+12e^2h)x^2c^2+75(8d(2ef+dg)c^2+3e(eg+2dh))xc^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{75}{4}ex^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2dh + eg) \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 2deg + e^2f) + d^2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg + 2ef)(a +$$

$$b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(2dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2hx^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{x(1200d^2fc^4+16(25(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)c^2+12e^2h)x^2c^2+75(8d(2ef+dg)c^2+3e(eg+2dh))xc^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{75}{4}ex^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2dh + eg) \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 2deg + e^2f) + d^2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg + 2ef)(a +$$

$$b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ex^4(2dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}e^2hx^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 2340

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{c^2 x (225(8d(2ef+dg)c^2+3e(eg+2dh))xc^2+16(225d^2fc^4+50(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)c^2+24e^2h))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{16}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(25c^2(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+12e^2h) \right) \frac{1}{4c^2} \frac{1}{5c^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{4}ex^4(2dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{5}e^2hx^5(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{c^2 x (225(8d(2ef+dg)c^2+3e(eg+2dh))xc^2+16(225d^2fc^4+50(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)c^2+24e^2h))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{16}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(25c^2(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+12e^2h) \right) \frac{1}{4c^2} \frac{1}{5c^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{4}ex^4(2dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{5}e^2hx^5(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x (225(8d(2ef+dg)c^2+3e(eg+2dh))xc^2+16(225d^2fc^4+50(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)c^2+24e^2h))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{16}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(25c^2(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+12e^2h) \right) \frac{1}{4c^2} \frac{1}{5c^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{4}ex^4(2dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{5}e^2hx^5(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 533

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{c^2 (225(8d(2ef+dg)c^2+3e(eg+2dh))+32(225d^2fc^4+50(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)c^2+24e^2h)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{225}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(8c^2d(dg+2ef)+3e(2dh+eg)) \right)}{3c^2} \right) \frac{1}{4c^2} \frac{1}{5c^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{4}ex^4(2dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{5}e^2hx^5(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{225(8d(2ef+dg)c^2+3e(eg+2dh))+32(225d^2fc^4+50(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)c^2+24e^2h)x}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{225}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(8c^2d(dg+2ef)+3e(2dh+eg))}{4c^2} \right)}{5c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{4}ex^4(2dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{5}e^2hx^5(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 455

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 225(8c^2d(dg+2ef)+3e(2dh+eg)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{32\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(225c^4d^2f+50c^2(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+24e^2h)}{c^2} \right) - \frac{225}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(8c^2d(dg+2ef)+3e(2dh+eg))}{4c^2} \right)}{5c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{4}ex^4(2dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{5}e^2hx^5(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 223

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{4}ex^4(2dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{5}e^2hx^5(a+b\arcsin(cx)) -$$

$$\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{225\arcsin(cx)(8c^2d(dg+2ef)+3e(2dh+eg))}{c} - \frac{32\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(225c^4d^2f+50c^2(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+24e^2h)}{c^2} \right) - \frac{225}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(8c^2d(dg+2ef)+3e(2dh+eg))}{4c^2} \right)}{5c^2} \right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

```
output d^2*f*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + (d*(2*e*f + d*g)*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/2
+ ((e^2*f + 2*d*e*g + d^2*h)*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/3 + (e*(e*g + 2*d*h)
*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/4 + (e^2*h*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/5 - (b*c*((-
12*e^2*h*x^4*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(5*c^2) + ((-75*e*(e*g + 2*d*h)*x^3*Sqrt[1
- c^2*x^2])/4 + ((-16*(12*e^2*h + 25*c^2*(e^2*f + 2*d*e*g + d^2*h))*x^2*S
qrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/3 + ((-225*(8*c^2*d*(2*e*f + d*g) + 3*e*(e*g + 2*d*h))*x
*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/2 + ((-32*(225*c^4*d^2*f + 24*e^2*h + 50*c^2*(e^2*f +
2*d*e*g + d^2*h))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 + (225*(8*c^2*d*(2*e*f + d*g) + 3
*e*(e*g + 2*d*h))*ArcSin[c*x])/c)/2)/3)/(4*c^2))/(5*c^2))/60
```

### 3.98.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt
[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*
p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && Integer
Q[2*p]`

```
rule 2340 Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)
)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)
]*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x] /;
GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ
[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])
```

```
rule 5248 Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)]*(Px_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHid
e[ExpandExpression[Px, x], x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c
Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

### 3.98.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 449, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
parts	$a \left( \frac{e^2 h x^5}{5} + \frac{(2deh + e^2 g)x^4}{4} + \frac{(d^2 h + 2deg + e^2 f)x^3}{3} + \frac{(d^2 g + 2def)x^2}{2} + d^2 f x \right) + \frac{b \left( \frac{c \arcsin(cx)}{5} e^2 h x^5 + c \arcsin(cx) \right)}{c^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \left( \frac{e^2 h c^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{(2dceh + e^2 cg)c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{(c^2 d^2 h + 2d c^2 eg + e^2 c^2 f)c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{(c^3 d^2 g + 2d c^3 ef)c^2 x^2}{2} + d^2 c^5 f x \right)}{c^4} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{5} e^2 h c^5 x^5 + \arcsin(cx) \right)}{c^4}$
default	$\frac{a \left( \frac{e^2 h c^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{(2dceh + e^2 cg)c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{(c^2 d^2 h + 2d c^2 eg + e^2 c^2 f)c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{(c^3 d^2 g + 2d c^3 ef)c^2 x^2}{2} + d^2 c^5 f x \right)}{c^4} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{5} e^2 h c^5 x^5 + \arcsin(cx) \right)}{c^4}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^2*(h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(1/5*e^2*h*x^5+1/4*(2*d*e*h+e^2*g)*x^4+1/3*(d^2*h+2*d*e*g+e^2*f)*x^3+1/2
*(d^2*g+2*d*e*f)*x^2+d^2*f*x)+b/c*(1/5*c*arcsin(c*x)*e^2*h*x^5+1/2*c*arcsi
n(c*x)*x^4*d*e*h+1/4*c*arcsin(c*x)*e^2*g*x^4+1/3*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^3*d^2*h+2
/3*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^3*d*e*g+1/3*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^3*e^2*f+1/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*x
^2*d^2*g+c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*d*e*f+arcsin(c*x)*d^2*f*c*x-1/60/c^4*(12*e^2*h*
(-1/5*c^4*x^4*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-4/15*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-8/15*(-c^
2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-60*d^2*c^4*f*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+(30*c*d*e*h+15*c*e^2*g)*(-
1/4*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3/8*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/8*arcsin(c*x))
+(30*c^3*d^2*g+60*c^3*d*e*f)*(-1/2*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*arcsin(c*x))
+(20*c^2*d^2*h+40*c^2*d*e*g+20*c^2*e^2*f)*(-1/3*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
-2/3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))
```

### 3.98.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 449, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1440 ac^5 e^2 h x^5 + 7200 ac^5 d^2 f x + 1800 (ac^5 e^2 g + 2 ac^5 deh) x^4 + 2400 (ac^5 e^2 f + 2 ac^5 deg + ac^5 d^2 h) x^3 + 3600 (2 ac^5 d e f + ac^5 d^2 g) x^2 + 15 (96 b c^5 e^2 h x^5 + 480 b c^5 d^2 f x - 240 b c^3 d e f - 90 b c d e h + 120 (b c^5 e^2 g + 2 b c^5 d e h) x^4 + 160 (b c^5 e^2 f + 2 b c^5 d e g + b c^5 d^2 h) x^3 + 240 (2 b c^5 d e f + b c^5 d^2 g) x^2 - 15 (8 b c^3 d^2 + 3 b c e^2) g) \arcsin(cx) + (288 b c^4 e^2 h x^4 + 3200 b c^2 d e g + 450 (b c^4 e^2 g + 2 b c^4 d e h) x^3 + 32 (25 b c^4 e^2 f + 50 b c^4 d e g + (25 b c^4 d^2 + 12 b c^2 e^2) h) x^2 + 800 (9 b c^4 d^2 + 2 b c^2 e^2) f + 64 (25 b c^2 d^2 + 12 b c e^2) h + 225 (16 b c^4 d e f + 6 b c^2 d e h + (8 b c^4 d^2 + 3 b c^2 e^2) g) x) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c^5}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^2*(h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/7200*(1440*a*c^5*e^2*h*x^5 + 7200*a*c^5*d^2*f*x + 1800*(a*c^5*e^2*g + 2*
a*c^5*d*e*h)*x^4 + 2400*(a*c^5*e^2*f + 2*a*c^5*d*e*g + a*c^5*d^2*h)*x^3 +
3600*(2*a*c^5*d*e*f + a*c^5*d^2*g)*x^2 + 15*(96*b*c^5*e^2*h*x^5 + 480*b*c^
5*d^2*f*x - 240*b*c^3*d*e*f - 90*b*c*d*e*h + 120*(b*c^5*e^2*g + 2*b*c^5*d*
e*h)*x^4 + 160*(b*c^5*e^2*f + 2*b*c^5*d*e*g + b*c^5*d^2*h)*x^3 + 240*(2*b*
c^5*d*e*f + b*c^5*d^2*g)*x^2 - 15*(8*b*c^3*d^2 + 3*b*c*e^2)*g)*arcsin(c*x)
+ (288*b*c^4*e^2*h*x^4 + 3200*b*c^2*d*e*g + 450*(b*c^4*e^2*g + 2*b*c^4*d*
e*h)*x^3 + 32*(25*b*c^4*e^2*f + 50*b*c^4*d*e*g + (25*b*c^4*d^2 + 12*b*c^2*
e^2)*h)*x^2 + 800*(9*b*c^4*d^2 + 2*b*c^2*e^2)*f + 64*(25*b*c^2*d^2 + 12*b*
e^2)*h + 225*(16*b*c^4*d*e*f + 6*b*c^2*d*e*h + (8*b*c^4*d^2 + 3*b*c^2*e^2)
*g)*x)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))/c^5
```

### 3.98.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 821 vs.  $2(352) = 704$ .

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 821, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} ad^2fx + \frac{ad^2gx^2}{2} + \frac{ad^2hx^3}{3} + ad^2fx^2 + \frac{2adegx^3}{3} + \frac{adehx^4}{2} + \frac{ae^2fx^3}{3} + \frac{ae^2gx^4}{4} + \frac{ae^2hx^5}{5} + bd^2fx \arcsin(cx) + \frac{bd^2gx^2}{2} \\ a \left( d^2fx + \frac{d^2gx^2}{2} + \frac{d^2hx^3}{3} + defx^2 + \frac{2degx^3}{3} + \frac{dehx^4}{2} + \frac{e^2fx^3}{3} + \frac{e^2gx^4}{4} + \frac{e^2hx^5}{5} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(h*x**2+g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*d**2*f*x + a*d**2*g*x**2/2 + a*d**2*h*x**3/3 + a*d*e*f*x**2 + 2*a*d*e*g*x**3/3 + a*d*e*h*x**4/2 + a*e**2*f*x**3/3 + a*e**2*g*x**4/4 + a*e**2*h*x**5/5 + b*d**2*f*x*asin(c*x) + b*d**2*g*x**2*asin(c*x)/2 + b*d**2*h*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + b*d*e*f*x**2*asin(c*x) + 2*b*d*e*g*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + b*d*e*h*x**4*asin(c*x)/2 + b*e**2*f*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + b*e**2*g*x**4*asin(c*x)/4 + b*e**2*h*x**5*asin(c*x)/5 + b*d**2*f*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + b*d**2*g*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) + b*d**2*h*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + b*d*e*f*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(2*c) + 2*b*d*e*g*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + b*d*e*h*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(8*c) + b*e**2*f*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + b*e**2*g*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) + b*e**2*h*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*c) - b*d**2*g*asin(c*x)/(4*c**2) - b*d*e*f*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2) + 2*b*d**2*h*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + 4*b*d*e*g*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + 3*b*d*e*h*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c**3) + 2*b*e**2*f*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + 3*b*e**2*g*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*c**3) + 4*b*e**2*h*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(75*c**3) - 3*b*d*e*h*asin(c*x)/(16*c**4) - 3*b*e**2*g*asin(c*x)/(32*c**4) + 8*b*e**2*h*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(75*c**5), Ne(c, 0)), (a*(d**2*f*x + d**2*g*x**2/2 + d**2*h*x**3/3 + d*e*f*x**2 + 2*d*e*g*x**3/3 + d*e*h*x**4/2 + e**2*f*x**3/3 + e**2*g*x**4/4 + e**2*h*x**5/5), True))`



**3.98.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 581, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\
&= \frac{1}{5} ae^2 hx^5 + \frac{1}{4} ae^2 gx^4 + \frac{1}{2} adehx^4 + \frac{1}{3} ae^2 fx^3 + \frac{2}{3} adegx^3 + \frac{1}{3} ad^2 hx^3 + adefx^2 \\
&+ \frac{1}{2} ad^2 gx^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bdef \\
&+ \frac{1}{9} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) be^2f \\
&+ \frac{1}{4} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bd^2g \\
&+ \frac{2}{9} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) bdeg \\
&+ \frac{1}{32} \left( 8x^4 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^3}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x}{c^4} - \frac{3\arcsin(cx)}{c^5} \right) c \right) be^2g \\
&+ \frac{1}{9} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) bd^2h \\
&+ \frac{1}{16} \left( 8x^4 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^3}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x}{c^4} - \frac{3\arcsin(cx)}{c^5} \right) c \right) bdeh \\
&+ \frac{1}{75} \left( 15x^5 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^4}{c^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^2}{c^4} + \frac{8\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{c^6} \right) c \right) be^2h \\
&+ ad^2fx + \frac{(cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})bd^2f}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/5*a*e^2*h*x^5 + 1/4*a*e^2*g*x^4 + 1/2*a*d*e*h*x^4 + 1/3*a*e^2*f*x^3 + 2/
3*a*d*e*g*x^3 + 1/3*a*d^2*h*x^3 + a*d*e*f*x^2 + 1/2*a*d^2*g*x^2 + 1/2*(2*x
^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*b*d*e*f +
1/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2
+ 1)/c^4))*b*e^2*f + 1/4*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2
- arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*b*d^2*g + 2/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 +
1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*b*d*e*g + 1/32*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x)
+ (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*
x)/c^5)*c)*b*e^2*g + 1/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^
2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*b*d^2*h + 1/16*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt
(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c
)*b*d*e*h + 1/75*(15*x^5*arcsin(c*x) + (3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*s
qrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^6)*c)*b*e^2*h + a*d^2*f
*x + (c*x*arcsin(c*x) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*b*d^2*f/c

```

### 3.98.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 847 vs.  $2(332) = 664$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 847, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{5} ae^2 hx^5 + \frac{1}{4} ae^2 gx^4 + \frac{1}{2} adehx^4 + \frac{1}{3} ae^2 fx^3 + \frac{2}{3} adegx^3 + \frac{1}{3} ad^2 hx^3 + bd^2 fx \arcsin(cx) \\
 &+ ad^2 fx + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)be^2 fx \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} + \frac{2(c^2 x^2 - 1)bdegx \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} \\
 &+ \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)bd^2 hx \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}bdefx}{2c} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}bd^2 gx}{4c} \\
 &+ \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)bdef \arcsin(cx)}{c^2} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)bd^2 g \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} + \frac{be^2 fx \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} \\
 &+ \frac{2bdegx \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} + \frac{bd^2 hx \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2 be^2 hx \arcsin(cx)}{5c^4} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}bd^2 f}{c} - \frac{(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} be^2 gx}{16c^3} - \frac{(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} bdehx}{8c^3} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)adef}{c^2} \\
 &+ \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)ad^2 g}{2c^2} + \frac{bdef \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} + \frac{bd^2 g \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2 be^2 g \arcsin(cx)}{4c^4} \\
 &+ \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2 bdeh \arcsin(cx)}{2c^4} + \frac{2(c^2 x^2 - 1)be^2 hx \arcsin(cx)}{5c^4} \\
 &- \frac{(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} be^2 f}{9c^3} - \frac{2(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} bdeg}{9c^3} - \frac{(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} bd^2 h}{9c^3} \\
 &+ \frac{5\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}be^2 gx}{32c^3} + \frac{5\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}bdehx}{16c^3} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)be^2 g \arcsin(cx)}{2c^4} \\
 &+ \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)bdeh \arcsin(cx)}{c^4} + \frac{be^2 hx \arcsin(cx)}{5c^4} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}be^2 f}{3c^3} \\
 &+ \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}bdeg}{3c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}bd^2 h}{3c^3} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}be^2 h}{25c^5} \\
 &+ \frac{5be^2 g \arcsin(cx)}{32c^4} + \frac{5bdeh \arcsin(cx)}{16c^4} - \frac{2(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} be^2 h}{15c^5} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}be^2 h}{5c^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $1/5*a*e^2*h*x^5 + 1/4*a*e^2*g*x^4 + 1/2*a*d*e*h*x^4 + 1/3*a*e^2*f*x^3 + 2/3*a*d*e*g*x^3 + 1/3*a*d^2*h*x^3 + b*d^2*f*x*\arcsin(c*x) + a*d^2*f*x + 1/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e^2*f*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 2/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*e*g*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d^2*h*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/2*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*b*d*e*f*x/c + 1/4*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*b*d^2*g*x/c + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*e*f*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d^2*g*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/3*b*e^2*f*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 2/3*b*d*e*g*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/3*b*d^2*h*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*e^2*h*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + \sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*b*d^2*f/c - 1/16*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*b*e^2*g*x/c^3 - 1/8*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*b*d*e*h*x/c^3 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*d*e*f/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*d^2*g/c^2 + 1/2*b*d*e*f*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/4*b*d^2*g*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/4*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*e^2*g*\arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*d*e*h*\arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 2/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e^2*h*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c^4 - 1/9*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*b*e^2*f/c^3 - 2/9*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*b*d*e*g/c^3 - 1/9*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*b*d^2*h/c^3 + 5/32*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*b*e^2*g*x/c^3 + 5/16*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*b*d*e*h*x/c^3 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e^2*g*\arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*e*h*\arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/5*b*e^2*h*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/3*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*b*e^2*f/c^3 + 2/3*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*b*d*e*g/c^3 + 1/3*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*b*d^2*h/c^3 + 1/25*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*b*e^2*h/c^5 + 5/32*b*e^2*g*\arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 5/16*b*d*e*h...$

### 3.98.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d + ex)^2 (hx^2 + gx + f) dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x + h*x^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x + h*x^2), x)`

### 3.99 $\int (d+ex) (f + gx + hx^2) (a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.99.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 223

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d+ex) (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\
 &= \frac{b(eg + dh)x^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{9c} + \frac{behx^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{16c} \\
 &+ \frac{b(32(9c^2df + 2eg + 2dh) + 9(8c^2(ef + dg) + 3eh)x)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{288c^3} \\
 &- \frac{b(8c^2(ef + dg) + 3eh)\arcsin(cx)}{32c^4} + dfx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2}(ef + dg)x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}(eg + dh)x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ehx^4(a + b \arcsin(cx))
 \end{aligned}$$

output `-1/32*b*(8*c^2*(d*g+e*f)+3*e*h)*arcsin(c*x)/c^4+d*f*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/2*(d*g+e*f)*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/3*(d*h+e*g)*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/4*e*h*x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/9*b*(d*h+e*g)*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/16*b*e*h*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/288*b*(288*c^2*d*f+64*d*h+64*e*g+9*(8*c^2*(d*g+e*f)+3*e*h)*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3`

### 3.99.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (d + ex) (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{24ac^4x(2d(6f + x(3g + 2hx)) + ex(6f + x(4g + 3hx))) + bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(64eg + 64dh + 27ehx + 2c^2(4d(3$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)*(f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `(24*a*c^4*x*(2*d*(6*f + x*(3*g + 2*h*x)) + e*x*(6*f + x*(4*g + 3*h*x))) + b*c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(64*e*g + 64*d*h + 27*e*h*x + 2*c^2*(4*d*(36*f + 9*g*x + 4*h*x^2) + e*x*(36*f + 16*g*x + 9*h*x^2))) + 3*b*(-24*c^2*(e*f + d*g) - 9*e*h + 8*c^4*x*(2*d*(6*f + 3*g*x + 2*h*x^2) + e*x*(6*f + 4*g*x + 3*h*x^2)))*ArcSin[c*x])/(288*c^4)`

### 3.99.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$ , Rules used = {5248, 27, 2340, 25, 2340, 25, 27, 533, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex) (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5248$$

$$-bc \int \frac{x(3ehx^3 + 4(eg + dh)x^2 + 6(ef + dg)x + 12df)}{12\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ehx^4(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{1}{12}bc \int \frac{x(3ehx^3 + 4(eg + dh)x^2 + 6(ef + dg)x + 12df)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ehx^4(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 2340$$

---

3.99.  $\int (d + ex) (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{12}bc \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{x(16(eg+dh)x^2c^2+48dfc^2+3(8(ef+dg)c^2+3eh)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{3ehx^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \\
& + b\arcsin(cx) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ehx^4(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& -\frac{1}{12}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{x(16(eg+dh)x^2c^2+48dfc^2+3(8(ef+dg)c^2+3eh)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{3ehx^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \\
& + b\arcsin(cx) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}ehx^4(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2340 \\
& -\frac{1}{12}bc \left( \frac{\int -\frac{c^2x(16(9dfc^2+2eg+2dh)+9(8(ef+dg)c^2+3eh)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{\frac{16}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dh+eg)}{4c^2} - \frac{3ehx^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \\
& \frac{1}{4}ehx^4(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& -\frac{1}{12}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{c^2x(16(9dfc^2+2eg+2dh)+9(8(ef+dg)c^2+3eh)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{\frac{16}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dh+eg)}{4c^2} - \frac{3ehx^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \\
& \frac{1}{4}ehx^4(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& -\frac{1}{12}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x(16(9dfc^2+2eg+2dh)+9(8(ef+dg)c^2+3eh)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{\frac{16}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dh+eg)}{4c^2} - \frac{3ehx^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \\
& \frac{1}{4}ehx^4(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 533
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{12}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \int \frac{32(9dfc^2+2eg+2dh)xc^2+9(8(ef+dg)c^2+3eh)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{9}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{3eh}{c^2} + 8dg + 8ef \right) \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{16}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dh+eg) \right) \\
& \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{4}ehx^4(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 455 \\
& -\frac{1}{12}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{9(8c^2(dg+ef)+3eh) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - 32\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(9c^2df+2dh+2eg)}{2c^2} - \frac{9}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{3eh}{c^2} + 8dg + 8ef \right) \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{16}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dh+eg) \right) \\
& \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{4}ehx^4(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \\
& \quad \downarrow 223 \\
& \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{4}ehx^4(a+b\arcsin(cx)) - \\
& \frac{1}{12}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{9\arcsin(cx)(8c^2(dg+ef)+3eh)}{c} - \frac{32\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(9c^2df+2dh+2eg)}{2c^2} - \frac{9}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \left( \frac{3eh}{c^2} + 8dg + 8ef \right) \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{16}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dh+eg) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*(f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `d*f*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + ((e*f + d*g)*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/2 + ((e*g + d*h)*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/3 + (e*h*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/4 - (b*c*((-3*e*h*x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(4*c^2) + ((-16*(e*g + d*h)*x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/3 + ((-9*(8*e*f + 8*d*g + (3*e*h)/c^2)*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/2 + (-32*(9*c^2*d*f + 2*e*g + 2*d*h)*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + (9*(8*c^2*(e*f + d*g) + 3*e*h)*ArcSin[c*x])/c)/(2*c^2))/3/(4*c^2))/12`



## 3.99.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 2340 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])`
- rule 5248 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*(Px_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[ExpandExpression[Px, x], x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

### 3.99.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
parts	$a \left( \frac{ehx^4}{4} + \frac{(dh+eg)x^3}{3} + \frac{(dg+ef)x^2}{2} + dfx \right) + b \left( \frac{c \arcsin(cx)ehx^4}{4} + \frac{c \arcsin(cx)x^3dh}{3} + \frac{c \arcsin(cx)egx^3}{3} + \frac{c \arcsin(cx)dfx^3}{3} \right)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \left( \frac{ehc^4x^4}{4} + \frac{(dch+ecg)c^3x^3}{3} + \frac{(dc^2g+ec^2f)c^2x^2}{2} + dc^4fx \right)}{c^3} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx)ehc^4x^4}{4} + \frac{\arcsin(cx)c^4dhx^3}{3} + \frac{\arcsin(cx)c^4egx^3}{3} + \frac{\arcsin(cx)c^4dfx^3}{3} \right)}{c^3}$
default	$\frac{a \left( \frac{ehc^4x^4}{4} + \frac{(dch+ecg)c^3x^3}{3} + \frac{(dc^2g+ec^2f)c^2x^2}{2} + dc^4fx \right)}{c^3} + \frac{b \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx)ehc^4x^4}{4} + \frac{\arcsin(cx)c^4dhx^3}{3} + \frac{\arcsin(cx)c^4egx^3}{3} + \frac{\arcsin(cx)c^4dfx^3}{3} \right)}{c^3}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(1/4*e*h*x^4+1/3*(d*h+e*g)*x^3+1/2*(d*g+e*f)*x^2+d*f*x)+b/c*(1/4*c*arcsin(c*x)*e*h*x^4+1/3*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^3*d*h+1/3*c*arcsin(c*x)*e*g*x^3+1/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*d*g+1/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*e*f+arcsin(c*x)*d*f*c*x-1/12/c^3*(3*e*h*(-1/4*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3/8*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/8*arcsin(c*x))-12*d*c^3*f*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+(4*c*d*h+4*c*e*g)*(-1/3*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+(6*c^2*d*g+6*c^2*e*f)*(-1/2*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*arcsin(c*x))))`

### 3.99.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (d+ex)(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))dx$$

$$= \frac{72ac^4ehx^4 + 288ac^4dfx + 96(ac^4eg + ac^4dh)x^3 + 144(ac^4ef + ac^4dg)x^2 + 3(24bc^4ehx^4 + 96bc^4dfx - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output 1/288*(72*a*c^4*e*h*x^4 + 288*a*c^4*d*f*x + 96*(a*c^4*e*g + a*c^4*d*h)*x^3
+ 144*(a*c^4*e*f + a*c^4*d*g)*x^2 + 3*(24*b*c^4*e*h*x^4 + 96*b*c^4*d*f*x
- 24*b*c^2*e*f - 24*b*c^2*d*g + 32*(b*c^4*e*g + b*c^4*d*h)*x^3 - 9*b*e*h +
48*(b*c^4*e*f + b*c^4*d*g)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x) + (18*b*c^3*e*h*x^3 + 288*b*c
^3*d*f + 64*b*c*e*g + 64*b*c*d*h + 32*(b*c^3*e*g + b*c^3*d*h)*x^2 + 9*(8*b
*c^3*e*f + 8*b*c^3*d*g + 3*b*c*e*h)*x)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))/c^4
```

### 3.99.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 449 vs.  $2(209) = 418$ .

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 449, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} adfx + \frac{adgx^2}{2} + \frac{adhx^3}{3} + \frac{aefx^2}{2} + \frac{aegx^3}{3} + \frac{aehx^4}{4} + bdfx \arcsin(cx) + \frac{bdgx^2 \arcsin(cx)}{2} + \frac{bdhx^3 \arcsin(cx)}{3} + \frac{befx^2 \arcsin(cx)}{2} \\ a \left( dfx + \frac{dgx^2}{2} + \frac{dhx^3}{3} + \frac{efx^2}{2} + \frac{egx^3}{3} + \frac{ehx^4}{4} \right) \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(h*x**2+g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((a*d*f*x + a*d*g*x**2/2 + a*d*h*x**3/3 + a*e*f*x**2/2 + a*e*g*x
**3/3 + a*e*h*x**4/4 + b*d*f*x*asin(c*x) + b*d*g*x**2*asin(c*x)/2 + b*d*h*x
**3*asin(c*x)/3 + b*e*f*x**2*asin(c*x)/2 + b*e*g*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + b*e*h
*x**4*asin(c*x)/4 + b*d*f*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + b*d*g*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2
+ 1)/(4*c) + b*d*h*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + b*e*f*x*sqrt(-c**2*x
**2 + 1)/(4*c) + b*e*g*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + b*e*h*x**3*sqrt(-c
**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) - b*d*g*asin(c*x)/(4*c**2) - b*e*f*asin(c*x)/(4*c**2)
+ 2*b*d*h*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + 2*b*e*g*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9
*c**3) + 3*b*e*h*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*c**3) - 3*b*e*h*asin(c*x)/(32*
c**4), Ne(c, 0)), (a*(d*f*x + d*g*x**2/2 + d*h*x**3/3 + e*f*x**2/2 + e*g*x
**3/3 + e*h*x**4/4), True))
```

**3.99.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex) (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\
&= \frac{1}{4} aehx^4 + \frac{1}{3} aegx^3 + \frac{1}{3} adhx^3 + \frac{1}{2} aefx^2 + \frac{1}{2} adgx^2 \\
&+ \frac{1}{4} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bef \\
&+ \frac{1}{4} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bdg \\
&+ \frac{1}{9} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) beg \\
&+ \frac{1}{9} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) bdh \\
&+ \frac{1}{32} \left( 8x^4 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^3}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x}{c^4} - \frac{3\arcsin(cx)}{c^5} \right) c \right) beh \\
&+ adfx + \frac{(cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}) bdf}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/4*a*e*h*x^4 + 1/3*a*e*g*x^3 + 1/3*a*d*h*x^3 + 1/2*a*e*f*x^2 + 1/2*a*d*g*
x^2 + 1/4*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c
^3))*b*e*f + 1/4*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin
(c*x)/c^3))*b*d*g + 1/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2
+ 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*b*e*g + 1/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^
2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*b*d*h + 1/32*(8*x^4*arcsin
(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arc
sin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*b*e*h + a*d*f*x + (c*x*arcsin(c*x) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*
b*d*f/c
```

**3.99.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 448 vs.  $2(200) = 400$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 448, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int (d + ex) (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} aehx^4 + \frac{1}{3} aegx^3 + \frac{1}{3} adhx^3 + bdfx \arcsin(cx) + adfx + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)begx \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)bdhx \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}befx}{4c} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bdgx}{4c}$$

$$+ \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)bef \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)bdg \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} + \frac{begx \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{bdhx \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bdf}{c} - \frac{(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}behx}{16c^3} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)ae f}{2c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)adg}{2c^2} + \frac{bef \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2} + \frac{bdg \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)^2beh \arcsin(cx)}{4c^4}$$

$$- \frac{(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}beg}{9c^3} - \frac{(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}bdh}{9c^3} + \frac{5\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}behx}{32c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)beh \arcsin(cx)}{2c^4} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}beg}{3c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bdh}{3c^3} + \frac{5beh \arcsin(cx)}{32c^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*a*e*h*x^4 + 1/3*a*e*g*x^3 + 1/3*a*d*h*x^3 + b*d*f*x*arcsin(c*x) + a*d*f*x + 1/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*e*f*x/c + 1/4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d*g*x/c + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e*f*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/3*b*e*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/3*b*d*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d*f/c - 1/16*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*e*h*x/c^3 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*e*f/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*d*g/c^2 + 1/4*b*e*f*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/4*b*d*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/4*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*e*h*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 - 1/9*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*e*g/c^3 - 1/9*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*d*h/c^3 + 5/32*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*e*h*x/c^3 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e*h*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*e*g/c^3 + 1/3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d*h/c^3 + 5/32*b*e*h*arcsin(c*x)/c^4`

**3.99.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex) (f + gx + hx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$
$$= \int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d + ex) (hx^2 + gx + f) dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)*(f + g*x + h*x^2),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)*(f + g*x + h*x^2), x)`

**3.100**       $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{d+ex} dx$

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**3.100.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 459

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{d+ex} dx \\ &= \frac{b(4(eg-dh)+ehx)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4ce^2} - \frac{bh \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2e} - \frac{ib(e^2f-deg+d^2h) \arcsin(cx)^2}{2e^3} \\ &+ \frac{(eg-dh)x(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{e^2} + \frac{hx^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2e} \\ &+ \frac{b(e^2f-deg+d^2h) \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1-\frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^3} \\ &+ \frac{b(e^2f-deg+d^2h) \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1-\frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^3} \\ &- \frac{b(e^2f-deg+d^2h) \arcsin(cx) \log(d+ex)}{e^3} \\ &+ \frac{(e^2f-deg+d^2h)(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log^2(d+ex)}{e^3} \\ &- \frac{ib(e^2f-deg+d^2h) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^3} \\ &- \frac{ib(e^2f-deg+d^2h) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^3} \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/4*b*h*arcsin(c*x)/c^2/e-1/2*I*b*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)*arcsin(c*x)^2/e^3+( \\ & -d*h+e*g)*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^2+1/2*h*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e-b*(d^2*h-d \\ & *e*g+e^2*f)*arcsin(c*x)*ln(e*x+d)/e^3+(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x) \\ & )*ln(e*x+d)/e^3+b*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^ \\ & 2+1)^(1/2)))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2))/e^3+b*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)*arcsin(c*x) \\ & *ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2))/e^3-I*b* \\ & (d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2 \\ & -e^2)^(1/2))/e^3-I*b*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1) \\ & )^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2))/e^3+1/4*b*(e*h*x-4*d*h+4*e*g)*(-c^2*x^ \\ & 2+1)^(1/2)/c/e^2 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.100.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 457, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{2be(eg-dh)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{c} + \frac{be^2hx\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2c} - \frac{be^2h \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} - ib(e^2f - deg + d^2h) \arcsin(cx)^2 + 2e(eg - dh)x(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((2*b*e*(e*g - d*h)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])/c + (b*e^2*h*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])/ \\ & (2*c) - (b*e^2*h*ArcSin[c*x])/(2*c^2) - I*b*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*ArcSin[ \\ & c*x]^2 + 2*e*(e*g - d*h)*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + e^2*h*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c \\ & *x]) + 2*b*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*ArcSin[c*x]*\text{Log}[1 + (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c* \\ & x]))/(-(c*d) + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] + 2*b*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*ArcSin[ \\ & c*x]*\text{Log}[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] - 2*b*(e \\ & ^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*ArcSin[c*x]*\text{Log}[d + e*x] + 2*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h) \\ & *(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])* \text{Log}[d + e*x] - (2*I)*b*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*\text{PolyLo} \\ & \text{g}[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] - (2*I)*b*(e^2*f \\ & - d*e*g + d^2*h)*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - \\ & e^2])]/(2*e^3) \end{aligned}$$



### 3.100.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 476, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {5252, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5252} \\
 & -bc \int \frac{ex(2(eg - dh) + ehx) + 2(hd^2 - egd + e^2f) \log(d + ex)}{2e^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + \\
 & \frac{\log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{e^3} + \frac{x(eg - dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{hx^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -bc \int \frac{ex(2(eg - dh) + ehx) + 2(hd^2 - egd + e^2f) \log(d + ex)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + \\
 & \frac{\log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{e^3} + \frac{x(eg - dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{hx^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & -bc \int \left( \frac{ex(2eg - 2dh + ehx)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} + \frac{2(hd^2 - egd + e^2f) \log(d + ex)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} \right) dx + \\
 & \frac{\log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{e^3} + \frac{x(eg - dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{hx^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{e^3} + \frac{x(eg - dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{hx^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e} - \\
 & bc \left( \frac{e^2h \arcsin(cx)}{2c^3} + \frac{2i(d^2h - deg + e^2f) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{c} + \frac{2i(d^2h - deg + e^2f) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{c} - \frac{2 \arcsin(cx)(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{c} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x),x]`

output `((e*g - d*h)*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/e^2 + (h*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*e) + ((e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[d + e*x])/e^3 - (b*c*((-2*e*(e*g - d*h)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 - (e^2*h*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*c^2) + (e^2*h*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*c^3) + (I*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/c - (2*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/c - (2*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/c + (2*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[d + e*x])/c + ((2*I)*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/c + ((2*I)*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/c)/(2*e^3)`

### 3.100.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5252 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*(d + e*x)^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]`



**3.100.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*h*x^2 + a*g*x + a*f + (b*h*x^2 + b*g*x + b*f)*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x + d), x)`

**3.100.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx + hx^2)}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((h*x**2+g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x**2)/(d + e*x), x)`

**3.100.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*g*(x/e - d*log(e*x + d)/e^2) + 1/2*a*h*(2*d^2*log(e*x + d)/e^3 + (e*x^2 - 2*d*x)/e^2) + a*f*log(e*x + d)/e + integrate((b*h*x^2 + b*g*x + b*f)*arc tan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(e*x + d), x)`

**3.100.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((h*x^2 + g*x + f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d), x)`

**3.100.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(hx^2 + gx + f)}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2))/(d + e*x), x)`

**3.101** 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

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**3.101.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 460

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{bh\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{ce^2} - \frac{ib(eg - 2dh) \arcsin(cx)^2}{2e^3} + \frac{hx(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^2} - \frac{(e^2f - deg + d^2h)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{bc(e^2f - deg + d^2h) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}\right)}{e^3\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} + \frac{b(eg - 2dh) \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3} + \frac{b(eg - 2dh) \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3} - \frac{b(eg - 2dh) \arcsin(cx) \log(d + ex)}{e^3} + \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log(d + ex)}{e^3} - \frac{ib(eg - 2dh) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3} - \frac{ib(eg - 2dh) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3}$$

output 
$$-1/2*I*b*(-2*d*h+e*g)*\arcsin(c*x)^2/e^3+h*x*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))/e^2-(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))/e^3/(e*x+d)-b*(-2*d*h+e*g)*\arcsin(c*x)*\ln(e*x+d)/e^3+(-2*d*h+e*g)*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*\ln(e*x+d)/e^3+b*(-2*d*h+e*g)*\arcsin(c*x)*\ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3+b*(-2*d*h+e*g)*\arcsin(c*x)*\ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3-I*b*(-2*d*h+e*g)*\operatorname{polylog}(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3-I*b*(-2*d*h+e*g)*\operatorname{polylog}(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3+b*c*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)*\arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)+b*h*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/e^2$$

### 3.101.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 432, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{beh\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{c} - \frac{1}{2}ib(eg - 2dh) \arcsin(cx)^2 + ehx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) - \frac{(e^2f - deg + d^2h)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d+ex}}{d+ex} + \frac{bc(e^2f - deg + d^2h)}{d+ex}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((b*e*h*\sqrt{1-c^2*x^2})/c - (I/2)*b*(e*g - 2*d*h)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]^2 + e*h*x \\ & *(a + b*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]) - ((e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]))/(d + \\ & e*x) + (b*c*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(e + c^2*d*x)/(\sqrt{c^2*d^2 - e^2}*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2})])/ \\ & \sqrt{c^2*d^2 - e^2} + b*(e*g - 2*d*h)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x] \\ & * \operatorname{Log}[1 + (I*e*E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])})/(-c*d) + \sqrt{c^2*d^2 - e^2}]) + b*(e*g \\ & - 2*d*h)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]*\operatorname{Log}[1 - (I*e*E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])})/(c*d + \sqrt{c^2*d^2 - \\ & e^2})] - b*(e*g - 2*d*h)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]*\operatorname{Log}[d + e*x] + (e*g - 2*d*h)*(a + b* \\ & \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])* \operatorname{Log}[d + e*x] - I*b*(e*g - 2*d*h)*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (I*e*E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[ \\ & c*x])})/(c*d - \sqrt{c^2*d^2 - e^2})] - I*b*(e*g - 2*d*h)*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (I*e*E^{ \\ & (I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])})/(c*d + \sqrt{c^2*d^2 - e^2})])/e^3 \end{aligned}$$

**3.101.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 457, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {5252, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5252} \\
 & -bc \int \frac{-\frac{hd^2 - egd + e^2 f}{d + ex} + ehx + (eg - 2dh) \log(d + ex)}{e^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2 h - deg + e^2 f)}{e^3 (d + ex)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(eg - 2dh) \log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{hx(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -bc \int \frac{-\frac{hd^2 - egd + e^2 f}{d + ex} + ehx + (eg - 2dh) \log(d + ex)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2 h - deg + e^2 f)}{e^3 (d + ex)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(eg - 2dh) \log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{hx(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & -bc \int \left( \frac{-hd^2 + egd - e^2 f}{(d + ex)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{(eg - 2dh) \log(d + ex)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{ehx}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \right) dx - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2 h - deg + e^2 f)}{e^3 (d + ex)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(eg - 2dh) \log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{hx(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2 h - deg + e^2 f)}{e^3 (d + ex)} + \frac{(eg - 2dh) \log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \quad \frac{hx(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^2} \\
 & bc \left( \frac{i(eg - 2dh) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{c} + \frac{i(eg - 2dh) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{c} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)(eg - 2dh) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{c} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)(eg - 2dh) \log\left(1 + \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{c} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

$$3.101. \quad \int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$



```
output (h*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/e^2 - ((e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x
]))/(e^3*(d + e*x)) + ((e*g - 2*d*h)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[d + e*x])/e^3
- (b*c*(-((e*h*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2) + ((I/2)*(e*g - 2*d*h)*ArcSin[c*x]
^2)/c - ((e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]
*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2] - ((e*g - 2*d*h)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log
[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/c - ((e*g - 2*d
*h)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]
)])/c + ((e*g - 2*d*h)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[d + e*x])/c + (I*(e*g - 2*d*h)*Poly
Log[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])]/c + (I*(e*g -
2*d*h)*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])]/c
))/e^3
```

### 3.101.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5252 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*(P_x)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_
Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[P_x*(d + e*x)^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolynomialQ[P_x, x]
```

```
rule 7293 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

### 3.101.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1858 vs.  $2(467) = 934$ .

Time = 4.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1859, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.04

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	1859
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1900
default	Expression too large to display	1900

```
input int((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(1/e^2*h*x-1/e^3*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)/(e*x+d)+(-2*d*h+e*g)/e^3*ln(e*x+d))
+b/c*(2/e*c*h*d*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+I*c*g/(c^2*d^2-
e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*
c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+1/e^2*c^3*g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((-I*d*c-
(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(-I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(
1/2)))*d^2+2*I/e^3*c^3*h*d^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-1/2*I*c*ar
csin(c*x)^2*g/e^2-I/e^2*c^3*g/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((-I*d*c-(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2
+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(-I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^2+1/2*
(-I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+c*x)*h*(arcsin(c*x)+I)/e^2+I*c*arcsin(c*x)^2/e^3*d*
h+1/2*(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*h*(arcsin(c*x)-I)/e^2-c*g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^
2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I
*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+2/e*c^2*f/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*(I
*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+2*I*c*d)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2))-2*I/e*c*h*d/(c^2*
d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(
I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-2/e^3*c^3*h*d^3*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln(
(-I*d*c-(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(-I*d*c+(-c^2*d
^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-2/e^3*c^3*h*d^3*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x
+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)...
```

### 3.101.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((a*h*x^2 + a*g*x + a*f + (b*h*x^2 + b*g*x + b*f)*arcsin(c*x))/(e^
2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)
```

---

3.101.  $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

**3.101.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx + hx^2)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((h*x**2+g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x**2)/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

**3.101.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((e-c*d)*(e+c*d)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

**3.101.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((h*x^2 + g*x + f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

**3.101.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(hx^2 + gx + f)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2))/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

**3.102** 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

3.102.1 Optimal result . . . . .	896
3.102.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	897
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3.102.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	904

**3.102.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 488

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx \\ &= \frac{bc(e^2f - deg + d^2h) \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{2e^2(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d+ex)} - \frac{ibh \arcsin(cx)^2}{2e^3} \\ & \quad - \frac{(e^2f - deg + d^2h)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d+ex)^2} - \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3(d+ex)} \\ & \quad - \frac{bc(2e^2(eg - 2dh) - c^2d(e^2f + deg - 3d^2h)) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2x}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^3(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad + \frac{bh \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3} + \frac{bh \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3} \\ & \quad - \frac{bh \arcsin(cx) \log(d+ex)}{e^3} + \frac{h(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log(d+ex)}{e^3} \\ & \quad - \frac{ibh \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3} - \frac{ibh \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/2*I*b*h*arcsin(c*x)^2/e^3-1/2*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^3
/(e*x+d)^2-(-2*d*h+e*g)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^3/(e*x+d)-1/2*b*c*(2*e^2*(-2*d
*h+e*g)-c^2*d*(-3*d^2*h+d*e*g+e^2*f))*arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/
2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)-b*h*arcsin(c*x)*ln(e*x+d)/e
^3+h*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(e*x+d)/e^3+b*h*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2
*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3+b*h*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I*
c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3-I*b*h*polylog(2,I*e
*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3-I*b*h*polylog(2
,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3+1/2*b*c*(d^
2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)
```

### 3.102.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 996, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{-ae^2 f + adeg - ad^2 h}{2e^3(d + ex)^2} + \frac{-aeg + 2adh}{e^3(d + ex)} \\
& + bf \left( - \frac{c \sqrt{1 + \frac{-d - \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}e}}{d+ex}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{-d + \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}e}}{d+ex}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 3, -\frac{-d + \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}e}}{d+ex}, -\frac{-d - \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}e}}{d+ex}\right)}{4e^2(d + ex)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{2e(d + ex)^2} \right) + \frac{ah \log(d + ex)}{e^3} + bg \left( - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{d+ex} + \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2 dx}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{d \left( \frac{c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{e(d + ex)^2} - \frac{ic^3 d \left( \log(4) + \log\left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} (ie + ic^2 dx + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})}{c^3 d(d + ex)}\right)\right)}{(cd - e)e(cd + e)\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{2e} \right) \\
& + bh \left( - \frac{2d \left( - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{d+ex} + \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2 dx}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{e^3} \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{e(d + ex)^2} - \frac{ic^3 d \left( \log(4) + \log\left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} (ie + ic^2 dx + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})}{c^3 d(d + ex)}\right)\right)}{(cd - e)e(cd + e)\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{2e^2} \right) \\
& + \frac{-\frac{i \arcsin(cx)^2}{2e} + \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{-cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e}}{e^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `(-(a*e^2*f) + a*d*e*g - a*d^2*h)/(2*e^3*(d + e*x)^2) + (-(a*e*g) + 2*a*d*h)/(e^3*(d + e*x)) + b*f*(-1/4*(c*Sqrt[1 + (-d - Sqrt[c^(-2)]*e)/(d + e*x)]*Sqrt[1 + (-d + Sqrt[c^(-2)]*e)/(d + e*x)]*AppellF1[2, 1/2, 1/2, 3, -((-d + Sqrt[c^(-2)]*e)/(d + e*x)), -((-d - Sqrt[c^(-2)]*e)/(d + e*x))])/(e^2*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) - ArcSin[c*x]/(2*e*(d + e*x)^2)) + (a*h*Log[d + e*x])/e^3 + b*g*((-(ArcSin[c*x]/(d + e*x)) + (c*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])/e^2 - (d*((c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) - ArcSin[c*x]/(e*(d + e*x)^2) - (I*c^3*d*(Log[4] + Log[(e^2*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*(I*e + I*c^2*d*x + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/(c^3*d*(d + e*x)))))/((c*d - e)*e*(c*d + e)*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/(2*e) + b*h*((-2*d*(-(ArcSin[c*x]/(d + e*x)) + (c*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])/e^3 + (d^2*((c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) - ArcSin[c*x]/(e*(d + e*x)^2) - (I*c^3*d*(Log[4] + Log[(e^2*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*(I*e + I*c^2*d*x + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/(c^3*d*(d + e*x)))))/((c*d - e)*e*(c*d + e)*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/(2*e^2) + (((-1/2*I)*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/e + (ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/e + (ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/e - (I*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(-(c*d) + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/e - (I*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcS...`

### 3.102.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 478, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {5252, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 5252



$$\begin{aligned}
& -bc \int \frac{3hd^2 - e(g - 4hx)d - e^2(f + 2gx) + 2h(d + ex)^2 \log(d + ex)}{2e^3(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx - \\
& \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{2e^3(d + ex)^2} - \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3(d + ex)} + \\
& \frac{h \log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{bc \int \frac{3hd^2 - e(g - 4hx)d - e^2(f + 2gx) + 2h(d + ex)^2 \log(d + ex)}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx}{2e^3} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{2e^3(d + ex)^2} - \\
& \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{h \log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
& \frac{bc \int \left( \frac{3hd^2 - egd - e^2f - 2e(eg - 2dh)x}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} + \frac{2h \log(d + ex)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} \right) dx}{2e^3} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{2e^3(d + ex)^2} - \\
& \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{h \log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{2e^3(d + ex)^2} - \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3(d + ex)} + \\
& \frac{h \log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3} - \\
& bc \left( \frac{2ih \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{c} + \frac{2ih \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{c} - \frac{2h \arcsin(cx) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{c} - \frac{2h \arcsin(cx) \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{c} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(e^3*(d + e*x)^2) - ((e*g - 2*d*h)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(e^3*(d + e*x)) + (h*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[d + e*x])/e^3 - (b*c*(-((e*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x))) + (I*h*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/c + ((2*e^2*(e*g - 2*d*h) - c^2*d*(e^2*f + d*e*g - 3*d^2*h))*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2) - (2*h*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/c - (2*h*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/c + (2*h*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[d + e*x])/c + ((2*I)*h*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/c + ((2*I)*h*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/c)/(2*e^3)`

3.102.  $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

## 3.102.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5252 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_
Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*(d + e*x)^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

```
rule 7293 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

## 3.102.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2026 vs.  $2(489) = 978$ .

Time = 7.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2027, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.15

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	2027
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	2038
default	Expression too large to display	2038

```
input int((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```

output a*(-(-2*d*h+e*g)/e^3/(e*x+d)-1/2*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)/e^3/(e*x+d)^2+h/e^3*ln(e*x+d))+b/c*(-I/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*c^3*h*d^2*arcsin(c*x)^2+1/2*c^2*(4*arcsin(c*x)*c^3*d^3*e*h*x-2*arcsin(c*x)*c^3*d^2*e^2*g*x+I*c^3*d*e^3*g*x^2+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*e^2*h*x-(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*d*e^3*g*x-2*I*c^3*d^3*e*h*x+2*I*c^3*d^2*e^2*g*x-2*I*c^3*d*e^3*f*x-I*c^3*d^2*e^2*h*x^2-4*arcsin(c*x)*d*e^3*h*c*x-e^2*c^3*d^2*f*arcsin(c*x)-e*c^3*d^3*g*arcsin(c*x)+e^3*c*g*arcsin(c*x)*d-3*e^2*c*d^2*h*arcsin(c*x)-I*c^3*d^2*e^2*f+I*c^3*d^3*e*g+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*d^3*e*h-(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*e^2*g+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*d*e^3*f+2*arcsin(c*x)*e^4*g*c*x+e^4*c*f*arcsin(c*x)+3*c^3*d^4*h*arcsin(c*x)-I*c^3*d^4*h-I*c^3*e^4*f*x^2+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*e^4*f*x)/(c*e*x+c*d)^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^3+I/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*c*h*arcsin(c*x)^2+2*I/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2*c^3*h*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^2-2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)*c^2*g*arctan(1/2*(2*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+2*I*c*d)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2))-3/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)*c^4*d^3*h*arctan(1/2*(2*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+2*I*c*d)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2))+e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2*c*h*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2*c*h*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-I/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2*c^5*h*d^4*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2...

```

### 3.102.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

```

input integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")

```

```

output integral((a*h*x^2 + a*g*x + a*f + (b*h*x^2 + b*g*x + b*f)*arcsin(c*x))/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)

```

**3.102.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx + hx^2)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((h*x**2+g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x**2)/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

**3.102.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((e-c*d)*(e+c*d)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

**3.102.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((h*x^2 + g*x + f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

**3.102.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(hx^2 + gx + f)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2))/(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2))/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

**3.103** 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx$$

3.103.1 Optimal result . . . . . 905  
 3.103.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 906  
 3.103.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 906  
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**3.103.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 349

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{bc(e^2f - deg + d^2h) \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{6e^2(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^2} - \frac{bc(e^2(eg - 2dh) - c^2(de^2f - d^3h)) \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{2e^2(c^2d^2 - e^2)^2(d + ex)} - \frac{(e^2f - deg + d^2h)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d + ex)^2} - \frac{h(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{bc(6e^4h + c^2e^2(e^2f - 4deg - 5d^2h) + c^4d^2(2e^2f + deg + 2d^2h)) \arctan\left(\frac{e + c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}\right)}{6e^3(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{5/2}}$$

```
output -1/3*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^3/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*(-2*d*h+e*g)*
(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^3/(e*x+d)^2-h*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^3/(e*x+d)+1/6*b*c*(6
*e^4*h+c^2*e^2*(-5*d^2*h-4*d*e*g+e^2*f)+c^4*d^2*(2*d^2*h+d*e*g+2*e^2*f))*a
rctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2
)^(5/2)+1/6*b*c*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(
e*x+d)^2-1/2*b*c*(e^2*(-2*d*h+e*g)-c^2*(-d^3*h+d*e^2*f))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2
)/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2/(e*x+d)
```

### 3.103.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 442, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{2a(e^2f - deg + d^2h)}{(d+ex)^3} + \frac{3a(eg - 2dh)}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{6ah}{d+ex} + \frac{bce\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(e^2(-5d^2h + e^2(f+3gx) + 2de(g-3hx)) + c^2d(-4de^2f + 2d^3h - 3e^3fx + d^2e(g+3hx) + d^2e^2f + 2d^2eg + d^2e^2h))}{(-c^2d^2 + e^2)^2(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^4, x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/6*((2*a*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h))/(d + e*x)^3 + (3*a*(e*g - 2*d*h))/(d + e*x)^2 + (6*a*h)/(d + e*x) + (b*c*e*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(e^2*(-5*d^2*h + e^2*(f + 3*g*x) + 2*d*e*(g - 3*h*x)) + c^2*d*(-4*d*e^2*f + 2*d^3*h - 3*e^3*f*x + d^2*e*(g + 3*h*x))))/((-c^2*d^2) + e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^2) + (b*(2*d^2*h + d*e*(g + 6*h*x) + e^2*(2*f + 3*x*(g + 2*h*x)))*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/(d + e*x)^3 - (b*c*(6*e^4*h + c^2*e^2*(e^2*f - 4*d*e*g - 5*d^2*h) + c^4*d^2*(2*e^2*f + d*e*g + 2*d^2*h))*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/((-c*d) + e)^2*(c*d + e)^2*\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2]) + (b*c*(6*e^4*h + c^2*e^2*(e^2*f - 4*d*e*g - 5*d^2*h) + c^4*d^2*(2*e^2*f + d*e*g + 2*d^2*h))*\text{Log}[e + c^2*d*x + \text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2]]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])/((-c*d) + e)^2*(c*d + e)^2*\text{Sqrt}[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2])/e^3 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.103.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.269$ , Rules used = {5252, 27, 2182, 27, 679, 488, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 5252

$$-bc \int -\frac{2hd^2 + egd + 6e^2hx^2 + 2e^2f + 3e(eg + 2dh)x}{6e^3(d + ex)^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx -$$

$$\frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{3e^3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d + ex)^2} - \frac{h(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3(d + ex)}$$

---

3.103.  $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & bc \int \frac{2hd^2+egd+6e^2hx^2+2e^2f+3e(eg+2dh)x}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{3e^3(d+ex)^3} - \\
 & \frac{(eg-2dh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d+ex)^2} - \frac{h(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{e^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \downarrow 2182 \\
 & bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{2(3ge^3+((-5hd^2-egd+e^2f)c^2+6e^2h)xe-c^2d(2hd^2+egd+2e^2f))}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)} + \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} \right) - \\
 & \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{3e^3(d+ex)^3} - \frac{(eg-2dh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d+ex)^2} - \frac{h(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{e^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{3ge^3+((-5hd^2-egd+e^2f)c^2+6e^2h)xe-c^2d(2hd^2+egd+2e^2f)}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right) - \\
 & \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{3e^3(d+ex)^3} - \frac{(eg-2dh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d+ex)^2} - \frac{h(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{e^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \downarrow 679 \\
 & bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{\frac{3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(e^3(eg-2dh)-c^2(de^3f-d^3eh))}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} - \frac{(c^4d^2(2d^2h+deg+2e^2f)+c^2e^2(-5d^2h-4deg+e^2f)+6e^4h)}{c^2d^2-e^2} \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right) - \\
 & \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{3e^3(d+ex)^3} - \frac{(eg-2dh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d+ex)^2} - \frac{h(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{e^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \downarrow 488 \\
 & bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{\frac{(c^4d^2(2d^2h+deg+2e^2f)+c^2e^2(-5d^2h-4deg+e^2f)+6e^4h) \int \frac{1}{-c^2d^2+e^2-\frac{(dxc^2+e)^2}{1-c^2x^2}} d\frac{dxc^2+e}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{c^2d^2-e^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(e^3(eg-2dh)-c^2(de^3f-d^3eh))}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)}}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right) - \\
 & \frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{3e^3(d+ex)^3} - \frac{(eg-2dh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d+ex)^2} - \frac{h(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{e^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \downarrow 217
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.103.  $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx$



$$\frac{\frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{3e^3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d + ex)^2} - \frac{h(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3(d + ex)} + bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(e^3(eg - 2dh) - c^2(de^3f - d^3eh))}{(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{c^2dx + e}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)(c^4d^2(2d^2h + deg + 2e^2f) + c^2e^2(-5d^2h - 4d^2e))}{(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{6e^3}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `-1/3*((e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(e^3*(d + e*x)^3) - ((e*g - 2*d*h)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*e^3*(d + e*x)^2) - (h*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(e^3*(d + e*x)) + (b*c*((e*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) - ((3*(e^3*(e*g - 2*d*h) - c^2*(d*e^3*f - d^3*e*h))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) - ((6*e^4*h + c^2*e^2*(e^2*f - 4*d*e*g - 5*d^2*h) + c^4*d^2*(2*e^2*f + d*e*g + 2*d^2*h))*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2))/(c^2*d^2 - e^2))/(6*e^3)`

### 3.103.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 679 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

3.103.  $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

```
rule 2182 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
  With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq,
    d + e*x, x]}, Simp[e*R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*
    d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m +
    1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*Qx + b*d*R*(m + 1) - b
    *e*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq,
    x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5252 Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(Px_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_
Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*(d + e*x)^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
  u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x]]
  /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

### 3.103.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1176 vs.  $2(329) = 658$ .

Time = 4.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1177, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.37

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	1177
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1188
default	Expression too large to display	1188

```
input int((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

a*(-1/e^3*h/(e*x+d)-1/2*(-2*d*h+e*g)/e^3/(e*x+d)^2-1/3*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)
/e^3/(e*x+d)^3)+b/c*(-c^2*arcsin(c*x)/e^3*h/(c*e*x+c*d)-1/3*c^4*arcsin(c*x)
)/e^3/(c*e*x+c*d)^3*d^2*h+1/3*c^4*arcsin(c*x)/e^2/(c*e*x+c*d)^3*d*g-1/3*c^
4*arcsin(c*x)/e/(c*e*x+c*d)^3*f+c^3*arcsin(c*x)/e^3/(c*e*x+c*d)^2*d*h-1/2*
c^3*arcsin(c*x)*g/e^2/(c*e*x+c*d)^2+1/6*c^2/e^3*(-6*h/e/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^
2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^
2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(c*
x+d*c/e))-3*c*(2*d*h-e*g)/e^2*(1/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)*(-(c*x+d*c/
e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(-(c^
2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^
2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^
2)^(1/2))/(c*x+d*c/e)))+2*c^2*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)/e^3*(1/2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*
e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)^2*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(
1/2)+3/2*d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*(1/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)
)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(-(c^
2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^
2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^
2)^(1/2))/(c*x+d*c/e)))+1/2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*l
n((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-
(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(c*x+d*c/e...

```

### 3.103.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1488 vs.  $2(329) = 658$ .

Time = 72.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3003, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.60

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-1/12*(12*(a*c^6*d^6*e^2 - 3*a*c^4*d^4*e^4 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^6 - a*e^8)*h*x
^2 + sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(((2*b*c^5*d^2*e^5 + b*c^3*e^7)*f + (b*c^5*d^3*e
^4 - 4*b*c^3*d*e^6)*g + (2*b*c^5*d^4*e^3 - 5*b*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 6*b*c*e^7)*h)
*x^3 + 3*((2*b*c^5*d^3*e^4 + b*c^3*d*e^6)*f + (b*c^5*d^4*e^3 - 4*b*c^3*d^2
*e^5)*g + (2*b*c^5*d^5*e^2 - 5*b*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 6*b*c*d*e^6)*h)*x^2 + (2*b*
c^5*d^5*e^2 + b*c^3*d^3*e^4)*f + (b*c^5*d^6*e - 4*b*c^3*d^4*e^3)*g + (2*b*
c^5*d^7 - 5*b*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 6*b*c*d^3*e^4)*h + 3*((2*b*c^5*d^4*e^3 + b*c^3
*d^2*e^5)*f + (b*c^5*d^5*e^2 - 4*b*c^3*d^3*e^4)*g + (2*b*c^5*d^6*e - 5*b*c
^3*d^4*e^3 + 6*b*c*d^2*e^5)*h)*x)*log((2*c^2*d*e*x - c^2*d^2 + (2*c^4*d^2
- c^2*e^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(c^2*d*x + e)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) +
2*e^2)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 4*(a*c^6*d^6*e^2 - 3*a*c^4*d^4*e^4 +
3*a*c^2*d^2*e^6 - a*e^8)*f + 2*(a*c^6*d^7*e - 3*a*c^4*d^5*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^
3*e^5 - a*d*e^7)*g + 4*(a*c^6*d^8 - 3*a*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^4 - a*
d^2*e^6)*h + 6*((a*c^6*d^6*e^2 - 3*a*c^4*d^4*e^4 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^6 - a*e^8
)*g + 2*(a*c^6*d^7*e - 3*a*c^4*d^5*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^5 - a*d*e^7)*h)*x +
2*(6*(b*c^6*d^6*e^2 - 3*b*c^4*d^4*e^4 + 3*b*c^2*d^2*e^6 - b*e^8)*h*x^2 +
2*(b*c^6*d^6*e^2 - 3*b*c^4*d^4*e^4 + 3*b*c^2*d^2*e^6 - b*e^8)*f + (b*c^6*d
^7*e - 3*b*c^4*d^5*e^3 + 3*b*c^2*d^3*e^5 - b*d*e^7)*g + 2*(b*c^6*d^8 - 3*b
*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 3*b*c^2*d^4*e^4 - b*d^2*e^6)*h + 3*((b*c^6*d^6*e^2 - 3*b*c^
4*d^4*e^4 + 3*b*c^2*d^2*e^6 - b*e^8)*g + 2*(b*c^6*d^7*e - 3*b*c^4*d^5*e...

```

### 3.103.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx + hx^2)}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((h*x**2+g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x**2)/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

**3.103.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6*(3*e*x + d)*a*g/(e^5*x^3 + 3*d*e^4*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^3*x + d^3*e^2) - 1/3*(3*e^2*x^2 + 3*d*e*x + d^2)*a*h/(e^6*x^3 + 3*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^4*x + d^3*e^3) - 1/3*a*f/(e^4*x^3 + 3*d*e^3*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^2*x + d^3*e) - 1/6*((6*b*e^2*h*x^2 + 2*b*e^2*f + b*d*e*g + 2*b*d^2*h + 3*(b*e^2*g + 2*b*d*e*h)*x)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1)) + 6*(e^6*x^3 + 3*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^4*x + d^3*e^3)*integrate(1/6*(6*b*c*e^2*h*x^2 + 2*b*c*e^2*f + b*c*d*e*g + 2*b*c*d^2*h + 3*(b*c*e^2*g + 2*b*c*d*e*h)*x)*e^(1/2*log(c*x + 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x + 1))/(c^4*e^6*x^7 + 3*c^4*d*e^5*x^6 - 3*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^3 - c^2*d^3*e^3*x^2 + (3*c^4*d^2*e^4 - c^2*e^6)*x^5 + (c^4*d^3*e^3 - 3*c^2*d*e^5)*x^4 + (c^2*e^6*x^5 + 3*c^2*d*e^5*x^4 - 3*d^2*e^4*x - d^3*e^3 + (3*c^2*d^2*e^4 - e^6)*x^3 + (c^2*d^3*e^3 - 3*d*e^5)*x^2)*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(-c*x + 1))), x))/(e^6*x^3 + 3*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^4*x + d^3*e^3)`

**3.103.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((h*x^2 + g*x + f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

**3.103.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(hx^2 + gx + f)}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2))/(d + e*x)^4,x)`output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2))/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

**3.104** 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^5} dx$$

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**3.104.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 470

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^5} dx \\ &= \frac{bc(e^2f - deg + d^2h) \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{12e^2(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{bc(4e^2(eg - 2dh) - c^2d(5e^2f - deg - 3d^2h)) \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{24e^2(c^2d^2 - e^2)^2(d+ex)^2} \\ &+ \frac{bc(12e^4h + c^4d^2(11e^2f + deg - d^2h) + 4c^2e^2(e^2f - 4deg + d^2h)) \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{24e^2(c^2d^2 - e^2)^3(d+ex)} \\ &- \frac{(e^2f - deg + d^2h)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^3(d+ex)^4} \\ &- \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^3} - \frac{h(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d+ex)^2} \\ &- \frac{bc^3(4e^4(eg - 5dh) - c^2de^2(9e^2f - 13deg - 7d^2h) - 2c^4d^3(3e^2f + deg + d^2h)) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{24e^3(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{7/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/4*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^3/(e*x+d)^4-1/3*(-2*d*h+e*g)*
(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^3/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*h*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^3/(e*x+d)^2-1/24
*b*c^3*(4*e^4*(-5*d*h+e*g)-c^2*d*e^2*(-7*d^2*h-13*d*e*g+9*e^2*f)-2*c^4*d^3
*(d^2*h+d*e*g+3*e^2*f))*arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1
)^(1/2))/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(7/2)+1/12*b*c*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)*(-c^2*x^2+1
)^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)^3-1/24*b*c*(4*e^2*(-2*d*h+e*g)-c^2*d*(-3*
d^2*h-d*e*g+5*e^2*f))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2/(e*x+d)^2+1/2
4*b*c*(12*e^4*h+c^4*d^2*(-d^2*h+d*e*g+11*e^2*f)+4*c^2*e^2*(d^2*h-4*d*e*g+e
^2*f))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^3/(e*x+d)
```

3.104. 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^5} dx$$

### 3.104.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 575, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^5} dx =$$

$$\frac{6a(e^2f - deg + d^2h)}{(d+ex)^4} + \frac{8a(eg - 2dh)}{(d+ex)^3} + \frac{12ah}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{bce\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^4d^2(-2d^4h + 11e^4fx^2 + de^3x(27f + gx) - d^3e(2g + 5hx) + d^2e^2(18f + x(g - h$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^5,x]`

output

```
-1/24*((6*a*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h))/(d + e*x)^4 + (8*a*(e*g - 2*d*h))/(d + e*x)^3 + (12*a*h)/(d + e*x)^2 + (b*c*e*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(c^4*d^2*(-2*d^4*h + 11*e^4*f*x^2 + d*e^3*x*(27*f + g*x) - d^3*e*(2*g + 5*h*x) + d^2*e^2*(18*f + x*(g - h*x))) + 2*e^4*(3*d^2*h + d*e*(g + 8*h*x) + e^2*(f + 2*x*(g + 3*h*x))) + c^2*e^2*(11*d^4*h + 4*e^4*f*x^2 + d*e^3*x*(3*f - 16*g*x) + d^3*e*(-15*g + 19*h*x) + d^2*e^2*(-5*f + x*(-35*g + 4*h*x)))))/((-c^2*d^2 + e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^3) + (2*b*(d^2*h + d*e*(g + 4*h*x) + e^2*(3*f + 4*g*x + 6*h*x^2))*ArcSin[c*x])/(d + e*x)^4 - (b*c^3*(-4*e^4*(e*g - 5*d*h) + c^2*d*e^2*(9*e^2*f - 13*d*e*g - 7*d^2*h) + 2*c^4*d^3*(3*e^2*f + d*e*g + d^2*h))*Log[d + e*x])/((c*d - e)^3*(c*d + e)^3*Sqrt[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2]) + (b*c^3*(-4*e^4*(e*g - 5*d*h) + c^2*d*e^2*(9*e^2*f - 13*d*e*g - 7*d^2*h) + 2*c^4*d^3*(3*e^2*f + d*e*g + d^2*h))*Log[e + c^2*d*x + Sqrt[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2])*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((c*d - e)^3*(c*d + e)^3*Sqrt[-(c^2*d^2) + e^2])/e^3
```

### 3.104.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 494, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.346$ , Rules used = {5252, 27, 2182, 27, 688, 25, 679, 488, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

↓ 5252



$$\begin{aligned}
& -bc \int -\frac{hd^2 + egd + 6e^2hx^2 + 3e^2f + 4e(eg + dh)x}{12e^3(d + ex)^4\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{4e^3(d + ex)^4} - \\
& \quad \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{h(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d + ex)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bc \int \frac{hd^2 + egd + 6e^2hx^2 + 3e^2f + 4e(eg + dh)x}{(d + ex)^4\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx}{12e^3} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{4e^3(d + ex)^4} - \\
& \quad \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{h(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d + ex)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2182 \\
& bc \left( \frac{\int -\frac{3(-d(hd^2 + egd + 3e^2f)c^2 + 2e^2(2eg - dh) + 2e((-2hd^2 - egd + e^2f)c^2 + 3e^2h)x)}{(d + ex)^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx}{3(c^2d^2 - e^2)} + \frac{e\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^3} \right) \\
& \quad \frac{12e^3}{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h - deg + e^2f)} - \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^3(d + ex)^4} - \frac{h(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{h(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d + ex)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(hd^2 + egd + 3e^2f)c^2 + 2e^2(2eg - dh) + 2e((-2hd^2 - egd + e^2f)c^2 + 3e^2h)x}{(d + ex)^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2 - e^2} \right) \\
& \quad \frac{12e^3}{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h - deg + e^2f)} - \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^3(d + ex)^4} - \frac{h(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{h(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d + ex)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 688 \\
& bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{e(4e^2(eg - 2dh) - c^2d(-3hd^2 - egd + 5e^2f))xc^2 + 2(d^2(hd^2 + egd + 3e^2f)c^4 + 2e^2(-hd^2 - 3egd + e^2f)c^2 + 6e^4h)}{(d + ex)^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx}{2(c^2d^2 - e^2)} + \frac{e}{c^2d^2 - e^2} \right) \\
& \quad \frac{12e^3}{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h - deg + e^2f)} - \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^3(d + ex)^4} - \frac{h(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{h(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d + ex)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.104.  $\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^5} dx$

$$bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(4e^2(eg-2dh)-c^2d(-3d^2h-deg+5e^2f))}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{e(4e^2(eg-2dh)-c^2d(-3hd^2-egd+5e^2f))xc^2+2(d^2(hd^2+eg)}{(d+ex)^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right) \frac{12e^3}{c^2d^2-e^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{4e^3(d+ex)^4} - \frac{(eg-2dh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^3} - \frac{h(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 679

$$bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(4e^2(eg-2dh)-c^2d(-3d^2h-deg+5e^2f))}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^4d^2(d^2(-h)+deg+11e^2f)+4c^2e^2(d^2h-4deg+e^2f))}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} \right) \frac{12e^3}{c^2d^2-e^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{4e^3(d+ex)^4} - \frac{(eg-2dh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^3} - \frac{h(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 488

$$bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(4e^2(eg-2dh)-c^2d(-3d^2h-deg+5e^2f))}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{c^2(-2c^4d^3(d^2h+deg+3e^2f)-c^2de^2(-7d^2h-13deg+9e^2f)+4e^2)}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right) \frac{12e^3}{c^2d^2-e^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{4e^3(d+ex)^4} - \frac{(eg-2dh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^3} - \frac{h(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2e^3(d+ex)^2}$$

↓ 217

$$bc \left( \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(4e^2(eg-2dh)-c^2d(-3d^2h-deg+5e^2f))}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^4d^2(d^2(-h)+deg+11e^2f)+4c^2e^2(d^2h-4deg+e^2f))}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} \right) \frac{12e^3}{c^2d^2-e^2}$$

12e<sup>3</sup>

3.104.  $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^5} dx$

input `Int[((f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^5,x]`

output `-1/4*((e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(e^3*(d + e*x)^4) - ((e*g - 2*d*h)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^3) - (h*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*e^3*(d + e*x)^2) + (b*c*((e*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)^3) - ((e*(4*e^2*(e*g - 2*d*h) - c^2*d*(5*e^2*f - d*e*g - 3*d^2*h))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) - ((e*(12*e^4*h + c^4*d^2*(11*e^2*f + d*e*g - d^2*h) + 4*c^2*e^2*(e^2*f - 4*d*e*g + d^2*h))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) - (c^2*(4*e^4*(e*g - 5*d*h) - c^2*d*e^2*(9*e^2*f - 13*d*e*g - 7*d^2*h) - 2*c^4*d^3*(3*e^2*f + d*e*g + d^2*h))*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]])/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2))/(2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2))/(c^2*d^2 - e^2))/(12*e^3)`

### 3.104.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 679 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

```
rule 688 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 2182 Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=>
With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq,
d + e*x, x]}, Simp[e*R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*
d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m +
1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*Qx + b*d*R*(m + 1) - b
*e*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq,
x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5252 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_
Symbol] :=> With[{u = IntHide[Px*(d + e*x)^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]
```

### 3.104.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1923 vs. 2(444) = 888.

Time = 4.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1924, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.09

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	1924
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1935
default	Expression too large to display	1935

```
input int((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

a*(-1/4*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)/e^3/(e*x+d)^4-1/3*(-2*d*h+e*g)/e^3/(e*x+d)^3-1
/2/e^3*h/(e*x+d)^2)+b/c*(2/3*c^4*arcsin(c*x)/e^3/(c*e*x+c*d)^3*d*h-1/3*c^4
*arcsin(c*x)*g/e^2/(c*e*x+c*d)^3-1/2*c^3*arcsin(c*x)/e^3*h/(c*e*x+c*d)^2-1
/4*c^5*arcsin(c*x)/e^3/(c*e*x+c*d)^4*d^2*h+1/4*c^5*arcsin(c*x)/e^2/(c*e*x+
c*d)^4*d*g-1/4*c^5*arcsin(c*x)/e/(c*e*x+c*d)^4*f+1/12*c^3/e^3*(6*h/e^2*(1/
(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2
-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^
2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c
/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(c*x+d*c/e))-4*c*(2*d
*h-e*g)/e^3*(1/2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)^2*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(
c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+3/2*d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*(1/(c^2*d^2-e^
2)*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(
1/2)-d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/
e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c
/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(c*x+d*c/e))+1/2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e
^2/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)
+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2
-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(c*x+d*c/e))+3*c^2*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)/e^4*(1/3/(c^2*d^
2-e^2)*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)^3*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)
/e^2)^(1/2)+5/3*d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*(1/2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)^...

```

### 3.104.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2145 vs. 2(442) = 884.

Time = 246.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4316, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.18

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```

[-1/48*(24*(a*c^8*d^8*e^2 - 4*a*c^6*d^6*e^4 + 6*a*c^4*d^4*e^6 - 4*a*c^2*d^
2*e^8 + a*e^10)*h*x^2 - ((3*(2*b*c^7*d^3*e^6 + 3*b*c^5*d*e^8)*f + (2*b*c^7
*d^4*e^5 - 13*b*c^5*d^2*e^7 - 4*b*c^3*e^9)*g + (2*b*c^7*d^5*e^4 - 7*b*c^5*
d^3*e^6 + 20*b*c^3*d*e^8)*h)*x^4 + 4*(3*(2*b*c^7*d^4*e^5 + 3*b*c^5*d^2*e^7
)*f + (2*b*c^7*d^5*e^4 - 13*b*c^5*d^3*e^6 - 4*b*c^3*d*e^8)*g + (2*b*c^7*d^
6*e^3 - 7*b*c^5*d^4*e^5 + 20*b*c^3*d^2*e^7)*h)*x^3 + 6*(3*(2*b*c^7*d^5*e^4
+ 3*b*c^5*d^3*e^6)*f + (2*b*c^7*d^6*e^3 - 13*b*c^5*d^4*e^5 - 4*b*c^3*d^2*
e^7)*g + (2*b*c^7*d^7*e^2 - 7*b*c^5*d^5*e^4 + 20*b*c^3*d^3*e^6)*h)*x^2 + 3
*(2*b*c^7*d^7*e^2 + 3*b*c^5*d^5*e^4)*f + (2*b*c^7*d^8*e - 13*b*c^5*d^6*e^3
- 4*b*c^3*d^4*e^5)*g + (2*b*c^7*d^9 - 7*b*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 20*b*c^3*d^5*e^4)
*h + 4*(3*(2*b*c^7*d^6*e^3 + 3*b*c^5*d^4*e^5)*f + (2*b*c^7*d^7*e^2 - 13*b*
c^5*d^5*e^4 - 4*b*c^3*d^3*e^6)*g + (2*b*c^7*d^8*e - 7*b*c^5*d^6*e^3 + 20*b
*c^3*d^4*e^5)*h)*x)*sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*log((2*c^2*d*e*x - c^2*d^2 + (2*c
^4*d^2 - c^2*e^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(c^2*d*x + e)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2
+ 1) + 2*e^2)/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) + 12*(a*c^8*d^8*e^2 - 4*a*c^6*d^
6*e^4 + 6*a*c^4*d^4*e^6 - 4*a*c^2*d^2*e^8 + a*e^10)*f + 4*(a*c^8*d^9*e - 4
*a*c^6*d^7*e^3 + 6*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 - 4*a*c^2*d^3*e^7 + a*d*e^9)*g + 4*(a*c^8
*d^10 - 4*a*c^6*d^8*e^2 + 6*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 - 4*a*c^2*d^4*e^6 + a*d^2*e^8)*h
+ 16*((a*c^8*d^8*e^2 - 4*a*c^6*d^6*e^4 + 6*a*c^4*d^4*e^6 - 4*a*c^2*d^2*e^
8 + a*e^10)*g + (a*c^8*d^9*e - 4*a*c^6*d^7*e^3 + 6*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 - 4*a*...

```

### 3.104.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx + hx^2)}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((h*x**2+g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d)**5,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x**2)/(d + e*x)**5, x)`

## 3.104.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{(hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/12*(4*e*x + d)*a*g/(e^6*x^4 + 4*d*e^5*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^3*x + d^4*e^2) - 1/12*(6*e^2*x^2 + 4*d*e*x + d^2)*a*h/(e^7*x^4 + 4*d*e^6*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^5*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^4*x + d^4*e^3) - 1/4*a*f/(e^5*x^4 + 4*d*e^4*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^2*x + d^4*e) - 1/12*((6*b*e^2*h*x^2 + 3*b*e^2*f + b*d*e*g + b*d^2*h + 4*(b*e^2*g + b*d*e*h)*x)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1) + 12*(e^7*x^4 + 4*d*e^6*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^5*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^4*x + d^4*e^3)*integrate(1/12*(6*b*c*e^2*h*x^2 + 3*b*c*e^2*f + b*c*d*e*g + b*c*d^2*h + 4*(b*c*e^2*g + b*c*d*e*h)*x)*e^(1/2*log(c*x + 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x + 1))/(c^4*e^7*x^8 + 4*c^4*d*e^6*x^7 - 4*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^3 - c^2*d^4*e^3*x^2 + (6*c^4*d^2*e^5 - c^2*e^7)*x^6 + 4*(c^4*d^3*e^4 - c^2*d*e^6)*x^5 + (c^4*d^4*e^3 - 6*c^2*d^2*e^5)*x^4 + (c^2*e^7*x^6 + 4*c^2*d*e^6*x^5 - 4*d^3*e^4*x - d^4*e^3 + (6*c^2*d^2*e^5 - e^7)*x^4 + 4*(c^2*d^3*e^4 - d*e^6)*x^3 + (c^2*d^4*e^3 - 6*d^2*e^5)*x^2)*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(-c*x + 1)), x))/(e^7*x^4 + 4*d*e^6*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^5*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^4*x + d^4*e^3)`

## 3.104.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.104.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(hx^2 + gx + f)}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2))/(d + e*x)^5,x)`output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2))/(d + e*x)^5, x)`



**3.105**       $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^6} dx$

3.105.1 Optimal result . . . . . 924  
 3.105.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 925  
 3.105.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 926  
 3.105.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 931  
 3.105.5 Fricas [F(-1)] . . . . . 932  
 3.105.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 932  
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 3.105.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 933  
 3.105.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 933

**3.105.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 593

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{bc(e^2 f - deg + d^2 h) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{20e^2 (c^2 d^2 - e^2) (d + ex)^4}$$

$$- \frac{bc(5e^2(eg - 2dh) - c^2 d(7e^2 f - 2deg - 3d^2 h)) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{60e^2 (c^2 d^2 - e^2)^2 (d + ex)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{bc(20e^4 h + c^4 d^2(26e^2 f - deg - 4d^2 h) + c^2 e^2(9e^2 f - 34deg + 19d^2 h)) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{120e^2 (c^2 d^2 - e^2)^3 (d + ex)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{bc^3(c^4 d^3(10ef + dg) - 4e^3(eg - 5dh) + c^2 de(11e^2 f - 18deg + d^2 h)) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{24e (c^2 d^2 - e^2)^4 (d + ex)}$$

$$- \frac{(e^2 f - deg + d^2 h)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{5e^3 (d + ex)^5}$$

$$- \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^3 (d + ex)^4} - \frac{h(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^3 (d + ex)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{bc^3(20e^6 h + 3c^4 d^2 e^2(24e^2 f - 19deg - 6d^2 h) + 2c^6 d^4(12e^2 f + 3deg + 2d^2 h) + 9c^2 e^4(e^2 f - 6deg + 11d^2 h))}{120e^3 (c^2 d^2 - e^2)^{9/2}}$$

output 
$$-1/5*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))/e^3/(e*x+d)^5-1/4*(-2*d*h+e*g)*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))/e^3/(e*x+d)^4-1/3*h*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))/e^3/(e*x+d)^3+1/12*0*b*c^3*(20*e^6*h+3*c^4*d^2*e^2*(-6*d^2*h-19*d*e*g+24*e^2*f)+2*c^6*d^4*(2*d^2*h+3*d*e*g+12*e^2*f)+9*c^2*e^4*(11*d^2*h-6*d*e*g+e^2*f))*\arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(9/2)+1/20*b*c*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)^4-1/6*0*b*c*(5*e^2*(-2*d*h+e*g)-c^2*d*(-3*d^2*h-2*d*e*g+7*e^2*f))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2/(e*x+d)^3+1/120*b*c*(20*e^4*h+c^4*d^2*(-4*d^2*h-d*e*g+26*e^2*f)+c^2*e^2*(19*d^2*h-34*d*e*g+9*e^2*f))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^3/(e*x+d)^2+1/24*b*c^3*(c^4*d^3*(d*g+10*e*f)-4*e^3*(-5*d*h+e*g)+c^2*d*e*(d^2*h-18*d*e*g+11*e^2*f))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^4/(e*x+d)$$

### 3.105.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 682, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{24a(e^2f - deg + d^2h)}{(d+ex)^5} + \frac{30a(eg - 2dh)}{(d+ex)^4} + \frac{40ah}{(d+ex)^3} - \frac{bce\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(6(c^2d^2 - e^2)^3(e^2f - deg + d^2h) - 2(-c^2d^2 + e^2)^2(5e^2(eg - 2dh) + c^2d(-7e^2f - d^2h) - 2*(-c^2d^2 + e^2)^2(5e^2(e^2f - d^2h) + c^2d*(-7e^2f + 2d^2e^2g + 3d^2h)))(d + ex) - (-c^2d^2 + e^2)*(20e^4h - c^4d^2*(-26e^2f + d^2e^2g + 4d^2h) + c^2e^2*(9e^2f - 34d^2e^2g + 19d^2h)))(d + ex)^2 + 5c^2d^2e*(c^4d^3*(10e^2f + dg) - 4e^3*(e^2g - 5d^2h) + c^2d^2e*(11e^2f - 18d^2e^2g + d^2h)))(d + ex)^3)}{((-c^2d^2 + e^2)^4*(d + ex)^4 + (2*b*(2*d^2*h + d*e*(3*g + 10*h*x) + e^2*(12*f + 5*x*(3*g + 4*h*x)))*\arcsin[c*x])/(d + ex)^5 - (b*c^3*(20*e^6*h + 2*c^6*d^4*(12*e^2*f + 3*d^2*e^2g + 2*d^2*h) - 3*c^4*d^2*e^2*(-24*e^2*f + 19*d^2e^2g + 6*d^2*h) + 9*c^2*e^4*(e^2*f - 6*d^2e^2g + 11*d^2h))*\log[d + ex])/(((-c*d) + e)^4*(c*d + e)^4*\sqrt{-(c^2*d^2) + e^2}) + (b*c^3*(20*e^6*h + 2*c^6*d^4*(12*e^2*f + 3*d^2*e^2g + 2*d^2*h) - 3*c^4*d^2*e^2*(-24*e^2*f + 19*d^2e^2g + 6*d^2*h) + 9*c^2*e^4*(e^2*f - 6*d^2e^2g + 11*d^2h))*\log[e + c^2*d*x + \sqrt{-(c^2*d^2) + e^2}]*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2})/((-c*d) + e)^4*(c*d + e)^4*\sqrt{-(c^2*d^2) + e^2})/e^3$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^6,x]`

output 
$$-1/120*((24*a*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h))/(d + e*x)^5 + (30*a*(e^2*f - d^2*h))/(d + e*x)^4 + (40*a*h)/(d + e*x)^3 - (b*c*e*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2}*(6*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^3*(e^2*f - d^2*h) - 2*(-c^2*d^2 + e^2)^2*(5*e^2*(e^2*f - d^2*h) + c^2*d*(-7*e^2*f + 2*d^2e^2g + 3*d^2h)))(d + e*x) - (-c^2*d^2 + e^2)*(20*e^4*h - c^4*d^2*(-26*e^2*f + d^2e^2g + 4*d^2h) + c^2*e^2*(9*e^2*f - 34*d^2e^2g + 19*d^2h)))(d + e*x)^2 + 5*c^2*d^2*e*(c^4*d^3*(10*e^2*f + d*g) - 4*e^3*(e^2*g - 5*d^2h) + c^2*d^2*e*(11*e^2*f - 18*d^2e^2g + d^2h)))(d + e*x)^3)/((-c^2*d^2 + e^2)^4*(d + e*x)^4 + (2*b*(2*d^2*h + d*e*(3*g + 10*h*x) + e^2*(12*f + 5*x*(3*g + 4*h*x)))*\arcsin[c*x])/(d + e*x)^5 - (b*c^3*(20*e^6*h + 2*c^6*d^4*(12*e^2*f + 3*d^2*e^2g + 2*d^2*h) - 3*c^4*d^2*e^2*(-24*e^2*f + 19*d^2e^2g + 6*d^2*h) + 9*c^2*e^4*(e^2*f - 6*d^2e^2g + 11*d^2h))*\log[d + e*x])/(((-c*d) + e)^4*(c*d + e)^4*\sqrt{-(c^2*d^2) + e^2}) + (b*c^3*(20*e^6*h + 2*c^6*d^4*(12*e^2*f + 3*d^2*e^2g + 2*d^2*h) - 3*c^4*d^2*e^2*(-24*e^2*f + 19*d^2e^2g + 6*d^2*h) + 9*c^2*e^4*(e^2*f - 6*d^2e^2g + 11*d^2h))*\log[e + c^2*d*x + \sqrt{-(c^2*d^2) + e^2}]*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2})/((-c*d) + e)^4*(c*d + e)^4*\sqrt{-(c^2*d^2) + e^2})/e^3$$

3.105. 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^6} dx$$

**3.105.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 630, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.462$ , Rules used = {5252, 27, 2182, 27, 688, 27, 688, 25, 27, 679, 488, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5252$$

$$-bc \int -\frac{2hd^2 + 3egd + 20e^2hx^2 + 12e^2f + 5e(3eg + 2dh)x}{60e^3(d + ex)^5\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx -$$

$$\frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{5e^3(d + ex)^5} - \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^3(d + ex)^4} - \frac{h(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{bc \int \frac{2hd^2 + 3egd + 20e^2hx^2 + 12e^2f + 5e(3eg + 2dh)x}{(d + ex)^5\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx}{60e^3} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{5e^3(d + ex)^5} -$$

$$\frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^3(d + ex)^4} - \frac{h(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 2182$$

$$bc \left( \frac{\int -\frac{4(-d(2hd^2 + 3egd + 12e^2f)c^2 + 5e^2(3eg - 2dh) + e((-11hd^2 - 9egd + 9e^2f)c^2 + 20e^2h)x)}{(d + ex)^4\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx}{4(c^2d^2 - e^2)} + \frac{3e\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^4} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{5e^3(d + ex)^5} - \frac{60e^3}{4e^3(d + ex)^4} \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$bc \left( \frac{3e\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^4} - \frac{\int \frac{-d(2hd^2 + 3egd + 12e^2f)c^2 + 5e^2(3eg - 2dh) + e((-11hd^2 - 9egd + 9e^2f)c^2 + 20e^2h)x}{(d + ex)^4\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2 - e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{5e^3(d + ex)^5} - \frac{60e^3}{4e^3(d + ex)^4} \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 688$$

---

3.105.  $\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^6} dx$

$$bc \left( \frac{3e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{\int \frac{3(d^2(2hd^2+3egd+12e^2f)c^4+e^2(-hd^2-24egd+9e^2f)c^2+2e(5e^2(eg-2dh)-c^2d(-3hd^2-2egd+7e^2f))xc^2+20e^4h}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{3(c^2d^2-e^2)} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{5e^3(d+ex)^5} - \frac{(eg-2dh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e^3(d+ex)^4} - \frac{60e^3}{3e^3(d+ex)^3} h(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 27

$$bc \left( \frac{3e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(5e^2(eg-2dh)-c^2d(-3d^2h-2deg+7e^2f))}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{d^2(2hd^2+3egd+12e^2f)c^4+e^2(-hd^2-24egd+9e^2f)c^2+2e(5e^2(eg-2dh)-c^2d(-3hd^2-2egd+7e^2f))xc^2+20e^4h}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{c^2d^2-e^2} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{5e^3(d+ex)^5} - \frac{(eg-2dh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e^3(d+ex)^4} - \frac{60e^3}{3e^3(d+ex)^3} h(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 688

$$bc \left( \frac{3e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(5e^2(eg-2dh)-c^2d(-3d^2h-2deg+7e^2f))}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{c^2(2(-d^3(2hd^2+3egd+12e^2f)c^4-de^2(-7hd^2-28egd+20e^2f))xc^2+20e^4h)}{(d+ex)^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{c^2d^2-e^2} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{5e^3(d+ex)^5} - \frac{(eg-2dh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e^3(d+ex)^4} - \frac{h(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^3}$$

↓ 25

$$bc \left( \frac{3e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(5e^2(eg-2dh)-c^2d(-3d^2h-2deg+7e^2f))}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^4d^2(-4d^2h-deg+26e^2f)+c^2e^2(19d^2h-34deg+20e^2f))xc^2+20e^4h}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2}}{c^2d^2-e^2} dx}{c^2d^2-e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{5e^3(d+ex)^5} - \frac{(eg-2dh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e^3(d+ex)^4} - \frac{h(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^3}$$

↓ 27

---

3.105.  $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^6} dx$

$$bc \left( \frac{3e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(5e^2(eg-2dh)-c^2d(-3d^2h-2deg+7e^2f))}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^4d^2(-4d^2h-deg+26e^2f)+c^2e^2(19d^2h-34deg+26e^2f))}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{5e^3(d+ex)^5} - \frac{(eg-2dh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e^3(d+ex)^4} - \frac{h(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^3}$$

↓ 679

$$bc \left( \frac{3e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(5e^2(eg-2dh)-c^2d(-3d^2h-2deg+7e^2f))}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^4d^2(-4d^2h-deg+26e^2f)+c^2e^2(19d^2h-34deg+26e^2f))}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{5e^3(d+ex)^5} - \frac{(eg-2dh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e^3(d+ex)^4} - \frac{h(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^3}$$

↓ 488

$$bc \left( \frac{3e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^4} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(5e^2(eg-2dh)-c^2d(-3d^2h-2deg+7e^2f))}{(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^4d^2(-4d^2h-deg+26e^2f)+c^2e^2(19d^2h-34deg+26e^2f))}{2(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h-deg+e^2f)}{5e^3(d+ex)^5} - \frac{(eg-2dh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4e^3(d+ex)^4} - \frac{h(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d+ex)^3}$$

↓ 217

---

3.105.  $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^6} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{5e^3(d + ex)^5} - \frac{(eg - 2dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{4e^3(d + ex)^4} - \frac{h(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^3(d + ex)^3} + \\
 bc & \left( \frac{3e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(d^2h - deg + e^2f)}{(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^4} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(5e^2(eg - 2dh) - c^2d(-3d^2h - 2deg + 7e^2f))}{(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^3} - \frac{e\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(c^4d^2(-4d^2h - deg + 26e^2f) + c^2e^2(19d^2h - 34deg + \dots))}{2(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[((f + g*x + h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^6,x]
```

```
output -1/5*((e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(e^3*(d + e*x)^5) - ((e
*g - 2*d*h)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(4*e^3*(d + e*x)^4) - (h*(a + b*ArcSin[c*
x]))/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^3) + (b*c*((3*e*(e^2*f - d*e*g + d^2*h)*Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]))/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)^4) - ((e*(5*e^2*(e*g - 2*d*h) - c^2*d*(7
*e^2*f - 2*d*e*g - 3*d^2*h))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)
^3) - ((e*(20*e^4*h + c^4*d^2*(26*e^2*f - d*e*g - 4*d^2*h) + c^2*e^2*(9*e^
2*f - 34*d*e*g + 19*d^2*h))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x
)^2) - (c^2*((-5*e^2*(c^4*d^3*(10*e*f + d*g) - 4*e^3*(e*g - 5*d*h) + c^2*d
*e*(11*e^2*f - 18*d*e*g + d^2*h))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d +
e*x)) - ((20*e^6*h + 3*c^4*d^2*e^2*(24*e^2*f - 19*d*e*g - 6*d^2*h) + 2*c^
6*d^4*(12*e^2*f + 3*d*e*g + 2*d^2*h) + 9*c^2*e^4*(e^2*f - 6*d*e*g + 11*d^2
*h))*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/(c^2*d
^2 - e^2)^(3/2))/(2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2))/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)/(c^2*d^2 - e^2))/(
(60*e^3)
```

3.105.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

3.105.  $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^6} dx$

- rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 679 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`
- rule 688 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`
- rule 2182 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, d + e*x, x]}, Simp[e*R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*Qx + b*d*R*(m + 1) - b*e*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5252 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*(d + e*x)^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

### 3.105.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3207 vs.  $2(563) = 1126$ .

Time = 5.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3208, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.41

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	3208
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	3219
default	Expression too large to display	3219

input `int((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & a*(-1/3/e^3*h/(e*x+d)^3-1/4*(-2*d*h+e*g)/e^3/(e*x+d)^4-1/5*(d^2*h-d*e*g+e^2*f)/e^3/(e*x+d)^5)+b/c*(-1/3*c^4*arcsin(c*x)/e^3*h/(c*e*x+c*d)^3+1/2*c^5* \\
 & arcsin(c*x)/e^3/(c*e*x+c*d)^4*d*h-1/4*c^5*arcsin(c*x)/e^2/(c*e*x+c*d)^4*g- \\
 & 1/5*c^6*arcsin(c*x)/e^3/(c*e*x+c*d)^5*d^2*h+1/5*c^6*arcsin(c*x)/e^2/(c*e*x \\
 & +c*d)^5*d*g-1/5*c^6*arcsin(c*x)/e/(c*e*x+c*d)^5*f+1/60*c^4/e^3*(20*h/e^3*( \\
 & 1/2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)^2*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c \\
 & ^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+3/2*d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*(1/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(c*x+d \\
 & *c/e)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)-d*c*e/( \\
 & c^2*d^2-e^2)/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*( \\
 & c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e \\
 & )-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2))/(c*x+d*c/e))+1/2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(-(c^2*d^2 \\
 & -e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2 \\
 & -e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1 \\
 & /2))/(c*x+d*c/e))-15*c*(2*d*h-e*g)/e^4*(1/3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e) \\
 & ^3*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+5/3*d*c*e/ \\
 & (c^2*d^2-e^2)*(1/2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)^2*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e \\
 & *(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)+3/2*d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*(1/(c^2*d^2- \\
 & e^2)*e^2/(c*x+d*c/e)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2 \\
 & )^(1/2)-d*c*e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*(c^2*d^2-e^2 \\
 & )/e^2+2*d*c/e*(c*x+d*c/e)+2*(-(c^2*d^2-e^2)/e^2)^(1/2)*(-(c*x+d*c/e)^2+...
 \end{aligned}$$



**3.105.5 Fracas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

**3.105.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx + hx^2)}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((h*x**2+g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d)**6,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x**2)/(d + e*x)**6, x)`

**3.105.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{(hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/20*(5*e*x + d)*a*g/(e^7*x^5 + 5*d*e^6*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^5*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^3*x + d^5*e^2) - 1/30*(10*e^2*x^2 + 5*d*e*x + d^2)*a*h/(e^8*x^5 + 5*d*e^7*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^6*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^5*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^4*x + d^5*e^3) - 1/5*a*f/(e^6*x^5 + 5*d*e^5*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^4*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^2*x + d^5*e) - 1/60*((20*b*e^2*h*x^2 + 12*b*e^2*f + 3*b*d*e*g + 2*b*d^2*h + 5*(3*b*e^2*g + 2*b*d*e*h)*x)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1) + 60*(e^8*x^5 + 5*d*e^7*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^6*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^5*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^4*x + d^5*e^3)*integrate(1/60*(20*b*c*e^2*h*x^2 + 12*b*c*e^2*f + 3*b*c*d*e*g + 2*b*c*d^2*h + 5*(3*b*c*e^2*g + 2*b*c*d*e*h)*x)*e^(1/2*log(c*x + 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x + 1))/(c^4*e^8*x^9 + 5*c^4*d*e^7*x^8 - 5*c^2*d^4*e^4*x^3 - c^2*d^5*e^3*x^2 + (10*c^4*d^2*e^6 - c^2*e^8)*x^7 + 5*(2*c^4*d^3*e^5 - c^2*d*e^7)*x^6 + 5*(c^4*d^4*e^4 - 2*c^2*d^2*e^6)*x^5 + (c^4*d^5*e^3 - 10*c^2*d^3*e^5)*x^4 + (c^2*e^8*x^7 + 5*c^2*d*e^7*x^6 - 5*d^4*e^4*x - d^5*e^3 + (10*c^2*d^2*e^6 - e^8)*x^5 + 5*(2*c^2*d^3*e^5 - d*e^7)*x^4 + 5*(c^2*d^4*e^4 - 2*d^2*e^6)*x^3 + (c^2*d^5*e^3 - 10*d^3*e^5)*x^2)*e^(log(c*x + 1) + log(-c*x + 1))), x)/(e^8*x^5 + 5*d*e^7*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^6*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^5*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^4*x + d^5*e^3)`

### 3.105.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{(hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((h*x^2 + g*x + f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^6, x)`

### 3.105.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(hx^2 + gx + f)}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2))/(d + e*x)^6,x)`

output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2))/(d + e*x)^6, x)`

---

3.105.  $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^6} dx$

### 3.106 $\int (d+ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.106.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 684

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\
 = & \frac{b(1225c^4d(3e^2f + 3deg + d^2h) + 360e^3i + 588c^2e(e^2g + 3deh + 3d^2i)) x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{11025c^5} \\
 & + \frac{b(5e^2(eh + 3di) + 9c^2(e^3f + 3de^2g + 3d^2eh + d^3i)) x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{144c^3} \\
 & + \frac{be(30e^2i + 49c^2(e^2g + 3deh + 3d^2i)) x^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{1225c^3} \\
 & + \frac{be^2(eh + 3di)x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{36c} + \frac{be^3ix^6 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{49c} \\
 & + \frac{b(32(11025c^6d^3f + 2450c^4d(3e^2f + 3deg + d^2h) + 720e^3i + 1176c^2e(e^2g + 3deh + 3d^2i)) + 3675c^2(24c^4d^2(3ef + dg) + 5e^2(eh + 3di) + 9c^2(e^3f + 3de^2g + 3d^2eh + d^3i)) \arcsin(cx))}{352800c^7} \\
 & - \frac{b(24c^4d^2(3ef + dg) + 5e^2(eh + 3di) + 9c^2(e^3f + 3de^2g + 3d^2eh + d^3i)) \arcsin(cx)}{96c^6} \\
 & + d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}d^2(3ef + dg)x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & + \frac{1}{3}d(3e^2f + 3deg + d^2h)x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & + \frac{1}{4}(e^3f + 3de^2g + 3d^2eh + d^3i)x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & + \frac{1}{5}e(e^2g + 3deh + 3d^2i)x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \\
 & + \frac{1}{6}e^2(eh + 3di)x^6(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}e^3ix^7(a + b \arcsin(cx))
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/96*b*(24*c^4*d^2*(d*g+3*e*f)+5*e^2*(3*d*i+e*h)+9*c^2*(d^3*i+3*d^2*e*h+3
*d*e^2*g+e^3*f))*arcsin(c*x)/c^6+d^3*f*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/2*d^2*(d*g+3*
e*f)*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/3*d*(d^2*h+3*d*e*g+3*e^2*f)*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c
*x))+1/4*(d^3*i+3*d^2*e*h+3*d*e^2*g+e^3*f)*x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/5*e*(3*
d^2*i+3*d*e*h+e^2*g)*x^5*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/6*e^2*(3*d*i+e*h)*x^6*(a+b*ar
csin(c*x))+1/7*e^3*i*x^7*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/11025*b*(1225*c^4*d*(d^2*h+3*
d*e*g+3*e^2*f)+360*e^3*i+588*c^2*e*(3*d^2*i+3*d*e*h+e^2*g))*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)/c^5+1/144*b*(5*e^2*(3*d*i+e*h)+9*c^2*(d^3*i+3*d^2*e*h+3*d*e^2*g+e
^3*f))*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3+1/1225*b*e*(30*e^2*i+49*c^2*(3*d^2*i+3*d
*e*h+e^2*g))*x^4*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3+1/36*b*e^2*(3*d*i+e*h)*x^5*(-c^2*x
^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/49*b*e^3*i*x^6*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/352800*b*(352800*c^6
*d^3*f+78400*c^4*d*(d^2*h+3*d*e*g+3*e^2*f)+23040*e^3*i+37632*c^2*e*(3*d^2*
i+3*d*e*h+e^2*g)+3675*c^2*(24*c^4*d^2*(d*g+3*e*f)+5*e^2*(3*d*i+e*h)+9*c^2*
(d^3*i+3*d^2*e*h+3*d*e^2*g+e^3*f))*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^7

```

### 3.106.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 619, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\
&= ad^3 fx + \frac{1}{2} ad^2 (3ef + dg) x^2 + \frac{1}{3} ad (3e^2 f + 3deg + d^2 h) x^3 + \frac{1}{4} a (e^3 f + 3de^2 g + 3d^2 eh + d^3 i) x^4 \\
&+ \frac{1}{5} ae (e^2 g + 3deh + 3d^2 i) x^5 + \frac{1}{6} ae^2 (eh + 3di) x^6 + \frac{1}{7} ae^3 ix^7 \\
&+ \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(23040e^3i + 3c^2e(37632d^2i + 147de(256h + 125ix)) + e^2(12544g + 5x(1225h + 768ix))) + c}{96c^6} \\
&- \frac{b(24c^4d^2(3ef + dg) + 5e^2(eh + 3di) + 9c^2(e^3f + 3de^2g + 3d^2eh + d^3i)) \arcsin(cx)}{96c^6} \\
&+ \frac{1}{420} bx (35d^3(12f + x(6g + x(4h + 3ix))) + 21d^2ex(30f + x(20g + 3x(5h + 4ix))) \\
&+ 21de^2x^2(20f + x(15g + 2x(6h + 5ix))) + e^3x^3(105f + 2x(42g + 5x(7h + 6ix)))) \arcsin(cx)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

```

output a*d^3*f*x + (a*d^2*(3*e*f + d*g)*x^2)/2 + (a*d*(3*e^2*f + 3*d*e*g + d^2*h)
*x^3)/3 + (a*(e^3*f + 3*d*e^2*g + 3*d^2*e*h + d^3*i)*x^4)/4 + (a*e*(e^2*g
+ 3*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i)*x^5)/5 + (a*e^2*(e*h + 3*d*i)*x^6)/6 + (a*e^3*i*x^7)/
7 + (b*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(23040*e^3*i + 3*c^2*e*(37632*d^2*i + 147*d*e*(25
6*h + 125*i*x) + e^2*(12544*g + 5*x*(1225*h + 768*i*x))) + c^4*(1225*d^3*(
64*h + 27*i*x) + 147*d^2*e*(1600*g + 675*h*x + 384*i*x^2) + 147*d*e^2*(160
0*f + x*(675*g + 384*h*x + 250*i*x^2)) + e^3*x*(33075*f + 2*x*(9408*g + 61
25*h*x + 4320*i*x^2))) + 2*c^6*(1225*d^3*(144*f + x*(36*g + x*(16*h + 9*i*
x))) + 147*d^2*e*x*(900*f + x*(400*g + 9*x*(25*h + 16*i*x))) + 147*d*e^2*x
^2*(400*f + x*(225*g + 4*x*(36*h + 25*i*x))) + e^3*x^3*(11025*f + 4*x*(176
4*g + 25*x*(49*h + 36*i*x)))))/(352800*c^7) - (b*(24*c^4*d^2*(3*e*f + d*g
) + 5*e^2*(e*h + 3*d*i) + 9*c^2*(e^3*f + 3*d*e^2*g + 3*d^2*e*h + d^3*i))*A
rcSin[c*x])/(96*c^6) + (b*x*(35*d^3*(12*f + x*(6*g + x*(4*h + 3*i*x))) + 2
1*d^2*e*x*(30*f + x*(20*g + 3*x*(5*h + 4*i*x))) + 21*d*e^2*x^2*(20*f + x*(
15*g + 2*x*(6*h + 5*i*x))) + e^3*x^3*(105*f + 2*x*(42*g + 5*x*(7*h + 6*i*x
))))*ArcSin[c*x])/420

```

### 3.106.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 729, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.548$ , Rules used = {5248, 27, 2340, 25, 2340, 27, 2340, 25, 2340, 27, 2340, 25, 27, 533, 27, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5248$$

$$-bc \int \frac{x(35(12f + x(6g + x(4h + 3ix)))d^3 + 21ex(30f + x(20g + 3x(5h + 4ix)))d^2 + 21e^2x^2(20f + x(15g + 2x($$

$$\frac{d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 3deg + 3e^2f) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a +$$

$$b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2i + 3deh + e^2g) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a +$$

$$b \arcsin(cx)) (d^3i + 3d^2eh + 3de^2g + e^3f) + \frac{1}{6}e^2x^6(3di + eh)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}e^3ix^7(a +$$

$$b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{1}{420}bc \int \frac{x(35(12f + x(6g + x(4h + 3ix)))d^3 + 21ex(30f + x(20g + 3x(5h + 4ix)))d^2 + 21e^2x^2(20f + x(15g + d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 3deg + 3e^2f) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2i + 3deh + e^2g) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^3i + 3d^2eh + 3de^2g + e^3f) + \frac{1}{6}e^2x^6(3di + eh)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}e^3ix^7(a + b \arcsin(cx)))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}$$

↓ 2340

$$-\frac{1}{420}bc \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{x(490c^2e^2(eh+3di)x^5+12e(49(3id^2+3ehd+e^2g)c^2+30e^2i)x^4+735c^2(id^3+3ehd^2+3e^2gd+e^3f)x^3+980c^2d(hd^2+3egd+3e^2f)x^2+d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 3deg + 3e^2f) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2i + 3deh + e^2g) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^3i + 3d^2eh + 3de^2g + e^3f) + \frac{1}{6}e^2x^6(3di + eh)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}e^3ix^7(a + b \arcsin(cx)))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{7c^2} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{1}{420}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{x(490c^2e^2(eh+3di)x^5+12e(49(3id^2+3ehd+e^2g)c^2+30e^2i)x^4+735c^2(id^3+3ehd^2+3e^2gd+e^3f)x^3+980c^2d(hd^2+3egd+3e^2f)x^2+d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 3deg + 3e^2f) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2i + 3deh + e^2g) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^3i + 3d^2eh + 3de^2g + e^3f) + \frac{1}{6}e^2x^6(3di + eh)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}e^3ix^7(a + b \arcsin(cx)))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{7c^2} \right)$$

↓ 2340

$$-\frac{1}{420}bc \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{2x(2940d(hd^2+3egd+3e^2f)x^2c^4+8820d^3fc^4+4410d^2(3ef+dg)xc^4+36e(49(3id^2+3ehd+e^2g)c^2+30e^2i)x^4c^2+245(9(id^3+3ehd^2+3e^2gd+e^3f)x^3+d^3fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 3deg + 3e^2f) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2i + 3deh + e^2g) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^3i + 3d^2eh + 3de^2g + e^3f) + \frac{1}{6}e^2x^6(3di + eh)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}e^3ix^7(a + b \arcsin(cx)))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{6c^2}}{7c^2} \right)$$



$$-\frac{1}{420}bc \left( \frac{\int -\frac{3x(58800d^3fc^8+16(1225d(hd^2+3egd+3e^2f)c^4+588e(3id^2+3ehd+e^2g)c^2+360e^3i)x^2c^4+1225(24d^2(3ef+dg)c^4+9(id^3+3ehd^2+3e^2gd+e^3f)c^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{4c^2} \right. \\ \left. \frac{\phantom{\int}}{5c^2} \right)$$

$$d^3fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+3deg+3e^2f) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a+b\arcsin(cx))(3d^2i+3deh+e^2g) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg+3ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^3i+3d^2eh+3de^2g+e^3f) + \frac{1}{6}e^2x^6(3di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}e^3ix^7(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{1}{420}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{x(58800d^3fc^8+16(1225d(hd^2+3egd+3e^2f)c^4+588e(3id^2+3ehd+e^2g)c^2+360e^3i)x^2c^4+1225(24d^2(3ef+dg)c^4+9(id^3+3ehd^2+3e^2gd+e^3f)c^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{4c^2} \right. \\ \left. \frac{\phantom{\int}}{5c^2} \right)$$

$$d^3fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+3deg+3e^2f) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a+b\arcsin(cx))(3d^2i+3deh+e^2g) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg+3ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^3i+3d^2eh+3de^2g+e^3f) + \frac{1}{6}e^2x^6(3di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}e^3ix^7(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 2340

$$-\frac{1}{420}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{c^4x(3675(24d^2(3ef+dg)c^4+9(id^3+3ehd^2+3e^2gd+e^3f)c^2+5e^2(eh+3di))x^2c^2+16(11025d^3fc^6+2450d(hd^2+3egd+3e^2f)c^4+1176e(3id^2+3ehd+e^2g)c^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}}{3c^2} \right. \\ \left. \frac{\phantom{\int}}{4c^2} \right)$$

$$d^3fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}dx^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+3deg+3e^2f) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(a+b\arcsin(cx))(3d^2i+3deh+e^2g) + \frac{1}{2}d^2x^2(dg+3ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^3i+3d^2eh+3de^2g+e^3f) + \frac{1}{6}e^2x^6(3di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{7}e^3ix^7(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$







↓ 223

$$\begin{aligned}
 & d^3 f x(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3} dx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2 h + 3deg + 3e^2 f) + \frac{1}{5} ex^5(a + \\
 & b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2 i + 3deh + e^2 g) + \frac{1}{2} d^2 x^2 (dg + 3ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4} x^4(a + \\
 & b \arcsin(cx)) (d^3 i + 3d^2 eh + 3de^2 g + e^3 f) + \frac{1}{6} e^2 x^6 (3di + eh)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{7} e^3 ix^7(a + \\
 & b \arcsin(cx)) - \\
 & \frac{1}{420} bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{3} c^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3675 \arcsin(cx) (24c^4 d^2 (dg+3ef) + 9c^2 (d^3 i + 3d^2 eh + 3de^2 g + e^3 f) + 5e^2 (3di+eh))}{c} - 32\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} (11025c^6 d^3 f + 2450c^4 d (d^2 h + 3deg + 3e^2 f)) \right) \right)}{c^2} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]
```

```
output d^3*f*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + (d^2*(3*e*f + d*g)*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/
2 + (d*(3*e^2*f + 3*d*e*g + d^2*h)*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/3 + ((e^3*f +
3*d*e^2*g + 3*d^2*e*h + d^3*i)*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/4 + (e*(e^2*g + 3*
d*e*h + 3*d^2*i)*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/5 + (e^2*(e*h + 3*d*i)*x^6*(a +
b*ArcSin[c*x]))/6 + (e^3*i*x^7*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/7 - (b*c*((-60*e^3*i*x
^6*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(7*c^2) + ((-245*e^2*(e*h + 3*d*i)*x^5*sqrt[1 - c^2*
x^2]))/3 + ((-36*e*(30*e^2*i + 49*c^2*(e^2*g + 3*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i))*x^4*sqrt
[1 - c^2*x^2])/5 + ((-1225*c^2*(5*e^2*(e*h + 3*d*i) + 9*c^2*(e^3*f + 3*d*e
^2*g + 3*d^2*e*h + d^3*i))*x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/4 + (3*((-16*c^2*(1225*c
^4*d*(3*e^2*f + 3*d*e*g + d^2*h) + 360*e^3*i + 588*c^2*e*(e^2*g + 3*d*e*h
+ 3*d^2*i))*x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/3 + (c^2*((-3675*(24*c^4*d^2*(3*e*f + d
*g) + 5*e^2*(e*h + 3*d*i) + 9*c^2*(e^3*f + 3*d*e^2*g + 3*d^2*e*h + d^3*i))
*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/2 + ((-32*(11025*c^6*d^3*f + 2450*c^4*d*(3*e^2*f + 3
*d*e*g + d^2*h) + 720*e^3*i + 1176*c^2*e*(e^2*g + 3*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i))*sqrt
[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 + (3675*(24*c^4*d^2*(3*e*f + d*g) + 5*e^2*(e*h + 3*d*i)
+ 9*c^2*(e^3*f + 3*d*e^2*g + 3*d^2*e*h + d^3*i))*ArcSin[c*x])/c/2))/3))/
(4*c^2))/(5*c^2))/(3*c^2))/(7*c^2))/420
```

---

3.106.  $\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

## 3.106.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 2340 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])`
- rule 5248 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(Px_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[ExpandExpression[Px, x], x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

### 3.106.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 836, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
parts	$a \left( \frac{e^3 i x^7}{7} + \frac{(3d e^2 i + e^3 h) x^6}{6} + \frac{(3d^2 e i + 3d e^2 h + e^3 g) x^5}{5} + \frac{(d^3 i + 3d^2 e h + 3d e^2 g + e^3 f) x^4}{4} + \frac{(d^3 h + 3d^2 e g + 3d e^2 f)}{3} \right)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \left( \frac{e^3 i c^7 x^7}{7} + \frac{(3d c e^2 i + e^3 c h) c^6 x^6}{6} + \frac{(3c^2 d^2 e i + 3d c^2 e^2 h + e^3 c^2 g) c^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{(c^3 d^3 i + 3c^3 d^2 e h + 3d c^3 e^2 g + e^3 f c^3) c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{(c^4 d^3 h + 3c^4 d^2 e g + 3d c^4 e^2 f)}{3} \right)}{c^6}$
default	$\frac{a \left( \frac{e^3 i c^7 x^7}{7} + \frac{(3d c e^2 i + e^3 c h) c^6 x^6}{6} + \frac{(3c^2 d^2 e i + 3d c^2 e^2 h + e^3 c^2 g) c^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{(c^3 d^3 i + 3c^3 d^2 e h + 3d c^3 e^2 g + e^3 f c^3) c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{(c^4 d^3 h + 3c^4 d^2 e g + 3d c^4 e^2 f)}{3} \right)}{c^6}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^3*(i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOS
E)
```

```
output a*(1/7*e^3*i*x^7+1/6*(3*d*e^2*i+e^3*h)*x^6+1/5*(3*d^2*e*i+3*d*e^2*h+e^3*g)
*x^5+1/4*(d^3*i+3*d^2*e*h+3*d*e^2*g+e^3*f)*x^4+1/3*(d^3*h+3*d^2*e*g+3*d*e^
2*f)*x^3+1/2*(d^3*g+3*d^2*e*f)*x^2+d^3*f*x)+b/c*(1/7*c*arcsin(c*x)*e^3*i*x
^7+1/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^6*d*e^2*i+1/6*c*arcsin(c*x)*e^3*h*x^6+3/5*c*arcsin(
c*x)*x^5*d^2*e*i+3/5*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^5*d*e^2*h+1/5*c*arcsin(c*x)*e^3*g*x^5
+1/4*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^4*d^3*i+3/4*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^4*d^2*e*h+3/4*c*arcsin(c*
x)*x^4*d*e^2*g+1/4*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^4*e^3*f+1/3*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^3*d^3*h+c*a
rcsin(c*x)*x^3*d^2*e*g+c*arcsin(c*x)*x^3*d*e^2*f+1/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*d^3
*g+3/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*d^2*e*f+arcsin(c*x)*d^3*f*c*x-1/420/c^6*(60*e^3*i
*(-1/7*c^6*x^6*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-6/35*c^4*x^4*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-8/35*c^2
*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-16/35*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-420*d^3*c^6*f*(-c^2*x^2
+1)^(1/2)+(210*c*d*e^2*i+70*c*e^3*h)*(-1/6*c^5*x^5*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-5/24*
c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-5/16*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+5/16*arcsin(c*x))+(
210*c^5*d^3*g+630*c^5*d^2*e*f)*(-1/2*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*arcsin(c*x
))+252*c^2*d^2*e*i+252*c^2*d*e^2*h+84*c^2*e^3*g)*(-1/5*c^4*x^4*(-c^2*x^2
+1)^(1/2)-4/15*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-8/15*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+140*c^4
*d^3*h+420*c^4*d^2*e*g+420*c^4*d*e^2*f)*(-1/3*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2
/3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+105*c^3*d^3*i+315*c^3*d^2*e*h+315*c^3*d*e^2*g+105*
c^3*e^3*f)*(-1/4*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3/8*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/8
*arcsin(c*x))))
```

3.106.  $\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

**3.106.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 936, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{50400 ac^7 e^3 ix^7 + 352800 ac^7 d^3 fx + 58800 (ac^7 e^3 h + 3 ac^7 de^2 i)x^6 + 70560 (ac^7 e^3 g + 3 ac^7 de^2 h + 3 ac^7 d^2 e^2 i)x^5 + \dots}{1}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fr
icas")
```

```
output 1/352800*(50400*a*c^7*e^3*i*x^7 + 352800*a*c^7*d^3*f*x + 58800*(a*c^7*e^3*
h + 3*a*c^7*d*e^2*i)*x^6 + 70560*(a*c^7*e^3*g + 3*a*c^7*d*e^2*h + 3*a*c^7*
d^2*e*i)*x^5 + 88200*(a*c^7*e^3*f + 3*a*c^7*d*e^2*g + 3*a*c^7*d^2*e*h + a*
c^7*d^3*i)*x^4 + 117600*(3*a*c^7*d*e^2*f + 3*a*c^7*d^2*e*g + a*c^7*d^3*h)*
x^3 + 176400*(3*a*c^7*d^2*e*f + a*c^7*d^3*g)*x^2 + 105*(480*b*c^7*e^3*i*x^
7 + 3360*b*c^7*d^3*f*x + 560*(b*c^7*e^3*h + 3*b*c^7*d*e^2*i)*x^6 + 672*(b*
c^7*e^3*g + 3*b*c^7*d*e^2*h + 3*b*c^7*d^2*e*i)*x^5 + 840*(b*c^7*e^3*f + 3*
b*c^7*d*e^2*g + 3*b*c^7*d^2*e*h + b*c^7*d^3*i)*x^4 + 1120*(3*b*c^7*d*e^2*f
+ 3*b*c^7*d^2*e*g + b*c^7*d^3*h)*x^3 + 1680*(3*b*c^7*d^2*e*f + b*c^7*d^3*
g)*x^2 - 315*(8*b*c^5*d^2*e + b*c^3*e^3)*f - 105*(8*b*c^5*d^3 + 9*b*c^3*d*
e^2)*g - 35*(27*b*c^3*d^2*e + 5*b*c*e^3)*h - 105*(3*b*c^3*d^3 + 5*b*c*d*e^
2)*i)*arcsin(c*x) + (7200*b*c^6*e^3*i*x^6 + 9800*(b*c^6*e^3*h + 3*b*c^6*d*
e^2*i)*x^5 + 288*(49*b*c^6*e^3*g + 147*b*c^6*d*e^2*h + 3*(49*b*c^6*d^2*e +
10*b*c^4*e^3)*i)*x^4 + 2450*(9*b*c^6*e^3*f + 27*b*c^6*d*e^2*g + (27*b*c^6
*d^2*e + 5*b*c^4*e^3)*h + 3*(3*b*c^6*d^3 + 5*b*c^4*d*e^2)*i)*x^3 + 32*(367
5*b*c^6*d*e^2*f + 147*(25*b*c^6*d^2*e + 4*b*c^4*e^3)*g + 49*(25*b*c^6*d^3
+ 36*b*c^4*d*e^2)*h + 36*(49*b*c^4*d^2*e + 10*b*c^2*e^3)*i)*x^2 + 117600*(
3*b*c^6*d^3 + 2*b*c^4*d*e^2)*f + 9408*(25*b*c^4*d^2*e + 4*b*c^2*e^3)*g + 3
136*(25*b*c^4*d^3 + 36*b*c^2*d*e^2)*h + 2304*(49*b*c^2*d^2*e + 10*b*e^3)*i
+ 3675*(9*(8*b*c^6*d^2*e + b*c^4*e^3)*f + 3*(8*b*c^6*d^3 + 9*b*c^4*d*e^2)*g + 3*(8*b*c^6*d^3 + 9*b*c^4*d*e^2)*h + 3*(8*b*c^6*d^3 + 9*b*c^4*d*e^2)*i)*arcsin(c*x)
```

**3.106.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1809 vs.  $2(688) = 1376$ .

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1809, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)**3*(i*x**3+h*x**2+g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((a*d**3*f*x + a*d**3*g*x**2/2 + a*d**3*h*x**3/3 + a*d**3*i*x**4/
4 + 3*a*d**2*e*f*x**2/2 + a*d**2*e*g*x**3 + 3*a*d**2*e*h*x**4/4 + 3*a*d**2
*e*i*x**5/5 + a*d**2*e*f*x**3 + 3*a*d**2*g*x**4/4 + 3*a*d**2*h*x**5/5
+ a*d**2*i*x**6/2 + a*d**2*f*x**4/4 + a*d**2*g*x**5/5 + a*d**2*h*x**6/6
+ a*d**2*i*x**7/7 + b*d**3*f*x*asin(c*x) + b*d**3*g*x**2*asin(c*x)/2 + b*d
**3*h*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + b*d**3*i*x**4*asin(c*x)/4 + 3*b*d**2*e*f*x**2*asi
n(c*x)/2 + b*d**2*e*g*x**3*asin(c*x) + 3*b*d**2*e*h*x**4*asin(c*x)/4 + 3*b
*d**2*e*i*x**5*asin(c*x)/5 + b*d**2*f*x**3*asin(c*x) + 3*b*d**2*g*x**4
*asin(c*x)/4 + 3*b*d**2*h*x**5*asin(c*x)/5 + b*d**2*i*x**6*asin(c*x)/2
+ b*d**2*f*x**4*asin(c*x)/4 + b*d**2*g*x**5*asin(c*x)/5 + b*d**2*h*x**6*a
sin(c*x)/6 + b*d**2*i*x**7*asin(c*x)/7 + b*d**3*f*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c +
b*d**3*g*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) + b*d**3*h*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1
)/(9*c) + b*d**3*i*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) + 3*b*d**2*e*f*x*sqrt(
-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) + b*d**2*e*g*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c) + 3*b*d
**2*e*h*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) + 3*b*d**2*e*i*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x
**2 + 1)/(25*c) + b*d**2*f*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c) + 3*b*d**2*g
*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) + 3*b*d**2*h*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)
/(25*c) + b*d**2*i*x**5*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(12*c) + b*d**2*f*x**3*sqrt
(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) + b*d**2*g*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*c) + b*d
**2*h*x**5*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(36*c) + b*d**2*i*x**6*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + ...
```

**3.106.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^3*(i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="ma
xima")
```

output

```

1/7*a*e^3*i*x^7 + 1/6*a*e^3*h*x^6 + 1/2*a*d*e^2*i*x^6 + 1/5*a*e^3*g*x^5 +
3/5*a*d*e^2*h*x^5 + 3/5*a*d^2*e*i*x^5 + 1/4*a*e^3*f*x^4 + 3/4*a*d*e^2*g*x^
4 + 3/4*a*d^2*e*h*x^4 + 1/4*a*d^3*i*x^4 + a*d*e^2*f*x^3 + a*d^2*e*g*x^3 +
1/3*a*d^3*h*x^3 + 3/2*a*d^2*e*f*x^2 + 1/2*a*d^3*g*x^2 + 3/4*(2*x^2*arcsin(
c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*b*d^2*e*f + 1/3*(3*
x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4
))*b*d*e^2*f + 1/32*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3
*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*b*e^3*f + 1/4*(2*x^2*arc
sin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*b*d^3*g + 1/3*(
3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c
^4))*b*d^2*e*g + 3/32*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 +
3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*b*d*e^2*g + 1/75*(15*x
^5*arcsin(c*x) + (3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/
c^4 + 8*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^6)*c)*b*e^3*g + 1/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(s
qrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*b*d^3*h + 3/32*(8*x
^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^
4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*b*d^2*e*h + 1/25*(15*x^5*arcsin(c*x) + (3*sqrt(-
c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)
/c^6)*c)*b*d*e^2*h + 1/288*(48*x^6*arcsin(c*x) + (8*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^5
/c^2 + 10*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^4 + 15*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^6 - 15...

```

### 3.106.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2010 vs.  $2(643) = 1286$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2010, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

integrate((e*x+d)^3*(i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="gi
ac")

```



output

```

1/7*a*e^3*i*x^7 + 1/6*a*e^3*h*x^6 + 1/2*a*d*e^2*i*x^6 + 1/5*a*e^3*g*x^5 +
3/5*a*d*e^2*h*x^5 + 3/5*a*d^2*e*i*x^5 + 1/4*a*e^3*f*x^4 + 3/4*a*d*e^2*g*x^
4 + 3/4*a*d^2*e*h*x^4 + 1/4*a*d^3*i*x^4 + a*d*e^2*f*x^3 + a*d^2*e*g*x^3 +
1/3*a*d^3*h*x^3 + b*d^3*f*x*arcsin(c*x) + a*d^3*f*x + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*e^
2*f*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d^2*e*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/3*(c
^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d^3*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 3/4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d^2*e*f*x
/c + 1/4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d^3*g*x/c + 3/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d^2*e*f*arcs
in(c*x)/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d^3*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + b*d*e^2*f*x*arcs
in(c*x)/c^2 + b*d^2*e*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*e^3*g*x*
arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/3*b*d^3*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 3/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*d*
e^2*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 3/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*d^2*e*i*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^4
+ sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d^3*f/c - 1/16*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*e^3*f*x/c^3 -
3/16*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*d*e^2*g*x/c^3 - 3/16*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*d
^2*e*h*x/c^3 - 1/16*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*d^3*i*x/c^3 + 3/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)
*a*d^2*e*f/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*d^3*g/c^2 + 3/4*b*d^2*e*f*arcsin(c*x)
/c^2 + 1/4*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*e^3*f*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/4*b*d^3*g*arcsin(c*
x)/c^2 + 3/4*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*d*e^2*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 3/4*(c^2*x^2 - 1)
^2*b*d^2*e*h*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/4*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*d^3*i*arcsin(c*x)/c^4
+ 2/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e^3*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 6/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*e^2
*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 6/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d^2*e*i*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + ...

```

### 3.106.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d + ex)^3 (ix^3 + hx^2 + gx + f) dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^3*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3), x)`

### 3.107 $\int (d+ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.107.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 484

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{b(25c^2(e^2f + 2deg + d^2h) + 12e(eh + 2di)) x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{225c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{b(5e^2i + 9c^2(e^2g + 2deh + d^2i)) x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{144c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{be(eh + 2di)x^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{25c} + \frac{be^2ix^5 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{36c}$$

$$+ \frac{b(32(225c^4d^2f + 50c^2(e^2f + 2deg + d^2h) + 24e(eh + 2di)) + 75(24c^4d(2ef + dg) + 5e^2i + 9c^2(e^2g + 2deh + d^2i)))}{7200c^5}$$

$$- \frac{b(24c^4d(2ef + dg) + 5e^2i + 9c^2(e^2g + 2deh + d^2i)) \arcsin(cx)}{96c^6}$$

$$+ d^2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}d(2ef + dg)x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3}(e^2f + 2deg + d^2h) x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}(e^2g + 2deh + d^2i) x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5}e(eh + 2di)x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^2ix^6(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

output

```
-1/96*b*(24*c^4*d*(d*g+2*e*f)+5*e^2*i+9*c^2*(d^2*i+2*d*e*h+e^2*g))*arcsin(c*x)/c^6+d^2*f*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/2*d*(d*g+2*e*f)*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/3*(d^2*h+2*d*e*g+e^2*f)*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/4*(d^2*i+2*d*e*h+e^2*g)*x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/5*e*(2*d*i+e*h)*x^5*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/6*e^2*i*x^6*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/225*b*(25*c^2*(d^2*h+2*d*e*g+e^2*f)+12*e*(2*d*i+e*h))*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3+1/144*b*(5*e^2*i+9*c^2*(d^2*i+2*d*e*h+e^2*g))*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3+1/25*b*e*(2*d*i+e*h)*x^4*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/36*b*e^2*i*x^5*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/7200*b*(7200*c^4*d^2*f+1600*c^2*(d^2*h+2*d*e*g+e^2*f)+768*e*(2*d*i+e*h)+75*(24*c^4*d*(d*g+2*e*f)+5*e^2*i+9*c^2*(d^2*i+2*d*e*h+e^2*g))*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^5
```

### 3.107.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= d^2 f x (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2} d (2ef + dg) x^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (e^2 f + 2deg + d^2 h) x^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4} (e^2 g + 2deh + d^2 i) x^4 (a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} e (eh + 2di) x^5 (a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6} e^2 i x^6 (a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$+ \frac{b(c\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (3e(256eh + 512di + 125eix) + c^2(25d^2(64h + 27ix) + 2de(1600g + 675hx + 384ix^2) + e$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output

```
d^2*f*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + (d*(2*e*f + d*g)*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/2 + ((e^2*f + 2*d*e*g + d^2*h)*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/3 + ((e^2*g + 2*d*e*h + d^2*i)*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/4 + (e*(e*h + 2*d*i)*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/5 + (e^2*i*x^6*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/6 + (b*(c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(3*e*(256*e*h + 512*d*i + 125*e*i*x) + c^2*(25*d^2*(64*h + 27*i*x) + 2*d*e*(1600*g + 675*h*x + 384*i*x^2) + e^2*(1600*f + x*(675*g + 384*h*x + 250*i*x^2))) + 2*c^4*(25*d^2*(144*f + x*(36*g + x*(16*h + 9*i*x))) + 2*d*e*x*(900*f + x*(400*g + 9*x*(25*h + 16*i*x))) + e^2*x^2*(400*f + x*(225*g + 4*x*(36*h + 25*i*x)))) - 75*(24*c^4*d*(2*e*f + d*g) + 5*e^2*i + 9*c^2*(e^2*g + 2*d*e*h + d^2*i))*ArcSin[c*x])/(7200*c^6)
```

**3.107.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 528, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.452$ , Rules used = {5248, 27, 2340, 27, 2340, 25, 2340, 27, 2340, 25, 27, 533, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d+ex)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5248$$

$$-bc \int \frac{x(5(12f+x(6g+x(4h+3ix)))d^2+2ex(30f+x(20g+3x(5h+4ix)))d+e^2x^2(20f+x(15g+2x(6h+5i))))}{60\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$$

$$+\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+\frac{1}{4}x^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2i+2deh+e^2g)+d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{5}ex^5(2di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{6}e^2ix^6(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \int \frac{x(5(12f+x(6g+x(4h+3ix)))d^2+2ex(30f+x(20g+3x(5h+4ix)))d+e^2x^2(20f+x(15g+2x(6h+5i))))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx$$

$$+\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+\frac{1}{4}x^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2i+2deh+e^2g)+d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{5}ex^5(2di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{6}e^2ix^6(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 2340$$

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{2x(36c^2e(eh+2di)x^4+5(9(id^2+2ehd+e^2g)c^2+5e^2i)x^3+60c^2(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)x^2+90c^2d(2ef+dg)x+180c^2d^2f)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{6c^2} - \frac{5e^2ix^6}{6} \right)$$

$$+\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+\frac{1}{4}x^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2i+2deh+e^2g)+d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{5}ex^5(2di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{6}e^2ix^6(a+b\arcsin(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{x(36c^2e(eh+2di)x^4+5(9(id^2+2ehd+e^2g)c^2+5e^2i)x^3+60c^2(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)x^2+90c^2d(2ef+dg)x+180c^2d^2f)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{5e^2ix^5\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3c^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+2deg+e^2f) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2i+2deh+e^2g) + d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(2di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^2ix^6(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \right)$$

↓ 2340

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( -\frac{\int \frac{x(900d^2fc^4+450d(2ef+dg)xc^4+25(9(id^2+2ehd+e^2g)c^2+5e^2i)x^3c^2+12(25(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)c^2+12e(eh+2di))x^2c^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{5c^2} - \frac{36}{5}ex^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+2deg+e^2f) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2i+2deh+e^2g) + d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(2di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^2ix^6(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{x(900d^2fc^4+450d(2ef+dg)xc^4+25(9(id^2+2ehd+e^2g)c^2+5e^2i)x^3c^2+12(25(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)c^2+12e(eh+2di))x^2c^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{5c^2} - \frac{36}{5}ex^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+2deg+e^2f) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2i+2deh+e^2g) + d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(2di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^2ix^6(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \right)$$

↓ 2340

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( -\frac{\int \frac{3x(1200d^2fc^6+16(25(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)c^2+12e(eh+2di))x^2c^4+25(24d(2ef+dg)c^4+9(id^2+2ehd+e^2g)c^2+5e^2i)xc^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{25}{4}x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(9c^2d^2+2d(2ef+dg)+e^2f) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+2deg+e^2f) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2i+2deh+e^2g) + d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(2di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^2ix^6(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \right)$$

↓ 27

---

3.107.  $\int (d+ex)^2(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) dx$

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{x(1200d^2fc^6+16(25(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)c^2+12e(eh+2di))x^2c^4+25(24d(2ef+dg)c^4+9(id^2+2ehd+e^2g)c^2+5e^2i)xc^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{25}{4}x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(9c^2(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+d^2i+2deh+e^2g)+d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{5}ex^5(2di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{6}e^2ix^6(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{4c^2} \right)$$

↓ 2340

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \int -\frac{c^4x(16(225d^2fc^4+50(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)c^2+24e(eh+2di))+75(24d(2ef+dg)c^4+9(id^2+2ehd+e^2g)c^2+5e^2i)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{16}{3}c^2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(25c^2(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+d^2i+2deh+e^2g)+d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{5}ex^5(2di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{6}e^2ix^6(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3c^2} \right)}{4c^2} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{c^4x(16(225d^2fc^4+50(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)c^2+24e(eh+2di))+75(24d(2ef+dg)c^4+9(id^2+2ehd+e^2g)c^2+5e^2i)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{16}{3}c^2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(25c^2(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+d^2i+2deh+e^2g)+d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{5}ex^5(2di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))+\frac{1}{6}e^2ix^6(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{3c^2} \right)}{4c^2} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{3}c^2 \int \frac{x(16(225d^2fc^4+50(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)c^2+24e(eh+2di))+75(24d(2ef+dg)c^4+9(id^2+2ehd+e^2g)c^2+5e^2i)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{16}{3}c^2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(25c^2(d^2h+2deg+e^2f))}{4c^2} - \frac{16}{5c^2} \right)}{3c^2} \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+2deg+e^2f) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2i+2deh+e^2g) + d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(2di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^2ix^6(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \right)$$

↓ 533

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{3}c^2 \int \frac{32(225d^2fc^4+50(hd^2+2egd+e^2f)c^2+24e(eh+2di))xc^2+75(24d(2ef+dg)c^4+9(id^2+2ehd+e^2g)c^2+5e^2i)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{75x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(24c^4d(dg+2ef))}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{16}{5c^2} \right)$$

$$\left. + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+2deg+e^2f) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2i+2deh+e^2g) + d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(2di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^2ix^6(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \right)$$

↓ 455

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{3}c^2 \left( \frac{75(24c^4d(dg+2ef)+9c^2(d^2i+2deh+e^2g)+5e^2i)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \int \frac{1}{2c^2} dx - \frac{32\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(225c^4d^2f+50c^2(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+24e(2di+eh))}{2c^2} \right) - \frac{75x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(24c^4d(dg+2ef))}{4c^2} \right)}{4c^2} \right)$$

$$\left. + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2h+2deg+e^2f) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a+b\arcsin(cx))(d^2i+2deh+e^2g) + d^2fx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg+2ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(2di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^2ix^6(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \right)$$

↓ 223

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2h + 2deg + e^2f) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2i + 2deh + e^2g) + d^2fx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}dx^2(dg + 2ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}ex^5(2di + eh)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}e^2ix^6(a + b \arcsin(cx)) - \frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{3}c^2 \left( \frac{75 \arcsin(cx)(24c^4d(dg+2ef)+9c^2(d^2i+2deh+e^2g)+5e^2i)}{c} - \frac{32\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(225c^4d^2f+50c^2(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)+24e(2di+eh))}{2c^2} - \frac{75x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2d^2f+2deh+e^2g)}{4c^2} \right)}{4c^2} \right)$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]
```

```
output d^2*f*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + (d*(2*e*f + d*g)*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/2 + ((e^2*f + 2*d*e*g + d^2*h)*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/3 + ((e^2*g + 2*d*e*h + d^2*i)*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/4 + (e*(e*h + 2*d*i)*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/5 + (e^2*i*x^6*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/6 - (b*c*((-5*e^2*i*x^5*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(3*c^2) + ((-36*e*(e*h + 2*d*i)*x^4*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/5 + ((-25*(5*e^2*i + 9*c^2*(e^2*g + 2*d*e*h + d^2*i))*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/4 + (3*((-16*c^2*(25*c^2*(e^2*f + 2*d*e*g + d^2*h) + 12*e*(e*h + 2*d*i))*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/3 + (c^2*((-75*(24*c^4*d*(2*e*f + d*g) + 5*e^2*i + 9*c^2*(e^2*g + 2*d*e*h + d^2*i))*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(2*c^2) + (-32*(225*c^4*d^2*f + 50*c^2*(e^2*f + 2*d*e*g + d^2*h) + 24*e*(e*h + 2*d*i))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + (75*(24*c^4*d*(2*e*f + d*g) + 5*e^2*i + 9*c^2*(e^2*g + 2*d*e*h + d^2*i))*ArcSin[c*x])/c)/(2*c^2))/3)/(4*c^2)/(5*c^2)/(3*c^2))/60
```

3.107.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 223 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]
```

---

3.107.  $\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$



rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 2340 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])`

rule 5248 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)]*(Px_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHid e[ExpandExpression[Px, x], x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

### 3.107.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 602, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
parts	$a \left( \frac{e^2 i x^6}{6} + \frac{(2dei+e^2h)x^5}{5} + \frac{(d^2i+2deh+e^2g)x^4}{4} + \frac{(d^2h+2deg+e^2f)x^3}{3} + \frac{(d^2g+2def)x^2}{2} + d^2fx \right) + \frac{b \left( \dots \right)}{c}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \left( \frac{e^2 i c^6 x^6}{6} + \frac{(2dcei+e^2ch)c^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{(c^2 d^2 i+2d c^2 eh+e^2 c^2 g)c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{(c^3 d^2 h+2d c^3 eg+e^2 f c^3)c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{(c^4 d^2 g+2d c^4 ef)c^2 x^2}{2} + d^2 c^6 f \right)}{c^5}$
default	$\frac{a \left( \frac{e^2 i c^6 x^6}{6} + \frac{(2dcei+e^2ch)c^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{(c^2 d^2 i+2d c^2 eh+e^2 c^2 g)c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{(c^3 d^2 h+2d c^3 eg+e^2 f c^3)c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{(c^4 d^2 g+2d c^4 ef)c^2 x^2}{2} + d^2 c^6 f \right)}{c^5}$

3.107.  $\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

```
input int((e*x+d)^2*(i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOS
E)
```

```
output a*(1/6*e^2*i*x^6+1/5*(2*d*e*i+e^2*h)*x^5+1/4*(d^2*i+2*d*e*h+e^2*g)*x^4+1/3
*(d^2*h+2*d*e*g+e^2*f)*x^3+1/2*(d^2*g+2*d*e*f)*x^2+d^2*f*x)+b/c*(1/6*c*arc
sin(c*x)*e^2*i*x^6+2/5*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^5*d*e*i+1/5*c*arcsin(c*x)*e^2*h*x^5
+1/4*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^4*d^2*i+1/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^4*d*e*h+1/4*c*arcsin(c*x)
*e^2*g*x^4+1/3*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^3*d^2*h+2/3*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^3*d*e*g+1/3*c*a
rcsin(c*x)*x^3*e^2*f+1/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*d^2*g+c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*d*e*f+a
rcsin(c*x)*d^2*f*c*x-1/60/c^5*(10*e^2*i*(-1/6*c^5*x^5*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-5
/24*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-5/16*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+5/16*arcsin(c*x
))-60*d^2*c^5*f*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+(24*c*d*e*i+12*c*e^2*h)*(-1/5*c^4*x^4*(
-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-4/15*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-8/15*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))
+(30*c^4*d^2*g+60*c^4*d*e*f)*(-1/2*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*arcsin(c*x))
+(15*c^2*d^2*i+30*c^2*d*e*h+15*c^2*e^2*g)*(-1/4*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
-3/8*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/8*arcsin(c*x))+(20*c^3*d^2*h+40*c^3*d*e*g+20
*c^3*e^2*f)*(-1/3*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))))
```

### 3.107.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 621, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1200 ac^6 e^2 ix^6 + 7200 ac^6 d^2 fx + 1440 (ac^6 e^2 h + 2 ac^6 dei)x^5 + 1800 (ac^6 e^2 g + 2 ac^6 deh + ac^6 d^2 i)x^4 + 2400 (ac^6 d^2 f + 2 ac^6 d e g + ac^6 d^2 h + ac^6 d e i)x^3 + 1200 (ac^6 d^2 g + ac^6 d e f + ac^6 d^2 h + ac^6 d e i)x^2 + 600 (ac^6 d^2 f + ac^6 d e g + ac^6 d^2 h + ac^6 d e i)x + 300 (ac^6 d^2 f + ac^6 d e g + ac^6 d^2 h + ac^6 d e i)}{c^5}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^2*(i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="fr
icas")
```

output  $\frac{1}{7200} \cdot (1200 \cdot a \cdot c^6 \cdot e^{2i} \cdot x^6 + 7200 \cdot a \cdot c^6 \cdot d^2 \cdot f \cdot x + 1440 \cdot (a \cdot c^6 \cdot e^{2h} + 2 \cdot a \cdot c^6 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot i) \cdot x^5 + 1800 \cdot (a \cdot c^6 \cdot e^{2g} + 2 \cdot a \cdot c^6 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot h + a \cdot c^6 \cdot d^2 \cdot i) \cdot x^4 + 2400 \cdot (a \cdot c^6 \cdot e^{2f} + 2 \cdot a \cdot c^6 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot g + a \cdot c^6 \cdot d^2 \cdot h) \cdot x^3 + 3600 \cdot (2 \cdot a \cdot c^6 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot f + a \cdot c^6 \cdot d^2 \cdot g) \cdot x^2 + 15 \cdot (80 \cdot b \cdot c^6 \cdot e^{2i} \cdot x^6 + 480 \cdot b \cdot c^6 \cdot d^2 \cdot f \cdot x - 240 \cdot b \cdot c^4 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot f - 90 \cdot b \cdot c^2 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot h + 96 \cdot (b \cdot c^6 \cdot e^{2h} + 2 \cdot b \cdot c^6 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot i) \cdot x^5 + 120 \cdot (b \cdot c^6 \cdot e^{2g} + 2 \cdot b \cdot c^6 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot h + b \cdot c^6 \cdot d^2 \cdot i) \cdot x^4 + 160 \cdot (b \cdot c^6 \cdot e^{2f} + 2 \cdot b \cdot c^6 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot g + b \cdot c^6 \cdot d^2 \cdot h) \cdot x^3 + 240 \cdot (2 \cdot b \cdot c^6 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot f + b \cdot c^6 \cdot d^2 \cdot g) \cdot x^2 - 15 \cdot (8 \cdot b \cdot c^4 \cdot d^2 + 3 \cdot b \cdot c^2 \cdot e^2) \cdot g - 5 \cdot (9 \cdot b \cdot c^2 \cdot d^2 + 5 \cdot b \cdot e^2) \cdot i) \cdot \arcsin(cx) + (20 \cdot b \cdot c^5 \cdot e^{2i} \cdot x^5 + 3200 \cdot b \cdot c^3 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot g + 1536 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d \cdot e \cdot i + 288 \cdot (b \cdot c^5 \cdot e^{2h} + 2 \cdot b \cdot c^5 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot i) \cdot x^4 + 50 \cdot (9 \cdot b \cdot c^5 \cdot e^{2g} + 18 \cdot b \cdot c^5 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot h + (9 \cdot b \cdot c^5 \cdot d^2 + 5 \cdot b \cdot c^3 \cdot e^2) \cdot i) \cdot x^3 + 32 \cdot (25 \cdot b \cdot c^5 \cdot e^{2f} + 50 \cdot b \cdot c^5 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot g + 24 \cdot b \cdot c^3 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot i + (25 \cdot b \cdot c^5 \cdot d^2 + 12 \cdot b \cdot c^3 \cdot e^2) \cdot h) \cdot x^2 + 800 \cdot (9 \cdot b \cdot c^5 \cdot d^2 + 2 \cdot b \cdot c^3 \cdot e^2) \cdot f + 64 \cdot (25 \cdot b \cdot c^3 \cdot d^2 + 12 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot e^2) \cdot h + 75 \cdot (48 \cdot b \cdot c^5 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot f + 18 \cdot b \cdot c^3 \cdot d \cdot e \cdot h + 3 \cdot (8 \cdot b \cdot c^5 \cdot d^2 + 3 \cdot b \cdot c^3 \cdot e^2) \cdot g + (9 \cdot b \cdot c^3 \cdot d^2 + 5 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot e^2) \cdot i) \cdot x) \cdot \sqrt{-c^2 \cdot x^2 + 1}) / c^6$

### 3.107.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1197 vs.  $2(474) = 948$ .

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1197, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(i*x**3+h*x**2+g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*d**2*f*x + a*d**2*g*x**2/2 + a*d**2*h*x**3/3 + a*d**2*i*x**4/4 + a*d*e*f*x**2 + 2*a*d*e*g*x**3/3 + a*d*e*h*x**4/2 + 2*a*d*e*i*x**5/5 + a*e**2*f*x**3/3 + a*e**2*g*x**4/4 + a*e**2*h*x**5/5 + a*e**2*i*x**6/6 + b*d**2*f*x*asin(c*x) + b*d**2*g*x**2*asin(c*x)/2 + b*d**2*h*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + b*d**2*i*x**4*asin(c*x)/4 + b*d*e*f*x**2*asin(c*x) + 2*b*d*e*g*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + b*d*e*h*x**4*asin(c*x)/2 + 2*b*d*e*i*x**5*asin(c*x)/5 + b*e**2*f*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + b*e**2*g*x**4*asin(c*x)/4 + b*e**2*h*x**5*asin(c*x)/5 + b*e**2*i*x**6*asin(c*x)/6 + b*d**2*f*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + b*d**2*g*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) + b*d**2*h*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + b*d**2*i*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) + b*d*e*f*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(2*c) + 2*b*d*e*g*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + b*d*e*h*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(8*c) + 2*b*d*e*i*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*c) + b*e**2*f*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + b*e**2*g*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) + b*e**2*h*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*c) + b*e**2*i*x**5*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(36*c) - b*d**2*g*asin(c*x)/(4*c**2) - b*d*e*f*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2) + 2*b*d**2*h*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + 3*b*d**2*i*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*c**3) + 4*b*d*e*g*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + 3*b*d*e*h*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c**3) + 8*b*d*e*i*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(75*c**3) + 2*b*e**2*f*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + 3*b*e**2*g*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*c**3) + 4*b*e**2*h*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(75*c**3) + 5...`

**3.107.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 840, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d+ex)^2 (f+gx+hx^2+ix^3) (a+b\arcsin(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{6} ae^2ix^6 + \frac{1}{5} ae^2hx^5 + \frac{2}{5} adeix^5 \\
& + \frac{1}{4} ae^2gx^4 + \frac{1}{2} adehx^4 + \frac{1}{4} ad^2ix^4 + \frac{1}{3} ae^2fx^3 + \frac{2}{3} adegx^3 + \frac{1}{3} ad^2hx^3 + adefx^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} ad^2gx^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bdef \\
& + \frac{1}{9} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c^4} \right) \right) be^2f \\
& + \frac{1}{4} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bd^2g \\
& + \frac{2}{9} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c^4} \right) \right) bdeg \\
& + \frac{1}{32} \left( 8x^4 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^3}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^4} - \frac{3\arcsin(cx)}{c^5} \right) c \right) be^2g \\
& + \frac{1}{9} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c^4} \right) \right) bd^2h \\
& + \frac{1}{16} \left( 8x^4 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^3}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^4} - \frac{3\arcsin(cx)}{c^5} \right) c \right) bdeh \\
& + \frac{1}{75} \left( 15x^5 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^4}{c^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^2}{c^4} + \frac{8\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c^6} \right) c \right) be^2h \\
& + \frac{1}{32} \left( 8x^4 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^3}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^4} - \frac{3\arcsin(cx)}{c^5} \right) c \right) bd^2i \\
& + \frac{2}{75} \left( 15x^5 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^4}{c^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^2}{c^4} + \frac{8\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c^6} \right) c \right) bdei \\
& + \frac{1}{288} \left( 48x^6 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{8\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^5}{c^2} + \frac{10\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^3}{c^4} + \frac{15\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^6} - \frac{15\arcsin(cx)}{c^7} \right) c \right) \\
& + ad^2fx + \frac{(cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})bd^2f}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^2*(i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/6*a*e^2*i*x^6 + 1/5*a*e^2*h*x^5 + 2/5*a*d*e*i*x^5 + 1/4*a*e^2*g*x^4 + 1/
2*a*d*e*h*x^4 + 1/4*a*d^2*i*x^4 + 1/3*a*e^2*f*x^3 + 2/3*a*d*e*g*x^3 + 1/3*
a*d^2*h*x^3 + a*d*e*f*x^2 + 1/2*a*d^2*g*x^2 + 1/2*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(
sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*b*d*e*f + 1/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c
*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*b*e^2*f +
1/4*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*
b*d^2*g + 2/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(
-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*b*d*e*g + 1/32*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 +
1)*x^3/c^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*b*e^2*g +
1/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2
+ 1)/c^4))*b*d^2*h + 1/16*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c
^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*b*d*e*h + 1/75*(15
*x^5*arcsin(c*x) + (3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^
2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^6)*c)*b*e^2*h + 1/32*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (
2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/
c^5)*c)*b*d^2*i + 2/75*(15*x^5*arcsin(c*x) + (3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/c^2
+ 4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^6)*c)*b*d*e*i + 1
/288*(48*x^6*arcsin(c*x) + (8*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^5/c^2 + 10*sqrt(-c^2*x^
2 + 1)*x^3/c^4 + 15*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^6 - 15*arcsin(c*x)/c^7)*c)*b*e^
2*i + a*d^2*f*x + (c*x*arcsin(c*x) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*b*d^2*f/c

```

### 3.107.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1287 vs.  $2(449) = 898$ .

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1287, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

integrate((e*x+d)^2*(i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="gi
ac")

```

output

```

1/6*a*e^2*i*x^6 + 1/5*a*e^2*h*x^5 + 2/5*a*d*e*i*x^5 + 1/4*a*e^2*g*x^4 + 1/
2*a*d*e*h*x^4 + 1/4*a*d^2*i*x^4 + 1/3*a*e^2*f*x^3 + 2/3*a*d*e*g*x^3 + 1/3*
a*d^2*h*x^3 + b*d^2*f*x*arcsin(c*x) + a*d^2*f*x + 1/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e^2*
f*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 2/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*e*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/3*(c
^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d^2*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d*e*f*x/c
+ 1/4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d^2*g*x/c + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*e*f*arcsin(c*x)/
c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d^2*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/3*b*e^2*f*x*arcsin(c*x
)/c^2 + 2/3*b*d*e*g*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/3*b*d^2*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/
5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*e^2*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 2/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*d*e*i*
x*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d^2*f/c - 1/16*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/
2)*b*e^2*g*x/c^3 - 1/8*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*d*e*h*x/c^3 - 1/16*(-c^2*x^2
+ 1)^(3/2)*b*d^2*i*x/c^3 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*d*e*f/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*
a*d^2*g/c^2 + 1/2*b*d*e*f*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/4*b*d^2*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 +
1/4*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*e^2*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*d*e*h*
arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/4*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*d^2*i*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 2/5*(c^2*x
^2 - 1)*b*e^2*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 4/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*e*i*x*arcsin(c*x
)/c^4 - 1/9*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*e^2*f/c^3 - 2/9*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*
d*e*g/c^3 - 1/9*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*d^2*h/c^3 + 5/32*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)
*b*e^2*g*x/c^3 + 5/16*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d*e*h*x/c^3 + 5/32*sqrt(-c^2*x^
2 + 1)*b*d^2*i*x/c^3 + 1/36*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*e^2*i*...

```

### 3.107.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d + ex)^2 (ix^3 + hx^2 + gx + f) dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)^2*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3), x)`

### 3.108 $\int (d+ex) (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a+b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

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#### 3.108.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 308

$$\int (d + ex) (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{b(25c^2(eg + dh) + 12ei) x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{225c^3} + \frac{b(eh + di)x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{16c} + \frac{beix^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{25c}$$

$$+ \frac{b(32(225c^4df + 50c^2(eg + dh) + 24ei) + 225c^2(8c^2(ef + dg) + 3(eh + di)) x) \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{7200c^5}$$

$$- \frac{b(8c^2(ef + dg) + 3(eh + di)) \arcsin(cx)}{32c^4} + dfx(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}(ef + dg)x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}(eg + dh)x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4}(eh + di)x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}eix^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

output

```
-1/32*b*(8*c^2*(d*g+e*f)+3*d*i+3*e*h)*arcsin(c*x)/c^4+d*f*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/2*(d*g+e*f)*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/3*(d*h+e*g)*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/4*(d*i+e*h)*x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/5*e*i*x^5*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))+1/225*b*(25*c^2*(d*h+e*g)+12*e*i)*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3+1/16*b*(d*i+e*h)*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/25*b*e*i*x^4*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/7200*b*(7200*c^4*d*f+1600*c^2*(d*h+e*g)+768*e*i+225*c^2*(8*c^2*(d*g+e*f)+3*d*i+3*e*h)*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^5
```



### 3.108.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (d + ex) (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{120ac^5x(5d(12f + x(6g + x(4h + 3ix))) + ex(30f + x(20g + 3x(5h + 4ix)))) + b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(768ei + c^2(2$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `(120*a*c^5*x*(5*d*(12*f + x*(6*g + x*(4*h + 3*i*x))) + e*x*(30*f + x*(20*g + 3*x*(5*h + 4*i*x)))) + b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(768*e*i + c^2*(25*d*(64*h + 27*i*x) + e*(1600*g + 675*h*x + 384*i*x^2)) + 2*c^4*(25*d*(144*f + x*(36*g + x*(16*h + 9*i*x))) + e*x*(900*f + x*(400*g + 9*x*(25*h + 16*i*x)))) + 15*b*c*(-120*c^2*(e*f + d*g) - 45*(e*h + d*i) + 8*c^4*x*(5*d*(12*f + x*(6*g + x*(4*h + 3*i*x))) + e*x*(30*f + x*(20*g + 3*x*(5*h + 4*i*x)))))*ArcSin[c*x])/(7200*c^5)`

### 3.108.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.448$ , Rules used = {5248, 27, 2340, 25, 2340, 25, 2340, 25, 27, 533, 27, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5248$$

$$-bc \int \frac{x(12eix^4 + 15(eh + di)x^3 + 20(eg + dh)x^2 + 30(ef + dg)x + 60df)}{60\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(di + eh)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}eix^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \int \frac{x(12eix^4 + 15(eh + di)x^3 + 20(eg + dh)x^2 + 30(ef + dg)x + 60df)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(di + eh)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}eix^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 2340

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{x(75c^2(eh+di)x^3 + 4(25(eg+dh)c^2 + 12ei)x^2 + 150c^2(ef+dg)x + 300c^2df)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{5c^2} - \frac{12eix^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{5c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(di + eh)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}eix^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{x(75c^2(eh+di)x^3 + 4(25(eg+dh)c^2 + 12ei)x^2 + 150c^2(ef+dg)x + 300c^2df)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{5c^2} - \frac{12eix^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{5c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(di + eh)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}eix^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 2340

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{x(1200dfc^4 + 16(25(eg+dh)c^2 + 12ei)x^2c^2 + 75(8(ef+dg)c^2 + 3(eh+di))xc^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{75x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(di + eh)}{4} - \frac{12eix^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{5c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(di + eh)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}eix^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{x(1200dfc^4 + 16(25(eg+dh)c^2 + 12ei)x^2c^2 + 75(8(ef+dg)c^2 + 3(eh+di))xc^2)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{75x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(di + eh)}{4} - \frac{12eix^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{5c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg + ef)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(di + eh)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + dfx(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}eix^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))$$

↓ 2340

---

3.108.  $\int (d + ex)(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{c^2 x (225(8(ef+dg)c^2+3(eh+di))xc^2+16(225dfc^4+50(eg+dh)c^2+24ei))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{16}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(25c^2(dh+eg)+12ei) - \frac{75}{4}x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} - \frac{75}{4}x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{5c^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \right. \\ \left. dx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}eix^5(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{c^2 x (225(8(ef+dg)c^2+3(eh+di))xc^2+16(225dfc^4+50(eg+dh)c^2+24ei))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{16}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(25c^2(dh+eg)+12ei) - \frac{75}{4}x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} - \frac{75}{4}x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{5c^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \right. \\ \left. dx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}eix^5(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \right)$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x(225(8(ef+dg)c^2+3(eh+di))xc^2+16(225dfc^4+50(eg+dh)c^2+24ei))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{16}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(25c^2(dh+eg)+12ei) - \frac{75}{4}x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} - \frac{75}{4}x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{5c^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \right. \\ \left. dx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}eix^5(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \right)$$

↓ 533

$$-\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\left( \frac{\int \frac{c^2(225(8(ef+dg)c^2+3(eh+di))+32(225dfc^4+50(eg+dh)c^2+24ei)x)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{225}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(8c^2(dg+ef)+3(di+eh))}{4c^2} - \frac{16}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(25c^2(dh+eg)+12ei) - \frac{75}{4}x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{5c^2} \right)}{5c^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \right. \\ \left. dx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}eix^5(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \right)$$

↓ 27

---

3.108.  $\int (d+ex)(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{225(8(ef+dg)c^2+3(eh+di))+32(225dfc^4+50(eg+dh)c^2+24ei)x}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{225}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(8c^2(dg+ef)+3(di+eh)) \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{\frac{16}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(25c^2}{5c^2} \right. \\
 & \left. \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \right. \\
 & \left. dfx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}eix^5(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & -\frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 225(8c^2(dg+ef)+3(di+eh)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{32\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(225c^4df+50c^2(dh+eg)+24ei)}{c^2} \right) - \frac{225}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(8c^2(dg+ef)+3(di+eh)) \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{\frac{16}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(25c^2}{5c^2} \right. \\
 & \left. \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \right. \\
 & \left. dfx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}eix^5(a+b\arcsin(cx)) \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}x^2(dg+ef)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(di+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \\
 & dfx(a+b\arcsin(cx)) + \frac{1}{5}eix^5(a+b\arcsin(cx)) - \\
 & \frac{1}{60}bc \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{225\arcsin(cx)(8c^2(dg+ef)+3(di+eh))}{c} - \frac{32\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(225c^4df+50c^2(dh+eg)+24ei)}{c^2} \right) - \frac{225}{2}x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(8c^2(dg+ef)+3(di+eh)) \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{\frac{16}{3}x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(25c^2}{5c^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]),x]`

output `d*f*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + ((e*f + d*g)*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/2 + ((e*g + d*h)*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/3 + ((e*h + d*i)*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/4 + (e*i*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/5 - (b*c*((-12*e*i*x^4*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(5*c^2) + ((-75*(e*h + d*i)*x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/4 + ((-16*(25*c^2*(e*g + d*h) + 12*e*i)*x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/3 + ((-225*(8*c^2*(e*f + d*g) + 3*(e*h + d*i))*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/2 + ((-32*(225*c^4*d*f + 50*c^2*(e*g + d*h) + 24*e*i)*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 + (225*(8*c^2*(e*f + d*g) + 3*(e*h + d*i))*ArcSin[c*x])/c)/2)/3)/(4*c^2)/(5*c^2))/60`

## 3.108.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 533 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x^m*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[a*d*m - b*c*(m + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 2340 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], f = Coeff[Pq, x, Expon[Pq, x]]}, Simp[f*(c*x)^(m + q - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*c^(q - 1)*(m + q + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*Pq - b*f*(m + q + 2*p + 1)*x^q - a*f*(m + q - 1)*x^(q - 2), x], x], x] /; GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[m + q + 2*p + 1, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && (!IGtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[p + 1/2, -1])`
- rule 5248 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)*(Px_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[ExpandExpression[Px, x], x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

### 3.108.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
parts	$a \left( \frac{ei x^5}{5} + \frac{(di+eh)x^4}{4} + \frac{(dh+eg)x^3}{3} + \frac{(dg+ef)x^2}{2} + dfx \right) + b \left( \frac{c \arcsin(cx)ei x^5}{5} + \frac{c \arcsin(cx)x^4 di}{4} + \frac{c \arcsin(cx)}{4} \right)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \left( \frac{ei c^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{(dci+ech)c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{(d c^2 h+e c^2 g)c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{(d c^3 g+e f c^3)c^2 x^2}{2} + d c^5 f x \right) + b \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx)ei c^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{\arcsin(cx)c^5 di x^4}{4} + \arcsin(cx) \right)}{c^4}$
default	$\frac{a \left( \frac{ei c^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{(dci+ech)c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{(d c^2 h+e c^2 g)c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{(d c^3 g+e f c^3)c^2 x^2}{2} + d c^5 f x \right) + b \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx)ei c^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{\arcsin(cx)c^5 di x^4}{4} + \arcsin(cx) \right)}{c^4}$

input `int((e*x+d)*(i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(1/5*e*i*x^5+1/4*(d*i+e*h)*x^4+1/3*(d*h+e*g)*x^3+1/2*(d*g+e*f)*x^2+d*f*x)+b/c*(1/5*c*arcsin(c*x)*e*i*x^5+1/4*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^4*d*i+1/4*c*arcsin(c*x)*e*h*x^4+1/3*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^3*d*h+1/3*c*arcsin(c*x)*e*g*x^3+1/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*d*g+1/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*e*f+arcsin(c*x)*d*f*c*x-1/60/c^4*(12*e*i*(-1/5*c^4*x^4*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-4/15*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-8/15*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-60*d*c^4*f*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+(15*c*d*i+15*c*e*h)*(-1/4*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3/8*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/8*arcsin(c*x))+(20*c^2*d*h+20*c^2*e*g)*(-1/3*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+30*c^3*d*g+30*c^3*e*f)*(-1/2*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*arcsin(c*x)))`

### 3.108.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (d+ex)(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b\arcsin(cx))dx$$

$$= \frac{1440 ac^5 eix^5 + 7200 ac^5 dfx + 1800 (ac^5 eh + ac^5 di)x^4 + 2400 (ac^5 eg + ac^5 dh)x^3 + 3600 (ac^5 ef + ac^5 dg)x^2 + 1200 (ac^5 fh + ac^5 di)x + 1200 (ac^5 fi + ac^5 dh)}{c^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x,algorithm="fracas")`

---

3.108.  $\int (d+ex)(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b\arcsin(cx))dx$

```
output 1/7200*(1440*a*c^5*e*i*x^5 + 7200*a*c^5*d*f*x + 1800*(a*c^5*e*h + a*c^5*d*
i)*x^4 + 2400*(a*c^5*e*g + a*c^5*d*h)*x^3 + 3600*(a*c^5*e*f + a*c^5*d*g)*x
^2 + 15*(96*b*c^5*e*i*x^5 + 480*b*c^5*d*f*x - 120*b*c^3*e*f - 120*b*c^3*d*
g + 120*(b*c^5*e*h + b*c^5*d*i)*x^4 - 45*b*c*e*h - 45*b*c*d*i + 160*(b*c^5
*e*g + b*c^5*d*h)*x^3 + 240*(b*c^5*e*f + b*c^5*d*g)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x) + (28
8*b*c^4*e*i*x^4 + 7200*b*c^4*d*f + 1600*b*c^2*e*g + 1600*b*c^2*d*h + 450*(
b*c^4*e*h + b*c^4*d*i)*x^3 + 768*b*e*i + 32*(25*b*c^4*e*g + 25*b*c^4*d*h +
12*b*c^2*e*i)*x^2 + 225*(8*b*c^4*e*f + 8*b*c^4*d*g + 3*b*c^2*e*h + 3*b*c^
2*d*i)*x)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^5
```

### 3.108.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 658 vs.  $2(292) = 584$ .

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 658, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int (d + ex)(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} adfx + \frac{adgx^2}{2} + \frac{adhx^3}{3} + \frac{adix^4}{4} + \frac{aefx^2}{2} + \frac{aegx^3}{3} + \frac{aehx^4}{4} + \frac{aeix^5}{5} + bdfx \arcsin(cx) + \frac{bdgx^2 \arcsin(cx)}{2} + \frac{bdhx^3 \arcsin(cx)}{3} \\ a \left( dfx + \frac{dgx^2}{2} + \frac{dhx^3}{3} + \frac{dix^4}{4} + \frac{efx^2}{2} + \frac{egx^3}{3} + \frac{ehx^4}{4} + \frac{eix^5}{5} \right) \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(i*x**3+h*x**2+g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x)),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((a*d*f*x + a*d*g*x**2/2 + a*d*h*x**3/3 + a*d*i*x**4/4 + a*e*f*x*
*2/2 + a*e*g*x**3/3 + a*e*h*x**4/4 + a*e*i*x**5/5 + b*d*f*x*asin(c*x) + b*
d*g*x**2*asin(c*x)/2 + b*d*h*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + b*d*i*x**4*asin(c*x)/4 + b
*e*f*x**2*asin(c*x)/2 + b*e*g*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + b*e*h*x**4*asin(c*x)/4 +
b*e*i*x**5*asin(c*x)/5 + b*d*f*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + b*d*g*x*sqrt(-c**2
*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) + b*d*h*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + b*d*i*x**3*sqrt
(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) + b*e*f*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) + b*e*g*x**2*
sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + b*e*h*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) + b*e*
i*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*c) - b*d*g*asin(c*x)/(4*c**2) - b*e*f*asin
(c*x)/(4*c**2) + 2*b*d*h*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + 3*b*d*i*x*sqrt(-c
**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*c**3) + 2*b*e*g*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + 3*b*e*h*
x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*c**3) + 4*b*e*i*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(75*c
**3) - 3*b*d*i*asin(c*x)/(32*c**4) - 3*b*e*h*asin(c*x)/(32*c**4) + 8*b*e*i
*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(75*c**5), Ne(c, 0)), (a*(d*f*x + d*g*x**2/2 + d*h*x
**3/3 + d*i*x**4/4 + e*f*x**2/2 + e*g*x**3/3 + e*h*x**4/4 + e*i*x**5/5), T
rue))
```

**3.108.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 490, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex) (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\
&= \frac{1}{5} aeix^5 + \frac{1}{4} aehx^4 + \frac{1}{4} adix^4 + \frac{1}{3} aegx^3 + \frac{1}{3} adhx^3 + \frac{1}{2} aefx^2 + \frac{1}{2} adgx^2 \\
&+ \frac{1}{4} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bef \\
&+ \frac{1}{4} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) bdg \\
&+ \frac{1}{9} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) beg \\
&+ \frac{1}{9} \left( 3x^3 \arcsin(cx) + c \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) bdh \\
&+ \frac{1}{32} \left( 8x^4 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^3}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x}{c^4} - \frac{3\arcsin(cx)}{c^5} \right) c \right) beh \\
&+ \frac{1}{32} \left( 8x^4 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^3}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x}{c^4} - \frac{3\arcsin(cx)}{c^5} \right) c \right) bdi \\
&+ \frac{1}{75} \left( 15x^5 \arcsin(cx) + \left( \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^4}{c^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^2}{c^4} + \frac{8\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{c^6} \right) c \right) bei \\
&+ adfx + \frac{(cx \arcsin(cx) + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}) bdf}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```



```
output 1/5*a*e*i*x^5 + 1/4*a*e*h*x^4 + 1/4*a*d*i*x^4 + 1/3*a*e*g*x^3 + 1/3*a*d*h*
x^3 + 1/2*a*e*f*x^2 + 1/2*a*d*g*x^2 + 1/4*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^
2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*b*e*f + 1/4*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(s
qrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*b*d*g + 1/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x)
+ c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*b*e*g + 1/9*
(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/
c^4))*b*d*h + 1/32*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3*
sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*b*e*h + 1/32*(8*x^4*arcsi
n(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*ar
csin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*b*d*i + 1/75*(15*x^5*arcsin(c*x) + (3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)
*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^6)*c)*b*e
*i + a*d*f*x + (c*x*arcsin(c*x) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*b*d*f/c
```

### 3.108.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 692 vs.  $2(277) = 554$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 692, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex) (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{5} aeix^5 + \frac{1}{4} aehx^4 + \frac{1}{4} adix^4 + \frac{1}{3} aegx^3 + \frac{1}{3} adhx^3 + bdfx \arcsin(cx) + adfx \\
 &+ \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)begx \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)bdhx \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}befx}{4c} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bdgx}{4c} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)bef \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)bdg \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} \\
 &+ \frac{begx \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} + \frac{bdhx \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)^2beix \arcsin(cx)}{5c^4} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bdf}{c} - \frac{(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}behx}{16c^3} - \frac{(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}bdix}{16c^3} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)ae f}{2c^2} \\
 &+ \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)adg}{2c^2} + \frac{bef \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2} + \frac{bdg \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)^2beh \arcsin(cx)}{4c^4} \\
 &+ \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)^2bdi \arcsin(cx)}{4c^4} + \frac{2(c^2x^2 - 1)beix \arcsin(cx)}{5c^4} - \frac{(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}beg}{9c^3} \\
 &- \frac{(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}bdh}{9c^3} + \frac{5\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}behx}{32c^3} + \frac{5\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bdix}{32c^3} \\
 &+ \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)beh \arcsin(cx)}{2c^4} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)bdi \arcsin(cx)}{2c^4} + \frac{beix \arcsin(cx)}{5c^4} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}beg}{3c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bdh}{3c^3} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bei}{25c^5} \\
 &+ \frac{5beh \arcsin(cx)}{32c^4} + \frac{5bdi \arcsin(cx)}{32c^4} - \frac{2(-c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}bei}{15c^5} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bei}{5c^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)*(i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/5*a*e*i*x^5 + 1/4*a*e*h*x^4 + 1/4*a*d*i*x^4 + 1/3*a*e*g*x^3 + 1/3*a*d*h*
x^3 + b*d*f*x*arcsin(c*x) + a*d*f*x + 1/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e*g*x*arcsin(c*x
)/c^2 + 1/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)
*b*e*f*x/c + 1/4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d*g*x/c + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e*f*ar
csin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*g*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/3*b*e*g*x*arcs
in(c*x)/c^2 + 1/3*b*d*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*e*i*x*ar
csin(c*x)/c^4 + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d*f/c - 1/16*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*e
*h*x/c^3 - 1/16*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*d*i*x/c^3 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*e*f
/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*d*g/c^2 + 1/4*b*e*f*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/4*b*d*g
*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/4*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*e*h*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/4*(c^2*x^
2 - 1)^2*b*d*i*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 2/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e*i*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^4
- 1/9*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*e*g/c^3 - 1/9*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*d*h/c^3
+ 5/32*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*e*h*x/c^3 + 5/32*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d*i*x/c
^3 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*e*h*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*d*i*arc
sin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/5*b*e*i*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*e*g/
c^3 + 1/3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*d*h/c^3 + 1/25*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*sqrt(-c^2*x^
2 + 1)*b*e*i/c^5 + 5/32*b*e*h*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 5/32*b*d*i*arcsin(c*x)/c^4
- 2/15*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b*e*i/c^5 + 1/5*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*e*i/c^5

```

### 3.108.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex) (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3) (a + b \arcsin(cx)) dx \\
 &= \int (a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d + ex) (ix^3 + hx^2 + gx + f) dx
 \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x))*(d + e*x)*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3), x)`

$$3.109 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{d+ex} dx$$

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### 3.109.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 623

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{d+ex} dx \\
&= \frac{bix^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{9ce} + \frac{b(4(2e^2i+9c^2(e^2g-deh+d^2i))+9c^2e(eh-d)x)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{36c^3e^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{b(eh-di)\arcsin(cx)}{4c^2e^2} - \frac{ib(e^3f-de^2g+d^2eh-d^3i)\arcsin(cx)^2}{2e^4} \\
&\quad + \frac{(e^2g-deh+d^2i)x(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(eh-d)x^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{ix^3(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{3e} + \frac{b(e^3f-de^2g+d^2eh-d^3i)\arcsin(cx)\log\left(1-\frac{iee^i\arcsin(cx)}{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^4} \\
&\quad + \frac{b(e^3f-de^2g+d^2eh-d^3i)\arcsin(cx)\log\left(1-\frac{iee^i\arcsin(cx)}{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^4} \\
&\quad - \frac{b(e^3f-de^2g+d^2eh-d^3i)\arcsin(cx)\log(d+ex)}{e^4} \\
&\quad + \frac{(e^3f-de^2g+d^2eh-d^3i)(a+b \arcsin(cx))\log(d+ex)}{e^4} \\
&\quad - \frac{ib(e^3f-de^2g+d^2eh-d^3i)\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{iee^i\arcsin(cx)}{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^4} \\
&\quad - \frac{ib(e^3f-de^2g+d^2eh-d^3i)\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{iee^i\arcsin(cx)}{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^4}
\end{aligned}$$

---


$$3.109. \quad \int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{d+ex} dx$$

output 
$$-1/4*b*(-d*i+e*h)*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2/e^2-1/2*I*b*(-d^3*i+d^2*e*h-d*e^2*g+e^3*f)*\arcsin(c*x)^2/e^4+(d^2*i-d*e*h+e^2*g)*x*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))/e^3+1/2*(-d*i+e*h)*x^2*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))/e^2+1/3*i*x^3*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))/e-b*(-d^3*i+d^2*e*h-d*e^2*g+e^3*f)*\arcsin(c*x)*\ln(e*x+d)/e^4+(-d^3*i+d^2*e*h-d*e^2*g+e^3*f)*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))*\ln(e*x+d)/e^4+b*(-d^3*i+d^2*e*h-d*e^2*g+e^3*f)*\arcsin(c*x)*\ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^4+b*(-d^3*i+d^2*e*h-d*e^2*g+e^3*f)*\arcsin(c*x)*\ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^4-I*b*(-d^3*i+d^2*e*h-d*e^2*g+e^3*f)*\operatorname{polylog}(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^4-I*b*(-d^3*i+d^2*e*h-d*e^2*g+e^3*f)*\operatorname{polylog}(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^4+1/9*b*i*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/e+1/36*b*(8*e^2*i+36*c^2*(d^2*i-d*e*h+e^2*g)+9*c^2*e*(-d*i+e*h)*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/e^3$$

### 3.109.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 610, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{6be(e^2g - deh + d^2i)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{c} + \frac{3be^2(eh - di)x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{2c} + \frac{2be^3i\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(2 + c^2x^2)}{3c^3} - \frac{3be^2(eh - di)\arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} - 3ib(e^3f - de^2g + a$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((6*b*e*(e^2*g - d*e*h + d^2*i)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])/c + (3*b*e^2*(e*h - d*i) * x*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*c) + (2*b*e^3*i*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(2 + c^2*x^2)) / (3*c^3) - (3*b*e^2*(e*h - d*i)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])/(2*c^2) - (3*I)*b*(e^3*f - d * e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]^2 + 6*e*(e^2*g - d*e*h + d^2*i)*x*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]) + 3*e^2*(e*h - d*i)*x^2*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]) + 2*e^3*i*x^3 *(a + b*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]) + 6*b*(e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x] * \operatorname{Log}[1 + (I*e*E^(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]))]/(-c*d) + \operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2]]) + 6*b*(e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]*\operatorname{Log}[1 - (I*e*E^(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]))]/(c*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2]]) - 6*b*(e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)* \operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]*\operatorname{Log}[d + e*x] + 6*(e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])* \operatorname{Log}[d + e*x] - (6*I)*b*(e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (I*e*E^(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]))]/(c*d - \operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2]]) - (6*I)*b*(e^3 * f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (I*e*E^(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x]))]/(c*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/(6*e^4) \end{aligned}$$

---

3.109. 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{d+ex} dx$$

**3.109.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 636, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$ , Rules used = {5252, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 5252

$$-bc \int \frac{ex(6id^2 - 3e(2h + ix)d + e^2(2ix^2 + 3hx + 6g)) + 6(-id^3 + ehd^2 - e^2gd + e^3f) \log(d + ex)}{6e^4\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} + \frac{x(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2i - deh + e^2g)}{e^3} + \frac{\log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^3(-i) + d^2eh - de^2g + e^3f)}{e^4} + \frac{x^2(eh - di)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^2} + \frac{ix^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e}}{dx} +$$

↓ 27

$$-bc \int \frac{ex(6id^2 - 3e(2h + ix)d + e^2(2ix^2 + 3hx + 6g)) + 6(-id^3 + ehd^2 - e^2gd + e^3f) \log(d + ex)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} + \frac{6e^4}{x(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2i - deh + e^2g)} + \frac{\log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^3(-i) + d^2eh - de^2g + e^3f)}{e^4} + \frac{x^2(eh - di)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^2} + \frac{ix^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e}}{dx} +$$

↓ 7293

$$-bc \int \left( \frac{ex(2e^2ix^2 + 3e(eh - di)x + 6(id^2 - ehd + e^2g))}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} + \frac{6(-id^3 + ehd^2 - e^2gd + e^3f) \log(d + ex)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{6e^4}{x(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^2i - deh + e^2g)} + \frac{\log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^3(-i) + d^2eh - de^2g + e^3f)}{e^4} + \frac{x^2(eh - di)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^2} + \frac{ix^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e}$$

↓ 2009

---

3.109.  $\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx$

$$\frac{x(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^2i - deh + e^2g)}{e^3} + \frac{\log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^3(-i) + d^2eh - de^2g + e^3f)}{e^4} + \frac{x^2(eh - di)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^2} + \frac{ix^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} - bc \left( \frac{3e^2 \arcsin(cx)(eh - di)}{2c^3} + \frac{6i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right) (d^3(-i) + d^2eh - de^2g + e^3f)}{c} + \frac{6i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right) (d^3(-i) + d^2eh - de^2g)}{c} \right)$$

input `Int[((f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x), x]`

output `((e^2*g - d*e*h + d^2*i)*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/e^3 + ((e*h - d*i)*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*e^2) + (i*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(3*e) + ((e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[d + e*x])/e^4 - (b*c*((2*e*(9*d*e*h - 9*d^2*i - e^2*(9*g + (2*i)/c^2))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*c^2) - (3*e^2*(e*h - d*i)*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*c^2) - (2*e^3*i*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*c^2) + (3*e^2*(e*h - d*i)*ArcSin[c*x])/(2*c^3) + ((3*I)*(e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/c - (6*(e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/c - (6*(e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/c + (6*(e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[d + e*x])/c + ((6*I)*(e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/c + ((6*I)*(e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/c)/(6*e^4)`

### 3.109.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5252 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*(P_x)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[P_x*(d + e*x)^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolynomialQ[P_x, x]`

---

3.109.  $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{d+ex} dx$

```
rule 7293 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

### 3.109.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3400 vs.  $2(621) = 1242$ .

Time = 2.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3401, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.46

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	3401
default	Expression too large to display	3401
parts	Expression too large to display	3403

```
input int((i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/c*(a/c^2*(1/e^3*(c^3*d^2*i*x-c^3*d*e*h*x+c^3*e^2*g*x-1/2*c^3*d*e*i*x^2+1
/2*c^3*e^2*h*x^2+1/3*i*c^3*x^3*e^2)-c^3*(d^3*i-d^2*e*h+d*e^2*g-e^3*f)/e^4*
ln(c*e*x+c*d))-1/4*b/c/e*arcsin(c*x)*cos(2*arcsin(c*x))*h-1/12*b/c^2*i*arc
sin(c*x)/e*sin(3*arcsin(c*x))-1/2*I*b*c*arcsin(c*x)^2/e*f+b*arcsin(c*x)/e
g*c*x-I*b*c*d*g/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((-I*d*c-(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-
c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(-I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-1/2*I*b*c*arcsin(c*x)^
2/e^3*d^2*h+1/2*I*b*c*arcsin(c*x)^2/e^4*d^3*i+1/2*I*b*c*arcsin(c*x)^2/e^2*
d*g-I*b*c*d*g/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^
2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-1/8*b/c/e^2*sin(2*arcsin(c
*x))*d*i+1/4*b/c^2/e*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*i+b/e^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*d^2*i-b
/e^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*d*h-1/36*b/c^2*i/e*cos(3*arcsin(c*x))+1/8*b/c/e*si
n(2*arcsin(c*x))*h+1/4*b/c/e*arcsin(c*x)*i*x+b*arcsin(c*x)/e^3*d^2*i*c*x-b
*arcsin(c*x)/e^2*d*h*c*x-b*c*e*f*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((-I*d*c-(I*c
*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(-I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2
)))+b*c*d*g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))
*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-b*c*e*f*arcsin(c*x)
/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2
))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+I*b*c*e*f/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((-I*d*c-(I*c
*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(-I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2
)))+I*b*c*e*f/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+...
```



**3.109.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(ix^3 + hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*i*x^3 + a*h*x^2 + a*g*x + a*f + (b*i*x^3 + b*h*x^2 + b*g*x + b*f)*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x + d), x)`

**3.109.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)}{d + ex} dx$$

input `integrate((i*x**3+h*x**2+g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x**2 + i*x**3)/(d + e*x), x)`

**3.109.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(ix^3 + hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*g*(x/e - d*log(e*x + d)/e^2) - 1/6*a*i*(6*d^3*log(e*x + d)/e^4 - (2*e^2*x^3 - 3*d*e*x^2 + 6*d^2*x)/e^3) + 1/2*a*h*(2*d^2*log(e*x + d)/e^3 + (e*x^2 - 2*d*x)/e^2) + a*f*log(e*x + d)/e + integrate((b*i*x^3 + b*h*x^2 + b*g*x + b*f)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(e*x + d), x)`

**3.109.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(ix^3 + hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((i*x^3 + h*x^2 + g*x + f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d), x)`

**3.109.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{d + ex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(ix^3 + hx^2 + gx + f)}{d + ex} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3))/(d + e*x),x)`

output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3))/(d + e*x), x)`

$$3.110 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

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### 3.110.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 617

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^2} dx \\ &= \frac{b(eh-2di)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{ce^3} + \frac{bix\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4ce^2} - \frac{bi \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2e^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{ib(e^2g-2deh+3d^2i) \arcsin(cx)^2}{2e^4} + \frac{(eh-2di)x(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3} \\ & \quad + \frac{ix^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^2} - \frac{(e^3f-de^2g+d^2eh-d^3i)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{e^4(d+ex)} \\ & \quad + \frac{bc(e^3f-de^2g+d^2eh-d^3i) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{e^4\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} \\ & \quad + \frac{b(e^2g-2deh+3d^2i) \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1-\frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^4} \\ & \quad + \frac{b(e^2g-2deh+3d^2i) \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1-\frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^4} \\ & \quad - \frac{b(e^2g-2deh+3d^2i) \arcsin(cx) \log(d+ex)}{e^4} \\ & \quad + \frac{(e^2g-2deh+3d^2i)(a+b \arcsin(cx)) \log(d+ex)}{e^4} \\ & \quad - \frac{ib(e^2g-2deh+3d^2i) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^4} \\ & \quad - \frac{ib(e^2g-2deh+3d^2i) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^4} \end{aligned}$$

---


$$3.110. \quad \int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

output

```

-1/4*b*i*arcsin(c*x)/c^2/e^2-1/2*I*b*(3*d^2*i-2*d*e*h+e^2*g)*arcsin(c*x)^2
/e^4+(-2*d*i+e*h)*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^3+1/2*i*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^2-
(-d^3*i+d^2*e*h-d*e^2*g+e^3*f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^4/(e*x+d)-b*(3*d^2*i-2*
d*e*h+e^2*g)*arcsin(c*x)*ln(e*x+d)/e^4+(3*d^2*i-2*d*e*h+e^2*g)*(a+b*arcsin
(c*x))*ln(e*x+d)/e^4+b*(3*d^2*i-2*d*e*h+e^2*g)*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x
+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^4+b*(3*d^2*i-2*d*e*h+e^2
*g)*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/
2)))/e^4-I*b*(3*d^2*i-2*d*e*h+e^2*g)*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/
2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^4-I*b*(3*d^2*i-2*d*e*h+e^2*g)*polylog(2,I
*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^4+b*c*(-d^3*i+d
^2*e*h-d*e^2*g+e^3*f)*arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2))/e^4/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)+b*(-2*d*i+e*h)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/e^3+1/4
*b*i*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/e^2

```

### 3.110.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 593, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2be(eh-2di)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{c} + \frac{be^2ix\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2c} - \frac{be^2i \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2} - ib(e^2g - 2deh + 3d^2i) \arcsin(cx)^2 + 2e(eh - 2di)x(a + b \arcsin(cx)) + \dots$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output

```

((2*b*e*(e*h - 2*d*i)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c + (b*e^2*i*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])
/(2*c) - (b*e^2*i*ArcSin[c*x])/(2*c^2) - I*b*(e^2*g - 2*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i)*A
rcSin[c*x]^2 + 2*e*(e*h - 2*d*i)*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) + e^2*i*x^2*(a + b*
ArcSin[c*x]) - (2*(e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))
/(d + e*x) + (2*b*c*(e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*
x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])]/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2] + 2*b*(e^
2*g - 2*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 + (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(-(c*
d) + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]) + 2*b*(e^2*g - 2*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i)*ArcSin[c*x]*L
og[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]) - 2*b*(e^2*g -
2*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[d + e*x] + 2*(e^2*g - 2*d*e*h + 3*d^2*
i)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[d + e*x] - (2*I)*b*(e^2*g - 2*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i)*
PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] - (2*I)*b*
(e^2*g - 2*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i)*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt
[c^2*d^2 - e^2])]/(2*e^4)

```

---

3.110.  $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

**3.110.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 613, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$ , Rules used = {5252, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5252} \\
 & -bc \int \frac{e^2 ix^2 + 2e(eh - 2di)x + 2(3id^2 - 2ehd + e^2g) \log(d + ex) - \frac{2(-id^3 + ehd^2 - e^2gd + e^3f)}{d + ex}}{2e^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{\log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))(3d^2 i - 2deh + e^2g)}{e^4} - \\
 & \quad \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^3(-i) + d^2eh - de^2g + e^3f)}{e^4(d + ex)} + \frac{x(eh - 2di)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \quad \frac{ix^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -bc \int \frac{e^2 ix^2 + 2e(eh - 2di)x + 2(3id^2 - 2ehd + e^2g) \log(d + ex) - \frac{2(-id^3 + ehd^2 - e^2gd + e^3f)}{d + ex}}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{\log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))(3d^2 i - 2deh + e^2g)}{2e^4} - \\
 & \quad \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^3(-i) + d^2eh - de^2g + e^3f)}{e^4(d + ex)} + \frac{x(eh - 2di)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \quad \frac{ix^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & -bc \int \left( \frac{e^2 ix^2}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{2e(eh - 2di)x}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{2(3id^2 - 2ehd + e^2g) \log(d + ex)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{2(-id^3 + ehd^2 - e^2gd + e^3f)}{(d + ex)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \right) dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{\log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))(3d^2 i - 2deh + e^2g)}{2e^4} - \\
 & \quad \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(d^3(-i) + d^2eh - de^2g + e^3f)}{e^4(d + ex)} + \frac{x(eh - 2di)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3} + \\
 & \quad \frac{ix^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.110.  $\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

$$\frac{\log(d+ex)(a+b\arcsin(cx))(3d^2i-2deh+e^2g)}{e^4(d+ex)} + \frac{x(eh-2di)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{ix^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2e^2} - \frac{2i(3d^2i-2deh+e^2g)\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i\arcsin(cx)}{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{c} + \frac{2i(3d^2i-2deh+e^2g)\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i\arcsin(cx)}{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{c} - \frac{2\arcsin(cx)(3d^2i-2deh+e^2g)}{2c^3}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^2, x]`

output `((e*h - 2*d*i)*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])/e^3 + (i*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*e^2) - ((e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(e^4*(d + e*x)) + ((e^2*g - 2*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[d + e*x])/e^4 - (b*c*((-2*e*(e*h - 2*d*i)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 - (e^2*i*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*c^2) + (e^2*i*ArcSin[c*x])/(2*c^3) + (I*(e^2*g - 2*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i)*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/c - (2*(e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2] - (2*(e^2*g - 2*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/c - (2*(e^2*g - 2*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/c + (2*(e^2*g - 2*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[d + e*x])/c + ((2*I)*(e^2*g - 2*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i)*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/c + ((2*I)*(e^2*g - 2*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i)*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/c)/(2*e^4)`

### 3.110.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5252 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)*(P_x)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.)), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[P_x*(d + e*x)^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]) u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolynomialQ[P_x, x]`

$$3.110. \int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

```
rule 7293 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

### 3.110.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2872 vs.  $2(616) = 1232$ .

Time = 3.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2873, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.66

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	2873
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	2934
default	Expression too large to display	2934

```
input int((i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOS
E)
```

```
output b*c^2/e^2*g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))
*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^2-2*b*c^2/e^3*h*d
^3*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*
d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-2*b*c^2/e^3*h*d^3*arcsin(c*x
)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2
))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+b*c^2/e^2*g*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln(
(I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2
+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^2+2*I*b*c^2/e^3*h*d^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-
c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-3*
I*b*c^2/e^4*i*d^4/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+
(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-3*I*b*c^2/e^4*i*d^4/(c
^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2
))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-I*b*c^2/e^2*g/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(
I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1
/2)))*d^2+I*b*arcsin(c*x)^2/e^3*d*h-2*b/e^3*arcsin(c*x)*x*d*i-3/2*I*b*arcs
in(c*x)^2/e^4*d^2*i-b*c*arcsin(c*x)/e/(c*e*x+c*d)*f+2*b*c/e*f/(c^2*d^2-e^2
)^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+2*I*c*d)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(
1/2))-2*b/c/e^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*d*i-3*b/e^2*i*d^2*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2
-e^2)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-
(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-3*b/e^2*i*d^2*arcsin(c*x)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*ln((I*d*...
```

**3.110.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ix^3 + hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*i*x^3 + a*h*x^2 + a*g*x + a*f + (b*i*x^3 + b*h*x^2 + b*g*x + b*f)*arcsin(c*x))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

**3.110.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((i*x**3+h*x**2+g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x**2 + i*x**3)/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

**3.110.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((e-c*d)*(e+c*d)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

---

3.110.  $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^2} dx$



**3.110.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ix^3 + hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((i*x^3 + h*x^2 + g*x + f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

**3.110.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(ix^3 + hx^2 + gx + f)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3))/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

$$\mathbf{3.111} \quad \int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

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## 3.111.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 1016

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx \\
&= \frac{bi\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{ce^3} + \frac{5bcd^3i\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2e^3(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)} - \frac{bcd^2(3eh + 4di)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2e^3(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)} \\
&+ \frac{bcd(e^2g + 4deh - 4d^2i)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2e^3(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)} + \frac{bc(e^3f - 2de^2g + 2d^3i)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2e^3(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)} \\
&- \frac{ib(eh - 3di)\arcsin(cx)^2}{2e^4} + \frac{ix(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3} \\
&- \frac{(e^3f - de^2g + d^2eh - d^3i)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^4(d + ex)^2} - \frac{(e^2g - 2deh + 3d^2i)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^4(d + ex)} \\
&+ \frac{5bc^3d^4i \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^4(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{bcd^2(3c^2dh + 4ei) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^3(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}} \\
&+ \frac{bcd(4e^2(eh - 2di) + c^2(de^2g + 4d^3i)) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^4(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}} \\
&- \frac{bc(2e^4g - 6d^2e^2i - c^2(de^3f - 4d^4i)) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{2e^4(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}} \\
&+ \frac{b(eh - 3di)\arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^4} \\
&+ \frac{b(eh - 3di)\arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^4} \\
&- \frac{b(eh - 3di)\arcsin(cx) \log(d + ex)}{e^4} + \frac{(eh - 3di)(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log(d + ex)}{e^4} \\
&- \frac{ib(eh - 3di) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^4} - \frac{ib(eh - 3di) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^4}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/2*I*b*(-3*d*i+e*h)*arcsin(c*x)^2/e^4+i*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^3-1/2*(-d^
3*i+d^2*e*h-d*e^2*g+e^3*f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^4/(e*x+d)^2-(3*d^2*i-2*d*e*
h+e^2*g)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^4/(e*x+d)+5/2*b*c^3*d^4*i*arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/
(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e^4/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)-1/2*b*c*d^
2*(3*c^2*d*h+4*e*i)*arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2))/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)+1/2*b*c*d*(4*e^2*(-2*d*i+e*h)+c^2*(4*d^3*i+d*
e^2*g))*arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e^4/(c^
2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)-1/2*b*c*(2*e^4*g-6*d^2*e^2*i-c^2*(-4*d^4*i+d*e^3*f))*arct
an((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e^4/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(
3/2)-b*(-3*d*i+e*h)*arcsin(c*x)*ln(e*x+d)/e^4+(-3*d*i+e*h)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x
))*ln(e*x+d)/e^4+b*(-3*d*i+e*h)*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2))/e^4+b*(-3*d*i+e*h)*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(
I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2))/e^4-I*b*(-3*d*i+e*h)*
polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2))/e^4-I*
b*(-3*d*i+e*h)*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)
^(1/2))/e^4+b*i*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/e^3+5/2*b*c*d^3*i*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)-1/2*b*c*d^2*(4*d*i+3*e*h)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e^
3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)+1/2*b*c*d*(-4*d^2*i+4*d*e*h+e^2*g)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2)/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)+1/2*b*c*(2*d^3*i-2*d*e^2*g+e^3*f)*(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)

```

### 3.111.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

---

3.111. 
$$\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

Time = 11.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1556, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{aix}{e^3} + \frac{-ae^3 f + ade^2 g - ad^2 eh + ad^3 i}{2e^4(d + ex)^2} + \frac{-ae^2 g + 2adeh - 3ad^2 i}{e^4(d + ex)}$$

$$+ bf \left( \frac{c \sqrt{1 + \frac{-d - \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} e}}{d + ex}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{-d + \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} e}}{d + ex}} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 3, -\frac{-d + \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} e}}{d + ex}, -\frac{-d - \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} e}}{d + ex} \right)}{4e^2(d + ex)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{2e(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(aeh - 3adi) \log(d + ex)}{e^4} + bg \left( \frac{-\frac{\arcsin(cx)}{d + ex} + \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{e + c^2 dx}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}}{e^2} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{d \left( \frac{c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{e(d + ex)^2} - \frac{ic^3 d \left( \log(4) + \log\left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} (ie + ic^2 dx + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})}{c^3 d(d + ex)}\right) \right)}{(cd - e)e(cd + e)\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{2e} \right)$$

$$+ bi \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} + cx \arcsin(cx)}{ce^3} + \frac{3d^2 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx)}{d + ex} + \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{e + c^2 dx}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{e^4} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{d^3 \left( \frac{c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{e(d + ex)^2} - \frac{ic^3 d \left( \log(4) + \log\left(\frac{e^2 \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} (ie + ic^2 dx + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})}{c^3 d(d + ex)}\right) \right)}{(cd - e)e(cd + e)\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)}{2e^3} \right)$$

$$- \frac{3d \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(cx)^2}{2e} + \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{\arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{-cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e} \right)}{e^3}$$

3.111. 
$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$+ bh \left( \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{e + c^2 dx}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output  $(a*i*x)/e^3 + (-a*e^3*f) + a*d*e^2*g - a*d^2*e*h + a*d^3*i)/(2*e^4*(d + e*x)^2) + (-a*e^2*g) + 2*a*d*e*h - 3*a*d^2*i)/(e^4*(d + e*x)) + b*f*(-1/4*(c*\sqrt{1 + (-d - \sqrt{c^(-2)})*e})/(d + e*x))*\sqrt{1 + (-d + \sqrt{c^(-2)})*e})/(d + e*x)*\text{AppellF1}[2, 1/2, 1/2, 3, -((-d + \sqrt{c^(-2)})*e)/(d + e*x), -((-d - \sqrt{c^(-2)})*e)/(d + e*x))]/(e^2*(d + e*x)*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2}) - \text{ArcSin}[c*x]/(2*e*(d + e*x)^2) + ((a*e*h - 3*a*d*i)*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/e^4 + b*g*((-\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/(d + e*x)) + (c*\text{ArcTan}[(e + c^2*d*x)/(\sqrt{c^2*d^2 - e^2})*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2}]))/\sqrt{c^2*d^2 - e^2}/e^2 - (d*((c*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2})/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) - \text{ArcSin}[c*x]/(e*(d + e*x)^2) - (I*c^3*d*(\text{Log}[4] + \text{Log}[(e^2*\sqrt{c^2*d^2 - e^2}*(I*e + I*c^2*d*x + \sqrt{c^2*d^2 - e^2})*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2}))/((c^3*d*(d + e*x)))])))/((c*d - e)*e*(c*d + e)*\sqrt{c^2*d^2 - e^2}))/((2*e)) + b*i*((\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2} + c*x*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/(c*e^3) + (3*d^2*(-\text{ArcSin}[c*x]/(d + e*x)) + (c*\text{ArcTan}[(e + c^2*d*x)/(\sqrt{c^2*d^2 - e^2})*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2}]))/\sqrt{c^2*d^2 - e^2}))/e^4 - (d^3*((c*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2})/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) - \text{ArcSin}[c*x]/(e*(d + e*x)^2) - (I*c^3*d*(\text{Log}[4] + \text{Log}[(e^2*\sqrt{c^2*d^2 - e^2}*(I*e + I*c^2*d*x + \sqrt{c^2*d^2 - e^2})*\sqrt{1 - c^2*x^2}))/((c^3*d*(d + e*x)))])))/((c*d - e)*e*(c*d + e)*\sqrt{c^2*d^2 - e^2}))/((2*e^3) - (3*d*(((-1/2*I)*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]^2)/e + (\text{ArcSin}[c*x]*\text{Log}[1 - (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))]/(c*d - \sqrt{c^2*d^2 - e^2}))/e + (\text{ArcSin}[c*x]*\text{Log}[1 - (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))]/(c*d + \sqrt{c^2*d^2 - e^2}]))...$

### 3.111.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 965, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$ , Rules used = {5252, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 5252

---

3.111.  $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

$$-bc \int -\frac{5id^3 - e(3h - 4ix)d^2 + e^2(g - 4x(h + ix))d + e^3(-2ix^3 + 2gx + f) - 2(eh - 3di)(d + ex)^2 \log(d + ex)}{2e^4(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2i - 2deh + e^2g)}{e^4(d + ex)} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^3(-i) + d^2eh - de^2g + e^3f)}{2e^4(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(eh - 3di) \log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{ix(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3}$$

↓ 27

$$bc \int \frac{5id^3 - e(3h - 4ix)d^2 + e^2(g - 4x(h + ix))d + e^3(-2ix^3 + 2gx + f) - 2(eh - 3di)(d + ex)^2 \log(d + ex)}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{2e^4}{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2i - 2deh + e^2g)} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^3(-i) + d^2eh - de^2g + e^3f)}{e^4(d + ex)} + \frac{(eh - 3di) \log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{ix(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3}$$

↓ 7293

$$bc \int \left( \frac{5id^3}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} + \frac{e(4ix - 3h)d^2}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} - \frac{e^2(4ix^2 + 4hx - g)d}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} - \frac{e^3(2ix^3 - 2gx - f)}{(d + ex)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} - \frac{2(eh - 3di) \log(d + ex)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} \right) dx - \frac{2e^4}{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2i - 2deh + e^2g)} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^3(-i) + d^2eh - de^2g + e^3f)}{e^4(d + ex)} + \frac{(eh - 3di) \log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^4} + \frac{ix(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{ix(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^3} + \frac{(eh - 3di) \log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{(3id^2 - 2ehd + e^2g)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^4(d + ex)} - \frac{(-id^3 + ehd^2 - e^2gd + e^3f)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^4(d + ex)^2} + bc \left( \frac{5c^2i \arctan\left(\frac{dx c^2 + e}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}\right) d^4}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{5ei \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} d^3}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)} - \frac{e(3dhc^2 + 4ei) \arctan\left(\frac{dx c^2 + e}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}\right) d^2}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e(3eh + 4di) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} d^2}{(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)} + \right)$$

input `Int[((f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

$$3.111. \quad \int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

```

output (i*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/e^3 - ((e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*(a +
b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*e^4*(d + e*x)^2) - ((e^2*g - 2*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i)*(a + b*
ArcSin[c*x]))/(e^4*(d + e*x)) + ((e*h - 3*d*i)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Log[d +
e*x])/e^4 + (b*c*((2*e*i*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 + (5*d^3*e*i*Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) - (d^2*e*(3*e*h + 4*d*i)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x
^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (d*e*(e^2*g + 4*d*e*h - 4*d^2*i)*Sqrt[1
- c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (e*(e^3*f - 2*d*e^2*g + 2*d^3*i
)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) - (I*(e*h - 3*d*i)*ArcSin
[c*x]^2)/c + (5*c^2*d^4*i*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1
- c^2*x^2]))/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2) - (d^2*e*(3*c^2*d*h + 4*e*i)*ArcTan[(
e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/
2) + (d*(4*e^2*(e*h - 2*d*i) + c^2*(d*e^2*g + 4*d^3*i))*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x
)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2) - ((2*e
^4*g - 6*d^2*e^2*i - c^2*(d*e^3*f - 4*d^4*i))*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c
^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2) + (2*(e*h - 3*d*i
)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])
)/c + (2*(e*h - 3*d*i)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d +
Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/c - (2*(e*h - 3*d*i)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[d + e*x])/c -
((2*I)*(e*h - 3*d*i)*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d
^2 - e^2])])/c - ((2*I)*(e*h - 3*d*i)*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]...

```

### 3.111.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]

```

```

rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]

```

```

rule 5252 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*(P_x)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_
Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[P_x*(d + e*x)^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolynomialQ[P_x, x]

```

```

rule 7293 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]

```

$$3.111. \quad \int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$



### 3.111.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3609 vs.  $2(979) = 1958$ .

Time = 7.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3610, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.55

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	3610
default	Expression too large to display	3610
parts	Expression too large to display	3617

```
input int((i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOS
E)
```

```
output 1/c*(a*(i/e^3*c*x+1/2*c^3*(d^3*i-d^2*e*h+d*e^2*g-e^3*f)/e^4/(c*e*x+c*d)^2-
c^2/e^4*(3*d^2*i-2*d*e*h+e^2*g)/(c*e*x+c*d)-c/e^4*(3*d*i-e*h)*ln(c*e*x+c*d
))+b*(2*I/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)*c^2*g*arctanh(1/2*(2*I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)
^(1/2))-2*d*c)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2))-1/2*c^2*(-(c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*d*e^4
*f-e^4*c*g*arcsin(c*x)*d+3*e^3*c*d^2*h*arcsin(c*x)-5*e^2*c*d^3*i*arcsin(c*
x)-3*e*c^3*d^4*h*arcsin(c*x)+e^2*c^3*d^3*g*arcsin(c*x)+e^3*c^3*d^2*f*arcsi
n(c*x)-2*arcsin(c*x)*e^5*g*c*x-I*c^3*d^3*e^2*g+I*c^3*d^4*e*h+I*c^3*d^2*e^3
*f+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*d^4*e*i-(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*d^3*e^2*h+(-c^2*x
^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*e^3*g+I*c^3*d^2*e^3*h*x^2+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*d^3*e
^2*i*x-(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*e^3*h*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*d*e^4*g*x
+I*c^3*e^5*f*x^2-(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*e^5*f*x-6*arcsin(c*x)*d^2*e^3*i*c
x+4*arcsin(c*x)*d*e^4*h*c*x-I*c^3*d^5*i-e^5*c*f*arcsin(c*x)+5*c^3*d^5*i*ar
csin(c*x)+2*I*c^3*d^3*e^2*h*x-2*I*c^3*d^2*e^3*g*x+2*I*c^3*d*e^4*f*x-I*c^3*
d^3*e^2*i*x^2-I*c^3*d*e^4*g*x^2-2*I*c^3*d^4*e*i*x+6*arcsin(c*x)*c^3*d^4*e*
i*x-4*arcsin(c*x)*c^3*d^3*e^2*h*x+2*arcsin(c*x)*c^3*d^2*e^3*g*x)/(c^2*d^2-
e^2)/(c*e*x+c*d)^2/e^4-I/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2*c^5*h*d^4*dilog((-I*d*c-(I*c*
x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(-I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)
))-I/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*c^3*h*d^2*arcsin(c*x)^2-I/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2*c^5*h
*d^4*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*
c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+2*I/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2*c^3*h*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*...
```

$$3.111. \int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

**3.111.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ix^3 + hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*i*x^3 + a*h*x^2 + a*g*x + a*f + (b*i*x^3 + b*h*x^2 + b*g*x + b*f)*arcsin(c*x))/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

**3.111.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((i*x**3+h*x**2+g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x**2 + i*x**3)/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

**3.111.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((e-c*d)*(e+c*d)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

---

3.111.  $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

**3.111.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ix^3 + hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((i*x^3 + h*x^2 + g*x + f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

**3.111.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(ix^3 + hx^2 + gx + f)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3))/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3))/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

$$3.112 \quad \int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx$$

3.112.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1000
3.112.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	.1001
3.112.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1002
3.112.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1005
3.112.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1006
3.112.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1006
3.112.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1006
3.112.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1007
3.112.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1007

---


$$3.112. \quad \int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx$$

## 3.112.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 1278

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx \\
&= \frac{bc(2e^2f - 3deg + 6d^2h)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{12e^2(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^2} - \frac{11bcd^3i\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{12e^3(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^2} \\
&+ \frac{bcd^2(2eh + 27di)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{12e^3(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^2} + \frac{bcd(e^2g - 6deh - 18d^2i)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{12e^3(c^2d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^2} \\
&- \frac{bc(2e^2(eg - 4dh) - c^2d(2e^2f - deg - 2d^2h))\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{4e^2(c^2d^2 - e^2)^2(d + ex)} \\
&- \frac{11bc^3d^4i\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{4e^3(c^2d^2 - e^2)^2(d + ex)} + \frac{bcd^2(18e^2i + c^2d(2eh + 9di))\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{4e^3(c^2d^2 - e^2)^2(d + ex)} \\
&- \frac{bcd(4e^2(eh + 6di) - c^2d(e^2g - 2deh + 6d^2i))\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{4e^3(c^2d^2 - e^2)^2(d + ex)} \\
&- \frac{ibi \arcsin(cx)^2}{2e^4} - \frac{(e^3f - de^2g + d^2eh - d^3i)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^4(d + ex)^3} \\
&- \frac{(e^2g - 2deh + 3d^2i)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^4(d + ex)^2} - \frac{(eh - 3di)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^4(d + ex)} \\
&+ \frac{bc(4c^4d^2f + 12e^2h + c^2(2e^2f - 9deg + 6d^2h)) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{12e(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{5/2}} \\
&- \frac{11bc^3d^3(2c^2d^2 + e^2)i \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{12e^4(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{5/2}} \\
&+ \frac{bc^3d^2(4c^2d^2h + e(2eh + 81di)) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{12e^3(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{5/2}} \\
&+ \frac{bcd(2c^4d^2g - 36e^2i + c^2(e^2g - 18deh - 18d^2i)) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{12e^2(c^2d^2 - e^2)^{5/2}} \\
&+ \frac{bi \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^4} + \frac{bi \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^4} \\
&- \frac{bi \arcsin(cx) \log(d + ex)}{e^4} + \frac{i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \log(d + ex)}{e^4} \\
&- \frac{ibi \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^4} - \frac{ibi \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^4}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/2*I*b*i*arcsin(c*x)^2/e^4-1/3*(-d^3*i+d^2*e*h-d*e^2*g+e^3*f)*(a+b*arcsi
n(c*x))/e^4/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*(3*d^2*i-2*d*e*h+e^2*g)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^4/(e
*x+d)^2-(-3*d*i+e*h)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/e^4/(e*x+d)+1/12*b*c*(4*c^4*d^2*f+1
2*e^2*h+c^2*(6*d^2*h-9*d*e*g+2*e^2*f))*arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1
/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(5/2)-11/12*b*c^3*d^3*(2*c^2*d^2+e
^2)*i*arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e^4/(c^2*
d^2-e^2)^(5/2)+1/12*b*c^3*d^2*(4*c^2*d^2*h+e*(81*d*i+2*e*h))*arctan((c^2*d
*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(5/2)+1/12
*b*c*d*(2*c^4*d^2*g-36*e^2*i+c^2*(-18*d^2*i-18*d*e*h+e^2*g))*arctan((c^2*d
*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(5/2)-b*i*
arcsin(c*x)*ln(e*x+d)/e^4+i*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*ln(e*x+d)/e^4+b*i*arcsin(c*x
)*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^4+b*i*a
rcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/
e^4-I*b*i*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2
)))/e^4-I*b*i*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(
1/2)))/e^4+1/12*b*c*(6*d^2*h-3*d*e*g+2*e^2*f)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2
*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)^2-11/12*b*c*d^3*i*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(
e*x+d)^2+1/12*b*c*d^2*(27*d*i+2*e*h)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/
(e*x+d)^2+1/12*b*c*d*(-18*d^2*i-6*d*e*h+e^2*g)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e^3/(c^2
*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)^2-1/4*b*c*(2*e^2*(-4*d*h+e*g)-c^2*d*(-2*d^2*h-d*e*g+2...

```

### 3.112.2 Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 8.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1921, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output  $(-a e^3 f + a d e^2 g - a d^2 e h + a d^3 i) / (3 e^4 (d + e x)^3) + (-a e^2 g + 2 a d e h - 3 a d^2 i) / (2 e^4 (d + e x)^2) + (-a e h + 3 a d i) / (e^4 (d + e x)) + b f (-1/9 (c \sqrt{1 + (-d - \sqrt{c^2 (-2)}) e} / (d + e x)) \sqrt{1 + (-d + \sqrt{c^2 (-2)}) e} / (d + e x)) \text{AppellF1}[3, 1/2, 1/2, 4, -((-d + \sqrt{c^2 (-2)}) e) / (d + e x), -((-d - \sqrt{c^2 (-2)}) e) / (d + e x))] / (e^2 (d + e x)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}) - \text{ArcSin}[c x] / (3 e (d + e x)^3) + (a i \text{Log}[d + e x]) / e^4 + b h ((-\text{ArcSin}[c x] / (d + e x)) + (c \text{ArcTan}[(e + c^2 d x) / (\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}] \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}])) / \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} / e^3 - (d ((c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}) / ((c^2 d^2 - e^2) (d + e x)) - \text{ArcSin}[c x] / (e (d + e x)^2)) - (I c^3 d (\text{Log}[4] + \text{Log}[(e^2 \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} (I e + I c^2 d x + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}])) / (c^3 d (d + e x)))) / ((c d - e) e (c d + e) \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2})) / e^2 + (d^2 ((\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} * (-c e^2) + c^3 d (4 d + 3 e x))) / ((-c^2 d^2 + e^2)^2 (d + e x)^2) - (2 \text{ArcSin}[c x]) / (e (d + e x)^3) + (c^3 (2 c^2 d^2 + e^2) \text{Log}[d + e x]) / (e (-c d + e)^2 (c d + e)^2 \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}) - (c^3 (2 c^2 d^2 + e^2) \text{Log}[e + c^2 d x + \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2}] \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})) / (e (-c d + e)^2 (c d + e)^2 \sqrt{-c^2 d^2 + e^2})) / (6 e^2)) + b g (((c \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}) / ((c^2 d^2 - e^2) (d + e x)) - \text{ArcSin}[c x] / (e (d + e x)^2) - (I c^3 d (\text{Log}[4] + \text{Log}[(e^2 \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} (I e + I c^2 d x + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}])) / (c^3 d (d + e x)))) / ((c d - e) e (c d + e) \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} - ...$

### 3.112.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$ , Rules used = {5252, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 5252

$$-bc \int \frac{11id^3 - e(2h - 27ix)d^2 - e^2(g + 6x(h - 3ix))d - e^3(2f + 3x(g + 2hx)) + 6i(d + ex)^3 \log(d + ex)}{6e^4(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx -$$

$$\frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2i - 2deh + e^2g)}{2e^4(d + ex)^2} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^3(-i) + d^2eh - de^2g + e^3f)}{3e^4(d + ex)^3} -$$

$$\frac{(eh - 3di)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^4(d + ex)} + \frac{i \log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^4}$$

---

3.112.  $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{bc \int \frac{11id^3 - e(2h - 27ix)d^2 - e^2(g + 6x(h - 3ix))d - e^3(2f + 3x(g + 2hx)) + 6i(d + ex)^3 \log(d + ex)}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx}{\frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2 i - 2deh + e^2 g)}{2e^4 (d + ex)^2} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^3(-i) + d^2 eh - de^2 g + e^3 f)}{3e^4 (d + ex)^3} - \frac{(eh - 3di)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^4 (d + ex)} + \frac{i \log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^4}} \\
& \downarrow 7293 \\
& \frac{bc \int \left( \frac{11id^3}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{e(27ix - 2h)d^2}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{e^2(18ix^2 - 6hx - g)d}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} - \frac{e^3(6hx^2 + 3gx + 2f)}{(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} + \frac{6i \log(d + ex)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} \right) dx}{\frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (3d^2 i - 2deh + e^2 g)}{2e^4 (d + ex)^2} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx)) (d^3(-i) + d^2 eh - de^2 g + e^3 f)}{3e^4 (d + ex)^3} - \frac{(eh - 3di)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^4 (d + ex)} + \frac{i \log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^4}} \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{i \log(d + ex)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^4} - \frac{(eh - 3di)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{e^4 (d + ex)} - \frac{(3id^2 - 2ehd + e^2 g)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2e^4 (d + ex)^2} - \frac{(-id^3 + ehd^2 - e^2 gd + e^3 f)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^4 (d + ex)^3} \\
& bc \left( \frac{33c^2 ei \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} d^4}{2(c^2 d^2 - e^2)^2 (d + ex)} + \frac{11c^2 (2c^2 d^2 + e^2) i \arctan\left(\frac{dxc^2 + e}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}\right) d^3}{2(c^2 d^2 - e^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{11ei \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} d^3}{2(c^2 d^2 - e^2)(d + ex)^2} - \frac{c^2 e (4c^2 hd^2 + e(2eh + 81di)) \arctan\left(\frac{dxc^2 + e}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}\right)}{2(c^2 d^2 - e^2)^{5/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(d + e*x)^4,x]`



```

output -1/3*((e^3*f - d*e^2*g + d^2*e*h - d^3*i)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(e^4*(d + e
*x)^3) - ((e^2*g - 2*d*e*h + 3*d^2*i)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*e^4*(d + e*x
)^2) - ((e*h - 3*d*i)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(e^4*(d + e*x)) + (i*(a + b*Arc
Sin[c*x])*Log[d + e*x])/e^4 - (b*c*(-1/2*(e^2*(2*e^2*f - 3*d*e*g + 6*d^2*h
)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) + (11*d^3*e*i*Sqrt[1 -
c^2*x^2])/((2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) - (d^2*e*(2*e*h + 27*d*i)*Sqrt[1
- c^2*x^2])/((2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) - (d*e*(e^2*g - 6*d*e*h - 18*
d^2*i)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) + (3*e^2*(2*e^2*
(e*g - 4*d*h) - c^2*d*(2*e^2*f - d*e*g - 2*d^2*h))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/((2*(
c^2*d^2 - e^2)^2*(d + e*x)) + (33*c^2*d^4*e*i*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(2*(c^2*d
^2 - e^2)^2*(d + e*x)) - (3*d^2*e*(18*e^2*i + c^2*d*(2*e*h + 9*d*i))*Sqrt[
1 - c^2*x^2])/((2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^2*(d + e*x)) + (3*d*e*(4*e^2*(e*h + 6*d*i
) - c^2*d*(e^2*g - 2*d*e*h + 6*d^2*i))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(2*(c^2*d^2 - e
^2)^2*(d + e*x)) + ((3*I)*i*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/c - (e^3*(4*c^4*d^2*f + 12*e^2*h
+ c^2*(2*e^2*f - 9*d*e*g + 6*d^2*h))*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 -
e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/((2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(5/2)) + (11*c^2*d^3*(2*c^2*
d^2 + e^2)*i*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])
])/((2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(5/2)) - (c^2*d^2*e*(4*c^2*d^2*h + e*(2*e*h + 81*d*i
))*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/((2*(c^2*d
^2 - e^2)^(5/2)) - (d*e^2*(2*c^4*d^2*g - 36*e^2*i + c^2*(e^2*g - 18*d*e...

```

### 3.112.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]

```

```

rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]

```

```

rule 5252 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*(Px_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_
Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*(d + e*x)^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
u, x] - Simp[b*c Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x]]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]

```

```

rule 7293 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]

```

### 3.112.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3756 vs.  $2(1225) = 2450$ .

Time = 11.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3757, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	3757
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	3777
default	Expression too large to display	3777

```
input int((i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOS
E)
```

```
output a*(i/e^4*ln(e*x+d)-(-3*d*i+e*h)/e^4/(e*x+d)-1/3*(-d^3*i+d^2*e*h-d*e^2*g+e^
3*f)/e^4/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*(3*d^2*i-2*d*e*h+e^2*g)/e^4/(e*x+d)^2)+b/c*(-I/e^4/
(c^2*d^2-e^2)^3*c^7*i*d^6*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*
d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+2*I/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2*c^3*
i*d^2*arcsin(c*x)^2-I/e^4/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2*c^5*i*d^4*arcsin(c*x)^2+3*I/e^2/
(c^2*d^2-e^2)^3*c^5*i*d^4*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*
d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+1/e^4/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^3*c^7*i*
d^6*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2
)))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+1/e^4/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^3*c^7*i*d^6*arcsin(c*
x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c
^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-3/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^3*c^5*i*d^4*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+
(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(
1/2)))-3/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^3*c^5*i*d^4*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*
x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+3*I/e^
2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^3*c^5*i*d^4*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^
2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^3*c^3*i*ar
csin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*
d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^2+I*e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^3*c*i*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c
*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2
)))+I*e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^3*c*i*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-...
```

**3.112.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(ix^3 + hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a*i*x^3 + a*h*x^2 + a*g*x + a*f + (b*i*x^3 + b*h*x^2 + b*g*x + b*f)*arcsin(c*x))/(e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*e*x + d^4), x)`

**3.112.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((i*x**3+h*x**2+g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x**2 + i*x**3)/(d + e*x)**4, x)`

**3.112.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(ix^3 + hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*a*i*((18*d*e^2*x^2 + 27*d^2*e*x + 11*d^3)/(e^7*x^3 + 3*d*e^6*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^5*x + d^3*e^4) + 6*log(e*x + d)/e^4) - 1/6*(3*e*x + d)*a*g/(e^5*x^3 + 3*d*e^4*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^3*x + d^3*e^2) - 1/3*(3*e^2*x^2 + 3*d*e*x + d^2)*a*h/(e^6*x^3 + 3*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^4*x + d^3*e^3) - 1/3*a*f/(e^4*x^3 + 3*d*e^3*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^2*x + d^3*e) + integrate((b*i*x^3 + b*h*x^2 + b*g*x + b*f)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*e*x + d^4), x)`

---

3.112.  $\int \frac{(f+gx+hx^2+ix^3)(a+b \arcsin(cx))}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

**3.112.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(ix^3 + hx^2 + gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)}{(ex + d)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((i*x^3+h*x^2+g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((i*x^3 + h*x^2 + g*x + f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)/(e*x + d)^4, x)`

**3.112.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx + hx^2 + ix^3)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))(ix^3 + hx^2 + gx + f)}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3))/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))*(f + g*x + h*x^2 + i*x^3))/(d + e*x)^4, x)`

$$\mathbf{3.113} \quad \int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$$

3.113.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1009
3.113.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1010
3.113.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1011
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**3.113.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 935

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx &= \frac{abc(ef-dg)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{e(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{abg^2\arcsin(cx)}{e^2(ef-dg)} \\
&+ \frac{b^2c(ef-dg)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\arcsin(cx)}{e(c^2d^2-e^2)(d+ex)} \\
&+ \frac{b^2g^2\arcsin(cx)^2}{2e^2(ef-dg)} - \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{2(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2} \\
&- \frac{abc(2e^2g-c^2d(ef+dg))\arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{e^2(c^2d^2-e^2)^{3/2}} \\
&- \frac{2ib^2cg\arcsin(cx)\log\left(1-\frac{iee^i\arcsin(cx)}{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} \\
&- \frac{ib^2c^3d(ef-dg)\arcsin(cx)\log\left(1-\frac{iee^i\arcsin(cx)}{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^2(c^2d^2-e^2)^{3/2}} \\
&+ \frac{2ib^2cg\arcsin(cx)\log\left(1-\frac{iee^i\arcsin(cx)}{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} \\
&+ \frac{ib^2c^3d(ef-dg)\arcsin(cx)\log\left(1-\frac{iee^i\arcsin(cx)}{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^2(c^2d^2-e^2)^{3/2}} \\
&- \frac{b^2c^2(ef-dg)\log(d+ex)}{e^2(c^2d^2-e^2)} \\
&- \frac{2b^2cg\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{iee^i\arcsin(cx)}{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} \\
&- \frac{b^2c^3d(ef-dg)\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{iee^i\arcsin(cx)}{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^2(c^2d^2-e^2)^{3/2}} \\
&+ \frac{2b^2cg\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{iee^i\arcsin(cx)}{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} \\
&+ \frac{b^2c^3d(ef-dg)\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{iee^i\arcsin(cx)}{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}}\right)}{e^2(c^2d^2-e^2)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

a*b*g^2*arcsin(c*x)/e^2/(-d*g+e*f)+1/2*b^2*g^2*arcsin(c*x)^2/e^2/(-d*g+e*f
)-1/2*(g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(-d*g+e*f)/(e*x+d)^2-a*b*c*(2*e^2*g-c^
2*d*(d*g+e*f))*arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/
e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)-b^2*c^2*(-d*g+e*f)*ln(e*x+d)/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)-I*b
^2*c^3*d*(-d*g+e*f)*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(
c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)+I*b^2*c^3*d*(-d*g+e*f)*arcsin
(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^2/(
c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)-b^2*c^3*d*(-d*g+e*f)*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)+b^2*c^3*d*(-d*g+
e*f)*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e
^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)-2*I*b^2*c*g*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1
)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)+2*I*b^2*c*g*ar
csin(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e
^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)-2*b^2*c*g*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/
(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)+2*b^2*c*g*polylog(2,I*e
*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(
1/2)+a*b*c*(-d*g+e*f)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)+b^2*c*(-d
*g+e*f)*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)
    
```

### 3.113.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 574, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ef - dg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} - \frac{2g(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d + ex} + \frac{4bcg \left( -i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \left( \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie e^i \arcsin(cx)}{-cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) - \log \left( 1 - \frac{ie e^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) \right) - b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ie e^i \arcsin(cx)}{-cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) + b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{ie e^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (-(((e*f - d*g)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2)/(d + e*x)^2) - (2*g*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2)/(d + e*x) + (4*b*c*g*(-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*(\text{Log}[1 + (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))]/(-c*d) + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])) - \text{Log}[1 - (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))]/(c*d + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])) - b*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))]/(c*d - \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])) + b*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))]/(c*d + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])))/\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2] + (2*b*c*(e*f - d*g)*(e*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]) - b*c*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*(d + e*x)*\text{Log}[d + e*x] - I*c^2*d*(d + e*x)*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*(\text{Log}[1 + (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))]/(-c*d) + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])) - \text{Log}[1 - (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))]/(c*d + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])) - I*b*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))]/(c*d - \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])) + I*b*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))]/(c*d + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])))/((c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2)*(d + e*x))/(2*e^2) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.113.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 955, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$ , Rules used = {5254, 27, 5298, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5254} \\ & -2bc \int -\frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2(ef - dg)(d + ex)^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2(d + ex)^2(ef - dg)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{bc \int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{(d + ex)^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx}{ef - dg} - \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2(d + ex)^2(ef - dg)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5298} \\ & \frac{bc \int \left( \frac{b \arcsin(cx)(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} + \frac{a(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} \right) dx}{ef - dg} - \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2(d + ex)^2(ef - dg)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.113.  $\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$



$$bc \left( \frac{b \arcsin(cx)^2 g^2}{2ce^2} + \frac{a \arcsin(cx) g^2}{ce^2} - \frac{2ib(ef-dg) \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right) g}{e^2 \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} + \frac{2ib(ef-dg) \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right) g}{e^2 \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \right) - \frac{(f+gx)^2 (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{2(ef-dg)(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))^2/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output

```
-1/2*((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/((e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^2) + (b*c*
((a*(e*f - d*g)^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(e*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (a*g^
2*ArcSin[c*x])/(c*e^2) + (b*(e*f - d*g)^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x])/(
e*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (b*g^2*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/(2*c*e^2) - (a*(e*f -
d*g)*(2*e^2*g - c^2*d*(e*f + d*g))*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e
^2]*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]])]/(e^2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2)) - ((2*I)*b*g*(e*f - d
*g)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]
)])/(e^2*sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]) - (I*b*c^2*d*(e*f - d*g)^2*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1
- (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])]/(e^2*(c^2*d^2 - e
^2)^(3/2)) + ((2*I)*b*g*(e*f - d*g)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c
*x]))/(c*d + sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])]/(e^2*sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]) + (I*b*c^2*d
*(e*f - d*g)^2*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + sqrt[c^2
*d^2 - e^2])]/(e^2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2)) - (b*c*(e*f - d*g)^2*Log[d + e*
x])/e^2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)) - (2*b*g*(e*f - d*g)*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin
[c*x]))/(c*d - sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])]/(e^2*sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]) - (b*c^2*d
*(e*f - d*g)^2*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^
2])]/(e^2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2)) + (2*b*g*(e*f - d*g)*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(
I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])]/(e^2*sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]) +
(b*c^2*d*(e*f - d*g)^2*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + sqrt[c^2*
d^2 - e^2])]/(e^2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2))))/(e*f - d*g)
```

### 3.113.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma  
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

```
rule 5254 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.)
+ (g_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f + g*x)^p*(d + e*x)^
m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n u, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[SimplifyInteg
rand[u*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && Lt
Q[m + p + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 5298 Int[(ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_.)*(RFx_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p, RFx*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx, x] && IGt
Q[n, 0] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2]
```

### 3.113.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2320 vs.  $2(941) = 1882$ .

Time = 4.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2321, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	2321
default	Expression too large to display	2321
parts	Expression too large to display	2336

```
input int((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/c*(a^2*c^2*(1/2*c*(d*g-e*f)/e^2/(c*e*x+c*d)^2-g/e^2/(c*e*x+c*d))+b^2*c^2
*(-1/2*arcsin(c*x)*(2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*d^2*e*g-2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*
c^2*d*e^2*f-2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*e^3*f*x+2*I*c^3*d^2*e*f+4*I*c^3*d*e^2
*f*x+2*arcsin(c*x)*c^3*d^2*e*g*x-2*I*c^3*d*e^2*g*x^2+2*I*c^3*e^3*f*x^2-2*a
rcsin(c*x)*e^3*g*c*x-4*I*c^3*d^2*e*g*x-e^2*c*d*g*arcsin(c*x)-2*I*c^3*d^3*g
+2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*c^2*d*e^2*g*x+c^3*d^3*g*arcsin(c*x)+e*c^3*d^2*f*arcs
in(c*x)-e^3*c*f*arcsin(c*x))/(c^2*d^2-e^2)/(c*e*x+c*d)^2/e^2+2/e/(c^2*d^2-
e^2)*c*f*ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-1/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*c*f*ln(I*e*(I*c*x+
(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2-2*d*c*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-I*e)-2/e^2/(c^2*d^2
-e^2)*c*d*g*ln(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+1/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*c*d*g*ln(I*e*
(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2-2*d*c*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-I*e)+2*(-c^2
*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2*g*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1
)^(1/2))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-2*(-c^2*d^2
+e^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2*g*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-I*e*(-c^2*d^2+e
^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2*c^2*d*f*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*
e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))+2*I*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(
1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^2*g*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2
+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))-1/e^2*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(c^2
*d^2-e^2)^2*c^2*d^2*g*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*...
```

### 3.113.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(f+gx)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(gx+f)(b\arcsin(cx)+a)^2}{(ex+d)^3} dx$$

```
input integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((a^2*g*x + a^2*f + (b^2*g*x + b^2*f)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*g*x +
a*b*f)*arcsin(c*x))/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)
```

**3.113.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (f + gx)}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(f + g*x)/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

**3.113.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((e-c*d)*(e+c*d)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

**3.113.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

**3.113.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `int(((f + g*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

**3.114**      $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

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 3.114.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1018  
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**3.114.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 1678

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
output a^2*g^2*ln(e*x+d)/e^3+4*I*b^2*c*g*(-d*g+e*f)*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(
-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)-2*b^
2*g*(-d*g+e*f)*arcsin(c*x)^2/e^3/(e*x+d)+2*a*b*g^2*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I
*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3+2*a*b*g^2*arcsin(c
*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3-I*a
*b*g^2*arcsin(c*x)^2/e^3-2*I*a*b*g^2*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/
2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3-2*I*b^2*g^2*arcsin(c*x)*polylog(2,I*e*(
I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3-2*I*a*b*g^2*polyl
og(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3-2*I*b^2
*g^2*arcsin(c*x)*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^
2)^(1/2)))/e^3-I*b^2*c^3*d*(-d*g+e*f)^2*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*
x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)-4*I*b^2*c
*g*(-d*g+e*f)*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d-(c^2*d^
2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)-a*b*(-d*g+e*f)^2*arcsin(c*x)/e^3/(e
*x+d)^2-b^2*c^3*d*(-d*g+e*f)^2*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c
*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)+b^2*c^3*d*(-d*g+e*f)^2*po
lylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3/(c^2
*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)+b^2*c*(-d*g+e*f)^2*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2
*d^2-e^2)/(e*x+d)-a*b*c*(-d*g+e*f)*(4*e^2*g-c^2*d*(3*d*g+e*f))*arctan((c^2
*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(3/2)...
```

## 3.114.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 903, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{3(ef-dg)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^2} + \frac{12g(-ef+dg)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d+ex} - \frac{2ig^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^3}{b} + 6g^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{i}{-c}\right)}{1}$$

input `Integrate[((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output

```
((-3*(e*f - d*g)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d + e*x)^2 + (12*g*(-(e*f) + d*g)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d + e*x) - ((2*I)*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/b + 6*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 + (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(-(c*d) + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] + 6*g^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] + (24*b*c*g*(-(e*f) + d*g)*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))*(Log[1 + (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(-(c*d) + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]]) - Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]]) + b*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] - b*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2] + (6*b*c^2*(e*f - d*g)^2*((e*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + c*e*x) - b*Log[d + e*x] + (c*d*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))*(Log[1 + (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(-(c*d) + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] - Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])]) - b*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] + b*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])/(c^2*d^2 - e^2) - 12*b*g^2*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] - b*PolyLog[3, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] - 12*b*g^2*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] - b*PolyLog[3, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/(6*e^3)
```

**3.114.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1678, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {5258, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5258}$$

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^3} + \frac{2ab \arcsin(cx)(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^3} + \frac{b^2 \arcsin(cx)^2(f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{ib^2d(ef-dg)^2 \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right) c^3}{e^3 (c^2d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{ib^2d(ef-dg)^2 \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right) c^3}{e^3 (c^2d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{b^2d(ef-dg)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right) c^3}{e^3 (c^2d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{b^2d(ef-dg)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right) c^3}{e^3 (c^2d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{b^2(ef-dg)^2 \log(d+ex)c^2}{e^3 (c^2d^2 - e^2)} + \\
& \frac{b^2(ef-dg)^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \arcsin(cx)c}{e^2 (c^2d^2 - e^2) (d+ex)} - \\
& \frac{ab(ef-dg) (4e^2g - c^2d(ef+3dg)) \arctan\left(\frac{dxc^2+e}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right) c}{e^3 (c^2d^2 - e^2)^{3/2}} - \\
& \frac{4ib^2g(ef-dg) \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right) c}{e^3 \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} + \\
& \frac{4ib^2g(ef-dg) \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right) c}{e^3 \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} - \frac{4b^2g(ef-dg) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right) c}{e^3 \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} + \\
& \frac{4b^2g(ef-dg) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right) c}{e^3 \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} + \frac{ab(ef-dg)^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}c}{e^2 (c^2d^2 - e^2) (d+ex)} - \frac{ib^2g^2 \arcsin(cx)^3}{3e^3} - \\
& \frac{iabg^2 \arcsin(cx)^2}{e^3} - \frac{2b^2g(ef-dg) \arcsin(cx)^2}{e^3 (d+ex)} - \frac{b^2(ef-dg)^2 \arcsin(cx)^2}{2e^3 (d+ex)^2} - \\
& \frac{4abg(ef-dg) \arcsin(cx)}{e^3 (d+ex)} - \frac{ab(ef-dg)^2 \arcsin(cx)}{e^3 (d+ex)^2} + \frac{b^2g^2 \arcsin(cx)^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3} + \\
& \frac{2abg^2 \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3} + \frac{b^2g^2 \arcsin(cx)^2 \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3} + \\
& \frac{2abg^2 \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3} + \frac{a^2g^2 \log(d+ex)}{e^3} - \frac{2iabg^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3} - \\
& \frac{2ib^2g^2 \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3} - \frac{2iabg^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3} - \\
& \frac{2ib^2g^2 \arcsin(cx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3} + \frac{2b^2g^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3} + \\
& \frac{2b^2g^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3} - \frac{2a^2g(ef-dg)}{e^3 (d+ex)} - \frac{a^2(ef-dg)^2}{2e^3 (d+ex)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

```

output -1/2*(a^2*(e*f - d*g)^2)/(e^3*(d + e*x)^2) - (2*a^2*g*(e*f - d*g))/(e^3*(d
+ e*x)) + (a*b*c*(e*f - d*g)^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(e^2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d
+ e*x)) - (a*b*(e*f - d*g)^2*ArcSin[c*x])/(e^3*(d + e*x)^2) - (4*a*b*g*(e
*f - d*g)*ArcSin[c*x])/(e^3*(d + e*x)) + (b^2*c*(e*f - d*g)^2*sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x])/(e^2*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)*(d + e*x)) - (I*a*b*g^2*ArcSin[c*x
]^2)/e^3 - (b^2*(e*f - d*g)^2*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/(2*e^3*(d + e*x)^2) - (2*b^2*
g*(e*f - d*g)*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/(e^3*(d + e*x)) - ((I/3)*b^2*g^2*ArcSin[c*x]^
3)/e^3 - (a*b*c*(e*f - d*g)*(4*e^2*g - c^2*d*(e*f + 3*d*g))*ArcTan[(e + c^
2*d*x)/(sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/(e^3*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2
)) + (2*a*b*g^2*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e^E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d - sqrt[c^
2*d^2 - e^2]))/e^3 - ((4*I)*b^2*c*g*(e*f - d*g)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e^
E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d - sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/(e^3*sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])
- (I*b^2*c^3*d*(e*f - d*g)^2*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e^E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/
(c*d - sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/(e^3*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2)) + (b^2*g^2*ArcSi
n[c*x]^2*Log[1 - (I*e^E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d - sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/e^3
+ (2*a*b*g^2*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e^E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d + sqrt[c^2*
d^2 - e^2]))/e^3 + ((4*I)*b^2*c*g*(e*f - d*g)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e^E^
(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c*d + sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/(e^3*sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]) +
(I*b^2*c^3*d*(e*f - d*g)^2*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e^E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))]/(c
*d + sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))/(e^3*(c^2*d^2 - e^2)^(3/2)) + (b^2*g^2*ArcS...

```

### 3.114.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]

```

```

rule 5258 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_*(Px_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_.))^m_.
, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && In
tegerQ[m]

```

### 3.114.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(gx + f)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

```

input int((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^3,x)

```

```

output int((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^3,x)

```

---

3.114.  $\int \frac{(f+gx)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

**3.114.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^2(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a^2*g^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*f*g*x + a^2*f^2 + (b^2*g^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*f*g*x + b^2*f^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*g^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*f*g*x + a*b*f^2)*arcsin(c*x))/(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3), x)`

**3.114.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (f + gx)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)**2*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(f + g*x)**2/(d + e*x)**3, x)`

**3.114.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((e-c*d)*(e+c*d)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

**3.114.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(gx + f)^2(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((g*x+f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((g*x + f)^2*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2/(e*x + d)^3, x)`

**3.114.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(f + gx)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

input `int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((f + g*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2)/(d + e*x)^3, x)`

### 3.115 $\int (g+hx)^3 (d+ex+fx^2) (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

3.115.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1025
3.115.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1027
3.115.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1028
3.115.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1030
3.115.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1031
3.115.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1032
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3.115.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1034
3.115.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1035

### 3.115.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 1016

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (g + hx)^3 (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx \\
&= -2b^2 dg^3 x - \frac{16b^2 h^2 (3fg + eh)x}{75c^4} - \frac{4b^2 g (fg^2 + 3h(eg + dh)) x}{9c^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{5b^2 fh^3 x^2}{96c^4} - \frac{1}{4} b^2 g^2 (eg + 3dh) x^2 - \frac{3b^2 h (3fg^2 + h(3eg + dh)) x^2}{32c^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{8b^2 h^2 (3fg + eh) x^3}{225c^2} - \frac{2}{27} b^2 g (fg^2 + 3h(eg + dh)) x^3 - \frac{5b^2 fh^3 x^4}{288c^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{32} b^2 h (3fg^2 + h(3eg + dh)) x^4 - \frac{2}{125} b^2 h^2 (3fg + eh) x^5 - \frac{1}{108} b^2 fh^3 x^6 \\
&\quad + \frac{2bdg^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} + \frac{16bh^2 (3fg + eh) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{75c^5} \\
&\quad + \frac{4bg (fg^2 + 3h(eg + dh)) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{9c^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{5bfh^3 x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{48c^5} + \frac{bg^2 (eg + 3dh) x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2c} \\
&\quad + \frac{3bh (3fg^2 + h(3eg + dh)) x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{16c^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{8bh^2 (3fg + eh) x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{75c^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{2bg (fg^2 + 3h(eg + dh)) x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{9c} \\
&\quad + \frac{5bfh^3 x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{72c^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{bh (3fg^2 + h(3eg + dh)) x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{8c} \\
&\quad + \frac{2bh^2 (3fg + eh) x^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{25c} + \frac{bfh^3 x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{18c} \\
&\quad - \frac{5fh^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{96c^6} - \frac{g^2 (eg + 3dh) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4c^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{3h (3fg^2 + h(3eg + dh)) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{32c^4} + dg^3 x (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} g^2 (eg + 3dh) x^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{3} g (fg^2 + 3h(eg + dh)) x^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{4} h (3fg^2 + h(3eg + dh)) x^4 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{5} h^2 (3fg + eh) x^5 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{6} fh^3 x^6 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

2*b*d*g^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+16/75*b*h^2*(e*h+3*f*g)*(
a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^5+4/9*b*g*(f*g^2+3*h*(d*h+e*g))*(a+b
*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3-16/75*b^2*h^2*(e*h+3*f*g)*x/c^4-4/9*b
^2*g*(f*g^2+3*h*(d*h+e*g))*x/c^2-5/96*b^2*f*h^3*x^2/c^4-3/32*b^2*h*(3*f*g^
2+h*(d*h+3*e*g))*x^2/c^2-8/225*b^2*h^2*(e*h+3*f*g)*x^3/c^2-5/288*b^2*f*h^3
*x^4/c^2+5/72*b*f*h^3*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3+1/8*b*h
*(3*f*g^2+h*(d*h+3*e*g))*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+2/25*b
*h^2*(e*h+3*f*g)*x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+1/18*b*f*h^3*x
^5*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+5/48*b*f*h^3*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))
*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^5+1/2*b*g^2*(3*d*h+e*g)*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^
2+1)^(1/2)/c+3/16*b*h*(3*f*g^2+h*(d*h+3*e*g))*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^
2+1)^(1/2)/c^3+8/75*b*h^2*(e*h+3*f*g)*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)/c^3+2/9*b*g*(f*g^2+3*h*(d*h+e*g))*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)/c+d*g^3*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2-2*b^2*d*g^3*x-1/4*b^2*g^2*(3*d*h+e*g)*
x^2-2/27*b^2*g*(f*g^2+3*h*(d*h+e*g))*x^3-1/32*b^2*h*(3*f*g^2+h*(d*h+3*e*g)
)*x^4-2/125*b^2*h^2*(e*h+3*f*g)*x^5-1/108*b^2*f*h^3*x^6-5/96*f*h^3*(a+b*ar
csin(c*x))^2/c^6-1/4*g^2*(3*d*h+e*g)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/c^2-3/32*h*(3*f*g
^2+h*(d*h+3*e*g))*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/c^4+1/2*g^2*(3*d*h+e*g)*x^2*(a+b*arc
sin(c*x))^2+1/3*g*(f*g^2+3*h*(d*h+e*g))*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2+1/4*h*(3*f
*g^2+h*(d*h+3*e*g))*x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2+1/5*h^2*(e*h+3*f*g)*x^5*(a...

```

**3.115.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 734, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (g + hx)^3 (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = dg^3x(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{2}g^2(eg + 3dh)x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{3}g(fg^2 + 3h(eg + dh))x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{4}h(3fg^2 + h(3eg + dh))x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{5}h^2(3fg + eh)x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{6}fh^3x^6(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
& - \frac{2bg(fg^2 + 3h(eg + dh))(-3a\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(2 + c^2x^2) + bcx(6 + c^2x^2) - 3b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(2 + c^2x^2) \arcsin(cx))}{27c^3} \\
& - \frac{2bh^2(3fg + eh)(-15a\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(8 + 4c^2x^2 + 3c^4x^4) + bcx(120 + 20c^2x^2 + 9c^4x^4) - 15b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(8 + 4c^2x^2 + 3c^4x^4) \arcsin(cx))}{1125c^5} \\
& - \frac{fh^3(45a^2 - 6abcx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(15 + 10c^2x^2 + 8c^4x^4) + b^2c^2x^2(45 + 15c^2x^2 + 8c^4x^4) - 6b(-15a + bcx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2})(15 + 10c^2x^2 + 8c^4x^4) \arcsin(cx))}{864c^6} \\
& - 2bdg^3 \left( bx - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{32}bh(3fg^2 + h(3eg + dh)) \left( \frac{3bx^2}{c^2} + bx^4 - \frac{6x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c^3} \right. \\
& \quad \left. - \frac{4x^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} + \frac{3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{bc^4} \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{4}bg^2(eg + 3dh) \left( bx^2 - \frac{2x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{bc^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(g + h*x)^3*(d + e*x + f*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`



output

```

d*g^3*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 + (g^2*(e*g + 3*d*h)*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
^2)/2 + (g*(f*g^2 + 3*h*(e*g + d*h))*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/3 + (h*(3*
f*g^2 + h*(3*e*g + d*h))*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/4 + (h^2*(3*f*g + e*h)
*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/5 + (f*h^3*x^6*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/6 - (2*b
*g*(f*g^2 + 3*h*(e*g + d*h))*(-3*a*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(2 + c^2*x^2) + b*c*x
*(6 + c^2*x^2) - 3*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(2 + c^2*x^2)*ArcSin[c*x]))/(27*c^3
) - (2*b*h^2*(3*f*g + e*h)*(-15*a*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(8 + 4*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4
*x^4) + b*c*x*(120 + 20*c^2*x^2 + 9*c^4*x^4) - 15*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(8 +
4*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4)*ArcSin[c*x]))/(1125*c^5) - (f*h^3*(45*a^2 - 6*a*b*
c*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(15 + 10*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4) + b^2*c^2*x^2*(45 + 15
*c^2*x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4) - 6*b*(-15*a + b*c*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(15 + 10*c^2*
x^2 + 8*c^4*x^4))*ArcSin[c*x] + 45*b^2*ArcSin[c*x]^2))/(864*c^6) - 2*b*d*g
^3*(b*x - (Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c) - (b*h*(3*f*g^2 + h*(
3*e*g + d*h))*((3*b*x^2)/c^2 + b*x^4 - (6*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSi
n[c*x]))/c^3 - (4*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c + (3*(a + b
*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(b*c^4)))/32 - (b*g^2*(e*g + 3*d*h)*(b*x^2 - (2*x*Sqrt[1
- c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c + (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/(b*c^2)))/4

```

### 3.115.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1016, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$ , Rules used = {5250, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (g + hx)^3 (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

↓ 5250

$$\int (hx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (h(dh + 3eg) + 3fg^2) + gx^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (3h(dh + eg) + fg^2) + g^2x(3dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{108}b^2fh^3x^6 + \frac{1}{6}fh^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5}h^2(3fg+eh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2x^5 - \frac{2}{125}b^2h^2(3fg+ \\
& \quad eh)x^5 + \frac{bfh^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))x^5}{18c} - \frac{5b^2fh^3x^4}{288c^2} + \frac{1}{4}h(3fg^2+h(3eg+dh))(a+ \\
& b\arcsin(cx))^2x^4 - \frac{1}{32}b^2h(3fg^2+h(3eg+dh))x^4 + \frac{2bh^2(3fg+eh)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))x^4}{25c} + \\
& \frac{1}{3}g(fg^2+3h(eg+dh))(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2x^3 - \frac{8b^2h^2(3fg+eh)x^3}{225c^2} - \frac{2}{27}b^2g(fg^2+3h(eg+dh))x^3 + \\
& \frac{5bfh^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))x^3}{72c^3} + \frac{bh(3fg^2+h(3eg+dh))\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))x^3}{8c} - \\
& \frac{5b^2fh^3x^2}{96c^4} + \frac{1}{2}g^2(eg+3dh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2x^2 - \frac{1}{4}b^2g^2(eg+3dh)x^2 - \\
& \frac{3b^2h(3fg^2+h(3eg+dh))x^2}{32c^2} + \frac{8bh^2(3fg+eh)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))x^2}{75c^3} + \\
& \frac{2bg(fg^2+3h(eg+dh))\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))x^2}{9c} - 2b^2dg^3x + dg^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2x - \\
& \frac{16b^2h^2(3fg+eh)x}{75c^4} - \frac{4b^2g(fg^2+3h(eg+dh))x}{9c^2} + \frac{5bfh^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))x}{48c^5} + \\
& \frac{bg^2(eg+3dh)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))x}{2c} + \\
& \frac{3bh(3fg^2+h(3eg+dh))\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))x}{16c^3} - \frac{5fh^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{96c^6} - \\
& \frac{g^2(eg+3dh)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{4c^2} - \frac{3h(3fg^2+h(3eg+dh))(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{32c^4} + \\
& \frac{2bdg^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{c} + \frac{16bh^2(3fg+eh)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{75c^5} + \\
& \frac{4bg(fg^2+3h(eg+dh))\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{9c^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(g + h*x)^3*(d + e*x + f*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2b^2dg^3x - (16b^2h^2(3fg + eh)x)/(75c^4) - (4b^2g(fg^2 + 3h(eg + dh))x)/(9c^2) - (5b^2fh^3x^2)/(96c^4) - (b^2g^2(eg + 3dh)x^2)/4 - (3b^2h(3fg^2 + h(3eg + dh))x^2)/(32c^2) - (8b^2h^2(3fg + eh)x^3)/(225c^2) - (2b^2g(fg^2 + 3h(eg + dh))x^3)/27 - (5b^2fh^3x^4)/(288c^2) - (b^2h(3fg^2 + h(3eg + dh))x^4)/32 - (2b^2h^2(3fg + eh)x^5)/125 - (b^2fh^3x^6)/108 + (2bdg^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx]))/c + (16bh^2(3fg + eh)S\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx]))/(75c^5) + (4bfg(fg^2 + 3h(eg + dh))\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx]))/(9c^3) + (5bfh^3x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx]))/(48c^5) + (bg^2(eg + 3dh)x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx]))/(2c) + (3bh(3fg^2 + h(3eg + dh))x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx]))/(16c^3) + (8bh^2(3fg + eh)x^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx]))/(75c^3) + (2bg(fg^2 + 3h(eg + dh))x^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx]))/(9c) + (5bfh^3x^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx]))/(72c^3) + (bh(3fg^2 + h(3eg + dh))x^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx]))/(8c) + (2bh^2(3fg + eh)x^4\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx]))/(25c) + (bfh^3x^5\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx]))/(18c) - (5fh^3(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx])^2)/(96c^6) - (g^2(eg + 3dh)(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx])^2)/(4c^2) - (3h(3fg^2 + h(3eg + dh))(a + b\text{ArcSin}[cx])^2)/(32c^4) + \dots
\end{aligned}$$

### 3.115.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5250 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n_*(Px_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

### 3.115.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1734, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1734
default	Expression too large to display	1734
parts	Expression too large to display	1927

---

3.115.  $\int (g + hx)^3 (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

```
input int((h*x+g)^3*(f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/c*(a^2/c^5*(1/6*h^3*f*c^6*x^6+1/5*(c*e*h^3+3*c*f*g*h^2)*c^5*x^5+1/4*(c^2
*d*h^3+3*c^2*e*g*h^2+3*c^2*f*g^2*h)*c^4*x^4+1/3*(3*c^3*d*g*h^2+3*c^3*e*g^2
*h+c^3*f*g^3)*c^3*x^3+1/2*(3*c^4*d*g^2*h+c^4*e*g^3)*c^2*x^2+g^3*c^6*d*x)+b
^2/c^5*(c^5*d*g^3*(c*x*arcsin(c*x)^2-2*c*x+2*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2
))+1/4*c^4*g^3*e*(2*arcsin(c*x)^2*x^2*c^2+2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)
*x*c-arcsin(c*x)^2-c^2*x^2)+1/27*c^3*f*g^3*(9*c^3*x^3*arcsin(c*x)^2+6*(-c^
2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*c^2-2*c^3*x^3+12*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)-12*c*x)+3/4*g^2*c^4*h*d*(2*arcsin(c*x)^2*x^2*c^2+2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
*arcsin(c*x)*x*c-arcsin(c*x)^2-c^2*x^2)+1/9*c^3*e*g^2*h*(9*c^3*x^3*arcsin(
c*x)^2+6*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*c^2-2*c^3*x^3+12*arcsin(c*x))*(-
c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-12*c*x)+3/128*c^2*f*g^2*h*(32*arcsin(c*x)^2*x^4*c^4+16*(
-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*c^3*x^3-4*c^4*x^4+24*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcs
in(c*x)*x*c-12*arcsin(c*x)^2-12*c^2*x^2-9)+1/9*c^3*d*g*h^2*(9*c^3*x^3*arcs
in(c*x)^2+6*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*c^2-2*c^3*x^3+12*arcsin(c*x)
)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-12*c*x)+3/128*c^2*e*g*h^2*(32*arcsin(c*x)^2*x^4*c^4+1
6*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*c^3*x^3-4*c^4*x^4+24*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*a
rcsin(c*x)*x*c-12*arcsin(c*x)^2-12*c^2*x^2-9)+1/375*c*f*g*h^2*(225*arcsin(
c*x)^2*c^5*x^5+90*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x^4*c^4-18*c^5*x^5+120*(-
c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*c^2-40*c^3*x^3+240*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)-240*c*x)+1/128*h^3*d*c^2*(32*arcsin(c*x)^2*x^4*c^4+16*(-c^2*x^...
```

### 3.115.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1537, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int (g + hx)^3 (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((h*x+g)^3*(f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fracas
")
```

```

output 1/108000*(1000*(18*a^2 - b^2)*c^6*f*h^3*x^6 + 864*(3*(25*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^6*
f*g*h^2 + (25*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^6*e*g*h^3)*x^5 + 375*(27*(8*a^2 - b^2)*c^6*f*g^
2*h + 27*(8*a^2 - b^2)*c^6*e*g*h^2 + (9*(8*a^2 - b^2)*c^6*d - 5*b^2*c^4*f)
*h^3)*x^4 + 160*(25*(9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^6*f*g^3 + 75*(9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^6*e*g
^2*h - 24*b^2*c^4*e*h^3 + 3*(25*(9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^6*d - 24*b^2*c^4*f)*g*h^
2)*x^3 + 1125*(24*(2*a^2 - b^2)*c^6*e*g^3 - 27*b^2*c^4*e*g*h^2 + 9*(8*(2*a
^2 - b^2)*c^6*d - 3*b^2*c^4*f)*g^2*h - (9*b^2*c^4*d + 5*b^2*c^2*f)*h^3)*x^
2 + 225*(80*b^2*c^6*f*h^3*x^6 + 480*b^2*c^6*d*g^3*x - 120*b^2*c^4*e*g^3 -
135*b^2*c^2*e*g*h^2 + 96*(3*b^2*c^6*f*g*h^2 + b^2*c^6*e*h^3)*x^5 + 120*(3*
b^2*c^6*f*g^2*h + 3*b^2*c^6*e*g*h^2 + b^2*c^6*d*h^3)*x^4 - 45*(8*b^2*c^4*d
+ 3*b^2*c^2*f)*g^2*h - 5*(9*b^2*c^2*d + 5*b^2*f)*h^3 + 160*(b^2*c^6*f*g^3
+ 3*b^2*c^6*e*g^2*h + 3*b^2*c^6*d*g*h^2)*x^3 + 240*(b^2*c^6*e*g^3 + 3*b^2
*c^6*d*g^2*h)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2 - 480*(300*b^2*c^4*e*g^2*h + 48*b^2*c^2*e
*h^3 - 25*(9*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^6*d - 4*b^2*c^4*f)*g^3 + 12*(25*b^2*c^4*d + 1
2*b^2*c^2*f)*g*h^2)*x + 450*(80*a*b*c^6*f*h^3*x^6 + 480*a*b*c^6*d*g^3*x -
120*a*b*c^4*e*g^3 - 135*a*b*c^2*e*g*h^2 + 96*(3*a*b*c^6*f*g*h^2 + a*b*c^6
e*h^3)*x^5 + 120*(3*a*b*c^6*f*g^2*h + 3*a*b*c^6*e*g*h^2 + a*b*c^6*d*h^3)*x
^4 - 45*(8*a*b*c^4*d + 3*a*b*c^2*f)*g^2*h - 5*(9*a*b*c^2*d + 5*a*b*f)*h^3
+ 160*(a*b*c^6*f*g^3 + 3*a*b*c^6*e*g^2*h + 3*a*b*c^6*d*g*h^2)*x^3 + 240*(a
*b*c^6*e*g^3 + 3*a*b*c^6*d*g^2*h)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x) + 30*(200*a*b*c^5*f*...

```

### 3.115.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2992 vs.  $2(1006) = 2012$ .

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2992, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int (g + hx)^3 (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```

input integrate((h*x+g)**3*(f*x**2+e*x+d)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)

```

output `Piecewise((a**2*d*g**3*x + 3*a**2*d*g**2*h*x**2/2 + a**2*d*g*h**2*x**3 + a**2*d*h**3*x**4/4 + a**2*e*g**3*x**2/2 + a**2*e*g**2*h*x**3 + 3*a**2*e*g*h**2*x**4/4 + a**2*e*h**3*x**5/5 + a**2*f*g**3*x**3/3 + 3*a**2*f*g**2*h*x**4/4 + 3*a**2*f*g*h**2*x**5/5 + a**2*f*h**3*x**6/6 + 2*a*b*d*g**3*x*asin(c*x) + 3*a*b*d*g**2*h*x**2*asin(c*x) + 2*a*b*d*g*h**2*x**3*asin(c*x) + a*b*d*h**3*x**4*asin(c*x)/2 + a*b*e*g**3*x**2*asin(c*x) + 2*a*b*e*g**2*h*x**3*asin(c*x) + 3*a*b*e*g*h**2*x**4*asin(c*x)/2 + 2*a*b*e*h**3*x**5*asin(c*x)/5 + 2*a*b*f*g**3*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + 3*a*b*f*g**2*h*x**4*asin(c*x)/2 + 6*a*b*f*g*h**2*x**5*asin(c*x)/5 + a*b*f*h**3*x**6*asin(c*x)/3 + 2*a*b*d*g**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + 3*a*b*d*g**2*h*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(2*c) + 2*a*b*d*g*h**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c) + a*b*d*h**3*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(8*c) + a*b*e*g**3*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(2*c) + 2*a*b*e*g**2*h*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c) + 3*a*b*e*g*h**2*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(8*c) + 2*a*b*e*h**3*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*c) + 2*a*b*f*g**3*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + 3*a*b*f*g**2*h*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(8*c) + 6*a*b*f*g*h**2*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*c) + a*b*f*h**3*x**5*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(18*c) - 3*a*b*d*g**2*h*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2) - a*b*e*g**3*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2) + 4*a*b*d*g*h**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c**3) + 3*a*b*d*h**3*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c**3) + 4*a*b*e*g**2*h*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c**3) + 9*a*b*e*g*h**2*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c**3) + 8*a*b*e...`

### 3.115.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (g + hx)^3 (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \int (fx^2 + ex + d)(hx + g)^3 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((h*x+g)^3*(f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/6*a^2*f*h^3*x^6 + 3/5*a^2*f*g*h^2*x^5 + 1/5*a^2*e*h^3*x^5 + 3/4*a^2*f*g^
2*h*x^4 + 3/4*a^2*e*g*h^2*x^4 + 1/4*a^2*d*h^3*x^4 + 1/3*a^2*f*g^3*x^3 + a^
2*e*g^2*h*x^3 + a^2*d*g*h^2*x^3 + b^2*d*g^3*x*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 1/2*a^2*e*g^
3*x^2 + 3/2*a^2*d*g^2*h*x^2 + 1/2*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 +
1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*a*b*e*g^3 + 2/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(
-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*a*b*f*g^3 + 3/2*(2*x^2*
arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*a*b*d*g^2*h
+ 2/3*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2
+ 1)/c^4))*a*b*e*g^2*h + 3/16*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*
x^3/c^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*a*b*f*g^2*h +
2/3*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2
+ 1)/c^4))*a*b*d*g*h^2 + 3/16*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x
^3/c^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*a*b*e*g*h^2 +
2/25*(15*x^5*arcsin(c*x) + (3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2
+ 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^6)*c)*a*b*f*g*h^2 + 1/16*(8*x^4*arc
sin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*
arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*a*b*d*h^3 + 2/75*(15*x^5*arcsin(c*x) + (3*sqrt(-c^2*x^
2 + 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^4 + 8*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^6)*
c)*a*b*e*h^3 + 1/144*(48*x^6*arcsin(c*x) + (8*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^5/c^2 +
10*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^4 + 15*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^6 - 15*arcsi...

```

### 3.115.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3444 vs. 2(932) = 1864.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3444, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

$$\int (g + hx)^3 (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((h*x+g)^3*(f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/6*a^2*f*h^3*x^6 + 3/5*a^2*f*g*h^2*x^5 + 1/5*a^2*e*h^3*x^5 + 3/4*a^2*f*g^
2*h*x^4 + 3/4*a^2*e*g*h^2*x^4 + 1/4*a^2*d*h^3*x^4 + 1/3*a^2*f*g^3*x^3 + a^
2*e*g^2*h*x^3 + a^2*d*g*h^2*x^3 + b^2*d*g^3*x*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*d*g^3*
x*arcsin(c*x) + 1/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*f*g^3*x*arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + (c^2*x^2
- 1)*b^2*e*g^2*h*x*arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*d*g*h^2*x*arcsin
(c*x)^2/c^2 + 1/2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^2*e*g^3*x*arcsin(c*x)/c + 3/2*sqrt(
-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^2*d*g^2*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c + a^2*d*g^3*x - 2*b^2*d*g^3*x +
2/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*b*f*g^3*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*b*e*g^2*
h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*b*d*g*h^2*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/2*
(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*e*g^3*arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 3/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*d*g^2*h*
arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 1/3*b^2*f*g^3*x*arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + b^2*e*g^2*h*x*arcs
in(c*x)^2/c^2 + b^2*d*g*h^2*x*arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 3/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b^2*
f*g*h^2*x*arcsin(c*x)^2/c^4 + 1/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b^2*e*h^3*x*arcsin(c*x)^
2/c^4 + 1/2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a*b*e*g^3*x/c + 3/2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a*b*
d*g^2*h*x/c + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^2*d*g^3*arcsin(c*x)/c - 3/8*(-c^2*x^2
+ 1)^(3/2)*b^2*f*g^2*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^3 - 3/8*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b^2*e
*g*h^2*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^3 - 1/8*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b^2*d*h^3*x*arcsin(c*x
)/c^3 - 2/27*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*f*g^3*x/c^2 - 2/9*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*e*g^2*h
*x/c^2 - 2/9*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*d*g*h^2*x/c^2 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*b*e*g^3*arc
sin(c*x)/c^2 + 3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*b*d*g^2*h*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 2/3*a*b*f*...

```

### 3.115.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (g + hx)^3 (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \int (g + hx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (fx^2 + ex + d) dx$$

input `int((g + h*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x + f*x^2),x)`

output `int((g + h*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x + f*x^2), x)`



### 3.116 $\int (g+hx)^2 (d+ex+fx^2) (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

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#### 3.116.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 701

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (g+hx)^2 (d+ex+fx^2) (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx \\
 &= -2b^2 dg^2 x - \frac{16b^2 fh^2 x}{75c^4} - \frac{4b^2 (fg^2 + h(2eg + dh)) x}{9c^2} - \frac{1}{4} b^2 g (eg + 2dh) x^2 \\
 & \quad - \frac{3b^2 h (2fg + eh) x^2}{32c^2} - \frac{8b^2 fh^2 x^3}{225c^2} - \frac{2}{27} b^2 (fg^2 + h(2eg + dh)) x^3 - \frac{1}{32} b^2 h (2fg + eh) x^4 \\
 & \quad - \frac{2}{125} b^2 fh^2 x^5 + \frac{2bdg^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{c} + \frac{16bfh^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{75c^5} \\
 & \quad + \frac{4b (fg^2 + h(2eg + dh)) \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{9c^3} \\
 & \quad + \frac{bg (eg + 2dh) x \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{2c} \\
 & \quad + \frac{3bh (2fg + eh) x \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{16c^3} + \frac{8bfh^2 x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{75c^3} \\
 & \quad + \frac{2b (fg^2 + h(2eg + dh)) x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{9c} \\
 & \quad + \frac{bh (2fg + eh) x^3 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{8c} + \frac{2bfh^2 x^4 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a+b \arcsin(cx))}{25c} \\
 & \quad - \frac{g (eg + 2dh) (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4c^2} - \frac{3h (2fg + eh) (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{32c^4} \\
 & \quad + dg^2 x (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{2} g (eg + 2dh) x^2 (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
 & \quad + \frac{1}{3} (fg^2 + h(2eg + dh)) x^3 (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
 & \quad + \frac{1}{4} h (2fg + eh) x^4 (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{5} fh^2 x^5 (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

2*b*d*g^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+16/75*b*f*h^2*(a+b*arcsin
(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^5+2/9*b*(f*g^2+h*(d*h+2*e*g))*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(
c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+4/9*b*(f*g^2+h*(d*h+2*e*g))*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-
-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3-16/75*b^2*f*h^2*x/c^4-3/32*b^2*h*(e*h+2*f*g)*x^2/c^2
-8/225*b^2*f*h^2*x^3/c^2+1/2*b*g*(2*d*h+e*g)*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2
+1)^(1/2)/c+3/16*b*h*(e*h+2*f*g)*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^
3+8/75*b*f*h^2*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3+1/8*b*h*(e*h+2
*f*g)*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+2/25*b*f*h^2*x^4*(a+b*arc
sin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+d*g^2*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2-2/27*b^2*(f*g^2
+h*(d*h+2*e*g))*x^3+1/3*(f*g^2+h*(d*h+2*e*g))*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2+1/2*
g*(2*d*h+e*g)*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2+1/4*h*(e*h+2*f*g)*x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*
x))^2+1/5*f*h^2*x^5*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2-2*b^2*d*g^2*x-4/9*b^2*(f*g^2+h*(d*
h+2*e*g))*x/c^2-1/4*b^2*g*(2*d*h+e*g)*x^2-1/32*b^2*h*(e*h+2*f*g)*x^4-2/125
*b^2*f*h^2*x^5-1/4*g*(2*d*h+e*g)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/c^2-3/32*h*(e*h+2*f*g
)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/c^4

```

### 3.116.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 534, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (g + hx)^2 (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = dg^2x(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{2}g(eg + 2dh)x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{3}(fg^2 + h(2eg + dh))x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{4}h(2fg + eh)x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{5}fh^2x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
& - \frac{2b(fg^2 + h(2eg + dh))(-3a\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(2 + c^2x^2) + bcx(6 + c^2x^2) - 3b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(2 + c^2x^2) \arcsin(cx))}{27c^3} \\
& - \frac{2bfh^2(-15a\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(8 + 4c^2x^2 + 3c^4x^4) + bcx(120 + 20c^2x^2 + 9c^4x^4) - 15b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(8 + 4c^2x^2 + 3c^4x^4) \arcsin(cx))}{1125c^5} \\
& - 2bdg^2 \left( bx - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{32}bh(2fg + eh) \left( \frac{3bx^2}{c^2} + bx^4 - \frac{6x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c^3} \right. \\
& \quad \left. - \frac{4x^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} + \frac{3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{bc^4} \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{4}bg(eg + 2dh) \left( bx^2 - \frac{2x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{bc^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(g + h*x)^2*(d + e*x + f*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `d*g^2*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 + (g*(e*g + 2*d*h)*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/2 + ((f*g^2 + h*(2*e*g + d*h))*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/3 + (h*(2*f*g + e*h)*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/4 + (f*h^2*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/5 - (2*b*(f*g^2 + h*(2*e*g + d*h))*(-3*a*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(2 + c^2*x^2) + b*c*x*(6 + c^2*x^2) - 3*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(2 + c^2*x^2)*ArcSin[c*x]))/(27*c^3) - (2*b*f*h^2*(-15*a*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(8 + 4*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4) + b*c*x*(120 + 20*c^2*x^2 + 9*c^4*x^4) - 15*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(8 + 4*c^2*x^2 + 3*c^4*x^4)*ArcSin[c*x]))/(1125*c^5) - 2*b*d*g^2*(b*x - (Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])))/c - (b*h*(2*f*g + e*h))*((3*b*x^2)/c^2 + b*x^4 - (6*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c^3 - (4*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c + (3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(b*c^4)))/32 - (b*g*(e*g + 2*d*h)*(b*x^2 - (2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])))/c + (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/(b*c^2))/4`

### 3.116.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 701, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$ , Rules used = {5250, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (g + hx)^2 (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

↓ 5250

$$\int (x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (h(dh + 2eg) + fg^2) + gx(2dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + dg^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + hx^3($$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{3h(eh+2fg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{32c^4} + \frac{2bx^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))(h(dh+2eg)+fg^2)}{9c} + \\
& \frac{bgx\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{2c} - \frac{g(2dh+eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{4c^2} + \\
& \frac{2bdg^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{c} + \frac{bhx^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(eh+2fg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{75c^5} + \\
& \frac{2bfh^2x^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{25c} + \frac{16bfh^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{75c^5} + \\
& \frac{4b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))(h(dh+2eg)+fg^2)}{9c^3} + \frac{3bhx\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(eh+2fg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{16c^3} + \\
& \frac{8bfh^2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arcsin(cx))}{75c^3} + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2(h(dh+2eg)+fg^2) + \frac{1}{2}gx^2(2dh+ \\
& eg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2 + dg^2x(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{4}hx^4(eh+2fg)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{5}fh^2x^5(a+ \\
& b\arcsin(cx))^2 - \frac{16b^2fh^2x}{75c^4} - \frac{4b^2x(h(dh+2eg)+fg^2)}{9c^2} - \frac{3b^2hx^2(eh+2fg)}{32c^2} - \frac{8b^2fh^2x^3}{225c^2} - \\
& \frac{2}{27}b^2x^3(h(dh+2eg)+fg^2) - \frac{1}{4}b^2gx^2(2dh+eg) - 2b^2dg^2x - \frac{1}{32}b^2hx^4(eh+2fg) - \frac{2}{125}b^2fh^2x^5
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(g + h*x)^2*(d + e*x + f*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output

```

-2*b^2*d*g^2*x - (16*b^2*f*h^2*x)/(75*c^4) - (4*b^2*(f*g^2 + h*(2*e*g + d*
h))*x)/(9*c^2) - (b^2*g*(e*g + 2*d*h)*x^2)/4 - (3*b^2*h*(2*f*g + e*h)*x^2)
/(32*c^2) - (8*b^2*f*h^2*x^3)/(225*c^2) - (2*b^2*(f*g^2 + h*(2*e*g + d*h))
*x^3)/27 - (b^2*h*(2*f*g + e*h)*x^4)/32 - (2*b^2*f*h^2*x^5)/125 + (2*b*d*g
^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c + (16*b*f*h^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2
]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(75*c^5) + (4*b*(f*g^2 + h*(2*e*g + d*h))*sqrt[1 -
c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(9*c^3) + (b*g*(e*g + 2*d*h)*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*
x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(2*c) + (3*b*h*(2*f*g + e*h)*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2
]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(16*c^3) + (8*b*f*h^2*x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*A
rcSin[c*x]))/(75*c^3) + (2*b*(f*g^2 + h*(2*e*g + d*h))*x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^
2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(9*c) + (b*h*(2*f*g + e*h)*x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(
a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(8*c) + (2*b*f*h^2*x^4*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin
[c*x]))/(25*c) - (g*(e*g + 2*d*h)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(4*c^2) - (3*h*(2
*f*g + e*h)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(32*c^4) + d*g^2*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^
2 + (g*(e*g + 2*d*h)*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/2 + ((f*g^2 + h*(2*e*g + d
*h))*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/3 + (h*(2*f*g + e*h)*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x
])^2)/4 + (f*h^2*x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/5

```

## 3.116.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5250 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(Px_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x]`

## 3.116.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1194
default	Expression too large to display	1194
parts	Expression too large to display	1278

input `int((h*x+g)^2*(f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/c*(a^2/c^4*(1/5*f*h^2*c^5*x^5+1/4*(c*e*h^2+2*c*f*g*h)*c^4*x^4+1/3*(c^2*d \\ & *h^2+2*c^2*e*g*h+c^2*f*g^2)*c^3*x^3+1/2*(2*c^3*d*g*h+c^3*e*g^2)*c^2*x^2+g^2 \\ & *c^5*d*x)+b^2/c^4*(c^4*d*g^2*(c*x*arcsin(c*x))^2-2*c*x+2*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2 \\ & *x^2+1)^(1/2))+1/4*c^3*g^2*e*(2*arcsin(c*x)^2*x^2*c^2+2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2) \\ & *arcsin(c*x)*x*c-arcsin(c*x)^2-c^2*x^2)+1/27*c^2*f*g^2*(9*c^3*x^3*arcsin(c \\ & *x)^2+6*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*c^2-2*c^3*x^3+12*arcsin(c*x)*(- \\ & c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-12*c*x)+1/2*c^3*g*h*d*(2*arcsin(c*x)^2*x^2*c^2+2*(-c^2*x^ \\ & 2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x*c-arcsin(c*x)^2-c^2*x^2)+2/27*c^2*e*g*h*(9*c^3*x^ \\ & 3*arcsin(c*x)^2+6*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*c^2-2*c^3*x^3+12*arcs \\ & in(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-12*c*x)+1/64*c*f*g*h*(32*arcsin(c*x)^2*x^4*c^4+ \\ & 16*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*c^3*x^3-4*c^4*x^4+24*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)* \\ & arcsin(c*x)*x*c-12*arcsin(c*x)^2-12*c^2*x^2-9)+1/27*c^2*d*h^2*(9*c^3*x^3*a \\ & rcsin(c*x)^2+6*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*c^2-2*c^3*x^3+12*arcsin( \\ & c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-12*c*x)+1/128*c*e*h^2*(32*arcsin(c*x)^2*x^4*c^4+16 \\ & *(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*c^3*x^3-4*c^4*x^4+24*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*ar \\ & csin(c*x)*x*c-12*arcsin(c*x)^2-12*c^2*x^2-9)+1/1125*f*h^2*(225*arcsin(c*x) \\ & ^2*c^5*x^5+90*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x^4*c^4-18*c^5*x^5+120*(-c^2* \\ & x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*c^2-40*c^3*x^3+240*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^( \\ & 1/2)-240*c*x))+2*a*b/c^4*(1/5*arcsin(c*x)*f*h^2*c^5*x^5+1/4*arcsin(c*x)*c^ \\ & 5*e*h^2*x^4+1/2*arcsin(c*x)*c^5*f*g*h*x^4+1/3*arcsin(c*x)*c^5*d*h^2*x^3... \end{aligned}$$

**3.116.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1029, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (g + hx)^2 (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{864(25a^2 - 2b^2)c^5fh^2x^5 + 3375(2(8a^2 - b^2)c^5fgh + (8a^2 - b^2)c^5eh^2)x^4 + 160(25(9a^2 - 2b^2)c^5fg^2 +$$

```
input integrate((h*x+g)^2*(f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/108000*(864*(25*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^5*f*h^2*x^5 + 3375*(2*(8*a^2 - b^2)*c^5*f
*g*h + (8*a^2 - b^2)*c^5*e*h^2)*x^4 + 160*(25*(9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^5*f*g^2 +
50*(9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^5*e*g*h + (25*(9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^5*d - 24*b^2*c^3*f)*h
^2)*x^3 + 3375*(8*(2*a^2 - b^2)*c^5*e*g^2 - 3*b^2*c^3*e*h^2 + 2*(8*(2*a^2
- b^2)*c^5*d - 3*b^2*c^3*f)*g*h)*x^2 + 225*(96*b^2*c^5*f*h^2*x^5 + 480*b^2
*c^5*d*g^2*x - 120*b^2*c^3*e*g^2 - 45*b^2*c*e*h^2 + 120*(2*b^2*c^5*f*g*h +
b^2*c^5*e*h^2)*x^4 + 160*(b^2*c^5*f*g^2 + 2*b^2*c^5*e*g*h + b^2*c^5*d*h^2
)*x^3 - 30*(8*b^2*c^3*d + 3*b^2*c*f)*g*h + 240*(b^2*c^5*e*g^2 + 2*b^2*c^5
*d*g*h)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2 - 480*(200*b^2*c^3*e*g*h - 25*(9*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*c
^5*d - 4*b^2*c^3*f)*g^2 + 4*(25*b^2*c^3*d + 12*b^2*c*f)*h^2)*x + 450*(96*a
*b*c^5*f*h^2*x^5 + 480*a*b*c^5*d*g^2*x - 120*a*b*c^3*e*g^2 - 45*a*b*c*e*h^
2 + 120*(2*a*b*c^5*f*g*h + a*b*c^5*e*h^2)*x^4 + 160*(a*b*c^5*f*g^2 + 2*a*b
*c^5*e*g*h + a*b*c^5*d*h^2)*x^3 - 30*(8*a*b*c^3*d + 3*a*b*c*f)*g*h + 240*(
a*b*c^5*e*g^2 + 2*a*b*c^5*d*g*h)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x) + 30*(288*a*b*c^4*f*h^2*
x^4 + 3200*a*b*c^2*e*g*h + 450*(2*a*b*c^4*f*g*h + a*b*c^4*e*h^2)*x^3 + 800
*(9*a*b*c^4*d + 2*a*b*c^2*f)*g^2 + 64*(25*a*b*c^2*d + 12*a*b*f)*h^2 + 32*(
25*a*b*c^4*f*g^2 + 50*a*b*c^4*e*g*h + (25*a*b*c^4*d + 12*a*b*c^2*f)*h^2)*x
^2 + 225*(8*a*b*c^4*e*g^2 + 3*a*b*c^2*e*h^2 + 2*(8*a*b*c^4*d + 3*a*b*c^2*f
)*g*h)*x + (288*b^2*c^4*f*h^2*x^4 + 3200*b^2*c^2*e*g*h + 450*(2*b^2*c^4*f*
g*h + b^2*c^4*e*h^2)*x^3 + 800*(9*b^2*c^4*d + 2*b^2*c^2*f)*g^2 + 64*(25...
```

### 3.116.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1935 vs.  $2(694) = 1388$ .

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1935, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int (g + hx)^2 (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((h*x+g)**2*(f*x**2+e*x+d)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*d*g**2*x + a**2*d*g*h*x**2 + a**2*d*h**2*x**3/3 + a**2*e*g**2*x**2/2 + 2*a**2*e*g*h*x**3/3 + a**2*e*h**2*x**4/4 + a**2*f*g**2*x**3/3 + a**2*f*g*h*x**4/2 + a**2*f*h**2*x**5/5 + 2*a*b*d*g**2*x*asin(c*x) + 2*a*b*d*g*h*x**2*asin(c*x) + 2*a*b*d*h**2*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + a*b*e*g**2*x**2*asin(c*x) + 4*a*b*e*g*h*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + a*b*e*h**2*x**4*asin(c*x)/2 + 2*a*b*f*g**2*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + a*b*f*g*h*x**4*asin(c*x) + 2*a*b*f*h**2*x**5*asin(c*x)/5 + 2*a*b*d*g**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + a*b*d*g*h*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + 2*a*b*d*h**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + a*b*e*g**2*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(2*c) + 4*a*b*e*g*h*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + a*b*e*h**2*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(8*c) + 2*a*b*f*g**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + a*b*f*g*h*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) + 2*a*b*f*h**2*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*c) - a*b*d*g*h*asin(c*x)/c**2 - a*b*e*g**2*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2) + 4*a*b*d*h**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + 8*a*b*e*g*h*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + 3*a*b*e*h**2*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c**3) + 4*a*b*f*g**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + 3*a*b*f*g*h*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(8*c**3) + 8*a*b*f*h**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(75*c**3) - 3*a*b*e*h**2*asin(c*x)/(16*c**4) - 3*a*b*f*g*h*asin(c*x)/(8*c**4) + 16*a*b*f*h**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(75*c**5) + b**2*d*g**2*x*asin(c*x)**2 - 2*b**2*d*g**2*x + b**2*d*g*h*x**2*asin(c*x)**2 - b**2*d*g*h*x**2/2 + b**2*d*h**2*x**3*asin(c*x)**2/3 - 2*b**2*d*h**2*x**3/27 + b**2*e*g**2*x...`

### 3.116.7 Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (g + hx)^2 (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx \\ &= \int (fx^2 + ex + d)(hx + g)^2 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((h*x+g)^2*(f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/5*a^2*f*h^2*x^5 + 1/2*a^2*f*g*h*x^4 + 1/4*a^2*e*h^2*x^4 + 1/3*a^2*f*g^2*
x^3 + 2/3*a^2*e*g*h*x^3 + 1/3*a^2*d*h^2*x^3 + b^2*d*g^2*x*arcsin(c*x)^2 +
1/2*a^2*e*g^2*x^2 + a^2*d*g*h*x^2 + 1/2*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*
x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*a*b*e*g^2 + 2/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*
(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*a*b*f*g^2 + (2*x^
2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*a*b*d*g*h
+ 4/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2
+ 1)/c^4))*a*b*e*g*h + 1/8*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3
/c^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*a*b*f*g*h + 2/9*
(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/
c^4))*a*b*d*h^2 + 1/16*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2
+ 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*a*b*e*h^2 + 2/75*(15*
x^5*arcsin(c*x) + (3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/c^2 + 4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2
/c^4 + 8*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^6)*c)*a*b*f*h^2 - 2*b^2*d*g^2*(x - sqrt(-c^2
*x^2 + 1))*arcsin(c*x)/c + a^2*d*g^2*x + 2*(c*x*arcsin(c*x) + sqrt(-c^2*x^
2 + 1))*a*b*d*g^2/c + 1/60*(12*b^2*f*h^2*x^5 + 15*(2*b^2*f*g*h + b^2*e*h^2
)*x^4 + 20*(b^2*f*g^2 + 2*b^2*e*g*h + b^2*d*h^2)*x^3 + 30*(b^2*e*g^2 + 2*b
^2*d*g*h)*x^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + integrate(1/
30*(12*b^2*c*f*h^2*x^5 + 15*(2*b^2*c*f*g*h + b^2*c*e*h^2)*x^4 + 20*(b^2*c*
f*g^2 + 2*b^2*c*e*g*h + b^2*c*d*h^2)*x^3 + 30*(b^2*c*e*g^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*...

```

### 3.116.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2166 vs.  $2(639) = 1278$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2166, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int (g + hx)^2 (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((h*x+g)^2*(f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`



output

```

1/5*a^2*f*h^2*x^5 + 1/2*a^2*f*g*h*x^4 + 1/4*a^2*e*h^2*x^4 + 1/3*a^2*f*g^2*
x^3 + 2/3*a^2*e*g*h*x^3 + 1/3*a^2*d*h^2*x^3 + b^2*d*g^2*x*arcsin(c*x)^2 +
2*a*b*d*g^2*x*arcsin(c*x) + 1/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*f*g^2*x*arcsin(c*x)^2/c^
2 + 2/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*e*g*h*x*arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 1/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^
2*d*h^2*x*arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 1/2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^2*e*g^2*x*arcsin(c*
x)/c + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^2*d*g*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c + a^2*d*g^2*x - 2*b^2*
d*g^2*x + 2/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*b*f*g^2*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 4/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1
)*a*b*e*g*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 2/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*b*d*h^2*x*arcsin(c*x)/
c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*e*g^2*arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*d*
g*h*arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 1/3*b^2*f*g^2*x*arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 2/3*b^2*e*g*h*
x*arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 1/3*b^2*d*h^2*x*arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 1/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1
)^2*b^2*f*h^2*x*arcsin(c*x)^2/c^4 + 1/2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a*b*e*g^2*x/c +
sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a*b*d*g*h*x/c + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^2*d*g^2*arcsin(
c*x)/c - 1/4*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b^2*f*g*h*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^3 - 1/8*(-c^2*
x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b^2*e*h^2*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^3 - 2/27*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*f*g^2*
x/c^2 - 4/27*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*e*g*h*x/c^2 - 2/27*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*d*h^2*
x/c^2 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*b*e*g^2*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*b*d*g*
h*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 2/3*a*b*f*g^2*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 4/3*a*b*e*g*h*x*arcs
in(c*x)/c^2 + 2/3*a*b*d*h^2*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 2/5*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*a*b*f*
h^2*x*arcsin(c*x)/c^4 + 1/4*b^2*e*g^2*arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 1/2*b^2*d*g*h...

```

### 3.116.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (g + hx)^2 (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \int (g + hx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (fx^2 + ex + d) dx$$

input `int((g + h*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x + f*x^2),x)`

output `int((g + h*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x + f*x^2), x)`

### 3.117 $\int (g+hx) (d + ex + fx^2) (a+b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$

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#### 3.117.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 425

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (g + hx) (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx \\
 &= -2b^2 d g x - \frac{4b^2 (fg + eh)x}{9c^2} - \frac{3b^2 f h x^2}{32c^2} - \frac{1}{4} b^2 (eg + dh)x^2 - \frac{2}{27} b^2 (fg + eh)x^3 - \frac{1}{32} b^2 f h x^4 \\
 &+ \frac{2bdg\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} + \frac{4b(fg + eh)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{9c^3} \\
 &+ \frac{3bfhx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{16c^3} + \frac{b(eg + dh)x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2c} \\
 &+ \frac{2b(fg + eh)x^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{9c} + \frac{bfhx^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{8c} \\
 &- \frac{3fh(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{32c^4} - \frac{(eg + dh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4c^2} \\
 &+ dgx(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{2}(eg + dh)x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
 &+ \frac{1}{3}(fg + eh)x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{4}fhx^4(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-2*b^2*d*g*x-4/9*b^2*(e*h+f*g)*x/c^2-3/32*b^2*f*h*x^2/c^2-1/4*b^2*(d*h+e*g)
)*x^2-2/27*b^2*(e*h+f*g)*x^3-1/32*b^2*f*h*x^4-3/32*f*h*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2
/c^4-1/4*(d*h+e*g)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/c^2+d*g*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2+1/2*(
d*h+e*g)*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2+1/3*(e*h+f*g)*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2+1/4
*f*h*x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2+2*b*d*g*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/
c+4/9*b*(e*h+f*g)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3+3/16*b*f*h*x*(a
+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3+1/2*b*(d*h+e*g)*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))
*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+2/9*b*(e*h+f*g)*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)/c+1/8*b*f*h*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c
```

### 3.117.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (g + hx) (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx \\
 &= d g x (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{2} (e g + d h) x^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
 &+ \frac{1}{3} (f g + e h) x^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{4} f h x^4 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \\
 &\frac{2b(fg + eh) (-3a\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(2 + c^2x^2) + bcx(6 + c^2x^2) - 3b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(2 + c^2x^2) \arcsin(cx))}{27c^3} \\
 &- 2bdg \left( bx - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} \right) \\
 &- \frac{1}{32} b f h \left( \frac{3bx^2}{c^2} + bx^4 - \frac{6x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c^3} - \frac{4x^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \frac{3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{bc^4} \right) \\
 &- \frac{1}{4} b (e g + d h) \left( bx^2 - \frac{2x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{bc^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(g + h*x)*(d + e*x + f*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

output `d*g*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 + ((e*g + d*h)*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/2 + ((f*g + e*h)*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/3 + (f*h*x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/4 - (2*b*(f*g + e*h)*(-3*a*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(2 + c^2*x^2) + b*c*x*(6 + c^2*x^2) - 3*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(2 + c^2*x^2)*ArcSin[c*x]))/(27*c^3) - 2*b*d*g*(b*x - (Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])))/c - (b*f*h*((3*b*x^2)/c^2 + b*x^4 - (6*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c^3 - (4*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c + (3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(b*c^4)))/32 - (b*(e*g + d*h)*(b*x^2 - (2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])))/c + (a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2/(b*c^2))/4`

### 3.117.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {5250, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (g + hx)(d + ex + fx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

↓ 5250

$$\int (x(dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + dg(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + x^2(eh + fg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + fhx^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{3fh(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{32c^4} + \frac{bx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{2c} - \\ & \frac{(dh + eg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{4c^2} + \frac{2bdg\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} + \\ & \frac{2bx^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(eh + fg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{9c} + \frac{bfhx^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{8c} + \\ & \frac{4b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(eh + fg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{9c^3} + \frac{3bfhx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{16c^3} + \frac{1}{2}x^2(dh + eg)(a + \\ & b \arcsin(cx))^2 + dgx(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3(eh + fg)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + \frac{1}{4}fhx^4(a + \\ & b \arcsin(cx))^2 - \frac{4b^2x(eh + fg)}{9c^2} - \frac{3b^2fhx^2}{32c^2} - \frac{1}{4}b^2x^2(dh + eg) - 2b^2dgx - \frac{2}{27}b^2x^3(eh + fg) - \frac{1}{32}b^2fhx^4 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(g + h*x)*(d + e*x + f*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2,x]`

```
output -2*b^2*d*g*x - (4*b^2*(f*g + e*h)*x)/(9*c^2) - (3*b^2*f*h*x^2)/(32*c^2) -
(b^2*(e*g + d*h)*x^2)/4 - (2*b^2*(f*g + e*h)*x^3)/27 - (b^2*f*h*x^4)/32 +
(2*b*d*g*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c + (4*b*(f*g + e*h)*Sqrt[
1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(9*c^3) + (3*b*f*h*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(
a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(16*c^3) + (b*(e*g + d*h)*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*A
rcSin[c*x]))/(2*c) + (2*b*(f*g + e*h)*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[
c*x]))/(9*c) + (b*f*h*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/(8*c) - (
3*f*h*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(32*c^4) - ((e*g + d*h)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2
)/(4*c^2) + d*g*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 + ((e*g + d*h)*x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c
*x])^2)/2 + ((f*g + e*h)*x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/3 + (f*h*x^4*(a + b*Ar
cSin[c*x])^2)/4
```

### 3.117.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5250 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n*(Px_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandI
ntegrand[Px*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && Poly
nomialQ[Px, x]
```

### 3.117.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 679, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
parts	$a^2 \left( \frac{hf x^4}{4} + \frac{(eh+fg)x^3}{3} + \frac{(dh+eg)x^2}{2} + d g x \right) + \frac{b^2 \left( \frac{hf (32 \arcsin(cx)^2 x^4 c^4 + 16 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arcsin(cx) c^3 x^3 - 4c^4 x^4 + 128c^3}{128c^3} \right)}{c^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \left( \frac{hf c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{(ech+cfg)c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{(d c^2 h + e c^2 g) c^2 x^2}{2} + g c^4 dx \right)}{c^3} + \frac{b^2 \left( c^3 dg (cx \arcsin(cx)^2 - 2cx + 2 \arcsin(cx) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}) + \frac{c^2 eg (2a}{c^3} \right)}{c^3}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \left( \frac{hf c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{(ech+cfg)c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{(d c^2 h + e c^2 g) c^2 x^2}{2} + g c^4 dx \right)}{c^3} + \frac{b^2 \left( c^3 dg (cx \arcsin(cx)^2 - 2cx + 2 \arcsin(cx) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}) + \frac{c^2 eg (2a}{c^3} \right)}{c^3}$

```
input int((h*x+g)*(f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

a^2*(1/4*h*f*x^4+1/3*(e*h+f*g)*x^3+1/2*(d*h+e*g)*x^2+d*g*x)+b^2/c*(1/128*h
*f*(32*arcsin(c*x)^2*x^4*c^4+16*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*c^3*x^3-4*c
^4*x^4+24*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x*c-12*arcsin(c*x)^2-12*c^2*x^2-9
)/c^3+1/27*h*e*(9*c^3*x^3*arcsin(c*x)^2+6*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x
^2*c^2-2*c^3*x^3+12*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-12*c*x)/c^2+1/4*h*d*(2*
arcsin(c*x)^2*x^2*c^2+2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x*c-arcsin(c*x)^2-c
^2*x^2)/c+1/27*g*f*(9*c^3*x^3*arcsin(c*x)^2+6*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*
x)*x^2*c^2-2*c^3*x^3+12*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-12*c*x)/c^2+1/4*g*e
*(2*arcsin(c*x)^2*x^2*c^2+2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(c*x)*x*c-arcsin(c*x)
^2-c^2*x^2)/c+d*g*(c*x*arcsin(c*x)^2-2*c*x+2*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2
)))+2*a*b/c*(1/4*c*arcsin(c*x)*h*f*x^4+1/3*c*arcsin(c*x)*e*h*x^3+1/3*c*arc
sin(c*x)*x^3*f*g+1/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*x^2*d*h+1/2*c*arcsin(c*x)*e*g*x^2+c*arc
sin(c*x)*x*d*g-1/12/c^3*(3*h*f*(-1/4*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3/8*c*x*(-
c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/8*arcsin(c*x))-12*g*c^3*d*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+(4*c*e*h+4
*c*f*g)*(-1/3*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+(6*c^2*d*
h+6*c^2*e*g)*(-1/2*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*arcsin(c*x))))

```

### 3.117.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 579, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (g + hx) (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{27(8a^2 - b^2)c^4 f h x^4 + 32((9a^2 - 2b^2)c^4 f g + (9a^2 - 2b^2)c^4 e h)x^3 + 27(8(2a^2 - b^2)c^4 e g + (8(2a^2 - b^2)$$

input `integrate((h*x+g)*(f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/864*(27*(8*a^2 - b^2)*c^4*f*h*x^4 + 32*((9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^4*f*g + (9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^4*e*h)*x^3 + 27*(8*(2*a^2 - b^2)*c^4*e*g + (8*(2*a^2 - b^2)*c^4*d - 3*b^2*c^2*f)*h)*x^2 + 9*(24*b^2*c^4*f*h*x^4 + 96*b^2*c^4*d*g*x - 24*b^2*c^2*e*g + 32*(b^2*c^4*f*g + b^2*c^4*e*h)*x^3 + 48*(b^2*c^4*e*g + b^2*c^4*d*h)*x^2 - 3*(8*b^2*c^2*d + 3*b^2*f)*h)*arcsin(c*x)^2 - 96*(4*b^2*c^2*e*h - (9*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^4*d - 4*b^2*c^2*f)*g)*x + 18*(24*a*b*c^4*f*h*x^4 + 96*a*b*c^4*d*g*x - 24*a*b*c^2*e*g + 32*(a*b*c^4*f*g + a*b*c^4*e*h)*x^3 + 48*(a*b*c^4*e*g + a*b*c^4*d*h)*x^2 - 3*(8*a*b*c^2*d + 3*a*b*f)*h)*arcsin(c*x) + 6*(18*a*b*c^3*f*h*x^3 + 64*a*b*c*e*h + 32*(a*b*c^3*f*g + a*b*c^3*e*h)*x^2 + 32*(9*a*b*c^3*d + 2*a*b*c*f)*g + 9*(8*a*b*c^3*e*g + (8*a*b*c^3*d + 3*a*b*c*f)*h)*x + (18*b^2*c^3*f*h*x^3 + 64*b^2*c*e*h + 32*(b^2*c^3*f*g + b^2*c^3*e*h)*x^2 + 32*(9*b^2*c^3*d + 2*b^2*c*f)*g + 9*(8*b^2*c^3*e*g + (8*b^2*c^3*d + 3*b^2*c*f)*h)*x)*arcsin(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))/c^4`

### 3.117.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1059 vs.  $2(416) = 832$ .

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1059, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int (g + hx) (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((h*x+g)*(f*x**2+e*x+d)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*d*g*x + a**2*d*h*x**2/2 + a**2*e*g*x**2/2 + a**2*e*h*x**3/3 + a**2*f*g*x**3/3 + a**2*f*h*x**4/4 + 2*a*b*d*g*x*asin(c*x) + a*b*d*h*x**2*asin(c*x) + a*b*e*g*x**2*asin(c*x) + 2*a*b*e*h*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + 2*a*b*f*g*x**3*asin(c*x)/3 + a*b*f*h*x**4*asin(c*x)/2 + 2*a*b*d*g*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + a*b*d*h*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(2*c) + a*b*e*g*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(2*c) + 2*a*b*e*h*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + 2*a*b*f*g*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) + a*b*f*h*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(8*c) - a*b*d*h*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2) - a*b*e*g*asin(c*x)/(2*c**2) + 4*a*b*e*h*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + 4*a*b*f*g*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + 3*a*b*f*h*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c**3) - 3*a*b*f*h*asin(c*x)/(16*c**4) + b**2*d*g*x*asin(c*x)**2 - 2*b**2*d*g*x + b**2*d*h*x**2*asin(c*x)**2/2 - b**2*d*h*x**2/4 + b**2*e*g*x**2*asin(c*x)**2/2 - b**2*e*g*x**2/4 + b**2*e*h*x**3*asin(c*x)**2/3 - 2*b**2*e*h*x**3/27 + b**2*f*g*x**3*asin(c*x)**2/3 - 2*b**2*f*g*x**3/27 + b**2*f*h*x**4*asin(c*x)**2/4 - b**2*f*h*x**4/32 + 2*b**2*d*g*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/c + b**2*d*h*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/(2*c) + b**2*e*g*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/(2*c) + 2*b**2*e*h*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/(9*c) + 2*b**2*f*g*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/(9*c) + b**2*f*h*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c*x)/(8*c) - b**2*d*h*asin(c*x)**2/(4*c**2) - b**2*e*g*asin(c*x)**2/(4*c**2) - 4*b**2*e*h*x/(9*c**2) - 4*b**2*f*g*x/(9*c**2) - 3*b**2*f*h*x**2/(32*c**2) ...`

### 3.117.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (g + hx) (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \int (fx^2 + ex + d)(hx + g)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((h*x+g)*(f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output `1/4*a^2*f*h*x^4 + 1/3*a^2*f*g*x^3 + 1/3*a^2*e*h*x^3 + b^2*d*g*x*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 1/2*a^2*e*g*x^2 + 1/2*a^2*d*h*x^2 + 1/2*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*a*b*e*g + 2/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*a*b*f*g + 1/2*(2*x^2*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*a*b*d*h + 2/9*(3*x^3*arcsin(c*x) + c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*a*b*e*h + 1/16*(8*x^4*arcsin(c*x) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*a*b*f*h - 2*b^2*d*g*(x - sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*arcsin(c*x)/c) + a^2*d*g*x + 2*(c*x*arcsin(c*x) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*a*b*d*g/c + 1/12*(3*b^2*f*h*x^4 + 4*(b^2*f*g + b^2*e*h)*x^3 + 6*(b^2*e*g + b^2*d*h)*x^2)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + integrate(1/6*(3*b^2*c*f*h*x^4 + 4*(b^2*c*f*g + b^2*c*e*h)*x^3 + 6*(b^2*c*e*g + b^2*c*d*h)*x^2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

### 3.117.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1145 vs.  $2(383) = 766$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1145, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int (g + hx) (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((h*x+g)*(f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $1/4*a^2*f*h*x^4 + 1/3*a^2*f*g*x^3 + 1/3*a^2*e*h*x^3 + b^2*d*g*x*\arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*d*g*x*\arcsin(c*x) + 1/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*f*g*x*\arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 1/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*e*h*x*\arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 1/2*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*b^2*e*g*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c + 1/2*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*b^2*d*h*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c + a^2*d*g*x - 2*b^2*d*g*x + 2/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*b*f*g*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 2/3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*b*e*h*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*e*g*\arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*d*h*\arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 1/3*b^2*f*g*x*\arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 1/3*b^2*e*h*x*\arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 1/2*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*a*b*e*g*x/c + 1/2*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*a*b*d*h*x/c + 2*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*b^2*d*g*\arcsin(c*x)/c - 1/8*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b^2*f*h*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c^3 - 2/27*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*f*g*x/c^2 - 2/27*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*e*h*x/c^2 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*b*e*g*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*b*d*h*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 2/3*a*b*f*g*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 2/3*a*b*e*h*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c^2 + 1/4*b^2*e*g*\arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 1/4*b^2*d*h*\arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2 + 1/4*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b^2*f*h*\arcsin(c*x)^2/c^4 + 2*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*a*b*d*g/c - 1/8*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*a*b*f*h*x/c^3 - 2/9*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b^2*f*g*\arcsin(c*x)/c^3 - 2/9*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b^2*e*h*\arcsin(c*x)/c^3 + 5/16*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1}*b^2*f*h*x*\arcsin(c*x)/c^3 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a^2*e*g/c^2 - 1/4*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*e*g/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*a^2*d*h/c^2 - 1/4*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b^2*d*h/c^2 - 14/27*b^2*f*g*x/c^2 - 14/27*b^2*e*h*x/c^2 + 1...$

### 3.117.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (g + hx) (d + ex + fx^2) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \int (g + hx) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (fx^2 + ex + d) dx$$

input `int((g + h*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x + f*x^2),x)`

output `int((g + h*x)*(a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x + f*x^2), x)`

$$\mathbf{3.118} \quad \int \frac{(d+ex+fx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{g+hx} dx$$

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## 3.118.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 1067

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d+ex+fx^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{g+hx} dx \\
&= -\frac{a^2(fg-eh)x}{h^2} + \frac{2b^2(fg-eh)x}{h^2} + \frac{a^2fx^2}{2h} - \frac{b^2fx^2}{4h} - \frac{ab(4(fg-eh)-fhx)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2ch^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{abf\arcsin(cx)}{2c^2h} - \frac{2ab(fg-eh)x\arcsin(cx)}{h^2} + \frac{abfx^2\arcsin(cx)}{h} \\
&\quad - \frac{2b^2(fg-eh)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\arcsin(cx)}{ch^2} + \frac{b^2fx\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\arcsin(cx)}{2ch} \\
&\quad - \frac{b^2f\arcsin(cx)^2}{4c^2h} - \frac{iab(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\arcsin(cx)^2}{h^3} - \frac{b^2(fg-eh)x\arcsin(cx)^2}{h^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{b^2fx^2\arcsin(cx)^2}{2h} - \frac{ib^2(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\arcsin(cx)^3}{3h^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{2ab(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\arcsin(cx)\log\left(1-\frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg-\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{b^2(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\arcsin(cx)^2\log\left(1-\frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg-\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{2ab(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\arcsin(cx)\log\left(1-\frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg+\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{b^2(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\arcsin(cx)^2\log\left(1-\frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg+\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{a^2(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\log(g+hx)}{h^3} - \frac{2iab(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg-\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{2ib^2(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\arcsin(cx)\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg-\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{2iab(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg+\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{2ib^2(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\arcsin(cx)\text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg+\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{2b^2(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\text{PolyLog}\left(3,\frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg-\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{2b^2(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\text{PolyLog}\left(3,\frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg+\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-a^2*(-e*h+f*g)*x/h^2-1/2*a*b*f*arcsin(c*x)/c^2/h-2*a*b*(-e*h+f*g)*x*arcsi
n(c*x)/h^2+2*a*b*(d*h^2-e*g*h+f*g^2)*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1
)^(1/2))*h/(c*g-(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2)))/h^3+2*a*b*(d*h^2-e*g*h+f*g^2)*arcsin
(c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*h/(c*g+(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2)))/h^3-1
/2*a*b*(-f*h*x-4*e*h+4*f*g)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/h^2-2*b^2*(-e*h+f*g)*arcs
in(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/h^2-I*a*b*(d*h^2-e*g*h+f*g^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2/h
^3-2*I*a*b*(d*h^2-e*g*h+f*g^2)*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*h/(c
*g-(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2)))/h^3+a^2*(d*h^2-e*g*h+f*g^2)*ln(h*x+g)/h^3+b^2*(d*
h^2-e*g*h+f*g^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*h/(c*g-(c
^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2)))/h^3+b^2*(d*h^2-e*g*h+f*g^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2*ln(1-I*(I*c*
x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*h/(c*g+(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2)))/h^3-1/4*b^2*f*arcsin(c*
x)^2/c^2/h+1/2*b^2*f*x^2*arcsin(c*x)^2/h-1/3*I*b^2*(d*h^2-e*g*h+f*g^2)*arc
sin(c*x)^3/h^3-b^2*(-e*h+f*g)*x*arcsin(c*x)^2/h^2+a*b*f*x^2*arcsin(c*x)/h+
1/2*b^2*f*x*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/h+2*b^2*(d*h^2-e*g*h+f*g^2)*p
olylog(3,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*h/(c*g-(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2)))/h^3+2*b
^2*(d*h^2-e*g*h+f*g^2)*polylog(3,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*h/(c*g+(c^2*
g^2-h^2)^(1/2)))/h^3+2*b^2*(-e*h+f*g)*x/h^2+1/2*a^2*f*x^2/h-1/4*b^2*f*x^2/
h-2*I*b^2*(d*h^2-e*g*h+f*g^2)*arcsin(c*x)*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2))*h/(c*g-(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2)))/h^3-2*I*a*b*(d*h^2-e*g*h+f*g^2)*polylo
g(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*h/(c*g+(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2)))/h^3-2*I*b...

```

### 3.118.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 556, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(d + ex + fx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{g + hx} dx$$

$$= \frac{12h(-fg + eh)x(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 + 6fh^2x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - \frac{4i(fg^2 + h(-eg + dh))(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{b} + 24bh(\dots)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x + f*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(g + h*x), x]`

output  $(12*h*(-f*g) + e*h)*x*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2 + 6*f*h^2*x^2*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2 - ((4*I)*(f*g^2 + h*(-e*g) + d*h))*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^3)/b + 24*b*h*(f*g - e*h)*(b*x - (\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))/c) - 3*b*f*h^2*(b*x^2 - (2*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))/c + (a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2/(b*c^2)) + 12*(f*g^2 + h*(-e*g) + d*h)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2*\text{Log}[1 + (I*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*h)/(-(c*g) + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*g^2 - h^2])] + 12*(f*g^2 + h*(-e*g) + d*h)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2*\text{Log}[1 - (I*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*h)/(c*g + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*g^2 - h^2])] - 24*b*(f*g^2 + h*(-e*g) + d*h)*(I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*h)/(c*g - \text{Sqrt}[c^2*g^2 - h^2])] - b*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*h)/(c*g - \text{Sqrt}[c^2*g^2 - h^2])]) - 24*b*(f*g^2 + h*(-e*g) + d*h)*(I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*h)/(c*g + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*g^2 - h^2])] - b*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*h)/(c*g + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*g^2 - h^2])])/(12*h^3)$

### 3.118.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1085, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$ , Rules used = {5258, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex + fx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{g + hx} dx$$

↓ 5258

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2(d + ex + fx^2)}{g + hx} + \frac{2ab \arcsin(cx)(d + ex + fx^2)}{g + hx} + \frac{b^2 \arcsin(cx)^2(d + ex + fx^2)}{g + hx} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{ib^2(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \arcsin(cx)^3}{3h^3} + \frac{b^2fx^2 \arcsin(cx)^2}{2h} - \frac{iab(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \arcsin(cx)^2}{h^3} - \\
& \frac{b^2(fg - eh)x \arcsin(cx)^2}{h^2} + \frac{b^2(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg - \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right) \arcsin(cx)^2}{h^3} + \\
& \frac{b^2(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg + \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right) \arcsin(cx)^2}{h^3} - \frac{b^2f \arcsin(cx)^2}{4c^2h} + \frac{abfx^2 \arcsin(cx)}{h} - \\
& \frac{2ab(fg - eh)x \arcsin(cx)}{h^2} + \frac{2ab(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg - \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right) \arcsin(cx)}{h^3} + \\
& \frac{2ab(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg + \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right) \arcsin(cx)}{h^3} - \\
& \frac{2ib^2(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg - \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right) \arcsin(cx)}{h^3} - \\
& \frac{2ib^2(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg + \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right) \arcsin(cx)}{h^3} - \frac{2b^2(fg - eh)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \arcsin(cx)}{ch^2} + \\
& \frac{b^2fx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \arcsin(cx)}{2ch} - \frac{abf \arcsin(cx)}{2c^2h} + \frac{a^2fx^2}{2h} - \frac{b^2fx^2}{4h} - \frac{a^2(fg - eh)x}{h^2} + \frac{2b^2(fg - eh)x}{h^2} + \\
& \frac{a^2(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \log(g + hx)}{h^3} - \frac{2iab(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg - \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right)}{h^3} - \\
& \frac{2iab(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg + \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right)}{h^3} + \\
& \frac{2b^2(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg - \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right)}{h^3} + \\
& \frac{2b^2(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg + \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right)}{h^3} - \frac{2ab(fg - eh)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{ch^2} + \frac{abfx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{2ch}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x + f*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(g + h*x), x]`

```

output
-((a^2*(f*g - e*h)*x)/h^2) + (2*b^2*(f*g - e*h)*x)/h^2 + (a^2*f*x^2)/(2*h)
- (b^2*f*x^2)/(4*h) - (2*a*b*(f*g - e*h)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(c*h^2) + (a*
b*f*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*c*h) - (a*b*f*ArcSin[c*x])/(2*c^2*h) - (2*a*b*
(f*g - e*h)*x*ArcSin[c*x])/h^2 + (a*b*f*x^2*ArcSin[c*x])/h - (2*b^2*(f*g -
e*h)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x])/(c*h^2) + (b^2*f*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*
ArcSin[c*x])/(2*c*h) - (b^2*f*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/(4*c^2*h) - (I*a*b*(f*g^2 - e
*g*h + d*h^2)*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/h^3 - (b^2*(f*g - e*h)*x*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/h^2 +
(b^2*f*x^2*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/(2*h) - ((I/3)*b^2*(f*g^2 - e*g*h + d*h^2)*ArcS
in[c*x]^3)/h^3 + (2*a*b*(f*g^2 - e*g*h + d*h^2)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(
I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g - Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])])/h^3 + (b^2*(f*g^2 - e*g*h
+ d*h^2)*ArcSin[c*x]^2*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g - Sqrt[c^2*g^2
- h^2])])/h^3 + (2*a*b*(f*g^2 - e*g*h + d*h^2)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(
I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g + Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])])/h^3 + (b^2*(f*g^2 - e*g*h
+ d*h^2)*ArcSin[c*x]^2*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g + Sqrt[c^2*g^2
- h^2])])/h^3 + (a^2*(f*g^2 - e*g*h + d*h^2)*Log[g + h*x])/h^3 - ((2*I)*a
*b*(f*g^2 - e*g*h + d*h^2)*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g - Sqrt[
c^2*g^2 - h^2])])/h^3 - ((2*I)*b^2*(f*g^2 - e*g*h + d*h^2)*ArcSin[c*x]*Pol
yLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g - Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])])/h^3 - ((2*I)
*a*b*(f*g^2 - e*g*h + d*h^2)*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g + Sqr
t[c^2*g^2 - h^2])])/h^3 - ((2*I)*b^2*(f*g^2 - e*g*h + d*h^2)*ArcSin[c*x...

```

### 3.118.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]

```

```

rule 5258 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*(Px_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^m_.
, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && In
tegerQ[m]

```

### 3.118.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(f x^2 + e x + d)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{hx + g} dx$$

```

input int((f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(h*x+g),x)

```

```

output int((f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(h*x+g),x)

```

---

3.118.  $\int \frac{(d+ex+fx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{g+hx} dx$



**3.118.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex + fx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{g + hx} dx = \int \frac{(fx^2 + ex + d)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{hx + g} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(h*x+g),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a^2*f*x^2 + a^2*e*x + a^2*d + (b^2*f*x^2 + b^2*e*x + b^2*d)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*f*x^2 + a*b*e*x + a*b*d)*arcsin(c*x))/(h*x + g), x)`

**3.118.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex + fx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{g + hx} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (d + ex + fx^2)}{g + hx} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x**2+e*x+d)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(h*x+g),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(d + e*x + f*x**2)/(g + h*x), x)`

**3.118.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex + fx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{g + hx} dx = \int \frac{(fx^2 + ex + d)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{hx + g} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(h*x+g),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^2*e*(x/h - g*log(h*x + g)/h^2) + 1/2*a^2*f*(2*g^2*log(h*x + g)/h^3 + (h*x^2 - 2*g*x)/h^2) + a^2*d*log(h*x + g)/h + integrate(((b^2*f*x^2 + b^2*e*x + b^2*d)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b*f*x^2 + a*b*e*x + a*b*d)*arctan2(c*x, sqrt(c*x + 1))*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(h*x + g), x)`

**3.118.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex + fx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{g + hx} dx = \int \frac{(fx^2 + ex + d)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{hx + g} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(h*x+g),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*x^2 + e*x + d)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2/(h*x + g), x)`

**3.118.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex + fx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{g + hx} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (fx^2 + ex + d)}{g + hx} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x + f*x^2))/(g + h*x),x)`

output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x + f*x^2))/(g + h*x), x)`

$$\mathbf{3.119} \quad \int \frac{(d+ex+fx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(g+hx)^2} dx$$

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## 3.119.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 1323

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(d+ex+fx^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(g+hx)^2} dx \\
&= \frac{a^2fx}{h^2} - \frac{2b^2fx}{h^2} - \frac{a^2(fg^2-egh+dh^2)}{h^3(g+hx)} + \frac{2abf\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{ch^2} + \frac{2abfx\arcsin(cx)}{h^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{2ab(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\arcsin(cx)}{h^3(g+hx)} + \frac{2b^2f\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\arcsin(cx)}{ch^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{iab(2fg-eh)\arcsin(cx)^2}{h^3} + \frac{b^2fx\arcsin(cx)^2}{h^2} - \frac{b^2(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\arcsin(cx)^2}{h^3(g+hx)} \\
&\quad + \frac{ib^2(2fg-eh)\arcsin(cx)^3}{3h^3} + \frac{2abc(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\arctan\left(\frac{h+c^2gx}{\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{h^3\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{2ab(2fg-eh)\arcsin(cx)\log\left(1-\frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg-\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{2ib^2c(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\arcsin(cx)\log\left(1-\frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg-\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{b^2(2fg-eh)\arcsin(cx)^2\log\left(1-\frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg-\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{2ab(2fg-eh)\arcsin(cx)\log\left(1-\frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg+\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{2ib^2c(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\arcsin(cx)\log\left(1-\frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg+\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}} \\
&\quad - \frac{b^2(2fg-eh)\arcsin(cx)^2\log\left(1-\frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg+\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{a^2(2fg-eh)\log(g+hx)}{h^3} + \frac{2iab(2fg-eh)\text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg-\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} \\
&\quad - \frac{2b^2c(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg-\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}} \\
&\quad + \frac{2ib^2(2fg-eh)\arcsin(cx)\text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg-\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{2iab(2fg-eh)\text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg+\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{2b^2c(fg^2-egh+dh^2)\text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg+\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}} \\
&\quad + \frac{2ib^2(2fg-eh)\arcsin(cx)\text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg+\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex+fx^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(g+hx)^2} dx}{h^3} \\
&\quad + \frac{2b^2(2fg-eh)\text{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg-\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3} - \frac{2b^2(2fg-eh)\text{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i\arcsin(cx)h}{cg+\sqrt{c^2g^2-h^2}}\right)}{h^3}
\end{aligned}$$

3.119.

output

```

-2*I*b^2*c*(d*h^2-e*g*h+f*g^2)*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*h/(c*g-(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2))/h^3/(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2)-b^2*(-e*h+2*f*g)*arcsin(c*x)^2*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*h/(c*g-(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2))/h^3-b^2*(-e*h+2*f*g)*arcsin(c*x)^2*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*h/(c*g+(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2))/h^3+I*a*b*(-e*h+2*f*g)*arcsin(c*x)^2/h^3+b^2*f*x*arcsin(c*x)^2/h^2+2*a*b*c*(d*h^2-e*g*h+f*g^2)*arctan((c^2*g*x+h)/(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/h^3/(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2)+2*I*a*b*(-e*h+2*f*g)*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*h/(c*g-(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2))/h^3+2*I*b^2*(-e*h+2*f*g)*arcsin(c*x)*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*h/(c*g-(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2))/h^3+2*I*a*b*(-e*h+2*f*g)*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*h/(c*g+(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2))/h^3-2*b^2*(-e*h+2*f*g)*polylog(3,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*h/(c*g-(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2))/h^3-2*b^2*(-e*h+2*f*g)*polylog(3,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*h/(c*g+(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2))/h^3-2*b^2*f*x/h^2+2*I*b^2*(-e*h+2*f*g)*arcsin(c*x)*polylog(2,I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*h/(c*g+(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2))/h^3+2*I*b^2*c*(d*h^2-e*g*h+f*g^2)*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*h/(c*g+(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2))/h^3/(c^2*g^2-h^2)^(1/2)+1/3*I*b^2*(-e*h+2*f*g)*arcsin(c*x)^3/h^3-b^2*(d*h^2-e*g*h+f*g^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2/h^3/(h*x+g)+2*a*b*f*x*arcsin(c*x)/h^2-2*a*b*(d*h^2-e*g*h+f*g^2)*arcsin(c*x)/h^3/(h*x+g)+2*b^2*f*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/h^2-2*a*b*(-e*h+2*f*g)*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*(I*c*x...

```

### 3.119.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 688, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(d + ex + fx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(g + hx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3fhx(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - \frac{3(fg^2 + h(-eg + dh))(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{g + hx} + \frac{i(2fg - eh)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^3}{b} - 6bfh \left( bx - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} \right)}{1}$$

input `Integrate[((d + e*x + f*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(g + h*x)^2,x]`

---

3.119.  $\int \frac{(d+ex+fx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(g+hx)^2} dx$

output  $(3*f*h*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2 - (3*(f*g^2 + h*(-e*g) + d*h))*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(g + h*x) + (I*(2*f*g - e*h)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^3)/b - 6*b*f*h*(b*x - (Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x]))/c) - 3*(2*f*g - e*h)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 + (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(-(c*g) + Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])] - 3*(2*f*g - e*h)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g + Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])] + (6*b*c*(f*g^2 + h*(-e*g) + d*h))*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*(Log[1 + (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(-(c*g) + Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])]) - Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g + Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])]) - b*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g - Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])] + b*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g + Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])])]/Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2] + 6*b*(2*f*g - e*h)*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g - Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])] - b*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g - Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])]) + 6*b*(2*f*g - e*h)*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g + Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])] - b*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g + Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])])]/(3*h^3)$

### 3.119.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1323, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$ , Rules used = {5258, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex + fx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(g + hx)^2} dx$$

↓ 5258

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2(d + ex + fx^2)}{(g + hx)^2} + \frac{2ab \arcsin(cx)(d + ex + fx^2)}{(g + hx)^2} + \frac{b^2 \arcsin(cx)^2(d + ex + fx^2)}{(g + hx)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

---

3.119.  $\int \frac{(d+ex+fx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(g+hx)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{ib^2(2fg - eh) \arcsin(cx)^3}{3h^3} + \frac{iab(2fg - eh) \arcsin(cx)^2}{h^3} + \frac{b^2fx \arcsin(cx)^2}{h^2} - \\
& \frac{b^2(2fg - eh) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg - \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right) \arcsin(cx)^2}{h^3} - \\
& \frac{b^2(2fg - eh) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg + \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right) \arcsin(cx)^2}{h^3} - \frac{b^2(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \arcsin(cx)^2}{h^3(g + hx)} + \\
& \frac{2abfx \arcsin(cx)}{h^2} - \frac{2ab(2fg - eh) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg - \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right) \arcsin(cx)}{h^3} - \\
& \frac{2ib^2c(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg - \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right) \arcsin(cx)}{h^3\sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}} - \\
& \frac{2ab(2fg - eh) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg + \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right) \arcsin(cx)}{h^3} + \\
& \frac{2ib^2c(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \log\left(1 - \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg + \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right) \arcsin(cx)}{h^3\sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}} + \\
& \frac{2ib^2(2fg - eh) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg - \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right) \arcsin(cx)}{h^3} + \\
& \frac{2ib^2(2fg - eh) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg + \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right) \arcsin(cx)}{h^3} + \frac{2b^2f\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \arcsin(cx)}{ch^2} - \\
& \frac{2ab(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \arcsin(cx)}{h^3(g + hx)} + \frac{a^2fx}{h^2} - \frac{2b^2fx}{h^2} + \\
& \frac{2abc(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \arctan\left(\frac{gxc^2 + h}{\sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}\right)}{h^3\sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}} - \frac{a^2(2fg - eh) \log(g + hx)}{h^3} + \\
& \frac{2iab(2fg - eh) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg - \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right)}{h^3} - \frac{2b^2c(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg - \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right)}{h^3\sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}} + \\
& \frac{2iab(2fg - eh) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg + \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right)}{h^3} + \frac{2b^2c(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg + \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right)}{h^3\sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}} - \\
& \frac{2b^2(2fg - eh) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg - \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right)}{h^3} - \frac{2b^2(2fg - eh) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{ie^i \arcsin(cx)h}{cg + \sqrt{c^2g^2 - h^2}}\right)}{h^3} + \\
& \frac{2abf\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{ch^2} - \frac{a^2(fg^2 - ehg + dh^2)}{h^3(g + hx)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((d + e*x + f*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(g + h*x)^2,x]`

```
output (a^2*f*x)/h^2 - (2*b^2*f*x)/h^2 - (a^2*(f*g^2 - e*g*h + d*h^2))/(h^3*(g +
h*x)) + (2*a*b*f*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(c*h^2) + (2*a*b*f*x*ArcSin[c*x])/h^2
- (2*a*b*(f*g^2 - e*g*h + d*h^2)*ArcSin[c*x])/(h^3*(g + h*x)) + (2*b^2*f*S
qrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x])/(c*h^2) + (I*a*b*(2*f*g - e*h)*ArcSin[c*x]^2
)/h^3 + (b^2*f*x*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/h^2 - (b^2*(f*g^2 - e*g*h + d*h^2)*ArcSin[
c*x]^2)/(h^3*(g + h*x)) + ((I/3)*b^2*(2*f*g - e*h)*ArcSin[c*x]^3)/h^3 + (2
*a*b*c*(f*g^2 - e*g*h + d*h^2)*ArcTan[(h + c^2*g*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2]*S
qrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/(h^3*Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2]) - (2*a*b*(2*f*g - e*h)*ArcSi
n[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g - Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])])/(h^3 -
((2*I)*b^2*c*(f*g^2 - e*g*h + d*h^2)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c
*x])*h)/(c*g - Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])])/(h^3*Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2]) - (b^2*(2*
f*g - e*h)*ArcSin[c*x]^2*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g - Sqrt[c^2*g
^2 - h^2])])/(h^3 - (2*a*b*(2*f*g - e*h)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin
[c*x])*h)/(c*g + Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])])/(h^3 + ((2*I)*b^2*c*(f*g^2 - e*g*h
+ d*h^2)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g + Sqrt[c^2*g^2 -
h^2])])/(h^3*Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2]) - (b^2*(2*f*g - e*h)*ArcSin[c*x]^2*Log[
1 - (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g + Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])])/(h^3 - (a^2*(2*f*
g - e*h)*Log[g + h*x])/h^3 + ((2*I)*a*b*(2*f*g - e*h)*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*A
rcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g - Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2])])/(h^3 - (2*b^2*c*(f*g^2 - e*g*h
+ d*h^2)*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x])*h)/(c*g - Sqrt[c^2*g^2 - h^2]...
```

### 3.119.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5258 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*(Px_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^m_.
, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Px*(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && In
tegerQ[m]
```

### 3.119.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(f x^2 + e x + d)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(hx + g)^2} dx$$

```
input int((f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(h*x+g)^2,x)
```

```
output int((f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(h*x+g)^2,x)
```

---

3.119.  $\int \frac{(d+ex+fx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(g+hx)^2} dx$



**3.119.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex + fx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(g + hx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx^2 + ex + d)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(hx + g)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(h*x+g)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a^2*f*x^2 + a^2*e*x + a^2*d + (b^2*f*x^2 + b^2*e*x + b^2*d)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*f*x^2 + a*b*e*x + a*b*d)*arcsin(c*x))/(h^2*x^2 + 2*g*h*x + g^2), x)`

**3.119.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex + fx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(g + hx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (d + ex + fx^2)}{(g + hx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x**2+e*x+d)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(h*x+g)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(d + e*x + f*x**2)/(g + h*x)**2, x)`

**3.119.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex + fx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(g + hx)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(h*x+g)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(h-c*g>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**3.119.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex + fx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(g + hx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(fx^2 + ex + d)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(hx + g)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((f*x^2+e*x+d)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(h*x+g)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((f*x^2 + e*x + d)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2/(h*x + g)^2, x)`

**3.119.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex + fx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(g + hx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (fx^2 + ex + d)}{(g + hx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x + f*x^2))/(g + h*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(d + e*x + f*x^2))/(g + h*x)^2, x)`

$$3.120 \quad \int \frac{(ef+2dhx+ehx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

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### 3.120.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 520

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ef + 2dhx + ehx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{2b^2hx}{e} + \frac{2abh\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{ce} + \frac{2b^2h\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \arcsin(cx)}{ce} + \frac{hx(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e} \\ & - \frac{\left(f - \frac{d^2h}{e^2}\right)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d + ex} + \frac{2abc(e^2f - d^2h) \arctan\left(\frac{e+c^2dx}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{c^2d^2-e^2}} \\ & - \frac{2ib^2c(e^2f - d^2h) \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} \\ & + \frac{2ib^2c(e^2f - d^2h) \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} \\ & - \frac{2b^2c(e^2f - d^2h) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} + \frac{2b^2c(e^2f - d^2h) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} \end{aligned}$$

---


$$3.120. \quad \int \frac{(ef+2dhx+ehx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2*b^2*h*x/e+h*x*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^2/e-(f-d^2*h/e^2)*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x))^2/( \\ & e*x+d)+2*a*b*c*(-d^2*h+e^2*f)*\arctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^{(1/2)}/(-c^2 \\ & *x^2+1)^{(1/2)})/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^{(1/2)}-2*I*b^2*c*(-d^2*h+e^2*f)*\arcsin(c*x \\ & )*\ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^{(1/2)}))/e^2/(c^2* \\ & d^2-e^2)^{(1/2)}+2*I*b^2*c*(-d^2*h+e^2*f)*\arcsin(c*x)*\ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2* \\ & x^2+1)^{(1/2)})/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^{(1/2)}))/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^{(1/2)}-2*b^2*c*( \\ & -d^2*h+e^2*f)*\text{polylog}(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^{(1/2)}))/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^{(1/2)}+2*b^2*c*( \\ & -d^2*h+e^2*f)*\text{polylog}(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^{(1/2)}))/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^{(1/2)}+2 \\ & *a*b*h*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c/e+2*b^2*h*\arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c/e \end{aligned}$$

### 3.120.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ef + 2dhx + ehx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\ & = \frac{hx(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e} - \frac{\left(f - \frac{d^2h}{e^2}\right)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d + ex} - \frac{2bh\left(bx - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c}\right)}{e} \\ & + \frac{2bc(e^2f - d^2h)\left(-i(a + b \arcsin(cx))\left(\log\left(1 + \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{-cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right) - \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)\right) - b \text{PolyLog}\left(\right)}{e^2\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[((e*f + 2*d*h*x + e*h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (h*x*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2)/e - ((f - (d^2*h)/e^2)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2)/ \\ & (d + e*x) - (2*b*h*(b*x - (\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))/c))/e + \\ & (2*b*c*(e^2*f - d^2*h)*((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*(\text{Log}[1 + (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin} \\ & [c*x]))/(-(c*d) + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] - \text{Log}[1 - (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))/ \\ & (c*d + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])]) - b*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))/(c*d \\ & - \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] + b*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))/(c*d + \text{Sqrt} \\ & [c^2*d^2 - e^2])]))/(e^2*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2]) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.120.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 507, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {5256, 5298, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (2dhx + ef + ehx^2)}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5256} \\
 & -2bc \int \frac{\left(\frac{hx}{e} - \frac{f - \frac{d^2h}{e^2}}{d+ex}\right) (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\left(f - \frac{d^2h}{e^2}\right) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d + ex} + \\
 & \quad \frac{hx(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5298} \\
 & -2bc \int \left( \frac{b \arcsin(cx) (hd^2 + ehxd + e^2hx^2 - e^2f)}{e^2(d + ex)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} + \frac{a(hd^2 + ehxd + e^2hx^2 - e^2f)}{e^2(d + ex)\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} \right) dx - \\
 & \quad \frac{\left(f - \frac{d^2h}{e^2}\right) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d + ex} + \frac{hx(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -2bc \left( -\frac{a(e^2f - d^2h) \arctan\left(\frac{c^2dx + e}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} - \frac{ah\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{c^2e} + \frac{b(e^2f - d^2h) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^2\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} - b \right) \\
 & \quad \frac{\left(f - \frac{d^2h}{e^2}\right) (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{d + ex} + \frac{hx(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((e*f + 2*d*h*x + e*h*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

```
output (h*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/e - ((f - (d^2*h)/e^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/
(d + e*x) - 2*b*c*((b*h*x)/(c*e) - (a*h*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(c^2*e) - (b*h*
Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x])/(c^2*e) - (a*(e^2*f - d^2*h)*ArcTan[(e + c^
2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])])/(e^2*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])
+ (I*b*(e^2*f - d^2*h)*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d -
Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/(e^2*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]) - (I*b*(e^2*f - d^2*h)*A
rcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/(
e^2*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]) + (b*(e^2*f - d^2*h)*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[
c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/(e^2*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]) - (b*(e^2*f
- d^2*h)*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])
/(e^2*Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]))
```

### 3.120.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5256 Int[(((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_) + (h_)*(x
_)^2)^(p_))/((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^2, x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f + g*x
+ h*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^2, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n u, x] - Simp[b*c
*n Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]
), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[
p, 0] && EqQ[e*g - 2*d*h, 0]
```

```
rule 5298 Int[(ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_) + (a_))^(n_)*(RFx_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p, RFx*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])
^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx, x] && IGt
Q[n, 0] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2]
```

### 3.120.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1250 vs.  $2(520) = 1040$ .

Time = 3.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1251, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

---


$$3.120. \quad \int \frac{(ef+2dhx+ehx^2)(a+b\arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	1251
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1277
default	Expression too large to display	1277

input `int((e*h*x^2+2*d*h*x+e*f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVE  
RBOSE)`

output `a^2*(h/e*x-(-d^2*h+e^2*f)/e^2/(e*x+d))+2*b^2*h*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1  
/2)/c/e+b^2*h/e*arcsin(c*x)^2*x-2*b^2*h*x/e+b^2*c*arcsin(c*x)^2/e^2/(c*e*x  
+c*d)*d^2*h-b^2*c*arcsin(c*x)^2/(c*e*x+c*d)*f+2*b^2*c*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)  
/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-(-c^  
2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^2*h-2*b^2*c*(-c^2*d^2+e^  
2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e-  
(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*f-2*b^2*c*(-c^2*d^2+e^  
2)^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)  
)*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^2*h+2*b^2*c*(-c^  
2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)  
)*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*f-2*I*b^2*c*(-  
c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)  
))*e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*h*d^2+2*I*b^2*c*(  
-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*  
e-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c-(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*f+2*I*b^2*c*(-c^2*d^  
2+e^2)^(1/2)/e^2/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-  
c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*h*d^2-2*I*b^2*c*(-c^2*d  
^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^  
2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*f+2*a*b/c*(arcsin(c*x)*h/e  
*c*x+arcsin(c*x)*c^2/e^2/(c*e*x+c*d)*d^2*h-arcsin(c*x)*c^2/(c*e*x+c*d)*...`

### 3.120.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ef + 2d hx + ehx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ehx^2 + 2d hx + ef)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*h*x^2+2*d*h*x+e*f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm  
="fracas")`

---

3.120.  $\int \frac{(ef+2d hx+ehx^2)(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

output `integral((a^2*e*h*x^2 + 2*a^2*d*h*x + a^2*e*f + (b^2*e*h*x^2 + 2*b^2*d*h*x + b^2*e*f)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*e*h*x^2 + 2*a*b*d*h*x + a*b*e*f)*arcsin(c*x))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

### 3.120.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ef + 2dhx + ehx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 \cdot (2dhx + ef + ehx^2)}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*h*x**2+2*d*h*x+e*f)*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(2*d*h*x + e*f + e*h*x**2)/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

### 3.120.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ef + 2dhx + ehx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*h*x^2+2*d*h*x+e*f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((e-c*d)*(e+c*d)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`



**3.120.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ef + 2dhx + ehx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ehx^2 + 2dhx + ef)(b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*h*x^2+2*d*h*x+e*f)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*h*x^2 + 2*d*h*x + e*f)*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2/(e*x + d)^2, x)`

**3.120.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ef + 2dhx + ehx^2)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (ehx^2 + 2dhx + ef)}{(d + ex)^2} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(e*f + e*h*x^2 + 2*d*h*x))/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(e*f + e*h*x^2 + 2*d*h*x))/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

$$3.121 \quad \int \frac{(ef+2dhx+ehx^2)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$$

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### 3.121.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 920

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(ef + 2d hx + eh x^2)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\
&= -\frac{4b^2 h^2 x}{9c^2} - \frac{2b^2 h(2e^2 f - d^2 h)x}{e^2} - \frac{b^2 d h^2 x^2}{2e} - \frac{2}{27} b^2 h^2 x^3 \\
&+ \frac{abh(4e^2 h + c^2(36e^2 f - 25d^2 h))\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{9c^3 e^2} + \frac{5abd h^2 (d + ex)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{9ce^2} \\
&+ \frac{2abh^2 (d + ex)^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{9ce^2} - \frac{abd(2c^2 d^2 + 3e^2) h^2 \arcsin(cx)}{3c^2 e^3} \\
&+ \frac{4b^2 h^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \arcsin(cx)}{9c^3} + \frac{2b^2 h(2e^2 f - d^2 h)\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \arcsin(cx)}{ce^2} \\
&+ \frac{b^2 d h^2 x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \arcsin(cx)}{ce} + \frac{2b^2 h^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \arcsin(cx)}{9c} \\
&- \frac{b^2 d^3 h^2 \arcsin(cx)^2}{3e^3} - \frac{b^2 d h^2 \arcsin(cx)^2}{2c^2 e} + \frac{2h(e^2 f - d^2 h)x(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e^2} \\
&- \frac{(e^2 f - d^2 h)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e^3 (d + ex)} + \frac{h^2 (d + ex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3e^3} \\
&+ \frac{2abc(e^2 f - d^2 h)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{e + c^2 dx}{\sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}\right)}{e^3 \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \\
&- \frac{2ib^2 c(e^2 f - d^2 h)^2 \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3 \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \\
&+ \frac{2ib^2 c(e^2 f - d^2 h)^2 \arcsin(cx) \log\left(1 - \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3 \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \\
&- \frac{2b^2 c(e^2 f - d^2 h)^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd - \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3 \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}} \\
&+ \frac{2b^2 c(e^2 f - d^2 h)^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{iee^i \arcsin(cx)}{cd + \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}\right)}{e^3 \sqrt{c^2 d^2 - e^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-4/9*b^2*h^2*x/c^2-2*b^2*h*(-d^2*h+2*e^2*f)*x/e^2-1/2*b^2*d*h^2*x^2/e-2/27
*b^2*h^2*x^3-1/3*a*b*d*(2*c^2*d^2+3*e^2)*h^2*arcsin(c*x)/c^2/e^3-1/3*b^2*d
^3*h^2*arcsin(c*x)^2/e^3-1/2*b^2*d*h^2*arcsin(c*x)^2/c^2/e+2*h*(-d^2*h+e^2
*f)*x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/e^2-(-d^2*h+e^2*f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/e^3/(e
*x+d)+1/3*h^2*(e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/e^3+2*a*b*c*(-d^2*h+e^2*f)^2*ar
ctan((c^2*d*x+e)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)
^(1/2)+2*I*b^2*c*(-d^2*h+e^2*f)^2*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)
^(1/2)))/(c*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)-2*I*b^2*c*(-d^2
*h+e^2*f)^2*arcsin(c*x)*ln(1-I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-
e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)-2*b^2*c*(-d^2*h+e^2*f)^2*polylog(2,I*
e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))/(c*d-(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(
1/2)+2*b^2*c*(-d^2*h+e^2*f)^2*polylog(2,I*e*(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))/(c
*d+(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)))/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)^(1/2)+1/9*a*b*h*(4*e^2*h+c^2*(-
25*d^2*h+36*e^2*f))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3/e^2+5/9*a*b*d*h^2*(e*x+d)*(-c^2
*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/e^2+2/9*a*b*h^2*(e*x+d)^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/e^2+4/9*b^2
*h^2*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3+2*b^2*h*(-d^2*h+2*e^2*f)*arcsin(c*
x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/e^2+b^2*d*h^2*x*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c/e
+2/9*b^2*h^2*x^2*arcsin(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c

```

### 3.121.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 526, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(ef + 2dhx + ehx^2)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{h(2e^2f - d^2h)x(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e^2} \\
& + \frac{dh^2x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e} + \frac{1}{3}h^2x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 - \frac{(e^2f - d^2h)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e^3(d + ex)} \\
& - \frac{2bh^2(-3a\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(2 + c^2x^2) + bcx(6 + c^2x^2) - 3b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(2 + c^2x^2) \arcsin(cx))}{27c^3} \\
& - \frac{2bh(2e^2f - d^2h) \left( bx - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} \right)}{e^2} \\
& - \frac{bdh^2 \left( bx^2 - \frac{2x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arcsin(cx))}{c} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{bc^2} \right)}{2e} \\
& + \frac{2bc(e^2f - d^2h)^2 \left( -i(a + b \arcsin(cx)) \left( \log \left( 1 + \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{-cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} \right) - \log \left( 1 - \frac{iee^{i \arcsin(cx)}}{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}} \right) \right) - b \operatorname{PolyLog} \right)}{e^3\sqrt{c^2d^2 - e^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[((e*f + 2*d*h*x + e*h*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d + e*x)^2, x]`

3.121.  $\int \frac{(ef + 2dhx + ehx^2)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

output  $(h*(2*e^2*f - d^2*h)*x*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2)/e^2 + (d*h^2*x^2*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2)/e + (h^2*x^3*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2)/3 - ((e^2*f - d^2*h)^2*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2)/(e^3*(d + e*x)) - (2*b*h^2*(-3*a*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(2 + c^2*x^2) + b*c*x*(6 + c^2*x^2) - 3*b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(2 + c^2*x^2)*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))/(27*c^3) - (2*b*h*(2*e^2*f - d^2*h)*(b*x - (\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))/c))/e^2 - (b*d*h^2*(b*x^2 - (2*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))/c + (a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^2/(b*c^2)))/(2*e) + (2*b*c*(e^2*f - d^2*h)^2*(-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])*(\text{Log}[1 + (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))]/(-c*d) + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])) - \text{Log}[1 - (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))/(c*d + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])) - b*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))/(c*d - \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])] + b*\text{PolyLog}[2, (I*e*E^(I*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]))/(c*d + \text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/(e^3*\text{Sqrt}[c^2*d^2 - e^2])$

### 3.121.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 4.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 888, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.114$ , Rules used = {5256, 27, 5298, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (2dhx + ef + ehx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 5256

$$-2bc \int \frac{\left( h^2(d + ex)^3 + 6eh(e^2f - d^2h)x - \frac{3(e^2f - d^2h)^2}{d + ex} \right) (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{3e^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx +$$

$$\frac{2hx(e^2f - d^2h)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e^2} - \frac{(e^2f - d^2h)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e^3(d + ex)} +$$

$$\frac{h^2(d + ex)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3e^3}$$

↓ 27

$$-2bc \int \frac{\left( h^2(d + ex)^3 + 6eh(e^2f - d^2h)x - \frac{3(e^2f - d^2h)^2}{d + ex} \right) (a + b \arcsin(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx +$$

$$\frac{2hx(e^2f - d^2h)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e^2} - \frac{(e^2f - d^2h)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e^3(d + ex)} +$$

$$\frac{h^2(d + ex)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3e^3}$$

---

3.121.  $\int \frac{(ef + 2dhx + ehx^2)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 5298 \\
 & \frac{2bc \int \left( \frac{b \arcsin(cx)(-2h^2d^4 + 6e^2fd^2 + 4e^3h^2x^3d + 2eh(3e^2f - d^2h)xd + e^4h^2x^4 - 3e^4f^2 + 6e^4fhx^2)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{a(-2h^2d^4 + 6e^2fd^2 + 4e^3h^2x^3d + 2eh(3e^2f - d^2h)xd + e^4h^2x^4 - 3e^4f^2 + 6e^4fhx^2)}{(d+ex)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right)}{e^2} \\
 & \quad - \frac{2hx(e^2f - d^2h)(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e^2} - \frac{(e^2f - d^2h)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e^3(d+ex)} + \frac{3e^3}{e^3(d+ex)} \\
 & \quad + \frac{h^2(d+ex)^3(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{3e^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{h^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2(d+ex)^3}{3e^3} + \frac{2h(e^2f - d^2h)x(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e^2} - \\
 & 2bc \left( \frac{bh^2 \arcsin(cx)^2 d^3}{2c} + \frac{3be^2h^2x^2d}{4c} + \frac{3be^2h^2 \arcsin(cx)^2 d}{4c^3} + \frac{a(2c^2d^2 + 3e^2)h^2 \arcsin(cx)d}{2c^3} - \frac{3be^2h^2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \arcsin(cx)d}{2c^2} - \frac{5aeh^2(d+ex)}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad - \frac{(e^2f - d^2h)^2(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{e^3(d+ex)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((e*f + 2*d*h*x + e*h*x^2)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(2*h*(e^2*f - d^2*h)*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/e^2 - ((e^2*f - d^2*h)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(e^3*(d + e*x)) + (h^2*(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^2)/(3*e^3) - (2*b*c*((2*b*e^3*h^2*x)/(3*c^3) + (3*b*e*h*(2*e^2*f - d^2*h)*x)/c + (3*b*d*e^2*h^2*x^2)/(4*c) + (b*e^3*h^2*x^3)/(9*c) - (a*e*h*(4*e^2*h + c^2*(36*e^2*f - 25*d^2*h))*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(6*c^4) - (5*a*d*e*h^2*(d + e*x)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(6*c^2) - (a*e*h^2*(d + e*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*c^2) + (a*d*(2*c^2*d^2 + 3*e^2)*h^2*ArcSin[c*x])/(2*c^3) - (2*b*e^3*h^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x])/(3*c^4) - (3*b*e*h*(2*e^2*f - d^2*h)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x])/c^2 - (3*b*d*e^2*h^2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x])/(2*c^2) - (b*e^3*h^2*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcSin[c*x])/(3*c^2) + (b*d^3*h^2*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/(2*c) + (3*b*d*e^2*h^2*ArcSin[c*x]^2)/(4*c^3) - (3*a*(e^2*f - d^2*h)^2*ArcTan[(e + c^2*d*x)/(Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]])/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2] + ((3*I)*b*(e^2*f - d^2*h)^2*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2] - ((3*I)*b*(e^2*f - d^2*h)^2*ArcSin[c*x]*Log[1 - (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2] + (3*b*(e^2*f - d^2*h)^2*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d - Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2] - (3*b*(e^2*f - d^2*h)^2*PolyLog[2, (I*e*E^(I*ArcSin[c*x]))/(c*d + Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2])])/Sqrt[c^2*d^2 - e^2))/(3*e^3)`

3.121.  $\int \frac{(ef+2dhx+ehx^2)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

## 3.121.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5256 `Int[(((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_))^(n_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_) + (h_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)]/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2, x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(f + g*x + h*x^2)^p/(d + e*x)^2, x]}, Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n u, x] - Simp[b*c^n Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[e*g - 2*d*h, 0]`

rule 5298 `Int[(ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_) + (a_)^(n_)*(Rf_x_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p, Rf_x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[Rf_x, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[p - 1/2]`

## 3.121.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2173 vs.  $2(886) = 1772$ .

Time = 3.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2174, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	2174
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	2208
default	Expression too large to display	2208

input `int((e*h*x^2+2*d*h*x+e*f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURN  
VERBOSE)`

output `a^2*(h/e^2*(1/3*x^3*e^2*h*x^2*d*e*h-d^2*h*x+2*e^2*f*x)-(d^4*h^2-2*d^2*e^2*f*h+e^4*f^2)/e^3/(e*x+d))+b^2/c*(1/8/c*d*h^2*(2*I*arcsin(c*x)^2-1)/e*(2*c^2*x^2-2*I*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1)-1/8*(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*h*(4*c^2*d^2*h-8*c^2*e^2*f-e^2*h)*(arcsin(c*x)^2-2*I*arcsin(c*x))/c^2/e^2+4*I*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*dilog((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*f*h*c^2*d^2+1/8*(2*I*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2*c^2*x^2-1)*d*h^2*(-2*I*arcsin(c*x)+2*arcsin(c*x)^2-1)/c/e-(d^4*h^2-2*d^2*e^2*f*h+e^4*f^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2*c^2/e^3/(c*e*x+c*d)-2*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*c^2*arcsin(c*x)*ln((-I*d*c-(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(-I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^4*h^2+4*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*c^2*arcsin(c*x)*ln((-I*d*c-(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(-I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^2*f*h-2*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e*c^2*arcsin(c*x)*ln((-I*d*c-(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(-I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*f^2+2*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/e^3/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*c^2*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^4*h^2-4*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/e/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*c^2*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))/(I*d*c+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)))*d^2*f*h+2*(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2)/(c^2*d^2-e^2)*e*c^2*arcsin(c*x)*ln((I*d*c+(I*c*x+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*e+(-c^2*d^2+e^2)^(1/2))...`

### 3.121.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ef + 2d hx + ehx^2)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(ehx^2 + 2d hx + ef)^2 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(ex + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*h*x^2+2*d*h*x+e*f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((a^2*e^2*h^2*x^4 + 4*a^2*d*e*h^2*x^3 + 4*a^2*d*e*f*h*x + a^2*e^2*f^2 + 2*(a^2*e^2*f*h + 2*a^2*d^2*h^2)*x^2 + (b^2*e^2*h^2*x^4 + 4*b^2*d*e*h^2*x^3 + 4*b^2*d*e*f*h*x + b^2*e^2*f^2 + 2*(b^2*e^2*f*h + 2*b^2*d^2*h^2)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x)^2 + 2*(a*b*e^2*h^2*x^4 + 4*a*b*d*e*h^2*x^3 + 4*a*b*d*e*f*h*x + a*b*e^2*f^2 + 2*(a*b*e^2*f*h + 2*a*b*d^2*h^2)*x^2)*arcsin(c*x))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2), x)`

3.121.  $\int \frac{(ef+2d hx+ehx^2)^2(a+b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$



**3.121.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ef + 2dhx + ehx^2)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (2dhx + ef + ehx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*h*x**2+2*d*h*x+e*f)**2*(a+b*asin(c*x))**2/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x))**2*(2*d*h*x + e*f + e*h*x**2)**2/(d + e*x)**2, x)`

**3.121.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ef + 2dhx + ehx^2)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((e*h*x^2+2*d*h*x+e*f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((e-c*d)*(e+c*d)>0)', see `assume ?` for mor`

**3.121.8 Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ef + 2dhx + ehx^2)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(ehx^2 + 2dhx + ef)^2 (b \arcsin(cx) + a)^2}{(ex + d)^2} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*h*x^2+2*d*h*x+e*f)^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x))^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*h*x^2 + 2*d*h*x + e*f)^2*(b*arcsin(c*x) + a)^2/(e*x + d)^2, x )`

**3.121.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ef + 2dhx + ehx^2)^2 (a + b \arcsin(cx))^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2 (ehx^2 + 2dhx + ef)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(e*f + e*h*x^2 + 2*d*h*x)^2)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `int(((a + b*asin(c*x))^2*(e*f + e*h*x^2 + 2*d*h*x)^2)/(d + e*x)^2, x)`

### 3.122 $\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx) dx$

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3.122.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1086
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3.122.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1091
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#### 3.122.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx) dx = -\frac{7ax^2 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{48b^2} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{16b} - \frac{(4a(16 + 19a^2) - (9 + 26a^2)(a + bx)) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{96b^4} - \frac{(3 + 24a^2 + 8a^4) \arcsin(a + bx)}{32b^4} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arcsin(a + bx)$$

output `-1/32*(8*a^4+24*a^2+3)*arcsin(b*x+a)/b^4+1/4*x^4*arcsin(b*x+a)-7/48*a*x^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^2+1/16*x^3*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b-1/96*(4*a*(19*a^2+16)-(26*a^2+9)*(b*x+a))*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^4`

#### 3.122.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}(-50a^3 + 9bx + 26a^2bx + 6b^3x^3 - a(55 + 14b^2x^2)) - 3(3 + 24a^2 + 8a^4 - 8b^4x^4) a}{96b^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*(-50*a^3 + 9*b*x + 26*a^2*b*x + 6*b^3*x^3 - a*(55 + 14*b^2*x^2)) - 3*(3 + 24*a^2 + 8*a^4 - 8*b^4*x^4)*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x])/(96*b^4)$

### 3.122.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5242, 497, 25, 687, 25, 676, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5304 \\
 & \frac{\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx) d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -\frac{\int -x^3 \arcsin(a + bx) d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{\int -b^3 x^3 \arcsin(a + bx) d(a + bx)}{b^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5242 \\
 & -\frac{\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{b^4 x^4}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx) - \frac{1}{4} b^4 x^4 \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 497 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{4} \int -\frac{b^2 x^2 (4a^2 - 7(a+bx)a+3)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx) - \frac{1}{4} b^3 x^3 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4} b^4 x^4 \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{b^2 x^2 (4a^2 - 7(a+bx)a+3)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx) - \frac{1}{4} b^3 x^3 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4} b^4 x^4 \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{7}{3} ab^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{bx(a(12a^2 + 23) - (26a^2 + 9)(a + bx))}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) \right) - \frac{1}{4} b^3 x^3 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4} b^4 x^4 \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{bx(a(12a^2 + 23) - (26a^2 + 9)(a + bx))}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) + \frac{7}{3} ab^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4} b^3 x^3 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4} b^4 x^4 \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

↓ 676

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{3}{2} (8a^4 + 24a^2 + 3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) + 2a(19a^2 + 16) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} - \frac{1}{2} (26a^2 + 9) (a + bx) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4} b^3 x^3 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4} b^4 x^4 \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

↓ 223

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{3}{2} (2a(19a^2 + 16) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} - \frac{1}{2} (26a^2 + 9) (a + bx) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} + \frac{3}{2} (8a^4 + 24a^2 + 3) \arcsin(a + bx) \right) - \frac{1}{4} b^3 x^3 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4} b^4 x^4 \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

input `Int[x^3*ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output `-((-1/4*(b^4*x^4*ArcSin[a + b*x]) + (-1/4*(b^3*x^3*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]) + ((7*a*b^2*x^2*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/3 + (2*a*(16 + 19*a^2)*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2] - ((9 + 26*a^2)*(a + b*x)*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/2 + (3*(3 + 24*a^2 + 8*a^4)*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2)/3)/4)/4)/b^4)`

### 3.122.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b  
*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p +  
1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n  
, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p  
+ 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x  
_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp  
[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p  
+ 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g  
, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 687 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p  
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))  
, x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp  
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x]  
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&  
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq  
Q[f, 0])`

rule 5242 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_S  
ymbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] -  
Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n -  
1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]  
&& NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m  
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A  
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.122.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\arcsin(bx+a)a^3(bx+a) + \frac{3\arcsin(bx+a)a^2(bx+a)^2}{2} - \arcsin(bx+a)a(bx+a)^3 + \frac{\arcsin(bx+a)(bx+a)^4}{4} + \frac{(bx+a)^3\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{16}$
default	$-\arcsin(bx+a)a^3(bx+a) + \frac{3\arcsin(bx+a)a^2(bx+a)^2}{2} - \arcsin(bx+a)a(bx+a)^3 + \frac{\arcsin(bx+a)(bx+a)^4}{4} + \frac{(bx+a)^3\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{16}$
parts	$b \left( -\frac{x^3\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{4b^2} - \frac{7a}{3b^2} \left( -\frac{x^2\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{3b^2} - \frac{5a}{2b^2} \left( -\frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{2b^2} - \frac{3a}{2b^2} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{2b^2} \right) \right) \right) \right)$

```
input int(x^3*arcsin(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $1/b^4*(-\arcsin(b*x+a)*a^3*(b*x+a)+3/2*\arcsin(b*x+a)*a^2*(b*x+a)^2-\arcsin(b*x+a)*a*(b*x+a)^3+1/4*\arcsin(b*x+a)*(b*x+a)^4+1/16*(b*x+a)^3*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}+3/32*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}-3/32*\arcsin(b*x+a)-a^3*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}-3/2*a^2*(-1/2*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}+1/2*\arcsin(b*x+a))+a*(-1/3*(b*x+a)^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}-2/3*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)})$

### 3.122.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{3(8b^4x^4 - 8a^4 - 24a^2 - 3)\arcsin(bx + a) + (6b^3x^3 - 14ab^2x^2 - 50a^3 + (26a^2 + 9)bx - 55a)\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}}{96b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $1/96*(3*(8*b^4*x^4 - 8*a^4 - 24*a^2 - 3)*\arcsin(b*x + a) + (6*b^3*x^3 - 14*a*b^2*x^2 - 50*a^3 + (26*a^2 + 9)*b*x - 55*a)*\sqrt{-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1})/b^4$

### 3.122.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 255 vs. 2(119) = 238.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^4 \operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}{4b^4} - \frac{25a^3\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}}{48b^4} + \frac{13a^2x\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}}{48b^3} - \frac{3a^2 \operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}{4b^4} - \frac{7ax^2\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}}{48b^2} - \frac{55ax^3}{48b^2} \\ \frac{x^4 \operatorname{asin}(a)}{4} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*asin(b*x+a),x)`



```
output Piecewise((-a**4*asin(a + b*x)/(4*b**4) - 25*a**3*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b
**2*x**2 + 1)/(48*b**4) + 13*a**2*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/
(48*b**3) - 3*a**2*asin(a + b*x)/(4*b**4) - 7*a*x**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x
- b**2*x**2 + 1)/(48*b**2) - 55*a*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/(9
6*b**4) + x**4*asin(a + b*x)/4 + x**3*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1
)/(16*b) + 3*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*b**3) - 3*asin(a
+ b*x)/(32*b**4), Ne(b, 0)), (x**4*asin(a)/4, True))
```

### 3.122.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 333 vs.  $2(120) = 240$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{4} x^4 \arcsin(bx + a) + \frac{1}{96} \left( \frac{6\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}x^3}{b^2} - \frac{14\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}ax^2}{b^3} + \frac{105a^4 \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)}{b^5} \right)$$

```
input integrate(x^3*arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/4*x^4*arcsin(b*x + a) + 1/96*(6*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*x^3/b
^2 - 14*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*a*x^2/b^3 + 105*a^4*arcsin(-(b^
2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/b^5 + 35*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x
- a^2 + 1)*a^2*x/b^4 - 90*(a^2 - 1)*a^2*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^
2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/b^5 - 105*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*a^3/b^5 -
9*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(a^2 - 1)*x/b^4 + 9*(a^2 - 1)^2*arcs
in(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/b^5 + 55*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 -
2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(a^2 - 1)*a/b^5)*b
```

### 3.122.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 284 vs.  $2(120) = 240$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx) dx = & -\frac{(bx + a)a^3 \arcsin(bx + a)}{b^4} \\
 & - \frac{((bx + a)^2 - 1)(bx + a)a \arcsin(bx + a)}{b^4} \\
 & + \frac{3((bx + a)^2 - 1)a^2 \arcsin(bx + a)}{2b^4} \\
 & + \frac{3\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}(bx + a)a^2}{4b^4} - \frac{\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}a^3}{b^4} \\
 & + \frac{((bx + a)^2 - 1)^2 \arcsin(bx + a)}{4b^4} \\
 & - \frac{(bx + a)a \arcsin(bx + a)}{b^4} + \frac{3a^2 \arcsin(bx + a)}{4b^4} \\
 & - \frac{(-(bx + a)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx + a)}{16b^4} + \frac{(-(bx + a)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}a}{3b^4} \\
 & + \frac{((bx + a)^2 - 1) \arcsin(bx + a)}{2b^4} + \frac{5\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}(bx + a)}{32b^4} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}a}{b^4} + \frac{5 \arcsin(bx + a)}{32b^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(b*x + a)*a^3*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^4 - ((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*(b*x + a)*a*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^4 + 3/2*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*a^2*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^4 + 3/4*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)*a^2/b^4 - sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*a^3/b^4 + 1/4*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)^2*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^4 - (b*x + a)*a*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^4 + 3/4*a^2*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^4 - 1/16*(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x + a)/b^4 + 1/3*(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*a/b^4 + 1/2*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^4 + 5/32*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)/b^4 - sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*a/b^4 + 5/32*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^4`

**3.122.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \int x^3 \operatorname{asin}(a + bx) dx$$

input `int(x^3*asin(a + b*x),x)`output `int(x^3*asin(a + b*x), x)`

### 3.123 $\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx) dx$

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3.123.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1095
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#### 3.123.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{9b} + \frac{(4 + 11a^2 - 5abx) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{18b^3} + \frac{a(3 + 2a^2) \arcsin(a + bx)}{6b^3} + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)$$

output `1/6*a*(2*a^2+3)*arcsin(b*x+a)/b^3+1/3*x^3*arcsin(b*x+a)+1/9*x^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b+1/18*(-5*a*b*x+11*a^2+4)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3`

#### 3.123.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}(4 + 11a^2 - 5abx + 2b^2x^2) + (9a + 6a^3 + 6b^3x^3) \arcsin(a + bx)}{18b^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*(4 + 11*a^2 - 5*a*b*x + 2*b^2*x^2) + (9*a + 6*a^3 + 6*b^3*x^3)*ArcSin[a + b*x])/(18*b^3)`

**3.123.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.700$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5242, 497, 25, 676, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx) d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int b^2 x^2 \arcsin(a + bx) d(a + bx)}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5242} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{b^3 x^3}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{3} b^3 x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{497} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{bx(3a^2 - 5(a+bx)a + 2)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx) \right) + \frac{1}{3} b^3 x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{bx(3a^2 - 5(a+bx)a + 2)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{3} b^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3} b^3 x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{676} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3}{2} a(2a^2 + 3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx) + 2(4a^2 + 1) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} - \frac{5}{2} a(a + bx) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3} b^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3}{2} a(2a^2 + 3) \arcsin(a + bx) + 2(4a^2 + 1) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} - \frac{5}{2} a(a + bx) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3} b^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{b^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output `((b^3*x^3*ArcSin[a + b*x])/3 + ((b^2*x^2*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/3 + (2*(1 + 4*a^2)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2] - (5*a*(a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/2 + (3*a*(3 + 2*a^2)*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2)/3)/b^3`

### 3.123.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5242 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*Ar
cSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.123.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)a^2(bx+a) - \arcsin(bx+a)a(bx+a)^2 + \frac{\arcsin(bx+a)(bx+a)^3}{3} + \frac{(bx+a)^2\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{9} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{9} + a^2\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{b^3}$
default	$\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)a^2(bx+a) - \arcsin(bx+a)a(bx+a)^2 + \frac{\arcsin(bx+a)(bx+a)^3}{3} + \frac{(bx+a)^2\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{9} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{9} + a^2\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{b^3}$
parts	$\frac{x^3 \arcsin(bx+a)}{3} - \frac{b}{3b^2} \left( \frac{x^2 \sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}}{3b^2} - \frac{5a}{2b^2} \left( \frac{x \sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}}{2b^2} - \frac{3a}{2b} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}}{b^2} - \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}}{b}\right)}{2b} \right) \right) \right)$

```
input int(x^2*arcsin(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/b^3*(arcsin(b*x+a)*a^2*(b*x+a)-arcsin(b*x+a)*a*(b*x+a)^2+1/3*arcsin(b*x+
a)*(b*x+a)^3+1/9*(b*x+a)^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2/9*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+a^2
*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+a*(-1/2*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/2*arcsin(b*x+a)
))
```

**3.123.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(2b^3x^3 + 2a^3 + 3a) \arcsin(bx + a) + (2b^2x^2 - 5abx + 11a^2 + 4)\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}}{18b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/18*(3*(2*b^3*x^3 + 2*a^3 + 3*a)*arcsin(b*x + a) + (2*b^2*x^2 - 5*a*b*x + 11*a^2 + 4)*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1))/b^3`

**3.123.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 170 vs.  $2(83) = 166$ .

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^3 \arcsin(a+bx)}{3b^3} + \frac{11a^2\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}}{18b^3} - \frac{5ax\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}}{18b^2} + \frac{a \arcsin(a+bx)}{2b^3} + \frac{x^3 \arcsin(a+bx)}{3} + \frac{x^2\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}}{9b} \\ \frac{x^3 \arcsin(a)}{3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*asin(b*x+a),x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*asin(a + b*x)/(3*b**3) + 11*a**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/(18*b**3) - 5*a*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/(18*b**2) + a*asin(a + b*x)/(2*b**3) + x**3*asin(a + b*x)/3 + x**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*b) + 2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*b**3), Ne(b, 0)), (x**3*asin(a)/3, True))`



**3.123.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 220 vs.  $2(82) = 164$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arcsin(bx + a) + \frac{1}{18} b \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{-b^2 x^2 - 2 abx - a^2 + 1} x^2}{b^2} - \frac{15 a^3 \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2 x + ab}{\sqrt{a^2 b^2 - (a^2 - 1) b^2}}\right)}{b^4} - \frac{5 \sqrt{-b^2 x^2 - 2 abx - a^2 + 1} a x}{b^3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*x^3*arcsin(b*x + a) + 1/18*b*(2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*x^2/b^2 - 15*a^3*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/b^4 - 5*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*a*x/b^3 + 9*(a^2 - 1)*a*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/b^4 + 15*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*a^2/b^4 - 4*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(a^2 - 1)/b^4)`

**3.123.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 173 vs.  $2(82) = 164$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{(bx + a)a^2 \arcsin(bx + a)}{b^3} + \frac{((bx + a)^2 - 1)(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)}{3b^3} - \frac{((bx + a)^2 - 1)a \arcsin(bx + a)}{b^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}(bx + a)a}{2b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}a^2}{b^3} + \frac{(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)}{3b^3} - \frac{a \arcsin(bx + a)}{2b^3} - \frac{(-(bx + a)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}}{3b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $(b*x + a)*a^2*\arcsin(b*x + a)/b^3 + 1/3*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*(b*x + a)*\arcsin(b*x + a)/b^3 - ((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*a*\arcsin(b*x + a)/b^3 - 1/2*\sqrt{-(b*x + a)^2 + 1}*(b*x + a)*a/b^3 + \sqrt{-(b*x + a)^2 + 1}*a^2/b^3 + 1/3*(b*x + a)*\arcsin(b*x + a)/b^3 - 1/2*a*\arcsin(b*x + a)/b^3 - 1/9*(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}/b^3 + 1/3*\sqrt{-(b*x + a)^2 + 1}/b^3$

### 3.123.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \int x^2 \operatorname{asin}(a + bx) dx$$

input `int(x^2*asin(a + b*x),x)`

output `int(x^2*asin(a + b*x), x)`

## 3.124 $\int x \arcsin(a + bx) dx$

3.124.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1102
3.124.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1102
3.124.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1103
3.124.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1105
3.124.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1105
3.124.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1106
3.124.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1106
3.124.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1107
3.124.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1107

### 3.124.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx) dx = -\frac{3a\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{4b^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{4b} - \frac{(1 + 2a^2) \arcsin(a + bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)$$

output `-1/4*(2*a^2+1)*arcsin(b*x+a)/b^2+1/2*x^2*arcsin(b*x+a)-3/4*a*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^2+1/4*x*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b`

### 3.124.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{(-3a + bx)\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} + (-1 - 2a^2 + 2b^2x^2) \arcsin(a + bx)}{4b^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output `((-3*a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2] + (-1 - 2*a^2 + 2*b^2*x^2)*ArcSin[a + b*x])/(4*b^2)`

**3.124.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5242, 497, 25, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \arcsin(a + bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int x \arcsin(a + bx) d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int -x \arcsin(a + bx) d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int -bx \arcsin(a + bx) d(a + bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5242} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{b^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx) - \frac{1}{2} b^2 x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{497} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{2a^2-3(a+bx)a+1}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx) - \frac{1}{2} bx \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2} b^2 x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2a^2-3(a+bx)a+1}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx) - \frac{1}{2} bx \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2} b^2 x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (2a^2 + 1) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx) + 3a \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2} bx \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2} b^2 x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (2a^2 + 1) \arcsin(a + bx) + 3a\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}bx\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}b^2x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

input `Int[x*ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output `-((-1/2*(b^2*x^2*ArcSin[a + b*x]) + (-1/2*(b*x*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]) + (3*a*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2] + (1 + 2*a^2)*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2)/2)/b^2)`

### 3.124.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 5242 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.124.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)(bx+a)^2 - \arcsin(bx+a)a(bx+a) + \frac{(bx+a)\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{4} - \frac{\arcsin(bx+a)}{4} - a\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{b^2}$
default	$\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)(bx+a)^2 - \arcsin(bx+a)a(bx+a) + \frac{(bx+a)\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{4} - \frac{\arcsin(bx+a)}{4} - a\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{b^2}$
parts	$\frac{x^2 \arcsin(bx+a)}{2} - \frac{b \left( -\frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{2b^2} - \frac{3a \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{b^2} - \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2}\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}\right)}{b\sqrt{b^2}}\right)}{2b} \right)}{2} + (-a^2)$

```
input int(x*arcsin(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/b^2*(1/2*arcsin(b*x+a)*(b*x+a)^2-arcsin(b*x+a)*a*(b*x+a)+1/4*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*arcsin(b*x+a)-a*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))
```

### 3.124.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{(2b^2x^2 - 2a^2 - 1) \arcsin(bx + a) + \sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}(bx - 3a)}{4b^2}$$

```
input integrate(x*arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/4*((2*b^2*x^2 - 2*a^2 - 1)*arcsin(b*x + a) + sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(b*x - 3*a))/b^2
```

**3.124.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2 \arcsin(a+bx)}{2b^2} - \frac{3a\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}}{4b^2} + \frac{x^2 \arcsin(a+bx)}{2} + \frac{x\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}}{4b} - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{4b^2} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2 \arcsin(a)}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*asin(b*x+a),x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**2*asin(a + b*x)/(2*b**2) - 3*a*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*b**2) + x**2*asin(a + b*x)/2 + x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*b) - asin(a + b*x)/(4*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2*asin(a)/2, True))`

**3.124.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 153 vs. 2(68) = 136.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arcsin(bx + a) + \frac{1}{4} b \left( \frac{3a^2 \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)}{b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}x}{b^2} - \frac{(a^2-1) \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)}{b^3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*x^2*arcsin(b*x + a) + 1/4*b*(3*a^2*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/b^3 + sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*x/b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/b^3 - 3*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*a/b^3)`

**3.124.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx) dx = -\frac{(bx + a)a \arcsin(bx + a)}{b^2} + \frac{((bx + a)^2 - 1) \arcsin(bx + a)}{2b^2} \\ + \frac{\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}(bx + a)}{4b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}a}{b^2} + \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)}{4b^2}$$

input `integrate(x*arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(b*x + a)*a*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^2 + 1/2*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^2 + 1/4*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)/b^2 - sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*a/b^2 + 1/4*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^2`**3.124.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \int x \operatorname{asin}(a + bx) dx$$

input `int(x*asin(a + b*x),x)`output `int(x*asin(a + b*x), x)`



### 3.125 $\int \arcsin(a + bx) dx$

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3.125.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	1108
3.125.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1109
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3.125.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1110
3.125.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1111
3.125.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1111
3.125.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1111
3.125.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1112

#### 3.125.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 6, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{b} + \frac{(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)}{b}$$

output `(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)/b+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b`

#### 3.125.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 154 vs. 2(35) = 70.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.40

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx) dx = x \arcsin(a + bx) + \frac{2b\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} + 2ab \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x - \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}}}{a}\right) + a\sqrt{-b^2} \log(-1 + 2abx + 2b^2x^2 + 2\sqrt{-b^2x - \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}})}{2b^2}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x], x]`

output `x*ArcSin[a + b*x] + (2*b*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2] + 2*a*b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-b^2]*x - Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2])/a] + a*Sqrt[-b^2]*Log[-1 + 2*a*b*x + 2*b^2*x^2 + 2*Sqrt[-b^2]*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]])/(2*b^2)`

**3.125.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5302, 5130, 241}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \arcsin(a + bx) dx \\
 \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 \frac{\int \arcsin(a + bx) d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 \downarrow \text{5130} \\
 \frac{(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx) - \int \frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 \downarrow \text{241} \\
 \frac{(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx) + \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{b}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2] + (a + b*x)*ArcSin[a + b*x])/b`

**3.125.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 241 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5130 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

```
rule 5302 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d
  Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
n}, x]
```

### 3.125.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{(bx+a) \arcsin(bx+a) + \sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{b}$	31
default	$\frac{(bx+a) \arcsin(bx+a) + \sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{b}$	31
parts	$x \arcsin(bx+a) - b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{b^2} - \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2}\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}\right)}{b\sqrt{b^2}} \right)$	88

```
input int(arcsin(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/b*((b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))
```

### 3.125.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a) + \sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}}{b}$$

```
input integrate(arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output ((b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a) + sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1))/b
```

**3.125.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a \arcsin(a + bx)}{b} + x \arcsin(a + bx) + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1}}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ x \arcsin(a) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a),x)`output `Piecewise((a*asin(a + b*x)/b + x*asin(a + b*x) + sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/b, Ne(b, 0)), (x*asin(a), True))`**3.125.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a) + \sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}}{b}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `((b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a) + sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1))/b`**3.125.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a) + \sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}}{b}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `((b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a) + sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1))/b`

**3.125.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx) dx = x \arcsin(a + bx) + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1}}{b} + \frac{a \ln\left(\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1} - \frac{xb^2 + ab}{\sqrt{-b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2}}$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x),x)`output `x*asin(a + b*x) + (1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2)/b + (a*log((1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2) - (a*b + b^2*x)/(-b^2)^(1/2)))/(-b^2)^(1/2)`

### 3.126 $\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x} dx$

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3.126.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1114
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3.126.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1119
3.126.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1119

#### 3.126.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{2}i \arcsin(a + bx)^2 + \arcsin(a + bx) \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1 - a^2}} \right) + \arcsin(a + bx) \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1 - a^2}} \right) - i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1 - a^2}} \right) - i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1 - a^2}} \right)$$

output

```
-1/2*I*arcsin(b*x+a)^2+arcsin(b*x+a)*ln(1-(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))+arcsin(b*x+a)*ln(1-(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))-I*polylog(2,(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))-I*polylog(2,(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))
```

**3.126.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{2}i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 + \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 + \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\left(-\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2}}{b}\right) b} \right) \\ + \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 + \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\left(-\frac{ia}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2}}{b}\right) b} \right) \\ - i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{-ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) - i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]/x,x]`

```
output (-1/2*I)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 + ArcSin[a + b*x]*Log[1 + E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x])
/((((-I)*a)/b - Sqrt[1 - a^2]/b)*b)] + ArcSin[a + b*x]*Log[1 + E^(I*ArcSin
[a + b*x])/((((-I)*a)/b + Sqrt[1 - a^2]/b)*b)] - I*PolyLog[2, -(E^(I*ArcSi
n[a + b*x])/((-I)*a + Sqrt[1 - a^2]))] - I*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]
)/(I*a + Sqrt[1 - a^2])]
```

**3.126.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5240, 5032, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x} dx \\ \downarrow \text{5304} \\ \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x} d(a+bx) \\ \downarrow \text{25} \\ -\frac{\int -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x} d(a+bx)}{b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& - \int -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{bx} d(a+bx) \\
& \downarrow 5240 \\
& - \int -\frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)}{bx} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
& \downarrow 5032 \\
& -i \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)}{ia - e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} - \sqrt{1-a^2}} d \arcsin(a+bx) - i \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)}{ia - e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} + \sqrt{1-a^2}} d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \\
& \downarrow 2620 \\
& -i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{-\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - i \int \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) - \\
& i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - i \int \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \\
& \downarrow 2715 \\
& -i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{-\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - \int e^{-i \arcsin(a+bx)} \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) d e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} \right) - \\
& i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - \int e^{-i \arcsin(a+bx)} \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) d e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \\
& \downarrow 2838 \\
& -i \left( \text{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) + i \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{-\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) \right) - \\
& i \left( \text{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) + i \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(a+bx)^2
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]/x,x]`



```
output (-1/2*I)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 - I*(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcSin[a +
b*x])/(I*a - Sqrt[1 - a^2])] + PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x])/(I*a - Sqr
t[1 - a^2])] - I*(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x])/(I*a +
Sqrt[1 - a^2])] + PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x])/(I*a + Sqrt[1 - a^2])])
```

### 3.126.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 2620 Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/
((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp
[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Si
mp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x
)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2715 Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(n_))], x_Symbol]
:= Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 2838 Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

```
rule 5032 Int[(Cos[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*Sin[
(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1
))), x] + (Simp[Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(I*a - Rt[-a^2 + b^2,
2] + b*E^(I*(c + d*x))], x], x] + Simp[Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)
))/(I*a + Rt[-a^2 + b^2, 2] + b*E^(I*(c + d*x))], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NegQ[a^2 - b^2]
```

```
rule 5240 Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:= Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(Cos[x]/(c*d + e*Ssin[x])), x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*Ar
cSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.126.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 578 vs.  $2(204) = 408$ .

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 579, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{i \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{ia + \sqrt{-a^2+1} - i(bx+a) - \sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{ia + \sqrt{-a^2+1}}\right) a^2}{a^2-1} - \frac{i \arcsin(bx+a)^2}{2} - \frac{i \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{ia - \sqrt{-a^2+1} - i(bx+a) - \sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{ia - \sqrt{-a^2+1}}\right) a^2}{a^2-1}$
default	$-\frac{i \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{ia + \sqrt{-a^2+1} - i(bx+a) - \sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{ia + \sqrt{-a^2+1}}\right) a^2}{a^2-1} - \frac{i \arcsin(bx+a)^2}{2} - \frac{i \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{ia - \sqrt{-a^2+1} - i(bx+a) - \sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{ia - \sqrt{-a^2+1}}\right) a^2}{a^2-1}$

```
input int(arcsin(b*x+a)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -I/(a^2-1)*dilog((I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)-I*(b*x+a)-(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))*a^2-1/2*I*arcsin(b*x+a)^2-I/(a^2-1)*dilog((I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)-I*(b*x+a)-(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))*a^2+I/(a^2-1)*dilog((I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)-I*(b*x+a)-(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))+I/(a^2-1)*dilog((I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)-I*(b*x+a)-(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))+arcsin(b*x+a)/(a^2-1)*ln((I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)-I*(b*x+a)-(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))*a^2+arcsin(b*x+a)/(a^2-1)*ln((I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)-I*(b*x+a)-(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))*a^2-arcsin(b*x+a)/(a^2-1)*ln((I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)-I*(b*x+a)-(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))-arcsin(b*x+a)/(a^2-1)*ln((I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)-I*(b*x+a)-(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))
```

**3.126.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arcsin(b*x + a)/x, x)`

**3.126.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)/x,x)`

output `Integral(asin(a + b*x)/x, x)`

**3.126.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arcsin(b*x + a)/x, x)`

**3.126.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arcsin(b*x + a)/x, x)`

**3.126.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)/x,x)`

output `int(asin(a + b*x)/x, x)`

### 3.127 $\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^2} dx$

3.127.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1120
3.127.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1120
3.127.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1121
3.127.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1122
3.127.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1123
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3.127.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	1124
3.127.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1124
3.127.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1124

#### 3.127.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x} - \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1-a(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-a^2}\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-a^2}}$$

```
output -arcsin(b*x+a)/x-b*arctanh((1-a*(b*x+a))/(-a^2+1)^(1/2)/(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(-a^2+1)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.127.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x} - \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1-a^2-abx}{\sqrt{1-a^2}\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-a^2}}$$

```
input Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]/x^2,x]
```

```
output -(ArcSin[a + b*x]/x) - (b*ArcTanh[(1 - a^2 - a*b*x)/(Sqrt[1 - a^2]*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]])/Sqrt[1 - a^2]
```

**3.127.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5242, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^2} d(a+bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & b \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{b^2 x^2} d(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5242} \\
 & b \left( - \int - \frac{1}{bx \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{bx} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
 & b \left( \int \frac{1}{-a^2 - \frac{(a+bx-1)^2}{1-(a+bx)^2} + 1} d \frac{a(a+bx)-1}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{bx} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a(a+bx)-1}{\sqrt{1-a^2}\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-a^2}} - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{bx} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]/x^2,x]`

output `b*(-(ArcSin[a + b*x]/(b*x)) + ArcTanh[(-1 + a*(a + b*x))/(Sqrt[1 - a^2]*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]])/Sqrt[1 - a^2])`

3.127.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
  
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
  
- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
  
- rule 5242 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
  
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.127.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)}{x} - \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{-2a^2+2-2abx+2\sqrt{-a^2+1}\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+1}}$	75
derivativedivides	$b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)}{bx} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{-2a^2+2-2abx+2\sqrt{-a^2+1}\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{bx}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+1}} \right)$	82
default	$b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)}{bx} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{-2a^2+2-2abx+2\sqrt{-a^2+1}\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{bx}\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2+1}} \right)$	82

input `int(arcsin(b*x+a)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $-\arcsin(bx+a)/x - b/(-a^2+1)^{1/2} \ln((-2a^2+2-2abx+2(-a^2+1)^{1/2})(-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1)^{1/2})/x$

### 3.127.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.64

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^2} dx = \left[ -\frac{\sqrt{-a^2+1}bx \log\left(\frac{(2a^2-1)b^2x^2+2a^4+4(a^3-a)bx+2\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}(abx+a^2-1)\sqrt{-a^2+1}-4a^2+2}{x^2}\right)}{2(a^2-1)x} + 2(a^2-1) \arcsin\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{-a^2+1}}\right) \right]$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(sqrt(-a^2 + 1)*b*x*log(((2*a^2 - 1)*b^2*x^2 + 2*a^4 + 4*(a^3 - a)*b*x + 2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(a*b*x + a^2 - 1)*sqrt(-a^2 + 1) - 4*a^2 + 2)/x^2) + 2*(a^2 - 1)*arcsin(b*x + a))/((a^2 - 1)*x), (sqrt(a^2 - 1)*b*x*arctan(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(a*b*x + a^2 - 1)*sqrt(a^2 - 1))/((a^2 - 1)*b^2*x^2 + a^4 + 2*(a^3 - a)*b*x - 2*a^2 + 1)) - (a^2 - 1)*arcsin(b*x + a))/((a^2 - 1)*x)]`

### 3.127.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(asin(a + b*x)/x**2, x)`



**3.127.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a-1>0)', see `assume?` for more
details)Is
```

**3.127.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{2b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}|b| + b)a - 1}{\frac{b^2x + ab}{\sqrt{a^2 - 1}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - 1}|b|} - \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)}{x}$$

```
input integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 2*b^2*arctan(((sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)*a/(b^2*x + a
*b) - 1)/sqrt(a^2 - 1))/(sqrt(a^2 - 1)*abs(b)) - arcsin(b*x + a)/x
```

**3.127.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\text{asin}(a + bx)}{x^2} dx$$

```
input int(asin(a + b*x)/x^2,x)
```

```
output int(asin(a + b*x)/x^2, x)
```

### 3.128 $\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^3} dx$

3.128.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1125
3.128.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1125
3.128.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1126
3.128.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1128
3.128.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1128
3.128.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1129
3.128.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	1129
3.128.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1130
3.128.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1130

#### 3.128.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2(1-a^2)x} - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{2x^2} - \frac{ab^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1-a(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-a^2}\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}\right)}{2(1-a^2)^{3/2}}$$

```
output -1/2*arcsin(b*x+a)/x^2-1/2*a*b^2*arctanh((1-a*(b*x+a))/(-a^2+1)^(1/2)/(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(-a^2+1)^(3/2)-1/2*b*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(-a^2+1)/x
```

#### 3.128.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{\arcsin(a+bx) + \frac{bx(\sqrt{1-a^2}\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}-abx \log(x)+abx \log(1-a^2-abx+\sqrt{1-a^2}\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}))}{(1-a^2)^{3/2}}}{2x^2}$$

```
input Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]/x^3,x]
```

```
output -1/2*(ArcSin[a + b*x] + (b*x*(Sqrt[1 - a^2]*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2] - a*b*x*Log[x] + a*b*x*Log[1 - a^2 - a*b*x + Sqrt[1 - a^2]*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]])))/(1 - a^2)^(3/2))/x^2
```

**3.128.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.700$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5242, 491, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^3} d(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^3} d(a+bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -b^2 \int -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{b^3 x^3} d(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5242} \\
 & -b^2 \left( \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{2b^2 x^2} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{b^2 x^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{491} \\
 & -b^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{a \int -\frac{1}{bx \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx)}{1-a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{(1-a^2)bx} \right) + \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{2b^2 x^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
 & -b^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{(1-a^2)bx} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{-a^2 - \frac{(a+bx)-1}{1-(a+bx)^2} + 1} d \frac{a+bx-1}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}}{1-a^2} \right) + \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{2b^2 x^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & -b^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{(1-a^2)bx} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a+bx-1}{\sqrt{1-a^2}\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}\right)}{(1-a^2)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{2b^2 x^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]/x^3,x]`

output `-(b^2*(ArcSin[a + b*x]/(2*b^2*x^2) + (Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]/(((1 - a^2)*b*x) - (a*ArcTanh[(-1 + a*(a + b*x))/(Sqrt[1 - a^2]*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]])))/(1 - a^2)^(3/2))/2)`

### 3.128.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 491 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b*(c/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 5242 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.128.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)}{2x^2} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{(-a^2+1)x} - \frac{ab \ln \left( \frac{-2a^2+2-2abx+2\sqrt{-a^2+1}\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{x} \right)}{2(-a^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{2}$	116
derivativedivides	$b^2 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)}{2b^2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{2(-a^2+1)bx} - \frac{a \ln \left( \frac{-2a^2+2-2abx+2\sqrt{-a^2+1}\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{bx} \right)}{2(-a^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$	124
default	$b^2 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)}{2b^2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{2(-a^2+1)bx} - \frac{a \ln \left( \frac{-2a^2+2-2abx+2\sqrt{-a^2+1}\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{bx} \right)}{2(-a^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$	124

```
input int(arcsin(b*x+a)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*arcsin(b*x+a)/x^2+1/2*b*(-1/(-a^2+1)/x*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)-a*b/(-a^2+1)^(3/2)*ln((-2*a^2+2-2*a*b*x+2*(-a^2+1)^(1/2)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2))/x))
```

### 3.128.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^3} dx = \left[ \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 + 1}ab^2x^2 \log \left( \frac{(2a^2 - 1)b^2x^2 + 2a^4 + 4(a^3 - a)bx - 2\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}(abx + a^2 - 1)\sqrt{-a^2 + 1} - 4a^2 + 2}{x^2} \right) - 2\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}}{4(a^4 - 2a^2 + 1)x^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - 1}ab^2x^2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}(abx + a^2 - 1)\sqrt{a^2 - 1}}{(a^2 - 1)b^2x^2 + a^4 + 2(a^3 - a)bx - 2a^2 + 1} \right) - \sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}(a^2 - 1)bx + (a^4 - 2a^2 + 1)}{2(a^4 - 2a^2 + 1)x^2} \right]$$

```
input integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/x^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

3.128.  $\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^3} dx$

```
output [-1/4*(sqrt(-a^2 + 1)*a*b^2*x^2*log(((2*a^2 - 1)*b^2*x^2 + 2*a^4 + 4*(a^3
- a)*b*x - 2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(a*b*x + a^2 - 1)*sqrt(-a^
2 + 1) - 4*a^2 + 2)/x^2) - 2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(a^2 - 1)*
b*x + 2*(a^4 - 2*a^2 + 1)*arcsin(b*x + a))/((a^4 - 2*a^2 + 1)*x^2), -1/2*(
sqrt(a^2 - 1)*a*b^2*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(a*b*x +
a^2 - 1)*sqrt(a^2 - 1))/((a^2 - 1)*b^2*x^2 + a^4 + 2*(a^3 - a)*b*x - 2*a^2
+ 1)) - sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(a^2 - 1)*b*x + (a^4 - 2*a^2 +
1)*arcsin(b*x + a))/((a^4 - 2*a^2 + 1)*x^2)]
```

### 3.128.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)}{x^3} dx$$

```
input integrate(asin(b*x+a)/x**3,x)
```

```
output Integral(asin(a + b*x)/x**3, x)
```

### 3.128.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a-1>0)', see `assume?` for more
details)Is
```

**3.128.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. 2(87) = 174.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^3} dx =$$

$$-\left( \frac{ab^2 \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}|b| + b)a - 1}{b^2x + ab}\right)}{(a^2|b| - |b|)\sqrt{a^2 - 1}} - \frac{ab^2 - \frac{(\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}|b| + b)b^2}{b^2x + ab}}{(a^3|b| - a|b|)\left(\frac{(\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}|b| + b)^2 a}{(b^2x + ab)^2} + a - \frac{2(\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}|b| + b)}{b^2x + ab}\right)} \right) - \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(a*b^2*arctan(((sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)*a/(b^2*x + a*b) - 1)/sqrt(a^2 - 1))/((a^2*abs(b) - abs(b))*sqrt(a^2 - 1)) - (a*b^2 - (sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)*b^2/(b^2*x + a*b))/((a^3*abs(b) - a*abs(b))*((sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^2*a/(b^2*x + a*b)^2 + a - 2*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)/(b^2*x + a*b))))*b - 1/2*arcsin(b*x + a)/x^2`

**3.128.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)/x^3,x)`

output `int(asin(a + b*x)/x^3, x)`

### 3.129 $\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^4} dx$

3.129.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1131
3.129.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1131
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3.129.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1137
3.129.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1137

#### 3.129.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{6(1 - a^2)x^2} - \frac{ab^2\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{2(1 - a^2)^2x} - \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{3x^3} - \frac{(1 + 2a^2)b^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1 - a(a + bx)}{\sqrt{1 - a^2}\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}\right)}{6(1 - a^2)^{5/2}}$$

```
output -1/3*arcsin(b*x+a)/x^3-1/6*(2*a^2+1)*b^3*arctanh((1-a*(b*x+a))/(-a^2+1)^(1/2)/(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(-a^2+1)^(5/2)-1/6*b*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(-a^2+1)/x^2-1/2*a*b^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(-a^2+1)^2/x
```

#### 3.129.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2}bx(-1 + a^2 - 3abx)\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} - 2(1 - a^2)^{5/2}\arcsin(a + bx) + (1 + 2a^2)b^3x^3 \log(x)}{6(1 - a^2)^{5/2}x^3}$$

```
input Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]/x^4,x]
```



output  $(\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2]*b*x*(-1 + a^2 - 3*a*b*x)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2] - 2*(1 - a^2)^{(5/2)}*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x] + (1 + 2*a^2)*b^3*x^3*\text{Log}[x] - (1 + 2*a^2)*b^3*x^3*\text{Log}[1 - a^2 - a*b*x + \text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]])/(6*(1 - a^2)^{(5/2)}*x^3)$

### 3.129.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5242, 498, 25, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^4} d(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & b^3 \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{b^4 x^4} d(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5242} \\
 & b^3 \left( -\frac{1}{3} \int -\frac{1}{b^3 x^3 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{3b^3 x^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{498} \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{3a+bx}{b^2 x^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx)}{2(1-a^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2(1-a^2)b^2 x^2} \right) - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{3b^3 x^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3a+bx}{b^2 x^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx)}{2(1-a^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2(1-a^2)b^2 x^2} \right) - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{3b^3 x^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{679}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(2a^2+1) \int -\frac{1}{bx\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx)}{1-a^2} - \frac{3a\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{(1-a^2)bx} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2(1-a^2)b^2x^2} \right) - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{3b^3x^3} \right)$$

↓ 488

$$b^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(2a^2+1) \int \frac{1}{-a^2 - \frac{(a+bx)-1}{1-(a+bx)^2} + 1} d \frac{a+bx-1}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}}{1-a^2} - \frac{3a\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{(1-a^2)bx} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2(1-a^2)b^2x^2} \right) - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{3b^3x^3} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$b^3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(2a^2+1) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{a+bx-1}{\sqrt{1-a^2}\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} \right)}{(1-a^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3a\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{(1-a^2)bx} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2(1-a^2)b^2x^2} \right) - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{3b^3x^3} \right)$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]/x^4,x]`

output `b^3*(-1/3*ArcSin[a + b*x]/(b^3*x^3) + (-1/2*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]/((1 - a^2)*b^2*x^2) + ((-3*a*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/(1 - a^2)*b*x) + ((1 + 2*a^2)*ArcTanh[(-1 + a*(a + b*x))/(Sqrt[1 - a^2]*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]])/(1 - a^2)^(3/2))/(2*(1 - a^2)))/3`

### 3.129.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := -Subst[  
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ  
[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + S  
imp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n  
+ 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n  
, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimp  
lerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])`

rule 679 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p  
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-*(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1  
))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)  
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,  
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 5242 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_S  
ymbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] -  
Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n -  
1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]  
&& NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m  
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A  
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.129.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
parts	$-\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)}{3x^3} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{2(-a^2+1)x^2} + \frac{3ab \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{(-a^2+1)x} - \frac{ab \ln \left( \frac{-2a^2+2-2abx+2\sqrt{-a^2+1}\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{bx} \right)}{(-a^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{2(-a^2+1)} \right)}{3}$
derivativedivides	$b^3 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)}{3b^3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{6(-a^2+1)b^2x^2} + \frac{a \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{(-a^2+1)bx} - \frac{a \ln \left( \frac{-2a^2+2-2abx+2\sqrt{-a^2+1}\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{bx} \right)}{(-a^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{-2a^2+2} \right)$
default	$b^3 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)}{3b^3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{6(-a^2+1)b^2x^2} + \frac{a \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{(-a^2+1)bx} - \frac{a \ln \left( \frac{-2a^2+2-2abx+2\sqrt{-a^2+1}\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{bx} \right)}{(-a^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{-2a^2+2} \right)$

input `int(arcsin(b*x+a)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/3*\arcsin(b*x+a)/x^3+1/3*b*(-1/2/(-a^2+1)/x^2*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)+3/2*a*b/(-a^2+1)*(-1/(-a^2+1)/x*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)-a*b/(-a^2+1)^(3/2)*\ln((-2*a^2+2-2*a*b*x+2*(-a^2+1)^(1/2)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2))/x))-1/2*b^2/(-a^2+1)^(3/2)*\ln((-2*a^2+2-2*a*b*x+2*(-a^2+1)^(1/2)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2))/x)$$

### 3.129.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 404, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^4} dx = \left[ -\frac{(2a^2 + 1)\sqrt{-a^2 + 1}b^3x^3 \log \left( \frac{(2a^2 - 1)b^2x^2 + 2a^4 + 4(a^3 - a)bx + 2\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}(abx + a^2 - 1)\sqrt{-a^2 + 1} - 4a^2 + 2}{x^2} \right)}{12(a^6 - 3a^4)} + 4 \right]$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/x^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

```
output [-1/12*((2*a^2 + 1)*sqrt(-a^2 + 1)*b^3*x^3*log(((2*a^2 - 1)*b^2*x^2 + 2*a^4 + 4*(a^3 - a)*b*x + 2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(a*b*x + a^2 - 1)*sqrt(-a^2 + 1) - 4*a^2 + 2)/x^2) + 4*(a^6 - 3*a^4 + 3*a^2 - 1)*arcsin(b*x + a) + 2*(3*(a^3 - a)*b^2*x^2 - (a^4 - 2*a^2 + 1)*b*x)*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)/((a^6 - 3*a^4 + 3*a^2 - 1)*x^3), 1/6*((2*a^2 + 1)*sqrt(a^2 - 1)*b^3*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(a*b*x + a^2 - 1)*sqrt(a^2 - 1)/((a^2 - 1)*b^2*x^2 + a^4 + 2*(a^3 - a)*b*x - 2*a^2 + 1)) - 2*(a^6 - 3*a^4 + 3*a^2 - 1)*arcsin(b*x + a) - (3*(a^3 - a)*b^2*x^2 - (a^4 - 2*a^2 + 1)*b*x)*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)/((a^6 - 3*a^4 + 3*a^2 - 1)*x^3)]
```

### 3.129.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)}{x^4} dx$$

```
input integrate(asin(b*x+a)/x**4,x)
```

```
output Integral(asin(a + b*x)/x**4, x)
```

### 3.129.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a-1>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is
```

**3.129.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 557 vs.  $2(122) = 244$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 557, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.87

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} b \left( \frac{(2a^2b^3 + b^3) \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}|b| + b)a - 1}{\frac{b^2x + ab}{\sqrt{a^2 - 1}}}\right)}{(a^4|b| - 2a^2|b| + |b|)\sqrt{a^2 - 1}} - \frac{4(\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}|b| + b)^2 a^4 b^3}{(b^2x + ab)^2} + 4a^4 b^3 - \frac{11(\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}|b| + b)^2 a^4 b^3}{(b^2x + ab)^2} \right) - \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*b*((2*a^2*b^3 + b^3)*arctan(((sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)*a/(b^2*x + a*b) - 1)/sqrt(a^2 - 1))/((a^4*abs(b) - 2*a^2*abs(b) + a*abs(b))*sqrt(a^2 - 1)) - (4*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^2*a^4*b^3/(b^2*x + a*b)^2 + 4*a^4*b^3 - 11*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)*a^3*b^3/(b^2*x + a*b) - 5*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^3*a^3*b^3/(b^2*x + a*b)^3 + 7*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^2*a^2*b^3/(b^2*x + a*b)^2 - a^2*b^3 + 2*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)*a*b^3/(b^2*x + a*b) + 2*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^3*a*b^3/(b^2*x + a*b)^3 - 2*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^2*b^3/(b^2*x + a*b)^2)/((a^6*abs(b) - 2*a^4*abs(b) + a^2*abs(b))*((sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^2*a/(b^2*x + a*b)^2 + a - 2*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)/(b^2*x + a*b))^2)) - 1/3*arcsin(b*x + a)/x^3`

**3.129.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)/x^4,x)`

output `int(asin(a + b*x)/x^4, x)`

### 3.130 $\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^5} dx$

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#### 3.130.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{12(1 - a^2)x^3} - \frac{5ab^2\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{24(1 - a^2)^2x^2} - \frac{(4 + 11a^2)b^3\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{24(1 - a^2)^3x} - \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{4x^4} - \frac{a(3 + 2a^2)b^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1 - a(a + bx)}{\sqrt{1 - a^2}\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}\right)}{8(1 - a^2)^{7/2}}$$

```
output -1/4*arcsin(b*x+a)/x^4-1/8*a*(2*a^2+3)*b^4*arctanh((1-a*(b*x+a))/(-a^2+1)^(1/2)/(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(-a^2+1)^(7/2)-1/12*b*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(-a^2+1)/x^3-5/24*a*b^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(-a^2+1)^2/x^2-1/24*(11*a^2+4)*b^3*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(-a^2+1)^3/x
```

**3.130.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{b\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}(2 + 2a^4 + 5abx - 5a^3bx + 4b^2x^2 + a^2(-4 + 11b^2x^2))}{3(-1 + a^2)^3 x^3} - \frac{2 \arcsin(a + bx)}{x^4} + \frac{a(3 + 2a^2) b^4 \log(x)}{(1 - a^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{a(3 + 2a^2) b^4 \log(1 - a^2 - abx + \sqrt{1 - a^2}\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2})}{(1 - a^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]/x^5,x]`

output `((b*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*(2 + 2*a^4 + 5*a*b*x - 5*a^3*b*x + 4*b^2*x^2 + a^2*(-4 + 11*b^2*x^2)))/(3*(-1 + a^2)^3*x^3) - (2*ArcSin[a + b*x])/x^4 + (a*(3 + 2*a^2)*b^4*Log[x])/(1 - a^2)^(7/2) - (a*(3 + 2*a^2)*b^4*Log[1 - a^2 - a*b*x + Sqrt[1 - a^2]*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]])/(1 - a^2)^(7/2))/8`

**3.130.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5242, 498, 25, 688, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^5} d(a + bx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$-\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^5} d(a + bx)$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -b^4 \int -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{b^5 x^5} d(a+bx) \\
& \downarrow 5242 \\
& -b^4 \left( \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{4b^4 x^4} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{b^4 x^4 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) \right) \\
& \downarrow 498 \\
& -b^4 \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{3(1-a^2)b^3 x^3} - \frac{\int \frac{3a+2(a+bx)}{b^3 x^3 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx)}{3(1-a^2)} \right) + \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{4b^4 x^4} \right) \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& -b^4 \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{3a+2(a+bx)}{b^3 x^3 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx)}{3(1-a^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{3(1-a^2)b^3 x^3} \right) + \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{4b^4 x^4} \right) \\
& \downarrow 688 \\
& -b^4 \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\frac{5a\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2(1-a^2)b^2 x^2} - \frac{\int \frac{2(3a^2+2)+5a(a+bx)}{b^2 x^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx)}{2(1-a^2)}}{3(1-a^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{3(1-a^2)b^3 x^3} \right) + \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{4b^4 x^4} \right) \\
& \downarrow 679 \\
& -b^4 \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\frac{5a\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2(1-a^2)b^2 x^2} - \frac{\frac{3a(2a^2+3) \int -\frac{1}{bx\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx)}{1-a^2} - \frac{(11a^2+4)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{(1-a^2)bx}}{2(1-a^2)}}{3(1-a^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{3(1-a^2)b^3 x^3} \right) + \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{4b^4 x^4} \right) \\
& \downarrow 488 \\
& -b^4 \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\frac{5a\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2(1-a^2)b^2 x^2} - \frac{\frac{3a(2a^2+3) \int \frac{1}{-a^2 - \frac{(a(a+bx)-1)^2}{1-(a+bx)^2} + 1} d \frac{a(a+bx)-1}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} - \frac{(11a^2+4)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{(1-a^2)bx}}{2(1-a^2)}}{3(1-a^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{3(1-a^2)b^3 x^3} \right) + \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{4b^4 x^4} \right) \\
& \downarrow 219
\end{aligned}$$

$$-b^4 \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\frac{5a\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2(1-a^2)b^2x^2} - \frac{3a(2a^2+3)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a(a+bx)-1}{\sqrt{1-a^2}\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}\right) - \frac{(11a^2+4)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{(1-a^2)bx}}{(1-a^2)^{3/2}}}{2(1-a^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{3(1-a^2)b^3x^3} \right) + \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{4b^4x^4} \right)$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]/x^5,x]`

output `-(b^4*(ArcSin[a + b*x]/(4*b^4*x^4) + (Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]/(3*(1 - a^2)*b^3*x^3) + ((5*a*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/(2*(1 - a^2)*b^2*x^2) - (((4 + 11*a^2)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/(1 - a^2)*b*x)) + (3*a*(3 + 2*a^2)*ArcTanh[(-1 + a*(a + b*x))/(Sqrt[1 - a^2]*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]])/(1 - a^2)^(3/2))/(2*(1 - a^2)))/(3*(1 - a^2))/4)`

### 3.130.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])`

rule 679 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 688 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 5242 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.130.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 393 vs. 2(164) = 328.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

method	result
parts	$-\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)}{4x^4} + b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{3(-a^2+1)x^3} + 5ab \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{2(-a^2+1)x^2} + \frac{3ab \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{(-a^2+1)x} - \frac{ab \ln(-2a^2+1)}{2(-a^2+1)} \right)}{2(-a^2+1)} \right) \right)$
derivativedivides	$b^4 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)}{4b^4x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{12(-a^2+1)b^3x^3} + 5a \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{2(-a^2+1)b^2x^2} + \frac{3a \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{(-a^2+1)bx} - \frac{a \ln(-2a^2+1)}{2(-a^2+1)} \right)}{2(-a^2+1)} \right) \right)$
default	$b^4 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)}{4b^4x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{12(-a^2+1)b^3x^3} + 5a \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{2(-a^2+1)b^2x^2} + \frac{3a \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{(-a^2+1)bx} - \frac{a \ln(-2a^2+1)}{2(-a^2+1)} \right)}{2(-a^2+1)} \right) \right)$

input `int(arcsin(b*x+a)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
output -1/4*arcsin(b*x+a)/x^4+1/4*b*(-1/3/(-a^2+1)/x^3*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(
1/2)+5/3*a*b/(-a^2+1)*(-1/2/(-a^2+1)/x^2*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)+3/
2*a*b/(-a^2+1)*(-1/(-a^2+1)/x*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)-a*b/(-a^2+1)^(
3/2)*ln((-2*a^2+2-2*a*b*x+2*(-a^2+1)^(1/2)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)
)/x))-1/2*b^2/(-a^2+1)^(3/2)*ln((-2*a^2+2-2*a*b*x+2*(-a^2+1)^(1/2)*(-b^2*x
^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2))/x))+2/3*b^2/(-a^2+1)*(-1/(-a^2+1)/x*(-b^2*x^2-2*a
*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)-a*b/(-a^2+1)^(3/2)*ln((-2*a^2+2-2*a*b*x+2*(-a^2+1)^(1/2)
*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2))/x)))
```

### 3.130.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 484, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3(2a^3+3a)\sqrt{-a^2+1}b^4x^4 \log\left(\frac{(2a^2-1)b^2x^2+2a^4+4(a^3-a)bx-2\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}(abx+a^2-1)\sqrt{-a^2+1-4a^2+2}}{x^2}\right)}{3(2a^3+3a)\sqrt{a^2-1}b^4x^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}(abx+a^2-1)\sqrt{a^2-1}}{(a^2-1)b^2x^2+a^4+2(a^3-a)bx-2a^2+1}\right)} + 6(a^8-4a^6+6a^4-4a^2+1) \right] \frac{1}{24(a^8-4a^6+6a^4-4a^2+1)}$$

```
input integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/48*(3*(2*a^3 + 3*a)*sqrt(-a^2 + 1)*b^4*x^4*log(((2*a^2 - 1)*b^2*x^2 +
2*a^4 + 4*(a^3 - a)*b*x - 2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(a*b*x + a^
2 - 1)*sqrt(-a^2 + 1) - 4*a^2 + 2)/x^2) + 12*(a^8 - 4*a^6 + 6*a^4 - 4*a^2
+ 1)*arcsin(b*x + a) - 2*((11*a^4 - 7*a^2 - 4)*b^3*x^3 - 5*(a^5 - 2*a^3 +
a)*b^2*x^2 + 2*(a^6 - 3*a^4 + 3*a^2 - 1)*b*x)*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^
2 + 1))/((a^8 - 4*a^6 + 6*a^4 - 4*a^2 + 1)*x^4), -1/24*(3*(2*a^3 + 3*a)*sq
rt(a^2 - 1)*b^4*x^4*arctan(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(a*b*x + a^2
- 1)*sqrt(a^2 - 1))/((a^2 - 1)*b^2*x^2 + a^4 + 2*(a^3 - a)*b*x - 2*a^2 + 1
)) + 6*(a^8 - 4*a^6 + 6*a^4 - 4*a^2 + 1)*arcsin(b*x + a) - ((11*a^4 - 7*a^
2 - 4)*b^3*x^3 - 5*(a^5 - 2*a^3 + a)*b^2*x^2 + 2*(a^6 - 3*a^4 + 3*a^2 - 1)
*b*x)*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1))/((a^8 - 4*a^6 + 6*a^4 - 4*a^2 +
1)*x^4)]
```

**3.130.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)/x**5,x)`

output `Integral(asin(a + b*x)/x**5, x)`

**3.130.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^5} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a-1>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**3.130.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1112 vs.  $2(158) = 316$ .

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1112, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.98

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/12*b*(3*(2*a^3*b^4 + 3*a*b^4)*arctan(((sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)*a/(b^2*x + a*b) - 1)/sqrt(a^2 - 1))/((a^6*abs(b) - 3*a^4*abs(b) + 3*a^2*abs(b) - abs(b))*sqrt(a^2 - 1)) - (36*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^2*a^7*b^4/(b^2*x + a*b)^2 + 18*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^4*a^7*b^4/(b^2*x + a*b)^4 + 18*a^7*b^4 - 81*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)*a^6*b^4/(b^2*x + a*b) - 10*8*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^3*a^6*b^4/(b^2*x + a*b)^3 - 27*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^5*a^6*b^4/(b^2*x + a*b)^5 + 120*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^2*a^5*b^4/(b^2*x + a*b)^2 + 81*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^4*a^5*b^4/(b^2*x + a*b)^4 - 5*a^5*b^4 + 12*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)*a^4*b^4/(b^2*x + a*b) - 42*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^3*a^4*b^4/(b^2*x + a*b)^3 + 18*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^5*a^4*b^4/(b^2*x + a*b)^5 - 18*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^2*a^3*b^4/(b^2*x + a*b)^2 - 36*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^4*a^3*b^4/(b^2*x + a*b)^4 + 2*a^3*b^4 - 6*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)*a^2*b^4/(b^2*x + a*b) + 8*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^3*a^2*b^4/(b^2*x + a*b)^3 - 6*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^5*a^2*b^4/(b^2*x + a*b)^5 + 1*2*(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*abs(b) + b)^2*a*b^4/(b^2*x + a*b)...
```

### 3.130.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)}{x^5} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)/x^5,x)`

output `int(asin(a + b*x)/x^5, x)`

### 3.131 $\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$

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#### 3.131.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 343

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \frac{4ax}{3b^3} + \frac{2a^3x}{b^3} - \frac{3(a + bx)^2}{32b^4} - \frac{3a^2(a + bx)^2}{4b^4} + \frac{2a(a + bx)^3}{9b^4}$$

$$- \frac{(a + bx)^4}{32b^4} - \frac{4a\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{3b^4}$$

$$- \frac{2a^3\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

$$+ \frac{3(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{16b^4}$$

$$+ \frac{3a^2(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{2b^4}$$

$$- \frac{2a(a + bx)^2\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{3b^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(a + bx)^3\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{8b^4} - \frac{3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{32b^4}$$

$$- \frac{3a^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{4b^4} - \frac{a^4 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{4b^4} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arcsin(a + bx)^2$$

output

```
4/3*a*x/b^3+2*a^3*x/b^3-3/32*(b*x+a)^2/b^4-3/4*a^2*(b*x+a)^2/b^4+2/9*a*(b*x+a)^3/b^4-1/32*(b*x+a)^4/b^4-3/32*arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b^4-3/4*a^2*arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b^4-1/4*a^4*arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b^4+1/4*x^4*arcsin(b*x+a)^2-4/3*a*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^4-2*a^3*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^4+3/16*(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^4+3/2*a^2*(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^4-2/3*a*(b*x+a)^2*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^4+1/8*(b*x+a)^3*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^4
```



**3.131.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{bx(300a^3 - 78a^2bx - 9bx(3 + b^2x^2) + a(330 + 28b^2x^2)) - 6\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}(55a + 50a^3 - 9bx - 2bx^2) + 6b^2x^2(55a + 50a^3 - 9bx - 2bx^2)}{288b^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`output `(b*x*(300*a^3 - 78*a^2*b*x - 9*b*x*(3 + b^2*x^2) + a*(330 + 28*b^2*x^2)) - 6*sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*(55*a + 50*a^3 - 9*b*x - 26*a^2*b*x + 14*a*b^2*x^2 - 6*b^3*x^3)*ArcSin[a + b*x] - 9*(3 + 24*a^2 + 8*a^4 - 8*b^4*x^4)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/(288*b^4)`**3.131.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5242, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 d(a + bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$-\frac{\int -x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 d(a + bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$-\frac{\int -b^3 x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 d(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5242}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{b^4 x^4 \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) - \frac{1}{4} b^4 x^4 \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{b^4}$$

↓ 5262

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)a^4}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} - \frac{4(a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)a^3}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} + \frac{6(a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)a^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} - \frac{4(a+bx)^3 \arcsin(a+bx)a}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} + \frac{(a+bx)^4 \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} \right) d(a+bx)}{b^4}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} a^4 \arcsin(a+bx)^2 + 4a^3 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx) - 4a^3(a+bx) + \frac{3}{2} a^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2 - 3a^2(a+bx) \right)}{b^4}$$

input `Int[x^3*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `--((-1/4*(b^4*x^4*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2) + ((-8*a*(a + b*x))/3 - 4*a^3*(a + b*x) + (3*(a + b*x)^2)/16 + (3*a^2*(a + b*x)^2)/2 - (4*a*(a + b*x)^3)/9 + (a + b*x)^4/16 + (8*a*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x])/3 + 4*a^3*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x] - (3*(a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x])/8 - 3*a^2*(a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x] + (4*a*(a + b*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x])/3 - ((a + b*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x])/4 + (3*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/16 + (3*a^2*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/2 + (a^4*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/2)/b^4`

### 3.131.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

```
rule 5242 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] -
Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n -
1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
&& NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5262 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_)
+ (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a +
b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] &&
EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ
[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.131.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^2(bx+a)^4}{4} - \frac{\arcsin(bx+a)\left(-2(bx+a)^3\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}-3(bx+a)\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}+3\arcsin(bx+a)\right)}{16} + \frac{3\arcsin(bx+a)^2}{32} - \frac{(2(bx+a)^2-1)\arcsin(bx+a)}{16}$
default	$\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^2(bx+a)^4}{4} - \frac{\arcsin(bx+a)\left(-2(bx+a)^3\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}-3(bx+a)\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}+3\arcsin(bx+a)\right)}{16} + \frac{3\arcsin(bx+a)^2}{32} - \frac{(2(bx+a)^2-1)\arcsin(bx+a)}{16}$

```
input int(x^3*arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/b^4*(1/4*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(b*x+a)^4-1/16*arcsin(b*x+a)*(-2*(b*x+a)^3*(1-(
b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-3*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+3*arcsin(b*x+a))+3/32*arcsin
(b*x+a)^2-1/128*(2*(b*x+a)^2+3)^2-1/9*a*(9*(b*x+a)^3*arcsin(b*x+a)^2+6*arc
sin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^2-2*(b*x+a)^3+12*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(
b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-12*b*x-12*a)+3/4*a^2*(2*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(b*x+a)^2+2*arcsin
(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)*(b*x+a)-arcsin(b*x+a)^2-(b*x+a)^2)-a^3*(arcsin
(b*x+a)^2*(b*x+a)-2*b*x-2*a+2*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)))
```

**3.131.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \frac{9b^4x^4 - 28ab^3x^3 + 3(26a^2 + 9)b^2x^2 - 30(10a^3 + 11a)bx - 9(8b^4x^4 - 8a^4 - 24a^2 - 3) \arcsin(bx + a) - 288b^3 \arcsin^2(bx + a)}{288b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/288*(9*b^4*x^4 - 28*a*b^3*x^3 + 3*(26*a^2 + 9)*b^2*x^2 - 30*(10*a^3 + 11*a)*b*x - 9*(8*b^4*x^4 - 8*a^4 - 24*a^2 - 3)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2 - 6*(6*b^3*x^3 - 14*a*b^2*x^2 - 50*a^3 + (26*a^2 + 9)*b*x - 55*a)*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^4`**3.131.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^4 \operatorname{asin}^2(a+bx)}{4b^4} + \frac{25a^3x}{24b^3} - \frac{25a^3\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1} \operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}{24b^4} - \frac{13a^2x^2}{48b^2} + \frac{13a^2x\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1} \operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}{24b^3} - \frac{3a^2 \operatorname{asin}^2(a+bx)}{4} \\ \frac{x^4 \operatorname{asin}^2(a)}{4} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*asin(b*x+a)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**4*asin(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**4) + 25*a**3*x/(24*b**3) - 25*a**3*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/(24*b**4) - 13*a**2*x**2/(48*b**2) + 13*a**2*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/(24*b**3) - 3*a**2*asin(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**4) + 7*a*x**3/(72*b) - 7*a*x**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/(24*b**2) + 55*a*x/(48*b**3) - 55*a*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/(48*b**4) + x**4*asin(a + b*x)**2/4 - x**4/32 + x**3*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/(8*b) - 3*x**2/(32*b**2) + 3*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/(16*b**3) - 3*asin(a + b*x)**2/(32*b**4), Ne(b, 0)), (x**4*asin(a)**2/4, True))`

**3.131.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \int x^3 \arcsin(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*x^4*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2 + b*integrate(1/2*sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)*x^4*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1), x)`

**3.131.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = & -\frac{(bx + a)a^3 \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{b^4} \\
& -\frac{((bx + a)^2 - 1)(bx + a)a \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{b^4} \\
& +\frac{3((bx + a)^2 - 1)a^2 \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{2b^4} \\
& +\frac{3\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}(bx + a)a^2 \arcsin(bx + a)}{2b^4} \\
& -\frac{2\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}a^3 \arcsin(bx + a)}{b^4} \\
& +\frac{2(bx + a)a^3}{b^4} + \frac{((bx + a)^2 - 1)^2 \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{4b^4} \\
& -\frac{(bx + a)a \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{b^4} + \frac{3a^2 \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{4b^4} \\
& -\frac{(-(bx + a)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)}{8b^4} \\
& +\frac{2(-(bx + a)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}a \arcsin(bx + a)}{3b^4} \\
& +\frac{2((bx + a)^2 - 1)(bx + a)a}{9b^4} - \frac{3((bx + a)^2 - 1)a^2}{4b^4} \\
& +\frac{((bx + a)^2 - 1) \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{2b^4} \\
& +\frac{5\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)}{16b^4} \\
& -\frac{2\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}a \arcsin(bx + a)}{b^4} \\
& -\frac{((bx + a)^2 - 1)^2}{32b^4} + \frac{14(bx + a)a}{9b^4} - \frac{3a^2}{8b^4} \\
& +\frac{5 \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{32b^4} - \frac{5((bx + a)^2 - 1)}{32b^4} - \frac{17}{256b^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $-(b*x + a)*a^3*\arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^4 - ((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*(b*x + a)*a*\arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^4 + 3/2*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*a^2*\arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^4 + 3/2*\sqrt{-(b*x + a)^2 + 1}*(b*x + a)*a^2*\arcsin(b*x + a)/b^4 - 2*\sqrt{-(b*x + a)^2 + 1}*a^3*\arcsin(b*x + a)/b^4 + 2*(b*x + a)*a^3/b^4 + 1/4*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)^2*\arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^4 - (b*x + a)*a*\arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^4 + 3/4*a^2*\arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^4 - 1/8*(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*(b*x + a)*\arcsin(b*x + a)/b^4 + 2/3*(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*a*\arcsin(b*x + a)/b^4 + 2/9*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*(b*x + a)*a/b^4 - 3/4*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*a^2/b^4 + 1/2*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*\arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^4 + 5/16*\sqrt{-(b*x + a)^2 + 1}*(b*x + a)*\arcsin(b*x + a)/b^4 - 2*\sqrt{-(b*x + a)^2 + 1}*a*\arcsin(b*x + a)/b^4 - 1/32*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)^2/b^4 + 14/9*(b*x + a)*a/b^4 - 3/8*a^2/b^4 + 5/32*\arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^4 - 5/32*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)/b^4 - 17/256/b^4$

### 3.131.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \int x^3 \operatorname{asin}(a + bx)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^3*asin(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^3*asin(a + b*x)^2, x)`

### 3.132 $\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$

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#### 3.132.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 220

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = & -\frac{4x}{9b^2} - \frac{2a^2x}{b^2} + \frac{a(a + bx)^2}{2b^3} - \frac{2(a + bx)^3}{27b^3} \\ & + \frac{4\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{9b^3} \\ & + \frac{2a^2\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^3} \\ & - \frac{a(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^3} \\ & + \frac{2(a + bx)^2\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{9b^3} \\ & + \frac{a \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{2b^3} + \frac{a^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{3b^3} + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 \end{aligned}$$

output  $-4/9*x/b^2-2*a^2*x/b^2+1/2*a*(b*x+a)^2/b^3-2/27*(b*x+a)^3/b^3+1/2*a*\arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b^3+1/3*a^3*\arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b^3+1/3*x^3*\arcsin(b*x+a)^2+4/9*\arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3+2*a^2*\arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3-a*(b*x+a)*\arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3+2/9*(b*x+a)^2*\arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3$



**3.132.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{-bx(24 + 66a^2 - 15abx + 4b^2x^2) + 6\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}(4 + 11a^2 - 5abx + 2b^2x^2) \arcsin(a + bx) + 9(3a + 2a^3 + 2b^3x^3) \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{54b^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(-(b*x*(24 + 66*a^2 - 15*a*b*x + 4*b^2*x^2)) + 6*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*(4 + 11*a^2 - 5*a*b*x + 2*b^2*x^2)*ArcSin[a + b*x] + 9*(3*a + 2*a^3 + 2*b^3*x^3)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/(54*b^3)`

**3.132.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5242, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 d(a + bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{\int b^2 x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 d(a + bx)}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5242}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3} \int -\frac{b^3 x^3 \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{3} b^3 x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5262}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int \left( \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)a^3}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} - \frac{3(a+bx)\arcsin(a+bx)a^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} + \frac{3(a+bx)^2\arcsin(a+bx)a}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} - \frac{(a+bx)^3\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} \right) d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{3}b^3x^3\arcsin(a+bx)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2}a^3\arcsin(a+bx)^2 + 3a^2\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}\arcsin(a+bx) - 3a^2(a+bx) + \frac{3}{4}a\arcsin(a+bx)^2 - \frac{3}{2}a(a+bx)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \right)$$

input `Int[x^2*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((b^3*x^3*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/3 + (2*((-2*(a + b*x))/3 - 3*a^2*(a + b*x) + (3*a*(a + b*x)^2)/4 - (a + b*x)^3/9 + (2*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x])/3 + 3*a^2*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x] - (3*a*(a + b*x)*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2 + ((a + b*x)^2*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x])/3 + (3*a*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/4 + (a^3*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/2))/3)/b^3`

### 3.132.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5242 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5262 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, (f + g*x)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && GtQ[d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (m == 1 || p > 0 || (n == 1 && p > -1) || (m == 2 && p < -2))`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.132.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{(bx+a)^3 \arcsin(bx+a)^2}{3} + \frac{2 \arcsin(bx+a) ((bx+a)^2+2) \sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{9} - \frac{2(bx+a)^3}{27} - \frac{4bx}{9} - \frac{4a}{9} - \frac{a(2 \arcsin(bx+a)^2 (bx+a)^2 + 2 \arcsin(bx+a))}{b^3}$
default	$\frac{(bx+a)^3 \arcsin(bx+a)^2}{3} + \frac{2 \arcsin(bx+a) ((bx+a)^2+2) \sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{9} - \frac{2(bx+a)^3}{27} - \frac{4bx}{9} - \frac{4a}{9} - \frac{a(2 \arcsin(bx+a)^2 (bx+a)^2 + 2 \arcsin(bx+a))}{b^3}$

input `int(x^2*arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b^3*(1/3*(b*x+a)^3*arcsin(b*x+a)^2+2/9*arcsin(b*x+a)*((b*x+a)^2+2)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-2/27*(b*x+a)^3-4/9*b*x-4/9*a-1/2*a*(2*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(b*x+a)^2+2*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)*(b*x+a)-arcsin(b*x+a)^2-(b*x+a)^2)+a^2*(arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(b*x+a)-2*b*x-2*a+2*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)))`

### 3.132.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \frac{4b^3x^3 - 15ab^2x^2 + 6(11a^2 + 4)bx - 9(2b^3x^3 + 2a^3 + 3a) \arcsin(bx + a)^2 - 6(2b^2x^2 - 5abx + 11a^2) \sqrt{-2x^2 - 2a*b*x - a^2 + 1} \arcsin(bx + a)}{54b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/54*(4*b^3*x^3 - 15*a*b^2*x^2 + 6*(11*a^2 + 4)*b*x - 9*(2*b^3*x^3 + 2*a^3 + 3*a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2 - 6*(2*b^2*x^2 - 5*a*b*x + 11*a^2 + 4)*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3`

**3.132.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^3 \arcsin^2(a+bx)}{3b^3} - \frac{11a^2x}{9b^2} + \frac{11a^2\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}\arcsin(a+bx)}{9b^3} + \frac{5ax^2}{18b} - \frac{5ax\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}\arcsin(a+bx)}{9b^2} + \frac{a\arcsin^2(a+bx)}{2b^3} \\ \frac{x^3 \arcsin^2(a)}{3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*asin(b*x+a)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((a**3*asin(a + b*x)**2/(3*b**3) - 11*a**2*x/(9*b**2) + 11*a**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/(9*b**3) + 5*a*x**2/(18*b) - 5*a*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/(9*b**2) + a*asin(a + b*x)**2/(2*b**3) + x**3*asin(a + b*x)**2/3 - 2*x**3/27 + 2*x**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/(9*b) - 4*x/(9*b**2) + 4*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/(9*b**3), Ne(b, 0)), (x**3*asin(a)**2/3, True))`**3.132.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \int x^2 \arcsin(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*x^3*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2 + 2*b*integrate(1/3*sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)*x^3*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1), x)`

**3.132.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = & \frac{(bx + a)a^2 \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{b^3} \\
& + \frac{((bx + a)^2 - 1)(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{3b^3} \\
& - \frac{((bx + a)^2 - 1)a \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{b^3} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}(bx + a)a \arcsin(bx + a)}{b^3} \\
& + \frac{2\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}a^2 \arcsin(bx + a)}{b^3} - \frac{2(bx + a)a^2}{b^3} \\
& + \frac{(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{3b^3} - \frac{a \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{2b^3} \\
& - \frac{2(-(bx + a)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin(bx + a)}{9b^3} \\
& - \frac{2((bx + a)^2 - 1)(bx + a)}{27b^3} + \frac{((bx + a)^2 - 1)a}{2b^3} \\
& + \frac{2\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1} \arcsin(bx + a)}{3b^3} - \frac{14(bx + a)}{27b^3} + \frac{a}{4b^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

```

output (b*x + a)*a^2*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^3 + 1/3*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^3 - ((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*a*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^3 - sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)*a*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^3 + 2*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*a^2*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^3 - 2*(b*x + a)*a^2/b^3 + 1/3*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^3 - 1/2*a*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^3 - 2/9*(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^3 - 2/27*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*(b*x + a)/b^3 + 1/2*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*a/b^3 + 2/3*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^3 - 14/27*(b*x + a)/b^3 + 1/4*a/b^3

```

**3.132.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \int x^2 \operatorname{asin}(a + bx)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^2*asin(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `int(x^2*asin(a + b*x)^2, x)`

### 3.133 $\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$

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#### 3.133.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \frac{2ax}{b} - \frac{(a + bx)^2}{4b^2} - \frac{2a\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{2b^2} - \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{4b^2} - \frac{a^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{2b^2} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2$$

output `2*a*x/b-1/4*(b*x+a)^2/b^2-1/4*arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b^2-1/2*a^2*arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b^2+1/2*x^2*arcsin(b*x+a)^2-2*a*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^2+1/2*(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^2`

#### 3.133.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \frac{bx(6a - bx) - 2(3a - bx)\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx) + (-1 - 2a^2 + 2b^2x^2) \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{4b^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output  $(b*x*(6*a - b*x) - 2*(3*a - b*x)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x] + (-1 - 2*a^2 + 2*b^2*x^2)*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]^2)/(4*b^2)$

### 3.133.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5242, 5262, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^2 d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int -x \arcsin(a + bx)^2 d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int -bx \arcsin(a + bx)^2 d(a + bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5242} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{b^2 x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) - \frac{1}{2} b^2 x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5262} \\
 & -\frac{\int \left( \frac{\arcsin(a + bx) a^2}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} - \frac{2(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx) a}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} + \frac{(a + bx)^2 \arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} \right) d(a + bx) - \frac{1}{2} b^2 x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{1}{2} a^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 - \frac{1}{2} b^2 x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} (a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx) + \frac{1}{4} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 + 2}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[x*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]^2, x]$



output  $-\left(-2a(a+bx) + (a+bx)^2/4 + 2a\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}\operatorname{ArcSin}[a+bx] - ((a+bx)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}\operatorname{ArcSin}[a+bx])/2 + \operatorname{ArcSin}[a+bx]^2/4 + (a^2\operatorname{ArcSin}[a+bx]^2)/2 - (b^2x^2\operatorname{ArcSin}[a+bx]^2)/2\right)/b^2$

### 3.133.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25  $\operatorname{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Identity}[-1] \operatorname{Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 27  $\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 2009  $\operatorname{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{SumQ}[u]$

rule 5242  $\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + \operatorname{ArcSin}[(c_*)(x_*)](b_*)]^{(n_*)}((d_*) + (e_*)(x_*)^{(m_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(d+ex)^{(m+1)}((a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[cx])^n/(e^{(m+1)})), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[b^c(n/(e^{(m+1)})) \operatorname{Int}[(d+ex)^{(m+1)}((a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[cx])^{(n-1)})/\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 5262  $\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + \operatorname{ArcSin}[(c_*)(x_*)](b_*)]^{(n_*)}((f_*) + (g_*)(x_*)^{(m_*)}((d_*) + (e_*)(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[(d+ex^2)^p(a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[cx])^n, (f+gx)^m, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{EqQ}[c^2d+e, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[p+1/2] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{GtQ}[d, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ (m == 1 \ || \ p > 0 \ || \ (n == 1 \ \&\& \ p > -1) \ || \ (m == 2 \ \&\& \ p < -2))$

rule 5304  $\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + \operatorname{ArcSin}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_*)](b_*)]^{(n_*)}((e_*) + (f_*)(x_*)^{(m_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[1/d \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d)]^m(a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[x])^n, x], x, c+d*x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x]$

**3.133.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{(-1+(bx+a)^2) \arcsin(bx+a)^2}{2} + \frac{\arcsin(bx+a) \left( (bx+a) \sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2} + \arcsin(bx+a) \right)}{2} - \frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^2}{4} - \frac{(bx+a)^2}{4} - a \left( \arcsin(bx+a) \right)}{b^2}$
default	$\frac{\frac{(-1+(bx+a)^2) \arcsin(bx+a)^2}{2} + \frac{\arcsin(bx+a) \left( (bx+a) \sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2} + \arcsin(bx+a) \right)}{2} - \frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^2}{4} - \frac{(bx+a)^2}{4} - a \left( \arcsin(bx+a) \right)}{b^2}$

input `int(x*arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/b^2*(1/2*(-1+(b*x+a)^2)*arcsin(b*x+a)^2+1/2*arcsin(b*x+a)*((b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+arcsin(b*x+a))-1/4*arcsin(b*x+a)^2-1/4*(b*x+a)^2-a*(arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(b*x+a)-2*b*x-2*a+2*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)))`**3.133.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \frac{b^2 x^2 - 6 abx - (2b^2 x^2 - 2a^2 - 1) \arcsin(bx + a)^2 - 2 \sqrt{-b^2 x^2 - 2 abx - a^2 + 1} (bx - 3a) \arcsin(bx + a)}{4b^2}$$

input `integrate(x*arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/4*(b^2*x^2 - 6*a*b*x - (2*b^2*x^2 - 2*a^2 - 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2 - 2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(b*x - 3*a)*arcsin(b*x + a))/b^2`

**3.133.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2 \arcsin^2(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{3ax}{2b} - \frac{3a\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1} \arcsin(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2 \arcsin^2(a+bx)}{2} - \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{x\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1} \arcsin(a+bx)}{2b} - a \\ \frac{x^2 \arcsin^2(a)}{2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*asin(b*x+a)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**2*asin(a + b*x)**2/(2*b**2) + 3*a*x/(2*b) - 3*a*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/(2*b**2) + x**2*asin(a + b*x)**2/2 - x**2/4 + x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/(2*b) - asin(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2*asin(a)**2/2, True))`**3.133.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \int x \arcsin(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x*arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*x^2*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2 + b*integrate(sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)*x^2*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1), x)`

**3.133.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = -\frac{(bx + a)a \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{b^2} + \frac{((bx + a)^2 - 1) \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{2b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)}{2b^2}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}a \arcsin(bx + a)}{b^2} + \frac{2(bx + a)a}{b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^2}{4b^2} - \frac{(bx + a)^2 - 1}{4b^2} - \frac{1}{8b^2}$$

input `integrate(x*arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(b*x + a)*a*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^2 + 1/2*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^2 + 1/2*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^2 - 2*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*a*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^2 + 2*(b*x + a)*a/b^2 + 1/4*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^2 - 1/4*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)/b^2 - 1/8/b^2`**3.133.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \int x \operatorname{asin}(a + bx)^2 dx$$

input `int(x*asin(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `int(x*asin(a + b*x)^2, x)`

### 3.134 $\int \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$

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#### 3.134.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = -2x + \frac{2\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{b}$$

output `-2*x+(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b+2*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b`

#### 3.134.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\begin{aligned} &\int \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx \\ &= \frac{-2(a + bx) + 2\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx) + (a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{b} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(-2*(a + b*x) + 2*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x] + (a + b*x)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/b`

**3.134.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5302, 5130, 5182, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx \\
 \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 \frac{\int \arcsin(a + bx)^2 d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 \downarrow \text{5130} \\
 \frac{(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)^2 - 2 \int \frac{(a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 \downarrow \text{5182} \\
 \frac{(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)^2 - 2 \left( \int 1 d(a + bx) - \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx) \right)}{b} \\
 \downarrow \text{24} \\
 \frac{(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)^2 - 2 \left( -\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx) + a + bx \right)}{b}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((a + b*x)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 - 2*(a + b*x - Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/b`

## 3.134.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 5130 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

## 3.134.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^2 (bx+a) - 2bx - 2a + 2 \arcsin(bx+a) \sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{b}$	48
default	$\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^2 (bx+a) - 2bx - 2a + 2 \arcsin(bx+a) \sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{b}$	48

input `int(arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b*(arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(b*x+a)-2*b*x-2*a+2*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.134.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)^2 - 2bx + 2\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1} \arcsin(bx + a)}{b}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2 - 2*b*x + 2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*arcsin(b*x + a))/b`**3.134.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a \operatorname{asin}^2(a+bx)}{b} + x \operatorname{asin}^2(a + bx) - 2x + \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1} \operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ x \operatorname{asin}^2(a) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((a*asin(a + b*x)**2/b + x*asin(a + b*x)**2 - 2*x + 2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/b, Ne(b, 0)), (x*asin(a)**2, True))`**3.134.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \int \arcsin(bx + a)^2 dx$$



input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2 + 2*b*integrate  
(sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)*x*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)  
*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1), x)`

### 3.134.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \frac{(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1} \arcsin(bx + a)}{b} - \frac{2(bx + a)}{b}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b + 2*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)/b  
- 2*(b*x + a)/b`

### 3.134.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \frac{(\arcsin(a + bx)^2 - 2)(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{2 \arcsin(a + bx) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{b}$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `((asin(a + b*x)^2 - 2)*(a + b*x))/b + (2*asin(a + b*x)*(1 - (a + b*x)^2)^(  
1/2))/b`

### 3.135 $\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x} dx$

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#### 3.135.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 271

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{3}i \arcsin(a + bx)^3 + \arcsin(a + bx)^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1 - a^2}} \right) + \arcsin(a + bx)^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1 - a^2}} \right) - 2i \arcsin(a + bx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1 - a^2}} \right) - 2i \arcsin(a + bx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1 - a^2}} \right) + 2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 3, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1 - a^2}} \right) + 2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 3, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1 - a^2}} \right)$$

```
output -1/3*I*arcsin(b*x+a)^3+arcsin(b*x+a)^2*ln(1-(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))+arcsin(b*x+a)^2*ln(1-(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))-2*I*arcsin(b*x+a)*polylog(2,(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))-2*I*arcsin(b*x+a)*polylog(2,(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))+2*polylog(3,(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))+2*polylog(3,(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))
```

**3.135.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{3}i \arcsin(a+bx)^3 + \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \log \left( 1 + \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\left(-\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2}}{b}\right)b} \right) \\ + \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \log \left( 1 + \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\left(-\frac{ia}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2}}{b}\right)b} \right) \\ - 2i \arcsin(a+bx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\left(-\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2}}{b}\right)b} \right) \\ - 2i \arcsin(a+bx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\left(-\frac{ia}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2}}{b}\right)b} \right) \\ + 2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 3, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) + 2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 3, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/x,x]`

```
output (-1/3*I)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3 + ArcSin[a + b*x]^2*Log[1 + E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x
])/(((-I)*a)/b - Sqrt[1 - a^2]/b)*b]] + ArcSin[a + b*x]^2*Log[1 + E^(I*Ar
cSin[a + b*x])/(((-I)*a)/b + Sqrt[1 - a^2]/b)*b]] - (2*I)*ArcSin[a + b*x]
*PolyLog[2, -(E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x])/(((-I)*a)/b - Sqrt[1 - a^2]/b)*b))] -
(2*I)*ArcSin[a + b*x]*PolyLog[2, -(E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x])/(((-I)*a)/b + S
qrt[1 - a^2]/b)*b))] + 2*PolyLog[3, E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x])/(I*a - Sqrt[1 -
a^2])] + 2*PolyLog[3, E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x])/(I*a + Sqrt[1 - a^2])]
```

**3.135.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5240, 5032, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 5304 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x} d(a+bx)}{b} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& -\frac{\int -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x} d(a+bx)}{b} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -\int -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{bx} d(a+bx) \\
& \downarrow 5240 \\
& -\int -\frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{bx} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
& \downarrow 5032 \\
& -i \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{ia - e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} - \sqrt{1-a^2}} d \arcsin(a+bx) - i \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{ia - e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} + \sqrt{1-a^2}} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
& \quad - \frac{1}{3} i \arcsin(a+bx)^3 \\
& \downarrow 2620 \\
& -i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{-\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - 2i \int \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) \\
& i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - 2i \int \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{3} i \arcsin(a+bx)^3 \\
& \downarrow 3011 \\
& -i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{-\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - 2i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) - i \int \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) \right) \\
& i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - 2i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) - i \int \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{3} i \arcsin(a+bx)^3 \\
& \downarrow 2720
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -i \left( i \arcsin(a + bx)^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{-\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - 2i \left( i \arcsin(a + bx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) - \int e^{-i \arcsin(a+bx)} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. i \left( i \arcsin(a + bx)^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - 2i \left( i \arcsin(a + bx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) - \int e^{-i \arcsin(a+bx)} \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. \frac{1}{3} i \arcsin(a + bx)^3 \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 7143

$$\begin{aligned}
& -i \left( i \arcsin(a + bx)^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{-\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - 2i \left( i \arcsin(a + bx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) - \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 3, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. i \left( i \arcsin(a + bx)^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - 2i \left( i \arcsin(a + bx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) - \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 3, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. \frac{1}{3} i \arcsin(a + bx)^3 \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/x,x]`

output `(-1/3*I)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3 - I*(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x])/(I*a - Sqrt[1 - a^2])] - (2*I)*(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x])/(I*a - Sqrt[1 - a^2])] - PolyLog[3, E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x])/(I*a - Sqrt[1 - a^2])])) - I*(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x])/(I*a + Sqrt[1 - a^2])] - (2*I)*(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x])/(I*a + Sqrt[1 - a^2])] - PolyLog[3, E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x])/(I*a + Sqrt[1 - a^2])]))`

### 3.135.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)]/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_))]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5032 `Int[(Cos[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_)]/((a_) + (b_)*Sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + (Simp[I Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(I*a - Rt[-a^2 + b^2, 2] + b*E^(I*(c + d*x))), x], x] + Simp[I Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(I*a + Rt[-a^2 + b^2, 2] + b*E^(I*(c + d*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NegQ[a^2 - b^2]`

rule 5240 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)]/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(Cos[x]/(c*d + e*SIN[x])), x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(p_)]/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

**3.135.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin (bx + a)^2}{x} dx$$

input `int(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/x,x)`

output `int(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/x,x)`

**3.135.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin (bx + a)^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arcsin(b*x + a)^2/x, x)`

**3.135.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}^2(a + bx)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)**2/x,x)`

output `Integral(asin(a + b*x)**2/x, x)`

**3.135.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arcsin(b*x + a)^2/x, x)`

**3.135.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arcsin(b*x + a)^2/x, x)`

**3.135.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)^2/x,x)`

output `int(asin(a + b*x)^2/x, x)`



### 3.136 $\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x^2} dx$

3.136.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1180  
 3.136.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1181  
 3.136.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1181  
 3.136.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1185  
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 3.136.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1186  
 3.136.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 1186  
 3.136.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1186  
 3.136.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1187

#### 3.136.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 230

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x} - \frac{2b \arcsin(a+bx) \log\left(1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-a^2}} + \frac{2b \arcsin(a+bx) \log\left(1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-a^2}} + \frac{2ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-a^2}} - \frac{2ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-a^2}}$$

output

```
-arcsin(b*x+a)^2/x-2*b*arcsin(b*x+a)*ln(1-(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))/(-a^2+1)^(1/2)+2*b*arcsin(b*x+a)*ln(1-(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))/(-a^2+1)^(1/2)+2*I*b*polylog(2,(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))/(-a^2+1)^(1/2)-2*I*b*polylog(2,(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))/(-a^2+1)^(1/2)
```

### 3.136.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{-1 + a^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 + 2ibx \arcsin(a + bx) \left( \log \left( \frac{a - \sqrt{-1 + a^2} + ie^{i \arcsin(a + bx)}}{a - \sqrt{-1 + a^2}} \right) - \log \left( \frac{a + \sqrt{-1 + a^2} + ie^{i \arcsin(a + bx)}}{a + \sqrt{-1 + a^2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{-1 + a^2} x}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/x^2,x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[-1 + a^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2) + (2*I)*b*x*ArcSin[a + b*x]*(Log[(a - Sqrt[-1 + a^2] + I*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a - Sqrt[-1 + a^2])] - Log[(a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2] + I*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2])]) + 2*b*x*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(-a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2])] - 2*b*x*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2])])/(Sqrt[-1 + a^2]*x)`

### 3.136.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5242, 5272, 3042, 3804, 25, 2694, 27, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x^2} d(a + bx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$b \int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{b^2 x^2} d(a + bx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5242}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b \left( -2 \int -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{bx\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{bx} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 5272 \\
& b \left( -2 \int -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{bx} d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{bx} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b \left( -2 \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{a - \sin(\arcsin(a+bx))} d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{bx} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3804 \\
& b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{bx} - 4 \int -\frac{e^i \arcsin(a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)}{-2e^i \arcsin(a+bx) a - ie^{2i \arcsin(a+bx)} + i} d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{bx} + 4 \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)}{-2e^i \arcsin(a+bx) a - ie^{2i \arcsin(a+bx)} + i} d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2694 \\
& b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{bx} + 4 \left( \frac{i \int -\frac{e^i \arcsin(a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)}{2(a+ie^i \arcsin(a+bx) - \sqrt{a^2-1})} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{a^2-1}} - \frac{i \int -\frac{e^i \arcsin(a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)}{2(a+ie^i \arcsin(a+bx) + \sqrt{a^2-1})} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{bx} + 4 \left( \frac{i \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)}{a+ie^i \arcsin(a+bx) + \sqrt{a^2-1}} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} - \frac{i \int \frac{e^i \arcsin(a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)}{a+ie^i \arcsin(a+bx) - \sqrt{a^2-1}} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2620 \\
& b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{bx} + 4 \left( \frac{i \left( \int \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^i \arcsin(a+bx)}{a + \sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) - \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^i \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{a^2-1} + a} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2715 \\
& b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{bx} + 4 \left( \frac{i \left( -i \int e^{-i \arcsin(a+bx)} \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^i \arcsin(a+bx)}{a + \sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) de^i \arcsin(a+bx) - \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^i \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{a^2-1} + a} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 2838

$$b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{bx} + 4 \left( \frac{i \left( i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) - \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{a^2-1}+a} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} - \frac{i \left( i \operatorname{PolyLog} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/x^2,x]`

output `b*(-(ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/(b*x)) + 4*(((1/2*I)*(-(ArcSin[a + b*x]*Log[1 + (I*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a - Sqrt[-1 + a^2])))) + I*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a - Sqrt[-1 + a^2])))/Sqrt[-1 + a^2] + ((I/2)*(-(ArcSin[a + b*x]*Log[1 + (I*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2])))) + I*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2])))/Sqrt[-1 + a^2]))`

### 3.136.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2694 `Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_)*(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)))]^(n_.)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3804 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(I*(e + f*x)))/(I*b + 2*a*E^(I*(e + f*x))) - I*b*E^(2*I*(e + f*x))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5242 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5272 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(c^(m + 1)*Sqrt[d]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(c*f + g*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && GtQ[d, 0] && (GtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[n, 0])`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d)]^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.136.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
derivativedivides	$b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^2}{bx} - \frac{2 \arcsin(bx+a)\sqrt{-a^2+1} \left( \ln \left( \frac{ia+\sqrt{-a^2+1}-i(bx+a)-\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{ia+\sqrt{-a^2+1}} \right) - \ln \left( \frac{-ia+\sqrt{-a^2+1}+i(bx+a)-\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{-ia+\sqrt{-a^2+1}} \right) \right)}{a^2-1} \right)$
default	$b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^2}{bx} - \frac{2 \arcsin(bx+a)\sqrt{-a^2+1} \left( \ln \left( \frac{ia+\sqrt{-a^2+1}-i(bx+a)-\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{ia+\sqrt{-a^2+1}} \right) - \ln \left( \frac{-ia+\sqrt{-a^2+1}+i(bx+a)-\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{-ia+\sqrt{-a^2+1}} \right) \right)}{a^2-1} \right)$

input `int(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b*(-arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b/x-2*arcsin(b*x+a)*(-a^2+1)^(1/2)*(ln((I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)-I*(b*x+a)-(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))-ln((-I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)+I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(-I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2))))/(a^2-1)+2*I*(-a^2+1)^(1/2)/(a^2-1)*dilog((I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)-I*(b*x+a)-(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))-2*I*(-a^2+1)^(1/2)/(a^2-1)*dilog((-I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)+I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(-I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2))))`

### 3.136.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arcsin(b*x + a)^2/x^2, x)`

**3.136.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin^2(a + bx)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)**2/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(asin(a + b*x)**2/x**2, x)`

**3.136.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a-1>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**3.136.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arcsin(b*x + a)^2/x^2, x)`

**3.136.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)^2/x^2,x)`output `int(asin(a + b*x)^2/x^2, x)`



### 3.137 $\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x^3} dx$

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#### 3.137.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 272

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-a^2)x} - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{2x^2}$$

$$- \frac{iab^2 \arcsin(a+bx) \log\left(1 + \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{a-\sqrt{-1+a^2}}\right)}{(-1+a^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{iab^2 \arcsin(a+bx) \log\left(1 + \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{a+\sqrt{-1+a^2}}\right)}{(-1+a^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{b^2 \log(x)}{1-a^2}$$

$$- \frac{ab^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{a-\sqrt{-1+a^2}}\right)}{(-1+a^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{ab^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{a+\sqrt{-1+a^2}}\right)}{(-1+a^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*arcsin(b*x+a)^2/x^2+b^2*ln(x)/(-a^2+1)-I*a*b^2*arcsin(b*x+a)*ln(1+I*(
I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(a-(a^2-1)^(1/2)))/(a^2-1)^(3/2)+I*a*b^2*ar
csin(b*x+a)*ln(1+I*(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(a+(a^2-1)^(1/2)))/(a^2
-1)^(3/2)-a*b^2*polylog(2,-I*(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(a-(a^2-1)^(1
/2)))/(a^2-1)^(3/2)+a*b^2*polylog(2,-I*(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(a+
(a^2-1)^(1/2)))/(a^2-1)^(3/2)-b*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(-a^2+1)
/x
```

**3.137.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{-1+a^2}bx\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}\arcsin(a+bx) + \sqrt{-1+a^2}\arcsin(a+bx)^2 - a^2\sqrt{-1+a^2}\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x^2}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/x^3,x]`

output

```
(2*Sqrt[-1 + a^2]*b*x*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x] + Sqrt[-1 + a^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 - a^2*Sqrt[-1 + a^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 - (2*I)*a*b^2*x^2*ArcSin[a + b*x]*Log[(a - Sqrt[-1 + a^2] + I*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a - Sqrt[-1 + a^2])] + (2*I)*a*b^2*x^2*ArcSin[a + b*x]*Log[(a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2] + I*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2])] - 2*Sqrt[-1 + a^2]*b^2*x^2*Log[x] - 2*a*b^2*x^2*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(-a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2])] + 2*a*b^2*x^2*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2])])/(2*(-1 + a^2)^(3/2)*x^2)
```

**3.137.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.417$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5242, 5272, 3042, 3805, 3042, 3147, 16, 3804, 25, 2694, 27, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x^3} d(a+bx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$-\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{x^3} d(a+bx)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -b^2 \int -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{b^3 x^3} d(a+bx) \\
& \downarrow 5242 \\
& -b^2 \left( \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{2b^2 x^2} - \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{b^2 x^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) \right) \\
& \downarrow 5272 \\
& -b^2 \left( \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{2b^2 x^2} - \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{b^2 x^2} d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& -b^2 \left( \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{2b^2 x^2} - \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{(a - \sin(\arcsin(a+bx)))^2} d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) \\
& \downarrow 3805 \\
& -b^2 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{bx} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{1-a^2} + \frac{a \int -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{bx} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{1-a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-a^2)bx} + \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{2b^2 x^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& -b^2 \left( \frac{a \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{a - \sin(\arcsin(a+bx))} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{1-a^2} + \frac{\int \frac{\cos(\arcsin(a+bx))}{a - \sin(\arcsin(a+bx))} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{1-a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-a^2)bx} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3147 \\
& -b^2 \left( \frac{a \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{a - \sin(\arcsin(a+bx))} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{1-a^2} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{2a+bx} d(-a-bx)}{1-a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-a^2)bx} + \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{2b^2 x^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 16 \\
& -b^2 \left( \frac{a \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{a - \sin(\arcsin(a+bx))} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{1-a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-a^2)bx} - \frac{\log(2a+bx)}{1-a^2} + \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{2b^2 x^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3804
\end{aligned}$$

$$-b^2 \left( \frac{2a \int -\frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)}{-2e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} a - ie^{2i \arcsin(a+bx)} + i} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{1-a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-a^2)bx} - \frac{\log(2a+bx)}{1-a^2} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-b^2 \left( -\frac{2a \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)}{-2e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} a - ie^{2i \arcsin(a+bx)} + i} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{1-a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-a^2)bx} - \frac{\log(2a+bx)}{1-a^2} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2694

$$-b^2 \left( -\frac{2a \left( \frac{i \int -\frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)}{2(a+ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} - \sqrt{a^2-1})} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{a^2-1}} - \frac{i \int -\frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)}{2(a+ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} + \sqrt{a^2-1})} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right)}{1-a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-a^2)bx} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$-b^2 \left( -\frac{2a \left( \frac{i \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)}{a+ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} + \sqrt{a^2-1}} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} - \frac{i \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)}{a+ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} - \sqrt{a^2-1}} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right)}{1-a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-a^2)bx} \right)$$

↓ 2620

$$-b^2 \left( -\frac{2a \left( \frac{i \left( \int \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{a + \sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) - \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{a^2-1} + a} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} - \frac{i \left( \int \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{a - \sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) - \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{a^2-1} - a} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right)}{1-a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-a^2)bx} \right)$$

↓ 2715

$$-b^2 \left( -\frac{2a \left( \frac{i \left( -i \int e^{-i \arcsin(a+bx)} \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{a + \sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) de^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} - \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{a^2-1} + a} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} - \frac{i \left( -i \int e^{-i \arcsin(a+bx)} \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{a - \sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) de^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} - \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{a^2-1} - a} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right)}{1-a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-a^2)bx} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 2838$$

$$-b^2 \left( \frac{2a \left( \frac{i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) - \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{a^2-1+a}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right)}{1-a^2} - \frac{i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{a-\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) - \arcsin(a+bx)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right)$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/x^3,x]`

output `-(b^2*((Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x])/((1 - a^2)*b*x) + ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/(2*b^2*x^2) - Log[2*a + b*x]/(1 - a^2) - (2*a*((-1/2*I)*(-(ArcSin[a + b*x]*Log[1 + (I*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a - Sqrt[-1 + a^2])) + I*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a - Sqrt[-1 + a^2]))]/Sqrt[-1 + a^2] + ((I/2)*(-(ArcSin[a + b*x]*Log[1 + (I*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2])) + I*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2]))])/Sqrt[-1 + a^2]))/(1 - a^2))`

### 3.137.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2694 `Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_) * (F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int [(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^(e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3147 `Int[cos[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b^p*f) Subst[Int[(a + x)^m*(b^2 - x^2)^(p - 1)/2], x], x, b*Sin[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[(p - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3804 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(I*(e + f*x))/(I*b + 2*a*E^(I*(e + f*x))) - I*b*E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3805 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))), x] + (Simp[a/(a^2 - b^2) Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] - Simp[b*d*(m/(f*(a^2 - b^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 5242 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] -
Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n -
1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
&& NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5272 Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(c^(m + 1)*Sqrt[d]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(c*f + g*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && GtQ[d, 0] && (GtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[n, 0])
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.137.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 521, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result
derivativedivides	$b^2 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(bx+a) \left( -\arcsin(bx+a) + 2ia^2 - 4ia(bx+a) + a^2 \arcsin(bx+a) + 2a\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2} + 2i(bx+a)^2 - 2(bx+a)\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2} \right)}{2(a^2-1)b^2x^2} \right)$
default	$b^2 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(bx+a) \left( -\arcsin(bx+a) + 2ia^2 - 4ia(bx+a) + a^2 \arcsin(bx+a) + 2a\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2} + 2i(bx+a)^2 - 2(bx+a)\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2} \right)}{2(a^2-1)b^2x^2} \right)$

```
input int(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output b^2*(-1/2*arcsin(b*x+a)*(-arcsin(b*x+a)+2*I*a^2-4*I*a*(b*x+a)+a^2*arcsin(b
*x+a)+2*a*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+2*I*(b*x+a)^2-2*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))
/(a^2-1)/b^2/x^2-1/(a^2-1)*ln(I*(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))^2+2*a*(I*(
b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))-I)+2/(a^2-1)*ln(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))
+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)/(a^2-1)^2*a*arcsin(b*x+a)*ln((I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)-I*(b*x+a)
-(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)/(a^2-1)^2*a*arc
sin(b*x+a)*ln((I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)-I*(b*x+a)-(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a-(-a^
2+1)^(1/2)))-I*(-a^2+1)^(1/2)/(a^2-1)^2*dilog((I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)-I*(b*x+a)
)-(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))*a+I*(-a^2+1)^(1/2)/(a^2-1)^2*
dilog((I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2)-I*(b*x+a)-(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/
2)))*a)
```

### 3.137.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^2}{x^3} dx$$

```
input integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(arcsin(b*x + a)^2/x^3, x)
```

### 3.137.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\text{asin}^2(a + bx)}{x^3} dx$$

```
input integrate(asin(b*x+a)**2/x**3,x)
```

```
output Integral(asin(a + b*x)**2/x**3, x)
```



**3.137.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a-1>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**3.137.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arcsin(b*x + a)^2/x^3, x)`

**3.137.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\text{asin}(a + bx)^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)^2/x^3,x)`

output `int(asin(a + b*x)^2/x^3, x)`

### 3.138 $\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$

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3.138.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1198
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3.138.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1204

#### 3.138.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 371

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = & -\frac{14\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{9b^3} - \frac{6a^2\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{b^3} \\
 & + \frac{3a(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{4b^3} + \frac{2(1 - (a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{27b^3} \\
 & - \frac{3a \arcsin(a + bx)}{4b^3} - \frac{4(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)}{3b^3} \\
 & - \frac{6a^2(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^3} + \frac{3a(a + bx)^2 \arcsin(a + bx)}{2b^3} \\
 & - \frac{2(a + bx)^3 \arcsin(a + bx)}{9b^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{3b^3} \\
 & + \frac{3a^2\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{b^3} \\
 & - \frac{3a(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{2b^3} \\
 & + \frac{(a + bx)^2\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{3b^3} \\
 & + \frac{a \arcsin(a + bx)^3}{2b^3} + \frac{a^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^3}{3b^3} + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^3
 \end{aligned}$$

output  $\frac{2}{27}(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(3/2)}/b^3-3/4*a*\arcsin(b*x+a)/b^3-4/3*(b*x+a)*\arcsin(b*x+a)/b^3-6*a^2*(b*x+a)*\arcsin(b*x+a)/b^3+3/2*a*(b*x+a)^2*\arcsin(b*x+a)/b^3-2/9*(b*x+a)^3*\arcsin(b*x+a)/b^3+1/2*a*\arcsin(b*x+a)^3/b^3+1/3*a^3*\arcsin(b*x+a)^3/b^3+1/3*x^3*\arcsin(b*x+a)^3-14/9*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^3-6*a^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^3+3/4*a*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^3+2/3*\arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^3+3*a^2*\arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^3-3/2*a*(b*x+a)*\arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^3+1/3*(b*x+a)^2*\arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^3$

### 3.138.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}(160+575a^2-65abx+8b^2x^2)-3(170a^3+132a^2bx+a(75-30b^2x^2))+8bx(6$$

input `Integrate[x^2*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output  $(-\text{Sqrt}[1-a^2-2*a*b*x-b^2*x^2]*(160+575*a^2-65*a*b*x+8*b^2*x^2))-3*(170*a^3+132*a^2*b*x+a*(75-30*b^2*x^2))+8*b*x*(6+b^2*x^2))*\text{ArcSin}[a+b*x]+18*\text{Sqrt}[1-a^2-2*a*b*x-b^2*x^2]*(4+11*a^2-5*a*b*x+2*b^2*x^2)*\text{ArcSin}[a+b*x]^2+18*(3*a+2*a^3+2*b^3*x^3)*\text{ArcSin}[a+b*x]^3)/(108*b^3)$

### 3.138.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.583$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5242, 5272, 3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^3 d(a + bx)}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int b^2 x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^3 d(a + bx)}{b^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 5242 \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{b^3 x^3 \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{3} b^3 x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^3}{b^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 5272 \\
& \frac{\int -b^3 x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 d \arcsin(a + bx) + \frac{1}{3} b^3 x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^3}{b^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \arcsin(a + bx)^2 (a - \sin(\arcsin(a + bx)))^3 d \arcsin(a + bx) + \frac{1}{3} b^3 x^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^3}{b^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3798 \\
& \frac{\int (\arcsin(a + bx)^2 a^3 - 3(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)^2 a^2 + 3(a + bx)^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 a - (a + bx)^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2) d \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{3} a^3 \arcsin(a + bx)^3 - 6a^2(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx) + 3a^2 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 - 6a^2 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} + \frac{1}{3} a^3}{b^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `((-14*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/9 - 6*a^2*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2] + (3*a*(a + b*x)*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/4 + (2*(1 - (a + b*x)^2)^(3/2))/27 - (3*a*ArcSin[a + b*x])/4 - (4*(a + b*x)*ArcSin[a + b*x])/3 - 6*a^2*(a + b*x)*ArcSin[a + b*x] + (3*a*(a + b*x)^2*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2 - (2*(a + b*x)^3*ArcSin[a + b*x])/9 + (2*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/3 + 3*a^2*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 - (3*a*(a + b*x)*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/2 + ((a + b*x)^2*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/3 + (a*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3)/2 + (a^3*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3)/3 + (b^3*x^3*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3)/3)/b^3`

## 3.138.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3798 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`
- rule 5242 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5272 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(c^(m + 1)*Sqrt[d]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(c*f + g*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && GtQ[d, 0] && (GtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[n, 0])`
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.138.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^3(bx+a)^3}{3} + \frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^2((bx+a)^2+2)\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{3} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{3} - \frac{4\arcsin(bx+a)(bx+a)}{3} - \frac{2\arcsin(bx+a)(bx+a)}{9}$
default	$\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^3(bx+a)^3}{3} + \frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^2((bx+a)^2+2)\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{3} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{3} - \frac{4\arcsin(bx+a)(bx+a)}{3} - \frac{2\arcsin(bx+a)(bx+a)}{9}$

input `int(x^2*arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{b^3} \left( \frac{1}{3} \arcsin(bx+a)^3 (bx+a)^3 + \frac{1}{3} \arcsin(bx+a)^2 ((bx+a)^2+2) (1-(bx+a)^2)^{1/2} - \frac{4}{3} (1-(bx+a)^2)^{1/2} - \frac{4}{3} \arcsin(bx+a) (bx+a) - \frac{2}{9} \arcsin(bx+a)^3 (bx+a)^3 - \frac{2}{27} ((bx+a)^2+2) (1-(bx+a)^2)^{1/2} - \frac{1}{4} a^4 \arcsin(bx+a)^3 (bx+a)^2 + 6 \arcsin(bx+a)^2 (1-(bx+a)^2)^{1/2} (bx+a) - 2 \arcsin(bx+a)^3 - 6 \arcsin(bx+a) (bx+a)^2 - 3 (bx+a) (1-(bx+a)^2)^{1/2} + 3 \arcsin(bx+a) \right) + a^2 \left( \arcsin(bx+a)^3 (bx+a) + 3 \arcsin(bx+a)^2 (1-(bx+a)^2)^{1/2} - 6 (1-(bx+a)^2)^{1/2} - 6 \arcsin(bx+a) (bx+a) \right)$$

### 3.138.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = \frac{18(2b^3x^3 + 2a^3 + 3a) \arcsin(bx + a)^3 - 3(8b^3x^3 - 30ab^2x^2 + 170a^3 + 12(11a^2 + 4)bx + 75a) \arcsin(bx + a)^2 - 3(8b^3x^3 - 30ab^2x^2 + 170a^3 + 12(11a^2 + 4)bx + 75a) \arcsin(bx + a) - (8b^2x^2 - 65abx - 18(2b^2x^2 - 5abx + 11a^2 + 4) \arcsin(bx + a)^2 + 575a^2 + 160) \sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}}{b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{108} (18(2b^3x^3 + 2a^3 + 3a) \arcsin(bx + a)^3 - 3(8b^3x^3 - 30ab^2x^2 + 170a^3 + 12(11a^2 + 4)bx + 75a) \arcsin(bx + a) - (8b^2x^2 - 65abx - 18(2b^2x^2 - 5abx + 11a^2 + 4) \arcsin(bx + a)^2 + 575a^2 + 160) \sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}) / b^3$$

**3.138.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 432, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^3 \arcsin^3(a+bx)}{3b^3} - \frac{85a^3 \arcsin(a+bx)}{18b^3} - \frac{11a^2 x \arcsin(a+bx)}{3b^2} + \frac{11a^2 \sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1} \arcsin^2(a+bx)}{6b^3} - \frac{575a^2 \sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}}{108b^3} + \\ \frac{x^3 \arcsin^3(a)}{3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*asin(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*asin(a + b*x)**3/(3*b**3) - 85*a**3*asin(a + b*x)/(18*b**3) - 11*a**2*x*asin(a + b*x)/(3*b**2) + 11*a**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)**2/(6*b**3) - 575*a**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/(108*b**3) + 5*a*x**2*asin(a + b*x)/(6*b) - 5*a*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)**2/(6*b**2) + 65*a*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/(108*b**2) + a*asin(a + b*x)**3/(2*b**3) - 25*a*a*asin(a + b*x)/(12*b**3) + x**3*asin(a + b*x)**3/3 - 2*x**3*asin(a + b*x)/9 + x**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)**2/(3*b) - 2*x**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/(27*b) - 4*x*asin(a + b*x)/(3*b**2) + 2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)**2/(3*b**3) - 40*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/(27*b**3), Ne(b, 0)), (x**3*asin(a)**3/3, True))`

**3.138.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = \int x^2 \arcsin(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*x^3*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^3 + b*integrate(sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)*x^3*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1), x)`

**3.138.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = & \frac{(bx + a)a^2 \arcsin(bx + a)^3}{b^3} \\
& + \frac{((bx + a)^2 - 1)(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)^3}{3b^3} \\
& - \frac{((bx + a)^2 - 1)a \arcsin(bx + a)^3}{b^3} \\
& - \frac{3\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}(bx + a)a \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{2b^3} \\
& + \frac{3\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}a^2 \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{b^3} \\
& - \frac{6(bx + a)a^2 \arcsin(bx + a)}{b^3} + \frac{(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)^3}{3b^3} \\
& - \frac{a \arcsin(bx + a)^3}{2b^3} - \frac{(-(bx + a)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{3b^3} \\
& - \frac{2((bx + a)^2 - 1)(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)}{9b^3} \\
& + \frac{3((bx + a)^2 - 1)a \arcsin(bx + a)}{2b^3} \\
& + \frac{3\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}(bx + a)a}{4b^3} - \frac{6\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}a^2}{b^3} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1} \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{b^3} \\
& - \frac{14(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)}{9b^3} + \frac{3a \arcsin(bx + a)}{4b^3} \\
& + \frac{2(-(bx + a)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{27b^3} - \frac{14\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}}{9b^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`



output  $(b*x + a)*a^2*\arcsin(b*x + a)^3/b^3 + 1/3*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*(b*x + a)*\arcsin(b*x + a)^3/b^3 - ((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*a*\arcsin(b*x + a)^3/b^3 - 3/2*\sqrt{-(b*x + a)^2 + 1}*(b*x + a)*a*\arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^3 + 3*\sqrt{-(b*x + a)^2 + 1}*a^2*\arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^3 - 6*(b*x + a)*a^2*\arcsin(b*x + a)/b^3 + 1/3*(b*x + a)*\arcsin(b*x + a)^3/b^3 - 1/2*a*\arcsin(b*x + a)^3/b^3 - 1/3*(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*\arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^3 - 2/9*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*(b*x + a)*\arcsin(b*x + a)/b^3 + 3/2*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*a*\arcsin(b*x + a)/b^3 + 3/4*\sqrt{-(b*x + a)^2 + 1}*(b*x + a)*a/b^3 - 6*\sqrt{-(b*x + a)^2 + 1}*a^2/b^3 + \sqrt{-(b*x + a)^2 + 1}*\arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^3 - 14/9*(b*x + a)*\arcsin(b*x + a)/b^3 + 3/4*a*\arcsin(b*x + a)/b^3 + 2/27*(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}/b^3 - 14/9*\sqrt{-(b*x + a)^2 + 1}/b^3$

### 3.138.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = \int x^2 \operatorname{asin}(a + bx)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^2*asin(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x^2*asin(a + b*x)^3, x)`

### 3.139 $\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$

3.139.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1205
3.139.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1206
3.139.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	1206
3.139.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1208
3.139.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1209
3.139.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1209
3.139.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1210
3.139.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1210
3.139.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1211

#### 3.139.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = \frac{6a\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{b^2} - \frac{3(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{8b^2} + \frac{3 \arcsin(a + bx)}{8b^2} + \frac{6a(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)}{b^2} - \frac{3(a + bx)^2 \arcsin(a + bx)}{4b^2} - \frac{3a\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{b^2} + \frac{3(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{4b^2} - \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{4b^2} - \frac{a^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^3}{2b^2} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^3$$

output `3/8*arcsin(b*x+a)/b^2+6*a*(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)/b^2-3/4*(b*x+a)^2*arcsin(b*x+a)/b^2-1/4*arcsin(b*x+a)^3/b^2-1/2*a^2*arcsin(b*x+a)^3/b^2+1/2*x^2*arcsin(b*x+a)^3+6*a*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^2-3/8*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^2-3*a*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^2+3/4*(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^2`

**3.139.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(15a - bx)\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} + (3 + 42a^2 + 36abx - 6b^2x^2) \arcsin(a + bx) - 6(3a - bx)\sqrt{1 - a^2 - b^2x^2}}{8b^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3,x]`output `(3*(15*a - b*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2] + (3 + 42*a^2 + 36*a*b*x - 6*b^2*x^2)*ArcSin[a + b*x] - 6*(3*a - b*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 + (-2 - 4*a^2 + 4*b^2*x^2)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3)/(8*b^2)`**3.139.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5242, 5272, 3042, 3798, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^3 d(a + bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$- \frac{\int -x \arcsin(a + bx)^3 d(a + bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$- \frac{\int -bx \arcsin(a + bx)^3 d(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5242}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{b^2 x^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) - \frac{1}{2} b^2 x^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^3}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5272} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3}{2} \int b^2 x^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2 d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{1}{2} b^2 x^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^3}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3}{2} \int \arcsin(a+bx)^2 (a - \sin(\arcsin(a+bx)))^2 d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{1}{2} b^2 x^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^3}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3798} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3}{2} \int (a^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2 + (a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2 - 2a(a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)^2) d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{1}{2} b^2 x^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^3}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} a^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^3 + \frac{1}{6} \arcsin(a+bx)^3 + 2a \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2 - \frac{1}{2} (a+bx) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx) \right)}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `-((-1/2*(b^2*x^2*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3) + (3*((-a - b*x)/4 - 4*a*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2] + ((a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/4 - 4*a*(a + b*x)*ArcSin[a + b*x] + ((a + b*x)^2*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2 + 2*a*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 - ((a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/2 + ArcSin[a + b*x]^3/6 + (a^2*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3)/3))/2)/b^2`

**3.139.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3798 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && (EqQ[n, 1] || IGtQ[m, 0] || NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0])`

rule 5242 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5272 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(c^(m + 1)*Sqrt[d]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(c*f + g*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && GtQ[d, 0] && (GtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[n, 0])`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.139.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{(-1+(bx+a)^2) \arcsin(bx+a)^3}{2} + \frac{3 \arcsin(bx+a)^2 \left( (bx+a)\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2} + \arcsin(bx+a) \right)}{4} - \frac{3(-1+(bx+a)^2) \arcsin(bx+a)}{4} - \frac{3(bx+a)\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{4}$
default	$\frac{(-1+(bx+a)^2) \arcsin(bx+a)^3}{2} + \frac{3 \arcsin(bx+a)^2 \left( (bx+a)\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2} + \arcsin(bx+a) \right)}{4} - \frac{3(-1+(bx+a)^2) \arcsin(bx+a)}{4} - \frac{3(bx+a)\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{4}$

input `int(x*arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/b^2*(1/2*(-1+(b*x+a)^2)*\arcsin(b*x+a)^3+3/4*\arcsin(b*x+a)^2*((b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}+\arcsin(b*x+a))-3/4*(-1+(b*x+a)^2)*\arcsin(b*x+a)-3/8*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}-3/8*\arcsin(b*x+a)-1/2*\arcsin(b*x+a)^3-a*(\arcsin(b*x+a))^3*(b*x+a)+3*\arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}-6*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}-6*\arcsin(b*x+a)*(b*x+a))$

### 3.139.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(2b^2x^2 - 2a^2 - 1) \arcsin(bx + a)^3 - 3(2b^2x^2 - 12abx - 14a^2 - 1) \arcsin(bx + a) + 3\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2}}{8b^2}$$

input `integrate(x*arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/8*(2*(2*b^2*x^2 - 2*a^2 - 1)*\arcsin(b*x + a)^3 - 3*(2*b^2*x^2 - 12*a*b*x - 14*a^2 - 1)*\arcsin(b*x + a) + 3*\sqrt{-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2}*(2*(b*x - 3*a)*\arcsin(b*x + a)^2 - b*x + 15*a))/b^2$

### 3.139.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2 \operatorname{asin}^3(a+bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{21a^2 \operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{9ax \operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}{2b} - \frac{9a\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1} \operatorname{asin}^2(a+bx)}{4b^2} + \frac{45a\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}}{8b^2} + \frac{x^2 \operatorname{asin}^3(a)}{2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*asin(b*x+a)**3,x)`

```
output Piecewise((-a**2*asin(a + b*x)**3/(2*b**2) + 21*a**2*asin(a + b*x)/(4*b**2)
) + 9*a*x*asin(a + b*x)/(2*b) - 9*a*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*
asin(a + b*x)**2/(4*b**2) + 45*a*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/(8*
b**2) + x**2*asin(a + b*x)**3/2 - 3*x**2*asin(a + b*x)/4 + 3*x*sqrt(-a**2
- 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)**2/(4*b) - 3*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b
*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/(8*b) - asin(a + b*x)**3/(4*b**2) + 3*asin(a + b*x)/(8
*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2*asin(a)**3/2, True))
```

### 3.139.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = \int x \arcsin(bx + a)^3 dx$$

```
input integrate(x*arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/2*x^2*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^3 + 3*b*int
egrate(1/2*sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)*x^2*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(
b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1), x)
```

### 3.139.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\begin{aligned} \int x \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = & -\frac{(bx + a)a \arcsin(bx + a)^3}{b^2} + \frac{((bx + a)^2 - 1) \arcsin(bx + a)^3}{2b^2} \\ & + \frac{3\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{4b^2} \\ & - \frac{3\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}a \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{b^2} \\ & + \frac{6(bx + a)a \arcsin(bx + a)}{b^2} + \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^3}{4b^2} \\ & - \frac{3((bx + a)^2 - 1) \arcsin(bx + a)}{4b^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}(bx + a)}{8b^2} \\ & + \frac{6\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}a}{b^2} - \frac{3 \arcsin(bx + a)}{8b^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(b*x + a)*a*arcsin(b*x + a)^3/b^2 + 1/2*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)^3/b^2 + 3/4*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^2 - 3*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*a*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b^2 + 6*(b*x + a)*a*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^2 + 1/4*arcsin(b*x + a)^3/b^2 - 3/4*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^2 - 3/8*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)/b^2 + 6*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*a/b^2 - 3/8*arcsin(b*x + a)/b^2`

### 3.139.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = \int x \operatorname{asin}(a + bx)^3 dx$$

input `int(x*asin(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x*asin(a + b*x)^3, x)`



### 3.140 $\int \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$

3.140.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1212
3.140.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1212
3.140.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1213
3.140.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1214
3.140.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1215
3.140.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1215
3.140.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1216
3.140.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1216
3.140.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1216

#### 3.140.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = -\frac{6\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{b} - \frac{6(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{3\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{b} + \frac{(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)^3}{b}$$

```
output -6*(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)/b+(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)^3/b-6*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b+3*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b
```

#### 3.140.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = \frac{-6\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} - 6(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx) + 3\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 + (a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)^3}{b}$$

```
input Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]^3,x]
```

```
output (-6*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2] - 6*(a + b*x)*ArcSin[a + b*x] + 3*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 + (a + b*x)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3)/b
```

**3.140.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$ , Rules used = {5302, 5130, 5182, 5130, 241}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 & \frac{\int \arcsin(a + bx)^3 d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5130} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)^3 - 3 \int \frac{(a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5182} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)^3 - 3 \left( 2 \int \arcsin(a + bx) d(a + bx) - \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5130} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)^3 - 3 \left( 2 \left( (a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx) - \int \frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx) \right) - \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{241} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)^3 - 3 \left( 2 \left( (a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx) + \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 \right)}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `((a + b*x)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3 - 3*(-(Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2) + 2*(Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2] + (a + b*x)*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/b`

## 3.140.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 241 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5130 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5182 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

## 3.140.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^3(bx+a)+3\arcsin(bx+a)^2\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}-6\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}-6\arcsin(bx+a)(bx+a)}{b}$	71
default	$\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^3(bx+a)+3\arcsin(bx+a)^2\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}-6\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}-6\arcsin(bx+a)(bx+a)}{b}$	71

input `int(arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b*(arcsin(b*x+a)^3*(b*x+a)+3*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-6*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-6*arcsin(b*x+a)*(b*x+a))`

**3.140.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)^3 - 6(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a) + 3\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}(\arcsin(bx + a)^2 - 2)}{b}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^3 - 6*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a) + 3*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(arcsin(b*x + a)^2 - 2))/b`**3.140.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a \operatorname{asin}^3(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{6a \operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}{b} + x \operatorname{asin}^3(a + bx) - 6x \operatorname{asin}(a + bx) + \frac{3\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1} \operatorname{asin}^2(a+bx)}{b} - \frac{6\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}}{b} \\ x \operatorname{asin}^3(a) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)**3,x)`output `Piecewise((a*asin(a + b*x)**3/b - 6*a*asin(a + b*x)/b + x*asin(a + b*x)**3 - 6*x*asin(a + b*x) + 3*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)**2/b - 6*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/b, Ne(b, 0)), (x*asin(a)**3, True))`

**3.140.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = \int \arcsin(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^3 + 3*b*integrate(sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)*x*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1), x)`

**3.140.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = \frac{(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)^3}{b} + \frac{3 \sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1} \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{b} - \frac{6 (bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)}{b} - \frac{6 \sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}}{b}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^3/b + 3*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b - 6*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)/b - 6*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)/b`

**3.140.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = \frac{(3 \operatorname{asin}(a + bx)^2 - 6) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{b} - \frac{(6 \operatorname{asin}(a + bx) - \operatorname{asin}(a + bx)^3) (a + bx)}{b}$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `((3*asin(a + b*x)^2 - 6)*(1 - (a + b*x)^2)^(1/2))/b - ((6*asin(a + b*x) -  
asin(a + b*x)^3)*(a + b*x))/b`

### 3.141 $\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{x} dx$

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#### 3.141.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 365

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{x} dx = & -\frac{1}{4}i \arcsin(a+bx)^4 + \arcsin(a+bx)^3 \log\left(1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}}\right) \\ & + \arcsin(a+bx)^3 \log\left(1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}}\right) \\ & - 3i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}}\right) \\ & - 3i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}}\right) \\ & + 6 \arcsin(a+bx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}}\right) \\ & + 6 \arcsin(a+bx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}}\right) \\ & + 6i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}}\right) + 6i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}}\right) \end{aligned}$$

```
output -1/4*I*arcsin(b*x+a)^4+arcsin(b*x+a)^3*ln(1-(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))
)/(I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2))+arcsin(b*x+a)^3*ln(1-(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2))-3*I*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*polylog(2,(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)
a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2))-3*I*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*polylog(2,(I*(b*x+a)
)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2))+6*arcsin(b*x+a)*polylog(3,(I*
(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2))+6*arcsin(b*x+a)*polylog
(3,(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2))+6*I*polylog(4,(I*
(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a-(-a^2+1)^(1/2))+6*I*polylog(4,(I*(b*x+a)
)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(I*a+(-a^2+1)^(1/2)))
```

### 3.141.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 424, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{4}i \arcsin(a+bx)^4 + \arcsin(a+bx)^3 \log \left( 1 + \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\left(-\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2}}{b}\right)b} \right) \\ + \arcsin(a+bx)^3 \log \left( 1 + \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\left(-\frac{ia}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2}}{b}\right)b} \right) \\ - 3i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \text{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\left(-\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2}}{b}\right)b} \right) \\ - 3i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \text{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\left(-\frac{ia}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2}}{b}\right)b} \right) \\ + 6 \arcsin(a+bx) \text{PolyLog} \left( 3, -\frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\left(-\frac{ia}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2}}{b}\right)b} \right) \\ + 6 \arcsin(a+bx) \text{PolyLog} \left( 3, -\frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\left(-\frac{ia}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2}}{b}\right)b} \right) \\ + 6i \text{PolyLog} \left( 4, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) + 6i \text{PolyLog} \left( 4, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right)$$

```
input Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]^3/x,x]
```



output  $(-1/4*I)*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]^4 + \text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]^3*\text{Log}[1 + E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x])}]/((( (-I)*a)/b - \text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2]/b)*b)] + \text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]^3*\text{Log}[1 + E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x])}]/((( (-I)*a)/b + \text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2]/b)*b)] - (3*I)*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]^2*\text{PolyLog}[2, -(E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x])}]/((( (-I)*a)/b - \text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2]/b)*b))] - (3*I)*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]^2*\text{PolyLog}[2, -(E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x])}]/((( (-I)*a)/b + \text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2]/b)*b))] + 6*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]*\text{PolyLog}[3, -(E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x])}]/((( (-I)*a)/b - \text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2]/b)*b))] + 6*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]*\text{PolyLog}[3, -(E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x])}]/((( (-I)*a)/b + \text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2]/b)*b))] + (6*I)*\text{PolyLog}[4, E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x])}/(I*a - \text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2])] + (6*I)*\text{PolyLog}[4, E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x])}/(I*a + \text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2])]$

### 3.141.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 397, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5240, 5032, 2620, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\ & \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{x} d(a + bx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & - \int - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{x} d(a + bx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & - \int - \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{bx} d(a + bx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5240} \\ & - \int - \frac{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3}{bx} d \arcsin(a + bx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5032} \end{aligned}$$

$$-i \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)^3}{ia - e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} - \sqrt{1-a^2}} d \arcsin(a+bx) - i \int \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)^3}{ia - e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)} + \sqrt{1-a^2}} d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{1}{4} i \arcsin(a+bx)^4$$

↓ 2620

$$-i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^3 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{-\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - 3i \int \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) + i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^3 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - 3i \int \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) - \frac{1}{4} i \arcsin(a+bx)^4$$

↓ 3011

$$-i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^3 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{-\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - 3i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \text{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) - 2i \int \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) \right) + i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^3 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - 3i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \text{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) - 2i \int \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) \right) - \frac{1}{4} i \arcsin(a+bx)^4$$

↓ 7163

$$-i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^3 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{-\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - 3i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \text{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) - 2i \left( i \int \text{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) \right) \right) + i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^3 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - 3i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \text{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) - 2i \left( i \int \text{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{1}{4} i \arcsin(a+bx)^4$$

↓ 2720

$$-i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^3 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{-\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - 3i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \text{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) - 2i \left( \int e^{-i \arcsin(a+bx)} \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia - \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) \right) \right) + i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^3 \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2} + ia} \right) - 3i \left( i \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \text{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) - 2i \left( \int e^{-i \arcsin(a+bx)} \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{ia + \sqrt{1-a^2}} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{1}{4} i \arcsin(a+bx)^4$$

↓ 7143



```
rule 2720 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
  Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Funct
  ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ
  [{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))
  *(F_) [v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]
```

```
rule 3011 Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)
  *(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(- (f + g*x)^m)*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
  b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
  m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
  , f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5032 Int[(Cos[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*Sin[
  (c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)*((e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1
  ))), x] + (Simp[I Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)))/(I*a - Rt[-a^2 + b^2,
  2] + b*E^(I*(c + d*x)))]), x], x] + Simp[I Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(I*(c + d*x)
  ))/(I*a + Rt[-a^2 + b^2, 2] + b*E^(I*(c + d*x)))]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c
  , d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NegQ[a^2 - b^2]
```

```
rule 5240 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
  := Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(Cos[x]/(c*d + e*SIN[x])), x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
  _.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
  rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
  ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
  , e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

```
rule 7163 Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)
  *(x_))))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a
  + b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)
  ^ (m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c
  , d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

**3.141.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin (bx + a)^3}{x} dx$$

input `int(arcsin(b*x+a)^3/x,x)`output `int(arcsin(b*x+a)^3/x,x)`**3.141.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin (bx + a)^3}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(arcsin(b*x + a)^3/x, x)`**3.141.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}^3(a + bx)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)**3/x,x)`output `Integral(asin(a + b*x)**3/x, x)`

**3.141.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^3}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arcsin(b*x + a)^3/x, x)`

**3.141.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^3}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arcsin(b*x + a)^3/x, x)`

**3.141.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)^3}{x} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)^3/x,x)`

output `int(asin(a + b*x)^3/x, x)`

### 3.142 $\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{x^2} dx$

3.142.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1226
3.142.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1227
3.142.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1227
3.142.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	1231
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3.142.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1232
3.142.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1233

#### 3.142.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 316

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{x} + \frac{3ib \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{ie^i \arcsin(a+bx)}{a-\sqrt{-1+a^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-1+a^2}} - \frac{3ib \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{ie^i \arcsin(a+bx)}{a+\sqrt{-1+a^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-1+a^2}} + \frac{6b \arcsin(a+bx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ie^i \arcsin(a+bx)}{a-\sqrt{-1+a^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-1+a^2}} - \frac{6b \arcsin(a+bx) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ie^i \arcsin(a+bx)}{a+\sqrt{-1+a^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-1+a^2}} + \frac{6ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{ie^i \arcsin(a+bx)}{a-\sqrt{-1+a^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-1+a^2}} - \frac{6ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{ie^i \arcsin(a+bx)}{a+\sqrt{-1+a^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-1+a^2}}$$

```
output -arcsin(b*x+a)^3/x+3*I*b*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*ln(1+I*(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(a-(a^2-1)^(1/2)))/(a^2-1)^(1/2)-3*I*b*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*ln(1+I*(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(a+(a^2-1)^(1/2)))/(a^2-1)^(1/2)+6*b*arcsin(b*x+a)*polylog(2,-I*(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(a-(a^2-1)^(1/2)))/(a^2-1)^(1/2)-6*b*arcsin(b*x+a)*polylog(2,-I*(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(a+(a^2-1)^(1/2)))/(a^2-1)^(1/2)+6*I*b*polylog(3,-I*(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(a-(a^2-1)^(1/2)))/(a^2-1)^(1/2)-6*I*b*polylog(3,-I*(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(a+(a^2-1)^(1/2)))/(a^2-1)^(1/2)
```

### 3.142.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1+a^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^3 - 3ibx \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \log\left(\frac{a-\sqrt{-1+a^2}+ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{a-\sqrt{-1+a^2}}\right) + 3ibx \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \log\left(\frac{a+\sqrt{-1+a^2}+ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{a+\sqrt{-1+a^2}}\right)}{x^2}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]^3/x^2,x]`

output `-((Sqrt[-1 + a^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3 - (3*I)*b*x*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2*Log[(a - Sqrt[-1 + a^2] + I*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a - Sqrt[-1 + a^2])] + (3*I)*b*x*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2*Log[(a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2] + I*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2])]) - 6*b*x*ArcSin[a + b*x]*PolyLog[2, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(-a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2])] + 6*b*x*ArcSin[a + b*x]*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2])] - (6*I)*b*x*PolyLog[3, (I*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(-a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2])] + (6*I)*b*x*PolyLog[3, ((-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2])])/(Sqrt[-1 + a^2]*x))`

### 3.142.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.083$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5242, 5272, 3042, 3804, 25, 2694, 27, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\ & \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{x^2} d(a+bx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & b \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{b^2 x^2} d(a+bx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5242} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& b \left( -3 \int -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{bx\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{bx} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 5272 \\
& b \left( -3 \int -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{bx} d\arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{bx} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b \left( -3 \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{a - \sin(\arcsin(a+bx))} d\arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{bx} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3804 \\
& b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{bx} - 6 \int -\frac{e^{i\arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{-2e^{i\arcsin(a+bx)}a - ie^{2i\arcsin(a+bx)} + i} d\arcsin(a+bx) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{bx} + 6 \int \frac{e^{i\arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{-2e^{i\arcsin(a+bx)}a - ie^{2i\arcsin(a+bx)} + i} d\arcsin(a+bx) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2694 \\
& b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{bx} + 6 \left( \frac{i \int -\frac{e^{i\arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{2(a+ie^{i\arcsin(a+bx)}-\sqrt{a^2-1})} d\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{a^2-1}} - \frac{i \int -\frac{e^{i\arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{2(a+ie^{i\arcsin(a+bx)}+\sqrt{a^2-1})} d\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{bx} + 6 \left( \frac{i \int \frac{e^{i\arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{a+ie^{i\arcsin(a+bx)}+\sqrt{a^2-1}} d\arcsin(a+bx)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} - \frac{i \int \frac{e^{i\arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{a+ie^{i\arcsin(a+bx)}-\sqrt{a^2-1}} d\arcsin(a+bx)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2620 \\
& b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{bx} + 6 \left( \frac{i \left( 2 \int \arcsin(a+bx) \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^{i\arcsin(a+bx)}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) d\arcsin(a+bx) - \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \log \left( 1 + \frac{ie^{i\arcsin(a+bx)}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3011 \\
& b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{bx} + 6 \left( \frac{i \left( 2 \left( i \arcsin(a+bx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ie^{i\arcsin(a+bx)}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) \right) - i \int \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ie^{i\arcsin(a+bx)}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) d\arcsin(a+bx) \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 2720

$$b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{bx} + 6 \left( \frac{i \left( 2 \left( i \arcsin(a+bx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) - \int e^{-i \arcsin(a+bx)} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) \right.$$

↓ 7143

$$b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{bx} + 6 \left( \frac{i \left( 2 \left( i \arcsin(a+bx) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) - \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 3, -\frac{ie^{i \arcsin(a+bx)}}{a+\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right) \right) \right) - \arcsin(a+bx)}{2\sqrt{a^2-1}} \right)$$

```
input Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]^3/x^2,x]
```

```
output b*(-(ArcSin[a + b*x]^3/(b*x)) + 6*(((1/2*I)*(-(ArcSin[a + b*x]^2*Log[1 + (I*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a - Sqrt[-1 + a^2]))] + 2*(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a - Sqrt[-1 + a^2])] - PolyLog[3, ((-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a - Sqrt[-1 + a^2])])))/Sqrt[-1 + a^2] + ((I/2)*(-(ArcSin[a + b*x]^2*Log[1 + (I*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2])]) + 2*(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2])] - PolyLog[3, ((-I)*E^(I*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/(a + Sqrt[-1 + a^2])])))/Sqrt[-1 + a^2]))
```

**3.142.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 2620 Int[(((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 2694 `Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_)*  
*(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[2*(c/q) Int  
[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Simp[2*(c/q) Int[(f + g*x)  
^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[  
v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]  
Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; Funct  
ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ  
[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))  
*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^(c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)*  
(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +  
b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(  
m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e  
, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear  
Q[u, x]`

rule 3804 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Sy  
mbol] := Simp[2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(I*(e + f*x)))/(I*b + 2*a*E^(I*(e + f*x  
) - I*b*E^(2*I*(e + f*x))))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ  
[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5242 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_S  
ymbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 1))), x] -  
Simp[b*c*(n/(e*(m + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n -  
1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]  
&& NeQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 5272 Int[(((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_)]/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(c^(m + 1)*Sqrt[d]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*(c*f + g*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && GtQ[d, 0] && (GtQ[m, 0] || IGtQ[n, 0])
```

```
rule 5304 Int[(((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(p_)]/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

### 3.142.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^3}{x^2} dx$$

```
input int(arcsin(b*x+a)^3/x^2,x)
```

```
output int(arcsin(b*x+a)^3/x^2,x)
```

### 3.142.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^3}{x^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(arcsin(b*x + a)^3/x^2, x)
```

**3.142.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin^3(a + bx)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)**3/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(asin(a + b*x)**3/x**2, x)`

**3.142.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a-1>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**3.142.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arcsin(b*x + a)^3/x^2, x)`

**3.142.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)^3/x^2,x)`output `int(asin(a + b*x)^3/x^2, x)`

### 3.143 $\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$

3.143.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1234
3.143.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1234
3.143.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1235
3.143.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1236
3.143.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1237
3.143.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1237
3.143.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1237
3.143.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1238
3.143.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1238

#### 3.143.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a + bx))}{4b^3} + \frac{a^2 \text{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a + bx))}{b^3} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(3 \arcsin(a + bx))}{4b^3} - \frac{a \text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a + bx))}{b^3}$$

output  $1/4*\text{Ci}(\arcsin(b*x+a))/b^3+a^2*\text{Ci}(\arcsin(b*x+a))/b^3-1/4*\text{Ci}(3*\arcsin(b*x+a))/b^3-a*\text{Si}(2*\arcsin(b*x+a))/b^3$

#### 3.143.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \frac{-((1 + 4a^2) \text{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a + bx))) + \text{CosIntegral}(3 \arcsin(a + bx)) + 4a \text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a + bx))}{4b^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output  $-1/4*(-((1 + 4*a^2)*\text{CosIntegral}[\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]])) + \text{CosIntegral}[3*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]] + 4*a*\text{SinIntegral}[2*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]]/b^3$

**3.143.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5246, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2 x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5246} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b^2 x^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & \frac{\int \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} a^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{2(a+bx)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} a}{\arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{(a+bx)^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \operatorname{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a+bx)) + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a+bx)) - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{CosIntegral}(3 \arcsin(a+bx)) - a \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{b^3}$$

input `Int[x^2/ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output `(CosIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]]/4 + a^2*CosIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]] - CosIntegral[3*ArcSin[a + b*x]]/4 - a*SinIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/b^3`



## 3.143.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5246 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Cos[x]*(c*d + e*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]`

## 3.143.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{4} - \frac{\text{Ci}(3\arcsin(bx+a))}{4} - a \frac{\text{Si}(2\arcsin(bx+a))+a^2 \text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{b^3}}$	49
default	$\frac{\frac{\text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{4} - \frac{\text{Ci}(3\arcsin(bx+a))}{4} - a \frac{\text{Si}(2\arcsin(bx+a))+a^2 \text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{b^3}}$	49

input `int(x^2/arcsin(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b^3*(1/4*Ci(arcsin(b*x+a))-1/4*Ci(3*arcsin(b*x+a))-a*Si(2*arcsin(b*x+a))+a^2*Ci(arcsin(b*x+a)))`

**3.143.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^2/arcsin(b*x + a), x)`

**3.143.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\asin(a + bx)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/asin(b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/asin(a + b*x), x)`

**3.143.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/arcsin(b*x + a), x)`

**3.143.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \frac{a^2 \operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{b^3} - \frac{a \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(bx+a))}{b^3} - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(3 \arcsin(bx+a))}{4b^3} + \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{4b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `a^2*cos_integral(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 - a*sin_integral(2*arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 - 1/4*cos_integral(3*arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 + 1/4*cos_integral(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3`**3.143.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{asin}(a+bx)} dx$$

input `int(x^2/asin(a + b*x),x)`output `int(x^2/asin(a + b*x), x)`

### 3.144 $\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$

3.144.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1239
3.144.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1239
3.144.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1240
3.144.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1241
3.144.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1242
3.144.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1242
3.144.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1242
3.144.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1243
3.144.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1243

#### 3.144.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx = -\frac{a \operatorname{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a+bx))}{b^2} + \frac{\operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{2b^2}$$

output `-a*Ci(arcsin(b*x+a))/b^2+1/2*Si(2*arcsin(b*x+a))/b^2`

#### 3.144.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx = -\frac{a \operatorname{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a+bx))}{b^2} + \frac{\operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{2b^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output `-((a*CosIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]])/b^2) + SinIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]]/(2*b^2)`

**3.144.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5246, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d(a+bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d(a+bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{bx}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d(a+bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5246} \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{bx\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d\arcsin(a+bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & -\frac{\int \left( \frac{a\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{(a+bx)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right) d\arcsin(a+bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{a \operatorname{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a+bx)) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output `-((a*CosIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]] - SinIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/2)/b^2`

## 3.144.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5246 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Cos[x]*(c*d + e*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`
- rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]`

## 3.144.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) - a \text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{b^2}$	27
default	$\frac{\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) - a \text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{b^2}$	27

input `int(x/arcsin(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b^2*(1/2*Si(2*arcsin(b*x+a))-a*Ci(arcsin(b*x+a)))`

**3.144.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arcsin(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x/arcsin(b*x + a), x)`

**3.144.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/asin(b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral(x/asin(a + b*x), x)`

**3.144.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arcsin(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/arcsin(b*x + a), x)`

**3.144.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{a \operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(bx + a))}{b^2} + \frac{\operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(bx + a))}{2b^2}$$

input `integrate(x/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-a*cos_integral(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^2 + 1/2*sin_integral(2*arcsin(b*x + a))  
/b^2`**3.144.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)} dx$$

input `int(x/asin(a + b*x),x)`output `int(x/asin(a + b*x), x)`



### 3.145 $\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$

3.145.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1244
3.145.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1244
3.145.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1245
3.145.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1246
3.145.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1246
3.145.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1247
3.145.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1247
3.145.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1247
3.145.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1248

#### 3.145.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 11

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a+bx))}{b}$$

output `Ci(arcsin(b*x+a))/b`

#### 3.145.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a+bx))}{b}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]^(-1),x]`

output `CosIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]]/b`

**3.145.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5302, 5134, 3042, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 \int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d(a+bx) \\
 \downarrow \text{5134} \\
 \int \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \int \frac{\sin(\arcsin(a+bx) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
 \downarrow \text{3783} \\
 \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a+bx))}{b}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]^(-1),x]`

output `CosIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]]/b`

**3.145.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 5134 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

### 3.145.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{b}$	12
default	$\frac{\text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{b}$	12

input `int(1/arcsin(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `Ci(arcsin(b*x+a))/b`

### 3.145.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arcsin(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/arcsin(b*x + a), x)`

**3.145.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/asin(b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral(1/asin(a + b*x), x)`

**3.145.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{arcsin}(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/arcsin(b*x + a), x)`

**3.145.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(\operatorname{arcsin}(bx + a))}{b}$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `cos_integral(arcsin(b*x + a))/b`

**3.145.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)} dx$$

input `int(1/asin(a + b*x),x)`output `int(1/asin(a + b*x), x)`

### 3.146 $\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a+bx)} dx$

3.146.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1249
3.146.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . .	1249
3.146.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . .	1250
3.146.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . .	1251
3.146.5 Fricas [N/A] . . . . .	1251
3.146.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . .	1252
3.146.7 Maxima [N/A] . . . . .	1252
3.146.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	1252
3.146.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	1253

#### 3.146.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a), x)`

#### 3.146.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*ArcSin[a + b*x]), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*ArcSin[a + b*x]), x]`

**3.146.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5300}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{1}{x \arcsin(a+bx)} d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \int \frac{\frac{1}{x \arcsin(a+bx)} d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \int - \frac{1}{bx \arcsin(a + bx)} d(a + bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5300} \\
 & - \int - \frac{1}{bx \arcsin(a + bx)} d(a + bx)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*ArcSin[a + b*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.146.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 5300 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*(u_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrateable[u*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

**3.146.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 6.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(bx + a)} dx$$

input `int(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a),x)`

output `int(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a),x)`

**3.146.5 Fracas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(x*arcsin(b*x + a)), x)`



**3.146.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \operatorname{asin}(a + bx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/asin(b*x+a),x)`output `Integral(1/(x*asin(a + b*x)), x)`**3.146.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/(x*arcsin(b*x + a)), x)`**3.146.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(x*arcsin(b*x + a)), x)`

**3.146.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \operatorname{asin}(a + bx)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*asin(a + b*x)),x)`output `int(1/(x*asin(a + b*x)), x)`

### 3.147 $\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$

3.147.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1254
3.147.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1254
3.147.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1255
3.147.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1256
3.147.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1257
3.147.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1257
3.147.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1257
3.147.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1258
3.147.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1258

#### 3.147.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{b \arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{2a \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{b^3} - \frac{(1+4a^2) \operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(a+bx))}{4b^3} + \frac{3\operatorname{Si}(3 \arcsin(a+bx))}{4b^3}$$

```
output -2*a*Ci(2*arcsin(b*x+a))/b^3-1/4*(4*a^2+1)*Si(arcsin(b*x+a))/b^3+3/4*Si(3*arcsin(b*x+a))/b^3-x^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b/arcsin(b*x+a)
```

#### 3.147.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{4b^2 x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} + 8a \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) + (1+4a^2) \operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(a+bx)) - 3\operatorname{Si}(3 \arcsin(a+bx))}{4b^3}$$

```
input Integrate[x^2/ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]
```

```
output -1/4*((4*b^2*x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2])/ArcSin[a + b*x] + 8*a*CosIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]] + (1 + 4*a^2)*SinIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]] - 3*SinIntegral[3*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/b^3
```

**3.147.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5244, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx \\
 \downarrow 5304 \\
 \int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx) \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \int \frac{b^2 x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx) \\
 \downarrow 5244 \\
 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} - \frac{2(a+bx)a}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} + \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} \right) d(a+bx) \\
 \downarrow 2009
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{a^2(-\text{Si}(\arcsin(a+bx))) - \frac{a^2\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} - 2a \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) - \frac{1}{4}\text{Si}(\arcsin(a+bx)) + \frac{3}{4}\text{Si}(3 \arcsin(a+bx))}{b^3}$$

input `Int[x^2/ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((-(a^2*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/ArcSin[a + b*x]) + (2*a*(a + b*x)*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/ArcSin[a + b*x] - ((a + b*x)^2*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/ArcSin[a + b*x] - 2*a*cosIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]] - SinIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]]/4 - a^2*SinIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]] + (3*SinIntegral[3*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/4)/b^3`

3.147.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5244 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.147.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{4 \arcsin(bx+a)} - \frac{\text{Si}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{4} + \frac{\cos(3 \arcsin(bx+a))}{4 \arcsin(bx+a)} + \frac{3 \text{Si}(3 \arcsin(bx+a))}{4} - \frac{a(2 \text{Ci}(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a) - \sin(2 \arcsin(bx+a)))}{b^3 \arcsin(bx+a)}}{b^3}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{4 \arcsin(bx+a)} - \frac{\text{Si}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{4} + \frac{\cos(3 \arcsin(bx+a))}{4 \arcsin(bx+a)} + \frac{3 \text{Si}(3 \arcsin(bx+a))}{4} - \frac{a(2 \text{Ci}(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a) - \sin(2 \arcsin(bx+a)))}{b^3 \arcsin(bx+a)}}{b^3}$

input `int(x^2/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b^3*(-1/4/arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*Si(arcsin(b*x+a))+1/4/arcsin(b*x+a)*cos(3*arcsin(b*x+a))+3/4*Si(3*arcsin(b*x+a))-a*(2*Ci(2*arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)-sin(2*arcsin(b*x+a)))/arcsin(b*x+a)-a^2*(Si(arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/arcsin(b*x+a))`

**3.147.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^2/arcsin(b*x + a)^2, x)`

**3.147.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{asin}^2(a + bx)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/asin(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**2/asin(a + b*x)**2, x)`

**3.147.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)*x^2 - b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))*integrate((3*b^2*x^3 + 5*a*b*x^2 + 2*(a^2 - 1)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)/((b^3*x^2 + 2*a*b^2*x + (a^2 - 1)*b)*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))), x)/(b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)))`

**3.147.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 169 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{a^2 \operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{b^3} - \frac{2a \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(bx+a))}{b^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2+1}(bx+a)a}{b^3 \arcsin(bx+a)} - \frac{\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2+1}a^2}{b^3 \arcsin(bx+a)} + \frac{3 \operatorname{Si}(3 \arcsin(bx+a))}{4b^3} - \frac{\operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{4b^3} + \frac{(-(bx+a)^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{b^3 \arcsin(bx+a)} - \frac{\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2+1}}{b^3 \arcsin(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-a^2*sin_integral(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 - 2*a*cos_integral(2*arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 + 2*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)*a/(b^3*arcsin(b*x + a)) - sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*a^2/(b^3*arcsin(b*x + a)) + 3/4*sin_integral(3*arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 - 1/4*sin_integral(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 + (-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)^(3/2)/(b^3*arcsin(b*x + a)) - sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)/(b^3*arcsin(b*x + a))`

**3.147.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{asin}(a+bx)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^2/asin(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^2/asin(a + b*x)^2, x)`

### 3.148 $\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$

3.148.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1259
3.148.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1259
3.148.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1260
3.148.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1261
3.148.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1262
3.148.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1262
3.148.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1262
3.148.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1263
3.148.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1263

#### 3.148.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{b\arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(2\arcsin(a+bx))}{b^2} + \frac{a\text{Si}(\arcsin(a+bx))}{b^2}$$

```
output Ci(2*arcsin(b*x+a))/b^2+a*Si(arcsin(b*x+a))/b^2-x*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b/arcsin(b*x+a)
```

#### 3.148.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{-bx\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} + \arcsin(a+bx)\text{CosIntegral}(2\arcsin(a+bx)) + a\arcsin(a+bx)\text{Si}(\arcsin(a+bx))}{b^2\arcsin(a+bx)}$$

```
input Integrate[x/ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]
```

```
output (-(b*x*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]) + ArcSin[a + b*x]*CosIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]]) + a*ArcSin[a + b*x]*SinIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]]/(b^2*ArcSin[a + b*x])
```



**3.148.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5244, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{bx}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5244} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left( \frac{a}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} - \frac{a+bx}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} \right) d(a+bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) + a(-\text{Si}(\arcsin(a+bx))) - \frac{a\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{(a+bx)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `-((-(a*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/ArcSin[a + b*x]) + ((a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/ArcSin[a + b*x] - CosIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]] - a*SinIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]]/b^2)`

3.148.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5244 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.148.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(bx+a))}{2 \arcsin(bx+a)} + \text{Ci}(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) + \frac{a \left( \text{Si}(\arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a) + \sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2} \right)}{b^2 \arcsin(bx+a)}}{b^2}$	72
default	$\frac{-\frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(bx+a))}{2 \arcsin(bx+a)} + \text{Ci}(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) + \frac{a \left( \text{Si}(\arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a) + \sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2} \right)}{b^2 \arcsin(bx+a)}}{b^2}$	72

```
input int(x/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/b^2*(-1/2/arcsin(b*x+a)*sin(2*arcsin(b*x+a))+Ci(2*arcsin(b*x+a))+a*(Si(arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/arcsin(b*x+a))
```

**3.148.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arcsin(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x/arcsin(b*x + a)^2, x)`

**3.148.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{\operatorname{asin}^2(a + bx)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/asin(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x/asin(a + b*x)**2, x)`

**3.148.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arcsin(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))*integrate((2*b^2*x^2 + 3*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)*sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)/((b^3*x^2 + 2*a*b^2*x + (a^2 - 1)*b)*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))), x) - sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)*x/(b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)))`

**3.148.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{a \operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{b^2} + \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(bx+a))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2+1}(bx+a)}{b^2 \arcsin(bx+a)} + \frac{\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2+1}a}{b^2 \arcsin(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `a*sin_integral(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^2 + cos_integral(2*arcsin(b*x + a))/b^2 - sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)/(b^2*arcsin(b*x + a)) + sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*a/(b^2*arcsin(b*x + a))`**3.148.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{\operatorname{asin}(a+bx)^2} dx$$

input `int(x/asin(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `int(x/asin(a + b*x)^2, x)`

### 3.149 $\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$

3.149.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1264
3.149.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1264
3.149.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1265
3.149.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1266
3.149.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	1267
3.149.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1267
3.149.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1267
3.149.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1268
3.149.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1268

#### 3.149.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{b \arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{\text{Si}(\arcsin(a+bx))}{b}$$

output `-Si(arcsin(b*x+a))/b-(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b/arcsin(b*x+a)`

#### 3.149.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} + \text{Si}(\arcsin(a+bx))}{b}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]^(-2),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]/ArcSin[a + b*x] + SinIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]])/b)`

**3.149.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$ , Rules used = {5302, 5132, 5224, 3042, 3780}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5132} \\
 & \frac{-\int \frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)} d(a+bx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5224} \\
 & \frac{-\int \frac{a+bx}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{-\int \frac{\sin(\arcsin(a+bx))}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3780} \\
 & \frac{-\text{Si}(\arcsin(a+bx)) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]^(-2),x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]/ArcSin[a + b*x]) - SinIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]])/b`

## 3.149.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 5132 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_, x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5224 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*(x_)^m_.*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

## 3.149.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{\arcsin(bx+a)} - \text{Si}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{b}$	38
default	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{\arcsin(bx+a)} - \text{Si}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{b}$	38

input `int(1/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b*(-1/arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)-Si(arcsin(b*x+a)))`

**3.149.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arcsin(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arcsin(b*x + a)^(-2), x)`

**3.149.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{asin}^2(a + bx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/asin(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral(asin(a + b*x)**(-2), x)`

**3.149.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arcsin(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))*integrate(sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*(b*x + a)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)/((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))), x) - sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)/(b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)))`



**3.149.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{Si}(\arcsin(bx + a))}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}}{b \arcsin(bx + a)}$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-sin_integral(arcsin(b*x + a))/b - sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)/(b*arcsin(b*x + a))`**3.149.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/asin(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `int(1/asin(a + b*x)^2, x)`

### 3.150 $\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$

3.150.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1269
3.150.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . .	1269
3.150.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . .	1270
3.150.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . .	1271
3.150.5 Fricas [N/A] . . . . .	1271
3.150.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . .	1272
3.150.7 Maxima [N/A] . . . . .	1272
3.150.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	1272
3.150.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	1273

#### 3.150.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x)`

#### 3.150.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2), x]`

**3.150.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5300}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 \int \frac{\frac{1}{x \arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 \downarrow \text{25} \\
 - \int \frac{\frac{1}{x \arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 \downarrow \text{27} \\
 - \int -\frac{1}{bx \arcsin(a + bx)^2} d(a + bx) \\
 \downarrow \text{5300} \\
 - \int -\frac{1}{bx \arcsin(a + bx)^2} d(a + bx)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.150.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 5300 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*(u_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrate[u*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

**3.150.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 11.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x)`

**3.150.5 Fracas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(x*arcsin(b*x + a)^2), x)`

**3.150.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \operatorname{asin}^2(a + bx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/asin(b*x+a)**2,x)`output `Integral(1/(x*asin(a + b*x)**2), x)`**3.150.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.50

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(b*x*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))*integrate((a*b*x + a^2 - 1)*sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)/((b^3*x^4 + 2*a*b^2*x^3 + (a^2 - 1)*b*x^2)*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))), x) + sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)/(b*x*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)))`**3.150.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(x*arcsin(b*x + a)^2), x)`

**3.150.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \sin(a + bx)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*asin(a + b*x)^2),x)`output `int(1/(x*asin(a + b*x)^2), x)`

### 3.151 $\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$

3.151.1 Optimal result	1274
3.151.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1275
3.151.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1275
3.151.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1277
3.151.5 Fricas [F]	1277
3.151.6 Sympy [F]	1277
3.151.7 Maxima [F]	1278
3.151.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1278
3.151.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1279

#### 3.151.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{x^2\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2b\arcsin(a+bx)^2} + \frac{a^2(a+bx)}{2b^3\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{2a(a+bx)^2}{b^3\arcsin(a+bx)}$$

$$+ \frac{9a+bx}{8b^3\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{(1+4a^2)\text{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a+bx))}{8b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{9\text{CosIntegral}(3\arcsin(a+bx))}{8b^3}$$

$$- \frac{3\sin(3\arcsin(a+bx))}{8b^3\arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{2a\text{Si}(2\arcsin(a+bx))}{b^3}$$

output  $\frac{1}{2}a^2(bx+a)/b^3/\arcsin(bx+a)-2a*(bx+a)^2/b^3/\arcsin(bx+a)+1/8*(bx+9a)/b^3/\arcsin(bx+a)-1/8*(4a^2+1)*\text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))/b^3+9/8*\text{Ci}(3*\arcsin(bx+a))/b^3+2a*\text{Si}(2*\arcsin(bx+a))/b^3-3/8*\sin(3*\arcsin(bx+a))/b^3/\arcsin(bx+a)-1/2*x^2*(1-(bx+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b/\arcsin(bx+a)^2$

**3.151.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4bx \left( -bx\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} + (-2+2a^2+5abx+3b^2x^2) \arcsin(a+bx) \right)}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} - (1+4a^2) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a+bx)) + 9 \operatorname{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a+bx))$$

$$8b^3$$

input `Integrate[x^2/ArcSin[a + b*x]^3,x]`output `((4*b*x*(-(b*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]) + (-2 + 2*a^2 + 5*a*b*x + 3*b^2*x^2)*ArcSin[a + b*x]))/ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 - (1 + 4*a^2)*CosIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]] + 9*CosIntegral[3*ArcSin[a + b*x]] + 16*a*SinIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/(8*b^3)`**3.151.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5244, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} d(a+bx)$$

$$\frac{b}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\int \frac{b^2 x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} d(a+bx)$$

$$\frac{b^3}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5244}$$

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} - \frac{2(a+bx)a}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} + \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} \right) d(a+bx)$$

$$\frac{b^3}{b^3}$$

3.151.  $\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$



↓ 2009

$$-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \operatorname{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a + bx)) + \frac{a^2(a+bx)}{2\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{a^2\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2\arcsin(a+bx)^2} - \frac{1}{8} \operatorname{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a + bx)) + \frac{9}{8} \operatorname{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a + bx)) + \frac{9}{8} \operatorname{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a + bx))$$

input `Int[x^2/ArcSin[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(-1/2*(a^2*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 + (a*(a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 - ((a + b*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/(2*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2) + a/ArcSin[a + b*x] - (a + b*x)/ArcSin[a + b*x] + (a^2*(a + b*x))/(2*ArcSin[a + b*x]) - (2*a*(a + b*x)^2)/ArcSin[a + b*x] + (3*(a + b*x)^3)/(2*ArcSin[a + b*x]) - CosIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]]/8 - (a^2*CosIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]])/2 + (9*CosIntegral[3*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/8 + 2*a*SinIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]]/b^3`

### 3.151.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5244 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

**3.151.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{8 \arcsin(bx+a)^2} + \frac{bx+a}{8 \arcsin(bx+a)} - \frac{\text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{8} + \frac{\cos(3 \arcsin(bx+a))}{8 \arcsin(bx+a)^2} - \frac{3 \sin(3 \arcsin(bx+a))}{8 \arcsin(bx+a)} + \frac{9 \text{Ci}(3 \arcsin(bx+a))}{8} + a(4 \text{Si}(\arcsin(bx+a)) - \arcsin(bx+a))$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{8 \arcsin(bx+a)^2} + \frac{bx+a}{8 \arcsin(bx+a)} - \frac{\text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{8} + \frac{\cos(3 \arcsin(bx+a))}{8 \arcsin(bx+a)^2} - \frac{3 \sin(3 \arcsin(bx+a))}{8 \arcsin(bx+a)} + \frac{9 \text{Ci}(3 \arcsin(bx+a))}{8} + a(4 \text{Si}(\arcsin(bx+a)) - \arcsin(bx+a))$

input `int(x^2/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{b^3} \left( -\frac{1}{8} \arcsin(bx+a)^2 (1-(bx+a)^2)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{8} (bx+a) \arcsin(bx+a) - \frac{1}{8} \text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a)) + \frac{1}{8} \arcsin(bx+a)^2 \cos(3 \arcsin(bx+a)) - \frac{3}{8} \arcsin(bx+a) \sin(3 \arcsin(bx+a)) + \frac{9}{8} \text{Ci}(3 \arcsin(bx+a)) + \frac{1}{2} a (4 \text{Si}(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a)^2 + 2 \cos(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a) + \sin(2 \arcsin(bx+a))) \right) / \arcsin(bx+a)^2 - \frac{1}{2} a^2 (\text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a)^2 - \arcsin(bx+a) (bx+a) + (1-(bx+a)^2)^{1/2}) / \arcsin(bx+a)^2$$

**3.151.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(bx+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(x^2/arcsin(b*x + a)^3, x)`**3.151.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\text{asin}^3(a+bx)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/asin(b*x+a)**3,x)`output `Integral(x**2/asin(a + b*x)**3, x)`

**3.151.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(bx+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)*b*x^2 + arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2*integrate((9*b^2*x^2 + 10*a*b*x + 2*a^2 - 2)/arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)), x) - (3*b^2*x^3 + 5*a*b*x^2 + 2*(a^2 - 1)*x)*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)))/(b^2*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2)`

**3.151.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = & -\frac{a^2 \operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{2b^3} + \frac{(bx+a)a^2}{2b^3 \arcsin(bx+a)} \\ & + \frac{2a \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(bx+a))}{b^3} + \frac{3((bx+a)^2 - 1)(bx+a)}{2b^3 \arcsin(bx+a)} \\ & - \frac{2((bx+a)^2 - 1)a}{b^3 \arcsin(bx+a)} + \frac{9 \operatorname{Ci}(3 \arcsin(bx+a))}{8b^3} \\ & - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{8b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2 + 1}(bx+a)a}{b^3 \arcsin(bx+a)^2} \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2 + 1}a^2}{2b^3 \arcsin(bx+a)^2} + \frac{bx+a}{2b^3 \arcsin(bx+a)} - \frac{a}{b^3 \arcsin(bx+a)} \\ & + \frac{(-(bx+a)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2b^3 \arcsin(bx+a)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2 + 1}}{2b^3 \arcsin(bx+a)^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/2*a^2*cos\_integral(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 + 1/2*(b*x + a)*a^2/(b^3*arcsin(b*x + a)) + 2*a*sin\_integral(2*arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 + 3/2*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*(b*x + a)/(b^3*arcsin(b*x + a)) - 2*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*a/(b^3*arcsin(b*x + a)) + 9/8*cos\_integral(3*arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 - 1/8*cos\_integral(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 + sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)*a/(b^3*arcsin(b*x + a)^2) - 1/2*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*a^2/(b^3*arcsin(b*x + a)^2) + 1/2*(b*x + a)/(b^3*arcsin(b*x + a)) - a/(b^3*arcsin(b*x + a)) + 1/2*(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)^(3/2)/(b^3*arcsin(b*x + a)^2) - 1/2*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)/(b^3*arcsin(b*x + a)^2)$$

### 3.151.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^2/asin(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x^2/asin(a + b*x)^3, x)`

### 3.152 $\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$

3.152.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1280
3.152.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1280
3.152.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1281
3.152.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1282
3.152.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1283
3.152.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1283
3.152.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1283
3.152.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1284
3.152.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1284

#### 3.152.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2b\arcsin(a+bx)^2} - \frac{a(a+bx)}{2b^2\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{1-2(a+bx)^2}{2b^2\arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{a\operatorname{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a+bx))}{2b^2} - \frac{\operatorname{Si}(2\arcsin(a+bx))}{b^2}$$

output `-1/2*a*(b*x+a)/b^2/arcsin(b*x+a)+1/2*(-1+2*(b*x+a)^2)/b^2/arcsin(b*x+a)+1/2*a*Ci(arcsin(b*x+a))/b^2-Si(2*arcsin(b*x+a))/b^2-1/2*x*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b/arcsin(b*x+a)^2`

#### 3.152.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{2b\arcsin(a+bx)^2} + \frac{-1+a^2+3abx+2b^2x^2}{2b^2\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{3a\operatorname{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a+bx))}{2b^2} - 2\left(-\frac{a\operatorname{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a+bx))}{b^2} + \frac{\operatorname{Si}(2\arcsin(a+bx))}{2b^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[x/ArcSin[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output 
$$-1/2*(x*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2])/(b*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]^2) + (-1 + a^2 + 3*a*b*x + 2*b^2*x^2)/(2*b^2*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]) - (3*a*\text{CosIntegral}[\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]])/(2*b^2) - 2*(-((a*\text{CosIntegral}[\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]])/b^2) + \text{SinIntegral}[2*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]])/(2*b^2)$$

### 3.152.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5244, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\ & \int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} d(a+bx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -\frac{\int -\frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} d(a+bx)}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & -\frac{\int -\frac{bx}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} d(a+bx)}{b^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5244} \\ & -\frac{\int \left( \frac{a}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} - \frac{a+bx}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} \right) d(a+bx)}{b^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}a \text{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a+bx)) + \text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) - \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{a(a+bx)}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}(a+bx)}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2} + \frac{1}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)}$$

input  $\text{Int}[x/\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]^3, x]$

output 
$$-\left(\frac{-1/2(a\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2})}{\text{ArcSin}[a+bx]^2} + \frac{(a+bx)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{(2\text{ArcSin}[a+bx]^2) + 1/(2\text{ArcSin}[a+bx]) + (a(a+bx))/(2\text{ArcSin}[a+bx])} - (a+bx)^2/\text{ArcSin}[a+bx] - (a\text{CosIntegral}[\text{ArcSin}[a+bx]])/2 + \text{SinIntegral}[2\text{ArcSin}[a+bx]]\right)/b^2$$

### 3.152.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a\_)(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b\_)(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

rule 5244  $\text{Int}[(a\_ + \text{ArcSin}[(c\_)(x_)]*(b\_))^n*((d_ + (e_)(x_))^m), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]$

rule 5304  $\text{Int}[(a\_ + \text{ArcSin}[(c_ + (d_)(x_)]*(b\_))^n*((e_ + (f_)(x_))^m), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/d \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d)]^m*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x]$

### 3.152.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(bx+a))}{4 \arcsin(bx+a)^2} - \frac{\cos(2 \arcsin(bx+a))}{2 \arcsin(bx+a)} - \text{Si}(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) + \frac{a \left( \text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a)^2 - \arcsin(bx+a)(bx+a) + \sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2} \right)}{2 \arcsin(bx+a)^2}}{b^2}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(bx+a))}{4 \arcsin(bx+a)^2} - \frac{\cos(2 \arcsin(bx+a))}{2 \arcsin(bx+a)} - \text{Si}(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) + \frac{a \left( \text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a)^2 - \arcsin(bx+a)(bx+a) + \sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2} \right)}{2 \arcsin(bx+a)^2}}{b^2}$

input  $\text{int}(x/\arcsin(b*x+a)^3, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output `1/b^2*(-1/4/arcsin(b*x+a)^2*sin(2*arcsin(b*x+a))-1/2/arcsin(b*x+a)*cos(2*arcsin(b*x+a))-Si(2*arcsin(b*x+a))+1/2*a*(Ci(arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)^2-arcsin(b*x+a)*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/arcsin(b*x+a)^2)`

### 3.152.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arcsin(bx+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x/arcsin(b*x + a)^3, x)`

### 3.152.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{\operatorname{asin}^3(a+bx)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/asin(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output `Integral(x/asin(a + b*x)**3, x)`

### 3.152.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arcsin(bx+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2*integrate((4*b*x + 3*a)/arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)), x) + sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)*b*x - (2*b^2*x^2 + 3*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)))/(b^2*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2)`



**3.152.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{a \operatorname{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{2b^2} - \frac{(bx+a)a}{2b^2 \arcsin(bx+a)} - \frac{\operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(bx+a))}{b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(bx+a)^2 - 1}{b^2 \arcsin(bx+a)} - \frac{\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2 + 1}(bx+a)}{2b^2 \arcsin(bx+a)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2 + 1}a}{2b^2 \arcsin(bx+a)^2} + \frac{1}{2b^2 \arcsin(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(x/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*a*cos_integral(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^2 - 1/2*(b*x + a)*a/(b^2*arcsin(b*x + a)) - sin_integral(2*arcsin(b*x + a))/b^2 + ((b*x + a)^2 - 1)/(b^2*arcsin(b*x + a)) - 1/2*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)/(b^2*arcsin(b*x + a)^2) + 1/2*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*a/(b^2*arcsin(b*x + a)^2) + 1/2/(b^2*arcsin(b*x + a))`**3.152.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{\operatorname{asin}(a+bx)^3} dx$$

input `int(x/asin(a + b*x)^3,x)`output `int(x/asin(a + b*x)^3, x)`

### 3.153 $\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$

3.153.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1285
3.153.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1285
3.153.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1286
3.153.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1288
3.153.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1288
3.153.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1288
3.153.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1289
3.153.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1289
3.153.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1289

#### 3.153.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{2b \arcsin(a + bx)^2} + \frac{a + bx}{2b \arcsin(a + bx)} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a + bx))}{2b}$$

output `1/2*(b*x+a)/b/arcsin(b*x+a)-1/2*Ci(arcsin(b*x+a))/b-1/2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b/arcsin(b*x+a)^2`

#### 3.153.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{2b \arcsin(a + bx)^2} + \frac{a + bx}{2b \arcsin(a + bx)} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a + bx))}{2b}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]^(-3),x]`

output `-1/2*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]/(b*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2) + (a + b*x)/(2*b*ArcSin[a + b*x]) - CosIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]]/(2*b)`

**3.153.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$ , Rules used = {5302, 5132, 5222, 5134, 3042, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} d(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5132} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5222} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{a+bx}{\arcsin(a+bx)} - \int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d(a+bx) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5134} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{a+bx}{\arcsin(a+bx)} - \int \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{a+bx}{\arcsin(a+bx)} - \int \frac{\sin(\arcsin(a+bx) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3783} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{a+bx}{\arcsin(a+bx)} - \text{CosIntegral}(\arcsin(a+bx)) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]^(-3),x]`

output `(-1/2*sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]/ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 + ((a + b*x)/ArcSin[a + b*x] - CosIntegral[ArcSin[a + b*x]])/2)/b`

## 3.153.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 5132 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_, x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5134 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5222 `Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/Sqrt[(d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

**3.153.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{2 \arcsin(bx+a)^2} + \frac{bx+a}{2 \arcsin(bx+a)} - \frac{\text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{2}}{b}$	53
default	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{1-(bx+a)^2}}{2 \arcsin(bx+a)^2} + \frac{bx+a}{2 \arcsin(bx+a)} - \frac{\text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx+a))}{2}}{b}$	53

input `int(1/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/b*(-1/2/arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(b*x+a)/arcsin(b*x+a)-1/2*Ci(arcsin(b*x+a)))`**3.153.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arcsin(bx + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(arcsin(b*x + a)^(-3), x)`**3.153.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\text{asin}^3(a + bx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/asin(b*x+a)**3,x)`output `Integral(asin(a + b*x)**(-3), x)`

**3.153.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arcsin(bx + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2*integrate(1/arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)), x) - (b*x + a)*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)) + sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))/(b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2)`

**3.153.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = -\frac{\text{Ci}(\arcsin(bx + a))}{2b} + \frac{bx + a}{2b \arcsin(bx + a)} - \frac{\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2 + 1}}{2b \arcsin(bx + a)^2}$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*cos_integral(arcsin(b*x + a))/b + 1/2*(b*x + a)/(b*arcsin(b*x + a)) - 1/2*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)/(b*arcsin(b*x + a)^2)`

**3.153.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\text{asin}(a + bx)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/asin(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `int(1/asin(a + b*x)^3, x)`

### 3.154 $\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$

3.154.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1290
3.154.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . .	1290
3.154.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . .	1291
3.154.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . .	1292
3.154.5 Fricas [N/A] . . . . .	1292
3.154.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . .	1293
3.154.7 Maxima [N/A] . . . . .	1293
3.154.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	1293
3.154.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	1294

#### 3.154.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^3}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x)`

#### 3.154.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3), x]`

**3.154.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5300}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{1}{x \arcsin(a+bx)^3} d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \int \frac{\frac{1}{x \arcsin(a+bx)^3} d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \int - \frac{1}{bx \arcsin(a + bx)^3} d(a + bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5300} \\
 & - \int - \frac{1}{bx \arcsin(a + bx)^3} d(a + bx)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3),x]`

output `$Aborted`



**3.154.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 5300 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*(u_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrate[u*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

**3.154.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 9.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(bx + a)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x)`

output `int(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x)`

**3.154.5 Fracas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(bx + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(1/(x*arcsin(b*x + a)^3), x)`

**3.154.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \operatorname{asin}^3(a + bx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/asin(b*x+a)**3,x)`output `Integral(1/(x*asin(a + b*x)**3), x)`**3.154.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 57.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.33

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(bx + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(x^2*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2*integrate((a*b*x + 2*a^2 - 2)/(x^3*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))), x) + sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)*b*x + (a*b*x + a^2 - 1)*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)))/(b^2*x^2*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2)`**3.154.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(bx + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(x*arcsin(b*x + a)^3), x)`

**3.154.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \sin(a + bx)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*asin(a + b*x)^3),x)`output `int(1/(x*asin(a + b*x)^3), x)`

### 3.155 $\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$

3.155.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1296
3.155.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1297
3.155.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1298
3.155.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1300
3.155.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . .	1301
3.155.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1301
3.155.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1301
3.155.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1302
3.155.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1302

## 3.155.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 535

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = & \frac{c^2(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{d^3} \\
& + \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{3d^3} \\
& + \frac{c \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \cos(2 \arcsin(c + dx))}{2d^3} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{bc} \sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{4d^3} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4d^3} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{bc}^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{d^3} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{12d^3} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4d^3} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{bc}^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{d^3} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{bc} \sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{4d^3} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{12d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

output  $\frac{1}{72}\cos(3a/b)\text{FresnelS}(6^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})\cdot b^{1/2}\cdot 6^{1/2}\cdot \text{Pi}^{1/2}/d^3 - \frac{1}{72}\text{FresnelC}(6^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})\cdot \sin(3a/b)\cdot b^{1/2}\cdot 6^{1/2}\cdot \text{Pi}^{1/2}/d^3 - \frac{1}{8}\cos(a/b)\cdot \text{FresnelS}(2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})\cdot b^{1/2}\cdot 2^{1/2}\cdot \text{Pi}^{1/2}/d^3 - \frac{1}{2}c^2\cos(a/b)\cdot \text{FresnelS}(2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})\cdot b^{1/2}\cdot 2^{1/2}\cdot \text{Pi}^{1/2}/d^3 + \frac{1}{8}\text{FresnelC}(2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})\cdot \sin(a/b)\cdot b^{1/2}\cdot 2^{1/2}\cdot \text{Pi}^{1/2}/d^3 + \frac{1}{2}c^2\text{FresnelC}(2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})\cdot \sin(a/b)\cdot b^{1/2}\cdot 2^{1/2}\cdot \text{Pi}^{1/2}/d^3 - \frac{1}{4}c\cos(2a/b)\cdot \text{FresnelC}(2(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2})\cdot b^{1/2}\cdot \text{Pi}^{1/2}/d^3 - \frac{1}{4}c\cdot \text{FresnelS}(2(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2})\cdot \sin(2a/b)\cdot b^{1/2}\cdot \text{Pi}^{1/2}/d^3 + c^2(dx+c)(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/d^3 + \frac{1}{3}(dx+c)^3(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/d^3 + \frac{1}{2}c\cos(2\arcsin(dx+c))(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/d^3$

### 3.155.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{18(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 72c^2(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 36c\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \cos(2\arcsin(c + dx))}{d^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output  $(18(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]} + 72c^2(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]} + 36c\sqrt{a + b\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]}\cos[2\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]] - 18\sqrt{b}\cdot c\sqrt{\text{Pi}}\cos[(2a)/b]\text{FresnelC}[(2\sqrt{a + b\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})/(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\text{Pi}})] - 9\sqrt{b}(1 + 4c^2)\sqrt{2\text{Pi}}\cos[a/b]\text{FresnelS}[(\sqrt{2/\text{Pi}}\sqrt{a + b\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})/\sqrt{b}] + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{6\text{Pi}}\cos[(3a)/b]\text{FresnelS}[(\sqrt{6/\text{Pi}}\sqrt{a + b\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})/\sqrt{b}] + 9\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2\text{Pi}}\text{FresnelC}[(\sqrt{2/\text{Pi}}\sqrt{a + b\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})/\sqrt{b}]\sin[a/b] + 36\sqrt{b}\cdot c^2\sqrt{2\text{Pi}}\text{FresnelC}[(\sqrt{2/\text{Pi}}\sqrt{a + b\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})/\sqrt{b}]\sin[a/b] - 18\sqrt{b}\cdot c\sqrt{\text{Pi}}\text{FresnelS}[(2\sqrt{a + b\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})/(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\text{Pi}})]\sin[(2a)/b] - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{6\text{Pi}}\text{FresnelC}[(\sqrt{6/\text{Pi}}\sqrt{a + b\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})/\sqrt{b}]\sin[(3a)/b] - 6\sqrt{a + b\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]}\sin[3\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]])/(72d^3)$

**3.155.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 569, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5246, 7267, 7292, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int d^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(c + dx)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5246} \\
 & \frac{\int d^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d \arcsin(c + dx)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7267} \\
 & \frac{2 \int d^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) d \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{bd^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7292} \\
 & \frac{2 \int d^2 x^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) d \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{bd^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \left( (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) c^2 + (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right) c + \frac{1}{8} \right)}{bd^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} b^{3/2} c^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} b^{3/2} c^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \frac{1}{8} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (2*((b*c*\sqrt{a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})*\cos((2*a)/b) - (2*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b))/4 - (b^{(3/2)}*c*\sqrt{\pi}*\cos((2*a)/b)*\text{FresnelC}[(2*\sqrt{a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})/(\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{\pi})])/8 - (b^{(3/2)}*\sqrt{\pi/2}*\cos[a/b]*\text{FresnelS}[(\sqrt{2/\pi}*\sqrt{a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})/\sqrt{b}])/8 - (b^{(3/2)}*c^2*\sqrt{\pi/2}*\cos[a/b]*\text{FresnelS}[(\sqrt{2/\pi}*\sqrt{a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})/\sqrt{b}])/2 + (b^{(3/2)}*\sqrt{\pi/6}*\cos[(3*a)/b]*\text{FresnelS}[(\sqrt{6/\pi}*\sqrt{a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})/\sqrt{b}])/24 + (b^{(3/2)}*\sqrt{\pi/2}*\text{FresnelC}[(\sqrt{2/\pi}*\sqrt{a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})/\sqrt{b}]*\sin[a/b])/8 + (b^{(3/2)}*c^2*\sqrt{\pi/2}*\text{FresnelC}[(\sqrt{2/\pi}*\sqrt{a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})/\sqrt{b}]*\sin[a/b])/2 - (b^{(3/2)}*c*\sqrt{\pi}*\text{FresnelS}[(2*\sqrt{a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})/(\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{\pi})])* \sin[(2*a)/b])/8 - (b^{(3/2)}*\sqrt{\pi/6}*\text{FresnelC}[(\sqrt{6/\pi}*\sqrt{a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})/\sqrt{b}]*\sin[(3*a)/b])/24 - (b*c^2*\sqrt{a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})*\sin[a/b - (a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])/b])/2 - (b*\sqrt{a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]})*\sin[a/b - (a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])/b]^3/6)/(b*d^3) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.155.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5246 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*cos[x]*(c*d + e*sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

rule 7267 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst[[2]])], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && SubstForFractionalPowerQ[u, lst[[3]], x]`



rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]`  
`]`

### 3.155.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 777, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
default	$\frac{36\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)b^2c^2+36\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)}{\dots}$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/72/d^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(36*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b* \\ & arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b* \\ & arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b*c^2+36*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin \\ & (d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin \\ & (d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b*c^2-(-3/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^( \\ & (1/2)*cos(3*a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+ \\ & c))^(1/2)/b)*b-(-3/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin \\ & (3*a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2) \\ & /b)*b+9*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*\text{F} \\ & resnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b+9*2^( \\ & 1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2^( \\ & 1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b-18*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/ \\ & b)^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*\text{FresnelC}(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/ \\ & (-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b*c+18*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+ \\ & b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2) \\ & *(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b*c-72*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c) \\ & )/b+a/b)*b*c^2+36*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b*c-72 \\ & *sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*c^2+6*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-3*(a+b*arcsin( \\ & d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*b-18*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b+36*c \\ & os(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a*c+6*sin(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*... \end{aligned}$$

**3.155.5 Fracas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.155.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.155.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + ax^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*x^2, x)`

**3.155.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2255, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.21

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^2*c^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) +
a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b
*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d^3) + 1/4*I*sqrt(2)*s
qrt(pi)*b^3*c^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)
) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b*e^(I*a/b)/((I*
b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d^3) + 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^2*c^2
*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*
sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)
)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d^3) - 1/4*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^3*c^2*erf(1/2*I*sq
rt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(
d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(
abs(b)))*d^3) - sqrt(pi)*a*b*c^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c)
+ a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/
b*e^(I*a/b)/((I*sqrt(2)*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d^3) -
sqrt(pi)*a*b*c^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)
)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b*e^(-I*a/b)/((
-I*sqrt(2)*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d^3) - 1/2*I*sqrt(pi
)*a*b^(3/2)*c*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d
*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b^2 + I*b^3/abs(b))*d^3) + 1/8*
sqrt(pi)*b^(5/2)*c*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*...
```

**3.155.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)} dx$$

```
input int(x^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)
```

```
output int(x^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)
```

### 3.156 $\int x \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$

3.156.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1303
3.156.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1304
3.156.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1304
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3.156.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	1307
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3.156.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1308
3.156.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1309

#### 3.156.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 269

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{c(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \cos(2 \arcsin(c + dx))}{4d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{8d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{8d^2}$$

```
output 1/2*c*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))
*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^2-1/2*c*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin
(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^2+1/8*cos(2*a/
b)*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*b^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)
/d^2+1/8*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)
*b^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^2-c*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^2-1/4*cos(2*a
csin(d*x+c))*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^2
```

**3.156.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \cos(2 \arcsin(c + dx)) + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \frac{4bce^{-\frac{ia}{b}}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}}{1}$$

input `Integrate[x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*Cos[2*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])] - (4*b*c*(Sqrt[(-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(E^((I*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b)]/(8*d^2)`

**3.156.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5246, 7267, 7292, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int x \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$-\frac{\int -x \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int -dx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
& \downarrow 5246 \\
& \frac{\int -dx \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d \arcsin(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
& \downarrow 7267 \\
& \frac{2 \int -dx \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) d \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{bd^2} \\
& \downarrow 7292 \\
& \frac{2 \int -dx (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) d \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{bd^2} \\
& \downarrow 7293 \\
& \frac{2 \int \left( c(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right) \right) d \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{bd^2} \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} b^{3/2} c \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\pi} b^{3/2} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\pi} b^{3/2} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\pi} b^{3/2} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{bd^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-2*((b*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*Cos[(2*a)/b - (2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/8 - (b^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])/16 - (b^(3/2)*c*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 + (b^(3/2)*c*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2 - (b^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/16 - (b*c*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*Sin[a/b - (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/2))/(b*d^2)`

## 3.156.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5246 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*cos[x]*(c*d + e*sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`
- rule 7267 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst[[2]])], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && SubstForFractionalPowerQ[u, lst[[3]], x]`
- rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`
- rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]`

### 3.156.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
default	$-\frac{4\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)bc+4\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)}{\dots}$

input `int(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/8/d^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(4*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*cos(a/b)*b*c+4*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b*c-(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b+(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b-8*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b*c+2*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b-8*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*c+2*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a)
```

### 3.156.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`



**3.156.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int x \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.156.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + ax} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*x, x)`

**3.156.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1079, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.01

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^2*c*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) +
a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*
e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d^2) - 1/4*I*sqrt(2)*sq
rt(pi)*b^3*c*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) -
1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^3
/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d^2) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^2*c*erf(
1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(
b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) +
b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d^2) + 1/4*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^3*c*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sq
rt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c
) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b))
)*d^2) + sqrt(pi)*a*b*c*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sq
rt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a
/b)/((I*sqrt(2)*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d^2) + sqrt(pi)
*a*b*c*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sq
rt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*sqrt(2)*
b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d^2) + 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a*b^(3/2)
*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*
sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b^2 + I*b^3/abs(b))*d^2) - 1/16*sqrt(pi)*b^(
5/2)*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c)...

```

### 3.156.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int x \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.157 $\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$

3.157.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1310
3.157.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1310
3.157.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1311
3.157.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1314
3.157.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	1314
3.157.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1315
3.157.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1315
3.157.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1315
3.157.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1317

#### 3.157.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{d}$$

```
output -1/2*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))
*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d+1/2*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+
c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d+(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin
(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.157.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \frac{be^{-\frac{ia}{b}} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{2d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(b*(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(2*d*E^((I*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

### 3.157.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$ , Rules used = {5302, 5130, 5224, 25, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5130} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} - \frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5224} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + (c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + (c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3787}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.157.  $\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\cos \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int -\frac{\sin \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right) + (c$$


---

d

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\cos \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right) + (c$$


---

d

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right) +$$


---

d

↓ 3785

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \cos \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)$$


---

d

↓ 3786

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \cos \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - 2 \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \sin \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)$$


---

d

↓ 3832

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \cos \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \text{FresnelS} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right) +$$


---

d

↓ 3833

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \text{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \text{FresnelS} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right) + (c+dx$$


---

d

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

```
output ((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + (-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]) + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2)/d
```

### 3.157.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3785 Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3786 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3787 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3832 Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

```
rule 3833 Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

```
rule 5130 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 5224 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^
2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x
^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x,
a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0]
&& IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5302 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d
Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
n}, x]
```

### 3.157.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)b-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)}{2d\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcs
in(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcs
in(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b-2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1
/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1
/2)/b)*b+2*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b+2*sin(-(a+b*arc
sin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a)
```

### 3.157.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### 3.157.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.157.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

### 3.157.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.



Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 563, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.23

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\
 &= \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}ab \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{2\left(\frac{ib^2}{\sqrt{|b|}} + b\sqrt{|b|}\right)d} \\
 &+ \frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}b^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{4\left(\frac{ib^2}{\sqrt{|b|}} + b\sqrt{|b|}\right)d} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}ab \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{2\left(-\frac{ib^2}{\sqrt{|b|}} + b\sqrt{|b|}\right)d} \\
 &- \frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}b^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{4\left(-\frac{ib^2}{\sqrt{|b|}} + b\sqrt{|b|}\right)d} \\
 &- \frac{\sqrt{\pi}a \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{d\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}b}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|}\right)} \\
 &- \frac{\sqrt{\pi}a \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{d\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2}b}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|}\right)} \\
 &- \frac{i\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)} + ae^{(i \arcsin(dx+c))}}{2d} + \frac{i\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)} + ae^{(-i \arcsin(dx+c))}}{2d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}ab\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{-1}{2}I\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arcsin(dx+c)+a}\right)/\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)}/b e^{Ia/b} / \left( (Ib^2/\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)} + b\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)})d \right) + \frac{1}{4}I\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}b^2\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{-1}{2}I\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arcsin(dx+c)+a}\right)/\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)}/b e^{Ia/b} / \left( (Ib^2/\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)}) + b\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)} \right) d + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}ab\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{1}{2}I\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arcsin(dx+c)+a}\right)/\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)}/b e^{-Ia/b} / \left( (-Ib^2/\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)} + b\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)})d \right) - \frac{1}{4}I\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}b^2\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{1}{2}I\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arcsin(dx+c)+a}\right)/\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)}/b e^{-Ia/b} / \left( (-Ib^2/\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)} + b\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)})d \right) - \sqrt{\pi}a\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{-1}{2}I\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arcsin(dx+c)+a}\right)/\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)}/b e^{Ia/b} / \left( d(I\sqrt{2}b/\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)}) \right) - \sqrt{\pi}a\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{1}{2}I\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arcsin(dx+c)+a}\right)/\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)}/b e^{-Ia/b} / \left( d(-I\sqrt{2}b/\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)}) \right) - \frac{1}{2}I\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arcsin(dx+c)+a}e^{I\arcsin(dx+c)}/d + \frac{1}{2}I\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arcsin(dx+c)+a}e^{-I\arcsin(dx+c)}/d$

### 3.157.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.158 $\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

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#### 3.158.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 343

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = & -\frac{3bc\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{2d^2} \\
 & -\frac{c(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{d^2} \\
 & -\frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} \cos(2 \arcsin(c + dx))}{4d^2} \\
 & +\frac{3b^{3/2}c\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2d^2} \\
 & -\frac{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{32d^2} \\
 & +\frac{3b^{3/2}c\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2d^2} \\
 & +\frac{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{32d^2} \\
 & +\frac{3b\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \sin(2 \arcsin(c + dx))}{16d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$-c*(d*x+c)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)/d^2-1/4*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)*\cos(2*\arcsin(d*x+c))/d^2+3/4*b^(3/2)*c*\cos(a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*\text{Pi}^(1/2)/d^2+3/4*b^(3/2)*c*\text{FresnelS}(2^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*\sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*\text{Pi}^(1/2)/d^2-3/32*b^(3/2)*\cos(2*a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2))*\text{Pi}^(1/2)/d^2+3/32*b^(3/2)*\text{FresnelC}(2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2))*\sin(2*a/b)*\text{Pi}^(1/2)/d^2+3/16*b*\sin(2*\arcsin(d*x+c))*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^2-3/2*b*c*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^2$$

### 3.158.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 610, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{abce^{-\frac{ia}{b}} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{2d^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} + \frac{\sqrt{bc} \left( 2\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \left( 3\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + 2(c + dx) \arcsin(c + dx) \right) - \sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{b} \right) \right)}{4d} + \frac{a \left( -2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \cos(2 \arcsin(c + dx)) + \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}} \right) + \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\pi} \right)}{8d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( -\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \left( 3b \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) + 4a \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \right) - \sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelC} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \left( 4a \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) + 4b \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \right) \right)}{8d^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

```
output -1/2*(a*b*c*(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-I)*(a +
b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/
b]*Gamma[3/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(d^2*E^((I*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b
*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - (Sqrt[b]*c*(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])*(3*
Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + 2*(c + d*x)*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC
[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(3*b*Cos[a/b] + 2*a*Sin
[a/b]) + Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt
[b]]*(2*a*Cos[a/b] - 3*b*Sin[a/b]))/(4*d^2) + (a*(-2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c
+ d*x]]*Cos[2*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2
*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Fresn
elS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b]))/(8*
d^2) + (Sqrt[b]*(-(Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt
[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*(3*b*Cos[(2*a)/b] + 4*a*Sin[(2*a)/b])) - Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[
(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*(4*a*Cos[(2*a)/b] - 3*
b*Sin[(2*a)/b]) + 2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*(-4*ArcSin[c + d*x
]*Cos[2*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + 3*Sin[2*ArcSin[c + d*x]])))/(32*d^2)
```

### 3.158.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5246, 7267, 7292, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$-\frac{\int -x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$-\frac{\int -dx(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{d^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5246}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int -dx \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d \arcsin(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7267} \\
& \frac{2 \int -dx \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 d \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{bd^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7292} \\
& \frac{2 \int -dx (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) d \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{bd^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
& \frac{2 \int \left( c \cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 + \frac{1}{2} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \right)}{bd^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2 \left( -\frac{3}{64} \sqrt{\pi} b^{5/2} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \frac{3}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} b^{5/2} c \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{3}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} b^{5/2} c \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \frac{3}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} b^{5/2} c \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{bd^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*((b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Cos[(2*a)/b - (2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/8 + (3*b^2*c*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*Cos[a/b - (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/4 - (3*b^(5/2)*c*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/4 + (3*b^(5/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])/64 - (3*b^(5/2)*c*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/4 - (3*b^(5/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/64 + (3*b^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*Sin[(2*a)/b - (2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/32 - (b*c*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[a/b - (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/2))/(b*d^2)`

## 3.158.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5246 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Cos[x]*(c*d + e*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`
- rule 7267 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst[[2])], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && SubstForFractionalPowerQ[u, lst[[3]], x]`
- rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`
- rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]`

### 3.158.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 598 vs.  $2(275) = 550$ .

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 599, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

method	result
default	$- \frac{-24\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)b^2c+24\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\dots}$

input `int(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/32/d^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-24*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^2*c+24*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^2*c-3*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^2-3*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^2-32*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^2*c+8*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^2-64*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b*c+48*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^2*c+16*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a*b+6*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^2-32*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2*c+48*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b*c+8*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a^2+6*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a*b
```

### 3.158.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`



**3.158.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

**3.158.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)*x, x)`

**3.158.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1987, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.79

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*c*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c)
+ a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b
)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d^2) - 1/2*I*sqrt(2)*
sqrt(pi)*a*b^3*c*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)
)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I
*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d^2) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*
c*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)
*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(
b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d^2) + 1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^3*c*erf(1/2*I*sq
rt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin
(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt
(abs(b)))*d^2) + 1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^2*c*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*
arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)
)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d^2) -
3/8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^3*c*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/
sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(
I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d^2) - 1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)
)*a*b^2*c*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2
*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^2/s
qrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d^2) - 3/8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^3*c*erf(1/2...

```

### 3.158.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int x(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.159 $\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

3.159.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1326
3.159.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1326
3.159.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1327
3.159.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1331
3.159.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . .	1331
3.159.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1332
3.159.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1332
3.159.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1332
3.159.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1333

#### 3.159.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{2d} + \frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{d} - \frac{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2d}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)/d-3/4*b^(3/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d-3/4*b^(3/2)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d+3/2*b*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.159.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{abe^{-\frac{ia}{b}} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{2d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \left( 3\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + 2(c + dx) \arcsin(c + dx) \right) - \sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{d}\right) \right)}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*b*(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/(2*d*E^((I*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (Sqrt[b]*(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])*(3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + 2*(c + d*x)*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(3*b*Cos[a/b] + 2*a*Sin[a/b]) + Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(2*a*Cos[a/b] - 3*b*Sin[a/b])))/(4*d)`

### 3.159.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$ , Rules used = {5302, 5130, 5182, 5134, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5302}$$

$$\frac{\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5130}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{d}$$

↓ 5182

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5134

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3787

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) \right) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) \right) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) \right) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3785

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) \right) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3786

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3832

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3833

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `((c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2) - (3*b*(-(Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2))/2)/d`

### 3.159.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d  
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f  
, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos  
[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(  
d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d  
, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[  
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[  
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5130 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*Ar  
cSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 -  
c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5134 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Su  
bst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,  
c, n}, x]`

rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p  
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p +  
1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] I  
nt[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d  
Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,  
n}, x]`

### 3.159.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 303 vs.  $2(139) = 278$ .

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
default	$-\frac{3\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}b^2-3\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right)}{\dots}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4/d*(3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*b^2-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*b^2+4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^2+8*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b-6*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^2+4*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2-6*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

### 3.159.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`



**3.159.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

**3.159.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.159.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1061, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.06

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a
)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e
^(I*a/b)/((I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(
pi)*a*b^3*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/
2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^3/sq
rt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*erf(1/2*I
*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arc
sin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*s
qrt(abs(b)))*d) - 1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^3*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*ar
csin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*
sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) -
1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a
)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e
^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 3/8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*
b^3*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt
(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs
(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)
*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x
+ c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)
))*d) + 3/8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^3*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + ...

```

### 3.159.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.160 $\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

3.160.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1334
3.160.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1335
3.160.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1336
3.160.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1339
3.160.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	1339
3.160.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1340
3.160.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1340
3.160.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1340
3.160.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1341

#### 3.160.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 406

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = & \frac{15b^2c(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{4d^2} \\
 & - \frac{5bc\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{2d^2} \\
 & - \frac{c(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{d^2} \\
 & + \frac{15b^2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}\cos(2 \arcsin(c + dx))}{64d^2} \\
 & - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}\cos(2 \arcsin(c + dx))}{4d^2} \\
 & - \frac{15b^{5/2}\sqrt{\pi}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{128d^2} \\
 & - \frac{15b^{5/2}c\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4d^2} \\
 & + \frac{15b^{5/2}c\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4d^2} \\
 & - \frac{15b^{5/2}\sqrt{\pi}\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{128d^2} \\
 & + \frac{5b(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}\sin(2 \arcsin(c + dx))}{16d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-c*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)/d^2-1/4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)*cos
(2*arcsin(d*x+c))/d^2+5/16*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(2*arcsin(d*x+c)
)/d^2-15/8*b^(5/2)*c*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)
)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^2+15/8*b^(5/2)*c*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(
1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^2-15/1
28*b^(5/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2
))*Pi^(1/2)/d^2-15/128*b^(5/2)*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2
)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)/d^2-5/2*b*c*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(1-(
d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d^2+15/4*b^2*c*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^2+15/64
*b^2*cos(2*arcsin(d*x+c))*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^2
```

### 3.160.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1043, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output

```

-1/2*(a^2*b*c*(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-I)*(a
+ b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])
)/b]*Gamma[3/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(d^2*E^((I*a)/b)*Sqrt[a +
b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - (a*Sqrt[b]*c*(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]
*(3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + 2*(c + d*x)*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - Sqrt[2*Pi]*Fres
nelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(3*b*Cos[a/b] + 2*a
*Sin[a/b]) + Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/
Sqrt[b]]*(2*a*Cos[a/b] - 3*b*Sin[a/b]))/(2*d^2) - (Sqrt[b]*c*(2*Sqrt[b]*S
qrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*(-2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a - 5*b*ArcSin[c + d
*x]) + b*(c + d*x)*(-15 + 4*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2)) - Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqr
t[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*((4*a^2 - 15*b^2)*Cos[a/b] -
12*a*b*Sin[a/b]) + Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c +
d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(12*a*b*Cos[a/b] + (4*a^2 - 15*b^2)*Sin[a/b]))/(8*d^2) +
(a^2*(-2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*Cos[2*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt
[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[P
i])]) + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*
Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b]))/(8*d^2) + (a*Sqrt[b]*(-(Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqr
t[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])*(3*b*Cos[(2*a)/b] + 4*a*Sin[
(2*a)/b])) - Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sq
rt[Pi])])*(4*a*Cos[(2*a)/b] - 3*b*Sin[(2*a)/b]) + 2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*A...
    
```

### 3.160.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 475, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5246, 7267, 7292, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{\int -x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int -dx(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5246} \\
& \frac{\int -dx \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} d \arcsin(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7267} \\
& \frac{2 \int -dx \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{bd^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7292} \\
& \frac{2 \int -dx (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) d \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{bd^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
& \frac{2 \int \left( c \cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 + \frac{1}{2} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 \right)}{bd^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2 \left( -\frac{15}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} b^{7/2} c \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \frac{15}{256} \sqrt{\pi} b^{7/2} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \right)}{bd^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*((-15*b^3*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*Cos[(2*a)/b - (2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/128 + (b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Cos[(2*a)/b - (2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/8 + (5*b^2*c*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Cos[a/b - (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/4 + (15*b^(7/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])/256 + (15*b^(7/2)*c*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/8 - (15*b^(7/2)*c*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/8 + (15*b^(7/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/256 + (5*b^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[(2*a)/b - (2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/32 + (15*b^3*c*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*Sin[a/b - (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/8 - (b*c*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[a/b - (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/2)/(b*d^2)`

## 3.160.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5246 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*cos[x]*(c*d + e*sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`
- rule 7267 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst[[2])], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && SubstForFractionalPowerQ[u, lst[[3]], x]`
- rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`
- rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]`

### 3.160.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 880 vs.  $2(330) = 660$ .

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 881, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	881

```
input int(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/128/d^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-240*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(
a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(
a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^3*c-240*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*a
rcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*a
rcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^3*c-128*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/
b+a/b)*b^3*c+15*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)
*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^3
-15*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*
2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^3+32*arcsin(d
*x+c)^3*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^3-384*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(-(
a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b^2*c+320*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x
+c))/b+a/b)*b^3*c+96*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a
*b^2+40*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^3-384*arcsin
(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2*b*c+480*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+
b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^3*c+640*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b
+a/b)*a*b^2*c+96*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a^2*b-3
0*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^3+80*arcsin(d*x+c)*s
in(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a*b^2-128*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/
b)*a^3*c+480*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b^2*c+320*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(
d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2*b*c+32*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a^3-30*co...
```

### 3.160.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### 3.160.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int x(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(5/2), x)`

### 3.160.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)*x, x)`

### 3.160.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2671, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.58

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/256*(128*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^2*c*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b))) + 128*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^2*c*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b))) + 384*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*c*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b))) - 384*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*c*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(-I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b))) - 128*I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*b^2*c*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(I*arcsin(d*x + c)) + 128*I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*b^2*c*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(-I*arcsin(d*x + c)) - 384*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b*c*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(I*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(abs(b))) - 240*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^3*c*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(I*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(abs(b))) + 384*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b*c*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b...
```

### 3.160.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int x(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.161 $\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

3.161.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1342
3.161.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1343
3.161.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1343
3.161.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1347
3.161.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . .	1348
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3.161.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1349
3.161.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1349

#### 3.161.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = -\frac{15b^2(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{4d} + \frac{5b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{2d} + \frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{d} + \frac{15b^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4d} - \frac{15b^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4d}$$

```
output (d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)/d+15/8*b^(5/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d-15/8*b^(5/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d+5/2*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d-15/4*b^2*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.161.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 419, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} e^{-\frac{ia}{b}} \left( i(4a^2 + 15b^2) \left( -1 + e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \right) \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b]*(I*(4*a^2 + 15*b^2)*(-1 + E^(((2*I)*a)/b))*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] + (4*a^2 + 15*b^2)*(1 + E^(((2*I)*a)/b))*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] + 4*Sqrt[b]*(E^((I*a)/b)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(-15*b*(c + d*x) + 10*a*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2] + 2*(4*a*(c + d*x) + 5*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2])*ArcSin[c + d*x] + 4*b*(c + d*x)*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2) + 2*a^2*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + 2*a^2*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(16*d*E^((I*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])]`

### 3.161.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {5302, 5130, 5182, 5130, 5224, 25, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5302}$$

$$\frac{\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{d} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ \text{5130} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \int \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{d} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ \text{5182} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( (c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx) \right) \right)}{d} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ \text{5130} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( (c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) \right) \right)}{d} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ \text{5224} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( (c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) \right) \right)}{d} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ \text{25} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + (c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right) \right)}{d} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ \text{3042} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + (c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right) \right)}{d} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ \text{3787} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) \right) \right) \right)}{d} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ \text{25} \end{array}$$

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3785

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3786

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} - 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3832

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3833

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `((c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2) - (5*b*(-(Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (3*b*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + (-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]) + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2))/2))/2)/d`

## 3.161.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 5130 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5224 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_.)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

### 3.161.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 440 vs.  $2(164) = 328$ .

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

method	result
default	$\frac{15\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b^3+15\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b^3}{-}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/8/d*(15*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*\text{Pi}^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*\cos(a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(2^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^3+ \\ & 15*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*\text{Pi}^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*\sin(a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^3+ \\ & 8*\arcsin(d*x+c)^3*\sin(-(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^3+24*\arcsin(d*x+c)^2*\sin(-(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)* \\ & a*b^2-20*\arcsin(d*x+c)^2*\cos(-(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^3+24*\arcsin(d*x+c)*\sin(-(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)* \\ & a^2*b-30*\arcsin(d*x+c)*\sin(-(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^3-40*\arcsin(d*x+c)*\cos(-(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)* \\ & a*b^2+8*\sin(-(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^3-30*\sin(-(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b^2-20*\cos(-(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)* \\ & a^2*b)/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$



**3.161.5 Fracas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.161.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(5/2), x)`

**3.161.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.161.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1279, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.27

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^3*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^4/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^3*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^3*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^4/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^3*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 3/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^3*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) - 3/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^3*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) - 3/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) - 15/16*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^4*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 3/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 15/16*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^4*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt...`

**3.161.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.162 $\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$

3.162.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1350
3.162.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1351
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#### 3.162.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 243

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = -\frac{105b^3 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{8d} - \frac{35b^2 (c + dx) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{4d} + \frac{7b \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{2d} + \frac{(c + dx) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}}{d} + \frac{105b^{7/2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8d} + \frac{105b^{7/2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{8d}$$

```
output -35/4*b^2*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)/d+(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2)/d+105/16*b^(7/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d+105/16*b^(7/2)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d+7/2*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d-105/8*b^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.162.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 545, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{ia}{b}} \left( \sqrt{b} \left( 8ia^3 \left( -1 + e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \right) + 105b^3 \left( 1 + e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \right) \right) \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*((8*I)*a^3*(-1 + E^(((2*I)*a)/b)) + 105*b^3*(1 + E^(((2*I)*a)/b))
)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] + 2*b*(E^((I*a)/b))*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(7*(-10*a*b*(c + d*x) + 4*a^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2] - 15*b^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2]) + (24*a^2*(c + d*x) - 70*b^2*(c + d*x) + 56*a*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2])*ArcSin[c + d*x] + 4*b*(6*a*(c + d*x) + 7*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2])*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2 + 8*b^2*(c + d*x)*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3) + 4*a^3*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + 4*a^3*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(4*a^3*(1 + E^(((2*I)*a)/b)) + 105*b^3*E^((I*a)/b)*Sin[a/b]))/(16*d*E^((I*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])
```

### 3.162.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {5302, 5130, 5182, 5130, 5182, 5134, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$$

↓ 5302

$$\frac{\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

↓ 5130

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

↓ 5182

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d(c + dx) - \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5130

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5182

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5134

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3787

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 25

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left( \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left( \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3785

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left( \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3786

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \sin \left( \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3832

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \cos \left( \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3833

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \text{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{b} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2), x]`

```
output ((c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2) - (7*b*(-Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (5*b*((c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2) - (3*b*(-Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2))/2))/2)/d
```

### 3.162.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3785 Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3786 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3787 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3832 Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

```
rule 3833 Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

rule 5130 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5134 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

### 3.162.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 615 vs.  $2(197) = 394$ .

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 616, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

method	result
default	$-\frac{-105\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sqrt{\pi}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}b}}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}b^4}+105\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sqrt{\pi}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}b}}\right)}{\dots}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`



output `-1/16/d*(-105*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^4+105*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^4+16*a*arcsin(d*x+c)^4*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^4+64*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b^3-56*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^4+96*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2*b^2-140*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^4-168*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b^3+64*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^3*b-280*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b^3-168*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2*b^2+210*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^4+16*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^4-140*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2*b^2-56*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^3*b+210*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b^3)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

### 3.162.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

### 3.162.6 SymPy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`



**3.162.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

### 3.163 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx$

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#### 3.163.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 440

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bd^3}} + \frac{c^2 \sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd^3}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bd^3}} - \frac{c\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd^3}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{bd^3}} + \frac{c^2 \sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{bd^3}} + \frac{c\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{bd^3}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{bd^3}}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/12*\cos(3*a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(6^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}) \\ & *6^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d^3/b^{(1/2)}-1/12*\text{FresnelS}(6^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}) \\ & *\sin(3*a/b)*6^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d^3/b^{(1/2)}+1/4*\cos(a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}) \\ & *2^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d^3/b^{(1/2)}+1/4*\text{FresnelS}(2^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}) \\ & *\sin(a/b)*2^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d^3/b^{(1/2)}-c*\cos(2*a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}) \\ & *\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d^3/b^{(1/2)}+c*\text{FresnelC}(2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}) \\ & *\sin(2*a/b)*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d^3/b^{(1/2)}+c^2*\cos(a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}) \\ & *2^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d^3/b^{(1/2)}+c^2*\text{FresnelS}(2^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}) \\ & *\sin(a/b)*2^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d^3/b^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

### 3.163.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \left( 3\sqrt{2}(1+4c^2) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{6} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{d^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]*(3*\text{Sqrt}[2]*(1+4*c^2)*\text{Cos}[a/b]*\text{FresnelC}[(\text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}]*\text{Sqrt}[a+b* \\ & \text{ArcSin}[c+d*x]])/\text{Sqrt}[b]] - \text{Sqrt}[6]*\text{Cos}[(3*a)/b]*\text{FresnelC}[(\text{Sqrt}[6/\text{Pi}]*\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[a+b*\text{ArcSin}[c+d*x]])/\text{Sqrt}[b]] - 12*c*\text{Cos}[(2*a)/b]*\text{FresnelS}[(2*\text{Sqrt}[a \\ & +b*\text{ArcSin}[c+d*x]])/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}])] + 3*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{FresnelS}[(\text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}] \\ & *\text{Sqrt}[a+b*\text{ArcSin}[c+d*x]])/\text{Sqrt}[b]]*\text{Sin}[a/b] + 12*\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^2*\text{FresnelS}[ \\ & (\text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}]*\text{Sqrt}[a+b*\text{ArcSin}[c+d*x]])/\text{Sqrt}[b]]*\text{Sin}[a/b] + 12*c*\text{FresnelC} \\ & [(2*\text{Sqrt}[a+b*\text{ArcSin}[c+d*x]])/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}])]*\text{Sin}[(2*a)/b] - \text{Sqrt}[6 \\ & ]*\text{FresnelS}[(\text{Sqrt}[6/\text{Pi}]*\text{Sqrt}[a+b*\text{ArcSin}[c+d*x]])/\text{Sqrt}[b]]*\text{Sin}[(3*a)/b]) \\ & )/(12*\text{Sqrt}[b]*d^3) \end{aligned}$$

**3.163.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5246, 7267, 7292, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{d^2 x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5246} \\
 & \int \frac{d^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} d \arcsin(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7267} \\
 & \frac{2 \int d^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} d \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{bd^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7292} \\
 & \frac{2 \int d^2 x^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) d \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{bd^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) c^2 + \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right) c + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) \sin^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) \right) d \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{bd^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{bc^2} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{bc^2} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \right)}{bd^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/4 + Sqrt[b]*c^2*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*Cos[(3*a)/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/4 - (Sqrt[b]*c*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/4 + Sqrt[b]*c^2*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b] + (Sqrt[b]*c*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/4)/(b*d^3)`

### 3.163.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5246 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Cos[x]*(c*d + e*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

rule 7267 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst[[2])]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && SubstForFractionalPowerQ[u, lst[[3]], x]`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

```
rule 7293 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

### 3.163.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \left( 12\sqrt{2} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) c^2 - 12\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) c^2 + 3\sqrt{2} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) c - 3\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) c \right)}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}$

```
input int(x^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/12/d^3*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(12*2^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*c^2-12*2^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*c^2+3*2^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)-3*2^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)+2^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*cos(3*a/b)*FresnelC(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b-2^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*sin(3*a/b)*FresnelS(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b+12*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*c+12*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*c
```

### 3.163.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```



**3.163.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.163.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.163.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 646, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx \\
 = & - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} c^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{i \sqrt{2} \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2 \sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(\frac{i a}{b}\right)}}{d^3\left(\frac{i \sqrt{2} b}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{|b|}\right)} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} c^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{i \sqrt{2} \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2 \sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{i a}{b}\right)}}{d^3\left(-\frac{i \sqrt{2} b}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{|b|}\right)} \\
 & - \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} c \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{i \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{b}}{|b|}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{2i a}{b}\right)}}{2 d^3\left(\sqrt{b} - \frac{i b^{\frac{3}{2}}}{|b|}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} c \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{i \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{b}}{|b|}\right) e^{\left(\frac{2i a}{b}\right)}}{2 \sqrt{b} d^3\left(\frac{i b}{|b|} + 1\right)} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{6} \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2 \sqrt{b}} - \frac{i \sqrt{6} \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{b}}{2|b|}\right) e^{\left(\frac{3i a}{b}\right)}}{4\left(\sqrt{6} \sqrt{b} + \frac{i \sqrt{6} b^{\frac{3}{2}}}{|b|}\right) d^3} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{i \sqrt{2} \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2 \sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(\frac{i a}{b}\right)}}{4 d^3\left(\frac{i \sqrt{2} b}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{|b|}\right)} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{i \sqrt{2} \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2 \sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{i a}{b}\right)}}{4 d^3\left(-\frac{i \sqrt{2} b}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{|b|}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{6} \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2 \sqrt{b}} + \frac{i \sqrt{6} \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{b}}{2|b|}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{3i a}{b}\right)}}{4\left(\sqrt{6} \sqrt{b} - \frac{i \sqrt{6} b^{\frac{3}{2}}}{|b|}\right) d^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-sqrt(pi)*c^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b))
- 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(d^3*(
I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b)))) - sqrt(pi)*c^2*erf(1/2*I
*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arc
sin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(d^3*(-I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)
)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b)))) - 1/2*I*sqrt(pi)*c*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c)
+ a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)
/(d^3*(sqrt(b) - I*b^(3/2)/abs(b))) + 1/2*I*sqrt(pi)*c*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(
d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2
*I*a/b)/(sqrt(b)*d^3*(I*b/abs(b) + 1)) + 1/4*sqrt(pi)*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqr
t(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) +
a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(3*I*a/b)/((sqrt(6)*sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(6)*b^(3/2)/abs(b)
)*d^3) - 1/4*sqrt(pi)*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt
(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/
b)/(d^3*(I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b)))) - 1/4*sqrt(pi)*
erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*s
qrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(d^3*(-I*sqrt(2)*b/s
qrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b)))) + 1/4*sqrt(pi)*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(
b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)
*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-3*I*a/b)/((sqrt(6)*sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(6)*b^(3/2)/abs...
```

### 3.163.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(x^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.164 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx$

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3.164.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	1372
3.164.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1373

#### 3.164.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{c\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bd^2}} - \frac{c\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{bd^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{bd^2}}$$

output `1/2*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/d^2/b^(1/2)-1/2*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)/d^2/b^(1/2)-c*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^2/b^(1/2)-c*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d^2/b^(1/2)`

### 3.164.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{ice^{-\frac{ia}{b}} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{2d^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((I*c*(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] - E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/(E^((I*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (Sqrt[Pi]*(Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]) - FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/Sqrt[b])/(2*d^2)`

### 3.164.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5246, 7267, 7292, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\ & \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & - \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int -\frac{dx}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx)}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5246} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{dx \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d \arcsin(c+dx)}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7267} \\
& \frac{2 \int -dx \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} d \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{bd^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7292} \\
& \frac{2 \int -dx \cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{bd^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
& \frac{2 \int \left( c \cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right) d \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{bd^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{bc} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{bc} \right)}{bd^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-2*(Sqrt[b]*c*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])/4 + Sqrt[b]*c*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b] + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])*Sin[(2*a)/b])/4)/(b*d^2)`

## 3.164.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5246 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/c^(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Cos[x]*(c*d + e*Sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`
- rule 7267 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst[[2])], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && SubstForFractionalPowerQ[u, lst[[3]], x]`
- rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`
- rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]`

**3.164.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\left(2\sqrt{2}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)c-2\sqrt{2}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)c+\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)\right)}{2d^2}$

```
input int(x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2/d^2*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(2*2^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*c-2*2^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*c+cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)+sin(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b))
```

**3.164.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**3.164.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} dx$$

```
input integrate(x/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(x/sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)
```



**3.164.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.164.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} c \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{d^2 \left(\frac{i\sqrt{2b}}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} c \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{d^2 \left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2b}}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|}\right)} + \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{i\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{b}}{|b|}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{2ia}{b}\right)}}{4 d^2 \left(\sqrt{b} - \frac{ib^{\frac{3}{2}}}{|b|}\right)} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{i\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{b}}{|b|}\right) e^{\left(\frac{2ia}{b}\right)}}{4 \sqrt{b} d^2 \left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(pi)*c*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(d^2*(I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b)))) + sqrt(pi)*c*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(d^2*(-I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b)))) + 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/(d^2*(sqrt(b) - I*b^(3/2)/abs(b))) - 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/(sqrt(b)*d^2*(I*b/abs(b) + 1))`

### 3.164.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.165 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx$

3.165.1 Optimal result	1374
3.165.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	1374
3.165.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1375
3.165.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1378
3.165.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	1378
3.165.6 Sympy [F]	1378
3.165.7 Maxima [F]	1379
3.165.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	1379
3.165.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1380

#### 3.165.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}} + \frac{\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}}$$

output `cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d/b^(1/2)+FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d/b^(1/2)`

#### 3.165.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{ie^{-\frac{ia}{b}} \left( -\sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{2d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((I/2)*(-(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])*Gamma[1/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]) + E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])*Gamma[1/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(d*E^((I*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

### 3.165.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {5302, 5134, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5134} \\
 & \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3787} \\
 & \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{bd}$$

↓ 3785

$$\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{bd}$$

↓ 3786

$$\frac{2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} + 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{bd}$$

↓ 3832

$$\frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{bd}$$

↓ 3833

$$\frac{\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{bd}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/(b*d)`

## 3.165.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 5134 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`
- rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

**3.165.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)-\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)\right)}{d}$	94

```
input int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)-sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b))/d
```

**3.165.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**3.165.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(1/sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)
```

**3.165.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.165.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{-i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2\sqrt{|b|}}\right) e^{\left(\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{d\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}b}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2\sqrt{|b|}}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{d\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2}b}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-sqrt(pi)*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(d*(I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b)))) - sqrt(pi)*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(d*(-I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b))))`



**3.165.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`output `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.166 $\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.166.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1381
3.166.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1382
3.166.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1382
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3.166.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	1384
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3.166.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1385
3.166.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1386

#### 3.166.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2c\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{bd^2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{bd^2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^{3/2}d^2} + \frac{2c\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}d^2} - \frac{2c\sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^{3/2}d^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{b^{3/2}d^2}$$

output

```
2*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d^2+2*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d^2+2*c*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d^2-2*c*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d^2+2*c*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)-2*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.166.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} + 2\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + 2c\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `((2*Sqrt[b]*c*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + 2*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])] + 2*c*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] - 2*c*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b] + 2*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b] - (Sqrt[b]*Sin[2*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(b^(3/2)*d^2)`

**3.166.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5244, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\ & \int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \int -\frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int -\frac{dx}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} d(c + dx) \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{\left( \frac{c}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{c+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) d(c+dx)}{d^2}$$

↓ 5244

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2\pi}c \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{\pi} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

↓ 2009

---


$$\frac{\dots}{d^2}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -\left(\frac{-2c\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx]}} + \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx]}} - \frac{2\sqrt{\pi}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx]}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}\right. \\ & - \frac{2c\sqrt{2\pi}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx]}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} + \frac{2c\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2/\pi}\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx]}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \\ & \left. - \frac{2\sqrt{\pi}\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx]}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}\right) / d^2 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.166.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5244 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^m_., x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*Ar
cSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.166.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
default	$\frac{-2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right)-2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right)}{1}$

```
input int(x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d^2/b/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-2*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*ar
rcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*ar
rcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*c-2*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c
))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c
))^(1/2)/b)*c+2*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)
*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)-2*(
-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/
2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)+2*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d
*x+c))/b+a/b)*c+sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b))
```

### 3.166.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**3.166.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

**3.166.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.166.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.166.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`output `int(x/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.167**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.167.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1387  
 3.167.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1388  
 3.167.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1388  
 3.167.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1392  
 3.167.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . . 1392  
 3.167.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1392  
 3.167.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1393  
 3.167.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1393  
 3.167.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1393

**3.167.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{bd\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}d} + \frac{2\sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^{3/2}d}$$

```
output -2*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2
^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d+2*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(
1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d-2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b
/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```



**3.167.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \left( e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{bd\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-3/2),x]`

output `(E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, (-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b] + E^((I*a)/b)*(-1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + E^((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(b*d*E^((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

**3.167.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$ , Rules used = {5302, 5132, 5224, 25, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ \downarrow \text{5302} \\ \int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c + dx) \\ \downarrow \text{5132} \\ \frac{2 \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\ \downarrow \text{5224} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{2 \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow \mathbf{25} \\
\frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow \mathbf{3042} \\
\frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow \mathbf{3787} \\
\frac{2 \left( -\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow \mathbf{25} \\
\frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow \mathbf{3042} \\
\frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow \mathbf{3785} \\
\frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow \mathbf{3786}
\end{array}$$

---

3.167.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{2 \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}$$

$d$

↓ 3832

$$\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}$$

$d$

↓ 3833

$$\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}$$

$d$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-3/2), x]`

output `((-2*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - (2*(sqrt[b]*sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(sqrt[2/Pi]*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/sqrt[b]] - sqrt[b]*sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(sqrt[2/Pi]*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b]))/b^2)/d`

### 3.167.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d  
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f  
, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos  
[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(  
d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d  
, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[  
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[  
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5132 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2  
*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(b*(n + 1))  
Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a  
, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5224 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*(x_)^m_*(d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^  
2)^p_], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x  
^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x,  
a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0]  
&& IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d  
Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,  
n}, x]`

**3.167.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)\right)}{db\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-2/d/b/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b))`**3.167.5 Fracas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`**3.167.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+b\operatorname{asin}(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(-3/2), x)`

**3.167.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(-3/2), x)`

**3.167.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(-3/2), x)`

**3.167.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.168**      $\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.168.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1394  
 3.168.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1395  
 3.168.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1396  
 3.168.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1398  
 3.168.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . . 1399  
 3.168.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1399  
 3.168.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1399  
 3.168.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1400  
 3.168.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1400

**3.168.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 384

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{2c\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3bd^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\ &- \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3bd^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{4}{3b^2d^2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\ &- \frac{4c(c+dx)}{3b^2d^2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} + \frac{8(c+dx)^2}{3b^2d^2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\ &+ \frac{4c\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}d^2} \\ &- \frac{8\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}d^2} \\ &+ \frac{4c\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{3b^{5/2}d^2} \\ &+ \frac{8\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{3b^{5/2}d^2} \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -8/3*\cos(2*a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2})*\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{5/2}/d^2+8/3*\text{FresnelC}(2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}) \\ & )*\sin(2*a/b)*\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{5/2}/d^2+4/3*c*\cos(a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}) \\ & *(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})*2^{1/2}*\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{5/2}/d^2+4/3*c*\text{Fr} \\ & \text{esnelS}(2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2})*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})*\sin(a/b)*2^{1/2} \\ & )*\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{5/2}/d^2+2/3*c*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2}/b/d^2/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c)) \\ & ^{3/2}-2/3*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2}/b/d^2/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{3/2}-4/3 \\ & /b^2/d^2/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}-4/3*c*(d*x+c)/b^2/d^2/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c) \\ & )^{1/2}+8/3*(d*x+c)^2/b^2/d^2/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2} \end{aligned}$$

### 3.168.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 6.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$4a\sqrt{bc^2} + 4a\sqrt{bcdx} - 2b^{3/2}c\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + 4b^{3/2}c^2 \arcsin(c + dx) + 4b^{3/2}cdx \arcsin(c + dx) + 4a\sqrt{b} \cos$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/3*(4*a*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c^2 + 4*a*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c*d*x - 2*b^{3/2}*c*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x) \\ & ^2] + 4*b^{3/2}*c^2*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x] + 4*b^{3/2}*c*d*x*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x] + 4* \\ & a*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Cos}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]] + 4*b^{3/2}*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]*\text{Cos}[2*\text{ArcSin}[ \\ & c + d*x]] - 4*c*\text{Sqrt}[2*\text{Pi}]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^{3/2}*\text{Cos}[a/b]*\text{FresnelC} \\ & [( \text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]])/\text{Sqrt}[b]] + 8*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]*(a + b*\text{Arc} \\ & \text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{3/2}*\text{Cos}[(2*a)/b]*\text{FresnelS}[(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]])/ \\ & (\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}])] - 4*c*\text{Sqrt}[2*\text{Pi}]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^{3/2}*\text{Fresnel} \\ & \text{S}[( \text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]])/\text{Sqrt}[b]]*\text{Sin}[a/b] - 8*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]* \\ & (a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^{3/2}*\text{FresnelC}[(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]])/(\text{Sq} \\ & \text{rt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}])]*\text{Sin}[(2*a)/b] + b^{3/2}*\text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]]/(b^{5/2}*d \\ & ^2*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^{3/2}) \end{aligned}$$



**3.168.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5244, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{\int - \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{\int - \frac{dx}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5244} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left( \frac{c}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{8\sqrt{\pi} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}} - \frac{4\sqrt{2\pi}c \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}} - \frac{4\sqrt{2\pi}c \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

```
output -((( -2*c*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(3*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (2*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(3*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + 4/(3*b^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (4*c*(c + d*x))/(3*b^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - (8*(c + d*x)^2)/(3*b^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - (4*c*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/(3*b^(5/2)) + (8*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])/(3*b^(5/2)) - (4*c*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/(3*b^(5/2)) - (8*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/(3*b^(5/2)))/d^2
```

### 3.168.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5244 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^m_., x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^m_., x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.168.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 724 vs.  $2(312) = 624$ .

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 725, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

method	result
default	$\frac{4 \arcsin(dx+c) \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) bc - 4 \arcsin(dx+c) \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\dots}$

input `int(x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{3} d^{-2} b^{-2} (4 \arcsin(dx+c) (-1/b)^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} 2^{1/2} (a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2} \operatorname{FresnelC}(2^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} / (-1/b)^{1/2} (a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2} / b) \cos(a/b) b c - 4 \arcsin(dx+c) (-1/b)^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} 2^{1/2} (a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2} \sin(a/b) \operatorname{FresnelS}(2^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} / (-1/b)^{1/2} (a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2} / b) b c + 4 (-1/b)^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} 2^{1/2} (a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2} \operatorname{FresnelC}(2^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} / (-1/b)^{1/2} (a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2} / b) \cos(a/b) a c - 4 (-1/b)^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} 2^{1/2} (a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2} \sin(a/b) \operatorname{FresnelS}(2^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} / (-1/b)^{1/2} (a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2} / b) a c + 8 \arcsin(dx+c) (-1/b)^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} (a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2} \cos(2 a/b) \operatorname{FresnelS}(2 \cdot 2^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} / (-2/b)^{1/2} (a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2} / b) b + 8 \arcsin(dx+c) (-1/b)^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} (a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2} \sin(2 a/b) \operatorname{FresnelC}(2 \cdot 2^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} / (-2/b)^{1/2} (a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2} / b) b + 8 (-1/b)^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} (a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2} \cos(2 a/b) \operatorname{FresnelS}(2 \cdot 2^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} / (-2/b)^{1/2} (a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2} / b) a + 8 (-1/b)^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} (a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2} \sin(2 a/b) \operatorname{FresnelC}(2 \cdot 2^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} / (-2/b)^{1/2} (a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2} / b) a + 4 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin(-(a+b \arcsin(dx+c)) / b + a/b) b c - 4 \arcsin(dx+c) \cos(-2(a+b \arcsin(dx+c)) / b + 2 a/b) b + 2 \cos(-(a+b \arcsin(dx+c)) / b + a/b) b c + 4 \sin(-(a+b \arcsin(dx+c)) / b + a/b) a c + \sin(-2(a+b \arcsin(dx+c)) / b + 2 a/b) b - 4 \cos(-2(a+b \arcsin(dx+c)) / b + 2 a/b) a) / (a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^{3/2} \end{aligned}$$

**3.168.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**3.168.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate(x/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(x/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(5/2), x)
```

**3.168.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate(x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate(x/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)
```

**3.168.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.168.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.169**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.169.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1401  
 3.169.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1402  
 3.169.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1402  
 3.169.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1406  
 3.169.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . . 1407  
 3.169.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1407  
 3.169.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1407  
 3.169.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1408  
 3.169.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1408

**3.169.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3bd(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{4(c+dx)}{3b^2d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{4\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}d} - \frac{4\sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{3b^{5/2}d}$$

```
output -4/3*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))
*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/d-4/3*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+
c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/d-2/3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(
1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)+4/3*(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(
1/2)
```

### 3.169.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \left( -2be^{i \arcsin(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} \right)^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-5/2),x]`

output `(-2*b*E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] - I*E^((I*a)/b)*(2*a*(-1 + E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])) + b*(-I - 2*ArcSin[c + d*x] + E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]))*(-I + 2*ArcSin[c + d*x])) - (2*I)*b*E^((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)*((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b))/((3*b^2*d*E^((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))^(3/2))`

### 3.169.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$ , Rules used = {5302, 5132, 5222, 5134, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5132} \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5222} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$d$   
↓ 5134

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$d$   
↓ 3042

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$d$   
↓ 3787

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$d$   
↓ 25

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$d$   
↓ 3042

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$d$   
↓ 3785

3.169.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3786} \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3832} \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3833} \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-5/2),x]`

output `((-2*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(3*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) - (2*((-2*(c + d*x))/(b*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (2*(sqrt[b]*sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(sqrt[2/Pi]*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/sqrt[b]] + sqrt[b]*sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(sqrt[2/Pi]*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b]))/b^2))/(3*b))/d`

## 3.169.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 5132 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`
- rule 5134 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

```
rule 5222 Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.))*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)/Sqrt[(d_)
+ (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^
2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n
+ 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*
ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*
d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5302 Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d
Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
n}, x]
```

### 3.169.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 369 vs.  $2(145) = 290$ .

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

method	result
default	$-\frac{2 \left( 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b} b}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b} b-2 \arcsin(dx+c)} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/d/b^2*(2*arcsin(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*cos
(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*
(-1/b)^(1/2)*b-2*arcsin(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*
sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/
b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b+2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*Fr
esnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(
1/2)*a-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1
/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a+2*ar
csin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b+cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a
/b)*b+2*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

**3.169.5 Fracas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**3.169.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(-5/2), x)
```

**3.169.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(-5/2), x)
```

**3.169.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(-5/2), x)`

**3.169.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.170 $\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

3.170.1 Optimal result	1409
3.170.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1410
3.170.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1411
3.170.4 Maple [B] (verified)	1413
3.170.5 Fracas [F(-2)]	1413
3.170.6 Sympy [F]	1414
3.170.7 Maxima [F]	1414
3.170.8 Giac [F]	1414
3.170.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1415

#### 3.170.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 468

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2c\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5bd^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5bd^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{4}{15b^2d^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{4c(c+dx)}{15b^2d^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{8(c+dx)^2}{15b^2d^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{8c\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{15b^3d^2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} + \frac{32(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{15b^3d^2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{32\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{15b^{7/2}d^2} - \frac{8c\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{15b^{7/2}d^2} + \frac{8c\sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{15b^{7/2}d^2} - \frac{32\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{15b^{7/2}d^2}$$

output 
$$-4/15/b^2/d^2/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{3/2}-4/15*c*(d*x+c)/b^2/d^2/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{3/2}+8/15*(d*x+c)^2/b^2/d^2/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{3/2}-32/15*\cos(2*a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2})*\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{7/2}/d^2-32/15*\text{FresnelS}(2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2})*\sin(2*a/b)*\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{7/2}/d^2-8/15*c*\cos(a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2})*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})*2^{1/2}*\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{7/2}/d^2+8/15*c*\text{FresnelC}(2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2})*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})*\sin(a/b)*2^{1/2}*\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{7/2}/d^2+2/5*c*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2}/b/d^2/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{5/2}-2/5*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2}/b/d^2/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{5/2}-8/15*c*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2}/b^3/d^2/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}+32/15*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2}/b^3/d^2/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}$$

### 3.170.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 521, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$4ab^{3/2}c(c + dx) + 8a^2\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} - 6b^{5/2}c\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + 4b^{5/2}c(c + dx) \arcsin(c + dx) + 16ab$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output 
$$-1/15*(4*a*b^{3/2}*c*(c + d*x) + 8*a^2*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2] - 6*b^{5/2}*c*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + 4*b^{5/2}*c*(c + d*x)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x] + 16*a*b^{3/2}*c*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x] + 8*b^{5/2}*c*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]^2 + 4*a*b^{3/2}*\text{Cos}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]] + 4*b^{5/2}*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]*\text{Cos}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]] + 32*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^{5/2}*\text{Cos}[(2*a)/b]*\text{FresnelC}[(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]])]/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}])) + 8*c*\text{Sqrt}[2*\text{Pi}]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^{5/2}*\text{Cos}[a/b]*\text{FresnelS}[(\text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]])/\text{Sqrt}[b]] - 8*c*\text{Sqrt}[2*\text{Pi}]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^{5/2}*\text{FresnelC}[(\text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]])/\text{Sqrt}[b]]*\text{Sin}[a/b] + 32*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^{5/2}*\text{FresnelS}[(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]])/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]))*\text{Sin}[(2*a)/b] - 16*a^2*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]] + 3*b^{5/2}*\text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]] - 32*a*b^{3/2}*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]*\text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]] - 16*b^{5/2}*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]^2*\text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]]/(b^{7/2}*d^2*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^{5/2})$$

**3.170.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5244, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{\int - \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{\int - \frac{dx}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5244} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left( \frac{c}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} - \frac{c + dx}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} \right) d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{8\sqrt{2}\pi c \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{15b^{7/2}} + \frac{32\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{15b^{7/2}} + \frac{32\sqrt{\pi} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{15b^{7/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2), x]`



output 
$$-\left(\frac{-2c\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx])^{5/2}} + \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx])^{5/2}} + \frac{4}{15b^2(a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx])^{3/2}} + \frac{4c(c+dx)}{15b^2(a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx])^{3/2}} - \frac{8(c+dx)^2}{15b^2(a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx])^{3/2}} + \frac{8c\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{15b^3\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx]}} - \frac{32(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{15b^3\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx]}} + \frac{32\sqrt{\pi}\cos(2a/b)\operatorname{FresnelC}[(2\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx]})]/(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi})}{15b^{7/2}} + \frac{8c\sqrt{2\pi}\cos(a/b)\operatorname{FresnelS}[(\sqrt{2/\pi})\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx]})/\sqrt{b}]}{15b^{7/2}} - \frac{8c\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}[(\sqrt{2/\pi})\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx]})/\sqrt{b}]\sin(a/b)}{15b^{7/2}} + \frac{32\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelS}[(2\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{ArcSin}[c+dx]})]/(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi})\sin(2a/b)}{15b^{7/2}}\right)/d^2$$

### 3.170.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25  $\operatorname{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Identity}[-1] \operatorname{Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 27  $\operatorname{Int}[(a\_)(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{MatchQ}[F_x, (b\_)(G_x)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 2009  $\operatorname{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{SumQ}[u]$

rule 5244  $\operatorname{Int}[(a\_ + \operatorname{ArcSin}[(c\_)(x_)]*(b\_))^n*((d\_ + (e\_)(x_))^m), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c*x])^n, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[n, -1]$

rule 5304  $\operatorname{Int}[(a\_ + \operatorname{ArcSin}[(c\_ + (d\_)(x_)]*(b\_))^n*((e\_ + (f\_)(x_))^m), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[1/d \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d)]^m*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcSin}[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x]$

**3.170.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1237 vs. 2(384) = 768.

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1238, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1238

input `int(x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/15/d^2/b^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(-8*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(-1/b)^(1/2)*P
i^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/
2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^2*c-8*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(-1/b
)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/
2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^2*c-16*arcsin(d*x+
c)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*Fresne
lS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*a*b*c-16*arc
sin(d*x+c)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b
)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*a*b*
c+32*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(2
*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b
)*b^2-32*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*s
in(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/
2)/b)*b^2-8*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/
b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*a^2
*c-8*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*Fres
nelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*a^2*c+64*a
rcsin(d*x+c)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)*Fr
esnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*a*b-64
*arcsin(d*x+c)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/...
```

**3.170.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### 3.170.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(7/2), x)`

### 3.170.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

### 3.170.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

**3.170.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`output `int(x/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

**3.171**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

3.171.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1416  
 3.171.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 1417  
 3.171.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1417  
 3.171.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1423  
 3.171.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . . 1423  
 3.171.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1424  
 3.171.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1424  
 3.171.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1424  
 3.171.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1425

**3.171.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 218

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5bd(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{4(c+dx)}{15b^2d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{8\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{15b^3d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} + \frac{8\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{15b^{7/2}d} - \frac{8\sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{15b^{7/2}d}$$

```
output 4/15*(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)+8/15*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(7/2)/d-8/15*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(7/2)/d-2/5*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)+8/15*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b^3/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.171.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-6b^2 e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)} + 4e^{-\frac{ia}{b}} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \left( e^{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} (2a + b(-\dots)) \right)}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-7/2),x]`

output `(-6*b^2*E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + (4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(E^(((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)*(2*a + b*(-I + 2*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) - (2*I)*b*(((I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, ((I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/E^((I*a)/b) + (8*a^2 + 4*a*b*(I + 4*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + 2*b^2*(-3 + (2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x] + 4*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2) - 8*E^(((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2*sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/(30*b^3*d*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2))`

**3.171.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {5302, 5132, 5222, 5132, 5224, 25, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5132} \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c+dx)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{d} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.171.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 5222 \\
 \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 5132 \\
 \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 5224 \\
 \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \frac{d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \frac{d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 3042
 \end{array}$$

---

3.171.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

$d$   
↓ 3787

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( -\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

$d$   
↓ 25

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

$d$   
↓ 3042

---

3.171.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$



$$2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)$$

3785

$$2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)$$

3786

$$2 \left( \frac{2 \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)$$

3832

$$2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)$$

3833

3.171.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b} \arcsin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b} \arcsin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b} \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{3b(a+b) \arcsin(c+dx)}$$


---


$$\frac{5b}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-7/2), x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(5*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2)) - (2*((-2*(c + d*x))/(3*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (2*((-2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - (2*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])))/b^2))/(3*b)))/(5*b))/d`

### 3.171.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787  $\text{Int}[\sin[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[(d*e - c*f)/d] \text{Int}[\text{Sin}[c*(f/d) + f*x]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x], x], x] + \text{Simp}[\text{Sin}[(d*e - c*f)/d] \text{Int}[\text{Cos}[c*(f/d) + f*x]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{ComplexFreeQ}[f] \&\& \text{NeQ}[d*e - c*f, 0]$

rule 3832  $\text{Int}[\text{Sin}[(d\_.)*((e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_))^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}/2]/(f*\text{Rt}[d, 2]))*\text{FresnelS}[\text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}]*\text{Rt}[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 3833  $\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[(d\_.)*((e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_))^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}/2]/(f*\text{Rt}[d, 2]))*\text{FresnelC}[\text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}]*\text{Rt}[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 5132  $\text{Int}[(a\_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]^{(n+1)}/(b*c*(n+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[c/(b*(n+1)) \text{Int}[x*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{(n+1)}/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, -1]$

rule 5222  $\text{Int}[(a\_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^{(n\_)}*((f\_.)*(x\_))^{(m\_)}]/\text{Sqrt}[(d\_.) + (e\_.)*(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n+1))*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{(n+1)}, x] - \text{Simp}[f*(m/(b*c*(n+1)))*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2] \text{Int}[(f*x)^{(m-1)}*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{(n+1)}, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, -1]$

rule 5224  $\text{Int}[(a\_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^{(n\_)}*(x\_)^{(m\_)}*((d\_.) + (e\_.)*(x\_)^2)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(b*c^{(m+1)}))*\text{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n*\text{Sin}[-a/b + x/b]^m*\text{Cos}[-a/b + x/b]^{(2*p+1)}, x], x, a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[2*p + 2, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 5302  $\text{Int}[(a\_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/d \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x]$

### 3.171.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 623 vs.  $2(178) = 356$ .

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 624, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

method	result
default	$\frac{8 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b^2 - 8 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b^2}{15}$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

2/15/d/b^3*(-4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS
(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/
2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^2-4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*F
resnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)
*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^2-8*arcsin(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a
/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^
(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a*b-8*arcsin(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*
sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/
b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a*b-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*
FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)
)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a^2-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(
2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)
)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a^2+4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^2+8
*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b-2*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a
+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^2+4*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2-3*cos(-
(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^2-2*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b)/(a+b
*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)

```

### 3.171.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### 3.171.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(-7/2), x)`

### 3.171.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(-7/2), x)`

### 3.171.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(-7/2), x)`

**3.171.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`output `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

### 3.172 $\int x^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx$

3.172.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1426
3.172.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . .	1426
3.172.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . .	1427
3.172.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . .	1428
3.172.5 Fricas [N/A] . . . . .	1428
3.172.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . .	1428
3.172.7 Maxima [N/A] . . . . .	1429
3.172.8 Giac [F(-1)] . . . . .	1429
3.172.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	1429

#### 3.172.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int x^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \text{Int}(x^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n, x)$$

output `Unintegrable(x^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x)`

#### 3.172.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int x^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int x^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx$$

input `Integrate[x^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n,x]`

output `Integrate[x^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n, x]`

**3.172.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 5300}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int \left(\frac{c+dx}{d} - \frac{c}{d}\right)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5300}$$

$$\frac{\int \left(\frac{c+dx}{d} - \frac{c}{d}\right)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n d(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `Int[x^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.172.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5300 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n*(u_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrateable[u*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`



**3.172.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 2.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^m (a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^n dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x)`output `int(x^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x)`**3.172.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int x^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^n x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^n*x^m, x)`**3.172.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 18.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int x^m (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^n dx$$

input `integrate(x**m*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**n,x)`output `Integral(x**m*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))**n, x)`

**3.172.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int x^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^n x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^n*x^m, x)`**3.172.8 Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`**3.172.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int x^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int x^m (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^n dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^n,x)`output `int(x^m*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^n, x)`

### 3.173 $\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx$

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3.173.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1435

#### 3.173.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 611

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx \\
 &= -\frac{ie^{-\frac{ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(1 + n, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{8d^3} \\
 &\quad - \frac{ic^2e^{-\frac{ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(1 + n, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2d^3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{ie^{\frac{ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(1 + n, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{8d^3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{ic^2e^{\frac{ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(1 + n, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2d^3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{2^{-2-n}ce^{-\frac{2ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(1 + n, -\frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{d^3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{2^{-2-n}ce^{\frac{2ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(1 + n, \frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{d^3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{i3^{-1-n}e^{-\frac{3ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(1 + n, -\frac{3i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{8d^3} \\
 &\quad - \frac{i3^{-1-n}e^{\frac{3ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(1 + n, \frac{3i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{8d^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/8*I*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^n*\text{GAMMA}(1+n,-I*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/d^3/\exp(I*a/b)/((-I*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)^n)-1/2*I*c^2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^n*\text{GAMMA} \\ & (1+n,-I*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/d^3/\exp(I*a/b)/((-I*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)^n)+1/8*I*\exp(I*a/b)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^n*\text{GAMMA}(1+n,I*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/ \\ & b)/d^3/((I*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)^n)+1/2*I*c^2*\exp(I*a/b)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^n*\text{GAMMA}(1+n,I*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/d^3/((I*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)^n) \\ & +2^{(-2-n)}*c*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^n*\text{GAMMA}(1+n,-2*I*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/d^3/\exp(2*I*a/b)/((-I*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)^n)+2^{(-2-n)}*c*\exp(2*I*a/b)*(a+b \\ & *\arcsin(d*x+c))^n*\text{GAMMA}(1+n,2*I*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/d^3/((I*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)^n)+1/8*I*3^{(-1-n)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^n*\text{GAMMA}(1+n,-3*I*(a+b*\ar \\ & \text{csin}(d*x+c))/b)/d^3/\exp(3*I*a/b)/((-I*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)^n)-1/8*I*3^{(-1-n)}*\exp(3*I*a/b)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^n*\text{GAMMA}(1+n,3*I*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/ \\ & b)/d^3/((I*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)^n) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.173.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 419, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \frac{2^{-3-n} 3^{-1-n} e^{-\frac{3ia}{b}} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{b^2}\right)^{-n} \left(-i 2^n 3^{1+n} (1 + 4c^2) e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \left(\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^n\right)}{}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n,x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (2^{(-3-n)}*3^{(-1-n)}*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^n*((-I)*2^n*3^{(1+n)}*(1 + \\ & 4*c^2)*E^{(((2*I)*a)/b)}*((I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b)^n*\text{Gamma}[1 + n, ((-I) \\ & )*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] + I*2^n*3^{(1+n)}*(1 + 4*c^2)*E^{(((4*I)*a)/b} \\ & )*(((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b)^n*\text{Gamma}[1 + n, (I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d \\ & *x]))/b] + 2*3^{(1+n)}*c*E^{((I*a)/b)}*((I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b)^n*\text{Gam} \\ & \text{ma}[1 + n, ((-2*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] + 2*3^{(1+n)}*c*E^{(((5*I)*a) \\ & /b)}*(((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b)^n*\text{Gamma}[1 + n, ((2*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin} \\ & [c + d*x]))/b] + I*2^n*((I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b)^n*\text{Gamma}[1 + n, ((-3 \\ & *I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] - I*2^n*E^{(((6*I)*a)/b)}*(((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcS} \\ & \text{in}[c + d*x]))/b)^n*\text{Gamma}[1 + n, ((3*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]))/(d^3* \\ & E^{(((3*I)*a)/b)}*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^2/b^2)^n) \end{aligned}$$

**3.173.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 591, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5246, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int d^2 x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n d(c + dx)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5246} \\
 & \frac{\int d^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n d \arcsin(c + dx)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & \frac{\int \left( c^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n + (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n - 2c(c + dx) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \right)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{2} i c^2 e^{-\frac{ia}{b}} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left( -\frac{i(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b} \right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(n + 1, -\frac{i(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{2} i c^2 e^{\frac{ia}{b}} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n}{d^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n,x]`

```

output (((-1/8*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n*Gamma[1 + n, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c +
d*x]))/b])/E^((I*a)/b)*(((I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^n) - ((I/2)*c^2
*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n*Gamma[1 + n, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])
/(E^((I*a)/b)*(((I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^n) + ((I/8)*E^((I*a)/b)*(
a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n*Gamma[1 + n, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/((I*
(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^n + ((I/2)*c^2*E^((I*a)/b)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d
*x])^n*Gamma[1 + n, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c +
d*x]))/b)^n + (2^(-2 - n)*c*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n*Gamma[1 + n, ((-2*I)
*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*(((I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*
x]))/b)^n) + (2^(-2 - n)*c*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n*Gamma
[1 + n, ((2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b
)^n + ((I/8)*3^(-1 - n)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n*Gamma[1 + n, ((-3*I)*(a
+ b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/E^(((3*I)*a)/b)*(((I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))
/b)^n) - ((I/8)*3^(-1 - n)*E^(((3*I)*a)/b)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n*Gamma
[1 + n, ((3*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b
)^n)/d^3

```

### 3.173.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```

rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]

```

```

rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]

```

```

rule 5246 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n]*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[1/c^(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Cos[x]*(c*d + e*Sin[x])^
m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]

```

```

rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n]*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]

```

```

rule 7293 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]

```

**3.173.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^n dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x)`

**3.173.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^n x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^n*x^2, x)`

**3.173.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int x^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^n dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**n,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))**n, x)`

**3.173.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^n x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^n*x^2, x)`

**3.173.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^n x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^n*x^2, x)`

**3.173.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int x^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^n dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^n,x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^n, x)`



### 3.174 $\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx$

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#### 3.174.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 301

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx$$

$$= \frac{ice^{-\frac{ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(1 + n, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2d^2}$$

$$- \frac{ice^{\frac{ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(1 + n, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2d^2}$$

$$- \frac{2^{-3-n}e^{-\frac{2ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(1 + n, -\frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{d^2}$$

$$- \frac{2^{-3-n}e^{\frac{2ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(1 + n, \frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{d^2}$$

```
output 1/2*I*c*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n*GAMMA(1+n,-I*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/d^2/exp(I*a/b)/((-I*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)^n)-1/2*I*c*exp(I*a/b)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n*GAMMA(1+n,I*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/d^2/((I*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)^n)-2^(-3-n)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n*GAMMA(1+n,-2*I*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/d^2/exp(2*I*a/b)/((-I*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)^n)-2^(-3-n)*exp(2*I*a/b)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n*GAMMA(1+n,2*I*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/d^2/((I*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)^n)
```

### 3.174.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx =$$


---


$$i2^{-3-n}e^{-\frac{2ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{b^2}\right)^{-n} \left(-2^{2+n}ce^{\frac{ia}{b}}\left(\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^n \Gamma\left(1 + n, -\frac{i(a+}{b}\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n,x]`

output `((-I)*2^(-3 - n)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n*(-(2^(2 + n)*c*E^((I*a)/b)*((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^n*Gamma[1 + n, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]) + 2^(2 + n)*c*E^(((3*I)*a)/b)*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^n*Gamma[1 + n, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] - I*(((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^n*Gamma[1 + n, ((-2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^n*Gamma[1 + n, ((2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(d^2*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/b^2)^n)`

### 3.174.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5246, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx$$

$$\downarrow 5304$$

$$\frac{\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int -x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{-dx(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5246} \\
 & \int \frac{-dx \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n d \arcsin(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & \int \frac{\left( c \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n - (c + dx) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \right) d \arcsin(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} i c e^{-\frac{ia}{b}} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left( -\frac{i(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b} \right)^{-n} \Gamma\left( n + 1, -\frac{i(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b} \right) + 2^{-n-3} e^{-\frac{2ia}{b}} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n,x]`

output `-(((((-1/2*I)*c*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n*Gamma[1 + n, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/E^((I*a)/b)*(((I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^n) + ((I/2)*c*E^((I*a)/b)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n*Gamma[1 + n, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^n + (2^(-3 - n)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n*Gamma[1 + n, ((-2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*(((I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^n) + (2^(-3 - n)*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n*Gamma[1 + n, ((2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^n)/d^2`

### 3.174.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

```
rule 5246 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/c^(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*cos[x]*(c*d + e*sin[x])^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

```
rule 7293 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]
```

### 3.174.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^n dx$$

```
input int(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x)
```

```
output int(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x)
```

### 3.174.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^n x dx$$

```
input integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^n*x, x)
```

**3.174.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int x(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^n dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**n,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))**n, x)`

**3.174.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^n x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^n*x, x)`

**3.174.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^n x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^n*x, x)`

**3.174.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int x(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^n dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^n,x)`output `int(x*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^n, x)`

### 3.175 $\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx$

3.175.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1442
3.175.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1442
3.175.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1443
3.175.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	1445
3.175.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1445
3.175.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1445
3.175.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1446
3.175.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1446
3.175.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1446

#### 3.175.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx$$

$$= -\frac{ie^{-\frac{ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(1 + n, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2d}$$

$$+ \frac{ie^{\frac{ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(1 + n, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2d}$$

```
output -1/2*I*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n*GAMMA(1+n,-I*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/d/exp(I*a/b)/((-I*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)^n)+1/2*I*exp(I*a/b)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n*GAMMA(1+n,I*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/d/((I*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)^n)
```

#### 3.175.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx =$$

$$\frac{ie^{-\frac{ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(1 + n, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \left(\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(1 + n, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n,x]`

output `((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n*(Gamma[1 + n, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/(((I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^n - (E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Gamma[1 + n, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^n)/(d*E^((I*a)/b))`

### 3.175.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5302, 5134, 3042, 3788, 26, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 & \frac{\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5134} \\
 & \frac{\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3788} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2}i \int -ie^{-\frac{i(a-c-dx)}{b}} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{2}i \int ie^{\frac{i(a-c-dx)}{b}} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{26} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int e^{-\frac{i(a-c-dx)}{b}} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{\frac{i(a-c-dx)}{b}} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.175.  $\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx$



$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}ibe^{\frac{ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n \left(\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)^{-n} \Gamma\left(n + 1, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{2}ibe^{-\frac{ia}{b}}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n}{bd}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n,x]`

output `(((-1/2*I)*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n*Gamma[1 + n, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/E^((I*a)/b)*(((I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^n) + ((I/2)*b *E^((I*a)/b)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n*Gamma[1 + n, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d *x]))/b])/((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^n)/(b*d)`

### 3.175.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 26 `Int[(Complex[0, a_]*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Complex[Identity[0], a]) Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && EqQ[a^2, 1]`

rule 2612 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*(-f)*g*(Log[F]/d))^(IntPart[m] + 1)*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^FracPart[m])*Gamma[m + 1, ((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3788 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/(E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k]`

rule 5134 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d  
Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,  
n}, x]`

### 3.175.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^n dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x)`

### 3.175.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^n dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^n, x)`

### 3.175.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^n dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**n,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**n, x)`

**3.175.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^n dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^n, x)`

**3.175.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^n dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^n, x)`

**3.175.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^n dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^n,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^n, x)`

### 3.176 $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^n}{x} dx$

3.176.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1447
3.176.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . .	1447
3.176.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . .	1448
3.176.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . .	1449
3.176.5 Fricas [N/A] . . . . .	1449
3.176.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . .	1450
3.176.7 Maxima [N/A] . . . . .	1450
3.176.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	1450
3.176.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	1451

#### 3.176.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n}{x} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n}{x}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n/x,x)`

#### 3.176.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n/x,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n/x, x]`

**3.176.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 25, 27, 5300}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n}{x} dx \\
 \downarrow 5304 \\
 \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n}{x} d(c + dx) \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 - \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n}{x} d(c + dx) \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 - \int - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n}{dx} d(c + dx) \\
 \downarrow 5300 \\
 - \int - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n}{dx} d(c + dx)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^n/x,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.176.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 5300 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*(u_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrateable[u*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^m, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

**3.176.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^n}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n/x,x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n/x,x)`

**3.176.5 Fracas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^n}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^n/x, x)`

**3.176.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^n}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**n/x,x)`output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**n/x, x)`**3.176.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^n}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^n/x, x)`**3.176.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^n}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^n/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^n/x, x)`

**3.176.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^n}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^n}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^n/x,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^n/x, x)`



### 3.177 $\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$

3.177.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1452
3.177.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1452
3.177.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	1453
3.177.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1455
3.177.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1455
3.177.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1456
3.177.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1456
3.177.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1457
3.177.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1458

#### 3.177.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{be^4 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{5d} - \frac{2be^4 (1 - (c + dx)^2)^{3/2}}{15d} + \frac{be^4 (1 - (c + dx)^2)^{5/2}}{25d} + \frac{e^4 (c + dx)^5 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{5d}$$

output 
$$-2/15*b*e^4*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(3/2)}/d+1/25*b*e^4*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(5/2)}/d+1/5*e^4*(d*x+c)^5*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/d+1/5*b*e^4*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}/d$$

#### 3.177.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{e^4 \left( -\frac{1}{75} b \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \left( -15 + 10(1 - (c + dx)^2) - 3(-1 + (c + dx)^2)^2 \right) + \frac{1}{5} (c + dx)^5 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output 
$$(e^4*(-1/75*(b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(-15 + 10*(1 - (c + d*x)^2) - 3*(-1 + (c + d*x)^2)^2) + ((c + d*x)^5*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/5))/d$$

**3.177.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 243, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int e^4 (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{e^4 \int (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5} (c + dx)^5 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{5} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^5}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5} (c + dx)^5 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{10} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}} d(c + dx)^2 \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5} (c + dx)^5 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{10} b \int \left( (-c - dx + 1)^{3/2} - 2\sqrt{-c - dx + 1} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c - dx + 1}} \right) d(c + dx)^2 \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5} (c + dx)^5 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{10} b \left( -\frac{2}{5} (-c - dx + 1)^{5/2} + \frac{4}{3} (-c - dx + 1)^{3/2} - 2\sqrt{-c - dx + 1} \right) \right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(e^4*(-1/10*(b*(-2*sqrt[1 - c - d*x] + (4*(1 - c - d*x)^(3/2))/3 - (2*(1 - c - d*x)^(5/2))/5)) + ((c + d*x)^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/5)/d`

## 3.177.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

**3.177.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{e^4 a (dx+c)^5 + e^4 b \left( \frac{(dx+c)^5 \arcsin(dx+c)}{5} + \frac{(dx+c)^4 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{25} + \frac{4(dx+c)^2 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{75} + \frac{8\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{75} \right)}{d}$	99
default	$\frac{e^4 a (dx+c)^5 + e^4 b \left( \frac{(dx+c)^5 \arcsin(dx+c)}{5} + \frac{(dx+c)^4 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{25} + \frac{4(dx+c)^2 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{75} + \frac{8\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{75} \right)}{d}$	99
parts	$\frac{e^4 a (dx+c)^5}{5d} + \frac{e^4 b \left( \frac{(dx+c)^5 \arcsin(dx+c)}{5} + \frac{(dx+c)^4 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{25} + \frac{4(dx+c)^2 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{75} + \frac{8\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{75} \right)}{d}$	101

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(1/5*e^4*a*(d*x+c)^5+e^4*b*(1/5*(d*x+c)^5*arcsin(d*x+c)+1/25*(d*x+c)^4
*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+4/75*(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+8/75*(1-(d*x+c)^2)
^(1/2)))
```

**3.177.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 262 vs. 2(92) = 184.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$$


---


$$= \frac{15 ad^5 e^4 x^5 + 75 acd^4 e^4 x^4 + 150 ac^2 d^3 e^4 x^3 + 150 ac^3 d^2 e^4 x^2 + 75 ac^4 d e^4 x + 15 (bd^5 e^4 x^5 + 5 bcd^4 e^4 x^4 + 10 bcd^3 e^4 x^3 + 10 b^2 c d^2 e^4 x^2 + 5 b^2 c^2 d e^4 x + b^2 c^3 e^4 x) \arcsin(dx+c) + (3 b^2 d^4 e^4 x^4 + 12 b^2 c d^3 e^4 x^3 + 2*(9 b^2 c^2 + 2 b^2)*d^2 e^4 x^2 + 4*(3 b^2 c^3 + 2 b^2 c)*d e^4 x + (3 b^2 c^4 + 4 b^2 c^2 + 8 b^2)*e^4)*\sqrt{-d^2 x^2 - 2 c d x - c^2 + 1}}{d}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/75*(15*a*d^5*e^4*x^5 + 75*a*c*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 150*a*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 150*
a*c^3*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 75*a*c^4*d*e^4*x + 15*(b*d^5*e^4*x^5 + 5*b*c*d^4*e^4*x
^4 + 10*b*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 10*b*c^3*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 5*b*c^4*d*e^4*x + b*c^5
*e^4)*arcsin(d*x + c) + (3*b*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 12*b*c*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 2*(9*b*c^2
+ 2*b)*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*(3*b*c^3 + 2*b*c)*d*e^4*x + (3*b*c^4 + 4*b*c^2 + 8
*b)*e^4)*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1))/d
```

**3.177.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 527 vs. 2(85) = 170.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.97

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} ac^4 e^4 x + 2ac^3 d e^4 x^2 + 2ac^2 d^2 e^4 x^3 + acd^3 e^4 x^4 + \frac{ad^4 e^4 x^5}{5} + \frac{bc^5 e^4 \arcsin(c+dx)}{5d} + bc^4 e^4 x \arcsin(c + dx) + \frac{bc^4 e^4 \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx - d^2x^2 + 1}}{25d} \\ c^4 e^4 x (a + b \arcsin(c)) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**4*(a+b*asin(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*c**4*e**4*x + 2*a*c**3*d*e**4*x**2 + 2*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3 + a*c*d**3*e**4*x**4 + a*d**4*e**4*x**5/5 + b*c**5*e**4*asin(c + d*x)/(5*d) + b*c**4*e**4*x*asin(c + d*x) + b*c**4*e**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*d) + 2*b*c**3*d*e**4*x**2*asin(c + d*x) + 4*b*c**3*e**4*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/25 + 2*b*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3*asin(c + d*x) + 6*b*c**2*d*e**4*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/25 + 4*b*c**2*e**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(75*d) + b*c*d**3*e**4*x**4*asin(c + d*x) + 4*b*c*d**2*e**4*x**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/25 + 8*b*c*e**4*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/75 + b*d**4*e**4*x**5*asin(c + d*x)/5 + b*d**3*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/25 + 4*b*d*e**4*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/75 + 8*b*e**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(75*d), Ne(d, 0)), (c**4*e**4*x*(a + b*asin(c)), True))`

**3.177.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1280 vs. 2(92) = 184.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1280, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.08

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

```

output 1/5*a*d^4*e^4*x^5 + a*c*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^3 + 2*a*c^3*d*e^4*
x^2 + (2*x^2*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(3*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2
- (c^2 - 1)*d^2)))/d^3 + sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x/d^2 - (c^2 -
1)*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 - 3*sqrt(-d^2
*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c/d^3))*b*c^3*d*e^4 + 1/3*(6*x^3*arcsin(d*x + c)
+ d*(2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x^2/d^2 - 15*c^3*arcsin(-(d^2*x
+ c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^4 - 5*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c
^2 + 1)*c*x/d^3 + 9*(c^2 - 1)*c*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2
- 1)*d^2))/d^4 + 15*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^2/d^4 - 4*sqrt(-d
^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1)/d^4))*b*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 1/24*(24*x^4*a
rcsin(d*x + c) + (6*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x^3/d^2 - 14*sqrt(-
d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c*x^2/d^3 + 105*c^4*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqr
t(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^5 + 35*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^
2*x/d^4 - 90*(c^2 - 1)*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*
d^2))/d^5 - 105*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^3/d^5 - 9*sqrt(-d^2*x
^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1)*x/d^4 + 9*(c^2 - 1)^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c
*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^5 + 55*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2
+ 1)*(c^2 - 1)*c/d^5)*d)*b*c*d^3*e^4 + 1/600*(120*x^5*arcsin(d*x + c) + (2
4*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x^4/d^2 - 54*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x
- c^2 + 1)*c*x^3/d^3 + 126*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^2*x^2/d...

```

### 3.177.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx &= \frac{(dx + c)^5 ae^4}{5d} \\
 &+ \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 (dx + c) be^4 \arcsin(dx + c)}{5d} \\
 &+ \frac{2((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c) be^4 \arcsin(dx + c)}{5d} \\
 &+ \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} be^4}{25d} \\
 &+ \frac{(dx + c) be^4 \arcsin(dx + c)}{5d} \\
 &- \frac{2(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} be^4}{15d} + \frac{\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} be^4}{5d}
 \end{aligned}$$

```

input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")

```

output  $1/5*(d*x + c)^5*a*e^4/d + 1/5*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*(d*x + c)*b*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 2/5*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*b*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 1/25*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*b*e^4/d + 1/5*(d*x + c)*b*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 2/15*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*b*e^4/d + 1/5*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*b*e^4/d$

### 3.177.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^4*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^4*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.178 $\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$

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3.178.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1459
3.178.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1460
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3.178.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1465

#### 3.178.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3be^3(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{32d} + \frac{be^3(c + dx)^3\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{16d} - \frac{3be^3 \arcsin(c + dx)}{32d} + \frac{e^3(c + dx)^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{4d}$$

```
output -3/32*b*e^3*arcsin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*e^3*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d+3/32*b
*e^3*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+1/16*b*e^3*(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
)/d
```

#### 3.178.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{e^3 \left( 3b(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + 2b(c + dx)^3\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} - 3b \arcsin(c + dx) + 8(c + dx)^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right)}{32d}$$



input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output  $(e^3(3b(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + 2b(c + dx)^3\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} - 3b\text{ArcSin}[c + dx] + 8(c + dx)^4(a + b\text{ArcSin}[c + dx]))/(32d)$

### 3.178.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 262, 262, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ce + dex)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int e^3(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{e^3 \int (c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c + dx)^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c + dx)^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) - \frac{1}{4}(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \right) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c + dx)^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) - \frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4}(c + dx)^3 \right) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{1}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^3\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \right) \right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(e^3*(-1/4*(b*(-1/4*((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]) + (3*(-1/2*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]) + ArcSin[c + d*x]/2))/4)) + ((c + d*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/4)/d`

### 3.178.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m-1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1)) Int[(c*x)^(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2-1] && NeQ[m+2*p+1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((d_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m+1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m+1)) Int[(d*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

**3.178.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{e^3 a (dx+c)^4 + e^3 b \left( \frac{(dx+c)^4 \arcsin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{(dx+c)^3 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{16} + \frac{3(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{32} - \frac{3 \arcsin(dx+c)}{32} \right)}{d}$	90
default	$\frac{e^3 a (dx+c)^4 + e^3 b \left( \frac{(dx+c)^4 \arcsin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{(dx+c)^3 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{16} + \frac{3(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{32} - \frac{3 \arcsin(dx+c)}{32} \right)}{d}$	90
parts	$\frac{e^3 a (dx+c)^4}{4d} + \frac{e^3 b \left( \frac{(dx+c)^4 \arcsin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{(dx+c)^3 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{16} + \frac{3(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{32} - \frac{3 \arcsin(dx+c)}{32} \right)}{d}$	92

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$\frac{1}{d} \left( \frac{1}{4} e^{3a} (d*x+c)^4 + e^{3b} \left( \frac{1}{4} (d*x+c)^4 \arcsin(d*x+c) + \frac{1}{16} (d*x+c)^3 \sqrt{1-(d*x+c)^2} + \frac{3}{32} (d*x+c) \sqrt{1-(d*x+c)^2} - \frac{3}{32} \arcsin(d*x+c) \right) \right)$$
**3.178.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 209 vs.  $2(97) = 194$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{8ad^4e^3x^4 + 32acd^3e^3x^3 + 48ac^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32ac^3de^3x + (8bd^4e^3x^4 + 32bcd^3e^3x^3 + 48bc^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32bc^3de^3x + 32c^4e^3x + (8b^2d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^2cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^2c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^2c^3de^3x + 32b^2c^4e^3x + (8b^3d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^3cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^3c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^3c^3de^3x + 32b^3c^4e^3x + (8b^4d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^4cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^4c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^4c^3de^3x + 32b^4c^4e^3x + (8b^5d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^5cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^5c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^5c^3de^3x + 32b^5c^4e^3x + (8b^6d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^6cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^6c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^6c^3de^3x + 32b^6c^4e^3x + (8b^7d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^7cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^7c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^7c^3de^3x + 32b^7c^4e^3x + (8b^8d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^8cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^8c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^8c^3de^3x + 32b^8c^4e^3x + (8b^9d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^9cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^9c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^9c^3de^3x + 32b^9c^4e^3x + (8b^{10}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{10}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{10}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{10}c^3de^3x + 32b^{10}c^4e^3x + (8b^{11}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{11}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{11}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{11}c^3de^3x + 32b^{11}c^4e^3x + (8b^{12}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{12}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{12}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{12}c^3de^3x + 32b^{12}c^4e^3x + (8b^{13}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{13}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{13}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{13}c^3de^3x + 32b^{13}c^4e^3x + (8b^{14}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{14}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{14}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{14}c^3de^3x + 32b^{14}c^4e^3x + (8b^{15}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{15}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{15}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{15}c^3de^3x + 32b^{15}c^4e^3x + (8b^{16}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{16}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{16}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{16}c^3de^3x + 32b^{16}c^4e^3x + (8b^{17}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{17}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{17}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{17}c^3de^3x + 32b^{17}c^4e^3x + (8b^{18}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{18}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{18}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{18}c^3de^3x + 32b^{18}c^4e^3x + (8b^{19}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{19}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{19}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{19}c^3de^3x + 32b^{19}c^4e^3x + (8b^{20}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{20}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{20}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{20}c^3de^3x + 32b^{20}c^4e^3x + (8b^{21}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{21}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{21}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{21}c^3de^3x + 32b^{21}c^4e^3x + (8b^{22}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{22}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{22}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{22}c^3de^3x + 32b^{22}c^4e^3x + (8b^{23}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{23}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{23}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{23}c^3de^3x + 32b^{23}c^4e^3x + (8b^{24}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{24}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{24}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{24}c^3de^3x + 32b^{24}c^4e^3x + (8b^{25}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{25}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{25}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{25}c^3de^3x + 32b^{25}c^4e^3x + (8b^{26}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{26}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{26}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{26}c^3de^3x + 32b^{26}c^4e^3x + (8b^{27}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{27}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{27}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{27}c^3de^3x + 32b^{27}c^4e^3x + (8b^{28}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{28}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{28}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{28}c^3de^3x + 32b^{28}c^4e^3x + (8b^{29}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{29}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{29}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{29}c^3de^3x + 32b^{29}c^4e^3x + (8b^{30}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{30}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{30}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{30}c^3de^3x + 32b^{30}c^4e^3x + (8b^{31}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{31}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{31}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{31}c^3de^3x + 32b^{31}c^4e^3x + (8b^{32}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{32}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{32}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{32}c^3de^3x + 32b^{32}c^4e^3x + (8b^{33}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{33}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{33}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{33}c^3de^3x + 32b^{33}c^4e^3x + (8b^{34}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{34}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{34}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{34}c^3de^3x + 32b^{34}c^4e^3x + (8b^{35}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{35}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{35}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{35}c^3de^3x + 32b^{35}c^4e^3x + (8b^{36}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{36}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{36}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{36}c^3de^3x + 32b^{36}c^4e^3x + (8b^{37}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{37}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{37}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{37}c^3de^3x + 32b^{37}c^4e^3x + (8b^{38}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{38}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{38}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{38}c^3de^3x + 32b^{38}c^4e^3x + (8b^{39}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{39}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{39}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{39}c^3de^3x + 32b^{39}c^4e^3x + (8b^{40}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{40}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{40}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{40}c^3de^3x + 32b^{40}c^4e^3x + (8b^{41}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{41}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{41}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{41}c^3de^3x + 32b^{41}c^4e^3x + (8b^{42}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{42}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{42}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{42}c^3de^3x + 32b^{42}c^4e^3x + (8b^{43}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{43}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{43}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{43}c^3de^3x + 32b^{43}c^4e^3x + (8b^{44}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{44}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{44}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{44}c^3de^3x + 32b^{44}c^4e^3x + (8b^{45}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{45}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{45}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{45}c^3de^3x + 32b^{45}c^4e^3x + (8b^{46}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{46}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{46}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{46}c^3de^3x + 32b^{46}c^4e^3x + (8b^{47}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{47}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{47}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{47}c^3de^3x + 32b^{47}c^4e^3x + (8b^{48}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{48}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{48}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{48}c^3de^3x + 32b^{48}c^4e^3x + (8b^{49}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{49}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{49}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{49}c^3de^3x + 32b^{49}c^4e^3x + (8b^{50}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{50}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{50}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{50}c^3de^3x + 32b^{50}c^4e^3x + (8b^{51}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{51}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{51}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{51}c^3de^3x + 32b^{51}c^4e^3x + (8b^{52}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{52}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{52}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{52}c^3de^3x + 32b^{52}c^4e^3x + (8b^{53}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{53}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{53}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{53}c^3de^3x + 32b^{53}c^4e^3x + (8b^{54}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{54}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{54}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{54}c^3de^3x + 32b^{54}c^4e^3x + (8b^{55}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{55}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{55}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{55}c^3de^3x + 32b^{55}c^4e^3x + (8b^{56}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{56}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{56}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{56}c^3de^3x + 32b^{56}c^4e^3x + (8b^{57}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{57}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{57}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{57}c^3de^3x + 32b^{57}c^4e^3x + (8b^{58}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{58}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{58}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{58}c^3de^3x + 32b^{58}c^4e^3x + (8b^{59}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{59}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{59}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{59}c^3de^3x + 32b^{59}c^4e^3x + (8b^{60}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{60}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{60}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{60}c^3de^3x + 32b^{60}c^4e^3x + (8b^{61}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{61}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{61}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{61}c^3de^3x + 32b^{61}c^4e^3x + (8b^{62}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{62}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{62}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{62}c^3de^3x + 32b^{62}c^4e^3x + (8b^{63}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{63}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{63}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{63}c^3de^3x + 32b^{63}c^4e^3x + (8b^{64}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{64}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{64}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{64}c^3de^3x + 32b^{64}c^4e^3x + (8b^{65}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{65}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{65}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{65}c^3de^3x + 32b^{65}c^4e^3x + (8b^{66}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{66}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{66}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{66}c^3de^3x + 32b^{66}c^4e^3x + (8b^{67}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{67}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{67}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{67}c^3de^3x + 32b^{67}c^4e^3x + (8b^{68}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{68}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{68}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{68}c^3de^3x + 32b^{68}c^4e^3x + (8b^{69}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{69}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{69}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{69}c^3de^3x + 32b^{69}c^4e^3x + (8b^{70}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{70}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{70}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{70}c^3de^3x + 32b^{70}c^4e^3x + (8b^{71}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{71}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{71}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{71}c^3de^3x + 32b^{71}c^4e^3x + (8b^{72}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{72}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{72}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{72}c^3de^3x + 32b^{72}c^4e^3x + (8b^{73}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{73}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{73}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{73}c^3de^3x + 32b^{73}c^4e^3x + (8b^{74}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{74}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{74}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{74}c^3de^3x + 32b^{74}c^4e^3x + (8b^{75}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{75}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{75}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{75}c^3de^3x + 32b^{75}c^4e^3x + (8b^{76}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{76}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{76}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{76}c^3de^3x + 32b^{76}c^4e^3x + (8b^{77}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{77}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{77}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{77}c^3de^3x + 32b^{77}c^4e^3x + (8b^{78}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{78}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{78}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{78}c^3de^3x + 32b^{78}c^4e^3x + (8b^{79}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{79}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{79}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{79}c^3de^3x + 32b^{79}c^4e^3x + (8b^{80}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{80}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{80}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{80}c^3de^3x + 32b^{80}c^4e^3x + (8b^{81}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{81}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{81}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{81}c^3de^3x + 32b^{81}c^4e^3x + (8b^{82}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{82}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{82}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{82}c^3de^3x + 32b^{82}c^4e^3x + (8b^{83}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{83}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{83}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{83}c^3de^3x + 32b^{83}c^4e^3x + (8b^{84}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{84}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{84}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{84}c^3de^3x + 32b^{84}c^4e^3x + (8b^{85}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{85}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{85}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{85}c^3de^3x + 32b^{85}c^4e^3x + (8b^{86}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{86}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{86}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{86}c^3de^3x + 32b^{86}c^4e^3x + (8b^{87}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{87}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{87}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{87}c^3de^3x + 32b^{87}c^4e^3x + (8b^{88}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{88}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{88}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{88}c^3de^3x + 32b^{88}c^4e^3x + (8b^{89}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{89}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{89}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{89}c^3de^3x + 32b^{89}c^4e^3x + (8b^{90}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{90}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{90}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{90}c^3de^3x + 32b^{90}c^4e^3x + (8b^{91}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{91}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{91}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{91}c^3de^3x + 32b^{91}c^4e^3x + (8b^{92}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{92}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{92}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{92}c^3de^3x + 32b^{92}c^4e^3x + (8b^{93}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{93}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{93}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{93}c^3de^3x + 32b^{93}c^4e^3x + (8b^{94}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{94}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{94}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{94}c^3de^3x + 32b^{94}c^4e^3x + (8b^{95}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{95}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{95}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{95}c^3de^3x + 32b^{95}c^4e^3x + (8b^{96}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{96}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{96}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{96}c^3de^3x + 32b^{96}c^4e^3x + (8b^{97}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{97}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{97}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{97}c^3de^3x + 32b^{97}c^4e^3x + (8b^{98}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{98}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{98}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{98}c^3de^3x + 32b^{98}c^4e^3x + (8b^{99}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{99}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{99}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{99}c^3de^3x + 32b^{99}c^4e^3x + (8b^{100}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{100}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{100}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{100}c^3de^3x + 32b^{100}c^4e^3x + (8b^{101}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{101}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{101}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{101}c^3de^3x + 32b^{101}c^4e^3x + (8b^{102}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{102}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{102}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{102}c^3de^3x + 32b^{102}c^4e^3x + (8b^{103}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{103}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{103}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{103}c^3de^3x + 32b^{103}c^4e^3x + (8b^{104}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{104}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{104}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{104}c^3de^3x + 32b^{104}c^4e^3x + (8b^{105}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{105}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{105}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{105}c^3de^3x + 32b^{105}c^4e^3x + (8b^{106}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{106}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{106}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{106}c^3de^3x + 32b^{106}c^4e^3x + (8b^{107}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{107}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{107}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{107}c^3de^3x + 32b^{107}c^4e^3x + (8b^{108}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{108}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{108}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{108}c^3de^3x + 32b^{108}c^4e^3x + (8b^{109}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{109}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{109}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{109}c^3de^3x + 32b^{109}c^4e^3x + (8b^{110}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{110}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{110}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{110}c^3de^3x + 32b^{110}c^4e^3x + (8b^{111}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{111}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{111}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{111}c^3de^3x + 32b^{111}c^4e^3x + (8b^{112}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{112}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{112}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{112}c^3de^3x + 32b^{112}c^4e^3x + (8b^{113}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{113}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{113}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{113}c^3de^3x + 32b^{113}c^4e^3x + (8b^{114}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{114}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{114}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{114}c^3de^3x + 32b^{114}c^4e^3x + (8b^{115}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{115}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{115}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{115}c^3de^3x + 32b^{115}c^4e^3x + (8b^{116}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{116}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{116}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{116}c^3de^3x + 32b^{116}c^4e^3x + (8b^{117}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{117}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{117}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{117}c^3de^3x + 32b^{117}c^4e^3x + (8b^{118}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{118}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{118}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{118}c^3de^3x + 32b^{118}c^4e^3x + (8b^{119}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{119}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{119}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{119}c^3de^3x + 32b^{119}c^4e^3x + (8b^{120}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{120}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{120}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{120}c^3de^3x + 32b^{120}c^4e^3x + (8b^{121}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{121}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{121}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{121}c^3de^3x + 32b^{121}c^4e^3x + (8b^{122}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{122}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{122}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{122}c^3de^3x + 32b^{122}c^4e^3x + (8b^{123}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{123}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{123}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{123}c^3de^3x + 32b^{123}c^4e^3x + (8b^{124}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{124}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{124}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{124}c^3de^3x + 32b^{124}c^4e^3x + (8b^{125}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{125}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{125}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{125}c^3de^3x + 32b^{125}c^4e^3x + (8b^{126}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{126}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{126}c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 32b^{126}c^3de^3x + 32b^{126}c^4e^3x + (8b^{127}d^4e^3x^4 + 32b^{127}cd^3e^3x^3 + 48b^{127$$

**3.178.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 394 vs.  $2(94) = 188$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.61

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} ac^3 e^3 x + \frac{3ac^2 d e^3 x^2}{2} + acd^2 e^3 x^3 + \frac{ad^3 e^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{bc^4 e^3 \arcsin(c+dx)}{4d} + bc^3 e^3 x \arcsin(c + dx) + \frac{bc^3 e^3 \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx - d^2 x^2 + 1}}{16d} + \\ c^3 e^3 x (a + b \arcsin(c)) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**3*(a+b*asin(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*c**3*e**3*x + 3*a*c**2*d*e**3*x**2/2 + a*c*d**2*e**3*x**3 + a*d**3*e**3*x**4/4 + b*c**4*e**3*asin(c + d*x)/(4*d) + b*c**3*e**3*x*asin(c + d*x) + b*c**3*e**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*d) + 3*b*c**2*d*e**3*x**2*asin(c + d*x)/2 + 3*b*c**2*e**3*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/16 + b*c*d**2*e**3*x**3*asin(c + d*x) + 3*b*c*d*e**3*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/16 + 3*b*c*e**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*d) + b*d**3*e**3*x**4*asin(c + d*x)/4 + b*d**2*e**3*x**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/16 + 3*b*e**3*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/32 - 3*b*e**3*asin(c + d*x)/(32*d), Ne(d, 0)), (c**3*e**3*x*(a + b*asin(c)), True))`

**3.178.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 816 vs.  $2(97) = 194$ .



**3.178.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(dx + c)^4 ae^3}{4d} + \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 be^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{4d} - \frac{(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx + c) be^3}{16d} + \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1) be^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{2d} + \frac{5 \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} (dx + c) be^3}{32d} + \frac{5 be^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{32d}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*(d*x + c)^4*a*e^3/d + 1/4*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*b*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 1/16*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)*b*e^3/d + 1/2*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*b*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 5/32*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*(d*x + c)*b*e^3/d + 5/32*b*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)/d`**3.178.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)),x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.179 $\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$

3.179.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1466
3.179.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1466
3.179.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	1467
3.179.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1469
3.179.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1469
3.179.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1470
3.179.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1470
3.179.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1471
3.179.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1472

#### 3.179.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{be^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{3d} - \frac{be^2 (1 - (c + dx)^2)^{3/2}}{9d} + \frac{e^2 (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{3d}$$

output 
$$-1/9*b*e^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(3/2)}/d+1/3*e^2*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/d+1/3*b*e^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}/d$$

#### 3.179.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{e^2 (b(2 + c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + 3(c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)))}{9d}$$

input 
$$\text{Integrate}[(c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]),x]$$

output 
$$(e^2*(b*(2 + c^2 + 2*c*d*x + d^2*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + 3*(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/(9*d)$$

---

3.179.  $\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$

**3.179.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 243, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int e^2 (c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{3} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{6} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}} d(c + dx)^2 \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{6} b \int \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}} - \sqrt{-c-dx+1} \right) d(c + dx)^2 \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{6} b \left( \frac{2}{3} (-c - dx + 1)^{3/2} - 2\sqrt{-c - dx + 1} \right) \right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(e^2*(-1/6*(b*(-2*Sqrt[1 - c - d*x] + (2*(1 - c - d*x)^(3/2))/3)) + ((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/3)/d`



## 3.179.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`



**3.179.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 258 vs. 2(63) = 126.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\int (ce + dex)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} ac^2e^2x + acde^2x^2 + \frac{ad^2e^2x^3}{3} + \frac{bc^3e^2 \arcsin(c+dx)}{3d} + bc^2e^2x \arcsin(c + dx) + \frac{bc^2e^2\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx-d^2x^2+1}}{9d} + bcde^2x^2 \arcsin(c + dx) \\ c^2e^2x(a + b \arcsin(c)) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**2*(a+b*asin(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*c**2*e**2*x + a*c*d*e**2*x**2 + a*d**2*e**2*x**3/3 + b*c**3*e**2*asin(c + d*x)/(3*d) + b*c**2*e**2*x*asin(c + d*x) + b*c**2*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*d) + b*c*d*e**2*x**2*asin(c + d*x) + 2*b*c*e**2*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/9 + b*d**2*e**2*x**3*asin(c + d*x)/3 + b*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/9 + 2*b*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*d), Ne(d, 0)), (c**2*e**2*x*(a + b*asin(c)), True))`

**3.179.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 457 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 457, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.71

$$\int (ce + dex)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{1}{3} ad^2 e^2 x^3 + acde^2 x^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(dx + c) + d \left( \frac{3c^2 \arcsin\left(-\frac{d^2x+cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-(c^2-1)d^2}}\right)}{d^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^2-2cdx-c^2+1}x}{d^2} - \frac{(c^2-1) \arcsin\left(-\frac{d^2x+cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-(c^2-1)d^2}}\right)}{d^3} \right) \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{18} \left( 6x^3 \arcsin(dx + c) + d \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-d^2x^2-2cdx-c^2+1}x^2}{d^2} - \frac{15c^3 \arcsin\left(-\frac{d^2x+cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2-(c^2-1)d^2}}\right)}{d^4} - \frac{5\sqrt{-d^2x^2-2cdx-c^2+1}}{d^3} \right) \right)$$

$$+ ac^2e^2x + \frac{\left( (dx + c) \arcsin(dx + c) + \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} \right) bc^2e^2}{d}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/3*a*d^2*e^2*x^3 + a*c*d*e^2*x^2 + 1/2*(2*x^2*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(3*c^2* \\ & arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 + sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - \\ & 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x/d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - \\ & (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 - 3*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c/d^3))*b*c*d* \\ & e^2 + 1/18*(6*x^3*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1) \\ & )*x^2/d^2 - 15*c^3*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^4 \\ & - 5*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c*x/d^3 + 9*(c^2 - 1)*c*arcsin(-( \\ & d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^4 + 15*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d \\ & *x - c^2 + 1)*c^2/d^4 - 4*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1)/d^4 \\ & ))*b*d^2*e^2 + a*c^2*e^2*x + ((d*x + c)*arcsin(d*x + c) + sqrt(-(d*x + c)^ \\ & 2 + 1))*b*c^2*e^2/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.179.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\begin{aligned} \int (ce + dex)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx &= \frac{(dx + c)^3 ae^2}{3d} \\ &+ \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c)be^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{3d} \\ &+ \frac{(dx + c)be^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{3d} \\ &- \frac{(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} be^2}{9d} + \frac{\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} be^2}{3d} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/3*(d*x + c)^3*a*e^2/d + 1/3*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*b*e^2*arcsin(d*x \\ & + c)/d + 1/3*(d*x + c)*b*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 1/9*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^( \\ & 3/2)*b*e^2/d + 1/3*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*b*e^2/d \end{aligned}$$

**3.179.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)),x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.180 $\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$

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3.180.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1476
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3.180.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1477
3.180.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1478

#### 3.180.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{be(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{4d} - \frac{be \arcsin(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{e(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{2d}$$

output `-1/4*b*e*arcsin(d*x+c)/d+1/2*e*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d+1/4*b*e*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.180.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{e(b(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} - b \arcsin(c + dx) + 2(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)))}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(e*(b*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] - b*ArcSin[c + d*x] + 2*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/(4*d)`

**3.180.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 262, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int e(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{e \int (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{2}b\left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) - \frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}\right)\right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{2}b\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(c + dx) - \frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}\right)\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(e*(-1/2*(b*(-1/2*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]) + ArcSin[c + d*x]/2)) + ((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/2)/d`

## 3.180.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m-1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1)) Int[(c*x)^(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2-1] && NeQ[m+2*p+1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`
- rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m+1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m+1))) Int[(d*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

## 3.180.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{ae(dx+c)^2}{2} + eb \left( \frac{(dx+c)^2 \arcsin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{(dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{4} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{4} \right)}{d}$	64
default	$\frac{\frac{ae(dx+c)^2}{2} + eb \left( \frac{(dx+c)^2 \arcsin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{(dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{4} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{4} \right)}{d}$	64
parts	$ae\left(\frac{1}{2}dx^2 + cx\right) + \frac{eb \left( \frac{(dx+c)^2 \arcsin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{(dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{4} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{4} \right)}{d}$	65



input `int((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(1/2*a*e*(d*x+c)^2+e*b*(1/2*(d*x+c)^2*arcsin(d*x+c)+1/4*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*arcsin(d*x+c)))`

### 3.180.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2ad^2ex^2 + 4acdex + (2bd^2ex^2 + 4bcdex + (2bc^2 - b)e) \arcsin(dx + c) + (bdex + bce)\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2cdx - c^2}}{4d}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(2*a*d^2*e*x^2 + 4*a*c*d*e*x + (2*b*d^2*e*x^2 + 4*b*c*d*e*x + (2*b*c^2 - b)*e)*arcsin(d*x + c) + (b*d*e*x + b*c*e)*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1))/d`

### 3.180.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs. 2(58) = 116.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} acex + \frac{adex^2}{2} + \frac{bc^2e \arcsin(c+dx)}{2d} + bcex \arcsin(c + dx) + \frac{bce\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx-d^2x^2+1}}{4d} + \frac{bdex^2 \arcsin(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{bex\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx-d^2x^2+1}}{4} \\ cex(a + b \arcsin(c)) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*c*e*x + a*d*e*x**2/2 + b*c**2*e*asin(c + d*x)/(2*d) + b*c*e*x*asin(c + d*x) + b*c*e*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*d) + b*d*e*x**2*asin(c + d*x)/2 + b*e*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/4 - b*e*asin(c + d*x)/(4*d), Ne(d, 0)), (c*e*x*(a + b*asin(c)), True))`

**3.180.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 204 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} adex^2 + \frac{1}{4} \left( 2x^2 \arcsin(dx + c) + d \left( \frac{3c^2 \arcsin\left(-\frac{d^2x + cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - (c^2 - 1)d^2}}\right)}{d^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2cdx - c^2 + 1}x}{d^2} - \frac{(c^2 - 1) \arcsin\left(-\frac{d^2x + cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - (c^2 - 1)d^2}}\right)}{d^3} \right) \right) bce + acex + \frac{\left( (dx + c) \arcsin(dx + c) + \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} \right) bce}{d}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a*d*e*x^2 + 1/4*(2*x^2*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(3*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 + sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x/d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 - 3*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c/d^3))*b*d*e + a*c*e*x + ((d*x + c)*arcsin(d*x + c) + sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1))*b*c*e/d`

**3.180.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)be \arcsin(dx + c)}{2d} + \frac{\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)be}{4d} + \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)ae}{2d} + \frac{be \arcsin(dx + c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*b*e*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 1/4*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*((d*x + c)*b*e/d + 1/2*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*a*e/d + 1/4*b*e*arcsin(d*x + c)/d`

**3.180.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int (ce + dex) (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)),x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.181 $\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$

3.181.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1479
3.181.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	1479
3.181.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1480
3.181.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1480
3.181.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1481
3.181.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1481
3.181.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1481
3.181.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1482
3.181.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1482

#### 3.181.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = ax + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{d} + \frac{b(c + dx) \arcsin(c + dx)}{d}$$

output `a*x+b*(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c)/d+b*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.181.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 159 vs. 2(40) = 80.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.98

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = ax + bx \arcsin(c + dx) + \frac{b(2d\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx - d^2x^2} + 2cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-d^2x - \sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx - d^2x^2}}}{c}\right) + c\sqrt{-d^2} \log(-1 + 2cdx + 2d^2x^2 + \dots)}{2d^2}$$

input `Integrate[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x], x]`

output `a*x + b*x*ArcSin[c + d*x] + (b*(2*d*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2] + 2*c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-d^2]*x - Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2])/c] + c*Sqrt[-d^2]*Log[-1 + 2*c*d*x + 2*d^2*x^2 + 2*Sqrt[-d^2]*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2]]))/(2*d^2)`

**3.181.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$ax + \frac{b(c + dx) \arcsin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{d}$$

input `Int[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x],x]`

output `a*x + (b*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/d + (b*(c + d*x)*ArcSin[c + d*x])/d`

**3.181.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**3.181.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
default	$ax + \frac{b((dx+c) \arcsin(dx+c) + \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2})}{d}$	36
parts	$ax + \frac{b((dx+c) \arcsin(dx+c) + \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2})}{d}$	36
derivativedivides	$\frac{(dx+c)a + b((dx+c) \arcsin(dx+c) + \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2})}{d}$	41

input `int(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x+b/d*((d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.181.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{adx + (bdx + bc) \arcsin(dx + c) + \sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2cdx - c^2 + 1}b}{d}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `(a*d*x + (b*d*x + b*c)*arcsin(d*x + c) + sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*b)/d`**3.181.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = ax + b \begin{cases} \frac{c \operatorname{asin}(c+dx)}{d} + x \operatorname{asin}(c + dx) + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx - d^2x^2 + 1}}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ x \operatorname{asin}(c) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(a+b*asin(d*x+c),x)`output `a*x + b*Piecewise((c*asin(c + d*x)/d + x*asin(c + d*x) + sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*asin(c), True))`**3.181.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = ax + \frac{\left( (dx + c) \arcsin(dx + c) + \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} \right) b}{d}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a*x + ((d*x + c)*arcsin(d*x + c) + sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1))*b/d`

**3.181.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = ax + \frac{\left( (dx + c) \arcsin(dx + c) + \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} \right) b}{d}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`output `a*x + ((d*x + c)*arcsin(d*x + c) + sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1))*b/d`**3.181.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = ax + bx \operatorname{asin}(c + dx) + \frac{b \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx - d^2x^2 + 1}}{d} + \frac{bc \ln \left( \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx - d^2x^2 + 1} - \frac{xd^2 + cd}{\sqrt{-d^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{-d^2}}$$

input `int(a + b*asin(c + d*x),x)`output `a*x + b*x*asin(c + d*x) + (b*(1 - d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2)^(1/2))/d + (b*c*log((1 - d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2)^(1/2) - (c*d + d^2*x)/(-d^2)^(1/2)))/(-d^2)^(1/2)`

### 3.182 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{ce+dex} dx$

3.182.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1483
3.182.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1483
3.182.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1484
3.182.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1486
3.182.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1487
3.182.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1487
3.182.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1487
3.182.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1488
3.182.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1488

#### 3.182.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{ce + dex} dx = -\frac{i(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{2bde} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de} - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{2de}$$

output `-1/2*I*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/b/d/e+(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*ln(1-(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e-1/2*I*b*polylog(2,(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e`

#### 3.182.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{ce + dex} dx = \frac{b \arcsin(c + dx) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) + a \log(c + dx) - \frac{1}{2}ib(\arcsin(c + dx))^2 + \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x),x]`



output  $(b \cdot \text{ArcSin}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot \text{Log}[1 - E^{((2 \cdot I) \cdot \text{ArcSin}[c + d \cdot x])}] + a \cdot \text{Log}[c + d \cdot x] - (I/2) \cdot b \cdot (\text{ArcSin}[c + d \cdot x]^2 + \text{PolyLog}[2, E^{((2 \cdot I) \cdot \text{ArcSin}[c + d \cdot x])}])))/(d \cdot e)$

### 3.182.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5136, 3042, 25, 4200, 25, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{ce + dex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{e(c + dx)} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{c + dx} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5136} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{c + dx} d \arcsin(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int -((a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \tan(\arcsin(c + dx) + \frac{\pi}{2})) d \arcsin(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \tan(\arcsin(c + dx) + \frac{\pi}{2}) d \arcsin(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4200} \\
 & \frac{2i \int -\frac{e^{2i \arcsin(c + dx)} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c + dx)}} d \arcsin(c + dx) - \frac{i(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{2b}}{de} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{-2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arcsin(c + dx)} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c + dx)}} d \arcsin(c + dx) - \frac{i(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{2b}}{de}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.182.  $\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{ce + dex} dx$

↓ 2620

$$\frac{-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{2}ib \int \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c + dx) - \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{2}}{de}$$

↓ 2715

$$\frac{-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{4}b \int e^{-2i \arcsin(c+dx)} \log(-c - dx + 1) de^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{2}}{de}$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + \frac{1}{4}b \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) - \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{2}}{de}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x),x]`

output `(((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/b - (2*I)*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + (b*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])]))/4)/(d*e)`

### 3.182.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(n_))], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4200 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m * E^(2*I*k*Pi)*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*k*Pi)*E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5136 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n * Cot[x], x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.182.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a \ln(dx+c)}{e} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(dx+c)}{2} + \arcsin(dx+c) \ln \left( 1+i(dx+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) - i \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -i(dx+c)-\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) + \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{d}}{e}$
default	$\frac{\frac{a \ln(dx+c)}{e} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(dx+c)}{2} + \arcsin(dx+c) \ln \left( 1+i(dx+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) - i \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -i(dx+c)-\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) + \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{d}}{e}$
parts	$\frac{a \ln(dx+c)}{ed} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(dx+c)}{2} + \arcsin(dx+c) \ln \left( 1+i(dx+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) - i \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -i(dx+c)-\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) + \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{ed}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/d*(a/e*\ln(d*x+c)+b/e*(-1/2*I*\arcsin(d*x+c)^2+\arcsin(d*x+c)*\ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})-I*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})+\arcsin(d*x+c)*\ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})-I*\operatorname{polylog}(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2))})$

### 3.182.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

### 3.182.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{ce + dex} dx = \frac{\int \frac{a}{c+dx} dx + \int \frac{b \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} dx}{e}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e),x)`

output `(Integral(a/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(b*asin(c + d*x)/(c + d*x), x))/e`

### 3.182.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*integrate(arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))/(d*e*x + c*e), x) + a*log(d*e*x + c*e)/(d*e)`

**3.182.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

**3.182.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{ce + dex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x), x)`

### 3.183 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^2} dx$

3.183.1 Optimal result	1489
3.183.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1489
3.183.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1490
3.183.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1492
3.183.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1492
3.183.6 Sympy [F]	1493
3.183.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	1493
3.183.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1493
3.183.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1494

#### 3.183.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = -\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{de^2(c + dx)} - \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}\right)}{de^2}$$

output `(-a-b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d/e^2/(d*x+c)-b*arctanh((1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d/e^2`

#### 3.183.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} + b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}\right)}{de^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^2,x]`

output `-(((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c + d*x) + b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]])/(d*e^2))`

**3.183.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 243, 73, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{e^2(c+dx)^2} d(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(c+dx)^2} d(c+dx)}{de^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx}}{de^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}(c+dx)^2} d(c+dx)^2 - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx}}{de^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{-b \int \frac{1}{1-(c+dx)^4} d\sqrt{-c-dx+1} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx}}{de^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} - b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{-c-dx+1})}{de^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^2,x]`

output `(-((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c + d*x)) - b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - c - d*x]])/(d*e^2)`

## 3.183.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`



**3.183.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{a}{e^2(dx+c)} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{dx+c} - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}\right)\right)}{e^2}}{d}$	56
default	$\frac{-\frac{a}{e^2(dx+c)} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{dx+c} - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}\right)\right)}{e^2}}{d}$	56
parts	$-\frac{a}{e^2(dx+c)d} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{dx+c} - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}\right)\right)}{e^2d}$	58

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-a/e^2/(d*x+c)+b/e^2*(-1/(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c)-arctanh(1/(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))))
```

**3.183.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 101 vs. 2(49) = 98.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \frac{2b \arcsin(dx + c) + (bdx + bc) \log(\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2cdx - c^2 + 1} + 1) - (bdx + bc) \log(\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2cdx - c^2 + 1} - 1) + 2a}{2(d^2e^2x + cde^2)}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/2*(2*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + (b*d*x + b*c)*log(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1) + 1) - (b*d*x + b*c)*log(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1) - 1) + 2*a)/(d^2*e^2*x + c*d*e^2)
```

### 3.183.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \int \frac{a}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2} dx + \int \frac{b \arcsin(c + dx)}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)**2,x)`

output `(Integral(a/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x) + Integral(b*asin(c + d*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x))/e**2`

### 3.183.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

### 3.183.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 108 vs.  $2(49) = 98$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{2} bde^2 \left( \frac{\log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{(dex+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1} + 1 \right) - \log \left( -\sqrt{-\frac{(dex+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1} + 1 \right)}{d^2e^4} + \frac{2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{(dex + ce)d^2e^3} \right) - \frac{a}{(dex + ce)de}$$

---

3.183.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^2} dx$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*b*d*e^2*((log(sqrt(-(d*e*x + c*e)^2/e^2 + 1) + 1) - log(-sqrt(-(d*e*x + c*e)^2/e^2 + 1) + 1))/(d^2*e^4) + 2*arcsin(d*x + c)/((d*e*x + c*e)*d^2*e^3)) - a/((d*e*x + c*e)*d*e)`

### 3.183.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^2, x)`

### 3.184 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^3} dx$

3.184.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1495
3.184.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1495
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3.184.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1500

#### 3.184.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{2de^3(c + dx)} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{2de^3(c + dx)^2}$$

output `1/2*(-a-b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d/e^3/(d*x+c)^2-1/2*b*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/e^3/(d*x+c)`

#### 3.184.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = -\frac{a + b(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{2de^3(c + dx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a + b*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(d*e^3*(c + d*x)^2)`

**3.184.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{e^3(c+dx)^3} d(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(c+dx)^3} d(c+dx)}{de^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{2(c+dx)^2}}{de^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{242} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{b\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2(c+dx)}}{de^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^3,x]`

output `(-1/2*(b*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(c + d*x) - (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(2*(c + d*x)^2))/(d*e^3)`

3.184.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
  
- rule 242 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
  
- rule 5138 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((d_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
  
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.184.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a}{2e^3(dx+c)^2} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{2(dx+c)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{2(dx+c)}\right)}{e^3 d}$	62
default	$-\frac{a}{2e^3(dx+c)^2} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{2(dx+c)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{2(dx+c)}\right)}{e^3 d}$	62
parts	$-\frac{a}{2e^3(dx+c)^2 d} + \frac{b\left(-\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{2(dx+c)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{2(dx+c)}\right)}{e^3 d}$	64

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-1/2*a/e^3/(d*x+c)^2+b/e^3*(-1/2/(d*x+c)^2*arcsin(d*x+c)-1/2/(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))`

3.184.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^3} dx$

**3.184.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx - bc^2 \arcsin(dx + c) - (bc^2dx + bc^3)\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2cdx - c^2 + 1}}{2(c^2d^3e^3x^2 + 2c^3d^2e^3x + c^4de^3)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x - b*c^2*arcsin(d*x + c) - (b*c^2*d*x + b*c^3)*s  
qrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1))/(c^2*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 2*c^3*d^2*e^3*x + c^  
4*d*e^3)`

**3.184.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = \int \frac{a}{c^3 + 3c^2dx + 3cd^2x^2 + d^3x^3} dx + \int \frac{b \arcsin(c + dx)}{c^3 + 3c^2dx + 3cd^2x^2 + d^3x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)**3,x)`

output `(Integral(a/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3), x) + Integral  
(b*asin(c + d*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3), x))/e**3`

**3.184.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 120 vs. 2(55) = 110.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} b \left( \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2cdx - c^2 + 1}d}{d^3e^3x + cd^2e^3} + \frac{\arcsin(dx + c)}{d^3e^3x^2 + 2cd^2e^3x + c^2de^3} \right)$$

$$- \frac{a}{2(d^3e^3x^2 + 2cd^2e^3x + c^2de^3)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*b*(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*d/(d^3*e^3*x + c*d^2*e^3) + arcsin(d*x + c)/(d^3*e^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*e^3*x + c^2*d*e^3)) - 1/2*a/(d^3*e^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*e^3*x + c^2*d*e^3)`

### 3.184.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 231 vs.  $2(55) = 110$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.79

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = -\frac{b \arcsin(dx + c)}{4de^3} - \frac{(dx + c)^2 b \arcsin(dx + c)}{8de^3 \left( \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} + 1 \right)^2} - \frac{b \left( \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} + 1 \right)^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{8(dx + c)^2 de^3} - \frac{a}{4de^3} - \frac{(dx + c)^2 a}{8de^3 \left( \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} + 1 \right)^2} + \frac{(dx + c)b}{4de^3 \left( \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} + 1 \right)} - \frac{b \left( \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} + 1 \right)}{4(dx + c)de^3} - \frac{a \left( \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} + 1 \right)^2}{8(dx + c)^2 de^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*b*arcsin(d*x + c)/(d*e^3) - 1/8*(d*x + c)^2*b*arcsin(d*x + c)/(d*e^3*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^2) - 1/8*b*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/((d*x + c)^2*d*e^3) - 1/4*a/(d*e^3) - 1/8*(d*x + c)^2*a/(d*e^3*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^2) + 1/4*(d*x + c)*b/(d*e^3*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)) - 1/4*b*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)/((d*x + c)*d*e^3) - 1/8*a*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^2/((d*x + c)^2*d*e^3)`



**3.184.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^3,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^3, x)`

### 3.185 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^4} dx$

3.185.1 Optimal result . . . . .	.1501
3.185.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	.1501
3.185.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	1502
3.185.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1504
3.185.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1504
3.185.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1505
3.185.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1505
3.185.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1506
3.185.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1507

#### 3.185.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{6de^4(c + dx)^2} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{3de^4(c + dx)^3} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}\right)}{6de^4}$$

```
output 1/3*(-a-b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d/e^4/(d*x+c)^3-1/6*b*arctanh((1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))
        /d/e^4-1/6*b*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/e^4/(d*x+c)^2
```

#### 3.185.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \frac{2a + b(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + 2b \arcsin(c + dx) + b(c + dx)^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}\right)}{6de^4(c + dx)^3}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^4,x]
```

```
output -1/6*(2*a + b*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + 2*b*ArcSin[c + d*x] + b*(c
        + d*x)^3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]]/(d*e^4*(c + d*x)^3)
```

**3.185.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 243, 52, 73, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{e^4(c+dx)^4} d(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(c+dx)^4} d(c+dx)}{de^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{3} b \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{3(c+dx)^3}}{de^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{6} b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}(c+dx)^4} d(c+dx)^2 - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{3(c+dx)^3}}{de^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{6} b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}(c+dx)^2} d(c+dx)^2 - \frac{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}}{(c+dx)^2} \right) - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{3(c+dx)^3}}{de^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{6} b \left( - \int \frac{1}{1-(c+dx)^4} d\sqrt{-c-dx+1} - \frac{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}}{(c+dx)^2} \right) - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{3(c+dx)^3}}{de^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{6} b \left( -\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{-c-dx+1}) - \frac{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}}{(c+dx)^2} \right) - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{3(c+dx)^3}}{de^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^4,x]`

---

3.185.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^4} dx$

output  $(-1/3*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])/(c + d*x)^3 + (b*(-\text{Sqrt}[1 - c - d*x]/(c + d*x)^2) - \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c - d*x]])/6)/(d*e^4)$

### 3.185.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$

rule 52  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^m]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^n), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}*((c + d*x)^{n+1}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^m]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^n), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p*(m+1)-1}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{1/p}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 243  $\text{Int}[(x_)^m]*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 5138  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c_.)*(x_)^m]*((b_.))^{n_.}]*((d_.)*(x_)^m), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d*x)^{m+1}*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^n/(d*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/(d*(m+1))) \quad \text{Int}[(d*x)^{m+1}*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{n-1}/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 5304  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^m]*((b_.))^{n_.}]*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^m), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/d \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d)]^m*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x]$

**3.185.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{a}{3e^4(dx+c)^3} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{3(dx+c)^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{6(dx+c)^2} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}\right)}{6} \right)}{e^4}}{d}$	78
default	$\frac{-\frac{a}{3e^4(dx+c)^3} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{3(dx+c)^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{6(dx+c)^2} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}\right)}{6} \right)}{e^4}}{d}$	78
parts	$-\frac{a}{3e^4(dx+c)^3d} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{3(dx+c)^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{6(dx+c)^2} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}\right)}{6} \right)}{e^4d}$	80

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/d*(-1/3*a/e^4/(d*x+c)^3+b/e^4*(-1/3/(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)-1/6/(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-1/6*arctanh(1/(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))))`**3.185.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 209 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \frac{4b \arcsin(dx + c) + (bd^3x^3 + 3bcd^2x^2 + 3bc^2dx + bc^3) \log(\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2cdx - c^2 + 1} + 1) - (bd^3x^3 + 3bcd^2x^2 + 3bc^2dx + bc^3)}{12(d^4e^4x^3 + 3cd^3e^4)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $-1/12*(4*b*\arcsin(d*x + c) + (b*d^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*x + b*c^3)*\log(\sqrt{-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1} + 1) - (b*d^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*x + b*c^3)*\log(\sqrt{-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1} - 1) + 2*\sqrt{-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1}*(b*d*x + b*c) + 4*a)/(d^4*e^4*x^3 + 3*c*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^2*e^4*x + c^3*d*e^4)$

### 3.185.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{a}{c^4 + 4c^3 dx + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4} dx + \int \frac{b \arcsin(c + dx)}{c^4 + 4c^3 dx + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4} dx}{e^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)**4,x)`

output `(Integral(a/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4), x) + Integral(b*asin(c + d*x)/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4), x))/e**4`

### 3.185.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}{(dex + ce)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $-1/3*(3*(d^4*e^4*x^3 + 3*c*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^2*e^4*x + c^3*d*e^4)*\int \frac{1/3*e^{(1/2*\log(d*x + c + 1) + 1/2*\log(-d*x - c + 1))}}{(d^7*e^4*x^7 + 7*c*d^6*e^4*x^6 + (21*c^2 - 1)*d^5*e^4*x^5 + 5*(7*c^3 - c)*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 5*(7*c^4 - 2*c^2)*d^3*e^4*x^3 + (21*c^5 - 10*c^3)*d^2*e^4*x^2 + (7*c^6 - 5*c^4)*d*e^4*x + (c^7 - c^5)*e^4 + (d^5*e^4*x^5 + 5*c*d^4*e^4*x^4 + (10*c^2 - 1)*d^3*e^4*x^3 + (10*c^3 - 3*c)*d^2*e^4*x^2 + (5*c^4 - 3*c^2)*d*e^4*x + (c^5 - c^3)*e^4)*e^{(\log(d*x + c + 1) + \log(-d*x - c + 1))}}{dx} + \arctan2(d*x + c, \sqrt{d*x + c + 1}*\sqrt{-d*x - c + 1}))/b/(d^4*e^4*x^3 + 3*c*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^2*e^4*x + c^3*d*e^4) - 1/3*a/(d^4*e^4*x^3 + 3*c*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^2*e^4*x + c^3*d*e^4)$

**3.185.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 388 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.41

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = -\frac{(dx + c)^3 b \arcsin(dx + c)}{24 de^4 \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} + 1\right)^3} - \frac{(dx + c)b \arcsin(dx + c)}{8 de^4 \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} + 1\right)} - \frac{b \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} + 1\right) \arcsin(dx + c)}{8 (dx + c) de^4} - \frac{b \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} + 1\right)^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{24 (dx + c)^3 de^4} - \frac{b \log \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} + 1\right)}{6 de^4} + \frac{b \log(|dx + c|)}{6 de^4} - \frac{(dx + c)^3 a}{24 de^4 \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} + 1\right)^3} + \frac{(dx + c)^2 b}{24 de^4 \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} + 1\right)^2} - \frac{(dx + c)a}{8 de^4 \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} + 1\right)} - \frac{a \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} + 1\right)}{8 (dx + c) de^4} - \frac{b \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} + 1\right)^2}{24 (dx + c)^2 de^4} - \frac{a \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} + 1\right)^3}{24 (dx + c)^3 de^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/24*(d*x + c)^3*b*arcsin(d*x + c)/(d*e^4*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^3) \\
& - 1/8*(d*x + c)*b*arcsin(d*x + c)/(d*e^4*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)) - \\
& 1/8*b*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)*arcsin(d*x + c)/((d*x + c)*d*e^4) - 1/2 \\
& 4*b*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^3*arcsin(d*x + c)/((d*x + c)^3*d*e^4) - 1 \\
& /6*b*log(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)/(d*e^4) + 1/6*b*log(abs(d*x + c))/(d* \\
& e^4) - 1/24*(d*x + c)^3*a/(d*e^4*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^3) + 1/24*(d \\
& *x + c)^2*b/(d*e^4*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^2) - 1/8*(d*x + c)*a/(d*e^ \\
& 4*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)) - 1/8*a*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)/((d*x \\
& + c)*d*e^4) - 1/24*b*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^2/((d*x + c)^2*d*e^4) - \\
& 1/24*a*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^3/((d*x + c)^3*d*e^4)
\end{aligned}$$

### 3.185.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^4,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^4, x)`



### 3.186 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^5} dx$

3.186.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1508
3.186.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1508
3.186.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1509
3.186.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1510
3.186.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1511
3.186.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1511
3.186.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1512
3.186.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1512
3.186.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1513

#### 3.186.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^5} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{12de^5(c + dx)^3} - \frac{b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{6de^5(c + dx)} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{4de^5(c + dx)^4}$$

output  $1/4*(-a-b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/d/e^5/(d*x+c)^4-1/12*b*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/e^5/(d*x+c)^3-1/6*b*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/e^5/(d*x+c)$

#### 3.186.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^5} dx = -\frac{b(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(1 + 2(c + dx)^2) + 3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{12de^5(c + dx)^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^5,x]`

output  $-1/12*(b*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(1 + 2*(c + d*x)^2) + 3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/(d*e^5*(c + d*x)^4)$

**3.186.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 245, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{e^5(c+dx)^5} d(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(c+dx)^5} d(c+dx)}{de^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{4(c+dx)^4}}{de^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{245} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3(c+dx)^3} \right) - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{4(c+dx)^4}}{de^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{242} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4}b \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3(c+dx)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3(c+dx)^3} \right) - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{4(c+dx)^4}}{de^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^5,x]`

output `((b*(-1/3*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]/(c + d*x)^3 - (2*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(3*(c + d*x))))/4 - (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(4*(c + d*x)^4))/(d*e^5)`

3.186.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
  
- rule 242 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
  
- rule 245 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
  
- rule 5138 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
  
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.186.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a}{4e^5(dx+c)^4} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{4(dx+c)^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{12(dx+c)^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{6(dx+c)} \right)}{e^5 d}$	84
default	$-\frac{a}{4e^5(dx+c)^4} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{4(dx+c)^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{12(dx+c)^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{6(dx+c)} \right)}{e^5 d}$	84
parts	$-\frac{a}{4e^5(dx+c)^4} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{4(dx+c)^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{12(dx+c)^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{6(dx+c)} \right)}{e^5 d}$	86

3.186.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^5} dx$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-1/4*a/e^5/(d*x+c)^4+b/e^5*(-1/4/(d*x+c)^4*arcsin(d*x+c)-1/12/(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-1/6/(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))
```

### 3.186.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 193 vs.  $2(84) = 168$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{3ad^4x^4 + 12acd^3x^3 + 18ac^2d^2x^2 + 12ac^3dx - 3bc^4 \arcsin(dx + c) - (2bc^4d^3x^3 + 6bc^5d^2x^2 + 2bc^7 + bc^5)}{12(c^4d^5e^5x^4 + 4c^5d^4e^5x^3 + 6c^6d^3e^5x^2 + 4c^7d^2e^5x + c^8de^5)}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/12*(3*a*d^4*x^4 + 12*a*c*d^3*x^3 + 18*a*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 12*a*c^3*d*x - 3*b*c^4*arcsin(d*x + c) - (2*b*c^4*d^3*x^3 + 6*b*c^5*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c^7 + b*c^5 + (6*b*c^6 + b*c^4)*d*x)*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1))/(c^4*d^5*e^5*x^4 + 4*c^5*d^4*e^5*x^3 + 6*c^6*d^3*e^5*x^2 + 4*c^7*d^2*e^5*x + c^8*d*e^5)
```

### 3.186.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{a}{c^5 + 5c^4dx + 10c^3d^2x^2 + 10c^2d^3x^3 + 5cd^4x^4 + d^5x^5} dx + \int \frac{b \arcsin(c + dx)}{c^5 + 5c^4dx + 10c^3d^2x^2 + 10c^2d^3x^3 + 5cd^4x^4 + d^5x^5} dx}{e^5}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)**5,x)
```

```
output (Integral(a/(c**5 + 5*c**4*d*x + 10*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 10*c**2*d**3*x**3 + 5*c*d**4*x**4 + d**5*x**5), x) + Integral(b*asin(c + d*x)/(c**5 + 5*c**4*d*x + 10*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 10*c**2*d**3*x**3 + 5*c*d**4*x**4 + d**5*x**5), x))/e**5
```



output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/192*d^2*e^2*(18*b*arcsin(d*x + c)/(d^2*e^7) + 3*(d*x + c)^4*b*arcsin(d*x \\ & + c)/(d^2*e^7*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^4) + 12*(d*x + c)^2*b*arcsin(d* \\ & x + c)/(d^2*e^7*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^2) + 12*b*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 \\ & + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/((d*x + c)^2*d^2*e^7) + 3*b*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 \\ & + 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(d*x + c)/((d*x + c)^4*d^2*e^7) + 18*a/(d^2*e^7) + 3*(d \\ & *x + c)^4*a/(d^2*e^7*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^4) - 2*(d*x + c)^3*b/(d^ \\ & 2*e^7*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^3) + 12*(d*x + c)^2*a/(d^2*e^7*(sqrt(-( \\ & d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^2) - 18*(d*x + c)*b/(d^2*e^7*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) \\ & + 1)) + 18*b*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)/((d*x + c)*d^2*e^7) + 12*a*(sqrt \\ & (-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^2/((d*x + c)^2*d^2*e^7) + 2*b*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + \\ & 1) + 1)^3/((d*x + c)^3*d^2*e^7) + 3*a*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^4/((d* \\ & x + c)^4*d^2*e^7)) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.186.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^5} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^5,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^5, x)`

### 3.187 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^6} dx$

3.187.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1514
3.187.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1514
3.187.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	1515
3.187.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1517
3.187.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1518
3.187.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1518
3.187.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1519
3.187.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1519
3.187.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1521

#### 3.187.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^6} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{20de^6(c + dx)^4} - \frac{3b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{40de^6(c + dx)^2} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{5de^6(c + dx)^5} - \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}\right)}{40de^6}$$

output `1/5*(-a-b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d/e^6/(d*x+c)^5-3/40*b*arctanh((1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d/e^6-1/20*b*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/e^6/(d*x+c)^4-3/40*b*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/e^6/(d*x+c)^2`

#### 3.187.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^6} dx = -\frac{\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(c+dx)^5} + b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3, \frac{3}{2}, 1 - (c + dx)^2\right)}{5de^6}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^6,x]`

output  $-1/5*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])/(c + d*x)^5 + b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3, 3/2, 1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(d*e^6)$

### 3.187.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 243, 52, 52, 73, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{e^6 (c + dx)^6} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(c + dx)^6} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{5} b \int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^5 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{5(c + dx)^5}}{de^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{10} b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c - dx + 1} (c + dx)^6} d(c + dx)^2 - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{5(c + dx)^5}}{de^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{10} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c - dx + 1} (c + dx)^4} d(c + dx)^2 - \frac{\sqrt{-c - dx + 1}}{2(c + dx)^4} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{5(c + dx)^5}}{de^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{10} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c - dx + 1} (c + dx)^2} d(c + dx)^2 - \frac{\sqrt{-c - dx + 1}}{(c + dx)^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{-c - dx + 1}}{2(c + dx)^4} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{5(c + dx)^5}}{de^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{\frac{1}{10}b\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(-\int\frac{1}{1-(c+dx)^4}d\sqrt{-c-dx+1}-\frac{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}}{(c+dx)^2}\right)-\frac{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}}{2(c+dx)^4}\right)-\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{5(c+dx)^5}}{de^6}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{10}b\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(-\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{-c-dx+1})-\frac{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}}{(c+dx)^2}\right)-\frac{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}}{2(c+dx)^4}\right)-\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{5(c+dx)^5}}{de^6}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^6,x]`

output `(-1/5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c + d*x)^5 + (b*(-1/2*Sqrt[1 - c - d*x]/(c + d*x)^4 + (3*(-(Sqrt[1 - c - d*x]/(c + d*x)^2) - ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - c - d*x]]))/4)/10)/(d*e^6)`

### 3.187.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.187.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{a}{5e^6(dx+c)^5} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{5(dx+c)^5} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{20(dx+c)^4} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{40(dx+c)^2} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}\right)}{40} \right)}{e^6}}{d}$	100
default	$\frac{-\frac{a}{5e^6(dx+c)^5} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{5(dx+c)^5} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{20(dx+c)^4} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{40(dx+c)^2} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}\right)}{40} \right)}{e^6}}{d}$	100
parts	$-\frac{a}{5e^6(dx+c)^5 d} + \frac{b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{5(dx+c)^5} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{20(dx+c)^4} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{40(dx+c)^2} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}\right)}{40} \right)}{e^6 d}$	102

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-1/5*a/e^6/(d*x+c)^5+b/e^6*(-1/5/(d*x+c)^5*arcsin(d*x+c)-1/20/(d*x+c)
^4*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/40/(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/40*arctanh(1/(
1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))))`

**3.187.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 321 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^6} dx = \frac{16b \arcsin(dx + c) + 3(bd^5x^5 + 5bcd^4x^4 + 10bc^2d^3x^3 + 10bc^3d^2x^2 + 5bc^4dx + bc^5) \log(\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2c} + 1)}{e^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^6,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/80*(16*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + 3*(b*d^5*x^5 + 5*b*c*d^4*x^4 + 10*b*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 10*b*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 5*b*c^4*d*x + b*c^5)*log(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1) + 1) - 3*(b*d^5*x^5 + 5*b*c*d^4*x^4 + 10*b*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 10*b*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 5*b*c^4*d*x + b*c^5)*log(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1) - 1) + 2*(3*b*d^3*x^3 + 9*b*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b*c^3 + (9*b*c^2 + 2*b)*d*x + 2*b*c)*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1) + 16*a)/(d^6*e^6*x^5 + 5*c*d^5*e^6*x^4 + 10*c^2*d^4*e^6*x^3 + 10*c^3*d^3*e^6*x^2 + 5*c^4*d^2*e^6*x + c^5*d*e^6)`

**3.187.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^6} dx = \int \frac{a}{c^6 + 6c^5dx + 15c^4d^2x^2 + 20c^3d^3x^3 + 15c^2d^4x^4 + 6cd^5x^5 + d^6x^6} dx + \int \frac{b \arcsin(c + dx)}{c^6 + 6c^5dx + 15c^4d^2x^2 + 20c^3d^3x^3 + 15c^2d^4x^4 + 6cd^5x^5 + d^6x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)**6,x)`

output `(Integral(a/(c**6 + 6*c**5*d*x + 15*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 20*c**3*d**3*x**3 + 15*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 6*c*d**5*x**5 + d**6*x**6), x) + Integral(b*asin(c + d*x)/(c**6 + 6*c**5*d*x + 15*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 20*c**3*d**3*x**3 + 15*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 6*c*d**5*x**5 + d**6*x**6), x))/e**6`

**3.187.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^6} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}{(dex + ce)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/5*(5*(d^6*e^6*x^5 + 5*c*d^5*e^6*x^4 + 10*c^2*d^4*e^6*x^3 + 10*c^3*d^3*e^6*x^2 + 5*c^4*d^2*e^6*x + c^5*d*e^6)*integrate(1/5*e^(1/2*log(d*x + c + 1) + 1/2*log(-d*x - c + 1))/(d^9*e^6*x^9 + 9*c*d^8*e^6*x^8 + (36*c^2 - 1)*d^7*e^6*x^7 + 7*(12*c^3 - c)*d^6*e^6*x^6 + 21*(6*c^4 - c^2)*d^5*e^6*x^5 + 7*(18*c^5 - 5*c^3)*d^4*e^6*x^4 + 7*(12*c^6 - 5*c^4)*d^3*e^6*x^3 + 3*(12*c^7 - 7*c^5)*d^2*e^6*x^2 + (9*c^8 - 7*c^6)*d*e^6*x + (c^9 - c^7)*e^6 + (d^7*e^6*x^7 + 7*c*d^6*e^6*x^6 + (21*c^2 - 1)*d^5*e^6*x^5 + 5*(7*c^3 - c)*d^4*e^6*x^4 + 5*(7*c^4 - 2*c^2)*d^3*e^6*x^3 + (21*c^5 - 10*c^3)*d^2*e^6*x^2 + (7*c^6 - 5*c^4)*d*e^6*x + (c^7 - c^5)*e^6)*e^(log(d*x + c + 1) + log(-d*x - c + 1))), x) + arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))*b/(d^6*e^6*x^5 + 5*c*d^5*e^6*x^4 + 10*c^2*d^4*e^6*x^3 + 10*c^3*d^3*e^6*x^2 + 5*c^4*d^2*e^6*x + c^5*d*e^6) - 1/5*a/(d^6*e^6*x^5 + 5*c*d^5*e^6*x^4 + 10*c^2*d^4*e^6*x^3 + 10*c^3*d^3*e^6*x^2 + 5*c^4*d^2*e^6*x + c^5*d*e^6)`

**3.187.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 598 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 598, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.94

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^6} dx = & -\frac{(dx + c)^5 b \arcsin(dx + c)}{160 de^6 \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1}\right)^5} \\
 & -\frac{(dx + c)^3 b \arcsin(dx + c)}{32 de^6 \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1}\right)^3} \\
 & -\frac{(dx + c) b \arcsin(dx + c)}{16 de^6 \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1}\right)} \\
 & -\frac{b \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1}\right) \arcsin(dx + c)}{16 (dx + c) de^6} \\
 & -\frac{b \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1}\right)^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{32 (dx + c)^3 de^6} \\
 & -\frac{b \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1}\right)^5 \arcsin(dx + c)}{160 (dx + c)^5 de^6} \\
 & -\frac{3 b \log\left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1}\right)}{40 de^6} + \frac{3 b \log(|dx + c|)}{40 de^6} \\
 & -\frac{(dx + c)^5 a}{160 de^6 \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1}\right)^5} \\
 & +\frac{(dx + c)^4 b}{320 de^6 \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1}\right)^4} \\
 & -\frac{(dx + c)^3 a}{32 de^6 \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1}\right)^3} \\
 & +\frac{(dx + c)^2 b}{40 de^6 \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1}\right)^2} \\
 & -\frac{(dx + c) a}{16 de^6 \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1}\right)} - \frac{a \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1}\right)}{16 (dx + c) de^6} \\
 & -\frac{b \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1}\right)^2}{40 (dx + c)^2 de^6} - \frac{a \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1}\right)^3}{32 (dx + c)^3 de^6} \\
 & -\frac{b \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1}\right)^4}{40 (dx + c)^4 de^6} - \frac{a \left(\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1}\right)^5}{32 (dx + c)^5 de^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.187.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^6} dx$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/160*(d*x + c)^5*b*arcsin(d*x + c)/(d*e^6*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^5) - 1/32*(d*x + c)^3*b*arcsin(d*x + c)/(d*e^6*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^3) - 1/16*(d*x + c)*b*arcsin(d*x + c)/(d*e^6*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)) - 1/16*b*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)*arcsin(d*x + c)/((d*x + c)*d*e^6) - 1/32*b*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^3*arcsin(d*x + c)/((d*x + c)^3*d*e^6) - 1/160*b*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^5*arcsin(d*x + c)/((d*x + c)^5*d*e^6) - 3/40*b*log(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)/(d*e^6) + 3/40*b*log(abs(d*x + c))/(d*e^6) - 1/160*(d*x + c)^5*a/(d*e^6*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^5) + 1/320*(d*x + c)^4*b/(d*e^6*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^4) - 1/32*(d*x + c)^3*a/(d*e^6*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^3) + 1/40*(d*x + c)^2*b/(d*e^6*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^2) - 1/16*(d*x + c)*a/(d*e^6*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)) - 1/16*a*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)/((d*x + c)*d*e^6) - 1/40*b*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^2/((d*x + c)^2*d*e^6) - 1/32*a*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^3/((d*x + c)^3*d*e^6) - 1/320*b*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^4/((d*x + c)^4*d*e^6) - 1/160*a*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^5/((d*x + c)^5*d*e^6)`

### 3.187.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^6} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^6} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^6,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^6, x)`

### 3.188 $\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$

3.188.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1522
3.188.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1523
3.188.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1523
3.188.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1526
3.188.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1526
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3.188.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1529
3.188.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1531

#### 3.188.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 203

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= -\frac{16}{75}b^2e^4x - \frac{8b^2e^4(c + dx)^3}{225d} - \frac{2b^2e^4(c + dx)^5}{125d}$$

$$+ \frac{16be^4\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{75d}$$

$$+ \frac{8be^4(c + dx)^2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{75d}$$

$$+ \frac{2be^4(c + dx)^4\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{25d}$$

$$+ \frac{e^4(c + dx)^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{5d}$$

output

```
-16/75*b^2*e^4*x-8/225*b^2*e^4*(d*x+c)^3/d-2/125*b^2*e^4*(d*x+c)^5/d+1/5*e^4*(d*x+c)^5*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d+16/75*b*e^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+8/75*b*e^4*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+2/25*b*e^4*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.188.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{e^4 \left( (c + dx)^5 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - \frac{2}{25} b \left( \frac{20}{9} b (c + dx)^3 + b (c + dx)^5 - \frac{20}{3} (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right)}{5d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`output `(e^4*((c + d*x)^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 - (2*b*((20*b*(c + d*x)^3)/9 + b*(c + d*x)^5 - (20*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])))/3 - 5*(c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + (40*(b*d*x - Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])))/3)/25)/(5*d)`**3.188.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5210, 15, 5210, 15, 5182, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int e^4 (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{e^4 \int (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5138}$$

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5} (c + dx)^5 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - \frac{2}{5} b \int \frac{(c + dx)^5 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5210}$$



$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5} (c+dx)^5 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{2}{5} b \left( \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{(c+dx)^3 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{5} b \int (c+dx)^4 d(c+dx) - \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^4 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5} (c+dx)^5 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{2}{5} b \left( \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{(c+dx)^3 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^4 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5} (c+dx)^5 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{2}{5} b \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{3} b \int (c+dx)^2 d(c+dx) - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^2 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5} (c+dx)^5 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{2}{5} b \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^2 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5182

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5} (c+dx)^5 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{2}{5} b \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( b \int 1 d(c+dx) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right) \right) - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^2 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5} (c+dx)^5 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{2}{5} b \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^4 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \frac{4}{5} \left( -\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^2 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(e^4*(((c + d*x)^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/5 - (2*b*((b*(c + d*x)^5)/25 - ((c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])))/5 + (4*((b*(c + d*x)^3)/9 - ((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])))/3 + (2*(b*(c + d*x) - Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])))/3))/5)/5)/d`

## 3.188.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 5210 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

**3.188.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e^4 a^2 (dx+c)^5 + e^4 b^2 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^5 \arcsin(dx+c)^2}{5} + \frac{2 \arcsin(dx+c) (3(dx+c)^4 + 4(dx+c)^2 + 8) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{75} - \frac{2(dx+c)^5}{125} - \frac{8(dx+c)^3}{225} - \frac{16}{7} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{e^4 a^2 (dx+c)^5 + e^4 b^2 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^5 \arcsin(dx+c)^2}{5} + \frac{2 \arcsin(dx+c) (3(dx+c)^4 + 4(dx+c)^2 + 8) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{75} - \frac{2(dx+c)^5}{125} - \frac{8(dx+c)^3}{225} - \frac{16}{7} \right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{e^4 a^2 (dx+c)^5}{5d} + \frac{e^4 b^2 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^5 \arcsin(dx+c)^2}{5} + \frac{2 \arcsin(dx+c) (3(dx+c)^4 + 4(dx+c)^2 + 8) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{75} - \frac{2(dx+c)^5}{125} - \frac{8(dx+c)^3}{225} - \frac{16}{7} \right)}{d}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/d*(1/5*e^4*a^2*(d*x+c)^5+e^4*b^2*(1/5*(d*x+c)^5*arcsin(d*x+c)^2+2/75*arcsin(d*x+c)*(3*(d*x+c)^4+4*(d*x+c)^2+8)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2/125*(d*x+c)^5-8/225*(d*x+c)^3-16/75*d*x-16/75*c)+2*e^4*a*b*(1/5*(d*x+c)^5*arcsin(d*x+c)+1/25*(d*x+c)^4*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+4/75*(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+8/75*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))`**3.188.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 567 vs.  $2(183) = 366$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 567, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{9(25a^2 - 2b^2)d^5 e^4 x^5 + 45(25a^2 - 2b^2)cd^4 e^4 x^4 + 10(9(25a^2 - 2b^2)c^2 - 4b^2)d^3 e^4 x^3 + 30(3(25a^2 - 2b^2)c^2 - 4b^2)d^2 e^4 x^2 + 60(3(25a^2 - 2b^2)c^2 - 4b^2)d e^4 x + 30(25a^2 - 2b^2)e^4 c^2}{d^5}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/1125*(9*(25*a^2 - 2*b^2)*d^5*e^4*x^5 + 45*(25*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 10*(9*(25*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^2 - 4*b^2)*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 30*(3*(25*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^3 - 4*b^2*c)*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 15*(3*(25*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^4 - 8*b^2*c^2 - 16*b^2)*d*e^4*x + 225*(b^2*d^5*e^4*x^5 + 5*b^2*c*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 10*b^2*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 10*b^2*c^3*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 5*b^2*c^4*d*e^4*x + b^2*c^5*e^4)*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 450*(a*b*d^5*e^4*x^5 + 5*a*b*c*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 10*a*b*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 10*a*b*c^3*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 5*a*b*c^4*d*e^4*x + a*b*c^5*e^4)*arcsin(d*x + c) + 30*(3*a*b*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 12*a*b*c*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 2*(9*a*b*c^2 + 2*a*b)*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*(3*a*b*c^3 + 2*a*b*c)*d*e^4*x + (3*a*b*c^4 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 8*a*b)*e^4 + (3*b^2*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 12*b^2*c*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 2*(9*b^2*c^2 + 2*b^2)*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*(3*b^2*c^3 + 2*b^2*c)*d*e^4*x + (3*b^2*c^4 + 4*b^2*c^2 + 8*b^2)*e^4)*arcsin(d*x + c))*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1))/d`

### 3.188.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1268 vs.  $2(184) = 368$ .

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1268, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.25

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**4*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*c**4*e**4*x + 2*a**2*c**3*d*e**4*x**2 + 2*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3 + a**2*c*d**3*e**4*x**4 + a**2*d**4*e**4*x**5/5 + 2*a*b*c**5*e**4*asin(c + d*x)/(5*d) + 2*a*b*c**4*e**4*x*asin(c + d*x) + 2*a*b*c**4*e**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*d) + 4*a*b*c**3*d*e**4*x**2*asin(c + d*x) + 8*a*b*c**3*e**4*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/25 + 4*a*b*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3*asin(c + d*x) + 12*a*b*c**2*d*e**4*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/25 + 8*a*b*c**2*e**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(75*d) + 2*a*b*c*d**3*e**4*x**4*asin(c + d*x) + 8*a*b*c*d**2*e**4*x**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/25 + 16*a*b*c*e**4*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/75 + 2*a*b*d**4*e**4*x**5*asin(c + d*x)/5 + 2*a*b*d**3*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/25 + 8*a*b*d*e**4*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/75 + 16*a*b*e**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(75*d) + b**2*c**5*e**4*asin(c + d*x)**2/(5*d) + b**2*c**4*e**4*x*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 2*b**2*c**4*e**4*x/25 + 2*b**2*c**4*e**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/(25*d) + 2*b**2*c**3*d*e**4*x**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 4*b**2*c**3*d*e**4*x**2/25 + 8*b**2*c**3*e**4*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/25 + 2*b**2*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3/25 + 12*b**2*c**2*d*e**4*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/25 - 8*b**2*c**2*e**4*x/75 + 8*b**2*c**2*e**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - ...`

### 3.188.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (dex + ce)^4 (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/5*a^2*d^4*e^4*x^5 + a^2*c*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^3 + 2*a^2*c^
3*d*e^4*x^2 + 2*(2*x^2*arcsin(dx + c) + d*(3*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sq
rt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2)))/d^3 + sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x/d^
2 - (c^2 - 1)*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 - 3
*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c/d^3))*a*b*c^3*d*e^4 + 2/3*(6*x^3*arc
sin(dx + c) + d*(2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x^2/d^2 - 15*c^3*ar
csin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^4 - 5*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 -
2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c*x/d^3 + 9*(c^2 - 1)*c*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2
*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^4 + 15*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^2/d^4
- 4*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1)/d^4))*a*b*c^2*d^2*e^4 +
1/12*(24*x^4*arcsin(dx + c) + (6*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x^3/d
^2 - 14*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c*x^2/d^3 + 105*c^4*arcsin(-(d^
2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^5 + 35*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x
- c^2 + 1)*c^2*x/d^4 - 90*(c^2 - 1)*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^
2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^5 - 105*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^3/d^5 -
9*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1)*x/d^4 + 9*(c^2 - 1)^2*arcs
in(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^5 + 55*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 -
2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1)*c/d^5)*d)*a*b*c*d^3*e^4 + 1/300*(120*x^5*arcs
in(dx + c) + (24*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x^4/d^2 - 54*sqrt(-d^
2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c*x^3/d^3 + 126*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^...

```

### 3.188.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 443 vs.  $2(183) = 366$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 443, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx \\
 &= \frac{(dx + c)^5 a^2 e^4}{5d} + \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 (dx + c) b^2 e^4 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{5d} \\
 &+ \frac{2((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 (dx + c) a b e^4 \arcsin(dx + c)}{5d} \\
 &+ \frac{2((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c) b^2 e^4 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{5d} \\
 &+ \frac{2((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} b^2 e^4 \arcsin(dx + c)}{25d} \\
 &- \frac{2((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 (dx + c) b^2 e^4}{125d} + \frac{4((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c) a b e^4 \arcsin(dx + c)}{5d} \\
 &+ \frac{(dx + c) b^2 e^4 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{5d} + \frac{2((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} a b e^4}{25d} \\
 &- \frac{4(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2 e^4 \arcsin(dx + c)}{15d} - \frac{76((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c) b^2 e^4}{1125d} \\
 &+ \frac{2(dx + c) a b e^4 \arcsin(dx + c)}{5d} - \frac{4(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} a b e^4}{15d} \\
 &+ \frac{2\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} b^2 e^4 \arcsin(dx + c)}{5d} - \frac{298(dx + c) b^2 e^4}{1125d} + \frac{2\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} a b e^4}{5d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/5*(d*x + c)^5*a^2*e^4/d + 1/5*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*(d*x + c)*b^2*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 2/5*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*(d*x + c)*a*b*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 2/5*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*b^2*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 2/25*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*b^2*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 2/125*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*(d*x + c)*b^2*e^4/d + 4/5*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*a*b*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 1/5*(d*x + c)*b^2*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 2/25*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*a*b*e^4/d - 4/15*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b^2*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 76/1125*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*b^2*e^4/d + 2/5*(d*x + c)*a*b*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 4/15*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*a*b*e^4/d + 2/5*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*b^2*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 298/1125*(d*x + c)*b^2*e^4/d + 2/5*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*a*b*e^4/d`

**3.188.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^4*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^4*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2, x)`



### 3.189 $\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$

3.189.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1532
3.189.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1532
3.189.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1533
3.189.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1535
3.189.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1536
3.189.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1536
3.189.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1537
3.189.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1538
3.189.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1540

#### 3.189.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= -\frac{3b^2e^3(c + dx)^2}{32d} - \frac{b^2e^3(c + dx)^4}{32d} + \frac{3be^3(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{16d}$$

$$+ \frac{be^3(c + dx)^3\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{8d}$$

$$- \frac{3e^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{32d} + \frac{e^3(c + dx)^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{4d}$$

output 
$$-3/32*b^2*e^3*(d*x+c)^2/d-1/32*b^2*e^3*(d*x+c)^4/d-3/32*e^3*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d+1/4*e^3*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d+3/16*b*e^3*(d*x+c)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+1/8*b*e^3*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d$$

#### 3.189.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{e^3 \left( (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 + \frac{1}{8} \left( -b^2 (c + dx)^4 + 4b(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right)}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $(e^3*((c + d*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 + (-b^2*(c + d*x)^4) + 4*b*(c + d*x)^3*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - 3*(b^2*(c + d*x)^2 - 2*b*(c + d*x)*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2))/8))/(4*d)$

### 3.189.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5210, 15, 5210, 15, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int e^3(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{e^3 \int (c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5138}$$

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c + dx)^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5210}$$

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c + dx)^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) + \frac{1}{4}b \int (c + dx)^3 d(c + dx) - \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{1-(c + dx)^2}(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \right) \right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{15}$$

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c + dx)^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) - \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{1-(c + dx)^2}(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \right) \right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5210}$$

---

3.189.  $\int (ce + dex)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - \frac{1}{2} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx) + \frac{1}{2} b \int (c + dx) d(c + dx) - \frac{1}{2} (c + dx) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - \frac{1}{2} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (c + dx) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - \frac{1}{2} b \left( -\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (c + dx) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(e^3*(((c + d*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/4 - (b*((b*(c + d*x)^4)/16 - ((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/4 + (3*((b*(c + d*x)^2)/4 - ((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/2 + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(4*b))))/4)/2)/d`

### 3.189.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1))/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5210 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.189.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e^3 a^2 (dx+c)^4}{4} + e^3 b^2 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^4 \arcsin(dx+c)^2}{4} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c) \left( -2(dx+c)^3 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} - 3(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + 3 \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{16} \right) + \dots$
default	$\frac{e^3 a^2 (dx+c)^4}{4} + e^3 b^2 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^4 \arcsin(dx+c)^2}{4} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c) \left( -2(dx+c)^3 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} - 3(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + 3 \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{16} \right) + \dots$
parts	$\frac{e^3 a^2 (dx+c)^4}{4d} + \frac{e^3 b^2 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^4 \arcsin(dx+c)^2}{4} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c) \left( -2(dx+c)^3 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} - 3(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + 3 \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{16} \right)}{d}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/d*(1/4*e^3*a^2*(d*x+c)^4+e^3*b^2*(1/4*(d*x+c)^4*\arcsin(d*x+c)^2-1/16*\arcsin(d*x+c)*(-2*(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}-3*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}+3*\arcsin(d*x+c))+3/32*\arcsin(d*x+c)^2-1/128*(2*(d*x+c)^2+3)^2)+2*e^3*a*b*(1/4*(d*x+c)^4*\arcsin(d*x+c)+1/16*(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}+3/32*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}-3/32*\arcsin(d*x+c))$

### 3.189.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 442 vs.  $2(160) = 320$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 442, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(8a^2 - b^2)d^4 e^3 x^4 + 4(8a^2 - b^2)cd^3 e^3 x^3 + 3(2(8a^2 - b^2)c^2 - b^2)d^2 e^3 x^2 + 2(2(8a^2 - b^2)c^3 - 3b^2c)de^3 x + (8a^2 c^4 - 3b^2 c^3)e^3}{d}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/32*((8*a^2 - b^2)*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 4*(8*a^2 - b^2)*c*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*(2*(8*a^2 - b^2)*c^2 - b^2)*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 2*(2*(8*a^2 - b^2)*c^3 - 3*b^2*c)*d*e^3*x + (8*b^2*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 32*b^2*c*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 48*b^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 32*b^2*c^3*d*e^3*x + (8*b^2*c^4 - 3*b^2)*e^3)*\arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(8*a*b*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 32*a*b*c*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 48*a*b*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 32*a*b*c^3*d*e^3*x + (8*a*b*c^4 - 3*a*b)*e^3)*\arcsin(d*x + c) + 2*(2*a*b*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 6*a*b*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*(2*a*b*c^2 + a*b)*d*e^3*x + (2*a*b*c^3 + 3*a*b*c)*e^3 + (2*b^2*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 6*b^2*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*(2*b^2*c^2 + b^2)*d*e^3*x + (2*b^2*c^3 + 3*b^2*c)*e^3)*\arcsin(d*x + c))*\sqrt{-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)}/d$

### 3.189.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 916 vs.  $2(155) = 310$ .

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 916, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.20

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^2 c^3 e^3 x + \frac{3a^2 c^2 d e^3 x^2}{2} + a^2 c d^2 e^3 x^3 + \frac{a^2 d^3 e^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{abc^4 e^3 \arcsin(c+dx)}{2d} + 2abc^3 e^3 x \arcsin(c + dx) + \frac{abc^3 e^3 \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx - c^2}}{8d} \\ c^3 e^3 x (a + b \arcsin(c))^2 \end{cases}$$

---

3.189.  $\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**3*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*c**3*e**3*x + 3*a**2*c**2*d*e**3*x**2/2 + a**2*c*d**2*e**3*x**3 + a**2*d**3*e**3*x**4/4 + a*b*c**4*e**3*asin(c + d*x)/(2*d) + 2*a*b*c**3*e**3*x*asin(c + d*x) + a*b*c**3*e**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(8*d) + 3*a*b*c**2*d*e**3*x**2*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b*c**2*e**3*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/8 + 2*a*b*c*d**2*e**3*x**3*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b*c*d*e**3*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/8 + 3*a*b*c*e**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*d) + a*b*d**3*e**3*x**4*asin(c + d*x)/2 + a*b*d**2*e**3*x**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/8 + 3*a*b*e**3*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/16 - 3*a*b*e**3*asin(c + d*x)/(16*d) + b**2*c**4*e**3*asin(c + d*x)**2/(4*d) + b**2*c**3*e**3*x*asin(c + d*x)**2 - b**2*c**3*e**3*x/8 + b**2*c**3*e**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 3*b**2*c**2*d*e**3*x**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/2 - 3*b**2*c**2*d*e**3*x**2/16 + 3*b**2*c**2*e**3*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/8 + b**2*c*d**2*e**3*x**3*asin(c + d*x)**2 - b**2*c*d**2*e**3*x**3/8 + 3*b**2*c*d*e**3*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/8 - 3*b**2*c*e**3*x/16 + 3*b**2*c*e**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/(16*d) + b**2*d**3*e**3*x**4*asin(c + d*x)**2/4 - b**2*d**3*e**3*x**4/32 + b**2*d**2*e**3*x**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/8 - 3*b**2*d*e**3*x**2/32 + 3*b**2*e**3*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/...`

### 3.189.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (dex + ce)^3 (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/4*a^2*d^3*e^3*x^4 + a^2*c*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 3/2*a^2*c^2*d*e^3*x^2 + 3/2*(2*x
^2*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(3*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 -
1)*d^2)))/d^3 + sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x/d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*arcsin
(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 - 3*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c
*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c/d^3))*a*b*c^2*d*e^3 + 1/3*(6*x^3*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(2*
sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x^2/d^2 - 15*c^3*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/
sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^4 - 5*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*
c*x/d^3 + 9*(c^2 - 1)*c*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2
))/d^4 + 15*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^2/d^4 - 4*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 -
2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1)/d^4))*a*b*c*d^2*e^3 + 1/48*(24*x^4*arcsin(d*
x + c) + (6*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x^3/d^2 - 14*sqrt(-d^2*x^2
- 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c*x^2/d^3 + 105*c^4*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^
2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^5 + 35*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^2*x/d^4
- 90*(c^2 - 1)*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^
5 - 105*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^3/d^5 - 9*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c
*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1)*x/d^4 + 9*(c^2 - 1)^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt
(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^5 + 55*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^
2 - 1)*c/d^5)*d)*a*b*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c^3*e^3*x + 2*((d*x + c)*arcsin(d*x + c
) + sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1))*a*b*c^3*e^3/d + 1/4*(b^2*d^3*e^3*x^4 + 4*b^2*c
*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 6*b^2*c^2*d*e^3*x^2 + 4*b^2*c^3*e^3*x)*arctan2(d*x + c, ...

```

### 3.189.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 342 vs.  $2(160) = 320$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = & \frac{(dx + c)^4 a^2 e^3}{4d} \\
 & + \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 b^2 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{4d} \\
 & - \frac{(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx + c) b^2 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{8d} \\
 & + \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 a b e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{2d} \\
 & + \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1) b^2 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{2d} \\
 & - \frac{(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx + c) a b e^3}{8d} \\
 & + \frac{5 \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} (dx + c) b^2 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{16d} \\
 & - \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 b^2 e^3}{32d} \\
 & + \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1) a b e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\
 & + \frac{5 b^2 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{32d} \\
 & + \frac{5 \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} (dx + c) a b e^3}{16d} \\
 & - \frac{5 ((dx + c)^2 - 1) b^2 e^3}{32d} \\
 & + \frac{5 a b e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{16d} - \frac{17 b^2 e^3}{256d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`



output  $1/4*(d*x + c)^4*a^2*e^3/d + 1/4*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*b^2*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d - 1/8*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*(d*x + c)*b^2*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 1/2*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*a*b*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 1/2*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*b^2*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d - 1/8*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*(d*x + c)*a*b*e^3/d + 5/16*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*(d*x + c)*b^2*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 1/32*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*b^2*e^3/d + ((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*a*b*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 5/32*b^2*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 5/16*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*(d*x + c)*a*b*e^3/d - 5/32*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*b^2*e^3/d + 5/16*a*b*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 17/256*b^2*e^3/d$

### 3.189.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.190 $\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$

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#### 3.190.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= -\frac{4}{9}b^2e^2x - \frac{2b^2e^2(c + dx)^3}{27d} + \frac{4be^2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{9d}$$

$$+ \frac{2be^2(c + dx)^2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{9d}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{3d}$$

output  $-4/9*b^2*e^2*x-2/27*b^2*e^2*(d*x+c)^3/d+1/3*e^2*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d+4/9*b*e^2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+2/9*b*e^2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d$

#### 3.190.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{e^2 \left( (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - \frac{2}{9} b \left( 6bdx + b(c + dx)^3 - 6\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $(e^2*((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 - (2*b*(6*b*d*x + b*(c + d*x)^3 - 6*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - 3*(c + d*x)^2*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])))/9)/(3*d)$

### 3.190.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5210, 15, 5182, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int e^2(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{e^2 \int (c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5138}$$

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5210}$$

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) + \frac{1}{3}b \int (c + dx)^2 d(c + dx) - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{15}$$

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5182}$$

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( b \int 1d(c + dx) - \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}b \left( -\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + \frac{2}{3} \left( b(c + dx) - \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(e^2*(((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/3 - (2*b*((b*(c + d*x)^3)/9 - ((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/3 + (2*(b*(c + d*x) - Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])))/3))/3)/d`

### 3.190.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 5210 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a +
b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p
+ 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + S
imp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p Int[(f*
x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m
, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.190.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a^2 e^2 (dx+c)^3}{3} + e^2 b^2 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^3 \arcsin(dx+c)^2}{3} + \frac{2 \arcsin(dx+c) ((dx+c)^2+2) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{9} - \frac{2(dx+c)^3}{27} - \frac{4dx}{9} - \frac{4c}{9} \right) + 2e^2 ab \left( \frac{dx+c}{d} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{\frac{a^2 e^2 (dx+c)^3}{3} + e^2 b^2 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^3 \arcsin(dx+c)^2}{3} + \frac{2 \arcsin(dx+c) ((dx+c)^2+2) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{9} - \frac{2(dx+c)^3}{27} - \frac{4dx}{9} - \frac{4c}{9} \right) + 2e^2 ab \left( \frac{dx+c}{d} \right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 e^2 (dx+c)^3}{3d} + \frac{e^2 b^2 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^3 \arcsin(dx+c)^2}{3} + \frac{2 \arcsin(dx+c) ((dx+c)^2+2) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{9} - \frac{2(dx+c)^3}{27} - \frac{4dx}{9} - \frac{4c}{9} \right)}{d} + \frac{2e^2 ab}{d}$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(1/3*a^2*e^2*(d*x+c)^3+e^2*b^2*(1/3*(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)^2+2/9*arcs
in(d*x+c)*((d*x+c)^2+2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2/27*(d*x+c)^3-4/9*d*x-4/9*c)+
2*e^2*a*b*(1/3*(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)+1/9*(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+
/9*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))
```

**3.190.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 307 vs.  $2(126) = 252$ .

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(9a^2 - 2b^2)d^3e^2x^3 + 3(9a^2 - 2b^2)cd^2e^2x^2 + 3((9a^2 - 2b^2)c^2 - 4b^2)de^2x + 9(b^2d^3e^2x^3 + 3b^2cd^2e^2x^2 + 3b^2c^2d^2e^2x + b^2c^3e^2) \arcsin(c + dx)^2 + 18(a^2d^3e^2x^3 + 3a^2cd^2e^2x^2 + 3a^2c^2de^2x + a^2c^3e^2) \arcsin(c + dx) + 6(a^2d^2e^2x^2 + 2a^2cde^2x + (a^2c^2 + 2ab)cde^2 + (b^2d^2e^2x^2 + 2b^2cde^2x + (b^2c^2 + 2b^2)cde^2) \arcsin(c + dx)) \sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2cdx - c^2 + 1}}{d}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/27*((9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 3*(9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*((9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^2 - 4*b^2)*d*e^2*x + 9*(b^2*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*e^2*x + b^2*c^3*e^2)*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 18*(a*b*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 3*a*b*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*a*b*c^2*d*e^2*x + a*b*c^3*e^2)*arcsin(d*x + c) + 6*(a*b*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*e^2*x + (a*b*c^2 + 2*a*b)*e^2 + (b^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*e^2*x + (b^2*c^2 + 2*b^2)*e^2)*arcsin(d*x + c))*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1))/d`

**3.190.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 610 vs.  $2(126) = 252$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 610, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.36

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^2c^2e^2x + a^2cde^2x^2 + \frac{a^2d^2e^2x^3}{3} + \frac{2abc^3e^2 \arcsin(c+dx)}{3d} + 2abc^2e^2x \arcsin(c + dx) + \frac{2abc^2e^2\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx-d^2x^2+1}}{9d} + 2a^2c^2e^2x(a + b \arcsin(c))^2 \\ c^2e^2x(a + b \arcsin(c))^2 \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**2*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*c**2*e**2*x + a**2*c*d*e**2*x**2 + a**2*d**2*e**2*x**3/3 + 2*a*b*c**3*e**2*asin(c + d*x)/(3*d) + 2*a*b*c**2*e**2*x*asin(c + d*x) + 2*a*b*c**2*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*d) + 2*a*b*c*d*e**2*x**2*asin(c + d*x) + 4*a*b*c*e**2*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/9 + 2*a*b*d**2*e**2*x**3*asin(c + d*x)/3 + 2*a*b*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/9 + 4*a*b*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*d) + b**2*c**3*e**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + b**2*c**2*e**2*x*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 2*b**2*c**2*e**2*x/9 + 2*b**2*c**2*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/(9*d) + b**2*c*d*e**2*x**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 2*b**2*c*d*e**2*x**2/9 + 4*b**2*c*e**2*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/9 + b**2*d**2*e**2*x**3*asin(c + d*x)**2/3 - 2*b**2*d**2*e**2*x**3/27 + 2*b**2*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/9 - 4*b**2*e**2*x/9 + 4*b**2*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/(9*d), Ne(d, 0)), (c**2*e**2*x*(a + b*asin(c))**2, True))`

### 3.190.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (dex + ce)^2 (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a^2*d^2*e^2*x^3 + a^2*c*d*e^2*x^2 + (2*x^2*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(3*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 + sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x/d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 - 3*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c/d^3))*a*b*c*d*e^2 + 1/9*(6*x^3*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x^2/d^2 - 15*c^3*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^4 - 5*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c*x/d^3 + 9*(c^2 - 1)*c*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^4 + 15*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^2/d^4 - 4*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1)/d^4))*a*b*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c^2*e^2*x + 2*((d*x + c)*arcsin(d*x + c) + sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1))*a*b*c^2*e^2/d + 1/3*(b^2*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*e^2*x)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + integrate(2/3*(b^2*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*e^2*x)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 - 1), x)`

**3.190.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 274 vs.  $2(126) = 252$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c)b^2e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{3d} + \frac{(dx + c)^3 a^2 e^2}{3d}$$

$$+ \frac{2((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c)abe^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{3d} + \frac{(dx + c)b^2e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{3d}$$

$$- \frac{2(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{9d} - \frac{2((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c)b^2e^2}{27d}$$

$$+ \frac{2(dx + c)abe^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{3d} - \frac{2(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}abe^2}{9d}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}b^2e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{3d} - \frac{14(dx + c)b^2e^2}{27d} + \frac{2\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}abe^2}{3d}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 1/3*(d*x + c)^3*a^2*e^2/d + 2/3*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*a*b*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 1/3*(d*x + c)*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d - 2/9*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 2/27*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*b^2*e^2/d + 2/3*(d*x + c)*a*b*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 2/9*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*a*b*e^2/d + 2/3*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 14/27*(d*x + c)*b^2*e^2/d + 2/3*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*a*b*e^2/d`

**3.190.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2, x)`



### 3.191 $\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$

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#### 3.191.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = -\frac{b^2 e(c + dx)^2}{4d} + \frac{be(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{2d} - \frac{e(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{4d} + \frac{e(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{2d}$$

output 
$$-1/4*b^2*e*(d*x+c)^2/d-1/4*e*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d+1/2*e*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d+1/2*b*e*(d*x+c)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d$$

#### 3.191.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{e\left(b^2(c + dx)^2 - 2b(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - 2(c + dx)\right)}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/4*(e*(b^2*(c + d*x)^2 - 2*b*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 - 2*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))^2)/d`

### 3.191.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5210, 15, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int e(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{e \int (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{e \left( \frac{1}{2} (c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - b \int \frac{(c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5210} \\
 & \frac{e \left( \frac{1}{2} (c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx) + \frac{1}{2} b \int (c + dx) d(c + dx) - \frac{1}{2} (c + dx) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \right) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
 & \frac{e \left( \frac{1}{2} (c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (c + dx) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5152}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - b\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + \frac{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2}{4b}\right) + \frac{1}{4}\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(e*(((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/2 - b*((b*(c + d*x)^2)/4 - ((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/2 + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(4*b))))/d`

### 3.191.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5210 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*Ar
cSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.191.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 e \frac{(dx+c)^2}{2} + b^2 e \left( \frac{((dx+c)^2-1) \arcsin(dx+c)^2}{2} + \frac{\arcsin(dx+c) \left( (dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{2} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2}{4} - \frac{(dx+c)^2}{4} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^2 e \frac{(dx+c)^2}{2} + b^2 e \left( \frac{((dx+c)^2-1) \arcsin(dx+c)^2}{2} + \frac{\arcsin(dx+c) \left( (dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{2} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2}{4} - \frac{(dx+c)^2}{4} \right)}{d}$
parts	$a^2 e \left( \frac{1}{2} d x^2 + c x \right) + \frac{b^2 e \left( \frac{((dx+c)^2-1) \arcsin(dx+c)^2}{2} + \frac{\arcsin(dx+c) \left( (dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{2} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2}{4} \right)}{d}$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(1/2*a^2*e*(d*x+c)^2+b^2*e*(1/2*((d*x+c)^2-1)*arcsin(d*x+c)^2+1/2*arcs
in(d*x+c)*((d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+arcsin(d*x+c))-1/4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2-
1/4*(d*x+c)^2)+2*e*a*b*(1/2*(d*x+c)^2*arcsin(d*x+c)+1/4*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)
^2)^(1/2)-1/4*arcsin(d*x+c)))
```

### 3.191.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(2a^2 - b^2)d^2ex^2 + 2(2a^2 - b^2)c dex + (2b^2d^2ex^2 + 4b^2c dex + (2b^2c^2 - b^2)e) \arcsin(dx + c)^2 + 2(2abd^2ex + b^2c) \arcsin(dx + c)}{d}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output  $\frac{1}{4}((2a^2 - b^2)d^2e^x + 2(2a^2 - b^2)cdex + (2b^2d^2e^x + 4b^2cdex + (2b^2c^2 - b^2)e)\arcsin(dx + c)^2 + 2(2abd^2e^x + 4abcde^x + (2abc^2 - ab)e)\arcsin(dx + c) + 2(abde^x + abc^2e + (b^2de^x + b^2c^2e)\arcsin(dx + c))\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2cdx - c^2 + 1})/d$

### 3.191.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 335 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^2 cex + \frac{a^2 dex^2}{2} + \frac{abc^2 e \arcsin(c + dx)}{d} + 2abcex \arcsin(c + dx) + \frac{abce\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx - d^2x^2 + 1}}{2d} + abdex^2 \arcsin(c + dx) + a^2 cex(a + b \arcsin(c))^2 \\ cex(a + b \arcsin(c))^2 \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*c*e*x + a**2*d*e*x**2/2 + a*b*c**2*e*asin(c + d*x)/d + 2*a*b*c*e*x*asin(c + d*x) + a*b*c*e*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(2*d) + a*b*d*e*x**2*asin(c + d*x) + a*b*e*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/2 - a*b*e*asin(c + d*x)/(2*d) + b**2*c**2*e*asin(c + d*x)**2/(2*d) + b**2*c*e*x*asin(c + d*x)**2 - b**2*c*e*x/2 + b**2*c*e*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/(2*d) + b**2*d*e*x**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/2 - b**2*d*e*x**2/4 + b**2*e*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/2 - b**2*e*asin(c + d*x)**2/(4*d), Ne(d, 0)), (c*e*x*(a + b*asin(c))**2, True))`

### 3.191.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

```
output 1/2*a^2*d*e*x^2 + 1/2*(2*x^2*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(3*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c
*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2)))/d^3 + sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1
)*x/d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d
^3 - 3*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c/d^3))*a*b*d*e + a^2*c*e*x + 2*
((d*x + c)*arcsin(d*x + c) + sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1))*a*b*c*e/d + 1/2*(b^2*
d*e*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*e*x)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c +
1))^2 + integrate((b^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*e*x)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-
d*x - c + 1)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))/(d^2*x
^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 - 1), x)
```

### 3.191.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)b^2e \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{2d} + \frac{\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)b^2e \arcsin(dx + c)}{2d} + \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)abe \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} + \frac{b^2e \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{4d} + \frac{\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)abe}{2d} + \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)a^2e}{2d} - \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)b^2e}{4d} + \frac{abe \arcsin(dx + c)}{2d} - \frac{b^2e}{8d}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/2*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*b^2*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 1/2*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 +
1)*(d*x + c)*b^2*e*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + ((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*a*b*e*arcsin(d*x
+ c)/d + 1/4*b^2*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 1/2*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*(d*x +
c)*a*b*e/d + 1/2*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*a^2*e/d - 1/4*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*b^2*e/
d + 1/2*a*b*e*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 1/8*b^2*e/d
```

**3.191.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (ce + dex) (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.192 $\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$

3.192.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1555
3.192.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1555
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3.192.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1557
3.192.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1558
3.192.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1558
3.192.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1559
3.192.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1559
3.192.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1560

#### 3.192.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = -2b^2x + \frac{2b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{d}$$

output `-2*b^2*x+(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d+2*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.192.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{-2b^2(c + dx) + 2b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(-2*b^2*(c + d*x) + 2*b*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + (c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/d`



**3.192.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5302, 5130, 5182, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 & \frac{\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5130} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - 2b \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5182} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - 2b \left( b \int 1 d(c + dx) - \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - 2b \left( b(c + dx) - \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `((c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 - 2*b*(b*(c + d*x) - Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/d`

## 3.192.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 5130 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

## 3.192.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result
parts	$a^2x + \frac{b^2 \left( \arcsin(dx+c)^2(dx+c) - 2dx - 2c + 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right)}{d} + \frac{2ab \left( (dx+c) \arcsin(dx+c) + \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right)}{d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{(dx+c)a^2 + b^2 \left( \arcsin(dx+c)^2(dx+c) - 2dx - 2c + 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) + 2ab \left( (dx+c) \arcsin(dx+c) + \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{(dx+c)a^2 + b^2 \left( \arcsin(dx+c)^2(dx+c) - 2dx - 2c + 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) + 2ab \left( (dx+c) \arcsin(dx+c) + \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right)}{d}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $a^2x + b^2/d * (\arcsin(d*x+c))^2 * (d*x+c) - 2*d*x - 2*c + 2*arcsin(d*x+c) * (1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)} + 2*a*b/d * ((d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c) + (1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})$

**3.192.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(a^2 - 2b^2)dx + (b^2dx + b^2c) \arcsin(dx + c)^2 + 2(abdx + abc) \arcsin(dx + c) + 2\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2cdx - c^2 + 1}}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `((a^2 - 2*b^2)*d*x + (b^2*d*x + b^2*c)*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a*b*d*x + a*b*c)*arcsin(d*x + c) + 2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(b^2*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b))/d`

**3.192.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^2x + \frac{2abc \arcsin(c+dx)}{d} + 2abx \arcsin(c + dx) + \frac{2ab\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx-d^2x^2+1}}{d} + \frac{b^2c \arcsin^2(c+dx)}{d} + b^2x \arcsin^2(c + dx) - 2b^2x \arcsin(c) \\ x(a + b \arcsin(c))^2 \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*x + 2*a*b*c*asin(c + d*x)/d + 2*a*b*x*asin(c + d*x) + 2*a*b*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/d + b**2*c*asin(c + d*x)**2/d + b**2*x*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 2*b**2*x + 2*b**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*asin(c))**2, True))`

**3.192.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(x*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 2*d*integrate(sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)*x*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 - 1), x))*b^2 + a^2*x + 2*(d*x + c)*arcsin(d*x + c) + sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1))*a*b/d`

**3.192.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = & \frac{(dx + c)b^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} + \frac{2(dx + c)ab \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\ & + \frac{2\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}b^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)a^2}{d} \\ & - \frac{2(dx + c)b^2}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}ab}{d} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(d*x + c)*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 2*(d*x + c)*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 2*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + (d*x + c)*a^2/d - 2*(d*x + c)*b^2/d + 2*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*a*b/d`

**3.192.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = a^2 x + \frac{b^2 (\arcsin(c + dx)^2 - 2) (c + dx)}{d} \\ + \frac{2ab \left( \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + \arcsin(c + dx) (c + dx) \right)}{d} \\ + \frac{2b^2 \arcsin(c + dx) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{d}$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `a^2*x + (b^2*(asin(c + d*x)^2 - 2)*(c + d*x))/d + (2*a*b*((1 - (c + d*x)^2)^(1/2) + asin(c + d*x)*(c + d*x)))/d + (2*b^2*asin(c + d*x)*(1 - (c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))/d`

### 3.193 $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{ce+dex} dx$

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3.193.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1561
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#### 3.193.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{ce + dex} dx = -\frac{i(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{3bde} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de} - \frac{ib(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{2de}$$

output

```
-1/3*I*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/b/d/e+(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2*ln(1-(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e-I*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*polylog(2,(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e+1/2*b^2*polylog(3,(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e
```

#### 3.193.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{ce + dex} dx = \frac{2ab \arcsin(c + dx) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) + a^2 \log(c + dx) - iab(\arcsin(c + dx))^2 + \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{ce + dex}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c*e + d*e*x),x]`

output  $(2*a*b*ArcSin[c + d*x]*Log[1 - E^{((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])}] + a^2*Log[c + d*x] - I*a*b*(ArcSin[c + d*x]^2 + PolyLog[2, E^{((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])}]) + b^2*((-1/24*I)*Pi^3 + (I/3)*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3 + ArcSin[c + d*x]^2*Log[1 - E^{((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])}] + I*ArcSin[c + d*x]*PolyLog[2, E^{((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])}] + PolyLog[3, E^{((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])}]/2))/(d*e)$

### 3.193.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5136, 3042, 25, 4200, 25, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{ce + dex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{e(c + dx)} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{c + dx} d(c + dx)}{de} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5136} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{c + dx} d \arcsin(c + dx)}{de} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int -(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \tan\left(\arcsin(c + dx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \arcsin(c + dx)}{de} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \tan\left(\arcsin(c + dx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \arcsin(c + dx)}{de} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4200}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2i \int -\frac{e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{1-e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{3b}}{de}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{-2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{1-e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{3b}}{de}$$

↓ 2620

$$\frac{-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - ib \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) dx}{de}$$

↓ 3011

$$\frac{-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - ib\left(\frac{1}{2}i \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{de}$$

↓ 2720

$$\frac{-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - ib\left(\frac{1}{2}i \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - (b \text{PolyLog}[3, E^{((2*I)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}])}{de}$$

↓ 7143

$$\frac{-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - ib\left(\frac{1}{2}i \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - (b \text{PolyLog}[3, E^{((2*I)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}])}{de}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c*e + d*e*x),x]`

output `(((-1/3*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3)/b - (2*I)*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) - I*b*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) - (b*PolyLog[3, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])]))/4)))/(d*e)`



## 3.193.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)] / ((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp [((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_) [v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`
- rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 4200 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*tan[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m * E^(2*I*k*Pi)*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*k*Pi)*E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 5136 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n * Cot[x], x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

### 3.193.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 366 vs.  $2(156) = 312$ .

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 \ln(dx+c)}{e} + \frac{b^2 \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(dx+c)^3}{3} + \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \ln \left( 1+i(dx+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) - 2i \arcsin(dx+c) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -i(dx+c)-\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{e}$
default	$\frac{a^2 \ln(dx+c)}{e} + \frac{b^2 \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(dx+c)^3}{3} + \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \ln \left( 1+i(dx+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) - 2i \arcsin(dx+c) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -i(dx+c)-\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{e}$
parts	$\frac{a^2 \ln(dx+c)}{ed} + \frac{b^2 \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(dx+c)^3}{3} + \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \ln \left( 1+i(dx+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) - 2i \arcsin(dx+c) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -i(dx+c)-\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{ed}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(a^2/e*ln(d*x+c)+b^2/e*(-1/3*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^3+arcsin(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-2*I*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+2*polylog(3,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+arcsin(d*x+c)^2*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-2*I*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+2*polylog(3,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))+2*a*b/e*(-1/2*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^2+arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-I*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-I*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))`

**3.193.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2)/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

**3.193.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{a^2}{c+dx} dx + \int \frac{b^2 \arcsin^2(c+dx)}{c+dx} dx + \int \frac{2ab \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2/(d*e*x+c*e),x)`

output `(Integral(a**2/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(2*a*b*asin(c + d*x)/(c + d*x), x))/e`

**3.193.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^2*log(d*e*x + c*e)/(d*e) + integrate((b^2*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 2*a*b*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

**3.193.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^2/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

**3.193.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2}{ce + dex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x), x)`

### 3.194 $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dex)^2} dx$

3.194.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1568
3.194.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1568
3.194.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	1569
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3.194.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1572
3.194.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1572
3.194.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	1573
3.194.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1573
3.194.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1573

#### 3.194.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = -\frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{de^2(c + dx)} - \frac{4b(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^2} + \frac{2ib^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^2} - \frac{2ib^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^2}$$

```
output - (a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d/e^2/(d*x+c)-4*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*arctanh(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d/e^2+2*I*b^2*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d/e^2-2*I*b^2*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d/e^2
```

#### 3.194.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = -\frac{a^2}{c+dx} - 2ab \left( \frac{\arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} + \log \left( \frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \csc \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(c + dx) \right) \right) - \log \left( \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(c + dx) \right) \right) \right) + b^2 \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{c+dx}{e} \right) \right)^2$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^2,x]`

output `(-(a^2/(c + d*x)) - 2*a*b*(ArcSin[c + d*x]/(c + d*x) + Log[((c + d*x)*Csc[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2])/2] - Log[Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2]]) + b^2*(ArcSin[c + d*x]*(-(ArcSin[c + d*x]/(c + d*x)) + 2*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) - 2*Log[1 + E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) + (2*I)*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - (2*I)*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])])/(d*e^2)`

### 3.194.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.348$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5218, 3042, 4671, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{e^2(c + dx)^2} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(c + dx)^2} d(c + dx)}{de^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx) - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{c + dx}}{de^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5218} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{c + dx} d \arcsin(c + dx) - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{c + dx}}{de^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2b \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \csc(\arcsin(c + dx)) d \arcsin(c + dx) - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{c + dx}}{de^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4671}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.194.  $\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^2} dx$

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} + 2b(-b \int \log(1 - e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx) + b \int \log(1 + e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx)}{de^2}}{\downarrow 2715}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} + 2b(-ib \int e^{-i \arcsin(c+dx)} \log(1 + e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) de^{i \arcsin(c+dx)} + ib \int e^{-i \arcsin(c+dx)} \log(-c - dx)}{de^2}}{\downarrow 2838}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} + 2b(-2 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})(a + b \arcsin(c+dx)) - ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) + ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -c - dx))}{de^2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^2,x]`

output `((-(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c + d*x)) + 2*b*(-2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*ArcTanh[E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - I*b*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + I*b*PolyLog[2, -c - d*x]))/(d*e^2)`

### 3.194.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4671 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^(I*(e + f*x))]/f), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5218 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/c^(m + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Sin[x]^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.194.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^2}{e^2(dx+c)} + \frac{b^2 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{dx+c} + 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \ln \left( 1-i(dx+c)-\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) - 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \ln \left( 1+i(dx+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{e^2 d}$
default	$-\frac{a^2}{e^2(dx+c)} + \frac{b^2 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{dx+c} + 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \ln \left( 1-i(dx+c)-\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) - 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \ln \left( 1+i(dx+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{e^2 d}$
parts	$-\frac{a^2}{e^2(dx+c)d} + \frac{b^2 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{dx+c} + 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \ln \left( 1-i(dx+c)-\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) - 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \ln \left( 1+i(dx+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{e^2 d}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`



output  $1/d*(-a^2/e^2/(d*x+c)+b^2/e^2*(-arcsin(d*x+c)^2/(d*x+c)+2*arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})-2*arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}))+2*I*dilog(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})-2*I*dilog(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}))+2*a*b/e^2*(-1/(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c)-arctanh(1/(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})))$

### 3.194.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{(dex + ce)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2)/(d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*e^2*x + c^2*e^2), x)`

### 3.194.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \frac{\int \frac{a^2}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2} dx + \int \frac{b^2 \arcsin^2(c+dx)}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2} dx + \int \frac{2ab \arcsin(c+dx)}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2} dx}{e^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2/(d*e*x+c*e)**2,x)`

output `(Integral(a**2/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x) + Integral(b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x) + Integral(2*a*b*asin(c + d*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x))/e**2`

**3.194.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**3.194.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{(dex + ce)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^2/(d*e*x + c*e)^2, x)`

**3.194.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^2, x)`

**3.195**       $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dex)^3} dx$

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 3.195.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1574  
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**3.195.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{de^3(c + dx)} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{2de^3(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b^2 \log(c + dx)}{de^3}$$

output `-1/2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d/e^3/(d*x+c)^2+b^2*ln(d*x+c)/d/e^3-b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/e^3/(d*x+c)`

**3.195.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = \frac{a(a + 2b(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx - d^2x^2}) + 2b(a + b(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx - d^2x^2}) \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \arcsin(c + dx)^2}{2de^3(c + dx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a*(a + 2*b*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2]) + 2*b*(a + b*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2])*ArcSin[c + d*x] + b^2*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2 - 2*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*Log[c + d*x])/(d*e^3*(c + d*x)^2)`

---

3.195.       $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dex)^3} dx$

**3.195.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5186, 14}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{e^3(c+dx)^3} d(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(c+dx)^3} d(c+dx)}{de^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{2(c+dx)^2}}{de^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5186} \\
 & \frac{b \left( b \int \frac{1}{c+dx} d(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{c+dx} \right) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{2(c+dx)^2}}{de^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{14} \\
 & \frac{b \left( b \log(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{c+dx} \right) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{2(c+dx)^2}}{de^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^3,x]`

output `(-1/2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c + d*x)^2 + b*(-((Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*  
(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/(c + d*x)) + b*Log[c + d*x]))/(d*e^3)`

3.195.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 14 `Int[(a_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*Log[x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
  
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
  
- rule 5138 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
  
- rule 5186 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
  
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.195.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{a^2}{2e^3(dx+c)^2} + \frac{b^2 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2}{2(dx+c)^2} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{dx+c} + \ln(dx+c) \right)}{e^3} + \frac{2ab \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{2(dx+c)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{2(dx+c)} \right)}{e^3}}{d}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{a^2}{2e^3(dx+c)^2} + \frac{b^2 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2}{2(dx+c)^2} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{dx+c} + \ln(dx+c) \right)}{e^3} + \frac{2ab \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{2(dx+c)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{2(dx+c)} \right)}{e^3}}{d}$
parts	$-\frac{a^2}{2e^3(dx+c)^2 d} + \frac{b^2 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2}{2(dx+c)^2} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{dx+c} + \ln(dx+c) \right)}{e^3 d} + \frac{2ab \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)}{2(dx+c)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{2(dx+c)} \right)}{e^3 d}$

3.195.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dex)^3} dx$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-1/2*a^2/e^3/(d*x+c)^2+b^2/e^3*(-1/2*arcsin(d*x+c)^2/(d*x+c)^2-arcsin(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)+ln(d*x+c))+2*a*b/e^3*(-1/2/(d*x+c)^2*arcsin(d*x+c)-1/2/(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))`

### 3.195.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = \frac{b^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2 + 2ab \arcsin(dx + c) + a^2 - 2(b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2) \log(dx + c) + 2(abdx + b^2 c^2)}{2(d^3 e^3 x^2 + 2cd^2 e^3 x + c^2 de^3)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/2*(b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2 - 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*log(d*x + c) + 2*(a*b*d*x + a*b*c + (b^2*d*x + b^2*c)*arcsin(d*x + c))*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1))/(d^3*e^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*e^3*x + c^2*d*e^3)`

### 3.195.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = \int \frac{a^2}{c^3 + 3c^2 dx + 3cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3} dx + \int \frac{b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)}{c^3 + 3c^2 dx + 3cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3} dx + \int \frac{2ab \arcsin(c + dx)}{c^3 + 3c^2 dx + 3cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)**3,x)`

output `(Integral(a**2/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3), x) + Integral(b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3), x) + Integral(2*a*b*asin(c + d*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3), x))/e**3`

---

3.195.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dex)^3} dx$

**3.195.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 236 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^3} dx \\ &= - \left( \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2cdx - c^2 + 1d} \arcsin(dx + c) - \log(dx + c)}{d^3e^3x + cd^2e^3} - \frac{\log(dx + c)}{de^3} \right) b^2 \\ & \quad - ab \left( \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2cdx - c^2 + 1d}}{d^3e^3x + cd^2e^3} + \frac{\arcsin(dx + c)}{d^3e^3x^2 + 2cd^2e^3x + c^2de^3} \right) \\ & \quad - \frac{b^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{2(d^3e^3x^2 + 2cd^2e^3x + c^2de^3)} - \frac{a^2}{2(d^3e^3x^2 + 2cd^2e^3x + c^2de^3)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*d*arcsin(d*x + c)/(d^3*e^3*x + c*d^2*e^3) - log(d*x + c)/(d*e^3))*b^2 - a*b*(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*d/(d^3*e^3*x + c*d^2*e^3) + arcsin(d*x + c)/(d^3*e^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*e^3*x + c^2*d*e^3)) - 1/2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/(d^3*e^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*e^3*x + c^2*d*e^3) - 1/2*a^2/(d^3*e^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*e^3*x + c^2*d*e^3)`

**3.195.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 510 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 510, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.86

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = & -\frac{b^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{4 de^3} - \frac{(dx + c)^2 b^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{8 de^3 \left( \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1} \right)^2} \\
 & - \frac{b^2 \left( \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1} \right)^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{8 (dx + c)^2 de^3} \\
 & - \frac{ab \arcsin(dx + c)}{2 de^3} - \frac{(dx + c)^2 ab \arcsin(dx + c)}{4 de^3 \left( \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1} \right)^2} \\
 & + \frac{(dx + c) b^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{2 de^3 \left( \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1} \right)} \\
 & - \frac{b^2 \left( \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1} \right) \arcsin(dx + c)}{2 (dx + c) de^3} \\
 & - \frac{ab \left( \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1} \right)^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{4 (dx + c)^2 de^3} \\
 & + \frac{2 b^2 \log(2)}{de^3} - \frac{b^2 \log \left( 2 \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 2} \right)}{de^3} \\
 & + \frac{b^2 \log \left( \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1} \right)}{de^3} + \frac{b^2 \log(|dx + c|)}{de^3} \\
 & - \frac{a^2}{4 de^3} - \frac{(dx + c)^2 a^2}{8 de^3 \left( \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1} \right)^2} \\
 & + \frac{(dx + c) ab}{2 de^3 \left( \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1} \right)} \\
 & - \frac{ab \left( \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1} \right)}{2 (dx + c) de^3} \\
 & - \frac{a^2 \left( \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1 + 1} \right)^2}{8 (dx + c)^2 de^3}
 \end{aligned}$$



input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/4*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/(d*e^3) - 1/8*(d*x + c)^2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 \\ & / (d*e^3*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^2) - 1/8*b^2*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) \\ & + 1)^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/((d*x + c)^2*d*e^3) - 1/2*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c)/(d* \\ & e^3) - 1/4*(d*x + c)^2*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c)/(d*e^3*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) \\ & + 1)^2) + 1/2*(d*x + c)*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/(d*e^3*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) \\ & + 1)) - 1/2*b^2*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)*arcsin(d*x + c)/((d*x + c)*d \\ & *e^3) - 1/4*a*b*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/((d*x + c)^ \\ & 2*d*e^3) + 2*b^2*log(2)/(d*e^3) - b^2*log(2*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 2)/(d \\ & *e^3) + b^2*log(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)/(d*e^3) + b^2*log(abs(d*x + c) \\ & )/(d*e^3) - 1/4*a^2/(d*e^3) - 1/8*(d*x + c)^2*a^2/(d*e^3*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^ \\ & 2 + 1) + 1)^2) + 1/2*(d*x + c)*a*b/(d*e^3*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)) - \\ & 1/2*a*b*(sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)/((d*x + c)*d*e^3) - 1/8*a^2*(sqrt(-(d \\ & *x + c)^2 + 1) + 1)^2/((d*x + c)^2*d*e^3) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.195.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^3, x)`

**3.196**       $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dex)^4} dx$

3.196.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1581  
 3.196.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1582  
 3.196.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1582  
 3.196.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1585  
 3.196.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 1586  
 3.196.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1586  
 3.196.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1587  
 3.196.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1587  
 3.196.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1587

**3.196.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = -\frac{b^2}{3de^4(c + dx)} - \frac{b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{3de^4(c + dx)^2} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{3de^4(c + dx)^3} - \frac{2b(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{3de^4} + \frac{ib^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{3de^4} - \frac{ib^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{3de^4}$$

output

```
-1/3*b^2/d/e^4/(d*x+c)-1/3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d/e^4/(d*x+c)^3-2/3*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*arctanh(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d/e^4+1/3*I*b^2*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d/e^4-1/3*I*b^2*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d/e^4-1/3*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/e^4/(d*x+c)^2
```

**3.196.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \frac{4a^2 + 8ab \arcsin(c + dx) - 4ib^2(c + dx)^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) + 2ab \sin(2 \arcsin(c + dx)) + ab(1$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^4,x]`

output `-1/12*(4*a^2 + 8*a*b*ArcSin[c + d*x] - (4*I)*b^2*(c + d*x)^3*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + 2*a*b*Sin[2*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + a*b*(Log[Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2]] - Log[Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2]])*(3*(c + d*x) - Sin[3*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + b^2*(4*(c + d*x)^2 + 4*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2 + (4*I)*(c + d*x)^3*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + ArcSin[c + d*x]*(2*Sin[2*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (Log[1 - E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - Log[1 + E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])])*(-3*(c + d*x) + Sin[3*ArcSin[c + d*x]])))/(d*e^4*(c + d*x)^3)`

**3.196.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5204, 15, 5218, 3042, 4671, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{e^4(c+dx)^4} d(c + dx)}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(c+dx)^4} d(c + dx)}{de^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3}b \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{3(c+dx)^3}}{de^4}$$

↓ 5204

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(c+dx) \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2} d(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{2(c+dx)^2} \right) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{3(c+dx)^3}}{de^4}$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(c+dx) \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{b}{2(c+dx)} \right) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{3(c+dx)^3}}{de^4}$$

↓ 5218

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{b}{2(c+dx)} \right) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{3(c+dx)^3}}{de^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \csc(\arcsin(c+dx)) d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{b}{2(c+dx)} \right) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{3(c+dx)^3}}{de^4}$$

↓ 4671

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{3(c+dx)^3} + \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{1}{2} (-b \int \log(1 - e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx) + b \int \log(1 + e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{de^4}$$

↓ 2715

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{3(c+dx)^3} + \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{1}{2} (-ib \int e^{-i \arcsin(c+dx)} \log(1 + e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) de^{i \arcsin(c+dx)} + ib \int e^{-i \arcsin(c+dx)} \log(-c - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}) de^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) \right)}{de^4}$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{3(c+dx)^3} + \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{1}{2} (-2 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) + ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})) \right)}{de^4}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^4,x]`

output 
$$\frac{(-1/3*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^2/(c + d*x)^3 + (2*b*(-1/2*b/(c + d*x) - (\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/(2*(c + d*x)^2) + (-2*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])*\text{ArcTanh}[E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}] - I*b*\text{PolyLog}[2, E^{(I*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}] + I*b*\text{PolyLog}[2, -c - d*x])/2))/3)/(d*e^4)}$$

### 3.196.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)*(x\_)^{(m\_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[a*(x^{(m+1)})/(m+1), x] \text{ ;/; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)*(F\_), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[a \ \text{Int}[F, x], x] \text{ ;/; } \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[F, (b\_)*(G\_)] \text{ ;/; } \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 2715 
$$\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(a\_ + (b\_)*((F\_)^{((e\_)*((c\_ + (d\_)*(x\_)))^n)}), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[1/(d*e*n*\text{Log}[F]) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Log}[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^{(e*(c + d*x))})^n], x] \text{ ;/; } \text{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 2838 
$$\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(c\_)*((d\_ + (e\_)*(x\_)^{n_}))]/(x\_), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[-\text{PolyLog}[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] \text{ ;/; } \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c*d, 1]$$

rule 3042 
$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ;/; } \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 4671 
$$\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(e\_ + (f\_)*(x\_))*((c\_ + (d\_)*(x\_))^{m_}), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(\text{ArcTanh}[E^{(I*(e + f*x))}]/f), x] + (-\text{Simp}[d*(m/f) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{Log}[1 - E^{(I*(e + f*x))}], x], x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/f) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{Log}[1 + E^{(I*(e + f*x))}], x], x]) \text{ ;/; } \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$$

rule 5138 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_ + \text{ArcSin}[(c\_)*(x\_)]*(b\_))^{n_}*((d\_)*(x\_))^{m_}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(d*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^n/(d*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/(d*(m+1))) \ \text{Int}[(d*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{(n-1)})/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] \text{ ;/; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 5204 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b *ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + (Simp[c^2*((m + 2*p + 3)/(f^2*(m + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1]`

rule 5218 `Int((((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/c^(m + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Sin[x]^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 5304 `Int(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.196.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^2}{3e^4(dx+c)^3} + \frac{b^2 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} (dx+c) + \arcsin(dx+c)^2 + (dx+c)^2}{3(dx+c)^3} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c) \ln\left(1+i(dx+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}\right)}{3} \right)}{3e^4(dx+c)^3}$
default	$-\frac{a^2}{3e^4(dx+c)^3} + \frac{b^2 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} (dx+c) + \arcsin(dx+c)^2 + (dx+c)^2}{3(dx+c)^3} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c) \ln\left(1+i(dx+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}\right)}{3} \right)}{3e^4(dx+c)^3}$
parts	$-\frac{a^2}{3e^4(dx+c)^3 d} + \frac{b^2 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} (dx+c) + \arcsin(dx+c)^2 + (dx+c)^2}{3(dx+c)^3} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c) \ln\left(1+i(dx+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}\right)}{3} \right)}{3e^4(dx+c)^3 d}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.196. \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dx)^4} dx$$

output  $1/d*(-1/3*a^2/e^4/(d*x+c)^3+b^2/e^4*(-1/3*(\arcsin(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)+\arcsin(d*x+c)^2+(d*x+c)^2)/(d*x+c)^3-1/3*\arcsin(d*x+c)*\ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2}))+1/3*I*\text{polylog}(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2}))+1/3*\arcsin(d*x+c)*\ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2}))-1/3*I*\text{polylog}(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2}))+2*a*b/e^4*(-1/3/(d*x+c)^3*\arcsin(d*x+c)-1/6/(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2})-1/6*\text{arctanh}(1/(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2}))))$

### 3.196.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{(dex + ce)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2)/(d^4*e^4*x^4 + 4*c*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*c^3*d*e^4*x + c^4*e^4), x)`

### 3.196.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \int \frac{a^2}{c^4 + 4c^3 dx + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4} dx + \int \frac{b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)}{c^4 + 4c^3 dx + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4} dx + \int \frac{2ab \arcsin(c + dx)}{c^4 + 4c^3 dx + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2/(d*e*x+c*e)**4,x)`

output `(Integral(a**2/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4), x) + Integral(b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4), x) + Integral(2*a*b*asin(c + d*x)/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4), x))/e**4`

**3.196.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{(dex + ce)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*a^2/(d^4*e^4*x^3 + 3*c*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^2*e^4*x + c^3*d*e^4) - 1/3*(b^2*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 3*(d^4*e^4*x^3 + 3*c*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^2*e^4*x + c^3*d*e^4)*integrate(2/3*((b^2*d*x + b^2*c)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) - 3*(a*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*x + a*b*c^2 - a*b)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)))/(d^6*e^4*x^6 + 6*c*d^5*e^4*x^5 + (15*c^2 - 1)*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 4*(5*c^3 - c)*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 3*(5*c^4 - 2*c^2)*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 2*(3*c^5 - 2*c^3)*d*e^4*x + (c^6 - c^4)*e^4), x)/(d^4*e^4*x^3 + 3*c*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^2*e^4*x + c^3*d*e^4)`

**3.196.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{(dex + ce)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^2/(d*e*x + c*e)^4, x)`

**3.196.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^4,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^4, x)`



### 3.197 $\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$

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#### 3.197.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 338

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= -\frac{16}{25}ab^2e^4x - \frac{298b^3e^4\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{375d} + \frac{76b^3e^4(1 - (c + dx)^2)^{3/2}}{1125d}$$

$$- \frac{6b^3e^4(1 - (c + dx)^2)^{5/2}}{625d} - \frac{16b^3e^4(c + dx) \arcsin(c + dx)}{25d}$$

$$- \frac{8b^2e^4(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{75d} - \frac{6b^2e^4(c + dx)^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{125d}$$

$$+ \frac{8be^4\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{25d}$$

$$+ \frac{4be^4(c + dx)^2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{25d}$$

$$+ \frac{3be^4(c + dx)^4\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{25d}$$

$$+ \frac{e^4(c + dx)^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{5d}$$

output

```
-16/25*a*b^2*e^4*x+76/1125*b^3*e^4*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/d-6/625*b^3*e^4*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(5/2)/d-16/25*b^3*e^4*(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c)/d-8/75*b^2*e^4*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d-6/125*b^2*e^4*(d*x+c)^5*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d+1/5*e^4*(d*x+c)^5*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/d-298/375*b^3*e^4*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+8/25*b*e^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+4/25*b*e^4*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+3/25*b*e^4*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.197.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{e^4 \left( (c + dx)^5 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - \frac{1}{25} b \left( \frac{40}{9} b^2 (2 + c^2 + 2cdx + d^2 x^2) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} - \frac{2}{5} b^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \right) \right)}{5d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output

```
(e^4*((c + d*x)^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3 - (b*((40*b^2*(2 + c^2 + 2*c*d*x + d^2*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/9 - (2*b^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(-15 + 10*(1 - (c + d*x)^2) - 3*(-1 + (c + d*x)^2)^2))/5 + (40*b*(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/3 + 6*b*(c + d*x)^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - 40*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 - 20*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 - 15*(c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 + 80*b*(a*d*x + b*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + b*(c + d*x)*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/25))/(5*d)
```

**3.197.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5210, 5138, 243, 53, 2009, 5210, 5138, 243, 53, 2009, 5182, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 5304$$

$$\frac{\int e^4 (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{e^4 \int (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 5138$$

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5}(c+dx)^5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{5}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5}(c+dx)^5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{5}b \left( \frac{2}{5}b \int (c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) d(c+dx) + \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5}(c+dx)^5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{5}b \left( \frac{2}{5}b \left( \frac{1}{5}(c+dx)^5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{1}{5}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^5}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) + \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5}(c+dx)^5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{5}b \left( \frac{2}{5}b \left( \frac{1}{5}(c+dx)^5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{1}{10}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}} d(c+dx)^2 \right) + \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 53

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5}(c+dx)^5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{5}b \left( \frac{2}{5}b \left( \frac{1}{5}(c+dx)^5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{1}{10}b \int \left( (-c-dx+1)^{3/2} - 2\sqrt{-c-dx+1} \right) d(c+dx) \right) + \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5}(c+dx)^5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{5}b \left( \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5}(c+dx)^5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{5}b \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3}b \int (c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) d(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5}(c+dx)^5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{5}b \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{1}{3}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5}(c+dx)^5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{5}b \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{1}{6}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}} d(c+dx)^2 \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 53

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5} (c + dx)^5 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - \frac{3}{5} b \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} b \left( \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \frac{1}{6} b \int \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}} - \sqrt{-c-dx} \right) dx \right) \right) \right)}{\quad}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5} (c + dx)^5 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - \frac{3}{5} b \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right) \right)}{\quad}$$

↓ 5182

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5} (c + dx)^5 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - \frac{3}{5} b \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( 2b \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) d(c + dx) - \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\quad}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{5} (c + dx)^5 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - \frac{3}{5} b \left( -\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 + \frac{2}{5} b \left( \frac{1}{5} (c + dx)^5 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - \frac{3}{5} b \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( 2b \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) d(c + dx) - \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{\quad}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(e^4*(((c + d*x)^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3)/5 - (3*b*(-1/5*((c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + (2*b*(-1/10*(b*(-2*Sqrt[1 - c - d*x] + (4*(1 - c - d*x)^(3/2))/3 - (2*(1 - c - d*x)^(5/2))/5)) + ((c + d*x)^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/5))/5 + (4*(-1/3*((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + (2*b*(-1/6*(b*(-2*Sqrt[1 - c - d*x] + (2*(1 - c - d*x)^(3/2))/3)) + ((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/3))/3 + (2*(-(Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + 2*b*(a*(c + d*x) + b*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + b*(c + d*x)*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/3))/5))/d`

## 3.197.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 5210 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x)) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.197.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e^4 a^3 (dx+c)^5 + e^4 b^3 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^5 \arcsin(dx+c)^3}{5} + \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2 (3(dx+c)^4 + 4(dx+c)^2 + 8) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{25} - \frac{6(dx+c)^5 \arcsin(dx+c)}{125} - \frac{2}{125} \right)}{5d}$
default	$\frac{e^4 a^3 (dx+c)^5 + e^4 b^3 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^5 \arcsin(dx+c)^3}{5} + \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2 (3(dx+c)^4 + 4(dx+c)^2 + 8) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{25} - \frac{6(dx+c)^5 \arcsin(dx+c)}{125} - \frac{2}{125} \right)}{5d}$
parts	$\frac{e^4 a^3 (dx+c)^5}{5d} + \frac{e^4 b^3 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^5 \arcsin(dx+c)^3}{5} + \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2 (3(dx+c)^4 + 4(dx+c)^2 + 8) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{25} - \frac{6(dx+c)^5 \arcsin(dx+c)}{125} - \frac{2}{125} \right)}{5d}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(1/5*e^4*a^3*(d*x+c)^5+e^4*b^3*(1/5*(d*x+c)^5*arcsin(d*x+c)^3+1/25*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(3*(d*x+c)^4+4*(d*x+c)^2+8)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-6/125*(d*x+c)^5*arcsin(d*x+c)-2/625*(3*(d*x+c)^4+4*(d*x+c)^2+8)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-8/75*(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)-8/225*((d*x+c)^2+2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-16/25*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-16/25*(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c))+3*e^4*a*b^2*(1/5*(d*x+c)^5*arcsin(d*x+c)^2+2/75*arcsin(d*x+c)*(3*(d*x+c)^4+4*(d*x+c)^2+8)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2/125*(d*x+c)^5-8/225*(d*x+c)^3-16/75*d*x-16/75*c)+3*e^4*a^2*b*(1/5*(d*x+c)^5*arcsin(d*x+c)+1/25*(d*x+c)^4*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+4/75*(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+8/75*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))`

### 3.197.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 996 vs. 2(304) = 608.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 996, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$


---


$$= \frac{45 (25 a^3 - 6 ab^2) d^5 e^4 x^5 + 225 (25 a^3 - 6 ab^2) cd^4 e^4 x^4 - 150 (4 ab^2 - 3 (25 a^3 - 6 ab^2) c^2) d^3 e^4 x^3 - 450 (4 ab^2 - 3 (25 a^3 - 6 ab^2) c^2) d^2 e^4 x^2 - 450 (4 ab^2 - 3 (25 a^3 - 6 ab^2) c^2) d e^4 x - 450 (4 ab^2 - 3 (25 a^3 - 6 ab^2) c^2) e^4}{d^5}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5625*(45*(25*a^3 - 6*a*b^2)*d^5*e^4*x^5 + 225*(25*a^3 - 6*a*b^2)*c*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 150*(4*a*b^2 - 3*(25*a^3 - 6*a*b^2)*c^2)*d^3*e^4*x^3 - 450*(4*a*b^2*c - (25*a^3 - 6*a*b^2)*c^3)*d^2*e^4*x^2 - 225*(8*a*b^2*c^2 - (25*a^3 - 6*a*b^2)*c^4 + 16*a*b^2)*d*e^4*x + 1125*(b^3*d^5*e^4*x^5 + 5*b^3*c*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 10*b^3*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 10*b^3*c^3*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 5*b^3*c^4*d*e^4*x + b^3*c^5*e^4)*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3375*(a*b^2*d^5*e^4*x^5 + 5*a*b^2*c*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 10*a*b^2*c^2*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 10*a*b^2*c^3*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 5*a*b^2*c^4*d*e^4*x + a*b^2*c^5*e^4)*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 15*(9*(25*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*d^5*e^4*x^5 + 45*(25*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*c*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 10*(4*b^3 - 9*(25*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*c^2)*d^3*e^4*x^3 - 30*(4*b^3*c - 3*(25*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*c^3)*d^2*e^4*x^2 - 15*(8*b^3*c^2 - 3*(25*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*c^4 + 16*b^3)*d*e^4*x - (40*b^3*c^3 - 9*(25*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*c^5 + 240*b^3*c)*e^4)*arcsin(d*x + c) + (27*(25*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 108*(25*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*c*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 2*(450*a^2*b - 136*b^3 + 81*(25*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*c^2)*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*(27*(25*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*c^3 + 2*(225*a^2*b - 68*b^3)*c)*d*e^4*x + (27*(25*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*c^4 + 1800*a^2*b - 4144*b^3 + 4*(225*a^2*b - 68*b^3)*c^2)*e^4 + 225*(3*b^3*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 12*b^3*c*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 2*(9*b^3*c^2 + 2*b^3)*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*(3*b^3*c^3 + 2*b^3*c)*d*e^4*x + (3*b^3*c^4 + 4*b^3*c^2 + 8*b^3)*e^4)*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 450*(3*a*b^2*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 12*a*b^2*c*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 2*(9*a*b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b^2)*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*(3*a*b^2*c^3 + 2*a*b^2*c)*...`

### 3.197.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2518 vs.  $2(306) = 612$ .

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2518, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.45

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**4*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*c**4*e**4*x + 2*a**3*c**3*d*e**4*x**2 + 2*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3 + a**3*c*d**3*e**4*x**4 + a**3*d**4*e**4*x**5/5 + 3*a**2*b*c**5*e**4*asin(c + d*x)/(5*d) + 3*a**2*b*c**4*e**4*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a**2*b*c**4*e**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*d) + 6*a**2*b*c**3*d*e**4*x**2*asin(c + d*x) + 12*a**2*b*c**3*e**4*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/25 + 6*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3*asin(c + d*x) + 18*a**2*b*c**2*d*e**4*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/25 + 4*a**2*b*c**2*e**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*d) + 3*a**2*b*c*d**3*e**4*x**4*asin(c + d*x) + 12*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**4*x**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/25 + 8*a**2*b*c*e**4*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/25 + 3*a**2*b*d**4*e**4*x**5*asin(c + d*x)/5 + 3*a**2*b*d**3*e**4*x**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/25 + 4*a**2*b*d*e**4*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/25 + 8*a**2*b*e**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*d) + 3*a*b**2*c**5*e**4*asin(c + d*x)**2/(5*d) + 3*a*b**2*c**4*e**4*x*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 6*a*b**2*c**4*e**4*x/25 + 6*a*b**2*c**4*e**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/(25*d) + 6*a*b**2*c**3*d*e**4*x**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 12*a*b**2*c**3*d*e**4*x**2/25 + 24*a*b**2*c**3*e**4*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/25 + 6*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 12*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3/25 + 36*a*b**2*c**2*d*e**4*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d...`

### 3.197.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (dex + ce)^4 (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```

1/5*a^3*d^4*e^4*x^5 + a^3*c*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^3 + 2*a^3*c^
3*d*e^4*x^2 + 3*(2*x^2*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(3*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sq
rt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2)))/d^3 + sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x/d^
2 - (c^2 - 1)*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 - 3
*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c/d^3))*a^2*b*c^3*d*e^4 + (6*x^3*arcsi
n(d*x + c) + d*(2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x^2/d^2 - 15*c^3*arcs
in(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^4 - 5*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2
*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c*x/d^3 + 9*(c^2 - 1)*c*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d
^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^4 + 15*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^2/d^4 -
4*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1)/d^4))*a^2*b*c^2*d^2*e^4 +
1/8*(24*x^4*arcsin(d*x + c) + (6*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x^3/d^
2 - 14*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c*x^2/d^3 + 105*c^4*arcsin(-(d^2
*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^5 + 35*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x
- c^2 + 1)*c^2*x/d^4 - 90*(c^2 - 1)*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2
- (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^5 - 105*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^3/d^5 -
9*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1)*x/d^4 + 9*(c^2 - 1)^2*arcsi
n(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^5 + 55*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2
*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1)*c/d^5)*d)*a^2*b*c*d^3*e^4 + 1/200*(120*x^5*arc
sin(d*x + c) + (24*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x^4/d^2 - 54*sqrt(-d
^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c*x^3/d^3 + 126*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c...

```

### 3.197.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 832 vs.  $2(304) = 608$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 832, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $1/5*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*(d*x + c)*b^3*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d + 1/5*(d*x + c)^5*a^3*e^4/d + 3/5*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*(d*x + c)*a*b^2*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 2/5*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*b^3*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d + 3/25*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*b^3*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 3/5*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*(d*x + c)*a^2*b*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 6/125*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*(d*x + c)*b^3*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 6/5*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*a*b^2*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 1/5*(d*x + c)*b^3*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d + 6/25*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*a*b^2*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 2/5*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b^3*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d - 6/125*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*(d*x + c)*a*b^2*e^4/d + 6/5*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*a^2*b*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 76/375*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*b^3*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 3/5*(d*x + c)*a*b^2*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 3/25*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*a^2*b*e^4/d - 6/625*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*b^3*e^4/d - 4/5*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*a*b^2*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 3/5*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*b^3*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d - 76/375*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*a*b^2*e^4/d + 3/5*(d*x + c)*a^2*b*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 298/375*(d*x + c)*b^3*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 2/5*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*a^2*b*e^4/d + 76/1125*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b^3*e^4/d + 6/5*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*a*b^2*e^4*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 298/375*(d*x + c)*a*b^2*e^4/d + 3/5*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*a^2...$

### 3.197.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (ce + dex)^4 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^4*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^4*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3, x)`

### 3.198 $\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$

3.198.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1598
3.198.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1599
3.198.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1599
3.198.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1602
3.198.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1603
3.198.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1604
3.198.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1605
3.198.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1606
3.198.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1608

#### 3.198.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= -\frac{45b^3e^3(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{256d} - \frac{3b^3e^3(c + dx)^3\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{128d}$$

$$+ \frac{45b^3e^3 \arcsin(c + dx)}{256d} - \frac{9b^2e^3(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{32d}$$

$$- \frac{3b^2e^3(c + dx)^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{32d}$$

$$+ \frac{9be^3(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{32d}$$

$$+ \frac{3be^3(c + dx)^3\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{16d}$$

$$- \frac{3e^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{32d} + \frac{e^3(c + dx)^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{4d}$$

```
output 45/256*b^3*e^3*arcsin(d*x+c)/d-9/32*b^2*e^3*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/
d-3/32*b^2*e^3*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d-3/32*e^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)
)^3/d+1/4*e^3*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/d-45/256*b^3*e^3*(d*x+c)*(1-
(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d-3/128*b^3*e^3*(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+9/32*b*e^
3*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+3/16*b*e^3*(d*x+c)^3
*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.198.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{e^3 \left( (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - \frac{3}{8} \left( \frac{15}{8} b^3 (c + dx) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + \frac{1}{4} b^3 (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} - \frac{1}{8} \right) \right)}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`output `(e^3*((c + d*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3 - (3*((15*b^3*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/8 + (b^3*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/4 - (15*b^3*ArcSin[c + d*x])/8 + 3*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + b^2*(c + d*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - 3*b*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 - 2*b*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3))/8))/(4*d)`**3.198.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5210, 5138, 262, 262, 223, 5210, 5138, 262, 223, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int e^3 (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{e^3 \int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5138}$$

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - \frac{3}{4} b \int \frac{(c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \int (c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))d(c+dx) + \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 262

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{1}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 262

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{1}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 223

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( b \int (c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( b \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 262

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( b \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 223

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 5152

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{4}b \left( -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 + \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(e^3*(((c + d*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3)/4 - (3*b*(-1/4*((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + (b*(-1/4*(b*(-1/4*((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])) + (3*(-1/2*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]) + ArcSin[c + d*x]/2))/4)) + ((c + d*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/4))/2 + (3*(-1/2*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(6*b) + b*(-1/2*(b*(-1/2*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]) + ArcSin[c + d*x]/2)) + ((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/2))/4))/4)/d`

### 3.198.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m-1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1)) Int[(c*x)^(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2-1] && NeQ[m+2*p+1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a
+ b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d
+ e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5210 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_
.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a +
b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p
+ 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + S
imp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*
x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m
, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.198.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e^3 a^3 (dx+c)^4}{4} + e^3 b^3 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^4 \arcsin(dx+c)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \left( -2(dx+c)^3 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} - 3(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + 3 \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{32} \right)$
default	$\frac{e^3 a^3 (dx+c)^4}{4} + e^3 b^3 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^4 \arcsin(dx+c)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \left( -2(dx+c)^3 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} - 3(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + 3 \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{32} \right)$
parts	$\frac{e^3 a^3 (dx+c)^4}{4d} + \frac{e^3 b^3 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^4 \arcsin(dx+c)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \left( -2(dx+c)^3 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} - 3(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + 3 \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{32} \right)}{d}$

---

3.198.  $\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{d} \left( \frac{1}{4} e^{3a} e^{3(d*x+c)^4} + e^{3b} e^{3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (d*x+c)^4 \arcsin(d*x+c)^3 - \frac{3}{32} \arcsin(d*x+c)^2 (-2(d*x+c)^3 (1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2} - 3(d*x+c) (1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2} + 3 \arcsin(d*x+c)) - \frac{3}{32} (d*x+c)^4 \arcsin(d*x+c) - \frac{3}{256} (d*x+c) (2(d*x+c)^2 + 3) (1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2} - \frac{27}{256} \arcsin(d*x+c) - \frac{9}{32} ((d*x+c)^2 - 1) \arcsin(d*x+c) - \frac{9}{64} (d*x+c) (1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2} + \frac{3}{16} \arcsin(d*x+c)^3 \right) + 3e^{3a} e^{b^2} \left( \frac{1}{4} (d*x+c)^4 \arcsin(d*x+c)^2 - \frac{1}{16} \arcsin(d*x+c) (-2(d*x+c)^3 (1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2} - 3(d*x+c) (1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2} + 3 \arcsin(d*x+c)) + \frac{3}{32} \arcsin(d*x+c)^2 - \frac{1}{128} (2(d*x+c)^2 + 3)^2 \right) + 3e^{3a} e^{2b} \left( \frac{1}{4} (d*x+c)^4 \arcsin(d*x+c) + \frac{1}{16} (d*x+c)^3 (1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2} + \frac{3}{32} (d*x+c) (1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2} - \frac{3}{32} \arcsin(d*x+c) \right) \right)$$

### 3.198.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 769 vs.  $2(261) = 522$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 769, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{8(8a^3 - 3ab^2)d^4 e^3 x^4 + 32(8a^3 - 3ab^2)cd^3 e^3 x^3 - 24(3ab^2 - 2(8a^3 - 3ab^2)c^2)d^2 e^3 x^2 - 16(9ab^2c - 2(8a^3 - 3ab^2)c^2)d e^3 x - 16(9ab^2c - 2(8a^3 - 3ab^2)c^2)e^3}{1}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`



output

```

1/256*(8*(8*a^3 - 3*a*b^2)*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 32*(8*a^3 - 3*a*b^2)*c*d^3*e^3*x^
3 - 24*(3*a*b^2 - 2*(8*a^3 - 3*a*b^2)*c^2)*d^2*e^3*x^2 - 16*(9*a*b^2*c - 2
*(8*a^3 - 3*a*b^2)*c^3)*d*e^3*x + 8*(8*b^3*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 32*b^3*c*d^3*e^3*
x^3 + 48*b^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 32*b^3*c^3*d*e^3*x + (8*b^3*c^4 - 3*b^3)*e^
3)*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 24*(8*a*b^2*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 32*a*b^2*c*d^3*e^3*x^3 +
48*a*b^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 32*a*b^2*c^3*d*e^3*x + (8*a*b^2*c^4 - 3*a*b^2)*
e^3)*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(8*(8*a^2*b - b^3)*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 32*(8*a^2*b -
b^3)*c*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 24*(b^3 - 2*(8*a^2*b - b^3)*c^2)*d^2*e^3*x^2 - 16*(3*
b^3*c - 2*(8*a^2*b - b^3)*c^3)*d*e^3*x - (24*b^3*c^2 - 8*(8*a^2*b - b^3)*c
^4 + 24*a^2*b - 15*b^3)*e^3)*arcsin(d*x + c) + 3*(2*(8*a^2*b - b^3)*d^3*e^
3*x^3 + 6*(8*a^2*b - b^3)*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*(8*a^2*b - 5*b^3 + 2*(8*a^2*b
- b^3)*c^2)*d*e^3*x + (2*(8*a^2*b - b^3)*c^3 + 3*(8*a^2*b - 5*b^3)*c)*e^3
+ 8*(2*b^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*(2*b^3*c^2 + b^3)*d*e^3*x
+ (2*b^3*c^3 + 3*b^3*c)*e^3)*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 16*(2*a*b^2*d^3*e^3*x^3
+ 6*a*b^2*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*(2*a*b^2*c^2 + a*b^2)*d*e^3*x + (2*a*b^2*c^3 +
3*a*b^2*c)*e^3)*arcsin(d*x + c))*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1))/d

```

### 3.198.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1828 vs.  $2(260) = 520$ .

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1828, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.37

$$\int (ce + dex)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**3*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*c**3*e**3*x + 3*a**3*c**2*d*e**3*x**2/2 + a**3*c*d**2*e**3*x**3 + a**3*d**3*e**3*x**4/4 + 3*a**2*b*c**4*e**3*asin(c + d*x)/(4*d) + 3*a**2*b*c**3*e**3*x*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a**2*b*c**3*e**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*d) + 9*a**2*b*c**2*d*e**3*x**2*asin(c + d*x)/2 + 9*a**2*b*c**2*e**3*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/16 + 3*a**2*b*c*d**2*e**3*x**3*asin(c + d*x) + 9*a**2*b*c*d*e**3*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/16 + 9*a**2*b*c*e**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*d) + 3*a**2*b*d**3*e**3*x**4*asin(c + d*x)/4 + 3*a**2*b*d**2*e**3*x**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/16 + 9*a**2*b*e**3*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/32 - 9*a**2*b*e**3*asin(c + d*x)/(32*d) + 3*a*b**2*c**4*e**3*asin(c + d*x)**2/(4*d) + 3*a*b**2*c**3*e**3*x*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 3*a*b**2*c**3*e**3*x/8 + 3*a*b**2*c**3*e**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 9*a*b**2*c**2*d*e**3*x**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/2 - 9*a*b**2*c**2*d*e**3*x**2/16 + 9*a*b**2*c**2*e**3*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/8 + 3*a*b**2*c*d**2*e**3*x**3*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 3*a*b**2*c*d**2*e**3*x**3/8 + 9*a*b**2*c*d*e**3*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/8 - 9*a*b**2*c*e**3*x/16 + 9*a*b**2*c*e**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/(16*d) + 3*a*b**2*d**3*e**3*x**4*asin(c + d*x)**2/4 - 3*a*b**2*d**3*e**3*x**4/32 + 3*a*b**2*d**2*e**3*x**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d...`

### 3.198.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (dex + ce)^3 (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/4*a^3*d^3*e^3*x^4 + a^3*c*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 3/2*a^3*c^2*d*e^3*x^2 + 9/4*(2*x
^2*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(3*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 -
1)*d^2)))/d^3 + sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x/d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*arcsin
(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 - 3*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c
*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c/d^3)))*a^2*b*c^2*d*e^3 + 1/2*(6*x^3*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(
2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x^2/d^2 - 15*c^3*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d
)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^4 - 5*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1
)*c*x/d^3 + 9*(c^2 - 1)*c*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d
^2))/d^4 + 15*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^2/d^4 - 4*sqrt(-d^2*x^2
- 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1)/d^4))*a^2*b*c*d^2*e^3 + 1/32*(24*x^4*arcsi
n(d*x + c) + (6*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x^3/d^2 - 14*sqrt(-d^2*
x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c*x^2/d^3 + 105*c^4*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^
2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^5 + 35*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^2*x/
d^4 - 90*(c^2 - 1)*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2
))/d^5 - 105*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^3/d^5 - 9*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 -
2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1)*x/d^4 + 9*(c^2 - 1)^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/
sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^5 + 55*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)
*(c^2 - 1)*c/d^5)*d)*a^2*b*d^3*e^3 + a^3*c^3*e^3*x + 3*((d*x + c)*arcsin(d
*x + c) + sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1))*a^2*b*c^3*e^3/d + 1/4*(b^3*d^3*e^3*x^4 +
4*b^3*c*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*c^2*d*e^3*x^2 + 4*b^3*c^3*e^3*x)*arctan2(d...

```

### 3.198.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 641 vs.  $2(261) = 522$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 641, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx \\
&= \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 b^3 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{4d} \\
&\quad - \frac{3(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx + c) b^3 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{16d} + \frac{(dx + c)^4 a^3 e^3}{4d} \\
&\quad + \frac{3((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 ab^2 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{4d} + \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1) b^3 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{2d} \\
&\quad - \frac{3(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx + c) ab^2 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{8d} \\
&\quad + \frac{15 \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} (dx + c) b^3 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{32d} \\
&\quad + \frac{3((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 a^2 b e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{4d} - \frac{3((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 b^3 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{32d} \\
&\quad + \frac{3((dx + c)^2 - 1) ab^2 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{2d} + \frac{5 b^3 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{32d} \\
&\quad - \frac{3(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx + c) a^2 b e^3}{16d} + \frac{3(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx + c) b^3 e^3}{128d} \\
&\quad + \frac{15 \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} (dx + c) ab^2 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{16d} - \frac{3((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 ab^2 e^3}{32d} \\
&\quad + \frac{3((dx + c)^2 - 1) a^2 b e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{2d} - \frac{15((dx + c)^2 - 1) b^3 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{32d} \\
&\quad + \frac{15 ab^2 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{32d} + \frac{15 \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} (dx + c) a^2 b e^3}{32d} \\
&\quad - \frac{51 \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} (dx + c) b^3 e^3}{256d} - \frac{15((dx + c)^2 - 1) ab^2 e^3}{32d} \\
&\quad + \frac{15 a^2 b e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{32d} - \frac{51 b^3 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{256d} - \frac{51 ab^2 e^3}{256d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{4}((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 b^3 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^3/d - \frac{3}{16}(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{3/2} (dx + c) b^3 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^2/d + \frac{1}{4}(dx + c)^4 a^3 e^3/d + \frac{3}{4}((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 a b^2 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^2/d + \frac{1}{2}((dx + c)^2 - 1) b^3 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^3/d - \frac{3}{8}(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{3/2} (dx + c) a b^2 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)/d + \frac{15}{32} \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} (dx + c) b^3 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^2/d + \frac{3}{4}((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 a^2 b e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)/d - \frac{3}{32}((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 b^3 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)/d + \frac{3}{2}((dx + c)^2 - 1) a b^2 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^2/d + \frac{5}{32} b^3 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^3/d - \frac{3}{16}(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{3/2} (dx + c) a^2 b e^3/d + \frac{3}{128}(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{3/2} (dx + c) b^3 e^3/d + \frac{15}{16} \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} (dx + c) a b^2 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)/d - \frac{3}{32}((dx + c)^2 - 1)^2 a b^2 e^3/d + \frac{3}{2}((dx + c)^2 - 1) a^2 b e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)/d - \frac{15}{32}((dx + c)^2 - 1) b^3 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)/d + \frac{15}{32} a b^2 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^2/d + \frac{15}{32} \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} (dx + c) a^2 b e^3/d - \frac{51}{256} \sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} (dx + c) b^3 e^3/d - \frac{15}{32}((dx + c)^2 - 1) a b^2 e^3/d + \frac{15}{32} a^2 b e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)/d - \frac{51}{256} b^3 e^3 \arcsin(dx + c)/d - \frac{51}{256} a b^2 e^3/d$

### 3.198.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3, x)`

### 3.199 $\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$

3.199.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1609
3.199.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1610
3.199.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	1610
3.199.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1613
3.199.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1614
3.199.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1614
3.199.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1615
3.199.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1616
3.199.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1618

#### 3.199.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 235

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= -\frac{4}{3}ab^2e^2x - \frac{14b^3e^2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{9d} + \frac{2b^3e^2(1 - (c + dx)^2)^{3/2}}{27d}$$

$$- \frac{4b^3e^2(c + dx) \arcsin(c + dx)}{3d} - \frac{2b^2e^2(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{9d}$$

$$+ \frac{2be^2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{3d}$$

$$+ \frac{be^2(c + dx)^2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{3d}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{3d}$$

output

```
-4/3*a*b^2*e^2*x+2/27*b^3*e^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/d-4/3*b^3*e^2*(d*x+c)*ar
csin(d*x+c)/d-2/9*b^2*e^2*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d+1/3*e^2*(d*x+c)^
3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/d-14/9*b^3*e^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+2/3*b*e^2*(a+
b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+1/3*b*e^2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d
*x+c))^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.199.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{e^2 \left( (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - b \left( \frac{2}{9} b^2 (2 + c^2 + 2cdx + d^2 x^2) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + \frac{2}{3} b (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`output `(e^2*((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3 - b*((2*b^2*(2 + c^2 + 2*c*d*x + d^2*x^2)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/9 + (2*b*(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/3 - 2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 - (c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 + 4*b*(a*d*x + b*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + b*(c + d*x)*ArcSin[c + d*x])))/(3*d)`**3.199.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5210, 5138, 243, 53, 2009, 5182, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{e^2 (c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{e^2 \int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5138}$$

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - b \int \frac{(c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - b \left( \frac{2}{3}b \int (c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))d(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - b \left( \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{1}{3}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3} \right)}{d}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - b \left( \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{1}{6}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}} d(c+dx)^2 \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3} \right)}{d}$$

↓ 53

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - b \left( \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{1}{6}b \int \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}} - \sqrt{-c-dx+1} \right) d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5182

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( 2b \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))d(c+dx) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - b \left( -\frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 + \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`



```
output (e^2*(((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3)/3 - b*(-1/3*((c + d*x)^2*Sqr
t[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + (2*b*(-1/6*(b*(-2*Sqrt[1 -
c - d*x] + (2*(1 - c - d*x)^(3/2))/3)) + ((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d
*x]))/3))/3 + (2*(-(Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + 2*b
*(a*(c + d*x) + b*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + b*(c + d*x)*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/3
))/d
```

### 3.199.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 243 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int
t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5138 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5182 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_
.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p +
1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] I
nt[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 5210 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.199.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e^2 a^3 (dx+c)^3 + b^3 e^2 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^3 \arcsin(dx+c)^3}{3} + \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2 ((dx+c)^2+2) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{3} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{3} - \frac{4(dx+c) \arcsin(dx+c)}{3} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{e^2 a^3 (dx+c)^3 + b^3 e^2 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^3 \arcsin(dx+c)^3}{3} + \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2 ((dx+c)^2+2) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{3} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{3} - \frac{4(dx+c) \arcsin(dx+c)}{3} \right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{e^2 a^3 (dx+c)^3}{3d} + \frac{b^3 e^2 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^3 \arcsin(dx+c)^3}{3} + \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2 ((dx+c)^2+2) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{3} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{3} - \frac{4(dx+c) \arcsin(dx+c)}{3} \right)}{d}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(1/3*e^2*a^3*(d*x+c)^3+b^3*e^2*(1/3*(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)^3+1/3*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*((d*x+c)^2+2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-4/3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-4/3*(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c)-2/9*(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)-2/27*((d*x+c)^2+2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+3*e^2*a*b^2*(1/3*(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)^2+2/9*arcsin(d*x+c)*((d*x+c)^2+2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2/27*(d*x+c)^3-4/9*d*x-4/9*c)+3*e^2*a^2*b*(1/3*(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)+1/9*(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+2/9*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))`

**3.199.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 530 vs.  $2(211) = 422$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 530, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(3a^3 - 2ab^2)d^3e^2x^3 + 9(3a^3 - 2ab^2)cd^2e^2x^2 - 9(4ab^2 - (3a^3 - 2ab^2)c^2)de^2x + 9(b^3d^3e^2x^3 + 3b^3cd^2e^2x^2 + 3b^3c^2d^2e^2x + 3b^3c^3e^2)}{d^4}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/27*(3*(3*a^3 - 2*a*b^2)*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 9*(3*a^3 - 2*a*b^2)*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 9*(4*a*b^2 - (3*a^3 - 2*a*b^2)*c^2)*d*e^2*x + 9*(b^3*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*e^2*x + b^3*c^3*e^2)*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 27*(a*b^2*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d*e^2*x + a*b^2*c^3*e^2)*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*((9*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 3*(9*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 3*(4*b^3 - (9*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*c^2)*d*e^2*x - (12*b^3*c - (9*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*c^3)*e^2)*arcsin(d*x + c) + ((9*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*(9*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*c*d*e^2*x + (18*a^2*b - 40*b^3 + (9*a^2*b - 2*b^3)*c^2)*e^2 + 9*(b^3*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*b^3*c*d*e^2*x + (b^3*c^2 + 2*b^3)*e^2)*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 18*(a*b^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*b^2*c*d*e^2*x + (a*b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b^2)*e^2)*arcsin(d*x + c))*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1))/d`

**3.199.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1173 vs.  $2(211) = 422$ .

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1173, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.99

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**2*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*c**2*e**2*x + a**3*c*d*e**2*x**2 + a**3*d**2*e**2*x**3/3 + a**2*b*c**3*e**2*asin(c + d*x)/d + 3*a**2*b*c**2*e**2*x*asin(c + d*x) + a**2*b*c**2*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*d) + 3*a**2*b*c*d*e**2*x**2*asin(c + d*x) + 2*a**2*b*c*e**2*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/3 + a**2*b*d**2*e**2*x**3*asin(c + d*x) + a**2*b*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/3 + 2*a**2*b*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*d) + a*b**2*c**3*e**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/d + 3*a*b**2*c**2*e**2*x*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*e**2*x/3 + 2*a*b**2*c**2*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/(3*d) + 3*a*b**2*c*d*e**2*x**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 2*a*b**2*c*d*e**2*x**2/3 + 4*a*b**2*c*e**2*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/3 + a*b**2*d**2*e**2*x**3*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 2*a*b**2*d**2*e**2*x**3/9 + 2*a*b**2*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/3 - 4*a*b**2*e**2*x/3 + 4*a*b**2*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/(3*d) + b**3*c**3*e**2*asin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) - 2*b**3*c**3*e**2*asin(c + d*x)/(9*d) + b**3*c**2*e**2*x*asin(c + d*x)**3 - 2*b**3*c**2*e**2*x*asin(c + d*x)/3 + b**3*c**2*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) - 2*b**3*c**2*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(27*d) + b**3*c*d*e**2*x**2*asin(c + d*x)**3 - 2*b**3*c*d*e**2*x**2*asin(c + d*x)/3 + 2*b**3*c*e**2*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)**2/3 ...`

### 3.199.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (ce + dex)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (dex + ce)^2(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/3*a^3*d^2*e^2*x^3 + a^3*c*d*e^2*x^2 + 3/2*(2*x^2*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(3*
c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2)))/d^3 + sqrt(-d^2*x
^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x/d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d
^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 - 3*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c/d^3))*a^
2*b*c*d*e^2 + 1/6*(6*x^3*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x -
c^2 + 1)*x^2/d^2 - 15*c^3*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d
^2)))/d^4 - 5*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c*x/d^3 + 9*(c^2 - 1)*c*ar
csin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^4 + 15*sqrt(-d^2*x^2
- 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^2/d^4 - 4*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 -
1)/d^4))*a^2*b*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c^2*e^2*x + 3*((d*x + c)*arcsin(d*x + c) + s
qrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1))*a^2*b*c^2*e^2/d + 1/3*(b^3*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d*
e^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*e^2*x)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x -
c + 1))^3 + integrate(((b^3*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*
d*e^2*x)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x +
c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 3*(a*b^2*d^4*e^2*x^4 + 4*a*b^2*c*d^3*e^2*x^
3 + (6*a*b^2*c^2 - a*b^2)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*(2*a*b^2*c^3 - a*b^2*c)*d*e^2*x
+ (a*b^2*c^4 - a*b^2*c^2)*e^2)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*
x - c + 1))^2)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 - 1), x)

```

### 3.199.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 504 vs.  $2(211) = 422$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 504, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = & \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c)b^3e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{3d} \\
& + \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c)ab^2e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} \\
& + \frac{(dx + c)b^3e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{3d} \\
& - \frac{(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{3d} \\
& + \frac{(dx + c)^3a^3e^2}{3d} \\
& + \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c)a^2be^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\
& - \frac{2((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c)b^3e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{9d} \\
& + \frac{(dx + c)ab^2e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} \\
& - \frac{2(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}ab^2e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{3d} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}b^3e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} \\
& - \frac{2((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c)ab^2e^2}{9d} \\
& + \frac{(dx + c)a^2be^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\
& - \frac{14(dx + c)b^3e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{9d} \\
& - \frac{(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2be^2}{3d} \\
& + \frac{2(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3e^2}{27d} \\
& + \frac{2\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}ab^2e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\
& - \frac{14(dx + c)ab^2e^2}{9d} + \frac{\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}a^2be^2}{d} \\
& - \frac{14\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}b^3e^2}{9d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*b^3*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d + ((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*a*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 1/3*(d*x + c)*b^3*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d - 1/3*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b^3*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 1/3*(d*x + c)^3*a^3*e^2/d + ((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*a^2*b*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 2/9*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*b^3*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + (d*x + c)*a*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d - 2/3*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*a*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*b^3*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d - 2/9*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*(d*x + c)*a*b^2*e^2/d + (d*x + c)*a^2*b*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 14/9*(d*x + c)*b^3*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 1/3*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*a^2*b*e^2/d + 2/27*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b^3*e^2/d + 2*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*a*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 14/9*(d*x + c)*a*b^2*e^2/d + sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*a^2*b*e^2/d - 14/9*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*b^3*e^2/d`

### 3.199.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3, x)`

### 3.200 $\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$

3.200.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1619
3.200.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1620
3.200.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1620
3.200.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1623
3.200.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1623
3.200.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1624
3.200.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1625
3.200.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1625
3.200.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1627

#### 3.200.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= -\frac{3b^3e(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{8d} + \frac{3b^3e \arcsin(c + dx)}{8d}$$

$$- \frac{3b^2e(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{4d}$$

$$+ \frac{3be(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{4d}$$

$$- \frac{e(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{4d} + \frac{e(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{2d}$$

```
output 3/8*b^3*e*arcsin(d*x+c)/d-3/4*b^2*e*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d-1/4*e*
(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/d+1/2*e*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/d-3/8*b^3*e*
(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+3/4*b*e*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2*(1-(d*
x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```



**3.200.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{e\left(\frac{3}{2}b^3\left(-\left((c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}\right) + \arcsin(c + dx)\right) - 3b^2(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + 3b(c + dx)\right)}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`output `(e*((3*b^3*(-((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]) + ArcSin[c + d*x]))/2 - 3*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + 3*b*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 - (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3 + 2*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3))/(4*d)`**3.200.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5210, 5138, 262, 223, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int e(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{e \int (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5138}$$

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx)\right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5210}$$

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}b\left(b\int(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{2}\int\frac{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}b\left(b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{1}{2}b\int\frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)\right) + \frac{1}{2}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 262

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}b\left(b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{1}{2}b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx) - \frac{1}{2}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 223

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx) - \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}b\left(\frac{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^3}{6b} - \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 + \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))\right)\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(e*(((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3)/2 - (3*b*(-1/2*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(6*b) + b*(-1/2*(b*(-1/2*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]) + ArcSin[c + d*x])/2)) + ((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/2)))/2)/d`

### 3.200.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

---

3.200.  $\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5210 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x)) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.200.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e a^3 (dx+c)^2 + e b^3 \left( \frac{((dx+c)^2-1) \arcsin(dx+c)^3}{2} + \frac{3 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 ((dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + \arcsin(dx+c))}{4} - \frac{3((dx+c)^2-1) \arcsin(dx+c)}{4} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{e a^3 (dx+c)^2 + e b^3 \left( \frac{((dx+c)^2-1) \arcsin(dx+c)^3}{2} + \frac{3 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 ((dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + \arcsin(dx+c))}{4} - \frac{3((dx+c)^2-1) \arcsin(dx+c)}{4} \right)}{d}$
parts	$e a^3 \left( \frac{1}{2} dx^2 + cx \right) + \frac{e b^3 \left( \frac{((dx+c)^2-1) \arcsin(dx+c)^3}{2} + \frac{3 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 ((dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + \arcsin(dx+c))}{4} - \frac{3((dx+c)^2-1) \arcsin(dx+c)}{4} \right)}{d}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(1/2*e*a^3*(d*x+c)^2+e*b^3*(1/2*((d*x+c)^2-1)*arcsin(d*x+c)^3+3/4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*((d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+arcsin(d*x+c))-3/4*((d*x+c)^2-1)*arcsin(d*x+c)-3/8*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/8*arcsin(d*x+c)-1/2*arcsin(d*x+c)^3)+3*e*a*b^2*(1/2*((d*x+c)^2-1)*arcsin(d*x+c)^2+1/2*arcsin(d*x+c)*((d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+arcsin(d*x+c))-1/4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2-1/4*(d*x+c)^2)+3*e*a^2*b*(1/2*(d*x+c)^2*arcsin(d*x+c)+1/4*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*arcsin(d*x+c)))`

### 3.200.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 329 vs. 2(149) = 298.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(2a^3 - 3ab^2)d^2ex^2 + 4(2a^3 - 3ab^2)c dex + 2(2b^3d^2ex^2 + 4b^3cdex + (2b^3c^2 - b^3)e) \arcsin(dx + c)^3 + \dots}{d}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $\frac{1}{8}*(2*(2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2)*d^2*e*x^2 + 4*(2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2)*c*d*e*x + 2*(2*b^3*d^2*e*x^2 + 4*b^3*c*d*e*x + (2*b^3*c^2 - b^3)*e)*\arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*(2*a*b^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 4*a*b^2*c*d*e*x + (2*a*b^2*c^2 - a*b^2)*e)*\arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(2*(2*a^2*b - b^3)*d^2*e*x^2 + 4*(2*a^2*b - b^3)*c*d*e*x - (2*a^2*b - b^3 - 2*(2*a^2*b - b^3)*c^2)*e)*\arcsin(d*x + c) + 3*((2*a^2*b - b^3)*d*e*x + (2*a^2*b - b^3)*c*e + 2*(b^3*d*e*x + b^3*c*e)*\arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*(a*b^2*d*e*x + a*b^2*c*e)*\arcsin(d*x + c))*\sqrt{-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1})/d$

### 3.200.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 685 vs.  $2(148) = 296$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 685, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.15

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^3 cex + \frac{a^3 dex^2}{2} + \frac{3a^2 b c^2 e \arcsin(c + dx)}{2d} + 3a^2 b cex \arcsin(c + dx) + \frac{3a^2 b c e \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx - d^2x^2 + 1}}{4d} + \frac{3a^2 b dex^2 \arcsin(c + dx)}{2} + 3 \\ cex(a + b \arcsin(c))^3 \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*c*e*x + a**3*d*e*x**2/2 + 3*a**2*b*c**2*e*asin(c + d*x)/(2*d) + 3*a**2*b*c*e*x*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a**2*b*c*e*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*d) + 3*a**2*b*d*e*x**2*asin(c + d*x)/2 + 3*a**2*b*e*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/4 - 3*a**2*b*e*asin(c + d*x)/(4*d) + 3*a*b**2*c**2*e*asin(c + d*x)**2/(2*d) + 3*a*b**2*c*e*x*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 3*a*b**2*c*e*x/2 + 3*a*b**2*c*e*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/(2*d) + 3*a*b**2*d*e*x**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/2 - 3*a*b**2*d*e*x**2/4 + 3*a*b**2*e*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/2 - 3*a*b**2*e*asin(c + d*x)**2/(4*d) + b**3*c**2*e*asin(c + d*x)**3/(2*d) - 3*b**3*c**2*e*asin(c + d*x)/(4*d) + b**3*c*e*x*asin(c + d*x)**3 - 3*b**3*c*e*x*asin(c + d*x)/2 + 3*b**3*c*e*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)**2/(4*d) - 3*b**3*c*e*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(8*d) + b**3*d*e*x**2*asin(c + d*x)**3/2 - 3*b**3*d*e*x**2*asin(c + d*x)/4 + 3*b**3*e*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)**2/4 - 3*b**3*e*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/8 - b**3*e*asin(c + d*x)**3/(4*d) + 3*b**3*e*asin(c + d*x)/(8*d), Ne(d, 0)), (c*e*x*(a + b*asin(c))**3, True))`

**3.200.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a^3*d*e*x^2 + 3/4*(2*x^2*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(3*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2)))/d^3 + sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x/d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 - 3*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c/d^3)*a^2*b*d*e + a^3*c*e*x + 3*((d*x + c)*arcsin(d*x + c) + sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1))*a^2*b*c*e/d + 1/2*(b^3*d*e*x^2 + 2*b^3*c*e*x)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^3 + integrate(3/2*((b^3*d^2*e*x^2 + 2*b^3*c*d*e*x)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b^2*d^3*e*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*c*d^2*e*x^2 + (3*a*b^2*c^2 - a*b^2)*d*e*x + (a*b^2*c^3 - a*b^2*c)*e)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 - 1), x)`

**3.200.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 340 vs.  $2(149) = 298$ .

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = & \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)b^3 e \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{2d} \\
 & + \frac{3\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)b^3 e \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{4d} \\
 & + \frac{3((dx + c)^2 - 1)ab^2 e \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{2d} \\
 & + \frac{b^3 e \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{4d} \\
 & + \frac{3\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)ab^2 e \arcsin(dx + c)}{2d} \\
 & + \frac{3((dx + c)^2 - 1)a^2 b e \arcsin(dx + c)}{2d} \\
 & - \frac{3((dx + c)^2 - 1)b^3 e \arcsin(dx + c)}{4d} \\
 & + \frac{3ab^2 e \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{4d} \\
 & + \frac{3\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)a^2 b e}{4d} \\
 & - \frac{3\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)b^3 e}{8d} \\
 & + \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)a^3 e}{2d} - \frac{3((dx + c)^2 - 1)ab^2 e}{4d} \\
 & + \frac{3a^2 b e \arcsin(dx + c)}{4d} \\
 & - \frac{3b^3 e \arcsin(dx + c)}{8d} - \frac{3ab^2 e}{8d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{2}((dx + c)^2 - 1)b^3e\arcsin(dx + c)^3/d + \frac{3}{4}\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)b^3e\arcsin(dx + c)^2/d + \frac{3}{2}((dx + c)^2 - 1)a^2b^2e\arcsin(dx + c)^2/d + \frac{1}{4}b^3e\arcsin(dx + c)^3/d + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)a^2b^2e\arcsin(dx + c)/d + \frac{3}{2}((dx + c)^2 - 1)a^2b^2e\arcsin(dx + c)/d - \frac{3}{4}((dx + c)^2 - 1)b^3e\arcsin(dx + c)/d + \frac{3}{4}a^2b^2e\arcsin(dx + c)^2/d + \frac{3}{4}\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)a^2b^2e/d - \frac{3}{8}\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)b^3e/d + \frac{1}{2}((dx + c)^2 - 1)a^3e/d - \frac{3}{4}((dx + c)^2 - 1)a^2b^2e/d + \frac{3}{4}a^2b^2e\arcsin(dx + c)/d - \frac{3}{8}b^3e\arcsin(dx + c)/d - \frac{3}{8}a^2b^2e/d$

### 3.200.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (ce + dex) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3, x)`



### 3.201 $\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$

3.201.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1628
3.201.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1628
3.201.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1629
3.201.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1630
3.201.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1631
3.201.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1631
3.201.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1632
3.201.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1632
3.201.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1633

#### 3.201.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = -6ab^2x - \frac{6b^3\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{d} - \frac{6b^3(c + dx) \arcsin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{3b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{d} + \frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{d}$$

output `-6*a*b^2*x-6*b^3*(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c)/d+(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/d-6*b^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+3*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.201.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{3b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 + (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - 6b^2(a(c + dx) + b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2})}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output  $(3*b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^2 + (c + d*x)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^3 - 6*b^2*(a*(c + d*x) + b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + b*(c + d*x)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/d$

### 3.201.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5302, 5130, 5182, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 5302$$

$$\frac{\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 5130$$

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - 3b \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 5182$$

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - 3b \left( 2b \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) d(c + dx) - \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - 3b \left( 2b \left( a(c + dx) + b(c + dx) \arcsin(c + dx) + b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \right) - \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \right)}{d}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^3, x]$

output  $((c + d*x)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^3 - 3*b*(-(\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^2) + 2*b*(a*(c + d*x) + b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + b*(c + d*x)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))) / d$

### 3.201.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5130 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

### 3.201.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{(dx+c)a^3+b^3\left(\arcsin(dx+c)^3(dx+c)+3\arcsin(dx+c)^2\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}-6\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}-6(dx+c)\arcsin(dx+c)\right)+3ab^2}{d}$
default	$\frac{(dx+c)a^3+b^3\left(\arcsin(dx+c)^3(dx+c)+3\arcsin(dx+c)^2\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}-6\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}-6(dx+c)\arcsin(dx+c)\right)+3ab^2}{d}$
parts	$x a^3 + \frac{b^3\left(\arcsin(dx+c)^3(dx+c)+3\arcsin(dx+c)^2\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}-6\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}-6(dx+c)\arcsin(dx+c)\right)}{d} + \frac{3ab^2}{d}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*((d*x+c)*a^3+b^3*(arcsin(d*x+c)^3*(d*x+c)+3*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-6*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-6*(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c))+3*a*b^2*(arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(d*x+c)-2*d*x-2*c+2*arcsin(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+3*a^2*b*((d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))`



**3.201.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^3*x*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^3 + a^3*x + 3*((d*x + c)*arcsin(d*x + c) + sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1))*a^2*b/d + integrate(3*(sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))*b^3*d*x*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + (a*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b^2*c*d*x + a*b^2*c^2 - a*b^2)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 - 1), x)`

**3.201.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 208 vs. 2(100) = 200.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx &= \frac{(dx + c)b^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{d} + \frac{3(dx + c)ab^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} \\ &+ \frac{3\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}b^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} \\ &+ \frac{3(dx + c)a^2b \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} - \frac{6(dx + c)b^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\ &+ \frac{6\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}ab^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\ &+ \frac{(dx + c)a^3}{d} - \frac{6(dx + c)ab^2}{d} \\ &+ \frac{3\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}a^2b}{d} - \frac{6\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}b^3}{d} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $(d*x + c)*b^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d + 3*(d*x + c)*a*b^2*\arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 3*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*b^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 3*(d*x + c)*a^2*b*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 6*(d*x + c)*b^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 6*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*a*b^2*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d + (d*x + c)*a^3/d - 6*(d*x + c)*a*b^2/d + 3*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*a^2*b/d - 6*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*b^3/d$

### 3.201.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx \\ &= a^3 x - \frac{b^3 (6 \arcsin(c + dx) - \arcsin(c + dx)^3) (c + dx)}{d} \\ & \quad + \frac{3 a b^2 \left( 2 \arcsin(c + dx) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + (\arcsin(c + dx)^2 - 2) (c + dx) \right)}{d} \\ & \quad + \frac{3 a^2 b \left( \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + \arcsin(c + dx) (c + dx) \right)}{d} \\ & \quad + \frac{b^3 (3 \arcsin(c + dx)^2 - 6) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{d} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output  $a^3*x - (b^3*(6*\arcsin(c + d*x) - \arcsin(c + d*x)^3)*(c + d*x))/d + (3*a*b^2*(2*\arcsin(c + d*x)*(1 - (c + d*x)^2)^{(1/2)} + (\arcsin(c + d*x)^2 - 2)*(c + d*x)))/d + (3*a^2*b*((1 - (c + d*x)^2)^{(1/2)} + \arcsin(c + d*x)*(c + d*x)))/d + (b^3*(3*\arcsin(c + d*x)^2 - 6)*(1 - (c + d*x)^2)^{(1/2)})/d$

### 3.202 $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{ce+dex} dx$

3.202.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1634
3.202.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1635
3.202.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1635
3.202.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1639
3.202.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	1640
3.202.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1640
3.202.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1640
3.202.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1641
3.202.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1641

#### 3.202.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{ce + dex} dx = -\frac{i(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{4bde} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de} - \frac{3ib(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{2de} + \frac{3b^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \text{PolyLog}(3, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{2de} + \frac{3ib^3 \text{PolyLog}(4, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{4de}$$

output

```
-1/4*I*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/b/d/e+(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3*ln(1-(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e-3/2*I*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2*polylog(2,(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e+3/2*b^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*polylog(3,(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e+3/4*I*b^3*polylog(4,(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e
```

### 3.202.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{ce + dex} dx = \frac{i(8ab^2\pi^3 + b^3\pi^4 + 96a^2b \arcsin(c + dx)^2 - 64ab^2 \arcsin(c + dx)^3 - 16b^3 \arcsin(c + dx)^4 + 192iab^2 \arcsin(c + dx))}{ce + dex}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(c*e + d*e*x),x]`

output `((-1/64*I)*(8*a*b^2*Pi^3 + b^3*Pi^4 + 96*a^2*b*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2 - 64*a*b^2*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3 - 16*b^3*ArcSin[c + d*x]^4 + (192*I)*a*b^2*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2*Log[1 - E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + (64*I)*b^3*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3*Log[1 - E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + (192*I)*a^2*b*ArcSin[c + d*x]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + (64*I)*a^3*Log[c + d*x] - 96*b^2*ArcSin[c + d*x]*(2*a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*PolyLog[2, E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + 96*a^2*b*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + (96*I)*a*b^2*PolyLog[3, E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + (96*I)*b^3*ArcSin[c + d*x]*PolyLog[3, E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + 48*b^3*PolyLog[4, E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])])/(d*e)`

### 3.202.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5136, 3042, 25, 4200, 25, 2620, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{ce + dex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\ & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{e(c + dx)} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{c + dx} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{de} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 5136 \\
 \int \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx} d \arcsin(c+dx) \\
 \hline
 de \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \int \frac{-(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 \tan(\arcsin(c+dx) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{de} d \arcsin(c+dx) \\
 \hline
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 \tan(\arcsin(c+dx) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{de} d \arcsin(c+dx) \\
 \hline
 \downarrow 4200 \\
 \frac{2i \int -\frac{e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{1-e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}} d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{4b}}{de} \\
 \hline
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{-2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{1-e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}} d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{4b}}{de} \\
 \hline
 \downarrow 2620 \\
 \frac{-2i(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}ib \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx)}}{de} \\
 \hline
 \downarrow 3011 \\
 \frac{-2i(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}ib(\frac{1}{2}i \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2)}}{de} \\
 \hline
 \downarrow 7163 \\
 \frac{-2i(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}ib(\frac{1}{2}i \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2)}}{de} \\
 \hline
 \downarrow 2720 \\
 \frac{-2i(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}ib(\frac{1}{2}i \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2)}}{de} \\
 \hline
 \downarrow 7143
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - \frac{3}{2}ib\left(\frac{1}{2}i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2\right)\right)}{dx}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(c*e + d*e*x),x]`

output `(((-1/4*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4)/b - (2*I)*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) - ((3*I)/2)*b*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) - I*b*((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*PolyLog[3, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) + (b*PolyLog[4, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])])/4)))/(d*e)`

### 3.202.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_)^v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4200 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m * E^(2*I*k*Pi) * (E^(2*I*(e + f*x)) / (1 + E^(2*I*k*Pi) * E^(2*I*(e + f*x))))], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5136 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n * Cot[x], x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m * (a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

rule 7163 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m * (PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p] / (b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1) * PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

### 3.202.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 651 vs.  $2(206) = 412$ .

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 652, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.86

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 \ln(dx+c)}{e} + \frac{b^3 \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(dx+c)^4}{4} + \arcsin(dx+c)^3 \ln \left( 1-i(dx+c) - \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) - 3i \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, i(dx+c) + \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{e}$
default	$\frac{a^3 \ln(dx+c)}{e} + \frac{b^3 \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(dx+c)^4}{4} + \arcsin(dx+c)^3 \ln \left( 1-i(dx+c) - \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) - 3i \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, i(dx+c) + \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{e}$
parts	$\frac{a^3 \ln(dx+c)}{ed} + \frac{b^3 \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(dx+c)^4}{4} + \arcsin(dx+c)^3 \ln \left( 1-i(dx+c) - \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) - 3i \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, i(dx+c) + \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{ed}$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a^3/e*ln(d*x+c)+b^3/e*(-1/4*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^4+arcsin(d*x+c)^3*ln(1-I*
(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-3*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d
*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+6*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(3,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+6
*I*polylog(4,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+arcsin(d*x+c)^3*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)
+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-3*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^
2)^(1/2))+6*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(3,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+6*I*po
lylog(4,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+3*a*b^2/e*(-1/3*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^3
+arcsin(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-2*I*arcsin(d*x+c)*pol
ylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+2*polylog(3,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2
)^(1/2))+arcsin(d*x+c)^2*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-2*I*arcsin(d*
x+c)*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+2*polylog(3,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*
x+c)^2)^(1/2))+3*a^2*b/e*(-1/2*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^2+arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1+I*(d*
x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-I*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+arcs
in(d*x+c)*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-I*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*
x+c)^2)^(1/2))))
```

## 3.202.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3)/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

## 3.202.6 Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{ce + dex} dx \\ &= \frac{\int \frac{a^3}{c+dx} dx + \int \frac{b^3 \arcsin^3(c+dx)}{c+dx} dx + \int \frac{3ab^2 \arcsin^2(c+dx)}{c+dx} dx + \int \frac{3a^2b \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} dx}{e} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3/(d*e*x+c*e),x)`

output `(Integral(a**3/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x)/(c + d*x), x))/e`

## 3.202.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^3*log(d*e*x + c*e)/(d*e) + integrate((b^3*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^3 + 3*a*b^2*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 3*a^2*b*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

**3.202.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^3/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

**3.202.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3}{ce + dex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3/(c*e + d*e*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3/(c*e + d*e*x), x)`

### 3.203 $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(ce+dex)^2} dx$

3.203.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1642
3.203.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1643
3.203.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	1643
3.203.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1646
3.203.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1647
3.203.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1647
3.203.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	1648
3.203.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1648
3.203.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1648

#### 3.203.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = -\frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{de^2(c + dx)} - \frac{6b(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^i \arcsin(c + dx))}{de^2} + \frac{6ib^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^i \arcsin(c + dx))}{de^2} - \frac{6ib^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^i \arcsin(c + dx))}{de^2} - \frac{6b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^i \arcsin(c + dx))}{de^2} + \frac{6b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^i \arcsin(c + dx))}{de^2}$$

output  $-(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^3/d/e^2/(d*x+c)-6*b*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^2*\operatorname{arctanh}(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})/d/e^2+6*I*b^2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})/d/e^2-6*I*b^2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))*\operatorname{polylog}(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})/d/e^2-6*b^3*\operatorname{polylog}(3,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})/d/e^2+6*b^3*\operatorname{polylog}(3,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})/d/e^2$

**3.203.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{a^3}{c+dx} + \frac{3a^2b \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} + \frac{3ab^2 \arcsin(c+dx)^2}{c+dx} + \frac{b^3 \arcsin(c+dx)^3}{c+dx} - 6ab^2 \arcsin(c + dx) \log(1 - e^i \arcsin(c+dx)) - 3$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^2,x]`

output

$$-((a^3/(c + d*x) + (3*a^2*b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c + d*x) + (3*a*b^2*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2)/(c + d*x) + (b^3*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3)/(c + d*x) - 6*a*b^2*ArcSin[c + d*x]*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - 3*b^3*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + 6*a*b^2*ArcSin[c + d*x]*Log[1 + E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + 3*b^3*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2*Log[1 + E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - 3*a^2*b*Log[c + d*x] + 3*a^2*b*Log[1 + Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2]] - (6*I)*b^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + (6*I)*b^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + 6*b^3*PolyLog[3, -E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - 6*b^3*PolyLog[3, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])])/(d*e^2))$$
**3.203.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5218, 3042, 4671, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{e^2(c + dx)^2} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(c+dx)^2} d(c+dx)}{de^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 5138 \\
& \frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx}}{de^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 5218 \\
& \frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx}}{de^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{3b \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 \csc(\arcsin(c+dx)) d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx}}{de^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4671 \\
& \frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx} + 3b(-2b \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \log(1 - e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx) + 2b \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \log(1 + e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx))}{de^2}}{de^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3011 \\
& \frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx} + 3b(2b(i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx)))}{de^2}}{de^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2720 \\
& \frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx} + 3b(-2b(i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - b \int e^{-i \arcsin(c+dx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx)))}{de^2}}{de^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 7143 \\
& \frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx} + 3b(-2 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 - 2b(i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx)))}{de^2}}{de^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^2,x]`

```
output 
$$\frac{-((a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x])^3 / (c + d x) + 3 b (-2 (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x])^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[E^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x])}] - 2 b (I (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x]) \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x])}] - b \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, E^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x])}]) + 2 b (I (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x]) \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -E^{(I \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x])}] - b \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, -c - d x]) / (d e^2))}{(d e^2)}$$

```

### 3.203.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 2720 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_)^v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

```
rule 3011 Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 4671 Int[csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^(I*(e + f*x))]/f), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5138 Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 5218 `Int[(((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/c^(m + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Sin[x]^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(p_)]/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

### 3.203.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 428, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^3}{e^2(dx+c)} + \frac{b^3 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^3}{dx+c} + 3 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \ln \left( 1-i(dx+c) - \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) - 6i \arcsin(dx+c) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, i(dx+c) + \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{e^2(dx+c)}$
default	$-\frac{a^3}{e^2(dx+c)} + \frac{b^3 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^3}{dx+c} + 3 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \ln \left( 1-i(dx+c) - \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) - 6i \arcsin(dx+c) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, i(dx+c) + \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{e^2(dx+c)}$
parts	$-\frac{a^3}{e^2(dx+c)d} + \frac{b^3 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^3}{dx+c} + 3 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \ln \left( 1-i(dx+c) - \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) - 6i \arcsin(dx+c) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, i(dx+c) + \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{e^2(dx+c)d}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
output 1/d*(-a^3/e^2/(d*x+c)+b^3/e^2*(-1/(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c)^3+3*arcsin(d*x+c)^
2*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-6*I*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c
)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+6*polylog(3,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-3*arcsin
(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+6*I*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(2,
-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-6*polylog(3,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
))+3*a*b^2/e^2*(-arcsin(d*x+c)^2/(d*x+c)+2*arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1
-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-2*arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+2*I
*dilog(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-2*I*dilog(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2
)^(1/2)))+3*a^2*b/e^2*(-1/(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c)-arctanh(1/(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1
/2))))
```

### 3.203.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3}{(dex + ce)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arcs
in(d*x + c) + a^3)/(d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*e^2*x + c^2*e^2), x)
```

### 3.203.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^2} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{a^3}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2} dx + \int \frac{b^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx)}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2} dx + \int \frac{3ab^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2} dx + \int \frac{3a^2b \arcsin(c + dx)}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3/(d*e*x+c*e)**2,x)
```

```
output (Integral(a**3/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x) + Integral(b**3*asin(c + d
*x)**3/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x) + Integral(3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)*
**2/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x) + Integral(3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x)/(c**
2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x))/e**2
```

**3.203.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**3.203.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3}{(dex + ce)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^3/(d*e*x + c*e)^2, x)`

**3.203.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^2, x)`

### 3.204 $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(ce+dex)^3} dx$

3.204.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1649
3.204.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1650
3.204.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1650
3.204.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1653
3.204.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1654
3.204.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1655
3.204.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . .	1655
3.204.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	1655
3.204.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1656

#### 3.204.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = -\frac{3ib(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{2de^3} - \frac{3b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{2de^3(c + dx)} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{2de^3(c + dx)^2} + \frac{3b^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c + dx)})}{de^3} - \frac{3ib^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c + dx)})}{2de^3}$$

output

```
-3/2*I*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d/e^3-1/2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/d/e^3/(d*x+c)^2+3*b^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*ln(1-(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e^3-3/2*I*b^3*polylog(2,(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e^3-3/2*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/e^3/(d*x+c)
```

### 3.204.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{3b^2(a + b(c + dx)(ic + idx + \sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx - d^2x^2})) \arcsin(c + dx)^2 + b^3 \arcsin(c + dx)^3 + 3b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(3*b^2*(a + b*(c + d*x)*(I*c + I*d*x + Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2]))*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2 + b^3*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3 + 3*b*ArcSin[c + d*x]*(a*(a + 2*b*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2]) - 2*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) + a*(a*(a + 3*b*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2]) - 6*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*Log[c + d*x]) + (3*I)*b^3*(c + d*x)^2*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])])/(d*e^3*(c + d*x)^2)`

### 3.204.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5186, 5136, 3042, 25, 4200, 25, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{e^3(c + dx)^3} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(c + dx)^3} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5138}$$

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2}b \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{2(c+dx)^2}}{de^3}$$

↓ 5186

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2}b \left( 2b \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} d(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} \right) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{2(c+dx)^2}}{de^3}$$

↓ 5136

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2}b \left( 2b \int \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{c+dx} d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} \right) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{2(c+dx)^2}}{de^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2}b \left( 2b \int -((a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \tan(\arcsin(c+dx) + \frac{\pi}{2})) d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} \right) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{2(c+dx)^2}}{de^3}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2}b \left( -2b \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \tan(\arcsin(c+dx) + \frac{\pi}{2}) d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} \right) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{2(c+dx)^2}}{de^3}$$

↓ 4200

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{2(c+dx)^2} + \frac{3}{2}b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} + 2b \left( 2i \int -\frac{e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{1-e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}} d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} \right) \right)}{de^3}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{2(c+dx)^2} + \frac{3}{2}b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} + 2b \left( -2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{1-e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}} d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} \right) \right)}{de^3}$$

↓ 2620

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{2(c+dx)^2} + \frac{3}{2}b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} + 2b \left( -2i \left( \frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) \right) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} \right) \right)}{de^3}$$

↓ 2715

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{2(c+dx)^2} + \frac{3}{2}b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} + 2b \left( -2i \left( \frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) \right) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} \right) \right)}{de^3}$$

---

3.204.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(c+dx)^3} dx$



↓ 2838

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^3}{2(c+dx)^2} + \frac{3}{2}b\left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} + 2b\left(-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i\log(1-e^{2i\arcsin(c+dx)})\right)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))\right)\right)}{de^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^3,x]`

output `(-1/2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(c + d*x)^2 + (3*b*(-((Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/(c + d*x)) + 2*b*(((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/b - (2*I)*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]))] + (b*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]))]/4))))/2)/(d*e^3)`

### 3.204.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(n_))], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4200 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol]
:= Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(2*I*k*Pi)*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x))/(1 + E^(2*I*k*Pi)*E^(2*I*(e + f*x))))], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5136 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Cot[x], x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5186 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.204.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^3}{2e^3(dx+c)^2} + \frac{b^3 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2 \left( -3i(dx+c)^2 + 3(dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{2(dx+c)^2} + 3 \arcsin(dx+c) \ln \left( 1-i(dx+c) - \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{2e^3(dx+c)^2}$
default	$-\frac{a^3}{2e^3(dx+c)^2} + \frac{b^3 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2 \left( -3i(dx+c)^2 + 3(dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{2(dx+c)^2} + 3 \arcsin(dx+c) \ln \left( 1-i(dx+c) - \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{2e^3(dx+c)^2}$
parts	$-\frac{a^3}{2e^3(dx+c)^2} + \frac{b^3 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2 \left( -3i(dx+c)^2 + 3(dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{2(dx+c)^2} + 3 \arcsin(dx+c) \ln \left( 1-i(dx+c) - \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{2e^3(dx+c)^2}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-1/2*a^3/e^3/(d*x+c)^2+b^3/e^3*(-1/2*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(-3*I*(d*x+c)^2+3*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*x+c)^2+3*arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+3*arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-3*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^2-3*I*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-3*I*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))+3*a*b^2/e^3*(-1/2*arcsin(d*x+c)^2/(d*x+c)^2-arcsin(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)+ln(d*x+c))+3*a^2*b/e^3*(-1/2/(d*x+c)^2*arcsin(d*x+c)-1/2/(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))`

### 3.204.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3}{(dex + ce)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3)/(d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*e^3*x + c^3*e^3), x)`

## 3.204.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{a^3}{c^3 + 3c^2 dx + 3cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3} dx + \int \frac{b^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx)}{c^3 + 3c^2 dx + 3cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3} dx + \int \frac{3ab^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)}{c^3 + 3c^2 dx + 3cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3} dx + \int \frac{3a^2 b \arcsin(c + dx)}{c^3 + 3c^2 dx + 3cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3} dx}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3/(d*e*x+c*e)**3,x)`

output `(Integral(a**3/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3), x) + Integral(b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3), x) + Integral(3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3), x) + Integral(3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3), x))/e**3`

## 3.204.7 Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

## 3.204.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3}{(dex + ce)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^3/(d*e*x + c*e)^3, x)`

**3.204.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^3,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^3, x)`

**3.205**       $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(ce+dex)^4} dx$

3.205.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1657  
 3.205.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1658  
 3.205.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1659  
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 3.205.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 1664  
 3.205.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1665  
 3.205.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1665  
 3.205.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1666  
 3.205.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1666

**3.205.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 291

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = -\frac{b^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{de^4(c + dx)}$$

$$-\frac{b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{2de^4(c + dx)^2}$$

$$-\frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{3de^4(c + dx)^3}$$

$$-\frac{b(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^4}$$

$$-\frac{b^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2})}{de^4}$$

$$+\frac{ib^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^4}$$

$$-\frac{ib^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^4}$$

$$-\frac{b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^4}$$

$$+\frac{b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^4}$$

output 
$$-b^2(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))/d/e^4/(dx+c)-1/3(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^3/d/e^4/(dx+c)^3-b(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^2\operatorname{arctanh}(I(dx+c)+(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2})/d/e^4-b^3\operatorname{arctanh}((1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2})/d/e^4+Ib^2(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-I(dx+c)-(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2})/d/e^4-Ib^2(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))*\operatorname{polylog}(2,I(dx+c)+(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2})/d/e^4-b^3\operatorname{polylog}(3,-I(dx+c)-(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2})/d/e^4+b^3\operatorname{polylog}(3,I(dx+c)+(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2})/d/e^4-1/2b^2(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^2(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2}/d/e^4/(dx+c)^2$$

### 3.205.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 732 vs.  $2(291) = 582$ .

Time = 8.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 732, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = -\frac{a^3}{3de^4(c + dx)^3} - \frac{a^2b\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx - d^2x^2}}{2de^4(c + dx)^2} - \frac{a^2b \arcsin(c + dx)}{de^4(c + dx)^3} + \frac{a^2b \log(c + dx)}{2de^4} - \frac{a^2b \log(1 + \sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx - d^2x^2})}{2de^4} + \frac{ab^2 \left( 8i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) - \frac{2(2+4 \arcsin(c+dx)^2 - 2 \cos(2 \arcsin(c+dx)) - 3(c+dx) \arcsin(c+dx) \log(1 - e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{2} \right)}{2de^4} + \frac{b^3 \left( -24 \arcsin(c + dx) \cot\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(c + dx)\right) - 4 \arcsin(c + dx)^3 \cot\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(c + dx)\right) - 6 \arcsin(c + dx) \right)}{2de^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^4,x]`

output

```

-1/3*a^3/(d*e^4*(c + d*x)^3) - (a^2*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2])/
(2*d*e^4*(c + d*x)^2) - (a^2*b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(d*e^4*(c + d*x)^3) + (a^2*
b*Log[c + d*x])/(2*d*e^4) - (a^2*b*Log[1 + Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^
2]])/(2*d*e^4) + (a*b^2*((8*I)*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - (2*(2
+ 4*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2 - 2*Cos[2*ArcSin[c + d*x]] - 3*(c + d*x)*ArcSin[c +
d*x]*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + 3*(c + d*x)*ArcSin[c + d*x]*Log[1 +
E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (4*I)*(c + d*x)^3*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]
)]) + 2*ArcSin[c + d*x]*Sin[2*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + ArcSin[c + d*x]*Log[1 - E^
(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]])*Sin[3*ArcSin[c + d*x]] - ArcSin[c + d*x]*Log[1 + E^(I
*ArcSin[c + d*x]])*Sin[3*ArcSin[c + d*x]]))/(c + d*x)^3)/(8*d*e^4) + (b^3
*(-24*ArcSin[c + d*x]*Cot[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2] - 4*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3*Cot[Arc
Sin[c + d*x]/2] - 6*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2*Csc[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2]^2 - (c + d*x)
*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3*Csc[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2]^4 + 24*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2*Log[1 -
E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - 24*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2*Log[1 + E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]
)]) + 48*Log[Tan[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2]] + (48*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]*PolyLog[2, -
E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - (48*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[c +
d*x]]) - 48*PolyLog[3, -E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + 48*PolyLog[3, E^(I*ArcSi
n[c + d*x]]) + 6*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2*Sec[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2]^2 - (16*ArcSin[c
+ d*x]^3*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2]^4)/(c + d*x)^3 - 24*ArcSin[c + d*x]*Tan[A
rcSin[c + d*x]/2] - 4*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3*Tan[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2]))/(48*d*...

```

### 3.205.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5204, 5138, 243, 73, 219, 5218, 3042, 4671, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^4} dx \\
 \downarrow 5304 \\
 \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{e^4(c + dx)^4} d(c + dx) \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(c + dx)^4} d(c + dx) \\
 \downarrow 5138
 \end{array}$$

---

3.205.  $\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^4} dx$



$$\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{3(c+dx)^3}}{de^4}$$

↓ 5204

$$\frac{b \left( b \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(c+dx)^2} d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(c+dx) \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{2(c+dx)^2} \right) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{3(c+dx)^3}}{de^4}$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{b \left( b \left( b \int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(c+dx) \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{2(c+dx)^2} \right)}{de^4}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{b \left( b \left( \frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}(c+dx)^2} d(c+dx)^2 - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(c+dx) \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{2(c+dx)^2} \right)}{de^4}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{b \left( b \left( -b \int \frac{1}{1-(c+dx)^4} d\sqrt{-c-dx+1} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(c+dx) \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{2(c+dx)^2} \right)}{de^4}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(c+dx) \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) + b \left( -\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} - \operatorname{barctanh}(\sqrt{-c-dx+1}) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{2(c+dx)^2} \right)}{de^4}$$

↓ 5218

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} d \arcsin(c+dx) + b \left( -\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} - \operatorname{barctanh}(\sqrt{-c-dx+1}) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{2(c+dx)^2} \right)}{de^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 \csc(\arcsin(c+dx)) d \arcsin(c+dx) + b \left( -\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} - \operatorname{barctanh}(\sqrt{-c-dx+1}) \right) \right)}{de^4}$$

↓ 4671

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{3(c+dx)^3} + b \left( \frac{1}{2} (-2b \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \log(1 - e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx) + 2b \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{de^4}$$

---

3.205.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(ce+dx)^4} dx$

↓ 3011

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^3}{3(c+dx)^3} + b\left(\frac{1}{2}(2b(i\text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i\arcsin(c+dx)})(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) - ib \int \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i\arcsin(c+dx)}) dx)\right)}{3(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 2720

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^3}{3(c+dx)^3} + b\left(\frac{1}{2}(-2b(i\text{PolyLog}(2, e^{i\arcsin(c+dx)})(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) - b \int e^{-i\arcsin(c+dx)} \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{i\arcsin(c+dx)}) dx)\right)}{3(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 7143

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^3}{3(c+dx)^3} + b\left(\frac{1}{2}(-2\text{arctanh}(e^{i\arcsin(c+dx)})(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - 2b(i\text{PolyLog}(2, e^{i\arcsin(c+dx)})(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) - b \int e^{-i\arcsin(c+dx)} \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{i\arcsin(c+dx)}) dx)\right)}{3(c+dx)^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^4,x]`

output `(-1/3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(c + d*x)^3 + b*(-1/2*(Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/(c + d*x)^2 + b*(-((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c + d*x)) - b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - c - d*x]]) + (-2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2*ArcTanh[E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - 2*b*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - b*PolyLog[3, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) + 2*b*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - b*PolyLog[3, -c - d*x]))/2)/(d*e^4)`

### 3.205.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`
- rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 4671 `Int[csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^(I*(e + f*x))]/f), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 5138 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5204 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b *ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + (Simp[c^2*((m + 2*p + 3)/(f^2*(m + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1]`

rule 5218 `Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/c^(m + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Sin[x]^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

### 3.205.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 550, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{a^3}{3e^4(dx+c)^3} + \frac{b^3 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c) \left( 3 \arcsin(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} (dx+c) + 2 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 + 6(dx+c)^2 \right)}{6(dx+c)^3} + \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2 \ln \left( \frac{1-i(dx+c)}{2} \right)}{2} \right)}{3e^4(dx+c)^3} + \dots}{3e^4(dx+c)^3}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{a^3}{3e^4(dx+c)^3} + \frac{b^3 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c) \left( 3 \arcsin(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} (dx+c) + 2 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 + 6(dx+c)^2 \right)}{6(dx+c)^3} + \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2 \ln \left( \frac{1-i(dx+c)}{2} \right)}{2} \right)}{3e^4(dx+c)^3} + \dots}{3e^4(dx+c)^3}$
parts	$\frac{-\frac{a^3}{3e^4(dx+c)^3} + \frac{b^3 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c) \left( 3 \arcsin(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} (dx+c) + 2 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 + 6(dx+c)^2 \right)}{6(dx+c)^3} + \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2 \ln \left( \frac{1-i(dx+c)}{2} \right)}{2} \right)}{3e^4(dx+c)^3} + \dots}{3e^4(dx+c)^3 d}$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-1/3*a^3/e^4/(d*x+c)^3+b^3/e^4*(-1/6/(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)*(3*arcsi
n(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)+2*arcsin(d*x+c)^2+6*(d*x+c)^2)+1/2*ar
csin(d*x+c)^2*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-I*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(
2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+polylog(3,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-
1/2*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+I*arcsin(d*x+c)*po
lylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-polylog(3,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)
^(1/2))-2*arctanh(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))+3*a*b^2/e^4*(-1/3*(arcsi
n(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)+arcsin(d*x+c)^2+(d*x+c)^2)/(d*x+c)^3+
1/3*arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-1/3*I*polylog(2,I*(d
*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-1/3*arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(
1/2))+1/3*I*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))+3*a^2*b/e^4*(-1/3/
(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)-1/6/(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-1/6*arctanh(1/(1
-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))))
```

### 3.205.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3}{(dex + ce)^4} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.205.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(ce+dex)^4} dx$

output `integral((b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3)/(d^4*e^4*x^4 + 4*c*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*c^3*d*e^4*x + c^4*e^4), x)`

### 3.205.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{a^3}{c^4 + 4c^3 dx + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4} dx + \int \frac{b^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx)}{c^4 + 4c^3 dx + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4} dx + \int \frac{3ab^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)}{c^4 + 4c^3 dx + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4} dx + \int \frac{3a^2 b \arcsin(c + dx)}{c^4 + 4c^3 dx + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4} dx}{e^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3/(d*e*x+c*e)**4,x)`

output `(Integral(a**3/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4), x) + Integral(b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4), x) + Integral(3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4), x) + Integral(3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x)/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4), x))/e**4`

### 3.205.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3}{(dex + ce)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/3*a^3/(d^4*e^4*x^3 + 3*c*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^2*e^4*x + c^3*d*e^4) - 1 \\ & /3*(b^3*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^3 + 3*(d^4* \\ & e^4*x^3 + 3*c*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^2*e^4*x + c^3*d*e^4)*integrate(((b^3*d \\ & *x + b^3*c)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x \\ & + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 - 3*(a*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b^2*c*d*x + a*b^2 \\ & *c^2 - a*b^2)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 - 3 \\ & *(a^2*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*b*c*d*x + a^2*b*c^2 - a^2*b)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt \\ & (d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)))/(d^6*e^4*x^6 + 6*c*d^5*e^4*x^5 + (15*c^ \\ & 2 - 1)*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 4*(5*c^3 - c)*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 3*(5*c^4 - 2*c^2)*d^2*e^4 \\ & *x^2 + 2*(3*c^5 - 2*c^3)*d*e^4*x + (c^6 - c^4)*e^4), x))/(d^4*e^4*x^3 + 3* \\ & c*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^2*e^4*x + c^3*d*e^4) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.205.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3}{(dex + ce)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^3/(d*e*x + c*e)^4, x)`

### 3.205.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^4,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^4, x)`

### 3.206 $\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$

3.206.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1667
3.206.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1668
3.206.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1668
3.206.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1671
3.206.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1672
3.206.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1673
3.206.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1674
3.206.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1675
3.206.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1676

#### 3.206.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 357

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{45b^4 e^3 (c + dx)^2}{128d} + \frac{3b^4 e^3 (c + dx)^4}{128d} - \frac{45b^3 e^3 (c + dx) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{64d}$$

$$- \frac{3b^3 e^3 (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{32d} + \frac{45b^2 e^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{128d}$$

$$- \frac{9b^2 e^3 (c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{16d} - \frac{3b^2 e^3 (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{16d}$$

$$+ \frac{3b e^3 (c + dx) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{8d}$$

$$+ \frac{b e^3 (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{4d}$$

$$- \frac{3e^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{32d} + \frac{e^3 (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{4d}$$

output

```
45/128*b^4*e^3*(d*x+c)^2/d+3/128*b^4*e^3*(d*x+c)^4/d+45/128*b^2*e^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d-9/16*b^2*e^3*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d-3/16*b^2*e^3*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d-3/32*e^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/d+1/4*e^3*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/d-45/64*b^3*e^3*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d-3/32*b^3*e^3*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+3/8*b*e^3*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+1/4*b*e^3*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```



### 3.206.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{e^3 \left( \frac{45}{4} b^4 (c + dx)^2 + \frac{3}{4} b^4 (c + dx)^4 - \frac{45}{2} b^3 (c + dx) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - 3b^3 (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \right)}{32d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(e^3*((45*b^4*(c + d*x)^2)/4 + (3*b^4*(c + d*x)^4)/4 - (45*b^3*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/2 - 3*b^3*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + (45*b^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/4 - 18*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 - 6*b^2*(c + d*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 + 12*b*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3 + 8*b*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3 - 3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4 + 8*(c + d*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4)/(32*d)`

### 3.206.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5210, 5138, 5210, 15, 5138, 5152, 5210, 15, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int e^3 (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{e^3 \int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5138}$$

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - b \int \frac{(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - b \left( \frac{3}{4}b \int (c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 d(c+dx) + \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - b \left( \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - b \left( \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - b \left( \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - b \left( \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - b \left( \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - b \left( \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - b \left( \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5152

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4 - b \left( -\frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 + \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4 \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(e^3*(((c + d*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4)/4 - b*(-1/4*((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3) + (3*b*(((c + d*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/4 - (b*((b*(c + d*x)^4)/16 - ((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])))/4 + (3*((b*(c + d*x)^2)/4 - ((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])))/2 + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(4*b))))/4)/2)/4 + (3*(-1/2*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3) + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(8*b) + (3*b*(((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/2 - b*((b*(c + d*x)^2)/4 - ((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])))/2 + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(4*b)))/2))/4))/d`

### 3.206.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

```
rule 5210 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a +
b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p
+ 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + S
imp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*
x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m
, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.206.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 656 vs. 2(327) = 654.

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 657, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e^3 a^4 (dx+c)^4}{4} + e^3 b^4 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^4 \arcsin(dx+c)^4}{4} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^3 \left( -2(dx+c)^3 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} - 3(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + 3 \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{8} \right)$
default	$\frac{e^3 a^4 (dx+c)^4}{4} + e^3 b^4 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^4 \arcsin(dx+c)^4}{4} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^3 \left( -2(dx+c)^3 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} - 3(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + 3 \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{8} \right)$
parts	$\frac{e^3 a^4 (dx+c)^4}{4d} + \frac{e^3 b^4 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^4 \arcsin(dx+c)^4}{4} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^3 \left( -2(dx+c)^3 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} - 3(dx+c) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + 3 \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{8} \right)}{d}$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `1/d*(1/4*e^3*a^4*(d*x+c)^4+e^3*b^4*(1/4*(d*x+c)^4*arcsin(d*x+c)^4-1/8*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*(-2*(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3*arcsin(d*x+c))-3/16*(d*x+c)^4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2+3/64*arcsin(d*x+c)*(-2*(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3*arcsin(d*x+c))+27/128*arcsin(d*x+c)^2+3/512*(2*(d*x+c)^2+3)^2-9/16*((d*x+c)^2-1)*arcsin(d*x+c)^2-9/16*arcsin(d*x+c)*((d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+arcsin(d*x+c))+9/32*(d*x+c)^2+9/32*arcsin(d*x+c)^4)+4*e^3*a*b^3*(1/4*(d*x+c)^4*arcsin(d*x+c)^3-3/32*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(-2*(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3*arcsin(d*x+c))-3/32*(d*x+c)^4*arcsin(d*x+c)-3/256*(d*x+c)*(2*(d*x+c)^2+3)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-27/256*arcsin(d*x+c)-9/32*((d*x+c)^2-1)*arcsin(d*x+c)-9/64*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3/16*arcsin(d*x+c)^3)+6*e^3*a^2*b^2*(1/4*(d*x+c)^4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2-1/16*arcsin(d*x+c)*(-2*(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3*arcsin(d*x+c))+3/32*arcsin(d*x+c)^2-1/128*(2*(d*x+c)^2+3)^2)+4*e^3*a^3*b*(1/4*(d*x+c)^4*arcsin(d*x+c)+1/16*(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3/32*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/32*arcsin(d*x+c)))`

### 3.206.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1148 vs.  $2(327) = 654$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1148, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output

```

1/128*((32*a^4 - 24*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 4*(32*a^4 - 24*a^2*b^2
+ 3*b^4)*c*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 3*(24*a^2*b^2 - 15*b^4 - 2*(32*a^4 - 24*a^2*b^2 +
3*b^4)*c^2)*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 2*(2*(32*a^4 - 24*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*c^3 - 9*(8*a
^2*b^2 - 5*b^4)*c)*d*e^3*x + 4*(8*b^4*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 32*b^4*c*d^3*e^3*x^3 +
48*b^4*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 32*b^4*c^3*d*e^3*x + (8*b^4*c^4 - 3*b^4)*e^3)*ar
csin(d*x + c)^4 + 16*(8*a*b^3*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 32*a*b^3*c*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 48*a*
b^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 32*a*b^3*c^3*d*e^3*x + (8*a*b^3*c^4 - 3*a*b^3)*e^3)*
arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(8*(8*a^2*b^2 - b^4)*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 32*(8*a^2*b^2 - b
^4)*c*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 24*(b^4 - 2*(8*a^2*b^2 - b^4)*c^2)*d^2*e^3*x^2 - 16*(3
*b^4*c - 2*(8*a^2*b^2 - b^4)*c^3)*d*e^3*x - (24*b^4*c^2 - 8*(8*a^2*b^2 - b
^4)*c^4 + 24*a^2*b^2 - 15*b^4)*e^3)*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(8*(8*a^3*b - 3*
a*b^3)*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 32*(8*a^3*b - 3*a*b^3)*c*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 24*(3*a*b^3 -
2*(8*a^3*b - 3*a*b^3)*c^2)*d^2*e^3*x^2 - 16*(9*a*b^3*c - 2*(8*a^3*b - 3*a*
b^3)*c^3)*d*e^3*x - (72*a*b^3*c^2 - 8*(8*a^3*b - 3*a*b^3)*c^4 + 24*a^3*b -
45*a*b^3)*e^3)*arcsin(d*x + c) + 2*(2*(8*a^3*b - 3*a*b^3)*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 6
*(8*a^3*b - 3*a*b^3)*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*(8*a^3*b - 15*a*b^3 + 2*(8*a^3*b -
3*a*b^3)*c^2)*d*e^3*x + (2*(8*a^3*b - 3*a*b^3)*c^3 + 3*(8*a^3*b - 15*a*b^3
)*c)*e^3 + 8*(2*b^4*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 6*b^4*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*(2*b^4*c^2 + b^4
)*d*e^3*x + (2*b^4*c^3 + 3*b^4*c)*e^3)*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 24*(2*a*b^3*d^3
*e^3*x^3 + 6*a*b^3*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*(2*a*b^3*c^2 + a*b^3)*d*e^3*x + (2...

```

### 3.206.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2876 vs.  $2(325) = 650$ .

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2876, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.06

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**3*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4,x)`



output

```

1/4*a^4*d^3*e^3*x^4 + a^4*c*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 3/2*a^4*c^2*d*e^3*x^2 + 3*(2*x^2
*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(3*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)
*d^2)))/d^3 + sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x/d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*arcsin(-
(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 - 3*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d
*x - c^2 + 1)*c/d^3)))*a^3*b*c^2*d*e^3 + 2/3*(6*x^3*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(2*
sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x^2/d^2 - 15*c^3*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/
sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^4 - 5*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*
c*x/d^3 + 9*(c^2 - 1)*c*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2
))/d^4 + 15*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^2/d^4 - 4*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 -
2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1)/d^4))*a^3*b*c*d^2*e^3 + 1/24*(24*x^4*arcsin(
d*x + c) + (6*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x^3/d^2 - 14*sqrt(-d^2*x^
2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c*x^2/d^3 + 105*c^4*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*
d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^5 + 35*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^2*x/d^
4 - 90*(c^2 - 1)*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/
d^5 - 105*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^3/d^5 - 9*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2
*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1)*x/d^4 + 9*(c^2 - 1)^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sq
rt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^5 + 55*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(
c^2 - 1)*c/d^5)*d)*a^3*b*d^3*e^3 + a^4*c^3*e^3*x + 4*((d*x + c)*arcsin(d*x
+ c) + sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1))*a^3*b*c^3*e^3/d + 1/4*(b^4*d^3*e^3*x^4 + 4
*b^4*c*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 6*b^4*c^2*d*e^3*x^2 + 4*b^4*c^3*e^3*x)*arctan2(d*x...
```

### 3.206.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1016 vs.  $2(327) = 654$ .

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1016, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`



output  $1/4*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*b^4*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)^4/d - 1/4*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*(d*x + c)*b^4*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d + ((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*a*b^3*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d + 1/2*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*b^4*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)^4/d - 3/4*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*(d*x + c)*a*b^3*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 5/8*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*(d*x + c)*b^4*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d + 1/4*(d*x + c)^4*a^4*e^3/d + 3/2*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*a^2*b^2*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d - 3/16*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*b^4*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 2*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*a*b^3*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d + 5/32*b^4*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)^4/d - 3/4*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*(d*x + c)*a^2*b^2*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 3/32*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*(d*x + c)*b^4*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 15/8*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*(d*x + c)*a*b^3*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + ((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*a^3*b*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 3/8*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*a*b^3*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 3*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*a^2*b^2*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d - 15/16*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*b^4*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 5/8*a*b^3*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d - 1/4*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*(d*x + c)*a^3*b*e^3/d + 3/32*(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*(d*x + c)*a*b^3*e^3/d + 15/8*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*(d*x + c)*a^2*b^2*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 51/64*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*(d*x + c)*b^4*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 3/16*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*a^2*b^2*e^3/d + 3/128*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)^2*b^4*e^3/d + 2*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*a^3*b*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 15/8*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*a*b^3*e^3*\arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 1...$

### 3.206.9 Mupad [**F(-1)**]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (ce + dex)^3(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^4 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4, x)`

### 3.207 $\int (ce + dex)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$

3.207.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1677
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#### 3.207.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 289

$$\int (ce + dex)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{160}{27}b^4e^2x + \frac{8b^4e^2(c + dx)^3}{81d} - \frac{160b^3e^2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{27d}$$

$$- \frac{8b^3e^2(c + dx)^2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{27d}$$

$$- \frac{8b^2e^2(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{3d} - \frac{4b^2e^2(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{9d}$$

$$+ \frac{8be^2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{9d}$$

$$+ \frac{4be^2(c + dx)^2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{9d}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{3d}$$

output

```
160/27*b^4*e^2*x+8/81*b^4*e^2*(d*x+c)^3/d-8/3*b^2*e^2*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(
d*x+c))^2/d-4/9*b^2*e^2*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d+1/3*e^2*(d*x+c)^
3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/d-160/27*b^3*e^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*(1-(d*x+c)^2)
^(1/2)/d-8/27*b^3*e^2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+
8/9*b*e^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+4/9*b*e^2*(d*x+c)^2*
(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.207.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 - \frac{4}{9}b \left( -\frac{2}{9}b^3 (c + dx)^3 + \frac{2}{3}b^2 (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output 
$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 - \frac{4}{9}b \left( -\frac{2}{9}b^3 (c + dx)^3 + \frac{2}{3}b^2 (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right)}{d}$$

### 3.207.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5210, 5138, 5182, 5130, 5182, 24, 5210, 15, 5182, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int e^2 (c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{e^2 \int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5138}$$

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 - \frac{4}{3}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - \frac{4}{3}b \left( b \int (c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 d(c+dx) + \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - \frac{4}{3}b \left( b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5182

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - \frac{4}{3}b \left( b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5130

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - \frac{4}{3}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( 3b \left( (c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - 2b \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5182

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - \frac{4}{3}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( 3b \left( (c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - 2b \left( b \int 1 d(c+dx) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - \frac{4}{3}b \left( b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - \frac{4}{3}b \left( b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - \frac{4}{3}b \left( b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5182

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - \frac{4}{3}b \left( b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{2}{3}(b \int 1d(c+dx) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 24

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - \frac{4}{3}b \left( -\frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^3 + b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - \frac{2}{3}b \left( \frac{2}{3}(b \int 1d(c+dx) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(e^2*(((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4)/3 - (4*b*(-1/3*((c + d*x)^2*  
Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3) + b*(((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*  
ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/3 - (2*b*((b*(c + d*x)^3)/9 - ((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c  
+ d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])))/3 + (2*(b*(c + d*x) - Sqrt[1 - (c + d*  
x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])))/3)))/3) + (2*(-(Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a +  
b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3) + 3*b*((c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 - 2*b*(b*(  
c + d*x) - Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])))))/3))/3)/d`

### 3.207.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[  
{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma  
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 5130 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*Ar  
cSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 -  
c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_
.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p +
1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] I
nt[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5210 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_
.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a +
b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p
+ 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + S
imp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*
x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m
, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.207.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e^2 a^4 (dx+c)^3}{3} + e^2 b^4 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^3 \arcsin(dx+c)^4}{3} + \frac{4 \arcsin(dx+c)^3 ((dx+c)^2+2) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{9} - \frac{8 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 (dx+c)}{3} + \frac{160 dx}{27} + \frac{160}{27} \right)$
default	$\frac{e^2 a^4 (dx+c)^3}{3} + e^2 b^4 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^3 \arcsin(dx+c)^4}{3} + \frac{4 \arcsin(dx+c)^3 ((dx+c)^2+2) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{9} - \frac{8 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 (dx+c)}{3} + \frac{160 dx}{27} + \frac{160}{27} \right)$
parts	$\frac{e^2 a^4 (dx+c)^3}{3d} + \frac{e^2 b^4 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^3 \arcsin(dx+c)^4}{3} + \frac{4 \arcsin(dx+c)^3 ((dx+c)^2+2) \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{9} - \frac{8 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 (dx+c)}{3} + \frac{160 dx}{27} + \frac{160}{27} \right)}{d}$

---

3.207.  $\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(1/3*e^2*a^4*(d*x+c)^3+e^2*b^4*(1/3*(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)^4+4/9*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*((d*x+c)^2+2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-8/3*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(d*x+c)+160/27*d*x+160/27*c-16/3*arcsin(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-4/9*(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)^2-8/27*arcsin(d*x+c)*((d*x+c)^2+2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+8/81*(d*x+c)^3)+4*e^2*a*b^3*(1/3*(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)^3+1/3*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*((d*x+c)^2+2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-4/3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-4/3*(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c)-2/9*(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)-2/27*((d*x+c)^2+2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+6*e^2*a^2*b^2*(1/3*(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)^2+2/9*arcsin(d*x+c)*((d*x+c)^2+2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2/27*(d*x+c)^3-4/9*d*x-4/9*c)+4*e^2*a^3*b*(1/3*(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)+1/9*(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+2/9*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))
```

### 3.207.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 784 vs.  $2(263) = 526$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 784, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$$


---


$$= \frac{(27a^4 - 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4)d^3e^2x^3 + 3(27a^4 - 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4)cd^2e^2x^2 - 3(72a^2b^2 - 160b^4 - (27a^4 - 36a^2b^2))}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output  $\frac{1}{81} \cdot ((27a^4 - 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4)d^3e^{2x^3} + 3(27a^4 - 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4)cd^2e^{2x^2} - 3(72a^2b^2 - 160b^4 - (27a^4 - 36a^2b^2 + 8b^4)c^2)d^2e^{2x} + 27(b^4d^3e^{2x^3} + 3b^4cd^2e^{2x^2} + 3b^4c^2d^2e^{2x} + b^4c^3e^2) \arcsin(dx + c)^4 + 108(a^3b^3d^3e^{2x^3} + 3a^3b^3cd^2e^{2x^2} + 3a^3b^3c^2d^2e^{2x} + a^3b^3c^3e^2) \arcsin(dx + c)^3 + 18((9a^2b^2 - 2b^4)d^3e^{2x^3} + 3(9a^2b^2 - 2b^4)cd^2e^{2x^2} - 3(4b^4 - (9a^2b^2 - 2b^4)c^2)d^2e^{2x} - (12b^4c - (9a^2b^2 - 2b^4)c^3)e^2) \arcsin(dx + c)^2 + 36((3a^3b - 2a^2b^3)d^3e^{2x^3} + 3(3a^3b - 2a^2b^3)cd^2e^{2x^2} - 3(4a^2b^3 - (3a^3b - 2a^2b^3)c^2)d^2e^{2x} - (12a^2b^3c - (3a^3b - 2a^2b^3)c^3)e^2) \arcsin(dx + c) + 12((3a^3b - 2a^2b^3)d^2e^{2x^2} + 2(3a^3b - 2a^2b^3)cd^2e^{2x} + 3(b^4d^2e^{2x^2} + 2b^4cd^2e^{2x} + (b^4c^2 + 2b^4)e^2) \arcsin(dx + c)^3 + (6a^3b - 40a^2b^3 + (3a^3b - 2a^2b^3)c^2)e^2 + 9(a^3b^3d^2e^{2x^2} + 2a^2b^3cd^2e^{2x} + (a^3b^3c^2 + 2a^2b^3)e^2) \arcsin(dx + c)^2 + ((9a^2b^2 - 2b^4)d^2e^{2x^2} + 2(9a^2b^2 - 2b^4)cd^2e^{2x} + (18a^2b^2 - 40b^4 + (9a^2b^2 - 2b^4)c^2)e^2) \arcsin(dx + c)) \sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2cdx - c^2 + 1})/d$

### 3.207.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1889 vs.  $2(264) = 528$ .

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1889, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.54

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**2*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4,x)`



output `Piecewise((a**4*c**2*e**2*x + a**4*c*d*e**2*x**2 + a**4*d**2*e**2*x**3/3 + 4*a**3*b*c**3*e**2*asin(c + d*x)/(3*d) + 4*a**3*b*c**2*e**2*x*asin(c + d*x) + 4*a**3*b*c**2*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*d) + 4*a**3*b*c*d*e**2*x**2*asin(c + d*x) + 8*a**3*b*c*e**2*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/9 + 4*a**3*b*d**2*e**2*x**3*asin(c + d*x)/3 + 4*a**3*b*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/9 + 8*a**3*b*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*d) + 2*a**2*b**2*c**3*e**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/d + 6*a**2*b**2*c**2*e**2*x*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 4*a**2*b**2*c**2*e**2*x/3 + 4*a**2*b**2*c**2*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/(3*d) + 6*a**2*b**2*c*d*e**2*x**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 4*a**2*b**2*c*d*e**2*x**2/3 + 8*a**2*b**2*c*e**2*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/3 + 2*a**2*b**2*d**2*e**2*x**3*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 4*a**2*b**2*d**2*e**2*x**3/9 + 4*a**2*b**2*d*e**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/3 - 8*a**2*b**2*e**2*x/3 + 8*a**2*b**2*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/(3*d) + 4*a*b**3*c**3*e**2*asin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) - 8*a*b**3*c**3*e**2*asin(c + d*x)/(9*d) + 4*a*b**3*c**2*e**2*x*asin(c + d*x)**3 - 8*a*b**3*c**2*e**2*x*asin(c + d*x)/3 + 4*a*b**3*c**2*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) - 8*a*b**3*c**2*e**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(27*d) + 4*a*b**3*c*d*e**2*x**2*asin(c + d*x)**3 - 8*a*b**3*c*d*e**2*x**2*asin(c + d*x)...`

### 3.207.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (ce + dex)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (dex + ce)^2(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/3*a^4*d^2*e^2*x^3 + a^4*c*d*e^2*x^2 + 2*(2*x^2*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(3*c^
2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 + sqrt(-d^2*x^2
- 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*x/d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2
- (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 - 3*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c/d^3))*a^3*
b*c*d*e^2 + 2/9*(6*x^3*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^
2 + 1)*x^2/d^2 - 15*c^3*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2
))/d^4 - 5*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c*x/d^3 + 9*(c^2 - 1)*c*arcs
in(-(d^2*x + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^4 + 15*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 -
2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*c^2/d^4 - 4*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1
)/d^4))*a^3*b*d^2*e^2 + a^4*c^2*e^2*x + 4*((d*x + c)*arcsin(d*x + c) + sqr
t(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1))*a^3*b*c^2*e^2/d + 1/3*(b^4*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 3*b^4*c*d*e^
2*x^2 + 3*b^4*c^2*e^2*x)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c
+ 1))^4 + integrate(2/3*(2*(b^4*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 3*b^4*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 3*b^4*
c^2*d*e^2*x)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*
x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^3 + 6*(a*b^3*d^4*e^2*x^4 + 4*a*b^3*c*d^3*e^
2*x^3 + (6*a*b^3*c^2 - a*b^3)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*(2*a*b^3*c^3 - a*b^3*c)*d*e^
2*x + (a*b^3*c^4 - a*b^3*c^2)*e^2)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt
(-d*x - c + 1))^3 + 9*(a^2*b^2*d^4*e^2*x^4 + 4*a^2*b^2*c*d^3*e^2*x^3 + (6*
a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b^2)*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*(2*a^2*b^2*c^3 - a^2*b^2*c)*d*e^2*x
+ (a^2*b^2*c^4 - a^2*b^2*c^2)*e^2)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*...

```

### 3.207.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 809 vs.  $2(263) = 526$ .

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 809, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = & \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c)b^4 e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^4}{3d} \\
 & + \frac{4((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c)ab^3 e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{3d} \\
 & + \frac{(dx + c)b^4 e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^4}{3d} \\
 & - \frac{4(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^4 e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{9d} \\
 & + \frac{2((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c)a^2 b^2 e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} \\
 & - \frac{4((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c)b^4 e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{9d} \\
 & + \frac{4(dx + c)ab^3 e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{3d} \\
 & - \frac{4(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} ab^3 e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{3d} \\
 & + \frac{4\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} b^4 e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{3d} \\
 & + \frac{(dx + c)^3 a^4 e^2}{3d} \\
 & + \frac{4((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c)a^3 b e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{3d} \\
 & - \frac{8((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c)ab^3 e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{9d} \\
 & + \frac{2(dx + c)a^2 b^2 e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} \\
 & - \frac{28(dx + c)b^4 e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{9d} \\
 & - \frac{4(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 b^2 e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{3d} \\
 & + \frac{8(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^4 e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{27d} \\
 & + \frac{4\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} ab^3 e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} \\
 & - \frac{4((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c)a^2 b^2 e^2}{9d} \\
 & + \frac{8((dx + c)^2 - 1)(dx + c)b^4 e^2}{81d} \\
 & + \frac{4(dx + c)a^3 b e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{3d} \\
 \hline
 3.207. \quad \int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = & \frac{4(dx + c)ab^3 e^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{9d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{3}((dx+c)^2-1)(dx+c)b^4e^2\arcsin(dx+c)^4/d + \frac{4}{3}((dx+c)^2-1)(dx+c)a*b^3e^2\arcsin(dx+c)^3/d + \frac{1}{3}(dx+c)b^4e^2\arcsin(dx+c)^4/d - \frac{4}{9}(-(dx+c)^2+1)^{(3/2)}b^4e^2\arcsin(dx+c)^3/d + 2((dx+c)^2-1)(dx+c)a^2b^2e^2\arcsin(dx+c)^2/d - \frac{4}{9}((dx+c)^2-1)(dx+c)b^4e^2\arcsin(dx+c)^2/d + \frac{4}{3}(dx+c)a*b^3e^2\arcsin(dx+c)^3/d - \frac{4}{3}(-(dx+c)^2+1)^{(3/2)}a*b^3e^2\arcsin(dx+c)^2/d + \frac{4}{3}\sqrt{-(dx+c)^2+1}b^4e^2\arcsin(dx+c)^3/d + \frac{1}{3}(dx+c)^3a^4e^2/d + \frac{4}{3}((dx+c)^2-1)(dx+c)a^3b^2e^2\arcsin(dx+c)/d - \frac{8}{9}((dx+c)^2-1)(dx+c)a*b^3e^2\arcsin(dx+c)/d + 2(dx+c)a^2b^2e^2\arcsin(dx+c)^2/d - \frac{28}{9}(dx+c)b^4e^2\arcsin(dx+c)^2/d - \frac{4}{3}(-(dx+c)^2+1)^{(3/2)}a^2b^2e^2\arcsin(dx+c)/d + \frac{8}{27}(-(dx+c)^2+1)^{(3/2)}b^4e^2\arcsin(dx+c)/d + 4\sqrt{-(dx+c)^2+1}a*b^3e^2\arcsin(dx+c)^2/d - \frac{4}{9}((dx+c)^2-1)(dx+c)a^2b^2e^2/d + \frac{8}{81}((dx+c)^2-1)(dx+c)b^4e^2/d + \frac{4}{3}(dx+c)a^3b^2e^2\arcsin(dx+c)/d - \frac{56}{9}(dx+c)a*b^3e^2\arcsin(dx+c)/d - \frac{4}{9}(-(dx+c)^2+1)^{(3/2)}a^3b^2e^2/d + \frac{8}{27}(-(dx+c)^2+1)^{(3/2)}a*b^3e^2/d + 4\sqrt{-(dx+c)^2+1}a^2b^2e^2\arcsin(dx+c)/d - \frac{56}{9}\sqrt{-(dx+c)^2+1}b^4e^2\arcsin(dx+c)/d - \frac{28}{9}(dx+c)a^2b^2e^2/d + \frac{488}{81}(dx+c)b^4e^2/d + \frac{4}{3}\sqrt{-(dx+c)^2+1}a^3b^2e^2/d - \frac{56}{9}\sqrt{-(dx+c)^2+1}a*b^3e^2/d$

### 3.207.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (ce + dex)^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^4 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4, x)`

### 3.208 $\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$

3.208.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1688
3.208.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1689
3.208.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1689
3.208.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1692
3.208.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1692
3.208.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1693
3.208.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1694
3.208.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1695
3.208.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1697

#### 3.208.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 198

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx \\ &= \frac{3b^4e(c + dx)^2}{4d} - \frac{3b^3e(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{2d} \\ &+ \frac{3b^2e(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{4d} - \frac{3b^2e(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{2d} \\ &+ \frac{be(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{d} \\ &- \frac{e(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{4d} + \frac{e(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{2d} \end{aligned}$$

output  $\frac{3}{4}b^4e*(d*x+c)^2/d+3/4*b^2*e*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d-3/2*b^2*e*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d-1/4*e*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^4/d+1/2*e*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^4/d-3/2*b^3*e*(d*x+c)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+b*e*(d*x+c)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d$

**3.208.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx =$$

$$e \left( -4b(c + dx) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 + (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 - 2(c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \right) / d$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`output `-1/4*(e*(-4*b*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3 + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4 - 2*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 + 3*b^2*(-(b^2*(c + d*x)^2) + 2*b*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 + 2*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2))/d`**3.208.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5210, 5138, 5152, 5210, 15, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int e(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{e \int (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5138}$$

$$\frac{e \left( \frac{1}{2}(c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 - 2b \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - 2b\left(\frac{3}{2}b\int(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{2}\int\frac{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)}{d}$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - 2b\left(\frac{3}{2}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - b\int\frac{(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)\right)\right)}{d}\right)}{d}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - 2b\left(\frac{3}{2}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - b\int\frac{(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)\right)\right)}{d}\right)}{d}$$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - 2b\left(\frac{3}{2}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)}{d}\right)}{d}$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - 2b\left(\frac{3}{2}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2 - b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)}{d}\right)}{d}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4 - 2b\left(\frac{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^4}{8b} - \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^3 + \dots\right)}{d}\right)}{d}$$

```
input Int[(c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]
```

```
output (e*(((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4)/2 - 2*b*(-1/2*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3) + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(8*b) + (3*b*(((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/2 - b*((b*(c + d*x)^2)/4 - ((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])))/2 + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(4*b))))/2))/d
```

## 3.208.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`
- rule 5210 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*(m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`



### 3.208.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 411 vs. 2(182) = 364.

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 412, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e a^4(dx+c)^2}{2} + e b^4 \left( \frac{((dx+c)^2-1) \arcsin(dx+c)^4}{2} + \arcsin(dx+c)^3 \left( (dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + \arcsin(dx+c) \right) - \frac{3((dx+c)^2-1) \arcsin(dx+c)}{2} \right)$
default	$\frac{e a^4(dx+c)^2}{2} + e b^4 \left( \frac{((dx+c)^2-1) \arcsin(dx+c)^4}{2} + \arcsin(dx+c)^3 \left( (dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + \arcsin(dx+c) \right) - \frac{3((dx+c)^2-1) \arcsin(dx+c)}{2} \right)$
parts	$e a^4 \left( \frac{1}{2} d x^2 + c x \right) + \frac{e b^4 \left( \frac{((dx+c)^2-1) \arcsin(dx+c)^4}{2} + \arcsin(dx+c)^3 \left( (dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + \arcsin(dx+c) \right) - \frac{3((dx+c)^2-1) \arcsin(dx+c)}{2} \right)}{1}$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(1/2*e*a^4*(d*x+c)^2+e*b^4*(1/2*((d*x+c)^2-1)*arcsin(d*x+c)^4+arcsin(d*x+c)^3*((d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+arcsin(d*x+c))-3/2*((d*x+c)^2-1)*arcsin(d*x+c)^2-3/2*arcsin(d*x+c)*((d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+arcsin(d*x+c))+3/4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2+3/4*(d*x+c)^2-3/4*arcsin(d*x+c)^4)+4*e*a*b^3*(1/2*((d*x+c)^2-1)*arcsin(d*x+c)^3+3/4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*((d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+arcsin(d*x+c))-3/4*((d*x+c)^2-1)*arcsin(d*x+c)-3/8*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/8*arcsin(d*x+c)-1/2*arcsin(d*x+c)^3)+6*e*a^2*b^2*(1/2*((d*x+c)^2-1)*arcsin(d*x+c)^2+1/2*arcsin(d*x+c)*((d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+arcsin(d*x+c))-1/4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2-1/4*(d*x+c)^2)+4*e*a^3*b*(1/2*(d*x+c)^2*arcsin(d*x+c)+1/4*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*arcsin(d*x+c)))
```

### 3.208.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 483 vs. 2(182) = 364.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 483, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$$


---


$$= \frac{(2a^4 - 6a^2b^2 + 3b^4)d^2ex^2 + 2(2a^4 - 6a^2b^2 + 3b^4)c dex + (2b^4d^2ex^2 + 4b^4c dex + (2b^4c^2 - b^4)e) \arcsin(c + dx)}{1}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/4*((2*a^4 - 6*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*d^2*e*x^2 + 2*(2*a^4 - 6*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)
*c*d*e*x + (2*b^4*d^2*e*x^2 + 4*b^4*c*d*e*x + (2*b^4*c^2 - b^4)*e)*arcsin(
d*x + c)^4 + 4*(2*a*b^3*d^2*e*x^2 + 4*a*b^3*c*d*e*x + (2*a*b^3*c^2 - a*b^3
)*e)*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(2*(2*a^2*b^2 - b^4)*d^2*e*x^2 + 4*(2*a^2*b^2 -
b^4)*c*d*e*x - (2*a^2*b^2 - b^4 - 2*(2*a^2*b^2 - b^4)*c^2)*e)*arcsin(d*x
+ c)^2 + 2*(2*(2*a^3*b - 3*a*b^3)*d^2*e*x^2 + 4*(2*a^3*b - 3*a*b^3)*c*d*e*
x - (2*a^3*b - 3*a*b^3 - 2*(2*a^3*b - 3*a*b^3)*c^2)*e)*arcsin(d*x + c) + 2
*((2*a^3*b - 3*a*b^3)*d*e*x + 2*(b^4*d*e*x + b^4*c*e)*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 +
(2*a^3*b - 3*a*b^3)*c*e + 6*(a*b^3*d*e*x + a*b^3*c*e)*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 +
3*((2*a^2*b^2 - b^4)*d*e*x + (2*a^2*b^2 - b^4)*c*e)*arcsin(d*x + c))*sqrt(
-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1))/d

```

### 3.208.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1027 vs.  $2(178) = 356$ .

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1027, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.19

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**4*c*e*x + a**4*d*e*x**2/2 + 2*a**3*b*c**2*e*asin(c + d*x)/d + 4*a**3*b*c*e*x*asin(c + d*x) + a**3*b*c*e*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/d + 2*a**3*b*d*e*x**2*asin(c + d*x) + a**3*b*e*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1) - a**3*b*e*asin(c + d*x)/d + 3*a**2*b**2*c**2*e*asin(c + d*x)**2/d + 6*a**2*b**2*c*e*x*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 3*a**2*b**2*c*e*x + 3*a**2*b**2*c*e*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/d + 3*a**2*b**2*d*e*x**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 3*a**2*b**2*d*e*x**2/2 + 3*a**2*b**2*e*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x) - 3*a**2*b**2*e*asin(c + d*x)**2/(2*d) + 2*a*b**3*c**2*e*asin(c + d*x)**3/d - 3*a*b**3*c**2*e*asin(c + d*x)/d + 4*a*b**3*c*e*x*asin(c + d*x)**3 - 6*a*b**3*c*e*x*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**3*c*e*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)**2/d - 3*a*b**3*c*e*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/(2*d) + 2*a*b**3*d*e*x**2*asin(c + d*x)**3 - 3*a*b**3*d*e*x**2*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**3*e*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 3*a*b**3*e*x*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/2 - a*b**3*e*asin(c + d*x)**3/d + 3*a*b**3*e*asin(c + d*x)/(2*d) + b**4*c**2*e*asin(c + d*x)**4/(2*d) - 3*b**4*c**2*e*asin(c + d*x)**2/(2*d) + b**4*c*e*x*asin(c + d*x)**4 - 3*b**4*c*e*x*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 3*b**4*c*e*x/2 + b**4*c*e*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)**3/d - 3*b**4*c*e*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/(2*d) + b**4*d*e*x**2*asin(c + d*x)**4/2 - 3*b**4*...`

### 3.208.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/2*a^4*d*e*x^2 + (2*x^2*arcsin(d*x + c) + d*(3*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/ \\ & \sqrt{c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2}))/d^3 + \sqrt{-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1}*x/ \\ & d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*arcsin(-(d^2*x + c*d)/\sqrt{c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2})/d^3 - \\ & 3*\sqrt{-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1}*c/d^3))*a^3*b*d*e + a^4*c*e*x + 4*(( \\ & d*x + c)*arcsin(d*x + c) + \sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1})*a^3*b*c*e/d + 1/2*(b^4* \\ & d*e*x^2 + 2*b^4*c*e*x)*arctan2(d*x + c, \sqrt{d*x + c + 1}*\sqrt{-d*x - c + \\ & 1})^4 + \text{integrate}(2*((b^4*d^2*e*x^2 + 2*b^4*c*d*e*x)*\sqrt{d*x + c + 1}*\sqrt{-d*x - c + 1})* \\ & \arctan2(d*x + c, \sqrt{d*x + c + 1}*\sqrt{-d*x - c + 1})^3 + \\ & 2*(a*b^3*d^3*e*x^3 + 3*a*b^3*c*d^2*e*x^2 + (3*a*b^3*c^2 - a*b^3)*d*e*x + \\ & (a*b^3*c^3 - a*b^3*c)*e)*\arctan2(d*x + c, \sqrt{d*x + c + 1}*\sqrt{-d*x - c \\ & + 1})^3 + 3*(a^2*b^2*d^3*e*x^3 + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d^2*e*x^2 + (3*a^2*b^2*c^2 - \\ & a^2*b^2)*d*e*x + (a^2*b^2*c^3 - a^2*b^2*c)*e)*\arctan2(d*x + c, \sqrt{d*x + \\ & c + 1}*\sqrt{-d*x - c + 1})^2)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 - 1), x) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.208.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 533 vs.  $2(182) = 364$ .

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 533, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = & \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)b^4 e \arcsin(dx + c)^4}{2d} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)b^4 e \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{d} \\
 & + \frac{2((dx + c)^2 - 1)ab^3 e \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{d} \\
 & + \frac{b^4 e \arcsin(dx + c)^4}{4d} \\
 & + \frac{3\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)ab^3 e \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} \\
 & + \frac{3((dx + c)^2 - 1)a^2 b^2 e \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} \\
 & - \frac{3((dx + c)^2 - 1)b^4 e \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{2d} \\
 & + \frac{ab^3 e \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{d} \\
 & + \frac{3\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)a^2 b^2 e \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\
 & - \frac{3\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)b^4 e \arcsin(dx + c)}{2d} \\
 & + \frac{2((dx + c)^2 - 1)a^3 b e \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\
 & - \frac{3((dx + c)^2 - 1)ab^3 e \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\
 & + \frac{3a^2 b^2 e \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{2d} - \frac{3b^4 e \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{4d} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)a^3 b e}{d} \\
 & - \frac{3\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)ab^3 e}{2d} \\
 & + \frac{((dx + c)^2 - 1)a^4 e}{2d} - \frac{3((dx + c)^2 - 1)a^2 b^2 e}{2d} \\
 & + \frac{3((dx + c)^2 - 1)b^4 e}{4d} + \frac{a^3 b e \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\
 & - \frac{3ab^3 e \arcsin(dx + c)}{2d} - \frac{3a^2 b^2 e}{4d} + \frac{3b^4 e}{8d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{2}((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*b^4*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^4/d + \sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*(d*x + c)*b^4*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d + 2*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*a*b^3*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d + 1/4*b^4*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^4/d + 3*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*(d*x + c)*a*b^3*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 3*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*a^2*b^2*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d - 3/2*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*b^4*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + a*b^3*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d + 3*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*(d*x + c)*a^2*b^2*e*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 3/2*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*(d*x + c)*b^4*e*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 2*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*a^3*b*e*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 3*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*a*b^3*e*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 3/2*a^2*b^2*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d - 3/4*b^4*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + \sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*(d*x + c)*a^3*b*e/d - 3/2*\sqrt{-(d*x + c)^2 + 1}*(d*x + c)*a*b^3*e/d + 1/2*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*a^4*e/d - 3/2*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*a^2*b^2*e/d + 3/4*((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*b^4*e/d + a^3*b*e*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 3/2*a*b^3*e*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 3/4*a^2*b^2*e/d + 3/8*b^4*e/d$

### 3.208.9 Mupad [**F(-1)**]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (ce + dex) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4, x)`

### 3.209 $\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$

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3.209.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1698
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3.209.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1705

#### 3.209.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = 24b^4x - \frac{24b^3\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{d} - \frac{12b^2(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{d} + \frac{4b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{d} + \frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{d}$$

```
output 24*b^4*x-12*b^2*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d+(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/d-24*b^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+4*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.209.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{4b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 + (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 - 12b^2(-2b^2(c + dx) + 2b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2})}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(4*b*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3 + (c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4 - 12*b^2*(-2*b^2*(c + d*x) + 2*b*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + (c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2))/d`

### 3.209.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5302, 5130, 5182, 5130, 5182, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 & \frac{\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5130} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 - 4b \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5182} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 - 4b \left( 3b \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 d(c + dx) - \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5130} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 - 4b \left( 3b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - 2b \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5182} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 - 4b \left( 3b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - 2b \left( b \int 1 d(c + dx) - \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right) \right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$



↓ 24

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 - 4b \left( 3b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - 2b \left( b(c + dx) - \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `((c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4 - 4*b*(-(Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3) + 3*b*((c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 - 2*b*(b*(c + d*x) - Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])))))/d`

### 3.209.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 5130 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

**3.209.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 254 vs.  $2(115) = 230$ .

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

method	result
derivativedivides	$(dx+c)a^4+b^4\left(\arcsin(dx+c)^4(dx+c)+4\arcsin(dx+c)^3\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}-12\arcsin(dx+c)^2(dx+c)+24dx+24c-24\arcsin(dx+c)\right)$
default	$(dx+c)a^4+b^4\left(\arcsin(dx+c)^4(dx+c)+4\arcsin(dx+c)^3\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}-12\arcsin(dx+c)^2(dx+c)+24dx+24c-24\arcsin(dx+c)\right)$
parts	$xa^4 + \frac{b^4\left(\arcsin(dx+c)^4(dx+c)+4\arcsin(dx+c)^3\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}-12\arcsin(dx+c)^2(dx+c)+24dx+24c-24\arcsin(dx+c)\right)}{d}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*((d*x+c)*a^4+b^4*(arcsin(d*x+c)^4*(d*x+c)+4*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-12*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(d*x+c)+24*d*x+24*c-24*arcsin(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+4*a*b^3*(arcsin(d*x+c)^3*(d*x+c)+3*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-6*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-6*(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c))+6*a^2*b^2*(arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(d*x+c)-2*d*x-2*c+2*arcsin(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+4*a^3*b*(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.209.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs.  $2(115) = 230$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^4 dx + b^4 c) \arcsin(dx + c)^4 + 4(ab^3 dx + ab^3 c) \arcsin(dx + c)^3 + (a^4 - 12a^2 b^2 + 24b^4) dx + 6((a^2 b^2 - 2$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
output ((b^4*d*x + b^4*c)*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*(a*b^3*d*x + a*b^3*c)*arcsin(d*x
+ c)^3 + (a^4 - 12*a^2*b^2 + 24*b^4)*d*x + 6*((a^2*b^2 - 2*b^4)*d*x + (a^2
*b^2 - 2*b^4)*c)*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*((a^3*b - 6*a*b^3)*d*x + (a^3*b - 6
*a*b^3)*c)*arcsin(d*x + c) + 4*(b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x
+ c)^2 + a^3*b - 6*a*b^3 + 3*(a^2*b^2 - 2*b^4)*arcsin(d*x + c))*sqrt(-d^2
*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1))/d
```

### 3.209.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 444 vs.  $2(105) = 210$ .

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 444, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.73

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^4 x + \frac{4a^3 b c \arcsin(c + dx)}{d} + 4a^3 b x \arcsin(c + dx) + \frac{4a^3 b \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx - d^2 x^2 + 1}}{d} + \frac{6a^2 b^2 c \arcsin^2(c + dx)}{d} + 6a^2 b^2 x \arcsin^2(c + dx) \\ x(a + b \arcsin(c))^4 \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4,x)
```

```
output Piecewise((a**4*x + 4*a**3*b*c*asin(c + d*x)/d + 4*a**3*b*x*asin(c + d*x)
+ 4*a**3*b*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/d + 6*a**2*b**2*c*asin(c
+ d*x)**2/d + 6*a**2*b**2*x*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 12*a**2*b**2*x + 12*a**2*b*
**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/d + 4*a*b**3*c*asin
(c + d*x)**3/d - 24*a*b**3*c*asin(c + d*x)/d + 4*a*b**3*x*asin(c + d*x)**3
- 24*a*b**3*x*asin(c + d*x) + 12*a*b**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2
+ 1)*asin(c + d*x)**2/d - 24*a*b**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/
d + b**4*c*asin(c + d*x)**4/d - 12*b**4*c*asin(c + d*x)**2/d + b**4*x*asin
(c + d*x)**4 - 12*b**4*x*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 24*b**4*x + 4*b**4*sqrt(-c**2
- 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)**3/d - 24*b**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d
*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*asin(c))**4, True))
```

**3.209.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^4*x*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^4 + a^4*x + 4*((d*x + c)*arcsin(d*x + c) + sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1))*a^3*b/d + integrate(2*(2*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))*b^4*d*x*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^3 + 2*(a*b^3*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b^3*c*d*x + a*b^3*c^2 - a*b^3)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^3 + 3*(a^2*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*b^2*c*d*x + a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b^2)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 - 1), x)`

**3.209.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 329 vs.  $2(115) = 230$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = & \frac{(dx + c)b^4 \arcsin(dx + c)^4}{d} + \frac{4(dx + c)ab^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{d} \\
 & + \frac{4\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}b^4 \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{d} \\
 & + \frac{6(dx + c)a^2b^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} \\
 & - \frac{12(dx + c)b^4 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} \\
 & + \frac{12\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}ab^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} \\
 & + \frac{4(dx + c)a^3b \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\
 & - \frac{24(dx + c)ab^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\
 & + \frac{12\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}a^2b^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\
 & - \frac{24\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}b^4 \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\
 & + \frac{(dx + c)a^4}{d} - \frac{12(dx + c)a^2b^2}{d} + \frac{24(dx + c)b^4}{d} \\
 & + \frac{4\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}a^3b}{d} - \frac{24\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}ab^3}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(d*x + c)*b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4/d + 4*(d*x + c)*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d + 4*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d + 6*(d*x + c)*a^2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d - 12*(d*x + c)*b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 12*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 4*(d*x + c)*a^3*b*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 24*(d*x + c)*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 12*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*a^2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 24*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + (d*x + c)*a^4/d - 12*(d*x + c)*a^2*b^2/d + 24*(d*x + c)*b^4/d + 4*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*a^3*b/d - 24*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*a*b^3/d`

**3.209.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx \\
&= a^4 x + \frac{b^4 (c + dx) (\operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^4 - 12 \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^2 + 24)}{d} \\
&\quad - \frac{b^4 (24 \operatorname{asin}(c + dx) - 4 \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^3) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{d} \\
&\quad + \frac{6 a^2 b^2 \left( 2 \operatorname{asin}(c + dx) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + (\operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^2 - 2) (c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
&\quad + \frac{4 a^3 b \left( \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + \operatorname{asin}(c + dx) (c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
&\quad + \frac{4 a b^3 (3 \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^2 - 6) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{d} \\
&\quad - \frac{4 a b^3 (6 \operatorname{asin}(c + dx) - \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^3) (c + dx)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4,x)`

```

output a^4*x + (b^4*(c + d*x)*(asin(c + d*x)^4 - 12*asin(c + d*x)^2 + 24))/d - (b
^4*(24*asin(c + d*x) - 4*asin(c + d*x)^3)*(1 - (c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))/d + (6*
a^2*b^2*(2*asin(c + d*x)*(1 - (c + d*x)^2)^(1/2) + (asin(c + d*x)^2 - 2)*(
c + d*x)))/d + (4*a^3*b*((1 - (c + d*x)^2)^(1/2) + asin(c + d*x)*(c + d*x)
))/d + (4*a*b^3*(3*asin(c + d*x)^2 - 6)*(1 - (c + d*x)^2)^(1/2))/d - (4*a*
b^3*(6*asin(c + d*x) - asin(c + d*x)^3)*(c + d*x))/d

```

**3.210**       $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{ce+dex} dx$

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 3.210.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . . 1707  
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 3.210.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 1712  
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 3.210.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1712  
 3.210.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1713  
 3.210.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1713

**3.210.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 202

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{ce + dex} dx = -\frac{i(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5}{5bde} + \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de} - \frac{2ib(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de} + \frac{3b^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de} + \frac{3ib^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \text{PolyLog}(4, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de} - \frac{3b^4 \text{PolyLog}(5, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{2de}$$

output

```
-1/5*I*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^5/b/d/e+(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4*ln(1-(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e-2*I*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3*polylog(2,(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e+3*b^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2*polylog(3,(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e+3*I*b^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*polylog(4,(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e-3/2*b^4*polylog(5,(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e
```

### 3.210.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 439 vs.  $2(202) = 404$ .

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 439, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{ce + dex} dx$$

$$= \frac{16a^4 \log(c + dx) + 64a^3b(\arcsin(c + dx) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) - \frac{1}{2}i(\arcsin(c + dx))^2 + \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}))}{ce + dex}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(c*e + d*e*x),x]`

output

```
(16*a^4*Log[c + d*x] + 64*a^3*b*(ArcSin[c + d*x]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - (I/2)*(ArcSin[c + d*x]^2 + PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])])]) + 4*a^2*b^2*((-I)*Pi^3 + (8*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3 + 24*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2*Log[1 - E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + (24*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]*PolyLog[2, E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + 12*PolyLog[3, E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) - I*a*b^3*(Pi^4 - 16*ArcSin[c + d*x]^4 + (64*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3*Log[1 - E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - 96*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2*PolyLog[2, E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + (96*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]*PolyLog[3, E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + 48*PolyLog[4, E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) + 16*b^4*((-1/160*I)*Pi^5 + (I/5)*ArcSin[c + d*x]^5 + ArcSin[c + d*x]^4*Log[1 - E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + (2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3*PolyLog[2, E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + 3*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2*PolyLog[3, E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - (3*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]*PolyLog[4, E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - (3*PolyLog[5, E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])])]/(16*d*e)
```

### 3.210.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5136, 3042, 25, 4200, 25, 2620, 3011, 7163, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{ce + dex} dx$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 5304 \\
\frac{\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{e^{(c+dx)}} d(c+dx)}{d} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{c+dx} d(c+dx)}{de} \\
\downarrow 5136 \\
\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{c+dx} d \arcsin(c+dx)}{de} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{\int -(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4 \tan\left(\arcsin(c+dx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \arcsin(c+dx)}{de} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{\int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4 \tan\left(\arcsin(c+dx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \arcsin(c+dx)}{de} \\
\downarrow 4200 \\
\frac{2i \int -\frac{e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{1-e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}} d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^5}{5b}}{de} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{-2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{1-e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}} d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^5}{5b}}{de} \\
\downarrow 2620 \\
\frac{-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1-e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4 - 2ib \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 \log(1-e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx)\right)}{de} \\
\downarrow 3011 \\
\frac{-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1-e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4 - 2ib\left(\frac{1}{2}i \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3\right)\right)}{de} \\
\downarrow 7163 \\
\frac{-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1-e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4 - 2ib\left(\frac{1}{2}i \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3\right)\right)}{de}
\end{array}$$

---

3.210.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{ce+dx} dx$

↓ 7163

$$\frac{-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 - 2ib\left(\frac{1}{2}i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{}$$

↓ 2720

$$\frac{-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 - 2ib\left(\frac{1}{2}i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{}$$

↓ 7143

$$\frac{-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 - 2ib\left(\frac{1}{2}i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(c*e + d*e*x),x]`

output `(((-1/5*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^5)/b - (2*I)*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - (2*I)*b*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - ((3*I)/2)*b*((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2*PolyLog[3, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + I*b*((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*PolyLog[4, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + (b*PolyLog[5, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])])/4))))/(d*e)`

### 3.210.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 2720 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
  Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

```
rule 3011 Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)
*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4200 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol
] := Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^
m*E^(2*I*k*Pi)*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*k*Pi)*E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5136 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[(
a + b*x)^n*Cot[x], x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*Ar
cSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

```
rule 7163 Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.
)*(x_))))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a
+ b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)
^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c
, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

### 3.210.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1006 vs.  $2(255) = 510$ .

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1007, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.99

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1007
default	Expression too large to display	1007
parts	Expression too large to display	1018

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(a^4/e*ln(d*x+c)+b^4/e*(-1/5*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^5+arcsin(d*x+c)^4*ln(1+I*
(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-4*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(
d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+12*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*polylog(3,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/
2))+24*I*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(4,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-24*polylo
g(5,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+arcsin(d*x+c)^4*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x
+c)^2)^(1/2))-4*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))
+12*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*polylog(3,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+24*I*arcsin(d
*x+c)*polylog(4,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-24*polylog(5,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(
d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+4*a*b^3/e*(-1/4*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^4+arcsin(d*x+c)^3*ln(1-I
*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-3*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(
d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+6*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(3,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+
6*I*polylog(4,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+arcsin(d*x+c)^3*ln(1+I*(d*x+c
)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-3*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)
^2)^(1/2))+6*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(3,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+6*I*p
olylog(4,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+6*a^2*b^2/e*(-1/3*I*arcsin(d*x+c
)^3+arcsin(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-2*I*arcsin(d*x+c)*
polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+2*polylog(3,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c
)^2)^(1/2))+arcsin(d*x+c)^2*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-2*I*arcsin
(d*x+c)*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+2*polylog(3,I*(d*x+c)+(1-
(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+4*a^3*b/e*(-1/2*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^2+arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1...
```

**3.210.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4)/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

**3.210.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{ce + dex} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{a^4}{c+dx} dx + \int \frac{b^4 \operatorname{asin}^4(c+dx)}{c+dx} dx + \int \frac{4ab^3 \operatorname{asin}^3(c+dx)}{c+dx} dx + \int \frac{6a^2b^2 \operatorname{asin}^2(c+dx)}{c+dx} dx + \int \frac{4a^3b \operatorname{asin}(c+dx)}{c+dx} dx}{e}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4/(d*e*x+c*e),x)`

output `(Integral(a**4/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x)/(c + d*x), x))/e`

**3.210.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^4*log(d*e*x + c*e)/(d*e) + integrate((b^4*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^4 + 4*a*b^3*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 4*a^3*b*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

**3.210.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^4/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

**3.210.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^4}{ce + dex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4/(c*e + d*e*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4/(c*e + d*e*x), x)`

**3.211**       $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{(ce+dex)^2} dx$

3.211.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1714  
 3.211.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . . 1715  
 3.211.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 1716  
 3.211.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1719  
 3.211.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 1720  
 3.211.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1720  
 3.211.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 1721  
 3.211.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 1721  
 3.211.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1722

**3.211.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 270

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = -\frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{de^2(c + dx)}$$

$$- \frac{8b(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^2}$$

$$+ \frac{12ib^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^2}$$

$$- \frac{12ib^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^2}$$

$$- \frac{24b^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^2}$$

$$+ \frac{24b^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^2}$$

$$- \frac{24ib^4 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^2}$$

$$+ \frac{24ib^4 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^2}$$

output  $-(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^4/d/e^2/(dx+c)-8*b*(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^3*\operatorname{arctanh}(I*(dx+c)+(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2})/d/e^2+12*I*b^2*(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^2*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-I*(dx+c)-(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2})/d/e^2-12*I*b^2*(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^2*\operatorname{polylog}(2,I*(dx+c)+(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2})/d/e^2-24*b^3*(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))*\operatorname{polylog}(3,-I*(dx+c)-(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2})/d/e^2+24*b^3*(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))*\operatorname{polylog}(3,I*(dx+c)+(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2})/d/e^2-24*I*b^4*\operatorname{polylog}(4,-I*(dx+c)-(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2})/d/e^2+24*I*b^4*\operatorname{polylog}(4,I*(dx+c)+(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2})/d/e^2$

### 3.211.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 575 vs.  $2(270) = 540$ .

Time = 2.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 575, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{a^4}{c+dx} - 4a^3b\left(\frac{\arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} + \log\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\csc\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(c+dx)\right)\right) - \log\left(\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(c+dx)\right)\right)\right) + 6a^2b^2}{1}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^2,x]`

output  $(-a^4/(c + d*x)) - 4*a^3*b*(\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]/(c + d*x) + \operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x)*\operatorname{Cs}c[\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]/2])/2 - \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Sin}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]/2]]) + 6*a^2*b^2*(\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]*(-\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]/(c + d*x)) + 2*\operatorname{Log}[1 - E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}] - 2*\operatorname{Log}[1 + E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}]) + (2*I)*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}] - (2*I)*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}]) + 4*a*b^3*(-\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]^3/(c + d*x)) + 3*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]^2*\operatorname{Log}[1 - E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}] - 3*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]^2*\operatorname{Log}[1 + E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}] + (6*I)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}] - (6*I)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}] - 6*\operatorname{PolyLog}[3, -E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}] + 6*\operatorname{PolyLog}[3, E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}]) + b^4*((-1/2*I)*\operatorname{Pi}^4 + I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]^4 - \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]^4/(c + d*x) + 4*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]^3*\operatorname{Log}[1 - E^{((-I)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}] - 4*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]^3*\operatorname{Log}[1 + E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}] + (12*I)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]^2*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E^{((-I)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}] + (12*I)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]^2*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}] + 24*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]*\operatorname{PolyLog}[3, E^{((-I)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}] - 24*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]*\operatorname{PolyLog}[3, -E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}] - (24*I)*\operatorname{PolyLog}[4, E^{((-I)*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}] - (24*I)*\operatorname{PolyLog}[4, -E^{(I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])}]))/(d*e^2)$



**3.211.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5218, 3042, 4671, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{e^2(c + dx)^2} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(c + dx)^2} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{4b \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx) - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{c + dx}}{de^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5218} \\
 & \frac{4b \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{c + dx} d \arcsin(c + dx) - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{c + dx}}{de^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{4b \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 \csc(\arcsin(c + dx)) d \arcsin(c + dx) - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{c + dx}}{de^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4671} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{c + dx} + 4b(-3b \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \log(1 - e^{i \arcsin(c + dx)}) d \arcsin(c + dx) + 3b \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(c + dx)}) d \arcsin(c + dx))}{de^2}}{de^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{c + dx} + 4b(3b(i \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(c + dx)}) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - 2ib \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(c + dx)}) d \arcsin(c + dx))}{de^2}}{de^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7163}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.211.  $\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^2} dx$

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{c+dx} + 4b(3b(i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 - 2ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) dx)}{c+dx}}$$

↓ 2720

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{c+dx} + 4b(-3b(i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 - 2ib \int e^{-i \arcsin(c+dx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{-i \arcsin(c+dx)}) dx)}{c+dx}}$$

↓ 7143

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{c+dx} + 4b(-2 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3 - 3b(i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 - 2ib \int e^{-i \arcsin(c+dx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{-i \arcsin(c+dx)}) dx)}{c+dx}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^2,x]`

output `((-(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(c + d*x) + 4*b*(-2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3*ArcTanh[E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - 3*b*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - (2*I)*b*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*PolyLog[3, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + b*PolyLog[4, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]])]) + 3*b*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - (2*I)*b*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*PolyLog[3, -E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + b*PolyLog[4, -c - d*x])))/(d*e^2)`

### 3.211.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))*(F_) [v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4671 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^(I*(e + f*x))]/f), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5218 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/c^(m + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Sin[x]^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

```
rule 7163 Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.
)*(x_))))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a
+ b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)
^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c
, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

### 3.211.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 720 vs.  $2(336) = 672$ .

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 721, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^4}{e^2(dx+c)} + \frac{b^4 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^4}{dx+c} - 4 \arcsin(dx+c)^3 \ln \left( 1+i(dx+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) + 4 \arcsin(dx+c)^3 \ln \left( 1-i(dx+c)-\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{e^2(dx+c)}$
default	$-\frac{a^4}{e^2(dx+c)} + \frac{b^4 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^4}{dx+c} - 4 \arcsin(dx+c)^3 \ln \left( 1+i(dx+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) + 4 \arcsin(dx+c)^3 \ln \left( 1-i(dx+c)-\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{e^2(dx+c)}$
parts	$-\frac{a^4}{e^2(dx+c)d} + \frac{b^4 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^4}{dx+c} - 4 \arcsin(dx+c)^3 \ln \left( 1+i(dx+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) + 4 \arcsin(dx+c)^3 \ln \left( 1-i(dx+c)-\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)}{e^2(dx+c)d}$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `1/d*(-a^4/e^2/(d*x+c)+b^4/e^2*(-1/(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c)^4-4*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+4*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-24*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(3,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+24*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(3,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+12*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-12*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-24*I*polylog(4,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+24*I*polylog(4,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))+4*a*b^3/e^2*(-1/(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c)^3+3*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-6*I*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+6*polylog(3,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-3*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+6*I*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-6*polylog(3,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))+6*a^2*b^2/e^2*(-arcsin(d*x+c)^2/(d*x+c)+2*arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-2*arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+2*I*dilog(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-2*I*dilog(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))+4*a^3*b/e^2*(-1/(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c)-arctanh(1/(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))))`

### 3.211.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4}{(dex + ce)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4)/(d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*e^2*x + c^2*e^2), x)`

### 3.211.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \frac{\int \frac{a^4}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2} dx + \int \frac{b^4 \operatorname{asin}^4(c+dx)}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2} dx + \int \frac{4ab^3 \operatorname{asin}^3(c+dx)}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2} dx + \int \frac{6a^2b^2 \operatorname{asin}^2(c+dx)}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2} dx + \int \frac{4a^3b \operatorname{asin}(c+dx)}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2} dx}{e^2}$$

---

3.211.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{(ce+dex)^2} dx$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4/(d*e*x+c*e)**2,x)`

output `(Integral(a**4/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x) + Integral(b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x) + Integral(4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x) + Integral(6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x) + Integral(4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x))/e**2`

### 3.211.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

### 3.211.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4}{(dex + ce)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^4/(d*e*x + c*e)^2, x)`

**3.211.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^2,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^2, x)`

### 3.212 $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{(ce+dex)^3} dx$

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#### 3.212.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = -\frac{2ib(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{de^3} - \frac{2b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{de^3(c + dx)} - \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{2de^3(c + dx)^2} + \frac{6b^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^3} - \frac{6ib^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^3} + \frac{3b^4 \text{PolyLog}(3, e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^3}$$

```
output -2*I*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/d/e^3-1/2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/d/e^3/(d*x+c)
^2+6*b^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2*ln(1-(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e
^3-6*I*b^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*polylog(2,(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2
)/d/e^3+3*b^4*polylog(3,(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))^2)/d/e^3-2*b*(a+b
arcsin(d*x+c))^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/e^3/(d*x+c)
```



### 3.212.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2a^4}{(c+dx)^2} - \frac{8a^3b\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{c+dx} - \frac{8a^3b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(c+dx)^2} - \frac{2b^4 \arcsin(c+dx)^4}{(c+dx)^2} + 24a^2b^2 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} - \frac{\arcsin(c+dx)^2}{2(c+dx)^2} \right)}{1}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^3,x]`

output `((-2*a^4)/(c + d*x)^2 - (8*a^3*b*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(c + d*x) - (8*a^3*b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c + d*x)^2 - (2*b^4*ArcSin[c + d*x]^4)/(c + d*x)^2 + 24*a^2*b^2*(-((Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c + d*x)) - ArcSin[c + d*x]^2/(2*(c + d*x)^2) + Log[c + d*x]) + 8*a*b^3*(-3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2)/(c + d*x) - ArcSin[c + d*x]^3/(c + d*x)^2 + 6*ArcSin[c + d*x]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] - (3*I)*(ArcSin[c + d*x]^2 + PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])])) + b^4*((-I)*Pi^3 + (8*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3 - (8*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3)/(c + d*x) + 24*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2*Log[1 - E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + (24*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]*PolyLog[2, E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])] + 12*PolyLog[3, E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])]))/(4*d*e^3)`

### 3.212.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5186, 5136, 3042, 25, 4200, 25, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^3} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{e^3(c + dx)^3} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{(c+dx)^3} d(c+dx)}{de^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 5138 \\
& \frac{2b \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{2(c+dx)^2}}{de^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 5186 \\
& \frac{2b \left( 3b \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} d(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx} \right) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{2(c+dx)^2}}{de^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 5136 \\
& \frac{2b \left( 3b \int \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx} \right) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{2(c+dx)^2}}{de^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{2b \left( 3b \int -(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 \tan \left( \arcsin(c+dx) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx} \right) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{2(c+dx)^2}}{de^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{2b \left( -3b \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 \tan \left( \arcsin(c+dx) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx} \right) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{2(c+dx)^2}}{de^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4200 \\
& \frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{2(c+dx)^2} + 2b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx} + 3b \left( 2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{1-e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}} d \arcsin(c+dx) - \right) \right)}{de^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{2(c+dx)^2} + 2b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx} + 3b \left( -2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{1-e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}} d \arcsin(c+dx) - \right) \right)}{de^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2620 \\
& \frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{2(c+dx)^2} + 2b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx} + 3b \left( -2i \left( \frac{1}{2} i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)}) \right) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 \right) \right)}{de^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3011
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.212.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{2(c+dx)^2} + 2b\left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx}\right) + 3b\left(-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))\right)}{}$$

↓ 2720

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{2(c+dx)^2} + 2b\left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx}\right) + 3b\left(-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))\right)}{}$$

↓ 7143

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{2(c+dx)^2} + 2b\left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx}\right) + 3b\left(-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))\right)}{}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^3,x]`

output `(-1/2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(c + d*x)^2 + 2*b*(-((Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] * (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3)/(c + d*x)) + 3*b*((( -1/3*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3)/b - (2*I)*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) - I*b*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) - (b*PolyLog[3, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])])/4))))/(d*e^3)`

### 3.212.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x)) *(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4200 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*tan[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m * E^(2*I*k*Pi)*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*k*Pi)*E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5136 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Cot[x], x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5186 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*Ar
cSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

### 3.212.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 592 vs. 2(228) = 456.

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 593, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^4}{2e^3(dx+c)^2} + \frac{b^4 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^3 \left( -4i(dx+c)^2 + 4(dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{2(dx+c)^2} - 4i \arcsin(dx+c)^3 + 6 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \ln(1 + \dots) \right)}{2e^3(dx+c)^2}$
default	$-\frac{a^4}{2e^3(dx+c)^2} + \frac{b^4 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^3 \left( -4i(dx+c)^2 + 4(dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{2(dx+c)^2} - 4i \arcsin(dx+c)^3 + 6 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \ln(1 + \dots) \right)}{2e^3(dx+c)^2}$
parts	$-\frac{a^4}{2e^3(dx+c)^2} + \frac{b^4 \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^3 \left( -4i(dx+c)^2 + 4(dx+c)\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} + \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{2(dx+c)^2} - 4i \arcsin(dx+c)^3 + 6 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \ln(1 + \dots) \right)}{2e^3(dx+c)^2}$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-1/2*a^4/e^3/(d*x+c)^2+b^4/e^3*(-1/2*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*(-4*I*(d*x+c)^2+
4*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*x+c)^2-4*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^3
+6*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-12*I*arcsin(d*x+c)*
polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+12*polylog(3,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+
c)^2)^(1/2))+6*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-12*I*ar
csin(d*x+c)*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+12*polylog(3,I*(d*x+c
)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))+4*a*b^3/e^3*(-1/2*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(-3*I*(d*x+c)^2+
3*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*x+c)^2+3*arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(
1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+3*arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)
^2)^(1/2))-3*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^2-3*I*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
)-3*I*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))+6*a^2*b^2/e^3*(-1/2*arcsi
n(d*x+c)^2/(d*x+c)^2-arcsin(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)+ln(d*x+c))+
4*a^3*b/e^3*(-1/2/(d*x+c)^2*arcsin(d*x+c)-1/2/(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
)
```

### 3.212.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4}{(dex + ce)^3} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*ar
csin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4)/(d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*e^
3*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*e^3*x + c^3*e^3), x)
```

### 3.212.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{a^4}{c^3+3c^2dx+3cd^2x^2+d^3x^3} dx + \int \frac{b^4 \operatorname{asin}^4(c+dx)}{c^3+3c^2dx+3cd^2x^2+d^3x^3} dx + \int \frac{4ab^3 \operatorname{asin}^3(c+dx)}{c^3+3c^2dx+3cd^2x^2+d^3x^3} dx + \int \frac{6a^2b^2 \operatorname{asin}^2(c+dx)}{c^3+3c^2dx+3cd^2x^2+d^3x^3} dx}{e^3}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4/(d*e*x+c*e)**3,x)
```

```
output (Integral(a**4/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3), x) + Integral(b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3), x) + Integral(4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3), x) + Integral(6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3), x) + Integral(4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x)/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3), x))/e**3
```

### 3.212.7 Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Timed out
```

### 3.212.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4}{(dex + ce)^3} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^4/(d*e*x + c*e)^3, x)
```

### 3.212.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^3} dx$$

```
input int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^3,x)
```

```
output int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^3, x)
```

$$\mathbf{3.213} \quad \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{(ce+dex)^4} dx$$

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**3.213.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 439

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = & -\frac{2b^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{de^4(c + dx)} \\
& -\frac{2b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{3de^4(c + dx)^2} \\
& -\frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{3de^4(c + dx)^3} \\
& -\frac{8b^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^4} \\
& -\frac{4b(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{3de^4} \\
& +\frac{4ib^4 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^4} \\
& +\frac{2ib^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^4} \\
& -\frac{4ib^4 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^4} \\
& -\frac{2ib^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^4} \\
& -\frac{4b^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^4} \\
& +\frac{4b^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^4} \\
& -\frac{4ib^4 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^4} \\
& +\frac{4ib^4 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})}{de^4}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-2*b^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d/e^4/(d*x+c)-1/3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/d/e^4
/(d*x+c)^3-8*b^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*arctanh(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))
)/d/e^4-4/3*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3*arctanh(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))
)/d/e^4+4*I*b^4*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d/e^4+2*I*b^2*(a+
b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d/e^4-4*I*b^4
*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d/e^4-2*I*b^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)
)^2*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d/e^4-4*b^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)
))*polylog(3,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d/e^4+4*b^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)
))*polylog(3,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d/e^4-4*I*b^4*polylog(4,-I*(d*
x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d/e^4+4*I*b^4*polylog(4,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^
(1/2))/d/e^4-2/3*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/e^4/(d*x+c)
^2

```

### 3.213.2 Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1274 vs.  $2(439) = 878$ .

Time = 11.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1274, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^4,x]`

output

```
-1/3*a^4/(d*e^4*(c + d*x)^3) + (a^2*b^2*((8*I)*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcSin[c +
d*x])]) - (2*(2 + 4*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2 - 2*Cos[2*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - 3*(c +
d*x)*ArcSin[c + d*x]*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) + 3*(c + d*x)*ArcSin[c
+ d*x]*Log[1 + E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) + (4*I)*(c + d*x)^3*PolyLog[2, E^(I
*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) + 2*ArcSin[c + d*x]*Sin[2*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + ArcSin[c +
d*x]*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])]*Sin[3*ArcSin[c + d*x]] - ArcSin[c + d
*x]*Log[1 + E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])]*Sin[3*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(c + d*x)^3)/
(4*d*e^4) + (a*b^3*(-24*ArcSin[c + d*x]*Cot[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2] - 4*ArcSin[
c + d*x]^3*Cot[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2] - 6*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2*Csc[ArcSin[c + d*x
]/2]^2 - (c + d*x)*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3*Csc[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2]^4 + 24*ArcSin[
c + d*x]^2*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) - 24*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2*Log[1 + E
^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) + 48*Log[Tan[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2]] + (48*I)*ArcSin[c +
d*x]*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) - (48*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]*PolyLog[
2, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) - 48*PolyLog[3, -E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) + 48*Pol
yLog[3, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])]) + 6*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2*Sec[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2
]^2 - (16*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2]^4)/(c + d*x)^3 - 24*Arc
Sin[c + d*x]*Tan[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2] - 4*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3*Tan[ArcSin[c + d
*x]/2]))/(12*d*e^4) + (b^4*((-2*I)*Pi^4 + (4*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]^4 - 24*Arc
Sin[c + d*x]^2*Cot[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2] - 2*ArcSin[c + d*x]^4*Cot[ArcSin[c +
d*x]/2] - 4*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3*Csc[ArcSin[c + d*x]/2]^2 - ((c + d*x)*Ar...
```

### 3.213.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 365, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5138, 5204, 5138, 5218, 3042, 4671, 2715, 2838, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^4} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{e^4(c + dx)^4} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(c + dx)^4} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{\frac{4}{3}b \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{3(c+dx)^3}}{de^4}$$

↓ 5204

$$\frac{\frac{4}{3}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(c+dx)^2} d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{2(c+dx)^2} \right) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{3(c+dx)^3}}{de^4}$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{\frac{4}{3}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( 2b \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{2(c+dx)^2} \right)}{de^4}$$

↓ 5218

$$\frac{\frac{4}{3}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( 2b \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{c+dx} d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{2(c+dx)^2} \right)}{de^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{4}{3}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( 2b \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \csc(\arcsin(c+dx)) d \arcsin(c+dx) - \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) d \arcsin(c+dx) \right)}{de^4}$$

↓ 4671

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{3(c+dx)^3} + \frac{4}{3}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( -\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} + 2b(-b \int \log(1 - e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx) + b \int \log(1 + e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx) \right) \right)}{de^4}$$

↓ 2715

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{3(c+dx)^3} + \frac{4}{3}b \left( \frac{1}{2}(-3b \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 \log(1 - e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx) + 3b \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 \log(1 + e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx) \right)}{de^4}$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{3(c+dx)^3} + \frac{4}{3}b \left( \frac{1}{2}(-3b \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 \log(1 - e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx) + 3b \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 \log(1 + e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) d \arcsin(c+dx) \right)}{de^4}$$

↓ 3011

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{3(c+dx)^3} + \frac{4}{3}b \left( \frac{1}{2}(3b(i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 - 2ib \int (a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) d \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{de^4}$$

---

3.213.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{(ce+dx)^4} dx$

↓ 7163

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{3(c+dx)^3} + \frac{4}{3}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(3b(i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 - 2ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) dx)\right)}{3(c+dx)^3}}$$

↓ 2720

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{3(c+dx)^3} + \frac{4}{3}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(-3b(i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2 - 2ib \int e^{-i \arcsin(c+dx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)}) dx)\right)}{3(c+dx)^3}}$$

↓ 7143

$$\frac{-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{3(c+dx)^3} + \frac{4}{3}b\left(\frac{3}{2}b\left(-\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{c+dx} + 2b(-2\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)})\right)\right)}{3(c+dx)^3}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^4,x]`

output `(-1/3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(c + d*x)^3 + (4*b*(-1/2*(Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3)/(c + d*x)^2 + (3*b*(-((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c + d*x)) + 2*b*(-2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*ArcTanh[E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - I*b*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + I*b*PolyLog[2, -c - d*x])))/2 + (-2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3*ArcTanh[E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - 3*b*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - (2*I)*b*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*PolyLog[3, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + b*PolyLog[4, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]]))) + 3*b*(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - (2*I)*b*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*PolyLog[3, -E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + b*PolyLog[4, -c - d*x])))/2))/3)/(d*e^4)`

### 3.213.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)))]^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

---

3.213.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{(ce+dex)^4} dx$

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f + g*x)^m)*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n/(b*c*n*Log[F])], x) + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4671 `Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^(I*(e + f*x))]/f), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x) + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5204 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + (Simp[c^2*((m + 2*p + 3)/(f^2*(m + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 5218 Int[(((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*
(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/c^(m + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*
x^2]] Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Sin[x]^m, x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(p_)]/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

```
rule 7163 Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_)*PolyLog[n_, (d_)*((F_)^(c_)*((a_) + (b_
)*(x_)))^(p_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a
+ b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)
^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c
, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

### 3.213.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1009, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1009
default	Expression too large to display	1009
parts	Expression too large to display	1020

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `1/d*(-1/3*a^4/e^4/(d*x+c)^3+b^4/e^4*(-1/3/(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(2*arcsin(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)+arcsin(d*x+c)^2+6*(d*x+c)^2)-2/3*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+2*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-4*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(3,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-4*I*polylog(4,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+2/3*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-2*I*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+4*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(3,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+4*I*polylog(4,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-4*arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+4*I*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+4*arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-4*I*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+4*a*b^3/e^4*(-1/6/(d*x+c)^3*arcsin(d*x+c)*(3*arcsin(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)+2*arcsin(d*x+c)^2+6*(d*x+c)^2)+1/2*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-I*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+polylog(3,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-1/2*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*ln(1+I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+I*arcsin(d*x+c)*polylog(2,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-polylog(3,-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-2*arctanh(I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))+6*a^2*b^2/e^4*(-1/3*(arcsin(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)+arcsin(d*x+c)^2+(d*x+c)^2)/(d*x+c)^3+1/3*arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1-I*(d*x+c)-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-1/3*I*polylog(2,I*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))-1/3*arcsin(d*x+c)*ln(1+I*(d...`

### 3.213.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4}{(dex + ce)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4)/(d^4*e^4*x^4 + 4*c*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*c^3*d*e^4*x + c^4*e^4), x)`



## 3.213.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^4} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{a^4}{c^4 + 4c^3 dx + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4} dx + \int \frac{b^4 \arcsin^4(c + dx)}{c^4 + 4c^3 dx + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4} dx + \int \frac{4ab^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx)}{c^4 + 4c^3 dx + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4} dx + \int \frac{6a^2 b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)}{c^4 + 4c^3 dx + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4} dx + \int \frac{4ab^2 \arcsin(c + dx)}{c^4 + 4c^3 dx + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4/(d*e*x+c*e)**4,x)
```

```
output (Integral(a**4/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4), x) + Integral(b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4), x) + Integral(4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4), x) + Integral(6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4), x) + Integral(4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x)/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4), x))/e**4
```

## 3.213.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4}{(dex + ce)^4} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -1/3*a^4/(d^4*e^4*x^3 + 3*c*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^2*e^4*x + c^3*d*e^4) - 1/3*(b^4*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^4 + 3*(d^4*e^4*x^3 + 3*c*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^2*e^4*x + c^3*d*e^4)*integrate(2/3*(2*(b^4*d*x + b^4*c)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^3 - 6*(a*b^3*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b^3*c*d*x + a*b^3*c^2 - a*b^3)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^3 - 9*(a^2*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*b^2*c*d*x + a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b^2)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 - 6*(a^3*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*a^3*b*c*d*x + a^3*b*c^2 - a^3*b)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))/(d^6*e^4*x^6 + 6*c*d^5*e^4*x^5 + (15*c^2 - 1)*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 4*(5*c^3 - c)*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 3*(5*c^4 - 2*c^2)*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 2*(3*c^5 - 2*c^3)*d*e^4*x + (c^6 - c^4)*e^4), x)/(d^4*e^4*x^3 + 3*c*d^3*e^4*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^2*e^4*x + c^3*d*e^4)
```

**3.213.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4}{(dex + ce)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^4/(d*e*x + c*e)^4, x)`

**3.213.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^4,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^4, x)`

### 3.214 $\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5 dx$

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#### 3.214.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 164

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5 dx = & 120ab^4x + \frac{120b^5 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{d} \\
 & + \frac{120b^5(c + dx) \arcsin(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & - \frac{60b^3 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{d} \\
 & - \frac{20b^2(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{d} \\
 & + \frac{5b \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{d} \\
 & + \frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

output `120*a*b^4*x+120*b^5*(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c)/d-20*b^2*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/d+(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^5/d+120*b^5*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d-60*b^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+5*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

**3.214.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{5b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 + (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5 - 20b^2 \left( 3b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 + (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 - 6b^2 \arcsin(c + dx) \right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^5,x]`output `(5*b*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4 + (c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^5 - 20*b^2*(3*b*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3 + (c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4 - 6*b^2*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/d`**3.214.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5302, 5130, 5182, 5130, 5182, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5302}$$

$$\frac{\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5130}$$

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5 - 5b \int \frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5182}$$

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5 - 5b \left( 4b \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d(c + dx) - \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5130

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5 - 5b \left( 4b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - 3b \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5182

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5 - 5b \left( 4b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - 3b \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) d(c + dx) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5 - 5b \left( 4b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 - 3b \left( a(c + dx) + b(c + dx) \arcsin(c + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^5,x]`

output `((c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^5 - 5*b*(-(Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4) + 4*b*((c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3 - 3*b*(-(Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + 2*b*(a*(c + d*x) + b*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + b*(c + d*x)*ArcSin[c + d*x]))))/d`

### 3.214.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5130 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

### 3.214.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 366 vs. 2(158) = 316.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{(dx+c)a^5+b^5 \left( \arcsin(dx+c)^5(dx+c)+5 \arcsin(dx+c)^4 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}-20 \arcsin(dx+c)^3(dx+c)-60 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{(dx+c)a^5+b^5 \left( \arcsin(dx+c)^5(dx+c)+5 \arcsin(dx+c)^4 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}-20 \arcsin(dx+c)^3(dx+c)-60 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right)}{d}$
parts	$x a^5 + \frac{b^5 \left( \arcsin(dx+c)^5(dx+c)+5 \arcsin(dx+c)^4 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}-20 \arcsin(dx+c)^3(dx+c)-60 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2} \right)}{d}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*((d*x+c)*a^5+b^5*(arcsin(d*x+c)^5*(d*x+c)+5*arcsin(d*x+c)^4*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-20*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*(d*x+c)-60*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+120*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+120*(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c))+5*a*b^4*(arcsin(d*x+c)^4*(d*x+c)+4*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-12*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(d*x+c)+24*d*x+24*c-24*arcsin(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+10*a^2*b^3*(arcsin(d*x+c)^3*(d*x+c)+3*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-6*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-6*(d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c))+10*a^3*b^2*(arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(d*x+c)-2*d*x-2*c+2*arcsin(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))+5*a^4*b*((d*x+c)*arcsin(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)))`

### 3.214.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 323 vs. 2(158) = 316.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5 dx = \frac{(b^5 dx + b^5 c) \arcsin(dx + c)^5 + 5(ab^4 dx + ab^4 c) \arcsin(dx + c)^4 + 10((a^2 b^3 - 2b^5) dx + (a^2 b^3 - 2b^5)c) \arcsin(dx + c)^3 + \dots}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $((b^5 d x + b^5 c) \arcsin(d x + c)^5 + 5(a b^4 d x + a b^4 c) \arcsin(d x + c)^4 + 10((a^2 b^3 - 2 b^5) d x + (a^2 b^3 - 2 b^5) c) \arcsin(d x + c)^3 + (a^5 - 20 a^3 b^2 + 120 a b^4) d x + 10((a^3 b^2 - 6 a b^4) d x + (a^3 b^2 - 6 a b^4) c) \arcsin(d x + c)^2 + 5((a^4 b - 12 a^2 b^3 + 24 b^5) d x + (a^4 b - 12 a^2 b^3 + 24 b^5) c) \arcsin(d x + c) + 5(b^5 \arcsin(d x + c))^4 + 4 a b^4 \arcsin(d x + c)^3 + a^4 b - 12 a^2 b^3 + 24 b^5 + 6(a^2 b^3 - 2 b^5) \arcsin(d x + c)^2 + 4(a^3 b^2 - 6 a b^4) \arcsin(d x + c) \sqrt{-d^2 x^2 - 2 c d x - c^2 + 1}) / d$

### 3.214.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 663 vs.  $2(146) = 292$ .

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 663, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.04

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^5 x + \frac{5a^4 b c \arcsin(c + dx)}{d} + 5a^4 b x \arcsin(c + dx) + \frac{5a^4 b \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx - d^2 x^2 + 1}}{d} + \frac{10a^3 b^2 c \arcsin^2(c + dx)}{d} + 10a^3 b^2 x \arcsin^2(c + dx) \\ x(a + b \arcsin(c))^5 \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**5,x)`

```
output Piecewise((a**5*x + 5*a**4*b*c*asin(c + d*x)/d + 5*a**4*b*x*asin(c + d*x)
+ 5*a**4*b*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/d + 10*a**3*b**2*c*asin(c
+ d*x)**2/d + 10*a**3*b**2*x*asin(c + d*x)**2 - 20*a**3*b**2*x + 20*a**3*
b**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)/d + 10*a**2*b**3*
c*asin(c + d*x)**3/d - 60*a**2*b**3*c*asin(c + d*x)/d + 10*a**2*b**3*x*asi
n(c + d*x)**3 - 60*a**2*b**3*x*asin(c + d*x) + 30*a**2*b**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2
*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*x)**2/d - 60*a**2*b**3*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c
*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/d + 5*a*b**4*c*asin(c + d*x)**4/d - 60*a*b**4*c*asin
(c + d*x)**2/d + 5*a*b**4*x*asin(c + d*x)**4 - 60*a*b**4*x*asin(c + d*x)**
2 + 120*a*b**4*x + 20*a*b**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c
+ d*x)**3/d - 120*a*b**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c + d*
x)/d + b**5*c*asin(c + d*x)**5/d - 20*b**5*c*asin(c + d*x)**3/d + 120*b**5
*c*asin(c + d*x)/d + b**5*x*asin(c + d*x)**5 - 20*b**5*x*asin(c + d*x)**3
+ 120*b**5*x*asin(c + d*x) + 5*b**5*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*
asin(c + d*x)**4/d - 60*b**5*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(c
+ d*x)**2/d + 120*b**5*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x - d**2*x**2 + 1)/d, Ne(d, 0)),
(x*(a + b*asin(c))**5, True))
```

### 3.214.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5 dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^5 dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output b^5*x*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^5 + a^5*x + 5
*((d*x + c)*arcsin(d*x + c) + sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1))*a^4*b/d + integrate(
5*(sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))*b^5*d*x*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x
+ c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^4 + (a*b^4*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b^4*c*d*x + a*b^4*c^
2 - a*b^4)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^4 + 2*(a
^2*b^3*d^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*b^3*c*d*x + a^2*b^3*c^2 - a^2*b^3)*arctan2(d*x + c,
sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^3 + 2*(a^3*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^2*
c*d*x + a^3*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b^2)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*
x - c + 1))^2)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 - 1), x)
```



**3.214.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 482 vs.  $2(158) = 316$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 482, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5 dx = & \frac{(dx + c)b^5 \arcsin(dx + c)^5}{d} + \frac{5(dx + c)ab^4 \arcsin(dx + c)^4}{d} \\
 & + \frac{5\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}b^5 \arcsin(dx + c)^4}{d} \\
 & + \frac{10(dx + c)a^2b^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{d} \\
 & - \frac{20(dx + c)b^5 \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{d} \\
 & + \frac{20\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}ab^4 \arcsin(dx + c)^3}{d} \\
 & + \frac{10(dx + c)a^3b^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} \\
 & - \frac{60(dx + c)ab^4 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} \\
 & + \frac{30\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}a^2b^3 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} \\
 & - \frac{60\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}b^5 \arcsin(dx + c)^2}{d} \\
 & + \frac{5(dx + c)a^4b \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\
 & - \frac{60(dx + c)a^2b^3 \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\
 & + \frac{120(dx + c)b^5 \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\
 & + \frac{20\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}a^3b^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} \\
 & - \frac{120\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}ab^4 \arcsin(dx + c)}{d} + \frac{(dx + c)a^5}{d} \\
 & - \frac{20(dx + c)a^3b^2}{d} + \frac{120(dx + c)ab^4}{d} + \frac{5\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}a^4b}{d} \\
 & - \frac{60\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}a^2b^3}{d} + \frac{120\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}b^5}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(d*x + c)*b^5*arcsin(d*x + c)^5/d + 5*(d*x + c)*a*b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4/d + 5*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*b^5*arcsin(d*x + c)^4/d + 10*(d*x + c)*a^2*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d - 20*(d*x + c)*b^5*arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d + 20*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*a*b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^3/d + 10*(d*x + c)*a^3*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d - 60*(d*x + c)*a*b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 30*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*a^2*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d - 60*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*b^5*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/d + 5*(d*x + c)*a^4*b*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 60*(d*x + c)*a^2*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 120*(d*x + c)*b^5*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + 20*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*a^3*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/d - 120*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*a*b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)/d + (d*x + c)*a^5/d - 20*(d*x + c)*a^3*b^2/d + 120*(d*x + c)*a*b^4/d + 5*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*a^4*b/d - 60*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*a^2*b^3/d + 120*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*b^5/d`

### 3.214.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5 dx$$

$$= a^5 x + \frac{10 a^3 b^2 \left( 2 \operatorname{asin}(c + dx) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + (\operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^2 - 2) (c + dx) \right)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{5 a^4 b \left( \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + \operatorname{asin}(c + dx) (c + dx) \right)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{b^5 (c + dx) (\operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^5 - 20 \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^3 + 120 \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{b^5 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (5 \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^4 - 60 \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^2 + 120)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{5 a b^4 (c + dx) (\operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^4 - 12 \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^2 + 24)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{10 a^2 b^3 (3 \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^2 - 6) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{d}$$

$$- \frac{10 a^2 b^3 (6 \operatorname{asin}(c + dx) - \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^3) (c + dx)}{d}$$

$$- \frac{5 a b^4 (24 \operatorname{asin}(c + dx) - 4 \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^3) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{d}$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^5,x)`

output  $a^5x + (10a^3b^2(2\operatorname{asin}(c + dx)(1 - (c + dx)^2)^{1/2} + (\operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^2 - 2)(c + dx)))/d + (5a^4b((1 - (c + dx)^2)^{1/2} + \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)(c + dx)))/d + (b^5(c + dx)(120\operatorname{asin}(c + dx) - 20\operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^3 + \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^5))/d + (b^5(1 - (c + dx)^2)^{1/2}(5\operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^4 - 60\operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^2 + 120))/d + (5ab^4(c + dx)(\operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^4 - 12\operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^2 + 24))/d + (10a^2b^3(3\operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^2 - 6)(1 - (c + dx)^2)^{1/2})/d - (10a^2b^3(6\operatorname{asin}(c + dx) - \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^3)(c + dx))/d - (5ab^4(24\operatorname{asin}(c + dx) - 4\operatorname{asin}(c + dx)^3)(1 - (c + dx)^2)^{1/2})/d$

### 3.215 $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^4}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} dx$

3.215.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1751  
 3.215.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1752  
 3.215.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1752  
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 3.215.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 1754  
 3.215.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1755  
 3.215.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1755  
 3.215.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1755  
 3.215.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1757

#### 3.215.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 213

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \frac{e^4 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{8bd} - \frac{3e^4 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{16bd} + \frac{e^4 \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{16bd} + \frac{e^4 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{8bd} - \frac{3e^4 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{16bd} + \frac{e^4 \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{16bd}$$

```
output 1/8*e^4*Ci((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*cos(a/b)/b/d-3/16*e^4*Ci(3*(a+b*arcsin(d
*x+c))/b)*cos(3*a/b)/b/d+1/16*e^4*Ci(5*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*cos(5*a/b)/b
/d+1/8*e^4*Si((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(a/b)/b/d-3/16*e^4*Si(3*(a+b*arcsi
n(d*x+c))/b)*sin(3*a/b)/b/d+1/16*e^4*Si(5*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(5*a/b
)/b/d
```

### 3.215.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^4 \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right) - 3 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right)\right) + \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(5\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right)\right) \right)}{16bd}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(e^4*(2*Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]] - 3*Cos[(3*a)/b]*CosIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])] + Cos[(5*a)/b]*CosIntegral[5*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + 2*Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]] - 3*Sin[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])] + Sin[(5*a)/b]*SinIntegral[5*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])])/(16*b*d)`

### 3.215.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5146, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{e^4(c+dx)^4}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$e^4 \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5146}$$

$$\frac{e^4 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^4\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{bd}$$

---

3.215.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^4}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 4906 \\
 e^4 \int \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{5a}{b} - \frac{5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{16(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{3 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{16(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} + \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{8(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \\
 \hline
 bd \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 e^4 \left( \frac{1}{8} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) - \frac{3}{16} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{16} \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(e^4*((Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/8 - (3*Cos[(3*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/16 + (Cos[(5*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/16 + (Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/8 - (3*Ssin[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/16 + (Sin[(5*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/16))/b*d)`

### 3.215.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sin[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5146 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*Ssin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Ccos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*Ar
cSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.215.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e^4 \left( \text{Ci}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) + \text{Si}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) + 2 \text{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) + 2 \text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) - 3 \text{Si}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) - 3 \text{Ci}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \right)}{16db}$
default	$\frac{e^4 \left( \text{Ci}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) + \text{Si}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) + 2 \text{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) + 2 \text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) - 3 \text{Si}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) - 3 \text{Ci}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \right)}{16db}$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/16/d*e^4*(Ci(5*arcsin(d*x+c)+5*a/b)*cos(5*a/b)+Si(5*arcsin(d*x+c)+5*a/b)
*sin(5*a/b)+2*Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*sin(a/b)+2*Ci(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*cos(a
/b)-3*Si(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*sin(3*a/b)-3*Ci(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*cos
(3*a/b))/b
```

### 3.215.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^4}{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((d^4*e^4*x^4 + 4*c*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*c^3*d*e^4*
x + c^4*e^4)/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)
```

**3.215.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = e^4 \left( \int \frac{c^4}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{d^4 x^4}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{4cd^3 x^3}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{6c^2 d^2 x^2}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{4c^3 dx}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**4/(a+b*asin(d*x+c)),x)`

output `e**4*(Integral(c**4/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(d**4*x**4/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(4*c*d**3*x**3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(6*c**2*d**2*x**2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(4*c**3*d*x/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x))`

**3.215.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^4}{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^4/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.215.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 419 vs.  $2(201) = 402$ .



Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 419, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \frac{e^4 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^5 \text{Ci}\left(\frac{5a}{b} + 5 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{bd} + \frac{e^4 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^4 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{5a}{b} + 5 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{bd} - \frac{5 e^4 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^3 \text{Ci}\left(\frac{5a}{b} + 5 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{4 bd} - \frac{3 e^4 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^3 \text{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{4 bd} - \frac{3 e^4 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{5a}{b} + 5 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{4 bd} - \frac{3 e^4 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{4 bd} + \frac{5 e^4 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{5a}{b} + 5 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{16 bd} + \frac{9 e^4 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{16 bd} + \frac{e^4 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{8 bd} + \frac{e^4 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{5a}{b} + 5 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{16 bd} + \frac{3 e^4 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{16 bd} + \frac{e^4 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{8 bd}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `e^4*cos(a/b)^5*cos_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) + e^4*cos(a/b)^4*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) - 5/4*e^4*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) - 3/4*e^4*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) - 3/4*e^4*cos(a/b)^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) - 3/4*e^4*cos(a/b)^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) + 5/16*e^4*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) + 9/16*e^4*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) + 1/8*e^4*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) + 1/16*e^4*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) + 3/16*e^4*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) + 1/8*e^4*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d)`

**3.215.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)),x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.216 $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} dx$

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#### 3.216.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{e^3 \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{4bd} + \frac{e^3 \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{8bd} + \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4bd} - \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{8bd}$$

output `1/4*e^3*cos(2*a/b)*Si(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/b/d-1/8*e^3*cos(4*a/b)*Si(4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/b/d-1/4*e^3*Ci(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(2*a/b)/b/d+1/8*e^3*Ci(4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(4*a/b)/b/d`

**3.216.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^3 \left( -2 \operatorname{CosIntegral} \left( 2 \left( \frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx) \right) \right) \sin \left( \frac{2a}{b} \right) + \operatorname{CosIntegral} \left( 4 \left( \frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx) \right) \right) \sin \left( \frac{4a}{b} \right) + 2 \operatorname{CosIntegral} \left( 2 \left( \frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx) \right) \right) \sin \left( \frac{4a}{b} \right) \right)}{8bd}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`output `(e^3*(-2*CosIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]])*Sin[(2*a)/b] + CosIntegral[4*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]])*Sin[(4*a)/b] + 2*Cos[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - Cos[(4*a)/b]*SinIntegral[4*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])])/(8*b*d)`**3.216.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5146, 25, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5304$$

$$\int \frac{e^3(c+dx)^3}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$e^3 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow 5146$$

$$e^3 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))$$

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{bd}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{e^3 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{bd} \\
& \downarrow 4906 \\
& \frac{e^3 \int \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{4a}{b} - \frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{8(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{bd} \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{e^3 \left( -\frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{8} \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{4} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{bd}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(e^3*(-1/4*(CosIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Sin[(2*a)/b]) + (CosIntegral[(4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Sin[(4*a)/b])/8 + (Cos[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/4 - (Cos[(4*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/8))/(b*d)`

### 3.216.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5146 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.216.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{e^3 \left( \text{Si} \left( 4 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{4a}{b} \right) \cos \left( \frac{4a}{b} \right) - \text{Ci} \left( 4 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{4a}{b} \right) \sin \left( \frac{4a}{b} \right) - 2 \text{Si} \left( 2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b} \right) \cos \left( \frac{2a}{b} \right) + 2 \text{Ci} \left( 2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b} \right) \sin \left( \frac{2a}{b} \right) \right)}{8db}$
default	$-\frac{e^3 \left( \text{Si} \left( 4 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{4a}{b} \right) \cos \left( \frac{4a}{b} \right) - \text{Ci} \left( 4 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{4a}{b} \right) \sin \left( \frac{4a}{b} \right) - 2 \text{Si} \left( 2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b} \right) \cos \left( \frac{2a}{b} \right) + 2 \text{Ci} \left( 2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b} \right) \sin \left( \frac{2a}{b} \right) \right)}{8db}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/8/d*e^3*(\text{Si}(4*\arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*\cos(4*a/b)-\text{Ci}(4*\arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*\sin(4*a/b)-2*\text{Si}(2*\arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*\cos(2*a/b)+2*\text{Ci}(2*\arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*\sin(2*a/b))/b$$

### 3.216.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^3}{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*e^3*x + c^3*e^3)/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.216.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = e^3 \left( \int \frac{c^3}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{d^3 x^3}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{3cd^2 x^2}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{3c^2 dx}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**3/(a+b*asin(d*x+c)),x)`

output `e**3*(Integral(c**3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(d**3*x**3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(3*c*d**2*x**2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(3*c**2*d*x/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x))`

**3.216.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^3}{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^3/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.216.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 277 vs.  $2(137) = 274$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^3 \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{4a}{b} + 4 \arcsin(dx + c)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{bd} - \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^4 \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{4a}{b} + 4 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{bd} - \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{4a}{b} + 4 \arcsin(dx + c)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2bd} - \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(dx + c)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2bd} + \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{4a}{b} + 4 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{bd} + \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{2bd} - \frac{e^3 \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{4a}{b} + 4 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{8bd} - \frac{e^3 \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{4bd}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `e^3*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b*d) - e^3*cos(a/b)^4*sin_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) - 1/2*e^3*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b*d) - 1/2*e^3*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b*d) + e^3*cos(a/b)^2*sin_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) + 1/2*e^3*cos(a/b)^2*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) - 1/8*e^3*sin_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) - 1/4*e^3*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d)`



**3.216.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)),x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.217 $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^2}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} dx$

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3.217.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1769
3.217.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1770

#### 3.217.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \frac{e^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{4bd} - \frac{e^2 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4bd} + \frac{e^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{4bd} - \frac{e^2 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4bd}$$

```
output 1/4*e^2*Ci((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*cos(a/b)/b/d-1/4*e^2*Ci(3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*cos(3*a/b)/b/d+1/4*e^2*Si((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(a/b)/b/d-1/4*e^2*Si(3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(3*a/b)/b/d
```

**3.217.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right) - \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right)\right) \right)}{4bd}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`output `(e^2*(Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]] - Cos[(3*a)/b]*CosIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])] + Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]] - Sin[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])])/(4*b*d)`**3.217.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5146, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{e^2(c+dx)^2}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$e^2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5146}$$

$$e^2 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{4906}$$

$$e^2 \int \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))$$

---

 $bd$ 
 $\downarrow$  2009

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{4} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \right) / bd$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(e^2*((Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/4 - (Cos[(3*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/4 + (Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/4 - (Sin[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/4))/(b*d)`

### 3.217.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n * Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5146 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n * Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m * Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m * (a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.217.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{e^2 \left( \text{Ci} \left( 3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b} \right) \cos \left( \frac{3a}{b} \right) + \text{Si} \left( 3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b} \right) \sin \left( \frac{3a}{b} \right) - \text{Si} \left( \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b} \right) \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) - \text{Ci} \left( \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b} \right) \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \right)}{4db}$
default	$-\frac{e^2 \left( \text{Ci} \left( 3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b} \right) \cos \left( \frac{3a}{b} \right) + \text{Si} \left( 3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b} \right) \sin \left( \frac{3a}{b} \right) - \text{Si} \left( \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b} \right) \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) - \text{Ci} \left( \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b} \right) \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \right)}{4db}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4/d*e^2*(Ci(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*cos(3*a/b)+Si(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*sin(3*a/b)-Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*sin(a/b)-Ci(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*cos(a/b)/b`

### 3.217.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^2}{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*e^2*x + c^2*e^2)/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

### 3.217.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = e^2 \left( \int \frac{c^2}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{d^2 x^2}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{2cdx}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**2/(a+b*asin(d*x+c)),x)`

output `e**2*(Integral(c**2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(d**2*x**2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(2*c*d*x/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x))`

---

3.217.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^2}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} dx$

**3.217.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^2}{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^2/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.217.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = & -\frac{e^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^3 \text{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{bd} \\ & - \frac{e^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{bd} \\ & + \frac{3e^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{4bd} \\ & + \frac{e^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{4bd} \\ & + \frac{e^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{4bd} \\ & + \frac{e^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{4bd} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-e^2*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) - e^2*cos(a/b)^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) + 3/4*e^2*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) + 1/4*e^2*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) + 1/4*e^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) + 1/4*e^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d)`

**3.217.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)),x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.218 $\int \frac{ce+dex}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} dx$

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3.218.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1771
3.218.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1772
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3.218.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1776
3.218.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1776

#### 3.218.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{e \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2bd} + \frac{e \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2bd}$$

output `1/2*e*cos(2*a/b)*Si(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/b/d-1/2*e*Ci(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(2*a/b)/b/d`

#### 3.218.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \frac{e(-\operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(c + dx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(c + dx)\right))}{2bd}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(e*(-(CosIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*Sin[(2*a)/b]) + Cos[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcSin[c + d*x]]))/(2*b*d)`



### 3.218.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5146, 25, 4906, 27, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{ce + dex}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{e(c+dx)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & e \int \frac{c+dx}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5146} \\
 & e \int -\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{bd}{bd} e \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & -\frac{bd}{bd} e \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{bd}{2bd} e \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{bd}{2bd} e \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3784}
 \end{aligned}$$



rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n * Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5146 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n * Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m * Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b * ArcSin[c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m * (a + b * ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

**3.218.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{e(\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}) \cos(\frac{2a}{b}) - \text{Ci}(2 \arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}) \sin(\frac{2a}{b}))}{2db}$	60
default	$\frac{e(\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}) \cos(\frac{2a}{b}) - \text{Ci}(2 \arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}) \sin(\frac{2a}{b}))}{2db}$	60

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2/d*e*(Si(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*cos(2*a/b)-Ci(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*sin(2*a/b))/b
```

**3.218.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{dex + ce}{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((d*e*x + c*e)/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)
```

**3.218.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = e \left( \int \frac{c}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{dx}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*asin(d*x+c)),x)
```

```
output e*(Integral(c/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(d*x/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x))
```

**3.218.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{dex + ce}{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.218.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{e \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(dx + c)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{bd} + \frac{e \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{bd} - \frac{e \text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{2bd}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-e*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b*d) + e*cos(a/b)^2*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) - 1/2*e*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d)`

**3.218.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{ce + dex}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.219**       $\int \frac{1}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} dx$

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 3.219.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1777  
 3.219.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1778  
 3.219.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 1780  
 3.219.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 1780  
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 3.219.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1781  
 3.219.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1781  
 3.219.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1781

**3.219.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{bd} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{bd}$$

output `Ci((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*cos(a/b)/b/d+Si((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(a/b)/b/d`

**3.219.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right)}{bd}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-1),x]`

output `(Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]] + Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(b*d)`

**3.219.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$ , Rules used = {5302, 5134, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5134} \\
 & \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right)}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\
 & \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right)}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right)}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right)}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right)}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right)}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3780}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{bd}$$

↓ 3783

$$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{bd}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-1),x]`

output `(Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b] + Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/(b*d)`

### 3.219.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 5134 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n * Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`



rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.], x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d  
Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,  
n}, x]`

### 3.219.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\text{Si}\left(\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) + \frac{\text{Ci}\left(\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{d}}{b}$	52
default	$\frac{\frac{\text{Si}\left(\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) + \frac{\text{Ci}\left(\frac{\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{d}}{b}$	52

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*sin(a/b)/b+Ci(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*cos(a/b)/b)`

### 3.219.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

### 3.219.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.219.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.219.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\ &= \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{bd} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{bd} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d) + sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b*d)`

**3.219.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

$$3.220 \quad \int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} dx$$

3.220.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1782
3.220.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . .	1782
3.220.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . .	1783
3.220.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . .	1784
3.220.5 Fricas [N/A] . . . . .	1784
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3.220.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	1785
3.220.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	1786

### 3.220.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} dx = \frac{\text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x)/e`

### 3.220.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])), x]`

**3.220.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5148}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{1}{e(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 5148

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} d(c + dx)$$

input `Int[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.220.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 5148 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.220.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x)`

output `int(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x)`

### 3.220.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a*d*e*x + a*c*e + (b*d*e*x + b*c*e)*arcsin(d*x + c)), x)`

### 3.220.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{ac+adx+bc \operatorname{asin}(c+dx)+bdx \operatorname{asin}(c+dx)} dx}{e}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*asin(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a*c + a*d*x + b*c*asin(c + d*x) + b*d*x*asin(c + d*x)), x)/e`

### 3.220.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)), x)`

### 3.220.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)), x)`

**3.220.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))),x)`output `int(1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))), x)`

### 3.221 $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} dx$

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3.221.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1792
3.221.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1792

#### 3.221.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 258

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = -\frac{e^4(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} + \frac{e^4 \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{8b^2d} - \frac{9e^4 \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{16b^2d} + \frac{5e^4 \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right)}{16b^2d} - \frac{e^4 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right)}{8b^2d} + \frac{9e^4 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2d} - \frac{5e^4 \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2d}$$

output

```
-1/8*e^4*cos(a/b)*Si((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/b^2/d+9/16*e^4*cos(3*a/b)*Si(3
*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/b^2/d-5/16*e^4*cos(5*a/b)*Si(5*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))
/b)/b^2/d+1/8*e^4*Ci((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(a/b)/b^2/d-9/16*e^4*Ci(3*(
a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(3*a/b)/b^2/d+5/16*e^4*Ci(5*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b
)*sin(5*a/b)/b^2/d-e^4*(d*x+c)^4*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c
))
```



**3.221.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^4 \left( -\frac{16b(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + 16(-3 \operatorname{CosIntegral}(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)) \sin(\frac{a}{b}) + \operatorname{CosIntegral}(3(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx))))}{16b^2 d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{e^4 \left( (-16b(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}) / (a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + dx]) + 16(-3 \operatorname{CosIntegral}[a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + dx]] * \sin[a/b] + \operatorname{CosIntegral}[3(a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + dx])] * \sin[(3a)/b] + 3 \operatorname{Cos}[a/b] * \operatorname{SinIntegral}[a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + dx]] - \operatorname{Cos}[(3a)/b] * \operatorname{SinIntegral}[3(a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + dx])]) + 5(10 \operatorname{CosIntegral}[a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + dx]] * \sin[a/b] - 5 \operatorname{CosIntegral}[3(a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + dx])] * \sin[(3a)/b] + \operatorname{CosIntegral}[5(a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + dx])] * \sin[(5a)/b] - 10 \operatorname{Cos}[a/b] * \operatorname{SinIntegral}[a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + dx]] + 5 \operatorname{Cos}[(3a)/b] * \operatorname{SinIntegral}[3(a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + dx])]) - \operatorname{Cos}[(5a)/b] * \operatorname{SinIntegral}[5(a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + dx])]) \right) / (16b^2 d)$$
**3.221.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5142, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{e^4 (c+dx)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{e^4 \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{5142} \\ & e^4 \left( \frac{\int \left( \frac{5 \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b} - \frac{5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{16(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{9 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{16(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{8(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & e^4 \left( \frac{\frac{1}{8} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) - \frac{9}{16} \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + \frac{5}{16} \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{8} \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(e^4*(-(((c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) + ((CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b]*Sin[a/b])/8 - (9*CosIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/16 + (5*CosIntegral[(5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b]*Sin[(5*a)/b])/16 - (Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/8 + (9*Cos[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/16 - (5*Cos[(5*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/16)/b^2))/d`

### 3.221.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5142 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)^m, x_Symbol] := Simp[x^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Sin[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*Ar
cSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.221.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e^4 \left( 5 \arcsin(dx+c) \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) b + 9 \arcsin(dx+c) \text{Ci}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) b - 5 \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{\dots}$
default	$\frac{e^4 \left( 5 \arcsin(dx+c) \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) b + 9 \arcsin(dx+c) \text{Ci}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) b - 5 \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/16/d*e^4*(5*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(5*a/b)*Si(5*arcsin(d*x+c)+5*a/b)*b+9*arcs
in(d*x+c)*Ci(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*sin(3*a/b)*b-5*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(5*a/b
)*Ci(5*arcsin(d*x+c)+5*a/b)*b+2*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(a/b)*Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/
b)*b-2*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(a/b)*Ci(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*b-9*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(
3*a/b)*Si(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*b+5*cos(5*a/b)*Si(5*arcsin(d*x+c)+5*a/b)*
a+9*Ci(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*sin(3*a/b)*a-5*sin(5*a/b)*Ci(5*arcsin(d*x+c)
+5*a/b)*a+2*cos(a/b)*Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*a-2*sin(a/b)*Ci(arcsin(d*x+c)+a
/b)*a-9*cos(3*a/b)*Si(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*a+cos(5*arcsin(d*x+c))*b-3*co
s(3*arcsin(d*x+c))*b+2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*b)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b^2
```

### 3.221.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^4}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((d^4*e^4*x^4 + 4*c*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*c^3*d*e^4*
x + c^4*e^4)/(b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2), x)
```

## 3.221.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = e^4 \left( \int \frac{c^4}{a^2 + 2ab \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{d^4 x^4}{a^2 + 2ab \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{4cd^3 x^3}{a^2 + 2ab \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{6c^2 d^2 x^2}{a^2 + 2ab \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{4c^3 dx}{a^2 + 2ab \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**4/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `e**4*(Integral(c**4/(a**2 + 2*a*b*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2), x) + Integral(d**4*x**4/(a**2 + 2*a*b*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2), x) + Integral(4*c*d**3*x**3/(a**2 + 2*a*b*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2), x) + Integral(6*c**2*d**2*x**2/(a**2 + 2*a*b*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2), x) + Integral(4*c**3*d*x/(a**2 + 2*a*b*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2), x))`

## 3.221.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^4}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-((d^4*e^4*x^4 + 4*c*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*c^3*d*e^4*x + c^4*e^4)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1) - (b^2*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a*b*d)*integrate((5*d^5*e^4*x^5 + 25*c*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 2*(25*c^2 - 2)*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 2*(25*c^3 - 6*c)*d^2*e^4*x^2 + (25*c^4 - 12*c^2)*d*e^4*x + (5*c^5 - 4*c^3)*e^4)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)/(a*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*x + a*b*c^2 - a*b + (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 - b^2)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))), x)/(b^2*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a*b*d)`

**3.221.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1401 vs. 2(244) = 488.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1401, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.43

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
5*b*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^4*cos_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))
*sin(a/b)/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) - 5*b*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(
a/b)^5*sin_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*
b^2*d) + 5*a*e^4*cos(a/b)^4*cos_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/
b)/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) - 5*a*e^4*cos(a/b)^5*sin_integral(5*a
/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) - 15/4*b*e^4*arc
sin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(
b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) - 9/4*b*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^2*co
s_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*
b^2*d) + 25/4*b*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^3*sin_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcs
in(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + 9/4*b*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)
*cos(a/b)^3*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c)
+ a*b^2*d) - 15/4*a*e^4*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c)
)*sin(a/b)/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) - 9/4*a*e^4*cos(a/b)^2*cos_in
tegral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*
d) + 25/4*a*e^4*cos(a/b)^3*sin_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*
arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + 9/4*a*e^4*cos(a/b)^3*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*a
rcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + 5/16*b*e^4*arcsin(d*x
+ c)*cos_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x +
c) + a*b^2*d) + 9/16*b*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsi...
```

**3.221.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2, x)`

---

3.221.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} dx$

### 3.222 $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} dx$

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#### 3.222.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = -\frac{e^3(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} + \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2b^2d} - \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2b^2d} + \frac{e^3 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2b^2d} - \frac{e^3 \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2b^2d}$$

output `1/2*e^3*Ci(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*cos(2*a/b)/b^2/d-1/2*e^3*Ci(4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*cos(4*a/b)/b^2/d+1/2*e^3*Si(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(2*a/b)/b^2/d-1/2*e^3*Si(4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(4*a/b)/b^2/d-e^3*(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))`

### 3.222.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx =$$

$$e^3 \left( \frac{2b(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - 4 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right)\right) + \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(4\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right)\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{-1/2*(e^3*((2*b*(c + d*x)^3*\sqrt{1 - (c + d*x)^2}))/ (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - 4*\cos[(2*a)/b]*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])] + \cos[(4*a)/b]*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[4*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])] + 3*\log[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]] - 4*\sin[(2*a)/b]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])] + 3*(\cos[(2*a)/b]*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])] - \log[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + \sin[(2*a)/b]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])]) + \sin[(4*a)/b]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[4*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])])}{(b^2*d)}$$

### 3.222.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5142, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{e^3(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$e^3 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5142}$$

$$e^3 \left( \frac{\int \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{4a}{b} - \frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)$$

$d$   
 $\downarrow$  2009

---


$$e^3 \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{b^2} \right) - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}$$

$d$

```
input Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]
```

```
output (e^3*(-(((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) +
((Cos[(2*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/2 - (Cos[(4*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/2 + (Sin[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/2 - (Sin[(4*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/2)/b^2)/d
```

**3.222.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5142 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Sin[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```



**3.222.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e^3 (4 \arcsin(dx+c) \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b}) \cos(\frac{2a}{b}) b - 4 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin(\frac{4a}{b}) \operatorname{Si}(4 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{4a}{b}) b - 4 \arcsin(dx+c) \cos(4a/b) \operatorname{Ci}(4 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{4a}{b}) b + 4 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin(2a/b) \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b}) b + 4 \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b}) \cos(2a/b) a - 4 \sin(4a/b) \operatorname{Si}(4 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{4a}{b}) a - 4 \cos(4a/b) \operatorname{Ci}(4 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{4a}{b}) a + 4 \sin(2a/b) \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b}) a + \sin(4 \arcsin(dx+c)) b - 2 \sin(2 \arcsin(dx+c)) b}{(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^2}$
default	$\frac{e^3 (4 \arcsin(dx+c) \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b}) \cos(\frac{2a}{b}) b - 4 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin(\frac{4a}{b}) \operatorname{Si}(4 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{4a}{b}) b - 4 \arcsin(dx+c) \cos(4a/b) \operatorname{Ci}(4 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{4a}{b}) b + 4 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin(2a/b) \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b}) b + 4 \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b}) \cos(2a/b) a - 4 \sin(4a/b) \operatorname{Si}(4 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{4a}{b}) a - 4 \cos(4a/b) \operatorname{Ci}(4 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{4a}{b}) a + 4 \sin(2a/b) \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b}) a + \sin(4 \arcsin(dx+c)) b - 2 \sin(2 \arcsin(dx+c)) b}{(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^2}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/8/d*e^3*(4*arcsin(d*x+c)*Ci(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*cos(2*a/b)*b-4*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(4*a/b)*Si(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*b-4*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(4*a/b)*Ci(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*b+4*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(2*a/b)*Si(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*b+4*Ci(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*cos(2*a/b)*a-4*sin(4*a/b)*Si(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*a-4*cos(4*a/b)*Ci(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*a+4*sin(2*a/b)*Si(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*a+sin(4*arcsin(d*x+c))*b-2*sin(2*arcsin(d*x+c))*b)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b^2`**3.222.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^3}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*e^3*x + c^3*e^3)/(b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2), x)`

## 3.222.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = e^3 \left( \int \frac{c^3}{a^2 + 2ab \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{d^3 x^3}{a^2 + 2ab \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{3cd^2 x^2}{a^2 + 2ab \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{3c^2 dx}{a^2 + 2ab \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**3/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `e**3*(Integral(c**3/(a**2 + 2*a*b*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2), x) + Integral(d**3*x**3/(a**2 + 2*a*b*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2), x) + Integral(3*c*d**2*x**2/(a**2 + 2*a*b*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2), x) + Integral(3*c**2*d*x/(a**2 + 2*a*b*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2), x))`

## 3.222.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^3}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-((d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*e^3*x + c^3*e^3)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1) - (b^2*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a*b*d)*integrate((4*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 16*c*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*(8*c^2 - 1)*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 2*(8*c^3 - 3*c)*d*e^3*x + (4*c^4 - 3*c^2)*e^3)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)/(a*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*x + a*b*c^2 - a*b + (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 - b^2)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))), x)/(b^2*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a*b*d)`

**3.222.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 928 vs.  $2(180) = 360$ .

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 928, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.88

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-4*b*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^4*cos_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c)
)/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) - 4*b*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^3*s
in(a/b)*sin_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a
*b^2*d) - 4*a*e^3*cos(a/b)^4*cos_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*
d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) - 4*a*e^3*cos(a/b)^3*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(4*
a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + 4*b*e^3*arcsi
n(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsi
n(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + b*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(2*a/
b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + 2*b*e^3*arcsin(
d*x + c)*cos(a/b)*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*
arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + b*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)*sin(a/b)*sin_i
ntegral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + 4*a
*e^3*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x
+ c) + a*b^2*d) + a*e^3*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))
/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + 2*a*e^3*cos(a/b)*sin(a/b)*sin_integra
l(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + a*e^3*cos
(a/b)*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x +
c) + a*b^2*d) + (-d*x + c)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)*b*e^3/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*
x + c) + a*b^2*d) - 1/2*b*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsi
n(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) - 1/2*b*e^3*arcsin(d*x + ...
```

**3.222.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.223 $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.223.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1799
3.223.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1800
3.223.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1800
3.223.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1802
3.223.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1802
3.223.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1803
3.223.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1803
3.223.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1804
3.223.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1805

#### 3.223.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = -\frac{e^2(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} + \frac{e^2 \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4b^2d} - \frac{3e^2 \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{4b^2d} - \frac{e^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{4b^2d} + \frac{3e^2 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4b^2d}$$

output

```
-1/4*e^2*cos(a/b)*Si((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/b^2/d+3/4*e^2*cos(3*a/b)*Si(3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/b^2/d+1/4*e^2*Ci((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(a/b)/b^2/d-3/4*e^2*Ci(3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(3*a/b)/b^2/d-e^2*(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))
```

**3.223.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^2 \left( -\frac{4b(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + \text{CosIntegral} \left( \frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx) \right) \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) - 3 \text{CosIntegral} \left( 3 \left( \frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{4b^2 d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(e^2*((-4*b*(c + d*x)^2*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + CosIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]]*Sin[a/b] - 3*CosIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])]*Sin[(3*a)/b] - Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]] + 3*Cos[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])])/(4*b^2*d)`

**3.223.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5142, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{e^2(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$e^2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5142}$$

$$e^2 \left( \frac{\int \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{3 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)$$

$d$   
 $\downarrow$  2009

$$e^2 \left( \frac{\frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) - \frac{3}{4} \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{4} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) + \frac{3}{4} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{b^2} \right)$$

$d$

```
input Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]
```

```
output (e^2*(-(((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) +
((CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b]*Sin[a/b])/4 - (3*CosIntegral[(3*
(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/4 - (Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b
*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/4 + (3*Cos[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c +
d*x])/b])/4)/b^2))/d
```

**3.223.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5142 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x
^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp
[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Sin[-a/b
+ x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*
x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```



## 3.223.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = e^2 \left( \int \frac{c^2}{a^2 + 2ab \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{d^2 x^2}{a^2 + 2ab \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{2cdx}{a^2 + 2ab \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**2/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `e**2*(Integral(c**2/(a**2 + 2*a*b*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2), x) + Integral(d**2*x**2/(a**2 + 2*a*b*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2), x) + Integral(2*c*d*x/(a**2 + 2*a*b*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2), x))`

## 3.223.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^2}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-((d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*e^2*x + c^2*e^2)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1) - (b^2*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a*b*d)*integrate((3*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 9*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + (9*c^2 - 2)*d*e^2*x + (3*c^3 - 2*c)*e^2)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)/(a*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*x + a*b*c^2 - a*b + (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 - b^2)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))), x))/(b^2*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a*b*d)`



**3.223.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 698 vs.  $2(176) = 352$ .

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 698, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.75

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx \\
 &= -\frac{3be^2 \arcsin(dx + c) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \text{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(dx + c)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d} \\
 &+ \frac{3be^2 \arcsin(dx + c) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^3 \text{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d} \\
 &- \frac{3ae^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \text{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(dx + c)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d} \\
 &+ \frac{3ae^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^3 \text{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d} \\
 &+ \frac{3be^2 \arcsin(dx + c) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(dx + c)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4(b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d)} \\
 &+ \frac{be^2 \arcsin(dx + c) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4(b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d)} \\
 &- \frac{9be^2 \arcsin(dx + c) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{4(b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d)} \\
 &- \frac{be^2 \arcsin(dx + c) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{4(b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d)} \\
 &+ \frac{3ae^2 \text{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(dx + c)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4(b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d)} + \frac{ae^2 \text{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4(b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d)} \\
 &- \frac{9ae^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{4(b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d)} - \frac{ae^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{4(b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d)} \\
 &+ \frac{(-(dx + c)^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} be^2}{b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d} - \frac{\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} be^2}{b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-3*b*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c)
)*sin(a/b)/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + 3*b*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos
(a/b)^3*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a
*b^2*d) - 3*a*e^2*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a
/b)/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + 3*a*e^2*cos(a/b)^3*sin_integral(3*
a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + 3/4*b*e^2*arc
sin(d*x + c)*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*d*arcsi
n(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + 1/4*b*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsi
n(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) - 9/4*b*e^2*arcsin(
d*x + c)*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*
x + c) + a*b^2*d) - 1/4*b*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b +
arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + 3/4*a*e^2*cos_integra
l(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) +
1/4*a*e^2*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x +
c) + a*b^2*d) - 9/4*a*e^2*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c)
)/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) - 1/4*a*e^2*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b
+ arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + (-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)^
(3/2)*b*e^2/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) - sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*b*e
^2/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d)
```

### 3.223.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.224 $\int \frac{ce+dex}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.224.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1806
3.224.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1806
3.224.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1807
3.224.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1809
3.224.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	1810
3.224.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1810
3.224.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1811
3.224.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1811
3.224.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1812

#### 3.224.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = -\frac{e(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} + \frac{e \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right)}{b^2 d} + \frac{e \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right)}{b^2 d}$$

output `e*Ci(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*cos(2*a/b)/b^2/d+e*Si(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(2*a/b)/b^2/d-e*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))`

#### 3.224.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{e\left(-\frac{b(c+dx)\sqrt{1-c^2-2cdx-d^2x^2}}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right)\right)\right)}{b^2 d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $(e^{-((b(c+dx)\sqrt{1-c^2-2cdx-d^2x^2})/(a+b\text{ArcSin}[c+dx]))} + \text{Cos}[(2a)/b]*\text{CosIntegral}[2*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c+dx])] + \text{Sin}[(2a)/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[2*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c+dx])])/(b^2*d)$

### 3.224.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5142, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{ce+dx}{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5304$$

$$\int \frac{e^{(c+dx)}}{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$e \int \frac{c+dx}{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx)$$

$$\downarrow 5142$$

$$e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3784$$

$$e \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))} \right)$$


---


$$d$$

---

3.224.  $\int \frac{ce+dx}{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 25 \\
 e \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 e \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 3780 \\
 e \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 3783 \\
 e \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) \\
 \hline
 d
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(e*(-(((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) + (Cos[(2*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + Sin[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/b^2))/d`

### 3.224.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 5142 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^m*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Sin[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.224.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e(2 \arcsin(dx+c) \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b}) \cos(\frac{2a}{b}) b + 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b}) b + 2 \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b}) b^2}{2d(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))b^2}$
default	$\frac{e(2 \arcsin(dx+c) \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b}) \cos(\frac{2a}{b}) b + 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b}) b + 2 \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{2a}{b}) b^2}{2d(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))b^2}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

---

3.224. 
$$\int \frac{ce+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} dx$$

output  $1/2/d*e*(2*\arcsin(d*x+c)*Ci(2*\arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*\cos(2*a/b)*b+2*\arcsin(d*x+c)*\sin(2*a/b)*Si(2*\arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*b+2*Ci(2*\arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*\cos(2*a/b)*a+2*\sin(2*a/b)*Si(2*\arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*a-\sin(2*\arcsin(d*x+c))*b)/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b^2$

### 3.224.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{dex + ce}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*e*x + c*e)/(b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2), x)`

### 3.224.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = e \left( \int \frac{c}{a^2 + 2ab \operatorname{asin}(c + dx) + b^2 \operatorname{asin}^2(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{dx}{a^2 + 2ab \operatorname{asin}(c + dx) + b^2 \operatorname{asin}^2(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `e*(Integral(c/(a**2 + 2*a*b*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2), x) + Integral(d*x/(a**2 + 2*a*b*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2), x))`

**3.224.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{dex + ce}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-((d*e*x + c*e)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1) - (b^2*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a*b*d)*integrate((2*d^2*e*x^2 + 4*c*d*e*x + (2*c^2 - 1)*e)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)/(a*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*x + a*b*c^2 - a*b + (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 - b^2)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))), x))/(b^2*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a*b*d)`

**3.224.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 341 vs.  $2(102) = 204$ .

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx \\ &= \frac{2be \arcsin(dx + c) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \text{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d} \\ &+ \frac{2be \arcsin(dx + c) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d} \\ &+ \frac{2ae \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \text{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d} \\ &+ \frac{2ae \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d} \\ &- \frac{be \arcsin(dx + c) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d} \\ &- \frac{\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}(dx + c)be}{b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d} - \frac{ae \text{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{b^3d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2d} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`



output `2*b*e*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + 2*b*e*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + 2*a*e*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + 2*a*e*cos(a/b)*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) - b*e*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) - sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*(d*x + c)*b*e/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) - a*e*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d)`

### 3.224.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.225 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} dx$

3.225.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1813
3.225.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1813
3.225.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1814
3.225.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1816
3.225.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	1817
3.225.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1817
3.225.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1817
3.225.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1818
3.225.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1819

#### 3.225.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} + \frac{\text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^2 d} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right)}{b^2 d}$$

output `-cos(a/b)*Si((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/b^2/d+Ci((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(a/b)/b^2/d-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))`

#### 3.225.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{b\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right)}{b^2 d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-2),x]`

output  $(-(b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2})/(a + b\text{ArcSin}[c + dx])) + \text{CosIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + dx]]*\text{Sin}[a/b] - \text{Cos}[a/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + dx]]/(b^2*d)$

### 3.225.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$ , Rules used = {5302, 5132, 5224, 25, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5132} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} d(c + dx)}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{b(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5224} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right)}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{b(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right)}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{b(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right)}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{b(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3784}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.225.  $\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{-\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3780} \\
& \frac{-\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3783} \\
& \frac{-\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-2), x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) - (-(CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b]*Sin[a/b]) + Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/b^2)/d`

### 3.225.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

---

3.225.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} dx$

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 5132 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5224 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

### 3.225.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))b} + \frac{\text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) - \text{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^2}$	82
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))b} + \frac{\text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) - \text{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{d}$	82

3.225.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} dx$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+(Ci(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*sin(a/b)-Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*cos(a/b))/b^2`

### 3.225.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2), x)`

### 3.225.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(-2), x)`

### 3.225.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

```
output ((b^2*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a*b*d)*in
tegrate(sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*(d*x + c)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)/(a*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*
b*c*d*x + a*b*c^2 - a*b + (b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 - b^2)*arct
an2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)), x) - sqrt(d*x + c + 1
)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)/(b^2*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x
- c + 1)) + a*b*d)
```

### 3.225.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs. 2(91) = 182.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \frac{b \arcsin(dx + c) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^3 d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2 d} - \frac{b \arcsin(dx + c) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{b^3 d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2 d} + \frac{a \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^3 d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2 d} - \frac{a \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{b^3 d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2 d} - \frac{\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1} b}{b^3 d \arcsin(dx + c) + ab^2 d}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output b*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*d*arcs
in(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) - b*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arc
sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) + a*cos_integral(a/b + arc
sin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) - a*cos(a/b)*sin_
integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d) - sqrt(-
(dx + c)^2 + 1)*b/(b^3*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*b^2*d)
```

**3.225.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sin(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2, x)`



$$3.226 \quad \int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} dx$$

3.226.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1820
3.226.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . .	1820
3.226.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . .	1821
3.226.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . .	1822
3.226.5 Fracas [N/A] . . . . .	1822
3.226.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . .	1823
3.226.7 Maxima [N/A] . . . . .	1823
3.226.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	1824
3.226.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	1824

### 3.226.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} dx = \frac{\text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x)/e`

### 3.226.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2), x]`

**3.226.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5148}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{1}{e(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 5148

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c + dx)$$

input `Int[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.226.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 5148 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_]*((d_.)*(x_.))^m_., x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.226.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x)`

### 3.226.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a^2*d*e*x + a^2*c*e + (b^2*d*e*x + b^2*c*e)*arcsin(d*x + c))^2 + 2*(a*b*d*e*x + a*b*c*e)*arcsin(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.226.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{1}{a^2c + a^2dx + 2abc \arcsin(c + dx) + 2abd^2x \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2c \arcsin^2(c + dx) + b^2d^2x \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx}{e}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2,x)`output `Integral(1/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x + 2*a*b*c*asin(c + d*x) + 2*a*b*d*x*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*c*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**2*d*x*asin(c + d*x)**2), x)/e`**3.226.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `((a*b*d^2*e*x + a*b*c*d*e + (b^2*d^2*e*x + b^2*c*d*e)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)))*integrate(sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)/(a*b*d^4*e*x^4 + 4*a*b*c*d^3*e*x^3 + (6*a*b*c^2 - a*b)*d^2*e*x^2 + 2*(2*a*b*c^3 - a*b*c)*d*e*x + (a*b*c^4 - a*b*c^2)*e + (b^2*d^4*e*x^4 + 4*b^2*c*d^3*e*x^3 + (6*b^2*c^2 - b^2)*d^2*e*x^2 + 2*(2*b^2*c^3 - b^2*c)*d*e*x + (b^2*c^4 - b^2*c^2)*e)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))), x) - sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)/(a*b*d^2*e*x + a*b*c*d*e + (b^2*d^2*e*x + b^2*c*d*e)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)))`

**3.226.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^2), x)`**3.226.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ce + dex) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2),x)`output `int(1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2), x)`

**3.227**       $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.227.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1825  
 3.227.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1826  
 3.227.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1826  
 3.227.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1830  
 3.227.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 1830  
 3.227.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1831  
 3.227.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 1832  
 3.227.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1832  
 3.227.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1833

**3.227.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 322

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = -\frac{e^4(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{2bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} - \frac{2e^4(c + dx)^3}{b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} + \frac{5e^4(c + dx)^5}{2b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} - \frac{e^4 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{16b^3d} + \frac{27e^4 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{32b^3d} - \frac{25e^4 \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{32b^3d} - \frac{e^4 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{16b^3d} + \frac{27e^4 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{32b^3d} - \frac{25e^4 \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{32b^3d}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2e^{4(d*x+c)^3/b^2/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))+5/2}e^{4(d*x+c)^5/b^2/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))} \\ & -1/16e^{4*Ci((a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*\cos(a/b)/b^3/d+27/32}e^{4*Ci(3*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*\cos(3*a/b)/b^3/d-25/32} \\ & e^{4*Ci(5*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*\cos(5*a/b)/b^3/d-1/16}e^{4*Si((a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*\sin(a/b)/b^3/d+27/32} \\ & e^{4*Si(3*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*\sin(3*a/b)/b^3/d-25/32}e^{4*Si(5*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*\sin(5*a/b)/b^3/d-1/2} \\ & e^{4*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2}/b/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))} \end{aligned}$$

### 3.227.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx$$


---


$$e^4 \left( -\frac{16b^2(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} + \frac{16b(-4(c+dx)^3+5(c+dx)^5)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + 48 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c+dx)\right) - \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + \arcsin(c+dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{SinIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c+dx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{SinIntegral}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + \arcsin(c+dx)\right) \right) - 25 \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c+dx)\right) - 3 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + \arcsin(c+dx)\right) + \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{5a}{b} + \arcsin(c+dx)\right) + 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{SinIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c+dx)\right) - 3 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{SinIntegral}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + \arcsin(c+dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{SinIntegral}\left(\frac{5a}{b} + \arcsin(c+dx)\right) \right) \right) / (32b^3d)$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (e^{4*((-16*b^2*(c + d*x)^4*\sqrt{1 - (c + d*x)^2})/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2} \\ & + (16*b*(-4*(c + d*x)^3 + 5*(c + d*x)^5))/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + 48*( \\ & \operatorname{Cos}[a/b]*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]] - \operatorname{Cos}[(3*a)/b]*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[3*( \\ & a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])] + \operatorname{Sin}[a/b]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]] - \operatorname{Si} \\ & n[(3*a)/b]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[3*(a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])]) - 25*(2*\operatorname{Cos}[a/b]*\operatorname{CosInt} \\ & egral}[a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]] - 3*\operatorname{Cos}[(3*a)/b]*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[3*(a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[ \\ & c + d*x])] + \operatorname{Cos}[(5*a)/b]*\operatorname{CosIntegral}[5*(a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])] + 2*\operatorname{Sin}[a \\ & /b]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x]] - 3*\operatorname{Sin}[(3*a)/b]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[3*(a/b \\ & + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])] + \operatorname{Sin}[(5*a)/b]*\operatorname{SinIntegral}[5*(a/b + \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x])]) \\ & ))/(32*b^3*d) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.227.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5144, 5222, 5146, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.227. 
$$\int \frac{(ce+dex)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
& \int \frac{e^4(c+dx)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{e^4 \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c+dx)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5144} \\
& \frac{e^4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{5 \int \frac{(c+dx)^5}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx)}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^4}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5222} \\
& \frac{e^4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{b} - \frac{5 \left( \frac{5 \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^5}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^4}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5146} \\
& \frac{e^4 \left( - \frac{5 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^4\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{(c+dx)^5}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{2b} + \frac{2 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{(c+dx)^4}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{2b} \right)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4906}
\end{aligned}$$

---

3.227.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$



$$e^4 \left( \frac{5 \int \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{5a}{b} - \frac{5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{16(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{3 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{16(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} + \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{8(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^5}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$e^4 \left( \frac{2 \left( 3 \left( \frac{1}{4} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{4} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(e^4*(-1/2*((c + d*x)^4*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + (2*(-((c + d*x)^3/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) + (3*((Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/4 - (Cos[(3*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/4 + (Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/4 - (Sin[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/4))/b^2))/b - (5*(-((c + d*x)^5/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) + (5*((Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/8 - (3*Cos[(3*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/16 + (Cos[(5*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/16 + (Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/8 - (3*SIN[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/16 + (Sin[(5*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/16))/b^2))/(2*b)))/d`

## 3.227.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sin[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 5144 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (Simp[c*((m + 1)/(b*(n + 1))) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`
- rule 5146 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 5222 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

**3.227.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 719 vs.  $2(304) = 608$ .

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 720, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e^4 \left( 54 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) ab + 54 \arcsin(dx+c) \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) ab - 50 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) ab - 50 \arcsin(dx+c) \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) ab - 4 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b}\right) ab - 4 \arcsin(dx+c) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b}\right) ab + 2 a^2 b (dx+c) - 25 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) b^2 - 25 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) b^2 - 2 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b}\right) b^2 - 2 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b}\right) b^2 + 27 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) b^2 + 27 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) b^2 + 3 \cos\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c)\right) b^2 - \cos\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c)\right) b^2 - 2 \left(1 - (dx+c)^2\right)^{1/2} b^2 + 27 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) a^2 + 27 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) a^2 - 9 \sin\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c)\right) ab + 5 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c)\right) b^2 - 25 \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) a^2 - 25 \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) a^2 + 5 \sin\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c)\right) ab + 2 \arcsin(dx+c) b^2 (dx+c) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b}\right) a^2 - 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b}\right) a^2 - 9 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) b^2 \right)}{(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^3 b^3}$
default	$\frac{e^4 \left( 54 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) ab + 54 \arcsin(dx+c) \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) ab - 50 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) ab - 50 \arcsin(dx+c) \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) ab - 4 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b}\right) ab - 4 \arcsin(dx+c) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b}\right) ab + 2 a^2 b (dx+c) - 25 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) b^2 - 25 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) b^2 - 2 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b}\right) b^2 - 2 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b}\right) b^2 + 27 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) b^2 + 27 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) b^2 + 3 \cos\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c)\right) b^2 - \cos\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c)\right) b^2 - 2 \left(1 - (dx+c)^2\right)^{1/2} b^2 + 27 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) a^2 + 27 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) a^2 - 9 \sin\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c)\right) ab + 5 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c)\right) b^2 - 25 \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) a^2 - 25 \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{5a}{b}\right) a^2 + 5 \sin\left(5 \arcsin(dx+c)\right) ab + 2 \arcsin(dx+c) b^2 (dx+c) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b}\right) a^2 - 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{a}{b}\right) a^2 - 9 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) b^2 \right)}{(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^3 b^3}$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/32/d*e^4*(54*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(3*a/b)*Si(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*a*b+54*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(3*a/b)*Ci(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*a*b-50*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(5*a/b)*Si(5*arcsin(d*x+c)+5*a/b)*a*b-50*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(5*a/b)*Ci(5*arcsin(d*x+c)+5*a/b)*a*b-4*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(a/b)*Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*a*b-4*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(a/b)*Ci(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*a*b+2*a*b*(d*x+c)-25*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(5*a/b)*Si(5*arcsin(d*x+c)+5*a/b)*b^2-25*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(5*a/b)*Ci(5*arcsin(d*x+c)+5*a/b)*b^2-2*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(a/b)*Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*b^2-2*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(a/b)*Ci(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*b^2+27*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(3*a/b)*Si(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*b^2+27*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(3*a/b)*Ci(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*b^2+3*cos(3*arcsin(d*x+c))*b^2-cos(5*arcsin(d*x+c))*b^2-2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*b^2+27*sin(3*a/b)*Si(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*a^2+27*cos(3*a/b)*Ci(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*a^2-9*sin(3*arcsin(d*x+c))*a*b+5*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(5*arcsin(d*x+c))*b^2-25*sin(5*a/b)*Si(5*arcsin(d*x+c)+5*a/b)*a^2-25*cos(5*a/b)*Ci(5*arcsin(d*x+c)+5*a/b)*a^2+5*sin(5*arcsin(d*x+c))*a*b+2*arcsin(d*x+c)*b^2*(d*x+c)-2*sin(a/b)*Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*a^2-2*cos(a/b)*Ci(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*a^2-9*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(3*arcsin(d*x+c))*b^2)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/b^3
```

**3.227.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^4}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

---

3.227.  $\int \frac{(ce+dx)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$

output `integral((d^4*e^4*x^4 + 4*c*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*c^3*d*e^4*x + c^4*e^4)/(b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3), x)`

### 3.227.6 Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx \\ &= e^4 \left( \int \frac{c^4}{a^3 + 3a^2b \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + b^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ & \quad + \int \frac{d^4x^4}{a^3 + 3a^2b \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + b^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad + \int \frac{4cd^3x^3}{a^3 + 3a^2b \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + b^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad + \int \frac{6c^2d^2x^2}{a^3 + 3a^2b \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + b^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \left. + \int \frac{4c^3dx}{a^3 + 3a^2b \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + b^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx)} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**4/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `e**4*(Integral(c**4/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3), x) + Integral(d**4*x**4/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3), x) + Integral(4*c*d**3*x**3/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3), x) + Integral(6*c**2*d**2*x**2/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3), x) + Integral(4*c**3*d*x/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3), x))`

**3.227.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^4}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*(5*a*d^5*e^4*x^5 + 25*a*c*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 2*(25*a*c^2 - 2*a)*d^3*e^4*x^3
+ 2*(25*a*c^3 - 6*a*c)*d^2*e^4*x^2 + (25*a*c^4 - 12*a*c^2)*d*e^4*x + (5*a
*c^5 - 4*a*c^3)*e^4 - (b*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 4*b*c*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 6*b*c^2*d^2*e^4
*x^2 + 4*b*c^3*d*e^4*x + b*c^4*e^4)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1) +
(5*b*d^5*e^4*x^5 + 25*b*c*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 2*(25*b*c^2 - 2*b)*d^3*e^4*x^3 +
2*(25*b*c^3 - 6*b*c)*d^2*e^4*x^2 + (25*b*c^4 - 12*b*c^2)*d*e^4*x + (5*b*c^
5 - 4*b*c^3)*e^4)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) -
2*(b^4*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 2*a*b
^3*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a^2*b^2*d)*i
ntegrate(1/2*(25*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 100*c*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 6*(25*c^2 - 2)*d^2*e^4*
x^2 + 4*(25*c^3 - 6*c)*d*e^4*x + (25*c^4 - 12*c^2)*e^4)/(b^3*arctan2(d*x +
c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a*b^2), x))/(b^4*d*arctan2(d*x
+ c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 2*a*b^3*d*arctan2(d*x + c,
sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a^2*b^2*d)
```

**3.227.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3180 vs. 2(304) = 608.

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3180, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.88

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output -25/2*b^2*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^5*cos_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d
*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d)
- 25/2*b^2*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^4*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(5*a/b +
5*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) +
a^2*b^3*d) - 25*a*b*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^5*cos_integral(5*a/b + 5
*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a
^2*b^3*d) - 25*a*b*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^4*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(5*
a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x +
c) + a^2*b^3*d) + 125/8*b^2*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral
(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*
x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) - 25/2*a^2*e^4*cos(a/b)^5*cos_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsi
n(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3
*d) + 27/8*b^2*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arc
sin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b
^3*d) + 75/8*b^2*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(5*
a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x +
c) + a^2*b^3*d) - 25/2*a^2*e^4*cos(a/b)^4*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(5*a/b + 5
*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a
^2*b^3*d) + 27/8*b^2*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integra
l(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsi...
```

### 3.227.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3} dx$$

```
input int((c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3,x)
```

```
output int((c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3, x)
```

### 3.228 $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$

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#### 3.228.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 249

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = -\frac{e^3(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{2bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} - \frac{3e^3(c + dx)^2}{2b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} + \frac{2e^3(c + dx)^4}{b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} + \frac{e^3 \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2b^3d} - \frac{e^3 \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{b^3d} - \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2b^3d} + \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{b^3d}$$

output

```
-3/2*e^3*(d*x+c)^2/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))+2*e^3*(d*x+c)^4/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))-1/2*e^3*cos(2*a/b)*Si(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/b^3/d+e^3*cos(4*a/b)*Si(4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/b^3/d+1/2*e^3*Ci(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(2*a/b)/b^3/d-e^3*Ci(4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(4*a/b)/b^3/d-1/2*e^3*(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2
```

**3.228.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= e^3 \left( -\frac{b^2(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} + \frac{b(-3(c+dx)^2+4(c+dx)^4)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + \text{CosIntegral}\left(2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right)\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) - 2 \text{CosIntegral}\left[4\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right)\right] \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) - \text{Cos}\left[\frac{2a}{b}\right] \text{SinIntegral}\left[2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right)\right] + 2 \text{Cos}\left[\frac{4a}{b}\right] \text{SinIntegral}\left[4\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right)\right] \right) / (2b^3d)$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`output `(e^3*(-((b^2*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 + (b*(-3*(c + d*x)^2 + 4*(c + d*x)^4))/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + CosIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]])*Sin[(2*a)/b] - 2*CosIntegral[4*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]])*Sin[(4*a)/b] - Cos[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + 2*Cos[(4*a)/b]*SinIntegral[4*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])]))/(2*b^3*d)`**3.228.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5144, 5222, 5146, 25, 4906, 27, 2009, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{e^3(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$e^3 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5144}$$



$$e^3 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}} d(c+dx)}{2b} - \frac{2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(c+dx)^3}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)$$

$d$   
↓ 5222

$$e^3 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{c+dx}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{2b} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^4}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(c+dx)^3}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)$$

$d$   
↓ 5146

$$e^3 \left( - \frac{2 \left( \frac{4 \int - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^4}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{b} + \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \int - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^4}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{b} \right)$$

$d$   
↓ 25

$$e^3 \left( - \frac{2 \left( \frac{4 \int - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^4}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{b} + \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \int - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^4}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{b} \right)$$

$d$   
↓ 4906

$$e^3 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{2b} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{4 \int \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{4a}{b} - \frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{8(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^4}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{b} \right)$$

$d$

3.228.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$

↓ 27

$$e^3 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}}{b^2} \right)}{2b} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{4 \int \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{4a}{b} - \frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{8(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{b^2} \right)}{b} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$e^3 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}}{b^2} \right)}{2b} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{4 \left( -\frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{8} \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{b} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$e^3 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}}{b^2} \right)}{2b} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{4 \left( -\frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{8} \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{b} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 3784

$$e^3 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{-\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}}{b^2} \right)}{2b} \right)$$

↓ 25

---

3.228.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$e^3 \left( \frac{3 \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{2b} \right) - 2 \left( \dots \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$e^3 \left( \frac{3 \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{2b} \right) - 2 \left( \dots \right)$$

↓ 3780

$$e^3 \left( \frac{3 \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{2b} \right) - 2 \left( \frac{4 \left(-\frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Co} \dots \right)}{\dots} \right)$$

↓ 3783

$$e^3 \left( \frac{3 \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{2b} \right) - 2 \left( \frac{4 \left(-\frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{\dots} \right)$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`

```
output (e^3*(-1/2*((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^
2) + (3*(-((c + d*x)^2/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) + -(CosIntegral[(2*(a
+ b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Sin[(2*a)/b]) + Cos[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*(a +
b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/b^2))/(2*b) - (2*(-((c + d*x)^4/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[
c + d*x]))) + (4*(-1/4*(CosIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Sin[(2*
a)/b]) + (CosIntegral[(4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Sin[(4*a)/b])/8 + (Co
s[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/4 - (Cos[(4*a)/b]*S
inIntegral[(4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/8))/b^2))/b)/d
```

### 3.228.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3780 Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinInte
gral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3783 Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosInte
gral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) -
c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3784 Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*
e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*
f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]
&& NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5144 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^m_., x_Symbol] := Simp[x^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5146 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^m_., x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5222 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.228.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 506 vs.  $2(239) = 478$ .

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 507, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{e^3 \left( 16 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(4 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{4a}{b}\right) b^2 - 16 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \text{Si}\left(4 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{4a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) b^2 + 8 \arcsin(dx+c) \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) b^2 \right)}{\left( a + b \arcsin(dx+c) \right)^3}$
default	$-\frac{e^3 \left( 16 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(4 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{4a}{b}\right) b^2 - 16 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \text{Si}\left(4 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{4a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) b^2 + 8 \arcsin(dx+c) \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) b^2 \right)}{\left( a + b \arcsin(dx+c) \right)^3}$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/16/d*e^3*(16*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(4*a/b)*Ci(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*b^2-16*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*Si(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*cos(4*a/b)*b^2+8*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(2*a/b)*Si(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*b^2-8*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(2*a/b)*Ci(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*b^2+32*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(4*a/b)*Ci(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*a*b-32*arcsin(d*x+c)*Si(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*cos(4*a/b)*a*b+16*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(2*a/b)*Si(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*a*b-16*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(2*a/b)*Ci(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*a*b-4*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(4*arcsin(d*x+c))*b^2+4*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(2*arcsin(d*x+c))*b^2+16*sin(4*a/b)*Ci(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*a^2-16*Si(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*cos(4*a/b)*a^2+8*cos(2*a/b)*Si(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*a^2-8*sin(2*a/b)*Ci(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*a^2-4*cos(4*arcsin(d*x+c))*a*b+2*sin(2*arcsin(d*x+c))*b^2+4*cos(2*arcsin(d*x+c))*a*b-sin(4*arcsin(d*x+c))*b^2)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/b^3
```

### 3.228.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^3}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*e^3*x + c^3*e^3)/(b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3), x)
```

## 3.228.6 Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx \\ &= e^3 \left( \int \frac{c^3}{a^3 + 3a^2b \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + b^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ & \quad + \int \frac{d^3 x^3}{a^3 + 3a^2b \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + b^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad + \int \frac{3cd^2 x^2}{a^3 + 3a^2b \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + b^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \left. + \int \frac{3c^2 dx}{a^3 + 3a^2b \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + b^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx)} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**3/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `e**3*(Integral(c**3/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3), x) + Integral(d**3*x**3/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3), x) + Integral(3*c*d**2*x**2/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3), x) + Integral(3*c**2*d*x/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3), x))`

## 3.228.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^3}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{2}(4ad^4e^3x^4 + 16a^2cd^3e^3x^3 + 3(8a^2c^2 - a)d^2e^3x^2 + 2(8a^2c^3 - 3a^2c)d^2e^3x + (4a^2c^4 - 3a^2c^2)e^3 - (bd^3e^3x^3 + 3b^2cd^2e^3x^2 + 3b^2c^2de^3x + b^2c^3e^3)\sqrt{dx + c + 1}\sqrt{-dx - c + 1} + (4bd^4e^3x^4 + 16b^2cd^3e^3x^3 + 3(8b^2c^2 - b)d^2e^3x^2 + 2(8b^2c^3 - 3b^2c)d^2e^3x + (4b^2c^4 - 3b^2c^2)e^3)\arctan_2(dx + c, \sqrt{dx + c + 1}\sqrt{-dx - c + 1}) - 2(b^4d\arctan_2(dx + c, \sqrt{dx + c + 1}\sqrt{-dx - c + 1}))^2 + 2a^2b^3d\arctan_2(dx + c, \sqrt{dx + c + 1}\sqrt{-dx - c + 1}) + a^2b^2d)\int \frac{(8d^3e^3x^3 + 24c^2d^2e^3x^2 + 3(8c^2 - 1)d^2e^3x + (8c^3 - 3c)e^3)}{(b^3\arctan_2(dx + c, \sqrt{dx + c + 1}\sqrt{-dx - c + 1}) + ab^2)} dx / (b^4d\arctan_2(dx + c, \sqrt{dx + c + 1}\sqrt{-dx - c + 1})^2 + 2a^2b^3d\arctan_2(dx + c, \sqrt{dx + c + 1}\sqrt{-dx - c + 1}) + a^2b^2d)$

### 3.228.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2201 vs.  $2(239) = 478$ .

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2201, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.84

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`



output

```
-8*b^2*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x
+ c))*sin(a/b)/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*
b^3*d) + 8*b^2*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^4*sin_integral(4*a/b + 4*arc
sin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b
^3*d) - 16*a*b*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsi
n(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c)
+ a^2*b^3*d) + 16*a*b*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^4*sin_integral(4*a/b +
4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) +
a^2*b^3*d) + 4*b^2*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(4*a/b + 4*a
rcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x +
c) + a^2*b^3*d) - 8*a^2*e^3*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x
+ c))*sin(a/b)/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*
b^3*d) + b^2*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(
d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) +
a^2*b^3*d) - 8*b^2*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^2*sin_integral(4*a/b + 4
*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a
^2*b^3*d) + 8*a^2*e^3*cos(a/b)^4*sin_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(
b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) - b^2*e^3
*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^2*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5
*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) + 8*a*b*e...
```

### 3.228.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3, x)`

### 3.229 $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.229.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1845
3.229.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1846
3.229.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1846
3.229.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1851
3.229.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1852
3.229.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1852
3.229.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1853
3.229.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1853
3.229.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1854

#### 3.229.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 248

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = -\frac{e^2(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{2bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} - \frac{e^2(c + dx)}{b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} + \frac{3e^2(c + dx)^3}{2b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} - \frac{e^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{8b^3d} + \frac{9e^2 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{8b^3d} - \frac{e^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{8b^3d} + \frac{9e^2 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{8b^3d}$$

output  $-e^2*(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))+3/2*e^2*(d*x+c)^3/b^2/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))-1/8*e^2*\text{Ci}((a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*\cos(a/b)/b^3/d+9/8*e^2*\text{Ci}(3*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*\cos(3*a/b)/b^3/d-1/8*e^2*\text{Si}((a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*\sin(a/b)/b^3/d+9/8*e^2*\text{Si}(3*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*\sin(3*a/b)/b^3/d-1/2*e^2*(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^2$

**3.229.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= e^2 \left( -\frac{4b^2(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} + \frac{4b(-2(c+dx)+3(c+dx)^3)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + 8 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c+dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c+dx)\right) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`output `(e^2*((-4*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 + (4*b*(-2*(c + d*x) + 3*(c + d*x)^3))/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + 8*(Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]] + Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + 9*(-(Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + Cos[(3*a)/b]*CosIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])]) - Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]] + Sin[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])]))/(8*b^3*d)`**3.229.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5144, 5222, 5134, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783, 5146, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{e^2(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$e^2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5144}$$

$$e^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{3 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx)}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)$$

$d$   
↓ 5222

$$e^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)$$

$d$   
↓ 5134

$$e^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)$$

$d$   
↓ 3042

$$e^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)$$

$d$   
↓ 3784

$$e^2 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)$$

$d$   
↓ 25

$$e^2 \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)$$

$d$

---

3.229.  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$

↓ 3042

$$e^2 \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx) \right)}{2b} \right)$$


---

$d$

↓ 3780

$$e^2 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx) \right)}{2b} \right)$$


---

$d$

↓ 3783

$$e^2 \left( - \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx) - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{2b} + \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)$$


---

$d$

↓ 5146

$$e^2 \left( - \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{2b} + \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{b^2} \right)$$


---

$d$

↓ 4906

---

3.229.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$e^2 \left( \frac{3 \int \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) + \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{d}$$

↓ 2009

$$e^2 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{3}{4} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{4} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{b} \right)$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(e^2*(-1/2*((c + d*x)^2*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + (-((c + d*x)/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) + (Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b] + Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/b^2)/b - (3*(-((c + d*x)^3/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) + (3*((Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/4 - (Cos[(3*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/4 + (Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/4 - (Sin[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/4))/b^2))/(2*b))/d`

### 3.229.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

$$3.229. \int \frac{(ce+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$$

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n * Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5134 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n * Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b * ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5144 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^m * Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b * ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (Simp[c*((m + 1)/(b*(n + 1))) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b * ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b * ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5146 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n * Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m * Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b * ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5222 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)/Sqrt[(d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.229.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 475 vs.  $2(234) = 468$ .

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 476, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e^2 \left( 9 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) b^2 + 9 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) b^2 - \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{\dots}$
default	$\frac{e^2 \left( 9 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) b^2 + 9 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(3 \arcsin(dx+c) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) b^2 - \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{8} d e^2 (9 \arcsin(d x+c)^2 \cos(3 a / b) \text{Ci}\left(3 \arcsin(d x+c)+\frac{3 a}{b}\right) b^2+9 \arcsin(d x+c)^2 \sin(3 a / b) \text{Si}\left(3 \arcsin(d x+c)+\frac{3 a}{b}\right) b^2-\arcsin(d x+c)^2 \sin(a / b) \text{Si}\left(\arcsin(d x+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b^2-\arcsin(d x+c)^2 \cos(a / b) \text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(d x+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b^2+18 \arcsin(d x+c) \cos(3 a / b) \text{Ci}\left(3 \arcsin(d x+c)+\frac{3 a}{b}\right) a b+18 \arcsin(d x+c) \sin(3 a / b) \text{Si}\left(3 \arcsin(d x+c)+\frac{3 a}{b}\right) a b-2 \arcsin(d x+c) \sin(a / b) \text{Si}\left(\arcsin(d x+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) a b-2 \arcsin(d x+c) \cos(a / b) \text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(d x+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) a b-3 \arcsin(d x+c) \sin\left(3 \arcsin(d x+c)\right) b^2+\arcsin(d x+c) b^2(d x+c)+9 \cos(3 a / b) \text{Ci}\left(3 \arcsin(d x+c)+\frac{3 a}{b}\right) a^2+9 \sin(3 a / b) \text{Si}\left(3 \arcsin(d x+c)+\frac{3 a}{b}\right) a^2-\sin(a / b) \text{Si}\left(\arcsin(d x+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) a^2-\cos(a / b) \text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(d x+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) a^2+\cos\left(3 \arcsin(d x+c)\right) b^2-3 \sin\left(3 \arcsin(d x+c)\right) a b-\left(1-(d x+c)^2\right)^{1 / 2} b^2+a b(d x+c)) / (a+b \arcsin(d x+c))^2 / b^3$$



**3.229.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^2}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*e^2*x + c^2*e^2)/(b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3), x)`

**3.229.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx \\ &= e^2 \left( \int \frac{c^2}{a^3 + 3a^2b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \operatorname{asin}^2(c + dx) + b^3 \operatorname{asin}^3(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \int \frac{d^2x^2}{a^3 + 3a^2b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \operatorname{asin}^2(c + dx) + b^3 \operatorname{asin}^3(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \int \frac{2cdx}{a^3 + 3a^2b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \operatorname{asin}^2(c + dx) + b^3 \operatorname{asin}^3(c + dx)} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**2/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `e**2*(Integral(c**2/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3), x) + Integral(d**2*x**2/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3), x) + Integral(2*c*d*x/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3), x))`

**3.229.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^2}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(3*a*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 9*a*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + (9*a*c^2 - 2*a)*d*e^2*x + (3*a*c^3 - 2*a*c)*e^2 - (b*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*e^2*x + b*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1) + (3*b*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 9*b*c*d^2*e^2*x^2 + (9*b*c^2 - 2*b)*d*e^2*x + (3*b*c^3 - 2*b*c)*e^2)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) - 2*(b^4*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 2*a*b^3*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a^2*b^2*d)*integrate(1/2*(9*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 18*c*d*e^2*x + (9*c^2 - 2)*e^2)/(b^3*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a*b^2), x)/(b^4*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 2*a*b^3*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a^2*b^2*d)`

**3.229.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1641 vs.  $2(234) = 468$ .

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1641, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.62

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

9/2*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x
+ c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) +
9/2*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*
arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^
2*b^3*d) + 9*a*b*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arc
sin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b
^3*d) + 9*a*b*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b +
3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) +
a^2*b^3*d) - 27/8*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(3*a/b +
3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) +
a^2*b^3*d) + 9/2*a^2*e^2*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c
))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) - 1/8
*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b
^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) - 9/8*b^2*
e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^
5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) + 9/2*a^2*e
^2*cos(a/b)^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcs
in(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) - 1/8*b^2*e^2*arcsi
n(d*x + c)^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*
x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) + 3/2*((d*x + c)^2 - ...

```

### 3.229.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3, x)`

### 3.230 $\int \frac{ce+dex}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.230.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1855
3.230.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1856
3.230.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1856
3.230.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1860
3.230.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1861
3.230.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1861
3.230.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1862
3.230.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1862
3.230.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1863

#### 3.230.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = -\frac{e(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{2bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} - \frac{e}{2b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} + \frac{e(c + dx)^2}{b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} + \frac{e \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{b^3d} - \frac{e \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right)}{b^3d}$$

```
output -1/2*e/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))+e*(d*x+c)^2/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))-e*cos(2*a/b)*Si(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/b^3/d+e*Ci(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(2*a/b)/b^3/d-1/2*e*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2
```

**3.230.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{e \left( -\frac{b^2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} + \frac{b(-1+2(c+dx)^2)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + 2 \operatorname{CosIntegral} \left( 2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right) \right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) - 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right)\right) \right)}{2b^3d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`output `(e*(-((b^2*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + (b*(-1 + 2*(c + d*x)^2))/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + 2*CosIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]])*Sin[(2*a)/b] - 2*Cos[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])]))/(2*b^3*d)`**3.230.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5144, 5152, 5222, 5146, 25, 4906, 27, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{e(c+dx)}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$e \int \frac{c+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5144}$$

$$\frac{e \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx)}{2b} - \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)}{d}$$

---

3.230.  $\int \frac{ce+dex}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 5152 \\
 e \left( \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{1}{2b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(c+dx)}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right) \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 5222 \\
 e \left( \frac{\frac{2 \int \frac{c+dx}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}}{b} - \frac{1}{2b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(c+dx)}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right) \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 5146 \\
 e \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{1}{2b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(c+dx)}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right) \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 e \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{1}{2b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(c+dx)}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right) \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 4906 \\
 e \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{1}{2b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(c+dx)}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right) \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{1}{2b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(c+dx)}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right) \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 3042
 \end{array}$$

---

3.230.  $\int \frac{ce+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$e \left( - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{1}{2b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(c+dx)}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)$$

$d$   
↓ 3784

$$e \left( - \frac{-\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{1}{2b^2} \right)$$

$d$   
↓ 25

$$e \left( - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{1}{2b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)$$

$d$   
↓ 3042

$$e \left( - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{1}{2b^2} \right)$$

$d$   
↓ 3780

$$e \left( - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{1}{2b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)$$

$d$   
↓ 3783

$$e \left( - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{1}{2b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)$$

---

3.230.  $\int \frac{ce+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `(e*(-1/2*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) - 1/(2*b^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])) - (-((c + d*x)^2/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) + (-CosIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Sin[(2*a)/b]) + Cos[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/b^2)/b)/d`

### 3.230.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sin[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`



```
rule 5144 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x
^m*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (Simp
[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/sqrt
[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcSi
n[c*x])^(n + 1)/sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[
m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]
```

```
rule 5146 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1
/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a
+ b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5152 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)/sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a
+ b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d
+ e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5222 Int((((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_))/sqrt[(d_)
+ (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[sqrt[1 - c^
2*x^2]/sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n
+ 1)))*Simp[sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*
ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*
d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m
_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.230.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e \left( 4 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(2 \arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right) b^2 - 4 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(2 \arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right) b^2 + 8 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) b \right)}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}$
default	$\frac{e \left( 4 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(2 \arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right) b^2 - 4 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(2 \arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right) b^2 + 8 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) b \right)}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}$

3.230. 
$$\int \frac{ce+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/d*e*(4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(2*a/b)*Ci(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*b^2-4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(2*a/b)*Si(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*b^2+8*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(2*a/b)*Ci(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*a*b-8*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(2*a/b)*Si(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*a*b-2*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(2*arcsin(d*x+c))*b^2+4*sin(2*a/b)*Ci(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*a^2-4*cos(2*a/b)*Si(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*a^2-2*cos(2*arcsin(d*x+c))*a*b-sin(2*arcsin(d*x+c))*b^2)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/b^3`

### 3.230.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{dex + ce}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*e*x + c*e)/(b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3), x)`

### 3.230.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = e \left( \int \frac{c}{a^3 + 3a^2b \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + b^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{dx}{a^3 + 3a^2b \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + b^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `e*(Integral(c/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3), x) + Integral(d*x/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3), x))`

**3.230.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{dex + ce}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*a*d^2*e*x^2 + 4*a*c*d*e*x - (b*d*e*x + b*c*e)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1) + (2*a*c^2 - a)*e + (2*b*d^2*e*x^2 + 4*b*c*d*e*x + (2*b*c^2 - b)*e)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) - 2*(b^4*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 2*a*b^3*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a^2*b^2*d)*integrate((2*(d*e*x + c*e)/(b^3*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a*b^2), x)/(b^4*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 2*a*b^3*d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a^2*b^2*d)`

**3.230.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 888 vs.  $2(151) = 302$ .

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 888, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.66

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*b^2*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))
*sin(a/b)/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d
) - 2*b^2*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^2*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x
+ c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) +
4*a*b*e*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))*
sin(a/b)/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d)
- 4*a*b*e*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^2*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x +
c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) + 2*
a^2*e*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^5*d*arc
sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) + b^2*e*arcsin(d*x
+ c)^2*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 +
2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) - 2*a^2*e*cos(a/b)^2*sin_integral(
2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x
+ c) + a^2*b^3*d) + ((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*b^2*e*arcsin(d*x + c)/(b^5*d*arcsin
(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) + 2*a*b*e*arcsin(d*x
+ c)*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*
a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) - 1/2*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*(d*x + c
)*b^2*e/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d)
+ ((d*x + c)^2 - 1)*a*b*e/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x
+ c) + a^2*b^3*d) + 1/2*b^2*e*arcsin(d*x + c)/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 ...

```

### 3.230.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3, x)`

### 3.231 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$

3.231.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1864
3.231.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1864
3.231.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1865
3.231.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1868
3.231.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1868
3.231.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1869
3.231.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1869
3.231.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1869
3.231.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1871

#### 3.231.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2bd(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} + \frac{c+dx}{2b^2d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{2b^3d} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{2b^3d}$$

```
output 1/2*(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))-1/2*Ci((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*cos(a/b)/b^3/d-1/2*Si((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(a/b)/b^3/d-1/2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2
```

#### 3.231.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx = -\frac{b^2 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{b(c+dx)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c+dx)\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c+dx)\right) - \frac{1}{2b^3d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-3),x]`

output 
$$-1/2*((b^2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^2 - (b*(c + d*x))/(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]) + \text{Cos}[a/b]*\text{CosIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]] + \text{Sin}[a/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]])/(b^3*d)$$

### 3.231.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$ , Rules used = {5302, 5132, 5222, 5134, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5132} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx)}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5222} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{1}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx)}{2b} - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5134} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.231.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3784 \\
 \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}}{2b} \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}}{2b} \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}}{2b} \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 3780 \\
 \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}}{2b} \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 3783 \\
 \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}}{2b} \\
 \hline
 d
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-3), x]`

output `(-1/2*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) - ((c + d*x)/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) + (Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b] + Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/b^2)/(2*b))/d`

## 3.231.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 5132 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`
- rule 5134 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`
- rule 5222 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/Sqrt[(d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`



```
rule 5302 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.], x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d
  Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
n}, x]
```

### 3.231.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{2(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^2 b} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) b + \arcsin(dx+c) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b + \operatorname{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b}{2(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^3 b^3}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{2(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^2 b} - \frac{\arcsin(dx+c) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) b + \arcsin(dx+c) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b + \operatorname{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b}{2(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^3 b^3}$

```
input int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-1/2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/b-1/2*(arcsin(d*x+c)*C
i(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*cos(a/b)*b+arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(a/b)*Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/
b)*b+Ci(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*cos(a/b)*a+sin(a/b)*Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*a-(d*
x+c)*b)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b^3)
```

### 3.231.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(1/(b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*ar
csin(d*x + c) + a^3), x)
```

**3.231.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(-3), x)`

**3.231.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(a*d*x - sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)*b + a*c + (b*d*x + b*c)*  
arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) - 2*(b^4*d*arctan2(  
d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 2*a*b^3*d*arctan2(d*x +  
c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a^2*b^2*d)*integrate(1/2/(b^3*  
arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a*b^2), x))/(b^4*  
d*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 2*a*b^3*d*arc  
tan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + a^2*b^2*d)`

**3.231.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 547 vs.  $2(117) = 234$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 547, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.31

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = -\frac{b^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{2(b^5 d \arcsin(dx + c)^2 + 2ab^4 d \arcsin(dx + c) + a^2 b^3 d)} - \frac{b^2 \arcsin(dx + c)^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{2(b^5 d \arcsin(dx + c)^2 + 2ab^4 d \arcsin(dx + c) + a^2 b^3 d)} - \frac{ab \arcsin(dx + c) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{b^5 d \arcsin(dx + c)^2 + 2ab^4 d \arcsin(dx + c) + a^2 b^3 d} - \frac{ab \arcsin(dx + c) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{b^5 d \arcsin(dx + c)^2 + 2ab^4 d \arcsin(dx + c) + a^2 b^3 d} + \frac{(dx + c)b^2 \arcsin(dx + c)}{2(b^5 d \arcsin(dx + c)^2 + 2ab^4 d \arcsin(dx + c) + a^2 b^3 d)} - \frac{a^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{2(b^5 d \arcsin(dx + c)^2 + 2ab^4 d \arcsin(dx + c) + a^2 b^3 d)} - \frac{a^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(dx + c)\right)}{2(b^5 d \arcsin(dx + c)^2 + 2ab^4 d \arcsin(dx + c) + a^2 b^3 d)} + \frac{(dx + c)ab}{2(b^5 d \arcsin(dx + c)^2 + 2ab^4 d \arcsin(dx + c) + a^2 b^3 d)} - \frac{\sqrt{-(dx + c)^2 + 1}b^2}{2(b^5 d \arcsin(dx + c)^2 + 2ab^4 d \arcsin(dx + c) + a^2 b^3 d)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) - 1/2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) - a*b*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) - a*b*arcsin(d*x + c)*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) + 1/2*(d*x + c)*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) - 1/2*a^2*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) - 1/2*a^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) + 1/2*(d*x + c)*a*b/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d) - 1/2*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*b^2/(b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b^4*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2*b^3*d)`

**3.231.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sin(c + dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3, x)`

$$3.232 \quad \int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$$

3.232.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1872
3.232.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . .	1872
3.232.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . .	1873
3.232.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . .	1874
3.232.5 Fracas [N/A] . . . . .	1874
3.232.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . .	1875
3.232.7 Maxima [N/A] . . . . .	1875
3.232.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	1876
3.232.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	1876

### 3.232.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx = \frac{\text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x)/e`

### 3.232.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3), x]`

**3.232.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5148}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{1}{e(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 5148

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c + dx)$$

input `Int[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.232.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 5148 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_]*((d_.)*(x_.))^m_., x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.232.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x)`

output `int(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x)`

### 3.232.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a^3*d*e*x + a^3*c*e + (b^3*d*e*x + b^3*c*e)*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(a*b^2*d*e*x + a*b^2*c*e)*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(a^2*b*d*e*x + a^2*b*c*e)*arcsin(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.232.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{a^3c + a^3dx + 3a^2bc \arcsin(c + dx) + 3a^2bdx \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2c \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 3ab^2dx \arcsin^2(c + dx) + b^3c \arcsin^3(c + dx) + b^3dx \arcsin^3(c + dx)}{e} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Integral(1/(a**3*c + a**3*d*x + 3*a**2*b*c*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a**2*b*d*x*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*c*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 3*a*b**2*d*x*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*c*asin(c + d*x)**3 + b**3*d*x*asin(c + d*x)**3), x)/e`**3.232.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 196.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 520, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*((b*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1) - b*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) - 2*(a^2*b^2*d^3*e*x^2 + 2*a^2*b^2*c*d^2*e*x + a^2*b^2*c^2*d*e + (b^4*d^3*e*x^2 + 2*b^4*c*d^2*e*x + b^4*c^2*d*e)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b^3*d^3*e*x^2 + 2*a*b^3*c*d^2*e*x + a*b^3*c^2*d*e)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)))*integrate(1/(a*b^2*d^3*e*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*c*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d*e*x + a*b^2*c^3*e + (b^3*d^3*e*x^3 + 3*b^3*c*d^2*e*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^2*d*e*x + b^3*c^3*e)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))), x) - a)/(a^2*b^2*d^3*e*x^2 + 2*a^2*b^2*c*d^2*e*x + a^2*b^2*c^2*d*e + (b^4*d^3*e*x^2 + 2*b^4*c*d^2*e*x + b^4*c^2*d*e)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 2*(a*b^3*d^3*e*x^2 + 2*a*b^3*c*d^2*e*x + a*b^3*c^2*d*e)*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)))`



**3.232.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 7.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^3), x)`**3.232.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ce + dex) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3),x)`output `int(1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3), x)`

### 3.233 $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

3.233.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1877
3.233.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1878
3.233.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1879
3.233.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1882
3.233.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	1883
3.233.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1884
3.233.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . .	1884
3.233.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1885
3.233.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1885

#### 3.233.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 416

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = -\frac{e^4(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{3bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} - \frac{2e^4(c + dx)^3}{3b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}$$

$$+ \frac{5e^4(c + dx)^5}{6b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} - \frac{2e^4(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{b^3d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}$$

$$+ \frac{25e^4(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{6b^3d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}$$

$$- \frac{e^4 \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{48b^4d}$$

$$+ \frac{27e^4 \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{32b^4d}$$

$$- \frac{125e^4 \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right)}{96b^4d}$$

$$+ \frac{e^4 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{48b^4d}$$

$$- \frac{27e^4 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{32b^4d}$$

$$+ \frac{125e^4 \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{96b^4d}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/3e^4(d*x+c)^3/b^2/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^2+5/6e^4(d*x+c)^5/b^2/d/(a+ \\ & b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^2+1/48e^4*\cos(a/b)*\text{Si}((a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/b^4/d-27/32 \\ & *e^4*\cos(3*a/b)*\text{Si}(3*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/b^4/d+125/96e^4*\cos(5*a/b)*\text{Si} \\ & (5*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)/b^4/d-1/48e^4*\text{Ci}((a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*\sin(a/b \\ & )/b^4/d+27/32e^4*\text{Ci}(3*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*\sin(3*a/b)/b^4/d-125/96e^4* \\ & \text{Ci}(5*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*\sin(5*a/b)/b^4/d-1/3e^4*(d*x+c)^4*(1-(d*x+c) \\ & ^2)^{(1/2)}/b/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^3-2e^4*(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^3 \\ & /d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))+25/6e^4*(d*x+c)^4*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^3/d/(a+b*a \\ & rcsin(d*x+c)) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.233.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= e^4 \left( -\frac{32b^3(c+dx)^4\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} + \frac{16b^2(-4(c+dx)^3+5(c+dx)^5)}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} + \frac{16b\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(-12(c+dx)^2+25(c+dx)^4)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + 384(-\text{CosIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + dx]]*\text{Sin}[a/b]) + \text{Cos}[a/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + dx]]) + 544*(3*\text{CosIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + dx]]*\text{Sin}[a/b] - \text{CosIntegral}[3*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + dx]])*\text{Sin}[(3*a)/b] - 3*\text{Cos}[a/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + dx]]) + \text{Cos}[(3*a)/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[3*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + dx]])] - 125*(10*\text{CosIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + dx]]*\text{Sin}[a/b] - 5*\text{CosIntegral}[3*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + dx]])*\text{Sin}[(3*a)/b] + \text{CosIntegral}[5*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + dx]])*\text{Sin}[(5*a)/b] - 10*\text{Cos}[a/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + dx]]) + 5*\text{Cos}[(3*a)/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[3*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + dx]])] - \text{Cos}[(5*a)/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[5*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + dx]])]) \right) / (96*b^4*d)$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (e^4*((-32*b^3*(c + d*x)^4*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^3 \\ & + (16*b^2*(-4*(c + d*x)^3 + 5*(c + d*x)^5))/(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^2 + \\ & (16*b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(-12*(c + d*x)^2 + 25*(c + d*x)^4))/(a + b*\text{Arc} \\ & \text{Sin}[c + d*x]) + 384*(-(\text{CosIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sin}[a/b]) + \text{Cos}[ \\ & a/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]]) + 544*(3*\text{CosIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin} \\ & [c + d*x]]*\text{Sin}[a/b] - \text{CosIntegral}[3*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]])*\text{Sin}[(3*a)/b] \\ & - 3*\text{Cos}[a/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]]) + \text{Cos}[(3*a)/b]*\text{SinIntegral} \\ & [3*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]])] - 125*(10*\text{CosIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]]* \\ & \text{Sin}[a/b] - 5*\text{CosIntegral}[3*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]])*\text{Sin}[(3*a)/b] + \text{CosInte} \\ & \text{gral}[5*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]])*\text{Sin}[(5*a)/b] - 10*\text{Cos}[a/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[a/b \\ & + \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]]) + 5*\text{Cos}[(3*a)/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[3*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]]) \\ & ] - \text{Cos}[(5*a)/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[5*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]])]))/(96*b^4*d) \end{aligned}$$

**3.233.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 483, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5144, 5222, 5142, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{e^4(c+dx)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{e^4 \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5144} \\
 & e^4 \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{5 \int \frac{(c+dx)^5}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^4}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5222} \\
 & e^4 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx)}{2b} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)}{3b} - \frac{5 \left( \frac{5 \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx)}{2b} - \frac{(c+dx)^5}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)}{3b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^4}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5142}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$e^4 \left( \frac{5 \int \left( \frac{5 \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b} - \frac{5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{16(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{9 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{16(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{8(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)$$

2009

$$e^4 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) - \frac{3}{4} \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{4} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) + \frac{3}{4} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{b^2} \right)$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

```
output (e^4*(-1/3*((c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^
3) + (4*(-1/2*(c + d*x)^3/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + (3*(-(((c + d*x)
^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) + ((CosIntegral[(a
+ b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b]*Sin[a/b])/4 - (3*CosIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c +
d*x]))/b]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/4 - (Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/
b])/4 + (3*Cos[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/4)/b^2
))/2*b))/3*b - (5*(-1/2*(c + d*x)^5/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + (5
*(-(((c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) + ((C
osIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b]*Sin[a/b])/8 - (9*CosIntegral[(3*(a +
b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/16 + (5*CosIntegral[(5*(a + b*ArcSin
[c + d*x]))/b]*Sin[(5*a)/b])/16 - (Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c +
d*x])/b])/8 + (9*Cos[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/
16 - (5*Cos[(5*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/16)/b^2)
)/(2*b))/3*b))/d
```

### 3.233.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5142 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*(x_)^m_., x_Symbol] := Simp[x
^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp
[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Sin[-a/b
+ x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*
x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5144 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*(x_)^m_., x_Symbol] := Simp[x
^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (Sim
p[c*((m + 1)/(b*(n + 1))) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt
[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcSi
n[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[
m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]
```

```
rule 5222 Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/Sqrt[(d_)
+ (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^
2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n
+ 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*
ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*
d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.233.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1137 vs.  $2(390) = 780$ .

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1138, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	1138
default	Expression too large to display	1138

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/96/d*e^4*(2*arcsin(d*x+c)*b^3*(d*x+c)-2*cos(5*arcsin(d*x+c))*b^3-4*(1-(d
*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*b^3+6*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(a/b)*Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*a^2*b-6*
arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(a/b)*Ci(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*a^2*b+243*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin
(3*a/b)*Ci(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*a*b^2-243*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*Si(3*arcsin(d*
x+c)+3*a/b)*cos(3*a/b)*a*b^2+243*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(3*a/b)*Ci(3*arcsin(d*x+
c)+3*a/b)*a^2*b-243*arcsin(d*x+c)*Si(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*cos(3*a/b)*a^2
*b+375*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*Si(5*arcsin(d*x+c)+5*a/b)*cos(5*a/b)*a*b^2-375*arcs
in(d*x+c)^2*Ci(5*arcsin(d*x+c)+5*a/b)*sin(5*a/b)*a*b^2+375*arcsin(d*x+c)*S
i(5*arcsin(d*x+c)+5*a/b)*cos(5*a/b)*a^2*b-375*arcsin(d*x+c)*Ci(5*arcsin(d*
x+c)+5*a/b)*sin(5*a/b)*a^2*b+6*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(a/b)*Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a
/b)*a*b^2-6*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(a/b)*Ci(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*a*b^2+6*cos(3*a
rccsin(d*x+c))*b^3+81*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*sin(3*a/b)*Ci(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*
b^3-81*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*Si(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*cos(3*a/b)*b^3-54*arcsin(
d*x+c)*cos(3*arcsin(d*x+c))*a*b^2+125*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*Si(5*arcsin(d*x+c)+5
*a/b)*cos(5*a/b)*b^3-125*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*Ci(5*arcsin(d*x+c)+5*a/b)*sin(5*a
/b)*b^3+50*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(5*arcsin(d*x+c))*a*b^2+2*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*cos(
a/b)*Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*b^3-2*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*sin(a/b)*Ci(arcsin(d*x+c)
+a/b)*b^3+4*arcsin(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*a*b^2-9*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(3*
arcsin(d*x+c))*b^3+81*sin(3*a/b)*Ci(3*arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*a^3-81*Si(3*arc
sin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*cos(3*a/b)*a^3-9*sin(3*arcsin(d*x+c))*a*b^2-27*cos(3*...
```

### 3.233.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^4}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4} dx$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((d^4*e^4*x^4 + 4*c*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*c^3*d*e^4*
x + c^4*e^4)/(b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^
2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4), x)
```



## 3.233.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= e^4 \left( \int \frac{c^4}{a^4 + 4a^3b \arcsin(c + dx) + 6a^2b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 4ab^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx) + b^4 \arcsin^4(c + dx)} dx \right.$$

$$+ \int \frac{d^4 x^4}{a^4 + 4a^3b \arcsin(c + dx) + 6a^2b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 4ab^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx) + b^4 \arcsin^4(c + dx)} dx$$

$$+ \int \frac{4cd^3 x^3}{a^4 + 4a^3b \arcsin(c + dx) + 6a^2b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 4ab^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx) + b^4 \arcsin^4(c + dx)} dx$$

$$+ \int \frac{6c^2 d^2 x^2}{a^4 + 4a^3b \arcsin(c + dx) + 6a^2b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 4ab^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx) + b^4 \arcsin^4(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\left. + \int \frac{4c^3 dx}{a^4 + 4a^3b \arcsin(c + dx) + 6a^2b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 4ab^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx) + b^4 \arcsin^4(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**4/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `e**4*(Integral(c**4/(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x) + 6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3 + b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4), x) + Integral(d**4*x**4/(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x) + 6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3 + b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4), x) + Integral(4*c*d**3*x**3/(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x) + 6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3 + b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4), x) + Integral(6*c**2*d**2*x**2/(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x) + 6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3 + b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4), x) + Integral(4*c**3*d*x/(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x) + 6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3 + b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4), x))`

## 3.233.7 Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Timed out

---

3.233.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

**3.233.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5870 vs.  $2(390) = 780$ .

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5870, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.11

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-125/6*b^3*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos(a/b)^4*cos_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 125/6*b^3*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos(a/b)^5*sin_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) - 125/2*a*b^2*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^4*cos_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 125/2*a*b^2*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^5*sin_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 125/8*b^3*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) - 125/2*a^2*b*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^4*cos_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 27/8*b^3*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) - 625/24*b^3*e^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos(a/b)^3*sin_integral(5*a/b + 5*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*...
```

**3.233.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^4} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4, x)`

---

3.233.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

**3.234**       $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

3.234.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1886  
 3.234.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1887  
 3.234.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1887  
 3.234.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1893  
 3.234.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 1894  
 3.234.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1895  
 3.234.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . . 1895  
 3.234.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1896  
 3.234.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1896

**3.234.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 346

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = -\frac{e^3(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{3bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} - \frac{e^3(c + dx)^2}{2b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2e^3(c + dx)^4}{3b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} - \frac{e^3(c + dx) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{b^3d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}$$

$$+ \frac{8e^3(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{3b^3d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}$$

$$- \frac{e^3 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right)}{3b^4d}$$

$$+ \frac{4e^3 \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right)}{3b^4d}$$

$$- \frac{e^3 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right)}{3b^4d}$$

$$+ \frac{4e^3 \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right)}{3b^4d}$$

output 
$$-1/2*e^3*(d*x+c)^2/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2+2/3*e^3*(d*x+c)^4/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2-1/3*e^3*Ci(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*cos(2*a/b)/b^4/d+4/3*e^3*Ci(4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*cos(4*a/b)/b^4/d-1/3*e^3*Si(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(2*a/b)/b^4/d+4/3*e^3*Si(4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(4*a/b)/b^4/d-1/3*e^3*(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3-e^3*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b^3/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))+8/3*e^3*(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b^3/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))$$

### 3.234.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^3 \left( -\frac{2b^3(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} + \frac{b^2(-3(c+dx)^2+4(c+dx)^4)}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} + \frac{2b\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(-3(c+dx)+8(c+dx)^3)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + 6 \log(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output 
$$(e^3*((-2*b^3*(c + d*x)^3*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3 + (b^2*(-3*(c + d*x)^2 + 4*(c + d*x)^4))/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 + (2*b*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(-3*(c + d*x) + 8*(c + d*x)^3))/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + 6*Log[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + 30*(Cos[(2*a)/b]*CosIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - Log[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + Sin[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])]) + 8*(-4*Cos[(2*a)/b]*CosIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + Cos[(4*a)/b]*CosIntegral[4*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])]) + 3*Log[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]] - 4*Sin[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])]) + Sin[(4*a)/b]*SinIntegral[4*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])]))/(6*b^4*d)$$

### 3.234.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.522$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5144, 5222, 5142, 2009, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.234. 
$$\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{e^3(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{e^3 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} d(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5144} \\
 & \frac{e^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{4 \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^3}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5222} \\
 & e^3 \left( \frac{\frac{\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}}{b} - \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{(c+dx)^4}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)}{3b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^3}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5142}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.234.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$e^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}}{b} \right) - \left( \frac{\int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}}{4} \right) - d$$

2009

$$e^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}}{b} \right) - \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}}{4} \right) - d$$

3042

$$e^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}}{b} \right) - \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}}{4} \right) - d$$

3784

3.234.  $\int \frac{(ce+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$e^3 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$e^3 \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$e^3 \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)$$

↓ 3780

---

3.234.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$e^3 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)$$

↓ 3783

$$e^3 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(e^3*(-1/3*((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3) + (-1/2*(c + d*x)^2/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + (-(((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) + (Cos[(2*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + Sin[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/b^2)/b) - (4*(-1/2*(c + d*x)^4/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + (2*(-(((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) + ((Cos[(2*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/2 - (Cos[(4*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/2 + (Sin[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/2 - (Sin[(4*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/2)/b^2)/b)/(3*b))/d`



## 3.234.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 5142 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Sin[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

```
rule 5144 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x
^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (Simp
[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt
[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcSi
n[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[
m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]
```

```
rule 5222 Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_
+ (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^
2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n
+ 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*
ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*
d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.234.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 782 vs.  $2(324) = 648$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 783, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	783
default	Expression too large to display	783

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/24/d*e^3*(8*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(4*arcsin(d*x+c))*b^3+2*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(2*arcsin(d*x+c))*b^3-2*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(4*arcsin(d*x+c))*b^3+8*cos(2*a/b)*Ci(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*a^3+8*Si(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*sin(2*a/b)*a^3-32*sin(4*a/b)*Si(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*a^3-32*cos(4*a/b)*Ci(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*a^3-4*sin(2*arcsin(d*x+c))*a^2*b+2*cos(2*arcsin(d*x+c))*a*b^2+8*sin(4*arcsin(d*x+c))*a^2*b-2*cos(4*arcsin(d*x+c))*a*b^2-4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(2*arcsin(d*x+c))*b^3+24*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(2*a/b)*Ci(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*a*b^2+24*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*Si(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*sin(2*a/b)*a*b^2-96*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(4*a/b)*Si(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*a*b^2-96*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(4*a/b)*Ci(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*a*b^2+24*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(2*a/b)*Ci(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*a^2*b+24*arcsin(d*x+c)*Si(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*sin(2*a/b)*a^2*b-96*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(4*a/b)*Si(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*a^2*b-96*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(4*a/b)*Ci(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*a^2*b+8*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*cos(2*a/b)*Ci(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*b^3+8*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*Si(2*arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*sin(2*a/b)*b^3-32*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*sin(4*a/b)*Si(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*b^3-32*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*cos(4*a/b)*Ci(4*arcsin(d*x+c)+4*a/b)*b^3-8*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(2*arcsin(d*x+c))*a*b^2+16*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(4*arcsin(d*x+c))*a*b^2-sin(4*arcsin(d*x+c))*b^3+2*sin(2*arcsin(d*x+c))*b^3)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/b^4
```

### 3.234.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^3}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*e^3*x + c^3*e^3)/(b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4), x)`

## 3.234.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= e^3 \left( \int \frac{c^3}{a^4 + 4a^3b \arcsin(c + dx) + 6a^2b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 4ab^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx) + b^4 \arcsin^4(c + dx)} dx \right.$$

$$+ \int \frac{d^3x^3}{a^4 + 4a^3b \arcsin(c + dx) + 6a^2b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 4ab^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx) + b^4 \arcsin^4(c + dx)} dx$$

$$+ \int \frac{3cd^2x^2}{a^4 + 4a^3b \arcsin(c + dx) + 6a^2b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 4ab^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx) + b^4 \arcsin^4(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\left. + \int \frac{3c^2dx}{a^4 + 4a^3b \arcsin(c + dx) + 6a^2b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 4ab^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx) + b^4 \arcsin^4(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**3/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `e**3*(Integral(c**3/(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x) + 6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3 + b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4), x) + Integral(d**3*x**3/(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x) + 6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3 + b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4), x) + Integral(3*c*d**2*x**2/(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x) + 6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3 + b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4), x) + Integral(3*c**2*d*x/(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x) + 6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3 + b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4), x))`

## 3.234.7 Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

**3.234.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4040 vs.  $2(324) = 648$ .

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4040, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.68

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `32/3*b^3*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos(a/b)^4*cos_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 32/3*b^3*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos(a/b)^3*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 32*a*b^2*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^4*cos_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 32*a*b^2*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^3*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) - 32/3*b^3*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 32*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^4*cos_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) - 2/3*b^3*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) - 16/3*b^3*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos(a/b)*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(4*a/b + 4*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + ...`

**3.234.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^4} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4, x)`

---

3.234.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

**3.235**       $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

3.235.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1897  
 3.235.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1898  
 3.235.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1898  
 3.235.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1905  
 3.235.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 1906  
 3.235.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1906  
 3.235.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . . 1907  
 3.235.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1907  
 3.235.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1908

**3.235.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 337

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = -\frac{e^2(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{3bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} - \frac{e^2(c + dx)}{3b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2(c + dx)^3}{2b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{3b^3d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}$$

$$+ \frac{3e^2(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{2b^3d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}$$

$$- \frac{e^2 \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{24b^4d}$$

$$+ \frac{9e^2 \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{8b^4d}$$

$$+ \frac{e^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{24b^4d}$$

$$- \frac{9e^2 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{8b^4d}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/3e^{2(d*x+c)}/b^2/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^2+1/2e^{2(d*x+c)^3}/b^2/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^2+1/24e^{2*cos(a/b)*Si((a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)}/b^4/d-9/8e^{2*cos(3*a/b)*Si(3*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)}/b^4/d-1/24e^{2*Ci((a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(a/b)}/b^4/d+9/8e^{2*Ci(3*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(3*a/b)}/b^4/d \\ & -1/3e^{2(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2}}/b/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^3-1/3e^{2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2}}/b^3/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))+3/2e^{2(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2}}/b^3/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c)) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.235.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^2 \left( -\frac{8b^3(c+dx)^2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} + \frac{4b^2(-2(c+dx)+3(c+dx)^3)}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} + \frac{4b\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(-2+9(c+dx)^2)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + 80(\text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin\right)) \right)}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (e^{2*((-8*b^3*(c + d*x)^2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))^3} \\ & + (4*b^2*(-2*(c + d*x) + 3*(c + d*x)^3))/(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^2 + (4*b \\ & *\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(-2 + 9*(c + d*x)^2))/(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]) + 80* \\ & (\text{CosIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sin}[a/b] - \text{Cos}[a/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[a/b + \\ & \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]]) + 27*(-3*\text{CosIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]]*\text{Sin}[a/b] + \text{C} \\ & \text{osIntegral}[3*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]])*\text{Sin}[(3*a)/b] + 3*\text{Cos}[a/b]*\text{SinIntegra} \\ & \text{l}[a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]] - \text{Cos}[(3*a)/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[3*(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[c + d* \\ & x])])))/(24*b^4*d) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.235.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 360, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.652$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5144, 5222, 5132, 5142, 2009, 5224, 25, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

---

3.235. 
$$\int \frac{(ce+dex)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{e^2(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5144} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^2}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5222} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx)}{2b} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)}{3b} - \frac{3 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx)}{2b} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^2}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5132} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \left( -\frac{3 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx)}{2b} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} + \frac{2 \left( -\frac{\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{2b} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5142}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.235.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$



$$e^2 \left( \frac{\int \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{3 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right) - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} + \dots$$

$d$

↓ 2009

$$e^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} d(c+dx)}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right) - \frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) - \frac{3}{4} \dots \right)}{3b}$$

↓ 5224

$$e^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right) - \frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \dots \right)}{3b}$$

↓ 25

$$e^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right) - \frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \dots \right)}{3b}$$

3.235.  $\int \frac{(ce+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

↓ 3042

$$e^2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)}{3b} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \right)}{3b} \right)$$

↓ 3784

$$e^2 \left( \frac{2 \left( -\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)}{3b} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$e^2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)}{3b} \right)$$

↓ 3042

---

3.235.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$e^2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx) + \frac{\pi}{2}}{b}\right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)}{3b} \right)$$

↓ 3780

$$e^2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx) + \frac{\pi}{2}}{b}\right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)}{3b} \right)$$

↓ 3783

$$e^2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)}{3b} \right) - \frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \right)}{3b}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

```
output (e^2*(-1/3*((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^
3) + (2*(-1/2*(c + d*x)/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + (-Sqrt[1 - (c + d
*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) - (-CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x
])/b]*Sin[a/b]) + Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/b^2)/(2
*b)))/(3*b) - (-1/2*(c + d*x)^3/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + (3*(-(((c
+ d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) + ((CosIntegr
al[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b]*Sin[a/b])/4 - (3*CosIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSi
n[c + d*x])/b]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/4 - (Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c +
d*x])/b])/4 + (3*Cos[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/
4)/b^2))/(2*b))/b)/d
```

### 3.235.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3780 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinInte
gral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3783 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosInte
gral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) -
c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3784 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*
e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*
f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]
&& NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

rule 5132  $\text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcSin}[c \cdot x] \cdot b)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2 x^2] \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{ArcSin}[c \cdot x])^{n+1} / (b \cdot c \cdot (n+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[c / (b \cdot (n+1)) \text{Int}[x \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{ArcSin}[c \cdot x])^{n+1} / \text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2 x^2], x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x$  &&  $\text{LtQ}[n, -1]$

rule 5142  $\text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcSin}[c \cdot x] \cdot b)^n \cdot x^m, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^m \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2 x^2] \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{ArcSin}[c \cdot x])^{n+1} / (b \cdot c \cdot (n+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[1 / (b^2 \cdot c^{m+1} \cdot (n+1)) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[x^{n+1}, \text{Sin}[-a/b + x/b]^{m-1} \cdot (m - (m+1) \cdot \text{Sin}[-a/b + x/b]^2)], x], x], x, a + b \cdot \text{ArcSin}[c \cdot x]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x$  &&  $\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$  &&  $\text{GeQ}[n, -2]$  &&  $\text{LtQ}[n, -1]$

rule 5144  $\text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcSin}[c \cdot x] \cdot b)^n \cdot x^m, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^m \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2 x^2] \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{ArcSin}[c \cdot x])^{n+1} / (b \cdot c \cdot (n+1)), x] + (\text{Simp}[c \cdot (m+1) / (b \cdot (n+1)) \text{Int}[x^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{ArcSin}[c \cdot x])^{n+1} / \text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2 x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[m / (b \cdot c \cdot (n+1)) \text{Int}[x^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{ArcSin}[c \cdot x])^{n+1} / \text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2 x^2], x], x]) /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x$  &&  $\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$  &&  $\text{LtQ}[n, -2]$

rule 5222  $\text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcSin}[c \cdot x] \cdot b)^n \cdot (f \cdot x)^m / \text{Sqrt}[d + (e \cdot x)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(f \cdot x)^m / (b \cdot c \cdot (n+1)) \cdot \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2 x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[d + e \cdot x^2] \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{ArcSin}[c \cdot x])^{n+1}, x] - \text{Simp}[f \cdot m / (b \cdot c \cdot (n+1)) \cdot \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2 x^2] / \text{Sqrt}[d + e \cdot x^2] \text{Int}[(f \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{ArcSin}[c \cdot x])^{n+1}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x$  &&  $\text{EqQ}[c^2 \cdot d + e, 0]$  &&  $\text{LtQ}[n, -1]$

rule 5224  $\text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcSin}[c \cdot x] \cdot b)^n \cdot x^m \cdot (d + (e \cdot x)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (b \cdot c^{m+1})) \cdot \text{Simp}[(d + e \cdot x^2)^p / (1 - c^2 x^2)^p] \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n \cdot \text{Sin}[-a/b + x/b]^m \cdot \text{Cos}[-a/b + x/b]^{2p+1}, x], x, a + b \cdot \text{ArcSin}[c \cdot x]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x$  &&  $\text{EqQ}[c^2 \cdot d + e, 0]$  &&  $\text{IGtQ}[2p + 2, 0]$  &&  $\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 5304  $\text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcSin}[c] + d \cdot x) \cdot (e + f \cdot x)^m, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/d \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(d \cdot e - c \cdot f) / d + f \cdot (x/d)]^m \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{ArcSin}[x])^n, x], x, c + d \cdot x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x]$

**3.235.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 752 vs.  $2(313) = 626$ .

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 753, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{e^2 \left( \arcsin(dx+c)b^3(dx+c)-2\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}b^3+3\arcsin(dx+c)\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right)a^2b-3\arcsin(dx+c)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\dots}$
default	$\frac{e^2 \left( \arcsin(dx+c)b^3(dx+c)-2\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}b^3+3\arcsin(dx+c)\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right)a^2b-3\arcsin(dx+c)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\dots}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/24/d*e^2*(\arcsin(d*x+c)*b^3*(d*x+c)-2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}*b^3+3*\arcsin(d \\ & *x+c)*\cos(a/b)*\text{Si}(\arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*a^2*b-3*\arcsin(d*x+c)*\sin(a/b)*\text{Ci}(\arcsin \\ & (d*x+c)+a/b)*a^2*b+81*\arcsin(d*x+c)^2*\sin(3*a/b)*\text{Ci}(3*\arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a \\ & /b)*a*b^2-81*\arcsin(d*x+c)^2*\text{Si}(3*\arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*\cos(3*a/b)*a*b^2+81 \\ & *\arcsin(d*x+c)*\sin(3*a/b)*\text{Ci}(3*\arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*a^2*b-81*\arcsin(d*x+c) \\ & *\text{Si}(3*\arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*\cos(3*a/b)*a^2*b+3*\arcsin(d*x+c)^2*\cos(a/b)*\text{Si} \\ & (\arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*a*b^2-3*\arcsin(d*x+c)^2*\sin(a/b)*\text{Ci}(\arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)* \\ & a*b^2+2*\cos(3*\arcsin(d*x+c))*b^3+27*\arcsin(d*x+c)^3*\sin(3*a/b)*\text{Ci}(3*\arcsin \\ & (d*x+c)+3*a/b)*b^3-27*\arcsin(d*x+c)^3*\text{Si}(3*\arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*\cos(3*a/b) \\ & *b^3-18*\arcsin(d*x+c)*\cos(3*\arcsin(d*x+c))*a*b^2+\arcsin(d*x+c)^3*\cos(a/b)* \\ & \text{Si}(\arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*b^3-\arcsin(d*x+c)^3*\sin(a/b)*\text{Ci}(\arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*b \\ & ^3+2*\arcsin(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a*b^2-3*\arcsin(d*x+c)*\sin(3*\arcsin \\ & (d*x+c))*b^3+27*\sin(3*a/b)*\text{Ci}(3*\arcsin(d*x+c)+3*a/b)*a^3-27*\text{Si}(3*\arcsin(d*x \\ & +c)+3*a/b)*\cos(3*a/b)*a^3-3*\sin(3*\arcsin(d*x+c))*a*b^2-9*\cos(3*\arcsin(d*x+ \\ & c))*a^2*b+a*b^2*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}*a^2*b+\cos(a/b)*\text{Si}(\arcsin(d*x+c) \\ & +a/b)*a^3-\sin(a/b)*\text{Ci}(\arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*a^3+\arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2) \\ & ^{(1/2)}*b^3-9*\arcsin(d*x+c)^2*\cos(3*\arcsin(d*x+c))*b^3/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c) \\ & )^3/b^4 \end{aligned}$$

**3.235.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^2}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*e^2*x + c^2*e^2)/(b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4), x)`

**3.235.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx \\ &= e^2 \left( \int \frac{c^2}{a^4 + 4a^3b \arcsin(c + dx) + 6a^2b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 4ab^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx) + b^4 \arcsin^4(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ & \quad + \int \frac{d^2x^2}{a^4 + 4a^3b \arcsin(c + dx) + 6a^2b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 4ab^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx) + b^4 \arcsin^4(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \left. + \int \frac{2cdx}{a^4 + 4a^3b \arcsin(c + dx) + 6a^2b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 4ab^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx) + b^4 \arcsin^4(c + dx)} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**2/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `e**2*(Integral(c**2/(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x) + 6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3 + b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4), x) + Integral(d**2*x**2/(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x) + 6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3 + b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4), x) + Integral(2*c*d*x/(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x) + 6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3 + b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4), x))`

**3.235.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.235.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3109 vs. 2(313) = 626.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3109, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.23

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 9/2*b^3*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x
+ c))*sin(a/b)/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3
*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) - 9/2*b^3*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*co
s(a/b)^3*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3
+ 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) +
27/2*a*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin
(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2
+ 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) - 27/2*a*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x +
c)^2*cos(a/b)^3*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x
+ c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b
^4*d) - 9/8*b^3*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x +
c))*sin(a/b)/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a
^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 27/2*a^2*b*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(
a/b)^2*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x
+ c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b
^4*d) - 1/24*b^3*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))
*sin(a/b)/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b
^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 27/8*b^3*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos(a/b
)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b
^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) - 27/...
```

---

3.235.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$



**3.235.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \sin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4,x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4, x)`

### 3.236 $\int \frac{ce+dex}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

3.236.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1909
3.236.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1910
3.236.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1910
3.236.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1915
3.236.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	1915
3.236.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1916
3.236.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . .	1916
3.236.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1916
3.236.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1917

#### 3.236.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 208

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = -\frac{e(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{3bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3} - \frac{e}{6b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} + \frac{e(c + dx)^2}{3b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2} + \frac{2e(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{3b^3d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))} - \frac{2e \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{3b^4d} - \frac{2e \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{3b^4d}$$

```
output -1/6*e/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2+1/3*e*(d*x+c)^2/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2-2/3*e*cos(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*cos(2*a/b)/b^4/d-2/3*e*Si(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(2*a/b)/b^4/d-1/3*e*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3+2/3*e*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b^3/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))
```

### 3.236.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{e \left( -\frac{2b^3(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} + \frac{b^2(-1+2(c+dx)^2)}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} + \frac{4b(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - 4 \log(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - 4 \left( \cos \left( \frac{2a}{b} \right) \operatorname{Ci} \left( \frac{2a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx) \right) + \sin \left( \frac{2a}{b} \right) \operatorname{Si} \left( \frac{2a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{6b^4}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(e*((-2*b^3*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3 + (b^2*(-1 + 2*(c + d*x)^2))/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 + (4*b*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - 4*Log[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]] - 4*(Cos[(2*a)/b]*CosIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])] - Log[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + Sin[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x])]))/(6*b^4*d)`

### 3.236.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5144, 5152, 5222, 5142, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{e(c+dx)}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$e \int \frac{c+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5144}$$

$$e \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} \right)$$

$d$   
↓ 5152

$$e \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{1}{6b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} \right)$$

$d$   
↓ 5222

$$e \left( -\frac{2 \left( \int \frac{c+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx) - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)}{3b} - \frac{1}{6b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} \right)$$

$d$   
↓ 5142

$$e \left( -\frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)}{3b} - \frac{1}{6b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 3042

$$e \left( -\frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)}{3b} - \frac{1}{6b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 3784

$$e \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}}{b^2} \right)}{3b} - \frac{d}{2b(a+}$$

↓ 25

$$e \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}}{b^2} \right)}{3b} - \frac{d}{2b(a+}$$

↓ 3042

$$e \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}}{b^2} \right)}{3b} - \frac{d}{2b(a+}$$

↓ 3780

$$e \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}}{b^2} \right)}{3b} - \frac{d}{2b(a+}$$

↓ 3783

$$e^{-\frac{2 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \right)}{3b} - \frac{1}{6b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `(e*(-1/3*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3) - 1/(6*b^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) - (2*(-1/2*(c + d*x)^2/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + (-(((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) + (Cos[(2*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + Sin[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/b^2)/b)/(3*b)))/d`

### 3.236.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 5142 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Sin[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5144 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (Simp[c*((m + 1)/(b*(n + 1))) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)/Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5222 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

**3.236.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 398 vs.  $2(192) = 384$ .

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{e\left(4\arcsin(dx+c)^3\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{Ci}\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)b^3+4\arcsin(dx+c)^3\text{Si}\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)b^3+12\arcsin(dx+c)^2\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{Ci}\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)a*b^2+12\arcsin(dx+c)^2\text{Si}\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)a*b^2-2\arcsin(dx+c)^2\sin\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)\right)*b^3+12\arcsin(dx+c)*\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{Ci}\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)a^2*b+12\arcsin(dx+c)*\text{Si}\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)a^2*b+\arcsin(dx+c)*\cos\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)\right)*b^3-4\arcsin(dx+c)*\sin\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)\right)*a*b^2+4*\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)*\text{Ci}\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)a^3+4*\text{Si}\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)a^3+\cos\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)\right)*a*b^2-2*\sin\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)\right)*a^2*b+\sin\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)\right)*b^3}{(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^3/b^4}$
default	$-\frac{e\left(4\arcsin(dx+c)^3\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{Ci}\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)b^3+4\arcsin(dx+c)^3\text{Si}\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)b^3+12\arcsin(dx+c)^2\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{Ci}\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)a*b^2+12\arcsin(dx+c)^2\text{Si}\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)a*b^2-2\arcsin(dx+c)^2\sin\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)\right)*b^3+12\arcsin(dx+c)*\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{Ci}\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)a^2*b+12\arcsin(dx+c)*\text{Si}\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)a^2*b+\arcsin(dx+c)*\cos\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)\right)*b^3-4\arcsin(dx+c)*\sin\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)\right)*a*b^2+4*\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)*\text{Ci}\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)a^3+4*\text{Si}\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)a^3+\cos\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)\right)*a*b^2-2*\sin\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)\right)*a^2*b+\sin\left(2\arcsin(dx+c)\right)*b^3}{(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^3/b^4}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/6/d*e*(4*\arcsin(d*x+c)^3*\cos(2*a/b)*\text{Ci}(2*\arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*b^3+4*\arcsin(d*x+c)^3*\text{Si}(2*\arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*\sin(2*a/b)*b^3+12*\arcsin(d*x+c)^2*\cos(2*a/b)*\text{Ci}(2*\arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*a*b^2+12*\arcsin(d*x+c)^2*\text{Si}(2*\arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*\sin(2*a/b)*a*b^2-2*\arcsin(d*x+c)^2*\sin(2*\arcsin(d*x+c))*b^3+12*\arcsin(d*x+c)*\cos(2*a/b)*\text{Ci}(2*\arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*a^2*b+12*\arcsin(d*x+c)*\text{Si}(2*\arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*\sin(2*a/b)*a^2*b+\arcsin(d*x+c)*\cos(2*\arcsin(d*x+c))*b^3-4*\arcsin(d*x+c)*\sin(2*\arcsin(d*x+c))*a*b^2+4*\cos(2*a/b)*\text{Ci}(2*\arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*a^3+4*\text{Si}(2*\arcsin(d*x+c)+2*a/b)*\sin(2*a/b)*a^3+\cos(2*\arcsin(d*x+c))*a*b^2-2*\sin(2*\arcsin(d*x+c))*a^2*b+\sin(2*\arcsin(d*x+c))*b^3)/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^3/b^4$$

**3.236.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{dex + ce}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*e*x + c*e)/(b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4), x)`



**3.236.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= e \left( \int \frac{c}{a^4 + 4a^3b \arcsin(c + dx) + 6a^2b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 4ab^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx) + b^4 \arcsin^4(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{dx}{a^4 + 4a^3b \arcsin(c + dx) + 6a^2b^2 \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 4ab^3 \arcsin^3(c + dx) + b^4 \arcsin^4(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `e*(Integral(c/(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x) + 6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3 + b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4), x) + Integral(d*x/(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*asin(c + d*x) + 6*a**2*b**2*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 4*a*b**3*asin(c + d*x)**3 + b**4*asin(c + d*x)**4), x))`

**3.236.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

**3.236.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1665 vs.  $2(192) = 384$ .

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1665, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.00

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-4/3*b^3*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) - 4/3*b^3*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos(a/b)*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) - 4*a*b^2*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) - 4*a*b^2*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 2/3*b^3*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) - 4*a^2*b*e*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) - 4*a^2*b*e*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos(a/b)*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 2/3*sqrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*(d*x + c)*b^3*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 2*a*b^2*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arcsi...`

### 3.236.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^4} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4, x)`

### 3.237 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

3.237.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1918
3.237.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1919
3.237.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1919
3.237.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1923
3.237.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	1923
3.237.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1924
3.237.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . .	1924
3.237.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1924
3.237.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1925

#### 3.237.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 164

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3bd(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} + \frac{c+dx}{6b^2d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{6b^3d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}$$

$$- \frac{\text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{6b^4d}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{6b^4d}$$

```
output 1/6*(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2+1/6*cos(a/b)*Si((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)
)/b)/b^4/d-1/6*Ci((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*sin(a/b)/b^4/d-1/3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^
(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3+1/6*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b^3/d/(a+b*arcsin(
d*x+c))
```

### 3.237.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2b^3 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} + \frac{b^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} + \frac{b\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(c + dx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{6b^4d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-4),x]`

output `((-2*b^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3 + (b^2*(c + d*x))/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 + (b*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - CosIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]]*Sin[a/b] + Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(6*b^4*d)`

### 3.237.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {5302, 5132, 5222, 5132, 5224, 25, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5302}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5132}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5222}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx)}{2b} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}$$

$$\downarrow$$

---

3.237.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 5132 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} d(c+dx)}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 5224 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 3784 \\
 \frac{-\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 3042
 \end{array}$$

---

3.237.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

$$\frac{\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx) + \frac{\pi}{2}}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}}{3b} \quad d$$

↓ 3780

$$\frac{\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx) + \frac{\pi}{2}}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}}{3b} \quad d$$

↓ 3783

$$\frac{\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{c+dx}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}}{3b} \quad d$$

```
input Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-4), x]
```

```
output (-1/3*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3) - (-1/2*(c + d*x)/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) + (-sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) - (-cosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b]*sin[a/b]) + cos[a/b]*sinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/b^2)/(2*b))/(3*b))/d
```

**3.237.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3780 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

---

3.237.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 5132 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5222 `Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5224 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_)*((d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

**3.237.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{3(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^3 b} + \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b^2 - \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b^2 + 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b - 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b}{3(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^3 b}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{3(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^3 b} + \frac{\arcsin(dx+c)^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b^2 - \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b^2 + 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b - 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b}{3(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^3 b}$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{d} \left( -\frac{1}{3} (1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)} / (a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^3 / b + \frac{1}{6} * (\arcsin(d*x+c)^2 * \cos(a/b) * \text{Si}(\arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b) * b^2 - \arcsin(d*x+c)^2 * \sin(a/b) * \text{Ci}(\arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b) * b^2 + 2 * \arcsin(d*x+c) * \cos(a/b) * \text{Si}(\arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b) * a * b - 2 * \arcsin(d*x+c) * \sin(a/b) * \text{Ci}(\arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b) * a * b + (1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)} * \arcsin(d*x+c) * b^2 + \cos(a/b) * \text{Si}(\arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b) * a^2 - \sin(a/b) * \text{Ci}(\arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b) * a^2 + (1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)} * a * b + (d*x+c) * b^2) / (a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^2 / b^4 \right)$$

**3.237.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx+c)+a)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4), x)`



**3.237.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(-4), x)`

**3.237.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

**3.237.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1112 vs.  $2(150) = 300$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1112, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.78

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/6*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b
^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(
d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 1/6*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(a/
b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^
2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) - 1/2*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2
*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3
*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 1/
2*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^
7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d
*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) - 1/2*a^2*b*arcsin(d*x + c)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin
(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2
+ 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 1/2*a^2*b*arcsin(d*x + c)*co
s(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*
b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 1/6*s
qrt(-(d*x + c)^2 + 1)*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a
*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 1/6*
(d*x + c)*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*arcsin(
d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) - 1/6*a^3*cos_integr
al(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))*sin(a/b)/(b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^6*d*ar
csin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3*b^4*d) + 1/6*a^3*co...
```

### 3.237.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^4} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4,x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4, x)`

**3.238**  $\int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

3.238.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1926  
 3.238.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . . 1926  
 3.238.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . . 1927  
 3.238.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . . 1928  
 3.238.5 Fracas [N/A] . . . . . 1928  
 3.238.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . . 1929  
 3.238.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . . 1929  
 3.238.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . . 1929  
 3.238.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . . 1930

**3.238.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \frac{\text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x)/e`

**3.238.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 15.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4), x]`

**3.238.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5148}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{1}{e(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 5148

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} d(c + dx)$$

input `Int[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.238.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 5148 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_]*((d_.)*(x_.))^m_., x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.238.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^4} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x)`

output `int(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x)`

### 3.238.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.26

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a^4*d*e*x + a^4*c*e + (b^4*d*e*x + b^4*c*e)*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*(a*b^3*d*e*x + a*b^3*c*e)*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*(a^2*b^2*d*e*x + a^2*b^2*c*e)*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*(a^3*b*d*e*x + a^3*b*c*e)*arcsin(d*x + c)), x)`

**3.238.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 7.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.57

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{e \sqrt{a^4c + a^4dx + 4a^3bc \arcsin(c + dx) + 4a^3bdx \arcsin(c + dx) + 6a^2b^2c \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 6a^2b^2dx \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 4ab^3c \arcsin^3(c + dx) + 4ab^3dx \arcsin^3(c + dx) + b^4c \arcsin^4(c + dx) + b^4dx \arcsin^4(c + dx)}}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4,x)`output `Integral(1/(a**4*c + a**4*d*x + 4*a**3*b*c*asin(c + d*x) + 4*a**3*b*d*x*asin(c + d*x) + 6*a**2*b**2*c*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 6*a**2*b**2*d*x*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 4*a*b**3*c*asin(c + d*x)**3 + 4*a*b**3*d*x*asin(c + d*x)**3 + b**4*c*asin(c + d*x)**4 + b**4*d*x*asin(c + d*x)**4), x)/e`**3.238.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Timed out`**3.238.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 21.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^4), x)`

---

3.238.  $\int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} dx$

**3.238.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ce + dex) (a + b \sin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4),x)`output `int(1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4), x)`

### 3.239 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^5} dx$

3.239.1 Optimal result . . . . . 1931  
 3.239.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 1932  
 3.239.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 1932  
 3.239.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 1936  
 3.239.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 1936  
 3.239.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 1937  
 3.239.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . . 1937  
 3.239.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 1937  
 3.239.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 1938

#### 3.239.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^5} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{4bd(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} + \frac{c+dx}{12b^2d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{24b^3d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{c+dx}{24b^4d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{24b^5d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{24b^5d}$$

```
output 1/12*(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3+1/24*(-d*x-c)/b^4/d/(a+b*arcsin(d
*x+c))+1/24*Ci((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b)*cos(a/b)/b^5/d+1/24*Si((a+b*arcsin(d
*x+c))/b)*sin(a/b)/b^5/d-1/4*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4
+1/24*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b^3/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2
```



### 3.239.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{6b^4 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} + \frac{2b^3(c+dx)}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{b(c+dx)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin\right)}{24b^5d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-5),x]`

output `((-6*b^4*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4 + (2*b^3*(c + d*x))/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3 + (b^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 - (b*(c + d*x))/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]] + Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(24*b^5*d)`

### 3.239.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {5302, 5132, 5222, 5132, 5222, 5134, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5302}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^5} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5132}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4} d(c+dx)}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{4b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5222}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} d(c+dx) - \frac{c+dx}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{4b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}}{4b}$$

$d$   
↓ 5132

$$\frac{\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} d(c+dx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{c+dx}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{4b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}}{4b}$$

$d$   
↓ 5222

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx) - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{c+dx}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{4b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}}{4b}$$

$d$   
↓ 5134

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{c+dx}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{4b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}}{4b}$$

$d$   
↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{c+dx}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{4b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}}{4b}$$

$d$   
↓ 3784

$$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}}{4b}$$

$d$   
↓ 25

---

3.239.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^5} dx$

$$\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{2b} - \frac{c+dx}{3b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{4b}$$


---


$$\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{4b} - \frac{c+dx}{d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{2b} - \frac{c+dx}{3b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{4b}$$


---


$$\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{4b} - \frac{c+dx}{d}$$

↓ 3780

$$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{c+dx}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}$$


---


$$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{2b} - \frac{c+dx}{3b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{4b}$$


---


$$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{4b} - \frac{c+dx}{d}$$

↓ 3783

$$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{c+dx}{b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{2b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2} - \frac{c+dx}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3} - \frac{c+dx}{4b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}$$


---


$$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{2b} - \frac{c+dx}{3b} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{4b}$$


---


$$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{4b} - \frac{c+dx}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-5),x]`

output `(-1/4*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4) - (-1/3*(c + d*x)/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3) + (-1/2*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2) - (-((c + d*x)/(b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) + (Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b] + Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b])/b^2)/(2*b))/(3*b))/(4*b))/d`

## 3.239.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 5132 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`
- rule 5134 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`
- rule 5222 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/Sqrt[(d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

### 3.239.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 386 vs.  $2(178) = 356$ .

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{4(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^4 b} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) \arcsin(dx+c)^3 b^3 + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) \arcsin(dx+c)^3 b^3 + 3 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^4 b}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{1-(dx+c)^2}}{4(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^4 b} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) \arcsin(dx+c)^3 b^3 + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\arcsin(dx+c)+\frac{a}{b}\right) \arcsin(dx+c)^3 b^3 + 3 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))^4 b}$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-1/4*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/b+1/24*(sin(a/b)*Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*b^3+cos(a/b)*Ci(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*b^3+3*sin(a/b)*Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*a*b^2+3*cos(a/b)*Ci(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*a*b^2+3*sin(a/b)*Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c)*a^2*b+3*cos(a/b)*Ci(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c)*a^2*b-arcsin(d*x+c)^2*b^3*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*arcsin(d*x+c)*b^3+sin(a/b)*Si(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*a^3+cos(a/b)*Ci(arcsin(d*x+c)+a/b)*a^3-2*arcsin(d*x+c)*a*b^2*(d*x+c)+(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*a*b^2-a^2*b*(d*x+c)+2*(d*x+c)*b^3)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/b^5`

### 3.239.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^5} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx+c)+a)^5} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^5*arcsin(d*x + c)^5 + 5*a*b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 10*a^2*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 10*a^3*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 5*a^4*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^5), x)`

### 3.239.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^5} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**5,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(-5), x)`

### 3.239.7 Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

### 3.239.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1915 vs. 2(175) = 350.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1915, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^9*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^8*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4*b^5*d) + 1/24*b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^9*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^8*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4*b^5*d) + 1/6*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^9*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^8*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4*b^5*d) + 1/6*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^9*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^8*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4*b^5*d) - 1/24*(d*x + c)*b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^3/(b^9*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^8*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4*b^5*d) + 1/4*a^2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^9*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^8*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4*b^5*d) + 1/4*a^2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arcsin(d*x + c))/(b^9*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^8*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^7*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b^6*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4*b^5*d) - 1/8*(d*x + c)*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2/(b^9*d*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^8*d*a...`

### 3.239.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^5} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^5} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^5,x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^5, x)`

### 3.240 $\int (ce + dex)^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$

3.240.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1939
3.240.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1940
3.240.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1940
3.240.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1943
3.240.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . .	1943
3.240.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1944
3.240.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1944
3.240.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1944
3.240.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1945

#### 3.240.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 288

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ce + dex)^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\ &= -\frac{3e^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{32d} + \frac{e^3 (c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{4d} \\ & \quad - \frac{\sqrt{b} e^3 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{64d} \\ & \quad + \frac{\sqrt{b} e^3 \sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{16d} \\ & \quad + \frac{\sqrt{b} e^3 \sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{16d} \\ & \quad - \frac{\sqrt{b} e^3 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{64d} \end{aligned}$$

```
output -1/128*e^3*cos(4*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
)/b^(1/2))*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d-1/128*e^3*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)
)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(4*a/b)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d
+1/16*e^3*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)
)*b^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d+1/16*e^3*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)
)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*b^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d-3/32*e^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
)/d+1/4*e^3*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```



### 3.240.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{ibe^3 e^{-\frac{4ia}{b}} \left( 4\sqrt{2} e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - 4\sqrt{2} e^{\frac{6ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{128d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((-1/128*I)*b*e^3*(4*Sqrt[2]*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] - 4*Sqrt[2]*E^(((6*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] - Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-4*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((8*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((4*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(d*E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

### 3.240.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5140, 5224, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int e^3 (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{e^3 \int (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{5140} \\
& \frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{8} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow \text{5224} \\
& \frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{8} \int \frac{\sin^4 \left( \frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{8} \int \frac{\sin \left( \frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)^4}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3793} \\
& \frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{8} \int \left( \frac{\cos \left( \frac{4a}{b} - \frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} \right)}{8\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{\cos \left( \frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} \right)}{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} + \frac{3}{8\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \cos \left( \frac{4a}{b} \right) \text{FresnelC} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos \left( \frac{2a}{b} \right) \text{FresnelC} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \right) \right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(e^3*(((c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/4 + ((-3*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/4 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[(4*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/8 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])*Sin[(2*a)/b])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b])*Sin[(4*a)/b])/8)/8)/d`

## 3.240.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3793 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`
- rule 5140 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 5224 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.240.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^3 \left( \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}b}}\right) \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)} - \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}b}}\right) \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)} \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/128e^3/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}*(\cos(4*a/b)*\operatorname{FresnelC}(2*2^{1/2}/\pi^{1/2}/(-1/b)^{1/2}*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}/b)*2^{1/2}*\pi^{1/2}*(-1/b)^{1/2} \\ & *(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}*b-\sin(4*a/b)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(2*2^{1/2}/\pi^{1/2}/(-1/b)^{1/2}*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}/b)*2^{1/2}*\pi^{1/2}*(-1/b)^{1/2}*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2} \\ & *b-8*(-1/b)^{1/2}*\pi^{1/2}*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}*\cos(2*a/b)*\operatorname{FresnelC}(2*2^{1/2}/\pi^{1/2}/(-2/b)^{1/2}*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}/b)*b \\ & +8*(-1/b)^{1/2}*\pi^{1/2}*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}*\sin(2*a/b)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(2*2^{1/2}/\pi^{1/2}/(-2/b)^{1/2}*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^{1/2}/b)*b \\ & +16*arcsin(d*x+c)*\cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b+16*\cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a-4*\cos(-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+4*a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c)*b-4*\cos(-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+4*a/b)*a \end{aligned}$$

### 3.240.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.240.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = e^3 \left( \int c^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int d^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int 3cd^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int 3c^2 dx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**3*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `e**3*(Integral(c**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(d**3*x**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(3*c*d**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(3*c**2*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x))`

**3.240.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int (dex + ce)^3 \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^3*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.240.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1088, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.78

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/16*I*sqrt(pi)*a*b*e^3*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-4*I*a/b)/((sqrt(2)*b^(3/2) - I*sqrt(2)*b^(5/2)/abs(b))*d) + 1/128*sqrt(pi)*b^2*e^3*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-4*I*a/b)/((sqrt(2)*b^(3/2) - I*sqrt(2)*b^(5/2)/abs(b))*d) - 1/16*I*sqrt(pi)*a*sqrt(b)*e^3*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(4*I*a/b)/((sqrt(2)*b + I*sqrt(2)*b^2/abs(b))*d) + 1/128*sqrt(pi)*b^(3/2)*e^3*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(4*I*a/b)/((sqrt(2)*b + I*sqrt(2)*b^2/abs(b))*d) + 1/8*I*sqrt(pi)*a*sqrt(b)*e^3*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b + I*b^2/abs(b))*d) - 1/32*sqrt(pi)*b^(3/2)*e^3*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b + I*b^2/abs(b))*d) - 1/8*I*sqrt(pi)*a*sqrt(b)*e^3*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b - I*b^2/abs(b))*d) - 1/32*sqrt(pi)*b^(3/2)*e^3*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b - I*b^2/abs(b))*d) + 1/16*I*sqrt(pi)*a*e^3*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + ...`

### 3.240.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int (ce + dex)^3 \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.241 $\int (ce + dex)^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$

3.241.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1946
3.241.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1947
3.241.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1947
3.241.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1950
3.241.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	1950
3.241.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1951
3.241.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1951
3.241.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1951
3.241.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1952

#### 3.241.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 274

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \frac{e^2(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{3d}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{b}e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{b}e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{12d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{b}e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4d}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{b}e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{12d}$$

```
output 1/72*e^2*cos(3*a/b)*FresnelS(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*b^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d-1/72*e^2*FresnelC(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(3*a/b)*b^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d-1/8*e^2*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d+1/8*e^2*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d+1/3*e^2*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.241.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{be^2 e^{-\frac{3ia}{b}} \left( 9e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + 9e^{\frac{4ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{72d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(b*e^2*(9*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + 9*E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] - Sqrt[3]*(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-3*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((6*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((3*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(72*d*E^(((3*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

### 3.241.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5140, 5224, 25, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int e^2 (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{e^2 \int (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(c + dx)}{d}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 5140 \\
& \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{6} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx) \right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow 5224 \\
& \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{\sin^3 \left( \frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\sin^3 \left( \frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \frac{1}{3} (c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\sin \left( \frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)^3}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \frac{1}{3} (c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow 3793 \\
& \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{6} \int \left( \frac{3 \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{4 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sin \left( \frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} \right)}{4 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \frac{1}{3} (c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d} \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \operatorname{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \sqrt{b} \sin \left( \frac{3a}{b} \right) \operatorname{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right) \right)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(e^2*(((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/3 + ((-3*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*Cos[(3*a)/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 + (3*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/2)/6))/d`

## 3.241.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`
- rule 5140 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 5224 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

**3.241.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^2 \left( -9\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right) - 9\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right) \right)}{b}$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/72*e^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-9*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a
+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a
+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b-9*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d
*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d
*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b+(-3/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*
cos(3*a/b)*FresnelS(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1
/2)/b)*b+(-3/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(3*a/b
)*FresnelC(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b+
18*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b+18*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x
+c))/b+a/b)*a-6*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*b-6*sin(
-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*a)
```

**3.241.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**3.241.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = e^2 \left( \int c^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int d^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int 2cdx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**2*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `e**2*(Integral(c**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(d**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(2*c*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x))`

**3.241.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int (dex + ce)^2 \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^2*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.241.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1169, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.27

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b*e^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 1/16*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^2*e^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b*e^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) - 1/16*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^2*e^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) - 1/4*sqrt(pi)*a*sqrt(b)*e^2*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(3*I*a/b)/((sqrt(6)*b + I*sqrt(6)*b^2/abs(b))*d) - 1/24*I*sqrt(pi)*b^(3/2)*e^2*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(3*I*a/b)/((sqrt(6)*b + I*sqrt(6)*b^2/abs(b))*d) - 1/4*sqrt(pi)*a*sqrt(b)*e^2*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-3*I*a/b)/((sqrt(6)*b - I*sqrt(6)*b^2/abs(b))*d) + 1/24*I*sqrt(pi)*b^(3/2)*e^2*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + 1...`

### 3.241.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int (ce + dex)^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.242 $\int (ce + dex) \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$

3.242.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1953
3.242.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1954
3.242.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1954
3.242.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1956
3.242.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . .	1957
3.242.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1957
3.242.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1957
3.242.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1958
3.242.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1959

#### 3.242.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int (ce + dex) \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{e\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{4d} + \frac{e(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{2d} + \frac{\sqrt{be}\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{8d} + \frac{\sqrt{be}\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{8d}$$

output

```
1/8*e*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*b^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d+1/8*e*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*b^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d-1/4*e*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+1/2*e*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

**3.242.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (ce + dex)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{ibee^{-\frac{2ia}{b}} \left( -\sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + e^{\frac{4ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{8\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((I/8)*b*e*(-(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])*Gamma[3/2, ((-2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]) + E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])*Gamma[3/2, ((2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/(Sqrt[2]*d*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

**3.242.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5140, 5224, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5304$$

$$\frac{\int e(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{e \int (c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 5140$$

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)^2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} - \frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}d(c + dx)\right)}{d}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{5224} \\
 & \frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{4}\int\frac{\sin^2\left(\frac{a}{b}-\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))\right)}{d} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{4}\int\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}-\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)^2}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))\right)}{d} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{4}\int\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}-\frac{2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}\right)d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))\right)}{d} \\
 & \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{e\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}\right)\right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(e*(((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/2 + (-Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/2)/4))/d`

### 3.242.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`



rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 5140 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5224 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.242.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
default	$-\frac{e \left( -\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{2}{b}}}\right) b + \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{2}{b}}}\right) b}{8d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/8*e/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b+(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b+2*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b+2*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a)`

**3.242.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (ce + dex)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**3.242.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = e \left( \int c\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx + \int dx\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

```
output e*(Integral(c*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin
(c + d*x)), x))
```

**3.242.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int (dex + ce)\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((d*e*x + c*e)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)
```

**3.242.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ce + dex) \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\
 = & \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} a \sqrt{b} e \operatorname{erf} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{i \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a\sqrt{b}}}{|b|} \right) e^{\left(\frac{2i a}{b}\right)}}{4 \left( b + \frac{i b^2}{|b|} \right) d} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} b^{\frac{3}{2}} e \operatorname{erf} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{i \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a\sqrt{b}}}{|b|} \right) e^{\left(\frac{2i a}{b}\right)}}{16 \left( b + \frac{i b^2}{|b|} \right) d} \\
 & - \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} a \sqrt{b} e \operatorname{erf} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{i \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a\sqrt{b}}}{|b|} \right) e^{\left(-\frac{2i a}{b}\right)}}{4 \left( b - \frac{i b^2}{|b|} \right) d} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} b^{\frac{3}{2}} e \operatorname{erf} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{i \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a\sqrt{b}}}{|b|} \right) e^{\left(-\frac{2i a}{b}\right)}}{16 \left( b - \frac{i b^2}{|b|} \right) d} \\
 & + \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} a e \operatorname{erf} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{i \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a\sqrt{b}}}{|b|} \right) e^{\left(-\frac{2i a}{b}\right)}}{4 d \left( \sqrt{b} - \frac{i b^{\frac{3}{2}}}{|b|} \right)} \\
 & - \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} a e \operatorname{erf} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{i \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a\sqrt{b}}}{|b|} \right) e^{\left(\frac{2i a}{b}\right)}}{4 \sqrt{b} d \left( \frac{i b}{|b|} + 1 \right)} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a} e e^{(2i \arcsin(dx+c))}}{8 d} - \frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a} e e^{(-2i \arcsin(dx+c))}}{8 d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

```
output 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a*sqrt(b)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b + I*b^2/abs(b))*d) - 1/16*sqrt(pi)*b^(3/2)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b + I*b^2/abs(b))*d) - 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a*sqrt(b)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b - I*b^2/abs(b))*d) - 1/16*sqrt(pi)*b^(3/2)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b - I*b^2/abs(b))*d) + 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/(d*(sqrt(b) - I*b^(3/2)/abs(b))) - 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/(sqrt(b)*d*(I*b/abs(b) + 1)) - 1/8*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*e*e^(2*I*arcsin(d*x + c))/d - 1/8*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*e*e^(-2*I*arcsin(d*x + c))/d
```

### 3.242.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int (ce + dex) \sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx)} dx$$

```
input int((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)
```

```
output int((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)
```

### 3.243 $\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$

3.243.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1960
3.243.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1960
3.243.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1961
3.243.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1964
3.243.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	1964
3.243.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1965
3.243.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1965
3.243.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1965
3.243.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1967

#### 3.243.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{d}$$

```
output -1/2*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))
*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d+1/2*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+
c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d+(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin
(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.243.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \frac{be^{-\frac{ia}{b}} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{2d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(b*(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(2*d*E^((I*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

### 3.243.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$ , Rules used = {5302, 5130, 5224, 25, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5130} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} - \frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5224} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + (c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + (c + dx) \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3787}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\cos \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int -\frac{\sin \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right) + (c$$


---

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\cos \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right) + (c$$


---

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right) +$$


---

↓ 3785

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \cos \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)$$


---

↓ 3786

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \cos \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - 2 \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \sin \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)$$


---

↓ 3832

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \cos \left( \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \text{FresnelS} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right) +$$


---

↓ 3833

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \text{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \text{FresnelS} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right) + (c+dx$$


---

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

```
output ((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + (-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]) + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2)/d
```

### 3.243.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3785 Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3786 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3787 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3832 Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

```
rule 3833 Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

```
rule 5130 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]
```



```
rule 5224 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^
2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x
^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x,
a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0]
&& IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5302 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d
Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
n}, x]
```

### 3.243.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)b-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)}{2d\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcs
in(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcs
in(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b-2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1
/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1
/2)/b)*b+2*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b+2*sin(-(a+b*arc
sin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a)
```

### 3.243.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### 3.243.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.243.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

### 3.243.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 563, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.23

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\
 = & \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}ab \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{2\left(\frac{ib^2}{\sqrt{|b|}} + b\sqrt{|b|}\right)d} \\
 & + \frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}b^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{4\left(\frac{ib^2}{\sqrt{|b|}} + b\sqrt{|b|}\right)d} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}ab \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{2\left(-\frac{ib^2}{\sqrt{|b|}} + b\sqrt{|b|}\right)d} \\
 & - \frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}b^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{4\left(-\frac{ib^2}{\sqrt{|b|}} + b\sqrt{|b|}\right)d} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}a \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{d\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}b}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|}\right)} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}a \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{d\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2}b}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|}\right)} \\
 & - \frac{i\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)} + ae^{(i \arcsin(dx+c))}}{2d} + \frac{i\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)} + ae^{(-i \arcsin(dx+c))}}{2d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 1/4*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) - 1/4*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) - sqrt(pi)*a*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(d*(I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b)))) - sqrt(pi)*a*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(d*(-I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b)))) - 1/2*I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*e^(I*arcsin(d*x + c))/d + 1/2*I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*e^(-I*arcsin(d*x + c))/d`

### 3.243.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.244**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{ce+dex} dx$

3.244.1 Optimal result	1968
3.244.2 Mathematica [N/A]	1968
3.244.3 Rubi [N/A]	1969
3.244.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1970
3.244.5 Fracas [F(-2)]	1970
3.244.6 Sympy [N/A]	1970
3.244.7 Maxima [N/A]	1971
3.244.8 Giac [N/A]	1971
3.244.9 Mupad [N/A]	1972

**3.244.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{ce + dex} dx = \frac{\text{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{c+dx}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `Unintegrable((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(d*x+c),x)/e`

**3.244.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{ce + dex} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]/(c*e + d*e*x),x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]/(c*e + d*e*x), x]`

**3.244.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5148}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{ce + dex} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{e(c + dx)} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{c + dx} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 5148

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{c + dx} d(c + dx)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]/(c*e + d*e*x),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.244.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 5148 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_.)*(x_.))^m_., x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.244.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx + c)}}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x)`

### 3.244.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{ce + dex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

### 3.244.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{ce + dex} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{c + dx} dx}{e}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(1/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c + d*x), x)/e`

### 3.244.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

### 3.244.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`



**3.244.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx)}}{ce + dex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(c*e + d*e*x),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2)/(c*e + d*e*x), x)`

### 3.245 $\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

3.245.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1973
3.245.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1974
3.245.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1975
3.245.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1980
3.245.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . .	1981
3.245.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1982
3.245.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1982
3.245.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1983
3.245.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1983

#### 3.245.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 380

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{9be^3(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{64d} \\
 & + \frac{3be^3(c + dx)^3\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{32d} \\
 & - \frac{3e^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{32d} + \frac{e^3(c + dx)^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{4d} \\
 & + \frac{3b^{3/2}e^3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{512d} \\
 & - \frac{3b^{3/2}e^3\sqrt{\pi}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{64d} \\
 & + \frac{3b^{3/2}e^3\sqrt{\pi}\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{64d} \\
 & - \frac{3b^{3/2}e^3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{512d}
 \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -3/32*e^3*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)/d+1/4*e^3*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c)) \\ & )^(3/2)/d+3/1024*b^(3/2)*e^3*\cos(4*a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(2*2^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2)*(a+b*a \\ & \text{rcsin}(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*\text{Pi}^(1/2)/d-3/1024*b^(3/2)*e^3*\text{Fresnel} \\ & \text{C}(2*2^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*\sin(4*a/b)*2^(1/2) \\ & *\text{Pi}^(1/2)/d-3/64*b^(3/2)*e^3*\cos(2*a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/ \\ & 2)/b^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2))*\text{Pi}^(1/2)/d+3/64*b^(3/2)*e^3*\text{FresnelC}(2*(a+b*\arcsin(d* \\ & x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2))*\sin(2*a/b)*\text{Pi}^(1/2)/d+9/64*b*e^3*(d*x+c)*(1- \\ & (d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+3/32*b*e^3*(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+ \\ & c)^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.245.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int (ce + dex)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$b^2 e^3 e^{-\frac{4ia}{b}} \left( -8\sqrt{2} e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - 8\sqrt{2} e^{\frac{6ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)$$


---


$$512d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/512*(b^2*e^3*(-8*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{E}^{\text{I}*((2*\text{I})*a)/b}*\text{Sqrt}[((-1)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d \\ & *x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[5/2, ((-2*\text{I})*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] - 8*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{E}^{\text{I}*((6 \\ & *\text{I})*a)/b}*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{I}*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[5/2, ((2*\text{I})*(a + b*\text{Arc} \\ & \text{Sin}[c + d*x]))/b] + \text{Sqrt}[((-1)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[5/2, ((-4 \\ & *\text{I})*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] + \text{E}^{\text{I}*((8*\text{I})*a)/b}*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{I}*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c \\ & + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[5/2, ((4*\text{I})*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]))/(d*\text{E}^{\text{I}*((4*\text{I})*a \\ & )/b}*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]]) \end{aligned}$$

**3.245.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 452, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 23, number of rules used = 22,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.880$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5140, 5210, 5146, 25, 4906, 2009, 5210, 5146, 25, 4906, 27, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int e^3 (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{e^3 \int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5140} \\
 & \frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5210} \\
 & \frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} b \left( \frac{1}{8} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) + \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5146} \\
 & \frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) + \frac{1}{8} \int -\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) \right) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) - \frac{1}{8} \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) \right) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.245.  $\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{1}{8} \int \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) d \right. \right.$$

↓ 2009

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{ Fresne} \right. \right. \right.$$

↓ 5210

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \right. \right. \right.$$

↓ 5146

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{4} \int -\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d \right. \right. \right.$$

↓ 25

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d \right. \right. \right.$$

↓ 4906

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a - \right. \right. \right.$$

↓ 27

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{1}{8} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a - \right. \right. \right.$$

↓ 3042

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) - \frac{1}{8} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a - \right. \right. \right.$$

↓ 3787

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) + \frac{1}{8} \left( -\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a - \right. \right. \right.$$

↓ 25

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) + \frac{1}{8} \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a - \right. \right. \right.$$

↓ 3042

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) + \frac{1}{8} \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a - \right. \right. \right.$$

↓ 3785

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) + \frac{1}{8} \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a - \right. \right. \right.$$

↓ 3786

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) + \frac{1}{8} \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d(a - \right. \right. \right.$$

↓ 3832

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d(a - \right. \right. \right.$$

↓ 3833

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{8} \left( \sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 5152

$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( \sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(e^3*(((c + d*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2))/4 - (3*b*(-1/4*((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (3*(-1/2*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2))/(3*b) + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]) - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/8)/4 + (-1/8*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[(4*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]) + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])/4 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/4 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(4*a)/b])/8)/8))/d`

### 3.245.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

---

3.245.  $\int (ce + dex)^3(a + b\arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)](p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)](n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)m, Sin[a + b*x]n*Cos[a + b*x]p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5140 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))(n_)(x_)(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])n/(m + 1)), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c2*x2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5146 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))(n_)(x_)(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c(m + 1)) Subst[Int[xn*Sin[-a/b + x/b]m*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`



rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5210 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.245.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 604, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^3 \left( 3\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b} \right) \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b^2 + 3\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b} \right) \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/1024*e^3/d*(3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*cos(4*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^2+3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(4*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^2-48*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^2-48*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^2+128*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^2-32*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+4*a/b)*b^2-12*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+4*a/b)*b^2+256*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a*b+96*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^2-64*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+4*a/b)*a*b-12*sin(-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+4*a/b)*a*b+128*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a^2+96*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a*b-32*cos(-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+4*a/b)*a^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### 3.245.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

## 3.245.6 Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx &= e^3 \left( \int ac^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ &+ \int ad^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx + \int bc^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx \\ &+ \int 3acd^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx + \int 3ac^2 dx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\ &+ \int bd^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx \\ &+ \int 3bcd^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx \\ &\left. + \int 3bc^2 dx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**3*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `e**3*(Integral(a*c**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(a*d**3*x**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(b*c**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x) + Integral(3*a*c*d**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(3*a*c**2*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(b*d**3*x**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x) + Integral(3*b*c*d**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x) + Integral(3*b*c**2*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x))`

## 3.245.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (dex + ce)^3 (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^3*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.245.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2237, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.89

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/16*I*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*e^3*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(4*I*a/b)/((sqrt(2)*b^(5/2) + I*sqrt(2)*b^(7/2)/abs(b))*d) + 1/8*I*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*e^3*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-4*I*a/b)/((sqrt(2)*b^(5/2) - I*sqrt(2)*b^(7/2)/abs(b))*d) + 1/64*sqrt(pi)*a*b^3*e^3*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-4*I*a/b)/((sqrt(2)*b^(5/2) - I*sqrt(2)*b^(7/2)/abs(b))*d) - 1/8*I*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^(3/2)*e^3*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(4*I*a/b)/((sqrt(2)*b^2 + I*sqrt(2)*b^3/abs(b))*d) + 1/64*sqrt(pi)*a*b^(5/2)*e^3*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(4*I*a/b)/((sqrt(2)*b^2 + I*sqrt(2)*b^3/abs(b))*d) + 1/8*I*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^(3/2)*e^3*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b^2 + I*b^3/abs(b))*d) - 1/16*sqrt(pi)*a*b^(5/2)*e^3*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b^2 + I*b^3/abs(b))*d) - 1/8*I*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^(3/2)*e^3*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b^2 - I*b^3/abs(b))*d) - 1/16*sqrt(pi)*a*b^(5/2)*e^3*erf(-sqrt(...`

**3.245.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.246 $\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

3.246.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1984
3.246.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1985
3.246.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1986
3.246.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1991
3.246.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . .	1991
3.246.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	1992
3.246.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	1992
3.246.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1992
3.246.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1993

#### 3.246.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 361

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx &= \frac{be^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{3d} \\
 &+ \frac{be^2 (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{6d} \\
 &+ \frac{e^2 (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{3d} \\
 &- \frac{3b^{3/2} e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8d} \\
 &+ \frac{b^{3/2} e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{24d} \\
 &- \frac{3b^{3/2} e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{8d} \\
 &+ \frac{b^{3/2} e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{24d}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
output 1/3*e^2*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)/d+1/144*b^(3/2)*e^2*cos(3*a/b)
*FresnelC(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(
1/2)/d+1/144*b^(3/2)*e^2*FresnelS(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/
2)/b^(1/2))*sin(3*a/b)*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d-3/16*b^(3/2)*e^2*cos(a/b)*Fresne
lC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d-
3/16*b^(3/2)*e^2*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/
2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d+1/3*b*e^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(
d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+1/6*b*e^2*(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)
)^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.246.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{be^2 e^{-\frac{3ia}{b}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \left( 27e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{i(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right) + 27e^{\frac{4ia}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{i(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{216d}$$

```
input Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]
```

```
output (b*e^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*(27*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcS
in[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[5/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + 27*E^(((4*
I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[5/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSi
n[c + d*x]))/b] - Sqrt[3]*(Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[5/2,
((-3*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((6*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*Ar
cSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[5/2, ((3*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])))/(216*d
*e^(((3*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/b^2])
```

**3.246.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.680$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5140, 5210, 5146, 4906, 2009, 5182, 5134, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int e^2 (c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{e^2 \int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5140}$$

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5210}$$

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2} b \left( \frac{1}{6} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right) \right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5146}$$

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2} b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) + \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) \right) \right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4906}$$

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2} b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) + \frac{1}{6} \int \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{4 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) d(c + dx) \right) \right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC} \right. \right. \right.$$

↓ 5182

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right) \right. \right.$$

↓ 5134

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \right) \right. \right.$$

↓ 3042

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \right) \right. \right.$$

↓ 3787

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \right) \right. \right. \right.$$

↓ 25

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \right) \right. \right. \right.$$

↓ 3042

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \right) \right. \right. \right.$$

↓ 3785



$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + 2\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3786

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} + 2\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3832

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} + 2\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3833

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(e^2*(((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2))/3 - (b*(-1/3*((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (2*(-(Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2))/3 + ((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*Cos[(3*a)/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/2)/6))/2)/d`

## 3.246.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n * Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5134 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n * Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b * ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5140 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b * ArcSin[c*x])^n / (m + 1)), x] - Simp[b*c*(n / (m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b * ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1) / Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5146 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1 / (b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n * Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m * Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b * ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b * ArcSin[c*x])^n / (2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n / (2*c*(p + 1))) * Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p / (1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b * ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5210 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b * ArcSin[c*x])^n / (e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1) / (c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b * ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*f*(n / (c*(m + 2*p + 1))) * Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p / (1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b * ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b * ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.246.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 599 vs.  $2(289) = 578$ .

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 600, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^2 \left( -\sqrt{-\frac{3}{b}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{3}{b}} b}\right) b^2 + \sqrt{-\frac{3}{b}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{3}{b}} b}\right) b^2 \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/144*e^2/d*(-(-3/b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos
(3*a/b)*FresnelC(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
/b)*b^2+(-3/b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(3*a/b)
*FresnelS(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^2
+27*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1
/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*b^2-27*(a+b
*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b
*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*b^2+36*arcsin(d*x+c
)^2*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^2-12*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(-3*(a+b*arc
sin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*b^2+72*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*
a*b-54*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^2-24*arcsin(d*x+c)*
sin(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*a*b+6*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-3*(a+b*arcsin
(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*b^2+36*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2-54*cos(-(a+b*
arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b-12*sin(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*a^2+6*cos
(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*a*b)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### 3.246.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.246.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx &= e^2 \left( \int ac^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ &+ \int ad^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx + \int bc^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx \\ &+ \int 2acd x \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx + \int bd^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx \\ &\left. + \int 2bcd x \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**2*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `e**2*(Integral(a*c**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(a*d**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(b*c**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x) + Integral(2*a*c*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(b*d**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x) + Integral(2*b*c*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x))`

**3.246.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (dex + ce)^2 (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^2*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.246.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2199, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.09

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*e^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 1/8*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^3*e^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*e^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) - 1/8*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^3*e^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) - 1/4*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^(3/2)*e^2*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(3*I*a/b)/((sqrt(6)*b^2 + I*sqrt(6)*b^3/abs(b))*d) - 1/12*I*sqrt(pi)*a*b^(5/2)*e^2*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(3*I*a/b)/((sqrt(6)*b^2 + I*sqrt(6)*b^3/abs(b))*d) - 1/8*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^2*e^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 3/32*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^3*e^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2...`

### 3.246.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.247 $\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

3.247.1 Optimal result . . . . .	1994
3.247.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1995
3.247.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1995
3.247.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2000
3.247.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . .	2000
3.247.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2001
3.247.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2001
3.247.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2001
3.247.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2002

#### 3.247.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3be(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{8d} - \frac{e(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{4d} + \frac{e(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{2d} - \frac{3b^{3/2}e\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{32d} + \frac{3b^{3/2}e\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{32d}$$

output

```
-1/4*e*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)/d+1/2*e*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)/d-3/32*b^(3/2)*e*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/d+3/32*b^(3/2)*e*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)/d+3/8*b*e*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.247.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{b^2 e e^{-\frac{2ia}{b}} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + e^{\frac{4ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{16\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(b^2*e*(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[5/2, ((-2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[5/2, ((2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(16*Sqrt[2]*d*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

### 3.247.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.739$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5140, 5210, 5146, 25, 4906, 27, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx \\ \downarrow \text{5304} \\ \frac{\int e(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{d} \\ \downarrow \text{27} \\ \frac{e \int (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{d} \\ \downarrow \text{5140} \end{array}$$



$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}-\frac{3}{4}b\int\frac{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}-\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{4}b\int\frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}d(c+dx)+\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 5146

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}-\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)+\frac{1}{4}\int-\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}-\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}-\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}d(c+dx)\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}-\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)-\frac{1}{4}\int\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}-\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}-\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}d(c+dx)\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 4906

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}-\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)-\frac{1}{4}\int\frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}-\frac{2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}d(c+dx)\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}-\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)-\frac{1}{8}\int\frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}-\frac{2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}d(c+dx)\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}-\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)-\frac{1}{8}\int\frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}-\frac{2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}d(c+dx)\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 3787

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}-\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)+\frac{1}{8}\left(-\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\int\frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}d(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 25

$$e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{8}\left(\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\int\frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}d(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)$$

↓ 3042

$$e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{8}\left(\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\int\frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}d(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)$$

↓ 3785

$$e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{8}\left(\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\int\frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}d(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)$$

↓ 3786

$$e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{8}\left(2\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\int\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)d(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)$$

↓ 3832

$$e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 2\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\int\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)d(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)$$

↓ 3833

$$e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{8}\left(\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 2\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\int\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)d(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)$$

↓ 5152

$$e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\right)\right)\right)$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

```
output (e*(((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2))/2 - (3*b*(-1/2*((c + d*x)*
Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x
])^(3/2)/(3*b) + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*Arc
Sin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]) - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a +
b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/8))/4)/d
```

### 3.247.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3785 Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := S
imp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c,
d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3786 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3787 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos
[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(
d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d
, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3832 Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

```
rule 3833 Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5140 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5146 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5210 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x)) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.247.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
default	$-\frac{e\left(-3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{2}{b}}b}\right)b^2-3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{2}{b}}b}\right)\right)}{\dots}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/32*e/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-3*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^2-3*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^2+8*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^2+16*a*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a*b+6*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^2+8*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a^2+6*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a*b)`

### 3.247.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.247.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = e \left( \int ac \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int adx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx + \int bc \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx \right. \\ \left. + \int bdx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `e*(Integral(a*c*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(a*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(b*c*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x) + Integral(b*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x))`

**3.247.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.247.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 929, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.67

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^(3/2)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*
sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b^2 + I*b^3/abs(
b))*d) - 1/8*sqrt(pi)*a*b^(5/2)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b)
- I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b^2 + I*b^3
/abs(b))*d) - 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^(3/2)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a
)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b
^2 - I*b^3/abs(b))*d) - 1/8*sqrt(pi)*a*b^(5/2)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x +
c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/
b)/((b^2 - I*b^3/abs(b))*d) + 1/8*sqrt(pi)*a*b^2*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x
+ c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a
/b)/((b^(3/2) + I*b^(5/2)/abs(b))*d) + 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b*e*erf(-sqrt(b*
arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b
))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b^(3/2) - I*b^(5/2)/abs(b))*d) + 1/8*sqrt(pi)*a*b^2*e*er
f(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqr
t(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b^(3/2) - I*b^(5/2)/abs(b))*d) - 1/4*I*sqrt(pi
)*a^2*sqrt(b)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin
(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b + I*b^2/abs(b))*d) + 3/64*I
*sqrt(pi)*b^(5/2)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*ar
csin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b + I*b^2/abs(b))*d) - 3/
64*I*sqrt(pi)*b^(5/2)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sq...

```

### 3.247.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (ce + dex) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.248 $\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$

3.248.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2003
3.248.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2003
3.248.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2004
3.248.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2008
3.248.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . .	2008
3.248.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2009
3.248.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2009
3.248.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2009
3.248.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2010

#### 3.248.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{2d} + \frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{d} - \frac{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2d}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)/d-3/4*b^(3/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d-3/4*b^(3/2)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d+3/2*b*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.248.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.



Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{abe^{-\frac{ia}{b}} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{2d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \left( 3\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + 2(c + dx) \arcsin(c + dx) \right) - \sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b}}{d} \right) \right)}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*b*(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])*Gamma[3/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/(2*d*E^((I*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (Sqrt[b]*(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])*(3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + 2*(c + d*x)*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])*(3*b*Cos[a/b] + 2*a*Sin[a/b]) + Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])*(2*a*Cos[a/b] - 3*b*Sin[a/b]))/(4*d)`

### 3.248.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$ , Rules used = {5302, 5130, 5182, 5134, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5302}$$

$$\frac{\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5130}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{d}$$

↓ 5182

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5134

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3787

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) \right) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) \right) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) \right) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3785

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) \right) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3786

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3832

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3833

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `((c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2) - (3*b*(-(Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2))/2)/d`

### 3.248.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d  
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f  
, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos  
[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(  
d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d  
, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[  
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[  
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5130 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*Ar  
cSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 -  
c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5134 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Su  
bst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,  
c, n}, x]`

rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.  
.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p +  
1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] I  
nt[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d  
Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,  
n}, x]`

**3.248.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 303 vs.  $2(139) = 278$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
default	$-\frac{3\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}b^2-3\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right)}{\dots}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/4/d*(3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*\cos(a/b)*\operatorname{FresnelC}(2^(1/2)/\pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b*(-1/b)^(1/2)*\pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*b^2-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*\sin(a/b)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(2^(1/2)/\pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b*(-1/b)^(1/2)*\pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*b^2+4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*\sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^2+8*arcsin(d*x+c)*\sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b-6*arcsin(d*x+c)*\cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^2+4*\sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2-6*\cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)$$

**3.248.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.248.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

**3.248.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.248.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1061, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.06

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a
)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e
^(I*a/b)/((I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(
pi)*a*b^3*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/
2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^3/sq
rt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*erf(1/2*I
*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arc
sin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*s
qrt(abs(b)))*d) - 1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^3*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*ar
csin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*
sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) -
1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a
)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e
^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 3/8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*
b^3*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt
(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs
(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)
*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x
+ c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)
))*d) + 3/8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^3*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + ...

```

### 3.248.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.249**  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}}{ce+dex} dx$

3.249.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2011  
 3.249.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . . 2011  
 3.249.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . . 2012  
 3.249.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . . 2013  
 3.249.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . . 2013  
 3.249.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . . 2013  
 3.249.7 Maxima [N/A] . . . . . 2014  
 3.249.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . . 2014  
 3.249.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . . 2015

**3.249.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \frac{\text{Int}\left(\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}}{c+dx}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `Unintegrable((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)/(d*x+c),x)/e`

**3.249.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{ce + dex} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)/(c*e + d*e*x),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)/(c*e + d*e*x), x]`



**3.249.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5148}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{ce + dex} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{e(c + dx)}$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{c + dx}$$

↓ 5148

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{de}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)/(c*e + d*e*x),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.249.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 5148 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.249.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x)`

### 3.249.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

### 3.249.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \frac{\int \frac{a\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{c+dx} dx + \int \frac{b\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}\arcsin(c+dx)}{c+dx} dx}{e}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(3/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x)`

output `(Integral(a*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)/(c + d*x), x))/e`

### 3.249.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

### 3.249.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

**3.249.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{3/2}}{ce + dex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(c*e + d*e*x),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(c*e + d*e*x), x)`

### 3.250 $\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

3.250.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2016
3.250.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2017
3.250.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2018
3.250.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2021
3.250.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	2022
3.250.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2023
3.250.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2024
3.250.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2024
3.250.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2025

#### 3.250.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 475

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = & \frac{225b^2 e^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{2048d} \\
 & - \frac{45b^2 e^3 (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{256d} \\
 & - \frac{15b^2 e^3 (c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{256d} \\
 & + \frac{15be^3 (c + dx) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{64d} \\
 & + \frac{5be^3 (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{32d} \\
 & - \frac{3e^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{32d} + \frac{e^3 (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{4d} \\
 & + \frac{15b^{5/2} e^3 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4096d} \\
 & - \frac{15b^{5/2} e^3 \sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{256d} \\
 & - \frac{15b^{5/2} e^3 \sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{256d} \\
 & + \frac{15b^{5/2} e^3 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{4096d}
 \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -3/32*e^3*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)/d+1/4*e^3*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c)) \\ & )^(5/2)/d+15/8192*b^(5/2)*e^3*\cos(4*a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2*2^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2)*(a+b* \\ & \arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*\text{Pi}^(1/2)/d+15/8192*b^(5/2)*e^3*\text{FresnelS} \\ & (2*2^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*\sin(4*a/b)*2^(1/ \\ & 2)*\text{Pi}^(1/2)/d-15/256*b^(5/2)*e^3*\cos(2*a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c)) \\ & )^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2))*\text{Pi}^(1/2)/d-15/256*b^(5/2)*e^3*\text{FresnelS}(2*(a+b*\arcsin \\ & (d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2))*\sin(2*a/b)*\text{Pi}^(1/2)/d+15/64*b*e^3*(d*x \\ & +c)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+5/32*b*e^3*(d*x+c)^3*( \\ & a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+225/2048*b^2*e^3*(a+b*\arcsin \\ & (d*x+c))^(1/2)/d-45/256*b^2*e^3*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d-15/ \\ & 256*b^2*e^3*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.250.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{ib^3 e^3 e^{-\frac{4ia}{b}} \left( 16\sqrt{2} e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - 16\sqrt{2} e^{\frac{6ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((I/2048)*b^3*e^3*(16*\text{Sqrt}[2]*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*\text{Sqrt}[((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + \\ & d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[7/2, ((-2*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] - 16*\text{Sqrt}[2]*E^(( \\ & (6*I)*a)/b)*\text{Sqrt}[(I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[7/2, ((2*I)*(a + b* \\ & \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] - \text{Sqrt}[((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[7/2, ( \\ & (-4*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((8*I)*a)/b)*\text{Sqrt}[(I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin} \\ & [c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[7/2, ((4*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]))/(d*E^(((4*I) \\ & )*a)/b)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]] \end{aligned}$$

**3.250.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 553, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.480$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5140, 5210, 5140, 5210, 5140, 5152, 5224, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int e^3 (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{e^3 \int (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5140}$$

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{8} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^4 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5210}$$

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{8} b \left( \frac{3}{8} b \int (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(c + dx) + \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right) \right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5140}$$

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{8} b \left( \frac{3}{8} b \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} - \frac{1}{8} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5210}$$

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{8} b \left( \frac{3}{8} b \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} - \frac{1}{8} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5140}$$

$$\frac{e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{8} b \left( \frac{3}{8} b \left( \frac{1}{4} (c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} - \frac{1}{8} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5152

---


$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{8}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right) - \frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} dx \right) \right) \right)$$


---

↓ 5224

---


$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{8}b \left( \frac{3}{8}b \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{8} \int \frac{\sin^4 \left( \frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} dx \right) \right) \right)$$


---

↓ 3042

---


$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{8}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\sin \left( \frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} dx \right) \right) \right) \right)$$


---

↓ 3793

---


$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{8}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{4} \int \left( \frac{1}{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) dx \right) \right) \right) \right)$$


---

↓ 2009

---


$$e^3 \left( \frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{8}b \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos \left( \frac{2a}{b} \right) \text{FresnelC} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$


---

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`



```
output (e^3*(((c + d*x)^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2))/4 - (5*b*(-1/4*((c + d*x)
)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (3*(-1/2*((c +
d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (a + b*ArcSin[
c + d*x])^(5/2))/(5*b) + (3*b*(((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/2
+ (-Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[
(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])))/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]
*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b
]/2)/4))/4 + (3*b*(((c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/4 + ((-3*
Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/4 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[(4*a)/b]*FresnelC
[(2*Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/8 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]
*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]
])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]
*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[2/Pi]*S
qrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(4*a)/b])/8))/8))/d
```

### 3.250.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3793 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := In
t[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

```
rule 5140 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x
^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x
^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5210 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 5224 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.250.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 885 vs.  $2(391) = 782$ .

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 886, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	886

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```

output -1/8192*e^3/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-15*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*cos(4*a/b)*F
resnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(a+b*
arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^3+15*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*sin(4*a/b)*Fresn
elS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(a+b*arcs
in(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^3+480*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*
x+c))^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsi
n(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^3-480*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(
1/2)/b)*b^3+1024*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^3-2
56*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*cos(-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+4*a/b)*b^3+3072*arcsin(d*x
+c)^2*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a*b^2+1280*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(-
2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^3-768*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(-4*(a+b*arcsin(
d*x+c))/b+4*a/b)*a*b^2-160*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+4*
a/b)*b^3+3072*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a^2*b-960*
arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^3+2560*arcsin(d*x+c)*s
in(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a*b^2-768*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-4*(a+b*arc
sin(d*x+c))/b+4*a/b)*a^2*b+60*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+4
*a/b)*b^3-320*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+4*a/b)*a*b^2+1024
*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a^3-960*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+
2*a/b)*a*b^2+1280*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a^2*b-256*cos(-4*...

```

### 3.250.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

```

## 3.250.6 Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = e^3 \left( \int a^2 c^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\
& + \int a^2 d^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\
& + \int b^2 c^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx) dx \\
& + \int 2abc^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx \\
& + \int 3a^2 cd^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx + \int 3a^2 c^2 dx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\
& + \int b^2 d^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx) dx \\
& + \int 2abd^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx \\
& + \int 3b^2 cd^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx) dx \\
& + \int 3b^2 c^2 dx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx) dx \\
& + \int 6abcd^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx \\
& \left. + \int 6abc^2 dx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**3*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `e**3*(Integral(a**2*c**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(a**2*d**3*x**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(b**2*c**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(2*a*b*c**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x) + Integral(3*a**2*c*d**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(3*a**2*c**2*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(b**2*d**3*x**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(2*a*b*d**3*x**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x) + Integral(3*b**2*c*d**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(3*b**2*c**2*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(6*a*b*c*d**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x) + Integral(6*a*b*c**2*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x))`

### 3.250.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (dex + ce)^3 (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^3*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

### 3.250.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3408, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.17

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/8192*(-512*I*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^2*e^3*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-4*I*a/b)/(sqrt(2)*b^(5/2) - I*sqrt(2)*b^(7/2)/abs(b)) - 128*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*b^2*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(4*I*arcsin(d*x + c)) + 512*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*b^2*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(2*I*arcsin(d*x + c)) + 512*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*b^2*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(-2*I*arcsin(d*x + c)) - 128*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*b^2*e^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(-4*I*arcsin(d*x + c)) - 1536*I*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b*e^3*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(4*I*a/b)/(sqrt(2)*b^(3/2) + I*sqrt(2)*b^(5/2)/abs(b)) - 192*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*e^3*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(4*I*a/b)/(sqrt(2)*b^(3/2) + I*sqrt(2)*b^(5/2)/abs(b)) + 1024*I*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b*e^3*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/(b^(3/2) + I*b^(5/2)/abs(b)) - 1024*I*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b*e^3*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/(b^(3/2) - I*b^(5/2)/abs(b)) - 1024*I*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b*e^3*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-4*I*a/b)/(sqrt(2)*b^(3/2) - I*sqrt(2)*b^(5/2)/abs(b)) - 384*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*e^3*erf(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsi...`

**3.250.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (ce + dex)^3 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.251 $\int (ce + dex)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

3.251.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2026
3.251.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2027
3.251.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2028
3.251.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2033
3.251.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	2034
3.251.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2035
3.251.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2035
3.251.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2036
3.251.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2036

#### 3.251.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 427

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ce + dex)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \\
 & - \frac{5b^2e^2(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{6d} - \frac{5b^2e^2(c + dx)^3\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{36d} \\
 & + \frac{5be^2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{9d} \\
 & + \frac{5be^2(c + dx)^2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{18d} \\
 & + \frac{e^2(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{3d} \\
 & + \frac{15b^{5/2}e^2\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{16d} \\
 & - \frac{5b^{5/2}e^2\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{144d} \\
 & - \frac{15b^{5/2}e^2\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{16d} \\
 & + \frac{5b^{5/2}e^2\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{144d}
 \end{aligned}$$

output  $\frac{1}{3}e^{2(dx+c)^3(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{5/2}/d-5/864b^{5/2}e^{2\cos(3a/b)}\text{FresnelS}(6^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})6^{1/2}\text{Pi}^{1/2}/d+5/864b^{5/2}e^{2\text{FresnelC}(6^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})}\sin(3a/b)6^{1/2}\text{Pi}^{1/2}/d+15/32b^{5/2}e^{2\cos(a/b)}\text{FresnelS}(2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})2^{1/2}\text{Pi}^{1/2}/d-15/32b^{5/2}e^{2\text{FresnelC}(2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})}\sin(a/b)2^{1/2}\text{Pi}^{1/2}/d+5/9b^{5/2}e^{2(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{3/2}}(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2}/d+5/18b^{5/2}e^{2(dx+c)^2(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{3/2}}(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2}/d-5/6b^{5/2}e^{2(dx+c)(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}}/d-5/36b^{5/2}e^{2(dx+c)^3(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}}/d$

### 3.251.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int (ce + dex)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{b^3 e^2 e^{-\frac{3ia}{b}} \left( -81 e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - 81 e^{\frac{4ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{648 d e^{\frac{3ia}{b}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output  $(b^3 e^2 (-81 E^{((2I)a/b)} \text{Sqrt}[((-I)(a + b \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] \text{Gamma}[7/2, ((-I)(a + b \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] - 81 E^{((4I)a/b)} \text{Sqrt}[(I)(a + b \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])/b] \text{Gamma}[7/2, (I)(a + b \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])/b] + \text{Sqrt}[3 * (\text{Sqrt}[((-I)(a + b \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] \text{Gamma}[7/2, ((-3I)(a + b \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] + E^{((6I)a/b)} \text{Sqrt}[(I)(a + b \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])/b] \text{Gamma}[7/2, ((3I)(a + b \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b])]) / (648 d e^{((3I)a/b)} \text{Sqrt}[a + b \text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]])$



### 3.251.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 19,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.760$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5140, 5210, 5140, 5182, 5130, 5224, 25, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3793, 2009, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ce + dex)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int e^2(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \int (c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5140} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{6}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5210} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \int (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} d(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5140} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} - \frac{1}{6}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5182} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c + dx)^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} - \frac{1}{6}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5130}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( (c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 5224

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{\sin^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\sin^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + (c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3787

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\sin^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\sin^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right) \right)$$

↓ 3785

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3786

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3793

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{6} \int \left( \frac{3\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3832

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3833

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right) \right) \right) \right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

```
output (e^2*(((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2))/3 - (5*b*(-1/3*((c + d*x)
)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (2*(-(Sqrt[1 -
(c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (3*b*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*A
rcSin[c + d*x]]) + (-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt
[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]) + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/P
i]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2))/2))/3 + (b*(((c + d
*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/3 + ((-3*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*Fr
esnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqr
t[Pi/6]*Cos[(3*a)/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqr
t[b]])/2 + (3*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c
+ d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*S
qrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/2)/6))/2))/6))/d
```

### 3.251.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3785 Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := S
imp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c,
d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3786 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos [(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5130 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5140 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 5210 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a +
b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p
+ 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + S
imp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*
x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m
, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 5224 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^
2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x
^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x,
a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0]
&& IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.251.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 878 vs.  $2(347) = 694$ .

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 879, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	879

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/864*e^2/d*(405*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^3+405*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^3-5*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*cos(3*a/b)*FresnelS(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*b^3-5*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*sin(3*a/b)*FresnelC(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*b^3+216*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^3-72*sin(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*b^3+648*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b^2-540*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^3-216*sin(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*a*b^2+60*cos(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*b^3+648*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2*b-810*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^3-1080*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b^2-216*sin(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c)*a^2*b+30*sin(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c)*b^3+120*cos(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c)*a*b^2+216*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^3-810*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b^2-540*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2*b-72*sin(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*a^3+30*sin(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*...
```

### 3.251.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.251.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx &= e^2 \left( \int a^2 c^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ &+ \int a^2 d^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx + \int b^2 c^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx) dx \\ &+ \int 2abc^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx + \int 2a^2 c dx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\ &+ \int b^2 d^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx) dx \\ &+ \int 2abd^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx \\ &+ \int 2b^2 c dx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx) dx \\ &\left. + \int 4abcdx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**2*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `e**2*(Integral(a**2*c**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(a**2*d**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(b**2*c**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(2*a*b*c**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x) + Integral(2*a**2*c*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(b**2*d**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(2*a*b*d**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x) + Integral(2*b**2*c*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(4*a*b*c*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x))`

**3.251.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (dex + ce)^2 (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^2*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`



### 3.251.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2826, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.62

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/576*(72*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^2*e^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b))) + 72*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^2*e^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b))) + 216*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*e^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b))) - 216*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*e^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(-I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b))) + 24*I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(3*I*arcsin(d*x + c)) - 72*I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(I*arcsin(d*x + c)) + 72*I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(-I*arcsin(d*x + c)) - 24*I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(-3*I*arcsin(d*x + c)) - 144*sqrt(pi)*a^3*sqrt(b)*e^2*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(3*I*a/b)/(sqrt(6)*b + I*sqrt(6)*b^2/abs(b)) - 144*I*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^(3/2)*e^2*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*s...`

### 3.251.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.252 $\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

3.252.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2037
3.252.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2038
3.252.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2038
3.252.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2041
3.252.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	2042
3.252.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2042
3.252.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2043
3.252.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2043
3.252.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2044

#### 3.252.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 256

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{15b^2e\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{64d} - \frac{15b^2e(c + dx)^2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{32d} + \frac{5be(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{8d} - \frac{e(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{4d} + \frac{e(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{2d} - \frac{15b^{5/2}e\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{128d} - \frac{15b^{5/2}e\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{128d}$$

output

```
-1/4*e*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)/d+1/2*e*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)/d-15/128*b^(5/2)*e*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/d-15/128*b^(5/2)*e*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)/d+5/8*b*e*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+15/64*b^2*e*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d-15/32*b^2*e*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

**3.252.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{ib^3 e e^{-\frac{2ia}{b}} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - e^{\frac{4ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{32\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `((I/32)*b^3*e*(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[7/2, ((-2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] - E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[7/2, ((2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/(Sqrt[2]*d*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

**3.252.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5140, 5210, 5140, 5152, 5224, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\ & \frac{\int e(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} d(c + dx)}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{e \int (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} d(c + dx)}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5140} \\ & \frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{4}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx)\right)}{d} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.252.  $\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{4}b\left(\frac{3}{4}b\int(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}d(c+dx) + \frac{1}{2}\int\frac{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}\right)}{d}$$

↓ 5140

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{4}b\left(\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{4}b\int\frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{4}b\left(\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{4}b\int\frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 5224

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{4}b\left(\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{4}\int\frac{\sin^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{4}b\left(\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{4}\int\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)^2}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 3793

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{4}b\left(\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{4}\int\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{\cos}{\dots}\right)\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{4}b\left(\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\right)\right)\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

```
output (e*(((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2))/2 - (5*b*(-1/2*((c + d*x)*
Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d
*x])^(5/2)/(5*b) + (3*b*(((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]))/2 + (-S
qrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sq
rt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Fres
nelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/2)/
4))/4))/4))/d
```

### 3.252.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3793 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := In
t[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

```
rule 5140 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x
^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x
^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 5152 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a
+ b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d
+ e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5210 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a +
b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p
+ 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + S
imp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*
x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m
, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 5224 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^
2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x
^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x,
a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0]
&& IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.252.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 448 vs.  $2(210) = 420$ .

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 449, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^{\left(15\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{2}{b}}}\right)\right)}b^3-15\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\operatorname{Fres}}{\dots}$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/128*e/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(15*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin
(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*ar
csin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^3-15*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/
2)*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))
^(1/2)/b)*b^3+32*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^3+9
6*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a*b^2+40*arcsin(d*x+
c)^2*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^3+96*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-2*(a+b*
arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a^2*b-30*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/
b+2*a/b)*b^3+80*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a*b^2+32
*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a^3-30*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2
*a/b)*a*b^2+40*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a^2*b)
```

### 3.252.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

### 3.252.6 Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = & e \left( \int a^2 c \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ & + \int a^2 dx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx + \int b^2 c \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx) dx \\ & + \int 2abc \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx \\ & + \int b^2 dx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx) dx \\ & \left. + \int 2abdx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `e*(Integral(a**2*c*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(a**2*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(b**2*c*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(2*a*b*c*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x) + Integral(b**2*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2, x) + Integral(2*a*b*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x), x))`

### 3.252.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

### 3.252.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1449, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.66

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`



output `1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^(3/2)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b^2 + I*b^3/abs(b))*d) - 3/8*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^(5/2)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b^2 + I*b^3/abs(b))*d) - 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^(3/2)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b^2 - I*b^3/abs(b))*d) - 3/8*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^(5/2)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b^2 - I*b^3/abs(b))*d) - 1/8*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*b^2*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(2*I*arcsin(d*x + c))/d - 1/8*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*b^2*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(-2*I*arcsin(d*x + c))/d + 3/8*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b^(3/2) + I*b^(5/2)/abs(b))*d) - 9/64*I*sqrt(pi)*a*b^3*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b^(3/2) + I*b^(5/2)/abs(b))*d) + 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b^(3/2) - I*b^(5/2)/abs(b))*d) + 3/8*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b^(3/2) - I*b^(5/2)/abs(b))*d) + 9/64*I*sqrt(pi)*a*b^3*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(...`

### 3.252.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (ce + dex) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.253 $\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$

3.253.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2045
3.253.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2046
3.253.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2046
3.253.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2050
3.253.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	2051
3.253.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2051
3.253.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2051
3.253.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2052
3.253.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2052

#### 3.253.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = -\frac{15b^2(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{4d}$$

$$+ \frac{5b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{2d} + \frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{15b^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4d}$$

$$- \frac{15b^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4d}$$

```
output (d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)/d+15/8*b^(5/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)
/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d-15/8*b^(5/
2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2
^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d+5/2*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d-15
/4*b^2*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.253.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 419, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} e^{-\frac{ia}{b}} \left( i(4a^2 + 15b^2) \left( -1 + e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \right) \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b]*(I*(4*a^2 + 15*b^2)*(-1 + E^(((2*I)*a)/b))*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] + (4*a^2 + 15*b^2)*(1 + E^(((2*I)*a)/b))*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] + 4*Sqrt[b]*(E^((I*a)/b)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(-15*b*(c + d*x) + 10*a*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2] + 2*(4*a*(c + d*x) + 5*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2]))*ArcSin[c + d*x] + 4*b*(c + d*x)*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2 + 2*a^2*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + 2*a^2*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(16*d*E^((I*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])]`

### 3.253.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {5302, 5130, 5182, 5130, 5224, 25, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5302}$$

$$\frac{\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{d} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ \text{5130} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \int \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} d(c+dx) - \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{d} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ \text{5182} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( (c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx) \right) \right)}{d} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ \text{5130} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( (c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) \right) \right)}{d} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ \text{5224} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( (c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) \right) \right)}{d} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ \text{25} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + (c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right) \right)}{d} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ \text{3042} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + (c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)} \right) \right)}{d} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ \text{3787} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b\arcsin(c+dx)) \right) \right) \right)}{d} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ \text{25} \end{array}$$

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3785

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3786

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} - 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3832

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3833

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2}b \left( \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `((c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2) - (5*b*(-(Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (3*b*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + (-Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]) + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2))/2)/d`

## 3.253.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 5130 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5224 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

### 3.253.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 440 vs.  $2(164) = 328$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

method	result
default	$\frac{15\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b^3+15\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b^3}{-}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/8/d*(15*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*\text{Pi}^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*\cos(a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(2^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^3+ \\ & 15*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*\text{Pi}^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*\sin(a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^3+ \\ & 8*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*\sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^3+24*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*\sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)* \\ & a*b^2-20*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*\cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^3+24*arcsin(d*x+c)*\sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)* \\ & a^2*b-30*arcsin(d*x+c)*\sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^3-40*arcsin(d*x+c)*\cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)* \\ & a*b^2+8*\sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^3-30*\sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b^2-20*\cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)* \\ & a^2*b)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$

**3.253.5 Fracas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.253.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(5/2), x)`

**3.253.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`



**3.253.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1279, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.27

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^3*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^4/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^3*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^3*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^4/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^3*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 3/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^3*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) - 3/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^3*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) - 3/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) - 15/16*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^4*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 3/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*d) + 15/16*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^4*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt...`

**3.253.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

$$3.254 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}{ce+dex} dx$$

3.254.1 Optimal result	2053
3.254.2 Mathematica [N/A]	2053
3.254.3 Rubi [N/A]	2054
3.254.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	2055
3.254.5 Fracas [F(-2)]	2055
3.254.6 Sympy [N/A]	2055
3.254.7 Maxima [N/A]	2056
3.254.8 Giac [N/A]	2056
3.254.9 Mupad [N/A]	2057

### 3.254.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}{ce+dex} dx = \frac{\text{Int}\left(\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}{c+dx}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `Unintegrable((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)/(d*x+c),x)/e`

### 3.254.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}{ce+dex} dx = \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}{ce+dex} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2)/(c*e + d*e*x),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2)/(c*e + d*e*x), x]`

**3.254.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5148}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{ce + dex} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\frac{\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}{e(c+dx)} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}{c+dx} d(c + dx)}{de}$$

↓ 5148

$$\frac{\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}{c+dx} d(c + dx)}{de}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2)/(c*e + d*e*x),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.254.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 5148 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.254.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^{5/2}}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x)`

### 3.254.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

### 3.254.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 24.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \frac{\int \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{c+dx} dx + \int \frac{b^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \arcsin^2(c+dx)}{c+dx} dx + \int \frac{2ab \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{c+dx} dx}{e}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(5/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x)`

output `(Integral(a**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2/(c + d*x), x) + Integral(2*a*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)/(c + d*x), x))/e`

### 3.254.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

### 3.254.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

**3.254.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{5/2}}{ce + dex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(c*e + d*e*x),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(c*e + d*e*x), x)`

### 3.255 $\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$

3.255.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2059
3.255.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2060
3.255.3 Rubi [F] . . . . .	2061
3.255.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2067
3.255.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	2068
3.255.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2069
3.255.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2069
3.255.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2069
3.255.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2070

**3.255.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 518

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \\
& - \frac{175b^3 e^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{54d} \\
& - \frac{35b^3 e^2 (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{216d} \\
& - \frac{35b^2 e^2 (c + dx) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{18d} \\
& - \frac{35b^2 e^2 (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{108d} \\
& + \frac{7be^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{9d} \\
& + \frac{7be^2 (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{18d} \\
& + \frac{e^2 (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}}{3d} \\
& + \frac{105b^{7/2} e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{32d} \\
& - \frac{35b^{7/2} e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{864d} \\
& + \frac{105b^{7/2} e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{32d} \\
& - \frac{35b^{7/2} e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{864d}
\end{aligned}$$



output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -35/18*b^2*e^2*(d*x+c)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(3/2)}/d-35/108*b^2*e^2*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(3/2)}/d+1/3*e^2*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(7/2)}/d-35/5184*b^{(7/2)}*e^2*\cos(3*a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(6^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})*6^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d-35/5184*b^{(7/2)}*e^2*\text{FresnelS}(6^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})*\sin(3*a/b)*6^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d+105/64*b^{(7/2)}*e^2*\cos(a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d+105/64*b^{(7/2)}*e^2*\text{FresnelS}(2^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})*\sin(a/b)*2^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d+7/9*b*e^2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(5/2)}*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}/d+7/18*b*e^2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(5/2)}*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}/d-175/54*b^3*e^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/d-35/216*b^3*e^2*(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/d \end{aligned}$$

### 3.255.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int (ce + dex)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{be^2 e^{-\frac{3ia}{b}} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2} \left( -243e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - 243e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{-i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{1944*d*e^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (b*e^2*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^{(5/2)}*(-243*E^{((2*I)*a)/b}*\text{Sqrt}[(I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[9/2, ((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] - 243*E^{((4*I)*a)/b}*\text{Sqrt}[((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[9/2, (I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] + \text{Sqrt}[3]*(\text{Sqrt}[(I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[9/2, ((-3*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] + E^{((6*I)*a)/b}*\text{Sqrt}[((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[9/2, ((3*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b])))/(1944*d*e^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/d \end{aligned}$$

**3.255.3 Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int e^2 (c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5140} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3 (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5210} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6} b \left( \frac{5}{6} b \int (c + dx)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5140} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6} b \left( \frac{5}{6} b \left( \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5182} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6} b \left( \frac{5}{6} b \left( \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5130} \\
 & \frac{e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (c + dx)^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6} b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{5}{2} b \left( (c + dx) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2} b \int \frac{(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5182}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.255.  $\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} dx \right) \right) \right)$$


---

↓ 5134

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} dx \right) \right) \right)$$


---

↓ 3042

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} dx \right) \right) \right)$$


---

↓ 3787

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} dx \right) \right) \right)$$


---

↓ 25

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} dx \right) \right) \right)$$


---

↓ 3042

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} dx \right) \right) \right)$$


---

↓ 3785

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} dx \right) \right) \right)$$


---

↓ 3786

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3832

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3833

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 5210

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{6}b \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 5146

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 4906

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx) \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 5182

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 5134

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3787

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3785

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3786

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3832

$$e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{6}b \left( \frac{5}{6}b \left( \frac{1}{3}(c+dx)^3(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

### 3.255.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787  $\text{Int}[\sin[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[(d*e - c*f)/d] \text{Int}[\text{Sin}[c*(f/d) + f*x]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x], x], x] + \text{Simp}[\text{Sin}[(d*e - c*f)/d] \text{Int}[\text{Cos}[c*(f/d) + f*x]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{ComplexFreeQ}[f] \&\& \text{NeQ}[d*e - c*f, 0]$

rule 3832  $\text{Int}[\text{Sin}[(d\_.)*((e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_))^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}/2]/(f*\text{Rt}[d, 2]))*\text{FresnelS}[\text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}]*\text{Rt}[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 3833  $\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[(d\_.)*((e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_))^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}/2]/(f*\text{Rt}[d, 2]))*\text{FresnelC}[\text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}]*\text{Rt}[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 4906  $\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[(a\_.) + (b\_.)*(x\_)]^{(p\_.)}*((c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_))^{(m\_.)}*\text{Sin}[(a\_.) + (b\_.)*(x\_)]^{(n\_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[(c + d*x)^m, \text{Sin}[a + b*x]^{n*}\text{Cos}[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$

rule 5130  $\text{Int}[(a\_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^{(n\_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^n, x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*n \text{Int}[x*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{(n-1)})/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 5134  $\text{Int}[(a\_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^{(n\_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(b*c) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n*\text{Cos}[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, n\}, x]$

rule 5140  $\text{Int}[(a\_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^{(n\_.)}*(x\_.)^{(m\_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m+1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^n/(m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/(m+1)) \text{Int}[x^{(m+1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{(n-1)})/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 5146  $\text{Int}[(a\_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^{(n\_.)}*(x\_.)^{(m\_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(b*c^{(m+1)}) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n*\text{Sin}[-a/b + x/b]^m*\text{Cos}[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

```
rule 5182 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 5210 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.255.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1233 vs.  $2(426) = 852$ .

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1234, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1234

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



```
output -1/5184*e^2/d*(5184*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b^3+
7776*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2*b^2-13608*arcsin(
d*x+c)^2*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b^3+5184*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+
b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^3*b-22680*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))
/b+a/b)*a*b^3-13608*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2*b^2+
504*cos(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*b^4+420*sin(-3*(a+
b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*b^4-210*cos(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c
))/b+3*a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c)*b^4+420*sin(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*a^2*
b^2+504*cos(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*a^3*b-210*cos(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d
*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*a*b^3-432*sin(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c
)^4*b^4+1296*arcsin(d*x+c)^4*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^4-4536*arcs
in(d*x+c)^3*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^4-11340*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(
-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^4+17010*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c
))/b+a/b)*b^4-11340*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2*b^2-4536*cos(-(a+b
*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^3*b+17010*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b^3-8
505*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/
(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^4+8505*(a
+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)
^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^4-432*sin(-3*(a
+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*a^4+35*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(-3/b)^(1/2)...
```

### 3.255.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**3.255.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**2*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`output `Timed out`**3.255.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \int (dex + ce)^2 (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{7/2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^2*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`**3.255.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8028, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.50

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3456*(1296*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^4*b^2*e^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b))) + 1296*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^4*b^2*e^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b))) - 864*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^4*b*e^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b))) + 2808*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^2*e^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b))) - 864*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^4*b*e^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(-I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b))) - 2808*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^2*e^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(-I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b))) + 432*I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*a*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(3*I*arcsin(d*x + c)) - 1296*I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*a*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(I*arcsin(d*x + c)) + 1296*I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*a*b^2*e^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(-I*arcsin(d...`

### 3.255.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \int (ce + dex)^2 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

### 3.256 $\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$

3.256.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2071
3.256.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2072
3.256.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2072
3.256.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2077
3.256.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	2078
3.256.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2078
3.256.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2079
3.256.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2079
3.256.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2080

#### 3.256.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 301

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{105b^3e(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{128d}$$

$$+ \frac{35b^2e(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{64d} - \frac{35b^2e(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{32d}$$

$$+ \frac{7be(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{8d}$$

$$- \frac{e(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}}{4d} + \frac{e(c + dx)^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}}{2d}$$

$$+ \frac{105b^{7/2}e\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{512d}$$

$$- \frac{105b^{7/2}e\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{512d}$$

```
output 35/64*b^2*e*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)/d-35/32*b^2*e*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(
d*x+c))^(3/2)/d-1/4*e*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2)/d+1/2*e*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arc
sin(d*x+c))^(7/2)/d+105/512*b^(7/2)*e*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*
x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/d-105/512*b^(7/2)*e*FresnelC(2*(a+b
*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)/d+7/8*b*e*(d*x
+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d-105/128*b^3*e*(d*x+c)
(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

**3.256.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{b^4 e e^{-\frac{2ia}{b}} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{2}, -\frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + e^{\frac{4ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{9}{2}, \frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{64\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `-1/64*(b^4*e*(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[9/2, ((-2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[9/2, ((2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(Sqrt[2]*d*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

**3.256.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 21, number of rules used = 20,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.870$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5140, 5210, 5140, 5152, 5210, 5146, 25, 4906, 27, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx \\ \downarrow \text{5304} \\ \int \frac{e(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} d(c + dx)}{d} \\ \downarrow \text{27} \\ \frac{e \int (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} d(c + dx)}{d} \\ \downarrow \text{5140} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}-\frac{7}{4}b\int\frac{(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}-\frac{7}{4}b\left(\frac{5}{4}b\int(c+dx)(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}d(c+dx)+\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 5140

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}-\frac{7}{4}b\left(\frac{5}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}-\frac{3}{4}b\int\frac{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d\right)\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}-\frac{7}{4}b\left(\frac{5}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}-\frac{3}{4}b\int\frac{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d\right)\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}-\frac{7}{4}b\left(\frac{5}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}-\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{4}b\int\frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}d\right)\right)\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 5146

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}-\frac{7}{4}b\left(\frac{5}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}-\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d\right)\right)\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}-\frac{7}{4}b\left(\frac{5}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}-\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d\right)\right)\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 4906

$$\frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}-\frac{7}{4}b\left(\frac{5}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}-\frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d\right)\right)\right)\right)}{d}$$

↓ 27

$$e \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{4}b \left( \frac{5}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d \right. \right. \right. \right.$$


---

↓ 3042

$$e \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{4}b \left( \frac{5}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d \right. \right. \right. \right.$$


---

↓ 3787

$$e \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{4}b \left( \frac{5}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d \right. \right. \right. \right.$$


---

↓ 25

$$e \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{4}b \left( \frac{5}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d \right. \right. \right. \right.$$


---

↓ 3042

$$e \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{4}b \left( \frac{5}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d \right. \right. \right. \right.$$


---

↓ 3785

$$e \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{4}b \left( \frac{5}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d \right. \right. \right. \right.$$


---

↓ 3786

$$e \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{4}b \left( \frac{5}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d \right. \right. \right. \right.$$


---

↓ 3832

$$e^{\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{4}b\left(\frac{5}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}\right)\right)\right)\right)\right)}$$

↓ 3833

$$e^{\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{4}b\left(\frac{5}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{8}\int\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}d(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)}$$

↓ 5152

$$e^{\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{4}b\left(\frac{5}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4}b\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}\right)\right)\right)\right)\right)}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `(e*(((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2))/2 - (7*b*(-1/2*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2)/(7*b) + (5*b*(((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2))/2 - (3*b*(-1/2*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)/(3*b) + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]) - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/8))/4))/4))/d`

### 3.256.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`



rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5140 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5146 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5210 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.256.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 653 vs.  $2(249) = 498$ .

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 654, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

method	result
default	$\frac{eb \left( 128 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \arcsin(dx+c)^3 \cos\left(-\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(dx+c))}{b} + \frac{2a}{b}\right) b^3 + 384 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \arcsin(dx+c) \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
output 1/512*e/d*b*(128*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*arcsin(d*
x+c)^3*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^3+384*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/
2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/
b)*a*b^2+224*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*arcsin(d*x+c)
^2*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^3+384*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*P
i^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a^2
*b-280*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-
2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^3+448*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*
(-1/b)^(1/2)*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a*b^2+128*(
a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/
b+2*a/b)*a^3-280*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*cos(-2*(a
+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a*b^2+224*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-
1/b)^(1/2)*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a^2*b-210*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)
)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^3-105
*Pi*b^3*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*
x+c))^(1/2)/b)-105*Pi*b^3*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1
/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)
```

### 3.256.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

### 3.256.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```

**3.256.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \int (dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{7/2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

**3.256.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2561, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.51

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/1024*(128*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*b^3*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*e^(2*I*arcsin(d*x + c)) + 128*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*b^3*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^3*e^(-2*I*arcsin(d*x + c)) + 384*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*a*b^2*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(2*I*arcsin(d*x + c)) + 224*I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*b^3*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(2*I*arcsin(d*x + c)) + 384*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*a*b^2*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(-2*I*arcsin(d*x + c)) - 224*I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*b^3*e*arcsin(d*x + c)^2*e^(-2*I*arcsin(d*x + c)) + 768*I*sqrt(pi)*a^4*b*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/(b^(3/2) + I*b^(5/2)/abs(b)) + 192*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^2*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/(b^(3/2) + I*b^(5/2)/abs(b)) - 768*I*sqrt(pi)*a^4*b*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/(b^(3/2) - I*b^(5/2)/abs(b)) + 192*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^2*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/(b^(3/2) - I*b^(5/2)/abs(b)) - 256*I*sqrt(pi)*a^4*sqrt(b)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/(b + I*b^2/abs(b)) + 832*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^(3/2)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/(b + I*b^2/abs(b)) - 288*I*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^(5/2)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*ar...`

**3.256.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \int (ce + dex) (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2),x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

### 3.257 $\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$

3.257.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2081
3.257.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2082
3.257.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2082
3.257.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2086
3.257.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . .	2087
3.257.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2087
3.257.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2088
3.257.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2088
3.257.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2089

#### 3.257.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 243

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = -\frac{105b^3 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{8d}$$

$$- \frac{35b^2(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}{4d}$$

$$+ \frac{7b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}{2d} + \frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{105b^{7/2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8d}$$

$$+ \frac{105b^{7/2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{8d}$$

```
output -35/4*b^2*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)/d+(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2)/d+105/16*b^(7/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d+105/16*b^(7/2)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d+7/2*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d-105/8*b^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d
```

### 3.257.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 545, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{ia}{b}} \left( \sqrt{b} \left( 8ia^3 \left( -1 + e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \right) + 105b^3 \left( 1 + e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \right) \right) \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*((8*I)*a^3*(-1 + E^(((2*I)*a)/b)) + 105*b^3*(1 + E^(((2*I)*a)/b))
)*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] + 2*b*(E^((I*a)/b))*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(7*(-10*a*b*(c + d*x) + 4*a^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2] - 15*b^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2]) + (24*a^2*(c + d*x) - 70*b^2*(c + d*x) + 56*a*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2])*ArcSin[c + d*x] + 4*b*(6*a*(c + d*x) + 7*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2])*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2 + 8*b^2*(c + d*x)*ArcSin[c + d*x]^3) + 4*a^3*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + 4*a^3*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(4*a^3*(1 + E^(((2*I)*a)/b)) + 105*b^3*E^((I*a)/b)*Sin[a/b]))/(16*d*E^((I*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])
```

### 3.257.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {5302, 5130, 5182, 5130, 5182, 5134, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$$

↓ 5302

$$\frac{\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

↓ 5130

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

↓ 5182

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} d(c + dx) - \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5130

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5182

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 5134

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 3787

$$\frac{(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + dx) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

↓ 25



$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left( \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left( \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3785

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \frac{\sin \left( \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3786

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sin \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \sin \left( \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3832

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \int \cos \left( \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 3833

$$(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} - \frac{7}{2}b \left( \frac{5}{2}b \left( (c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) \text{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{b} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2), x]`

```
output ((c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2) - (7*b*(-Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*(
a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (5*b*((c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3
/2) - (3*b*(-Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (Sqrt[b
]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sq
rt[b]] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x
]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b]))/2))/2)/2)/2)/d
```

### 3.257.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3785 Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := S
imp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c,
d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3786 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3787 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos
[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(
d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d
, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3832 Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

```
rule 3833 Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

rule 5130 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5134 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

### 3.257.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 615 vs.  $2(197) = 394$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 616, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

method	result
default	$-\frac{-105\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sqrt{\pi}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}b}}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}b^4+105\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sqrt{\pi}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}}}{\dots}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
output -1/16/d*(-105*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)
/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b
^4+105*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/
2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^4+16*a
rcsin(d*x+c)^4*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^4+64*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*sin(
-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b^3-56*arcsin(d*x+c)^3*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+
c))/b+a/b)*b^4+96*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2*b^2-
140*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^4-168*arcsin(d*x+c)^
2*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b^3+64*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(
d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^3*b-280*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b
^3-168*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2*b^2+210*arcsin(d*
x+c)*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^4+16*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b
)*a^4-140*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2*b^2-56*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+
c))/b+a/b)*a^3*b+210*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b^3)/(a+b*arcsin(d*
x+c))^(1/2)
```

### 3.257.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

### 3.257.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)
```

```
output Timed out
```



**3.257.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

**3.258**       $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}}{ce+dex} dx$

3.258.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2090  
 3.258.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . . 2090  
 3.258.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . . 2091  
 3.258.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . . 2092  
 3.258.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . . 2092  
 3.258.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2092  
 3.258.7 Maxima [N/A] . . . . . 2093  
 3.258.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . . 2093  
 3.258.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . . 2093

**3.258.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \frac{\text{Int}\left(\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}}{c+dx}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `Unintegrable((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2)/(d*x+c),x)/e`

**3.258.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}}{ce + dex} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2)/(c*e + d*e*x),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2)/(c*e + d*e*x), x]`

**3.258.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5148}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}}{ce + dex} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} d(c+dx)}{e(c+dx)} d$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} d(c+dx)}{c+dx} de$$

↓ 5148

$$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2} d(c+dx)}{c+dx} de$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2)/(c*e + d*e*x),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.258.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 5148 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`



rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.258.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^{\frac{7}{2}}}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x)`

### 3.258.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

### 3.258.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(7/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.258.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{7/2}}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2)/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`**3.258.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{7/2}}{dex + ce} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2)/(d*e*x+c*e),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2)/(d*e*x + c*e), x)`**3.258.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}}{ce + dex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{7/2}}{ce + dex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2)/(c*e + d*e*x),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2)/(c*e + d*e*x), x)`

---

3.258.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}}{ce+dex} dx$

**3.259**  $\int \frac{(ce+dx)^4}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx$

3.259.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2094  
 3.259.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2095  
 3.259.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2096  
 3.259.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2098  
 3.259.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . . 2098  
 3.259.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2099  
 3.259.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2099  
 3.259.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2099  
 3.259.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2101

**3.259.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 365

$$\int \frac{(ce + dx)^4}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{e^4 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{e^4 \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{bd}} + \frac{e^4 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{10}} \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{bd}} + \frac{e^4 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{e^4 \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{8\sqrt{bd}} + \frac{e^4 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{10}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right)}{8\sqrt{bd}}$$

output  $1/80*e^4*\cos(5*a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(10^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})*10^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d/b^{(1/2)}+1/80*e^4*\text{FresnelS}(10^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})*\sin(5*a/b)*10^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d/b^{(1/2)}+1/8*e^4*\cos(a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d/b^{(1/2)}+1/8*e^4*\text{FresnelS}(2^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})*\sin(a/b)*2^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d/b^{(1/2)}-1/16*e^4*\cos(3*a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(6^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})*6^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d/b^{(1/2)}-1/16*e^4*\text{FresnelS}(6^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})*\sin(3*a/b)*6^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/d/b^{(1/2)}$

### 3.259.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{ie^4 e^{-\frac{5ia}{b}} \left( -10e^{\frac{4ia}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + 10e^{\frac{6ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^4/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output  $((I/160)*e^4*(-10*E^{((4*I)*a)/b})*\text{Sqrt}[((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] + 10*E^{((6*I)*a)/b})*\text{Sqrt}[(I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] + 5*\text{Sqrt}[3]*E^{((2*I)*a)/b})*\text{Sqrt}[((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((-3*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] - 5*\text{Sqrt}[3]*E^{((8*I)*a)/b})*\text{Sqrt}[(I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((3*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] - \text{Sqrt}[5]*\text{Sqrt}[((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((-5*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] + \text{Sqrt}[5]*E^{((10*I)*a)/b})*\text{Sqrt}[(I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((5*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]))/(d*E^{((5*I)*a)/b})*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]]$

**3.259.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5146, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{e^4(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & e^4 \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5146} \\
 & \frac{e^4 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^4\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & \frac{e^4 \int \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{5a}{b} - \frac{5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{16\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{3 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{16\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} + \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{8\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{e^4 \left( \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{bd}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^4/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

```
output (e^4*((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[
c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/4 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*Cos[(3*a)/b]*FresnelC[(Sq
rt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/8 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/10]*C
os[(5*a)/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[10/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/8
+ (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/S
qrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/4 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a
+ b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/8 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/10]*Fres
nelS[(Sqrt[10/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(5*a)/b])/8))/
(b*d)
```

### 3.259.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 4906 Int[Cos[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sin[(a_) + (b
_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x
]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IG
tQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 5146 Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^m, x_Symbol] := Simp[1
/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a
+ b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.259.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^4 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{5}{b}} \left( 2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{5}{b}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) b - 2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{5}{b}} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/80*e^4/d*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-5/b)^(1/2)*(2*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(-5/b)^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b-2*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(-5/b)^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b-(-3/b)^(1/2)*(-5/b)^(1/2)*cos(3*a/b)*FresnelC(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b+(-3/b)^(1/2)*(-5/b)^(1/2)*sin(3*a/b)*FresnelS(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b-cos(5*a/b)*FresnelC(5*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-5/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)+sin(5*a/b)*FresnelS(5*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-5/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)`

### 3.259.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.259.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = e^4 \left( \int \frac{c^4}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx + \int \frac{d^4 x^4}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{4cd^3 x^3}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx + \int \frac{6c^2 d^2 x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{4c^3 dx}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**4/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `e**4*(Integral(c**4/sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(d**4*x**4/sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(4*c*d**3*x**3/sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(6*c**2*d**2*x**2/sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(4*c**3*d*x/sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x))`

**3.259.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^4}{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^4/sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.259.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.



Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 507, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx \\
 &= - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^4 \operatorname{erf} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{10}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{i\sqrt{10}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a\sqrt{b}}{2|b|} \right) e^{\left(\frac{5ia}{b}\right)}}{16 \left( \sqrt{10}\sqrt{b} + \frac{i\sqrt{10}b^{\frac{3}{2}}}{|b|} \right) d} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi} e^4 \operatorname{erf} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{i\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a\sqrt{b}}{2|b|} \right) e^{\left(\frac{3ia}{b}\right)}}{32 \sqrt{b} d \left( \frac{ib}{|b|} + 1 \right)} \\
 &- \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^4 \operatorname{erf} \left( -\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a\sqrt{|b|}}{2b} \right) e^{\left(\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{8 d \left( \frac{i\sqrt{2}b}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|} \right)} \\
 &- \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^4 \operatorname{erf} \left( \frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a\sqrt{|b|}}{2b} \right) e^{\left(-\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{8 d \left( -\frac{i\sqrt{2}b}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|} \right)} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi} e^4 \operatorname{erf} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{i\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a\sqrt{b}}{2|b|} \right) e^{\left(-\frac{3ia}{b}\right)}}{32 \sqrt{b} d \left( -\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1 \right)} \\
 &- \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^4 \operatorname{erf} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{10}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{i\sqrt{10}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a\sqrt{b}}{2|b|} \right) e^{\left(-\frac{5ia}{b}\right)}}{16 \left( \sqrt{10}\sqrt{b} - \frac{i\sqrt{10}b^{\frac{3}{2}}}{|b|} \right) d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/16*sqrt(pi)*e^4*erf(-1/2*sqrt(10)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) -
  1/2*I*sqrt(10)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(5*I*a/b)/((
sqrt(10)*sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(10)*b^(3/2)/abs(b))*d) + 1/32*sqrt(6)*sqrt(pi)*e
^4*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sq
rt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(3*I*a/b)/(sqrt(b)*d*(I*b/abs(
b) + 1)) - 1/8*sqrt(pi)*e^4*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)
/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^
(I*a/b)/(d*(I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b)))) - 1/8*sqrt(p
i)*e^4*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sq
rt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(d*(-I*sqrt(2)
)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b)))) + 1/32*sqrt(6)*sqrt(pi)*e^4*erf(
-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*ar
csin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-3*I*a/b)/(sqrt(b)*d*(-I*b/abs(b) +
1)) - 1/16*sqrt(pi)*e^4*erf(-1/2*sqrt(10)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt
(b) + 1/2*I*sqrt(10)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-5*I*a
/b)/((sqrt(10)*sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(10)*b^(3/2)/abs(b))*d)
```

### 3.259.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.260**  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx$

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**3.260.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 233

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = -\frac{e^3 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8\sqrt{bd}} + \frac{e^3 \sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{4\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{e^3 \sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{bd}} + \frac{e^3 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{8\sqrt{bd}}$$

```
output -1/16*e^3*cos(4*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d/b^(1/2)+1/16*e^3*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*
(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(4*a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d/b^(1/2)+1
/4*e^3*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*P
i^(1/2)/d/b^(1/2)-1/4*e^3*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(
1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)/d/b^(1/2)
```

### 3.260.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^3 e^{-\frac{4ia}{b}} \left( -2\sqrt{2} e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - 2\sqrt{2} e^{\frac{6ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{32d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^3/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(e^3*(-2*Sqrt[2]*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((-2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] - 2*Sqrt[2]*E^(((6*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((-4*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((8*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((4*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/(32*d*E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

### 3.260.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5146, 25, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{e^3(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{e^3 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5146} \\
 & \frac{e^3 \int -\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{e^3 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & \frac{e^3 \int \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{4a}{b} - \frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{8\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{e^3 \left( -\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \right)}{bd}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^3/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(e^3*(-1/8*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[(4*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]) + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])/4 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/4 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(4*a)/b])/8))/(b*d)`

3.260.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 5146 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*(x_)^m_., x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.260.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^3 \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \left( -\sqrt{2} \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) - \sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) + 4 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelI}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) \right)}{16d}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.260. 
$$\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx$$

```
output -1/16*e^3/d*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(-2^(1/2)*cos(4*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/
Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)-2^(1/2)*sin(4*a/b)*Fres
nelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)+4*cos(2*
a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)
+4*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))
^(1/2)/b))
```

### 3.260.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

### 3.260.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = e^3 \left( \int \frac{c^3}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx + \int \frac{d^3 x^3}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{3cd^2 x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx + \int \frac{3c^2 dx}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx \right)$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**3/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

```
output e**3*(Integral(c**3/sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(d**3*x**3/sqr
t(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(3*c*d**2*x**2/sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*
x)), x) + Integral(3*c**2*d*x/sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x))
```

**3.260.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^3}{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^3/sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.260.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} e^3 \operatorname{erf} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{i \sqrt{2} \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{b}}{|b|} \right) e^{\left(\frac{4i a}{b}\right)}}{16 \left( \sqrt{2} \sqrt{b} + \frac{i \sqrt{2} b^{\frac{3}{2}}}{|b|} \right) d} \\ &+ \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} e^3 \operatorname{erf} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{i \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{b}}{|b|} \right) e^{\left(-\frac{2i a}{b}\right)}}{8 d \left( \sqrt{b} - \frac{i b^{\frac{3}{2}}}{|b|} \right)} \\ &- \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} e^3 \operatorname{erf} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{i \sqrt{2} \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{b}}{|b|} \right) e^{\left(-\frac{4i a}{b}\right)}}{16 \left( \sqrt{2} \sqrt{b} - \frac{i \sqrt{2} b^{\frac{3}{2}}}{|b|} \right) d} \\ &- \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} e^3 \operatorname{erf} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{i \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a} \sqrt{b}}{|b|} \right) e^{\left(\frac{2i a}{b}\right)}}{8 \sqrt{b} d \left( \frac{i b}{|b|} + 1 \right)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`



output  $1/16*I*\sqrt{\pi}*e^3*\operatorname{erf}(-\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{b*\arcsin(dx + c) + a}/\sqrt{b}) - I*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{b*\arcsin(dx + c) + a}*\sqrt{b}/\operatorname{abs}(b))*e^{(4*I*a/b)/((\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{b} + I*\sqrt{2}*b^{(3/2)}/\operatorname{abs}(b))*d)} + 1/8*I*\sqrt{\pi}*e^3*\operatorname{erf}(-\sqrt{b*\arcsin(dx + c) + a}/\sqrt{b}) + I*\sqrt{b*\arcsin(dx + c) + a}*\sqrt{b}/\operatorname{abs}(b))*e^{(-2*I*a/b)/(d*(\sqrt{b}) - I*b^{(3/2)}/\operatorname{abs}(b)))} - 1/16*I*\sqrt{\pi}*e^3*\operatorname{erf}(-\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{b*\arcsin(dx + c) + a}/\sqrt{b}) + I*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{b*\arcsin(dx + c) + a}*\sqrt{b}/\operatorname{abs}(b))*e^{(-4*I*a/b)/((\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{b}) - I*\sqrt{2}*b^{(3/2)}/\operatorname{abs}(b))*d} - 1/8*I*\sqrt{\pi}*e^3*\operatorname{erf}(-\sqrt{b*\arcsin(dx + c) + a}/\sqrt{b}) - I*\sqrt{b*\arcsin(dx + c) + a}*\sqrt{b}/\operatorname{abs}(b))*e^{(2*I*a/b)/(\sqrt{b}*d*(I*b/\operatorname{abs}(b) + 1))}$

### 3.260.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.261**  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx$

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 3.261.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2110  
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**3.261.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 243

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bd}} + \frac{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{bd}}$$

```
output -1/12*e^2*cos(3*a/b)*FresnelC(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b
^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d/b^(1/2)-1/12*e^2*FresnelS(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b
*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(3*a/b)*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d/b^(1/2)+1/4*e
^2*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2
^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d/b^(1/2)+1/4*e^2*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d
*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d/b^(1/2)
```

### 3.261.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{ie^2 e^{-\frac{3ia}{b}} \left( 3e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - 3e^{\frac{4ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{24d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^2/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((-1/24*I)*e^2*(3*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] - 3*E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + Sqrt[3]*(-(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((-3*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]) + E^(((6*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((3*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(d*E^(((3*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

### 3.261.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5146, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{e^2(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{array}{c}
 e^2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx) \\
 \hline
 d \\
 \downarrow 5146 \\
 e^2 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \\
 \hline
 bd \\
 \downarrow 4906 \\
 e^2 \int \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \\
 \hline
 bd \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 e^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 bd
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^2/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(e^2*((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*Cos[(3*a)/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/2))/(b*d)`

### 3.261.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5146 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*Ssin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.261.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{3}{b}}\left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b}\arcsin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}b}}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{-\frac{3}{b}b}-\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b}\arcsin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}b}}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{-\frac{3}{b}b}\right)}{12d}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/12*e^2/d*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*(cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*b-sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*b+cos(3*a/b)*FresnelC(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)-sin(3*a/b)*FresnelS(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)`

**3.261.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.261.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = e^2 \left( \int \frac{c^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx + \int \frac{d^2 x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx + \int \frac{2cdx}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**2/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `e**2*(Integral(c**2/sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(d**2*x**2/sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(2*c*d*x/sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x))`

**3.261.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^2}{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^2/sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.261.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{i\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a\sqrt{b}}{2|b|}\right) e^{\left(\frac{3ia}{b}\right)}}{4\left(\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b} + \frac{i\sqrt{6b^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{|b|}\right)d}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{4d\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2b}}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{4d\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2b}}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\pi} e^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{i\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b} \arcsin(dx+c)+a\sqrt{b}}{2|b|}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{3ia}{b}\right)}}{4\left(\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b} - \frac{i\sqrt{6b^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{|b|}\right)d}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt(pi)*e^2*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(3*I*a/b)/((sqrt(6)*sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(6)*b^(3/2)/abs(b))*d) - 1/4*sqrt(pi)*e^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(d*(I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b)))) - 1/4*sqrt(pi)*e^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(d*(-I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b)))) + 1/4*sqrt(pi)*e^2*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-3*I*a/b)/((sqrt(6)*sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(6)*b^(3/2)/abs(b))*d)`

**3.261.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`



### 3.262 $\int \frac{ce+dex}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx$

3.262.1 Optimal result	2116
3.262.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	2116
3.262.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2117
3.262.4 Maple [A] (verified)	2120
3.262.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	2121
3.262.6 Sympy [F]	2121
3.262.7 Maxima [F]	2121
3.262.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	2122
3.262.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2122

#### 3.262.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{e\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{e\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{bd}}$$

output `1/2*e*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/d/b^(1/2)-1/2*e*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)/d/b^(1/2)`

#### 3.262.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{e e^{-\frac{2ia}{b}} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + e^{\frac{4ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{4\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `-1/4*(e*(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((-2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(Sqrt[2]*d*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

### 3.262.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5146, 25, 4906, 27, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{ce + dex}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{e(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & e \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5146} \\
 & \frac{e \int -\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{e \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & -\frac{e \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{bd}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{e \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{2bd} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{e \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{2bd} \\ & \downarrow 3787 \\ & \frac{e \left( -\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{2bd} \\ & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{e \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{2bd} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{e \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{2bd} \\ & \downarrow 3785 \\ & \frac{e \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{2bd} \\ & \downarrow 3786 \\ & \frac{e \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{2bd} \\ & \downarrow 3832 \\ & \frac{e \left( \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b\sqrt{\pi}}}\right) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{2bd} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.262.  $\int \frac{ce+dx}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx$

$$\frac{e\left(\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\right)}{2bd}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(e*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])] - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b]))/(2*b*d)`

### 3.262.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)](p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)](n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)m, Sin[a + b*x]n*Cos[a + b*x]p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5146 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_.)*(x_)(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c(m + 1)) Subst[Int[xn*Sin[-a/b + x/b]m*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))m*((a + b*ArcSin[x])n), x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.262.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} e^{\left(\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b} \arcsin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{2}{b}} b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b} \arcsin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{2}{b}} b}\right)\right)}}{2d}$	96

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*Pi(1/2)*(-1/b)(1/2)*e*(cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2(1/2)/Pi(1/2)/(-2/b)(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))(1/2)/b)+sin(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2(1/2)/Pi(1/2)/(-2/b)(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))(1/2)/b))/d`

**3.262.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.262.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = e \left( \int \frac{c}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx + \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `e*(Integral(c/sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(d*x/sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x))`

**3.262.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{dex + ce}{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)/sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.262.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{i\sqrt{\pi}e \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{i\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{b}}{|b|}\right) e^{(-\frac{2ia}{b})}}{4d\left(\sqrt{b} - \frac{ib^{\frac{3}{2}}}{|b|}\right)} - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi}e \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{i\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{b}}{|b|}\right) e^{(\frac{2ia}{b})}}{4\sqrt{b}d\left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/(d*(sqrt(b) - I*b^(3/2)/abs(b))) - 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*e*erf(-sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/(sqrt(b)*d*(I*b/abs(b) + 1))`

**3.262.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{ce + dex}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### 3.263 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx$

3.263.1 Optimal result	2123
3.263.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	2123
3.263.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2124
3.263.4 Maple [A] (verified)	2127
3.263.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	2127
3.263.6 Sympy [F]	2127
3.263.7 Maxima [F]	2128
3.263.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	2128
3.263.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2129

#### 3.263.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}} + \frac{\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}}$$

output `cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d/b^(1/2)+FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/d/b^(1/2)`

#### 3.263.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{ie^{-\frac{ia}{b}} \left( -\sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) + e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{2d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}$$



input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((I/2)*(-(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])*Gamma[1/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]) + E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])*Gamma[1/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(d*E^((I*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

### 3.263.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {5302, 5134, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5134} \\
 & \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3787} \\
 & \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{bd}$$

↓ 3785

$$\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{bd}$$

↓ 3786

$$\frac{2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{bd}$$

↓ 3832

$$\frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{bd}$$

↓ 3833

$$\frac{\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{bd}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/(b*d)`

## 3.263.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 5134 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`
- rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`

**3.263.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)-\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)\right)}{d}$	94

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)-sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b))/d`**3.263.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`**3.263.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(1/sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.263.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.263.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{-i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(\frac{ia}{b}\right)} d\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2b}}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx+c)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{ia}{b}\right)} d\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2b}}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-sqrt(pi)*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(d*(I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b)))) - sqrt(pi)*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(d*(-I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b))))`

**3.263.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \sin(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`output `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**3.264**  $\int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} dx$

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 3.264.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . . 2130  
 3.264.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . . 2131  
 3.264.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . . 2132  
 3.264.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . . 2132  
 3.264.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . . 2132  
 3.264.7 Maxima [N/A] . . . . . 2133  
 3.264.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . . 2133  
 3.264.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . . 2134

**3.264.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)\sqrt{a + b\arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)/e`

**3.264.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)\sqrt{a + b\arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)\sqrt{a + b\arcsin(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]), x]`

**3.264.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5148}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{1}{e(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 5148

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c + dx)$$

input `Int[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.264.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 5148 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_.)*(x_))^m_., x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`



```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*Ar
cSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.264.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(dex + ce) \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx + c)}} dx$$

```
input int(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)
```

```
output int(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)
```

### 3.264.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex) \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

### 3.264.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex) \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{c\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}+dx \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} dx}{e}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(c*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))),  
x)/e`

### 3.264.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((d*e*x + c*e)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)), x)`

### 3.264.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((d*e*x + c*e)*sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)), x)`

**3.264.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**3.265**       $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.265.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2135  
 3.265.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2136  
 3.265.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2137  
 3.265.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2138  
 3.265.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . . 2139  
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 3.265.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2140  
 3.265.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2141  
 3.265.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2141

**3.265.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 412

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2e^4(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{bd \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} - \frac{e^4 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}d} + \frac{3e^4 \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}d} - \frac{e^4 \sqrt{\frac{5\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}d} + \frac{e^4 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2b^{3/2}d} + \frac{3e^4 \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{4b^{3/2}d} - \frac{e^4 \sqrt{\frac{5\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right)}{4b^{3/2}d}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/4*e^4*\cos(a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(2^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}) \\ & *2^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(3/2)}/d+1/4*e^4*\text{FresnelC}(2^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}) \\ & *\sin(a/b)*2^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(3/2)}/d+3/8*e^4*\cos(3*a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(6^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}) \\ & *6^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(3/2)}/d-3/8*e^4*\text{FresnelC}(6^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}) \\ & *\sin(3*a/b)*6^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(3/2)}/d-1/8*e^4*\cos(5*a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(10^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}) \\ & *10^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(3/2)}/d+1/8*e^4*\text{FresnelC}(10^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}) \\ & *\sin(5*a/b)*10^{(1/2)}*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(3/2)}/d-2*e^4*(d*x+c)^4*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}/b/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

### 3.265.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 572, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^4 e^{-\frac{5i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \left( -e^{\frac{5ia}{b}} + 3e^{\frac{5ia}{b} + 2i \arcsin(c+dx)} - 2e^{\frac{5ia}{b} + 4i \arcsin(c+dx)} - 2e^{\frac{5ia}{b}} \right)}{1}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (e^4*(-E^{((5*I)*a)/b} + 3E^{((5*I)*a)/b + (2*I)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]} - 2E^{((5*I)*a)/b + (4*I)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]} \\ & - 2E^{((5*I)*a)/b + (6*I)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]} + 3E^{((5*I)*a)/b + (8*I)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]} - E^{((5*I)*(a + 2*b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b} \\ & + 2E^{((4*I)*a)/b + (5*I)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]}*\text{Sqrt}[((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] \\ & + 2E^{((6*I)*a)/b + (5*I)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]}*\text{Sqrt}[(I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] \\ & - 3*\text{Sqrt}[3]*E^{((2*I)*a)/b + (5*I)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]}*\text{Sqrt}[((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((-3*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] \\ & - 3*\text{Sqrt}[3]*E^{((8*I)*a)/b + (5*I)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]}*\text{Sqrt}[(I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((3*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] \\ & + \text{Sqrt}[5]*E^{((5*I)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])*2}*\text{Sqrt}[((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((-5*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] \\ & + \text{Sqrt}[5]*E^{((5*I)*(2*a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b}*\text{Sqrt}[(I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((5*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b] \\ & ))/(16*b*d*e^{((5*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b}*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]]) \end{aligned}$$

**3.265.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5142, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{e^4(c+dx)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{e^4 \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5142} \\
 & e^4 \left( \frac{2 \int \left( \frac{5 \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b} - \frac{5(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{16 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{9 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{16 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{8 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & e^4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{3}{8} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{5\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

```
output (e^4*((-2*(c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]
]) + (2*(-1/4*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b
*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]) + (3*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*Cos[(3*a)/b]*Fres
nelS[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/8 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[
(5*Pi)/2]*Cos[(5*a)/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[10/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/
Sqrt[b]])/8 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c
+ d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/4 - (3*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[
6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/8 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqr
t[(5*Pi)/2]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[10/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Si
n[(5*a)/b])/8))/b^2))/d
```

### 3.265.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5142 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[x
^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp
[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Sin[-a/b
+ x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*
x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.265.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 483, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^4 \left( -2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}b}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2-2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}b}}\right) \right)}{\dots}$

3.265. 
$$\int \frac{(ce+dex)^4}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/8*e^4/d/b*(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+3*cos(3*a/b)*FresnelS(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)+3*sin(3*a/b)*FresnelC(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)-cos(5*a/b)*FresnelS(5*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-5/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*(-5/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)-sin(5*a/b)*FresnelC(5*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-5/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*(-5/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)-3*cos(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)+cos(-5*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+5*a/b))/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### 3.265.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```



## 3.265.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = e^4 \left( \int \frac{c^4}{a\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + b\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ + \int \frac{d^4 x^4}{a\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + b\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\ + \int \frac{4cd^3 x^3}{a\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + b\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\ + \int \frac{6c^2 d^2 x^2}{a\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + b\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\ \left. + \int \frac{4c^3 dx}{a\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + b\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**4/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `e**4*(Integral(c**4/(a*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(d**4*x**4/(a*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(4*c*d**3*x**3/(a*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(6*c**2*d**2*x**2/(a*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(4*c**3*d*x/(a*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)), x))`

## 3.265.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^4}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^4/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.265.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^4}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^4/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^4/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.265.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^4}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^4/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.266**  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.266.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2142  
 3.266.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2143  
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 3.266.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . . 2146  
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 3.266.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2147  
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**3.266.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 270

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2e^3(c + dx)^3\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{bd\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} - \frac{e^3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}d} + \frac{e^3\sqrt{\pi}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^{3/2}d} + \frac{e^3\sqrt{\pi}\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{b^{3/2}d} - \frac{e^3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{b^{3/2}d}$$

output

```
-1/2*e^3*cos(4*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/
b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d-1/2*e^3*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a
+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(4*a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d+e^3
*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2
)/b^(3/2)/d+e^3*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin
(2*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d-2*e^3*(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*ar
csin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.266.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$ie^3 e^{-\frac{4ia}{b}} \left( \sqrt{2} e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) - \sqrt{2} e^{\frac{6ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `((-1/4*I)*e^3*(Sqrt[2]*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((-2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] - Sqrt[2]*E^(((6*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] - Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((-4*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((8*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((4*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] - (2*I)*E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*Sin[2*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + I*E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*Sin[4*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(b*d*E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

**3.266.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5142, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{e^3(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & e^3 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5142} \\
 & e^3 \left( \frac{2 \int \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{4a}{b} - \frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & e^3 \left( \frac{2 \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{b^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(e^3*((-2*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (2*(-1/2*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[(4*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]) + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])*Sin[(2*a)/b])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b])*Sin[(4*a)/b])/2))/b^2))/d`

**3.266.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5142 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^m*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Sin[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.266.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
default	$\frac{e^3 \left( -2 \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} + 2 \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{4} e^3 / d / b * (-2 * \cos(4 * a / b) * \operatorname{FresnelC}(2 * 2^{(1/2)} / \pi^{(1/2)} / (-1 / b)^{(1/2)} * (a + b * \arcsin(d * x + c))^{(1/2)} / b) * 2^{(1/2)} * \pi^{(1/2)} * (a + b * \arcsin(d * x + c))^{(1/2)} * (-1 / b)^{(1/2)} + 2 * \sin(4 * a / b) * \operatorname{FresnelS}(2 * 2^{(1/2)} / \pi^{(1/2)} / (-1 / b)^{(1/2)} * (a + b * \arcsin(d * x + c))^{(1/2)} / b) * 2^{(1/2)} * \pi^{(1/2)} * (a + b * \arcsin(d * x + c))^{(1/2)} * (-1 / b)^{(1/2)} + 4 * (-1 / b)^{(1/2)} * \pi^{(1/2)} * (a + b * \arcsin(d * x + c))^{(1/2)} * \cos(2 * a / b) * \operatorname{FresnelC}(2 * 2^{(1/2)} / \pi^{(1/2)} / (-2 / b)^{(1/2)} * (a + b * \arcsin(d * x + c))^{(1/2)} / b) - 4 * (-1 / b)^{(1/2)} * \pi^{(1/2)} * (a + b * \arcsin(d * x + c))^{(1/2)} * \sin(2 * a / b) * \operatorname{FresnelS}(2 * 2^{(1/2)} / \pi^{(1/2)} / (-2 / b)^{(1/2)} * (a + b * \arcsin(d * x + c))^{(1/2)} / b) + 2 * \sin(-2 * (a + b * \arcsin(d * x + c)) / b + 2 * a / b) - \sin(-4 * (a + b * \arcsin(d * x + c)) / b + 4 * a / b) / (a + b * \arcsin(d * x + c))^{(1/2)}$$

### 3.266.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

### 3.266.6 Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx &= e^3 \left( \int \frac{c^3}{a\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + b\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ &+ \int \frac{d^3 x^3}{a\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + b\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\ &+ \int \frac{3cd^2 x^2}{a\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + b\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \\ &\left. + \int \frac{3c^2 dx}{a\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + b\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**3/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `e**3*(Integral(c**3/(a*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(d**3*x**3/(a*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(3*c*d**2*x**2/(a*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(3*c**2*d*x/(a*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)), x))`

**3.266.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^3}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^3/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.266.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^3}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^3/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.266.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`



**3.267** 
$$\int \frac{(ce+dex)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

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**3.267.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 280

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2e^2(c + dx)^2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{bd\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}d} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}}\cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}d} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^{3/2}d} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{b^{3/2}d}$$

output

```
-1/2*e^2*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d+1/2*e^2*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d+1/2*e^2*cos(3*a/b)*FresnelS(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d-1/2*e^2*FresnelC(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(3*a/b)*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d-2*e^2*(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### 3.267.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^2 e^{-\frac{3i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \left( e^{\frac{3ia}{b}} - e^{\frac{3ia}{b} + 2i \arcsin(c+dx)} - e^{\frac{3ia}{b} + 4i \arcsin(c+dx)} + e^{\frac{3i(a+2b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \right)}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(e^2*(E^(((3*I)*a)/b) - E^(((3*I)*a)/b + (2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - E^(((3*I)*a)/b + (4*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + E^(((3*I)*(a + 2*b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b) + E^(((2*I)*a)/b + (3*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + E^(((4*I)*a)/b + (3*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] - Sqrt[3]*E^(((3*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((-3*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] - Sqrt[3]*E^((3*I)*((2*a)/b + ArcSin[c + d*x]))*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((3*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(4*b*d*E^(((3*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

### 3.267.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5142, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{e^2(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{e^2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5142} \\
 & e^2 \left( \frac{2 \int \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{3 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & e^2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^2} \right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(e^2*((-2*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (2*(-1/2*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]) + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*Cos[(3*a)/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/2))/b^2))/d`

**3.267.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5142 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^m*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Sin[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.267.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^2 \left( -\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2-\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right) \right)}{\dots}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2*e^2/d/b*(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(2^(1/2)/\operatorname{Pi}^(1/2)) / (-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b*(-1/b)^(1/2)*\operatorname{Pi}^(1/2)*2^(1/2)- \\ & (a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*\operatorname{FresnelC}(2^(1/2)/\operatorname{Pi}^(1/2))/(-1/b)^(1/2)* \\ & (a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b*(-1/b)^(1/2)*\operatorname{Pi}^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+cos(3*a/b)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(3*2^(1/2)/\operatorname{Pi}^(1/2))/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b*2^(1/2)* \\ & \operatorname{Pi}^(1/2)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)+sin(3*a/b)*\operatorname{FresnelC}(3*2^(1/2)/\operatorname{Pi}^(1/2))/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b*2^(1/2)*\operatorname{Pi}^(1/2)*(- \\ & 3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)+cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)-cos(- \\ & 3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b))/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$

**3.267.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**3.267.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = e^2 \left( \int \frac{c^2}{a\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + b\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{d^2 x^2}{a\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + b\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{2cdx}{a\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + b\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**2/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

```
output e**2*(Integral(c**2/(a*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(d**2*x**2/(a*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(2*c*d*x/(a*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)), x))
```

**3.267.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^2}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^2/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.267.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^2}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^2/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.267.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.268**  $\int \frac{ce+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.268.1 Optimal result	2154
3.268.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	2154
3.268.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2155
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3.268.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2160

**3.268.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{ce + dx}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2e(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{bd\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} + \frac{2e\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^{3/2}d} + \frac{2e\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{b^{3/2}d}$$

```
output 2*e*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d+2*e*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d-2*e*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.268.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{ce + dx}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{iee^{-\frac{2ia}{b}} \left( -\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right) + \sqrt{2}e^{\frac{4ia}{b}} \sqrt{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}}{2bd\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `((I/2)*e*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((-2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]) + Sqrt[2]*E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] + (2*I)*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sin[2*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(b*d*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

### 3.268.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5142, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{e(c+dx)}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & e \int \frac{c+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5142} \\
 & e \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & e \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3787}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$e \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 25

$$e \left( \frac{2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$e \left( \frac{2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 3785

$$e \left( \frac{2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 3786

$$e \left( \frac{2 \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 3832

$$e \left( \frac{2 \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 3833

---

3.268.  $\int \frac{ce+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

$$\frac{e \left( \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \arcsin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \arcsin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b} \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(e*((-2*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (2*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b]))/b^2))/d`

### 3.268.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5142 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_)(x_)(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[xm*Sqrt[1 - c2*x2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b2*c(m + 1)(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x(n + 1), Sin[-a/b + x/b](m - 1)(m - (m + 1)*Sin[-a/b + x/b]2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_)((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))m(a + b*ArcSin[x])n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.268.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
default	$\frac{e \left( 2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{2}{b}} b}\right) - 2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{2}{b}} b}\right) \right)}{db \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `e/d/b*(2*(-1/b)(1/2)*Pi(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2(1/2)/Pi(1/2)/(-2/b)(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))(1/2)/b)-2*(-1/b)(1/2)*Pi(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))(1/2)*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2(1/2)/Pi(1/2)/(-2/b)(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))(1/2)/b)+sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b))/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))(1/2)`

**3.268.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**3.268.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = e \left( \int \frac{c}{a\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + b\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{dx}{a\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + b\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

```
output e*(Integral(c/(a*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*a
sin(c + d*x)), x) + Integral(d*x/(a*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + b*sqrt(a +
b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)), x))
```

**3.268.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dex + ce}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((d*e*x + c*e)/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)
```

**3.268.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dex + ce}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.268.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.269**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

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**3.269.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{bd\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}d} + \frac{2\sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^{3/2}d}$$

```
output -2*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2
^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d+2*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(
1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d-2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b
/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.269.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \left( e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right)}{bd\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-3/2),x]`

output `(E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, (-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/b] + E^((I*a)/b)*(-1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + E^((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/(b*d*E^((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])`

**3.269.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$ , Rules used = {5302, 5132, 5224, 25, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ \downarrow \text{5302} \\ \int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c + dx) \\ \downarrow \text{5132} \\ \frac{2 \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\ \downarrow \text{5224} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{2 \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow \text{25} \\
\frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
\frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow \text{3787} \\
\frac{2 \left( -\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow \text{25} \\
\frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
\frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow \text{3785} \\
\frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \\
\downarrow \text{3786}
\end{array}$$

---

3.269.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$



$$\frac{2 \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}$$

$d$

↓ 3832

$$\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}$$

$d$

↓ 3833

$$\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}$$

$d$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-3/2), x]`

output `((-2*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - (2*(sqrt[b]*sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(sqrt[2/Pi]*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/sqrt[b]] - sqrt[b]*sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(sqrt[2/Pi]*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b]))/b^2)/d`

### 3.269.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d  
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f  
, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos  
[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(  
d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d  
, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[  
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[  
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5132 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2  
*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(b*(n + 1))  
Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a  
, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5224 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*(x_)^m_*(d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^  
2)^p_], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x  
^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x,  
a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0]  
&& IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d  
Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,  
n}, x]`

**3.269.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}b}}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}b}}\right)}{db\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-2/d/b*(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b))/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)`**3.269.5 Fracas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`**3.269.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(-3/2), x)`

**3.269.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(-3/2), x)`

**3.269.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(-3/2), x)`

**3.269.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**3.270**  $\int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

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**3.270.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)/e`

**3.270.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)), x]`

**3.270.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5148}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{1}{e(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 5148

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c + dx)$$

input `Int[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.270.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 5148 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.270.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

### 3.270.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

### 3.270.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{ac\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}+adx\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}+bc\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \arcsin(c+dx)+bdx}}{e}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a*c*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + a*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + b*c*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + b*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)), x)/e`

### 3.270.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)), x)`

### 3.270.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(3/2)), x)`



**3.270.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ce + dex) (a + b \sin(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**3.271** 
$$\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

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**3.271.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 344

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx &= -\frac{2e^3(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{3bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\ &- \frac{4e^3(c + dx)^2}{b^2d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} + \frac{16e^3(c + dx)^4}{3b^2d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} \\ &+ \frac{4e^3\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}d} \\ &- \frac{4e^3\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}d} \\ &+ \frac{4e^3\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{3b^{5/2}d} \\ &- \frac{4e^3\sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{3b^{5/2}d} \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$-4/3e^3\cos(2a/b)\text{FresnelS}(2(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2})$$

$$*\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{5/2}/d+4/3e^3\text{FresnelC}(2(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2}/\text{P}$$

$$i^{1/2})*\sin(2a/b)*\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{5/2}/d+4/3e^3\cos(4a/b)\text{FresnelS}(2*2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2})$$

$$*(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})*2^{1/2}*\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{5/2}/d-$$

$$4/3e^3\text{FresnelC}(2*2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}*(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2}))*\sin$$

$$(4a/b)*2^{1/2}*\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{5/2}/d-2/3e^3*(dx+c)^3*(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2}/b$$

$$/d/(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{3/2}-4e^3*(dx+c)^2/b^2/d/(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}$$

$$)+16/3e^3*(dx+c)^4/b^2/d/(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}$$

### 3.271.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{e^3 \left( -4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \left( e^{-2i \arcsin(c+dx)} + e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)} - \sqrt{2} e^{-\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{\dots} \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output 
$$(e^3*(-4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + E^((2*I)*Ar$$

$$cSin[c + d*x]) - (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])*Gamma[1/2$$

$$, ((-2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/E^(((2*I)*a)/b) - Sqrt[2]*E^(((2*I)$$

$$*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])*Gamma[1/2, ((2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin$$

$$[c + d*x]))/b]) + 4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(E^((-4*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]) +$$

$$E^((4*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - (2*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])*Gamm$$

$$a[1/2, ((-4*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/E^(((4*I)*a)/b) - 2*E^(((4*I)*$$

$$a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])*Gamma[1/2, ((4*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[$$

$$c + d*x]))/b]) - 2*b*Sin[2*ArcSin[c + d*x]] + b*Sin[4*ArcSin[c + d*x]]))/($$

$$12*b^2*d*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^{3/2})$$

**3.271.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 428, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.680$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5144, 5222, 5146, 25, 4906, 27, 2009, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{e^3(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & e^3 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5144} \\
 & \frac{e^3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{8 \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^3}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5222} \\
 & e^3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} - \frac{8 \left( \frac{8 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^4}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^3}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5146}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.271.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$e^3 \left( \frac{8 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^4}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{3b}$$

$d$

↓ 25

$$e^3 \left( \frac{8 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^4}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{3b}$$

$d$

↓ 4906

$$e^3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) - \frac{8 \int \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{4a}{b} - \frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{8\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{3b}$$

$d$

↓ 27

$$e^3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) - \frac{8 \int \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{4a}{b} - \frac{4(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{8\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{3b}$$

$d$

↓ 2009

3.271.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$e^3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} - \frac{8 \left( -\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\pi} \right)}{8} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$e^3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} - \frac{8 \left( -\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\pi} \right)}{8} \right)$$

↓ 3787

$$e^3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{-\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$e^3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 3042

---

3.271.  $\int \frac{(ce+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$e^3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3785

$$e^3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3786

$$e^3 \left( \frac{2 \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3832

$$e^3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) - 8 \left( \frac{8}{\dots} \right)$$

↓ 3833

3.271.  $\int \frac{(ce+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$e^3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \arcsin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \arcsin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b} \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b} - \frac{8 \left( -\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \arcsin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b} \arcsin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{b^2} \right)$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(e^3*((-2*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(3*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (2*((-2*(c + d*x)^2)/(b*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (2*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])] - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b]))/b^2))/b - (8*((-2*(c + d*x)^4)/(b*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (8*(-1/8*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[(4*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]) + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])))/4 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/4 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b])*Sin[(4*a)/b])/8))/b^2)/(3*b))/d`

### 3.271.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`



rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5144 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (Simp[c*((m + 1)/(b*(n + 1))) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5146 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 5222 Int[(((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)]/Sqrt[(d_)
+ (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^
2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n
+ 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*
ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*
d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.271.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 732 vs.  $2(284) = 568$ .

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 733, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

method	result
default	$\frac{e^3 \left( -16 \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)} \arcsin(dx+c) b - 16 \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx+c)} \arcsin(dx+c) b \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```

output 1/12*e^3/d/b^2*(-16*cos(4*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a
+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b*(-1/b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c
))^(1/2)*arcsin(d*x+c)*b-16*sin(4*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(
1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b*(-1/b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcs
in(d*x+c))^(1/2)*arcsin(d*x+c)*b+16*arcsin(d*x+c)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a
+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2
)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b+16*arcsin(d*x+c)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a
+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2
)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b-16*cos(4*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)
/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b*(-1/b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(
a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a-16*sin(4*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b
)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b*(-1/b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*ar
csin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a+16*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*co
s(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2
)/b)*a+16*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/b)*Fresn
elC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*a-8*arcsi
n(d*x+c)*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b+8*cos(-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)
)/b+4*a/b)*arcsin(d*x+c)*b+2*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b-8*cos(-
2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a-sin(-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+4*a/b)*b+8*c
os(-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+4*a/b)*a)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)

```

### 3.271.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```

input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")

```

```

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

```

## 3.271.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = e^3 \left( \int \frac{c^3}{a^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 2ab \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx \right. \\ + \int \frac{d^3 x^3}{a^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 2ab \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx \\ + \int \frac{3cd^2 x^2}{a^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 2ab \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx \\ \left. + \int \frac{3c^2 dx}{a^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 2ab \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**3/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `e**3*(Integral(c**3/(a**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 2*a*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2), x) + Integral(d**3*x**3/(a**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 2*a*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2), x) + Integral(3*c*d**2*x**2/(a**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 2*a*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2), x) + Integral(3*c**2*d*x/(a**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 2*a*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2), x))`

## 3.271.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^3}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^3/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.271.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^3}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^3/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.271.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.272**       $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

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**3.272.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 342

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2e^2(c + dx)^2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{3bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{8e^2(c + dx)}{3b^2d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} + \frac{4e^2(c + dx)^3}{b^2d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}d} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{6\pi} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{5/2}d} - \frac{e^2\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{3b^{5/2}d} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{6\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{b^{5/2}d}$$

output 
$$-1/3e^{2\cos(a/b)}\text{FresnelC}(2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})^{2^{1/2}}\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{5/2}/d-1/3e^{2\text{FresnelS}(2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})}\sin(a/b)2^{1/2}\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{5/2}/d+e^{2\cos(3a/b)}\text{FresnelC}(6^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})^{6^{1/2}}\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{5/2}/d+e^{2\text{FresnelS}(6^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})}\sin(3a/b)6^{1/2}\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{5/2}/d-2/3e^{2(dx+c)^2(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2}}/b/d/(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{3/2}-8/3e^{2(dx+c)/b^2}/d/(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}+4e^{2(dx+c)^3/b^2}/d/(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}$$

### 3.272.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 411, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{e^2 \left( -6iae^{-3i \arcsin(c+dx)} + be^{-3i \arcsin(c+dx)}(1 - 6i \arcsin(c + dx)) + e^{3i \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{12b^2 d (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output 
$$\frac{e^{2\cos(3a/b)}\text{FresnelC}(6^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})^{6^{1/2}}\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{5/2}/d+e^{2\text{FresnelS}(6^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})}\sin(3a/b)6^{1/2}\text{Pi}^{1/2}/b^{5/2}/d-2/3e^{2(dx+c)^2(1-(dx+c)^2)^{1/2}}/b/d/(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{3/2}-8/3e^{2(dx+c)/b^2}/d/(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}+4e^{2(dx+c)^3/b^2}/d/(a+b\arcsin(dx+c))^{1/2}}{12b^2 d (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

**3.272.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 443, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.640$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5144, 5222, 5134, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833, 5146, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{e^2(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & e^2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5144} \\
 & e^2 \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^2}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5222} \\
 & e^2 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{6 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^3}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^2}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5134}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$e^2 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{6 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx) - \frac{2(c+dx)^3}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2}{3b} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 3042

$$e^2 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{6 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx) - \frac{2(c+dx)^3}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2}{3b} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 3787

$$e^2 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2}{3b} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 25

$$e^2 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2}{3b} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 3042

3.272.  $\int \frac{(ce+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$e^2 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} \right) dx$$

↓ 3785

$$e^2 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} \right) dx$$

↓ 3786

$$e^2 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} \right) dx$$

↓ 3832

$$e^2 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} \right) dx$$

↓ 3833

---

3.272.  $\int \frac{(ce+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$e^2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{6 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^3}{b \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} + \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^2} \right)}{3b} \right)}{d}$$

5146

$$e^2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{6 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^3}{b \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} + \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^2} \right)}{3b} \right)}{d}$$

4906

$$e^2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{6 \int \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{4 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^3}{b \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} + \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^2} \right)}{3b} \right)}{d}$$

2009

$$e^2 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^2} \right) - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{6 \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{b} \right)}{d}$$

```
input Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

```
output (e^2*((-2*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(3*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^
(3/2)) + 4*((-2*(c + d*x))/(b*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (2*(Sqrt[b]*
Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt
[b]] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]
)/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b]))/b^2))/(3*b) - (2*((-2*(c + d*x)^3)/(b*Sqrt[a + b*Arc
Sin[c + d*x]]) + (6*((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqr
t[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*Cos[(3*a)/b]*F
resnelC[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sq
rt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/
b])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x
]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/2))/b^2))/b)/d
```

### 3.272.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3785 Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := S
imp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c,
d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3786 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos [(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5134 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5144 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5146 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 5222 Int[(((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_)*(x_))^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_)
+ (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^
2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n
+ 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*
ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*
d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.272.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 732 vs.  $2(286) = 572$ .

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 733, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^2 \left( 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b} b}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b} b} - 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```

output -1/6*e^2/d/b^2*(2*arcsin(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)
*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b-2*arcsin(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1
/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1
/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b-6*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*cos(3*a/b)*FresnelC(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^
(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*arcsin(d*x+c)
*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*b+6*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*sin(3*a/b)*FresnelS(3*2^(1
/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*arcsin
(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*b+2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi
^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))
^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*sin(
a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-
1/b)^(1/2)*a-6*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*cos(3*a/b)*FresnelC(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-
3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(
1/2)*a+6*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*sin(3*a/b)*FresnelS(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1
/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a+
2*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b-6*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-3*(
a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*b+cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b+2*sin(-(a+
b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a-cos(-3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*b-6*sin(-3*(
a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+3*a/b)*a)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)

```

### 3.272.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

```

## 3.272.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = e^2 \left( \int \frac{c^2}{a^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 2ab \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx \right) + \int \frac{d^2 x^2}{a^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 2ab \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx + \int \frac{2cdx}{a^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 2ab \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**2/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `e**2*(Integral(c**2/(a**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 2*a*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2), x) + Integral(d**2*x**2/(a**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 2*a*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2), x) + Integral(2*c*d*x/(a**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 2*a*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2), x))`

## 3.272.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^2}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^2/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`



**3.272.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^2}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^2/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.272.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.273**  $\int \frac{ce+dex}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

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**3.273.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2e(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{3bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{4e}{3b^2d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} + \frac{8e(c + dx)^2}{3b^2d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} - \frac{8e\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b\sqrt{\pi}}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}d} + \frac{8e\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b\sqrt{\pi}}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{3b^{5/2}d}$$

output

```
-8/3*e*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/d+8/3*e*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/d-2/3*e*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)-4/3*e/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)+8/3*e*(d*x+c)^2/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### 3.273.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{e \left( 2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \left( e^{-2i \arcsin(c+dx)} + e^{2i \arcsin(c+dx)} - \sqrt{2} e^{-\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) \right) \right)}{3b^2 d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

```
output -1/3*(e*(2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(E^((-2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])*Gamma[1/2, ((-2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/E^(((2*I)*a)/b) - Sqrt[2]*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])*Gamma[1/2, ((2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]) + b*Sin[2*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(b^2*d*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

### 3.273.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.739$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5144, 5152, 5222, 5146, 25, 4906, 27, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\ & \int \frac{e(c+dx)}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & e \int \frac{c+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c + dx) \end{aligned}$$

↓ 5144

$$e \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{4 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 5152

$$e \left( - \frac{4 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{4}{3b^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 5222

$$e \left( - \frac{4 \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{4}{3b^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 5146

$$e \left( - \frac{4 \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{4}{3b^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 25

$$e \left( - \frac{4 \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{4}{3b^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 4906

---

3.273.  $\int \frac{ce+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$e \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{4}{3b^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 27

$$e \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{4}{3b^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 3042

$$e \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{4}{3b^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 3787

$$e \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{\left( -\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) f \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) f - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b}$$

$d$

↓ 25

---

3.273.  $\int \frac{ce+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$e \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 3042

$$e \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 3785

$$e \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 3786

$$e \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 3832

---

3.273.  $\int \frac{ce+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$e \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2(\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{FresnelS}(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)})}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}) - 2 \sin(\frac{2a}{b}) \int \cos(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{4}{3b^2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) dx$$

↓ 3833

$$e \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2(\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{FresnelS}(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)})}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}) - \sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin(\frac{2a}{b}) \operatorname{FresnelC}(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)})}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{4}{3b^2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) dx$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(e*((-2*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(3*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) - 4/(3*b^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - (4*((-2*(c + d*x)^2)/(b*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (2*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]) - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b]))/b^2))/ (3*b)))/d`

### 3.273.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d  
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f  
, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos  
[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(  
d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d  
, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[  
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[  
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b  
_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x  
]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IG  
tQ[p, 0]`

rule 5144 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x  
^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (Sim  
p[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1))) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt  
[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcSi  
n[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[  
m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5146 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1  
/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a  
+ b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_S  
ymbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a  
+ b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d  
+ e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`



```
rule 5222 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)/Sqrt[(d_
+ (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)^(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^
2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n
+ 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*
ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*
d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^(m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.273.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 369 vs. 2(169) = 338.

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

method	result
default	$\frac{e \left( 8 \arcsin(dx+c) \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{2}{b} b}}\right) b + 8 \arcsin(dx+c) \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3*e/d/b^2*(8*arcsin(d*x+c)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/
2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))
^(1/2)/b)*b+8*arcsin(d*x+c)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2
)*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(
1/2)/b)*b+8*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)*Fr
esnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*a+8*(-
1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2
)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*a-4*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos
(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b+sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b-4
*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

**3.273.5 Fracas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.273.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = e \left( \int \frac{c}{a^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 2ab \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2} dx \right) + \int \frac{dx}{a^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 2ab \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) + b^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx)}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `e*(Integral(c/(a**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 2*a*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2), x) + Integral(d*x/(a**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 2*a*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2), x))`

**3.273.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dex + ce}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.273.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dex + ce}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.273.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.274**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

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**3.274.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3bd(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{4(c+dx)}{3b^2d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{4\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}d} - \frac{4\sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{3b^{5/2}d}$$

output

```
-4/3*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))
*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/d-4/3*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+
c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/d-2/3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(
1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)+4/3*(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(
1/2)
```

### 3.274.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} \left( -2be^{i \arcsin(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} \right)^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} \right) \right)}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-5/2),x]`

output `(-2*b*E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b] - I*E^((I*a)/b)*(2*a*(-1 + E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])) + b*(-I - 2*ArcSin[c + d*x] + E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]))*(-I + 2*ArcSin[c + d*x])) - (2*I)*b*E^((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)*((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b))/((3*b^2*d*E^((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))^(3/2))`

### 3.274.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$ , Rules used = {5302, 5132, 5222, 5134, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5132} \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5222} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5134} \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3787} \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3785}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.274.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3786} \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3832} \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3833} \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-5/2),x]`

output `((-2*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(3*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) - (2*((-2*(c + d*x))/(b*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (2*(sqrt[b]*sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(sqrt[2/Pi]*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/sqrt[b]] + sqrt[b]*sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(sqrt[2/Pi]*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b]))/b^2))/(3*b))/d`

## 3.274.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 5132 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`
- rule 5134 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`



```
rule 5222 Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.))*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)/Sqrt[(d_)
+ (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^
2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n
+ 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*
ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*
d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5302 Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d
Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
n}, x]
```

### 3.274.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 369 vs.  $2(145) = 290$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

method	result
default	$-\frac{2 \left( 2 \arcsin(dx+c) \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b} b}}\right) \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b} b-2 \arcsin(dx+c)} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \right)}{\dots}$

```
input int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/d/b^2*(2*arcsin(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*cos
(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*
(-1/b)^(1/2)*b-2*arcsin(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*
sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/
b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b+2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*Fr
esnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(
1/2)*a-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1
/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a+2*ar
csin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b+cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a
/b)*b+2*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

**3.274.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**3.274.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(-5/2), x)
```

**3.274.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(-5/2), x)
```

**3.274.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(-5/2), x)`

**3.274.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**3.275**  $\int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.275.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2215  
 3.275.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . . 2215  
 3.275.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . . 2216  
 3.275.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . . 2217  
 3.275.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . . 2217  
 3.275.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . . 2217  
 3.275.7 Maxima [N/A] . . . . . 2218  
 3.275.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . . 2218  
 3.275.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . . 2219

**3.275.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)/e`

**3.275.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2)), x]`

**3.275.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5148}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{1}{e(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 5148

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c + dx)$$

input `Int[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.275.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 5148 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.275.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

### 3.275.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

### 3.275.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.20

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{a^2 c \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + a^2 dx \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + 2abc \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \arcsin(c+dx)}}{}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a**2*c*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + a**2*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 2*a*b*c*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + 2*a*b*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + b**2*c*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**2*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2), x)/e`

### 3.275.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)), x)`

### 3.275.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(5/2)), x)`

**3.275.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`



**3.276**  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

3.276.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2220  
 3.276.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2221  
 3.276.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2222  
 3.276.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 2230  
 3.276.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . . 2230  
 3.276.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2231  
 3.276.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2232  
 3.276.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2232  
 3.276.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2232

**3.276.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 442

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2e^3(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{5bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{4e^3(c + dx)^2}{5b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{16e^3(c + dx)^4}{15b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{16e^3(c + dx) \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{5b^3d \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} + \frac{128e^3(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{15b^3d \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} + \frac{32e^3 \sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{15b^{7/2}d} - \frac{16e^3 \sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{15b^{7/2}d} - \frac{16e^3 \sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{15b^{7/2}d} + \frac{32e^3 \sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{15b^{7/2}d}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -4/5*e^3*(d*x+c)^2/b^2/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)+16/15*e^3*(d*x+c)^4/b^2 \\ & /d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)-16/15*e^3*\cos(2*a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2*(a+b*\arcsin(d \\ & *x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2))*\text{Pi}^(1/2)/b^(7/2)/d-16/15*e^3*\text{FresnelS}(2*(a+ \\ & b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2))*\sin(2*a/b)*\text{Pi}^(1/2)/b^(7/2)/d+32/ \\ & 15*e^3*\cos(4*a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2*2^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^ \\ & (1/2))*2^(1/2)*\text{Pi}^(1/2)/b^(7/2)/d+32/15*e^3*\text{FresnelS}(2*2^(1/2)/\text{Pi}^(1/2)*(a \\ & +b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*\sin(4*a/b)*2^(1/2)*\text{Pi}^(1/2)/b^(7/2)/d-2/5 \\ & *e^3*(d*x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)-16/5*e^3* \\ & (d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b^3/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)+128/15*e^3*(d* \\ & x+c)^3*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b^3/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.276.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 445, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{e^3 \left( -4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \left( e^{2i \arcsin(c + dx)} (4ia + b + 4ib \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \right)}{}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (e^3*(-4*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])*(E^((2*I)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])*((4*I)*a + b + \\ & (4*I)*b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])) + (4*\text{Sqrt}[2]*b*(((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b) \\ & )^(3/2)*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((-2*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b])/E^(((2*I)*a)/b) + \\ & ((-4*I)*a + b - (4*I)*b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x] + 4*\text{Sqrt}[2]*b*E^(((2*I)*(a + b*\text{Arc} \\ & \text{Sin}[c + d*x]))/b))*((I*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b)^(3/2)*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((2*I)* \\ & (a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b])/E^((2*I)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])) + 4*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[ \\ & c + d*x])*(((8*I)*a + b - (8*I)*b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])/E^((4*I)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d* \\ & x]) + E^((4*I)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])*((8*I)*a + b + (8*I)*b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]) + \\ & (16*b*(((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b)^(3/2)*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((-4*I)*(a + b*\text{A} \\ & \text{rcSin}[c + d*x]))/b])/E^(((4*I)*a)/b) + 16*b*E^(((4*I)*a)/b))*((I*(a + b*\text{Arc} \\ & \text{Sin}[c + d*x]))/b)^(3/2)*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((4*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/b]) - 6 \\ & *b^2*\text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]] + 3*b^2*\text{Sin}[4*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]]))/(60*b^3*d*(a \\ & + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x])^(5/2)) \end{aligned}$$

**3.276.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 529, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.560$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5144, 5222, 5142, 2009, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{e^3(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & e^3 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5144} \\
 & e^3 \left( \frac{6 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c+dx)}{5b} - \frac{8 \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c+dx)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^3}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5222} \\
 & e^3 \left( \frac{6 \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{c+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{8 \left( \frac{8 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^4}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^3}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5142}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$e^3 \left( \frac{6 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}\right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} \right) - \frac{8 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}}{8} \right)}{8}$$

↓ 2009

$$e^3 \left( \frac{6 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}\right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} \right) - \frac{8 \left( \frac{2 \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \right)}{8} \right)}{8}$$

↓ 3042

3.276.  $\int \frac{(ce+dx)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$e^3 \left( \frac{6 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{8 \left( \frac{2 \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \right)}{8} \right)}{8} \right)$$

↓ 3787

$$e^3 \left( \frac{6 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} \right)}{5b}$$

↓ 25

---

3.276.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$e^3 \left( \begin{array}{l} 4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \\ 6 \\ 5b \end{array} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$e^3 \left( \begin{array}{l} 4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \\ 6 \\ 5b \end{array} \right)$$

↓ 3785

---

3.276.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$e^3 \left( \frac{4 \left( 2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{6} \right)$$

↓ 3786

$$e^3 \left( \frac{4 \left( 2 \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{6} \right)$$

↓ 3832

3.276.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$e^3 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)$$

↓ 3833

$$e^3 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))} \right)$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`



```
output (e^3*((-2*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(5*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (6*((-2*(c + d*x)^2)/(3*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (4*((-2*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (2*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]) + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])*(Sin[(2*a)/b])/b^2))/(3*b)))/(5*b) - (8*((-2*(c + d*x)^4)/(3*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (8*((-2*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (2*(-1/2*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[(4*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]) + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])]/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])*(Sin[(2*a)/b])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(Sin[(4*a)/b])/2)/b^2))/(3*b)))/(5*b))/d
```

### 3.276.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3785 Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3786 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos  
 [(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(  
 d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d  
 , e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[  
 d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[  
 d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5142 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_)(x_)(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x  
m*Sqrt[1 - c2*x2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp  
 [1/(b2*c(m + 1)(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x(n + 1), Sin[-a/b  
 + x/b](m - 1)(m - (m + 1)*Sin[-a/b + x/b]2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*  
 x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5144 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_)(x_)(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x  
m*Sqrt[1 - c2*x2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (Simp  
 [c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])(n + 1)/Sqrt  
 [1 - c2*x2]), x], x] - Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcSi  
 n[c*x])(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c2*x2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[  
 m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5222 `Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_)((f_.)*(x_))(m_))/Sqrt[(d_  
 + (e_.)*(x_)2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c2  
 *x2]/Sqrt[d + e*x2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n  
 + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c2*x2]/Sqrt[d + e*x2]] Int[(f*x)(m - 1)(a + b*  
 ArcSin[c*x])(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c2*  
 d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_)((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))(m  
 _), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))m(a + b*A  
 rcSin[x])n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

**3.276.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1246 vs.  $2(368) = 736$ .

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1247, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1247

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/60*e^3/d/b^3*(-128*(-1/b)^(1/2)*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(4*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2
^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)
*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*b^2+128*(-1/b)^(1/2)*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(4*a/b)
*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(
1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*b^2+64*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(-1/b)^(1/2)
)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)
)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^2-64*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(-1/b)^(
1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(
1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^2-256*(-1/b)^(1/2)*arcsi
n(d*x+c)*cos(4*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d
*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a*b+256*(-1/b)^(
1/2)*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(4*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a
+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a*b+
128*arcsin(d*x+c)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(2*a/
b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*a
*b-128*arcsin(d*x+c)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(2
*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b
)*a*b-128*(-1/b)^(1/2)*cos(4*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)
*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a
^2+128*(-1/b)^(1/2)*sin(4*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)...
```

**3.276.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

---

3.276.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^3}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### 3.276.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = e^3 \left( \int \frac{d^3 x^3}{a^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 3a^2 b \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 3cd^2 x^2} \right. \\ + \int \frac{d^3 x^3}{a^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 3a^2 b \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 3cd^2 x^2} \\ + \int \frac{3c^2 dx}{a^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 3a^2 b \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 3cd^2 x^2} \\ \left. + \int \frac{3c^2 dx}{a^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 3a^2 b \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx) + 3cd^2 x^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**3/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`

output `e**3*(Integral(c**3/(a**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 3*a**2*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**3), x) + Integral(d**3*x**3/(a**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 3*a**2*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**3), x) + Integral(3*c*d**2*x**2/(a**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 3*a**2*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**3), x) + Integral(3*c**2*d*x/(a**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 3*a**2*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**3), x))`

**3.276.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^3}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^3/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

**3.276.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^3}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^3/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^3/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

**3.276.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^3}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^3/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

$$3.277 \quad \int \frac{(ce+dex)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

3.277.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2233
3.277.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2234
3.277.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2235
3.277.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2244
3.277.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	2245
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3.277.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2247

### 3.277.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 441

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = & -\frac{2e^2(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{5bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\ & - \frac{8e^2(c + dx)}{15b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{4e^2(c + dx)^3}{5b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\ & - \frac{16e^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{15b^3d \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} + \frac{24e^2(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{5b^3d \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} \\ & + \frac{2e^2 \sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{15b^{7/2}d} \\ & - \frac{6e^2 \sqrt{6\pi} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{5b^{7/2}d} \\ & - \frac{2e^2 \sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{15b^{7/2}d} \\ & + \frac{6e^2 \sqrt{6\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{5b^{7/2}d} \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -8/15e^{2(d*x+c)}/b^2/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(3/2)}+4/5e^{2(d*x+c)^3}/b^2/d/ \\ & (a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(3/2)}+2/15e^{2*\cos(a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(2^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b \\ & *\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})^2*(1/2)*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(7/2)}/d-2/15e^{2*\text{Fresnel} \\ & \text{C}(2^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})*\sin(a/b)*2^{(1/2)*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(7/2)}/d} \\ & -6/5e^{2*\cos(3*a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(6^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})^6*(1/2)*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(7/2)}/d} \\ & +6/5e^{2*\text{FresnelC}(6^{(1/2)}/\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)})*\sin(3*a/b)*6^{(1/2)*\text{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^{(7/2)}/d} \\ & -2/5e^{2*(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}/b/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(5/2)}}-16/15e^{2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^3/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}}+24/5e^{2*(d*x+c)^2*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^3/d/(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}} \end{aligned}$$

### 3.277.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 538, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{e^2 \left( -3b^2 e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)} + 3b^2 e^{3i \arcsin(c+dx)} + 2e^{-\frac{ia}{b}} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \right) \left( e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{e^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (e^{2*(-3*b^2*E^{(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])} + 3*b^2*E^{((3*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])} + (2* \\ & (a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(E^{((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)*(2*a - I*b + 2* \\ & b*ArcSin[c + d*x])} - (2*I)*b*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^{(3/2)}*\text{Gamma} \\ & a[1/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/E^{((I*a)/b)} + (4*a^2 + 2*a*b*(I \\ & + 4*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + b^2*(-3 + (2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x] + 4*ArcSin[c + d*x] \\ & ]^2) - 4*E^{((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2*\text{Sqrt}[ \\ & (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/ \\ & E^{(I*ArcSin[c + d*x])} - (6*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(E^{((3*I)*(a + b*ArcSi \\ & n[c + d*x]))/b)*(6*a - I*b + 6*b*ArcSin[c + d*x])} - (6*I)*\text{Sqrt}[3]*b*((-I) \\ & *(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^{(3/2)}*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((-3*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d* \\ & x]))/b]))/E^{((3*I)*a)/b} + (3*(b^2 - 2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(6*a + I*b \\ & + 6*b*ArcSin[c + d*x] + (6*I)*\text{Sqrt}[3]*b*E^{((3*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) \\ & )/b)*((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^{(3/2)}*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((3*I)*(a + b*ArcSin \\ & [c + d*x]))/b])))/E^{((3*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x])})/(60*b^3*d*(a + b*ArcSin[c + \\ & d*x])^{(5/2)}) \end{aligned}$$

**3.277.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 539, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.680$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5144, 5222, 5132, 5142, 2009, 5224, 25, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{e^2(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & e^2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5144} \\
 & e^2 \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c+dx)}{5b} - \frac{6 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c+dx)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^2}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5222} \\
 & e^2 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{6 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^3}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)^2}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5132}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.277.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$



$$e^2 \left( \frac{6 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^3}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} + \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{b} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b} \right)$$

*d*

↓ 5142

$$e^2 \left( \frac{6 \left( \frac{2 \int \left( \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} - \frac{3 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^3}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

*d*

↓ 2009

3.277.  $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$e^2 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{6 \left( 2 \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

5224

$$e^2 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{6 \left( 2 \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

25

$$e^2 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{6 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC} \right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

↓ 3042

$$e^2 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{6 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC} \right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

↓ 3787

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} e^2 \\ 4 \end{array} \right\} \left( \begin{array}{l} 2 \left( -\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right) \\ \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \end{array} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} e^2 \\ 4 \end{array} \right\} \left( \begin{array}{l} 2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right) \\ \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \end{array} \right)$$

↓ 3042

---

3.277.  $\int \frac{(ce+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$e^2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx) + \frac{\pi}{2}}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \frac{4}{3b} - \frac{5b}{5b}$$

↓ 3785

$$e^2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \frac{4}{3b} - \frac{5b}{5b}$$

↓ 3786

3.277.  $\int \frac{(ce+dx)^2}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$e^2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) - \frac{\dots}{3b} - \frac{\dots}{5b} - \frac{\dots}{3b}$$

↓ 3832

$$e^2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) - \frac{\dots}{3b} - \frac{\dots}{5b} - \frac{\dots}{3b(a-)}$$

↓ 3833

$$e^2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^2} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) - \frac{2}{3b(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `(e^2*((-2*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(5*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (4*((-2*(c + d*x))/(3*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (2*((-2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - (2*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b]))/b^2))/(3*b)))/(5*b) - (6*((-2*(c + d*x)^3)/(3*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (2*((-2*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (2*(-1/2*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]) + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*Cos[(3*a)/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/2))/b^2))/b)/(5*b)))/d`

3.277.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 5132 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`
- rule 5142 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n*(x_)^m, x_Symbol] := Simp[x^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Sin[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`



```
rule 5144 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x
^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (Simp
p[c*((m + 1)/(b*(n + 1))) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt
[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcSi
n[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[
m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]
```

```
rule 5222 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_
+ (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^
2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n
+ 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*
ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*
d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5224 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_)*((d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^
2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x
^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x,
a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0]
&& IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.277.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1246 vs.  $2(367) = 734$ .

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1247, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1247

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```

output 1/30*e^2/d/b^3*(-4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*Fres
nelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi
^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^2-4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/
b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(
1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^2+36*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/
2)*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(-3/b)^(1/2)*cos(3*a/b)*FresnelS(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3
/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^2+36*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin
(d*x+c))^(1/2)*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(-3/b)^(1/2)*sin(3*a/b)*FresnelC(3*2^(1/2)/
Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^2-8*arcsin(d*x+c)*(a+
b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+
b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a*b-8*arcsin(d*x+c
)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2
))*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a*b+72*2^(1/2
)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*arcsin(d*x+c)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*cos(3*a/b)
)*FresnelS(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*a*b
+72*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*arcsin(d*x+c)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*
sin(3*a/b)*FresnelC(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1
/2)/b)*a*b-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/
(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a^
2-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)...

```

### 3.277.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```

input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")

```

```

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

```

## 3.277.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = e^2 \left( \int \frac{d^2 x^2}{a^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 3a^2 b \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx)} \right) + \int \frac{2cdx}{a^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 3a^2 b \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx)}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**2/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`

output `e**2*(Integral(c**2/(a**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 3*a**2*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**3), x) + Integral(d**2*x**2/(a**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 3*a**2*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**3), x) + Integral(2*c*d*x/(a**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 3*a**2*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**3), x))`

## 3.277.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^2}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^2/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

**3.277.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^2}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^2/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

**3.277.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^2}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^2/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

**3.278**  $\int \frac{ce+dex}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

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 3.278.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2249  
 3.278.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2249  
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 3.278.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2258  
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**3.278.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 252

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2e(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{5bd(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{4e}{15b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{8e(c + dx)^2}{15b^2d(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{32e(c + dx)\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{15b^3d\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}} - \frac{32e\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{15b^{7/2}d} - \frac{32e\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{15b^{7/2}d}$$

```
output -4/15*e/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)+8/15*e*(d*x+c)^2/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin
(d*x+c))^(3/2)-32/15*e*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(
1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/b^(7/2)/d-32/15*e*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(
1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(7/2)/d-2/5*e*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x
+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)+32/15*e*(d*x+c)*(1-(d*x+c)^(
1/2)/b^3/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### 3.278.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$e \left( (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \left( e^{-\frac{2ia}{b}} \left( 2e^{\frac{2i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} (4ia + b + 4ib \arcsin(c + dx)) + 8\sqrt{2}b \left( -\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} \right. \right. \right. \right.$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `-1/15*(e*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*((2*I)^((2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)*((4*I)*a + b + (4*I)*b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + 8*Sqrt[2]*b*((-I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, ((-2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/E^(((2*I)*a)/b) + (2*((-4*I)*a + b - (4*I)*b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + 4*Sqrt[2]*b*E^(((2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b))*((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, ((2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + 3*b^2*Sin[2*ArcSin[c + d*x]]/(b^3*d*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2))`

### 3.278.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.609$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5144, 5152, 5222, 5142, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{e(c+dx)}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$e \int \frac{c+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 5144

$$e \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c+dx)}{5b} - \frac{4 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c+dx)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 5152

$$e \left( -\frac{4 \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c+dx)}{5b} - \frac{4}{15b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 5222

$$e \left( -\frac{4 \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{c+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{4}{15b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (c+dx)}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 5142

$$e \left( 4 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{4}{15b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

$d$

↓ 3042

---

3.278.  $\int \frac{ce+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$e \left[ \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}}{3b} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right] - \frac{4}{15b^2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}$$

$d$

↓ 3787

$$e \left[ \frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} \right] - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}$$

$5b$

$d$

↓ 25

---

3.278.  $\int \frac{ce+dx}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$



$$\left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \begin{array}{l} 2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right) \\ \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \end{array} \right) \\ \frac{4}{b^2} \\ \frac{4}{3b} \\ \frac{e}{5b} \end{array} \right) \frac{d}{d}$$

↓ 3042

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \begin{array}{l} 2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right) \\ \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \end{array} \right) \\ \frac{4}{b^2} \\ \frac{4}{3b} \\ \frac{e}{5b} \end{array} \right) \frac{d}{d}$$

↓ 3785

$$e \left( \begin{array}{l} 4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) + 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \\ 3b \\ 5b \end{array} \right) d$$

↓ 3786

$$e \left( \begin{array}{l} 4 \left( \frac{2 \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \\ 3b \\ 5b \end{array} \right) d$$

↓ 3832

$$e \left( \begin{array}{l} 4 \left( \frac{2 \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} + \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right) \\ 3b \\ 5b \end{array} \right) d$$

↓ 3833

---

3.278.  $\int \frac{ce+dex}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$e^{-\frac{4 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{\frac{3b}{5b} - \frac{2(c+dx)^2}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}} \frac{d}{d}$$

```
input Int[(c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]
```

```
output (e*((-2*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(5*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2)) - 4/(15*b^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) - (4*((-2*(c + d*x)^2)/(3*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (4*((-2*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) + (2*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/b^2))/(3*b)))/(5*b))/d
```

3.278.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3785 Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d  
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f  
, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos  
[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(  
d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d  
, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[  
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[  
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5142 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x  
^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp  
[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Sin[-a/b  
+ x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*  
x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5144 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x  
^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (Sim  
p[c*((m + 1)/(b*(n + 1))) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt  
[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcSi  
n[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[  
m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)/Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_S  
ymbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a  
+ b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d  
+ e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

```
rule 5222 Int[(((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_))*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)]/Sqrt[(d_
+ (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^
2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n
+ 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*
ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*
d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m
_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.278.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 624 vs.  $2(208) = 416$ .

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 625, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

method	result
default	$-\frac{e \left( 32 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{2}{b} b}}\right) b^2 - 32 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a}\right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/15*e/d/b^3*(32*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)
)^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*
x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^2-32*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*
x+c))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsi
n(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*b^2+64*arcsin(d*x+c)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(
d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arc
sin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*a*b-64*arcsin(d*x+c)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsi
n(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*a
rcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*a*b+32*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1
/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)
)^(1/2)/b)*a^2-32*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/
b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*a
^2+16*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^2+32*arcsin(d*
x+c)*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a*b+4*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-2*(a+b*a
rcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^2+16*sin(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*a^2-3*si
n(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b)*b^2+4*cos(-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+2*a/b
)*a*b)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)
```

### 3.278.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

### 3.278.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = e \left( \int \frac{dx}{a^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 3a^2 b \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) + 3} \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{dx}{a^3 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 3a^2 b \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx) + 3ab^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin^2(c + dx)} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`

output `e*(Integral(c/(a**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 3*a**2*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**3), x) + Integral(d*x/(a**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 3*a**2*b*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**3), x))`

### 3.278.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{dex + ce}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

### 3.278.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{dex + ce}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2), x)`

**3.278.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{ce + dex}{(a + b \sin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2),x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`



**3.279**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

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**3.279.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 218

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5bd(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{4(c+dx)}{15b^2d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{8\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{15b^3d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} + \frac{8\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{15b^{7/2}d} - \frac{8\sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{15b^{7/2}d}$$

```
output 4/15*(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(3/2)+8/15*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(7/2)/d-8/15*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(7/2)/d-2/5*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)+8/15*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/b^3/d/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### 3.279.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-6b^2 e^{i \arcsin(c+dx)} + 4e^{-\frac{ia}{b}} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \left( e^{\frac{i(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b}} (2a + b(-\dots)) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-7/2),x]`

output `(-6*b^2*E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + (4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(E^(((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)*(2*a + b*(-I + 2*ArcSin[c + d*x]))) - (2*I)*b*(((I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, ((I)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]))/E^((I*a)/b) + (8*a^2 + 4*a*b*(I + 4*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + 2*b^2*(-3 + (2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x] + 4*ArcSin[c + d*x]^2) - 8*E^((I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2*sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, (I*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/b])/E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/(30*b^3*d*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2))`

### 3.279.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {5302, 5132, 5222, 5132, 5224, 25, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5132} \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} d(c+dx)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

↓ 5222

$d$

↓ 5132

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(c+dx)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

$d$

↓ 5224

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

$d$

↓ 25

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

$d$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{3b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

$d$   
↓ 3787

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( -\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

$d$   
↓ 25

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5b(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

$d$   
↓ 3042

$$2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)$$

3785

$$2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} d(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)$$

3786

$$2 \left( \frac{2 \left( 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)$$

3832

$$2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}} \right)$$

3833

3.279.  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b} \arcsin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b} \arcsin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{b\sqrt{a+b} \arcsin(c+dx)} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2(c+dx)}{3b(a+b) \arcsin(c+dx)}$$


---


$$\frac{5b}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(-7/2), x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(5*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(5/2)) - (2*((-2*(c + d*x))/(3*b*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + (2*((-2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(b*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]]) - (2*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]] - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])))/b^2))/(3*b)))/(5*b))/d`

### 3.279.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787  $\text{Int}[\sin[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[(d*e - c*f)/d] \text{Int}[\text{Sin}[c*(f/d) + f*x]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x], x], x] + \text{Simp}[\text{Sin}[(d*e - c*f)/d] \text{Int}[\text{Cos}[c*(f/d) + f*x]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{ComplexFreeQ}[f] \&\& \text{NeQ}[d*e - c*f, 0]$

rule 3832  $\text{Int}[\text{Sin}[(d\_.)*((e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_))^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}/2]/(f*\text{Rt}[d, 2]))*\text{FresnelS}[\text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}]*\text{Rt}[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 3833  $\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[(d\_.)*((e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_))^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}/2]/(f*\text{Rt}[d, 2]))*\text{FresnelC}[\text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}]*\text{Rt}[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 5132  $\text{Int}[(a\_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]^{(n+1)}/(b*c*(n+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[c/(b*(n+1)) \text{Int}[x*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{(n+1)}/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, -1]$

rule 5222  $\text{Int}[(a\_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^{(n\_)}*((f\_.)*(x\_))^{(m\_)}]/\text{Sqrt}[(d\_.) + (e\_.)*(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n+1))*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{(n+1)}, x] - \text{Simp}[f*(m/(b*c*(n+1)))*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2] \text{Int}[(f*x)^{(m-1)}*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{(n+1)}, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, -1]$

rule 5224  $\text{Int}[(a\_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^{(n\_)}*(x\_)^{(m\_)}*((d\_.) + (e\_.)*(x\_)^2)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(b*c^{(m+1)}))*\text{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n*\text{Sin}[-a/b + x/b]^m*\text{Cos}[-a/b + x/b]^{(2*p+1)}, x], x, a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[2*p + 2, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 5302  $\text{Int}[(a\_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/d \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x]$

### 3.279.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 623 vs.  $2(178) = 356$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 624, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

method	result
default	$\frac{8 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b^2 - 8 \arcsin(dx+c)^2 \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b^2}{15}$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
2/15/d/b^3*(-4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS
(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/
2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^2-4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*F
resnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)
*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b^2-8*arcsin(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a
/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^
(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a*b-8*arcsin(d*x+c)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*
sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/
b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a*b-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*
FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)
)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a^2-4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(
2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)
)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a^2+4*arcsin(d*x+c)^2*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^2+8
*arcsin(d*x+c)*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b-2*arcsin(d*x+c)*sin(-(a
+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^2+4*cos(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a^2-3*cos(-
(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*b^2-2*sin(-(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/b+a/b)*a*b)/(a+b
*arcsin(d*x+c))^(5/2)
```

### 3.279.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### 3.279.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**(-7/2), x)`

### 3.279.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(-7/2), x)`

### 3.279.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(-7/2), x)`

**3.279.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`output `int(1/(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

$$3.280 \quad \int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

3.280.1 Optimal result	2270
3.280.2 Mathematica [N/A]	2270
3.280.3 Rubi [N/A]	2271
3.280.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	2272
3.280.5 Fracas [F(-2)]	2272
3.280.6 Sympy [N/A]	2272
3.280.7 Maxima [N/A]	2273
3.280.8 Giac [N/A]	2273
3.280.9 Mupad [N/A]	2274

### 3.280.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x+c)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x)/e`

### 3.280.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ce+dex)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2)), x]`

**3.280.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 27, 5148}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{1}{e(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 5148

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^{7/2}} d(c + dx)$$

input `Int[1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^(7/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.280.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 5148 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.280.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x)`

output `int(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x)`

### 3.280.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

### 3.280.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 111.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{a^3 c \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + a^3 dx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} + 3a^2 bc \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} \arcsin(c + dx)}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a**3*c*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + a**3*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x)) + 3*a**2*b*c*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a**2*b*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x) + 3*a*b**2*c*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2 + 3*a*b**2*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**2 + b**3*c*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**3 + b**3*d*x*sqrt(a + b*asin(c + d*x))*asin(c + d*x)**3), x)/e`

### 3.280.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2)), x)`

### 3.280.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 15.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dex + ce)(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*e*x+c*e)/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^(7/2)), x)`

**3.280.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ce + dex)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ce + dex) (a + b \sin(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2)),x)`output `int(1/((c*e + d*e*x)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^(7/2)), x)`

### 3.281 $\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$

3.281.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2275
3.281.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2275
3.281.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2276
3.281.4 Maple [C] (verified) . . . . .	2278
3.281.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2279
3.281.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2280
3.281.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	2280
3.281.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2281
3.281.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2281

#### 3.281.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{28be^2(e(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{405d} + \frac{4b(e(c + dx))^{7/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{81d} + \frac{2(e(c + dx))^{9/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{9de} + \frac{28be^3 \sqrt{e(c + dx)} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-c-dx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{135d\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

```
output 2/9*(e*(d*x+c))^(9/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d/e+28/135*b*e^3*EllipticE(1/2*(-d*x-c+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2))*(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/(d*x+c)^(1/2)+28/405*b*e^2*(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d+4/81*b*(e*(d*x+c))^(7/2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.281.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2(e(c + dx))^{7/2} \left( 45a(c + dx)^3 + 14b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + 10b(c + dx)^2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} - \dots \right)}{405d(c + d \dots)}$$



input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(2*(e*(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(45*a*(c + d*x)^3 + 14*b*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + 10*b*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + 45*b*(c + d*x)^3*ArcSin[c + d*x] - 14*b*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (c + d*x)^2]))/(405*d*(c + d*x)^2)`

### 3.281.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 262, 262, 261, 259, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int (e(c + dx))^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{9/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{9e} - \frac{2b \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{9/2}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{9e}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{9/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{9e} - \frac{2b \left( \frac{7}{9} e^2 \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{2}{9} e \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (e(c+dx))^{7/2} \right)}{9e}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{9/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{9e} - \frac{2b \left( \frac{7}{9} e^2 \left( \frac{3}{5} e^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{2}{5} e \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (e(c+dx))^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2}{9} e \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (e(c+dx))^{7/2} \right)}{9e}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{261}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{9/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{9e} - \frac{2b \left( \frac{7}{9}e^2 \left( \frac{3e^2 \sqrt{e(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{5\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2}{5}e\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(e(c+dx))^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2}{9}e\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(e(c+dx)) \right)}{9e} \quad d$$

↓ 259

$$\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{9/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{9e} - \frac{2b \left( \frac{7}{9}e^2 \left( -\frac{6e^2 \sqrt{e(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx-1)+1} \sqrt{2}} d\sqrt{-c-dx+1}}{5\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2}{5}e\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(e(c+dx))^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2}{9}e\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(e(c+dx)) \right)}{9e} \quad d$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{9/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{9e} - \frac{2b \left( \frac{7}{9}e^2 \left( -\frac{6e^2 \sqrt{e(c+dx)} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| 2 \right)}{5\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2}{5}e\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(e(c+dx))^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2}{9}e\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(e(c+dx)) \right)}{9e} \quad d$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((2*(e*(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/(9*e) - (2*b*((-2*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(7/2)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/9 + (7*e^2*((-2*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/5 - (6*e^2*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c - d*x]/Sqrt[2]], 2]))/(5*Sqrt[c + d*x])))/(9*e))/d`

### 3.281.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 259 `Int[Sqrt[x_]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/(Sqrt[a]*(-b/a)^(3/4)) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[-b/a]*x]/Sqrt[2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[-b/a, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 261 `Int[Sqrt[(c_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[c*x]/Sqrt[x] Int[Sqrt[x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[-b/a, 0]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*(m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.281.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a(dx+ce)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + 2b \left( \frac{(dx+ce)^{\frac{9}{2}} \arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{9} - \frac{e^2(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{9} - \frac{7e^4(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{45} - \frac{7e^5 \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{45} \right)$
default	$\frac{2a(dx+ce)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + 2b \left( \frac{(dx+ce)^{\frac{9}{2}} \arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{9} - \frac{e^2(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{9} - \frac{7e^4(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{45} - \frac{7e^5 \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{45} \right) \frac{dx}{e}$
parts	$\frac{2a(dx+ce)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9de} + 2b \left( \frac{(dx+ce)^{\frac{9}{2}} \arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{9} - \frac{e^2(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{9} - \frac{7e^4(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{45} - \frac{7e^5 \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{45} \right) \frac{dx}{e}$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d/e*(1/9*a*(d*e*x+c*e)^(9/2)+b*(1/9*(d*e*x+c*e)^(9/2)*arcsin(1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))-2/9/e*(-1/9*e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2)*(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)-7/45*e^4*(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2)*(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)-7/15*e^5/(1/e)^(1/2)*(1-1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)*(1+1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)/(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(1/e)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(1/e)^(1/2),I))))
```

### 3.281.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2 \left( 42 \sqrt{-d^3 e b e^3} \text{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4}{d^2}, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4}{d^2}, 0, \frac{dx+c}{d}\right)\right) - (45 a d^5 e^3 x^4 + 180 a c d^4 e^3 x^3 + \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.281.  $\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$

output `-2/405*(42*sqrt(-d^3*e)*b*e^3*weierstrassZeta(4/d^2, 0, weierstrassPInvers  
e(4/d^2, 0, (d*x + c)/d)) - (45*a*d^5*e^3*x^4 + 180*a*c*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 270*  
a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 180*a*c^3*d^2*e^3*x + 45*a*c^4*d*e^3 + 45*(b*d^5*e^3*x  
^4 + 4*b*c*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 6*b*c^2*d^3*e^3*x^2 + 4*b*c^3*d^2*e^3*x + b*c^4*d  
*e^3)*arcsin(d*x + c) + 2*(5*b*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 15*b*c*d^3*e^3*x^2 + (15*b*c^  
2 + 7*b)*d^2*e^3*x + (5*b*c^3 + 7*b*c)*d*e^3)*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^  
2 + 1))*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e))/d^2`

### 3.281.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**(7/2)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.281.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested  
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*  
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de  
tails)Is e`

**3.281.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int (dex + ce)^{7/2} (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^(7/2)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.281.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(7/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(7/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.282 $\int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$

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#### 3.282.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{20be^2 \sqrt{e(c + dx)} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{147d} + \frac{4b(e(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{49d} + \frac{2(e(c + dx))^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{7de} - \frac{20be^{5/2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{e}}\right), -1\right)}{147d}$$

output

```
2/7*(e*(d*x+c))^(7/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d/e-20/147*b*e^(5/2)*EllipticF((
e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/e^(1/2),I)/d+4/49*b*(e*(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
/d+20/147*b*e^2*(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.282.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2(e(c + dx))^{5/2} \left( 21a(c + dx)^3 + 10b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + 6b(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + \dots \right)}{147d(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(2*(e*(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(21*a*(c + d*x)^3 + 10*b*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + 6*b*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + 21*b*(c + d*x)^3*ArcSin[c + d*x] - 10*b*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c + d*x)^2]))/(147*d*(c + d*x)^2)`

### 3.282.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 262, 262, 266, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int (e(c + dx))^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{7/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{7e} - \frac{2b \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{7/2}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{7e}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{7/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{7e} - \frac{2b \left( \frac{5}{7} e^2 \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{2}{7} e \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (e(c+dx))^{5/2} \right)}{7e}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{7/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{7e} - \frac{2b \left( \frac{5}{7} e^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} e^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e(c+dx)} \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{2}{3} e \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} \sqrt{e(c+dx)} \right) - \frac{2}{7} e \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (e(c+dx))^{5/2} \right)}{7e}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{266}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{7/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{7e} - \frac{2b \left( \frac{5}{7}e^2 \left( \frac{2}{3}e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d\sqrt{e(c+dx)} - \frac{2}{3}e\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}\sqrt{e(c+dx)} \right) - \frac{2}{7}e\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(e(c+dx))^{5/2} \right)}{7e}$$

$d$

↓ 762

$$\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{7/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{7e} - \frac{2b \left( \frac{5}{7}e^2 \left( \frac{2}{3}e^{3/2} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{e}} \right), -1 \right) - \frac{2}{3}e\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}\sqrt{e(c+dx)} \right) - \frac{2}{7}e\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}(e(c+dx))^{5/2} \right)}{7e}$$

$d$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((2*(e*(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/(7*e) - (2*b*((-2*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/7 + (5*e^2*((-2*e*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/3 + (2*e^(3/2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[e]], -1])/3))/7))/(7*e))/d`

### 3.282.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 266 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Simp[k/c Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*(x^(2*k)/c^2))^p, x], x, (c*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && FractionQ[m] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.282.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + 2b \left( \frac{(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}} \arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{7} - \frac{2 \left( -\frac{e^2(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{7} - \frac{5e^4 \sqrt{dx+ce} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{21} + \frac{5e^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}}}{7e} \right)}{7e} \right)$
default	$\frac{2a(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + 2b \left( \frac{(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}} \arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{7} - \frac{2 \left( -\frac{e^2(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{7} - \frac{5e^4 \sqrt{dx+ce} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{21} + \frac{5e^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}}}{7e} \right)}{7e} \right)$
parts	$\frac{2a(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7de} + \frac{2b \left( \frac{(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}} \arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{7} - \frac{2 \left( -\frac{e^2(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{7} - \frac{5e^4 \sqrt{dx+ce} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{21} + \frac{5e^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}}}{7e} \right)}{7e} \right)}{ed}$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $2/d/e*(1/7*a*(d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2)+b*(1/7*(d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2)*arcsin(1/e*(d*e*x+c*e)))-2/7/e*(-1/7*e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2)*(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)-5/21*e^4*(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)+5/21*e^4/(1/e)^(1/2)*(1-1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)*(1+1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)/(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(1/e)^(1/2),I))$

### 3.282.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2}{d^3} \left( 10 \sqrt{-d^3 e} b e^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4}{d^2}, 0, \frac{dx+c}{d}\right) + (21 a d^5 e^2 x^3 + 63 a c d^4 e^2 x^2 + 63 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 x + 21 a^2 c^3 d^2 e^2 + 21 (b d^5 e^2 x^3 + 3 b^2 c d^4 e^2 x^2 + 3 b^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 x + b^2 c^3 d^2 e^2) \arcsin(dx + c) + 2(3 b d^4 e^2 x^2 + 6 b^2 c d^3 e^2 x + (3 b^2 c^2 + 5 b) d^2 e^2) \sqrt{-d^2 x^2 - 2 c d x - c^2 + 1}) \sqrt{d e x + c e} \right) / d^3$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $2/147*(10*\sqrt{-d^3*e}*b*e^2*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/d^2, 0, (d*x + c)/d) + (21*a*d^5*e^2*x^3 + 63*a*c*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 63*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*x + 21*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 + 21*(b*d^5*e^2*x^3 + 3*b*c*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 3*b*c^2*d^3*e^2*x + b*c^3*d^2*e^2)*arcsin(d*x + c) + 2*(3*b*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 6*b*c*d^3*e^2*x + (3*b*c^2 + 5*b)*d^2*e^2)*\sqrt{-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1})*\sqrt{d*e*x + c*e})/d^3$

### 3.282.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**(5/2)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.282.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**3.282.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int (dex + ce)^{5/2} (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^(5/2)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.282.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.283 $\int (ce + dex)^{3/2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$

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3.283.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2288
3.283.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2289
3.283.4 Maple [C] (verified) . . . . .	2291
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#### 3.283.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int (ce + dex)^{3/2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{4b(e(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{25d} + \frac{2(e(c + dx))^{5/2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{5de} + \frac{12be \sqrt{e(c + dx)} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-c-dx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{25d\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

output `2/5*(e*(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d/e+12/25*b*e*EllipticE(1/2*(-d*x-c+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2))*(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/(d*x+c)^(1/2)+4/25*b*(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.283.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (ce + dex)^{3/2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2(e(c + dx))^{3/2} \left( 5ac + 5adx + 2b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + 5bc \arcsin(c + dx) + 5bdx \arcsin(c + dx) \right)}{25d}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output  $(2*(e*(c + d*x))^{3/2}*(5*a*c + 5*a*d*x + 2*b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + 5*b*c*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x] + 5*b*d*x*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x] - 2*b*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (c + d*x)^2]))/(25*d)$

### 3.283.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 262, 261, 259, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \frac{\int (e(c + dx))^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{5/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{5e} - \frac{2b \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{5/2}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{5e}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{5/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{5e} - \frac{2b \left( \frac{3}{5} e^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{2}{5} e \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (e(c+dx))^{3/2} \right)}{5e}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{261} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{5/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{5e} - \frac{2b \left( \frac{3e^2 \sqrt{e(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{5\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2}{5} e \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (e(c+dx))^{3/2} \right)}{5e}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{259} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{5/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{5e} - \frac{2b \left( -\frac{6e^2 \sqrt{e(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)-1}+1} d\sqrt{-c-dx+1}}{5\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2}{5} e \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (e(c+dx))^{3/2} \right)}{5e}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{5/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{5e} - \frac{2b \left( -\frac{6e^2 \sqrt{e(c+dx)} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle| 2\right)}{5\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2}{5} e \sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2} (e(c+dx))^{3/2} \right)}{5e}$$

$d$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((2*(e*(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/(5*e) - (2*b*((-2*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/5 - (6*e^2*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c - d*x]/Sqrt[2]], 2])/(5*Sqrt[c + d*x])))/(5*e))/d`

### 3.283.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 259 `Int[Sqrt[x_]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/(Sqrt[a]*(-b/a)^(3/4)) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[-b/a]*x]/Sqrt[2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[-b/a, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 261 `Int[Sqrt[(c_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[c*x]/Sqrt[x] Int[Sqrt[x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[-b/a, 0]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*Ar
cSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.283.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 2b \left( \frac{(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}} \arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{5} - \frac{2 \left( -\frac{e^2(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{5} - 3e^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{dx+ce}{e}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx+ce}{e}} \right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}, \frac{1}{e}\right)}{5e} \right)$
default	$\frac{2a(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 2b \left( \frac{(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}} \arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{5} - \frac{2 \left( -\frac{e^2(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{5} - 3e^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{dx+ce}{e}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx+ce}{e}} \right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}, \frac{1}{e}\right)}{5e} \right)$
parts	$\frac{2a(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5de} + \frac{2b \left( \frac{(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}} \arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{5} - \frac{2 \left( -\frac{e^2(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}}{5} - 3e^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{dx+ce}{e}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx+ce}{e}} \right) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}, \frac{1}{e}\right)}{5e} \right)}{ed}$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d/e*(1/5*a*(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2)+b*(1/5*(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2)*arcsin(1/e*(d*e*x+
c*e))-2/5/e*(-1/5*e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2)*(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)-3/5
*e^3/(1/e)^(1/2)*(1-1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)*(1+1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)/(-1/e
^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(1/e)^(1/2),I)-Elli
pticE((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(1/e)^(1/2),I))))
```

$$3.283. \quad \int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$$



**3.283.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2 \left( 6 \sqrt{-d^3 e} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4}{d^2}, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4}{d^2}, 0, \frac{dx+c}{d}\right)\right) - (5 ad^3 ex^2 + 10 acd^2 ex + 5 ac^2 de - \dots \right)}{25 d^2}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/25*(6*sqrt(-d^3*e)*b*e*weierstrassZeta(4/d^2, 0, weierstrassPInverse(4/d^2, 0, (d*x + c)/d)) - (5*a*d^3*e*x^2 + 10*a*c*d^2*e*x + 5*a*c^2*d*e + 5*(b*d^3*e*x^2 + 2*b*c*d^2*e*x + b*c^2*d*e)*arcsin(d*x + c) + 2*(b*d^2*e*x + b*c*d*e)*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1))*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e))/d^2`

**3.283.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int (e(c + dx))^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)) dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**(3/2)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral((e*(c + d*x))**(3/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.283.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**3.283.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int (dex + ce)^{3/2} (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^(3/2)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.283.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.284 $\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$

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#### 3.284.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{4b\sqrt{e(c + dx)}\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{9d} + \frac{2(e(c + dx))^{3/2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{3de} - \frac{4b\sqrt{e} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{e}}\right), -1\right)}{9d}$$

```
output 2/3*(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d/e-4/9*b*EllipticF((e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/e^(1/2),I)*e^(1/2)/d+4/9*b*(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

#### 3.284.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e(c + dx)}\left(3ac + 3adx + 2b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2} + 3bc \arcsin(c + dx) + 3bdx \arcsin(c + dx) - 2b \operatorname{Hypergeometric}\right)}{9d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]*(3*a*c + 3*a*d*x + 2*b*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2] + 3*b*c*ArcSin[c + d*x] + 3*b*d*x*ArcSin[c + d*x] - 2*b*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c + d*x)^2]))/(9*d)`

### 3.284.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 262, 266, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \sqrt{e(c + dx)}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{2(e(c+dx))^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{3e} - \frac{2b \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{2(e(c+dx))^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{3e} - \frac{2b \left( \frac{1}{3}e^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx) - \frac{2}{3}e\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}\sqrt{e(c+dx)} \right)}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{266} \\
 & \frac{2(e(c+dx))^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{3e} - \frac{2b \left( \frac{2}{3}e \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d\sqrt{e(c+dx)} - \frac{2}{3}e\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}\sqrt{e(c+dx)} \right)}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{2(e(c+dx))^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{3e} - \frac{2b \left( \frac{2}{3}e^{3/2} \text{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{e}} \right), -1 \right) - \frac{2}{3}e\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}\sqrt{e(c+dx)} \right)}{3e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.284.  $\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$

input `Int[Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `((2*(e*(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/(3*e) - (2*b*((-2*e*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/3 + (2*e^(3/2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[e]], -1])/3))/(3*e))/d`

### 3.284.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 266 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Simp[k/c Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*(x^(2*k)/c^2))^p, x], x, (c*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && FractionQ[m] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.284.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 171 vs.  $2(81) = 162$ .

Time = 2.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}a+2b}{(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right) - \frac{e^2\sqrt{dx+ce}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{3} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{1-\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx+ce}{e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}\right)}{3e}}$
default	$\frac{2(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}a+2b}{(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right) - \frac{e^2\sqrt{dx+ce}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{3} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{1-\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx+ce}{e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}\right)}{3e}}$
parts	$\frac{2a(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3de} + \frac{2b}{(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right) - \frac{e^2\sqrt{dx+ce}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{3} + \frac{e^2\sqrt{1-\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx+ce}{e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}\right)}{3e}}$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d/e*(1/3*(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2)*a+b*(1/3*(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2)*arcsin(1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))-2/3/e*(-1/3*e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)+1/3*e^2/(1/e)^(1/2)*(1-1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)*(1+1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)/(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(1/e)^(1/2),I)))
```

**3.284.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( 2 \sqrt{-d^3 e} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4}{d^2}, 0, \frac{dx+c}{d}\right) + (3 ad^3 x + 3 acd^2 + 2 \sqrt{-d^2 x^2 - 2 cdx - c^2 + 1} bd^2 + 3 (bd^3 x + b^2 c d^2) \arcsin(dx + c)) \right) \sqrt{d e x + c e}}{9 d^3}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/9*(2*sqrt(-d^3*e)*b*weierstrassPInverse(4/d^2, 0, (d*x + c)/d) + (3*a*d^3*x + 3*a*c*d^2 + 2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1)*b*d^2 + 3*(b*d^3*x + b*c*d^2)*arcsin(d*x + c))*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e))/d^3`

**3.284.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int \sqrt{e(c + dx)}(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)) dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**(1/2)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(e*(c + d*x))*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.284.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**3.284.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int \sqrt{dex + ce}(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.284.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*arcsin(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*arcsin(c + d*x)), x)`



**3.285**  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ce+dex}} dx$

3.285.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2300  
 3.285.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2300  
 3.285.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2301  
 3.285.4 Maple [C] (verified) . . . . . 2302  
 3.285.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2303  
 3.285.6 Sympy [F(-2)] . . . . . 2304  
 3.285.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 2304  
 3.285.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2304  
 3.285.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2305

**3.285.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e(c + dx)}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{de} + \frac{4b\sqrt{e(c + dx)}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-c-dx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle| 2\right)}{de\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

output `2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/e+4*b*EllipticE(1/2*(-d*x-c+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2))*(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/e/(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**3.285.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e(c + dx)}(-3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + 2b(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right))}{3de}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]*(-3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + 2*b*(c + d*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (c + d*x)^2]))/(3*d*e)`

**3.285.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 261, 259, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}} d(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{e(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{e} - \frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{e}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{261} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{e(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{e} - \frac{2b\sqrt{e(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{e\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{259} \\
 & \frac{\frac{4b\sqrt{e(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx-1)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{-c-dx+1}{2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{e(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{e}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{e(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{e} + \frac{4b\sqrt{e(c+dx)} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{e\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x],x]`

output `((2*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/e + (4*b*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c - d*x]/Sqrt[2]], 2])/(e*Sqrt[c + d*x]))/d`

## 3.285.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 259 `Int[Sqrt[x_]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/(Sqrt[a]*(-b/a)^(3/4)) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[-b/a]*x]/Sqrt[2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[-b/a, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 261 `Int[Sqrt[(c_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[c*x]/Sqrt[x] Int[Sqrt[x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[-b/a, 0]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

## 3.285.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{dex+ce} a + 2b \left( \sqrt{dex+ce} \arcsin\left(\frac{dex+ce}{e}\right) + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{dex+ce}{e}} \sqrt{1+\frac{dex+ce}{e}} \left( \text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dex+ce} \sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{dex+ce} \sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}, i\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dex+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}} \right)}{de}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{dex+ce} a + 2b \left( \sqrt{dex+ce} \arcsin\left(\frac{dex+ce}{e}\right) + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{dex+ce}{e}} \sqrt{1+\frac{dex+ce}{e}} \left( \text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dex+ce} \sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{dex+ce} \sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}, i\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dex+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}} \right)}{de}$
parts	$\frac{2a\sqrt{dex+ce}}{de} + \frac{2b \left( \sqrt{dex+ce} \arcsin\left(\frac{dex+ce}{e}\right) + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{dex+ce}{e}} \sqrt{1+\frac{dex+ce}{e}} \left( \text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dex+ce} \sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{dex+ce} \sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}, i\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dex+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}} \right)}{ed}$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d/e*((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*a+b*((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*arcsin(1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))+2/
(1/e)^(1/2)*(1-1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)*(1+1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)/(-1/e^2*(d
*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(1/e)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE
((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(1/e)^(1/2),I)))
```

### 3.285.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 2 \sqrt{-d^3 e} \text{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4}{d^2}, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4}{d^2}, 0, \frac{dx+c}{d}\right)\right) - \sqrt{dex + ce} (bd \arcsin(dx + c) + a d) \right)}{d^2 e}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -2*(2*sqrt(-d^3*e)*b*weierstrassZeta(4/d^2, 0, weierstrassPInverse(4/d^2,
0, (d*x + c)/d)) - sqrt(d*e*x + c*e)*(b*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*d))/(d^2*e)
```

**3.285.6 Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)**(1/2),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`

**3.285.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**3.285.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}{\sqrt{dex + ce}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/sqrt(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

**3.285.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**3.286**  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^{3/2}} dx$

3.286.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2306  
 3.286.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2306  
 3.286.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2307  
 3.286.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . . 2308  
 3.286.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2309  
 3.286.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2309  
 3.286.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 2310  
 3.286.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2310  
 3.286.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2310

**3.286.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{de\sqrt{e(c + dx)}} + \frac{4b \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{e}}\right), -1\right)}{de^{3/2}}$$

output `4*b*EllipticF((e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/e^(1/2),I)/d/e^(3/2)-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d/e/(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.286.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx) - 2b(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right))}{de\sqrt{e(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x] - 2*b*(c + d*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c + d*x)^2]))/(d*e*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)])`

**3.286.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 266, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx \\
 \downarrow 5304 \\
 \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 \downarrow 5138 \\
 \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e(c + dx)} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{e \sqrt{e(c + dx)}} \\
 \downarrow 266 \\
 \frac{4b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d\sqrt{e(c + dx)}}{e^2} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{e \sqrt{e(c + dx)}} \\
 \downarrow 762 \\
 \frac{4b \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{e(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{e}}\right), -1\right)}{e^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{e \sqrt{e(c + dx)}} \\
 \downarrow
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `((-2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/(e*sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]) + (4*b*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]/sqrt[e]], -1])/e^(3/2))/d`



3.286.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 266 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Simp[k/c Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*(x^(2*k)/c^2))^p, x], x, (c*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && FractionQ[m] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

3.286.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. 2(53) = 106.

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2a}{\sqrt{dex+ce}} + 2b \left( -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{dex+ce}{e}\right)}{\sqrt{dex+ce}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{dex+ce}{e}} \sqrt{1+\frac{dex+ce}{e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dex+ce}{e}}, i\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dex+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}} \right)$	132
default	$-\frac{2a}{\sqrt{dex+ce}} + 2b \left( -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{dex+ce}{e}\right)}{\sqrt{dex+ce}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{dex+ce}{e}} \sqrt{1+\frac{dex+ce}{e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dex+ce}{e}}, i\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dex+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}} \right)$	132
parts	$-\frac{2a}{\sqrt{dex+ce} de} + \frac{2b \left( -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{dex+ce}{e}\right)}{\sqrt{dex+ce}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{dex+ce}{e}} \sqrt{1+\frac{dex+ce}{e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dex+ce}{e}}, i\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dex+ce)^2}{e^2} + 1}} \right)}{ed}$	137

3.286.  $\int \frac{a+b\arcsin\left(\frac{c+dx}{ce+dex}\right)}{(ce+dex)^{3/2}} dx$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/d/e*(-a/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)+b*(-1/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*arcsin(1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))+2/e/(1/e)^(1/2)*(1-1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)*(1+1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)/(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(1/e)^(1/2),I))`

### 3.286.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 2 \sqrt{-d^3 e} (bdx + bc) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4}{d^2}, 0, \frac{dx+c}{d}\right) + (bd^2 \arcsin(dx + c) + ad^2) \sqrt{dex + ce} \right)}{d^4 e^2 x + cd^3 e^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2*(2*sqrt(-d^3*e)*(b*d*x + b*c)*weierstrassPInverse(4/d^2, 0, (d*x + c)/d) + (b*d^2*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*d^2)*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e))/(d^4*e^2*x + c*d^3*e^2)`

### 3.286.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)}{(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(e*(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

**3.286.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**3.286.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/(d*e*x + c*e)^(3/2), x)`

**3.286.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**3.287**  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^{5/2}} dx$

3.287.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2311  
 3.287.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2311  
 3.287.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2312  
 3.287.4 Maple [C] (verified) . . . . . 2314  
 3.287.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2315  
 3.287.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2315  
 3.287.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 2315  
 3.287.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2316  
 3.287.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2316

**3.287.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{3de^2\sqrt{e(c + dx)}} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{3de(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{4b\sqrt{e(c + dx)}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-c-dx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle| 2\right)}{3de^3\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

output `-2/3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d/e/(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)+4/3*b*EllipticE(1/2*(-d*x-c+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2))*(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/e^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-4/3*b*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/e^2/(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**3.287.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.  
 Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx) + 2b(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right))}{3de(e(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output  $(-2*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x] + 2*b*(c + d*x)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, (c + d*x)^2])/(3*d*e*(e*(c + d*x))^{3/2})$

### 3.287.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 264, 261, 259, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{(e(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{3e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{3e(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{264} \\
 & \frac{2b \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{e(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{e\sqrt{e(c + dx)}} \right)}{3e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{3e(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{261} \\
 & \frac{2b \left( -\frac{\sqrt{e(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{e^2 \sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{e\sqrt{e(c + dx)}} \right)}{3e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{3e(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{259} \\
 & \frac{2b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{e(c + dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(c + dx - 1) + 1}} d\sqrt{-c - dx + 1}}{e^2 \sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{e\sqrt{e(c + dx)}} \right)}{3e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{3e(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{e(c+dx)} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{e^2\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{e\sqrt{e(c+dx)}} \right)}{3e} - \frac{2(a+b\arcsin(c+dx))}{3e(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 327

$$d$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `((-2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/(3*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(3/2)) + (2*b*((-2*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(e*sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]) + (2*sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]*EllipticE[ArcSin[sqrt[1 - c - d*x]/sqrt[2]], 2])/(e^2*sqrt[c + d*x])))/(3*e))/d`

### 3.287.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 259 `Int[Sqrt[x_]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/(Sqrt[a]*(-b/a)^(3/4)) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[-b/a]*x]/Sqrt[2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[-b/a, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 261 `Int[Sqrt[(c_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[c*x]/Sqrt[x] Int[Sqrt[x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[-b/a, 0]`

rule 264 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)/(a*c^2*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^m
_., x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.287.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2a}{3(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + 2b \left( -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{3(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{3\sqrt{dx+ce}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx+ce}{e}}}{e} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}, i\right)\right)}{3e\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}}{e} \right)$
default	$-\frac{2a}{3(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + 2b \left( -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{3(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{3\sqrt{dx+ce}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx+ce}{e}}}{e} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}, i\right)\right)}{3e\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}}{e} \right)$
parts	$-\frac{2a}{3(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}de} + \frac{2b}{e} \left( -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{3(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{3\sqrt{dx+ce}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx+ce}{e}}}{e} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}, i\right)\right)}{3e\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}}{ed} \right)$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d/e*(-1/3*a/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2)+b*(-1/3/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2)*arcsin(1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))+2/3/e*(-(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)+1/e/(1/e)^(1/2)*(1-1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)*(1+1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)/(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(1/e)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(1/e)^(1/2),I))))
```

$$3.287. \int \frac{a+b\arcsin\left(\frac{c+dx}{ce+dx}\right)}{(ce+dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

**3.287.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 2 (bd^2x^2 + 2bcdx + bc^2) \sqrt{-d^3e} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4}{d^2}, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4}{d^2}, 0, \frac{dx+c}{d}\right)\right) + \sqrt{dex + ce} (b \arcsin(dx + c) + ad + 2(bd^2x + bc^2) \sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2c^2dx - c^2 + 1}) \right)}{3(d^4e^3x^2 + 2cd^3e^3x + c^2d^2e^3)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(2*(b*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sqrt(-d^3*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/d^2, 0, weierstrassPInverse(4/d^2, 0, (d*x + c)/d)) + sqrt(d*e*x + c*e)*(b*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + a*d + 2*(b*d^2*x + b*c*d)*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1))/(d^4*e^3*x^2 + 2*c*d^3*e^3*x + c^2*d^2*e^3)`

**3.287.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)}{(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(e*(c + d*x))**(5/2), x)`

**3.287.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

### 3.287.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}{(dex + ce)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/(d*e*x + c*e)^(5/2), x)`

### 3.287.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2), x)`

**3.288**  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^{7/2}} dx$

3.288.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2317  
 3.288.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2317  
 3.288.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2318  
 3.288.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2320  
 3.288.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2320  
 3.288.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2321  
 3.288.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 2321  
 3.288.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2322  
 3.288.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2322

**3.288.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{4b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{15de^2(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{5de(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{4b \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{e}}\right), -1\right)}{15de^{7/2}}$$

output `-2/5*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d/e/(e*(d*x+c))^(5/2)+4/15*b*EllipticF((e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/e^(1/2),I)/d/e^(7/2)-4/15*b*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/e^2/(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)`

**3.288.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-6(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - 4b(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right)}{15de(e(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output `(-6*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - 4*b*(c + d*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/4, 1/2, 1/4, (c + d*x)^2])/(15*d*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(5/2))`

**3.288.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 264, 266, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(e(c + dx))^{7/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{(e(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{5e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{5e(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{264} \\
 \frac{2b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e(c + dx)} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{3e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{3e(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{5e(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{266} \\
 \frac{2b \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d\sqrt{e(c + dx)}}{3e^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{3e(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{5e(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{762} \\
 \frac{2b \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{e(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{e}}\right), -1\right)}{3e^{5/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{3e(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{5e(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{d}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output 
$$\frac{(-2*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]))/(5*e*(e*(c + d*x))^{5/2}) + (2*b*((-2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(3*e*(e*(c + d*x))^{3/2})) + (2*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[e*(c + d*x)]/\text{Sqrt}[e]], -1])/(3*e^{5/2})))/(5*e)/d$$

### 3.288.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 264 
$$\text{Int}[\{(c\_.)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^2)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*c*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*(m+2*p+3)/(a*c^{2*(m+1)}) \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m+2)}*(a+b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$$

rule 266 
$$\text{Int}[\{(c\_.)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^2)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[k/c \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k*(m+1)-1)}*(a+b*(x^{2*k}/c^2))^{p}, x], x, (c*x)^{(1/k)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[m] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$$

rule 762 
$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^4], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 5138 
$$\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+\text{ArcSin}[(c\_)*(x\_)]*(b\_)\}^{(n\_)}*((d\_)*(x\_))^{(m\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d*x)^{(m+1)}*((a+b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^n/(d*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/(d*(m+1))) \text{Int}[(d*x)^{(m+1)}*((a+b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{(n-1)})/\text{Sqrt}[1-c^2*x^2], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 5304 
$$\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+\text{ArcSin}[(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)]*(b\_)\}^{(n\_)}*((e\_)+(f\_)*(x\_))^{(m\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/d \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\{(d*e-c*f)/d+f*(x/d)\}^m*(a+b*\text{ArcSin}[x])^n, x], x, c+d*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x]$$

### 3.288.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2a}{5(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + 2b \left( -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{dex+ce}{e}\right)}{5(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{(dex+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{15(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{dex+ce}{e}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dex+ce}{e}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dex+ce}{e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}},i\right)}{15e^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}\sqrt{-\frac{(dex+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}}{e} \right)$
default	$-\frac{2a}{5(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + 2b \left( -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{dex+ce}{e}\right)}{5(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{(dex+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{15(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{dex+ce}{e}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dex+ce}{e}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dex+ce}{e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}},i\right)}{15e^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}\sqrt{-\frac{(dex+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}}{e} \right)$
parts	$-\frac{2a}{5(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2b}{ed} \left( -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{dex+ce}{e}\right)}{5(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{(dex+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{15(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{dex+ce}{e}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dex+ce}{e}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dex+ce}{e}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}},i\right)}{15e^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}\sqrt{-\frac{(dex+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}}{e} \right)$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/d/e*(-1/5*a/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2)+b*(-1/5/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2)*arcsin(1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))+2/5/e*(-1/3*(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2)+1/3/e^2/(1/e)^(1/2)*(1-1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)*(1+1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)/(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(1/e)^(1/2),I)))`

### 3.288.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 2 (bd^3 x^3 + 3bcd^2 x^2 + 3bc^2 dx + bc^3) \sqrt{-d^3} \operatorname{ewierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4}{d^2}, 0, \frac{dx+c}{d}\right) + (3bd^2 \arcsin(dx+c) + 3c^2) \right)}{15(d^6 e^4 x^3 + 3cd^5 e^4 x^2 + 3c^2 d^4 e^4 x + c^3 d^3 e^4)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/15*(2*(b*d^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*x + b*c^3)*sqrt(-d^3*e)*weierstrassPInverse(4/d^2, 0, (d*x + c)/d) + (3*b*d^2*arcsin(d*x + c) + 3*a*d^2 + 2*(b*d^3*x + b*c*d^2)*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1))*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e))/(d^6*e^4*x^3 + 3*c*d^5*e^4*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4*e^4*x + c^3*d^3*e^4)`

### 3.288.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(e(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(e*(c + d*x))**(7/2), x)`

### 3.288.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**3.288.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}{(dex + ce)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/(d*e*x + c*e)^(7/2), x)`

**3.288.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^(7/2), x)`

**3.289**  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^{9/2}} dx$

3.289.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2323  
 3.289.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2323  
 3.289.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2324  
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 3.289.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2327  
 3.289.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . . 2328  
 3.289.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 2328  
 3.289.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2329  
 3.289.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2329

**3.289.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{4b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{35de^2(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{12b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{35de^4\sqrt{e(c + dx)}} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{7de(e(c + dx))^{7/2}} + \frac{12b\sqrt{e(c + dx)}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-c-dx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|2\right)}{35de^5\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

```
output -2/7*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d/e/(e*(d*x+c))^(7/2)+12/35*b*EllipticE(1/2*(-d*x-c+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2))*(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/e^5/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-4/35*b*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/e^2/(e*(d*x+c))^(5/2)-12/35*b*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/e^4/(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.289.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e(c + dx)}(5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + 2b(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right))}{35de^5(c + dx)^4}$$



input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^(9/2),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]*(5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + 2*b*(c + d*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/4, 1/2, -1/4, (c + d*x)^2])/(35*d*e^5*(c + d*x)^4)`

### 3.289.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 264, 264, 261, 259, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(e(c + dx))^{9/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{(e(c + dx))^{7/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{7e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{7e(e(c + dx))^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{264} \\
 & \frac{2b \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(e(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{5e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{5e(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{7e(e(c + dx))^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{264} \\
 & \frac{2b \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{e(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{e\sqrt{e(c + dx)}} \right)}{5e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{5e(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{7e(e(c + dx))^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{261}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.289.  $\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{2b}{7e} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\sqrt{e(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{e^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{e\sqrt{e(c+dx)}} \right)}{5e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5e(e(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{7e(e(c+dx))^{7/2}} \\
\hline
d \\
\downarrow 259 \\
\frac{2b}{7e} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2\sqrt{e(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx-1)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{-c-dx+1}{2}}} d\sqrt{\frac{-c-dx+1}{2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{e\sqrt{e(c+dx)}} \right)}{5e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5e(e(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{7e(e(c+dx))^{7/2}} \\
\hline
d \\
\downarrow 327 \\
\frac{2b}{7e} \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2\sqrt{e(c+dx)} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c-dx+1}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| 2 \right)}{e^2 \sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{e\sqrt{e(c+dx)}} \right)}{5e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{5e(e(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{7e(e(c+dx))^{7/2}} \\
\hline
d
\end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^(9/2),x]`

output `((-2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/(7*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(7/2)) + (2*b*((-2*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(5*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(5/2)) + (3*((-2*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(e*sqrt[e*(c + d*x)])) + (2*sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c - d*x]/Sqrt[2]], 2])/(e^2*sqrt[c + d*x])))/(5*e^2)))/(7*e))/d`

**3.289.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 259 `Int[Sqrt[x_]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2/(Sqrt[a]*(-b/a)^(3/4)) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[1 - Sqrt[-b/a]*x]/Sqrt[2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[-b/a, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 261 `Int[Sqrt[(c_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[c*x]/Sqrt[x] Int[Sqrt[x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[-b/a, 0]`

rule 264 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + 2*p + 3)/(a*c^2*(m + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

**3.289.4 Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2a}{7(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + 2b \left( -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{7(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{35(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{6\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{35e^2\sqrt{dx+ce}} + \frac{6\sqrt{1-\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx+ce}{e}}}{e} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\right), \sqrt{\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\right)}{35e^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}} \right)$
default	$-\frac{2a}{7(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + 2b \left( -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{7(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{35(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{6\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{35e^2\sqrt{dx+ce}} + \frac{6\sqrt{1-\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx+ce}{e}}}{e} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\right), \sqrt{\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\right)}{35e^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}} \right)$
parts	$-\frac{2a}{7(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{2b}{ed} \left( -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{7(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{35(dx+ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{6\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{35e^2\sqrt{dx+ce}} + \frac{6\sqrt{1-\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx+ce}{e}}}{e} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\right), \sqrt{\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\right)}{35e^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}} \right)$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d/e*(-1/7*a/(d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2)+b*(-1/7/(d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2)*arcsin(1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))+2/7/e*(-1/5*(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2)-3/5/e^2*(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)+3/5/e^3/(1/e)^(1/2)*(1-1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)*(1+1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)/(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(1/e)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(1/e)^(1/2),I))))
```

### 3.289.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 6 (bd^4x^4 + 4bcd^3x^3 + 6bc^2d^2x^2 + 4bc^3dx + bc^4) \sqrt{-d^3e} \text{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4}{d^2}, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4}{d^2}, 0, ce + dex\right)\right) \right)}{35 (d^6e^5x^4 + 4d^5ce^5x^3 + 6d^4c^2e^5x^2 + 4d^3c^3e^5x + c^4e^5)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/35*(6*(b*d^4*x^4 + 4*b*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b*c^3*d*x + b*c^4)*sqrt(-d^3*e)*weierstrassZeta(4/d^2, 0, weierstrassPInverse(4/d^2, 0, (d*x + c)/d)) + sqrt(d*e*x + c*e)*(5*b*d*arcsin(d*x + c) + 5*a*d + 2*(3*b*d^4*x^3 + 9*b*c*d^3*x^2 + (9*b*c^2 + b)*d^2*x + (3*b*c^3 + b*c)*d)*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1))/(d^6*e^5*x^4 + 4*c*d^5*e^5*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^4*e^5*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^3*e^5*x + c^4*d^2*e^5)`

### 3.289.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)**(9/2),x)`

output Timed out

### 3.289.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

**3.289.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/(d*e*x + c*e)^(9/2), x)`

**3.289.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^(9/2), x)`

### 3.290 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)}{(ce+dex)^{11/2}} dx$

3.290.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2330
3.290.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2330
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3.290.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2335

#### 3.290.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{4b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{63de^2(e(c + dx))^{7/2}} - \frac{20b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{189de^4(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{9de(e(c + dx))^{9/2}} + \frac{20b \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{e}}\right), -1\right)}{189de^{11/2}}$$

```
output -2/9*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d/e/(e*(d*x+c))^(9/2)+20/189*b*EllipticF((e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/e^(1/2),I)/d/e^(11/2)-4/63*b*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/e^2/(e*(d*x+c))^(7/2)-20/189*b*(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/e^4/(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

#### 3.290.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e(c + dx)}(7(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + 2b(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{7}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right))}{63de^6(c + dx)^5}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^(11/2),x]
```

output  $(-2*\text{Sqrt}[e*(c + d*x)]*(7*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x]) + 2*b*(c + d*x)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-7/4, 1/2, -3/4, (c + d*x)^2])/(63*d*e^6*(c + d*x)^5)$

### 3.290.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 264, 264, 266, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{11/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(e(c + dx))^{11/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{(e(c + dx))^{9/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{9e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{9e(e(c + dx))^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{264} \\
 & \frac{2b \left( \frac{5 \int \frac{1}{(e(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{7e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{7e(e(c + dx))^{7/2}} \right)}{9e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{9e(e(c + dx))^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{264} \\
 & \frac{2b \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e(c + dx)} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{3e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{3e(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}{7e(e(c + dx))^{7/2}} \right)}{9e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{9e(e(c + dx))^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{266}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2b \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d\sqrt{e(c+dx)}}{3e^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3e(e(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{7e(e(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{9e} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{9e(e(c+dx))^{9/2}} \\
 & \hspace{10em} d \\
 & \hspace{10em} \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & 2b \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{e}}\right), -1\right)}{3e^{5/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{3e(e(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7e^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}{7e(e(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{9e} - \frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{9e(e(c+dx))^{9/2}} \\
 & \hspace{10em} d
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])/(c*e + d*e*x)^(11/2),x]`

output `((-2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]))/(9*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(9/2)) + (2*b*((-2*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(7*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(7/2)) + (5*((-2*sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)^2])/(3*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(3/2)) + (2*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]/sqrt[e]], -1])/(3*e^(5/2))))/(7*e^2)))/(9*e))/d`

### 3.290.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 264 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + 2*p + 3)/(a*c^2*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 266 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Simp[k/c Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*(x^(2*k)/c^2))^(p), x], x, (c*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && FractionQ[m] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 5138 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

### 3.290.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2a}{9(dx+ce)^{\frac{9}{2}}} + 2b \left( -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{9(dx+ce)^{\frac{9}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{63(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{10\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{189e^2(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{10\sqrt{1-\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx+ce}{e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\right)}{189e^4\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}}{e} \right)$
default	$-\frac{2a}{9(dx+ce)^{\frac{9}{2}}} + 2b \left( -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{9(dx+ce)^{\frac{9}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{63(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{10\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{189e^2(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{10\sqrt{1-\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx+ce}{e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\right)}{189e^4\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}}{de} \right)$
parts	$-\frac{2a}{9(dx+ce)^{\frac{9}{2}}} + \frac{2b}{ed} \left( -\frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{dx+ce}{e}\right)}{9(dx+ce)^{\frac{9}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{63(dx+ce)^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{10\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}{189e^2(dx+ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{10\sqrt{1-\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx+ce}{e}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{dx+ce}{e}}\right)}{189e^4\sqrt{\frac{1}{e}}\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+ce)^2}{e^2}+1}}}{e} \right)$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $2/d/e*(-1/9*a/(d*e*x+c*e)^(9/2)+b*(-1/9/(d*e*x+c*e)^(9/2)*arcsin(1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))+2/9/e*(-1/7*(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)/(d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2)-5/21/e^2*(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2)+5/21/e^4/(1/e)^(1/2)*(1-1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)*(1+1/e*(d*e*x+c*e))^(1/2)/(-1/e^2*(d*e*x+c*e)^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(1/e)^(1/2),I)))$

### 3.290.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{11/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 10 (bd^5x^5 + 5bcd^4x^4 + 10bc^2d^3x^3 + 10bc^3d^2x^2 + 5bc^4dx + bc^5) \sqrt{-d^3} \text{eweierstrassPInverse} \left( \frac{4}{d^2}, 0, \frac{dx+c}{d} \right) \right)}{189 (d^8e^6x^5 + 5cd^7e^6x^4 + 10c^2d^6e^6x^3 + 10c^3d^5e^6x^2 + 5c^4d^4e^6x + c^5d^3e^6)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-2/189*(10*(b*d^5*x^5 + 5*b*c*d^4*x^4 + 10*b*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 10*b*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 5*b*c^4*d*x + b*c^5)*sqrt(-d^3*e)*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/d^2, 0, (d*x + c)/d) + (21*b*d^2*arcsin(d*x + c) + 21*a*d^2 + 2*(5*b*d^5*x^3 + 15*b*c*d^4*x^2 + 3*(5*b*c^2 + b)*d^3*x + (5*b*c^3 + 3*b*c)*d^2)*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2 + 1))*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e))/(d^8*e^6*x^5 + 5*c*d^7*e^6*x^4 + 10*c^2*d^6*e^6*x^3 + 10*c^3*d^5*e^6*x^2 + 5*c^4*d^4*e^6*x + c^5*d^3*e^6)$

### 3.290.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)**(11/2),x)`

output Timed out

**3.290.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**3.290.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{11}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/(d*e*x+c*e)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)/(d*e*x + c*e)^(11/2), x)`

**3.290.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(ce + dex)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^(11/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))/(c*e + d*e*x)^(11/2), x)`

### 3.291 $\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$

3.291.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2336
3.291.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2336
3.291.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2337
3.291.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	2338
3.291.5 Fracas [F] . . . . .	2338
3.291.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2339
3.291.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	2339
3.291.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2340
3.291.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2340

#### 3.291.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{2(e(c + dx))^{9/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{9de} - \frac{8b(e(c + dx))^{11/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{15}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right)}{99de^2} + \frac{16b^2(e(c + dx))^{13/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{15}{4}, \frac{17}{4}; (c + dx)^2\right)}{1287de^3}$$

output  $2/9*(e*(d*x+c))^(9/2)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d/e-8/99*b*(e*(d*x+c))^(11/2)*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x+c))*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1/2, 11/4], [15/4], (d*x+c)^2)/d/e^2+16/1287*b^2*(e*(d*x+c))^(13/2)*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1, 13/4, 13/4], [15/4, 17/4], (d*x+c)^2)/d/e^3$

#### 3.291.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{2e^3(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{e(c + dx)} (13(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) (11(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - 4b(c + dx)) + 13a^2)}{1287e^3}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $(2*e^3*(c + d*x)^4*sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]*(13*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(11*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - 4*b*(c + d*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 11/4, 15/4, (c + d*x)^2]) + 8*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 13/4, 13/4}, {15/4, 17/4}, (c + d*x)^2]))/(1287*d)$

### 3.291.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int (e(c + dx))^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5138}$$

$$\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{9/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{9e} - \frac{4b \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{9/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{9e}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5220}$$

$$\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{9/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{9e} - \frac{4b \left( \frac{2(e(c+dx))^{11/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{15}{4}, (c+dx)^2\right) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{11e} - \frac{4b(e(c+dx))^{13/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{15}{4}\right)}{143e^2} \right)}{9e}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $((2*(e*(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/(9*e) - (4*b*((2*(e*(c + d*x))^(11/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 11/4, 15/4, (c + d*x)^2])/(11*e) - (4*b*(e*(c + d*x))^(13/2)*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 13/4, 13/4}, {15/4, 17/4}, (c + d*x)^2])/(143*e^2)))/(9*e))/d$

## 3.291.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 5138 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5220 Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*
x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2,
(3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2], x] - Simp[b*c*((f*x)^(m + 2)/(f^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)))*S
imp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 1 + m/2, 1 + m
/2}, {3/2 + m/2, 2 + m/2}, c^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

## 3.291.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dex + ce)^{\frac{7}{2}} (a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^2 dx$$

```
input int((d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x)
```

```
output int((d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x)
```

## 3.291.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (dex + ce)^{\frac{7}{2}} (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2 dx$$

```
input integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `integral((a^2*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*a^2*c^2*d*e^3*x + a^2*c^3*e^3 + (b^2*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^2*d*e^3*x + b^2*c^3*e^3)*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a*b*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*a*b*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*a*b*c^2*d*e^3*x + a*b*c^3*e^3)*arcsin(d*x + c))*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

### 3.291.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**(7/2)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.291.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`



**3.291.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (dex + ce)^{7/2} (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^(7/2)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.291.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (ce + dex)^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(7/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(7/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.292 $\int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$

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#### 3.292.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{2(e(c + dx))^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{7de} - \frac{8b(e(c + dx))^{9/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right)}{63de^2} + \frac{16b^2(e(c + dx))^{11/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{15}{4}; (c + dx)^2\right)}{693de^3}$$

```
output 2/7*(e*(d*x+c))^(7/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d/e-8/63*b*(e*(d*x+c))^(9/2)*
(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*hypergeom([1/2, 9/4], [13/4], (d*x+c)^2)/d/e^2+16/693*b^2
*(e*(d*x+c))^(11/2)*hypergeom([1, 11/4, 11/4], [13/4, 15/4], (d*x+c)^2)/d/e^
3
```

#### 3.292.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{2(e(c + dx))^{7/2} (99(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - 44b(c + dx)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right) + 16b^2(e(c + dx))^{11/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{15}{4}; (c + dx)^2\right)}{693de^3}$$

```
input Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]
```

output  $(2*(e*(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(99*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 - 44*b*(c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 9/4, 13/4, (c + d*x)^2] + 8*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 11/4, 11/4}, {13/4, 15/4}, (c + d*x)^2])/ (693*d*e)$

### 3.292.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int (e(c + dx))^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5138}$$

$$\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{7/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{7e} - \frac{4b \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{7/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{7e}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5220}$$

$$\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{7/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{7e} - \frac{4b \left( \frac{2(e(c+dx))^{9/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, (c+dx)^2\right) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{9e} - \frac{4b(e(c+dx))^{11/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{1}{4}\right)}{99e^2} \right)}{7e}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $((2*(e*(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/(7*e) - (4*b*((2*(e*(c + d*x))^(9/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 9/4, 13/4, (c + d*x)^2])/(9*e) - (4*b*(e*(c + d*x))^(11/2)*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 11/4, 11/4}, {13/4, 15/4}, (c + d*x)^2])/(99*e^2)))/(7*e))/d$

## 3.292.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5220 `Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*
x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2,
(3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2], x] - Simp[b*c*((f*x)^(m + 2)/(f^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)))*S
imp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 1 + m/2, 1 + m
/2}, {3/2 + m/2, 2 + m/2}, c^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

## 3.292.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dex + ce)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^2 dx$$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x)`

output `int((d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x)`

## 3.292.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (dex + ce)^{\frac{5}{2}} (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*e^2*x + a^2*c^2*e^2 + (b^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*e^2*x + b^2*c^2*e^2)*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*(a*b*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*e^2*x + a*b*c^2*e^2)*arcsin(d*x + c))*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

### 3.292.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**(5/2)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.292.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

### 3.292.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (dex + ce)^{5/2} (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^(5/2)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.292.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (ce + dex)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.293 $\int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$

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3.293.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2349
3.293.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2350

#### 3.293.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{2(e(c + dx))^{5/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{5de} - \frac{8b(e(c + dx))^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right)}{35de^2} + \frac{16b^2(e(c + dx))^{9/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{13}{4}; (c + dx)^2\right)}{315de^3}$$

```
output 2/5*(e*(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d/e-8/35*b*(e*(d*x+c))^(7/2)*(
a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], [11/4], (d*x+c)^2)/d/e^2+16/315*b^2
*(e*(d*x+c))^(9/2)*hypergeom([1, 9/4, 9/4], [11/4, 13/4], (d*x+c)^2)/d/e^3
```

#### 3.293.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \frac{2(e(c + dx))^{5/2} (9(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) (7(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - 4b(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right) - 8b(e(c + dx))^{7/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right) + 16b^2(e(c + dx))^{9/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{13}{4}; (c + dx)^2\right)}{315de^3}$$

```
input Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]
```

output  $(2*(e*(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(9*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(7*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - 4*b*(c + d*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/4, 11/4, (c + d*x)^2]) + 8*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 9/4, 9/4}, {11/4, 13/4}, (c + d*x)^2]))/(315*d*e)$

### 3.293.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int (e(c + dx))^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5138}$$

$$\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{5/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{5e} - \frac{4b \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{5/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{5e}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5220}$$

$$\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{5/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{5e} - \frac{4b \left( \frac{2(e(c+dx))^{7/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, (c+dx)^2\right) (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{7e} - \frac{4b(e(c+dx))^{9/2} {}_3F_2\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{13}{4}; (c+dx)^2\right)}{63e^2} \right)}{5e}}{d}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $((2*(e*(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/(5*e) - (4*b*((2*(e*(c + d*x))^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/4, 11/4, (c + d*x)^2])/(7*e) - (4*b*(e*(c + d*x))^(9/2)*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 9/4, 9/4}, {11/4, 13/4}, (c + d*x)^2])/(63*e^2)))/(5*e))/d$



## 3.293.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5220 `Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*
x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2,
(3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2], x] - Simp[b*c*((f*x)^(m + 2)/(f^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)))*S
imp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 1 + m/2, 1 + m
/2}, {3/2 + m/2, 2 + m/2}, c^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

## 3.293.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dex + ce)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^2 dx$$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x)`

output `int((d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x)`

## 3.293.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (dex + ce)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((a^2*d*e*x + a^2*c*e + (b^2*d*e*x + b^2*c*e)*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 +
2*(a*b*d*e*x + a*b*c*e)*arcsin(d*x + c))*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

**3.293.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (e(c + dx))^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**(3/2)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral((e*(c + d*x))**(3/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))**2, x)`

**3.293.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**3.293.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (dex + ce)^{3/2} (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^(3/2)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

**3.293.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (ce + dex)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2, x)`

### 3.294 $\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$

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3.294.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2351
3.294.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2352
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3.294.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2354
3.294.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	2354
3.294.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2354
3.294.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2355

#### 3.294.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(e(c + dx))^{3/2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{3de} - \frac{8b(e(c + dx))^{5/2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right)}{15de^2} + \frac{16b^2(e(c + dx))^{7/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{9}{4}, \frac{11}{4}; (c + dx)^2\right)}{105de^3}$$

```
output 2/3*(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d/e-8/15*b*(e*(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(
a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*hypergeom([1/2, 5/4], [9/4], (d*x+c)^2)/d/e^2+16/105*b^2*
(e*(d*x+c))^(7/2)*hypergeom([1, 7/4, 7/4], [9/4, 11/4], (d*x+c)^2)/d/e^3
```

#### 3.294.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(e(c + dx))^{3/2} (7(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) (5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - 4b(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right) + 16b^2(e(c + dx))^{7/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{7}{4}; \frac{9}{4}, \frac{11}{4}; (c + dx)^2\right)}{105de}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $(2*(e*(c + d*x))^{3/2}*(7*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - 4*b*(c + d*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/4, 9/4, (c + d*x)^2]) + 8*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*HypergeometricPFQ[\{1, 7/4, 7/4\}, \{9/4, 11/4\}, (c + d*x)^2])/(105*d*e)$

### 3.294.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{e(c + dx)}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5138}$$

$$\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{3e} - \frac{4b \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{3e}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5220}$$

$$\frac{2(e(c+dx))^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{3e} - \frac{4b \left( \frac{2(e(c+dx))^{5/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, (c+dx)^2\right)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{5e} - \frac{4b(e(c+dx))^{7/2} {}_3F_2\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{1}{4}; (c+dx)^2\right)}{35e^2} \right)}{3e}{d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output  $((2*(e*(c + d*x))^{3/2}*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/(3*e) - (4*b*((2*(e*(c + d*x))^{5/2}*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/4, 9/4, (c + d*x)^2])/(5*e) - (4*b*(e*(c + d*x))^{7/2}*HypergeometricPFQ[\{1, 7/4, 7/4\}, \{9/4, 11/4\}, (c + d*x)^2])/(35*e^2)))/(3*e))/d$

## 3.294.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5220 `Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*
x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2,
(3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2], x] - Simp[b*c*((f*x)^(m + 2)/(f^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)))*S
imp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 1 + m/2, 1 + m
/2}, {3/2 + m/2, 2 + m/2}, c^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

## 3.294.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{dex + ce} (a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^2 dx$$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x)`

output `int((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x)`

## 3.294.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{dex + ce} (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(d*e*x
+ c*e), x)`

**3.294.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{e(c + dx)}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**(1/2)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(e*(c + d*x))*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))**2, x)`

**3.294.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

**3.294.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{dex + ce}(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))**2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)**2, x)`

**3.294.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2,x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2, x)`



**3.295**       $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{ce+dex}} dx$

3.295.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2356  
 3.295.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2356  
 3.295.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2357  
 3.295.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 2358  
 3.295.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 2358  
 3.295.6 Sympy [F(-2)] . . . . . 2359  
 3.295.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 2359  
 3.295.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2359  
 3.295.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2360

**3.295.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{e(c + dx)}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{de}$$

$$- \frac{8b(e(c + dx))^{3/2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right)}{3de^2}$$

$$+ \frac{16b^2(e(c + dx))^{5/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{5}{4}; \frac{7}{4}, \frac{9}{4}; (c + dx)^2\right)}{15de^3}$$

output `-8/3*b*(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*hypergeom([1/2, 3/4], [7/4], (d*x+c)^2)/d/e^2+16/15*b^2*(e*(d*x+c))^(5/2)*hypergeom([1, 5/4, 5/4], [7/4, 9/4], (d*x+c)^2)/d/e^3+2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2*(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/e`

**3.295.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{e(c + dx)}(5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))(3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - 4b(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right) - 4b^2(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right))}{15de}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]*(5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) - 4*b*(c + d*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (c + d*x)^2]) + 8*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 5/4, 5/4}, {7/4, 9/4}, (c + d*x)^2]))/(15*d*e)`

### 3.295.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{e(c + dx)}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{e(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{e} - \frac{4b \int \frac{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5220} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{e(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{e} - \frac{4b \left( \frac{2(e(c+dx))^{3/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, (c+dx)^2\right)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{3e} - \frac{4b(e(c+dx))^{5/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{5}{4}; \frac{7}{4}, \frac{9}{4}; (c+dx)^2\right)}{15e^2} \right)}{e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x],x]`

output `((2*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/e - (4*b*((2*(e*(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, (c + d*x)^2])/(3*e) - (4*b*(e*(c + d*x))^(5/2)*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 5/4, 5/4}, {7/4, 9/4}, (c + d*x)^2])/(15*e^2)))/e)/d`

---

3.295.  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{ce+dex}} dx$

## 3.295.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 5138 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5220 Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*
x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2,
(3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2], x] - Simp[b*c*((f*x)^(m + 2)/(f^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)))*S
imp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 1 + m/2, 1 + m
/2}, {3/2 + m/2, 2 + m/2}, c^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

## 3.295.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^2}{\sqrt{dex + ce}} dx$$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x)
```

```
output int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x)
```

## 3.295.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{\sqrt{dex + ce}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output `integral((b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2)/sqrt(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

### 3.295.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2/(d*e*x+c*e)**(1/2),x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`

### 3.295.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

### 3.295.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{\sqrt{dex + ce}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^2/sqrt(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

**3.295.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**3.296**       $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dex)^{3/2}} dx$

3.296.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2361  
 3.296.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2361  
 3.296.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2362  
 3.296.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 2363  
 3.296.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 2363  
 3.296.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2364  
 3.296.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 2364  
 3.296.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2364  
 3.296.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2365

**3.296.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{de\sqrt{e(c + dx)}} + \frac{8b\sqrt{e(c + dx)}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right)}{de^2} - \frac{16b^2(e(c + dx))^{3/2} {}_3F_2\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, 1; \frac{5}{4}, \frac{7}{4}; (c + dx)^2\right)}{3de^3}$$

```
output -16/3*b^2*(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)*hypergeom([3/4, 3/4, 1],[5/4, 7/4],(d*x+c)^2)/
d/e^3-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d/e/(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)+8*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)
)*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2],[5/4],(d*x+c)^2)*(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/e^2
```

**3.296.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) - 4b(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right)) + 8b\sqrt{e(c + dx)}}{3de\sqrt{e(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x] - 4*b*(c + d*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c + d*x)^2]) + 8*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{3/4, 3/4, 1}, {5/4, 7/4}, (c + d*x)^2])/(3*d*e*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)])`

### 3.296.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{4b \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{\sqrt{e(c + dx)} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{e \sqrt{e(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5220} \\
 & \frac{4b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{e(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{e} - \frac{4b(e(c + dx))^{3/2} {}_3F_2\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, 1; \frac{5}{4}, \frac{7}{4}; (c + dx)^2\right)}{3e^2} \right)}{e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{e \sqrt{e(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `((-2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/(e*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]) + (4*b*((2*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (c + d*x)^2])/e - (4*b*(e*(c + d*x))^(3/2)*HypergeometricPFQ[{3/4, 3/4, 1}, {5/4, 7/4}, (c + d*x)^2])/(3*e^2)))/e)/d`

---

3.296.  $\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx$

## 3.296.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 5138 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5220 Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*
x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2,
(3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2], x] - Simp[b*c*((f*x)^(m + 2)/(f^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)))*S
imp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 1 + m/2, 1 + m
/2}, {3/2 + m/2, 2 + m/2}, c^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

## 3.296.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^2}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x)
```

```
output int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x)
```

## 3.296.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```



output `integral((b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e)/(d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*e^2*x + c^2*e^2), x)`

### 3.296.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2}{(e(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2/(d*e*x+c*e)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**2/(e*(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

### 3.296.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

### 3.296.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^2/(d*e*x + c*e)^(3/2), x)`

**3.296.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**3.297**       $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dex)^{5/2}} dx$

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 3.297.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2366  
 3.297.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2367  
 3.297.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 2368  
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 3.297.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 2369  
 3.297.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2369  
 3.297.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2370

**3.297.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{3de(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{8b(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right)}{3de^2 \sqrt{e(c + dx)}} + \frac{16b^2 \sqrt{e(c + dx)} {}_3F_2\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, 1; \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4}; (c + dx)^2\right)}{3de^3}$$

```
output -2/3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d/e/(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)-8/3*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))
*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], [3/4], (d*x+c)^2)/d/e^2/(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)+16/3*b^2*hy
pergeom([1/4, 1/4, 1], [3/4, 5/4], (d*x+c)^2)*(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/e^3
```

**3.297.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2((a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 + 4b(c + dx) ((a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right) - 3de(e(c + dx))^{3/2})}{3de(e(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 + 4*b*(c + d*x)*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, (c + d*x)^2] - 2*b*(c + d*x)*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/4, 1}, {3/4, 5/4}, (c + d*x)^2]))/(3*d*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(3/2))`

### 3.297.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{4b \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(e(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{3e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{3e(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5220} \\
 & \frac{4b \left( \frac{4b \sqrt{e(c + dx)} {}_3F_2\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, 1; \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4}; (c + dx)^2\right)}{e^2} - \frac{2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{e \sqrt{e(c + dx)}} \right)}{3e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{3e(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `((-2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/(3*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(3/2)) + (4*b*((-2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, (c + d*x)^2])/(e*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]) + (4*b*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/4, 1}, {3/4, 5/4}, (c + d*x)^2])/e^2))/(3*e))/d`

---

3.297.  $\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx$

## 3.297.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 5138 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5220 Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*
x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2,
(3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2], x] - Simp[b*c*((f*x)^(m + 2)/(f^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)))*S
imp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 1 + m/2, 1 + m
/2}, {3/2 + m/2, 2 + m/2}, c^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

## 3.297.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^2}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x)
```

```
output int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x)
```

## 3.297.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output `integral((b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e)/(d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*e^3*x + c^3*e^3), x)`

### 3.297.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2}{(e(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2/(d*e*x+c*e)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**2/(e*(c + d*x))**5/2, x)`

### 3.297.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

### 3.297.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^2/(d*e*x + c*e)^(5/2), x)`

**3.297.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2), x)`

**3.298**       $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dex)^{7/2}} dx$

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 3.298.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2371  
 3.298.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2372  
 3.298.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 2373  
 3.298.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 2373  
 3.298.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2374  
 3.298.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 2374  
 3.298.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2374  
 3.298.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2375

**3.298.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{5de(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{8b(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right)}{15de^2(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2 {}_3F_2\left(-\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{1}{4}, 1; \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}; (c + dx)^2\right)}{15de^3 \sqrt{e(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -2/5*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d/e/(e*(d*x+c))^(5/2)-8/15*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))
*hypergeom([-3/4, 1/2], [1/4], (d*x+c)^2)/d/e^2/(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)-16/15*b^2
*hypergeom([-1/4, -1/4, 1], [1/4, 3/4], (d*x+c)^2)/d/e^3/(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**3.298.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2((a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) (3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + 4b(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right))}{15de(e(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$



input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output `(-2*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + 4*b*(c + d*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/4, 1/2, 1/4, (c + d*x)^2]) + 8*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/4, -1/4, 1}, {1/4, 3/4}, (c + d*x)^2]))/(15*d*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(5/2))`

### 3.298.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(e(c + dx))^{7/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{4b \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(e(c + dx))^{5/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{5e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{5e(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5220} \\
 & \frac{4b \left( -\frac{4b {}_3F_2\left(-\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{1}{4}, 1; \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}; (c + dx)^2\right)}{3e^2 \sqrt{e(c + dx)}} - \frac{2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{3e(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{5e(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{4b \left( -\frac{4b {}_3F_2\left(-\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{1}{4}, 1; \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}; (c + dx)^2\right)}{3e^2 \sqrt{e(c + dx)}} - \frac{2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right) (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{3e(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{5e(e(c + dx))^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output `((-2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/(5*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(5/2)) + (4*b*((-2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/4, 1/2, 1/4, (c + d*x)^2])/(3*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(3/2)) - (4*b*HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/4, -1/4, 1}, {1/4, 3/4}, (c + d*x)^2])/(3*e^2*sqrt[e*(c + d*x)])))/(5*e))/d`

---

3.298.  $\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx$

## 3.298.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 5138 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5220 Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*
x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2,
(3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2], x] - Simp[b*c*((f*x)^(m + 2)/(f^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)))*S
imp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 1 + m/2, 1 + m
/2}, {3/2 + m/2, 2 + m/2}, c^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

## 3.298.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^2}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2),x)
```

```
output int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2),x)
```

## 3.298.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output `integral((b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e)/(d^4*e^4*x^4 + 4*c*d^3*e^4*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 4*c^3*d*e^4*x + c^4*e^4), x)`

### 3.298.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2}{(e(c + dx))^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2/(d*e*x+c*e)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**2/(e*(c + d*x))**7/2, x)`

### 3.298.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

### 3.298.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^2/(d*e*x + c*e)^(7/2), x)`

**3.298.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(7/2),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(7/2), x)`

**3.299**       $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{(ce+dex)^{9/2}} dx$

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**3.299.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{7de(e(c + dx))^{7/2}} - \frac{8b(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right)}{35de^2(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} - \frac{16b^2 {}_3F_2\left(-\frac{3}{4}, -\frac{3}{4}, 1; -\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right)}{105de^3(e(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

```
output -2/7*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d/e/(e*(d*x+c))^(7/2)-8/35*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))
)*hypergeom([-5/4, 1/2], [-1/4], (d*x+c)^2)/d/e^2/(e*(d*x+c))^(5/2)-16/105*b
^2*hypergeom([-3/4, -3/4, 1], [-1/4, 1/4], (d*x+c)^2)/d/e^3/(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)
)
```

**3.299.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e(c + dx)}(3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) (5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) + 4b(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right) - 2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{105de^5(c + dx)^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(9/2),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[e*(c + d*x)]*(3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*(5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]) + 4*b*(c + d*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/4, 1/2, -1/4, (c + d*x)^2]) + 8*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{-3/4, -3/4, 1}, {-1/4, 1/4}, (c + d*x)^2])/ (105*d*e^5*(c + d*x)^4)`

### 3.299.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(e(c + dx))^{9/2}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 & \frac{4b \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}{(e(c + dx))^{7/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{7e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{7e(e(c + dx))^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5220} \\
 & \frac{4b \left( -\frac{4b {}_3F_2\left(-\frac{3}{4}, -\frac{3}{4}, 1; -\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}; (c + dx)^2\right)}{15e^2(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}, (c + dx)^2\right)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{5e(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{7e(e(c + dx))^{7/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(9/2),x]`

output `((-2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/(7*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(7/2)) + (4*b*((-2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/4, 1/2, -1/4, (c + d*x)^2])/(5*e*(e*(c + d*x))^(5/2)) - (4*b*HypergeometricPFQ[{-3/4, -3/4, 1}, {-1/4, 1/4}, (c + d*x)^2])/(15*e^2*(e*(c + d*x))^(3/2))))/(7*e))/d`

## 3.299.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 5138 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5220 Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*
x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2,
(3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2], x] - Simp[b*c*((f*x)^(m + 2)/(f^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)))*S
imp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 1 + m/2, 1 + m
/2}, {3/2 + m/2, 2 + m/2}, c^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 5304 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*A
rcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]
```

## 3.299.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^2}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(9/2),x)
```

```
output int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(9/2),x)
```

## 3.299.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output `integral((b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2)*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e)/(d^5*e^5*x^5 + 5*c*d^4*e^5*x^4 + 10*c^2*d^3*e^5*x^3 + 10*c^3*d^2*e^5*x^2 + 5*c^4*d*e^5*x + c^5*e^5), x)`

### 3.299.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2/(d*e*x+c*e)**(9/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.299.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(9/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

### 3.299.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(d*e*x+c*e)^(9/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^2/(d*e*x + c*e)^(9/2), x)`



**3.299.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2}{(ce + dex)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(9/2),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2/(c*e + d*e*x)^(9/2), x)`

### 3.300 $\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$

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3.300.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	2385

#### 3.300.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{2(e(c + dx))^{3/2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{3de} - \frac{2b \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(e(c+dx))^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `2/3*(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/d/e-2*b*Unintegrable((e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)/e`

#### 3.300.2 Mathematica [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \$Aborted$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

### 3.300.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5234}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx \\
 \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 \int \frac{\sqrt{e(c + dx)}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 \frac{2(e(c+dx))^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{3e} - \frac{2b \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{e} \\
 \downarrow \text{5234} \\
 \frac{2(e(c+dx))^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{3e} - \frac{2b \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{e} \\
 d
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

#### 3.300.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5234 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.300.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \sqrt{dex + ce} (a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^3 dx$$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x)`

output `int((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x)`

### 3.300.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int \sqrt{dex + ce} (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3)*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

**3.300.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 70.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int \sqrt{e(c + dx)}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**(1/2)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Integral(sqrt(e*(c + d*x))*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))**3, x)`**3.300.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`**3.300.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int \sqrt{dex + ce}(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^3, x)`

**3.300.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3, x)`

**3.301**       $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{ce+dex}} dx$

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 3.301.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . . 2389  
 3.301.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . . 2390

**3.301.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e(c + dx)}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{de} - \frac{6b \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3*(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/e-6*b*Unintegrable((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2*(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)/e`

**3.301.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 91.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x],x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x], x]`

**3.301.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5234}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{e(c + dx)}} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{2\sqrt{e(c + dx)}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{e} - \frac{6b \int \frac{\sqrt{e(c + dx)}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{e}$$

↓ 5234

$$\frac{2\sqrt{e(c + dx)}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{e} - \frac{6b \int \frac{\sqrt{e(c + dx)}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.301.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`



rule 5234 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.301.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^3}{\sqrt{dex + ce}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x)`

### 3.301.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3}{\sqrt{dex + ce}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3)/sqrt(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

**3.301.6 Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3/(d*e*x+c*e)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo
```

**3.301.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**3.301.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3}{\sqrt{dex + ce}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^3/sqrt(d*e*x + c*e), x)
```

**3.301.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^(1/2), x)`

$$3.302 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(ce+dex)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.302.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2391
3.302.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . .	2391
3.302.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . .	2392
3.302.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . .	2393
3.302.5 Fricas [N/A] . . . . .	2393
3.302.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . .	2394
3.302.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	2394
3.302.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	2394
3.302.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	2395

### 3.302.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(ce+dex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{de\sqrt{e(c+dx)}} + \frac{6b \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/d/e/(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)+6*b*Unintegrable((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)/e`

### 3.302.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 49.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(ce+dex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(ce+dex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2), x]`

**3.302.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5234}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d(c + dx)}{(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 \frac{6b \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{e(c + dx)} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{e \sqrt{e(c + dx)}} \\
 \downarrow \text{5234} \\
 \frac{6b \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{\sqrt{e(c + dx)} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{e \sqrt{e(c + dx)}} \\
 \downarrow
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.302.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5234 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.302.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^3}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x)`

### 3.302.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3)*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e)/(d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*e^2*x + c^2*e^2), x)`

**3.302.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 20.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3}{(e(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3/(d*e*x+c*e)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**3/(e*(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`**3.302.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`**3.302.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^3/(d*e*x + c*e)^(3/2), x)`

**3.302.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2), x)`



**3.303**  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{(ce+dex)^{5/2}} dx$

3.303.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2396  
 3.303.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . . 2396  
 3.303.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . . 2397  
 3.303.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . . 2398  
 3.303.5 Fricas [N/A] . . . . . 2398  
 3.303.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . . 2399  
 3.303.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 2399  
 3.303.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . . 2399  
 3.303.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . . 2400

**3.303.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{3de(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2b \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(e(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `-2/3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/d/e/(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2*b*Unintegrable((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)/(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)/e`

**3.303.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 45.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2), x]`

**3.303.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5234}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{2b \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(e(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{3e(e(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 5234

$$\frac{2b \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{(e(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{e} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{3e(e(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.303.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5234 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.303.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^3}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x)`

### 3.303.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3}{(dex + ce)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3)*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e)/(d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*e^3*x + c^3*e^3), x)`

**3.303.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 30.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3}{(e(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3/(d*e*x+c*e)**(5/2),x)`output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**3/(e*(c + d*x))**(5/2), x)`**3.303.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`**3.303.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^3/(d*e*x + c*e)^(5/2), x)`

**3.303.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2), x)`

### 3.304 $\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$

3.304.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2401
3.304.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . .	2401
3.304.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . .	2402
3.304.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . .	2403
3.304.5 Fricas [N/A] . . . . .	2403
3.304.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . .	2404
3.304.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	2404
3.304.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	2404
3.304.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	2405

#### 3.304.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{2(e(c + dx))^{3/2}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{3de} - \frac{8b \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(e(c+dx))^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}, x\right)}{3e}$$

output `2/3*(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/d/e-8/3*b*Unintegrable((e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)/e`

#### 3.304.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 164.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4, x]`

### 3.304.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5234}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx \\
 \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 \int \frac{\sqrt{e(c + dx)}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 \frac{2(e(c+dx))^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{3e} - \frac{8b \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{3e} \\
 \downarrow \text{5234} \\
 \frac{2(e(c+dx))^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{3e} - \frac{8b \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{3/2}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{3e} \\
 d
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x]*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `$Aborted`

#### 3.304.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5234 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.304.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \sqrt{dex + ce} (a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^4 dx$$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x)`

output `int((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x)`

### 3.304.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \int \sqrt{dex + ce} (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4)*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e), x)`



**3.304.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 73.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \int \sqrt{e(c + dx)}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**(1/2)*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4,x)`output `Integral(sqrt(e*(c + d*x))*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))**4, x)`**3.304.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`**3.304.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \int \sqrt{dex + ce}(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(d*e*x + c*e)*(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^4, x)`

**3.304.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \int \sqrt{ce + dex}(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^4 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4,x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4, x)`

**3.305**  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{\sqrt{ce+dex}} dx$

3.305.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2406  
 3.305.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . . 2406  
 3.305.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . . 2407  
 3.305.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . . 2408  
 3.305.5 Fricas [N/A] . . . . . 2408  
 3.305.6 Sympy [F(-2)] . . . . . 2409  
 3.305.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 2409  
 3.305.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . . 2409  
 3.305.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . . 2410

**3.305.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{e(c + dx)}(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{de} - \frac{8b \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4*(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/e-8*b*Unintegrable((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3*(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)/e`

**3.305.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 15.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x],x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x], x]`

**3.305.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5234}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 \frac{\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{e(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{e} - \frac{8b \int \frac{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{e}}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{5234} \\
 \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{e(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{e} - \frac{8b \int \frac{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{e}}{d}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/Sqrt[c*e + d*e*x],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.305.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5234 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.305.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^4}{\sqrt{dex + ce}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x)`

### 3.305.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4}{\sqrt{dex + ce}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4)/sqrt(d*e*x + c*e), x)`

**3.305.6 Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4/(d*e*x+c*e)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo
```

**3.305.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more de
tails)Is e
```

**3.305.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4}{\sqrt{dex + ce}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^4/sqrt(d*e*x + c*e), x)
```

**3.305.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^4}{\sqrt{ce + dex}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**3.306**  $\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{(ce+dex)^{3/2}} dx$

3.306.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2411  
 3.306.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . . 2411  
 3.306.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . . 2412  
 3.306.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . . 2413  
 3.306.5 Fricas [N/A] . . . . . 2413  
 3.306.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . . 2414  
 3.306.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 2414  
 3.306.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . . 2414  
 3.306.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . . 2415

**3.306.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{de\sqrt{e(c + dx)}} + \frac{8b\text{Int}\left(\frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{e(c+dx)}\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `-2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/d/e/(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)+8*b*Unintegrable((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(e*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)/e`

**3.306.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 27.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2), x]`



**3.306.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5234}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 d(c + dx)}{(e(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{8b \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d(c + dx)}{\sqrt{e(c + dx)} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{e \sqrt{e(c + dx)}}}{d}$$

↓ 5234

$$\frac{8b \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d(c + dx)}{\sqrt{e(c + dx)} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{e \sqrt{e(c + dx)}}}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.306.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5234 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.306.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^4}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x)`

### 3.306.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.96

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4)*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e)/(d^2*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*e^2*x + c^2*e^2), x)`

**3.306.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 26.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^4}{(e(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4/(d*e*x+c*e)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**4/(e*(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`**3.306.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`**3.306.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^4/(d*e*x + c*e)^(3/2), x)`

**3.306.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**3.307** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{(ce+dex)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.307.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2416  
 3.307.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . . 2416  
 3.307.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . . 2417  
 3.307.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . . 2418  
 3.307.5 Fricas [N/A] . . . . . 2418  
 3.307.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . . 2419  
 3.307.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 2419  
 3.307.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . . 2419  
 3.307.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . . 2420

**3.307.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{3de(e(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{8b \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{(e(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}}, x\right)}{3e}$$

output `-2/3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/d/e/(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)+8/3*b*Unintegrable((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(e*(d*x+c))^(3/2)/(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)/e`

**3.307.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 10.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2), x]`

### 3.307.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5234}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx \\
 \downarrow 5304 \\
 \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 d(c + dx)}{(e(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow 5138 \\
 \frac{8b \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d(c + dx)}{(e(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{3e(e(c + dx))^{3/2}}}{d} \\
 \downarrow 5234 \\
 \frac{8b \int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d(c + dx)}{(e(c + dx))^{3/2} \sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} - \frac{2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{3e(e(c + dx))^{3/2}}}{d}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

#### 3.307.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5234 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.307.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^4}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x)`

### 3.307.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.52

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4}{(dex + ce)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4)*sqrt(d*e*x + c*e)/(d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*e^3*x + c^3*e^3), x)`

**3.307.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 40.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^4}{(e(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4/(d*e*x+c*e)**(5/2),x)`output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x))**4/(e*(c + d*x))**(5/2), x)`**3.307.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`**3.307.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4}{(dex + ce)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/(d*e*x+c*e)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^4/(d*e*x + c*e)^(5/2), x)`



**3.307.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^4}{(ce + dex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4/(c*e + d*e*x)^(5/2), x)`

### 3.308 $\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$

3.308.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2421
3.308.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . .	2421
3.308.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . .	2422
3.308.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . .	2423
3.308.5 Fricas [N/A] . . . . .	2423
3.308.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . .	2424
3.308.7 Maxima [N/A] . . . . .	2424
3.308.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	2425
3.308.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	2425

#### 3.308.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \frac{(e(c + dx))^{1+m} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4}{de(1 + m)} - \frac{4b \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(e(c+dx))^{1+m} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}, x\right)}{e(1 + m)}$$

output `(e*(d*x+c))^(1+m)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4/d/e/(1+m)-4*b*Unintegrable((e*(d*x+c))^(1+m)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)/e/(1+m)`

#### 3.308.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4, x]`

### 3.308.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5234}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx \\
 \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 \frac{\int (e(c + dx))^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 \frac{(e(c+dx))^{m+1} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{e^{(m+1)}} - \frac{4b \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{m+1} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{e^{(m+1)}} \\
 \downarrow \text{5234} \\
 \frac{(e(c+dx))^{m+1} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^4}{e^{(m+1)}} - \frac{4b \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{m+1} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{e^{(m+1)}} \\
 d
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^4,x]`

output `$Aborted`

#### 3.308.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5234 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.308.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 2.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (dex + ce)^m (a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^4 dx$$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x)`

output `int((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x)`

### 3.308.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4 (dex + ce)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^4*arcsin(d*x + c)^4 + 4*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 4*a^3*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^4)*(d*e*x + c*e)^m, x)`

**3.308.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 52.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (e(c + dx))^m (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^4 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**m*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**4,x)`output `Integral((e*(c + d*x))**m*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))**4, x)`**3.308.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 10.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 618, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.87

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4 (dex + ce)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(d*e*x + c*e)^(m + 1)*a^4/(d*e*(m + 1)) + ((b^4*d*e^m*x + b^4*c*e^m)*(d*x + c)^m*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^4 + (d*m + d)*integrate(2*(2*(b^4*d*e^m*x + b^4*c*e^m)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)*(d*x + c)^m*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^3 + 2*((a*b^3*c^2 - a*b^3)*e^m*m + (a*b^3*d^2*e^m*m + a*b^3*d^2*e^m)*x^2 + (a*b^3*c^2 - a*b^3)*e^m + 2*(a*b^3*c*d*e^m*m + a*b^3*c*d*e^m)*x)*(d*x + c)^m*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^3 + 3*((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b^2)*e^m*m + (a^2*b^2*d^2*e^m*m + a^2*b^2*d^2*e^m)*x^2 + (a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b^2)*e^m + 2*(a^2*b^2*c*d*e^m*m + a^2*b^2*c*d*e^m)*x)*(d*x + c)^m*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + 2*((a^3*b*c^2 - a^3*b)*e^m*m + (a^3*b*d^2*e^m*m + a^3*b*d^2*e^m)*x^2 + (a^3*b*c^2 - a^3*b)*e^m + 2*(a^3*b*c*d*e^m*m + a^3*b*c*d*e^m)*x)*(d*x + c)^m*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1))*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)))/((d^2*m + d^2)*x^2 + c^2 + (c^2 - 1)*m + 2*(c*d*m + c*d)*x - 1), x))/(d*m + d)
```

**3.308.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^4 (dex + ce)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^4*(d*e*x + c*e)^m, x)`**3.308.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^4 dx = \int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^4 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^m*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4,x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^m*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^4, x)`

### 3.309 $\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$

3.309.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2426
3.309.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . .	2426
3.309.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . .	2427
3.309.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . .	2428
3.309.5 Fricas [N/A] . . . . .	2428
3.309.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . .	2429
3.309.7 Maxima [N/A] . . . . .	2429
3.309.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	2430
3.309.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	2430

#### 3.309.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \frac{(e(c + dx))^{1+m} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3}{de(1 + m)} - \frac{3b \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(e(c+dx))^{1+m} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}}, x\right)}{e(1 + m)}$$

output `(e*(d*x+c))^(1+m)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3/d/e/(1+m)-3*b*Unintegrable((e*(d*x+c))^(1+m)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/(1-(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)/e/(1+m)`

#### 3.309.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3, x]`

### 3.309.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5234}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx \\
 \downarrow \text{5304} \\
 \frac{\int (e(c + dx))^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{5138} \\
 \frac{\frac{(e(c+dx))^{m+1} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{e^{(m+1)}} - \frac{3b \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{m+1} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{e^{(m+1)}}}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{5234} \\
 \frac{\frac{(e(c+dx))^{m+1} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^3}{e^{(m+1)}} - \frac{3b \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{m+1} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{e^{(m+1)}}}{d}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

#### 3.309.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`



rule 5234 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

### 3.309.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (dex + ce)^m (a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^3 dx$$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x)`

output `int((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x)`

### 3.309.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3 (dex + ce)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*arcsin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^3)*(d*e*x + c*e)^m, x)`

**3.309.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 20.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (e(c + dx))^m (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**m*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**3,x)`output `Integral((e*(c + d*x))**m*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))**3, x)`**3.309.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 7.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 469, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.39

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3 (dex + ce)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(d*e*x + c*e)^(m + 1)*a^3/(d*e*(m + 1)) + ((b^3*d*e^m*x + b^3*c*e^m)*(d*x + c)^m*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^3 + (d*m + d)*integrate(3*((b^3*d*e^m*x + b^3*c*e^m)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)*(d*x + c)^m*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + ((a*b^2*c^2 - a*b^2)*e^m*m + (a*b^2*d^2*e^m*m + a*b^2*d^2*e^m)*x^2 + (a*b^2*c^2 - a*b^2)*e^m + 2*(a*b^2*c*d*e^m*m + a*b^2*c*d*e^m)*x)*(d*x + c)^m*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + ((a^2*b*c^2 - a^2*b)*e^m*m + (a^2*b*d^2*e^m*m + a^2*b*d^2*e^m)*x^2 + (a^2*b*c^2 - a^2*b)*e^m + 2*(a^2*b*c*d*e^m*m + a^2*b*c*d*e^m)*x)*(d*x + c)^m*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))))/((d^2*m + d^2)*x^2 + c^2 + (c^2 - 1)^m + 2*(c*d*m + c*d)*x - 1), x)/(d*m + d)`

**3.309.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^3 (dex + ce)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^3*(d*e*x + c*e)^m, x)`**3.309.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^3 dx = \int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^3 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^m*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3,x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^m*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^3, x)`

### 3.310 $\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$

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#### 3.310.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(e(c + dx))^{1+m} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2}{de(1 + m)}$$

$$- \frac{2b(e(c + dx))^{2+m} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, (c + dx)^2\right)}{de^2(1 + m)(2 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^2(e(c + dx))^{3+m} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{m}{2}, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{m}{2}; 2 + \frac{m}{2}, \frac{5}{2} + \frac{m}{2}; (c + dx)^2\right)}{de^3(1 + m)(2 + m)(3 + m)}$$

```
output (e*(d*x+c))^(1+m)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2/d/e/(1+m)-2*b*(e*(d*x+c))^(2+m)*(a
+b*arcsin(d*x+c))*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*m],[2+1/2*m],(d*x+c)^2)/d/e^2/(1+m
)/(2+m)+2*b^2*(e*(d*x+c))^(3+m)*hypergeom([1, 3/2+1/2*m, 3/2+1/2*m],[2+1/2
*m, 5/2+1/2*m],(d*x+c)^2)/d/e^3/(3+m)/(m^2+3*m+2)
```

### 3.310.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + dx)(e(c + dx))^m \left( (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 - \frac{2b(c+dx)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, (c+dx)^2\right)}{2+m} \right)}{d(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `((c + d*x)*(e*(c + d*x))^m*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2 - (2*b*(c + d*x)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (c + d*x)^2])/(2 + m) + (2*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 3/2 + m/2, 3/2 + m/2}, {2 + m/2, 5/2 + m/2}, (c + d*x)^2])/((2 + m)*(3 + m)))/(d*(1 + m))`

### 3.310.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 5220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5304}$$

$$\frac{\int (e(c + dx))^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5138}$$

$$\frac{\frac{(e(c+dx))^{m+1} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{e(m+1)} - \frac{2b \int \frac{(e(c+dx))^{m+1} (a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{\sqrt{1-(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{e(m+1)}}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5220}$$

$$\frac{(e(c+dx))^{m+1}(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))^2}{e^{(m+1)}} - \frac{2b \left( \frac{(e(c+dx))^{m+2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, (c+dx)^2\right)(a+b \arcsin(c+dx))}{e^{(m+2)}} - \frac{b(e(c+dx))^{m+3} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right)}{e^{2(m+2)}} \right)}{d e^{(m+1)}}$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `((e*(c + d*x))^(1 + m)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])^2)/(e*(1 + m)) - (2*b*((e*(c + d*x))^(2 + m)*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, (c + d*x)^2])/(e*(2 + m)) - (b*(e*(c + d*x))^(3 + m)*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 3/2 + m/2, 3/2 + m/2}, {2 + m/2, 5/2 + m/2}, (c + d*x)^2])/(e^2*(2 + m)*(3 + m)))/(e*(1 + m))/d`

### 3.310.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5220 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[((f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2], x] - Simp[b*c*((f*x)^(m + 2)/(f^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 1 + m/2, 1 + m/2}, {3/2 + m/2, 2 + m/2}, c^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

**3.310.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int (dex + ce)^m (a + b \arcsin(dx + c))^2 dx$$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x)`

output `int((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x)`

**3.310.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2 (dex + ce)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b^2*arcsin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a^2)*(d*e*x + c*e)^m, x)`

**3.310.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (e(c + dx))^m (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**m*(a+b*asin(d*x+c))**2,x)`

output `Integral((e*(c + d*x))**m*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))**2, x)`

**3.310.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2 (dex + ce)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((b^2*d*e^m*x + b^2*c*e^m)*(d*x + c)^m*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1))^2 + (d*m + d)*integrate(2*((b^2*d*e^m*x + b^2*c*e^m)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)*(d*x + c)^m*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + ((a*b*c^2 - a*b)*e^m*m + (a*b*d^2*e^m*m + a*b*d^2*e^m)*x^2 + (a*b*c^2 - a*b)*e^m + 2*(a*b*c*d*e^m*m + a*b*c*d*e^m)*x)*(d*x + c)^m*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)))/((d^2*m + d^2)*x^2 + c^2 + (c^2 - 1)*m + 2*(c*d*m + c*d)*x - 1), x)/(d*m + d) + (d*e*x + c*e)^(m + 1)*a^2/(d*e*(m + 1))`

**3.310.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)^2 (dex + ce)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)^2*(d*e*x + c*e)^m, x)`

**3.310.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))^2 dx = \int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx))^2 dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^m*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2,x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^m*(a + b*asin(c + d*x))^2, x)`



### 3.311 $\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$

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3.311.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2439
3.311.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2440

#### 3.311.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(e(c + dx))^{1+m} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{de(1 + m)}$$

$$- \frac{b(e(c + dx))^{2+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, (c + dx)^2\right)}{de^2(1 + m)(2 + m)}$$

output `(e*(d*x+c))^(1+m)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c))/d/e/(1+m)-b*(e*(d*x+c))^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*m],[2+1/2*m],[d*x+c]^2)/d/e^2/(1+m)/(2+m)`

#### 3.311.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{(c + dx)(e(c + dx))^m (-(2 + m)(a + b \arcsin(c + dx))) + b(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}\right)}{d(1 + m)(2 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output  $-\left(\left(c + dx\right)\left(e\left(c + dx\right)\right)^m\left(-\left(2 + m\right)\left(a + b\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c + dx\right]\right)\right) + b\left(c + dx\right)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \left(2 + m\right)/2, \left(4 + m\right)/2, \left(c + dx\right)^2\right]\right) / \left(d\left(1 + m\right)\right) \cdot \left(2 + m\right)$

### 3.311.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {5304, 5138, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 5304$$

$$\frac{\int (e(c + dx))^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 5138$$

$$\frac{(e(c + dx))^{m+1} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{e^{m+1}} - \frac{b \int \frac{(e(c + dx))^{m+1}}{\sqrt{1 - (c + dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{e^{m+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 278$$

$$\frac{(e(c + dx))^{m+1} (a + b \arcsin(c + dx))}{e^{m+1}} - \frac{b(e(c + dx))^{m+2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, (c + dx)^2\right)}{e^2 (m+1)(m+2)}$$

$$\downarrow$$

input  $\operatorname{Int}[(c * e + d * e * x)^m * (a + b * \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d * x]), x]$

output  $\left(\left(e\left(c + dx\right)\right)^{1 + m}\left(a + b\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[c + dx\right]\right)\right) / \left(e\left(1 + m\right)\right) - \left(b\left(e\left(c + dx\right)\right)^{2 + m}\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \left(2 + m\right)/2, \left(4 + m\right)/2, \left(c + dx\right)^2\right]\right) / \left(e^2\left(1 + m\right)\left(2 + m\right)\right) / d$

## 3.311.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

## 3.311.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dex + ce)^m (a + b \arcsin(dx + c)) dx$$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x)`

output `int((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x)`

## 3.311.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)(dex + ce)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*(d*e*x + c*e)^m, x)`

**3.311.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int (e(c + dx))^m (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)) dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**m*(a+b*asin(d*x+c)),x)`

output `Integral((e*(c + d*x))**m*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

**3.311.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)(dex + ce)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((d*e^m*x + c*e^m)*(d*x + c)^m*arctan2(d*x + c, sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)) + (d*m + d)*integrate((d*e^m*x + c*e^m)*sqrt(d*x + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x - c + 1)*(d*x + c)^m/((d^2*m + d^2)*x^2 + c^2 + (c^2 - 1)*m + 2*(c*d*m + c*d)*x - 1), x))*b/(d*m + d) + (d*e*x + c*e)^(m + 1)*a/(d*e*(m + 1))`

**3.311.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx + c) + a)(dex + ce)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^m*(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a)*(d*e*x + c*e)^m, x)`

**3.311.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \arcsin(c + dx)) dx = \int (ce + dex)^m (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^m*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)),x)`output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^m*(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.312 $\int \frac{(ce+dex)^m}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} dx$

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3.312.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	2444
3.312.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	2444

#### 3.312.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^m}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(e(c + dx))^m}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((e*(d*x+c))^m/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x)`

#### 3.312.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^m}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^m}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^m/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[(c*e + d*e*x)^m/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]), x]`

**3.312.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5304, 5148}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^m}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 5304

$$\int \frac{(e(c+dx))^m}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 5148

$$\int \frac{(e(c+dx))^m}{a+b \arcsin(c+dx)} d(c + dx)$$

input `Int[(c*e + d*e*x)^m/(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.312.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5148 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^ (m_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

rule 5304 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^ (m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[((d*e - c*f)/d + f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x]`

**3.312.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 4.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dex + ce)^m}{a + b \arcsin(dx + c)} dx$$

input `int((d*e*x+c*e)^m/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x)`output `int((d*e*x+c*e)^m/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x)`**3.312.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^m}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^m}{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^m/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((d*e*x + c*e)^m/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`**3.312.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^m}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(e(c + dx))^m}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)**m/(a+b*asin(d*x+c)),x)`output `Integral((e*(c + d*x))**m/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`



**3.312.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^m}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^m}{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^m/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^m/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.312.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^m}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(dex + ce)^m}{b \arcsin(dx + c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*e*x+c*e)^m/(a+b*arcsin(d*x+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*e*x + c*e)^m/(b*arcsin(d*x + c) + a), x)`

**3.312.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(ce + dex)^m}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(ce + dex)^m}{a + b \arcsin(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((c*e + d*e*x)^m/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int((c*e + d*e*x)^m/(a + b*asin(c + d*x)), x)`

### 3.313 $\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$

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#### 3.313.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(a + bx)^2}{8b} - \frac{3(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{4b}$$

$$+ \frac{3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{8b} - \frac{3(a + bx)^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{4b}$$

$$+ \frac{(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3}{2b} + \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^4}{8b}$$

output  $3/8*(b*x+a)^2/b+3/8*\arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b-3/4*(b*x+a)^2*\arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b+1/8*\arcsin(b*x+a)^4/b-3/4*(b*x+a)*\arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b+1/2*(b*x+a)*\arcsin(b*x+a)^3*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b$

#### 3.313.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{3bx(2a + bx) - 6(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx) - 3(-1 + 2a^2 + 4abx + 2b^2x^2) \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{8b}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output  $(3*b*x*(2*a + b*x) - 6*(a + b*x)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x] - 3*(-1 + 2*a^2 + 4*a*b*x + 2*b^2*x^2)*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]^2 + 4*(a + b*x)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]^3 + \text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]^4)/(8*b)$

### 3.313.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {5306, 5156, 5138, 5152, 5210, 15, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5306}$$

$$\frac{\int \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 d(a + bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5156}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{2} \int (a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)^2 d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{2} (a + bx) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5138}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} (a + bx)^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 - \int \frac{(a + bx)^2 \arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{2} (a + bx) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5152}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} (a + bx)^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2 - \int \frac{(a + bx)^2 \arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) \right) + \frac{1}{8} \arcsin(a + bx)^4 + \frac{1}{2} (a + bx) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5210}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{2} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) - \frac{1}{2} \int (a+bx) d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} (a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2 + \frac{1}{2} (a+bx) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \right)}{b}$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{2} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} (a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} (a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{1}{4} (a+bx)^4 \right)}{b}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{\frac{1}{8} \arcsin(a+bx)^4 + \frac{1}{2} (a+bx) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^3 - \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} (a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \right)}{b}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `((a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3)/2 + ArcSin[a + b*x]^4/8 - (3*(-1/4*(a + b*x)^2 + ((a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2 - ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/4 + ((a + b*x)^2*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/2)/2)/b`

### 3.313.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

```
rule 5156 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol]
:= Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/2), x] + (Simp[(1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]]
Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]]
Int[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 5210 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))
Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p]
Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 5306 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]
```

### 3.313.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
default	$\frac{4 \arcsin(bx+a)^3 \sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1} bx - 6 \arcsin(bx+a)^2 b^2 x^2 + 4 \arcsin(bx+a)^3 \sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1} a - 12 \arcsin(bx+a)^2 abx + a^3}{b}$

```
input int(arcsin(b*x+a)^3*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/8*(4*arcsin(b*x+a)^3*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*b*x-6*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*b^2*x^2+4*arcsin(b*x+a)^3*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*a-12*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*a*b*x+arcsin(b*x+a)^4-6*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*a^2-6*arcsin(b*x+a)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*b*x+3*b^2*x^2-6*arcsin(b*x+a)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*a+6*a*b*x+3*arcsin(b*x+a)^2+3*a^2)/b
```

**3.313.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^2x^2 + \arcsin(bx + a)^4 + 6abx - 3(2b^2x^2 + 4abx + 2a^2 - 1) \arcsin(bx + a)^2 + 2\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1} \arcsin(bx + a)}{8b}$$

```
input integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^3*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/8*(3*b^2*x^2 + arcsin(b*x + a)^4 + 6*a*b*x - 3*(2*b^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*x + 2*a^2 - 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2 + 2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(2*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^3 - 3*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)))/b
```

**3.313.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{-(a + bx - 1)(a + bx + 1)} \arcsin^3(a + bx) dx$$

```
input integrate(asin(b*x+a)**3*(-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt(-(a + b*x - 1)*(a + b*x + 1))*asin(a + b*x)**3, x)
```

**3.313.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1} \arcsin(bx + a)^3 dx$$

```
input integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^3*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)^3, x)
```

**3.313.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)^3}{2b} \\ &+ \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^4}{8b} - \frac{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1) \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{4b} \\ &- \frac{3\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)}{4b} \\ &- \frac{3 \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{8b} + \frac{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1)}{8b} + \frac{3}{16b} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^3*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^3/b + 1/8*arcsin(b*x + a)^4/b - 3/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b - 3/4*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)/b - 3/8*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b + 3/8*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)/b + 3/16/b`

**3.313.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = \int \arcsin(a + bx)^3 \sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)^3*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(asin(a + b*x)^3*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2), x)`

### 3.314 $\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$

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3.314.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2454
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3.314.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2456
3.314.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2456

#### 3.314.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = -\frac{(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{4b} + \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{4b} - \frac{(a + bx)^2 \arcsin(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{2b} + \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{6b}$$

```
output 1/4*arcsin(b*x+a)/b-1/2*(b*x+a)^2*arcsin(b*x+a)/b+1/6*arcsin(b*x+a)^3/b-1/4*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b+1/2*(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b
```

#### 3.314.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \frac{-3(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} - 3(-1 + 2a^2 + 4abx + 2b^2x^2) \arcsin(a + bx) + 6(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 + \arcsin(a + bx)^3}{12b}$$



input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(-3*(a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2] - 3*(-1 + 2*a^2 + 4*a*b*x + 2*b^2*x^2)*ArcSin[a + b*x] + 6*(a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 + 2*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3)/(12*b)`

### 3.314.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {5306, 5156, 5138, 262, 223, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5306}$$

$$\int \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 d(a + bx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5156}$$

$$\frac{-\int (a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx) d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{2} (a + bx) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5138}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) - \frac{1}{2} (a + bx)^2 \arcsin(a + bx) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} (a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{262}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) - \frac{1}{2} (a + bx) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2} (a + bx)^2 \arcsin(a + bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{223}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) - \frac{1}{2} (a + bx)^2 \arcsin(a + bx) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} (a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(a + bx) \right)}{b}$$

---

3.314.  $\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 + \frac{1}{2}(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 - \frac{1}{2}(a + bx)^2 \arcsin(a + bx) + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(a + bx)\right)}{b}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((-1/2*((a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]) + ArcSin[a + b*x]/2)/2 - ((a + b*x)^2*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2 + ((a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/2 + ArcSin[a + b*x]^3/6)/b`

### 3.314.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

```
rule 5156 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol]
  := Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/2), x] + (Simp[(1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]]
  Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]]
  Int[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 5306 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x]
  && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]
```

### 3.314.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

method	result
default	$\frac{6 \arcsin(bx+a)^2 \sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1} bx - 6 \arcsin(bx+a) b^2x^2 + 6 \arcsin(bx+a)^2 \sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1} a - 12 \arcsin(bx+a) abx + 2 \arcsin(bx+a)^3 - 3(2b^2x^2 + 4abx + 2a^2 - 1) \arcsin(bx+a) + 3 \sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1} (2(bx+a) + 1)}{12b}$

```
input int(arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/12*(6*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*b*x-6*arcsin(b*x+a)*b^2*x^2+6*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*a-12*arcsin(b*x+a)*a*b*x+2*arcsin(b*x+a)^3-6*a^2*arcsin(b*x+a)-3*x*b*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)-3*a*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)+3*arcsin(b*x+a))/b
```

### 3.314.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \arcsin(bx + a)^3 - 3(2b^2x^2 + 4abx + 2a^2 - 1) \arcsin(bx + a) + 3 \sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1} (2(bx + a) + 1)}{12b}$$

```
input integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

---

3.314.  $\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$

output `1/12*(2*arcsin(b*x + a)^3 - 3*(2*b^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*x + 2*a^2 - 1)*arcsin(b*x + a) + 3*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(2*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2 - b*x - a))/b`

### 3.314.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{-(a + bx - 1)(a + bx + 1)} \operatorname{asin}^2(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)**2*(-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(a + b*x - 1)*(a + b*x + 1))*asin(a + b*x)**2, x)`

### 3.314.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1} \arcsin(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2, x)`

**3.314.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{2b} \\ &+ \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^3}{6b} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1) \arcsin(bx + a)}{2b} \\ &- \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}(bx + a)}{4b} - \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)}{4b} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b + 1/6*arcsin(b*x + a)^3/b - 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)/b - 1/4*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)/b - 1/4*arcsin(b*x + a)/b`

**3.314.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \int \arcsin(a + bx)^2 \sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)^2*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(asin(a + b*x)^2*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2), x)`

### 3.315 $\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx$

3.315.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2457
3.315.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2457
3.315.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2458
3.315.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2459
3.315.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2460
3.315.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2460
3.315.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2460
3.315.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2461
3.315.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2462

#### 3.315.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(a + bx)^2}{4b} + \frac{(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{2b} + \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{4b}$$

output `-1/4*(b*x+a)^2/b+1/4*arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b+1/2*(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b`

#### 3.315.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-bx(2a + bx) + 2(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx) + \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{4b}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output `(-(b*x*(2*a + b*x)) + 2*(a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x] + ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/(4*b)`

**3.315.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$ , Rules used = {5306, 5156, 15, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1} \arcsin(a + bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5306}$$

$$\frac{\int \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx) d(a + bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5156}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx) - \frac{1}{2} \int (a + bx) d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{2} (a + bx) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{15}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} (a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx) - \frac{1}{4} (a + bx)^2}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5152}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} (a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx) + \frac{1}{4} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 - \frac{1}{4} (a + bx)^2}{b}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output `(-1/4*(a + b*x)^2 + ((a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2 + ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/4)/b`

## 3.315.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`
- rule 5156 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/2), x] + (Simp[(1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]] Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]] Int[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`

## 3.315.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \arcsin(bx+a)\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}bx-b^2x^2+2 \arcsin(bx+a)\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}a-2abx+\arcsin(bx+a)^2-a^2}{4b}$	96

input `int(arcsin(b*x+a)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*(2*arcsin(b*x+a)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*b*x-b^2*x^2+2*arcsin(b*x+a)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*a-2*a*b*x+arcsin(b*x+a)^2-a^2)/b`



**3.315.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{b^2x^2 + 2abx - 2\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a) - \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{4b}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x - 2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a) - arcsin(b*x + a)^2)/b`

**3.315.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{-(a + bx - 1)(a + bx + 1)} \operatorname{asin}(a + bx) dx$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)*(-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(a + b*x - 1)*(a + b*x + 1))*asin(a + b*x), x)`

**3.315.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 240 vs. 2(55) = 110.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.81

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} \left( x^2 + \frac{2ax}{b} - \frac{2 \arcsin(bx + a) \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{\arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)^2}{b^2} \right) b$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{a^2 \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)}{b} - \sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}x - \frac{(a^2 - 1) \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)}{b} - \sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1} \right) + a)$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(x^2 + 2*a*x/b - 2*arcsin(b*x + a)*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/b^2 - arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))^2/b^2)*b - 1/2*(a^2*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/b - sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*x - (a^2 - 1)*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/b - sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*a/b)*arcsin(b*x + a)`

### 3.315.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)}{2b}$$

$$+ \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^2}{4b} - \frac{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1}{4b} - \frac{1}{8b}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)/b + 1/4*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b - 1/4*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)/b - 1/8/b`

**3.315.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \int \arcsin(a + bx) \sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(asin(a + b*x)*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2), x)`

$$3.316 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$$

3.316.1 Optimal result	2463
3.316.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2463
3.316.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2464
3.316.4 Maple [A] (verified)	2465
3.316.5 Fricas [F]	2466
3.316.6 Sympy [F]	2466
3.316.7 Maxima [F]	2466
3.316.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2467
3.316.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2467

### 3.316.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{2b} + \frac{\log(\arcsin(a+bx))}{2b}$$

output `1/2*Ci(2*arcsin(b*x+a))/b+1/2*ln(arcsin(b*x+a))/b`

### 3.316.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) + \log(\arcsin(a+bx))}{2b}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]/ArcSin[a + b*x], x]`

output `(CosIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]] + Log[ArcSin[a + b*x]])/(2*b)`

**3.316.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {5306, 5168, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5306} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d(a + bx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad b \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{5168} \\
 & \int \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a + bx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad b \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(\arcsin(a+bx) + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a + bx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad b \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \int \left( \frac{\cos(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{1}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} \right) d \arcsin(a + bx) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad b \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a + bx)) + \frac{1}{2} \log(\arcsin(a + bx))}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]/ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output `(CosIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]]/2 + Log[ArcSin[a + b*x]]/2)/b`

## 3.316.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 5168 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p, 0]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`

## 3.316.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\ln(\arcsin(bx+a))+Ci(2\arcsin(bx+a))}{2b}$	23

input `int((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/arcsin(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*(ln(arcsin(b*x+a))+Ci(2*arcsin(b*x+a)))/b`

**3.316.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}}{\arcsin(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)/arcsin(b*x + a), x)`

**3.316.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(a + bx - 1)(a + bx + 1)}}{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)} dx$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(1/2)/asin(b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(a + b*x - 1)*(a + b*x + 1))/asin(a + b*x), x)`

**3.316.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}}{\arcsin(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)/arcsin(b*x + a), x)`

**3.316.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \frac{\text{Ci}(2 \arcsin(bx + a))}{2b} + \frac{\log(\arcsin(bx + a))}{2b}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*cos_integral(2*arcsin(b*x + a))/b + 1/2*log(arcsin(b*x + a))/b`

**3.316.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1}}{\text{asin}(a + bx)} dx$$

input `int((1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2)/asin(a + b*x),x)`

output `int((1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2)/asin(a + b*x), x)`



**3.317**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$

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**3.317.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{b \arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{b}$$

output  $(-1+(b*x+a)^2)/b/\arcsin(b*x+a)-\text{Si}(2*\arcsin(b*x+a))/b$

**3.317.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{-1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2-\arcsin(a+bx)\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{b \arcsin(a+bx)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]/ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output  $(-1 + a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2 - \text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]*\text{SinIntegral}[2*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]])/(b*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x])$

**3.317.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {5306, 5166, 5146, 4906, 27, 3042, 3780}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5306} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5166} \\
 & \frac{-2 \int \frac{a+bx}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d(a+bx) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5146} \\
 & \frac{-2 \int \frac{(a+bx)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & \frac{-2 \int \frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{- \int \frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{- \int \frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3780} \\
 & \frac{-\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a + bx)) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]/ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`

---

3.317.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$

output  $(-((1 - (a + b*x)^2)/\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]) - \text{SinIntegral}[2*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]])/b$

### 3.317.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3780  $\text{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{SinIntegral}[e + f*x]/d, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d*e - c*f, 0]$

rule 4906  $\text{Int}[\cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^{(p_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*\sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[(c + d*x)^m, \sin[a + b*x]^n*\cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$

rule 5146  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.)^{(n_.)}*(x_)^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(b*c^{(m+1)}) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n*\sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*\cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 5166  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.)^{(n_.)}*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{(n+1)})/(b*c*(n+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[c*((2*p+1)/(b*(n+1)))*\text{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] \text{Int}[x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^{(p-1/2)}*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{(n+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]$

rule 5306  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.)^{(n_.)}*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_.) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/d \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*C - B*d, 0]$

**3.317.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{2 \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a) + \cos(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) + 1}{2b \arcsin(bx+a)}$	42

```
input int((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2/b*(2*Si(2*arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)+cos(2*arcsin(b*x+a))+1)/arcsin(b*x+a)
```

**3.317.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{\arcsin(bx+a)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)/arcsin(b*x + a)^2, x)
```

**3.317.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(a+bx-1)(a+bx+1)}}{\operatorname{asin}^2(a+bx)} dx$$

```
input integrate((-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(1/2)/asin(b*x+a)**2,x)
```

```
output Integral(sqrt(-(a + b*x - 1)*(a + b*x + 1))/asin(a + b*x)**2, x)
```

**3.317.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}}{\arcsin(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x - b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1))*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))*integrate(2*(b*x + a)/arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1))*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1), x) + a^2 - 1)/(b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1))*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))`

**3.317.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(bx + a))}{b} + \frac{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1}{b \arcsin(bx + a)}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-sin_integral(2*arcsin(b*x + a))/b + (b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)/(b*arcsin(b*x + a))`

**3.317.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1}}{\text{asin}(a + bx)^2} dx$$

input `int((1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2)/asin(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int((1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2)/asin(a + b*x)^2, x)`

**3.318**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$

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 3.318.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2476  
 3.318.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2477  
 3.318.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2477

**3.318.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{-1+(a+bx)^2}{2b \arcsin(a+bx)^2} + \frac{(a+bx)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{b \arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{b}$$

output `1/2*(-1+(b*x+a)^2)/b/arcsin(b*x+a)^2-Ci(2*arcsin(b*x+a))/b+(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b/arcsin(b*x+a)`

**3.318.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{-1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2+2(a+bx)\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)-2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{2b \arcsin(a+bx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]/ArcSin[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(-1 + a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2 + 2*(a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x] - 2*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2*CosIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/(2*b*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)`

**3.318.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {5306, 5166, 5142, 3042, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5306} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} d(a + bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5166} \\
 & \frac{-\int \frac{a+bx}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a + bx) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{2\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5142} \\
 & \frac{-\int \frac{\cos(2\arcsin(a+bx))}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d\arcsin(a + bx) + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}(a+bx)}{\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{2\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{-\int \frac{\sin(2\arcsin(a+bx) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d\arcsin(a + bx) + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}(a+bx)}{\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{2\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3783} \\
 & \frac{-\text{CosIntegral}(2\arcsin(a + bx)) + \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}(a+bx)}{\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{2\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]/ArcSin[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(-1/2*(1 - (a + b*x)^2)/ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 + ((a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/ArcSin[a + b*x] - CosIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/b`

## 3.318.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 5142 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*(x_)^m_., x_Symbol] := Simp[x^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Sin[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5166 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^p_., x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^p_., x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`

## 3.318.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-4 \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a)^2 - 2 \sin(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a) + \cos(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) + 1}{4b \arcsin(bx+a)^2}$	61

input `int((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`



output  $-1/4/b*(4*Ci(2*\arcsin(b*x+a))*\arcsin(b*x+a)^2-2*\sin(2*\arcsin(b*x+a))*\arcsin(b*x+a)+\cos(2*\arcsin(b*x+a))+1)/\arcsin(b*x+a)^2$

### 3.318.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{\arcsin(bx+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)/arcsin(b*x + a)^3, x)`

### 3.318.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(a+bx-1)(a+bx+1)}}{\operatorname{asin}^3(a+bx)} dx$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(1/2)/asin(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(a + b*x - 1)*(a + b*x + 1))/asin(a + b*x)**3, x)`

### 3.318.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{\arcsin(bx+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

```
output 1/2*(b^2*x^2 - 2*b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1))*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^
2*integrate((2*b^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*x + 2*a^2 - 1)*sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x
- a + 1)/((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)
*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))), x) + 2*a*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*(b*x + a)*sqrt(-
b*x - a + 1)*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1))*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1) + a^2
- 1)/(b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1))*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2)
```

### 3.318.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = -\frac{\text{Ci}(2 \arcsin(bx + a))}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}(bx + a)}{b \arcsin(bx + a)} + \frac{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1}{2b \arcsin(bx + a)^2}$$

```
input integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="gia
c")
```

```
output -cos_integral(2*arcsin(b*x + a))/b + sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(b
*x + a)/(b*arcsin(b*x + a)) + 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)/(b*arcsin(
b*x + a)^2)
```

### 3.318.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1}}{\text{asin}(a + bx)^3} dx$$

```
input int((1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2)/asin(a + b*x)^3,x)
```

```
output int((1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2)/asin(a + b*x)^3, x)
```

**3.319**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^4} dx$

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 3.319.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2478  
 3.319.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2479  
 3.319.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2482  
 3.319.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 2482  
 3.319.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2483  
 3.319.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . . 2483  
 3.319.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2483  
 3.319.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2484

**3.319.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^4} dx = -\frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{3b \arcsin(a+bx)^3} + \frac{(a+bx)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{3b \arcsin(a+bx)^2} + \frac{1}{3b \arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{2(a+bx)^2}{3b \arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{2\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{3b}$$

output `1/3*(-1+(b*x+a)^2)/b/arcsin(b*x+a)^3+1/3/b/arcsin(b*x+a)-2/3*(b*x+a)^2/b/a  
r csin(b*x+a)+2/3*Si(2*arcsin(b*x+a))/b+1/3*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b/a  
r csin(b*x+a)^2`

**3.319.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^4} dx = \frac{-1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2+(a+bx)\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}\arcsin(a+bx)-(-1+2a^2+4abx+2b^2x^2)\arcsin(a+bx)}{3b \arcsin(a+bx)^3}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]/ArcSin[a + b*x]^4,x]`

output  $(-1 + a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2 + (a + bx)\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2})\operatorname{ArcSin}[a + bx] - (-1 + 2a^2 + 4abx + 2b^2x^2)\operatorname{ArcSin}[a + bx]^2 + 2\operatorname{ArcSin}[a + bx]^3\operatorname{SinIntegral}[2\operatorname{ArcSin}[a + bx]]/(3b\operatorname{ArcSin}[a + bx]^3)$

### 3.319.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.303$ , Rules used = {5306, 5166, 5144, 5152, 5222, 5146, 4906, 27, 3042, 3780}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5306}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^4} d(a+bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5166}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{a+bx}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} d(a+bx) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{3 \arcsin(a+bx)^3}}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5144}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx) - \int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}(a+bx)}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{3 \arcsin(a+bx)^3}}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5152}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{2}{3} \left( - \int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx) - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}(a+bx)}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2} - \frac{1}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} \right) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{3 \arcsin(a+bx)^3}}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5222}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{2}{3} \left( -2 \int \frac{a+bx}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d(a+bx) + \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}(a+bx)}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2} - \frac{1}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} \right) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{3 \arcsin(a+bx)^3}}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5146}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{-\frac{2}{3} \left( -2 \int \frac{(a+bx)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) + \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}(a+bx)}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2} - \frac{1}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} \right) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{3 \arcsin(a+bx)^3}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{2}{3} \left( -2 \int \frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) + \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}(a+bx)}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2} - \frac{1}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} \right) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{3 \arcsin(a+bx)^3}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{2}{3} \left( - \int \frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) + \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}(a+bx)}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2} - \frac{1}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} \right) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{3 \arcsin(a+bx)^3}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{2}{3} \left( - \int \frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) + \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}(a+bx)}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2} - \frac{1}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} \right) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{3 \arcsin(a+bx)^3}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3780} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{2}{3} \left( -\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) + \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}(a+bx)}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2} - \frac{1}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} \right) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{3 \arcsin(a+bx)^3}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]/ArcSin[a + b*x]^4,x]`

output `(-1/3*(1 - (a + b*x)^2)/ArcSin[a + b*x]^3 - (2*(-1/2*((a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 - 1/(2*ArcSin[a + b*x]) + (a + b*x)^2/ArcSin[a + b*x] - SinIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]]))/3)/b`

### 3.319.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5144 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (Simp[c*((m + 1)/(b*(n + 1))) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5146 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5166 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5222 `Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[((f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`

### 3.319.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
default	$\frac{4 \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a)^3 + 2 \cos(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a)^2 + \sin(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a) - \cos(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) - 1}{6b \arcsin(bx+a)^3}$

input `int((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6/b*(4*Si(2*arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)^3+2*cos(2*arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)^2+sin(2*arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)-cos(2*arcsin(b*x+a))-1)/arcsin(b*x+a)^3`

### 3.319.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{\arcsin(bx+a)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)/arcsin(b*x + a)^4, x)`

**3.319.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-(a + bx - 1)(a + bx + 1)}}{\operatorname{asin}^4(a + bx)} dx$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(1/2)/asin(b*x+a)**4,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-(a + b*x - 1)*(a + b*x + 1))/asin(a + b*x)**4, x)`

**3.319.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

**3.319.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^4} dx = & \frac{2 \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(bx + a))}{3b} - \frac{2(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1)}{3b \arcsin(bx + a)} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}(bx + a)}{3b \arcsin(bx + a)^2} \\ & - \frac{1}{3b \arcsin(bx + a)} + \frac{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1}{3b \arcsin(bx + a)^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`



output  $\frac{2}{3}\sin\_integral(2\arcsin(b*x + a))/b - \frac{2}{3}(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)/(b*\arcsin(b*x + a)) + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1}*(b*x + a)/(b*\arcsin(b*x + a)^2) - \frac{1}{3}/(b*\arcsin(b*x + a)) + \frac{1}{3}(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)/(b*\arcsin(b*x + a)^3)$

### 3.319.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1}}{\asin(a + bx)^4} dx$$

input `int((1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2)/asin(a + b*x)^4,x)`

output `int((1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2)/asin(a + b*x)^4, x)`

### 3.320 $\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)^3 dx$

3.320.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2485
3.320.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2486
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3.320.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2490
3.320.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2491
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3.320.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2493
3.320.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2494

#### 3.320.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 245

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = \frac{51(a + bx)^2}{128b} - \frac{3(a + bx)^4}{128b} - \frac{45(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{64b} - \frac{3(a + bx)(1 - (a + bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{32b} + \frac{27 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{128b} - \frac{9(a + bx)^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{16b} + \frac{3(1 - (a + bx)^2)^2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{16b} + \frac{3(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3}{8b} + \frac{(a + bx)(1 - (a + bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3}{4b} + \frac{3 \arcsin(a + bx)^4}{32b}$$

```
output 51/128*(b*x+a)^2/b-3/128*(b*x+a)^4/b-3/32*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x+a)/b+27/128*arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b-9/16*(b*x+a)^2*arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b+3/16*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^2*arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b+1/4*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x+a)^3/b+3/32*arcsin(b*x+a)^4/b-45/64*(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b+3/8*(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)^3*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b
```

### 3.320.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = \frac{6a(17 - 2a^2)bx + 3(17 - 6a^2)b^2x^2 - 12ab^3x^3 - 3b^4x^4 + 6\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}(-17a + 2a^3 - 17bx + 6a^2bx + 6ab^2x^2 + 2b^3x^3)\arcsin[a + bx] + 3(17 + 8a^4 + 32a^3bx - 40b^2x^2 + 8b^4x^4 + 16ab^2x^2(-5 + 2b^2x^2) + 8a^2(-5 + 6b^2x^2))\arcsin[a + bx]^2 - 16\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}(-5a + 2a^3 - 5bx + 6a^2bx + 6ab^2x^2 + 2b^3x^3)\arcsin[a + bx]^3 + 12\arcsin[a + bx]^4}{128b}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(6*a*(17 - 2*a^2)*b*x + 3*(17 - 6*a^2)*b^2*x^2 - 12*a*b^3*x^3 - 3*b^4*x^4 + 6*sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*(-17*a + 2*a^3 - 17*b*x + 6*a^2*b*x + 6*a*b^2*x^2 + 2*b^3*x^3)*ArcSin[a + b*x] + 3*(17 + 8*a^4 + 32*a^3*b*x - 40*b^2*x^2 + 8*b^4*x^4 + 16*a*b*x*(-5 + 2*b^2*x^2) + 8*a^2*(-5 + 6*b^2*x^2))*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 - 16*sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*(-5*a + 2*a^3 - 5*b*x + 6*a^2*b*x + 6*a*b^2*x^2 + 2*b^3*x^3)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3 + 12*ArcSin[a + b*x]^4)/(128*b)`

### 3.320.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.455$ , Rules used = {5306, 5158, 5156, 5138, 5152, 5182, 5158, 244, 2009, 5156, 15, 5152, 5210, 15, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5306}$$

$$\frac{\int (1 - (a + bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 d(a + bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5158}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{4} \int (a + bx) (1 - (a + bx)^2) \arcsin(a + bx)^2 d(a + bx) + \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{4} (a + bx)^4}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5156}$$

---

3.320.  $\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx$

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{4} \int (a+bx) (1-(a+bx)^2) \arcsin(a+bx)^2 d(a+bx) + \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{3}{2} \int (a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)^2 d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) \right)}{b}$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{4} \int (a+bx) (1-(a+bx)^2) \arcsin(a+bx)^2 d(a+bx) + \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} (a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2 - \int \frac{(a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) \right) \right)}{b}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} (a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2 - \int \frac{(a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{8} \arcsin(a+bx)^4 + \frac{1}{2} (a+bx) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{b}$$

↓ 5182

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} (a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2 - \int \frac{(a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{8} \arcsin(a+bx)^4 + \frac{1}{2} (a+bx) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{b}$$

↓ 5158

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} (a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2 - \int \frac{(a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{8} \arcsin(a+bx)^4 + \frac{1}{2} (a+bx) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{b}$$

↓ 244

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} (a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2 - \int \frac{(a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{8} \arcsin(a+bx)^4 + \frac{1}{2} (a+bx) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{b}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} (a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2 - \int \frac{(a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{8} \arcsin(a+bx)^4 + \frac{1}{2} (a+bx) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{b}$$

↓ 5156

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) - \frac{1}{2} \int (a+bx) d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} (a+bx) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} (a+bx) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \right)}{b}$$

↓ 15

---

3.320.  $\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)^3 dx$

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}d(a+bx)+\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}(a+bx)\arcsin(a+bx)-\frac{1}{4}(a+bx)^2\right)+\frac{1}{4}(a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)\right)\right)}{}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}\left(-\frac{3}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}(a+bx)^2\arcsin(a+bx)^2-\int\frac{(a+bx)^2\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}d(a+bx)\right)+\frac{1}{8}\arcsin(a+bx)^4+\frac{1}{2}(a+bx)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}\arcsin(a+bx)\right)}{}$$

↓ 5210

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}\left(-\frac{3}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}d(a+bx)-\frac{1}{2}\int(a+bx)d(a+bx)+\frac{1}{2}(a+bx)^2\arcsin(a+bx)^2+\frac{1}{2}(a+bx)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}\arcsin(a+bx)\right)\right)}{}$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}\left(-\frac{3}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}d(a+bx)+\frac{1}{2}(a+bx)^2\arcsin(a+bx)^2+\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}(a+bx)\arcsin(a+bx)-\frac{1}{4}(a+bx)^2\arcsin(a+bx)^2\right)\right)}{}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}(a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2}\arcsin(a+bx)^3+\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{1}{8}\arcsin(a+bx)^4+\frac{1}{2}(a+bx)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}\arcsin(a+bx)^3-\frac{1}{4}(a+bx)^2\arcsin(a+bx)^2\right)}{}$$

input `Int[(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `((a + b*x)*(1 - (a + b*x)^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3)/4 + (3*((a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3)/2 + ArcSin[a + b*x]^4/8 - (3*(-1/4*(a + b*x)^2 + ((a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2 - ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/4 + ((a + b*x)^2*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/2))/4 - (3*(-1/4*((1 - (a + b*x)^2)^2*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2) + ((-1/2*(a + b*x)^2 + (a + b*x)^4/4)/4 + ((a + b*x)*(1 - (a + b*x)^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x])/4 + (3*(-1/4*(a + b*x)^2 + ((a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2 + ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/4))/4)/2))/4)/b`

## 3.320.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 15  $\text{Int}[(a_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(x^{(m+1)})/(m+1), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 244  $\text{Int}[(c_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$
- rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$
- rule 5138  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c_.)(x_)]*(b_.)]^{(n_.)}((d_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^n/(d*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/(d*(m+1))) \text{Int}[(d*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{(n-1)}/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 5152  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c_.)(x_)]*(b_.)]^{(n_.)}/\text{Sqrt}[(d_) + (e_.)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(b*c*(n+1)))*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{(n+1)}, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1]$
- rule 5156  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c_.)(x_)]*(b_.)]^{(n_.)}\text{Sqrt}[(d_) + (e_.)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{n/2}), x] + (\text{Simp}[(1/2)*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]] \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^n/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/2)*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]] \text{Int}[x*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{(n-1)}, x], x]) \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$
- rule 5158  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcSin}[(c_.)(x_)]*(b_.)]^{(n_.)}((d_) + (e_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{n/(2*p+1)}), x] + (\text{Simp}[2*d*(p/(2*p+1)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x^2)^{(p-1)}*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^n, x], x] - \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/(2*p+1))*\text{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] \text{Int}[x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^{(p-1/2)}*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])^{(n-1)}, x], x]) \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0]$

```
rule 5182 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 5210 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 5306 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]
```

### 3.320.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 627 vs.  $2(217) = 434$ .

Time = 2.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 628, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

method	result
default	$\frac{-75+408abx+204a^2+96\arcsin(bx+a)^2b^4x^4-128\arcsin(bx+a)^3\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}a^3+48\arcsin(bx+a)\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}a^2}{(1-a^2-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}$

```
input int((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/512*(-75+408*a*b*x+204*a^2+96*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*b^4*x^4-128*arcsin(b*x+a)^
3*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*a^3+48*arcsin(b*x+a)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^
2+1)^(1/2)*a^3-12*b^4*x^4-480*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*a^2+204*b^2*x^2-12*a^4+48*ar
csin(b*x+a)^4-384*arcsin(b*x+a)^3*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*a*b^2*x^2
-384*arcsin(b*x+a)^3*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*a^2*b*x+144*arcsin(b*x
+a)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*a*b^2*x^2+144*arcsin(b*x+a)*(-b^2*x^2-2
*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*a^2*b*x-48*a*b^3*x^3-72*a^2*b^2*x^2-48*a^3*b*x+384*arc
sin(b*x+a)^2*a*b^3*x^3+576*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*a^2*b^2*x^2+384*arcsin(b*x+a)^2
*a^3*b*x-128*arcsin(b*x+a)^3*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*b^3*x^3+48*arc
sin(b*x+a)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*b^3*x^3-480*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*b^2*
x^2+320*arcsin(b*x+a)^3*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*a-408*arcsin(b*x+a)
*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*a+320*arcsin(b*x+a)^3*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^
2+1)^(1/2)*b*x-960*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*a*b*x-408*arcsin(b*x+a)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b
*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*b*x+204*arcsin(b*x+a)^2+96*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*a^4)/b
```

### 3.320.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = \frac{3b^4x^4 + 12ab^3x^3 + 3(6a^2 - 17)b^2x^2 - 12\arcsin(bx + a)^4 + 6(2a^3 - 17a)bx - 3(8b^4x^4 + 32ab^3x^3 + 8(6a^2 - 5)b^2x^2 + 8a^4 + 16(2a^3 - 5a)b*x - 40a^2 + 17)\arcsin(bx + a)^2 + 2\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2a*b*x - a^2 + 1}*(8*(2*b^3*x^3 + 6*a*b^2*x^2 + 2*a^3 + (6*a^2 - 5)*b*x - 5*a)*\arcsin(b*x + a)^3 - 3*(2*b^3*x^3 + 6*a*b^2*x^2 + 2*a^3 + (6*a^2 - 17)*b*x - 17*a)*\arcsin(b*x + a))}{b}$$

```
input integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fri
cas")
```

```
output -1/128*(3*b^4*x^4 + 12*a*b^3*x^3 + 3*(6*a^2 - 17)*b^2*x^2 - 12*arcsin(b*x
+ a)^4 + 6*(2*a^3 - 17*a)*b*x - 3*(8*b^4*x^4 + 32*a*b^3*x^3 + 8*(6*a^2 - 5
)*b^2*x^2 + 8*a^4 + 16*(2*a^3 - 5*a)*b*x - 40*a^2 + 17)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2
+ 2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(8*(2*b^3*x^3 + 6*a*b^2*x^2 + 2*a^3
+ (6*a^2 - 5)*b*x - 5*a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^3 - 3*(2*b^3*x^3 + 6*a*b^2*x^2 +
2*a^3 + (6*a^2 - 17)*b*x - 17*a)*arcsin(b*x + a)))/b
```



**3.320.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 694 vs.  $2(223) = 446$ .

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 694, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{3a^4 \arcsin^2(a+bx)}{16b} + \frac{3a^3x \arcsin^2(a+bx)}{4} - \frac{3a^3x}{32} - \frac{a^3\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1} \arcsin^3(a+bx)}{4b} + \frac{3a^3\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1} \arcsin(a+bx)}{32b} \\ x(1 - a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin^3(a) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(3/2)*asin(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((3*a**4*asin(a + b*x)**2/(16*b) + 3*a**3*x*asin(a + b*x)**2/4 - 3*a**3*x/32 - a**3*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)**3/(4*b) + 3*a**3*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/(32*b) + 9*a**2*b*x**2*asin(a + b*x)**2/8 - 9*a**2*b*x**2/64 - 3*a**2*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)**3/4 + 9*a**2*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/32 - 15*a**2*asin(a + b*x)**2/(16*b) + 3*a*b**2*x**3*asin(a + b*x)**2/4 - 3*a*b**2*x**3/32 - 3*a*b*x**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)**3/4 + 9*a*b*x**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/32 - 15*a*x*asin(a + b*x)**2/8 + 51*a*x/64 + 5*a*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)**3/(8*b) - 51*a*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/(64*b) + 3*b**3*x**4*asin(a + b*x)**2/16 - 3*b**3*x**4/128 - b**2*x**3*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)**3/4 + 3*b**2*x**3*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/32 - 15*b*x**2*asin(a + b*x)**2/16 + 51*b*x**2/128 + 5*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)**3/8 - 51*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/64 + 3*asin(a + b*x)**4/(32*b) + 51*asin(a + b*x)**2/(128*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x*(1 - a**2)**(3/2)*asin(a)**3, True))`

**3.320.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = \int (-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin(bx + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x + a)^3, x)`

### 3.320.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a \\ & + bx)^3 dx = \frac{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2} (bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)^3}{4b} \\ & + \frac{3\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1} (bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)^3}{8b} \\ & + \frac{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1)^2 \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{16b} + \frac{3 \arcsin(bx + a)^4}{32b} \\ & - \frac{3(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2} (bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)}{32b} \\ & - \frac{9(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1) \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{16b} \\ & - \frac{45\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1} (bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)}{64b} \\ & - \frac{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1)^2}{128b} - \frac{45 \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{128b} \\ & + \frac{45(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1)}{128b} + \frac{189}{1024b} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^3/b + 3/8*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^3/b + 3/16*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)^2*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b + 3/32*arcsin(b*x + a)^4/b - 3/32*(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)/b - 9/16*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b - 45/64*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)/b - 3/128*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)^2/b - 45/128*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b + 45/128*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)/b + 189/1024/b`

**3.320.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^3 dx = \int \arcsin(a + bx)^3 (-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)^3*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int(asin(a + b*x)^3*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.321 $\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2 dx$

3.321.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2495
3.321.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2496
3.321.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2496
3.321.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2500
3.321.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2500
3.321.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2501
3.321.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2502
3.321.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2502
3.321.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2503

#### 3.321.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = -\frac{15(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{64b} - \frac{(a + bx)(1 - (a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{32b} + \frac{9 \arcsin(a + bx)}{64b} - \frac{3(a + bx)^2 \arcsin(a + bx)}{8b} + \frac{(1 - (a + bx)^2)^2 \arcsin(a + bx)}{8b} + \frac{3(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{8b} + \frac{(a + bx)(1 - (a + bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{4b} + \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{8b}$$

```
output -1/32*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)/b+9/64*arcsin(b*x+a)/b-3/8*(b*x+a)^2*arcsin(b*x+a)/b+1/8*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^2*arcsin(b*x+a)/b+1/4*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b+1/8*arcsin(b*x+a)^3/b-15/64*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b+3/8*(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b
```

**3.321.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}(-17a + 2a^3 - 17bx + 6a^2bx + 6ab^2x^2 + 2b^3x^3) + (17 - 40a^2 + 8a^4) \arcsin(a + bx)}{64b}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`output `(Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*(-17*a + 2*a^3 - 17*b*x + 6*a^2*b*x + 6*a*b^2*x^2 + 2*b^3*x^3) + (17 - 40*a^2 + 8*a^4)*ArcSin[a + b*x] + 8*b*x*(-10*a + 4*a^3 - 5*b*x + 6*a^2*b*x + 4*a*b^2*x^2 + b^3*x^3)*ArcSin[a + b*x] - 8*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*(-5*a + 2*a^3 - 5*b*x + 6*a^2*b*x + 6*a*b^2*x^2 + 2*b^3*x^3)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 + 8*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3)/(64*b)`**3.321.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5306, 5158, 5156, 5138, 262, 223, 5152, 5182, 211, 211, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5306}$$

$$\frac{\int (1 - (a + bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 d(a + bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5158}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int (a + bx) (1 - (a + bx)^2) \arcsin(a + bx) d(a + bx) + \frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{4} (a + bx)^2 \arcsin(a + bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5156}$$

---

3.321.  $\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int (a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2) \arcsin(a+bx) d(a+bx) + \frac{3}{4} \left( -\int (a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx) d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) \right)}{b}$$

↓ 5138

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int (a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2) \arcsin(a+bx) d(a+bx) + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) \right)}{b}$$

↓ 262

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int (a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2) \arcsin(a+bx) d(a+bx) + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) \right)}{b}$$

↓ 223

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int (a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2) \arcsin(a+bx) d(a+bx) + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) - \frac{1}{2} (a+bx)^2 \arcsin(a+bx) \right)}{b}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int (a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2) \arcsin(a+bx) d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{4} (a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2 + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{6} \arcsin(a+bx)^3 \right)}{b}$$

↓ 5182

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{4} (1-(a+bx)^2)^2 \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{1}{4} \int (1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2} d(a+bx) \right) + \frac{1}{4} (a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)}{b}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx) - \frac{1}{4} (a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} (1-(a+bx)^2)^2 \arcsin(a+bx) \right) + \frac{1}{4} (a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)}{b}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} (a+bx) \right) - \frac{1}{4} (a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} (1-(a+bx)^2)^2 \arcsin(a+bx) \right) + \frac{1}{4} (a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)}{b}$$

↓ 223

---

3.321.  $\int (1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2 dx$

$$\frac{1}{4}(a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{4}(1-(a+bx)^2)^2 \arcsin(a+bx) + \frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((a + b*x)*(1 - (a + b*x)^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/4 + ((-1/4*((a + b*x)*(1 - (a + b*x)^2)^(3/2)) - (3*((a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/2 + ArcSin[a + b*x]/2))/4)/4 + ((1 - (a + b*x)^2)^2*ArcSin[a + b*x])/4)/2 + (3*((-1/2*((a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]) + ArcSin[a + b*x]/2)/2 - ((a + b*x)^2*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2 + ((a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/2 + ArcSin[a + b*x]^3/6))/4)/b`

### 3.321.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^(p/(2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*(m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 5138 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5156 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/2), x] + (Simp[(1/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]] Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/2)*Simp[Sqrt[d + e*x^2]/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]] Int[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5158 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*p + 1)), x] + (Simp[2*d*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*c*(n/(2*p + 1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5182 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`



**3.321.4 Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 514 vs.  $2(175) = 350$ .

Time = 2.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 515, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

method	result
default	$\frac{-16\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1} \arcsin(bx+a)^2b^3x^3+8\arcsin(bx+a)b^4x^4-48\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1} \arcsin(bx+a)^2ab^2x^2+32\arcsin(bx+a)^2b^2x^2-16\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1} \arcsin(bx+a)^2a^3b^2x+40\arcsin(bx+a)^2a^2bx+8\arcsin(bx+a)^2a^4-40\arcsin(bx+a)b^2x^2+40\arcsin(bx+a)^2(-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1)^{1/2}a+2(-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1)^{1/2}a^3-80\arcsin(bx+a)a^2bx-17x^2b(-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1)^{1/2}+8\arcsin(bx+a)^3-40a^2\arcsin(bx+a)-17a(-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1)^{1/2}+17\arcsin(bx+a)}{b}$

```
input int((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/64*(-16*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*b^3*x^3+8*arcsin(b*x+a)*b^4*x^4-48*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*a*b^2*x^2+32*arcsin(b*x+a)*a*b^3*x^3-48*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*a^2*b*x+2*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*b^3*x^3+48*arcsin(b*x+a)*a^2*b^2*x^2-16*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*a^3+6*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*a*b^2*x^2+32*arcsin(b*x+a)*a^3*b*x+40*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*b*x+6*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*a^2*b*x+8*arcsin(b*x+a)*a^4-40*arcsin(b*x+a)*b^2*x^2+40*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*a+2*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*a^3-80*arcsin(b*x+a)*a^2*b*x-17*x^2*b*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)+8*arcsin(b*x+a)^3-40*a^2*arcsin(b*x+a)-17*a*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)+17*arcsin(b*x+a))/b
```

**3.321.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \frac{8 \arcsin(bx + a)^3 + (8b^4x^4 + 32ab^3x^3 + 8(6a^2 - 5)b^2x^2 + 8a^4 + 16(2a^3 - 5a)bx - 40a^2 + 17a) \arcsin(bx + a)^2 + 17a^2 \arcsin(bx + a) - 17a^3}{b}$$

```
input integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/64*(8*arcsin(b*x + a)^3 + (8*b^4*x^4 + 32*a*b^3*x^3 + 8*(6*a^2 - 5)*b^2*
x^2 + 8*a^4 + 16*(2*a^3 - 5*a)*b*x - 40*a^2 + 17)*arcsin(b*x + a) + (2*b^3
*x^3 + 6*a*b^2*x^2 + 2*a^3 + (6*a^2 - 17)*b*x - 8*(2*b^3*x^3 + 6*a*b^2*x^2
+ 2*a^3 + (6*a^2 - 5)*b*x - 5*a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2 - 17*a)*sqrt(-b^2*x^2
- 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1))/b
```

### 3.321.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 568 vs.  $2(175) = 350$ .

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 568, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^4 \operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}{8b} + \frac{a^3 x \operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}{2} - \frac{a^3 \sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1} \operatorname{asin}^2(a+bx)}{4b} + \frac{a^3 \sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1}}{32b} + \frac{3a^2 bx^2 \operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}{4} \\ x(1 - a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{asin}^2(a) \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate((-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(3/2)*asin(b*x+a)**2,x)
```

```
output Piecewise((a**4*asin(a + b*x)/(8*b) + a**3*x*asin(a + b*x)/2 - a**3*sqrt(-
a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)**2/(4*b) + a**3*sqrt(-a**2 -
2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*b) + 3*a**2*b*x**2*asin(a + b*x)/4 - 3*a**2*
*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)**2/4 + 3*a**2*x*sqrt
(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/32 - 5*a**2*asin(a + b*x)/(8*b) + a*b**2
*x**3*asin(a + b*x)/2 - 3*a*b*x**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*a
sin(a + b*x)**2/4 + 3*a*b*x**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/32 -
5*a*x*asin(a + b*x)/4 + 5*a*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a +
b*x)**2/(8*b) - 17*a*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/(64*b) + b**3*
x**4*asin(a + b*x)/8 - b**2*x**3*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asi
n(a + b*x)**2/4 + b**2*x**3*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/32 - 5*b
*x**2*asin(a + b*x)/8 + 5*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a +
b*x)**2/8 - 17*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)/64 + asin(a + b*x)
**3/(8*b) + 17*asin(a + b*x)/(64*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x*(1 - a**2)**(3/2)*asin(
a)**2, True))
```

**3.321.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \int (-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2} \arcsin(bx + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2, x)`

**3.321.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \frac{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2} (bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{4b} \\ & + \frac{3\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1} (bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{8b} \\ & + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1)^2 \arcsin(bx + a)}{8b} + \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^3}{8b} \\ & - \frac{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2} (bx + a)}{32b} - \frac{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1) \arcsin(bx + a)}{8b} \\ & - \frac{15\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1} (bx + a)}{64b} - \frac{15 \arcsin(bx + a)}{64b} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b + 3/8*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b + 1/8*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)^2*arcsin(b*x + a)/b + 1/8*arcsin(b*x + a)^3/b - 1/32*(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x + a)/b - 3/8*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)/b - 15/64*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)/b - 15/64*arcsin(b*x + a)/b`

**3.321.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2 dx = \int \arcsin(a + bx)^2 (-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)^2*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int(asin(a + b*x)^2*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.322 $\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx) dx$

3.322.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2504
3.322.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2504
3.322.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2505
3.322.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2507
3.322.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2508
3.322.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2508
3.322.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2509
3.322.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2509
3.322.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2510

#### 3.322.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx = -\frac{5(a + bx)^2}{16b} + \frac{(a + bx)^4}{16b} + \frac{3(a + bx)\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{8b} + \frac{(a + bx)(1 - (a + bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)}{4b} + \frac{3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{16b}$$

output

```
-5/16*(b*x+a)^2/b+1/16*(b*x+a)^4/b+1/4*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x+a)/b+3/16*arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b+3/8*(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b
```

#### 3.322.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{16} \left( 2a(-5 + 2a^2)x + (-5 + 6a^2)bx^2 + 4ab^2x^3 + b^3x^4 - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}(-5a + 2a^3 - 5bx + 6a^2bx + 6ab^2x^2 + 2b^3x^3) \arcsin(a + bx)}{b} + \frac{3 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{b} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output `(2*a*(-5 + 2*a^2)*x + (-5 + 6*a^2)*b*x^2 + 4*a*b^2*x^3 + b^3*x^4 - (2*sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*(-5*a + 2*a^3 - 5*b*x + 6*a^2*b*x + 6*a*b^2*x^2 + 2*b^3*x^3)*ArcSin[a + b*x])/b + (3*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/b)/16`

### 3.322.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.226$ , Rules used = {5306, 5158, 244, 2009, 5156, 15, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx$$

↓ 5306

$$\frac{\int (1 - (a + bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx) d(a + bx)}{b}$$

↓ 5158

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx) d(a + bx) - \frac{1}{4} \int (a + bx) (1 - (a + bx)^2) d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{4} (a + bx) (1 - (a + bx)^2)^3}{b}$$

↓ 244

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx) d(a + bx) - \frac{1}{4} \int (-(a + bx)^3 + a + bx) d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{4} (a + bx) (1 - (a + bx)^2)^3}{b}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx) d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{4} (a + bx) (1 - (a + bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx) + \frac{1}{4} (\frac{1}{4} (a + bx)^4 - \frac{1}{2} (a + bx)^2)}{b}$$

↓ 5156

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) - \frac{1}{2} \int (a + bx) d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{2} (a + bx) \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx) \right) + \frac{1}{4} (a + bx) (1 - (a + bx)^2)}{b}$$

---

3.322.  $\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx$

↓ 15

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} (a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{1}{4} (a+bx)^2 \right) + \frac{1}{4} (a+bx) (1-(a+bx)^2)}{b}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} (a+bx) (1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx) + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} (a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx) + \frac{1}{4} \arcsin(a+bx)^2 - \frac{1}{4} \right)}{b}$$

input `Int[(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output `((-1/2*(a + b*x)^2 + (a + b*x)^4/4)/4 + ((a + b*x)*(1 - (a + b*x)^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x])/4 + (3*(-1/4*(a + b*x)^2 + ((a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2 + ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/4))/4)/b`

### 3.322.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 244 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Expand Integrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`





**3.322.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{b^4x^4 + 4ab^3x^3 + (6a^2 - 5)b^2x^2 + 2(2a^3 - 5a)bx - 2(2b^3x^3 + 6ab^2x^2 + 2a^3 + (6a^2 - 5)bx - 5)}{16b}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*(b^4*x^4 + 4*a*b^3*x^3 + (6*a^2 - 5)*b^2*x^2 + 2*(2*a^3 - 5*a)*b*x - 2*(2*b^3*x^3 + 6*a*b^2*x^2 + 2*a^3 + (6*a^2 - 5)*b*x - 5*a)*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*arcsin(b*x + a) + 3*arcsin(b*x + a)^2)/b`

**3.322.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 298 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^3x}{4} - \frac{a^3\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}\operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}{4b} + \frac{3a^2bx^2}{8} - \frac{3a^2x\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}\operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}{4} + \frac{ab^2x^3}{4} - \frac{3abx^2\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}\operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}{4} \\ x(1 - a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{asin}(a) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(3/2)*asin(b*x+a),x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*x/4 - a**3*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/(4*b) + 3*a**2*b*x**2/8 - 3*a**2*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/4 + a*b**2*x**3/4 - 3*a*b*x**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/4 - 5*a*x/8 + 5*a*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/(8*b) + b**3*x**4/16 - b**2*x**3*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/4 - 5*b*x**2/16 + 5*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*asin(a + b*x)/8 + 3*asin(a + b*x)**2/(16*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x*(1 - a**2)**(3/2)*asin(a), True))`

**3.322.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 402 vs. 2(96) = 192.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{1}{16} \left( b^2x^4 + 4abx^3 + 6a^2x^2 + \frac{4a^3x}{b} - 5x^2 - \frac{10ax}{b} + \frac{6 \arcsin(bx + a) \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)}{b^2} \right) + \frac{1}{8} \left( 2(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2}x + \frac{2(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2}a}{b} - \frac{3(a^2b^2 - (a^2 - 1)b^2)a^2 \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)}{b^3} \right) + a$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*(b^2*x^4 + 4*a*b*x^3 + 6*a^2*x^2 + 4*a^3*x/b - 5*x^2 - 10*a*x/b + 6*arcsin(b*x + a)*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/b^2 + 3*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))^2/b^2)*b + 1/8*(2*(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)*x + 2*(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)*a/b - 3*(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2)*a^2*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/b^3 + 3*(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2)*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*x/b^2 + 3*(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2)*(a^2 - 1)*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/b^3 + 3*(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2)*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*a/b^3)*arcsin(b*x + a)`

**3.322.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \frac{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2}(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)}{4b} + \frac{3\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}(bx + a) \arcsin(bx + a)}{8b} + \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1)^2}{16b} + \frac{3 \arcsin(bx + a)^2}{16b} - \frac{3(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1)}{16b} - \frac{15}{128b}$$

3.322.  $\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)/b + 3/8*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)*arcsin(b*x + a)/b + 1/16*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)^2/b + 3/16*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b - 3/16*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)/b - 15/128/b`

### 3.322.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx) dx = \int \arcsin(a + bx) (-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(asin(a + b*x)*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2), x)`

**3.323** 
$$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$$

3.323.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2511  
 3.323.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2511  
 3.323.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2512  
 3.323.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2513  
 3.323.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 2514  
 3.323.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2514  
 3.323.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2514  
 3.323.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2515  
 3.323.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2515

**3.323.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{2b} + \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(4 \arcsin(a+bx))}{8b} + \frac{3 \log(\arcsin(a+bx))}{8b}$$

output  $1/2*\text{Ci}(2*\arcsin(b*x+a))/b+1/8*\text{Ci}(4*\arcsin(b*x+a))/b+3/8*\ln(\arcsin(b*x+a))/b$

**3.323.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \frac{4 \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) + \text{CosIntegral}(4 \arcsin(a+bx)) + 3 \log(\arcsin(a+bx))}{8b}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)/ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output  $(4*\text{CosIntegral}[2*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]] + \text{CosIntegral}[4*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]] + 3*\text{Log}[\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]])/(8*b)$

---

3.323. 
$$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$$

**3.323.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {5306, 5168, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5306} \\
 & \int \frac{(1 - (a+bx)^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d(a + bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5168} \\
 & \int \frac{(1 - (a+bx)^2)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a + bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sin(\arcsin(a+bx) + \frac{\pi}{2})^4}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a + bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \int \left( \frac{\cos(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{\cos(4 \arcsin(a+bx))}{8 \arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{3}{8 \arcsin(a+bx)} \right) d \arcsin(a + bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a + bx)) + \frac{1}{8} \text{CosIntegral}(4 \arcsin(a + bx)) + \frac{3}{8} \log(\arcsin(a + bx))}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)/ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output `(CosIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]]/2 + CosIntegral[4*ArcSin[a + b*x]]/8 + (3*Log[ArcSin[a + b*x]])/8)/b`

## 3.323.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 5168 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p, 0]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`

## 3.323.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
default	$\frac{3 \ln(\arcsin(bx+a)) + 4 \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) + \operatorname{Ci}(4 \arcsin(bx+a))}{8b}$	36

input `int((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8*(3*ln(arcsin(b*x+a))+4*Ci(2*arcsin(b*x+a))+Ci(4*arcsin(b*x+a)))/b`

**3.323.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\arcsin(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x + a), x)`

**3.323.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{(-(a + bx - 1)(a + bx + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(3/2)/asin(b*x+a),x)`

output `Integral((-a + b*x - 1)*(a + b*x + 1)**(3/2)/asin(a + b*x), x)`

**3.323.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\arcsin(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x + a), x)`

**3.323.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \frac{\text{Ci}(4 \arcsin(bx + a))}{8b} + \frac{\text{Ci}(2 \arcsin(bx + a))}{2b} + \frac{3 \log(\arcsin(bx + a))}{8b}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*cos_integral(4*arcsin(b*x + a))/b + 1/2*cos_integral(2*arcsin(b*x + a))/b + 3/8*log(arcsin(b*x + a))/b`

**3.323.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}}{\text{asin}(a + bx)} dx$$

input `int((1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2)/asin(a + b*x),x)`

output `int((1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2)/asin(a + b*x), x)`



**3.324** 
$$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$$

3.324.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2516  
 3.324.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2516  
 3.324.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2517  
 3.324.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2518  
 3.324.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 2519  
 3.324.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2519  
 3.324.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2519  
 3.324.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2520  
 3.324.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2520

**3.324.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{(1-(a+bx)^2)^2}{b \arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{b} - \frac{\text{Si}(4 \arcsin(a+bx))}{2b}$$

output `-(1-(b*x+a)^2)^2/b/arcsin(b*x+a)-Si(2*arcsin(b*x+a))/b-1/2*Si(4*arcsin(b*x+a))/b`

**3.324.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{2(-1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)^2 + 2 \arcsin(a+bx)\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) + \arcsin(a+bx)\text{Si}(4 \arcsin(a+bx))}{2b \arcsin(a+bx)}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)/ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `-1/2*(2*(-1 + a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)^2 + 2*ArcSin[a + b*x]*SinIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]] + ArcSin[a + b*x]*SinIntegral[4*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/(b*ArcSin[a + b*x])`

---

3.324. 
$$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$$

**3.324.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {5306, 5166, 5224, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5306} \\
 & \int \frac{(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a + bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5166} \\
 & \frac{-4 \int \frac{(a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d(a + bx) - \frac{(1-(a+bx)^2)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5224} \\
 & \frac{-4 \int \frac{(a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a + bx) - \frac{(1-(a+bx)^2)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & \frac{-4 \int \left( \frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{4 \arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{\sin(4 \arcsin(a+bx))}{8 \arcsin(a+bx)} \right) d \arcsin(a + bx) - \frac{(1-(a+bx)^2)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{-4 \left( \frac{1}{4} \text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a + bx)) + \frac{1}{8} \text{Si}(4 \arcsin(a + bx)) \right) - \frac{(1-(a+bx)^2)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)/ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(-((1 - (a + b*x)^2)^2/ArcSin[a + b*x]) - 4*(SinIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]]/4 + SinIntegral[4*ArcSin[a + b*x]]/8))/b`

## 3.324.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5166 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5224 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Ssin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`

## 3.324.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-8 \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a)+4 \operatorname{Si}(4 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a)+4 \cos(2 \arcsin(bx+a))+\cos(4 \arcsin(bx+a))+3}{8b \arcsin(bx+a)}$	70

input `int((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.324. \int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$$

output `-1/8/b*(8*Si(2*arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)+4*Si(4*arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)+4*cos(2*arcsin(b*x+a))+cos(4*arcsin(b*x+a))+3)/arcsin(b*x+a)`

### 3.324.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x + a)^2, x)`

### 3.324.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-(a + bx - 1)(a + bx + 1))^{3/2}}{\operatorname{asin}^2(a + bx)} dx$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(3/2)/asin(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral(-(a + b*x - 1)*(a + b*x + 1)**(3/2)/asin(a + b*x)**2, x)`

### 3.324.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(b^4*x^4 + 4*a*b^3*x^3 + 2*(3*a^2 - 1)*b^2*x^2 + a^4 + 4*(a^3 - a)*b*x - b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1))*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))*integrate(4*(b^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2 + a^3 + (3*a^2 - 1)*b*x - a)/arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1))*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1), x) - 2*a^2 + 1)/(b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1))*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))`

### 3.324.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1)^2}{b \arcsin(bx + a)} - \frac{\text{Si}(4 \arcsin(bx + a))}{2b} - \frac{\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(bx + a))}{b}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)^2/(b*arcsin(b*x + a)) - 1/2*sin_integral(4*arcsin(b*x + a))/b - sin_integral(2*arcsin(b*x + a))/b`

### 3.324.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}}{\text{asin}(a + bx)^2} dx$$

input `int((1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2)/asin(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int((1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2)/asin(a + b*x)^2, x)`

**3.325** 
$$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$$

3.325.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2521  
 3.325.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2521  
 3.325.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2522  
 3.325.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2525  
 3.325.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 2525  
 3.325.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2526  
 3.325.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2526  
 3.325.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2526  
 3.325.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2527

**3.325.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{(1-(a+bx)^2)^2}{2b \arcsin(a+bx)^2} + \frac{2(a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2}}{b \arcsin(a+bx)}$$

$$-\frac{\text{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{b} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(4 \arcsin(a+bx))}{b}$$

output `-1/2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^2/b/arcsin(b*x+a)^2+2*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)/b/arc  
sin(b*x+a)-Ci(2*arcsin(b*x+a))/b-Ci(4*arcsin(b*x+a))/b`

**3.325.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{(-1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)(-1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2+4(a+bx)\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx))}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} + 2 \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) + 2 \text{Ci}(2 \arcsin(a+bx))$$

2b

input `Integrate[(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)/ArcSin[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output 
$$\frac{-1/2*((-1 + a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)*(-1 + a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2 + 4*(a + b*x)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]))/\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]^2 + 2*\text{CosIntegral}[2*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]] + 2*\text{CosIntegral}[4*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]]}{b}$$

### 3.325.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.303$ , Rules used = {5306, 5166, 5214, 5168, 3042, 3793, 2009, 5224, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx$$

↓ 5306

$$\int \frac{(1 - (a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} d(a + bx)$$

b

↓ 5166

$$\frac{-2 \int \frac{(a + bx)(1 - (a + bx)^2)}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} d(a + bx) - \frac{(1 - (a + bx)^2)^2}{2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}}{b}$$

↓ 5214

$$\frac{-2 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} d(a + bx) - 4 \int \frac{(a + bx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} d(a + bx) - \frac{(a + bx)(1 - (a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} \right) - \frac{(1 - (a + bx)^2)^2}{2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}}{b}$$

↓ 5168

$$\frac{-2 \left( -4 \int \frac{(a + bx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} d(a + bx) + \int \frac{1 - (a + bx)^2}{\arcsin(a + bx)} d \arcsin(a + bx) - \frac{(a + bx)(1 - (a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} \right) - \frac{(1 - (a + bx)^2)^2}{2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}}{b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{-2 \left( -4 \int \frac{(a + bx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} d(a + bx) + \int \frac{\sin(\arcsin(a + bx) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\arcsin(a + bx)} d \arcsin(a + bx) - \frac{(a + bx)(1 - (a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)} \right) - \frac{(1 - (a + bx)^2)^2}{2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2}}{b}$$

---

3.325.  $\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx$

↓ 3793

$$\frac{-2 \left( -4 \int \frac{(a+bx)^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d(a+bx) + \int \left( \frac{\cos(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{1}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{(a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right)}{b}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-2 \left( -4 \int \frac{(a+bx)^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) - \frac{(a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{1}{2} \log(\arcsin(a+bx)) \right)}{b}$$

↓ 5224

$$\frac{-2 \left( -4 \int \frac{(a+bx)^2 (1-(a+bx)^2)}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) - \frac{(a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{1}{2} \log(\arcsin(a+bx)) \right)}{b}$$

↓ 4906

$$\frac{-2 \left( -4 \int \left( \frac{1}{8 \arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{\cos(4 \arcsin(a+bx))}{8 \arcsin(a+bx)} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) - \frac{(a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right)}{b}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) - 4 \left( \frac{1}{8} \log(\arcsin(a+bx)) - \frac{1}{8} \text{CosIntegral}(4 \arcsin(a+bx)) \right) - \frac{(a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right)}{b}$$

input `Int[(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)/ArcSin[a + b*x]^3,x]`

output `(-1/2*(1 - (a + b*x)^2)^2/ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 - 2*(-(((a + b*x)*(1 - (a + b*x)^2)^(3/2))/ArcSin[a + b*x])) + CosIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]]/2 - 4*(-1/8 *CosIntegral[4*ArcSin[a + b*x]] + Log[ArcSin[a + b*x]]/8) + Log[ArcSin[a + b*x]]/2))/b`



## 3.325.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`
- rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n * Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 5166 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1))/(b*c*(n + 1)), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`
- rule 5168 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n * Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p, 0]`
- rule 5214 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (-Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] + Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 1)/(b*f*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x)) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IGtQ[2*p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IGtQ[m, -3]`

---

3.325. 
$$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(ax+bx)^3} dx$$

```
rule 5224 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c^(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5306 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]
```

### 3.325.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
default	$\frac{-16 \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a)^2 + 16 \operatorname{Ci}(4 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a)^2 - 8 \sin(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a) - 4 \sin(4 \arcsin(bx+a))}{16b \arcsin(bx+a)^2}$

```
input int((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/16/b*(16*Ci(2*arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)^2+16*Ci(4*arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)^2-8*sin(2*arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)-4*sin(4*arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)+4*cos(2*arcsin(b*x+a))+cos(4*arcsin(b*x+a))+3)/arcsin(b*x+a)^2
```

### 3.325.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(bx + a)^3} dx$$

```
input integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x + a)^3, x)
```

---

3.325.  $\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx$

**3.325.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-(a + bx - 1)(a + bx + 1))^{3/2}}{\operatorname{asin}^3(a + bx)} dx$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(3/2)/asin(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output `Integral((-a + b*x - 1)*(a + b*x + 1)**(3/2)/asin(a + b*x)**3, x)`

**3.325.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(bx + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b^4*x^4 + 4*a*b^3*x^3 + 2*(3*a^2 - 1)*b^2*x^2 + a^4 - 2*b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2*integrate(2*(4*b^2*x^2 + 8*a*b*x + 4*a^2 - 1)*sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)/arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)), x) + 4*(a^3 - a)*b*x + 4*(b^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2 + a^3 + (3*a^2 - 1)*b*x - a)*sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)) - 2*a^2 + 1)/(b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2)`

**3.325.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{2(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2}(bx + a)}{b \arcsin(bx + a)} - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(4 \arcsin(bx + a))}{b} - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(2 \arcsin(bx + a))}{b} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1)^2}{2b \arcsin(bx + a)^2}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x + a)/(b*arcsin(b*x + a)) - cos_integral(4*arcsin(b*x + a))/b - cos_integral(2*arcsin(b*x + a))/b - 1/2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)^2/(b*arcsin(b*x + a)^2)`

### 3.325.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}}{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)^3} dx$$

input `int((1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2)/asin(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `int((1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2)/asin(a + b*x)^3, x)`

**3.326** 
$$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(ax+bx)^4} dx$$

3.326.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2528
3.326.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2528
3.326.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2529
3.326.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2533
3.326.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	2533
3.326.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2533
3.326.7 Maxima [F(-1)] . . . . .	2534
3.326.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2534
3.326.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2535

**3.326.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(ax+bx)^4} dx = -\frac{(1-(ax+bx)^2)^2}{3b \arcsin(ax+bx)^3} + \frac{2(ax+bx)(1-(ax+bx)^2)^{3/2}}{3b \arcsin(ax+bx)^2} + \frac{2(1-(ax+bx)^2)}{3b \arcsin(ax+bx)} - \frac{8(ax+bx)^2(1-(ax+bx)^2)}{3b \arcsin(ax+bx)} + \frac{2\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(ax+bx))}{3b} + \frac{4\text{Si}(4 \arcsin(ax+bx))}{3b}$$

output `-1/3*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^2/b/arcsin(b*x+a)^3+2/3*(b*x+a)*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)/b/arcsin(b*x+a)^2+2/3*(1-(b*x+a)^2)/b/arcsin(b*x+a)-8/3*(b*x+a)^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)/b/arcsin(b*x+a)+2/3*Si(2*arcsin(b*x+a))/b+4/3*Si(4*arcsin(b*x+a))/b`

**3.326.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(ax+bx)^4} dx = \frac{(-1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2)(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2-2(ax+bx)\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2})\arcsin(ax+bx)+2(-1+4a^2-3abx-3b^2x^2)\arcsin(ax+bx)^2}{3b \arcsin(ax+bx)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)/ArcSin[a + b*x]^4,x]`

---

3.326. 
$$\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(ax+bx)^4} dx$$

output  $(((-1 + a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)*(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2 - 2*(a + b*x) * \text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2] * \text{ArcSin}[a + b*x] + 2*(-1 + 4*a^2 + 8*a*b*x + 4*b^2*x^2) * \text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]^2)) / \text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]^3 + 2 * \text{SinIntegral}[2 * \text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]] + 4 * \text{SinIntegral}[4 * \text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]]) / (3*b)$

### 3.326.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.485$ , Rules used = {5306, 5166, 5214, 5166, 5146, 4906, 27, 3042, 3780, 5214, 5146, 4906, 27, 2009, 3042, 3780}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^4} dx$$

↓ 5306

$$\int \frac{(1 - (a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^4} d(a + bx)$$

$b$   
↓ 5166

$$-\frac{4}{3} \int \frac{(a + bx)(1 - (a + bx)^2)}{\arcsin(a + bx)^3} d(a + bx) - \frac{(1 - (a + bx)^2)^2}{3 \arcsin(a + bx)^3}$$

$b$   
↓ 5214

$$-\frac{4}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} d(a + bx) - 2 \int \frac{(a + bx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} d(a + bx) - \frac{(a + bx)(1 - (a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{(1 - (a + bx)^2)^2}{3 \arcsin(a + bx)^3}$$

$b$   
↓ 5166

$$-\frac{4}{3} \left( -2 \int \frac{(a + bx)^2 \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2} d(a + bx) + \frac{1}{2} \left( -2 \int \frac{a + bx}{\arcsin(a + bx)} d(a + bx) - \frac{1 - (a + bx)^2}{\arcsin(a + bx)} \right) - \frac{(a + bx)(1 - (a + bx)^2)^{3/2}}{2 \arcsin(a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{(1 - (a + bx)^2)^2}{3 \arcsin(a + bx)^3}$$

$b$   
↓ 5146

---

3.326.  $\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^4} dx$

$$-\frac{4}{3} \left( -2 \int \frac{(a+bx)^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} \left( -2 \int \frac{(a+bx) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} \right)$$


---

b

↓ 4906

$$-\frac{4}{3} \left( -2 \int \frac{(a+bx)^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} \left( -2 \int \frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} \right)$$


---

b

↓ 27

$$-\frac{4}{3} \left( -2 \int \frac{(a+bx)^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} \left( - \int \frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2} \right)$$


---

b

↓ 3042

$$-\frac{4}{3} \left( -2 \int \frac{(a+bx)^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} \left( - \int \frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2} \right)$$


---

b

↓ 3780

$$-\frac{4}{3} \left( -2 \int \frac{(a+bx)^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2} \left( -\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2}}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2} \right) - \frac{(1-(a+bx)^2)}{3 \arcsin(a+bx)}$$


---

b

↓ 5214

$$-\frac{4}{3} \left( -2 \left( 2 \int \frac{a+bx}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d(a+bx) - 4 \int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d(a+bx) - \frac{(1-(a+bx)^2)(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( -\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right) \right)$$


---

b

↓ 5146

$$-\frac{4}{3} \left( -2 \left( 2 \int \frac{(a+bx) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) - 4 \int \frac{(a+bx)^3 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{(1-(a+bx)^2)(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( -\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right) \right)$$


---

b

↓ 4906

$$-\frac{4}{3} \left( -2 \left( 2 \int \frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{2 \arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) - 4 \int \left( \frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{4 \arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{\sin(4 \arcsin(a+bx))}{8 \arcsin(a+bx)} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{(1-(a+bx)^2)}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right) \right)$$


---

b

---

3.326.  $\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^4} dx$

↓ 27

$$\frac{-\frac{4}{3} \left( -2 \left( \int \frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) - 4 \int \left( \frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{4 \arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{\sin(4 \arcsin(a+bx))}{8 \arcsin(a+bx)} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{(1-(a+bx)^2)(a+bx)}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right)}{b}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{4}{3} \left( -2 \left( \int \frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) - 4 \left( \frac{1}{4} \text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) - \frac{1}{8} \text{Si}(4 \arcsin(a+bx)) \right) - \frac{(1-(a+bx)^2)(a+bx)}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right)}{b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{-\frac{4}{3} \left( -2 \left( \int \frac{\sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{\arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx) - 4 \left( \frac{1}{4} \text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) - \frac{1}{8} \text{Si}(4 \arcsin(a+bx)) \right) - \frac{(1-(a+bx)^2)(a+bx)}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right)}{b}$$

↓ 3780

$$\frac{-\frac{4}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -\text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) - \frac{1-(a+bx)^2}{\arcsin(a+bx)} \right) - 2 \left( \text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) - 4 \left( \frac{1}{4} \text{Si}(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) - \frac{1}{8} \text{Si}(4 \arcsin(a+bx)) \right) \right) \right)}{b}$$

input `Int[(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)/ArcSin[a + b*x]^4, x]`

output `(-1/3*(1 - (a + b*x)^2)^2/ArcSin[a + b*x]^3 - (4*(-1/2*((a + b*x)*(1 - (a + b*x)^2)^(3/2))/ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 + (-((1 - (a + b*x)^2)/ArcSin[a + b*x]) - SinIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/2 - 2*(-(((a + b*x)^2*(1 - (a + b*x)^2)/ArcSin[a + b*x]) + SinIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]] - 4*(SinIntegral[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]]/4 - SinIntegral[4*ArcSin[a + b*x]]/8))))/3)/b`

### 3.326.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

---

3.326.  $\int \frac{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a+bx)^4} dx$



rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5146 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*c^(m + 1)) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^m*Cos[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5166 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1))/(b*c*(n + 1)), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5214 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^m*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1))/(b*c*(n + 1)), x] + (-Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] + Simp[c*((m + 2*p + 1)/(b*f*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IGtQ[2*p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IGtQ[m, -3]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`

**3.326.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$\frac{16 \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a)^3 + 32 \operatorname{Si}(4 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a)^3 + 8 \cos(2 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a)^2 + 8 \cos(4 \arcsin(bx+a)) \arcsin(bx+a)}{24b a^3}$

```
input int((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/24/b*(16*Si(2*arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)^3+32*Si(4*arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)^3+8*cos(2*arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)^2+8*cos(4*arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)^2+4*sin(2*arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)+2*sin(4*arcsin(b*x+a))*arcsin(b*x+a)-4*cos(2*arcsin(b*x+a))-cos(4*arcsin(b*x+a))-3)/arcsin(b*x+a)^3
```

**3.326.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(bx + a)^4} dx$$

```
input integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x + a)^4, x)
```

**3.326.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-(a + bx - 1)(a + bx + 1))^{3/2}}{\operatorname{asin}^4(a + bx)} dx$$

```
input integrate((-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(3/2)/asin(b*x+a)**4,x)
```

```
output Integral((- (a + b*x - 1) * (a + b*x + 1)) ** (3/2) / asin(a + b*x) ** 4, x)
```

---

3.326.  $\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^4} dx$

**3.326.7 Maxima [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

**3.326.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^4} dx &= \frac{8(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1)^2}{3b \arcsin(bx + a)} \\ &+ \frac{4 \operatorname{Si}(4 \arcsin(bx + a))}{3b} + \frac{2 \operatorname{Si}(2 \arcsin(bx + a))}{3b} \\ &+ \frac{2(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2}(bx + a)}{3b \arcsin(bx + a)^2} \\ &+ \frac{2(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1)}{b \arcsin(bx + a)} - \frac{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 - 1)^2}{3b \arcsin(bx + a)^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `8/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)^2/(b*arcsin(b*x + a)) + 4/3*sin_integral(4*arcsin(b*x + a))/b + 2/3*sin_integral(2*arcsin(b*x + a))/b + 2/3*(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)*(b*x + a)/(b*arcsin(b*x + a)^2) + 2*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)/(b*arcsin(b*x + a)) - 1/3*(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1)^2/(b*arcsin(b*x + a)^3)`

**3.326.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}}{\arcsin(a + bx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}}{\text{asin}(a + bx)^4} dx$$

input `int((1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2)/asin(a + b*x)^4,x)`output `int((1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2)/asin(a + b*x)^4, x)`

$$3.327 \quad \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^n}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx$$

3.327.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2536
3.327.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2536
3.327.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2537
3.327.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2538
3.327.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2538
3.327.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2538
3.327.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	2539
3.327.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2539
3.327.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2540

### 3.327.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^n}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^{1+n}}{b(1+n)}$$

output `arcsin(b*x+a)^(1+n)/b/(1+n)`

### 3.327.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^n}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^{1+n}}{b(1+n)}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]^n/Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2],x]`

output `ArcSin[a + b*x]^(1 + n)/(b*(1 + n))`

**3.327.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$ , Rules used = {5306, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^n}{\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}} dx$$

↓ 5306

$$\frac{\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^n}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx)}{b}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^{n+1}}{b(n+1)}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]^n/Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2], x]`

output `ArcSin[a + b*x]^(1 + n)/(b*(1 + n))`

**3.327.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`

**3.327.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^{1+n}}{b(1+n)}$	20

```
input int(arcsin(b*x+a)^n/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output arcsin(b*x+a)^(1+n)/b/(1+n)
```

**3.327.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^n}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^n \arcsin(bx+a)}{bn+b}$$

```
input integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^n/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output arcsin(b*x + a)^n*arcsin(b*x + a)/(b*n + b)
```

**3.327.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs. 2(14) = 28.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^n}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2}} \arcsin(a) & \text{for } b=0 \wedge n=-1 \\ \frac{x \arcsin^n(a)}{\sqrt{1-a^2}} & \text{for } b=0 \\ \frac{\log(\arcsin(a+bx))}{b} & \text{for } n=-1 \\ \frac{\arcsin(a+bx) \arcsin^n(a+bx)}{bn+b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)**n/(-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((x/(sqrt(1 - a**2)*asin(a)), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, -1)), (x*asin(a)**n/sqrt(1 - a**2), Eq(b, 0)), (log(asin(a + b*x))/b, Eq(n, -1)), (asin(a + b*x)*asin(a + b*x)**n/(b*n + b), True))`

### 3.327.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^n}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^n/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

### 3.327.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^n}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^{n+1}}{b(n + 1)}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^n/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `arcsin(b*x + a)^(n + 1)/(b*(n + 1))`



**3.327.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^n}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\ln(\arcsin(a+bx))}{b} & \text{if } n = -1 \\ \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^{n+1}}{b(n+1)} & \text{if } n \neq -1 \end{cases}$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)^n/(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2),x)`output `piecewise(n == -1, log(asin(a + b*x))/b, n ~= -1, asin(a + b*x)^(n + 1)/(b * (n + 1)))`

$$3.328 \quad \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx$$

3.328.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2541
3.328.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2541
3.328.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2542
3.328.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2543
3.328.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2543
3.328.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2543
3.328.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2544
3.328.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2544
3.328.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2545

### 3.328.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{3b}$$

output `1/3*arcsin(b*x+a)^3/b`

### 3.328.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{3b}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2],x]`

output `ArcSin[a + b*x]^3/(3*b)`

**3.328.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$ , Rules used = {5306, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1}} dx$$

↓ 5306

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a + bx)$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{3b}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2], x]`

output `ArcSin[a + b*x]^3/(3*b)`

**3.328.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`

**3.328.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^3}{3b}$	14

```
input int(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
)
```

```
output 1/3*arcsin(b*x+a)^3/b
```

**3.328.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^3}{3b}$$

```
input integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/3*arcsin(b*x + a)^3/b
```

**3.328.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 26 vs. 2(10) = 20.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\arcsin^3(a+bx)}{3b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \arcsin^2(a)}{\sqrt{1-a^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate(asin(b*x+a)**2/(-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((asin(a + b*x)**3/(3*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x*asin(a)**2/sqrt(1 - a**2), True))
```

**3.328.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 130 vs.  $2(13) = 26$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.67

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^2 \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)}{b} - \frac{\arcsin(bx+a) \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)^2}{b} - \frac{\arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)^3}{3b}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-arcsin(b*x + a)^2*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/b - arcsin(b*x + a)*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))^2/b - 1/3*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))^3/b`

**3.328.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^3}{3b}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*arcsin(b*x + a)^3/b`

**3.328.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{3b}$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)^2/(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2),x)`output `asin(a + b*x)^3/(3*b)`

$$3.329 \quad \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx$$

3.329.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2546
3.329.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2546
3.329.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2547
3.329.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2548
3.329.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2548
3.329.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2548
3.329.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2549
3.329.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2549
3.329.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2549

### 3.329.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{2b}$$

output `1/2*arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b`

### 3.329.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{2b}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]/Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2],x]`

output `ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/(2*b)`

**3.329.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.065$ , Rules used = {5306, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}} dx$$

↓ 5306

$$\frac{\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx)}{b}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{2b}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]/Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2], x]`

output `ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/(2*b)`

**3.329.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`



**3.329.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^2}{2b}$	14

input `int(arcsin(b*x+a)/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b`

**3.329.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^2}{2b}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b`

**3.329.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 24 vs. 2(10) = 20.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\arcsin^2(a+bx)}{2b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \arcsin(a)}{\sqrt{1-a^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)/(-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((asin(a + b*x)**2/(2*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x*asin(a)/sqrt(1 - a**2), True))`

---

3.329.  $\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} dx$

**3.329.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 83 vs.  $2(13) = 26$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.53

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\arcsin(bx + a) \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x + ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2 - (a^2 - 1)b^2}}\right)}{b} - \frac{\arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x + ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2 - (a^2 - 1)b^2}}\right)^2}{2b}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-arcsin(b*x + a)*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/b - 1/2*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))^2/b`

**3.329.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^2}{2b}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/b`

**3.329.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{2b}$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)/(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `asin(a + b*x)^2/(2*b)`

**3.330**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)} dx$

3.330.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2550  
 3.330.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2550  
 3.330.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2551  
 3.330.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2552  
 3.330.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2552  
 3.330.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2552  
 3.330.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2553  
 3.330.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2553  
 3.330.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2553

**3.330.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 11

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \frac{\log(\arcsin(a+bx))}{b}$$

output `ln(arcsin(b*x+a))/b`

**3.330.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \frac{\log(\arcsin(a+bx))}{b}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]),x]`

output `Log[ArcSin[a + b*x]]/b`

**3.330.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$ , Rules used = {5306, 5150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1} \arcsin(a + bx)} dx$$

↓ 5306

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)} d(a + bx)$$

↓ 5150

$$\frac{\log(\arcsin(a + bx))}{b}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]),x]`

output `Log[ArcSin[a + b*x]]/b`

**3.330.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5150 `Int[1/(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*Log[a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^p_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`

**3.330.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\ln(\arcsin(bx+a))}{b}$	12

```
input int(1/arcsin(b*x+a)/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
)
```

```
output ln(arcsin(b*x+a))/b
```

**3.330.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \frac{\log(-\arcsin(bx+a))}{b}$$

```
input integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a)/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output log(-arcsin(b*x + a))/b
```

**3.330.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 22 vs. 2(8) = 16.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(\arcsin(a+bx))}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2} \arcsin(a)} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate(1/asin(b*x+a)/(-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((log(asin(a + b*x))/b, Ne(b, 0)), (x/(sqrt(1 - a**2)*asin(a)), True))
```

---

3.330.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)} dx$

**3.330.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1} \arcsin(bx+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a)/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)), x)`

**3.330.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \frac{\log(|\arcsin(bx+a)|)}{b}$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a)/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `log(abs(arcsin(b*x + a)))/b`

**3.330.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \frac{\ln(\arcsin(a+bx))}{b}$$

input `int(1/(asin(a + b*x)*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `log(asin(a + b*x))/b`

**3.331**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$

3.331.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2554  
 3.331.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2554  
 3.331.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2555  
 3.331.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2556  
 3.331.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2556  
 3.331.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2556  
 3.331.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2557  
 3.331.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2557  
 3.331.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2557

**3.331.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 13

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{b \arcsin(a+bx)}$$

output `-1/b/arcsin(b*x+a)`

**3.331.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{b \arcsin(a+bx)}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2),x]`

output `-(1/(b*ArcSin[a + b*x]))`

**3.331.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$ , Rules used = {5306, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1} \arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx$$

↓ 5306

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a + bx)$$

↓ 5152

$$-\frac{1}{b \arcsin(a + bx)}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2),x]`

output `-(1/(b*ArcSin[a + b*x]))`

**3.331.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`



**3.331.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{1}{b \arcsin(bx+a)}$	14

```
input int(1/arcsin(b*x+a)^2/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/b/arcsin(b*x+a)
```

**3.331.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{b \arcsin(bx+a)}$$

```
input integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a)^2/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/(b*arcsin(b*x + a))
```

**3.331.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 26 vs. 2(10) = 20.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{b \arcsin(a+bx)} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2} \arcsin^2(a)} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate(1/asin(b*x+a)**2/(-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((-1/(b*asin(a + b*x)), Ne(b, 0)), (x/(sqrt(1 - a**2)*asin(a)**2), True))
```

---

3.331.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$

**3.331.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 33 vs.  $2(13) = 26$ .

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{b \arctan(bx+a, \sqrt{bx+a+1}\sqrt{-bx-a+1})}$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a)^2/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/(b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)))`

**3.331.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{b \arcsin(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a)^2/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/(b*arcsin(b*x + a))`

**3.331.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{b \operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}$$

input `int(1/(asin(a + b*x)^2*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `-1/(b*asin(a + b*x))`

$$\mathbf{3.332} \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$$

3.332.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2558
3.332.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2558
3.332.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2559
3.332.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2560
3.332.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2560
3.332.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2560
3.332.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2561
3.332.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2561
3.332.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2561

### 3.332.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2b \arcsin(a+bx)^2}$$

output `-1/2/b/arcsin(b*x+a)^2`

### 3.332.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2b \arcsin(a+bx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3),x]`

output `-1/2*1/(b*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)`

**3.332.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$ , Rules used = {5306, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1} \arcsin(a + bx)^3} dx$$

↓ 5306

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^3} d(a + bx)$$

↓ 5152

$$-\frac{1}{2b \arcsin(a + bx)^2}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3),x]`

output `-1/2*1/(b*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)`

**3.332.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`

**3.332.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{1}{2b \arcsin(bx+a)^2}$	14

```
input int(1/arcsin(b*x+a)^3/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2/b/arcsin(b*x+a)^2
```

**3.332.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2b \arcsin(bx+a)^2}$$

```
input integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a)^3/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -1/2/(b*arcsin(b*x + a)^2)
```

**3.332.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 29 vs. 2(14) = 28.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{2b \arcsin^2(a+bx)} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2} \arcsin^3(a)} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate(1/asin(b*x+a)**3/(-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((-1/(2*b*asin(a + b*x)**2), Ne(b, 0)), (x/(sqrt(1 - a**2)*asin(a)**3), True))
```

---

3.332.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx$

**3.332.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 33 vs.  $2(13) = 26$ .

Time = 17.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2b \arctan(bx+a, \sqrt{bx+a+1}\sqrt{-bx-a+1})^2}$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a)^3/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2/(b*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))^2)`

**3.332.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2b \arcsin(bx+a)^2}$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin(b*x+a)^3/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2/(b*arcsin(b*x + a)^2)`

**3.332.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2b \operatorname{asin}(a+bx)^2}$$

input `int(1/(asin(a + b*x)^3*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `-1/(2*b*asin(a + b*x)^2)`

**3.333**  $\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

3.333.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2562  
 3.333.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2562  
 3.333.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2563  
 3.333.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2566  
 3.333.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 2566  
 3.333.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2567  
 3.333.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2567  
 3.333.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2567  
 3.333.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2568

**3.333.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{i \arcsin(a+bx)^3}{b} + \frac{(a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)^3}{b\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} + \frac{3 \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \log(1+e^{2i \arcsin(a+bx)})}{b} - \frac{3i \arcsin(a+bx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arcsin(a+bx)})}{b} + \frac{3 \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2i \arcsin(a+bx)})}{2b}$$

```
output -I*arcsin(b*x+a)^3/b+3*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*ln(1+(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))
)^2)/b-3*I*arcsin(b*x+a)*polylog(2,-(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))^2)/b+3
/2*polylog(3,-(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))^2)/b+(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)^3
/b/(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)
```

**3.333.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \left( \frac{(a+bx-i\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}) \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} + 3 \log(1+e^{2i \arcsin(a+bx)}) \right)}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]^3/(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2*(((a + b*x - I*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2])*ArcSin[a + b*x])/Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2] + 3*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a + b*x])]) - (6*I)*ArcSin[a + b*x]*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a + b*x])] + 3*PolyLog[3, -E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a + b*x])])/(2*b)`

### 3.333.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {5306, 5160, 5180, 3042, 4202, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{(-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5306} \\
 & \int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2}} d(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5160} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx)\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} - 3 \int \frac{(a+bx)\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{1-(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5180} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx)\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} - 3 \int \frac{(a+bx)\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} d\arcsin(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx)\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} - 3 \int \arcsin(a+bx)^2 \tan(\arcsin(a+bx)) d\arcsin(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4202} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx)\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} - 3 \left( \frac{1}{3} i \arcsin(a+bx)^3 - 2i \int \frac{e^{2i\arcsin(a+bx)} \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{1+e^{2i\arcsin(a+bx)}} d\arcsin(a+bx) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620}
 \end{aligned}$$

---

3.333.  $\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$



$$\frac{(a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} - 3\left(\frac{1}{3}i \arcsin(a+bx)^3 - 2i \int \arcsin(a+bx) \log(1 + e^{2i \arcsin(a+bx)}) d \arcsin(a+bx) - \frac{1}{2}i \arcsin(a+bx)\right)$$

b

↓ 3011

$$\frac{(a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} - 3\left(\frac{1}{3}i \arcsin(a+bx)^3 - 2i \left(i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \arcsin(a+bx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arcsin(a+bx)}) - \frac{1}{2}i \int \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arcsin(a+bx)}) d \arcsin(a+bx)\right)\right)\right)$$

b

↓ 2720

$$\frac{(a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} - 3\left(\frac{1}{3}i \arcsin(a+bx)^3 - 2i \left(i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \arcsin(a+bx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arcsin(a+bx)}) - \frac{1}{4} \int e^{-2i \arcsin(a+bx)} d \arcsin(a+bx)\right)\right)\right)$$

b

↓ 7143

$$\frac{(a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)^3}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} - 3\left(\frac{1}{3}i \arcsin(a+bx)^3 - 2i \left(i \left(-\frac{1}{4} \text{PolyLog}(3, -a - bx) + \frac{1}{2}i \arcsin(a+bx) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arcsin(a+bx)})\right)\right)\right)$$

b

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]^3/(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a + b*x)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3)/Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2] - 3*((I/3)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^3 - (2*I)*((-1/2*I)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a + b*x])] + I*((I/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x]*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a + b*x])] - PolyLog[3, -a - b*x]/4)))/b`

### 3.333.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

---

3.333.  $\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x)) *(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x)))]^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4202 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5160 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/d)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/(1 - c^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5180 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-e^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Tan[x], x], x, ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((A_) + (B_)*(x_) + (C_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int [PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp [PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

### 3.333.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

method	result
default	$\frac{(-xb\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}+ib^2x^2-a\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}+2iabx+ia^2-i)\arcsin(bx+a)^3}{b(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-1)} + \frac{-4i\arcsin(bx+a)^3+6\arcsin(bx+a)}{b}$

input `int(arcsin(b*x+a)^3/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(-x*b*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)+I*b^2*x^2-a*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)+2*I*a*b*x+I*a^2-I)/b/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2-1)*arcsin(b*x+a)^3+1/2*(-4*I*arcsin(b*x+a)^3+6*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*ln(1+(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))^2)-6*I*arcsin(b*x+a)*polylog(2,-(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))^2)+3*polylog(3,-(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))^2))/b`

### 3.333.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^3}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx+a)^3}{(-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^3/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)*arcsin(b*x+a)^3/(b^4*x^4+4*a*b^3*x^3+2*(3*a^2-1)*b^2*x^2+a^4+4*(a^3-a)*b*x-2*a^2+1),x)`

**3.333.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin^3(a + bx)}{(-(a + bx - 1)(a + bx + 1))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)**3/(-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(asin(a + b*x)**3/(-(a + b*x - 1)*(a + b*x + 1))**(3/2), x)`

**3.333.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3}{2} b \left( \frac{\log(bx + a + 1)}{b^2} + \frac{\log(bx + a - 1)}{b^2} \right) \arcsin(bx + a)^2 + \left( \frac{b^2x}{(a^2b^2 - (a^2 - 1)b^2)\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}} + \frac{ab}{(a^2b^2 - (a^2 - 1)b^2)\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}} \right) \arcsin(bx + a)^3$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^3/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/2*b*(log(b*x + a + 1)/b^2 + log(b*x + a - 1)/b^2)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2 + (b^2*x/((a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2)*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)) + a*b/((a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2)*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)))*arcsin(b*x + a)^3`

**3.333.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^3}{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^3/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arcsin(b*x + a)^3/(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2), x)`

**3.333.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^3}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)^3}{(-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)^3/(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int(asin(a + b*x)^3/(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2), x)`

**3.334** 
$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.334.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2569  
 3.334.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2569  
 3.334.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . . 2570  
 3.334.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2572  
 3.334.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 2573  
 3.334.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2573  
 3.334.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2573  
 3.334.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2574  
 3.334.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2574

**3.334.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{i \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{b} + \frac{(a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{b\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} + \frac{2 \arcsin(a+bx) \log(1+e^{2i \arcsin(a+bx)})}{b} - \frac{i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arcsin(a+bx)})}{b}$$

output `-I*arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b+2*arcsin(b*x+a)*ln(1+(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))^2)/b-I*polylog(2,-(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))^2)/b+(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)^2/b/(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)`

**3.334.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\arcsin(a+bx) \left( \frac{(a+bx-i\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}) \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} + 2 \log(1+e^{2i \arcsin(a+bx)}) \right)}{b}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(ArcSin[a + b*x]*(((a + b*x - I*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2])*ArcSin[a + b*x])/Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2] + 2*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a + b*x])]) - I*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a + b*x])])/b`

---

3.334. 
$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$



↓ 2838

$$\frac{\frac{(a+bx)\arcsin(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} - 2\left(\frac{1}{2}i\arcsin(a+bx)^2 - 2i\left(-\frac{1}{4}\text{PolyLog}(2, -a - bx) - \frac{1}{2}i\arcsin(a+bx)\log(1 + e^{2i\arcsin(a+bx)})\right)\right)}{b}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `((a + b*x)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2] - 2*((I/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2 - (2*I)*((-1/2*I)*ArcSin[a + b*x]*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a + b*x])] - PolyLog[2, -a - b*x]/4)))/b`

### 3.334.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4202 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`



```
rule 5160 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x
_Symbol] :> Simp[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])), x] - Simp[b
*c*(n/d)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x
])^(n - 1)/(1 - c^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d
+ e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 5180 Int[(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_))/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[-e^(-1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Tan[x], x], x, ArcSin[c*x
]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 5306 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (
C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2
)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C,
n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]
```

### 3.334.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result
default	$\frac{(-xb\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}+ib^2x^2-a\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}+2iabx+ia^2-i)\arcsin(bx+a)^2}{(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-1)b} - i\left(2i\arcsin(bx+a)\ln\left(1+\left(i(bx+a)\right)\right)\right)$

```
input int(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE
)
```

```
output (-x*b*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)+I*b^2*x^2-a*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(
1/2)+2*I*a*b*x+I*a^2-I)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2-1)/b*arcsin(b*x+a)^2-I*(2*I*
arcsin(b*x+a)*ln(1+(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))^2)+2*arcsin(b*x+a)^2+po
lylog(2,-(I*(b*x+a)+(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))^2))/b
```

**3.334.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^2}{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2/(b^4*x^4 + 4*a*b^3*x^3 + 2*(3*a^2 - 1)*b^2*x^2 + a^4 + 4*(a^3 - a)*b*x - 2*a^2 + 1), x)`

**3.334.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}^2(a + bx)}{(-(a + bx - 1)(a + bx + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)**2/(-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(asin(a + b*x)**2/(-(a + b*x - 1)*(a + b*x + 1))**(3/2), x)`

**3.334.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^2}{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arcsin(b*x + a)^2/(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2), x)`

**3.334.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)^2}{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)^2/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arcsin(b*x + a)^2/(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2), x)`

**3.334.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)^2}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)^2}{(-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)^2/(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(asin(a + b*x)^2/(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2), x)`

**3.335** 
$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

3.335.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2575
3.335.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2575
3.335.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2576
3.335.4 Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2577
3.335.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2577
3.335.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2578
3.335.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2578
3.335.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2579
3.335.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2579

**3.335.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a + bx) \arcsin(a + bx)}{b\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} + \frac{\log(1 - (a + bx)^2)}{2b}$$

output `1/2*ln(1-(b*x+a)^2)/b+(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)/b/(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)`

**3.335.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2(a+bx) \arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}} + \log(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)}{2b}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]/(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `((2*(a + b*x)*ArcSin[a + b*x])/Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2] + Log[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2])/(2*b)`

**3.335.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {5306, 5160, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{(-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5306}$$

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2}} d(a+bx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{5160}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx)\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} - \int \frac{a+bx}{1-(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{240}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx)\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} + \frac{1}{2} \log(1-(a+bx)^2)$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\frac{(a+bx)\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} + \frac{1}{2} \log(1-(a+bx)^2)$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]/(1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `((a + b*x)*ArcSin[a + b*x])/Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2] + Log[1 - (a + b*x)^2]/2)/b`

**3.335.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 240 `Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 5160 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_.)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n/(d*Sqrt[d + e*x^2])), x] - Simp[b*c*(n/d)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/(1 - c^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`

### 3.335.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 154 vs.  $2(46) = 92$ .

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

method	result
default	$-\frac{-\ln(1-(bx+a)^2)b^2x^2+2\arcsin(bx+a)\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}bx-2\ln(1-(bx+a)^2)abx+2\arcsin(bx+a)\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}a}{2b(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-1)}$

input `int(arcsin(b*x+a)/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/b*(-ln(1-(b*x+a)^2)*b^2*x^2+2*arcsin(b*x+a)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*b*x-2*ln(1-(b*x+a)^2)*a*b*x+2*arcsin(b*x+a)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)*a-ln(1-(b*x+a)^2)*a^2+ln(1-(b*x+a)^2))/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2-1)`

### 3.335.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 99 vs.  $2(46) = 92$ .

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}(bx+a)\arcsin(bx+a)-(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-1)\log(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-1)}{2(b^3x^2+2ab^2x+(a^2-1)b)}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/2*(2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)*(b*x+a)*arcsin(b*x+a)-(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2-1)*log(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2-1))/(b^3*x^2+2*a*b^2*x+(a^2-1)*b)`

---

3.335.  $\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

**3.335.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)}{(-(a + bx - 1)(a + bx + 1))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)/(-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(asin(a + b*x)/(-(a + b*x - 1)*(a + b*x + 1))**(3/2), x)`

**3.335.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs.  $2(46) = 92$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \left( a \left( \frac{\log(bx + a + 1)}{b^2} - \frac{\log(bx + a - 1)}{b^2} \right) - \frac{(a + 1) \log(bx + a + 1)}{b^2} + \frac{(a - 1) \log(bx + a - 1)}{b^2} \right) b$$

$$+ \left( \frac{b^2x}{(a^2b^2 - (a^2 - 1)b^2)\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}} + \frac{ab}{(a^2b^2 - (a^2 - 1)b^2)\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}} \right) \arcsin(bx + a)$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(a*(log(b*x + a + 1)/b^2 - log(b*x + a - 1)/b^2) - (a + 1)*log(b*x + a + 1)/b^2 + (a - 1)*log(b*x + a - 1)/b^2)*b + (b^2*x/((a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2)*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)) + a*b/((a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2)*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)))*arcsin(b*x + a)`

**3.335.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)\arcsin(bx+a)}{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-1} + \frac{\log(|bx+a+1|)}{2b} + \frac{\log(|bx+a-1|)}{2b}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(x + a/b)*arcsin(b*x + a)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 1) + 1/2*log(abs(b*x + a + 1))/b + 1/2*log(abs(b*x + a - 1))/b`

**3.335.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}{(-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)/(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(asin(a + b*x)/(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2), x)`



$$\mathbf{3.336} \quad \int \frac{1}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)} dx$$

3.336.1 Optimal result	2580
3.336.2 Mathematica [N/A]	2580
3.336.3 Rubi [N/A]	2581
3.336.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	2582
3.336.5 Fricas [N/A]	2582
3.336.6 Sympy [N/A]	2582
3.336.7 Maxima [N/A]	2583
3.336.8 Giac [N/A]	2583
3.336.9 Mupad [N/A]	2583

### 3.336.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/((1-(b*x+a)^2)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)),x)`

### 3.336.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x]), x]`

---


$$3.336. \quad \int \frac{1}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)} dx$$

**3.336.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5306, 5174}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)} dx$$

↓ 5306

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)} d(a + bx)$$

↓ 5174

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)} d(a + bx)$$

input `Int[1/((1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.336.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5174 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`

**3.336.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 2.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin(bx + a)} dx$$

input `int(1/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a),x)`output `int(1/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a),x)`**3.336.5 Fracas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)/((b^4*x^4 + 4*a*b^3*x^3 + 2*(3*a^2 - 1)*b^2*x^2 + a^4 + 4*(a^3 - a)*b*x - 2*a^2 + 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)), x)`**3.336.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(a + bx - 1)(a + bx + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{asin}(a + bx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(3/2)/asin(b*x+a),x)`output `Integral(1/((-a + b*x - 1)*(a + b*x + 1))**(3/2)*asin(a + b*x)), x)`

---

3.336.  $\int \frac{1}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)} dx$

**3.336.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x + a)), x)`

**3.336.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x + a)), x)`

**3.336.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx) (-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(asin(a + b*x)*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(asin(a + b*x)*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2)), x)`

**3.337** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$$

3.337.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2584
3.337.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . .	2584
3.337.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . .	2585
3.337.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . .	2586
3.337.5 Fracas [N/A] . . . . .	2586
3.337.6 Sympy [N/A] . . . . .	2587
3.337.7 Maxima [N/A] . . . . .	2587
3.337.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	2587
3.337.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	2588

**3.337.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{b(1-(a+bx)^2) \arcsin(a+bx)} + 2\text{Int}\left(\frac{a+bx}{(1-(a+bx)^2)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)}, x\right)$$

output `-1/b/(1-(b*x+a)^2)/arcsin(b*x+a)+2*Unintegrable((b*x+a)/(1-(b*x+a)^2)^2/arcsin(b*x+a),x)`

**3.337.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 8.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2), x]`

---

3.337. 
$$\int \frac{1}{(1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$$

**3.337.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5306, 5166, 5234}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx$$

↓ 5306

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-(a+bx)^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2} d(a+bx)$$

↓ 5166

$$2 \int \frac{\frac{a+bx}{(1-(a+bx)^2)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)} d(a+bx) - \frac{1}{(1-(a+bx)^2) \arcsin(a+bx)}}{b}$$

↓ 5234

$$2 \int \frac{\frac{a+bx}{(1-(a+bx)^2)^2 \arcsin(a+bx)} d(a+bx) - \frac{1}{(1-(a+bx)^2) \arcsin(a+bx)}}{b}$$

input `Int[1/((1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.337.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5166 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_ Symbol] :> Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(d + e*x^2)^p*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1))/(b*c*(n + 1)), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 1)/(b*(n + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p - 1/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5234 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`

### 3.337.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 2.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x)`

### 3.337.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arcsin(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)/((b^4*x^4 + 4*a*b^3*x^3 + 2*(3*a^2 - 1)*b^2*x^2 + a^4 + 4*(a^3 - a)*b*x - 2*a^2 + 1)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2), x)`

**3.337.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-(a + bx - 1)(a + bx + 1))^{3/2} \operatorname{asin}^2(a + bx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-b**2*x**2-2*a*b*x-a**2+1)**(3/2)/asin(b*x+a)**2,x)`output `Integral(1/((-a + b*x - 1)*(a + b*x + 1))**(3/2)*asin(a + b*x)**2), x)`**3.337.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 6.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2} \arcsin(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `((b^3*x^2 + 2*a*b^2*x + (a^2 - 1)*b)*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))*integrate(2*(b*x + a)/((b^4*x^4 + 4*a*b^3*x^3 + 2*(3*a^2 - 1)*b^2*x^2 + a^4 + 4*(a^3 - a)*b*x - 2*a^2 + 1)*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1))), x) + 1)/((b^3*x^2 + 2*a*b^2*x + (a^2 - 1)*b)*arctan2(b*x + a, sqrt(b*x + a + 1)*sqrt(-b*x - a + 1)))`**3.337.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1)^{3/2} \arcsin(bx + a)^2} dx$$

---

3.337.  $\int \frac{1}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx$



input `integrate(1/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(3/2)/arcsin(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)^(3/2)*arcsin(b*x + a)^2), x)`

### 3.337.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arcsin(a + bx)^2 (-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(asin(a + b*x)^2*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(asin(a + b*x)^2*(1 - b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2)^(3/2)), x)`

### 3.338 $\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c-c(a+bx)^2}} dx$

3.338.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2589
3.338.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2589
3.338.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2590
3.338.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2591
3.338.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	2591
3.338.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2591
3.338.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2592
3.338.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2592
3.338.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2593

#### 3.338.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c - c(a + bx)^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{2b\sqrt{c - c(a + bx)^2}}$$

output `1/2*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b/(c-c*(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)`

#### 3.338.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c - c(a + bx)^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{2b\sqrt{-c(-1 + (a + bx)^2)}}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c - c*(a + b*x)^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/(2*b*Sqrt[-(c*(-1 + (a + b*x)^2))])`

**3.338.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$ , Rules used = {7281, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c-c(a+bx)^2}} dx$$

↓ 7281

$$\frac{\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c-c(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx)}{b}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{2b\sqrt{c-c(a+bx)^2}}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c - c*(a + b*x)^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/(2*b*Sqrt[c - c*(a + b*x)^2])`

**3.338.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 7281 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[2]] + lst[[3]]*x], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]]`

**3.338.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-c(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-1)}\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}\arcsin(bx+a)^2}{2c(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-1)b}$	80

input `int(arcsin(b*x+a)/(c-c*(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-1/2*(-c*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2-1))^(1/2)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2-1)/b*\arcsin(b*x+a)^2$$
**3.338.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c-c(a+bx)^2}} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx+a)}{\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2c+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/(c-c*(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `integral(-sqrt(-b^2*c*x^2 - 2*a*b*c*x - (a^2 - 1)*c)*arcsin(b*x + a)/(b^2*c*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*x + (a^2 - 1)*c), x)`**3.338.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c-c(a+bx)^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)/(c-c*(b*x+a)**2)**(1/2),x)`output `Timed out`

**3.338.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 206 vs.  $2(40) = 80$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.48

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c - c(a + bx)^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c} \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)^2}{2\sqrt{a^2b^2c^2 - (a^2c - c)b^2c}} - \frac{\arcsin(bx + a) \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2cx+abc}{\sqrt{a^2b^2c^2-(a^2c-c)b^2c}}\right)}{b\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2cx+abc}{\sqrt{a^2b^2c^2-(a^2c-c)b^2c}}\right) \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)}{b\sqrt{c}}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/(c-c*(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*sqrt(c)*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))^2/sqrt(a^2*b^2*c^2 - (a^2*c - c)*b^2*c) - arcsin(b*x + a)*arcsin(-(b^2*c*x + a*b*c)/sqrt(a^2*b^2*c^2 - (a^2*c - c)*b^2*c))/(b*sqrt(c)) - arcsin(-(b^2*c*x + a*b*c)/sqrt(a^2*b^2*c^2 - (a^2*c - c)*b^2*c))*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/(b*sqrt(c))`

**3.338.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c - c(a + bx)^2}} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)}{\sqrt{-(bx + a)^2c + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/(c-c*(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arcsin(b*x + a)/sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2*c + c), x)`

**3.338.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c - c(a + bx)^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{c - c(a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)/(c - c*(a + b*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(asin(a + b*x)/(c - c*(a + b*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

**3.339** 
$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{(1-a^2)c-2abcx-b^2cx^2}} dx$$

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**3.339.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 36, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{(1 - a^2)c - 2abcx - b^2cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{2b\sqrt{c - c(a + bx)^2}}$$

output `1/2*arcsin(b*x+a)^2*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b/(c-c*(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)`

**3.339.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{(1 - a^2)c - 2abcx - b^2cx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \arcsin(a + bx)^2}{2b\sqrt{-c(-1 + a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)}}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a + b*x]/Sqrt[(1 - a^2)*c - 2*a*b*c*x - b^2*c*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/(2*b*Sqrt[-(c*(-1 + a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2))])`

**3.339.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.056$ , Rules used = {5306, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{(1-a^2)c-2abcx-b^2cx^2}} dx$$

↓ 5306

$$\frac{\int \frac{\arcsin(a+bx)}{\sqrt{c-c(a+bx)^2}} d(a+bx)}{b}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \arcsin(a+bx)^2}{2b\sqrt{c-c(a+bx)^2}}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a + b*x]/Sqrt[(1 - a^2)*c - 2*a*b*c*x - b^2*c*x^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]*ArcSin[a + b*x]^2)/(2*b*Sqrt[c - c*(a + b*x)^2])`

**3.339.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5306 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/d Subst[Int[(-C/d^2 + (C/d^2)*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B, C, n, p}, x] && EqQ[B*(1 - c^2) + 2*A*c*d, 0] && EqQ[2*c*C - B*d, 0]`



**3.339.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-c(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-1)}\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}\arcsin(bx+a)^2}{2c(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-1)b}$	80

input `int(arcsin(b*x+a)/((-a^2+1)*c-2*a*b*c*x-b^2*c*x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNV  
ERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(-c*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2-1))^(1/2)*(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2)/c/(  
b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2-1)/b*arcsin(b*x+a)^2`

**3.339.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{(1 - a^2)c - 2abcx - b^2cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)}{\sqrt{-b^2cx^2 - 2abcx - (a^2 - 1)c}} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/((-a^2+1)*c-2*a*b*c*x-b^2*c*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm  
m="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-b^2*c*x^2 - 2*a*b*c*x - (a^2 - 1)*c)*arcsin(b*x + a)/(b^2*  
c*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*x + (a^2 - 1)*c), x)`

**3.339.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{(1 - a^2)c - 2abcx - b^2cx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(asin(b*x+a)/((-a**2+1)*c-2*a*b*c*x-b**2*c*x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.339.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 200 vs.  $2(40) = 80$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.35

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{(1 - a^2)c - 2abcx - b^2cx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c} \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)^2}{2\sqrt{a^2b^2c^2-(a^2-1)b^2c^2}} - \frac{\arcsin(bx+a) \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2cx+abc}{\sqrt{a^2b^2c^2-(a^2-1)b^2c^2}}\right)}{b\sqrt{c}}$$

$$- \frac{\arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2cx+abc}{\sqrt{a^2b^2c^2-(a^2-1)b^2c^2}}\right) \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)}{b\sqrt{c}}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/((-a^2+1)*c-2*a*b*c*x-b^2*c*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*sqrt(c)*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))^2/sqrt(a^2*b^2*c^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2*c^2) - arcsin(b*x + a)*arcsin(-(b^2*c*x + a*b*c)/sqrt(a^2*b^2*c^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2*c^2))/(b*sqrt(c)) - arcsin(-(b^2*c*x + a*b*c)/sqrt(a^2*b^2*c^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2*c^2))*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/(b*sqrt(c))`

**3.339.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{(1 - a^2)c - 2abcx - b^2cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(bx + a)}{\sqrt{-b^2cx^2 - 2abcx - (a^2 - 1)c}} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(b*x+a)/((-a^2+1)*c-2*a*b*c*x-b^2*c*x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arcsin(b*x + a)/sqrt(-b^2*c*x^2 - 2*a*b*c*x - (a^2 - 1)*c), x)`

**3.339.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(a + bx)}{\sqrt{(1 - a^2)c - 2abcx - b^2cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(a + bx)}{\sqrt{-cb^2x^2 - 2acbx - c(a^2 - 1)}} dx$$

input `int(asin(a + b*x)/(- c*(a^2 - 1) - b^2*c*x^2 - 2*a*b*c*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int(asin(a + b*x)/(- c*(a^2 - 1) - b^2*c*x^2 - 2*a*b*c*x)^(1/2), x)`

### 3.340 $\int x^9(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$

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3.340.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2603
3.340.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2604

#### 3.340.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int x^9(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{10c^5} - \frac{b(1-c^2x^4)^{3/2}}{15c^5} + \frac{b(1-c^2x^4)^{5/2}}{50c^5} + \frac{1}{10}x^{10}(a + b \arcsin(cx^2))$$

output `-1/15*b*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)/c^5+1/50*b*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(5/2)/c^5+1/10*x^10*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))+1/10*b*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/c^5`

#### 3.340.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^9(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{1}{150} \left( 15ax^{10} + \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}(8 + 4c^2x^4 + 3c^4x^8)}{c^5} + 15bx^{10} \arcsin(cx^2) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^9*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]),x]`

output `(15*a*x^10 + (b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]*(8 + 4*c^2*x^4 + 3*c^4*x^8))/c^5 + 15*b*x^10*ArcSin[c*x^2])/150`

**3.340.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^9 (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{10} x^{10} (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) - \frac{1}{10} b \int \frac{2cx^{11}}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{10} x^{10} (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) - \frac{1}{5} bc \int \frac{x^{11}}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{1}{10} x^{10} (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) - \frac{1}{20} bc \int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \frac{1}{10} x^{10} (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) - \frac{1}{20} bc \int \left( \frac{(1 - c^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{c^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{c^4} + \frac{1}{c^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} \right) dx^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{10} x^{10} (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) - \frac{1}{20} bc \left( -\frac{2(1 - c^2 x^4)^{5/2}}{5c^6} + \frac{4(1 - c^2 x^4)^{3/2}}{3c^6} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{c^6} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^9*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/20*(b*c*((-2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4])/c^6 + (4*(1 - c^2*x^4)^(3/2))/(3*c^6) - (2*(1 - c^2*x^4)^(5/2))/(5*c^6))) + (x^10*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]))/10`

## 3.340.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5341 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

## 3.340.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
default	$\frac{ax^{10}}{10} + b \left( \frac{x^{10} \arcsin(cx^2)}{10} - \frac{(cx^2-1)(cx^2+1)(3c^4x^8+4c^2x^4+8)}{150c^5\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}} \right)$	71
parts	$\frac{ax^{10}}{10} + b \left( \frac{x^{10} \arcsin(cx^2)}{10} - \frac{(cx^2-1)(cx^2+1)(3c^4x^8+4c^2x^4+8)}{150c^5\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}} \right)$	71

input `int(x^9*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/10*a*x^{10}+b*(1/10*x^{10}*\arcsin(c*x^2)-1/150/c^5*(c*x^2-1)*(c*x^2+1)*(3*c^4*x^8+4*c^2*x^4+8)/(-c^2*x^4+1)^{(1/2)})$

### 3.340.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int x^9(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{15bc^5x^{10}\arcsin(cx^2) + 15ac^5x^{10} + (3bc^4x^8 + 4bc^2x^4 + 8b)\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}}{150c^5}$$

input `integrate(x^9*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/150*(15*b*c^5*x^{10}*\arcsin(c*x^2) + 15*a*c^5*x^{10} + (3*b*c^4*x^8 + 4*b*c^2*x^4 + 8*b)*\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1})/c^5$

### 3.340.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int x^9(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{ax^{10}}{10} + \frac{bx^{10}\arcsin(cx^2)}{10} + \frac{bx^8\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{50c} + \frac{2bx^4\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{75c^3} + \frac{4b\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{75c^5} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ \frac{ax^{10}}{10} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**9*(a+b*asin(c*x**2)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*x**10/10 + b*x**10*asin(c*x**2)/10 + b*x**8*sqrt(-c**2*x**4 + 1)/(50*c) + 2*b*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**4 + 1)/(75*c**3) + 4*b*sqrt(-c**2*x**4 + 1)/(75*c**5), Ne(c, 0)), (a*x**10/10, True))`

**3.340.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^9 (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) dx = \frac{1}{10} ax^{10} + \frac{1}{150} \left( 15x^{10} \arcsin (cx^2) + c \left( \frac{3(-c^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{c^6} - \frac{10(-c^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{c^6} + \frac{15\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}}{c^6} \right) \right) b$$

input `integrate(x^9*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/10*a*x^10 + 1/150*(15*x^10*arcsin(c*x^2) + c*(3*(-c^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2)/c^6 - 10*(-c^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)/c^6 + 15*sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)/c^6))*b`**3.340.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int x^9 (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) dx = \frac{15acx^{10} + \left( \frac{15(c^2x^4-1)^2x^2\arcsin(cx^2)}{c^3} + \frac{30(c^2x^4-1)x^2\arcsin(cx^2)}{c^3} + \frac{15x^2\arcsin(cx^2)}{c^3} + \frac{3(c^2x^4-1)^2\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{c^4} - \frac{10(-c^2x^4+1)^{3/2}}{c^4} \right)}{150c}$$

input `integrate(x^9*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/150*(15*a*c*x^10 + (15*(c^2*x^4 - 1)^2*x^2*arcsin(c*x^2)/c^3 + 30*(c^2*x^4 - 1)*x^2*arcsin(c*x^2)/c^3 + 15*x^2*arcsin(c*x^2)/c^3 + 3*(c^2*x^4 - 1)^2*sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)/c^4 - 10*(-c^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)/c^4 + 15*sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)/c^4)*b)/c`



**3.340.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^9 (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) dx = \int x^9 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)) dx$$

input `int(x^9*(a + b*asin(c*x^2)),x)`output `int(x^9*(a + b*asin(c*x^2)), x)`

### 3.341 $\int x^7(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$

3.341.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2605
3.341.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2605
3.341.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2606
3.341.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2608
3.341.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2608
3.341.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2609
3.341.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2609
3.341.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2610
3.341.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2610

#### 3.341.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int x^7(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{3bx^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{64c^3} + \frac{bx^6\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{32c} - \frac{3b \arcsin(cx^2)}{64c^4} + \frac{1}{8}x^8(a + b \arcsin(cx^2))$$

output 
$$-3/64*b*\arcsin(c*x^2)/c^4+1/8*x^8*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x^2))+3/64*b*x^2*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/c^3+1/32*b*x^6*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/c$$

#### 3.341.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^7(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{ax^8}{8} + \frac{3bx^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{64c^3} + \frac{bx^6\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{32c} - \frac{3b \arcsin(cx^2)}{64c^4} + \frac{1}{8}bx^8 \arcsin(cx^2)$$

input `Integrate[x^7*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]),x]`

output 
$$(a*x^8)/8 + (3*b*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4])/(64*c^3) + (b*x^6*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4])/(32*c) - (3*b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/(64*c^4) + (b*x^8*ArcSin[c*x^2])/8$$

**3.341.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 807, 262, 262, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^7 (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} x^8 (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) - \frac{1}{8} b \int \frac{2cx^9}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} x^8 (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) - \frac{1}{4} bc \int \frac{x^9}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} x^8 (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) - \frac{1}{8} bc \int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} x^8 (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) - \frac{1}{8} bc \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx^2}{4c^2} - \frac{x^6 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{4c^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} x^8 (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) - \frac{1}{8} bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx^2}{2c^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{x^6 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{4c^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} x^8 (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) - \frac{1}{8} bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\arcsin (cx^2)}{2c^3} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{x^6 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{4c^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^7*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]),x]`

output  $(x^8(a + b\text{ArcSin}[c*x^2]))/8 - (b*c*(-1/4*(x^6*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^4])/c^2 + (3*(-1/2*(x^2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^4])/c^2 + \text{ArcSin}[c*x^2]/(2*c^3)))/(4*c^2)))/8$

### 3.341.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 223  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[-b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b]$

rule 262  $\text{Int}[((c_)*(x_)^m)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(c*x)^{m-1}*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^{2*(m-1)}/(b*(m+2*p+1)) \text{ Int}[(c*x)^{m-2}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 2-1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+2*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 807  $\text{Int}[(x_)^m*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{GCD}[m+1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m+1)/k-1}*(a + b*x^{n/k})^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k \neq 1] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 5341  $\text{Int}[(a_ + \text{ArcSin}[u_]*(b_))*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^m), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{m+1}*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[u])/(d*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b/(d*(m+1)) \text{ Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(c + d*x)^{m+1}*(D[u, x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - u^2]), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{InverseFunctionFreeQ}[u, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{FunctionOfQ}[(c + d*x)^{m+1}, u, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{FunctionOfExponentialQ}[u, x]$

**3.341.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result	size
default	$\frac{ax^8}{8} + \frac{bx^8 \arcsin(cx^2)}{8} + \frac{bx^6 \sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{32c} + \frac{3bx^2 \sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{64c^3} - \frac{3b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)}{64c^3 \sqrt{c^2}}$	95
parts	$\frac{ax^8}{8} + \frac{bx^8 \arcsin(cx^2)}{8} + \frac{bx^6 \sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{32c} + \frac{3bx^2 \sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{64c^3} - \frac{3b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)}{64c^3 \sqrt{c^2}}$	95

input `int(x^7*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $\frac{1}{8}ax^8 + \frac{1}{8}bx^8 \arcsin(cx^2) + \frac{1}{32}bx^6(-c^2x^4+1)^{(1/2)}/c + \frac{3}{64}bx^2(-c^2x^4+1)^{(1/2)}/c^3 - \frac{3}{64}b/c^3/(c^2)^{(1/2)} \arctan((c^2)^{(1/2)}x^2/(-c^2x^4+1)^{(1/2)})$ **3.341.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^7(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$$

$$= \frac{8ac^4x^8 + (8bc^4x^8 - 3b) \arcsin(cx^2) + (2bc^3x^6 + 3bcx^2)\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}}{64c^4}$$

input `integrate(x^7*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="fracas")`output  $\frac{1}{64}(8ac^4x^8 + (8bc^4x^8 - 3b) \arcsin(cx^2) + (2bc^3x^6 + 3bcx^2)\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1})/c^4$

**3.341.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int x^7(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{ax^8}{8} + \frac{bx^8 \arcsin(cx^2)}{8} + \frac{bx^6 \sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{32c} + \frac{3bx^2 \sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{64c^3} - \frac{3b \arcsin(cx^2)}{64c^4} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ \frac{ax^8}{8} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**7*(a+b*asin(c*x**2)),x)`output `Piecewise((a*x**8/8 + b*x**8*asin(c*x**2)/8 + b*x**6*sqrt(-c**2*x**4 + 1)/(32*c) + 3*b*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**4 + 1)/(64*c**3) - 3*b*asin(c*x**2)/(64*c**4), Ne(c, 0)), (a*x**8/8, True))`**3.341.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int x^7(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} ax^8$$

$$+ \frac{1}{64} \left( 8x^8 \arcsin(cx^2) + c \left( \frac{5\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}c^2}{x^2} + \frac{3(-c^2x^4+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^6} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{cx^2}\right)}{c^5} \right) \right) b$$

input `integrate(x^7*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*a*x^8 + 1/64*(8*x^8*arcsin(c*x^2) + c*((5*sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)*c^2/x^2 + 3*(-c^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)/x^6)/(c^8 - 2*(c^2*x^4 - 1)*c^6/x^4 + (c^2*x^4 - 1)^2*c^4/x^8) + 3*arctan(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)/(c*x^2))/c^5))*b`

**3.341.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int x^7 (a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$$

$$= \frac{8acx^8 - \left( \frac{2(-c^2x^4+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2}{c^2} - \frac{5\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}x^2}{c^2} - \frac{8(c^2x^4-1)^2 \arcsin(cx^2)}{c^3} - \frac{16(c^2x^4-1) \arcsin(cx^2)}{c^3} - \frac{5 \arcsin(cx^2)}{c^3} \right) b}{64c}$$

input `integrate(x^7*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/64*(8*a*c*x^8 - (2*(-c^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)*x^2/c^2 - 5*sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)*x^2/c^2 - 8*(c^2*x^4 - 1)^2*arcsin(c*x^2)/c^3 - 16*(c^2*x^4 - 1)*arcsin(c*x^2)/c^3 - 5*arcsin(c*x^2)/c^3)*b)/c`**3.341.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^7 (a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \int x^7 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)) dx$$

input `int(x^7*(a + b*asin(c*x^2)),x)`output `int(x^7*(a + b*asin(c*x^2)), x)`

### 3.342 $\int x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$

3.342.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2611
3.342.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2611
3.342.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2612
3.342.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2613
3.342.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2614
3.342.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2614
3.342.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2614
3.342.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2615
3.342.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2615

#### 3.342.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{6c^3} - \frac{b(1-c^2x^4)^{3/2}}{18c^3} + \frac{1}{6}x^6(a + b \arcsin(cx^2))$$

output 
$$-1/18*b*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(3/2)/c^3+1/6*x^6*(a+b*\arcsin(c*x^2))+1/6*b*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/c^3$$

#### 3.342.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{ax^6}{6} + \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{9c^3} + \frac{bx^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{18c} + \frac{1}{6}bx^6 \arcsin(cx^2)$$

input 
$$\text{Integrate}[x^5*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x^2]),x]$$

output 
$$(a*x^6)/6 + (b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^4])/(9*c^3) + (b*x^4*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^4])/(18*c) + (b*x^6*\text{ArcSin}[c*x^2])/6$$



**3.342.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}x^6(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{1}{6}b \int \frac{2cx^7}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}x^6(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{1}{3}bc \int \frac{x^7}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}x^6(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{1}{12}bc \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}x^6(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{1}{12}bc \int \left( \frac{1}{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{c^2} \right) dx^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}x^6(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{1}{12}bc \left( \frac{2(1-c^2x^4)^{3/2}}{3c^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{c^4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/12*(b*c*((-2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4])/c^4 + (2*(1 - c^2*x^4)^(3/2))/(3*c^4))) + (x^6*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]))/6`

## 3.342.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5341 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

## 3.342.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
default	$\frac{ax^6}{6} + b\left(\frac{x^6 \arcsin(cx^2)}{6} - \frac{(cx^2-1)(cx^2+1)(c^2x^4+2)}{18c^3\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)$	62
parts	$\frac{ax^6}{6} + b\left(\frac{x^6 \arcsin(cx^2)}{6} - \frac{(cx^2-1)(cx^2+1)(c^2x^4+2)}{18c^3\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)$	62

input `int(x^5*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/6*a*x^6+b*(1/6*x^6*\arcsin(c*x^2)-1/18/c^3*(c*x^2-1)*(c*x^2+1)*(c^2*x^4+2)/(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2))$

### 3.342.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{3bc^3x^6 \arcsin(cx^2) + 3ac^3x^6 + (bc^2x^4 + 2b)\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}}{18c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/18*(3*b*c^3*x^6*\arcsin(c*x^2) + 3*a*c^3*x^6 + (b*c^2*x^4 + 2*b)*\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1})/c^3$

### 3.342.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{ax^6}{6} + \frac{bx^6 \arcsin(cx^2)}{6} + \frac{bx^4 \sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{18c} + \frac{b\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{9c^3} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ \frac{ax^6}{6} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(a+b*asin(c*x**2)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*x**6/6 + b*x**6*asin(c*x**2)/6 + b*x**4*sqrt(-c**2*x**4 + 1)/(18*c) + b*sqrt(-c**2*x**4 + 1)/(9*c**3), Ne(c, 0)), (a*x**6/6, True))`

### 3.342.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{6}ax^6 + \frac{1}{18} \left( 3x^6 \arcsin(cx^2) - c \left( \frac{(-c^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{c^4} - \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) b \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*a*x^6 + 1/18*(3*x^6*arcsin(c*x^2) - c*((-c^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)/c^4 - 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)/c^4))*b`

### 3.342.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int x^5 (a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3acx^6 + \left( \frac{3(c^2x^4 - 1)x^2 \arcsin(cx^2)}{c} + \frac{3x^2 \arcsin(cx^2)}{c} - \frac{(-c^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}}{c^2} \right) b}{18c}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/18*(3*a*c*x^6 + (3*(c^2*x^4 - 1)*x^2*arcsin(c*x^2)/c + 3*x^2*arcsin(c*x^2)/c - (-c^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)/c^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)/c^2)*b)/c`

### 3.342.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 (a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \int x^5 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)) dx$$

input `int(x^5*(a + b*asin(c*x^2)),x)`

output `int(x^5*(a + b*asin(c*x^2)), x)`

### 3.343 $\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$

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3.343.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2616
3.343.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2617
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3.343.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2620
3.343.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2620

#### 3.343.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{bx^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{8c} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2)}{8c^2} + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx^2))$$

output `-1/8*b*arcsin(c*x^2)/c^2+1/4*x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))+1/8*b*x^2*(-c^2*x^4+1)  
)^^(1/2)/c`

#### 3.343.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bx^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{8c} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2)}{8c^2} + \frac{1}{4}bx^4 \arcsin(cx^2)$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]),x]`

output `(a*x^4)/4 + (b*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4])/(8*c) - (b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/(8*c^2) +  
(b*x^4*ArcSin[c*x^2])/4`

**3.343.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 807, 262, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{2cx^5}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{1}{2}bc \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{1}{4}bc \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{1}{4}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx^2}{2c^2} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{2c^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{1}{4}bc \left( \frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{2c^3} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{2c^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]),x]`

output `(x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]))/4 - (b*c*(-1/2*(x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4])/c^2 + ArcSin[c*x^2]/(2*c^3)))/4`

## 3.343.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 262 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m-1)*((a+b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1)) Int[(c*x)^(m-2)*(a+b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2-1] && NeQ[m+2*p+1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`
- rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m+1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m+1)/k-1)*(a+b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 5341 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c+d*x)^(m+1)*((a+b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m+1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m+1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c+d*x)^(m+1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1-u^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c+d*x)^(m+1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

## 3.343.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result	size
default	$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bx^4 \arcsin(cx^2)}{4} + \frac{bx^2\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{8c} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)}{8c\sqrt{c^2}}$	74
parts	$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bx^4 \arcsin(cx^2)}{4} + \frac{bx^2\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{8c} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2}}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)}{8c\sqrt{c^2}}$	74

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/4*a*x^4+1/4*b*x^4*\arcsin(c*x^2)+1/8*b*x^2*(-c^2*x^4+1)^{(1/2)}/c-1/8*b/c/(c^2)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((c^2)^{(1/2)}*x^2/(-c^2*x^4+1)^{(1/2)})$

### 3.343.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{2ac^2x^4 + \sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}bcx^2 + (2bc^2x^4 - b) \arcsin(cx^2)}{8c^2}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/8*(2*a*c^2*x^4 + \sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1}*b*c*x^2 + (2*b*c^2*x^4 - b)*\arcsin(c*x^2))/c^2$

### 3.343.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bx^4 \arcsin(cx^2)}{4} + \frac{bx^2 \sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}}{8c} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2)}{8c^2} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ \frac{ax^4}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*asin(c*x**2)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*x**4/4 + b*x**4*asin(c*x**2)/4 + b*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**4 + 1)/(8*c) - b*asin(c*x**2)/(8*c**2), Ne(c, 0)), (a*x**4/4, True))`

### 3.343.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{1}{4}ax^4 + \frac{1}{8} \left( 2x^4 \arcsin(cx^2) + c \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{cx^2}\right)}{c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{\left(c^4 - \frac{(c^2x^4-1)c^2}{x^4}\right)x^2} \right) \right) b$$



input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{4}ax^4 + \frac{1}{8}(2x^4\arcsin(cx^2) + c(\arctan(\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1})/(cx^2)))/c^3 + \sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}/((c^4 - (c^2x^4 - 1)c^2/x^4)x^2))b$

### 3.343.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{2acx^4 + \frac{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}cx^2+2(c^2x^4-1)\arcsin(cx^2)+\arcsin(cx^2))b}{c}}{8c}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{8}(2acx^4 + (\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}cx^2 + 2(c^2x^4 - 1)\arcsin(cx^2) + \arcsin(cx^2))b/c)/c$

### 3.343.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{b\left(\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)(2c^2x^4-1)}{4} + \frac{cx^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{4}\right)}{2c^2}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*asin(c*x^2)),x)`

output  $(ax^4)/4 + (b*((asin(c*x^2)*(2*c^2*x^4 - 1))/4 + (c*x^2*(1 - c^2*x^4)^(1/2))/4))/(2*c^2)$

### 3.344 $\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$

3.344.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2621
3.344.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2621
3.344.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2622
3.344.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2623
3.344.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2623
3.344.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2623
3.344.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2624
3.344.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2624
3.344.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2624

#### 3.344.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{2c} + \frac{1}{2}bx^2 \arcsin(cx^2)$$

output `1/2*a*x^2+1/2*b*x^2*arcsin(c*x^2)+1/2*b*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/c`

#### 3.344.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{1}{2}b \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{c} + x^2 \arcsin(cx^2) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]),x]`

output `(a*x^2)/2 + (b*(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]/c + x^2*ArcSin[c*x^2]))/2`

**3.344.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {7266, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{7266}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int (a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx^2$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( ax^2 + bx^2 \arcsin(cx^2) + \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{c} \right)$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]),x]`

output `(a*x^2 + (b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4])/c + b*x^2*ArcSin[c*x^2])/2`

**3.344.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7266 `Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[SubstFor[x^(m + 1), u, x], x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && FunctionOfQ[x^(m + 1), u, x]`

**3.344.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{b(c x^2 \arcsin(c x^2) + \sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1})}{2c}$	38
derivativedivides	$\frac{c x^2 a + b(c x^2 \arcsin(c x^2) + \sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1})}{2c}$	39
default	$\frac{c x^2 a + b(c x^2 \arcsin(c x^2) + \sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1})}{2c}$	39

input `int(x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/2*a*x^2+1/2*b/c*(c*x^2*arcsin(c*x^2)+(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2))`**3.344.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{bcx^2 \arcsin(cx^2) + acx^2 + \sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}b}{2c}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(b*c*x^2*arcsin(c*x^2) + a*c*x^2 + sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)*b)/c`**3.344.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{bx^2 \arcsin(cx^2)}{2} + \frac{b\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{2c} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ \frac{ax^2}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*asin(c*x**2)),x)`output `Piecewise((a*x**2/2 + b*x**2*asin(c*x**2)/2 + b*sqrt(-c**2*x**4 + 1)/(2*c), Ne(c, 0)), (a*x**2/2, True))`

**3.344.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{1}{2} ax^2 + \frac{(cx^2 \arcsin(cx^2) + \sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1})b}{2c}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*a*x^2 + 1/2*(c*x^2*arcsin(c*x^2) + sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1))*b/c`**3.344.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{acx^2 + (cx^2 \arcsin(cx^2) + \sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1})b}{2c}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(a*c*x^2 + (c*x^2*arcsin(c*x^2) + sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1))*b)/c`**3.344.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4}}{2c} + \frac{bx^2 \arcsin(cx^2)}{2}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*asin(c*x^2)),x)`output `(a*x^2)/2 + (b*(1 - c^2*x^4)^(1/2))/(2*c) + (b*x^2*asin(c*x^2))/2`

### 3.345 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x} dx$

3.345.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2625
3.345.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2625
3.345.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2626
3.345.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	2627
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3.345.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2627
3.345.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2628
3.345.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2628
3.345.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2628

#### 3.345.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{4}ib \arcsin(cx^2)^2 + \frac{1}{2}b \arcsin(cx^2) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(cx^2)}) + a \log(x) - \frac{1}{4}ib \text{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin(cx^2)}\right)$$

output `-1/4*I*b*arcsin(c*x^2)^2+1/2*b*arcsin(c*x^2)*ln(1-(I*c*x^2+(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2))^2)+a*ln(x)-1/4*I*b*polylog(2,(I*c*x^2+(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2))^2)`

#### 3.345.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x} dx = a \log(x) + \frac{1}{2}b \left( \arcsin(cx^2) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(cx^2)}) - \frac{1}{2}i \left( \arcsin(cx^2)^2 + \text{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin(cx^2)}\right) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x,x]`

output `a*Log[x] + (b*(ArcSin[c*x^2]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*x^2])] - (I/2)*(ArcSin[c*x^2]^2 + PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*x^2])])))/2`

**3.345.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x} dx$$

↓ 7293

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x} + \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$a \log(x) - \frac{1}{4} i b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin(cx^2)}\right) - \frac{1}{4} i b \arcsin(cx^2)^2 + \frac{1}{2} b \arcsin(cx^2) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(cx^2)}\right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x,x]`

output `(-1/4*I)*b*ArcSin[c*x^2]^2 + (b*ArcSin[c*x^2]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*x^2])])/2 + a*Log[x] - (I/4)*b*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*x^2])]`

**3.345.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]`

**3.345.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x,x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x,x)`

**3.345.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2) + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arcsin(c*x^2) + a)/x, x)`

**3.345.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x**2))/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x**2))/x, x)`



**3.345.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2) + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*integrate(arctan2(c*x^2, sqrt(c*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + 1))/x, x) + a*log(x)`

**3.345.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2) + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x^2) + a)/x, x)`

**3.345.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x} dx = a \ln(x) - \frac{b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)^2 \operatorname{li}}{4} - \frac{b \operatorname{polylog}(2, e^{\operatorname{asin}(cx^2) 2i}) \operatorname{li}}{4} + \frac{b \ln(1 - e^{\operatorname{asin}(cx^2) 2i}) \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)}{2}$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x,x)`

output `a*log(x) - (b*asin(c*x^2)^2*li)/4 - (b*polylog(2, exp(asin(c*x^2)*2i))*li)/4 + (b*log(1 - exp(asin(c*x^2)*2i))*asin(c*x^2))/2`

$$3.346 \quad \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^3} dx$$

3.346.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2629
3.346.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2629
3.346.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2630
3.346.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2631
3.346.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2632
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3.346.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2634

### 3.346.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{2}b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-c^2x^4})$$

output `1/2*(-a-b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^2-1/2*b*c*arctanh((-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2))`

### 3.346.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{2}b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-c^2x^4})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*a/x^2 - (b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/(2*x^2) - (b*c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]])/2`

**3.346.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 798, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{2c}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & bc \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} bc \int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx^4 - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{c^2} - \frac{x^8}{c^2}} d\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{2c} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & -\frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{2} b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-c^2x^4})
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^2 - (b*c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]])/2`

## 3.346.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`
- rule 5341 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

## 3.346.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a}{2x^2} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{2x^2} - \frac{c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)}{2} \right)$	38
parts	$-\frac{a}{2x^2} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{2x^2} - \frac{c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)}{2} \right)$	38

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*a/x^2+b*(-1/2/x^2*arcsin(c*x^2)-1/2*c*arctanh(1/(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)))`

### 3.346.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{bcx^2 \log(\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1} + 1) - bcx^2 \log(\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1} - 1) + 2b \arcsin(cx^2) + 2a}{4x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(b*c*x^2*log(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1) - b*c*x^2*log(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) - 1) + 2*b*arcsin(c*x^2) + 2*a)/x^2`

### 3.346.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} + bc \left( \begin{cases} -\frac{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{1}{cx^2}\right)}{2} & \text{for } \frac{1}{|c^2x^4|} > 1 \\ \frac{i \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx^2}\right)}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) - \frac{b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x**2))/x**3,x)`

output `-a/(2*x**2) + b*c*Piecewise((-acosh(1/(c*x**2))/2, 1/Abs(c**2*x**4) > 1), (I*asin(1/(c*x**2))/2, True)) - b*asin(c*x**2)/(2*x**2)`

**3.346.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left( c \left( \log \left( \sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1} + 1 \right) - \log \left( \sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1} - 1 \right) \right) + \frac{2 \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^2} \right) b - \frac{a}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*(c*(log(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1) - log(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) - 1)) + 2*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^2)*b - 1/2*a/x^2`**3.346.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 354 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.08

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}bc^3x^2 \arcsin(cx^2)}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}+1)^2} + \frac{bc^3x^2 \arcsin(cx^2)}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}-1)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}ac^3x^2}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}+1)^2} + \frac{ac^3x^2}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}-1)^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}bc^2 \log(x^2|c|)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}+1} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}bc^2 \log(x^2|c|)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}-1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/4*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)*b*c^3*x^2*arcsin(c*x^2)/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^2 + b*c^3*x^2*arcsin(c*x^2)/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) - 1)^2 + sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)*a*c^3*x^2/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^2 + a*c^3*x^2/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) - 1)^2 - 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)*b*c^2*log(x^2*abs(c))/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1) + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)*b*c^2*log(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) - 1) - 2*b*c^2*log(x^2*abs(c))/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1) + 2*b*c^2*log(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) - 1) + sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)*b*c*a*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^2 + b*c*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^2 + sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)*a*c/x^2 + a*c/x^2)/c`

**3.346.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{bc \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}\right)}{2} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2)}{2x^2}$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^3,x)`output `- a/(2*x^2) - (b*c*atanh(1/(1 - c^2*x^4)^(1/2)))/2 - (b*asin(c*x^2))/(2*x^2)`

$$3.347 \quad \int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^5} dx$$

3.347.1 Optimal result	2635
3.347.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2635
3.347.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2636
3.347.4 Maple [A] (verified)	2637
3.347.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2637
3.347.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2638
3.347.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2638
3.347.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2638
3.347.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2639

### 3.347.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{bc\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{4x^2} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{4x^4}$$

output  $1/4*(-a-b*\arcsin(c*x^2))/x^4-1/4*b*c*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/x^2$

### 3.347.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a}{4x^4} - \frac{bc\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{4x^2} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2)}{4x^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^5,x]`

output  $-1/4*a/x^4 - (b*c*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^4])/(4*x^2) - (b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x^2])/(4*x^4)$



**3.347.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5341$$

$$\frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{2c}{x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{4x^4}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{2}bc \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{4x^4}$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$-\frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{4x^4} - \frac{bc\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{4x^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(b*c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4])/x^2 - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/(4*x^4)`

**3.347.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 5341 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)
) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,
x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,
x]
```

### 3.347.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a}{4x^4} + b\left(-\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{4x^4} + \frac{c(cx^2-1)(cx^2+1)}{4x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)$	54
parts	$-\frac{a}{4x^4} + b\left(-\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{4x^4} + \frac{c(cx^2-1)(cx^2+1)}{4x^2\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)$	54

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $-1/4*a/x^4+b*(-1/4/x^4*arcsin(c*x^2)+1/4*c/x^2*(c*x^2-1)*(c*x^2+1)/(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2))$

### 3.347.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^5} dx = \frac{ax^4 - \sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}bcx^2 - b \arcsin(cx^2) - a}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/4*(a*x^4 - \sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1}*b*c*x^2 - b*arcsin(c*x^2) - a)/x^4$

**3.347.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a}{4x^4} + \frac{bc \left( \begin{cases} -\frac{i\sqrt{c^2x^4-1}}{2x^2} & \text{for } |c^2x^4| > 1 \\ -\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{2x^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2)}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x**2))/x**5,x)`output `-a/(4*x**4) + b*c*Piecewise((-I*sqrt(c**2*x**4 - 1)/(2*x**2), Abs(c**2*x**4) > 1), (-sqrt(-c**2*x**4 + 1)/(2*x**2), True))/2 - b*asin(c*x**2)/(4*x**4)`**3.347.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{1}{4} b \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}c}{x^2} + \frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{x^4} \right) - \frac{a}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*b*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)*c/x^2 + arcsin(c*x^2)/x^4) - 1/4*a/x^4`**3.347.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 176 vs. 2(35) = 70.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.29

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^5} dx = \frac{bc^5x^4 \arcsin(cx^2)}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}+1)^2} + \frac{ac^5x^4}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}+1)^2} - \frac{2bc^4x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}+1} + 2bc^3 \arcsin(cx^2) + 2ac^3 + \frac{2bc^2(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}+1)}{x^2} + \frac{bc(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1})}{x^2}$$

16c

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/16*(b*c^5*x^4*arcsin(c*x^2)/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^2 + a*c^5*x^4/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^2 - 2*b*c^4*x^2/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1) + 2*b*c^3*arcsin(c*x^2) + 2*a*c^3 + 2*b*c^2*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)/x^2 + b*c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^4 + a*c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^2/x^4)/c`

### 3.347.9 Mupad **[F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^5,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^5, x)`

### 3.348 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^7} dx$

3.348.1 Optimal result	2640
3.348.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2640
3.348.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2641
3.348.4 Maple [A] (verified)	2643
3.348.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2643
3.348.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2644
3.348.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2644
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#### 3.348.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4}}{12x^4} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{6x^6} - \frac{1}{12}bc^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4})$$

output `1/6*(-a-b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^6-1/12*b*c^3*arctanh((-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2))-1/12*b*c*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/x^4`

#### 3.348.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a}{6x^6} - \frac{bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4}}{12x^4} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2)}{6x^6} - \frac{1}{12}bc^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^7,x]`

output `-1/6*a/x^6 - (b*c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4])/(12*x^4) - (b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/(6*x^6) - (b*c^3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]])/12`

**3.348.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 798, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} b \int \frac{2c}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{6x^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} bc \int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{6x^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{1}{12} bc \int \frac{1}{x^8 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx^4 - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{6x^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{1}{12} bc \left( \frac{1}{2} c^2 \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx^4 - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{x^4} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{6x^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{1}{12} bc \left( - \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{c^2} - \frac{x^8}{c^2}} d\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{x^4} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{6x^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{1}{12} bc \left( c^2 \left( -\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{x^4} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{6x^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^7,x]`

output `-1/6*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^6 + (b*c*(-(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]/x^4) - c^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]]))/12`

## 3.348.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`
- rule 5341 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

**3.348.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a}{6x^6} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{6x^6} + \frac{c \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{4x^4} - \frac{c^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)}{4} \right)}{3} \right)$	61
parts	$-\frac{a}{6x^6} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{6x^6} + \frac{c \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{4x^4} - \frac{c^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)}{4} \right)}{3} \right)$	61

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/6*a/x^6+b*(-1/6/x^6*arcsin(c*x^2)+1/3*c*(-1/4/x^4*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)-1/4*c^2*arctanh(1/(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2))))
```

**3.348.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^7} dx = \frac{bc^3x^6 \log(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}+1) - bc^3x^6 \log(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}-1) + 2\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}bcx^2 + 4b \arcsin(cx^2) + 4a}{24x^6}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^7,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -1/24*(b*c^3*x^6*log(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1) - b*c^3*x^6*log(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) - 1) + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)*b*c*x^2 + 4*b*arcsin(c*x^2) + 4*a)/x^6
```



**3.348.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{a}{6x^6} + \frac{bc \left( \begin{cases} -\frac{c^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{1}{cx^2}\right)}{4} + \frac{c}{4x^2 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^4}}} - \frac{1}{4cx^6 \sqrt{-1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^4}}} & \text{for } \frac{1}{|c^2 x^4|} > 1 \\ \frac{ic^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx^2}\right)}{4} - \frac{ic \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^4}}}{4x^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3} - \frac{b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)}{6x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x**2))/x**7,x)`output `-a/(6*x**6) + b*c*Piecewise((-c**2*acosh(1/(c*x**2))/4 + c/(4*x**2*sqrt(-1 + 1/(c**2*x**4))) - 1/(4*c*x**6*sqrt(-1 + 1/(c**2*x**4))), 1/Abs(c**2*x**4) > 1), (I*c**2*asin(1/(c*x**2))/4 - I*c*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**4))/(4*x**2), True))/3 - b*asin(c*x**2)/(6*x**6)`**3.348.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^7} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{24} \left( \left( c^2 \log(\sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1} + 1) - c^2 \log(\sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1} - 1) + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1}}{x^4} \right) c + \frac{4 \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^6} \right) b - \frac{a}{6x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/24*((c^2*log(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1) - c^2*log(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) - 1) + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)/x^4)*c + 4*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^6)*b - 1/6*a/x^6`

**3.348.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 301 vs. 2(54) = 108.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.70

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^7} dx = \frac{bc^7 x^6 \arcsin(cx^2)}{(\sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1} + 1)^3} + \frac{ac^7 x^6}{(\sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1} + 1)^3} - \frac{bc^6 x^4}{(\sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1} + 1)^2} + \frac{3bc^5 x^2 \arcsin(cx^2)}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1} + 1} + \frac{3ac^5 x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1} + 1} - 4bc^4 \log(x^2|c|) + 4bc^4 \log(\sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1} + 1) + \frac{3ac^3}{x^2} + \frac{3bc^3 \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^2} + \frac{bc^2}{x^4} + \frac{bc^2 \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^6} + \frac{ac}{x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/48*(b*c^7*x^6*arcsin(c*x^2)/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^3 + a*c^7*x^6/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^3 - b*c^6*x^4/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^2 + 3*b*c^5*x^2*arcsin(c*x^2)/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1) + 3*a*c^5*x^2/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1) - 4*b*c^4*log(x^2*abs(c)) + 4*b*c^4*log(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1) + 3*b*c^3*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^2 + 3*a*c^3*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)/x^2 + b*c^2*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^2/x^4 + b*c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^3*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^6 + a*c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^3/x^6)/c`

**3.348.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)}{x^7} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^7,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^7, x)`

**3.349**  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^9} dx$

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 3.349.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2647  
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 3.349.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2649  
 3.349.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2649  
 3.349.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2649  
 3.349.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2650  
 3.349.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2650

**3.349.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^9} dx = -\frac{bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4}}{24x^6} - \frac{bc^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4}}{12x^2} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{8x^8}$$

output `1/8*(-a-b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^8-1/24*b*c*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/x^6-1/12*b*c^3*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/x^2`

**3.349.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^9} dx = -\frac{a}{8x^8} + \frac{1}{2}b \left( -\frac{c\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4}(1 + 2c^2x^4)}{12x^6} - \frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{4x^8} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^9,x]`

output `-1/8*a/x^8 + (b*(-1/12*(c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]*(1 + 2*c^2*x^4))/x^6 - ArcSin[c*x^2]/(4*x^8)))/2`

**3.349.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^9} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} b \int \frac{2c}{x^7 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{8x^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} bc \int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{8x^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{803} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} bc \left( \frac{2}{3} c^2 \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{6x^6} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{8x^8} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{796} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} bc \left( -\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{6x^6} - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{3x^2} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{8x^8}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^9,x]`

output `(b*c*(-1/6*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]/x^6 - (c^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4])/(3*x^2)))/4 - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/(8*x^8)`

## 3.349.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 796 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m+1)*((a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(a*c*(m+1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m+1)/n+p+1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m+1)*((a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(a*(m+1))), x] - Simp[b*(m+n*(p+1)+1)/(a*(m+1))] Int[x^(m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && LtQ[Simplify[(m+1)/n+p+1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5341 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c+d*x)^(m+1)*((a+b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m+1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m+1))] Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c+d*x)^(m+1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1-u^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c+d*x)^(m+1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

## 3.349.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a}{8x^8} + b\left(-\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{8x^8} + \frac{c(cx^2-1)(cx^2+1)(2c^2x^4+1)}{24x^6\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)$	64
parts	$-\frac{a}{8x^8} + b\left(-\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{8x^8} + \frac{c(cx^2-1)(cx^2+1)(2c^2x^4+1)}{24x^6\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)$	64

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/8*a/x^8+b*(-1/8/x^8*arcsin(c*x^2)+1/24*c*(c*x^2-1)*(c*x^2+1)*(2*c^2*x^4+1)/x^6/(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2))`

**3.349.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^9} dx = \frac{3ax^8 - 3b \arcsin(cx^2) - (2bc^3x^6 + bcx^2)\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1} - 3a}{24x^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^9,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/24*(3*a*x^8 - 3*b*arcsin(c*x^2) - (2*b*c^3*x^6 + b*c*x^2)*sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) - 3*a)/x^8`**3.349.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^9} dx = -\frac{a}{8x^8} + \frac{bc \left( \begin{cases} -\frac{ic^2\sqrt{c^2x^4-1}}{3x^2} - \frac{i\sqrt{c^2x^4-1}}{6x^6} & \text{for } |c^2x^4| > 1 \\ -\frac{c^2\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{3x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{6x^6} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{4} - \frac{b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)}{8x^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x**2))/x**9,x)`output `-a/(8*x**8) + b*c*Piecewise((-I*c**2*sqrt(c**2*x**4 - 1)/(3*x**2) - I*sqrt(c**2*x**4 - 1)/(6*x**6), Abs(c**2*x**4) > 1), (-c**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**4 + 1)/(3*x**2) - sqrt(-c**2*x**4 + 1)/(6*x**6), True))/4 - b*asin(c*x**2)/(8*x**8)`**3.349.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^9} dx = -\frac{1}{24} \left( c \left( \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}c^2}{x^2} + \frac{(-c^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^6} \right) + \frac{3 \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^8} \right) b - \frac{a}{8x^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/24*(c*(3*sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)*c^2/x^2 + (-c^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)/x^6) + 3*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^8)*b - 1/8*a/x^8`

### 3.349.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 342 vs. 2(56) = 112.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.18

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^9} dx = \frac{3bc^9x^8 \arcsin(cx^2)}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}+1)^4} + \frac{3ac^9x^8}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}+1)^4} - \frac{2bc^8x^6}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}+1)^3} + \frac{12bc^7x^4 \arcsin(cx^2)}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}+1)^2} + \frac{12ac^7x^4}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}+1)^2} - \frac{18bc^6x^2}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}+1} + 18$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/384*(3*b*c^9*x^8*arcsin(c*x^2)/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^4 + 3*a*c^9*x^8/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^4 - 2*b*c^8*x^6/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^3 + 12*b*c^7*x^4*arcsin(c*x^2)/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^2 + 12*a*c^7*x^4/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^2 - 18*b*c^6*x^2/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1) + 18*b*c^5*arcsin(c*x^2) + 18*a*c^5 + 18*b*c^4*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)/x^2 + 12*b*c^3*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^4 + 12*a*c^3*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^2/x^4 + 2*b*c^2*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^3/x^6 + 3*b*c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^8 + 3*a*c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^4/x^8)/c`

### 3.349.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^9} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)}{x^9} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^9,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^9, x)`

---

3.349.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^9} dx$

### 3.350 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{11}} dx$

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#### 3.350.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4}}{40x^8} - \frac{3bc^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4}}{80x^4} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{10x^{10}} - \frac{3}{80}bc^5 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4})$$

```
output 1/10*(-a-b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^10-3/80*b*c^5*arctanh((-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2))-1/40
*b*c*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/x^8-3/80*b*c^3*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/x^4
```

#### 3.350.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{a}{10x^{10}} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2)}{10x^{10}} - \frac{1}{10}bc^5\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3, \frac{3}{2}, 1 - c^2x^4\right)$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^11,x]
```

```
output -1/10*a/x^10 - (b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/(10*x^10) - (b*c^5*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]*Hype
rgeometric2F1[1/2, 3, 3/2, 1 - c^2*x^4])/10
```



**3.350.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 798, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{11}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{10} b \int \frac{2c}{x^9 \sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{10x^{10}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} bc \int \frac{1}{x^9 \sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{10x^{10}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{1}{20} bc \int \frac{1}{x^{12} \sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx^4 - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{10x^{10}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{1}{20} bc \left( \frac{3}{4} c^2 \int \frac{1}{x^8 \sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx^4 - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{2x^8} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{10x^{10}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{1}{20} bc \left( \frac{3}{4} c^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} c^2 \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx^4 - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{x^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{2x^8} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{10x^{10}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{1}{20} bc \left( \frac{3}{4} c^2 \left( - \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{c^2} - \frac{x^8}{c^2}} d\sqrt{1-c^2x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{x^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{2x^8} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{10x^{10}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{1}{20} bc \left( \frac{3}{4} c^2 \left( c^2 (-\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-c^2x^4})) - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{x^4} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{2x^8} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{10x^{10}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^11,x]`

---

3.350.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{11}} dx$

output 
$$-1/10*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c*x^2])/x^{10} + (b*c*(-1/2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^4]/x^8 + (3*c^2*(-\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^4]/x^4) - c^2*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^4]]))/4)/20$$

### 3.350.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 52 
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 73 
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 221 
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 798 
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$$

rule 5341 
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcSin}[u_]* (b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b/(d*(m + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(c + d*x)^{(m + 1)}*(D[u, x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - u^2]), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{InverseFunctionFreeQ}[u, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{FunctionOfQ}[(c + d*x)^{(m + 1)}, u, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{FunctionOfExponentialQ}[u, x]$$

### 3.350.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a}{10x^{10}} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{10x^{10}} + \frac{c \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{8x^8} + \frac{3c^2 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{2x^4} - \frac{c^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)}{2} \right)}{8} \right)}{5} \right)$	84
parts	$-\frac{a}{10x^{10}} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{10x^{10}} + \frac{c \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{8x^8} + \frac{3c^2 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{2x^4} - \frac{c^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)}{2} \right)}{8} \right)}{5} \right)$	84

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/10*a/x^10+b*(-1/10/x^10*arcsin(c*x^2)+1/5*c*(-1/8/x^8*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)+3/8*c^2*(-1/2/x^4*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)-1/2*c^2*arctanh(1/(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2))))`

### 3.350.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{-3bc^5x^{10} \log(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1} + 1) - 3bc^5x^{10} \log(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1} - 1) + 16b \arcsin(cx^2) + 2(3bc^3x^6 + 2bcx^2)}{160x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^11,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/160*(3*b*c^5*x^{10}*\log(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1}) + 1) - 3*b*c^5*x^{10}*\log(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} - 1) + 16*b*\arcsin(c*x^2) + 2*(3*b*c^3*x^6 + 2*b*c*x^2)*\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 16*a)/x^{10}}$$

### 3.350.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{a}{10x^{10}} + \frac{bc}{5} \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( -\frac{3c^4 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{1}{cx^2}\right)}{16} + \frac{3c^3}{16x^2\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{c^2x^4}}} - \frac{c}{16x^6\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{c^2x^4}}} - \frac{1}{8cx^{10}\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{c^2x^4}}} \right) \text{ for } \frac{1}{|c^2x^4|} > 1 \\ \left( \frac{3ic^4 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx^2}\right)}{16} - \frac{3ic^3}{16x^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^4}}} + \frac{ic}{16x^6\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^4}}} + \frac{i}{8cx^{10}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^4}}} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$- \frac{b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)}{10x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x**2))/x**11,x)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -a/(10*x^{10}) + b*c*\operatorname{Piecewise}\left(\left(-3*c^{**4}*\operatorname{acosh}(1/(c*x^{**2}))/16 + 3*c^{**3}/(16*x^{**2}*\sqrt{-1 + 1/(c^{**2}*x^{**4})})\right) - c/(16*x^{**6}*\sqrt{-1 + 1/(c^{**2}*x^{**4})}) - 1/(8*c*x^{**10}*\sqrt{-1 + 1/(c^{**2}*x^{**4})}), 1/\operatorname{Abs}(c^{**2}*x^{**4}) > 1\right), \left(3*I*c^{**4}*\operatorname{asin}(1/(c*x^{**2}))/16 - 3*I*c^{**3}/(16*x^{**2}*\sqrt{1 - 1/(c^{**2}*x^{**4})}) + I*c/(16*x^{**6}*\sqrt{1 - 1/(c^{**2}*x^{**4})})\right) + I/(8*c*x^{**10}*\sqrt{1 - 1/(c^{**2}*x^{**4})}), \operatorname{True}) \\ & /5 - b*\operatorname{asin}(c*x^{**2})/(10*x^{**10}) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.350.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{11}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{160} \left( \left( 3c^4 \log(\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1} + 1) - 3c^4 \log(\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1} - 1) - \frac{2 \left( 3(-c^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^4 - 5\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1} \right)}{2c^2x^4 + (c^2x^4 - 1)^2 - 1} \right) - \frac{a}{10x^{10}} \right)$$

---

3.350.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{11}} dx$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-1/160*((3*c^4*\log(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1}) + 1) - 3*c^4*\log(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} - 1) - 2*(3*(-c^2*x^4 + 1)^{(3/2)}*c^4 - 5*\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1}*c^4)/(2*c^2*x^4 + (c^2*x^4 - 1)^2 - 1))*c + 16*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^{10}*b - 1/10*a/x^{10}$$

### 3.350.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 467 vs.  $2(75) = 150$ .

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 467, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.25

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{11}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2bc^{11}x^{10} \arcsin(cx^2)}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1+1})^5} + \frac{2ac^{11}x^{10}}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1+1})^5} - \frac{bc^{10}x^8}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1+1})^4} + \frac{10bc^9x^6 \arcsin(cx^2)}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1+1})^3} + \frac{10ac^9x^6}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1+1})^3} - \frac{8bc^8x^4}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1+1})^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^11,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/640*(2*b*c^{11}*x^{10}*arcsin(c*x^2)/(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 1)^5 + 2*a*c^{11}* \\ & x^{10}/(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 1)^5 - b*c^{10}*x^8/(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 1)^4 + \\ & 10*b*c^9*x^6*arcsin(c*x^2)/(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 1)^3 + 10*a*c^9*x^6/(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 1)^3 - \\ & 8*b*c^8*x^4/(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 1)^2 + 20*b*c^7*x^2*arcsin(c*x^2)/(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 1) + \\ & 20*a*c^7*x^2/(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 1) - 24*b*c^6*\log(x^2*abs(c)) + 24*b*c^6*\log(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 1) \\ & + 20*b*c^5*(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 1)*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^2 + 20*a*c^5*(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 1)/x^2 + \\ & 8*b*c^4*(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 1)^2/x^4 + 10*b*c^3*(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 1)^3*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^6 + \\ & 10*a*c^3*(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 1)^3/x^6 + b*c^2*(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 1)^4/x^8 + 2*b*c*(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 1)^5*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^{10} + \\ & 2*a*c*(\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1} + 1)^5/x^{10})/c \end{aligned}$$

**3.350.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{11}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)}{x^{11}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^11,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^11, x)`

### 3.351 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{13}} dx$

3.351.1 Optimal result	2658
3.351.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2658
3.351.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2659
3.351.4 Maple [A] (verified)	2660
3.351.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2661
3.351.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2661
3.351.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2662
3.351.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2662
3.351.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2663

#### 3.351.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{bc\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{60x^{10}} - \frac{bc^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{45x^6} - \frac{2bc^5\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{45x^2} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{12x^{12}}$$

output `1/12*(-a-b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^12-1/60*b*c*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/x^10-1/45*b*c^3*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/x^6-2/45*b*c^5*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/x^2`

#### 3.351.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{a}{12x^{12}} + \frac{1}{2}b \left( -\frac{c\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}(3 + 4c^2x^4 + 8c^4x^8)}{90x^{10}} - \frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{6x^{12}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^13,x]`

output `-1/12*a/x^12 + (b*(-1/90*(c*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]*(3 + 4*c^2*x^4 + 8*c^4*x^8))/x^10 - ArcSin[c*x^2]/(6*x^12)))/2`

**3.351.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 803, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{13}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{12} b \int \frac{2c}{x^{11} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{12x^{12}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} bc \int \frac{1}{x^{11} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{12x^{12}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{803} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} bc \left( \frac{4}{5} c^2 \int \frac{1}{x^7 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{10x^{10}} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{12x^{12}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{803} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} bc \left( \frac{4}{5} c^2 \left( \frac{2}{3} c^2 \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{6x^6} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{10x^{10}} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{12x^{12}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{796} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} bc \left( \frac{4}{5} c^2 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{6x^6} - \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{3x^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{10x^{10}} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{12x^{12}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^13,x]`

output `(b*c*(-1/10*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]/x^10 + (4*c^2*(-1/6*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]/x^6 - (c^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4])/(3*x^2)))/5))/6 - (a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/(12*x^12)`



## 3.351.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 796 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m+1)*((a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(a*c*(m+1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m+1)/n+p+1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m+1)*((a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(a*(m+1))), x] - Simp[b*(m+n*(p+1)+1)/(a*(m+1))] Int[x^(m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && !LtQ[Simplify[(m+1)/n+p+1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5341 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[u]*(b_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c+d*x)^(m+1)*((a+b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m+1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m+1))] Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c+d*x)^(m+1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1-u^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c+d*x)^(m+1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

## 3.351.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a}{12x^{12}} + b\left(-\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{12x^{12}} + \frac{c(cx^2-1)(cx^2+1)(8c^4x^8+4c^2x^4+3)}{180x^{10}\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)$	72
parts	$-\frac{a}{12x^{12}} + b\left(-\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{12x^{12}} + \frac{c(cx^2-1)(cx^2+1)(8c^4x^8+4c^2x^4+3)}{180x^{10}\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}\right)$	72

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^13,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/12*a/x^12+b*(-1/12/x^12*arcsin(c*x^2)+1/180*c*(c*x^2-1)*(c*x^2+1)*(8*c^4*x^8+4*c^2*x^4+3)/x^10/(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2))`

**3.351.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{13}} dx$$

$$= \frac{15ax^{12} - 15b \arcsin(cx^2) - (8bc^5x^{10} + 4bc^3x^6 + 3bcx^2)\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1} - 15a}{180x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^13,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/180*(15*a*x^12 - 15*b*arcsin(c*x^2) - (8*b*c^5*x^10 + 4*b*c^3*x^6 + 3*b*c*x^2)*sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) - 15*a)/x^12`**3.351.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{13}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{a}{12x^{12}} + \frac{bc \left( \begin{cases} -\frac{4c^5\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{c^2x^4}}}{15} - \frac{2c^3\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{c^2x^4}}}{15x^4} - \frac{c\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{c^2x^4}}}{10x^8} & \text{for } \frac{1}{|c^2x^4|} > 1 \\ -\frac{4ic^5\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^4}}}{15} - \frac{2ic^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^4}}}{15x^4} - \frac{ic\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^4}}}{10x^8} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{6} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2)}{12x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x**2))/x**13,x)`output `-a/(12*x**12) + b*c*Piecewise((-4*c**5*sqrt(-1 + 1/(c**2*x**4))/15 - 2*c**3*sqrt(-1 + 1/(c**2*x**4))/(15*x**4) - c*sqrt(-1 + 1/(c**2*x**4))/(10*x**8), 1/Abs(c**2*x**4) > 1), (-4*I*c**5*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**4))/15 - 2*I*c**3*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**4))/(15*x**4) - I*c*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**4))/(10*x**8), True))/6 - b*asin(c*x**2)/(12*x**12)`

**3.351.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{1}{180} \left( \left( \frac{15 \sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}c^4}{x^2} + \frac{10(-c^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2}{x^6} + \frac{3(-c^2x^4 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{x^{10}} \right) c + \frac{15 \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{12}} \right) b - \frac{a}{12x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^13,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/180*((15*sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)*c^4/x^2 + 10*(-c^2*x^4 + 1)^(3/2)*c^2/x^6 + 3*(-c^2*x^4 + 1)^(5/2)/x^10)*c + 15*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^12)*b - 1/12*a/x^12`**3.351.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 504 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 504, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.54

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{15bc^{13}x^{12} \arcsin(cx^2)}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1+1})^6} + \frac{15ac^{13}x^{12}}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1+1})^6} - \frac{6bc^{12}x^{10}}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1+1})^5} + \frac{90bc^{11}x^8 \arcsin(cx^2)}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1+1})^4} + \frac{90ac^{11}x^8}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1+1})^4} - \frac{50bc^{10}x^6}{(\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1+1})^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^13,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/11520*(15*b*c^13*x^12*arcsin(c*x^2)/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^6 + 15*a*c^13*x^12/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^6 - 6*b*c^12*x^10/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^5 + 90*b*c^11*x^8*arcsin(c*x^2)/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^4 + 90*a*c^11*x^8/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^4 - 50*b*c^10*x^6/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^3 + 225*b*c^9*x^4*arcsin(c*x^2)/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^2 + 225*a*c^9*x^4/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^2 - 300*b*c^8*x^2/(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1) + 300*b*c^7*arcsin(c*x^2) + 300*a*c^7 + 300*b*c^6*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)/x^2 + 225*b*c^5*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^4 + 225*a*c^5*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^2/x^4 + 50*b*c^4*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^3/x^6 + 90*b*c^3*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^4*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^8 + 90*a*c^3*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^4/x^8 + 6*b*c^2*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^5/x^10 + 15*b*c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^6*arcsin(c*x^2)/x^12 + 15*a*c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1) + 1)^6/x^12)/c`

### 3.351.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^{13}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)}{x^{13}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^13,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^13, x)`

### 3.352 $\int x^6(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$

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#### 3.352.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int x^6(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{10bx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4}}{147c^3} + \frac{2bx^5\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4}}{49c} + \frac{1}{7}x^7(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{10b \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)}{147c^{7/2}}$$

output `1/7*x^7*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))-10/147*b*EllipticF(x*c^(1/2),I)/c^(7/2)+10/147*b*x*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/c^3+2/49*b*x^5*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/c`

#### 3.352.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^6(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{1}{147} \left( 21ax^7 + \frac{2bx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4}(5 + 3c^2x^4)}{c^3} + 21bx^7 \arcsin(cx^2) - \frac{10ib \operatorname{EllipticF}(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-cx}), -1)}{(-c)^{7/2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^6*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]),x]`

output `(21*a*x^7 + (2*b*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]*(5 + 3*c^2*x^4))/c^3 + 21*b*x^7*ArcSin[c*x^2] - ((10*I)*b*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c]*x], -1])/(-c)^(7/2))/147`

**3.352.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 843, 843, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^6(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{7}x^7(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{1}{7}b \int \frac{2cx^8}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{7}x^7(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{2}{7}bc \int \frac{x^8}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{843} \\
 & \frac{1}{7}x^7(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{2}{7}bc \left( \frac{5 \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx}{7c^2} - \frac{x^5\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{7c^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{843} \\
 & \frac{1}{7}x^7(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{2}{7}bc \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{3c^2} \right)}{7c^2} - \frac{x^5\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{7c^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{1}{7}x^7(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{2}{7}bc \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)}{3c^{5/2}} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{3c^2} \right)}{7c^2} - \frac{x^5\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{7c^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^6*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]),x]`

output `(x^7*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]))/7 - (2*b*c*(-1/7*(x^5*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4])/c^2 + (5*(-1/3*(x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4])/c^2 + EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[c]*x], -1]/(3*c^(5/2)))))/(7*c^2))/7`

### 3.352.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 843 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`
- rule 5341 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

### 3.352.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x^7 a}{7} + b \left( \frac{x^7 \arcsin(cx^2)}{7} - \frac{2c \left( -\frac{x^5 \sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1}}{7c^2} - \frac{5x \sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1}}{21c^4} + \frac{5\sqrt{-cx^2+1} \sqrt{cx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{c}, i)}{21c^{\frac{9}{2}} \sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1}} \right)}{7} \right)$	108
parts	$\frac{x^7 a}{7} + b \left( \frac{x^7 \arcsin(cx^2)}{7} - \frac{2c \left( -\frac{x^5 \sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1}}{7c^2} - \frac{5x \sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1}}{21c^4} + \frac{5\sqrt{-cx^2+1} \sqrt{cx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{c}, i)}{21c^{\frac{9}{2}} \sqrt{-c^2 x^4 + 1}} \right)}{7} \right)$	108

input `int(x^6*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/7*x^7*a+b*(1/7*x^7*\arcsin(c*x^2)-2/7*c*(-1/7/c^2*x^5*(-c^2*x^4+1)^{(1/2)}-5/21/c^4*x*(-c^2*x^4+1)^{(1/2)}+5/21/c^{(9/2)}*(-c*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})/(-c^2*x^4+1)^{(1/2)}*\text{EllipticF}(x*c^{(1/2)},I))$

### 3.352.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^6(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{21bc^3x^7 \arcsin(cx^2) + 21ac^3x^7 + 2(3bc^2x^5 + 5bx)\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}}{147c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $1/147*(21*b*c^3*x^7*\arcsin(c*x^2) + 21*a*c^3*x^7 + 2*(3*b*c^2*x^5 + 5*b*x)*\text{sqrt}(-c^2*x^4 + 1))/c^3$

### 3.352.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^6(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{ax^7}{7} - \frac{bcx^9\Gamma(\frac{9}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4} \middle| \frac{13}{4} \right) c^2x^4 e^{2i\pi}}{14\Gamma(\frac{13}{4})} + \frac{bx^7 \arcsin(cx^2)}{7}$$

input `integrate(x**6*(a+b*asin(c*x**2)),x)`

output  $a*x**7/7 - b*c*x**9*\text{gamma}(9/4)*\text{hyper}((1/2, 9/4), (13/4, ), c**2*x**4*\text{exp\_polar}(2*I*pi))/(14*\text{gamma}(13/4)) + b*x**7*\text{asin}(c*x**2)/7$



**3.352.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^6 (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) dx = \int (b \arcsin (cx^2) + a)x^6 dx$$

input `integrate(x^6*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/7*a*x^7 + 1/7*(x^7*arctan2(c*x^2, sqrt(c*x^2 + 1))*sqrt(-c*x^2 + 1)) + 14*c*integrate(1/7*x^8*e^(1/2*log(c*x^2 + 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x^2 + 1))/(c^4*x^8 - c^2*x^4 + (c^2*x^4 - 1)*e^(log(c*x^2 + 1) + log(-c*x^2 + 1))), x)*b`

**3.352.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int x^6 (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) dx = \int (b \arcsin (cx^2) + a)x^6 dx$$

input `integrate(x^6*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x^2) + a)*x^6, x)`

**3.352.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^6 (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) dx = \int x^6 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)) dx$$

input `int(x^6*(a + b*asin(c*x^2)),x)`

output `int(x^6*(a + b*asin(c*x^2)), x)`

### 3.353 $\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$

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#### 3.353.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{2bx^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{25c} + \frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{6bE(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx})|-1)}{25c^{5/2}} + \frac{6b \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)}{25c^{5/2}}$$

output `1/5*x^5*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))-6/25*b*EllipticE(x*c^(1/2),I)/c^(5/2)+6/25*b*EllipticF(x*c^(1/2),I)/c^(5/2)+2/25*b*x^3*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/c`

#### 3.353.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{1}{25} \left( 5ax^5 + \frac{2bx^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{c} + 5bx^5 \arcsin(cx^2) + \frac{6ib(E(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-cx})|-1) - \operatorname{EllipticF}(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-cx}), -1))}{(-c)^{5/2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]),x]`

output `(5*a*x^5 + (2*b*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4])/c + 5*b*x^5*ArcSin[c*x^2] + ((6*I)*  
b*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c]*x], -1] - EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c]*x],  
-1]))/(-c)^(5/2))/25`

### 3.353.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 843, 836, 762, 1388, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{1}{5}b \int \frac{2cx^6}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{2}{5}bc \int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{843} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{2}{5}bc \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx}{5c^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{5c^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{836} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{2}{5}bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{cx^2+1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx}{c} \right)}{5c^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{5c^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{2}{5}bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{cx^2+1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx}{c} - \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{5c^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{5c^2} \right)$$

↓ 1388

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{2}{5}bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-cx^2}} dx}{c} - \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{5c^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{5c^2} \right)$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{2}{5}bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{E(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx})|-1)}{c^{3/2}} - \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{5c^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{5c^2} \right)$$

input `Int[x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]),x]`

output `(x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]))/5 - (2*b*c*(-1/5*(x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4])/c^2 + (3*(EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c]*x], -1]/c^(3/2) - EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[c]*x], -1]/c^(3/2)))/(5*c^2))/5`

### 3.353.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 836 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]},  
Simp[-q^(-1) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] + Simp[1/q Int[(1 + q*x^2)/  
Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 843 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n  
- 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[  
a*c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x]  
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*  
p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),  
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer  
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

rule 5341 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Sim  
p[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)  
) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x]  
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,  
x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,  
x]`

### 3.353.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result	size
default	$\frac{ax^5}{5} + b \left( \frac{x^5 \arcsin(cx^2)}{5} - \frac{2c \left( -\frac{x^3 \sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{5c^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{-cx^2+1} \sqrt{cx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{c}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{c}, i))}{5c^2 \sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}} \right)}{5} \right)$	101
parts	$\frac{ax^5}{5} + b \left( \frac{x^5 \arcsin(cx^2)}{5} - \frac{2c \left( -\frac{x^3 \sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{5c^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{-cx^2+1} \sqrt{cx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{c}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{c}, i))}{5c^2 \sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}} \right)}{5} \right)$	101

input `int(x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/5*a*x^5+b*(1/5*x^5*\arcsin(c*x^2)-2/5*c*(-1/5/c^2*x^3*(-c^2*x^4+1)^{(1/2)}-3/5/c^{(7/2)}*(-c*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+1)^{(1/2)/(-c^2*x^4+1)^{(1/2)}*(\text{EllipticF}(x*c^{(1/2)},I)-\text{EllipticE}(x*c^{(1/2)},I))))$

### 3.353.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{5bc^3x^6 \arcsin(cx^2) + 5ac^3x^6 + 2(bc^2x^4 + 3b)\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}}{25c^3x}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/25*(5*b*c^3*x^6*\arcsin(c*x^2) + 5*a*c^3*x^6 + 2*(b*c^2*x^4 + 3*b)*\text{sqrt}(-c^2*x^4 + 1))/(c^3*x)$

### 3.353.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{ax^5}{5} - \frac{bcx^7\Gamma(\frac{7}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \middle| \frac{11}{4}, c^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{10\Gamma(\frac{11}{4})} + \frac{bx^5 \arcsin(cx^2)}{5}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(a+b*asin(c*x**2)),x)`

output  $a*x**5/5 - b*c*x**7*\text{gamma}(7/4)*\text{hyper}((1/2, 7/4), (11/4, ), c**2*x**4*\text{exp\_polar}(2*I*pi))/(10*\text{gamma}(11/4)) + b*x**5*\text{asin}(c*x**2)/5$

**3.353.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(cx^2) + a)x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*a*x^5 + 1/5*(x^5*arctan2(c*x^2, sqrt(c*x^2 + 1))*sqrt(-c*x^2 + 1)) + 10*c*integrate(1/5*x^6*e^(1/2*log(c*x^2 + 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x^2 + 1))/(c^4*x^8 - c^2*x^4 + (c^2*x^4 - 1)*e^(log(c*x^2 + 1) + log(-c*x^2 + 1))), x)*b`

**3.353.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(cx^2) + a)x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x^2) + a)*x^4, x)`

**3.353.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \int x^4(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)) dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b*asin(c*x^2)),x)`

output `int(x^4*(a + b*asin(c*x^2)), x)`

### 3.354 $\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$

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#### 3.354.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{2bx\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{9c} + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{2b \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)}{9c^{3/2}}$$

output  $\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arcsin(cx^2))-\frac{2}{9}b\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{c},I)/c^{3/2}+\frac{2}{9}bx\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}/c$

#### 3.354.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{1}{9} \left( 3ax^3 + \frac{2bx\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{c} + 3bx^3 \arcsin(cx^2) - \frac{2ib \operatorname{EllipticF}(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-cx}), -1)}{(-c)^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]),x]`

output  $(3ax^3 + (2bx\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}))/c + 3bx^3\operatorname{ArcSin}[cx^2] - ((2I)b\operatorname{EllipticF}[I\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{-c}x], -1])/(-c)^{3/2}/9$



**3.354.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 843, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{1}{3}b \int \frac{2cx^4}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{2}{3}bc \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{843} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{2}{3}bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{3c^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) - \frac{2}{3}bc \left( \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{c}x), -1)}{3c^{5/2}} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{3c^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]),x]`

output `(x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2]))/3 - (2*b*c*(-1/3*(x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4])/c^2 + EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[c]*x], -1]/(3*c^(5/2))))/3`

## 3.354.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 843 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n-1)*(c*x)^(m-n+1)*((a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(b*(m+n*p+1))), x] - Simp[a*c^n*((m-n+1)/(b*(m+n*p+1))) Int[(c*x)^(m-n)*(a+b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n-1] && NeQ[m+n*p+1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`
- rule 5341 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c+d*x)^(m+1)*((a+b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m+1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m+1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c+d*x)^(m+1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1-u^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c+d*x)^(m+1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

## 3.354.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result	size
default	$\frac{x^3 a}{3} + b \left( \frac{x^3 \arcsin(cx^2)}{3} - \frac{2c \left( -\frac{x\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{3c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-cx^2+1}\sqrt{cx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{c}, i)}{3c^2\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}} \right)}{3} \right)$	88
parts	$\frac{x^3 a}{3} + b \left( \frac{x^3 \arcsin(cx^2)}{3} - \frac{2c \left( -\frac{x\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{3c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-cx^2+1}\sqrt{cx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{c}, i)}{3c^2\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}} \right)}{3} \right)$	88

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/3*x^3*a+b*(1/3*x^3*\arcsin(c*x^2)-2/3*c*(-1/3/c^2*x*(-c^2*x^4+1)^{(1/2)}+1/3/c^{(5/2)}*(-c*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^2+1)^{(1/2)/(-c^2*x^4+1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(x*c^{(1/2)},I)))$

### 3.354.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{3bcx^3 \arcsin(cx^2) + 3acx^3 + 2\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}bx}{9c}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/9*(3*b*c*x^3*\arcsin(c*x^2) + 3*a*c*x^3 + 2*\sqrt{-c^2*x^4 + 1}*b*x)/c$

### 3.354.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} - \frac{bcx^5\Gamma(\frac{5}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{9}{4}, c^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{6\Gamma(\frac{9}{4})} + \frac{bx^3 \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)}{3}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*asin(c*x**2)),x)`

output  $a*x**3/3 - b*c*x**5*\gamma(5/4)*\operatorname{hyper}((1/2, 5/4), (9/4, ), c**2*x**4*\exp\_polar(2*I*pi))/(6*\gamma(9/4)) + b*x**3*\operatorname{asin}(c*x**2)/3$

**3.354.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(cx^2) + a)x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a*x^3 + 1/3*(x^3*arctan2(c*x^2, sqrt(c*x^2 + 1))*sqrt(-c*x^2 + 1)) + 6*c*integrate(1/3*x^4*e^(1/2*log(c*x^2 + 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x^2 + 1))/(c^4*x^8 - c^2*x^4 + (c^2*x^4 - 1)*e^(log(c*x^2 + 1) + log(-c*x^2 + 1))), x)*b`

**3.354.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(cx^2) + a)x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x^2) + a)*x^2, x)`

**3.354.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \int x^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*asin(c*x^2)),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b*asin(c*x^2)), x)`

### 3.355 $\int (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) dx$

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#### 3.355.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) dx = ax + bx \arcsin (cx^2) - \frac{2bE(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx})|-1)}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2b \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)}{\sqrt{c}}$$

```
output a*x+b*x*arcsin(c*x^2)-2*b*EllipticE(x*c^(1/2),I)/c^(1/2)+2*b*EllipticF(x*c^(1/2),I)/c^(1/2)
```

#### 3.355.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) dx = ax + bx \arcsin (cx^2) - \frac{2}{3}bcx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, c^2x^4\right)$$

```
input Integrate[a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2],x]
```

```
output a*x + b*x*ArcSin[c*x^2] - (2*b*c*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, c^2*x^4])/3
```

### 3.355.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$ax + bx \arcsin(cx^2) + \frac{2b \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2bE(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}) | -1)}{\sqrt{c}}$$

input `Int[a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2],x]`

output `a*x + b*x*ArcSin[c*x^2] - (2*b*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c]*x], -1])/Sqrt[c] + (2*b*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[c]*x], -1])/Sqrt[c]`

#### 3.355.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### 3.355.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result	size
default	$ax + b \left( x \arcsin(cx^2) + \frac{2\sqrt{-cx^2+1} \sqrt{cx^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{c}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{c}, i))}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}} \right)$	71
parts	$ax + b \left( x \arcsin(cx^2) + \frac{2\sqrt{-cx^2+1} \sqrt{cx^2+1} (\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{c}, i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{c}, i))}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}} \right)$	71

input `int(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x+b*(x*arcsin(c*x^2)+2/c^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*c^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*c^(1/2),I)))`

**3.355.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \frac{bcx^2 \arcsin(cx^2) + acx^2 + 2\sqrt{-c^2x^4 + 1}b}{cx}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(b*c*x^2*arcsin(c*x^2) + a*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)*b)/(c*x)`**3.355.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = ax + b \left( -\frac{cx^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \middle| \frac{7}{4}, c^2x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} + x \operatorname{asin}(cx^2) \right)$$

input `integrate(a+b*asin(c*x**2),x)`output `a*x + b*(-c*x**3*gamma(3/4)*hyper((1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), c**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(2*gamma(7/4)) + x*asin(c*x**2))`**3.355.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx^2)) dx = \int b \arcsin(cx^2) + a dx$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(x*arctan2(c*x^2, sqrt(c*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + 1)) + 2*c*integrate(x^2*e^(1/2*log(c*x^2 + 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x^2 + 1))/(c^4*x^8 - c^2*x^4 + (c^2*x^4 - 1)*e^(log(c*x^2 + 1) + log(-c*x^2 + 1))), x))*b + a*x`

**3.355.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) dx = \int b \arcsin (cx^2) + a dx$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(c*x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(b*arcsin(c*x^2) + a, x)`

**3.355.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin (cx^2)) dx = \int a + b \arcsin (cx^2) dx$$

input `int(a + b*arcsin(c*x^2),x)`

output `int(a + b*arcsin(c*x^2), x)`



### 3.356 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^2} dx$

3.356.1 Optimal result	2684
3.356.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	2684
3.356.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2685
3.356.4 Maple [B] (verified)	2686
3.356.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2686
3.356.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2687
3.356.7 Maxima [F]	2687
3.356.8 Giac [F]	2687
3.356.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2688

#### 3.356.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x} + 2b\sqrt{c} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)$$

output `(-a-b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x+2*b*EllipticF(x*c^(1/2),I)*c^(1/2)`

#### 3.356.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2) - 2ib\sqrt{-cx} \operatorname{EllipticF}(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-cx}), -1)}{x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^2,x]`

output `-((a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2] - (2*I)*b*Sqrt[-c]*x*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c]*x], -1])/x)`

**3.356.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\ & b \int \frac{2c}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & 2bc \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\ & 2b\sqrt{c} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^2,x]`

output `-(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x + 2*b*Sqrt[c]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[c]*x], -1]`

**3.356.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 5341 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)
) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,
x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,
x]
```

### 3.356.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a}{x} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{x} + \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-cx^2+1}\sqrt{cx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{c},i)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}} \right)$	66
parts	$-\frac{a}{x} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{x} + \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-cx^2+1}\sqrt{cx^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{c},i)}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}} \right)$	66

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -a/x+b*(-1/x*arcsin(c*x^2)+2*c^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-c^
2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*c^(1/2),I))
```

### 3.356.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^2} dx = \frac{bx \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{cx^2}\right) + (bx - b) \arcsin(cx^2) - a}{x}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output (b*x*arctan(sqrt(-c^2*x^4 + 1)/(c*x^2)) + (b*x - b)*arcsin(c*x^2) - a)/x
```

**3.356.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} + \frac{bcx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{4} \middle| c^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x**2))/x**2,x)`output `-a/x + b*c*x*gamma(1/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (5/4,), c**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(2*gamma(5/4)) - b*asin(c*x**2)/x`**3.356.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2) + a}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(2*c*x*integrate(e^(1/2*log(c*x^2 + 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x^2 + 1))/(c^4*x^8 - c^2*x^4 + (c^2*x^4 - 1)*e^(log(c*x^2 + 1) + log(-c*x^2 + 1))), x) + arctan(2(c*x^2, sqrt(c*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + 1)))*b/x - a/x`**3.356.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2) + a}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x^2) + a)/x^2, x)`

**3.356.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^2,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^2, x)`

### 3.357 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^4} dx$

3.357.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2689
3.357.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2689
3.357.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2690
3.357.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2692
3.357.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	2692
3.357.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2693
3.357.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2693
3.357.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2693
3.357.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2694

#### 3.357.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4}}{3x} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}bc^{3/2}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}) | -1) + \frac{2}{3}bc^{3/2} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)$$

output `1/3*(-a-b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^3-2/3*b*c^(3/2)*EllipticE(x*c^(1/2),I)+2/3*b*c^(3/2)*EllipticF(x*c^(1/2),I)-2/3*b*c*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/x`

#### 3.357.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^4} dx = \frac{a + 2bcx^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4} + b \arcsin(cx^2) + 2ib\sqrt{-cx^3}(E(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-cx}) | -1) - \text{EllipticF}(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-cx}), -1))}{3x^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(a + 2*b*c*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4] + b*ArcSin[c*x^2] + (2*I)*b*Sqrt[-c]*c*x^3*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c]*x], -1] - EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c]*x], -1]))/x^3`

**3.357.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 847, 836, 762, 1388, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} b \int \frac{2c}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} bc \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{847} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} bc \left( c^2 \left( - \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{x} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{836} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} bc \left( - \left( c^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{cx^2+1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx}{c} \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{x} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} bc \left( - \left( c^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{cx^2+1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx}{c} - \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)}{c^{3/2}} \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{x} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} bc \left( - \left( c^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-cx^2}} dx}{c} - \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)}{c^{3/2}} \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{x} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} bc \left( - \left( c^2 \left( \frac{E(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx})| -1)}{c^{3/2}} - \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)}{c^{3/2}} \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^4}}{x} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{3x^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^3 + (2*b*c*(-(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]/x) - c^2*(EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c]*x], -1]/c^(3/2) - EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[c]*x], -1]/c^(3/2))))/3`

### 3.357.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 836 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-q^(-1) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] + Simp[1/q Int[(1 + q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 847 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`



```
rule 5341 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)
) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,
x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,
x]
```

### 3.357.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a}{3x^3} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{3x^3} + \frac{2c \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{-cx^2+1} \sqrt{cx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{c}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{c}, i))}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}} \right)}{3} \right)$	97
parts	$-\frac{a}{3x^3} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{3x^3} + \frac{2c \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{-cx^2+1} \sqrt{cx^2+1} (\text{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{c}, i) - \text{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{c}, i))}{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}} \right)}{3} \right)$	97

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*a/x^3+b*(-1/3/x^3*arcsin(c*x^2)+2/3*c*(-(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/x+c^(1/2)*
(-c*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*c^(1/2),I
)-EllipticE(x*c^(1/2),I))))
```

### 3.357.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2) + a}{x^4} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^4,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((b*arcsin(c*x^2) + a)/x^4, x)
```

**3.357.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a}{3x^3} + \frac{bc\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{3}{4} \middle| c^2 x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{6x\Gamma(\frac{3}{4})} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2)}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x**2))/x**4,x)`output `-a/(3*x**3) + b*c*gamma(-1/4)*hyper((-1/4, 1/2), (3/4, ), c**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(6*x*gamma(3/4)) - b*asin(c*x**2)/(3*x**3)`**3.357.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2) + a}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/3*(6*c*x^3*integrate(1/3*e^(1/2*log(c*x^2 + 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x^2 + 1))/(c^4*x^10 - c^2*x^6 + (c^2*x^6 - x^2)*e^(log(c*x^2 + 1) + log(-c*x^2 + 1))), x) + arctan2(c*x^2, sqrt(c*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + 1))*b/x^3 - 1/3*a/x^3`**3.357.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2) + a}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x^2) + a)/x^4, x)`

**3.357.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^4,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^4, x)`

### 3.358 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^6} dx$

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#### 3.358.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{2bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4}}{15x^3} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{5x^5} + \frac{2}{15}bc^{5/2} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)$$

output `1/5*(-a-b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^5+2/15*b*c^(5/2)*EllipticF(x*c^(1/2),I)-2/15*b*c*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/x^3`

#### 3.358.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^6} dx = \frac{3a + 2bcx^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4} + 3b \arcsin(cx^2) - 2ib(-c)^{5/2}x^5 \text{EllipticF}(i \arcsinh(\sqrt{-cx}), -1)}{15x^5}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^6,x]`

output `-1/15*(3*a + 2*b*c*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4] + 3*b*ArcSin[c*x^2] - (2*I)*b*(-c)^(5/2)*x^5*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c]*x], -1])/x^5`

**3.358.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 847, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}b \int \frac{2c}{x^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2}{5}bc \int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{847} \\
 & \frac{2}{5}bc \left( \frac{1}{3}c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{2}{5}bc \left( \frac{1}{3}c^{3/2} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1) - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{5x^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^6,x]`

output `-1/5*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^5 + (2*b*c*(-1/3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]/x^3 + (c^(3/2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[c]*x], -1])/3)/5`

## 3.358.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 847 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`
- rule 5341 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

## 3.358.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a}{5x^5} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{5x^5} + \frac{2c \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{3x^3} + \frac{c^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-cx^2+1} \sqrt{cx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{c}, i)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}} \right)}{5} \right)$	87
parts	$-\frac{a}{5x^5} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{5x^5} + \frac{2c \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{3x^3} + \frac{c^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-cx^2+1} \sqrt{cx^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{c}, i)}{3\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}} \right)}{5} \right)$	87

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/5*a/x^5+b*(-1/5/x^5*arcsin(c*x^2)+2/5*c*(-1/3*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/x^3+1/3*c^(3/2)*(-c*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*c^(1/2),I))`

### 3.358.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2) + a}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arcsin(c*x^2) + a)/x^6, x)`

### 3.358.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a}{5x^5} + \frac{bc\Gamma(-\frac{3}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{1}{4}, c^2x^4e^{2i\pi}\right)}{10x^3\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2)}{5x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x**2))/x**6,x)`

output `-a/(5*x**5) + b*c*gamma(-3/4)*hyper((-3/4, 1/2), (1/4,), c**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(10*x**3*gamma(1/4)) - b*asin(c*x**2)/(5*x**5)`

### 3.358.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2) + a}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/5*(10*c*x^5*integrate(1/5*e^(1/2*log(c*x^2 + 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x^2 + 1))/  
(c^4*x^12 - c^2*x^8 + (c^2*x^8 - x^4)*e^(log(c*x^2 + 1) + log(-c*x^2 + 1))  
, x) + arctan2(c*x^2, sqrt(c*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + 1)))*b/x^5 - 1/5*a/x^5`

### 3.358.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2) + a}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x^2) + a)/x^6, x)`

### 3.358.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)}{x^6} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^6,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^6, x)`



**3.359**  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^8} dx$

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 3.359.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2701  
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 3.359.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2704  
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 3.359.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2705  
 3.359.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2706

**3.359.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^8} dx = -\frac{2bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4}}{35x^5} - \frac{6bc^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4}}{35x} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{7x^7} - \frac{6}{35}bc^{7/2}E(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}) | -1) + \frac{6}{35}bc^{7/2} \text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)$$

```
output 1/7*(-a-b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^7-6/35*b*c^(7/2)*EllipticE(x*c^(1/2),I)+6/35*b*c^(7/2)*EllipticF(x*c^(1/2),I)-2/35*b*c*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/x^5-6/35*b*c^3*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/x
```

**3.359.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^8} dx = \frac{5a + 2bx^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^4}(c + 3c^3x^4) + 5b \arcsin(cx^2) - 6ib(-c)^{7/2}x^7(E(i \arcsinh(\sqrt{-cx}) | -1) - \text{EllipticF}(\arcsinh(\sqrt{-cx}), -1))}{35x^7}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^8,x]`

output `-1/35*(5*a + 2*b*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]*(c + 3*c^3*x^4) + 5*b*ArcSin[c*x^2] - (6*I)*b*(-c)^(7/2)*x^7*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c]*x], -1] - EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c]*x], -1]))/x^7`

### 3.359.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 847, 847, 836, 762, 1388, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{7}b \int \frac{2c}{x^6\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{7x^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2}{7}bc \int \frac{1}{x^6\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{7x^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{847} \\
 & \frac{2}{7}bc \left( \frac{3}{5}c^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{5x^5} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{7x^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{847} \\
 & \frac{2}{7}bc \left( \frac{3}{5}c^2 \left( c^2 \left( - \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{x} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{5x^5} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{7x^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{836} \\
 & \frac{2}{7}bc \left( \frac{3}{5}c^2 \left( - \left( c^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{cx^2+1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx}{c} \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{x} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{5x^5} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{7x^7}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 762

$$\frac{2}{7}bc \left( \frac{3}{5}c^2 \left( - \left( c^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{cx^2+1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}} dx}{c} - \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)}{c^{3/2}} \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{x} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{5x^5} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{7x^7}$$

↓ 1388

$$\frac{2}{7}bc \left( \frac{3}{5}c^2 \left( - \left( c^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+1}}{\sqrt{1-cx^2}} dx}{c} - \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)}{c^{3/2}} \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{x} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{5x^5} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{7x^7}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2}{7}bc \left( \frac{3}{5}c^2 \left( - \left( c^2 \left( \frac{E(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx})|-1)}{c^{3/2}} - \frac{\text{EllipticF}(\arcsin(\sqrt{cx}), -1)}{c^{3/2}} \right) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{x} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^4}}{5x^5} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{7x^7}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^8, x]`

output `-1/7*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^2])/x^7 + (2*b*c*(-1/5*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]/x^5 + (3*c^2*(-(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^4]/x) - c^2*(EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[c]*x], -1]/c^(3/2)) - EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[c]*x], -1]/c^(3/2))))/5)/7`

### 3.359.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4])  
)*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]  
&& GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 836 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]},  
Simp[-q^(-1) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] + Simp[1/q Int[(1 + q*x^2)/S  
qrt[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 847 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x  
)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1)  
+ 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a  
, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p  
, x]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),  
x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (Integer  
Q[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

rule 5341 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Sim  
p[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)  
) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x]  
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,  
x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,  
x]`

**3.359.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
default	$-\frac{a}{7x^7} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{7x^7} + \frac{2c \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{5x^5} - \frac{3c^2\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{5x} + \frac{3c^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{-cx^2+1}\sqrt{cx^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{c},i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{c},i))}{5\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}} \right)}{7} \right)$
parts	$-\frac{a}{7x^7} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(cx^2)}{7x^7} + \frac{2c \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{5x^5} - \frac{3c^2\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}}{5x} + \frac{3c^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{-cx^2+1}\sqrt{cx^2+1}(\operatorname{EllipticF}(x\sqrt{c},i) - \operatorname{EllipticE}(x\sqrt{c},i))}{5\sqrt{-c^2x^4+1}} \right)}{7} \right)$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/7*a/x^7+b*(-1/7/x^7*arcsin(c*x^2)+2/7*c*(-1/5/x^5*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)-3/5*c^2*(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)/x+3/5*c^(5/2)*(-c*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^4+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF(x*c^(1/2),I)-EllipticE(x*c^(1/2),I))))`**3.359.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2) + a}{x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((b*arcsin(c*x^2) + a)/x^8, x)`**3.359.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a}{7x^7} + \frac{bc\Gamma(-\frac{5}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| -\frac{1}{4} \middle| c^2x^4 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{14x^5\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})} - \frac{b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)}{7x^7}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x**2))/x**8,x)`

output `-a/(7*x**7) + b*c*gamma(-5/4)*hyper((-5/4, 1/2), (-1/4,), c**2*x**4*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(14*x**5*gamma(-1/4)) - b*asin(c*x**2)/(7*x**7)`

### 3.359.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2) + a}{x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/7*(14*c*x^7*integrate(1/7*e^(1/2*log(c*x^2 + 1) + 1/2*log(-c*x^2 + 1))/(c^4*x^14 - c^2*x^10 + (c^2*x^10 - x^6)*e^(log(c*x^2 + 1) + log(-c*x^2 + 1))), x) + arctan2(c*x^2, sqrt(c*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^2 + 1))*b/x^7 - 1/7*a/x^7`

### 3.359.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^2) + a}{x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^2))/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x^2) + a)/x^8, x)`

**3.359.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^2)}{x^8} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^2)}{x^8} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^8,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c*x^2))/x^8, x)`

### 3.360 $\int \frac{\arcsin(ax^5)}{x} dx$

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3.360.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2707
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3.360.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2711

#### 3.360.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(ax^5)}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{10}i \arcsin(ax^5)^2 + \frac{1}{5} \arcsin(ax^5) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(ax^5)}) - \frac{1}{10}i \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(ax^5)})$$

output `-1/10*I*arcsin(a*x^5)^2+1/5*arcsin(a*x^5)*ln(1-(I*a*x^5+(-a^2*x^10+1)^(1/2)))^2)-1/10*I*polylog(2,(I*a*x^5+(-a^2*x^10+1)^(1/2))^2)`

#### 3.360.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(ax^5)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{5} \left( \arcsin(ax^5) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(ax^5)}) - \frac{1}{2}i \left( \arcsin(ax^5)^2 + \text{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(ax^5)}) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[a*x^5]/x,x]`

output `(ArcSin[a*x^5]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a*x^5])] - (I/2)*(ArcSin[a*x^5]^2 + PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a*x^5])]))/5`



**3.360.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$ , Rules used = {5329, 3042, 25, 4200, 25, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arcsin(ax^5)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5329} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^{10}} \arcsin(ax^5)}{ax^5} d\arcsin(ax^5) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \int -\arcsin(ax^5) \tan\left(\arcsin(ax^5) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d\arcsin(ax^5) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{1}{5} \int \arcsin(ax^5) \tan\left(\arcsin(ax^5) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d\arcsin(ax^5) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4200} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left( 2i \int -\frac{e^{2i \arcsin(ax^5)} \arcsin(ax^5)}{1 - e^{2i \arcsin(ax^5)}} d\arcsin(ax^5) - \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(ax^5)^2 \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left( -2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arcsin(ax^5)} \arcsin(ax^5)}{1 - e^{2i \arcsin(ax^5)}} d\arcsin(ax^5) - \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(ax^5)^2 \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left( -2i \left( \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(ax^5) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(ax^5)}) \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \int \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(ax^5)}) d\arcsin(ax^5) \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(ax^5)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left( -2i \left( \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(ax^5) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(ax^5)}) \right) - \frac{1}{4} \int e^{-2i \arcsin(ax^5)} \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(ax^5)}) de^{2i \arcsin(ax^5)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(ax^5)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2838}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( -2i \left( \frac{1}{4} \text{PolyLog} \left( 2, e^{2i \arcsin(ax^5)} \right) + \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(ax^5) \log \left( 1 - e^{2i \arcsin(ax^5)} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(ax^5)^2 \right)$$

input `Int[ArcSin[a*x^5]/x,x]`

output `((-1/2*I)*ArcSin[a*x^5]^2 - (2*I)*((I/2)*ArcSin[a*x^5]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a*x^5])] + PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a*x^5])/4])/5`

### 3.360.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(n_))], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4200 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))*tan[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m * E^(2*I*k*Pi) * (E^(2*I*(e + f*x)) / (1 + E^(2*I*k*Pi) * E^(2*I*(e + f*x))))], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5329 `Int[ArcSin[(a_.)*(x_)^(p_)]^(n_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/p Subst[Int[x^n*Cot[x], x], x, ArcSin[a*x^p]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

### 3.360.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(ax^5)}{x} dx$$

input `int(arcsin(a*x^5)/x,x)`

output `int(arcsin(a*x^5)/x,x)`

### 3.360.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(ax^5)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(ax^5)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(a*x^5)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arcsin(a*x^5)/x, x)`

### 3.360.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(ax^5)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(ax^5)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(asin(a*x**5)/x,x)`

output `Integral(asin(a*x**5)/x, x)`

**3.360.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(ax^5)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(ax^5)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(a*x^5)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arcsin(a*x^5)/x, x)`

**3.360.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(ax^5)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(ax^5)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(a*x^5)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arcsin(a*x^5)/x, x)`

**3.360.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(ax^5)}{x} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{polylog}\left(2, e^{\operatorname{asin}(ax^5) 2i}\right) 1i}{10} + \frac{\ln\left(1 - e^{\operatorname{asin}(ax^5) 2i}\right) \operatorname{asin}(ax^5)}{5} - \frac{\operatorname{asin}(ax^5)^2 1i}{10}$$

input `int(asin(a*x^5)/x,x)`

output `(log(1 - exp(asin(a*x^5)*2i))*asin(a*x^5))/5 - (polylog(2, exp(asin(a*x^5)*2i))*1i)/10 - (asin(a*x^5)^2*1i)/10`

### 3.361 $\int x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx$

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#### 3.361.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{5}{48}\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x} + \frac{5}{72}\sqrt{1-xx^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{18}\sqrt{1-xx^{5/2}} + \frac{5}{96}\arcsin(1-2x) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})$$

```
output -5/96*arcsin(-1+2*x)+1/3*x^3*arcsin(x^(1/2))+5/72*x^(3/2)*(1-x)^(1/2)+1/18*x^(5/2)*(1-x)^(1/2)+5/48*(1-x)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)
```

#### 3.361.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{1}{144} \left( 10\sqrt{1-xx^{3/2}} + 8\sqrt{1-xx^{5/2}} + 15\sqrt{-((-1+x)x)} + 3(-5 + 16x^3) \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \right)$$

```
input Integrate[x^2*ArcSin[Sqrt[x]],x]
```

```
output (10*Sqrt[1-x]*x^(3/2)+8*Sqrt[1-x]*x^(5/2)+15*Sqrt[-((-1+x)*x)]+3*(-5+16*x^3)*ArcSin[Sqrt[x]])/144
```

**3.361.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 60, 60, 60, 62, 1090, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{2\sqrt{1-x}} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{1-x}} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1-xx^{5/2}} - \frac{5}{6} \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-x}} \, dx \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1-xx^{5/2}} - \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1-x}} \, dx - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-xx^{3/2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1-xx^{5/2}} - \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x}} \, dx - \sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-xx^{3/2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{62} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1-xx^{5/2}} - \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-x^2}} \, dx - \sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-xx^{3/2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1090} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1-xx^{5/2}} - \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(1-2x)^2}} \, d(1-2x) - \sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-xx^{3/2}} \right) \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1-xx^{5/2}} - \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-2x) - \sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-xx^{3/2}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})$$

input `Int[x^2*ArcSin[Sqrt[x]],x]`

output `((Sqrt[1 - x]*x^(5/2))/3 - (5*(-1/2*(Sqrt[1 - x]*x^(3/2)) + (3*(-(Sqrt[1 - x]*Sqrt[x]) - ArcSin[1 - 2*x]/2))/4))/6)/6 + (x^3*ArcSin[Sqrt[x]])/3`

### 3.361.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 62 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[1/Sqrt[a*c - b*(a - c)*x - b^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b + d, 0] && GtQ[a + c, 0]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 1090 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(2*c*(-4*(c/(b^2 - 4*a*c)))^p) Subst[Int[Simp[1 - x^2/(b^2 - 4*a*c), x]^p, x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[4*a - b^2/c, 0]`

```
rule 5341 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)
) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,
x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,
x]
```

### 3.361.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{x^3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{3} + \frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{1-x}}{18} + \frac{5x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{1-x}}{72} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x}}{48} - \frac{5 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{48}$	53
default	$\frac{x^3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{3} + \frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{1-x}}{18} + \frac{5x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{1-x}}{72} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x}}{48} - \frac{5 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{48}$	53
parts	$\frac{x^3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{3} + \frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{1-x}}{18} + \frac{5x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{1-x}}{72} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x}}{48} - \frac{5\sqrt{x(1-x)} \arcsin(-1+2x)}{96\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-x}}$	74

```
input int(x^2*arcsin(x^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3*x^3*arcsin(x^(1/2))+1/18*x^(5/2)*(1-x)^(1/2)+5/72*x^(3/2)*(1-x)^(1/2)+
5/48*(1-x)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)-5/48*arcsin(x^(1/2))
```

### 3.361.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{1}{144} (8x^2 + 10x + 15)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-x+1} + \frac{1}{48} (16x^3 - 5) \arcsin(\sqrt{x})$$

```
input integrate(x^2*arcsin(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/144*(8*x^2 + 10*x + 15)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-x + 1) + 1/48*(16*x^3 - 5)*arcsin(
sqrt(x))
```



**3.361.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{x^3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x} \left( -\frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} - \frac{5x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24} - \frac{5\sqrt{x}}{16} \right)}{3} - \frac{5 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{48}$$

input `integrate(x**2*asin(x**(1/2)),x)`output `x**3*asin(sqrt(x))/3 - sqrt(1 - x)*(-x**(5/2)/6 - 5*x**(3/2)/24 - 5*sqrt(x)/16)/3 - 5*asin(sqrt(x))/48`**3.361.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{1}{18} x^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{-x+1} + \frac{5}{72} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-x+1} + \frac{5}{48} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{-x+1} - \frac{5}{48} \arcsin(\sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate(x^2*arcsin(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*x^3*arcsin(sqrt(x)) + 1/18*x^(5/2)*sqrt(-x + 1) + 5/72*x^(3/2)*sqrt(-x + 1) + 5/48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-x + 1) - 5/48*arcsin(sqrt(x))`**3.361.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{1}{3} (x-1)^3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{1}{18} (x-1)^2 \sqrt{x} \sqrt{-x+1} + (x-1)^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{13}{72} \sqrt{x} (-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} + (x-1) \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{11}{48} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{-x+1} + \frac{11}{48} \arcsin(\sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate(x^2*arcsin(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(x - 1)^3*arcsin(sqrt(x)) + 1/18*(x - 1)^2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-x + 1) + (x - 1)^2*arcsin(sqrt(x)) - 13/72*sqrt(x)*(-x + 1)^(3/2) + (x - 1)*arcsin(sqrt(x)) + 11/48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-x + 1) + 11/48*arcsin(sqrt(x))`

### 3.361.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = \int x^2 \operatorname{asin}(\sqrt{x}) dx$$

input `int(x^2*asin(x^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^2*asin(x^(1/2)), x)`

### 3.362 $\int x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx$

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#### 3.362.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{3}{16} \sqrt{1-x} \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{1-x} x^{3/2} + \frac{3}{32} \arcsin(1-2x) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})$$

output `-3/32*arcsin(-1+2*x)+1/2*x^2*arcsin(x^(1/2))+1/8*x^(3/2)*(1-x)^(1/2)+3/16*(1-x)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)`

#### 3.362.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{1}{16} \left( 2\sqrt{1-x} x^{3/2} + 3\sqrt{-((-1+x)x)} + (-3 + 8x^2) \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x*ArcSin[Sqrt[x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[1-x]*x^(3/2)+3*Sqrt[-((-1+x)*x)]+(-3+8*x^2)*ArcSin[Sqrt[x]])/16`

**3.362.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.875$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 60, 62, 1090, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{2\sqrt{1-x}} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-x}} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-x} x^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1-x}} \, dx \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-x} x^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x}} \, dx - \sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{62} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-x} x^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-x^2}} \, dx - \sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1090} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-x} x^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(1-2x)^2}} \, d(1-2x) - \sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1-x} x^{3/2} - \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-2x) - \sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*ArcSin[Sqrt[x]],x]`

output  $((\sqrt{1-x}x^{3/2})/2 - (3*(-\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x}) - \text{ArcSin}[1-2x]/2)/4)/4 + (x^2\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x}])/2$

### 3.362.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 60  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^m*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m+n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m+n+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{n-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n+1, 0] \ \&\& \ !( \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ ( \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m-n, 0]) ) ) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m+n+2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 62  $\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)})*\sqrt{(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[1/\sqrt{a*c - b*(a-c)*x - b^2*x^2}, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b+d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a+c, 0]$

rule 223  $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\sqrt{a})]/\text{Rt}[-b, 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b]$

rule 1090  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(2*c*(-4*c/(b^2 - 4*a*c)))^p) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Simp}[1 - x^2/(b^2 - 4*a*c), x]^p, x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[4*a - b^2/c, 0]$

rule 5341  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcSin}[u_]*(b_.)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^m, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{m+1}*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[u])/(d*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b/(d*(m+1)) \text{ Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(c + d*x)^{m+1}*(D[u, x]/\sqrt{1-u^2}), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{InverseFunctionFreeQ}[u, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{FunctionOfQ}[(c + d*x)^{m+1}, u, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{FunctionOfExponentialQ}[u, x]$

**3.362.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{2} + \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{1-x}}{8} + \frac{3\sqrt{1-x} \sqrt{x}}{16} - \frac{3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{16}$	41
default	$\frac{x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{2} + \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{1-x}}{8} + \frac{3\sqrt{1-x} \sqrt{x}}{16} - \frac{3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{16}$	41
parts	$\frac{x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{2} + \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{1-x}}{8} + \frac{3\sqrt{1-x} \sqrt{x}}{16} - \frac{3\sqrt{x(1-x)} \arcsin(-1+2x)}{32\sqrt{x} \sqrt{1-x}}$	62

input `int(x*arcsin(x^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/2*x^2*arcsin(x^(1/2))+1/8*x^(3/2)*(1-x)^(1/2)+3/16*(1-x)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)-3/16*arcsin(x^(1/2))`**3.362.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{1}{16} (2x + 3) \sqrt{x} \sqrt{-x + 1} + \frac{1}{16} (8x^2 - 3) \arcsin(\sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate(x*arcsin(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/16*(2*x + 3)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-x + 1) + 1/16*(8*x^2 - 3)*arcsin(sqrt(x))`**3.362.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{x^2 \operatorname{asin}(\sqrt{x})}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x} \left( -\frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} - \frac{3\sqrt{x}}{8} \right)}{2} - \frac{3 \operatorname{asin}(\sqrt{x})}{16}$$

input `integrate(x*asin(x**(1/2)),x)`output `x**2*asin(sqrt(x))/2 - sqrt(1 - x)*(-x**(3/2)/4 - 3*sqrt(x)/8)/2 - 3*asin(sqrt(x))/16`

**3.362.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{1}{8} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{-x+1} + \frac{3}{16} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{-x+1} - \frac{3}{16} \arcsin(\sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate(x*arcsin(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*x^2*arcsin(sqrt(x)) + 1/8*x^(3/2)*sqrt(-x + 1) + 3/16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-x + 1) - 3/16*arcsin(sqrt(x))`**3.362.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{1}{2} (x-1)^2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{x} (-x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} + (x-1) \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{5}{16} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{-x+1} + \frac{5}{16} \arcsin(\sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate(x*arcsin(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(x - 1)^2*arcsin(sqrt(x)) - 1/8*sqrt(x)*(-x + 1)^(3/2) + (x - 1)*arcsin(sqrt(x)) + 5/16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-x + 1) + 5/16*arcsin(sqrt(x))`**3.362.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = \int x \operatorname{asin}(\sqrt{x}) dx$$

input `int(x*asin(x^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x*asin(x^(1/2)), x)`

### 3.363 $\int \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx$

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3.363.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2723
3.363.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2724
3.363.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2725
3.363.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2726
3.363.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2726
3.363.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2726
3.363.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2727
3.363.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2727

#### 3.363.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 6, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{4}\arcsin(1-2x) + x\arcsin(\sqrt{x})$$

output `-1/4*arcsin(-1+2*x)+x*arcsin(x^(1/2))+1/2*(1-x)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)`

#### 3.363.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = x\arcsin(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{1}{2}\left(\sqrt{-((-1+x)x)} - 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{-1+\sqrt{1-x}}\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[Sqrt[x]],x]`

output `x*ArcSin[Sqrt[x]] + (Sqrt[-((-1 + x)*x)] - 2*ArcTan[Sqrt[x]/(-1 + Sqrt[1 - x])])/2`



**3.363.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$ , Rules used = {5339, 27, 60, 62, 1090, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5339} \\
 & x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) - \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{1-x}} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1-x}} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x}} \, dx \right) + x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{62} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-x^2}} \, dx \right) + x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1090} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(1-2x)^2}} \, d(1-2x) + \sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x} \right) + x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-2x) + \sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x} \right) + x \arcsin(\sqrt{x})
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[Sqrt[x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1-x]*Sqrt[x] + ArcSin[1-2*x]/2)/2 + x*ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]`

## 3.363.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 62 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Int[1/Sqrt[a*c - b*(a - c)*x - b^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b + d, 0] && GtQ[a + c, 0]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 1090 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(2*c*(-4*(c/(b^2 - 4*a*c)))^p) Subst[Int[Simp[1 - x^2/(b^2 - 4*a*c), x]^p, x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[4*a - b^2/c, 0]`

rule 5339 `Int[ArcSin[u_], x_Symbol] := Simp[x*ArcSin[u], x] - Int[SimplifyIntegrand[x*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

## 3.363.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x}}{2} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{2}$	26
default	$x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x}}{2} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{2}$	26
parts	$x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{x(1-x)} \arcsin(-1+2x)}{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-x}}$	47

input `int(arcsin(x^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*arcsin(x^(1/2))+1/2*(1-x)^(1/2)*x^(1/2)-1/2*arcsin(x^(1/2))`

### 3.363.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{1}{2}(2x - 1) \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{-x + 1}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*x - 1)*arcsin(sqrt(x)) + 1/2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-x + 1)`

### 3.363.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-x}}{2} + x \operatorname{asin}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{\operatorname{asin}(\sqrt{x})}{2}$$

input `integrate(asin(x**(1/2)),x)`

output `sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 - x)/2 + x*asin(sqrt(x)) - asin(sqrt(x))/2`

### 3.363.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = x \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{-x + 1} - \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(\sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x*arcsin(sqrt(x)) + 1/2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-x + 1) - 1/2*arcsin(sqrt(x))`

**3.363.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = (x - 1) \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{-x + 1} + \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(\sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(x - 1)*arcsin(sqrt(x)) + 1/2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-x + 1) + 1/2*arcsin(sqrt(x))`**3.363.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) dx = x \operatorname{asin}(\sqrt{x}) - \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1-x}-1}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{1-x}}{2}$$

input `int(asin(x^(1/2)),x)`output `x*asin(x^(1/2)) - atan(x^(1/2)/((1 - x)^(1/2) - 1)) + (x^(1/2)*(1 - x)^(1/2))/2`

### 3.364 $\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx$

3.364.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2728
3.364.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2728
3.364.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2729
3.364.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2731
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3.364.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2731
3.364.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2732
3.364.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2732
3.364.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2732

#### 3.364.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx = -i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})^2 + 2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}) - i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})})$$

output `-I*arcsin(x^(1/2))^2+2*arcsin(x^(1/2))*ln(1-(I*x^(1/2)+(1-x)^(1/2))^2)-I*polylog(2,(I*x^(1/2)+(1-x)^(1/2))^2)`

#### 3.364.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx = 2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}) - i(\arcsin(\sqrt{x})^2 + \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}))$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]/x,x]`

output `2*ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[x]])] - I*(ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]^2 + PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[x]])])`

**3.364.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$ , Rules used = {5329, 3042, 25, 4200, 25, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5329} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x} \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} d \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 2 \int -\arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \tan\left(\arcsin(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -2 \int \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \tan\left(\arcsin(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4200} \\
 & 2 \left( 2i \int -\frac{e^{2i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})} \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{1 - e^{2i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}} d \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})^2 \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & 2 \left( -2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})} \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{1 - e^{2i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}} d \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})^2 \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & 2 \left( -2i \left( \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}) - \frac{1}{2} i \int \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}) d \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})^2 \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
 & 2 \left( -2i \left( \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}) - \frac{1}{4} \int e^{-2i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})} \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}) d e^{2i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})} \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})^2 \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2838}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2\left(-2i\left(\frac{1}{4}\text{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}\right) + \frac{1}{2}i\arcsin(\sqrt{x})\log\left(1 - e^{2i\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}\right)\right) - \frac{1}{2}i\arcsin(\sqrt{x})^2\right)$$

input `Int[ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]/x,x]`

output `2*((-1/2*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]^2 - (2*I)*((I/2)*ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[x]])]) + PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[x]])]/4)`

### 3.364.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F..)^((g..)*(e..) + (f..)*(x..)))^(n..)*((c..) + (d..)*(x..))^(m..)/((a..) + (b..)*((F..)^((g..)*(e..) + (f..)*(x..)))^(n..), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^(n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^(n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a..) + (b..)*((F..)^((e..)*((c..) + (d..)*(x..)))^(n..)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c..)*((d..) + (e..)*(x..))^(n..)]/(x..), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u.., x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4200 `Int[((c..) + (d..)*(x..))^(m..)*tan[(e..) + Pi*(k..) + (f..)*(x..)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m * E^(2*I*k*Pi) * (E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*k*Pi) * E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5329 `Int[ArcSin[(a_.)*(x_)^(p_)]^(n_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/p Subst[Int[x^n*Cot[x], x], x, ArcSin[a*x^p]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

### 3.364.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

method	result
derivativedivides	$-i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})^2 + 2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \ln(1 + i\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{1-x}) - 2i \operatorname{polylog}(2, -i\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{1-x})$
default	$-i \arcsin(\sqrt{x})^2 + 2 \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) \ln(1 + i\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{1-x}) - 2i \operatorname{polylog}(2, -i\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{1-x})$

input `int(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-I*arcsin(x^(1/2))^2+2*arcsin(x^(1/2))*ln(1+I*x^(1/2)+(1-x)^(1/2))-2*I*polylog(2,-I*x^(1/2)-(1-x)^(1/2))+2*arcsin(x^(1/2))*ln(1-I*x^(1/2)-(1-x)^(1/2))-2*I*polylog(2,I*x^(1/2)+(1-x)^(1/2))`

### 3.364.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arcsin(sqrt(x))/x, x)`

### 3.364.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(asin(x**(1/2))/x,x)`

output `Integral(asin(sqrt(x))/x, x)`

---

3.364.  $\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx$



**3.364.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arcsin(sqrt(x))/x, x)`

**3.364.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arcsin(sqrt(x))/x, x)`

**3.364.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx = -\text{polylog}\left(2, e^{\text{asin}(\sqrt{x}) 2i}\right) \text{li} - \text{asin}(\sqrt{x})^2 \text{li} \\ + 2 \ln\left(1 - e^{\text{asin}(\sqrt{x}) 2i}\right) \text{asin}(\sqrt{x})$$

input `int(asin(x^(1/2))/x,x)`

output `2*log(1 - exp(asin(x^(1/2))*2i))*asin(x^(1/2)) - asin(x^(1/2))^2*1i - poly  
log(2, exp(asin(x^(1/2))*2i))*1i`

### 3.365 $\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^2} dx$

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3.365.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2737

#### 3.365.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x}$$

output `-arcsin(x^(1/2))/x-(1-x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)`

#### 3.365.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{x-x^2} + \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]/x^2,x]`

output `-((Sqrt[x - x^2] + ArcSin[Sqrt[x]])/x)`

**3.365.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5341$$

$$\int \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-xx^{3/2}}} dx - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-xx^{3/2}}} dx - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$-\frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]/x^2,x]`

output `-(Sqrt[1-x]/Sqrt[x]) - ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]/x`

**3.365.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 5341 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)
) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,
x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,
x]
```

### 3.365.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{x}}$	23
default	$-\frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{x}}$	23
parts	$-\frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{x}}$	23

input `int(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-arcsin(x^(1/2))/x-(1-x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)`

### 3.365.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-x+1} + \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(sqrt(x)*sqrt(-x + 1) + arcsin(sqrt(x)))/x`

**3.365.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^2} dx = \frac{\begin{cases} -\frac{2i\sqrt{x-1}}{\sqrt{x}} & \text{for } |x| > 1 \\ -\frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{x}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}{2} - \frac{\operatorname{asin}(\sqrt{x})}{x}$$

input `integrate(asin(x**(1/2))/x**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-2*I*sqrt(x - 1)/sqrt(x), Abs(x) > 1), (-2*sqrt(1 - x)/sqrt(x), True))/2 - asin(sqrt(x))/x`

**3.365.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-x+1}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-sqrt(-x + 1)/sqrt(x) - arcsin(sqrt(x))/x`

**3.365.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-x+1}-1}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)/sqrt(x) - arcsin(sqrt(x))/x + 1/2*sqrt(x)/(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)`

**3.365.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\text{asin}(\sqrt{x})}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(asin(x^(1/2))/x^2,x)`output `int(asin(x^(1/2))/x^2, x)`

### 3.366 $\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^3} dx$

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3.366.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2742

#### 3.366.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{6x^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2}$$

output `-1/2*arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^2-1/6*(1-x)^(1/2)/x^(3/2)-1/3*(1-x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)`

#### 3.366.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-((-1+x)x)(1+2x)} + 3 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{6x^2}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]/x^3,x]`

output `-1/6*(Sqrt[-((-1+x)*x)]*(1+2*x)+3*ArcSin[Sqrt[x]])/x^2`

**3.366.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-xx^{5/2}}} dx - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-xx^{5/2}}} dx - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-xx^{3/2}}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{48} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-x}}{3\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]/x^3,x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[1-x])/(3*x^(3/2)) - (4*Sqrt[1-x])/(3*Sqrt[x]))/4 - ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]/(2*x^2)`



## 3.366.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 5341 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

## 3.366.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{6x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{3\sqrt{x}}$	35
default	$-\frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{6x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{3\sqrt{x}}$	35
parts	$-\frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{6x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{3\sqrt{x}}$	35

input `int(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $-1/2*\arcsin(x^{(1/2)})/x^2-1/6*(1-x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(3/2)}-1/3*(1-x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)}$

### 3.366.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^3} dx = -\frac{(2x+1)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-x+1} + 3\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{6x^2}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-1/6*((2*x + 1)*\text{sqrt}(x)*\text{sqrt}(-x + 1) + 3*\arcsin(\text{sqrt}(x)))/x^2$

### 3.366.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^3} dx = \frac{\begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(1-x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} & \text{for } \sqrt{x} > -1 \wedge \sqrt{x} < 1 \\ \arcsin(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}{2} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate(asin(x**(1/2))/x**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((-sqrt(1 - x)/sqrt(x) - (1 - x)**(3/2)/(3*x**(3/2)), (sqrt(x) > -1) & (sqrt(x) < 1))/2 - asin(sqrt(x))/(2*x**2)`

### 3.366.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-x+1}}{3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{-x+1}}{6x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $-1/3*\text{sqrt}(-x + 1)/\text{sqrt}(x) - 1/6*\text{sqrt}(-x + 1)/x^{(3/2)} - 1/2*\arcsin(\text{sqrt}(x))/x^2$

**3.366.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 74 vs.  $2(34) = 68$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^3} dx = -\frac{(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)^3}{48x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{3(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)}{16\sqrt{x}} + \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(\frac{9(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)^2}{x} + 1\right)}{48(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)^3} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/48*(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)^3/x^(3/2) - 3/16*(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)/sqrt(x) + 1/48*x^(3/2)*(9*(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)^2/x + 1)/(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)^3 - 1/2*arcsin(sqrt(x))/x^2`

**3.366.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\text{asin}(\sqrt{x})}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(asin(x^(1/2))/x^3,x)`

output `int(asin(x^(1/2))/x^3, x)`

### 3.367 $\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^4} dx$

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#### 3.367.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{15x^{5/2}} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-x}}{45x^{3/2}} - \frac{8\sqrt{1-x}}{45\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3}$$

output `-1/3*arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^3-1/15*(1-x)^(1/2)/x^(5/2)-4/45*(1-x)^(1/2)/x^(3/2)-8/45*(1-x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)`

#### 3.367.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^4} dx = 2 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{1-x}(3+4x+8x^2)}{90x^{5/2}} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{6x^3} \right)$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]/x^4,x]`

output `2*(-1/90*(Sqrt[1-x]*(3+4*x+8*x^2))/x^(5/2)-ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]/(6*x^3))`

**3.367.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-xx^{7/2}}} dx - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-xx^{7/2}}} dx - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-xx^{5/2}}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{5x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-xx^{3/2}}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{5x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{48} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-x}}{3\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{5x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]/x^4,x]`

output `((4*((-2*Sqrt[1-x])/(3*x^(3/2)) - (4*Sqrt[1-x])/(3*Sqrt[x])))/5 - (2*Sqrt[1-x])/(5*x^(5/2)))/6 - ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]/(3*x^3)`

## 3.367.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`
- rule 5341 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

## 3.367.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-x}}{45x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{8\sqrt{1-x}}{45\sqrt{x}}$	47
default	$-\frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-x}}{45x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{8\sqrt{1-x}}{45\sqrt{x}}$	47
parts	$-\frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-x}}{45x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{8\sqrt{1-x}}{45\sqrt{x}}$	47

input `int(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/3*\arcsin(x^{(1/2)})/x^3-1/15*(1-x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(5/2)}-4/45*(1-x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(3/2)}-8/45*(1-x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)}$$

### 3.367.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^4} dx = -\frac{(8x^2 + 4x + 3)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-x+1} + 15 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{45x^3}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-1/45*((8*x^2 + 4*x + 3)*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{-x + 1} + 15*\arcsin(\sqrt{x}))/x^3$$

### 3.367.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^4} dx = \frac{\begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2(1-x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{(1-x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} & \text{for } \sqrt{x} > -1 \wedge \sqrt{x} < 1 \end{cases}}{3} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate(asin(x**(1/2))/x**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((-sqrt(1 - x)/sqrt(x) - 2*(1 - x)**(3/2)/(3*x**(3/2)) - (1 - x)**(5/2)/(5*x**(5/2)), (sqrt(x) > -1) & (sqrt(x) < 1))/3 - asin(sqrt(x))/(3*x**3)`

### 3.367.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^4} dx = -\frac{8\sqrt{-x+1}}{45\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4\sqrt{-x+1}}{45x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{-x+1}}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-8/45*sqrt(-x + 1)/sqrt(x) - 4/45*sqrt(-x + 1)/x^(3/2) - 1/15*sqrt(-x + 1)/x^(5/2) - 1/3*arcsin(sqrt(x))/x^3`

### 3.367.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 106 vs.  $2(46) = 92$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^4} dx = -\frac{(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)^5}{480x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{5(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)^3}{288x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{5(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)}{48\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\left(\frac{150(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)^4}{x^2} + \frac{25(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)^2}{x} + 3\right)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{1440(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)^5} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/480*(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)^5/x^(5/2) - 5/288*(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)^3/x^(3/2) - 5/48*(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)/sqrt(x) + 1/1440*(150*(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)^4/x^2 + 25*(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)^2/x + 3)*x^(5/2)/(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)^5 - 1/3*arcsin(sqrt(x))/x^3`

### 3.367.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{asin}(\sqrt{x})}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(asin(x^(1/2))/x^4,x)`

output `int(asin(x^(1/2))/x^4, x)`



### 3.368 $\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^5} dx$

3.368.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2748
3.368.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2748
3.368.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2749
3.368.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2750
3.368.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2751
3.368.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2751
3.368.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2752
3.368.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2752
3.368.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2753

#### 3.368.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^5} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{28x^{7/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-x}}{70x^{5/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{35x^{3/2}} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-x}}{35\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{4x^4}$$

output `-1/4*arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^4-1/28*(1-x)^(1/2)/x^(7/2)-3/70*(1-x)^(1/2)/x^(5/2)-2/35*(1-x)^(1/2)/x^(3/2)-4/35*(1-x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)`

#### 3.368.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^5} dx = 2 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{1-x}(5+6x+8x^2+16x^3)}{280x^{7/2}} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{8x^4} \right)$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]/x^5,x]`

output `2*(-1/280*(Sqrt[1-x]*(5+6*x+8*x^2+16*x^3))/x^(7/2)-ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]/(8*x^4))`

**3.368.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-xx^{9/2}}} dx - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-xx^{9/2}}} dx - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{6}{7} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-xx^{7/2}}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{7x^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{4}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-xx^{5/2}}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{5x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{7x^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-xx^{3/2}}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{5x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{7x^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{48} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{6}{7} \left( \frac{4}{5} \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-x}}{3\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{5x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{7x^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{4x^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]/x^5,x]`

output `((6*((4*((-2*sqrt[1-x])/(3*x^(3/2))) - (4*sqrt[1-x])/(3*sqrt[x])))/5 - (2*sqrt[1-x])/(5*x^(5/2))))/7 - (2*sqrt[1-x])/(7*x^(7/2))/8 - ArcSin[Sqrt[x]]/(4*x^4)`

## 3.368.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 5341 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

## 3.368.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{4x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{28x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-x}}{70x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{35x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-x}}{35\sqrt{x}}$	59
default	$-\frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{4x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{28x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-x}}{70x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{35x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-x}}{35\sqrt{x}}$	59
parts	$-\frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{4x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{28x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{3\sqrt{1-x}}{70x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{35x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-x}}{35\sqrt{x}}$	59

input `int(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $-1/4*\arcsin(x^{(1/2)})/x^4-1/28*(1-x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(7/2)}-3/70*(1-x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(5/2)}$   
 $-2/35*(1-x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(3/2)}-4/35*(1-x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)}$

### 3.368.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^5} dx = -\frac{(16x^3 + 8x^2 + 6x + 5)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-x+1} + 35 \arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{140x^4}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-1/140*((16*x^3 + 8*x^2 + 6*x + 5)*\text{sqrt}(x)*\text{sqrt}(-x + 1) + 35*\arcsin(\text{sqrt}(x)))/x^4$

### 3.368.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^5} dx = \frac{\begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(1-x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{3(1-x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{(1-x)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} & \text{for } \sqrt{x} > -1 \wedge \sqrt{x} < 1 \end{cases}}{4} - \frac{\text{asin}(\sqrt{x})}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate(asin(x**(1/2))/x**5,x)`

output `Piecewise((-sqrt(1 - x)/sqrt(x) - (1 - x)**(3/2)/x**(3/2) - 3*(1 - x)**(5/2)/(5*x**(5/2)) - (1 - x)**(7/2)/(7*x**(7/2)), (sqrt(x) > -1) & (sqrt(x) < 1)))/4 - asin(sqrt(x))/(4*x**4)`

**3.368.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^5} dx = -\frac{4\sqrt{-x+1}}{35\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\sqrt{-x+1}}{35x^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{-x+1}}{70x^{5/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-x+1}}{28x^{7/2}} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-4/35*sqrt(-x + 1)/sqrt(x) - 2/35*sqrt(-x + 1)/x^(3/2) - 3/70*sqrt(-x + 1)/x^(5/2) - 1/28*sqrt(-x + 1)/x^(7/2) - 1/4*arcsin(sqrt(x))/x^4`**3.368.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 138 vs. 2(58) = 116.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^5} dx = -\frac{(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)^7}{3584x^{7/2}} - \frac{7(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)^5}{2560x^{5/2}} - \frac{7(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)^3}{512x^{3/2}} - \frac{35(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)}{512\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\left(\frac{1225(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)^6}{x^3} + \frac{245(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)^4}{x^2} + \frac{49(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)^2}{x} + 5\right)x^{7/2}}{17920(\sqrt{-x+1}-1)^7} - \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^(1/2))/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3584*(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)^7/x^(7/2) - 7/2560*(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)^5/x^(5/2) - 7/512*(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)^3/x^(3/2) - 35/512*(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)/sqrt(x) + 1/17920*(1225*(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)^6/x^3 + 245*(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)^4/x^2 + 49*(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)^2/x + 5)*x^(7/2)/(sqrt(-x + 1) - 1)^7 - 1/4*arcsin(sqrt(x))/x^4`

**3.368.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{x})}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\text{asin}(\sqrt{x})}{x^5} dx$$

input `int(asin(x^(1/2))/x^5,x)`output `int(asin(x^(1/2))/x^5, x)`

### 3.369 $\int x^4 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx$

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#### 3.369.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int x^4 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \frac{3}{40}bc^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}x^2 + \frac{1}{20}bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}x^4 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) + \frac{3}{40}bc^5 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right)$$

output `1/5*x^5*(a+b*arcsin(c/x))+3/40*b*c^5*arctanh((1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+3/40*b*c^3*x^2*(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2)+1/20*b*c*x^4*(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2)`

#### 3.369.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^4 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \frac{ax^5}{5} + b\sqrt{\frac{-c^2 + x^2}{x^2}} \left( \frac{3c^3x^2}{40} + \frac{cx^4}{20} \right) + \frac{1}{5}bx^5 \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) + \frac{3}{40}bc^5 \log \left( x \left( 1 + \sqrt{\frac{-c^2 + x^2}{x^2}} \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c/x]),x]`

output `(a*x^5)/5 + b*Sqrt[(-c^2 + x^2)/x^2]*((3*c^3*x^2)/40 + (c*x^4)/20) + (b*x^5*ArcSin[c/x])/5 + (3*b*c^5*Log[x*(1 + Sqrt[(-c^2 + x^2)/x^2]])/40`

**3.369.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {5341, 25, 27, 798, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^4 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} x^5 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{5} b \int -\frac{cx^3}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} b \int \frac{cx^3}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x^5 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} bc \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x^5 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} x^5 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{10} bc \int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} x^5 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{10} bc \left( \frac{3}{4} c^2 \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{2} x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} x^5 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{10} bc \left( \frac{3}{4} c^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} c^2 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2} - x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{1}{10}bc \left( \frac{3}{4}c^2 \left( x^2 \left( -\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right) - \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{c^2} - \frac{1}{c^2x^4}} d\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{10}bc \left( \frac{3}{4}c^2 \left( c^2 \left( -\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right) \right) - x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right)$$

input `Int[x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c/x]),x]`

output `(x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c/x]))/5 - (b*c*(-1/2*(Sqrt[1 - c^2/x^2]*x^4) + (3*c^2*(-(Sqrt[1 - c^2/x^2]*x^2) - c^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - c^2/x^2]]))/4))/10`

### 3.369.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 5341 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

### 3.369.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{ax^5}{5} - bc^5 \left( -\frac{x^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{5c^5} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{20c^4} - \frac{3x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{40c^2} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}\right)}{40} \right)$	84
derivativedivides	$-c^5 \left( -\frac{ax^5}{5c^5} + b \left( -\frac{x^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{5c^5} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{20c^4} - \frac{3x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{40c^2} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}\right)}{40} \right) \right)$	88
default	$-c^5 \left( -\frac{ax^5}{5c^5} + b \left( -\frac{x^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{5c^5} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{20c^4} - \frac{3x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{40c^2} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}\right)}{40} \right) \right)$	88

input `int(x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c/x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{5}ax^5 - bc^5 \left( -\frac{1}{5} \frac{x^5 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{c^5} - \frac{1}{20} \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{c^4} - \frac{3}{40} \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{c^2} - \frac{3}{40} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}\right) \right)$$

**3.369.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^4 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = -\frac{3}{40} bc^5 \log \left( x \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 - x^2}{x^2}} - x \right) + \frac{1}{5} ax^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} (bx^5 - b) \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) - \frac{2}{5} b \arctan \left( \frac{x \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 - x^2}{x^2}} - x}{c} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{40} (3bc^3x^2 + 2bcx^4) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 - x^2}{x^2}}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c/x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-3/40*b*c^5*log(x*sqrt(-(c^2 - x^2)/x^2) - x) + 1/5*a*x^5 + 1/5*(b*x^5 - b)*arcsin(c/x) - 2/5*b*arctan((x*sqrt(-(c^2 - x^2)/x^2) - x)/c) + 1/40*(3*b*c^3*x^2 + 2*b*c*x^4)*sqrt(-(c^2 - x^2)/x^2)`**3.369.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int x^4 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{bc \left( \begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{3c^4 \operatorname{acosh} \left( \frac{x}{c} \right)}{8} - \frac{3c^3 x}{8\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x^2}{c^2}}} + \frac{cx^3}{8\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x^2}{c^2}}} + \frac{x^5}{4c\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x^2}{c^2}}} \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{x^2}{c^2} \right| > 1 \\ -\frac{3ic^4 \operatorname{asin} \left( \frac{x}{c} \right)}{8} + \frac{3ic^3 x}{8\sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{c^2}}} - \frac{icx^3}{8\sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{c^2}}} - \frac{ix^5}{4c\sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{c^2}}} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right. \right)}{5} \right)}{5} + \frac{bx^5 \operatorname{asin} \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)}{5}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(a+b*asin(c/x)),x)`output `a*x**5/5 + b*c*Piecewise((3*c**4*acosh(x/c)/8 - 3*c**3*x/(8*sqrt(-1 + x**2/c**2)) + c*x**3/(8*sqrt(-1 + x**2/c**2)) + x**5/(4*c*sqrt(-1 + x**2/c**2)), Abs(x**2/c**2) > 1), (-3*I*c**4*asin(x/c)/8 + 3*I*c**3*x/(8*sqrt(1 - x**2/c**2)) - I*c*x**3/(8*sqrt(1 - x**2/c**2)) - I*x**5/(4*c*sqrt(1 - x**2/c**2))), True))/5 + b*x**5*asin(c/x)/5`

**3.369.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int x^4 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \frac{1}{5} ax^5 + \frac{1}{80} \left( 16x^5 \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) + \left( 3c^4 \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) - 3c^4 \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} - 1 \right) - \frac{2 \left( 3c^4 \left( -\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1 \right)^{3/2} - 5c^4 \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} \right)}{\left( \frac{c^2}{x^2} - 1 \right)^2 + 2c^2/x^2 - 1} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c/x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*a*x^5 + 1/80*(16*x^5*arcsin(c/x) + (3*c^4*log(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1) - 3*c^4*log(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) - 1) - 2*(3*c^4*(-c^2/x^2 + 1)^(3/2) - 5*c^4*sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1))/((c^2/x^2 - 1)^2 + 2*c^2/x^2 - 1))*c)*b`**3.369.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 464 vs. 2(75) = 150.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 464, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.21

$$\int x^4 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \frac{2bcx^5 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^5 \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) + 2acx^5 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^5 + bc^2x^4 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^4 + 10bc^3x^3 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^3 + 10bc^3x^3 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} - 1 \right)^3 - 2bc^2x^4 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} - 1 \right)^4 - 2acx^5 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} - 1 \right)^5 - 2bcx^5 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} - 1 \right)^5}{\left( \frac{c^2}{x^2} - 1 \right)^2 + 2c^2/x^2 - 1}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c/x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{320}(2bcx^5(\sqrt{-c^2/x^2 + 1} + 1)^5 \arcsin(c/x) + 2acx^5(\sqrt{-c^2/x^2 + 1} + 1)^5 + bc^2x^4(\sqrt{-c^2/x^2 + 1} + 1)^4 + 10b^3c^3x^3(\sqrt{-c^2/x^2 + 1} + 1)^3 \arcsin(c/x) + 10a^3c^3x^3(\sqrt{-c^2/x^2 + 1} + 1)^3 + 8b^4c^4x^2(\sqrt{-c^2/x^2 + 1} + 1)^2 + 20b^5c^5x(\sqrt{-c^2/x^2 + 1} + 1) \arcsin(c/x) + 20a^5c^5x(\sqrt{-c^2/x^2 + 1} + 1) + 24b^6c^6 \log(\sqrt{-c^2/x^2 + 1} + 1) - 24b^6c^6 \log(\text{abs}(c)/\text{abs}(x)) + 20b^7c^7 \arcsin(c/x)/(x(\sqrt{-c^2/x^2 + 1} + 1)) + 20a^7c^7/(x(\sqrt{-c^2/x^2 + 1} + 1)) - 8b^8c^8/(x^2(\sqrt{-c^2/x^2 + 1} + 1)^2) + 10b^9c^9 \arcsin(c/x)/(x^3(\sqrt{-c^2/x^2 + 1} + 1)^3) + 10a^9c^9/(x^3(\sqrt{-c^2/x^2 + 1} + 1)^3) - bc^{10}/(x^4(\sqrt{-c^2/x^2 + 1} + 1)^4) + 2b^{11}c^{11} \arcsin(c/x)/(x^5(\sqrt{-c^2/x^2 + 1} + 1)^5) + 2a^{11}c^{11}/(x^5(\sqrt{-c^2/x^2 + 1} + 1)^5))/c$

### 3.369.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \int x^4 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin} \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b*asin(c/x)),x)`

output `int(x^4*(a + b*asin(c/x)), x)`

### 3.370 $\int x^3 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx$

3.370.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2761
3.370.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2761
3.370.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2762
3.370.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2763
3.370.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2764
3.370.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2764
3.370.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2765
3.370.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2765
3.370.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2766

#### 3.370.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int x^3 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \frac{1}{6}bc^3\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}x + \frac{1}{12}bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}x^3 + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right)$$

output `1/4*x^4*(a+b*arcsin(c/x))+1/6*b*c^3*x*(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2)+1/12*b*c*x^3*(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2)`

#### 3.370.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^3 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + b\sqrt{\frac{-c^2 + x^2}{x^2}} \left( \frac{c^3x}{6} + \frac{cx^3}{12} \right) + \frac{1}{4}bx^4 \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c/x]),x]`

output `(a*x^4)/4 + b*Sqrt[(-c^2 + x^2)/x^2]*((c^3*x)/6 + (c*x^3)/12) + (b*x^4*ArcSin[c/x])/4`

**3.370.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$ , Rules used = {5341, 25, 27, 803, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} x^4 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{4} b \int -\frac{cx^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} b \int \frac{cx^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} dx + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} bc \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} dx + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{803} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} bc \left( \frac{2}{3} c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{746} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} x^4 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{4} bc \left( \frac{2}{3} c^2 x \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c/x]),x]`

output `(b*c*((2*c^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2/x^2]*x)/3 + (Sqrt[1 - c^2/x^2]*x^3)/3))/4 + (x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c/x]))/4`

## 3.370.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 746 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]`
- rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && LtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5341 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

## 3.370.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{ax^4}{4} - bc^4 \left( -\frac{x^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4c^4} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{12c^3} - \frac{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{6c} \right)$	67
derivativedivides	$-c^4 \left( -\frac{ax^4}{4c^4} + b \left( -\frac{x^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4c^4} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{12c^3} - \frac{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{6c} \right) \right)$	71
default	$-c^4 \left( -\frac{ax^4}{4c^4} + b \left( -\frac{x^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4c^4} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{12c^3} - \frac{x \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{6c} \right) \right)$	71

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c/x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`



output  $\frac{1}{4}ax^4 - bc^4 \left( -\frac{1}{4}c^4 x^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) - \frac{1}{12}c^3 x^3 (1 - c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)} - \frac{1}{6}cx(1 - c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)} \right)$

### 3.370.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^3 \left( a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) \right) dx = \frac{1}{4}bx^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) + \frac{1}{4}ax^4 + \frac{1}{12}(2bc^3x + bcx^3)\sqrt{-\frac{c^2 - x^2}{x^2}}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c/x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{4}bx^4 \arcsin(c/x) + \frac{1}{4}ax^4 + \frac{1}{12}(2b*c^3*x + b*c*x^3)*\sqrt{-(c^2 - x^2)/x^2}$

### 3.370.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int x^3 \left( a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) \right) dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bc \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2c^3\sqrt{-1+\frac{x^2}{c^2}}}{3} + \frac{cx^2\sqrt{-1+\frac{x^2}{c^2}}}{3} & \text{for } \left| \frac{x^2}{c^2} \right| > 1 \\ \frac{2ic^3\sqrt{1-\frac{x^2}{c^2}}}{3} + \frac{icx^2\sqrt{1-\frac{x^2}{c^2}}}{3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{4} + \frac{bx^4 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*asin(c/x)),x)`

output  $a*x**4/4 + b*c*\operatorname{Piecewise}\left(\left(\frac{2*c**3*\sqrt{-1 + x**2/c**2}}{3} + c*x**2*\sqrt{-1 + x**2/c**2}\right)/3, \operatorname{Abs}(x**2/c**2) > 1\right), \left(\frac{2*I*c**3*\sqrt{1 - x**2/c**2}}{3} + I*c*x**2*\sqrt{1 - x**2/c**2}\right)/3, \operatorname{True})/4 + b*x**4*\operatorname{asin}(c/x)/4$



**3.370.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \int x^3 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin} \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*asin(c/x)),x)`output `int(x^3*(a + b*asin(c/x)), x)`

### 3.371 $\int x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx$

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#### 3.371.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \frac{1}{6}bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{6}bc^3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right)$$

output `1/3*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c/x))+1/6*b*c^3*arctanh((1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+1/6*b*c*x^2*(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2)`

#### 3.371.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{1}{6}bcx^2\sqrt{\frac{-c^2 + x^2}{x^2}} + \frac{1}{3}bx^3 \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) + \frac{1}{6}bc^3 \log \left( x \left( 1 + \sqrt{\frac{-c^2 + x^2}{x^2}} \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c/x]),x]`

output `(a*x^3)/3 + (b*c*x^2*Sqrt[(-c^2 + x^2)/x^2])/6 + (b*x^3*ArcSin[c/x])/3 + (b*c^3*Log[x*(1 + Sqrt[(-c^2 + x^2)/x^2]])/6`

**3.371.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5341, 25, 27, 798, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} x^3 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{3} b \int -\frac{cx}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} b \int \frac{cx}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} bc \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} x^3 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{6} bc \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} x^3 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{6} bc \left( \frac{1}{2} c^2 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2} - x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} x^3 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{6} bc \left( x^2 \left( -\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right) - \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{c^2} - \frac{1}{c^2 x^4}} d \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} x^3 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{6} bc \left( c^2 \left( -\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right) \right) - x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c/x]),x]`

output `(x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c/x]))/3 - (b*c*(-(Sqrt[1 - c^2/x^2]*x^2) - c^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - c^2/x^2]]))/6`

### 3.371.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

```
rule 5341 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)
) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,
x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,
x]
```

### 3.371.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{x^3 a}{3} - b c^3 \left( -\frac{x^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{3c^3} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{6c^2} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}\right)}{6} \right)$	64
derivativedivides	$-c^3 \left( -\frac{a x^3}{3c^3} + b \left( -\frac{x^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{3c^3} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{6c^2} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}\right)}{6} \right) \right)$	68
default	$-c^3 \left( -\frac{a x^3}{3c^3} + b \left( -\frac{x^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{3c^3} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{6c^2} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}\right)}{6} \right) \right)$	68

```
input int(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c/x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3*x^3*a-b*c^3*(-1/3/c^3*x^3*arcsin(c/x)-1/6/c^2*x^2*(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2)-1/
6*arctanh(1/(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))
```

**3.371.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = -\frac{1}{6} bc^3 \log \left( x \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 - x^2}{x^2}} - x \right) + \frac{1}{6} bcx^2 \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 - x^2}{x^2}} + \frac{1}{3} ax^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (bx^3 - b) \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) - \frac{2}{3} b \arctan \left( \frac{x \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 - x^2}{x^2}} - x}{c} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c/x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/6*b*c^3*log(x*sqrt(-(c^2 - x^2)/x^2) - x) + 1/6*b*c*x^2*sqrt(-(c^2 - x^2)/x^2) + 1/3*a*x^3 + 1/3*(b*x^3 - b)*arcsin(c/x) - 2/3*b*arctan((x*sqrt(-(c^2 - x^2)/x^2) - x)/c)`**3.371.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{bc \left( \begin{cases} \frac{c^2 \operatorname{acosh} \left( \frac{x}{c} \right)}{2} - \frac{cx}{2\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x^2}{c^2}}} + \frac{x^3}{2c\sqrt{-1 + \frac{x^2}{c^2}}} & \text{for } \left| \frac{x^2}{c^2} \right| > 1 \\ -\frac{ic^2 \operatorname{asin} \left( \frac{x}{c} \right)}{2} + \frac{icx\sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{c^2}}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3}$$

$$+ \frac{bx^3 \operatorname{asin} \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)}{3}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*asin(c/x)),x)`output `a*x**3/3 + b*c*Piecewise((c**2*acosh(x/c)/2 - c*x/(2*sqrt(-1 + x**2/c**2)) + x**3/(2*c*sqrt(-1 + x**2/c**2)), Abs(x**2/c**2) > 1), (-I*c**2*asin(x/c)/2 + I*c*x*sqrt(1 - x**2/c**2)/2, True))/3 + b*x**3*asin(c/x)/3`



**3.371.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \frac{1}{3} ax^3 + \frac{1}{12} \left( 4x^3 \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) + \left( c^2 \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) - c^2 \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} - 1 \right) + 2x^2 \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} \right) c \right) b$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c/x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*a*x^3 + 1/12*(4*x^3*arcsin(c/x) + (c^2*log(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1) - c^2*log(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) - 1) + 2*x^2*sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1))*c)*b`**3.371.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 298 vs. 2(54) = 108.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.66

$$\int x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \frac{bcx^3 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^3 \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) + acx^3 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^3 + bc^2 x^2 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^2 + 3bc^3 x \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) + 3bc^2 x^2 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} - 1 \right) + 3bc^3 x \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} - 1 \right) + 3bc^2 x^2 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} - 1 \right)^2 + 3bc^3 x \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} - 1 \right)^3}{12}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c/x)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/24*(b*c*x^3*(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1)^3*arcsin(c/x) + a*c*x^3*(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1)^3 + b*c^2*x^2*(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1)^2 + 3*b*c^3*x*(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1)*arcsin(c/x) + 3*a*c^3*x*(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1) + 4*b*c^4*log(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1) - 4*b*c^4*log(abs(c)/abs(x)) + 3*b*c^5*arcsin(c/x)/(x*(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1)) + 3*a*c^5/(x*(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1)) - b*c^6/(x^2*(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1)^2) + b*c^7*arcsin(c/x)/(x^3*(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1)^3) + a*c^7/(x^3*(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1)^3))/c`

**3.371.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \int x^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{asin} \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*asin(c/x)),x)`output `int(x^2*(a + b*asin(c/x)), x)`

### 3.372 $\int x \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx$

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#### 3.372.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int x \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \frac{1}{2}bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right)$$

output `1/2*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c/x))+1/2*b*c*x*(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2)`

#### 3.372.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int x \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{1}{2}bcx\sqrt{\frac{-c^2 + x^2}{x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}bx^2 \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c/x]),x]`

output `(a*x^2)/2 + (b*c*x*Sqrt[(-c^2 + x^2)/x^2])/2 + (b*x^2*ArcSin[c/x])/2`

**3.372.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5341, 25, 27, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{2} b \int -\frac{c}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{c}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} bc \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{746} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} x^2 \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} bcx \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c/x]),x]`

output `(b*c*Sqrt[1 - c^2/x^2]*x)/2 + (x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c/x]))/2`

## 3.372.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 746 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]`

rule 5341 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

## 3.372.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{ax^2}{2} - bc^2 \left( -\frac{x^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{2c} \right)$	47
derivativedivides	$-c^2 \left( -\frac{ax^2}{2c^2} + b \left( -\frac{x^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{2c} \right) \right)$	51
default	$-c^2 \left( -\frac{ax^2}{2c^2} + b \left( -\frac{x^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{2c} \right) \right)$	51

input `int(x*(a+b*arcsin(c/x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*a*x^2-b*c^2*(-1/2/c^2*x^2*arcsin(c/x)-1/2/c*x*(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2))`

**3.372.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \frac{1}{2} b x^2 \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} b c x \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 - x^2}{x^2}} + \frac{1}{2} a x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(c/x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*b*x^2*arcsin(c/x) + 1/2*b*c*x*sqrt(-(c^2 - x^2)/x^2) + 1/2*a*x^2`**3.372.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int x \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \frac{a x^2}{2} + \frac{b c \left( \begin{cases} c \sqrt{-1 + \frac{x^2}{c^2}} & \text{for } \left| \frac{x^2}{c^2} \right| > 1 \\ i c \sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{c^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} + \frac{b x^2 \operatorname{asin} \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)}{2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*asin(c/x)),x)`output `a*x**2/2 + b*c*Piecewise((c*sqrt(-1 + x**2/c**2), Abs(x**2/c**2) > 1), (I*c*sqrt(1 - x**2/c**2), True))/2 + b*x**2*asin(c/x)/2`**3.372.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \frac{1}{2} a x^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( x^2 \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) + c x \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} \right) b$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(c/x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*a*x^2 + 1/2*(x^2*arcsin(c/x) + c*x*sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1))*b`

**3.372.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 174 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.46

$$\int x \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{bcx^2 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^2 \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) + acx^2 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)^2 + 2bc^2x \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) + 2bc^3 \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)}{8c}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(c/x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(b*c*x^2*(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1)^2*arcsin(c/x) + a*c*x^2*(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1)^2 + 2*b*c^2*x*(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1) + 2*b*c^3*arcsin(c/x) + 2*a*c^3 - 2*b*c^4/(x*(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1)) + b*c^5*arcsin(c/x)/(x^2*(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1)^2) + a*c^5/(x^2*(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1)^2))/c`

**3.372.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{bx^2 \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)}{2} + \frac{bcx \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{2}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*asin(c/x)),x)`

output `(a*x^2)/2 + (b*x^2*asin(c/x))/2 + (b*c*x*(1 - c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/2`

### 3.373 $\int \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx$

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#### 3.373.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = ax + bx \operatorname{csc}^{-1} \left( \frac{x}{c} \right) + b \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right)$$

output `a*x+b*x*arccsc(x/c)+b*c*arctanh((1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2))`

#### 3.373.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 89 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\int \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = ax + bx \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) + \frac{bc\sqrt{-c^2 + x^2} \left( -\log \left( 1 - \frac{x}{\sqrt{-c^2 + x^2}} \right) + \log \left( 1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{-c^2 + x^2}} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}x}$$

input `Integrate[a + b*ArcSin[c/x],x]`

output `a*x + b*x*ArcSin[c/x] + (b*c*Sqrt[-c^2 + x^2]*(-Log[1 - x/Sqrt[-c^2 + x^2]] + Log[1 + x/Sqrt[-c^2 + x^2]]))/(2*Sqrt[1 - c^2/x^2]*x)`



**3.373.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$ax + b \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right) + bx \operatorname{csc}^{-1} \left( \frac{x}{c} \right)$$

input `Int[a + b*ArcSin[c/x],x]`

output `a*x + b*x*ArcCsc[x/c] + b*c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - c^2/x^2]]`

**3.373.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**3.373.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result	size
default	$ax - bc \left( -\frac{x \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{c} - \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} \right) \right)$	37
parts	$ax - bc \left( -\frac{x \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{c} - \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} \right) \right)$	37
derivativedivides	$-c \left( -\frac{ax}{c} + b \left( -\frac{x \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{c} - \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} \right) \right) \right)$	42

input `int(a+b*arcsin(c/x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x-b*c*(-1/c*x*arcsin(c/x)-arctanh(1/(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))`

### 3.373.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 75 vs. 2(29) = 58.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = -bc \log \left( x \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 - x^2}{x^2}} - x \right) + ax \\ + (bx - b) \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) - 2b \arctan \left( \frac{x \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 - x^2}{x^2}} - x}{c} \right)$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(c/x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-b*c*log(x*sqrt(-(c^2 - x^2)/x^2) - x) + a*x + (b*x - b)*arcsin(c/x) - 2*b*arctan((x*sqrt(-(c^2 - x^2)/x^2) - x)/c)`

### 3.373.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = ax + b \left( c \left( \begin{cases} \operatorname{acosh} \left( \frac{x}{c} \right) & \text{for } \left| \frac{x^2}{c^2} \right| > 1 \\ -i \operatorname{asin} \left( \frac{x}{c} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + x \operatorname{asin} \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(a+b*asin(c/x),x)`

output `a*x + b*(c*Piecewise((acosh(x/c), Abs(x**2/c**2) > 1), (-I*asin(x/c), True))) + x*asin(c/x)`

**3.373.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( c \left( \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) - \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} - 1 \right) \right) + 2 x \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) b + ax$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(c/x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(c*(log(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1) - log(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) - 1)) + 2*x*a  
rcsin(c/x))*b + a*x`

**3.373.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs. 2(29) = 58.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx$$

$$= ax + \frac{\left( c^2 \left( \log \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) - \log \left( -\sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) \right) + 2 cx \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) b}{2c}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(c/x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a*x + 1/2*(c^2*(log(sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1) - log(-sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + 1)  
) + 2*c*x*arcsin(c/x))*b/c`

**3.373.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) \right) dx = a x + b x \operatorname{asin} \left( \frac{c}{x} \right) + b c \operatorname{sign}(x) \ln \left( x + \sqrt{x^2 - c^2} \right)$$

input `int(a + b*asin(c/x),x)`

output `a*x + b*x*asin(c/x) + b*c*sign(x)*log(x + (x^2 - c^2)^(1/2))`

### 3.374 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x} dx$

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#### 3.374.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2}ib \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)^2 - b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}\right) + a \log(x) + \frac{1}{2}ib \text{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}\right)$$

output `1/2*I*b*arcsin(c/x)^2-b*arcsin(c/x)*ln(1-(I*c/x+(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)+a*ln(x)+1/2*I*b*polylog(2,(I*c/x+(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2)`

#### 3.374.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x} dx = -b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}\right) + a \log(x) + \frac{1}{2}ib \left( \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)^2 + \text{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c/x])/x,x]`

output `-(b*ArcSin[c/x]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c/x])]) + a*Log[x] + (I/2)*b*(ArcSin[c/x]^2 + PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c/x])])`

**3.374.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x} dx$$

↓ 7293

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x} + \frac{b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$a \log(x) + \frac{1}{2} i b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}\right) + \frac{1}{2} i b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)^2 - b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}\right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c/x])/x,x]`

output `(I/2)*b*ArcSin[c/x]^2 - b*ArcSin[c/x]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c/x])] + a*Log[x] + (I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c/x])]`

**3.374.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]`

**3.374.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

method	result
parts	$a \ln(x) + b \left( \frac{i \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})^2}{2} - \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) \ln\left(1 + \frac{ic}{x} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}\right) - \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) \ln\left(1 - \frac{ic}{x} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}\right) \right)$
derivativedivides	$-a \ln\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) - b \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})^2}{2} + \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) \ln\left(1 + \frac{ic}{x} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}\right) - i \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{ic}{x} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}\right) \right)$
default	$-a \ln\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) - b \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})^2}{2} + \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) \ln\left(1 + \frac{ic}{x} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}\right) - i \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{ic}{x} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}\right) \right)$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a*ln(x)+b*(1/2*I*arcsin(c/x)^2-arcsin(c/x)*ln(1+I*c/x+(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2))-arcsin(c/x)*ln(1-I*c/x-(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I*polylog(2,-I*c/x-(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2))+I*polylog(2,I*c/x+(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2)))`**3.374.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((b*arcsin(c/x) + a)/x, x)`**3.374.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c/x))/x,x)`output `Integral((a + b*asin(c/x))/x, x)`

---

3.374.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x} dx$

**3.374.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(c*integrate(-sqrt(c + x)*sqrt(-c + x)*log(x)/(c^2*x - x^3), x) + arctan2(c, sqrt(c + x)*sqrt(-c + x))*log(x))*b + a*log(x)`

**3.374.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.374.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x} dx = \frac{b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)^2 \operatorname{li}}{2} + a \ln(x) + \frac{b \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, e^{\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) 2i}\right) \operatorname{li}}{2} - b \ln\left(1 - e^{\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) 2i}\right) \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c/x))/x,x)`

output `(b*asin(c/x)^2*li)/2 + a*log(x) + (b*polylog(2, exp(asin(c/x)*2i))*li)/2 - b*log(1 - exp(asin(c/x)*2i))*asin(c/x)`

---

3.374.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x} dx$



### 3.375 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx$

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#### 3.375.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{a}{x} - \frac{b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{c}\right)}{x}$$

output `-a/x-b*arccsc(x/c)/x-b*(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c`

#### 3.375.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{a}{x} - \frac{b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c/x])/x^2,x]`

output `-((b*Sqrt[1 - c^2/x^2])/c) - a/x - (b*ArcSin[c/x])/x`

**3.375.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {7266, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 7266

$$- \int \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)\right) d\frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a}{x} - \frac{b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x} - \frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{c}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c/x])/x^2,x]`

output `-((b*Sqrt[1 - c^2/x^2])/c) - a/x - (b*ArcSin[c/x])/x`

**3.375.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7266 `Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[SubstFor[x^(m + 1), u, x], x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && FunctionOfQ[x^(m + 1), u, x]`

**3.375.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{a}{x} - \frac{b \left( \frac{c \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) + \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right)}{c}$	38
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\frac{ca}{x} + b \left( \frac{c \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) + \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right)}{c}$	39
default	$-\frac{\frac{ca}{x} + b \left( \frac{c \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) + \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} \right)}{c}$	39

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-a/x-b/c*(c/x*arcsin(c/x)+(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2))`**3.375.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{bc \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) + bx \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 - x^2}{x^2}} + ac}{cx}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(b*c*arcsin(c/x) + b*x*sqrt(-(c^2 - x^2)/x^2) + a*c)/(c*x)`**3.375.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a}{x} - \frac{b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x} - \frac{b \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1}}{c} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ -\frac{a}{x} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c/x))/x**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a/x - b*asin(c/x)/x - b*sqrt(-c**2/x**2 + 1)/c, Ne(c, 0)), (-a/x, True))`

### 3.375.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{b\left(\frac{c \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1}\right)}{c} - \frac{a}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*(c*arcsin(c/x)/x + sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1))/c - a/x`

### 3.375.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{bc \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x} + b\sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1} + \frac{ac}{x}}{c}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(b*c*arcsin(c/x)/x + b*sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1) + a*c/x)/c`

**3.375.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} - \frac{b \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x}$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c/x))/x^2,x)`

output `- a/x - (b*(1 - c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/c - (b*asin(c/x))/x`

### 3.376 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{x^3} dx$

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#### 3.376.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{x^3} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{4cx} + \frac{b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\frac{x}{c})}{4c^2} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{2x^2}$$

output  $1/4*b*\operatorname{arccsc}(x/c)/c^2+1/2*(-a-b*\arcsin(c/x))/x^2-1/4*b*(1-c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/c/x$

#### 3.376.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{-c^2+x^2}{x^2}}}{4cx} + \frac{b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{4c^2} - \frac{b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{2x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c/x])/x^3,x]`

output  $-1/2*a/x^2 - (b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(-c^2 + x^2)/x^2])/(4*c*x) + (b*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c/x])/(4*c^2) - (b*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c/x])/(2*x^2)$

**3.376.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {5341, 25, 27, 858, 262, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} b \int -\frac{c}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2} x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{c}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2} x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} bc \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2} x^4}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{858} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} bc \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2} x^2}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} d\frac{1}{x}}}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{2c^2 x} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} bc \left( \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{2c^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{2c^2 x} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c/x])/x^3,x]`

output 
$$-1/2*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c/x])/x^2 + (b*c*(-1/2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2/x^2]/(c^2*x) + \text{ArcSin}[c/x]/(2*c^3)))/2$$

### 3.376.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 
$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$$

rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)*(\text{Fx}_), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b\_)*(\text{Gx}_) \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 223 
$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b\_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/\text{Rt}[-b, 2], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b]$$

rule 262 
$$\text{Int}[(c\_)*(x_)^{(m\_)}*((a_) + (b\_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[c*(c*x)^{(m-1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^2*(m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1)) \quad \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 2-1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+2*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$$

rule 858 
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m\_)}*((a_) + (b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^{(m+2)}, x], x, 1/x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 5341 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_ + \text{ArcSin}[u_]*b\_)*((c\_ + (d\_)*(x_)^{(m_)})^{(m_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[u])/d*(m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[b/(d*(m+1)) \quad \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(c + d*x)^{(m+1)}*(D[u, x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - u^2]), x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{InverseFunctionFreeQ}[u, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{FunctionOfQ}[(c + d*x)^{(m+1)}, u, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{FunctionOfExponentialQ}[u, x]$$



**3.376.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{b \left( \frac{c^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{2x^2} + \frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{4x} - \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4} \right)}{c^2}$	55
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a}{2x^2} + b \left( \frac{c^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{2x^2} + \frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{4x} - \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4} \right)}{c^2}$	59
default	$\frac{\frac{a}{2x^2} + b \left( \frac{c^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{2x^2} + \frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{4x} - \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4} \right)}{c^2}$	59

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/2*a/x^2-b/c^2*(1/2*c^2/x^2*arcsin(c/x)+1/4*c/x*(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2)-1/4*arcsin(c/x))`**3.376.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{bcx \sqrt{-\frac{c^2-x^2}{x^2}} + 2ac^2 + (2bc^2 - bx^2) \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4c^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `-1/4*(b*c*x*sqrt(-(c^2 - x^2)/x^2) + 2*a*c^2 + (2*b*c^2 - b*x^2)*arcsin(c/x))/(c^2*x^2)`

**3.376.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{bc \left( \begin{cases} \frac{i\sqrt{\frac{c^2}{x^2}-1}}{2c^2x} + \frac{i \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{2c^3} & \text{for } \left|\frac{c^2}{x^2}\right| > 1 \\ -\frac{1}{2x^3\sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2}+1}} + \frac{1}{2c^2x\sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2}+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{2c^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} - \frac{b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c/x))/x**3,x)`output `-a/(2*x**2) - b*c*Piecewise((I*sqrt(c**2/x**2 - 1)/(2*c**2*x) + I*acosh(c/x)/(2*c**3), Abs(c**2/x**2) > 1), (-1/(2*x**3*sqrt(-c**2/x**2 + 1)) + 1/(2*c**2*x*sqrt(-c**2/x**2 + 1)) - asin(c/x)/(2*c**3), True))/2 - b*asin(c/x)/(2*x**2)`**3.376.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{4} \left( c \left( \frac{x\sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2}+1}}{c^2x^2\left(\frac{c^2}{x^2}-1\right)-c^4} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2}+1}}{c}\right)}{c^3} \right) - \frac{2 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^2} \right) b - \frac{a}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*(c*(x*sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2*(c^2/x^2 - 1) - c^4) - arctan(x*sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1)/c)/c^3) - 2*arcsin(c/x)/x^2)*b - 1/2*a/x^2`

**3.376.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{2b\left(\frac{c^2}{x^2}-1\right)\arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{c} + \frac{2a\left(\frac{c^2}{x^2}-1\right)}{4c} + \frac{b\arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{c} + \frac{b\sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2}+1}}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/4*(2*b*(c^2/x^2 - 1)*arcsin(c/x)/c + 2*a*(c^2/x^2 - 1)/c + b*arcsin(c/x)/c + b*sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1)/x)/c`**3.376.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{b\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{4cx} - \frac{b\arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)\left(\frac{2c^2}{x^2}-1\right)}{4c^2}$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c/x))/x^3,x)`output `- a/(2*x^2) - (b*(1 - c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(4*c*x) - (b*asin(c/x)*((2*c^2)/x^2 - 1))/(4*c^2)`

### 3.377 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx$

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3.377.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2804

#### 3.377.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{3c^3} + \frac{b\left(1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{9c^3} - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{3x^3}$$

output  $1/9*b*(1-c^2/x^2)^(3/2)/c^3+1/3*(-a-b*\arcsin(c/x))/x^3-1/3*b*(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c^3$

#### 3.377.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a}{3x^3} + b\left(-\frac{2}{9c^3} - \frac{1}{9cx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{-c^2 + x^2}{x^2}} - \frac{b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{3x^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c/x])/x^4,x]`

output  $-1/3*a/x^3 + b*(-2/(9*c^3) - 1/(9*c*x^2))*Sqrt[(-c^2 + x^2)/x^2] - (b*ArcSin[c/x])/(3*x^3)$

**3.377.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {5341, 25, 27, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} b \int -\frac{c}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} x^5} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{1}{3} b \int \frac{c}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} x^5} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{1}{3} bc \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} x^5} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} bc \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}} x^2} d\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} bc \int \left( \frac{1}{c^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{c^2} \right) d\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} bc \left( \frac{2\left(1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3c^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{c^4} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{3x^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c/x])/x^4,x]`

output  $(b*c*((-2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2/x^2])/c^4 + (2*(1 - c^2/x^2)^{(3/2)})/(3*c^4)))/6 - (a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c/x])/(3*x^3)$

### 3.377.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$

rule 53  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ ( \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[m + n + 2, 0])$

rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

rule 5341  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{ArcSin}[u_]*(b_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcSin}[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b/(d*(m + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(c + d*x)^{(m + 1)}*(D[u, x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - u^2]), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{InverseFunctionFreeQ}[u, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{FunctionOfQ}[(c + d*x)^{(m + 1)}, u, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{FunctionOfExponentialQ}[u, x]$

**3.377.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{a}{3x^3} - \frac{b \left( \frac{c^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{3x^3} + \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{9x^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{9} \right)}{c^3}$	63
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\frac{a}{3x^3} + b \left( \frac{c^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{3x^3} + \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{9x^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{9} \right)}{c^3}$	67
default	$-\frac{\frac{a}{3x^3} + b \left( \frac{c^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{3x^3} + \frac{c^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{9x^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{9} \right)}{c^3}$	67

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/3*a/x^3-b/c^3*(1/3*c^3/x^3*arcsin(c/x)+1/9*c^2/x^2*(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2)+2/9*(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2))`**3.377.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{3bc^3 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) + 3ac^3 + (bc^2x + 2bx^3)\sqrt{-\frac{c^2-x^2}{x^2}}}{9c^3x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `-1/9*(3*b*c^3*arcsin(c/x) + 3*a*c^3 + (b*c^2*x + 2*b*x^3)*sqrt(-(c^2 - x^2)/x^2))/(c^3*x^3)`

**3.377.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a}{3x^3} - \frac{bc \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{-1+\frac{x^2}{c^2}}}{3cx^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{-1+\frac{x^2}{c^2}}}{3c^3x} & \text{for } \left|\frac{x^2}{c^2}\right| > 1 \\ \frac{i\sqrt{1-\frac{x^2}{c^2}}}{3cx^3} + \frac{2i\sqrt{1-\frac{x^2}{c^2}}}{3c^3x} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3} - \frac{b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c/x))/x**4,x)`output `-a/(3*x**3) - b*c*Piecewise((sqrt(-1 + x**2/c**2)/(3*c*x**3) + 2*sqrt(-1 + x**2/c**2)/(3*c**3*x), Abs(x**2/c**2) > 1), (I*sqrt(1 - x**2/c**2)/(3*c*x**3) + 2*I*sqrt(1 - x**2/c**2)/(3*c**3*x), True))/3 - b*asin(c/x)/(3*x**3)`**3.377.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{9} \left( c \left( \frac{\left(-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{c^4} - \frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1}}{c^4} \right) - \frac{3 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^3} \right) b - \frac{a}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/9*(c*((-c^2/x^2 + 1)^(3/2)/c^4 - 3*sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1)/c^4) - 3*arcsin(c/x)/x^3)*b - 1/3*a/x^3`**3.377.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{3b\left(\frac{c^2}{x^2}-1\right)\arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{cx} - \frac{b\left(-\frac{c^2}{x^2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{c^2} + \frac{3b\arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{cx} + \frac{3b\sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2}+1}}{c^2} + \frac{3ac}{x^3}$$



input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/9*(3*b*(c^2/x^2 - 1)*arcsin(c/x)/(c*x) - b*(-c^2/x^2 + 1)^(3/2)/c^2 + 3*b*arcsin(c/x)/(c*x) + 3*b*sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1)/c^2 + 3*a*c/x^3)/c`

### 3.377.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c/x))/x^4,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c/x))/x^4, x)`

### 3.378 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{x^5} dx$

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#### 3.378.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{x^5} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{16cx^3} - \frac{3b\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{32c^3x} + \frac{3b \operatorname{csc}^{-1}(\frac{x}{c})}{32c^4} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{4x^4}$$

output  $3/32*b*\operatorname{arccsc}(x/c)/c^4+1/4*(-a-b*\arcsin(c/x))/x^4-1/16*b*(1-c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/c/x^3-3/32*b*(1-c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^3/x$

#### 3.378.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a}{4x^4} + b\left(-\frac{1}{16cx^3} - \frac{3}{32c^3x}\right) \sqrt{\frac{-c^2 + x^2}{x^2}} + \frac{3b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{32c^4} - \frac{b \arcsin(\frac{c}{x})}{4x^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c/x])/x^5,x]`

output  $-1/4*a/x^4 + b*(-1/16*1/(c*x^3) - 3/(32*c^3*x))*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(-c^2 + x^2)/x^2] + (3*b*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c/x])/(32*c^4) - (b*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c/x])/(4*x^4)$

**3.378.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5341, 25, 27, 858, 262, 262, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}b \int -\frac{c}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}x^6} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{c}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}x^6} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{1}{4}bc \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}x^6} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{858} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}bc \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}x^4} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}bc \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}x^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{4c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{4c^2x^3} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{2c^2x} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{4c^2x^3} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4x^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}bc \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{2c^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{2c^2x} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{4c^2x^3} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4x^4}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c/x])/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(a + b*ArcSin[c/x])/x^4 + (b*c*(-1/4*sqrt[1 - c^2/x^2]/(c^2*x^3) + (3*(-1/2*sqrt[1 - c^2/x^2]/(c^2*x) + ArcSin[c/x]/(2*c^3)))/(4*c^2)))/4`

### 3.378.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m-1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1)) Int[(c*x)^(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2-1] && NeQ[m+2*p+1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p_, x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m+2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

```
rule 5341 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)
) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,
x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,
x]
```

### 3.378.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{a}{4x^4} - \frac{b \left( \frac{c^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4x^4} + \frac{c^3 \sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{16x^3} + \frac{3c \sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{32x} - \frac{3 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{32} \right)}{c^4}$	75
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\frac{a}{4x^4} + b \left( \frac{c^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4x^4} + \frac{c^3 \sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{16x^3} + \frac{3c \sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{32x} - \frac{3 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{32} \right)}{c^4}$	79
default	$-\frac{\frac{a}{4x^4} + b \left( \frac{c^4 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{4x^4} + \frac{c^3 \sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{16x^3} + \frac{3c \sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{x^2}}}{32x} - \frac{3 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{32} \right)}{c^4}$	79

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*a/x^4-b/c^4*(1/4*c^4/x^4*arcsin(c/x)+1/16*c^3/x^3*(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2)+3
/32*c/x*(1-c^2/x^2)^(1/2)-3/32*arcsin(c/x))
```

### 3.378.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{8ac^4 + (8bc^4 - 3bx^4) \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right) + (2bc^3x + 3bcx^3) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2-x^2}{x^2}}}{32c^4x^4}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x^5,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output -1/32*(8*a*c^4 + (8*b*c^4 - 3*b*x^4)*arcsin(c/x) + (2*b*c^3*x + 3*b*c*x^3)
*sqrt(-(c^2 - x^2)/x^2))/(c^4*x^4)
```

---

3.378.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^5} dx$

**3.378.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{a}{4x^4} - \frac{bc}{4} \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \frac{i}{4x^5 \sqrt{\frac{c^2}{x^2} - 1}} + \frac{i}{8c^2 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{c^2}{x^2} - 1}} - \frac{3i}{8c^4 x \sqrt{\frac{c^2}{x^2} - 1}} + \frac{3i \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{8c^5} \right) \quad \text{for } \left| \frac{c^2}{x^2} \right| > 1 \\ \left( -\frac{1}{4x^5 \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1}} - \frac{1}{8c^2 x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1}} + \frac{3}{8c^4 x \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1}} - \frac{3 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{8c^5} \right) \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c/x))/x**5,x)`

output `-a/(4*x**4) - b*c*Piecewise((I/(4*x**5*sqrt(c**2/x**2 - 1)) + I/(8*c**2*x**3*sqrt(c**2/x**2 - 1)) - 3*I/(8*c**4*x*sqrt(c**2/x**2 - 1)) + 3*I*acosh(c/x)/(8*c**5), Abs(c**2/x**2) > 1), (-1/(4*x**5*sqrt(-c**2/x**2 + 1)) - 1/(8*c**2*x**3*sqrt(-c**2/x**2 + 1)) + 3/(8*c**4*x*sqrt(-c**2/x**2 + 1)) - 3*asin(c/x)/(8*c**5), True))/4 - b*asin(c/x)/(4*x**4)`

**3.378.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^5} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{32} \left( c \left( \frac{3x^3 \left(-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 5c^2 x \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1}}{c^4 x^4 \left(\frac{c^2}{x^2} - 1\right)^2 - 2c^6 x^2 \left(\frac{c^2}{x^2} - 1\right) + c^8} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{x \sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2} + 1}}{c}\right)}{c^5} \right) + \frac{8 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^4} \right) b$$

$$-\frac{a}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/32*(c*((3*x^3*(-c^2/x^2 + 1)^(3/2) + 5*c^2*x*sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1))/(c^4*x^4*(c^2/x^2 - 1)^2 - 2*c^6*x^2*(c^2/x^2 - 1) + c^8) + 3*arctan(x*sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1)/c)/c^5) + 8*arcsin(c/x)/x^4)*b - 1/4*a/x^4`

**3.378.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{8b\left(\frac{c^2}{x^2}-1\right)^2 \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{c^3} + \frac{16b\left(\frac{c^2}{x^2}-1\right) \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{c^3} - \frac{2b\left(-\frac{c^2}{x^2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{c^2 x} + \frac{5b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{c^3} + \frac{5b\sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{x^2}+1}}{c^2 x} + \frac{8ac}{x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c/x))/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/32*(8*b*(c^2/x^2 - 1)^2*arcsin(c/x)/c^3 + 16*b*(c^2/x^2 - 1)*arcsin(c/x)/c^3 - 2*b*(-c^2/x^2 + 1)^(3/2)/(c^2*x) + 5*b*arcsin(c/x)/c^3 + 5*b*sqrt(-c^2/x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x) + 8*a*c/x^4)/c`**3.378.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{c}{x}\right)}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c/x))/x^5,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c/x))/x^5, x)`

### 3.379 $\int x^m(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx$

3.379.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2811
3.379.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2811
3.379.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2812
3.379.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	2813
3.379.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	2813
3.379.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2813
3.379.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2814
3.379.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2814
3.379.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2814

#### 3.379.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int x^m(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \frac{x^{1+m}(a + b \arcsin(cx^n))}{1 + m} - \frac{bcnx^{1+m+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m+n}{2n}, \frac{1+m+3n}{2n}, c^2x^{2n}\right)}{(1 + m)(1 + m + n)}$$

```
output x^(1+m)*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n))/(1+m)-b*c*n*x^(1+m+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2*(1+m+n)/n], [1/2*(1+m+3*n)/n], c^2*x^(2*n))/(1+m)/(1+m+n)
```

#### 3.379.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^m(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \frac{x^{1+m}((1 + m + n)(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) - bcnx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m+n}{2n}, \frac{1+m+3n}{2n}, c^2x^{2n}\right))}{(1 + m)(1 + m + n)}$$

```
input Integrate[x^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n]),x]
```

```
output (x^(1 + m)*((1 + m + n)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n]) - b*c*n*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m + n)/(2*n), (1 + m + 3*n)/(2*n), c^2*x^(2*n)]))/((1 + m)*(1 + m + n))
```



**3.379.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^m (a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{x^{m+1}(a + b \arcsin(cx^n))}{m+1} - \frac{b \int \frac{cx^{m+n}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^{2n}}} dx}{m+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^{m+1}(a + b \arcsin(cx^n))}{m+1} - \frac{bcn \int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^{2n}}} dx}{m+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\
 & \frac{x^{m+1}(a + b \arcsin(cx^n))}{m+1} - \frac{bcnx^{m+n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+n+1}{2n}, \frac{m+3n+1}{2n}, c^2x^{2n}\right)}{(m+1)(m+n+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^m*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n]),x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n]))/(1 + m) - (b*c*n*x^(1 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m + n)/(2*n), (1 + m + 3*n)/(2*n), c^2*x^(2*n)])/((1 + m)*(1 + m + n))`

**3.379.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

```
rule 5341 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)
) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,
x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,
x]
```

### 3.379.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^m (a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx$$

```
input int(x^m*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n)),x)
```

```
output int(x^m*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n)),x)
```

### 3.379.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^m (a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^m*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

### 3.379.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^m (a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \int x^m (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^n)) dx$$

```
input integrate(x**m*(a+b*asin(c*x**n)),x)
```

```
output Integral(x**m*(a + b*asin(c*x**n)), x)
```

**3.379.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^m (a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(cx^n) + a)x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(x*x^m*arctan2(c*x^n, sqrt(c*x^n + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^n + 1)) + (c*m + c)*n*integrate(sqrt(c*x^n + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^n + 1)*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/((c^2*m + c^2)*x^(2*n) - m - 1), x))*b/(m + 1) + a*x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)`

**3.379.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int x^m (a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(cx^n) + a)x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x^n) + a)*x^m, x)`

**3.379.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^m (a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \int x^m (a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*asin(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x^m*(a + b*asin(c*x^n)), x)`

### 3.380 $\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx$

3.380.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2815
3.380.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2815
3.380.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2816
3.380.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	2817
3.380.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	2817
3.380.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2817
3.380.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2818
3.380.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2818
3.380.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2818

#### 3.380.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) - \frac{bcnx^{3+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2n}, \frac{3(1+n)}{2n}, c^2x^{2n}\right)}{3(3+n)}$$

output `1/3*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n))-1/3*b*c*n*x^(3+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2*(3+n)/n], [3/2*(1+n)/n], c^2*x^(2*n))/(3+n)`

#### 3.380.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{1}{3}bx^3 \arcsin(cx^n) - \frac{bcnx^{3+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3+n}{2n}, c^2x^{2n}\right)}{3(3+n)}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n]),x]`

output `(a*x^3)/3 + (b*x^3*ArcSin[c*x^n])/3 - (b*c*n*x^(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + n)/(2*n), 1 + (3 + n)/(2*n), c^2*x^(2*n)])/(3*(3 + n))`

**3.380.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5341}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{3}b \int \frac{cnx^{n+2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^{2n}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{3}bcn \int \frac{x^{n+2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^{2n}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) - \frac{bcnx^{n+3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+3}{2n}, \frac{3(n+1)}{2n}, c^2x^{2n}\right)}{3(n+3)}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n]),x]`

output `(x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n]))/3 - (b*c*n*x^(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + n)/(2*n), (3*(1 + n))/(2*n), c^2*x^(2*n)])/(3*(3 + n))`

**3.380.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

```
rule 5341 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)
) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,
x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,
x]
```

### 3.380.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx$$

```
input int(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n)),x)
```

```
output int(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n)),x)
```

### 3.380.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

### 3.380.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{ibcc^{\frac{3}{n}}c^{-1-\frac{3}{n}}x^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{x^{-2n}}{c^2}\right)}{6\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)} + \frac{bx^3 \operatorname{asin}(cx^n)}{3}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*asin(c*x**n)),x)`

output `a*x**3/3 + I*b*c*c**(3/n)*c**(-1 - 3/n)*x**3*gamma(3/(2*n))*hyper((1/2, -3/(2*n)), (1 - 3/(2*n)),, 1/(c**2*x**(2*n)))/(6*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))) + b*x**3*asin(c*x**n)/3`

### 3.380.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(cx^n) + a)x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a*x^3 + 1/3*(x^3*arctan2(c*x^n, sqrt(c*x^n + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^n + 1)) + 3*c*n*integrate(1/3*sqrt(c*x^n + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^n + 1)*x^2*x^n/(c^2*x^(2*n) - 1), x))*b`

### 3.380.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(cx^n) + a)x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x^n) + a)*x^2, x)`

### 3.380.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \int x^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*asin(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b*asin(c*x^n)), x)`

### 3.381 $\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx$

3.381.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2819
3.381.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2819
3.381.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2820
3.381.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	2821
3.381.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	2821
3.381.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2821
3.381.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2822
3.381.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2822
3.381.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2822

#### 3.381.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) - \frac{bcnx^{2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 + \frac{2}{n}\right), c^2x^{2n}\right)}{2(2+n)}$$

output `1/2*x^2*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n))-1/2*b*c*n*x^(2+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2*(2+n)/n], [3/2+1/n], c^2*x^(2*n))/(2+n)`

#### 3.381.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{1}{2}bx^2 \arcsin(cx^n) - \frac{bcnx^{2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2n}, 1 + \frac{2+n}{2n}, c^2x^{2n}\right)}{2(2+n)}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n]),x]`

output `(a*x^2)/2 + (b*x^2*ArcSin[c*x^n])/2 - (b*c*n*x^(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + n)/(2*n), 1 + (2 + n)/(2*n), c^2*x^(2*n)])/(2*(2 + n))`



**3.381.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{cnx^{n+1}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^{2n}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2}bcn \int \frac{x^{n+1}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^{2n}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) - \frac{bcnx^{n+2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+2}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 + \frac{2}{n}\right), c^2x^{2n}\right)}{2(n+2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n]),x]`

output `(x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n]))/2 - (b*c*n*x^(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + n)/(2*n), (3 + 2/n)/2, c^2*x^(2*n)])/(2*(2 + n))`

**3.381.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

```
rule 5341 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)
) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,
x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,
x]
```

### 3.381.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n)),x)`

### 3.381.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

### 3.381.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{ibcc^{\frac{2}{n}}c^{-1-\frac{2}{n}}x^2\Gamma(\frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{x^{-2n}}{c^2}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{bx^2 \operatorname{asin}(cx^n)}{2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*asin(c*x**n)),x)`

output `a*x**2/2 + I*b*c*c**(2/n)*c**(-1 - 2/n)*x**2*gamma(1/n)*hyper((1/2, -1/n), (1 - 1/n,), 1/(c**2*x**(2*n)))/(4*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + b*x**2*asin(c*x**n)/2`

### 3.381.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(cx^n) + a)x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a*x^2 + 1/2*(x^2*arctan2(c*x^n, sqrt(c*x^n + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^n + 1)) + 2*c*n*integrate(1/2*sqrt(c*x^n + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^n + 1)*x*x^n/(c^2*x^(2*n) - 1), x))*b`

### 3.381.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(cx^n) + a)x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x^n) + a)*x, x)`

### 3.381.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \int x(a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*asin(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*asin(c*x^n)), x)`

### 3.382 $\int (a + b \arcsin (cx^n)) dx$

3.382.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2823
3.382.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2823
3.382.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2824
3.382.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	2824
3.382.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	2825
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3.382.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2826

#### 3.382.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int (a + b \arcsin (cx^n)) dx = ax + bx \arcsin (cx^n) - \frac{bcnx^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+n}{2n}, \frac{1}{2} \left( 3 + \frac{1}{n} \right), c^2 x^{2n} \right)}{1+n}$$

output `a*x+b*x*arcsin(c*x^n)-b*c*n*x^(1+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2*(1+n)/n],[3/2+1/2/n],c^2*x^(2*n))/(1+n)`

#### 3.382.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \arcsin (cx^n)) dx = ax + bx \arcsin (cx^n) - \frac{bcnx^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+n}{2n}, \frac{1}{2} \left( 3 + \frac{1}{n} \right), c^2 x^{2n} \right)}{1+n}$$

input `Integrate[a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n],x]`

output `a*x + b*x*ArcSin[c*x^n] - (b*c*n*x^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + n)/(2*n), (3 + n^(-1))/2, c^2*x^(2*n)])/(1 + n)`

**3.382.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$ax + bx \arcsin(cx^n) - \frac{bcnx^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right), c^2x^{2n}\right)}{n+1}$$

input `Int[a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n], x]`

output `a*x + b*x*ArcSin[c*x^n] - (b*c*n*x^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + n)/(2*n), (3 + n^(-1))/2, c^2*x^(2*n)])/(1 + n)`

**3.382.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**3.382.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n), x)`

output `int(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n), x)`

**3.382.5 Fracas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

**3.382.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = ax + b \left( \frac{icc^{\frac{1}{n}}c^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}x\Gamma(\frac{1}{2n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{x^{-2n}}{c^2}\right)}{2\Gamma(1 + \frac{1}{2n})} + x \operatorname{asin}(cx^n) \right)$$

```
input integrate(a+b*asin(c*x**n),x)
```

```
output a*x + b*(I*c*c**(1/n)*c**(-1 - 1/n)*x*gamma(1/(2*n))*hyper((1/2, -1/(2*n)), (1 - 1/(2*n)), 1/(c**2*x**(2*n)))/(2*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))) + x*asin(c*x**n))
```

**3.382.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \int b \arcsin(cx^n) + a dx$$

```
input integrate(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output (c*n*integrate(sqrt(c*x^n + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^n + 1)*x^n/(c^2*x^(2*n) - 1), x) + x*arctan2(c*x^n, sqrt(c*x^n + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^n + 1)))*b + a*x
```

**3.382.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \int b \arcsin(cx^n) + a dx$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(c*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(b*arcsin(c*x^n) + a, x)`

**3.382.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(cx^n)) dx = \int a + b \arcsin(cx^n) dx$$

input `int(a + b*arcsin(c*x^n),x)`

output `int(a + b*arcsin(c*x^n), x)`

### 3.383 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x} dx$

3.383.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2827
3.383.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	2827
3.383.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2828
3.383.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2829
3.383.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	2829
3.383.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2830
3.383.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2830
3.383.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2830
3.383.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2831

#### 3.383.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x} dx = -\frac{ib \arcsin(cx^n)^2}{2n} + \frac{b \arcsin(cx^n) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(cx^n)})}{n} + a \log(x) - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(cx^n)})}{2n}$$

output

```
-1/2*I*b*arcsin(c*x^n)^2/n+b*arcsin(c*x^n)*ln(1-(I*c*x^n+(1-c^2*(x^n)^2)^(1/2))^2)/n+a*ln(x)-1/2*I*b*polylog(2,(I*c*x^n+(1-c^2*(x^n)^2)^(1/2))^2)/n
```

#### 3.383.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 157 vs. 2(75) = 150.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x} dx = a \log(x) + b \arcsin(cx^n) \log(x) - \frac{bc \left( \log(x) \log(\sqrt{-c^2 x^n} + \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^{2n}}) + \frac{i \left( i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2 x^n}) \log(1 - e^{-2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2 x^n})}) - \frac{1}{2} i \left( -\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{-c^2 x^n}) \right) \right)}{n} \right)}{\sqrt{-c^2}}$$



input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n])/x,x]`

output `a*Log[x] + b*ArcSin[c*x^n]*Log[x] - (b*c*(Log[x]*Log[Sqrt[-c^2]*x^n + Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^(2*n)]] + (I*(I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^2]*x^n]*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^2]*x^n]]) - (I/2)*(-ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^2]*x^n]^2 + PolyLog[2, E^(-2*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^2]*x^n])])))/n))/Sqrt[-c^2]`

### 3.383.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x} dx$$

↓ 7293

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x} + \frac{b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$a \log(x) - \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{2i \arcsin(cx^n)})}{2n} - \frac{ib \arcsin(cx^n)^2}{2n} + \frac{b \arcsin(cx^n) \log(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(cx^n)})}{n}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n])/x,x]`

output `((-1/2*I)*b*ArcSin[c*x^n]^2)/n + (b*ArcSin[c*x^n]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*x^n])])/n + a*Log[x] - ((I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*x^n])])/n`

### 3.383.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]  
]`

### 3.383.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

method	result
parts	$a \ln(x) + \frac{b \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(cx^n)^2}{2} + \arcsin(cx^n) \ln(1+icx^n + \sqrt{1-c^2x^{2n}}) - i \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -icx^n - \sqrt{1-c^2x^{2n}}\right) + \arcsin(cx^n) \right)}{n}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{a \ln(cx^n) + b \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(cx^n)^2}{2} + \arcsin(cx^n) \ln(1+icx^n + \sqrt{1-c^2x^{2n}}) - i \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -icx^n - \sqrt{1-c^2x^{2n}}\right) + \arcsin(cx^n) \right)}{n}$
default	$\frac{a \ln(cx^n) + b \left( -\frac{i \arcsin(cx^n)^2}{2} + \arcsin(cx^n) \ln(1+icx^n + \sqrt{1-c^2x^{2n}}) - i \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -icx^n - \sqrt{1-c^2x^{2n}}\right) + \arcsin(cx^n) \right)}{n}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(c*x^n))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*ln(x)+b/n*(-1/2*I*arcsin(c*x^n)^2+arcsin(c*x^n)*ln(1+I*c*x^n+(1-c^2*(x^n)^2)^(1/2))-I*polylog(2,-I*c*x^n-(1-c^2*(x^n)^2)^(1/2))+arcsin(c*x^n)*ln(1-I*c*x^n-(1-c^2*(x^n)^2)^(1/2))-I*polylog(2,I*c*x^n+(1-c^2*(x^n)^2)^(1/2))`  
`)`

### 3.383.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^n))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**3.383.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^n)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x**n))/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c*x**n))/x, x)`

**3.383.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^n) + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^n))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(c*n*integrate(sqrt(c*x^n + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^n + 1)*x^n*log(x)/(c^2*x*x^(2*n) - x), x) + arctan2(c*x^n, sqrt(c*x^n + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^n + 1))*log(x))*b + a*log(x)`

**3.383.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^n) + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^n))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x^n) + a)/x, x)`

**3.383.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(cx^n)}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x^n))/x,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c*x^n))/x, x)`

### 3.384 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^2} dx$

3.384.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2832
3.384.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2832
3.384.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2833
3.384.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	2834
3.384.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	2834
3.384.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2834
3.384.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2835
3.384.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2835
3.384.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2835

#### 3.384.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x} - \frac{bcnx^{-1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1-n}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{1}{n}\right), c^2x^{2n}\right)}{1 - n}$$

output `(-a-b*arcsin(c*x^n))/x-b*c*n*x^(-1+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2*(-1+n)/n], [3/2-1/2/n], c^2*x^(2*n))/(1-n)`

#### 3.384.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x} + \frac{bcnx^{-1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{-1+n}{2n}, 1 + \frac{-1+n}{2n}, c^2x^{2n}\right)}{-1 + n}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n])/x^2,x]`

output `-(a/x) - (b*ArcSin[c*x^n])/x + (b*c*n*x^(-1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + n)/(2*n), 1 + (-1 + n)/(2*n), c^2*x^(2*n)])/(-1 + n)`

**3.384.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & b \int \frac{cnx^{n-2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^{2n}}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & bcn \int \frac{x^{n-2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^{2n}}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\
 & \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x} - \frac{bcnx^{n-1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1-n}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{1}{n}\right), c^2x^{2n}\right)}{1-n}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n])/x^2,x]`

output `-((a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n])/x) - (b*c*n*x^(-1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -1/2*(1 - n)/n, (3 - n^(-1))/2, c^2*x^(2*n)])/(1 - n)`

**3.384.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

```
rule 5341 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)
) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,
x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,
x]
```

### 3.384.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^2} dx$$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c*x^n))/x^2,x)
```

```
output int((a+b*arcsin(c*x^n))/x^2,x)
```

### 3.384.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^n))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

### 3.384.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} - \frac{ibcc^{-\frac{1}{n}}c^{-1+\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{2n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{x^{-2n}}{c^2}\right)}{2x\Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{2n}\right)} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x**n))/x**2,x)`

output `-a/x - I*b*c*c**(-1 + 1/n)*gamma(-1/(2*n))*hyper((1/2, 1/(2*n)), (1 + 1/(2*n)),), 1/(c**2*x**(2*n)))/(2*c**(1/n)*x*gamma(1 - 1/(2*n))) - b*asin(c*x**n)/x`

### 3.384.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^n) + a}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^n))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(c*n*x*integrate(sqrt(c*x^n + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^n + 1)*x^n/(c^2*x^2*x^(2*n) - x^2), x) + arctan2(c*x^n, sqrt(c*x^n + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^n + 1)))*b/x - a/x`

### 3.384.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^n) + a}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^n))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x^n) + a)/x^2, x)`

### 3.384.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x^n))/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x^n))/x^2, x)`



### 3.385 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^3} dx$

3.385.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2836
3.385.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2836
3.385.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2837
3.385.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	2838
3.385.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . .	2838
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#### 3.385.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{2x^2} - \frac{bcnx^{-2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\left(1 - \frac{2}{n}\right), \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{2}{n}\right), c^2x^{2n}\right)}{2(2 - n)}$$

output `1/2*(-a-b*arcsin(c*x^n))/x^2-1/2*b*c*n*x^(-2+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2-1/n],[3/2-1/n],c^2*x^(2*n))/(2-n)`

#### 3.385.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx^n)}{2x^2} + \frac{bcnx^{-2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{-2+n}{2n}, 1 + \frac{-2+n}{2n}, c^2x^{2n}\right)}{2(-2 + n)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n])/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*a/x^2 - (b*ArcSin[c*x^n])/(2*x^2) + (b*c*n*x^(-2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-2 + n)/(2*n), 1 + (-2 + n)/(2*n), c^2*x^(2*n)])/(2*(-2 + n))`

**3.385.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 5341

$$\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{cnx^{n-3}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^{2n}}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{2x^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2}bcn \int \frac{x^{n-3}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^{2n}}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{2x^2}$$

↓ 888

$$-\frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{2x^2} - \frac{bcnx^{n-2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2-n}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 - \frac{2}{n}\right), c^2x^{2n}\right)}{2(2-n)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n])/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x^n])/x^2 - (b*c*n*x^(-2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -1/2*(2 - n)/n, (3 - 2/n)/2, c^2*x^(2*n)])/(2*(2 - n))`

**3.385.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

```
rule 5341 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)
) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,
x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,
x]
```

### 3.385.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^3} dx$$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(c*x^n))/x^3,x)
```

```
output int((a+b*arcsin(c*x^n))/x^3,x)
```

### 3.385.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^n))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

### 3.385.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{ibcc^{-\frac{2}{n}}c^{-1+\frac{2}{n}}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{x^{-2n}}{c^2}\right)}{4x^2\Gamma(1-\frac{1}{n})} - \frac{b \arcsin(cx^n)}{2x^2}$$

---

3.385.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^3} dx$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(c*x**n))/x**3,x)`

output `-a/(2*x**2) - I*b*c*c**(-1 + 2/n)*gamma(-1/n)*hyper((1/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n), 1/(c**2*x**(2*n)))/(4*c**(2/n)*x**2*gamma(1 - 1/n)) - b*asin(c*x**n)/(2*x**2)`

### 3.385.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^n) + a}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^n))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(2*c*n*x^2*integrate(1/2*sqrt(c*x^n + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^n + 1)*x^n/(c^2*x^3*x^(2*n) - x^3), x) + arctan2(c*x^n, sqrt(c*x^n + 1)*sqrt(-c*x^n + 1)))*b/x^2 - 1/2*a/x^2`

### 3.385.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(cx^n) + a}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(c*x^n))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(c*x^n) + a)/x^3, x)`

### 3.385.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(cx^n)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c*x^n))/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c*x^n))/x^3, x)`

### 3.386 $\int x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$

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#### 3.386.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \frac{bx^4\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}{18d} + \frac{b(4 + 11c^2 - 5cdx^2)\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}{36d^3} + \frac{bc(3 + 2c^2)\arcsin(c + dx^2)}{12d^3} + \frac{1}{6}x^6(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2))$$

```
output 1/12*b*c*(2*c^2+3)*arcsin(d*x^2+c)/d^3+1/6*x^6*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))+1/18*
b*x^4*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/d+1/36*b*(-5*c*d*x^2+11*c^2+4)*(-d^
2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/d^3
```

#### 3.386.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \frac{ax^6}{6} + \frac{1}{2}b\left(\frac{4 + 11c^2}{18d^3} - \frac{5cx^2}{18d^2} + \frac{x^4}{9d}\right)\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4} + \frac{bc(3 + 2c^2)\arcsin(c + dx^2)}{12d^3} + \frac{1}{6}bx^6\arcsin(c + dx^2)$$

input `Integrate[x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]),x]`

output `(a*x^6)/6 + (b*((4 + 11*c^2)/(18*d^3) - (5*c*x^2)/(18*d^2) + x^4/(9*d))*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])/2 + (b*c*(3 + 2*c^2)*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/(12*d^3) + (b*x^6*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/6`

### 3.386.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 1434, 1166, 25, 1225, 1090, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}x^6(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{1}{6}b \int \frac{2dx^7}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}x^6(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{1}{3}bd \int \frac{x^7}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1434} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}x^6(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{1}{6}bd \int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1166} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}x^6(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{1}{6}bd \left( -\frac{\int \frac{x^2(2(1-c^2)-5cdx^2)}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}} dx^2}{3d^2} - \frac{x^4\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{3d^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}x^6(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{1}{6}bd \left( \frac{\int \frac{x^2(2(1-c^2)-5cdx^2)}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}} dx^2}{3d^2} - \frac{x^4\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{3d^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1225}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6}bd \left( \frac{\frac{1}{6}x^6(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{3c(2c^2+3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx^2}{2d} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}(11c^2 - 5cdx^2 + 4)}{2d^2}}{3d^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{3d^2} \right)$$

↓ 1090

$$\frac{1}{6}bd \left( \frac{\frac{3c(2c^2+3) \int \frac{1 - \frac{x^4}{4d^2}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{x^4}{4d^2}}} d(-2d^2x^2 - 2cd)}{4d^3} - \frac{(11c^2 - 5cdx^2 + 4)\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{2d^2}}{3d^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{3d^2} \right)$$

↓ 223

$$\frac{1}{6}bd \left( \frac{\frac{3c(2c^2+3) \arcsin\left(\frac{-2cd - 2d^2x^2}{2d}\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{(11c^2 - 5cdx^2 + 4)\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{2d^2}}{3d^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{3d^2} \right)$$

input `Int[x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]),x]`

output `(x^6*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]))/6 - (b*d*(-1/3*(x^4*sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])/d^2 + (-1/2*((4 + 11*c^2 - 5*c*d*x^2)*sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])/d^2 + (3*c*(3 + 2*c^2)*ArcSin[(-2*c*d - 2*d^2*x^2)/(2*d)])/ (2*d^2))/(3*d^2))/6`

### 3.386.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 1090 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(2*c*(-4*(c/(b^2 - 4*a*c)))^p) Subst[Int[Simp[1 - x^2/(b^2 - 4*a*c), x]^p, x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[4*a - b^2/c, 0]`

rule 1166 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1225 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(- (b*e*g*(p + 2) - c*(e*f + d*g)*(2*p + 3) - 2*c*e*g*(p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c^2*(p + 1)*(2*p + 3))), x] + Simp[(b^2*e*g*(p + 2) - 2*a*c*e*g + c*(2*c*d*f - b*(e*f + d*g))*(2*p + 3))/(2*c^2*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1434 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 5341 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`



### 3.386.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 257 vs. 2(117) = 234.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

method	result
default	$\frac{ax^6}{6} + b \left( \frac{x^6 \arcsin(dx^2+c)}{6} - \frac{d \left( -\frac{x^4 \sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{6d^2} + \frac{5cx^2 \sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{12d^3} - \frac{11c^2 \sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{12d^4} - \frac{c^3 \arctan\left(\frac{(d^2)^{1/2}(x^2+c/d)}{(-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1)^{1/2}}\right)}{3} \right)}{3} \right)$
parts	$\frac{ax^6}{6} + b \left( \frac{x^6 \arcsin(dx^2+c)}{6} - \frac{d \left( -\frac{x^4 \sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{6d^2} + \frac{5cx^2 \sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{12d^3} - \frac{11c^2 \sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{12d^4} - \frac{c^3 \arctan\left(\frac{(d^2)^{1/2}(x^2+c/d)}{(-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1)^{1/2}}\right)}{3} \right)}{3} \right)$

input `int(x^5*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*a*x^6+b*(1/6*x^6*arcsin(d*x^2+c)-1/3*d*(-1/6*x^4/d^2*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)+5/12*c/d^3*x^2*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)-11/12*c^2/d^4*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)-1/2*c^3/d^3/(d^2)^(1/2)*arctan((d^2)^(1/2)*(x^2+c/d)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2))-3/4*c/d^3/(d^2)^(1/2)*arctan((d^2)^(1/2)*(x^2+c/d)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2))-1/3/d^4*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2))`

### 3.386.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \frac{6ad^3x^6 + 3(2bd^3x^6 + 2bc^3 + 3bc) \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + (2bd^2x^4 - 5bcdx^2 + 11bc^2 + 4b)\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}}{36d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{36}(6ad^3x^6 + 3(2bd^3x^6 + 2b^2c^3 + 3b^2c) \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + (2bd^2x^4 - 5b^2cdx^2 + 11b^2c^2 + 4b^2) \sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2c^2dx^2 - c^2 + 1})/d^3$

### 3.386.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{ax^6}{6} + \frac{bc^3 \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{6d^3} + \frac{11bc^2 \sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{36d^3} - \frac{5bcx^2 \sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{36d^2} + \frac{bc \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{4d^3} + \frac{bx^6 \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{6} + bx^5 \\ \frac{x^6(a+b \arcsin(c))}{6} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(a+b*asin(d*x**2+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*x**6/6 + b*c**3*asin(c + d*x**2)/(6*d**3) + 11*b*c**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x**2 - d**2*x**4 + 1)/(36*d**3) - 5*b*c*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x**2 - d**2*x**4 + 1)/(36*d**2) + b*c*asin(c + d*x**2)/(4*d**3) + b*x**6*asin(c + d*x**2)/6 + b*x**4*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x**2 - d**2*x**4 + 1)/(18*d) + b*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x**2 - d**2*x**4 + 1)/(9*d**3), Ne(d, 0)), (x**6*(a + b*asin(c))/6, True))`

### 3.386.7 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs.  $2(117) = 234$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \frac{1}{6} ax^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{36} \left( 6x^6 \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}x^4}{d^2} - \frac{5\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}cx^2}{d^3} - \frac{15c}{d^3} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

```
output 1/6*a*x^6 + 1/36*(6*x^6*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + (2*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 -
c^2 + 1)*x^4/d^2 - 5*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1)*c*x^2/d^3 - 15*
c^3*arcsin(-(d^2*x^2 + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^4 + 9*(c^2 -
1)*c*arcsin(-(d^2*x^2 + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^4 + 15*sqrt(
-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1)*c^2/d^4 - 4*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^
2 + 1)*(c^2 - 1)/d^4)*d)*b
```

### 3.386.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 254 vs.  $2(117) = 234$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^5 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx \\ &= \frac{(dx^2 + c)^3 a}{6d^3} + \frac{(dx^2 + c) \left( (dx^2 + c)^2 - 1 \right) b \arcsin(dx^2 + c)}{6d^3} \\ & \quad - \frac{\left( (dx^2 + c)^2 - 1 \right) bc \arcsin(dx^2 + c)}{2d^3} - \frac{(dx^2 + c) \sqrt{-(dx^2 + c)^2 + 1} bc}{4d^3} \\ & \quad - \frac{\left( (dx^2 + c)^2 - 1 \right) ac}{2d^3} + \frac{(dx^2 + c) b \arcsin(dx^2 + c)}{6d^3} \\ & \quad - \frac{bc \arcsin(dx^2 + c)}{4d^3} - \frac{\left( -(dx^2 + c)^2 + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} b}{18d^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-(dx^2 + c)^2 + 1} b}{6d^3} \\ & \quad + \frac{(dx^2 + c) ac^2 + \left( (dx^2 + c) \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + \sqrt{-(dx^2 + c)^2 + 1} \right) bc^2}{2d^3} \end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate(x^5*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/6*(d*x^2 + c)^3*a/d^3 + 1/6*(d*x^2 + c)*((d*x^2 + c)^2 - 1)*b*arcsin(d*x
^2 + c)/d^3 - 1/2*((d*x^2 + c)^2 - 1)*b*c*arcsin(d*x^2 + c)/d^3 - 1/4*(d*x
^2 + c)*sqrt(-(d*x^2 + c)^2 + 1)*b*c/d^3 - 1/2*((d*x^2 + c)^2 - 1)*a*c/d^3
+ 1/6*(d*x^2 + c)*b*arcsin(d*x^2 + c)/d^3 - 1/4*b*c*arcsin(d*x^2 + c)/d^3
- 1/18*(-(d*x^2 + c)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*b/d^3 + 1/6*sqrt(-(d*x^2 + c)^2 + 1)*b/
d^3 + 1/2*((d*x^2 + c)*a*c^2 + ((d*x^2 + c)*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + sqrt(-(d*x
^2 + c)^2 + 1))*b*c^2)/d^3
```

**3.386.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \int x^5 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + c)) dx$$

input `int(x^5*(a + b*asin(c + d*x^2)),x)`output `int(x^5*(a + b*asin(c + d*x^2)), x)`

### 3.387 $\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$

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#### 3.387.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = -\frac{3bc\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}{8d^2} + \frac{bx^2\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}{8d} - \frac{b(1 + 2c^2) \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{8d^2} + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2))$$

output 
$$-1/8*b*(2*c^2+1)*\arcsin(d*x^2+c)/d^2+1/4*x^4*(a+b*\arcsin(d*x^2+c))-3/8*b*c*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^{(1/2)}/d^2+1/8*b*x^2*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^{(1/2)}/d$$

#### 3.387.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{1}{2}b\left(-\frac{3c}{4d^2} + \frac{x^2}{4d}\right)\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4} - \frac{b(1 + 2c^2) \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{8d^2} + \frac{1}{4}bx^4 \arcsin(c + dx^2)$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]),x]`

output 
$$(a*x^4)/4 + (b*((-3*c)/(4*d^2) + x^2/(4*d))*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])/2 - (b*(1 + 2*c^2)*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2])/(8*d^2) + (b*x^4*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2])/4$$

**3.387.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 1434, 1166, 25, 1160, 1090, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{2dx^5}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{1}{2}bd \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1434} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{1}{4}bd \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1166} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{1}{4}bd \left( -\frac{\int \frac{-c^2 - 3dx^2c + 1}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx^2}{2d^2} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{2d^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{1}{4}bd \left( \frac{\int \frac{-c^2 - 3dx^2c + 1}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx^2}{2d^2} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{2d^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1160} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}bd \left( \frac{\frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - (2c^2 + 1) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx^2 + \frac{3c\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{d}}{2d^2} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{2d^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1090}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}bd \left( \frac{3c\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{d} - \frac{(2c^2+1) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{x^4}{4d^2}}} d(-2d^2x^2-2cd)}{2d^2} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{2d^2} \right)$$

↓ 223

$$\frac{1}{4}bd \left( \frac{3c\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{d} - \frac{(2c^2+1) \arcsin\left(\frac{-2cd-2d^2x^2}{2d}\right)}{d} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{2d^2} \right)$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]),x]`

output `(x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]))/4 - (b*d*(-1/2*(x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])/d^2 + ((3*c*sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])/d - ((1 + 2*c^2)*ArcSin[(-2*c*d - 2*d^2*x^2)/(2*d)])/d)/(2*d^2))/4`

### 3.387.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 1090 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(2*c*(-4*(c/(b^2 - 4*a*c)))^p) Subst[Int[Simp[1 - x^2/(b^2 - 4*a*c), x]^p, x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[4*a - b^2/c, 0]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1166 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*Simp[c*d^2*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*(a*e*(m - 1) + b*d*(p + 1)) + e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + p)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[m], GtQ[m, 1], SumSimplerQ[m, -2]] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1434 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 5341 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

### 3.387.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result
default	$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bx^4 \arcsin(dx^2+c)}{4} + \frac{bx^2\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{8d} - \frac{3bc\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{8d^2} - \frac{bc^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2}\left(x^2+\frac{c}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}\right)}{4d\sqrt{d^2}}$
parts	$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bx^4 \arcsin(dx^2+c)}{4} + \frac{bx^2\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{8d} - \frac{3bc\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{8d^2} - \frac{bc^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2}\left(x^2+\frac{c}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}\right)}{4d\sqrt{d^2}}$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

---

3.387.  $\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$



output  $\frac{1}{4}ax^4 + \frac{1}{4}bx^4 \arcsin(dx^2+c) + \frac{1}{8}b^2x^2(-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1)^{(1/2)}/d - \frac{3}{8}b^2c(-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1)^{(1/2)}/d^2 - \frac{1}{4}b^2c^2/d/(d^2)^{(1/2)} + \arctan((d^2)^{(1/2)}(x^2+c/d)/(-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1)^{(1/2)}) - \frac{1}{8}b/d/(d^2)^{(1/2)} + \arctan((d^2)^{(1/2)}(x^2+c/d)/(-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1)^{(1/2)})$

### 3.387.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2ad^2x^4 + (2bd^2x^4 - 2bc^2 - b) \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + \sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}(bdx^2 - 3bc)}{8d^2}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{8}*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (2*b*d^2*x^4 - 2*b*c^2 - b)*\arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + \sqrt{-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1}*(b*d*x^2 - 3*b*c))/d^2$

### 3.387.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{ax^4}{4} - \frac{bc^2 \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{4d^2} - \frac{3bc\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{8d^2} + \frac{bx^4 \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{4} + \frac{bx^2\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{8d} - \frac{b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{8d^2} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4(a+b \arcsin(c))}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*asin(d*x**2+c)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*x**4/4 - b*c**2*asin(c + d*x**2)/(4*d**2) - 3*b*c*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x**2 - d**2*x**4 + 1)/(8*d**2) + b*x**4*asin(c + d*x**2)/4 + b*x**2*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x**2 - d**2*x**4 + 1)/(8*d) - b*asin(c + d*x**2)/(8*d**2), Ne(d, 0)), (x**4*(a + b*asin(c))/4, True))`

**3.387.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \frac{1}{4} ax^4 + \frac{1}{8} \left( 2x^4 \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + d \left( \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}x^2}{d^2} + \frac{3c^2 \arcsin\left(-\frac{d^2x^2 + cd}{\sqrt{c^2d^2 - (c^2 - 1)d^2}}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{(c^2 - 1)}{d^3} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*a*x^4 + 1/8*(2*x^4*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + d*(sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1)*x^2/d^2 + 3*c^2*arcsin(-(d^2*x^2 + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 - (c^2 - 1)*arcsin(-(d^2*x^2 + c*d)/sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c^2 - 1)*d^2))/d^3 - 3*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1)*c/d^3))*b`**3.387.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \frac{(dx^2 + c)ac + \left( (dx^2 + c) \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + \sqrt{-(dx^2 + c)^2 + 1} \right) bc}{2d^2} + \frac{2 \left( (dx^2 + c)^2 - 1 \right) b \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + (dx^2 + c) \sqrt{-(dx^2 + c)^2 + 1} b + 2 \left( (dx^2 + c)^2 - 1 \right) a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + c)}{8d^2}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*((d*x^2 + c)*a*c + ((d*x^2 + c)*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + sqrt(-(d*x^2 + c)^2 + 1))*b*c)/d^2 + 1/8*(2*((d*x^2 + c)^2 - 1)*b*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + (d*x^2 + c)*sqrt(-(d*x^2 + c)^2 + 1)*b + 2*((d*x^2 + c)^2 - 1)*a + b*arcsin(d*x^2 + c))/d^2`

**3.387.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 (a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + c)) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*asin(c + d*x^2)),x)`output `int(x^3*(a + b*asin(c + d*x^2)), x)`

### 3.388 $\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$

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#### 3.388.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx^2)^2}}{2d} + \frac{b(c + dx^2) \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{2d}$$

output `1/2*a*x^2+1/2*b*(d*x^2+c)*arcsin(d*x^2+c)/d+1/2*b*(1-(d*x^2+c)^2)^(1/2)/d`

#### 3.388.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 183 vs. 2(57) = 114.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{1}{2}bx^2 \arcsin(c + dx^2) + \frac{b\left(2d\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4} + 2cd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - \sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}}{c}\right) + c\sqrt{-d^2} \log(-1 + 2cdx^2 + 2d^2x^4)\right)}{4d^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]),x]`

output `(a*x^2)/2 + (b*x^2*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/2 + (b*(2*d*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4] + 2*c*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-d^2]*x^2 - Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])/c] + c*Sqrt[-d^2]*Log[-1 + 2*c*d*x^2 + 2*d^2*x^4 + 2*Sqrt[-d^2]*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]]))/(4*d^2)`

**3.388.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {7266, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{7266}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + c)) dx^2$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( ax^2 + \frac{b(c + dx^2) \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{d} + \frac{b\sqrt{1 - (c + dx^2)^2}}{d} \right)$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]),x]`

output `(a*x^2 + (b*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x^2)^2])/d + (b*(c + d*x^2)*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/d)/2`

**3.388.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7266 `Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[SubstFor[x^(m + 1), u, x], x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && Function OfQ[x^(m + 1), u, x]`

**3.388.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{b\left((dx^2+c)\arcsin(dx^2+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx^2+c)^2}\right)}{2d}$	46
derivativedivides	$\frac{(dx^2+c)a+b\left((dx^2+c)\arcsin(dx^2+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx^2+c)^2}\right)}{2d}$	50
default	$\frac{(dx^2+c)a+b\left((dx^2+c)\arcsin(dx^2+c)+\sqrt{1-(dx^2+c)^2}\right)}{2d}$	50

input `int(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/2*a*x^2+1/2*b/d*((d*x^2+c)*arcsin(d*x^2+c)+(1-(d*x^2+c)^2)^(1/2))`**3.388.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$$

$$= \frac{adx^2 + (bdx^2 + bc) \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + \sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}b}{2d}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/2*(a*d*x^2 + (b*d*x^2 + b*c)*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1)*b)/d`

**3.388.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{bc \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{2d} + \frac{bx^2 \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{2} + \frac{b\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{2d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2(a+b \arcsin(c))}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*asin(d*x**2+c)),x)`output `Piecewise((a*x**2/2 + b*c*asin(c + d*x**2)/(2*d) + b*x**2*asin(c + d*x**2)/2 + b*sqrt(-c**2 - 2*c*d*x**2 - d**2*x**4 + 1)/(2*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x**2*(a + b*asin(c))/2, True))`**3.388.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \frac{1}{2} ax^2 + \frac{\left( (dx^2 + c) \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + \sqrt{-(dx^2 + c)^2 + 1} \right) b}{2d}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*a*x^2 + 1/2*((d*x^2 + c)*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + sqrt(-(d*x^2 + c)^2 + 1))*b/d`**3.388.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(dx^2 + c)a + \left( (dx^2 + c) \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + \sqrt{-(dx^2 + c)^2 + 1} \right) b}{2d}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*((d*x^2 + c)*a + ((d*x^2 + c)*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + sqrt(-(d*x^2 + c)^2 + 1))*b)/d`

### 3.388.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int x(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{bx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 + c)}{2} + \frac{b\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{2d} + \frac{bc \ln\left(\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1} - \frac{d^2x^2 + cd}{\sqrt{-d^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d^2}}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*asin(c + d*x^2)),x)`

output `(a*x^2)/2 + (b*x^2*asin(c + d*x^2))/2 + (b*(1 - d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2)^(1/2))/(2*d) + (b*c*log((1 - d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2)^(1/2) - (c*d + d^2*x^2)/(-d^2)^(1/2)))/(2*(-d^2)^(1/2))`



**3.389**  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{x} dx$

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 3.389.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2861  
 3.389.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2861  
 3.389.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 2862  
 3.389.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 2863  
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 3.389.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2863  
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 3.389.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2864

**3.389.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{4}ib \arcsin(c + dx^2)^2 + \frac{1}{2}b \arcsin(c + dx^2) \log\left(1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(c+dx^2)}}{ic - \sqrt{1 - c^2}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}b \arcsin(c + dx^2) \log\left(1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(c+dx^2)}}{ic + \sqrt{1 - c^2}}\right) + a \log(x) - \frac{1}{2}ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(c+dx^2)}}{ic - \sqrt{1 - c^2}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(c+dx^2)}}{ic + \sqrt{1 - c^2}}\right)$$

```
output -1/4*I*b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)^2+a*ln(x)+1/2*b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)*ln(1-(I*(d*x^2+c)
+(1-(d*x^2+c)^2)^(1/2))/(I*c-(-c^2+1)^(1/2)))+1/2*b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)*ln(1-(
I*(d*x^2+c)+(1-(d*x^2+c)^2)^(1/2))/(I*c+(-c^2+1)^(1/2)))-1/2*I*b*polylog(2
,(I*(d*x^2+c)+(1-(d*x^2+c)^2)^(1/2))/(I*c-(-c^2+1)^(1/2)))-1/2*I*b*polylog
(2,(I*(d*x^2+c)+(1-(d*x^2+c)^2)^(1/2))/(I*c+(-c^2+1)^(1/2)))
```

**3.389.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x} dx = a \log(x) + \frac{1}{2}b \left( -\frac{1}{2}i \arcsin(c + dx^2)^2 \right. \\ \left. + \arcsin(c + dx^2) \log \left( 1 + \frac{e^{i \arcsin(c+dx^2)}}{\left( -\frac{ic}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2}}{d} \right) d} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \arcsin(c + dx^2) \log \left( 1 + \frac{e^{i \arcsin(c+dx^2)}}{\left( -\frac{ic}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2}}{d} \right) d} \right) \right. \\ \left. - i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, -\frac{e^{i \arcsin(c+dx^2)}}{-ic + \sqrt{1-c^2}} \right) \right. \\ \left. - i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(c+dx^2)}}{ic + \sqrt{1-c^2}} \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x,x]`output `a*Log[x] + (b*((-1/2*I)*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]^2 + ArcSin[c + d*x^2]*Log[1 + E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/(((-I)*c)/d - Sqrt[1 - c^2]/d)*d] + ArcSin[c + d*x^2]*Log[1 + E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/(((-I)*c)/d + Sqrt[1 - c^2]/d)*d] - I*PolyLog[2, -(E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/((-I)*c + Sqrt[1 - c^2]))] - I*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/(I*c + Sqrt[1 - c^2])])]/2`**3.389.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x} dx \\ \downarrow 7293$$

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x} + \frac{b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$a \log(x) - \frac{1}{2} ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(dx^2+c)}}{ic - \sqrt{1-c^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} ib \operatorname{PolyLog} \left( 2, \frac{e^{i \arcsin(dx^2+c)}}{ic + \sqrt{1-c^2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} b \arcsin(c + dx^2) \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(c+dx^2)}}{-\sqrt{1-c^2} + ic} \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \arcsin(c + dx^2) \log \left( 1 - \frac{e^{i \arcsin(c+dx^2)}}{\sqrt{1-c^2} + ic} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{4} ib \arcsin(c + dx^2)^2$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x,x]`

output `(-1/4*I)*b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]^2 + (b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/(I*c - Sqrt[1 - c^2])])/2 + (b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/(I*c + Sqrt[1 - c^2])])/2 + a*Log[x] - (I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/(I*c - Sqrt[1 - c^2])] - (I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/(I*c + Sqrt[1 - c^2])]`

### 3.389.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]`  
`]`

### 3.389.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + c)}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x,x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x,x)`

**3.389.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + a)/x, x)`

**3.389.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx^2)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2+c))/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x**2))/x, x)`

**3.389.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*integrate(arctan2(d*x^2 + c, sqrt(d*x^2 + c + 1)*sqrt(-d*x^2 - c + 1))/x, x) + a*log(x)`

**3.389.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + a)/x, x)`

**3.389.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + c)}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x^2))/x,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x^2))/x, x)`

**3.390**       $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{x^3} dx$

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 3.390.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2865  
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 3.390.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2869  
 3.390.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2869

**3.390.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{2x^2} - \frac{bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1-c^2-cdx^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2}\sqrt{1-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{1-c^2}}$$

output  $1/2*(-a-b*\arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^2-1/2*b*d*\operatorname{arctanh}((-c*d*x^2-c^2+1)/(-c^2+1)^(1/2))/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2+1)^(1/2)$

**3.390.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^2} - \frac{bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1-c^2-cdx^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2}\sqrt{1-(c+dx^2)^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-c^2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x^3,x]`

output  $(-((a + b*\operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2])/x^2) - (b*d*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(1 - c^2 - c*d*x^2)/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - c^2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - (c + d*x^2)^2]]))/\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - c^2])/2$

**3.390.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 1434, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{2d}{x\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & bd \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1434} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} bd \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx^2 - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1154} \\
 & -bd \int \frac{1}{4(1 - c^2) - x^4} d \frac{2(-c^2 - dx^2c + 1)}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & -\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{2x^2} - \frac{bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-c^2 - cdx^2 + 1}{\sqrt{1 - c^2}\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}\right)}{2\sqrt{1 - c^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x^2 - (b*d*ArcTanh[(1 - c^2 - c*d*x^2)/(Sqrt[1 - c^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]])/(2*Sqrt[1 - c^2])`

### 3.390.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`
- rule 1434 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 5341 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

### 3.390.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{b \arcsin(dx^2+c)}{2x^2} - \frac{bd \ln\left(\frac{-2c^2+2-2cdx^2+2\sqrt{-c^2+1}\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{x^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{-c^2+1}}$	89
parts	$-\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{b \arcsin(dx^2+c)}{2x^2} - \frac{bd \ln\left(\frac{-2c^2+2-2cdx^2+2\sqrt{-c^2+1}\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{x^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{-c^2+1}}$	89

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.390.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{x^3} dx$



output 
$$-1/2*a/x^2-1/2*b/x^2*\arcsin(d*x^2+c)-1/2*b*d/(-c^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\ln((-2*c^2+2-2*c*d*x^2+2*(-c^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^{(1/2)})/x^2)$$

### 3.390.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.11

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^3} dx = \left[ -\frac{\sqrt{-c^2 + 1} b dx^2 \log\left(\frac{(2c^2 - 1)d^2 x^4 + 2c^4 + 4(c^3 - c)dx^2 + 2\sqrt{-d^2 x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}(cdx^2 + c^2 - 1)\sqrt{-c^2 + 1 - 4c^2 + 2}}{x^4}\right) + 2ac^2 + 2}{4(c^2 - 1)x^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} &[-1/4*(\sqrt{-c^2 + 1})*b*d*x^2*\log(((2*c^2 - 1)*d^2*x^4 + 2*c^4 + 4*(c^3 - c)*d*x^2 + 2*\sqrt{-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1}*(c*d*x^2 + c^2 - 1)*\sqrt{-c^2 + 1} - 4*c^2 + 2)/x^4) + 2*a*c^2 + 2*(b*c^2 - b)*\arcsin(d*x^2 + c) - 2*a)/((c^2 - 1)*x^2), 1/2*(\sqrt{c^2 - 1})*b*d*x^2*\arctan(\sqrt{-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1}*(c*d*x^2 + c^2 - 1)*\sqrt{c^2 - 1}/((c^2 - 1)*d^2*x^4 + c^4 + 2*(c^3 - c)*d*x^2 - 2*c^2 + 1)) - a*c^2 - (b*c^2 - b)*\arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + a)/((c^2 - 1)*x^2)] \end{aligned}$$

### 3.390.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx^2)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2+c))/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x**2))/x**3, x)`

**3.390.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(c-1>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**3.390.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + a}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + a)/x^3, x)`

**3.390.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + c)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x^2))/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x^2))/x^3, x)`

### 3.391 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{x^5} dx$

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#### 3.391.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{bd\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}{4(1 - c^2)x^2} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{4x^4} - \frac{bcd^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1 - c^2 - cdx^2}{\sqrt{1 - c^2}\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}\right)}{4(1 - c^2)^{3/2}}$$

```
output 1/4*(-a-b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^4-1/4*b*c*d^2*arctanh((-c*d*x^2-c^2+1)/(-c^2+1)^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2))/(-c^2+1)^(3/2)-1/4*b*d*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2+1)/x^2
```

#### 3.391.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a}{4x^4} + \frac{bd\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}{4(-1 + c^2)x^2} - \frac{b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{4x^4} + \frac{bcd^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - \sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}}{\sqrt{-1 + c^2}}\right)}{2(-1 + c)(1 + c)\sqrt{-1 + c^2}}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x^5,x]
```

output 
$$-1/4*a/x^4 + (b*d*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])/(4*(-1 + c^2)*x^2) - (b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2])/(4*x^4) + (b*c*d^2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[-d^2]*x^2 - \text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])/\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c^2]])/(2*(-1 + c)*(1 + c)*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + c^2])$$

### 3.391.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 1434, 1157, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\ & \frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{2d}{x^3 \sqrt{-d^2 x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{4x^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{1}{2}bd \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{-d^2 x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{4x^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1434} \\ & \frac{1}{4}bd \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{-d^2 x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx^2 - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{4x^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1157} \\ & \frac{1}{4}bd \left( \frac{cd \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{-d^2 x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx^2}{1 - c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2 x^4 + 1}}{(1 - c^2)x^2} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{4x^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1154} \\ & \frac{1}{4}bd \left( -\frac{2cd \int \frac{1}{4(1-c^2)-x^4} d \frac{2(-c^2-dx^2c+1)}{\sqrt{-d^2 x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}}}{1 - c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2 x^4 + 1}}{(1 - c^2)x^2} \right) - \\ & \quad \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{4x^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}bd \left( -\frac{cd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-c^2 - cd x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{1-c^2}\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}\right)}{(1-c^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{(1-c^2)x^2} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{4x^4}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x^4 + (b*d*(-(Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/((1 - c^2)*x^2)) - (c*d*ArcTanh[(1 - c^2 - c*d*x^2)/(Sqrt[1 - c^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]]))/(1 - c^2)^(3/2)))/4`

### 3.391.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1157 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 1434 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

```
rule 5341 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)
) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u,
x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u,
x]
```

### 3.391.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a}{4x^4} - \frac{b \arcsin(dx^2+c)}{4x^4} - \frac{bd\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{4(-c^2+1)x^2} - \frac{bd^2c \ln\left(\frac{-2c^2+2-2cdx^2+2\sqrt{-c^2+1}\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{x^2}\right)}{4(-c^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	132
parts	$-\frac{a}{4x^4} - \frac{b \arcsin(dx^2+c)}{4x^4} - \frac{bd\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{4(-c^2+1)x^2} - \frac{bd^2c \ln\left(\frac{-2c^2+2-2cdx^2+2\sqrt{-c^2+1}\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{x^2}\right)}{4(-c^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	132

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*a/x^4-1/4*b/x^4*arcsin(d*x^2+c)-1/4*b*d*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1
/2)/(-c^2+1)/x^2-1/4*b*d^2*c/(-c^2+1)^(3/2)*ln((-2*c^2+2-2*c*d*x^2+2*(-c^2
+1)^(1/2)*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2))/x^2)
```

### 3.391.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 392, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{\sqrt{-c^2+1}bcd^2x^4 \log\left(\frac{(2c^2-1)d^2x^4+2c^4+4(c^3-c)dx^2-2\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}(cdx^2+c^2-1)\sqrt{-c^2+1}-4c^2+2}{x^4}\right) + 2ac^4 - 1}{8(c^4 - 2c^2 + 1)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\sqrt{c^2-1}bcd^2x^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}(cdx^2+c^2-1)\sqrt{c^2-1}}{(c^2-1)d^2x^4+c^4+2(c^3-c)dx^2-2c^2+1}\right) + ac^4 - \sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}(bc^2-b)}{4(c^4 - 2c^2 + 1)x^4} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^5,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

---

3.391.  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{x^5} dx$

```
output [-1/8*(sqrt(-c^2 + 1)*b*c*d^2*x^4*log(((2*c^2 - 1)*d^2*x^4 + 2*c^4 + 4*(c^3 - c)*d*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1)*(c*d*x^2 + c^2 - 1)*sqrt(-c^2 + 1) - 4*c^2 + 2)/x^4) + 2*a*c^4 - 2*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1)*(b*c^2 - b)*d*x^2 - 4*a*c^2 + 2*(b*c^4 - 2*b*c^2 + b)*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + 2*a)/((c^4 - 2*c^2 + 1)*x^4), -1/4*(sqrt(c^2 - 1)*b*c*d^2*x^4*arctan(sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1)*(c*d*x^2 + c^2 - 1)*sqrt(c^2 - 1))/((c^2 - 1)*d^2*x^4 + c^4 + 2*(c^3 - c)*d*x^2 - 2*c^2 + 1)) + a*c^4 - sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1)*(b*c^2 - b)*d*x^2 - 2*a*c^2 + (b*c^4 - 2*b*c^2 + b)*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + a)/((c^4 - 2*c^2 + 1)*x^4)]
```

### 3.391.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx^2)}{x^5} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2+c))/x**5,x)
```

```
output Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x**2))/x**5, x)
```

### 3.391.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^5} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(c-1>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is
```

**3.391.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + a}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + a)/x^5, x)`

**3.391.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + c)}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x^2))/x^5,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x^2))/x^5, x)`



**3.392**  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{x^7} dx$

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 3.392.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2877  
 3.392.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2877  
 3.392.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2880  
 3.392.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2881  
 3.392.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2882  
 3.392.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 2882  
 3.392.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2883  
 3.392.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2883

**3.392.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{bd\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}{12(1 - c^2)x^4} - \frac{bcd^2\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}{4(1 - c^2)^2x^2} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{6x^6} - \frac{b(1 + 2c^2)d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1 - c^2 - cdx^2}{\sqrt{1 - c^2}\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}\right)}{12(1 - c^2)^{5/2}}$$

```
output 1/6*(-a-b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^6-1/12*b*(2*c^2+1)*d^3*arctanh((-c*d*x^2-c^2+1)/(-c^2+1)^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2))/(-c^2+1)^(5/2)-1/12*b*d*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2+1)/x^4-1/4*b*c*d^2*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2+1)^2/x^2
```

**3.392.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a}{6x^6} + b \left( \frac{d}{12(-1+c^2)x^4} - \frac{cd^2}{4(-1+c^2)^2 x^2} \right) \sqrt{1-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4} - \frac{b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{6x^6} - \frac{b(1+2c^2)d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^2-\sqrt{1-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4}}}{\sqrt{-1+c^2}}\right)}{6(-1+c)^2(1+c)^2\sqrt{-1+c^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x^7,x]`output `-1/6*a/x^6 + b*(d/(12*(-1 + c^2)*x^4) - (c*d^2)/(4*(-1 + c^2)^2*x^2))*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4] - (b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/(6*x^6) - (b*(1 + 2*c^2)*d^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-d^2]*x^2 - Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])/Sqrt[-1 + c^2]])/(6*(-1 + c)^2*(1 + c)^2*Sqrt[-1 + c^2])`**3.392.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.562$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 1434, 1167, 25, 27, 1228, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^7} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\ & \frac{1}{6} b \int \frac{2d}{x^5 \sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{6x^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{1}{3} bd \int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{6x^6} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1434 \\
& \frac{1}{6}bd \int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx^2 - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{6x^6} \\
& \downarrow 1167 \\
& \frac{1}{6}bd \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{d(dx^2+3c)}{x^4 \sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx^2}{2(1-c^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{2(1-c^2)x^4} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{6x^6} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{6}bd \left( \frac{\int \frac{d(dx^2+3c)}{x^4 \sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx^2}{2(1-c^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{2(1-c^2)x^4} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{6x^6} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{6}bd \left( \frac{d \int \frac{dx^2+3c}{x^4 \sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx^2}{2(1-c^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{2(1-c^2)x^4} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{6x^6} \\
& \downarrow 1228 \\
& \frac{1}{6}bd \left( \frac{d \left( \frac{(2c^2+1) \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx^2}{1-c^2} - \frac{3c \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{(1-c^2)x^2} \right)}{2(1-c^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{2(1-c^2)x^4} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{6x^6} \\
& \downarrow 1154 \\
& \frac{1}{6}bd \left( \frac{d \left( -\frac{2(2c^2+1) \int \frac{1}{4(1-c^2)-x^4} d \frac{2(-c^2-dx^2c+1)}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}}}{1-c^2} - \frac{3c \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{(1-c^2)x^2} \right)}{2(1-c^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{2(1-c^2)x^4} \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{6x^6} \\
& \downarrow 219
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6}bd \left( \frac{d \left( -\frac{(2c^2+1)\operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{-c^2-cdx^2+1}{\sqrt{1-c^2}\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}\right)}{(1-c^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3c\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{(1-c^2)x^2} \right)}{2(1-c^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{2(1-c^2)x^4} \right) - \frac{a+b\arcsin(c+dx^2)}{6x^6}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x^7,x]`

output `-1/6*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x^6 + (b*d*(-1/2*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/((1 - c^2)*x^4) + (d*((-3*c*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])/((1 - c^2)*x^2) - ((1 + 2*c^2)*d*ArcTanh[(1 - c^2 - c*d*x^2)/(Sqrt[1 - c^2]*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]]))/(1 - c^2)^(3/2)))/(2*(1 - c^2)))/6`

### 3.392.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1167 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*Simp[c*d*(m + 1) - b*e*(m + p + 2) - c*e*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && ((LtQ[m, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0])`

rule 1228 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] - Simp[(b*(e*f + d*g) - 2*(c*d*f + a*e*g))/(2*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 1434 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 5341 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

### 3.392.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
default	$-\frac{a}{6x^6} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx^2+c)}{6x^6} + \frac{d \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{4(-c^2+1)x^4} - \frac{3dc\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{4(-c^2+1)^2x^2} - \frac{3d^2c^2 \ln \left( \frac{-2c^2+2-2cdx^2+2\sqrt{-c^2+1}\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{x^2} \right)}{4(-c^2+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)}{3} \right)$
parts	$-\frac{a}{6x^6} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx^2+c)}{6x^6} + \frac{d \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{4(-c^2+1)x^4} - \frac{3dc\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{4(-c^2+1)^2x^2} - \frac{3d^2c^2 \ln \left( \frac{-2c^2+2-2cdx^2+2\sqrt{-c^2+1}\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{x^2} \right)}{4(-c^2+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)}{3} \right)$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6*a/x^6+b*(-1/6/x^6*arcsin(d*x^2+c)+1/3*d*(-1/4/(-c^2+1)/x^4*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)-3/4*d*c/(-c^2+1)^2/x^2*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)-3/4*d^2*c^2/(-c^2+1)^(5/2)*ln((-2*c^2+2-2*c*d*x^2+2*(-c^2+1)^(1/2)*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2))/x^2)-1/4*d^2/(-c^2+1)^(3/2)*ln((-2*c^2+2-2*c*d*x^2+2*(-c^2+1)^(1/2)*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2))/x^2))`

### 3.392.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 496, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^7} dx = \left[ -\frac{(2bc^2 + b)\sqrt{-c^2 + 1}d^3x^6 \log \left( \frac{(2c^2-1)d^2x^4+2c^4+4(c^3-c)dx^2+2\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}(cdx^2+c^2-1)\sqrt{-c^2+1}-4c^2+2}{x^4} \right)}{3} \right] +$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/24*((2*b*c^2 + b)*sqrt(-c^2 + 1)*d^3*x^6*log(((2*c^2 - 1)*d^2*x^4 + 2*c^4 + 4*(c^3 - c)*d*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1)*(c*d*x^2 + c^2 - 1)*sqrt(-c^2 + 1) - 4*c^2 + 2)/x^4) + 4*a*c^6 - 12*a*c^4 + 12*a*c^2 + 4*(b*c^6 - 3*b*c^4 + 3*b*c^2 - b)*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + 2*(3*(b*c^3 - b*c)*d^2*x^4 - (b*c^4 - 2*b*c^2 + b)*d*x^2)*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1) - 4*a)/((c^6 - 3*c^4 + 3*c^2 - 1)*x^6), 1/12*((2*b*c^2 + b)*sqrt(c^2 - 1)*d^3*x^6*arctan(sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1)*(c*d*x^2 + c^2 - 1)*sqrt(c^2 - 1)/((c^2 - 1)*d^2*x^4 + c^4 + 2*(c^3 - c)*d*x^2 - 2*c^2 + 1)) - 2*a*c^6 + 6*a*c^4 - 6*a*c^2 - 2*(b*c^6 - 3*b*c^4 + 3*b*c^2 - b)*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) - (3*(b*c^3 - b*c)*d^2*x^4 - (b*c^4 - 2*b*c^2 + b)*d*x^2)*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1) + 2*a)/((c^6 - 3*c^4 + 3*c^2 - 1)*x^6)]`

### 3.392.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx^2)}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2+c))/x**7,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x**2))/x**7, x)`

### 3.392.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^7} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(c-1>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**3.392.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + a}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + a)/x^7, x)`

**3.392.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + c)}{x^7} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x^2))/x^7,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x^2))/x^7, x)`



### 3.393 $\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$

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#### 3.393.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 336

$$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{16bcx\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}{75d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2bx^3\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}{25d} + \frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2))$$

$$- \frac{2b\sqrt{1 - c}(1 + c)(9 + 23c^2)\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1 - c}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{1 + c}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1 - c}}\right) \middle| -\frac{1 - c}{1 + c}\right)}{75d^{5/2}\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b\sqrt{1 - c}(1 + c)(9 + 8c + 15c^2)\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1 - c}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{1 + c}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1 - c}}\right), -\frac{1 - c}{1 + c}\right)}{75d^{5/2}\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/5*x^5*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))-2/75*b*(1+c)*(23*c^2+9)*EllipticE(x*d^(1/2)/(1-c)^(1/2),((-1+c)/(1+c))^(1/2))*(1-c)^(1/2)*(1-d*x^2/(1-c))^(1/2)*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^(1/2)/d^(5/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)+2/75*b*(1+c)*(15*c^2+8*c+9)*EllipticF(x*d^(1/2)/(1-c)^(1/2),((-1+c)/(1+c))^(1/2))*(1-c)^(1/2)*(1-d*x^2/(1-c))^(1/2)*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^(1/2)/d^(5/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)-16/75*b*c*x*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2+2/25*b*x^3*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.393.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{d}{1+c}} x (15ad^2x^4\sqrt{1-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4} + 2b(-8c+8c^3+3dx^2+13c^2dx^2+2cd^2x^4-3d^3x^6) + 15bd^2x^4)$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d/(1 + c)]*x*(15*a*d^2*x^4*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4] + 2*b*(-8*c + 8*c^3 + 3*d*x^2 + 13*c^2*d*x^2 + 2*c*d^2*x^4 - 3*d^3*x^6) + 15*b*d^2*x^4*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]) + (2*I)*b*(-9 + 9*c - 23*c^2 + 23*c^3)*Sqrt[(-1 + c + d*x^2)/(-1 + c)]*Sqrt[(1 + c + d*x^2)/(1 + c)]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/(1 + c)]*x], (1 + c)/(-1 + c)] - (2*I)*b*(-9 + 17*c - 23*c^2 + 15*c^3)*Sqrt[(-1 + c + d*x^2)/(-1 + c)]*Sqrt[(1 + c + d*x^2)/(1 + c)]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/(1 + c)]*x], (1 + c)/(-1 + c)]/(75*d^2*Sqrt[d/(1 + c)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])`

**3.393.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 1442, 1602, 25, 27, 1514, 399, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5341}$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{1}{5}b \int \frac{2dx^6}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{2}{5}bd \int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1442 \\
& \frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{2}{5}bd \left( \frac{\int \frac{x^2(3(1-c^2) - 8cdx^2)}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{5d^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 1602 \\
& \frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \\
& \frac{2}{5}bd \left( \frac{\int \frac{d(8c(1-c^2) - (23c^2 + 9)dx^2)}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{8cx\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{3d} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{5d^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \\
& \frac{2}{5}bd \left( \frac{\frac{8cx\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{3d} - \int \frac{d(8c(1-c^2) - (23c^2 + 9)dx^2)}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{5d^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \\
& \frac{2}{5}bd \left( \frac{\frac{8cx\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{3d} - \int \frac{8c(1-c^2) - (23c^2 + 9)dx^2}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx}{5d^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{5d^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 1514 \\
& \frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \\
& \frac{2}{5}bd \left( \frac{\frac{8cx\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{3d} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1} + 1} \int \frac{8c(1-c^2) - (23c^2 + 9)dx^2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1} + 1}} dx}{3d\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}}{5d^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{5d^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 399
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2}{5}bd \left( \frac{\frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{8cx\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{3d} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1}}{5d^2} \left( (c+1)(15c^2+8c+9) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1}} dx - (c+1)(23c^2+9) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}} dx \right)}{x^3\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}} \right)$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2}{5}bd \left( \frac{\frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{8cx\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{3d} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1}}{5d^2} \left( \frac{(\sqrt{1-c}(c+1)(15c^2+8c+9) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right), -\frac{1-c}{c+1}\right) - (c+1)(23c^2+9) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}} dx)}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{3d\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}} \right)}{5d^2}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2}{5}bd \left( \frac{\frac{1}{5}x^5(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{8cx\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{3d} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1}}{5d^2} \left( \frac{(\sqrt{1-c}(c+1)(15c^2+8c+9) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right), -\frac{1-c}{c+1}\right) - \sqrt{1-c}(c+1)(23c^2+9) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{3d\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}} \right)}{5d^2}$$

input `Int[x^4*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]),x]`

output `(x^5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]))/5 - (2*b*d*(-1/5*(x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])/d^2 + ((8*c*x*sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])/(3*d) - (sqrt[1 - (d*x^2)/(1 - c)]*sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/(1 + c)]*(-((sqrt[1 - c]*(1 + c)*(9 + 23*c^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(sqrt[d]*x)/sqrt[1 - c]], -(1 - c)/(1 + c))])/sqrt[d] + (sqrt[1 - c]*(1 + c)*(9 + 8*c + 15*c^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(sqrt[d]*x)/sqrt[1 - c]], -(1 - c)/(1 + c))])/sqrt[d]))/(3*d*sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]))/5`

## 3.393.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))))`
- rule 1442 `Int[((d_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^3*(d*x)^(m - 3)*((a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 4*p + 1))), x] - Simp[d^4/(c*(m + 4*p + 1)) Int[(d*x)^(m - 4)*Simp[a*(m - 3) + b*(m + 2*p - 1)*x^2, x]*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && GtQ[m, 3] && NeQ[m + 4*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[m])`
- rule 1514 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b - q))]*(Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b + q))]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]) Int[(d + e*x^2)/(Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b - q))]*Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b + q))]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NegQ[c/a]`

```
rule 1602 Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 4*p + 3))), x] - Simp[f^2/(c*(m + 4*p + 3)) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p*Simp[a*e*(m - 1) + (b*e*(m + 2*p + 1) - c*d*(m + 4*p + 3))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 4*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] | IntegerQ[m])
```

```
rule 5341 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]
```

### 3.393.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
default	$\frac{ax^5}{5} + b \left( \frac{x^5 \arcsin(dx^2+c)}{5} - \frac{2d \left( -\frac{x^3 \sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{5d^2} + \frac{8cx \sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{15d^3} - \frac{8c(-c^2+1) \sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{-1+c}} \sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{1+c}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{dx^2}{-1+c}\right)}{15d^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}} \sqrt{-d^2x^4}} \right)}{5} \right)$
parts	$\frac{ax^5}{5} + b \left( \frac{x^5 \arcsin(dx^2+c)}{5} - \frac{2d \left( -\frac{x^3 \sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{5d^2} + \frac{8cx \sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{15d^3} - \frac{8c(-c^2+1) \sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{-1+c}} \sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{1+c}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{dx^2}{-1+c}\right)}{15d^3 \sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}} \sqrt{-d^2x^4}} \right)}{5} \right)$

```
input int(x^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $1/5*a*x^5+b*(1/5*x^5*\arcsin(d*x^2+c)-2/5*d*(-1/5*x^3/d^2*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1))^{(1/2)}+8/15*c/d^3*x*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1))^{(1/2)}-8/15*c/d^3*(-c^2+1)/(-d/(-1+c))^{(1/2)}*(1+d/(-1+c)*x^2)^{(1/2)}*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^{(1/2)}/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1))^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(x*(-d/(-1+c))^{(1/2)},(-1+2*c/(1+c))^{(1/2)})-2*(1/5/d^2*(-3*c^2+3)+32/15*c^2/d^2)*(-c^2+1)/(-d/(-1+c))^{(1/2)}*(1+d/(-1+c)*x^2)^{(1/2)}*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^{(1/2)}/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1))^{(1/2)}/(-2*c*d+2*d)*(EllipticF(x*(-d/(-1+c))^{(1/2)},(-1+2*c/(1+c))^{(1/2)})-EllipticE(x*(-d/(-1+c))^{(1/2)},(-1+2*c/(1+c))^{(1/2)}))$

### 3.393.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.26

$$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$$

$$= \frac{15bd^3x^6 \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + 15ad^3x^6 + 2(3bd^2x^4 - 8bcdx^2 + 23bc^2 + 9b)\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}}{75d^3x}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output  $1/75*(15*b*d^3*x^6*\arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + 15*a*d^3*x^6 + 2*(3*b*d^2*x^4 - 8*b*c*d*x^2 + 23*b*c^2 + 9*b)*\sqrt{-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1})/(d^3*x)$

### 3.393.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \int x^4(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx^2)) dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(a+b*asin(d*x**2+c)),x)`

output `Integral(x**4*(a + b*asin(c + d*x**2)), x)`

**3.393.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(c-1>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**3.393.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + a)x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + a)*x^4, x)`

**3.393.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^4(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \int x^4(a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + c)) dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b*asin(c + d*x^2)),x)`

output `int(x^4*(a + b*asin(c + d*x^2)), x)`



### 3.394 $\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$

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#### 3.394.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 287

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx \\ &= \frac{2bx\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}{9d} + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) \\ &+ \frac{8b\sqrt{1 - c}(1 + c)\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1 - c}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{1 + c}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1 - c}}\right) \middle| -\frac{1 - c}{1 + c}\right)}{9d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}} \\ &- \frac{2b\sqrt{1 - c}(1 + c)(1 + 3c)\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1 - c}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{1 + c}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1 - c}}\right), -\frac{1 - c}{1 + c}\right)}{9d^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}} \end{aligned}$$

```
output 1/3*x^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))+8/9*b*c*(1+c)*EllipticE(x*d^(1/2)/(1-c)^(1/2)
),((-1+c)/(1+c))^(1/2)*(1-c)^(1/2)*(1-d*x^2/(1-c))^(1/2)*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^(
1/2)/d^(3/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)-2/9*b*(1+c)*(1+3*c)*Ellipti
cF(x*d^(1/2)/(1-c)^(1/2),((-1+c)/(1+c))^(1/2)*(1-c)^(1/2)*(1-d*x^2/(1-c))
^(1/2)*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^(1/2)/d^(3/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)+2/9*
b*x*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/d
```

**3.394.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{1+c}} x (3adx^2 \sqrt{1-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4} - 2b(-1+c^2+2cdx^2+d^2x^4) + 3bdx^2 \sqrt{1-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4})}{1+c}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[d/(1 + c)]*x*(3*a*d*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4] - 2*b*(-1 + c^2 + 2*c*d*x^2 + d^2*x^4) + 3*b*d*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]) - (8*I)*b*(-1 + c)*c*Sqrt[(-1 + c + d*x^2)/(-1 + c)]*Sqrt[(1 + c + d*x^2)/(1 + c)]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/(1 + c)]*x], (1 + c)/(-1 + c)] + (2*I)*b*(1 - 4*c + 3*c^2)*Sqrt[(-1 + c + d*x^2)/(-1 + c)]*Sqrt[(1 + c + d*x^2)/(1 + c)]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/(1 + c)]*x], (1 + c)/(-1 + c)]/(9*d*Sqrt[d/(1 + c)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])`

**3.394.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 1442, 1514, 399, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5341}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{1}{3}b \int \frac{2dx^4}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{2}{3}bd \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1442 \\
& \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \frac{2}{3}bd \left( \frac{\int \frac{-c^2 - 4dx^2c + 1}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx}{3d^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{3d^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 1514 \\
& \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \\
& \frac{2}{3}bd \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1} + 1} \int \frac{-c^2 - 4dx^2c + 1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1} + 1}} dx}{3d^2 \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}} - \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{3d^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 399 \\
& \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \\
& \frac{2}{3}bd \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1} + 1} \left( (c+1)(3c+1) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1} + 1}} dx - 4c(c+1) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}}} dx \right)}{3d^2 \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}} - \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{3d^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 321 \\
& \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \\
& \frac{2}{3}bd \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1} + 1} \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c}(c+1)(3c+1) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right), -\frac{1-c}{c+1}\right)}{\sqrt{d}} - 4c(c+1) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}}} dx \right)}{3d^2 \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}} - \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{3d^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 327 \\
& \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) - \\
& \frac{2}{3}bd \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1} + 1} \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c}(c+1)(3c+1) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right), -\frac{1-c}{c+1}\right)}{\sqrt{d}} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-c}c(c+1)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right) \middle| -\frac{1-c}{c+1}\right)}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{3d^2 \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}} - \frac{x\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{3d^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]),x]`

output  $(x^3(a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x^2]))/3 - (2 b d (-1/3 (x \sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2 c d x^2 - d^2 x^4})/d^2 + (\sqrt{1 - (d x^2)/(1 - c)} \sqrt{1 + (d x^2)/(1 + c)} * ((-4 \sqrt{1 - c} * c * (1 + c) \operatorname{EllipticE}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[(\sqrt{d} x)/\sqrt{1 - c}], -((1 - c)/(1 + c))])/\sqrt{d} + (\sqrt{1 - c} * (1 + c) * (1 + 3 c) \operatorname{EllipticF}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[(\sqrt{d} x)/\sqrt{1 - c}], -((1 - c)/(1 + c))])/\sqrt{d}))/ (3 d^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2 c d x^2 - d^2 x^4}))/3$

### 3.394.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(F x_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[F x, (b_*)(G x_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 321  $\operatorname{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2}) \sqrt{(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} \operatorname{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \operatorname{EllipticF}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[\operatorname{Rt}[-d/c, 2] x], b * (c/(a * d))], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& \operatorname{!(NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \operatorname{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])]$

rule 327  $\operatorname{Int}[\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2}/\sqrt{(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(\sqrt{a}/(\sqrt{c} \operatorname{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) \operatorname{EllipticE}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[\operatorname{Rt}[-d/c, 2] x], b * (c/(a * d))], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 399  $\operatorname{Int}(((e_*) + (f_*)(x_)^2)/(\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2}) \sqrt{(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[f/b \operatorname{Int}[\sqrt{a + b x^2}/\sqrt{c + d x^2}, x], x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(b * e - a * f)/b \operatorname{Int}[1/(\sqrt{a + b x^2}) \sqrt{c + d x^2}), x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{!(PosQ}[b/a] \&\& \operatorname{PosQ}[d/c]) \operatorname{||} (\operatorname{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& (\operatorname{PosQ}[d/c] \operatorname{||} (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& (\operatorname{!GtQ}[c, 0] \operatorname{||} \operatorname{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])))$

rule 1442  $\operatorname{Int}(((d_*)(x_))^{(m_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2 + (c_*)(x_)^4)^{(p_*)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[d^3 * (d x)^{(m - 3)} * ((a + b x^2 + c x^4)^{(p + 1)}) / (c * (m + 4 * p + 1)), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[d^4 / (c * (m + 4 * p + 1)) \operatorname{Int}[(d x)^{(m - 4)} * \operatorname{Simp}[a * (m - 3) + b * (m + 2 * p - 1) * x^2, x] * (a + b x^2 + c x^4)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[b^2 - 4 * a * c, 0] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[m, 3] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[m + 4 * p + 1, 0] \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[2 * p] \&\& (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[p] \operatorname{||} \operatorname{IntegerQ}[m])$

```
rule 1514 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol]
:= With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b - q))]*(Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b + q))]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]) Int[(d + e*x^2)/(Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b - q))]*Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b + q))]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NegQ[c/a]
```

```
rule 5341 Int[((a_) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1))
] Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] &&
!FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]
```

### 3.394.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
default	$\frac{x^3 a}{3} + b \left( \frac{x^3 \arcsin(dx^2+c)}{3} - \frac{2d \left( -\frac{x\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{3d^2} + \frac{(-c^2+1)\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{-1+c}}\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{1+c}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}, \sqrt{-1+\frac{2c}{1+c}}\right)}{3d^2\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}} \right)}{3} \right)$
parts	$\frac{x^3 a}{3} + b \left( \frac{x^3 \arcsin(dx^2+c)}{3} - \frac{2d \left( -\frac{x\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{3d^2} + \frac{(-c^2+1)\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{-1+c}}\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{1+c}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}, \sqrt{-1+\frac{2c}{1+c}}\right)}{3d^2\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}} \right)}{3} \right)$

```
input int(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3*x^3*a+b*(1/3*x^3*arcsin(d*x^2+c)-2/3*d*(-1/3/d^2*x*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2
-c^2+1)^(1/2)+1/3/d^2*(-c^2+1)/(-d/(-1+c))^(1/2)*(1+d/(-1+c)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1
+d*x^2/(1+c))^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-d/(-1+c
))^(1/2),(-1+2*c/(1+c))^(1/2))+8/3*c/d*(-c^2+1)/(-d/(-1+c))^(1/2)*(1+d/(-1
+c)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*
c*d+2*d)*(EllipticF(x*(-d/(-1+c))^(1/2),(-1+2*c/(1+c))^(1/2))-EllipticE(x
(-d/(-1+c))^(1/2),(-1+2*c/(1+c))^(1/2))))
```

**3.394.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3bd^2x^4 \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + 3ad^2x^4 + 2\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}(bdx^2 - 4bc)}{9d^2x}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/9*(3*b*d^2*x^4*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + 3*a*d^2*x^4 + 2*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1)*(b*d*x^2 - 4*b*c))/(d^2*x)`

**3.394.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \int x^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx^2)) dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*asin(d*x**2+c)),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x**2)), x)`

**3.394.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(c-1>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**3.394.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + a)x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + a)*x^2, x)`

**3.394.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \int x^2(a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + c)) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x^2)),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b*asin(c + d*x^2)), x)`

### 3.395 $\int (a + b \arcsin (c + dx^2)) dx$

3.395.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2899
3.395.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2899
3.395.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2900
3.395.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2901
3.395.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2901
3.395.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2902
3.395.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	2902
3.395.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2902
3.395.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2903

#### 3.395.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int (a + b \arcsin (c + dx^2)) dx$$

$$= ax + bx \arcsin (c + dx^2) - \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c}(1+c)\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{1+c}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right)\middle|-\frac{1-c}{1+c}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c}(1+c)\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{1+c}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right),-\frac{1-c}{1+c}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4}}$$

output

```
a*x+b*x*arcsin(d*x^2+c)-2*b*(1+c)*EllipticE(x*d^(1/2)/(1-c)^(1/2),((-1+c)/(1+c))^(1/2))*(1-c)^(1/2)*(1-d*x^2/(1-c))^(1/2)*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)+2*b*(1+c)*EllipticF(x*d^(1/2)/(1-c)^(1/2),((-1+c)/(1+c))^(1/2))*(1-c)^(1/2)*(1-d*x^2/(1-c))^(1/2)*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.395.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int (a + b \arcsin (c + dx^2)) dx = ax + bx \arcsin (c + dx^2)$$

$$+ \frac{2ib(-1+c)\sqrt{\frac{-1+c+dx^2}{-1+c}}\sqrt{\frac{1+c+dx^2}{1+c}}\left(E\left(i\arcsinh\left(\sqrt{\frac{d}{1+c}}x\right)\middle|\frac{1+c}{-1+c}\right) - \text{EllipticF}\left(i\arcsinh\left(\sqrt{\frac{d}{1+c}}x\right),\frac{1+c}{-1+c}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{d}{1+c}}\sqrt{1-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4}}$$



input `Integrate[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2],x]`

output `a*x + b*x*ArcSin[c + d*x^2] + ((2*I)*b*(-1 + c)*Sqrt[(-1 + c + d*x^2)/(-1 + c)]*Sqrt[(1 + c + d*x^2)/(1 + c)]*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/(1 + c)]*x], (1 + c)/(-1 + c)] - EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/(1 + c)]*x], (1 + c)/(-1 + c)]))/(Sqrt[d/(1 + c)]*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])`

### 3.395.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$ax + \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c}(c+1)\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right), -\frac{1-c}{c+1}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c}(c+1)\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1}\text{E}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right)\middle|-\frac{1-c}{c+1}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}} + bx \arcsin(c + dx^2)$$

input `Int[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2],x]`

output `a*x + b*x*ArcSin[c + d*x^2] - (2*b*Sqrt[1 - c]*(1 + c)*Sqrt[1 - (d*x^2)/(1 - c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/(1 + c)]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[1 - c]], -((1 - c)/(1 + c))])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]) + (2*b*Sqrt[1 - c]*(1 + c)*Sqrt[1 - (d*x^2)/(1 - c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/(1 + c)]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[1 - c]], -((1 - c)/(1 + c))])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])`

## 3.395.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## 3.395.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
default	$ax + b \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + \frac{4d(-c^2+1)\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{-1+c}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{1+c}} \left( \text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}, \sqrt{-1+\frac{2c}{1+c}}\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}(-2cd+2d)} \right)$
parts	$ax + b \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + \frac{4d(-c^2+1)\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{-1+c}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{1+c}} \left( \text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}, \sqrt{-1+\frac{2c}{1+c}}\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}(-2cd+2d)} \right)$

input `int(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x+b*(x*arcsin(d*x^2+c)+4*d*(-c^2+1)/(-d/(-1+c))^(1/2)*(1+d/(-1+c)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*c*d+2*d)*(EllipticF(x*(-d/(-1+c))^(1/2),(-1+2*c/(1+c))^(1/2))-EllipticE(x*(-d/(-1+c))^(1/2),(-1+2*c/(1+c))^(1/2))))`

## 3.395.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \frac{bdx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + adx^2 + 2\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}b}{dx}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `(b*d*x^2*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + a*d*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*c*d*x^2 - c^2 + 1)*b)/(d*x)`

**3.395.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx^2)) dx$$

input `integrate(a+b*asin(d*x**2+c),x)`

output `Integral(a + b*asin(c + d*x**2), x)`

**3.395.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(c-1>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**3.395.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \int b \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + a dx$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(b*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + a, x)`

**3.395.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)) dx = \int a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + c) dx$$

input `int(a + b*asin(c + d*x^2),x)`output `int(a + b*asin(c + d*x^2), x)`

### 3.396 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{x^2} dx$

3.396.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2904
3.396.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2904
3.396.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2905
3.396.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2907
3.396.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2907
3.396.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2907
3.396.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	2908
3.396.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	2908
3.396.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2908

#### 3.396.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x} + \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{1+c}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right), -\frac{1-c}{1+c}\right)}{\sqrt{1-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4}}$$

output `(-a-b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x+2*b*EllipticF(x*d^(1/2)/(1-c)^(1/2),((-1+c)/(1+c))^(1/2))*(1-c)^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(1-d*x^2/(1-c))^(1/2)*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)`

#### 3.396.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{a}{x} - \frac{b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x} - \frac{2ibd\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{-1-c}}\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1-c}}x\right), \frac{-1-c}{1-c}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1-c}\sqrt{1-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4}}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x^2,x]`

output `-(a/x) - (b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x - ((2*I)*b*d*Sqrt[1 - (d*x^2)/(-1 - c)]*Sqrt[1 - (d*x^2)/(1 - c)]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(d/(-1 - c))]*x], (-1 - c)/(1 - c)]/(Sqrt[-(d/(-1 - c))]*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])`

### 3.396.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 1417, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\
 & b \int \frac{2d}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 2bd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1417} \\
 & \frac{2bd \sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1} + 1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{321} \\
 & \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1} + 1} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right), -\frac{1-c}{c+1}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x^2,x]`

output  $-\frac{(a + b \operatorname{ArcSin}[c + d x^2])}{x} + \frac{(2 b \sqrt{1 - c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{1 - (d x^2)/(1 - c)} \operatorname{EllipticF}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{d} x]/\sqrt{1 - c}], -((1 - c)/(1 + c)))}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2 c d x^2 - d^2 x^4}}$

### 3.396.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 1417 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b - q))]*(Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b + q))])/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4) Int[1/(Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b - q))]*Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b + q))]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NegQ[c/a]`

rule 5341 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

**3.396.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a}{x} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx^2+c)}{x} + \frac{2d\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{-1+c}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{1+c}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{-d}{-1+c}},\sqrt{-1+\frac{2c}{1+c}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{-d}{-1+c}}\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}} \right)$	114
parts	$-\frac{a}{x} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx^2+c)}{x} + \frac{2d\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{-1+c}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{1+c}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{\frac{-d}{-1+c}},\sqrt{-1+\frac{2c}{1+c}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{-d}{-1+c}}\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}} \right)$	114

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-a/x+b*(-1/x*arcsin(d*x^2+c)+2*d/(-d/(-1+c))^(1/2)*(1+d/(-1+c)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-d/(-1+c))^(1/2),(-1+2*c/(1+c))^(1/2)))`**3.396.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{b \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + a}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(b*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + a)/x`**3.396.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx^2)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2+c))/x**2,x)`output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x**2))/x**2, x)`



**3.396.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(c-1>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**3.396.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + a}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + a)/x^2, x)`

**3.396.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + c)}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x^2))/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x^2))/x^2, x)`

### 3.397 $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{x^4} dx$

3.397.1 Optimal result	2909
3.397.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	2910
3.397.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2910
3.397.4 Maple [A] (verified)	2914
3.397.5 Fracas [F]	2914
3.397.6 Sympy [F]	2915
3.397.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	2915
3.397.8 Giac [F]	2915
3.397.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2916

#### 3.397.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 284

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2bd\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}{3(1 - c^2)x} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{3x^3} - \frac{2bd^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{1+c}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right) \mid -\frac{1-c}{1+c}\right)}{3\sqrt{1 - c}\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}} + \frac{2bd^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{1+c}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right), -\frac{1-c}{1+c}\right)}{3\sqrt{1 - c}\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}$$

```
output 1/3*(-a-b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^3-2/3*b*d^(3/2)*EllipticE(x*d^(1/2)/(1-c)^(1/2),((-1+c)/(1+c))^(1/2))*(1-d*x^2/(1-c))^(1/2)*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^(1/2)/(1-c)^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)+2/3*b*d^(3/2)*EllipticF(x*d^(1/2)/(1-c)^(1/2),((-1+c)/(1+c))^(1/2))*(1-d*x^2/(1-c))^(1/2)*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^(1/2)/(1-c)^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)-2/3*b*d*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2+1)/x
```

**3.397.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a}{3x^3} + \frac{2bd\sqrt{1-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4}}{3(-1+c^2)x} - \frac{b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{3x^3} + \frac{2ib(1-c)d^2\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{-1-c}}\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\left(E\left(\operatorname{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1-c}}x\right)\middle|\frac{-1-c}{1-c}\right) - \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\operatorname{iarcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1-c}}x\right)\right)\right)}{3(-1+c)(1+c)\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1-c}}\sqrt{1-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*a/x^3 + (2*b*d*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])/(3*(-1 + c^2)*x) - (b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/(3*x^3) + (((2*I)/3)*b*(1 - c)*d^2*Sqrt[1 - (d*x^2)/(-1 - c)]*Sqrt[1 - (d*x^2)/(1 - c)]*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(d/(-1 - c))]*x], (-1 - c)/(1 - c)] - EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-(d/(-1 - c))]*x], (-1 - c)/(1 - c)]))/((-1 + c)*(1 + c)*Sqrt[-(d/(-1 - c))]*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])`

**3.397.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.562$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 1443, 25, 27, 1460, 389, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5341} \\ & \frac{1}{3}b \int \frac{2d}{x^2\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{3x^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{2}{3}bd \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{3x^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 1443 \\
\frac{2}{3}bd \left( \frac{\int -\frac{d^2x^2}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}} dx}{1-c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{(1-c^2)x} \right) - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{3x^3} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{2}{3}bd \left( -\frac{\int \frac{d^2x^2}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}} dx}{1-c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{(1-c^2)x} \right) - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{3x^3} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{2}{3}bd \left( -\frac{d^2 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}} dx}{1-c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{(1-c^2)x} \right) - \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{3x^3} \\
\downarrow 1460 \\
\frac{2}{3}bd \left( -\frac{d^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1}} dx}{(1-c^2) \sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{(1-c^2)x} \right) - \\
\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{3x^3} \\
\downarrow 389 \\
\frac{2}{3}bd \left( -\frac{d^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1} \left( \frac{(c+1) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}} dx}{d} - \frac{(c+1) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1}} dx}{d} \right)}{(1-c^2) \sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{(1-c^2)x} \right) - \\
\frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{3x^3} \\
\downarrow 321
\end{array}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}bd \left( -\frac{d^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}} + 1 \left( \frac{(c+1) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1} + 1}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}}} dx}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c}(c+1) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right), -\frac{1-c}{c+1}\right)}{d^{3/2}} \right)}{(1-c^2) \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}{(1-c^2)x} \right)$$

$$\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{3x^3}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2}{3}bd \left( -\frac{d^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}} + 1 \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c}(c+1)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right) \middle| -\frac{1-c}{c+1}\right)}{d^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c}(c+1) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right), -\frac{1-c}{c+1}\right)}{d^{3/2}} \right)}{(1-c^2) \sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}{(1-c^2)x} \right)$$

$$\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{3x^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x^3 + (2*b*d*(-(Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/((1 - c^2)*x)) - (d^2*Sqrt[1 - (d*x^2)/(1 - c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/(1 + c)]*((Sqrt[1 - c]*(1 + c)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[1 - c]], -(1 - c)/(1 + c))])/d^(3/2) - (Sqrt[1 - c]*(1 + c)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[1 - c]], -(1 - c)/(1 + c))])/d^(3/2)))/((1 - c^2)*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]))/3`

### 3.397.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 389 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] - Simp[a/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c]`
- rule 1443 `Int[((d_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(a*d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*d^2*(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*(m + 2*p + 3) + c*(m + 4*p + 5)*x^2)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[m])`
- rule 1460 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b - q))]*(Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b + q))])/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4) Int[x^2/(Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b - q))]*Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b + q))]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NegQ[c/a]`
- rule 5341 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

**3.397.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
default	$-\frac{a}{3x^3} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx^2+c)}{3x^3} + \frac{2d \left( \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{(c^2-1)x} - \frac{2d^2(-c^2+1)\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{-1+c}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{1+c}} \left( \text{EllipticF} \left( x\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}, \sqrt{-1+\frac{2c}{1+c}} \right)}{(c^2-1)\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}} \right)}{3} \right)}{3}$
parts	$-\frac{a}{3x^3} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx^2+c)}{3x^3} + \frac{2d \left( \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{(c^2-1)x} - \frac{2d^2(-c^2+1)\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{-1+c}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{1+c}} \left( \text{EllipticF} \left( x\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}, \sqrt{-1+\frac{2c}{1+c}} \right)}{(c^2-1)\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}} \right)}{3} \right)}{3}$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*a/x^3+b*(-1/3/x^3*arcsin(d*x^2+c)+2/3*d*(1/(c^2-1)*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/x-2*d^2/(c^2-1)*(-c^2+1)/(-d/(-1+c))^(1/2)*(1+d/(-1+c)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*c*d+2*d*(EllipticF(x*(-d/(-1+c))^(1/2),(-1+2*c/(1+c))^(1/2))-EllipticE(x*(-d/(-1+c))^(1/2),(-1+2*c/(1+c))^(1/2))))`

**3.397.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + a}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + a)/x^4, x)`

**3.397.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx^2)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2+c))/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x**2))/x**4, x)`

**3.397.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(c-1>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**3.397.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + a}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + a)/x^4, x)`



**3.397.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + c)}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x^2))/x^4,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x^2))/x^4, x)`

**3.398**  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin(c+dx^2)}{x^6} dx$

3.398.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2917  
 3.398.2 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2918  
 3.398.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2918  
 3.398.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2923  
 3.398.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 2923  
 3.398.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2924  
 3.398.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 2924  
 3.398.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2924  
 3.398.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2925

**3.398.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 355

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{2bd\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}{15(1 - c^2)x^3} - \frac{8bcd^2\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}{15(1 - c^2)^2x} - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{5x^5} - \frac{8bcd^{5/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{1+c}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right) \mid -\frac{1-c}{1+c}\right)}{15\sqrt{1-c}(1 - c^2)\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}} + \frac{2b(1 + 3c)d^{5/2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{1+c}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right), -\frac{1-c}{1+c}\right)}{15\sqrt{1-c}(1 - c^2)\sqrt{1 - c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4}}$$

output

```
1/5*(-a-b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^5-8/15*b*c*d^(5/2)*EllipticE(x*d^(1/2)/(1-c)^(1/2),((-1+c)/(1+c))^(1/2))*(1-d*x^2/(1-c))^(1/2)*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^(1/2)/(-c^2+1)/(1-c)^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)+2/15*b*(1+3*c)*d^(5/2)*EllipticF(x*d^(1/2)/(1-c)^(1/2),((-1+c)/(1+c))^(1/2))*(1-d*x^2/(1-c))^(1/2)*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^(1/2)/(-c^2+1)/(1-c)^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)-2/15*b*d*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2+1)/x^3-8/15*b*c*d^2*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2+1)^2/x
```

**3.398.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{1+c}} \left( -3a(-1+c^2)^2 \sqrt{1-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4} + 2bdx^2(-1-c^4+2c^3dx^2+d^2x^4+c^2(2+7d^2x^4)+c(-2 \right.$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x^6,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d/(1 + c)]*(-3*a*(-1 + c^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4] + 2*b*d*x^2*(-1 - c^4 + 2*c^3*d*x^2 + d^2*x^4 + c^2*(2 + 7*d^2*x^4) + c*(-2*d*x^2 + 4*d^3*x^6)) - 3*b*(-1 + c^2)^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]) + (8*I)*b*(-1 + c)*c*d^3*x^5*Sqrt[(-1 + c + d*x^2)/(-1 + c)]*Sqrt[(1 + c + d*x^2)/(1 + c)]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/(1 + c)]*x], (1 + c)/(-1 + c)] - (2*I)*b*(1 - 4*c + 3*c^2)*d^3*x^5*Sqrt[(-1 + c + d*x^2)/(-1 + c)]*Sqrt[(1 + c + d*x^2)/(1 + c)]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/(1 + c)]*x], (1 + c)/(-1 + c)]/(15*(-1 + c^2)^2*Sqrt[d/(1 + c)]*x^5*Sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])`

**3.398.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.688$ , Rules used = {5341, 27, 1443, 27, 1604, 25, 27, 1514, 399, 321, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5341}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} b \int \frac{2d}{x^4 \sqrt{-d^2 x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{5x^5}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2}{5}bd \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1443} \\
& \frac{2}{5}bd \left( \frac{\int \frac{d(dx^2+4c)}{x^2 \sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx}{3(1-c^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{3(1-c^2)x^3} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{2}{5}bd \left( \frac{d \int \frac{dx^2+4c}{x^2 \sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx}{3(1-c^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{3(1-c^2)x^3} \right) - \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1604} \\
& \frac{2}{5}bd \left( \frac{d \left( \frac{\int \frac{d(-c^2-4dx^2c+1)}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx}{1-c^2} - \frac{4c\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{(1-c^2)x} \right)}{3(1-c^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{3(1-c^2)x^3} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{2}{5}bd \left( \frac{d \left( \frac{\int \frac{d(-c^2-4dx^2c+1)}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx}{1-c^2} - \frac{4c\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{(1-c^2)x} \right)}{3(1-c^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{3(1-c^2)x^3} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{2}{5}bd \left( \frac{d \left( \frac{d \int \frac{-c^2-4dx^2c+1}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2cdx^2 - c^2 + 1}} dx}{1-c^2} - \frac{4c\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{(1-c^2)x} \right)}{3(1-c^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 - 2cdx^2 - d^2x^4 + 1}}{3(1-c^2)x^3} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{5x^5} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1514}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2}{5}bd \left( \frac{d \left( \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1} \int \frac{-c^2-4dx^2c+1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1}} dx}{(1-c^2)\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}} - \frac{4c\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{(1-c^2)x} \right)}{3(1-c^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{3(1-c^2)x^3} \right) -$$

$$\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{5x^5}$$

↓ 399

$$\frac{2}{5}bd \left( \frac{d \left( \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1} \left( (c+1)(3c+1) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1}} dx - 4c(c+1) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}} dx \right)}{(1-c^2)\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}} - \frac{4c\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{(1-c^2)x} \right)}{3(1-c^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{3(1-c^2)x^3} \right) -$$

$$\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{5x^5}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2}{5}bd \left( \frac{d \left( \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1} \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c}(c+1)(3c+1) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right), -\frac{1-c}{c+1}\right)}{\sqrt{d}} - 4c(c+1) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}}} dx \right)}{(1-c^2)\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}} - \frac{4c\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{(1-c^2)x} \right)}{3(1-c^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}}{3(1-c^2)x^3} \right) -$$

$$\frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{5x^5}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{2}{5}bd \left( \frac{d \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2}{1-c}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2}{c+1}+1} \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-c}(c+1)(3c+1) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right), -\frac{1-c}{c+1}\right)}{\sqrt{d}} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-cc}(c+1)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c}}\right)\right) - \frac{1-c}{c+1}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{(1-c^2)\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4+1}} \right)}{3(1-c^2)} - \frac{4c\sqrt{-c^2-2cdx^2-d^2x^4}}{(1-c^2)x} \right) + \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{5x^5}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x^6,x]`

output `-1/5*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])/x^5 + (2*b*d*(-1/3*sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/((1 - c^2)*x^3) + (d*((-4*c*sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])/((1 - c^2)*x) + (d*sqrt[1 - (d*x^2)/(1 - c)]*sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/(1 + c)]*((-4*sqrt[1 - c]*c*(1 + c)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(sqrt[d]*x)/sqrt[1 - c]], -(1 - c)/(1 + c))])/sqrt[d] + (sqrt[1 - c]*(1 + c)*(1 + 3*c)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(sqrt[d]*x)/sqrt[1 - c]], -(1 - c)/(1 + c))])/sqrt[d]))/((1 - c^2)*sqrt[1 - c^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])))/(3*(1 - c^2)))/5`

### 3.398.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(sqrt[a]*sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(sqrt[a]/(sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 399 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && !((PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]) || (NegQ[b/a] && (PosQ[d/c] || (GtQ[a, 0] && (!GtQ[c, 0] || SimplersqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])))`

rule 1443 `Int[((d_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(a*d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*d^2*(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^(m + 2)*(b*(m + 2*p + 3) + c*(m + 4*p + 5)*x^2)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[m])`

rule 1514 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b - q))]*(Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b + q))]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]) Int[(d + e*x^2)/(Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b - q))]*Sqrt[1 + 2*c*(x^2/(b + q))]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NegQ[c/a]`

rule 1604 `Int[((f_)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(f*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(a*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*f^2*(m + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p*Simp[a*e*(m + 1) - b*d*(m + 2*p + 3) - c*d*(m + 4*p + 5)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[m])`

rule 5341 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcSin[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b/(d*(m + 1)) Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]`

### 3.398.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$-\frac{a}{5x^5} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx^2+c)}{5x^5} + \frac{2d \left( \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{3(c^2-1)x^3} - \frac{4cd\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{3(c^2-1)^2x} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{-1+c}}\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{1+c}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}\right)}{3(c^2-1)\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}} \right)}{5x^5} \right)$
parts	$-\frac{a}{5x^5} + b \left( -\frac{\arcsin(dx^2+c)}{5x^5} + \frac{2d \left( \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{3(c^2-1)x^3} - \frac{4cd\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}}{3(c^2-1)^2x} - \frac{d^2\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{-1+c}}\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{1+c}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}\right)}{3(c^2-1)\sqrt{-\frac{d}{-1+c}}\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2cdx^2-c^2+1}} \right)}{5x^5} \right)$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/5*a/x^5+b*(-1/5/x^5*arcsin(d*x^2+c)+2/5*d*(1/3/(c^2-1)*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/x^3-4/3*c*d/(c^2-1)^2*(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/x-1/3*d^2/(c^2-1)/(-d/(-1+c))^(1/2)*(1+d/(-1+c)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-d/(-1+c))^(1/2),(-1+2*c/(1+c))^(1/2))+8/3*c*d^3/(c^2-1)^2*(-c^2+1)/(-d/(-1+c))^(1/2)*(1+d/(-1+c)*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+d*x^2/(1+c))^(1/2)/(-d^2*x^4-2*c*d*x^2-c^2+1)^(1/2)/(-2*c*d+2*d)*(EllipticF(x*(-d/(-1+c))^(1/2),(-1+2*c/(1+c))^(1/2))-EllipticE(x*(-d/(-1+c))^(1/2),(-1+2*c/(1+c))^(1/2))))`

### 3.398.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + a}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + a)/x^6, x)`



**3.398.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(c + dx^2)}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2+c))/x**6,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(c + d*x**2))/x**6, x)`

**3.398.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(c-1>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**3.398.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{b \arcsin(dx^2 + c) + a}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+c))/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + c) + a)/x^6, x)`

**3.398.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin(c + dx^2)}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + c)}{x^6} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x^2))/x^6,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(c + d*x^2))/x^6, x)`

### 3.399 $\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx^4) dx$

3.399.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2926
3.399.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2926
3.399.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	2927
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3.399.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2928
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3.399.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2929
3.399.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2930

#### 3.399.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx^4) dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx^4)^2}}{4b} + \frac{(a + bx^4) \arcsin(a + bx^4)}{4b}$$

output `1/4*(b*x^4+a)*arcsin(b*x^4+a)/b+1/4*(1-(b*x^4+a)^2)^(1/2)/b`

#### 3.399.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx^4) dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx^4)^2} + (a + bx^4) \arcsin(a + bx^4)}{4b}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*ArcSin[a + b*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x^4)^2] + (a + b*x^4)*ArcSin[a + b*x^4])/(4*b)`

**3.399.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {7266, 5302, 5130, 241}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx^4) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7266} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \arcsin(bx^4 + a) dx^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 & \frac{\int \arcsin(bx^4 + a) d(bx^4 + a)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5130} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^4) \arcsin(a + bx^4) - \int \frac{bx^4 + a}{\sqrt{1 - x^8}} d(bx^4 + a)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{241} \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^4) \arcsin(a + bx^4) + \sqrt{1 - x^8}}{4b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*ArcSin[a + b*x^4],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - x^8] + (a + b*x^4)*ArcSin[a + b*x^4])/(4*b)`

**3.399.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 241 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5130 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

```
rule 5302 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d
  Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
  n}, x]
```

```
rule 7266 Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[SubstFor[x^(m
+ 1), u, x], x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && Function
OfQ[x^(m + 1), u, x]
```

### 3.399.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{(bx^4+a) \arcsin(bx^4+a) + \sqrt{1-(bx^4+a)^2}}{4b}$	38
default	$\frac{(bx^4+a) \arcsin(bx^4+a) + \sqrt{1-(bx^4+a)^2}}{4b}$	38

```
input int(x^3*arcsin(b*x^4+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4/b*((b*x^4+a)*arcsin(b*x^4+a)+(1-(b*x^4+a)^2)^(1/2))
```

### 3.399.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx^4) dx = \frac{(bx^4 + a) \arcsin(bx^4 + a) + \sqrt{-b^2x^8 - 2abx^4 - a^2 + 1}}{4b}$$

```
input integrate(x^3*arcsin(b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/4*((b*x^4 + a)*arcsin(b*x^4 + a) + sqrt(-b^2*x^8 - 2*a*b*x^4 - a^2 + 1))
/b
```

**3.399.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx^4) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a \arcsin(a + bx^4)}{4b} + \frac{x^4 \arcsin(a + bx^4)}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx^4 - b^2x^8 + 1}}{4b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4 \arcsin(a)}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*asin(b*x**4+a),x)`output `Piecewise((a*asin(a + b*x**4)/(4*b) + x**4*asin(a + b*x**4)/4 + sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x**4 - b**2*x**8 + 1)/(4*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x**4*asin(a)/4, True))`**3.399.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx^4) dx = \frac{(bx^4 + a) \arcsin(bx^4 + a) + \sqrt{-(bx^4 + a)^2 + 1}}{4b}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arcsin(b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*((b*x^4 + a)*arcsin(b*x^4 + a) + sqrt(-(b*x^4 + a)^2 + 1))/b`**3.399.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx^4) dx = \frac{(bx^4 + a) \arcsin(bx^4 + a) + \sqrt{-(bx^4 + a)^2 + 1}}{4b}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arcsin(b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*((b*x^4 + a)*arcsin(b*x^4 + a) + sqrt(-(b*x^4 + a)^2 + 1))/b`

**3.399.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int x^3 \arcsin(a + bx^4) dx = \frac{x^4 \arcsin(bx^4 + a)}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx^4 - b^2x^8 + 1}}{4b} + \frac{a \ln\left(\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx^4 - b^2x^8 + 1} - \frac{b^2x^4 + ab}{\sqrt{-b^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-b^2}}$$

input `int(x^3*asin(a + b*x^4),x)`output `(x^4*asin(a + b*x^4))/4 + (1 - b^2*x^8 - 2*a*b*x^4 - a^2)^(1/2)/(4*b) + (a*log((1 - b^2*x^8 - 2*a*b*x^4 - a^2)^(1/2) - (a*b + b^2*x^4)/(-b^2)^(1/2)))/(4*(-b^2)^(1/2))`

### 3.400 $\int x^{-1+n} \arcsin(a + bx^n) dx$

3.400.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2931
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3.400.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	2932
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3.400.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2933
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3.400.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2935

#### 3.400.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int x^{-1+n} \arcsin(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx^n)^2}}{bn} + \frac{(a + bx^n) \arcsin(a + bx^n)}{bn}$$

output  $(a+b*x^n)*\arcsin(a+b*x^n)/b/n+(1-(a+b*x^n)^2)^{(1/2)}/b/n$

#### 3.400.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n} \arcsin(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx^n)^2}}{bn} + \frac{(a + bx^n) \arcsin(a + bx^n)}{bn}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + n)*ArcSin[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x^n)^2]/(b*n) + ((a + b*x^n)*ArcSin[a + b*x^n])/(b*n)`



**3.400.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {7266, 5302, 5130, 241}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{n-1} \arcsin(a + bx^n) dx \\
 \downarrow \text{7266} \\
 \frac{\int \arcsin(bx^n + a) dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{5302} \\
 \frac{\int \arcsin(bx^n + a) d(bx^n + a)}{bn} \\
 \downarrow \text{5130} \\
 \frac{(a + bx^n) \arcsin(a + bx^n) - \int \frac{bx^n + a}{\sqrt{1 - x^{2n}}} d(bx^n + a)}{bn} \\
 \downarrow \text{241} \\
 \frac{(a + bx^n) \arcsin(a + bx^n) + \sqrt{1 - x^{2n}}}{bn}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)*ArcSin[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - x^(2*n)] + (a + b*x^n)*ArcSin[a + b*x^n])/(b*n)`

**3.400.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 241 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5130 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] - Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5302 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/d  
Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSin[x])^n, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,  
n}, x]`

rule 7266 `Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[SubstFor[x^(m  
+ 1), u, x], x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && Function  
OfQ[x^(m + 1), u, x]`

### 3.400.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^{n-1} \arcsin(a + bx^n) dx$$

input `int(x^(n-1)*arcsin(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(n-1)*arcsin(a+b*x^n),x)`

### 3.400.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int x^{-1+n} \arcsin(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{bx^n \arcsin(bx^n + a) + a \arcsin(bx^n + a) + \sqrt{-b^2x^{2n} - 2abx^n - a^2 + 1}}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*arcsin(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b*x^n*arcsin(b*x^n + a) + a*arcsin(b*x^n + a) + sqrt(-b^2*x^(2*n) - 2*a*b  
*x^n - a^2 + 1))/(b*n)`

**3.400.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 80 vs.  $2(34) = 68$ .

Time = 12.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int x^{-1+n} \arcsin(a + bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} \log(x) \operatorname{asin}(a) & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{n-1} \operatorname{asin}(a)}{n} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \log(x) \operatorname{asin}(a + b) & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{a \operatorname{asin}(a+bx^n)}{bn} + \frac{x^n \operatorname{asin}(a+bx^n)}{n} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2-2abx^n-b^2x^{2n}+1}}{bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)*asin(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)*asin(a), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(n - 1)*asin(a)/n, Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)*asin(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (a*asin(a + b*x**n)/(b*n) + x**n*asin(a + b*x**n)/n + sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x**n - b**2*x**(2*n) + 1)/(b*n), True))`

**3.400.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{-1+n} \arcsin(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{(bx^n + a) \arcsin(bx^n + a) + \sqrt{-(bx^n + a)^2 + 1}}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*arcsin(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((b*x^n + a)*arcsin(b*x^n + a) + sqrt(-(b*x^n + a)^2 + 1))/(b*n)`

**3.400.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{-1+n} \arcsin(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{(bx^n + a) \arcsin(bx^n + a) + \sqrt{-(bx^n + a)^2 + 1}}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*arcsin(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`output `((b*x^n + a)*arcsin(b*x^n + a) + sqrt(-(b*x^n + a)^2 + 1))/(b*n)`**3.400.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int x^{-1+n} \arcsin(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^n \operatorname{asin}(a + bx^n)}{n} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - b^2 x^{2n} - 2abx^n - a^2}}{bn} + \frac{a \ln\left(\sqrt{1 - b^2 x^{2n} - 2abx^n - a^2} - \frac{ab + b^2 x^n}{\sqrt{-b^2}}\right)}{n\sqrt{-b^2}}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)*asin(a + b*x^n),x)`output `(x^n*asin(a + b*x^n))/n + (1 - b^2*x^(2*n) - 2*a*b*x^n - a^2)^(1/2)/(b*n) + (a*log((1 - b^2*x^(2*n) - 2*a*b*x^n - a^2)^(1/2) - (a*b + b^2*x^n)/(-b^2)^(1/2)))/(n*(-b^2)^(1/2))`

### 3.401 $\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^4 dx$

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3.401.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2941

#### 3.401.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^4 dx = 384b^4x - \frac{192b^3\sqrt{-2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))}{dx} - 48b^2x(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2 + \frac{8b\sqrt{-2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^4$$

output

```
384*b^4*x-48*b^2*x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^2+x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^4-192*b^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))*(-d^2*x^4-2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/d/x+8*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^3*(-d^2*x^4-2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/d/x
```

#### 3.401.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^4 dx = \frac{8b\sqrt{-dx^2(2 + dx^2)}(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^4 - 48b^2 \left( -8b^2x + \frac{4b\sqrt{-dx^2(2 + dx^2)}(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2 \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^4,x]`

output `(8*b*Sqrt[-(d*x^2*(2 + d*x^2))]*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^3)/(d*x) + x*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^4 - 48*b^2*(-8*b^2*x + (4*b*Sqrt[-(d*x^2*(2 + d*x^2))])*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]))/(d*x) + x*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^2)`

### 3.401.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$ , Rules used = {5313, 5313, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5313} \\
 & -48b^2 \int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^2 dx + \frac{8b\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^3}{dx} + \\
 & \quad x(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5313} \\
 & -48b^2 \left( -8b^2 \int 1 dx + \frac{4b\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^2 \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{8b\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^3}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & -48b^2 \left( \frac{4b\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^2 - 8b^2x \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{8b\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^3}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^4
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^4,x]`

```
output (8*b*Sqrt[-2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^3)/(d*x) + x*(a +
b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^4 - 48*b^2*(-8*b^2*x + (4*b*Sqrt[-2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*
(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])))/(d*x) + x*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^2)
```

### 3.401.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 24 Int[a_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

```
rule 5313 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*(
a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^n, x] + (Simp[2*b*n*Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a
+ b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 1)/(d*x)), x] - Simp[4*b^2*n*(n - 1) Int[(a
+ b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^
2, 1] && GtQ[n, 1]
```

### 3.401.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^4 dx$$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^4,x)
```

```
output int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^4,x)
```

### 3.401.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{b^4 dx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)^4 + 4 ab^3 dx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)^3 + 6 (a^2 b^2 - 8 b^4) dx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)^2 + 4 (a^3 b - 24 ab^2) \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + 4 a^4 x}{4}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output (b^4*d*x^2*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^4 + 4*a*b^3*d*x^2*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^3 + 6*(a^2*b^2 - 8*b^4)*d*x^2*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^2 + 4*(a^3*b - 24*a*b^3)*d*x^2*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + (a^4 - 48*a^2*b^2 + 384*b^4)*d*x^2 + 8*(b^4*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^3 + 3*a*b^3*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^2 + a^3*b - 24*a*b^3 + 3*(a^2*b^2 - 8*b^4)*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1))*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*d*x^2))/(d*x)
```

### 3.401.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^4 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^4 dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2+1))**4,x)
```

```
output Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 + 1))**4, x)
```

### 3.401.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^4 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: sign: argument cannot be imaginary; found sqrt((-_SAGE_VAR_d*_SAGE_VAR_x^2)-2)
```

### 3.401.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 664 vs.  $2(123) = 246$ .



Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 664, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.23

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^4 dx \\
 &= 4 \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-d}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d}}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) a^3 b \\
 &+ 6 \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)^2 - \frac{2(\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{-d}|d| + 4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-dd})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d|d|} + \frac{4(\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d}\arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + \sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d})}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) a^2 b^2 \\
 &+ 2 \left( 2x \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)^3 - \frac{3(\sqrt{2}\pi^2\sqrt{-dd} - 8\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{-d}|d| - 32\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-dd})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d^2} + \frac{12(\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d}\arcsin(dx^2 + 1)^2 + \sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d}\arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + \sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d})}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) a b^3 \\
 &+ \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)^4 - \frac{(\sqrt{2}\pi^3\sqrt{-d}|d| + 12\sqrt{2}\pi^2\sqrt{-dd} - 96\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{-d}|d| - 384\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-dd})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d|d|} + \frac{12(\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d}\arcsin(dx^2 + 1)^3 + \sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d}\arcsin(dx^2 + 1)^2 + \sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d}\arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + \sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d})}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) a^4 b \\
 &+ a^4 x
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

4*(x*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d)*sgn(x)/d + 2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2
*d)/(d*sgn(x)))*a^3*b + 6*(x*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^2 - 2*(sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(-d)*
abs(d) + 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d)*d)*sgn(x)/(d*abs(d)) + 4*(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*d)
*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + 2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d) - sqrt(d^2*x^2))*d/abs(d))/(d*sgn
(x))*a^2*b^2 + 2*(2*x*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^3 - 3*(sqrt(2)*pi^2*sqrt(-d)*d -
8*sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(-d)*abs(d) - 32*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d)*d)*sgn(x)/d^2 + 12*(sqr
t(-d^2*x^2 - 2*d)*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^2 - 2*(2*sqrt(d^2*x^2)*arcsin((d^2*x^2
+ d)/d) - 4*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d) - sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*d))*d/abs(d) + (sqrt(2)
*pi*sqrt(-d)*abs(d) + 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d)*d)/abs(d))*d/abs(d))/(d*sgn(x))*
a*b^3 + (x*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^4 - (sqrt(2)*pi^3*sqrt(-d)*abs(d) + 12*sqrt(2)
)*pi^2*sqrt(-d)*d - 96*sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(-d)*abs(d) - 384*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d)*d
)*sgn(x)/(d*abs(d)) + 4*(2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*d)*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^3 - 3*(4
*sqrt(d^2*x^2)*arcsin((d^2*x^2 + d)/d)^2 + 8*(2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*d)*arcsi
n((d^2*x^2 + d)/d) + 4*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d) - sqrt(d^2*x^2))*d/abs(d) - (sqrt
(2)*pi*sqrt(-d)*abs(d) + 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d)*d)/abs(d))*d/abs(d) - (sqrt(2)
*pi^2*sqrt(-d)*d - 8*sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(-d)*abs(d) - 32*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d)*d/d
)*d/abs(d))/(d*sgn(x))*b^4 + a^4*x

```

### 3.401.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^4 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^4 dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^4,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^4, x)`

### 3.402 $\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3 dx$

3.402.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2942
3.402.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2942
3.402.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2943
3.402.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	2944
3.402.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2944
3.402.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2945
3.402.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	2945
3.402.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2946
3.402.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2947

#### 3.402.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3 dx = -24ab^2x - \frac{48b^3\sqrt{-2dx^2 - d^2x^4}}{dx} - 24b^3x \arcsin(1 + dx^2) + \frac{6b\sqrt{-2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3$$

output `-24*a*b^2*x-24*b^3*x*arcsin(d*x^2+1)+x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^3-48*b^3*(-d^2*x^4-2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/d/x+6*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^2*(-d^2*x^4-2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/d/x`

#### 3.402.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3 dx = \frac{a(a^2 - 24b^2) dx^2 + 6b(a^2 - 8b^2) \sqrt{-dx^2(2 + dx^2)} + 3b(a^2 dx^2 - 8b^2 dx^2 + 4ab\sqrt{-dx^2(2 + dx^2)}) \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}{dx}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^3,x]`

output  $(a*(a^2 - 24*b^2)*d*x^2 + 6*b*(a^2 - 8*b^2)*\text{Sqrt}[-(d*x^2*(2 + d*x^2))] + 3*b*(a^2*d*x^2 - 8*b^2*d*x^2 + 4*a*b*\text{Sqrt}[-(d*x^2*(2 + d*x^2))])* \text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2] + 3*b^2*(a*d*x^2 + 2*b*\text{Sqrt}[-(d*x^2*(2 + d*x^2))])* \text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2]^2 + b^3*d*x^2*\text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2]^3)/(d*x)$

### 3.402.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {5313, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 5313$$

$$-24b^2 \int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)) dx + \frac{6b\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^2}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^3$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-24b^2 \left( ax + bx \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + \frac{2b\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}}{dx} \right) + \frac{6b\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^2}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^3$$

input  $\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2])^3, x]$

output  $(6*b*\text{Sqrt}[-2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2])^2)/(d*x) + x*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2])^3 - 24*b^2*(a*x + (2*b*\text{Sqrt}[-2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]))/(d*x) + b*x*\text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2])$

## 3.402.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5313 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^n], x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^n, x] + (Simp[2*b*n*Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 1)/(d*x)), x] - Simp[4*b^2*n*(n - 1) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1] && GtQ[n, 1]`

## 3.402.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^3 dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^3,x)`

## 3.402.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{b^3 dx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)^3 + 3 ab^2 dx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)^2 + 3(a^2 b - 8 b^3) dx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + (a^3 - 24 ab^2) dx}{dx}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b^3*d*x^2*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^3 + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^2 + 3*(a^2*b - 8*b^3)*d*x^2*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + (a^3 - 24*a*b^2)*d*x^2 + 6*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*d*x^2)*(b^3*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^2 + 2*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + a^2*b - 8*b^3))/(d*x)`

**3.402.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2+1))**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 + 1))**3, x)`

**3.402.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: sign: argument cannot be imaginary; found sqrt((-_SAGE_VAR_d*_SAGE_VAR_x^2)-2)`

**3.402.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 370 vs.  $2(106) = 212$ .

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3 dx$$

$$= 3 \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-d}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d}}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) a^2 b$$

$$+ 3 \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)^2 - \frac{2(\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{-d}|d| + 4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-dd})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d|d|} + \frac{4(\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d}\arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + \sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d})}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) a b^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \left( 2x \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)^3 - \frac{3(\sqrt{2}\pi^2\sqrt{-dd} - 8\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{-d}|d| - 32\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-dd})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d^2} + \frac{12(\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d}\arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + \sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d})}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) a b^3$$

$$+ a^3 x$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
3*(x*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d)*sgn(x)/d + 2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*d)/(d*sgn(x)))*a^2*b + 3*(x*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^2 - 2*(sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(-d)*abs(d) + 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d)*d)*sgn(x)/(d*abs(d)) + 4*(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*d)*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + 2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d) - sqrt(d^2*x^2))*d/abs(d))/(d*sgn(x))*a*b^2 + 1/2*(2*x*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^3 - 3*(sqrt(2)*pi^2*sqrt(-d)*d - 8*sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(-d)*abs(d) - 32*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d)*d)*sgn(x)/d^2 + 12*(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*d)*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^2 - 2*(2*sqrt(d^2*x^2)*arcsin((d^2*x^2 + d)/d) - 4*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d) - sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*d))*d/abs(d) + (sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(-d)*abs(d) + 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d)*d)/abs(d))*d/abs(d))/(d*sgn(x))*b^3 + a^3*x
```

**3.402.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^3,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^3, x)`



### 3.403 $\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2 dx$

3.403.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2948
3.403.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2948
3.403.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2949
3.403.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	2950
3.403.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2950
3.403.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2950
3.403.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	2951
3.403.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2951
3.403.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2952

#### 3.403.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2 dx = -8b^2x + \frac{4b\sqrt{-2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2$$

output `-8*b^2*x+x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^2+4*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))*(-d^2*x^4-2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/d/x`

#### 3.403.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2 dx = -8b^2x + \frac{4b\sqrt{-2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^2,x]`

output `-8*b^2*x + (4*b*sqrt[-2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]))/(d*x) + x*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^2`

**3.403.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {5313, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^2 dx$$

↓ 5313

$$-8b^2 \int 1 dx + \frac{4b\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^2$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{4b\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^2 - 8b^2x$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^2,x]`

output `-8*b^2*x + (4*b*Sqrt[-2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]))/(d*x) + x*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^2`

**3.403.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 5313 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^n, x] + (Simp[2*b*n*Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 1))/(d*x), x] - Simp[4*b^2*n*(n - 1) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1] && GtQ[n, 1]`

**3.403.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^2 dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^2,x)`

**3.403.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 dx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)^2 + 2 ab dx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + (a^2 - 8 b^2) dx^2 + 4 \sqrt{-d^2 x^4 - 2 dx^2} (b^2 \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + a b)}{dx}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b^2*d*x^2*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^2 + 2*a*b*d*x^2*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + (a^2 - 8*b^2)*d*x^2 + 4*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*d*x^2)*(b^2*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + a*b))/(d*x)`

**3.403.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2+1))**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 + 1))**2, x)`

**3.403.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: sign: argument cannot be imagi
nary; found sqrt((-_SAGE_VAR_d*_SAGE_VAR_x^2)-2)
```

**3.403.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2 dx \\ &= 2 \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-d}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d}}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) ab \\ &+ \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)^2 - \frac{2(\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{-d}|d| + 4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-dd})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d|d|} + \frac{4\left(\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d}\arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + \frac{2}{d}\right)}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) \\ &+ a^2x \end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 2*(x*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d)*sgn(x)/d + 2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2
*d)/(d*sgn(x)))*a*b + (x*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^2 - 2*(sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(-d)*abs(
d) + 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d)*d)*sgn(x)/(d*abs(d)) + 4*(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*d)*arc
sin(d*x^2 + 1) + 2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d) - sqrt(d^2*x^2))*d/abs(d))/(d*sgn(x))
)*b^2 + a^2*x
```

**3.403.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^2,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^2, x)`

### 3.404 $\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)) dx$

3.404.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2953
3.404.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2953
3.404.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2954
3.404.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2954
3.404.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2955
3.404.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2955
3.404.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2955
3.404.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2956
3.404.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2956

#### 3.404.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)) dx = ax + \frac{2b\sqrt{-2dx^2 - d^2x^4}}{dx} + bx \arcsin(1 + dx^2)$$

output `a*x+b*x*arcsin(d*x^2+1)+2*b*(-d^2*x^4-2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/d/x`

#### 3.404.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)) dx = ax + \frac{2b\sqrt{-dx^2(2 + dx^2)}}{dx} + bx \arcsin(1 + dx^2)$$

input `Integrate[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2],x]`

output `a*x + (2*b*Sqrt[-(d*x^2*(2 + d*x^2))])/(d*x) + b*x*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]`

### 3.404.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$ax + bx \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + \frac{2b\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}}{dx}$$

input `Int[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2],x]`

output `a*x + (2*b*Sqrt[-2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])/(d*x) + b*x*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]`

#### 3.404.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### 3.404.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result	size
default	$ax + b\left(x \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) - \frac{2x(dx^2+2)}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2dx^2}}\right)$	45
parts	$ax + b\left(x \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) - \frac{2x(dx^2+2)}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2dx^2}}\right)$	45

input `int(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x+b*(x*arcsin(d*x^2+1)-2/(-d^2*x^4-2*d*x^2)^(1/2)*x*(d*x^2+2))`

**3.404.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)) dx = \frac{bdx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + adx^2 + 2\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}b}{dx}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `(b*d*x^2*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + a*d*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 - 2*d*x^2)*b)/(d*x)`**3.404.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1)) dx$$

input `integrate(a+b*asin(d*x**2+1),x)`output `Integral(a + b*asin(d*x**2 + 1), x)`**3.404.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)) dx = \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) - \frac{2(d^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2 + 2\sqrt{d})}{\sqrt{-dx^2 - 2d}} \right) b + ax$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(x*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) - 2*(d^(3/2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(d))/(sqrt(-d*x^2 - 2)*d))*b + a*x`



**3.404.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)) dx$$

$$= \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-d}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{-d^2x^2 - 2d}}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) b + ax$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(x*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) - 2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-d)*sgn(x)/d + 2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 - 2*d)/(d*sgn(x)))*b + a*x`**3.404.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)) dx = ax + bx \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1) + \frac{2b\sqrt{1 - (dx^2 + 1)^2}}{dx}$$

input `int(a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1),x)`output `a*x + b*x*asin(d*x^2 + 1) + (2*b*(1 - (d*x^2 + 1)^2)^(1/2))/(d*x)`

### 3.405 $\int \frac{1}{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)} dx$

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#### 3.405.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} dx = -\frac{x \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}{2b}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{2b \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right)\right)} - \frac{x \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}{2b}\right)}{2b \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

```
output -1/2*x*Ci(1/2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))/b)*(cos(1/2*a/b)-sin(1/2*a/b))/b/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1)))-1/2*x*Si(1/2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))/b)*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))/b/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1)))
```

#### 3.405.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} dx = -\frac{x \left(\operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right)\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right) + \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right)\right)\right)}{2b \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(-1),x]
```

output 
$$\frac{-1/2*(x*(\text{CosIntegral}[(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2])/2])*(\text{Cos}[a/(2*b)] - \text{Sin}[a/(2*b)]) + (\text{Cos}[a/(2*b)] + \text{Sin}[a/(2*b)])*\text{SinIntegral}[(a/b + \text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2])/2]))/(b*(\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2]/2] - \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2]/2]))}$$

### 3.405.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$ , Rules used = {5315}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)} dx$$

↓ 5315

$$\frac{x(\cos(\frac{a}{2b}) - \sin(\frac{a}{2b})) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(dx^2+1)}{2b}\right) - 2b(\cos(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)))}{x(\sin(\frac{a}{2b}) + \cos(\frac{a}{2b})) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(dx^2+1)}{2b}\right) - 2b(\cos(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)))}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2])^{-1}, x]$

output 
$$\frac{-1/2*(x*\text{CosIntegral}[(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2])/(2*b)]*(\text{Cos}[a/(2*b)] - \text{Sin}[a/(2*b)]))/(b*(\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2]/2] - \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2]/2])) - (x*(\text{Cos}[a/(2*b)] + \text{Sin}[a/(2*b)])*\text{SinIntegral}[(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2])/(2*b)])/(2*b*(\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2]/2] - \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[1 + d*x^2]/2]))}$$

#### 3.405.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5315  $\text{Int}[(a_. + \text{ArcSin}[c_] + (d_.)*(x_)^2)*(b_.)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*(c*\text{Cos}[a/(2*b)] - \text{Sin}[a/(2*b)])*(\text{CosIntegral}[(c/(2*b))*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2])]/(2*b*(\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*\text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] - \text{Simp}[x*(c*\text{Cos}[a/(2*b)] + \text{Sin}[a/(2*b)])*(\text{SinIntegral}[(c/(2*b))*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2])]/(2*b*(\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*\text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c^2, 1]$

**3.405.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1)),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1)),x)`

**3.405.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + a), x)`

**3.405.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x**2+1)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a + b*asin(d*x**2 + 1)), x)`

**3.405.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: sign: argument cannot be imaginary; found sqrt((-_SAGE_VAR_d*_SAGE_VAR_x^2)-2)`

**3.405.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(b*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + a), x)`

**3.405.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1)),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1)), x)`

**3.406**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^2} dx$

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**3.406.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 205

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-2dx^2 - d^2x^4}}{2bdx(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))} - \frac{x \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}{2b}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{4b^2 \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right)\right)} + \frac{x \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}{2b}\right)}{4b^2 \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

```
output 1/4*x*Si(1/2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))/b)*(cos(1/2*a/b)-sin(1/2*a/b))/b^2/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1)))-1/4*x*Ci(1/2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))/b)*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))/b^2/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1)))-1/2*(-d^2*x^4-2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/b/d/x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))
```

**3.406.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2} dx = \frac{\frac{2b\sqrt{-dx^2(2+dx^2)}}{d(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))} + \frac{x^2 \left( \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(1+dx^2)\right)\right) \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) + \left( -\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(1+dx^2)\right)\right) \right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1+dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1+dx^2)\right)}}{4b^2x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(-2), x]`output `-1/4*((2*b*Sqrt[-(d*x^2*(2 + d*x^2))])/(d*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])) + (x^2*(CosIntegral[(a/b + ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])/2]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]) + (-Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)])*SinIntegral[(a/b + ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])/2]))/(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]))/(b^2*x)`**3.406.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$ , Rules used = {5324}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^2} dx$$

↓ 5324

$$-\frac{x \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(dx^2+1)}{2b}\right)}{4b^2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)\right) \right)} + \frac{x \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(dx^2+1)}{2b}\right)}{4b^2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)\right) \right)} - \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}}{2bdx(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(-2), x]`

```
output -1/2*sqrt[-2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])) - (x*CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])/(2*b)]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(4*b^2*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2])) + (x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)])*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])/(2*b)]/(4*b^2*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2])))
```

### 3.406.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 5324 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^(2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(2*b*d*x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])), x] + (-Simp[x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(CosIntegral[(c/(2*b))*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])]/(4*b^2*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] + Simp[x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(SinIntegral[(c/(2*b))*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])]/(4*b^2*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1]
```

### 3.406.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^2} dx$$

```
input int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^2,x)
```

```
output int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^2,x)
```

### 3.406.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + a)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(1/(b^2*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + a^2), x)
```



**3.406.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x**2+1))**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 + 1))**(-2), x)`

**3.406.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: sign: argument cannot be imaginary; found sqrt((-_SAGE_VAR_d*_SAGE_VAR_x^2)-2)`

**3.406.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + a)**(-2), x)`

**3.406.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^2,x)`output `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^2, x)`

**3.407**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^3} dx$

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 3.407.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2970  
 3.407.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 2970

**3.407.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 227

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-2dx^2-d^2x^4}}{4b dx (a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^2} + \frac{x}{8b^2 (a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))} + \frac{x \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}{2b}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{16b^3 \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1+dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1+dx^2)\right)\right)} + \frac{x \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}{2b}\right)}{16b^3 \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1+dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1+dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

```
output 1/8*x/b^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))+1/16*x*Ci(1/2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))/b)*(cos(1/2*a/b)-sin(1/2*a/b))/b^3/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1)))+1/16*x*Si(1/2*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))/b)*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))/b^3/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1)))-1/4*(-d^2*x^4-2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/b/d/x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^2
```

**3.407.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{-dx^2(2 + dx^2)}}{4bdx(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^2} + \frac{x}{8b^2(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))}$$

$$+ \frac{x(\operatorname{CosIntegral}(\frac{1}{2}(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(1 + dx^2))) (\cos(\frac{a}{2b}) - \sin(\frac{a}{2b})) + (\cos(\frac{a}{2b}) + \sin(\frac{a}{2b})) \operatorname{Si}(\frac{1}{2}(\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(1 + dx^2))))}{16b^3(\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1 + dx^2)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1 + dx^2)))}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(-3),x]`output `-1/4*sqrt[-(d*x^2*(2 + d*x^2))]/(b*d*x*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^2) + x/(8*b^2*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])) + (x*(CosIntegral[(a/b + ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])/2]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]) + (Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)])*SinIntegral[(a/b + ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])/2]))/(16*b^3*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]))`**3.407.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {5327, 5315}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5327}$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+b \arcsin(dx^2+1)} dx}{8b^2} + \frac{x}{8b^2(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))} - \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}}{4bdx(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5315}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{x(\cos(\frac{a}{2b}) - \sin(\frac{a}{2b})) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(dx^2+1)}{2b}\right)}{2b(\cos(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(dx^2+1)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(dx^2+1)))} - \frac{x(\sin(\frac{a}{2b}) + \cos(\frac{a}{2b})) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arcsin(dx^2+1)}{2b}\right)}{2b(\cos(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(dx^2+1)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(dx^2+1)))} + \\
& \frac{x}{8b^2(a+b \arcsin(dx^2+1))} - \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}}{4bdx(a+b \arcsin(dx^2+1))^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(-3),x]`

output `-1/4*sqrt[-2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^2) + x/(8*b^2*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])) - (-1/2*(x*CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])/(2*b)]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(b*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2])) - (x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)])*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])/(2*b)])/(2*b*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2])))/(8*b^2)`

### 3.407.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5315 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(c*Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]*(CosIntegral[(c/(2*b))*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])]/(2*b*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2])))), x] - Simp[x*(c*Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]*(SinIntegral[(c/(2*b))*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])]/(2*b*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2])))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1]`

rule 5327 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^(-n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 2)/(4*b^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)), x] + (Simp[Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 1)/(2*b*d*(n + 1)*x)), x] - Simp[1/(4*b^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[n, -2]`

**3.407.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^3,x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^3,x)`

**3.407.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^3*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + a^3), x)`

**3.407.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x**2+1))**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 + 1))**(-3), x)`

**3.407.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: sign: argument cannot be imaginary; found sqrt((-_SAGE_VAR_d*_SAGE_VAR_x^2)-2)
```

**3.407.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + a)^3} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + a)^(-3), x)
```

**3.407.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^3} dx$$

```
input int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^3,x)
```

```
output int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^3, x)
```

### 3.408 $\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^4 dx$

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#### 3.408.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^4 dx = 384b^4x - \frac{192b^3\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))}{dx} - 48b^2x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2 + \frac{8b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^4$$

output

```
384*b^4*x-48*b^2*x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^2+x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^4-192*b^3*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))*(-d^2*x^4+2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/d/x+8*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^3*(-d^2*x^4+2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/d/x
```

#### 3.408.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^4 dx = \frac{8b\sqrt{-dx^2(-2 + dx^2)}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^4 - 48b^2 \left( -8b^2x + \frac{4b\sqrt{-dx^2(-2 + dx^2)}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2 \right)$$



input `Integrate[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^4,x]`

output `(8*b*Sqrt[-(d*x^2*(-2 + d*x^2))]*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^3)/(d*x) + x*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^4 - 48*b^2*(-8*b^2*x + (4*b*Sqrt[-(d*x^2*(-2 + d*x^2))]*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])))/(d*x) + x*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^2)`

### 3.408.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$ , Rules used = {5313, 5313, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5313} \\
 & -48b^2 \int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2 dx + \frac{8b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3}{dx} + \\
 & \quad \quad \quad x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^4 \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{5313} \\
 & -48b^2 \left( -8b^2 \int 1 dx + \frac{4b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2 \right) + \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{8b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^4 \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & -48b^2 \left( \frac{4b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2 - 8b^2x \right) + \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{8b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^4
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^4,x]`

```
output (8*b*Sqrt[2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^3)/(d*x) + x*(a - b
*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^4 - 48*b^2*(-8*b^2*x + (4*b*Sqrt[2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*(a
- b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])))/(d*x) + x*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^2)
```

### 3.408.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 24 Int[a_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

```
rule 5313 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*(
a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^n, x] + (Simp[2*b*n*Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a
+ b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 1)/(d*x)), x] - Simp[4*b^2*n*(n - 1) Int[(a
+ b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^
2, 1] && GtQ[n, 1]
```

### 3.408.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^4 dx$$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^4,x)
```

```
output int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^4,x)
```

### 3.408.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{b^4 dx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)^4 + 4 ab^3 dx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)^3 + 6(a^2 b^2 - 8 b^4) dx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)^2 + 4(a^3 b - 24 a b^3) dx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + 4 a^4 dx^2}{d}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

---

3.408.  $\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^4 dx$

output  $(b^4 d x^2 \arcsin(d x^2 - 1)^4 + 4 a b^3 d x^2 \arcsin(d x^2 - 1)^3 + 6 (a^2 b^2 - 8 b^4) d x^2 \arcsin(d x^2 - 1)^2 + 4 (a^3 b - 24 a b^3) d x^2 \arcsin(d x^2 - 1) + (a^4 - 48 a^2 b^2 + 384 b^4) d x^2 + 8 (b^4 \arcsin(d x^2 - 1)^3 + 3 a b^3 \arcsin(d x^2 - 1)^2 + a^3 b - 24 a b^3 + 3 (a^2 b^2 - 8 b^4) \arcsin(d x^2 - 1)) \sqrt{-d^2 x^4 + 2 d x^2}) / (d x)$

### 3.408.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^4 dx = \int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^4 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2-1))**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 - 1))**4, x)`

### 3.408.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^4 dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^4*x*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*sqrt(d)*x)^4 + 4*(x*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) - 2*(d^(3/2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(d))/(sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*d))*a^3*b + a^4*x + integrate(2*(4*sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*b^4*sqrt(d)*x*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*sqrt(d)*x)^3 + 2*(a*b^3*d*x^2 - 2*a*b^3)*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*sqrt(d)*x)^3 + 3*(a^2*b^2*d*x^2 - 2*a^2*b^2)*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*sqrt(d)*x)^2)/(d*x^2 - 2), x)`

**3.408.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 617 vs.  $2(123) = 246$ .

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 617, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.57

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^4 dx = 4 \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{d}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 2d}}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) a^3 b$$

$$+ 6 \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)^2 + \frac{2(\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{d}|d| - 4\sqrt{2}d^{\frac{3}{2}})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d|d|} + \frac{4(\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 2d}\arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + \frac{2(\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{d}|d| - 4\sqrt{2}d^{\frac{3}{2}})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d|d|})}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right)$$

$$+ 2 \left( 2x \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)^3 - \frac{3(\sqrt{2}\pi^2d^{\frac{3}{2}} + 8\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{d}|d| - 32\sqrt{2}d^{\frac{3}{2}})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d^2} + \frac{12(\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 2d}\arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + \frac{2(\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{d}|d| - 4\sqrt{2}d^{\frac{3}{2}})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d|d|})}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right)$$

$$+ \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)^4 + \frac{(\sqrt{2}\pi^3\sqrt{d}|d| - 12\sqrt{2}\pi^2d^{\frac{3}{2}} - 96\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{d}|d| + 384\sqrt{2}d^{\frac{3}{2}})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d|d|} + \frac{4(2\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 2d}\arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + \frac{2(\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{d}|d| - 4\sqrt{2}d^{\frac{3}{2}})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d|d|})}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right)$$

$$+ a^4 x$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $4*(x*\arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) - 2*\sqrt{2}*sgn(x)/\sqrt{d} + 2*\sqrt{-d^2*x^2 + 2*d} / (d*sgn(x))) * a^3*b + 6*(x*\arcsin(d*x^2 - 1)^2 + 2*(\sqrt{2}*\pi*\sqrt{d}*abs(d) - 4*\sqrt{2}*d^{(3/2)})*sgn(x)/(d*abs(d)) + 4*(\sqrt{-d^2*x^2 + 2*d}*\arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + 2*(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{d} - \sqrt{d^2*x^2})*d/abs(d))/(d*sgn(x))) * a^2*b^2 + 2*(2*x*\arcsin(d*x^2 - 1)^3 - 3*(\sqrt{2}*\pi^2*d^{(3/2)} + 8*\sqrt{2}*\pi*\sqrt{d}*abs(d) - 32*\sqrt{2}*d^{(3/2)})*sgn(x)/d^2 + 12*(\sqrt{-d^2*x^2 + 2*d}*\arcsin(d*x^2 - 1)^2 - 2*(2*\sqrt{d^2*x^2}*\arcsin((d^2*x^2 - d)/d) - 4*(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{d} - \sqrt{-d^2*x^2 + 2*d})*d/abs(d) - (\sqrt{2}*\pi*\sqrt{d}*abs(d) - 4*\sqrt{2}*d^{(3/2)})/abs(d))*d/abs(d))/(d*sgn(x))) * a*b^3 + (x*\arcsin(d*x^2 - 1)^4 + (\sqrt{2}*\pi^3*\sqrt{d}*abs(d) - 12*\sqrt{2}*\pi^2*d^{(3/2)} - 96*\sqrt{2}*\pi*\sqrt{d}*abs(d) + 384*\sqrt{2}*d^{(3/2)})*sgn(x)/(d*abs(d)) + 4*(2*\sqrt{-d^2*x^2 + 2*d}*\arcsin(d*x^2 - 1)^3 - 3*(4*\sqrt{d^2*x^2}*\arcsin((d^2*x^2 - d)/d))^2 + 8*(2*\sqrt{-d^2*x^2 + 2*d}*\arcsin((d^2*x^2 - d)/d) + 4*(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{d} - \sqrt{d^2*x^2})*d/abs(d) + (\sqrt{2}*\pi*\sqrt{d}*abs(d) - 4*\sqrt{2}*d^{(3/2)})/abs(d))*d/abs(d) - (\sqrt{2}*\pi^2*d^{(3/2)} + 8*\sqrt{2}*\pi*\sqrt{d}*abs(d) - 32*\sqrt{2}*d^{(3/2)})/d)*d/abs(d))/(d*sgn(x))) * b^4 + a^4*x$

### 3.408.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^4 dx = \int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^4 dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^4,x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^4, x)`

### 3.409 $\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3 dx$

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#### 3.409.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3 dx = -24ab^2x - \frac{48b^3\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}}{dx} + 24b^3x \arcsin(1 - dx^2) + \frac{6b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3$$

output `-24*a*b^2*x-24*b^3*x*arcsin(d*x^2-1)+x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^3-48*b^3*(-d^2*x^4+2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/d/x+6*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^2*(-d^2*x^4+2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/d/x`

#### 3.409.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3 dx = \frac{a(a^2 - 24b^2) dx^2 + 6b(a^2 - 8b^2) \sqrt{dx^2(2 - dx^2)} - 3b(a^2 dx^2 - 8b^2 dx^2 + 4ab\sqrt{-dx^2(-2 + dx^2)}) \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}{dx}$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^3,x]`

output  $(a*(a^2 - 24*b^2)*d*x^2 + 6*b*(a^2 - 8*b^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d*x^2*(2 - d*x^2)] - 3*b*(a^2*d*x^2 - 8*b^2*d*x^2 + 4*a*b*\text{Sqrt}[-(d*x^2*(-2 + d*x^2))])* \text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2] + 3*b^2*(a*d*x^2 + 2*b*\text{Sqrt}[-(d*x^2*(-2 + d*x^2))])* \text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2]^2 - b^3*d*x^2*\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2]^3)/(d*x)$

### 3.409.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {5313, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5313}$$

$$-24b^2 \int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)) dx + \frac{6b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$-24b^2 \left( ax + b(-x) \arcsin(1 - dx^2) + \frac{2b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}}{dx} \right) + \frac{6b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3$$

input  $\text{Int}[(a - b*\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2])^3, x]$

output  $(6*b*\text{Sqrt}[2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*(a - b*\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2])^2)/(d*x) + x*(a - b*\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2])^3 - 24*b^2*(a*x + (2*b*\text{Sqrt}[2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]))/(d*x) - b*x*\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2])$

## 3.409.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5313 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^n], x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^n, x] + (Simp[2*b*n*Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 1)/(d*x)), x] - Simp[4*b^2*n*(n - 1) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1] && GtQ[n, 1]`

## 3.409.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^3 dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^3,x)`

## 3.409.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{b^3 dx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)^3 + 3 ab^2 dx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)^2 + 3(a^2 b - 8b^3) dx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + (a^3 - 24 ab^2) dx}{dx}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b^3*d*x^2*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1)^3 + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1)^2 + 3*(a^2*b - 8*b^3)*d*x^2*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + (a^3 - 24*a*b^2)*d*x^2 + 6*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 + 2*d*x^2)*(b^3*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1)^2 + 2*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a^2*b - 8*b^3))/(d*x)`



**3.409.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3 dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 - 1))^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2-1))**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 - 1))**3, x)`

**3.409.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3 dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^3*x*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*sqrt(d)*x)^3 + 3*(x*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) - 2*(d^(3/2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(d))/(sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*d))*a^2*b + a^3*x + integrate(3*(2*sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*b^3*sqrt(d)*x*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*sqrt(d)*x)^2 + (a*b^2*d*x^2 - 2*a*b^2)*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*sqrt(d)*x)^2)/(d*x^2 - 2), x)`

**3.409.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 346 vs.  $2(106) = 212$ .

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3 dx = 3 \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{d}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 2d}}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) a^2 b$$

$$+ 3 \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)^2 + \frac{2(\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{d}|d| - 4\sqrt{2}d^{3/2})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d|d|} + \frac{4(\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 2d}\arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + \frac{2(\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{d}|d| - 4\sqrt{2}d^{3/2})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d|d|})}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) a^2 b$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \left( 2x \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)^3 - \frac{3(\sqrt{2}\pi^2 d^{3/2} + 8\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{d}|d| - 32\sqrt{2}d^{3/2})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d^2} + \frac{12(\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 2d}\arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + \frac{2(\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{d}|d| - 4\sqrt{2}d^{3/2})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d|d|})}{d^2} \right) a^2 b$$

$$+ a^3 x$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3*(x*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) - 2*sqrt(2)*sgn(x)/sqrt(d) + 2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 2*d)/(d*sgn(x)))*a^2*b + 3*(x*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1)^2 + 2*(sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(d)*abs(d) - 4*sqrt(2)*d^(3/2))*sgn(x)/(d*abs(d)) + 4*(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 2*d)*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + 2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d) - sqrt(d^2*x^2))*d/abs(d))/(d*sgn(x))*a^2*b + 1/2*(2*x*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1)^3 - 3*(sqrt(2)*pi^2*d^(3/2) + 8*sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(d)*abs(d) - 32*sqrt(2)*d^(3/2))*sgn(x)/d^2 + 12*(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 2*d)*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1)^2 - 2*(2*sqrt(d^2*x^2)*arcsin((d^2*x^2 - d)/d) - 4*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d) - sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 2*d))*d/abs(d) - (sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(d)*abs(d) - 4*sqrt(2)*d^(3/2))/abs(d))*d/abs(d))/(d*sgn(x))*b^3 + a^3*x`

**3.409.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3 dx = \int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^3,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^3, x)`

### 3.410 $\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2 dx$

3.410.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2983
3.410.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2983
3.410.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2984
3.410.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	2985
3.410.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2985
3.410.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2985
3.410.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	2986
3.410.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2986
3.410.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2987

#### 3.410.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2 dx = -8b^2x + \frac{4b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2$$

output `-8*b^2*x+x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^2+4*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))*(-d^2*x^4+2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/d/x`

#### 3.410.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2 dx = -8b^2x + \frac{4b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^2,x]`

output `-8*b^2*x + (4*b*Sqrt[2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]))/(d*x) + x*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^2`

### 3.410.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {5313, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2 dx$$

↓ 5313

$$-8b^2 \int 1 dx + \frac{4b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{4b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2 - 8b^2x$$

input `Int[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^2,x]`

output `-8*b^2*x + (4*b*Sqrt[2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]))/(d*x) + x*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^2`

#### 3.410.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 5313 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^n, x] + (Simp[2*b*n*Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 1))/(d*x), x] - Simp[4*b^2*n*(n - 1) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1] && GtQ[n, 1]`

**3.410.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^2 dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^2,x)`

**3.410.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 dx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)^2 + 2 ab dx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + (a^2 - 8 b^2) dx^2 + 4 \sqrt{-d^2 x^4 + 2 dx^2} (b^2 \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a b)}{dx}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b^2*d*x^2*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1)^2 + 2*a*b*d*x^2*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + (a^2 - 8*b^2)*d*x^2 + 4*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 + 2*d*x^2)*(b^2*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a*b))/(d*x)`

**3.410.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2 dx = \int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2-1))**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 - 1))**2, x)`

**3.410.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2 dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(x*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) - 2*(d^(3/2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(d))/(sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*d))  
*a*b + (x*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*sqrt(d)*x)^2 + 4*sqrt(d)*int  
egrate(sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*x*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*sqrt(d)*x)/(  
d*x^2 - 2), x))*b^2 + a^2*x`

**3.410.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs.  $2(61) = 122$ .

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2 dx = 2 \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{d}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 2d}}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) ab$$

$$+ \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)^2 + \frac{2(\sqrt{2}\pi\sqrt{d}|d| - 4\sqrt{2}d^{\frac{3}{2}})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d|d|} + \frac{4(\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 2d}\arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + \frac{2(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{d}}{d})}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right)$$

$$+ a^2x$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(x*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) - 2*sqrt(2)*sgn(x)/sqrt(d) + 2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 2*d)  
/(d*sgn(x)))*a*b + (x*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1)^2 + 2*(sqrt(2)*pi*sqrt(d)*abs(d) -  
4*sqrt(2)*d^(3/2))*sgn(x)/(d*abs(d)) + 4*(sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 2*d)*arcsin(d*x  
^2 - 1) + 2*(sqrt(2)*sqrt(d) - sqrt(d^2*x^2))*d/abs(d))/(d*sgn(x))*b^2 +  
a^2*x`

**3.410.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2 dx = \int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^2,x)`output `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^2, x)`



### 3.411 $\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)) dx$

3.411.1 Optimal result . . . . .	2988
3.411.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2988
3.411.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2989
3.411.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2989
3.411.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2990
3.411.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	2990
3.411.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2990
3.411.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2991
3.411.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2991

#### 3.411.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)) dx = ax + \frac{2b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}}{dx} - bx \arcsin(1 - dx^2)$$

output `a*x+b*x*arcsin(d*x^2-1)+2*b*(-d^2*x^4+2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/d/x`

#### 3.411.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)) dx = ax + \frac{2b\sqrt{-dx^2(-2 + dx^2)}}{dx} - bx \arcsin(1 - dx^2)$$

input `Integrate[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2],x]`

output `a*x + (2*b*Sqrt[-(d*x^2*(-2 + d*x^2))])/(d*x) - b*x*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]`

**3.411.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$ax + b(-x) \arcsin(1 - dx^2) + \frac{2b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}}{dx}$$

input `Int[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2],x]`

output `a*x + (2*b*Sqrt[2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4])/(d*x) - b*x*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]`

**3.411.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**3.411.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
default	$ax + b\left(x \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) - \frac{2x(dx^2 - 2)}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 + 2dx^2}}\right)$	45
parts	$ax + b\left(x \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) - \frac{2x(dx^2 - 2)}{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 + 2dx^2}}\right)$	45

input `int(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x+b*(x*arcsin(d*x^2-1)-2/(-d^2*x^4+2*d*x^2)^(1/2)*x*(d*x^2-2))`

**3.411.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)) dx = \frac{bdx^2 \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + adx^2 + 2\sqrt{-d^2x^4 + 2dx^2}b}{dx}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(b*d*x^2*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a*d*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-d^2*x^4 + 2*d*x^2)*b)/(d*x)`**3.411.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 - 1)) dx$$

input `integrate(a+b*asin(d*x**2-1),x)`output `Integral(a + b*asin(d*x**2 - 1), x)`**3.411.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)) dx = \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) - \frac{2(d^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2 - 2\sqrt{d})}{\sqrt{-dx^2 + 2d}} \right) b + ax$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(x*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) - 2*(d^(3/2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(d))/(sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*d))*b + a*x`

**3.411.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)) dx = \left( x \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) - \frac{2\sqrt{2}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{d}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-d^2x^2 + 2d}}{d\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \right) b + ax$$

input `integrate(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(x*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) - 2*sqrt(2)*sgn(x)/sqrt(d) + 2*sqrt(-d^2*x^2 + 2*d)/(d*sgn(x)))*b + a*x`

**3.411.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)) dx = ax + bx \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 - 1) + \frac{2b\sqrt{1 - (dx^2 - 1)^2}}{dx}$$

input `int(a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1),x)`

output `a*x + b*x*asin(d*x^2 - 1) + (2*b*(1 - (d*x^2 - 1)^2)^(1/2))/(d*x)`

**3.412**  $\int \frac{1}{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)} dx$

3.412.1 Optimal result	2992
3.412.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	2992
3.412.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	2993
3.412.4 Maple [F]	2994
3.412.5 Fracas [F]	2994
3.412.6 Sympy [F]	2994
3.412.7 Maxima [F]	2995
3.412.8 Giac [F]	2995
3.412.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	2995

**3.412.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \frac{1}{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(-\frac{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}{2b}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{2b \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)\right)} - \frac{x \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{2b} - \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)}{2b \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

output

```
-1/2*x*Si(1/2*a/b+1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))*(cos(1/2*a/b)-sin(1/2*a/b))/b/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)))+1/2*x*Ci(1/2*(-a-b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))/b)*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))/b/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)))
```

**3.412.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)} dx = \frac{\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)\right) \left(\operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)\right)\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{2bdx}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(-1),x]
```

output  $((\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2]/2] - \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2]/2])*(\text{CosIntegral}[(-(a/b) + \text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2])/2]*(\text{Cos}[a/(2*b)] + \text{Sin}[a/(2*b)]) + (-\text{Cos}[a/(2*b)] + \text{Sin}[a/(2*b)])*\text{SinIntegral}[(a - b*\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2])/(2*b)]))/(2*b*d*x)$

### 3.412.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$ , Rules used = {5315}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx$$

↓ 5315

$$\frac{x \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(-\frac{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}{2b}\right) - 2b \left( \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) \right) - x \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{2b} - \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right)}{2b \left( \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) \right)}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(a - b*\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2])^{-1}, x]$

output  $(x*\text{CosIntegral}[-1/2*(a - b*\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2])/b]*(\text{Cos}[a/(2*b)] + \text{Sin}[a/(2*b)]))/(2*b*(\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2]/2] - \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2]/2])) - (x*(\text{Cos}[a/(2*b)] - \text{Sin}[a/(2*b)])*\text{SinIntegral}[a/(2*b) - \text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2]/2])/(2*b*(\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2]/2] - \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2]/2]))$

#### 3.412.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5315  $\text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcSin}[c] + (d*x^2)*(b))^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*(c*\text{Cos}[a/(2*b)] - \text{Sin}[a/(2*b)])*(\text{CosIntegral}[(c/(2*b))*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2])]/(2*b*(\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*\text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] - \text{Simp}[x*(c*\text{Cos}[a/(2*b)] + \text{Sin}[a/(2*b)])*(\text{SinIntegral}[(c/(2*b))*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2])]/(2*b*(\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*\text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2, 1]$

**3.412.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1)),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1)),x)`

**3.412.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a), x)`

**3.412.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x**2-1)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a + b*asin(d*x**2 - 1)), x)`

**3.412.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a), x)`

**3.412.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a), x)`

**3.412.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1)),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1)), x)`



**3.413**  $\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2} dx$

3.413.1 Optimal result . . . . . 2996  
 3.413.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 2997  
 3.413.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2997  
 3.413.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 2998  
 3.413.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 2998  
 3.413.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 2999  
 3.413.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 2999  
 3.413.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 2999  
 3.413.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3000

**3.413.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}}{2bdx(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))} - \frac{x \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(-\frac{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}{2b}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{4b^2 \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right)\right)} - \frac{x \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{2b} - \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right)}{4b^2 \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

output `-1/4*x*Ci(1/2*(-a-b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))/b)*(cos(1/2*a/b)-sin(1/2*a/b))/b^2/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)))-1/4*x*Si(1/2*a/b+1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))/b^2/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)))-1/2*(-d^2*x^4+2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/b/d/x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))`

**3.413.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b\sqrt{dx^2(2 - dx^2)} + (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)) \left( \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) \right) \left( \text{CosIntegral}\left[\frac{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}{2b}\right] - \text{Si}\left[\frac{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}{2b}\right] \right)}{4b^2 dx (-a + b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))}$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(-2),x]`output `(2*b*Sqrt[d*x^2*(2 - d*x^2)] + (a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2])*(CosIntegral[(-a/b) + ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])/2]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]) + (Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)])*SinIntegral[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])/(2*b)))/(4*b^2*d*x*(-a + b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]))`**3.413.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$ , Rules used = {5324}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5324}$$

$$\frac{x \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(-\frac{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}{2b}\right) - x \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{2b} - \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}}{4b^2 \left( \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) \right) - 2bdx (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))}$$

input `Int[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(-2),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2*\text{Sqrt}[2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*(a - b*\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2])) - (x*\text{CosIntegral}[-1/2*(a - b*\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2])/b]*(\text{Cos}[a/(2*b)] - \text{Sin}[a/(2*b)]))/ (4*b^2*(\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2]/2] - \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2]/2])) - (x*(\text{Cos}[a/(2*b)] + \text{Sin}[a/(2*b)])*\text{SinIntegral}[a/(2*b) - \text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2]/2])/ (4*b^2*(\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2]/2] - \text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[1 - d*x^2]/2])) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.413.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5324 
$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcSin}[c] + (d*x^2)*b)^{-2}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{Sqrt}[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(2*b*d*x*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2])), x] + (-\text{Simp}[x*(\text{Cos}[a/(2*b)] + c*\text{Sin}[a/(2*b)])*(\text{CosIntegral}[(c/(2*b))*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2])]/(4*b^2*(\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*\text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] + \text{Simp}[x*(\text{Cos}[a/(2*b)] - c*\text{Sin}[a/(2*b)])*(\text{SinIntegral}[(c/(2*b))*(a + b*\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2])]/(4*b^2*(\text{Cos}[\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*\text{Sin}[\text{ArcSin}[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, b, c, d], x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c^2, 1] \end{aligned}$$

### 3.413.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^2,x)`

### 3.413.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^2*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1)^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a^2), x)`

**3.413.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x**2-1))**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 - 1))**(-2), x)`

**3.413.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*(b^2*d*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2))*sqrt(d)*x) + a*b*d)*sqrt(d)*integrate(1/2*sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*x/(a*b*d*x^2 - 2*a*b + (b^2*d*x^2 - 2*b^2)*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2))*sqrt(d)*x), x) - sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*sqrt(d)/(b^2*d*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2))*sqrt(d)*x + a*b*d)`

**3.413.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a)**(-2), x)`

**3.413.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^2,x)`output `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^2, x)`

**3.414**  $\int \frac{1}{(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^3} dx$

3.414.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3001  
 3.414.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3002  
 3.414.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3002  
 3.414.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 3003  
 3.414.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 3004  
 3.414.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 3004  
 3.414.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 3004  
 3.414.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 3005  
 3.414.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3005

**3.414.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2dx^2-d^2x^4}}{4bdx(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^2} + \frac{8b^2(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))}{x \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(-\frac{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}{2b}\right)} \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right) - \frac{16b^3\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)\right)}{x\left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{2b} - \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)} + \frac{x\left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{2b} - \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)}{16b^3\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

```
output 1/8*x/b^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+1/16*x*Si(1/2*a/b+1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))*(cos(1/2*a/b)-sin(1/2*a/b))/b^3/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)))-1/16*x*Ci(1/2*(-a-b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))/b)*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))/b^3/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)))-1/4*(-d^2*x^4+2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/b/d/x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^2
```

### 3.414.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{4b^2 \sqrt{-dx^2(-2+dx^2)}}{d(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^2} - \frac{2bx^2}{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)} + \frac{(\cos(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2))) \left( \text{CosIntegral}(\frac{1}{2}(-\frac{a}{b} + \arcsin(1-dx^2))) \right)}{16b^3 x d}$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(-3),x]`

output `-1/16*((4*b^2*Sqrt[-(d*x^2*(-2 + d*x^2))])/(d*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^2) - (2*b*x^2)/(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]) + ((Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2])*(CosIntegral[(-(a/b) + ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])/2]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]) + (-Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)])*SinIntegral[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])/(2*b)]))/d)/(b^3*x)`

### 3.414.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {5327, 5315}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5327}$$

$$-\frac{\int \frac{1}{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx}{8b^2} + \frac{x}{8b^2 (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))} - \frac{\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}}{4bdx (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5315}$$

$$-\frac{x(\sin(\frac{a}{2b}) + \cos(\frac{a}{2b})) \text{CosIntegral}\left(-\frac{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}{2b}\right)}{2b(\cos(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)))} - \frac{x(\cos(\frac{a}{2b}) - \sin(\frac{a}{2b})) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{2b} - \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right)}{2b(\cos(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)))} +$$

$$\frac{x}{8b^2 (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))} - \frac{\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}}{4bdx (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2}$$

---

3.414.  $\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3} dx$

input `Int[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(-3),x]`

output `-1/4*sqrt[2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^2) + x/(8*b^2*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])) - ((x*cosIntegral[-1/2*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])/b]*(cos[a/(2*b)] + sin[a/(2*b)]))/(2*b*(cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2])) - (x*(cos[a/(2*b)] - sin[a/(2*b)])*sinIntegral[a/(2*b) - ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2])/(2*b*(cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2])))/(8*b^2)`

### 3.414.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5315 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(c*cos[a/(2*b)] - sin[a/(2*b)])*(cosIntegral[(c/(2*b))*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]])/(2*b*(cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] - Simp[x*(c*cos[a/(2*b)] + sin[a/(2*b)])*(sinIntegral[(c/(2*b))*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]])/(2*b*(cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1]`

rule 5327 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 2)/(4*b^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)), x] + (Simp[Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 1)/(2*b*d*(n + 1)*x)), x] - Simp[1/(4*b^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[n, -2]`

### 3.414.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^3,x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^3,x)`



**3.414.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^3*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a^3), x)`

**3.414.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x**2-1))**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 - 1))**(-3), x)`

**3.414.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(b*d*x*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*sqrt(d)*x) + a*d*x - 2*sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*b*sqrt(d) - 8*(b^4*d*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*sqrt(d)*x)^2 + 2*a*b^3*d*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*sqrt(d)*x) + a^2*b^2*d)*integrate(1/8/(b^3*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*sqrt(d)*x) + a*b^2), x))/(b^4*d*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*sqrt(d)*x)^2 + 2*a*b^3*d*arctan2(d*x^2 - 1, sqrt(-d*x^2 + 2)*sqrt(d)*x) + a^2*b^2*d)`

**3.414.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a)^(-3), x)`

**3.414.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^3,x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^3, x)`

### 3.415 $\int \arcsin(1+x^2)^2 dx$

3.415.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3006
3.415.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3006
3.415.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3007
3.415.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	3008
3.415.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3008
3.415.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3008
3.415.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	3009
3.415.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3009
3.415.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3009

#### 3.415.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \arcsin(1+x^2)^2 dx = -8x + \frac{4\sqrt{-2x^2-x^4}\arcsin(1+x^2)}{x} + x\arcsin(1+x^2)^2$$

output `-8*x+x*arcsin(x^2+1)^2+4*arcsin(x^2+1)*(-x^4-2*x^2)^(1/2)/x`

#### 3.415.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \arcsin(1+x^2)^2 dx = -8x + \frac{4\sqrt{-2x^2-x^4}\arcsin(1+x^2)}{x} + x\arcsin(1+x^2)^2$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[1 + x^2]^2,x]`

output `-8*x + (4*Sqrt[-2*x^2 - x^4]*ArcSin[1 + x^2])/x + x*ArcSin[1 + x^2]^2`

**3.415.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {5313, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \arcsin(x^2 + 1)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5313}$$

$$-8 \int 1 dx + x \arcsin(x^2 + 1)^2 + \frac{4\sqrt{-x^4 - 2x^2} \arcsin(x^2 + 1)}{x}$$

$$\downarrow \text{24}$$

$$x \arcsin(x^2 + 1)^2 + \frac{4\sqrt{-x^4 - 2x^2} \arcsin(x^2 + 1)}{x} - 8x$$

input `Int[ArcSin[1 + x^2]^2,x]`

output `-8*x + (4*Sqrt[-2*x^2 - x^4]*ArcSin[1 + x^2])/x + x*ArcSin[1 + x^2]^2`

**3.415.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 5313 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^n, x] + (Simp[2*b*n*Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 1))/(d*x), x] - Simp[4*b^2*n*(n - 1) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1] && GtQ[n, 1]`

**3.415.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \arcsin(x^2 + 1)^2 dx$$

input `int(arcsin(x^2+1)^2,x)`

output `int(arcsin(x^2+1)^2,x)`

**3.415.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \arcsin(1 + x^2)^2 dx = \frac{x^2 \arcsin(x^2 + 1)^2 - 8x^2 + 4\sqrt{-x^4 - 2x^2} \arcsin(x^2 + 1)}{x}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^2+1)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(x^2*arcsin(x^2 + 1)^2 - 8*x^2 + 4*sqrt(-x^4 - 2*x^2)*arcsin(x^2 + 1))/x`

**3.415.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \arcsin(1 + x^2)^2 dx = \int \operatorname{asin}^2(x^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(asin(x**2+1)**2,x)`

output `Integral(asin(x**2 + 1)**2, x)`

**3.415.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \arcsin(1+x^2)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^2+1)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: sign: argument cannot be imaginary; found sqrt((-_SAGE_VAR_x^2)-2)`

**3.415.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \arcsin(1+x^2)^2 dx = \int \arcsin(x^2+1)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^2+1)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arcsin(x^2 + 1)^2, x)`

**3.415.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \arcsin(1+x^2)^2 dx = \int \text{asin}(x^2+1)^2 dx$$

input `int(asin(x^2 + 1)^2,x)`

output `int(asin(x^2 + 1)^2, x)`

### 3.416 $\int \arcsin(1 - x^2)^2 dx$

3.416.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3010
3.416.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3010
3.416.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3011
3.416.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	3012
3.416.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3012
3.416.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3012
3.416.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3013
3.416.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3013
3.416.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3013

#### 3.416.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \arcsin(1 - x^2)^2 dx = -8x - \frac{4\sqrt{2x^2 - x^4} \arcsin(1 - x^2)}{x} + x \arcsin(1 - x^2)^2$$

output `-8*x+x*arcsin(x^2-1)^2+4*arcsin(x^2-1)*(-x^4+2*x^2)^(1/2)/x`

#### 3.416.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \arcsin(1 - x^2)^2 dx = -8x - \frac{4\sqrt{2x^2 - x^4} \arcsin(1 - x^2)}{x} + x \arcsin(1 - x^2)^2$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[1 - x^2]^2,x]`

output `-8*x - (4*Sqrt[2*x^2 - x^4]*ArcSin[1 - x^2])/x + x*ArcSin[1 - x^2]^2`

**3.416.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {5313, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \arcsin(1-x^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5313}$$

$$-8 \int 1 dx + x \arcsin(1-x^2)^2 - \frac{4\sqrt{2x^2-x^4} \arcsin(1-x^2)}{x}$$

$$\downarrow \text{24}$$

$$x \arcsin(1-x^2)^2 - \frac{4\sqrt{2x^2-x^4} \arcsin(1-x^2)}{x} - 8x$$

input `Int[ArcSin[1 - x^2]^2,x]`

output `-8*x - (4*Sqrt[2*x^2 - x^4]*ArcSin[1 - x^2])/x + x*ArcSin[1 - x^2]^2`

**3.416.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 5313 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^n, x] + (Simp[2*b*n*Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n-1))/(d*x), x] - Simp[4*b^2*n*(n-1) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n-2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1] && GtQ[n, 1]`



**3.416.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \arcsin(x^2 - 1)^2 dx$$

input `int(arcsin(x^2-1)^2,x)`

output `int(arcsin(x^2-1)^2,x)`

**3.416.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \arcsin(1 - x^2)^2 dx = \frac{x^2 \arcsin(x^2 - 1)^2 - 8x^2 + 4\sqrt{-x^4 + 2x^2} \arcsin(x^2 - 1)}{x}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^2-1)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(x^2*arcsin(x^2 - 1)^2 - 8*x^2 + 4*sqrt(-x^4 + 2*x^2)*arcsin(x^2 - 1))/x`

**3.416.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \arcsin(1 - x^2)^2 dx = \int \operatorname{asin}^2(x^2 - 1) dx$$

input `integrate(asin(x**2-1)**2,x)`

output `Integral(asin(x**2 - 1)**2, x)`

**3.416.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \arcsin(1-x^2)^2 dx = \int \arcsin(x^2-1)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^2-1)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x*arctan2(x^2 - 1, sqrt(-x^2 + 2)*x)^2 + 4*integrate(sqrt(-x^2 + 2)*x*arctan2(x^2 - 1, sqrt(-x^2 + 2)*x)/(x^2 - 2), x)`

**3.416.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \arcsin(1-x^2)^2 dx = x \arcsin(x^2-1)^2 + 2 \left( \sqrt{2}\pi - 4\sqrt{2} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{4 \left( \sqrt{-x^2+2} \arcsin(x^2-1) + 2\sqrt{2} - 2|x| \right)}{\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(x^2-1)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `x*arcsin(x^2 - 1)^2 + 2*(sqrt(2)*pi - 4*sqrt(2))*sgn(x) + 4*(sqrt(-x^2 + 2))*arcsin(x^2 - 1) + 2*sqrt(2) - 2*abs(x))/sgn(x)`

**3.416.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \arcsin(1-x^2)^2 dx = \int \operatorname{asin}(x^2-1)^2 dx$$

input `int(asin(x^2 - 1)^2,x)`

output `int(asin(x^2 - 1)^2, x)`

### 3.417 $\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{5/2} dx$

3.417.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3014
3.417.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3015
3.417.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3015
3.417.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	3017
3.417.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	3017
3.417.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3017
3.417.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	3018
3.417.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3018
3.417.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3018

#### 3.417.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 277

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{5/2} dx &= -15b^2x\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} \\ &+ \frac{5b\sqrt{-2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{3/2}}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{5/2} \\ &- \frac{15\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(1+dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{b}\right)^{5/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right)\right)} \\ &+ \frac{15\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(1+dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{b}\right)^{5/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right)\right)} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(5/2)-15*x*FresnelS((1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)-sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(1/b)^(5/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1)))+15*x*FresnelC((1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(1/b)^(5/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1)))+5*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(3/2)*(-d^2*x^4-2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/d/x-15*b^2*x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)
```

**3.417.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{5/2} dx = \frac{5b\sqrt{-dx^2(2 + dx^2)}(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{3/2}}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{5/2} - \frac{15x \left( \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \left( \cos \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) - \sin \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) \right) - \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \left( \cos \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) + \sin \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) \right) \right)}{\left( \frac{1}{b} \right)^{5/2} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2) \right) - \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2) \right) \right)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(5/2),x]`

```
output (5*b*Sqrt[-(d*x^2*(2 + d*x^2))]*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(3/2))/(d*x) + x
*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(5/2) - (15*x*(Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[b^(-1)]*
Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]) - S
qrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(C
os[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]) + Sqrt[b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]]*(
Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2])))/((b^(-1))^(5/2)*(Co
s[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]))
```

**3.417.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {5313, 5310}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5313}$$

$$-15b^2 \int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)} dx + \frac{5b\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{3/2}}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5310}$$

$$-15b^2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x(\sin(\frac{a}{2b}) + \cos(\frac{a}{2b})) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx^2+1)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)))} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x(\cos(\frac{a}{2b}) - \sin(\frac{a}{2b})) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx^2+1)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)))} \right) + \frac{5b\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}(a + b\arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{3/2}}{dx} + x(a + b\arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{5/2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(5/2), x]`

output `(5*b*Sqrt[-2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(3/2))/(d*x) + x*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(5/2) - 15*b^2*(x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]] + (Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelS[(Sqrt[b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Sqrt[b^(-1)]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2])) - (Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[(Sqrt[b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Sqrt[b^(-1)]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]))))`

### 3.417.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5310 `Int[Sqrt[(a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]], x] + (-Simp[Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelC[Sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Sqrt[c/b]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] + Simp[Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelS[Sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Sqrt[c/b]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1]`

rule 5313 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^n, x] + (Simp[2*b*n*Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 1)/(d*x)), x] - Simp[4*b^2*n*(n - 1) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1] && GtQ[n, 1]`

**3.417.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(5/2),x)`

**3.417.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{\frac{5}{2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.417.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{\frac{5}{2}} dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2+1))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 + 1))**(5/2), x)`

**3.417.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: sign: argument cannot be imaginary; found sqrt((-_SAGE_VAR_d*_SAGE_VAR_x^2)-2)`

**3.417.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.417.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{5/2} dx = \int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.418 $\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{3/2} dx$

3.418.1 Optimal result	3019
3.418.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	3020
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3.418.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3023

#### 3.418.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 247

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3b\sqrt{-2dx^2 - d^2x^4}\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}}{dx} + x(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{3/2} + \frac{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right)} + \frac{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right)}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(3/2)+3*b^(3/2)*x*FresnelC((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)-sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1)))+3*b^(3/2)*x*FresnelS((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1)))+3*b*(-d^2*x^4-2*d*x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)/d/x
```



**3.418.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} (adx^2 + 3b\sqrt{-dx^2(2 + dx^2)} + bdx^2 \arcsin(1 + dx^2))}{dx} + \frac{3b^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) (\cos(\frac{a}{2b}) - \sin(\frac{a}{2b}))}{\cos(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2))} + \frac{3b^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) (\cos(\frac{a}{2b}) + \sin(\frac{a}{2b}))}{\cos(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2))}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(3/2),x]`

```
output (Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]]*(a*d*x^2 + 3*b*Sqrt[-(d*x^2*(2 + d*x^2))] +
b*d*x^2*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]))/(d*x) + (3*b^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[Sqrt[a
+ b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]))
/(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]) + (3*b^(3/2)*Sqrt[P
i]*x*FresnelS[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*(Cos[a/(2*
b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2])
```

**3.418.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {5313, 5318}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 5313

$$-3b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)}} dx + \frac{3b\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)}}{x(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{3/2}} +$$

↓ 5318

$$-3b^2 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x(\cos(\frac{a}{2b}) - \sin(\frac{a}{2b})) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx^2+1)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)))} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x(\sin(\frac{a}{2b}) + \cos(\frac{a}{2b})) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx^2+1)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)))} \right. \\ \left. \frac{3b\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx^2+1)}}{dx} + x(a+b\arcsin(dx^2+1))^{3/2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(3/2), x]`

output `(3*b*Sqrt[-2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]]/(d*x) + x*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(3/2) - 3*b^2*((Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Sqrt[b]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2])) - (Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Sqrt[b]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]))))`

### 3.418.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5313 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^n, x] + (Simp[2*b*n*Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 1)/(d*x)), x] - Simp[4*b^2*n*(n - 1) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 5318 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Sqrt[Pi])*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelC[(1/(Sqrt[b*c]*Sqrt[Pi]))*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Sqrt[b*c]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] - Simp[Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelS[(1/(Sqrt[b*c]*Sqrt[Pi]))*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Sqrt[b*c]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1]`

**3.418.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(3/2),x)`

**3.418.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.418.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2+1))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 + 1))**(3/2), x)`

**3.418.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: sign: argument cannot be imaginary; found sqrt((-_SAGE_VAR_d*_SAGE_VAR_x^2)-2)`

**3.418.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.418.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.419 $\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} dx$

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3.419.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3025
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3.419.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3028

#### 3.419.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} dx = x \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right)\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

```
output x*FresnelS((1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)
-sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))
)/(1/b)^(1/2)-x*FresnelC((1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))
*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*ar
csin(d*x^2+1)))/(1/b)^(1/2)+x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)
```

**3.419.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{x \left( \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \left( \cos \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) - \sin \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) \right) - \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \left( \cos \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) + \sin \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) \right) + \sqrt{b^{(-1)}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} \left( \cos \left[ \frac{\arcsin(1 + dx^2)}{2} \right] - \sin \left[ \frac{\arcsin(1 + dx^2)}{2} \right] \right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2) \right) - \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2) \right) \right)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]],x]`

```
output (x*(Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]) - Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]) + Sqrt[b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2])))/(Sqrt[b^(-1)]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]))
```

**3.419.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$ , Rules used = {5310}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5310}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\pi} x \left( \sin \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) + \cos \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) \right) \operatorname{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) \right) - \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) \right) \right)} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\pi} x \left( \cos \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) - \sin \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) \right) \operatorname{FresnelS} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) \right) - \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) \right) \right)} + x \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]],x]`

output `x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]] + (Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelS[(Sqrt[b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Sqrt[b^(-1)]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2])) - (Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[(Sqrt[b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Sqrt[b^(-1)]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]))`

### 3.419.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5310 `Int[Sqrt[(a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]], x] + (-Simp[Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelC[Sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Sqrt[c/b]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] + Simp[Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelS[Sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Sqrt[c/b]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1]`

### 3.419.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2),x)`

### 3.419.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### 3.419.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2+1))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*asin(d*x**2 + 1)), x)`

### 3.419.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: sign: argument cannot be imaginary; found sqrt((-\_SAGE\_VAR\_d\*\_SAGE\_VAR\_x^2)-2)

### 3.419.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + a), x)`



**3.419.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^(1/2), x)`

**3.420**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}} dx$

3.420.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3029  
 3.420.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3029  
 3.420.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3030  
 3.420.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 3031  
 3.420.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . . 3031  
 3.420.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 3032  
 3.420.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 3032  
 3.420.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 3032  
 3.420.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3033

**3.420.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{b} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1+dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1+dx^2)\right)\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{b} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1+dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1+dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

output

```
-x*FresnelC((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)-sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1)))/b^(1/2)-x*FresnelS((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1)))/b^(1/2)
```

**3.420.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x \left( \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right) + \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right) \right)}{\sqrt{b} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1+dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1+dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]],x]`

output `-((Sqrt[Pi]*x*(FresnelC[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]))*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]) + FresnelS[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]))*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)])))/(Sqrt[b]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]))`

### 3.420.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$ , Rules used = {5318}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)}} dx$$

↓ 5318

$$\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx^2+1)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{b} \left( \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\pi}x \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx^2+1)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{b} \left( \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)\right) \right)}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]],x]`

output `-((Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]))*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)])))/(Sqrt[b]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2])) - (Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelS[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]))*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)])))/(Sqrt[b]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]))`

## 3.420.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 5318 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-
Sqrt[Pi])*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelC[(1/(Sqrt[b*c]*Sqrt[Pi
]))*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Sqrt[b*c]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c
*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] - Simp[Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + c*Sin[a/
(2*b)])*(FresnelS[(1/(Sqrt[b*c]*Sqrt[Pi]))*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(
Sqrt[b*c]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1]
```

## 3.420.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)}} dx$$

```
input int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2), x)
```

```
output int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2), x)
```

## 3.420.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**3.420.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x**2+1))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(a + b*asin(d*x**2 + 1)), x)`

**3.420.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: sign: argument cannot be imaginary; found sqrt((-_SAGE_VAR_d*_SAGE_VAR_x^2)-2)`

**3.420.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + a), x)`

**3.420.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^(1/2), x)`output `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^(1/2), x)`

**3.421**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^{3/2}} dx$

3.421.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3034  
 3.421.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3035  
 3.421.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3035  
 3.421.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 3036  
 3.421.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . . 3037  
 3.421.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 3037  
 3.421.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 3037  
 3.421.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 3038  
 3.421.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3038

**3.421.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-2dx^2 - d^2x^4}}{bdx\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}} + \frac{(\frac{1}{b})^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) (\cos(\frac{a}{2b}) - \sin(\frac{a}{2b}))}{\cos(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2))} - \frac{(\frac{1}{b})^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) (\cos(\frac{a}{2b}) + \sin(\frac{a}{2b}))}{\cos(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2))}$$

output

```
(1/b)^(3/2)*x*FresnelS((1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)-sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1)))-(1/b)^(3/2)*x*FresnelC((1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1)))-(-d^2*x^4-2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/b/d/x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)
```

**3.421.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-2dx^2 - d^2x^4}}{bdx \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{b}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right)} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{b}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 + dx^2)\right)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(-3/2),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[-2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])) + ((b^(-1))^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelS[(Sqrt[b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]) - ((b^(-1))^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[(Sqrt[b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2])`

**3.421.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$ , Rules used = {5321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5321



$$\frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}}{bdx\sqrt{a + b\arcsin(dx^2 + 1)}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\left(\frac{1}{b}\right)^{3/2}x\left(\sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx^2+1)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2 + 1)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2 + 1)\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\left(\frac{1}{b}\right)^{3/2}x\left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx^2+1)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2 + 1)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2 + 1)\right)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(-3/2), x]`

output `-(Sqrt[-2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])) + ((b^(-1))^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelS[(Sqrt[b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]) - ((b^(-1))^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[(Sqrt[b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2])`

### 3.421.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5321 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]), x] + (-Simp[(c/b)^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelC[Sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Cos[(1/2)*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2])), x] + Simp[(c/b)^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelS[Sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Cos[(1/2)*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1]`

### 3.421.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(3/2), x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(3/2), x)`

**3.421.5 Fracas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.421.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x**2+1))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 + 1))**(-3/2), x)`

**3.421.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: sign: argument cannot be imaginary; found sqrt((-_SAGE_VAR_d*_SAGE_VAR_x^2)-2)`

**3.421.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + a)^(-3/2), x)`

**3.421.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^(3/2), x)`

**3.422** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^{5/2}} dx$$

3.422.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3039  
 3.422.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3040  
 3.422.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3040  
 3.422.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 3042  
 3.422.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . . 3042  
 3.422.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 3042  
 3.422.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 3043  
 3.422.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 3043  
 3.422.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3043

**3.422.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 261

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{-2dx^2-d^2x^4}}{3bdx(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{3b^2\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{3b^{5/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1+dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1+dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{3b^{5/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1+dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1+dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

output

```
1/3*x*FresnelC((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)
-sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d
*x^2+1)))+1/3*x*FresnelS((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(co
s(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/
2*arcsin(d*x^2+1)))-1/3*(-d^2*x^4-2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/b/d/x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1
))^(3/2)+1/3*x/b^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)
```

### 3.422.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x \left( \frac{b(2+dx^2)}{\sqrt{-dx^2(2+dx^2)}(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{\sqrt{b}(\cos(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1+dx^2)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1+dx^2)))} \right)}{3b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(-5/2),x]`

output `(x*((b*(2 + d*x^2))/(Sqrt[-(d*x^2*(2 + d*x^2))]*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(3/2)) + 1/Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]] + (Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)])))/(Sqrt[b]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2])) + (Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)])))/(Sqrt[b]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]))))/(3*b^2)`

### 3.422.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {5327, 5318}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5327

$$-\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(dx^2+1)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{x}{3b^2 \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1)}} - \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}}{3bdx (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 5318

$$\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x(\cos(\frac{a}{2b})-\sin(\frac{a}{2b}))\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx^2+1)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1))-\sin(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)))} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x(\sin(\frac{a}{2b})+\cos(\frac{a}{2b}))\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx^2+1)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1))-\sin(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)))} + \frac{x}{3b^2\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx^2+1)}} - \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2dx^2}}{3bdx(a+b\arcsin(dx^2+1))^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(-5/2), x]`

output `-1/3*sqrt[-2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(3/2)) + x/(3*b^2*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]]) - (-((sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]]/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[Pi])]*(cos[a/(2*b)] - sin[a/(2*b)])))/(sqrt[b]*(cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]))) - (sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelS[sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]]/(sqrt[b]*sqrt[Pi])]*(cos[a/(2*b)] + sin[a/(2*b)])))/(sqrt[b]*(cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]))))/(3*b^2)`

### 3.422.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5318 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Sqrt[Pi])*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelC[(1/(Sqrt[b*c]*Sqrt[Pi]))*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Sqrt[b*c]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] - Simp[Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelS[(1/(Sqrt[b*c]*Sqrt[Pi]))*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Sqrt[b*c]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1]`

rule 5327 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 2)/(4*b^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)), x] + (Simp[Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 1)/(2*b*d*(n + 1)*x)), x] - Simp[1/(4*b^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 2), x], x]) /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[n, -2]`

**3.422.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(5/2), x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(5/2), x)`

**3.422.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.422.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x**2+1))**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 + 1))**(-5/2), x)`

**3.422.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: sign: argument cannot be imaginary; found sqrt((-_SAGE_VAR_d*_SAGE_VAR_x^2)-2)`

**3.422.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + a)^(-5/2), x)`

**3.422.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^(5/2), x)`



**3.423**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^{7/2}} dx$

3.423.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3044  
 3.423.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3045  
 3.423.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3045  
 3.423.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 3047  
 3.423.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . . 3047  
 3.423.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 3047  
 3.423.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 3048  
 3.423.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 3048  
 3.423.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3048

**3.423.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 317

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-2dx^2-d^2x^4}}{5bdx(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^{5/2}} + \frac{x}{15b^2(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-2dx^2-d^2x^4}}{15b^3dx\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}} - \frac{(\frac{1}{b})^{7/2} \sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{15\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1+dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1+dx^2)\right)\right)} + \frac{(\frac{1}{b})^{7/2} \sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{15\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1+dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1+dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

```
output 1/15*x/b^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(3/2)-1/15*(1/b)^(7/2)*x*FresnelS((1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)-sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1)))+1/15*(1/b)^(7/2)*x*FresnelC((1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1))-sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2+1)))-1/5*(-d^2*x^4-2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/b/d/x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(5/2)+1/15*(-d^2*x^4-2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/b^3/d/x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(1/2)
```

### 3.423.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{3b\sqrt{-dx^2(2+dx^2)}}{d} + x^2(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2)) + \frac{\sqrt{-dx^2(2+dx^2)}(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^2}{bd}}{x(a+b \arcsin(1+dx^2))^{5/2}} - \frac{(\frac{1}{b})^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi}}{15b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(-7/2),x]`

output `(((-3*b*Sqrt[-(d*x^2*(2 + d*x^2))])/d + x^2*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]) + (Sqrt[-(d*x^2*(2 + d*x^2))]*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^2)/(b*d))/(x*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(5/2)) - ((b^(-1))^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelS[(Sqrt[b^(-1)]]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]) + ((b^(-1))^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[(Sqrt[b^(-1)]]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]))/(15*b^2)`

### 3.423.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {5327, 5321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 5327

$$-\frac{\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arcsin(dx^2+1))^{3/2}} dx}{15b^2} + \frac{x}{15b^2 (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^4 - 2dx^2}}{5bdx (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{5/2}}$$

↓ 5321

$$-\frac{\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2dx^2}}{bdx\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx^2+1)}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\left(\frac{1}{b}\right)^{3/2}x\left(\sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)+\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx^2+1)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)\right)-\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\left(\frac{1}{b}\right)^{3/2}x\left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)-\sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(dx^2+1)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)\right)-\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(dx^2+1)\right)} - \frac{x}{15b^2(a+b\arcsin(dx^2+1))^{3/2}} - \frac{15b^2\sqrt{-d^2x^4-2dx^2}}{5bdx(a+b\arcsin(dx^2+1))^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(-7/2),x]`

output `-1/5*sqrt[-2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(5/2)) + x/(15*b^2*(a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2])^(3/2)) - ((sqrt[-2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])) + ((b^(-1))^(3/2)*sqrt[Pi]*x*fresnelS[(sqrt[b^(-1)]*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])/sqrt[Pi]]*(cos[a/(2*b)] - sin[a/(2*b)])))/(cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]) - ((b^(-1))^(3/2)*sqrt[Pi]*x*fresnelC[(sqrt[b^(-1)]*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]])/sqrt[Pi]]*(cos[a/(2*b)] + sin[a/(2*b)])))/(cos[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2] - sin[ArcSin[1 + d*x^2]/2]))/(15*b^2)`

### 3.423.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5321 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]), x] + (-Simp[(c/b)^(3/2)*sqrt[Pi]*x*(cos[a/(2*b)] + c*sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelC[sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]])/(cos[(1/2)*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]] - c*sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2])], x] + Simp[(c/b)^(3/2)*sqrt[Pi]*x*(cos[a/(2*b)] - c*sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelS[sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]])/(cos[(1/2)*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]] - c*sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2])], x) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1]`

rule 5327 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 2)/(4*b^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)), x] + (Simp[sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 1)/(2*b*d*(n + 1)*x)), x] - Simp[1/(4*b^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[n, -2]`

**3.423.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1))^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(7/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(7/2),x)`

**3.423.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.423.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x**2+1))**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 + 1))**(-7/2), x)`

**3.423.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: sign: argument cannot be imaginary; found sqrt((-_SAGE_VAR_d*_SAGE_VAR_x^2)-2)`

**3.423.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 + 1) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2+1))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 + 1) + a)^(-7/2), x)`

**3.423.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(1 + dx^2))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 + 1))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^(7/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 + 1))^(7/2), x)`

### 3.424 $\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2} dx$

3.424.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3049
3.424.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3050
3.424.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3050
3.424.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	3052
3.424.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	3052
3.424.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3052
3.424.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3053
3.424.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3053
3.424.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3053

#### 3.424.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 299

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2} dx = -15b^2x\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{5b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2}}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2}$$

$$+ \frac{15\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\left(-\frac{1}{b}\right)^{5/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

$$- \frac{15\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\left(-\frac{1}{b}\right)^{5/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(5/2)+15*x*FresnelC((-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)-sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(5/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)))-15*x*FresnelS((-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(5/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)))+5*b*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(3/2)*(-d^2*x^4+2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/d/x-15*b^2*x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)
```

**3.424.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2} dx = \frac{5b\sqrt{-dx^2(-2 + dx^2)}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2}}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2} + \frac{15bx \left( -\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \left( \cos \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) - \sin \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) \right) + \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \right)}{\left( -\frac{1}{b} \right)^{3/2} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2) \right) - \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2) \right) \right)}$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(5/2),x]`

output `(5*b*Sqrt[-(d*x^2*(-2 + d*x^2))]*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(3/2))/(d*x) + x*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(5/2) + (15*b*x*(-(Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]) + Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]) + Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2])))/((-b^(-1))^(3/2)*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2]))`

**3.424.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {5313, 5310}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5313}$$

$$-15b^2 \int \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx + \frac{5b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2}}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5310}$$

$$-15b^2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x(\cos(\frac{a}{2b}) - \sin(\frac{a}{2b})) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a-b\arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1-dx^2)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1-dx^2)))} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x(\sin(\frac{a}{2b}) + \cos(\frac{a}{2b})) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a-b\arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1-dx^2)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1-dx^2)))} \right) + \frac{5b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}(a - b\arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2}}{dx} + x(a - b\arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2}$$

input `Int[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(5/2), x]`

output `(5*b*Sqrt[2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(3/2))/(d*x) + x*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(5/2) - 15*b^2*(x*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]] - (Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)])))/(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2])) + (Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelS[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)])))/(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2]))`

### 3.424.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5310 `Int[Sqrt[(a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]], x] + (-Simp[Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelC[Sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Sqrt[c/b]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] + Simp[Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelS[Sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Sqrt[c/b]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1]`

rule 5313 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^n, x] + (Simp[2*b^n*Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 1)/(d*x)), x] - Simp[4*b^2*n*(n - 1) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1] && GtQ[n, 1]`



**3.424.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(5/2),x)`

**3.424.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{\frac{5}{2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.424.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{\frac{5}{2}} dx = \int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2-1))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 - 1))**(5/2), x)`

**3.424.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.424.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a)^(5/2), x)`

**3.424.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2} dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 - 1))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^(5/2), x)`

### 3.425 $\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2} dx$

3.425.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3054
3.425.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3055
3.425.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3055
3.425.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	3057
3.425.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	3057
3.425.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3057
3.425.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3058
3.425.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3058
3.425.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3058

#### 3.425.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 267

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2} + \frac{3(-b)^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right)} + \frac{3(-b)^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right)}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(3/2)+3*(-b)^(3/2)*x*FresnelS((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(-b)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)-sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)))+3*(-b)^(3/2)*x*FresnelC((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(-b)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)))+3*b*(-d^2*x^4+2*d*x^2)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)/d/x
```

**3.425.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3b\sqrt{-dx^2(-2 + dx^2)}\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2} + \frac{3(-b)^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right)} + \frac{3(-b)^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right)}$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(3/2),x]`

```
output (3*b*Sqrt[-(d*x^2*(-2 + d*x^2))]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]]/(d*x) + x*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(3/2) + (3*(-b)^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelS[Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[-b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2]) + (3*(-b)^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[-b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2])
```

**3.425.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {5313, 5318}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 5313

$$-3b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}} dx + \frac{3b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2}$$

↓ 5318

$$-3b^2 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \arcsin(1-dx^2)}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b} \left( \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right) \right)} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b} \arcsin(1-dx^2)}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b} \left( \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right) \right)} \right) \\ + \frac{3b\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4} \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{dx} + x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2}$$

input `Int[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(3/2), x]`

output `(3*b*Sqrt[2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]]/(d*x) + x*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(3/2) - 3*b^2*(-((Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelS[Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[-b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Sqrt[-b]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2])) - (Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[-b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Sqrt[-b]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2]))))`

### 3.425.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5313 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^n, x] + (Simp[2*b*n*Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 1)/(d*x)), x] - Simp[4*b^2*n*(n - 1) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 5318 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Sqrt[Pi])*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelC[(1/(Sqrt[b*c]*Sqrt[Pi])])*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[b*c]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] - Simp[Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelS[(1/(Sqrt[b*c]*Sqrt[Pi])])*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[b*c]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1]`

**3.425.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(3/2),x)`

**3.425.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.425.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx = \int (a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2-1))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 - 1))**(3/2), x)`

**3.425.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.425.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**3.425.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{asin}(dx^2 - 1))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^(3/2), x)`

### 3.426 $\int \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx$

3.426.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3059
3.426.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3060
3.426.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3060
3.426.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	3061
3.426.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . .	3061
3.426.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3062
3.426.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3062
3.426.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3062
3.426.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3063

#### 3.426.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 228

$$\int \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx$$

$$= x\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

```
output -x*FresnelC((-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)-sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)))/(-1/b)^(1/2)+x*FresnelS((-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)))/(-1/b)^(1/2)+x*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)
```



**3.426.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{x \left( -\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \left( \cos \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) - \sin \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) \right) + \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \left( \cos \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) + \sin \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2) \right) - \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2) \right) \right)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]],x]`

output `(x*(-(Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)])) + Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)])) + Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2]))/(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2]))`

**3.426.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.056$ , Rules used = {5310}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5310}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\pi} x \left( \cos \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) - \sin \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) \right) \operatorname{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2) \right) - \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2) \right) \right)} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\pi} x \left( \sin \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) + \cos \left( \frac{a}{2b} \right) \right) \operatorname{FresnelS} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \left( \cos \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2) \right) - \sin \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2) \right) \right)} + x \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]],x]`

output `x*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]] - (Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2])) + (Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelS[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2]))`

### 3.426.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5310 `Int[Sqrt[(a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]], x] + (-Simp[Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelC[Sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Sqrt[c/b]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] + Simp[Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelS[Sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Sqrt[c/b]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1]`

### 3.426.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2),x)`

### 3.426.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### 3.426.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin(d*x**2-1))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*asin(d*x**2 - 1)), x)`

### 3.426.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a), x)`

### 3.426.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a), x)`

**3.426.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^(1/2), x)`

**3.427**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}} dx$

3.427.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3064  
 3.427.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3064  
 3.427.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3065  
 3.427.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 3066  
 3.427.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . . 3066  
 3.427.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 3067  
 3.427.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 3067  
 3.427.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 3067  
 3.427.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3068

**3.427.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-b} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-b} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

output

```
-x*FresnelS((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(-b)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)
-sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)
))/(-b)^(1/2)-x*FresnelC((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(-b)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(
cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcs
in(d*x^2-1)))/(-b)^(1/2)
```

**3.427.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{\pi}x \left( \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right) + \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right) \right)}{(-b)^{3/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]],x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[Pi]*x*(FresnelS[Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[-b]*Sqrt[Pi])] * (Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]) + FresnelC[Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[-b]*Sqrt[Pi])] * (Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)])))/((-b)^(3/2)*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2]))`

### 3.427.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.056$ , Rules used = {5318}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}} dx$$

↓ 5318

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x \left( \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b} \left( \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) \right)} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x \left( \cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b} \left( \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) \right)}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]],x]`

output `-((Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelS[Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[-b]*Sqrt[Pi])] * (Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)])))/(Sqrt[-b]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2])) - (Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[-b]*Sqrt[Pi])] * (Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)])))/(Sqrt[-b]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2]))`

## 3.427.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 5318 Int[1/Sqrt[(a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-
Sqrt[Pi])*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelC[(1/(Sqrt[b*c]*Sqrt[Pi
]))*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Sqrt[b*c]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c
*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] - Simp[Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + c*Sin[a/
(2*b)])*(FresnelS[(1/(Sqrt[b*c]*Sqrt[Pi]))*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(
Sqrt[b*c]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1]
```

## 3.427.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)}} dx$$

```
input int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2), x)
```

```
output int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2), x)
```

## 3.427.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**3.427.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x**2-1))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(a + b*asin(d*x**2 - 1)), x)`

**3.427.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a), x)`

**3.427.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a), x)`



**3.427.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^(1/2), x)`output `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^(1/2), x)`

**3.428**  $\int \frac{1}{(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^{3/2}} dx$

3.428.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3069  
 3.428.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3070  
 3.428.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3070  
 3.428.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 3071  
 3.428.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . . 3072  
 3.428.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 3072  
 3.428.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 3072  
 3.428.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 3073  
 3.428.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3073

**3.428.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 256

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2dx^2-d^2x^4}}{bdx\sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}} - \frac{(-\frac{1}{b})^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) (\cos(\frac{a}{2b}) - \sin(\frac{a}{2b}))}{\cos(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2))} + \frac{(-\frac{1}{b})^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) (\cos(\frac{a}{2b}) + \sin(\frac{a}{2b}))}{\cos(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2))}$$

output

```

-(-1/b)^(3/2)*x*FresnelC((-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))
*(cos(1/2*a/b)-sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*a
rcsin(d*x^2-1)))+(-1/b)^(3/2)*x*FresnelS((-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1)
)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x
^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)))-(-d^2*x^4+2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/b/d/x/(a+b*arcsi
n(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)
    
```

**3.428.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}}{bdx \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}} - \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right)} + \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{b}\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{\pi} x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right)}$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(-3/2), x]`

```
output -(Sqrt[2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])) - ((-b^(-1))^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2]) + ((-b^(-1))^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelS[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2])
```

**3.428.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.056$ , Rules used = {5321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5321

$$\frac{\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}}{bdx\sqrt{a - b\arcsin(1 - dx^2)}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\left(-\frac{1}{b}\right)^{3/2}x\left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a-b\arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\left(-\frac{1}{b}\right)^{3/2}x\left(\sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a-b\arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1 - dx^2)\right)}$$

input `Int[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(-3/2), x]`

output `-(Sqrt[2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])) - ((-b^(-1))^(-3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)])]/(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2])) + ((-b^(-1))^(-3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelS[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)])]/(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2]))`

### 3.428.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5321 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]), x] + (-Simp[(c/b)^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelC[Sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Cos[(1/2)*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2])), x] + Simp[(c/b)^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelS[Sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Cos[(1/2)*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1]`

### 3.428.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(3/2), x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(3/2), x)`

**3.428.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.428.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x**2-1))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 - 1))**(-3/2), x)`

**3.428.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a)^(-3/2), x)`

**3.428.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a)^(-3/2), x)`

**3.428.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^(3/2), x)`

**3.429**  $\int \frac{1}{(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^{5/2}} dx$

3.429.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3074  
 3.429.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3075  
 3.429.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3075  
 3.429.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 3077  
 3.429.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . . 3077  
 3.429.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 3077  
 3.429.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 3078  
 3.429.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 3078  
 3.429.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3078

**3.429.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 281

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{2dx^2-d^2x^4}}{3bdx(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^{3/2}} + \frac{x}{3b^2\sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{3(-b)^{5/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{3(-b)^{5/2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

output

```
1/3*x*FresnelS((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(-b)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)-sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(-b)^(5/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)))+1/3*x*FresnelC((a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)/(-b)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(-b)^(5/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)))-1/3*(-d^2*x^4+2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/b/d/x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(3/2)+1/3*x/b^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)
```

**3.429.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{b\sqrt{-dx^2(-2+dx^2)}}{d} + x^2(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))}{x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{3b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(-5/2),x]`

output

```
((-((b*Sqrt[-(d*x^2*(-2 + d*x^2))])/d) + x^2*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]))/(x*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelS[Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[-b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Sqrt[-b]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2])) + (Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[-b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Sqrt[-b]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2]))))/(3*b^2)
```

**3.429.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {5327, 5318}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5327

$$-\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{x}{3b^2 \sqrt{a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)}} - \frac{\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}}{3bdx (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 5318



$$\frac{\sqrt{\pi}x(\sin(\frac{a}{2b})+\cos(\frac{a}{2b}))\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b\arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1-dx^2))-\sin(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1-dx^2)))} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}x(\cos(\frac{a}{2b})-\sin(\frac{a}{2b}))\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-b\arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b}(\cos(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1-dx^2))-\sin(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1-dx^2)))} +$$

$$\frac{x}{3b^2\sqrt{a-b\arcsin(1-dx^2)}} - \frac{\sqrt{2dx^2-d^2x^4}}{3bdx(a-b\arcsin(1-dx^2))^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(-5/2), x]`

output `-1/3*Sqrt[2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(3/2)) + x/(3*b^2*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]]) - (-((Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelS[Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[-b]*Sqrt[Pi]])*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)])))/(Sqrt[-b]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2])) - (Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]]/(Sqrt[-b]*Sqrt[Pi]])*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)])))/(Sqrt[-b]*(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2])))/(3*b^2)`

### 3.429.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5318 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Sqrt[Pi])*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelC[(1/(Sqrt[b*c]*Sqrt[Pi]])*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Sqrt[b*c]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] - Simp[Sqrt[Pi]*x*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + c*Sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelS[(1/(Sqrt[b*c]*Sqrt[Pi]])*Sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]]/(Sqrt[b*c]*(Cos[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2] - c*Sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2]))), x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1]`

rule 5327 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 2)/(4*b^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)), x] + (Simp[Sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 1)/(2*b*d*(n + 1)*x)), x] - Simp[1/(4*b^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 2), x], x]) /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[n, -2]`

**3.429.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(5/2),x)`

**3.429.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.429.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x**2-1))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 - 1))**(-5/2), x)`

**3.429.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a)^(-5/2), x)`

**3.429.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a)^(-5/2), x)`

**3.429.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^(5/2), x)`

**3.430**  $\int \frac{1}{(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^{7/2}} dx$

3.430.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3079  
 3.430.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3080  
 3.430.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3080  
 3.430.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 3082  
 3.430.5 Fracas [F(-2)] . . . . . 3082  
 3.430.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 3082  
 3.430.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 3083  
 3.430.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 3083  
 3.430.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3083

**3.430.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 339

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2dx^2-d^2x^4}}{5bdx(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^{5/2}} + \frac{x}{15b^2(a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2))^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2dx^2-d^2x^4}}{15b^3dx\sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}} + \frac{(-\frac{1}{b})^{7/2}\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)-\sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{15\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)-\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)\right)} + \frac{(-\frac{1}{b})^{7/2}\sqrt{\pi}x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a-b \arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)+\sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{15\left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)-\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)\right)}$$

```
output 1/15*x/b^2/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(3/2)+1/15*(-1/b)^(7/2)*x*FresnelC((-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)-sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)))-1/15*(-1/b)^(7/2)*x*FresnelS((-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*(cos(1/2*a/b)+sin(1/2*a/b))*Pi^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1))+sin(1/2*arcsin(d*x^2-1)))-1/5*(-d^2*x^4+2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/b/d/x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(5/2)+1/15*(-d^2*x^4+2*d*x^2)^(1/2)/b^3/d/x/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(1/2)
```

### 3.430.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{3b\sqrt{dx^2(2-dx^2)}}{d} + x^2(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2)) + \frac{\sqrt{dx^2(2-dx^2)}(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^2}{bd}}{x(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2}} + \frac{(-\frac{1}{b})^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi x}}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(-7/2),x]`

output `(((-3*b*Sqrt[d*x^2*(2 - d*x^2)])/d + x^2*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]) + (Sqrt[d*x^2*(2 - d*x^2)]*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^2)/(b*d))/(x*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(5/2)) + ((-b^(-1))^(3/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelC[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] - Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2]) + ((-b^(-1))^(5/2)*b*Sqrt[Pi]*x*FresnelS[(Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*Sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])/Sqrt[Pi]]*(Cos[a/(2*b)] + Sin[a/(2*b)]))/(Cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - Sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2]))/(15*b^2)`

### 3.430.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {5327, 5321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 5327

$$-\frac{\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2}} dx}{15b^2} + \frac{x}{15b^2 (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{2dx^2 - d^2x^4}}{5bdx (a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{5/2}}$$

↓ 5321

$$-\frac{\sqrt{2dx^2-d^2x^4}}{bdx\sqrt{a-b\arcsin(1-dx^2)}} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\left(-\frac{1}{b}\right)^{3/2}x\left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)-\sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a-b\arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)-\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\left(-\frac{1}{b}\right)^{3/2}x\left(\sin\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)+\cos\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a-b\arcsin(1-dx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)+\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(1-dx^2)\right)} - \frac{x}{15b^2(a-b\arcsin(1-dx^2))^{3/2}} - \frac{15b^2\sqrt{2dx^2-d^2x^4}}{5bdx(a-b\arcsin(1-dx^2))^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(-7/2), x]`

output `-1/5*sqrt[2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(5/2)) + x/(15*b^2*(a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2])^(3/2)) - ((sqrt[2*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])) - ((-b^(-1))^(3/2)*sqrt[Pi]*x*fresnelC[(sqrt[-b^(-1)]*sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])/sqrt[Pi]]*(cos[a/(2*b)] - sin[a/(2*b)])))/(cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2]) + ((-b^(-1))^(3/2)*sqrt[Pi]*x*fresnelS[(sqrt[-b^(-1)]*sqrt[a - b*ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]])/sqrt[Pi]]*(cos[a/(2*b)] + sin[a/(2*b)])))/(cos[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2] - sin[ArcSin[1 - d*x^2]/2]))/(15*b^2)`

### 3.430.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5321 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]/(b*d*x*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]]), x] + (-Simp[(c/b)^(3/2)*sqrt[Pi]*x*(cos[a/(2*b)] + c*sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelC[sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]])/(cos[(1/2)*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]] - c*sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2])], x] + Simp[(c/b)^(3/2)*sqrt[Pi]*x*(cos[a/(2*b)] - c*sin[a/(2*b)])*(FresnelS[sqrt[c/(Pi*b)]*sqrt[a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]])/(cos[(1/2)*ArcSin[c + d*x^2]] - c*sin[ArcSin[c + d*x^2]/2])], x) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1]`

rule 5327 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 2)/(4*b^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)), x] + (Simp[sqrt[-2*c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4]*((a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 1)/(2*b*d*(n + 1)*x)), x] - Simp[1/(4*b^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)) Int[(a + b*ArcSin[c + d*x^2])^(n + 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[c^2, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[n, -2]`

**3.430.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(7/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(7/2),x)`

**3.430.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**3.430.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*asin(d*x**2-1))**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*asin(d*x**2 - 1))**(-7/2), x)`

**3.430.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a)^(-7/2), x)`

**3.430.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1) + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arcsin(d*x^2-1))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arcsin(d*x^2 - 1) + a)^(-7/2), x)`

**3.430.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - b \arcsin(1 - dx^2))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(dx^2 - 1))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^(7/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*asin(d*x^2 - 1))^(7/2), x)`



**3.431** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^n}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$$

3.431.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3084
3.431.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . .	3084
3.431.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . .	3085
3.431.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . .	3085
3.431.5 Fracas [N/A] . . . . .	3086
3.431.6 Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	3086
3.431.7 Maxima [N/A] . . . . .	3086
3.431.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	3087
3.431.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	3087

**3.431.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^n}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^n}{1 - c^2x^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^n/(-c^2*x^2+1),x)`

**3.431.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^n}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^n}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])^n/(1 - c^2*x^2),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])^n/(1 - c^2*x^2), x]`

---

3.431. 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^n}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$$

**3.431.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {7234}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^n}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$$

↓ 7234

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^n}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])^n/(1 - c^2*x^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.431.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7234 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(F_)[((c_.)*Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/((A_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*F[(c*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[f + g*x]])^n/(A + C*x^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, A, C, F, n}, x] && EqQ[C*d*f - A*e*g, 0] && EqQ[e*f + d*g, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0]`

**3.431.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^n}{-c^2x^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^n/(-c^2*x^2+1),x)`

---

3.431.  $\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^n}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$

output `int((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^n/(-c^2*x^2+1),x)`

### 3.431.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^n}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\left(b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + a\right)^n}{c^2x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^n/(-c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(b*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1)) + a)^n/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

### 3.431.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^n}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin((-c*x+1)**(1/2)/(c*x+1)**(1/2)))**n/(-c**2*x**2+1),x)`

output `Timed out`

### 3.431.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^n}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\left(b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + a\right)^n}{c^2x^2 - 1} dx$$

---

3.431.  $\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^n}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^n/(-c^2*x^2+1),x, alg
orithm="maxima")
```

```
output -integrate((b*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1)) + a)^n/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x
)
```

### 3.431.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^n}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\left(b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + a\right)^n}{c^2x^2 - 1} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^n/(-c^2*x^2+1),x, alg
orithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate(-(b*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1)) + a)^n/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x
)
```

### 3.431.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^n}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = -\int \frac{\left(a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^n}{c^2x^2 - 1} dx$$

```
input int(-(a + b*asin((1 - c*x)^(1/2)/(c*x + 1)^(1/2)))^n/(c^2*x^2 - 1),x)
```

```
output -int((a + b*asin((1 - c*x)^(1/2)/(c*x + 1)^(1/2)))^n/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)
```

---

3.431.  $\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^n}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$

$$3.432 \quad \int \frac{\left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3}{1-c^2x^2} dx$$

3.432.1 Optimal result	3088
3.432.2 Mathematica [F]	3089
3.432.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3089
3.432.4 Maple [B] (verified)	3092
3.432.5 Fracas [F]	3093
3.432.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	3094
3.432.7 Maxima [F]	3094
3.432.8 Giac [F]	3094
3.432.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3095

### 3.432.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 275

$$\int \frac{\left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3}{1-c^2x^2} dx = \frac{i\left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^4}{4bc} - \frac{\left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3 \log\left(1-e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}\right)}{c} + \frac{3ib\left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}\right)}{2c} - \frac{3b^2\left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}\right)}{2c} - \frac{3ib^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}\right)}{4c}$$

output

```
1/4*I*(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^4/b/c-(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^3*ln(1-(I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))^2)/c+3/2*I*b*(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^2*polylog(2,(I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))^2)/c-3/2*b^2*(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))*polylog(3,(I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))^2)/c-3/4*I*b^3*polylog(4,(I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))^2)/c
```

---


$$3.432. \quad \int \frac{\left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3}{1-c^2x^2} dx$$

## 3.432.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])^3/(1 - c^2*x^2), x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])^3/(1 - c^2*x^2), x]`

## 3.432.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.275$ , Rules used = {7232, 5136, 3042, 25, 4200, 25, 2620, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^3}{1 - c^2x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{7232} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{cx+1} \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^3}{\sqrt{1-cx}} d \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5136} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{cx+1} \sqrt{1-\frac{1-cx}{cx+1}} \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^3}{\sqrt{1-cx}} d \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int -\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^3 \tan\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \int \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^3 \tan\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) \end{aligned}$$

---

3.432.  $\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$

$$\frac{2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)} \left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^3}{1-e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}} dx \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) - \frac{i \left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^4}{4b}}{c}$$

4200

$$\frac{-2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)} \left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^3}{1-e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}} dx \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) - \frac{i \left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^4}{4b}}{c}$$

25

$$\frac{-2i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^3 - \frac{3}{2}ib \int \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^2 \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)}{c}$$

2620

$$\frac{-2i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^3 - \frac{3}{2}ib \left(\frac{1}{2}i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)}{c}$$

3011

$$\frac{-2i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^3 - \frac{3}{2}ib \left(\frac{1}{2}i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)}{c}$$

7163

$$\frac{-2i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^3 - \frac{3}{2}ib \left(\frac{1}{2}i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)}{c}$$

2720

$$\frac{-2i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^3 - \frac{3}{2}ib \left(\frac{1}{2}i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)}{c}$$

7143

---

3.432.  $\int \frac{\left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3}{1-c^2x^2} dx$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])^3/(1 - c^2*x^2),x]`

output `-(((((-1/4*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])^4)/b - (2*I)*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])^3*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])] - ((3*I)/2)*b*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])^2*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])] - I*b*((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])*PolyLog[3, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])] + (b*PolyLog[4, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])]/4))))/c)`

### 3.432.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))* (F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f + g*x)^m)*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

$$3.432. \quad \int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3}{1-c^2x^2} dx$$



rule 4200 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(2*I*k*Pi)*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x))/(1 + E^(2*I*k*Pi)*E^(2*I*(e + f*x))))], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5136 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Cot[x], x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

rule 7163 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(p_.)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 7232 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(F_)[((c_.)*Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)/((A_.) + (C_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[2*e*(g/(C*(e*f - d*g))) Subst[Int[(a + b*F[c*x])^n/x, x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, A, C, F}, x] && EqQ[C*d*f - A*e*g, 0] && EqQ[e*f + d*g, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

### 3.432.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1170 vs.  $2(300) = 600$ .

Time = 3.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1171, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.26

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1171
parts	Expression too large to display	1171

input `int((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^3/(-c^2*x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.432. \quad \int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3}{1-c^2x^2} dx$$

```

output -1/2*a^3/c*ln(c*x-1)+1/2*a^3/c*ln(c*x+1)-b^3*(-1/4*I/c*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))^4+1/c*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))^3*ln(I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2)+1)-3*I/c*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2*polylog(2,-I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))+6/c*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))*polylog(3,-I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))+6*I/c*polylog(4,-I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))+1/c*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))^3*ln(1-I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))-3*I/c*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2*polylog(2,I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))+6/c*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))*polylog(3,I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))+6*I/c*polylog(4,I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2)))-3*a*b^2*(-1/3*I/c*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))^3+1/c*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2*ln(I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2)+1)-2*I/c*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))*polylog(2,-I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))+2/c*polylog(3,-I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))+1/c*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2*ln(1-I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))-2*I/c*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))*polylog(2,I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2)...

```

### 3.432.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\left(b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + a\right)^3}{c^2x^2 - 1} dx$$

```

input integrate((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^3/(-c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="fracas")

```

```

output integral(-(b^3*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1))^3 + 3*a*b^2*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1))^2 + 3*a^2*b*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1)) + a^3)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)

```

---

3.432.  $\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$

**3.432.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin((-c*x+1)**(1/2)/(c*x+1)**(1/2)))**3/(-c**2*x**2+1),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.432.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\left(b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + a\right)^3}{c^2x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^3/(-c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a^3*(log(c*x + 1)/c - log(c*x - 1)/c) - integrate((b^3*arctan2(sqrt(-c*x + 1), sqrt(2)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))^3 + 3*a*b^2*arctan2(sqrt(-c*x + 1), sqrt(2)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))^2 + 3*a^2*b*arctan2(sqrt(-c*x + 1), sqrt(2)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(x)))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

**3.432.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\left(b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + a\right)^3}{c^2x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^3/(-c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1)) + a)^3/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

---

3.432.  $\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$

**3.432.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3}{1 - c^2 x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\left(a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^3}{c^2 x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `int(-(a + b*asin((1 - c*x)^(1/2)/(c*x + 1)^(1/2)))^3/(c^2*x^2 - 1),x)`output `int(-(a + b*asin((1 - c*x)^(1/2)/(c*x + 1)^(1/2)))^3/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

**3.433** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2}{1-c^2x^2} dx$$

3.433.1 Optimal result	3096
3.433.2 Mathematica [F]	3097
3.433.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	3097
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3.433.5 Fricas [F]	3101
3.433.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	3101
3.433.7 Maxima [F]	3102
3.433.8 Giac [F]	3102
3.433.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	3102

**3.433.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 205

$$\int \frac{\left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2}{1-c^2x^2} dx = \frac{i\left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^3}{3bc} - \frac{\left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2 \log\left(1-e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}\right)}{c} + \frac{ib\left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}\right)}{c} - \frac{b^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}\right)}{2c}$$

output `1/3*I*(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^3/b/c-(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^2*ln(1-(I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))^2)/c+I*b*(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))*polylog(2,(I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))^2)/c-1/2*b^2*polylog(3,(I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))^2)/c`

---

3.433. 
$$\int \frac{\left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2}{1-c^2x^2} dx$$

## 3.433.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])^2/(1 - c^2*x^2), x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])^2/(1 - c^2*x^2), x]`

## 3.433.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {7232, 5136, 3042, 25, 4200, 25, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^2}{1 - c^2x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{7232} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{cx+1} \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^2}{\sqrt{1-cx}} d\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5136} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{cx+1} \sqrt{1-\frac{1-cx}{cx+1}} \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^2}{\sqrt{1-cx}} d \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int -\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^2 \tan\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \int \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^2 \tan\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) \end{aligned}$$

---

3.433.  $\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 4200 \\
 \frac{2i \int -\frac{e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)} \left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^2}{1-e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}} dx \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) - \frac{i \left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^3}{3b}}{c} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{-2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)} \left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^2}{1-e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}} dx \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) - \frac{i \left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^3}{3b}}{c} \\
 \downarrow 2620 \\
 \frac{-2i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^2 - ib \int \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)}{c} \\
 \downarrow 3011 \\
 \frac{-2i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^2 - ib \left(\frac{1}{2}i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)}{c} \\
 \downarrow 2720 \\
 \frac{-2i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^2 - ib \left(\frac{1}{2}i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)}{c} \\
 \downarrow 7143 \\
 \frac{-2i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^2 - ib \left(\frac{1}{2}i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)\right) \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)}{c}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])^2/(1 - c^2*x^2), x]`

3.433.  $\int \frac{\left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2}{1-c^2x^2} dx$

```
output -((((-1/3*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])^3)/b - (2*I)*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])^2*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])] - I*b*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])] - (b*PolyLog[3, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])]/4)))/c)
```

### 3.433.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 2620 Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2720 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

```
rule 3011 Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_))]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f + g*x)^m)*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 4200 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*tan[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(2*I*k*Pi)*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*k*Pi)*E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

---


$$3.433. \int \frac{(a+b \arcsin(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}))^2}{1-c^2x^2} dx$$



rule 5136 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Cot[x], x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

rule 7232 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(F_)[((c_.)*Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)/((A_.) + (C_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e*(g/(C*(e*f - d*g))) Subst[Int[(a + b*F[c*x])^n/x, x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, A, C, F}, x] && EqQ[C*d*f - A*e*g, 0] && EqQ[e*f + d*g, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

### 3.433.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 656 vs.  $2(226) = 452$ .

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 657, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^2 \ln(cx-1)}{2c} + \frac{a^2 \ln(cx+1)}{2c} - b^2 \left( -\frac{i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)^3}{3c} + \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)^2 \ln\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} + 1\right)}{c} - \frac{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}{c} \right)$
parts	$-\frac{a^2 \ln(cx-1)}{2c} + \frac{a^2 \ln(cx+1)}{2c} - b^2 \left( -\frac{i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)^3}{3c} + \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)^2 \ln\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} + 1\right)}{c} - \frac{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}{c} \right)$

input `int((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^2/(-c^2*x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

---

3.433. 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2}{1-c^2x^2} dx$$

output 
$$-1/2*a^2/c*\ln(c*x-1)+1/2*a^2/c*\ln(c*x+1)-b^2*(-1/3*I/c*\arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))^3+1/c*\arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2*\ln(I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2)+1)-2*I/c*\arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))*\text{polylog}(2,-I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))+2/c*\text{polylog}(3,-I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))+1/c*\arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2*\ln(1-I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))-2*I/c*\arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))*\text{polylog}(2,I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))+2/c*\text{polylog}(3,I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2)))-2*a*b*(-1/2*I/c*\arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))^2+1/c*\arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))*\ln(I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2)+1)-I/c*\text{polylog}(2,-I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))+1/c*\arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))*\ln(1-I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))-I/c*\text{polylog}(2,I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2)))$$

### 3.433.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\left(b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + a\right)^2}{c^2x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^2/(-c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(b^2*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1))^2 + 2*a*b*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1)) + a^2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

### 3.433.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin((-c*x+1)**(1/2)/(c*x+1)**(1/2)))**2/(-c**2*x**2+1),x)`

output `Timed out`

---

3.433. 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$$

**3.433.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\left(b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + a\right)^2}{c^2x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^2/(-c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a^2*(log(c*x + 1)/c - log(c*x - 1)/c) - integrate((b^2*arctan2(sqrt(-c*x + 1), sqrt(2)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))^2 + 2*a*b*arctan2(sqrt(-c*x + 1), sqrt(2)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(x)))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

**3.433.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\left(b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + a\right)^2}{c^2x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^2/(-c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1)) + a)^2/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

**3.433.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \int -\frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)^2}{c^2x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `int(-(a + b*asin((1 - c*x)^(1/2)/(c*x + 1)^(1/2)))^2/(c^2*x^2 - 1),x)`

output `int(-(a + b*asin((1 - c*x)^(1/2)/(c*x + 1)^(1/2)))^2/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

---

3.433.  $\int \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$

**3.434**  $\int \frac{a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}{1-c^2x^2} dx$

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**3.434.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \frac{i\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)^2}{2bc} - \frac{\left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}\right)}{c} + \frac{ib \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}\right)}{2c}$$

```
output 1/2*I*(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^2/b/c-(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))*ln(1-(I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))^2)/c+1/2*I*b*polylog(2,(I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))^2)/c
```

## 3.434.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])/(1 - c^2*x^2), x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])/(1 - c^2*x^2), x]`

## 3.434.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.237$ , Rules used = {7232, 5136, 3042, 25, 4200, 25, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}{1 - c^2x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{7232} \\ & - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{cx+1} \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{1-cx}} d\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5136} \\ & - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{cx+1} \sqrt{1-\frac{1-cx}{cx+1}} \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{1-cx}} d \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & - \frac{\int \left( \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right) \tan\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right) d \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \left(a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)\right) \tan\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4200} \end{aligned}$$

---

3.434.  $\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}{1 - c^2x^2} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{2i \int -\frac{e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)} (a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right))}{1-e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}} dx \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) - \frac{i(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right))^2}{2b}}{c} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{-2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)} (a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right))}{1-e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}} dx \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) - \frac{i(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right))^2}{2b}}{c} \\
\downarrow 2620 \\
\frac{-2i \left( \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right) (a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)) - \frac{1}{2} i b \int \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right) dx \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) \right)}{c} \\
\downarrow 2715 \\
\frac{-2i \left( \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right) (a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)) - \frac{1}{4} b \int \frac{\sqrt{cx+1} \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right)}{\sqrt{1-cx}} dx e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)} \right)}{c} \\
\downarrow 2838 \\
\frac{-2i \left( \frac{1}{2} i \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right) (a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)) + \frac{1}{4} b \text{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}\right) \right) - \frac{i(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right))^2}{2b}}{c}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])/(1 - c^2*x^2),x]`

output `-(((((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])^2)/b - (2*I)*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])] + (b*PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])])/4))/c)`

$$3.434. \int \frac{a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}{1-c^2x^2} dx$$

## 3.434.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(n_))], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 4200 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*tan[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m * E^(2*I*k*Pi)*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*k*Pi)*E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 5136 `Int[((a_) + ArcSin[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n * Cot[x], x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 7232 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(F_)[((c_)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)])^(n_)/((A_) + (C_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*e*(g/(C*(e*f - d*g))) Subst[Int[(a + b*F[c*x])^n/x, x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]/Sqrt[f + g*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, A, C, F}, x] && EqQ[C*d*f - A*e*g, 0] && EqQ[e*f + d*g, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

**3.434.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

method	result
default	$-\frac{a \ln(cx-1)}{2c} + \frac{a \ln(cx+1)}{2c} - b \left( -\frac{i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)^2}{2c} + \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) \ln\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} + 1\right)}{c} - \frac{i \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} + 1\right)}{c} \right)$
parts	$-\frac{a \ln(cx-1)}{2c} + \frac{a \ln(cx+1)}{2c} - b \left( -\frac{i \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)^2}{2c} + \frac{\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) \ln\left(\frac{i\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} + 1\right)}{c} - \frac{i \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} + 1\right)}{c} \right)$

```
input int((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))/(-c^2*x^2+1),x,method=_RETU
RNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*a/c*ln(c*x-1)+1/2*a/c*ln(c*x+1)-b*(-1/2*I/c*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*
x+1)^(1/2))^2+1/c*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))*ln(I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)
/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2)+1)-I/c*polylog(2,-I*(-c*x+1)^(1/
2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))+1/c*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*
x+1)^(1/2))*ln(1-I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)-(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2)
)-I/c*polylog(2,I*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)+(1-(-c*x+1)/(c*x+1))^(1/2))
)
```

**3.434.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}{1 - c^2 x^2} dx = \int -\frac{b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + a}{c^2 x^2 - 1} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))/(-c^2*x^2+1),x, algor
ithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(-(b*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1)) + a)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)
```



**3.434.6 Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*asin((-c*x+1)**(1/2)/(c*x+1)**(1/2)))/(-c**2*x**2+1),x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.434.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \int -\frac{b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + a}{c^2x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))/(-c^2*x^2+1),x, algo  
rithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a*(log(c*x + 1)/c - log(c*x - 1)/c) - b*integrate(arctan2(sqrt(-c*x +  
1), sqrt(2)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

**3.434.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \int -\frac{b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) + a}{c^2x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))/(-c^2*x^2+1),x, algo  
rithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1)) + a)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

**3.434.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)}{1 - c^2x^2} dx = \int -\frac{a + b \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)}{c^2x^2 - 1} dx$$

input `int(-(a + b*asin((1 - c*x)^(1/2)/(c*x + 1)^(1/2)))/(c^2*x^2 - 1),x)`

output `int(-(a + b*asin((1 - c*x)^(1/2)/(c*x + 1)^(1/2)))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

$$\mathbf{3.435} \quad \int \frac{1}{(1-c^2x^2)\left(a+b\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)} dx$$

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3.435.9 Mupad [N/A]	3113

### 3.435.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-c^2x^2)\left(a+b\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(1-c^2x^2)\left(a+b\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(-c^2*x^2+1)/(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))),x)`

### 3.435.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-c^2x^2)\left(a+b\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(1-c^2x^2)\left(a+b\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])), x]`  
`]`

---


$$3.435. \quad \int \frac{1}{(1-c^2x^2)\left(a+b\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)} dx$$

**3.435.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {7234}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - c^2 x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - cx}}{\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right) \right)} dx$$

↓ 7234

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - c^2 x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - cx}}{\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right) \right)} dx$$

input `Int[1/((1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.435.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7234 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(F_)[((c_.)*Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/((A_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*F[(c*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[f + g*x]])^n/(A + C*x^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, A, C, F, n}, x] && EqQ[C*d*f - A*e*g, 0] && EqQ[e*f + d*g, 0] && !IGTQ[n, 0]`

**3.435.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(-c^2 x^2 + 1) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right) \right)} dx$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*x^2+1)/(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))),x)`

output `int(1/(-c^2*x^2+1)/(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))),x)`

### 3.435.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - c^2 x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - cx}}{\sqrt{1 + cx}} \right) \right)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(c^2 x^2 - 1) \left( b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right) + a \right)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*x^2+1)/(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-1/(a*c^2*x^2 + (b*c^2*x^2 - b)*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1)) - a), x)`

### 3.435.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 133.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(1 - c^2 x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - cx}}{\sqrt{1 + cx}} \right) \right)} dx \\ &= - \int \frac{1}{ac^2 x^2 - a + bc^2 x^2 \operatorname{asin} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right) - b \operatorname{asin} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(-c**2*x**2+1)/(a+b*asin((-c*x+1)**(1/2)/(c*x+1)**(1/2))),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(a*c**2*x**2 - a + b*c**2*x**2*asin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1)) - b*asin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1))), x)`

**3.435.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - c^2 x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right) \right)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(c^2 x^2 - 1) \left( b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right) + a \right)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*x^2+1)/(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((c^2*x^2 - 1)*(b*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1)) + a)), x)`

**3.435.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - c^2 x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right) \right)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(c^2 x^2 - 1) \left( b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right) + a \right)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*x^2+1)/(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2))),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/((c^2*x^2 - 1)*(b*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1)) + a)), x)`

**3.435.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - c^2 x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right) \right)} dx = - \int \frac{1}{\left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right) \right) (c^2 x^2 - 1)} dx$$

---

3.435.  $\int \frac{1}{(1-c^2x^2)\left(a+b\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)} dx$

input `int(-1/((a + b*asin((1 - c*x)^(1/2)/(c*x + 1)^(1/2)))*(c^2*x^2 - 1)),x)`

output `-int(1/((a + b*asin((1 - c*x)^(1/2)/(c*x + 1)^(1/2)))*(c^2*x^2 - 1)), x)`

---

3.435.  $\int \frac{1}{(1-c^2x^2)\left(a+b \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}\right)\right)} dx$

**3.436** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(1-c^2x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right) \right)^2} dx$$

3.436.1 Optimal result	3115
3.436.2 Mathematica [N/A]	3115
3.436.3 Rubi [N/A]	3116
3.436.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	3116
3.436.5 Fricas [N/A]	3117
3.436.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	3117
3.436.7 Maxima [N/A]	3118
3.436.8 Giac [N/A]	3118
3.436.9 Mupad [N/A]	3119

**3.436.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-c^2x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right) \right)^2} dx = \text{Int} \left( \frac{1}{(1-c^2x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right) \right)^2}, x \right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(-c^2*x^2+1)/(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^2,x)`

**3.436.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-c^2x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right) \right)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(1-c^2x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right) \right)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]]))^2, x]`

output `Integrate[1/((1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]]))^2, x]`

---

3.436. 
$$\int \frac{1}{(1-c^2x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right) \right)^2} dx$$



**3.436.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {7234}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - c^2 x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - cx}}{\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right) \right)^2} dx$$

↓ 7234

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - c^2 x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - cx}}{\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right) \right)^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/((1 - c^2*x^2)*(a + b*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - c*x]/Sqrt[1 + c*x]])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.436.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7234 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(F_)[((c_.)*Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)])/Sqrt[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)])^(n_)/((A_) + (C_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*F[(c*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[f + g*x]])^n/(A + C*x^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, A, C, F, n}, x] && EqQ[C*d*f - A*e*g, 0] && EqQ[e*f + d*g, 0] && !IGtQ[n, 0]`

**3.436.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(-c^2 x^2 + 1) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx + 1}}{\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right) \right)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(-c^2*x^2+1)/(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^2,x)`

---

3.436.  $\int \frac{1}{(1 - c^2 x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - cx}}{\sqrt{1 + cx}} \right) \right)^2} dx$

output `int(1/(-c^2*x^2+1)/(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^2,x)`

### 3.436.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - c^2 x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - cx}}{\sqrt{1 + cx}} \right) \right)^2} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(c^2 x^2 - 1) \left( b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right) + a \right)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-c^2*x^2+1)/(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-1/(a^2*c^2*x^2 + (b^2*c^2*x^2 - b^2)*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1))^2 - a^2 + 2*(a*b*c^2*x^2 - a*b)*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1))), x)`

### 3.436.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - c^2 x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - cx}}{\sqrt{1 + cx}} \right) \right)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(-c**2*x**2+1)/(a+b*asin((-c*x+1)**(1/2)/(c*x+1)**(1/2)))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**3.436.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.62

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - c^2x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right) \right)^2} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(c^2x^2 - 1) \left( b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right) + a \right)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(-c^2*x^2+1)/(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^2,x, a
lgorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -((sqrt(2)*a*b*c^2*x - sqrt(2)*a*b*c + (sqrt(2)*b^2*c^2*x - sqrt(2)*b^2*c)
*arctan2(sqrt(-c*x + 1), sqrt(2)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))*sqrt(c)*integrate(1/2*s
qrt(-c*x + 1)*sqrt(x)/(a*b*c^3*x^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*x^2 + a*b*c*x + (b^2*c^3*x^
3 - 2*b^2*c^2*x^2 + b^2*c*x)*arctan2(sqrt(-c*x + 1), sqrt(2)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
x))), x) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(x)/(a*b*c^2*x - a*b*c + (b
^2*c^2*x - b^2*c)*arctan2(sqrt(-c*x + 1), sqrt(2)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(x)))
```

**3.436.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - c^2x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right) \right)^2} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(c^2x^2 - 1) \left( b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right) + a \right)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(-c^2*x^2+1)/(a+b*arcsin((-c*x+1)^(1/2)/(c*x+1)^(1/2)))^2,x, a
lgorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate(-1/((c^2*x^2 - 1)*(b*arcsin(sqrt(-c*x + 1)/sqrt(c*x + 1)) + a)^2
), x)
```

**3.436.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 - c^2 x^2) \left( a + b \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - cx}}{\sqrt{1 + cx}} \right) \right)^2} dx = - \int \frac{1}{\left( a + b \operatorname{asin} \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - cx}}{\sqrt{cx + 1}} \right) \right)^2 (c^2 x^2 - 1)} dx$$

input `int(-1/((a + b*asin((1 - c*x)^(1/2)/(c*x + 1)^(1/2)))^2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)),x)`

output `-int(1/((a + b*asin((1 - c*x)^(1/2)/(c*x + 1)^(1/2)))^2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)), x)`

### 3.437 $\int e^x \arcsin(e^x) dx$

3.437.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3120
3.437.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3120
3.437.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3121
3.437.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3122
3.437.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3122
3.437.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3123
3.437.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3123
3.437.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3123
3.437.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3124

#### 3.437.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int e^x \arcsin(e^x) dx = \sqrt{1 - e^{2x}} + e^x \arcsin(e^x)$$

output `exp(x)*arcsin(exp(x))+(1-exp(2*x))^(1/2)`

#### 3.437.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int e^x \arcsin(e^x) dx = \sqrt{1 - e^{2x}} + e^x \arcsin(e^x)$$

input `Integrate[E^x*ArcSin[E^x],x]`

output `Sqrt[1 - E^(2*x)] + E^x*ArcSin[E^x]`

**3.437.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$ , Rules used = {5343, 2676, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int e^x \arcsin(e^x) dx \\
 \downarrow \text{5343} \\
 e^x \arcsin(e^x) - \int \frac{e^{2x}}{\sqrt{1-e^{2x}}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{2676} \\
 e^x \arcsin(e^x) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-e^{2x}}} de^{2x} \\
 \downarrow \text{17} \\
 e^x \arcsin(e^x) + \sqrt{1-e^{2x}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[E^x*ArcSin[E^x],x]`

output `Sqrt[1 - E^(2*x)] + E^x*ArcSin[E^x]`

**3.437.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2676 `Int[((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))))^(n_.))^p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]`

```
rule 5343 Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[u_]*(b_.))*(v_), x_Symbol] := With[{w = IntHide[v, x]},
  Simp[(a + b*ArcSin[u]) w, x] - Simp[b Int[SimplifyIntegrand[w*(D[u, x]
/Sqrt[1 - u^2]), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[w, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b},
x] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[v, ((c_.) + (d_.)*x)^(m_.) /;
FreeQ[{c, d, m}, x]]
```

### 3.437.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$e^x \arcsin(e^x) + \sqrt{1 - e^{2x}}$	18
default	$e^x \arcsin(e^x) + \sqrt{1 - e^{2x}}$	18

```
input int(exp(x)*arcsin(exp(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output exp(x)*arcsin(exp(x))+(-exp(x)^2+1)^(1/2)
```

### 3.437.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int e^x \arcsin(e^x) dx = \arcsin(e^x) e^x + \sqrt{-e^{(2x)} + 1}$$

```
input integrate(exp(x)*arcsin(exp(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output arcsin(e^x)*e^x + sqrt(-e^(2*x) + 1)
```

**3.437.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int e^x \arcsin(e^x) dx = \sqrt{1 - e^{2x}} + e^x \operatorname{asin}(e^x)$$

input `integrate(exp(x)*asin(exp(x)),x)`output `sqrt(1 - exp(2*x)) + exp(x)*asin(exp(x))`**3.437.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int e^x \arcsin(e^x) dx = \arcsin(e^x) e^x + \sqrt{-e^{(2x)} + 1}$$

input `integrate(exp(x)*arcsin(exp(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `arcsin(e^x)*e^x + sqrt(-e^(2*x) + 1)`**3.437.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int e^x \arcsin(e^x) dx = \arcsin(e^x) e^x + \sqrt{-e^{(2x)} + 1}$$

input `integrate(exp(x)*arcsin(exp(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `arcsin(e^x)*e^x + sqrt(-e^(2*x) + 1)`



**3.437.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int e^x \arcsin(e^x) dx = \sqrt{1 - e^{2x}} + \arcsin(e^x) e^x$$

input `int(asin(exp(x))*exp(x),x)`

output `(1 - exp(2*x))^(1/2) + asin(exp(x))*exp(x)`

### 3.438 $\int \arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) dx$

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3.438.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	3126
3.438.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3128
3.438.5 Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	3129
3.438.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3129
3.438.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3129
3.438.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3130
3.438.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3130

#### 3.438.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) dx = -\frac{i \arcsin (ce^{a+bx})^2}{2b} + \frac{\arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) \log (1 - e^{2i \arcsin (ce^{a+bx})})}{b} - \frac{i \operatorname{PolyLog} (2, e^{2i \arcsin (ce^{a+bx})})}{2b}$$

output `-1/2*I*arcsin(c*exp(b*x+a))^2/b+arcsin(c*exp(b*x+a))*ln(1-(I*c*exp(b*x+a)+(1-c^2*exp(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))^2)/b-1/2*I*polylog(2,(I*c*exp(b*x+a)+(1-c^2*exp(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))^2)/b`

#### 3.438.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) dx = \int \arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) dx$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[c*E^(a + b*x)], x]`

output `Integrate[ArcSin[c*E^(a + b*x)], x]`

**3.438.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.900$ , Rules used = {2720, 5136, 3042, 25, 4200, 25, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2720} \\
 & \frac{\int e^{-a-bx} \arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) de^{a+bx}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5136} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{e^{-a-bx} \sqrt{1-c^2 e^{2a+2bx}} \arcsin (ce^{a+bx})}{c} d \arcsin (ce^{a+bx})}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int -\arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) \tan \left( \arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) d \arcsin (ce^{a+bx})}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int \arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) \tan \left( \arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) d \arcsin (ce^{a+bx})}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4200} \\
 & \frac{2i \int -\frac{e^{a+bx+2i \arcsin (ce^{a+bx})}}{1-e^{2i \arcsin (ce^{a+bx})}} d \arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) - \frac{1}{2} i e^{2a+2bx}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{-2i \int \frac{e^{a+bx+2i \arcsin (ce^{a+bx})}}{1-e^{2i \arcsin (ce^{a+bx})}} d \arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) - \frac{1}{2} i e^{2a+2bx}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & \frac{-2i \left( \frac{1}{2} i \arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) \log \left( 1 - e^{2i \arcsin (ce^{a+bx})} \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \int \log \left( 1 - e^{2i \arcsin (ce^{a+bx})} \right) d \arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) \right) - \frac{1}{2} i e^{2a+2bx}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2715}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i \arcsin(ce^{a+bx}) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(ce^{a+bx})}\right) - \frac{1}{4} \int e^{-a-bx} \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(ce^{a+bx})}\right) de^{2i \arcsin(ce^{a+bx})}\right) - \frac{1}{2}ie^{2a}}{b}$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{-2i\left(\frac{1}{4} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2i \arcsin(ce^{a+bx})}\right) + \frac{1}{2}i \arcsin(ce^{a+bx}) \log\left(1 - e^{2i \arcsin(ce^{a+bx})}\right)\right) - \frac{1}{2}ie^{2a+2bx}}{b}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[c*E^(a + b*x)],x]`

output `((-1/2*I)*E^(2*a + 2*b*x) - (2*I)*((I/2)*ArcSin[c*E^(a + b*x)]*Log[1 - E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*E^(a + b*x)])] + PolyLog[2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[c*E^(a + b*x)])]/4))/b`

### 3.438.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 4200 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I*(c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m * E^(2*I*k*Pi)*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*k*Pi)*E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5136 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)*(b_.)]^(n_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n * Cot[x], x], x, ArcSin[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

### 3.438.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{i \arcsin\left(\frac{c e^{bx+a}}{2}\right)^2}{2} + \arcsin(c e^{bx+a}) \ln\left(1 + i c e^{bx+a} + \sqrt{1 - c^2 e^{2bx+2a}}\right) - i \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -i c e^{bx+a} - \sqrt{1 - c^2 e^{2bx+2a}}\right) + \arcsin\left(\frac{c e^{bx+a}}{2}\right)$
default	$-\frac{i \arcsin\left(\frac{c e^{bx+a}}{2}\right)^2}{2} + \arcsin(c e^{bx+a}) \ln\left(1 + i c e^{bx+a} + \sqrt{1 - c^2 e^{2bx+2a}}\right) - i \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -i c e^{bx+a} - \sqrt{1 - c^2 e^{2bx+2a}}\right) + \arcsin\left(\frac{c e^{bx+a}}{2}\right)$

input `int(arcsin(c*exp(b*x+a)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b*(-1/2*I*arcsin(c*exp(b*x+a))^2+arcsin(c*exp(b*x+a))*ln(1+I*c*exp(b*x+a))+(1-c^2*exp(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))-I*polylog(2,-I*c*exp(b*x+a)-(1-c^2*exp(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))+arcsin(c*exp(b*x+a))*ln(1-I*c*exp(b*x+a)-(1-c^2*exp(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))-I*polylog(2,I*c*exp(b*x+a)+(1-c^2*exp(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))`

**3.438.5 Fracas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(arcsin(c*exp(b*x+a)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**3.438.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) dx = \int \text{asin} (ce^{a+bx}) dx$$

```
input integrate(asin(c*exp(b*x+a)),x)
```

```
output Integral(asin(c*exp(a + b*x)), x)
```

**3.438.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \arcsin (ce^{a+bx}) dx = \int \arcsin (ce^{(bx+a)}) dx$$

```
input integrate(arcsin(c*exp(b*x+a)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/2*(-2*I*b^2*c^2*integrate(x*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/(c^4*e^(4*b*x + 4*a) - c^2*e
^(2*b*x + 2*a) + (c^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) - 1)*e^(log(c*e^(b*x + a) + 1) + log
(-c*e^(b*x + a) + 1))), x) + 2*b^2*c*integrate(x*e^(b*x + a + 1/2*log(c*e^
(b*x + a) + 1) + 1/2*log(-c*e^(b*x + a) + 1))/(c^4*e^(4*b*x + 4*a) - c^2*e
^(2*b*x + 2*a) + (c^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) - 1)*e^(log(c*e^(b*x + a) + 1) + log
(-c*e^(b*x + a) + 1))), x) + 2*b*x*arctan2(c*e^(b*x + a), sqrt(c*e^(b*x +
a) + 1)*sqrt(-c*e^(b*x + a) + 1)) + I*b*x*log(c*e^(b*x + a) + 1) + I*b*x*1
og(-c*e^(b*x + a) + 1) + I*dilog(c*e^(b*x + a)) + I*dilog(-c*e^(b*x + a)))
/b
```

**3.438.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \arcsin (c e^{a+b x}) d x = \int \arcsin (c e^{(b x+a)}) d x$$

input `integrate(arcsin(c*exp(b*x+a)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arcsin(c*e^(b*x + a)), x)`

**3.438.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \arcsin (c e^{a+b x}) d x = -\frac{\operatorname{asin}(c e^{a+b x})^2 \operatorname{li}}{2 b} - \frac{\operatorname{polylog}\left(2, e^{\operatorname{asin}(c e^{a+b x}) 2 i}\right) \operatorname{li}}{2 b} + \frac{\ln \left(1 - e^{\operatorname{asin}(c e^{a+b x}) 2 i}\right) \operatorname{asin}(c e^{a+b x})}{b}$$

input `int(asin(c*exp(a + b*x)),x)`

output `(log(1 - exp(asin(c*exp(a + b*x))*2i))*asin(c*exp(a + b*x)))/b - (polylog(2, exp(asin(c*exp(a + b*x))*2i))*1i)/(2*b) - (asin(c*exp(a + b*x))^2*1i)/(2*b)`

### 3.439 $\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^3 dx$

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3.439.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3131
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3.439.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	3133
3.439.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3133
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3.439.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3135

#### 3.439.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^3 dx = -\frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)} \cos(2 \arcsin(ax))}{10a^4} + \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)} \cos(4 \arcsin(ax))}{34a^4} + \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sin(2 \arcsin(ax))}{20a^4} - \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sin(4 \arcsin(ax))}{136a^4}$$

```
output -1/10*exp(arcsin(a*x))*cos(2*arcsin(a*x))/a^4+1/34*exp(arcsin(a*x))*cos(4*
arcsin(a*x))/a^4+1/20*exp(arcsin(a*x))*sin(2*arcsin(a*x))/a^4-1/136*exp(ar
csin(a*x))*sin(4*arcsin(a*x))/a^4
```

#### 3.439.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^3 dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)} (-68 \cos(2 \arcsin(ax)) + 20 \cos(4 \arcsin(ax)) + 34 \sin(2 \arcsin(ax)) - 5 \sin(4 \arcsin(ax)))}{680a^4}$$

```
input Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]*x^3,x]
```

```
output (E^ArcSin[a*x]*(-68*Cos[2*ArcSin[a*x]] + 20*Cos[4*ArcSin[a*x]] + 34*Sin[2*
ArcSin[a*x]] - 5*Sin[4*ArcSin[a*x]]))/(680*a^4)
```



**3.439.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {5335, 27, 4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5335} \\
 & \frac{\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int a^3 e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax)}{a^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4972} \\
 & \frac{\int \left( \frac{1}{4} e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sin(2 \arcsin(ax)) - \frac{1}{8} e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sin(4 \arcsin(ax)) \right) d \arcsin(ax)}{a^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{20} e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sin(2 \arcsin(ax)) - \frac{1}{136} e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sin(4 \arcsin(ax)) - \frac{1}{10} e^{\arcsin(ax)} \cos(2 \arcsin(ax)) + \frac{1}{34} e^{\arcsin(ax)} \cos(4 \arcsin(ax))}{a^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a*x]*x^3,x]`

output `(-1/10*(E^ArcSin[a*x]*Cos[2*ArcSin[a*x]]) + (E^ArcSin[a*x]*Cos[4*ArcSin[a*x]])/34 + (E^ArcSin[a*x]*Sin[2*ArcSin[a*x]])/20 - (E^ArcSin[a*x]*Sin[4*ArcSin[a*x]])/136)/a^4`

## 3.439.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]^(n_)*(F_)^((c_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

## 3.439.4 Maple [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^3 dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))*x^3,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))*x^3,x)`

## 3.439.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^3 dx = \frac{(20 a^4 x^4 - 3 a^2 x^2 + (5 a^3 x^3 + 6 a x) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} - 6) e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{85 a^4}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*x^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/85*(20*a^4*x^4 - 3*a^2*x^2 + (5*a^3*x^3 + 6*a*x)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 6)*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a^4`

**3.439.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^3 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{4x^4 e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{17} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{17a} - \frac{3x^2 e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{85a^2} + \frac{6x \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{85a^3} - \frac{6e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{85a^4} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x))*x**3,x)`output `Piecewise((4*x**4*exp(asin(a*x))/17 + x**3*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a*x))/(17*a) - 3*x**2*exp(asin(a*x))/(85*a**2) + 6*x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a*x))/(85*a**3) - 6*exp(asin(a*x))/(85*a**4), Ne(a, 0)), (x**4/4, True))`**3.439.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^3 dx = \int x^3 e^{(\arcsin(ax))} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(x^3*e^(arcsin(a*x)), x)`**3.439.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^3 dx = -\frac{(-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} x e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{17 a^3} + \frac{11 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{85 a^3} + \frac{4 (a^2 x^2 - 1)^2 e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{17 a^4} + \frac{37 (a^2 x^2 - 1) e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{85 a^4} + \frac{11 e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{85 a^4}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/17*(-a^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*x*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a^3 + 11/85*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a^3 + 4/17*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^2*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a^4 + 37/85*(a^2*x^2 - 1)*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a^4 + 11/85*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a^4`

### 3.439.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^3 dx = \int x^3 e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx$$

input `int(x^3*exp(asin(a*x)),x)`

output `int(x^3*exp(asin(a*x)), x)`

### 3.440 $\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^2 dx$

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3.440.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3136
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3.440.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3139
3.440.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3140

#### 3.440.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^2 dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)} x}{8a^2} + \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{8a^3} - \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)} \cos(3 \arcsin(ax))}{40a^3} - \frac{3e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sin(3 \arcsin(ax))}{40a^3}$$

```
output 1/8*exp(arcsin(a*x))*x/a^2-1/40*exp(arcsin(a*x))*cos(3*arcsin(a*x))/a^3-3/40*exp(arcsin(a*x))*sin(3*arcsin(a*x))/a^3+1/8*exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3
```

#### 3.440.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^2 dx = -\frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)} (-5ax - 5\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} + \cos(3 \arcsin(ax)) + 3 \sin(3 \arcsin(ax)))}{40a^3}$$

```
input Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]*x^2,x]
```

```
output -1/40*(E^ArcSin[a*x]*(-5*a*x - 5*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] + Cos[3*ArcSin[a*x]] + 3*Sin[3*ArcSin[a*x]]))/a^3
```

**3.440.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {5335, 27, 4972, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5335} \\
 & \frac{\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int a^2 e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax)}{a^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4972} \\
 & \frac{\int \left( \frac{1}{4} e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - \frac{1}{4} e^{\arcsin(ax)} \cos(3 \arcsin(ax)) \right) d \arcsin(ax)}{a^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{1}{8} a x e^{\arcsin(ax)} - \frac{3}{40} e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sin(3 \arcsin(ax)) - \frac{1}{40} e^{\arcsin(ax)} \cos(3 \arcsin(ax))}{a^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a*x]*x^2,x]`

output `((a*E^ArcSin[a*x]*x)/8 + (E^ArcSin[a*x]*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/8 - (E^ArcSin[a*x]*Cos[3*ArcSin[a*x]])/40 - (3*E^ArcSin[a*x]*Sin[3*ArcSin[a*x]])/40)/a^3`

## 3.440.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(c_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

## 3.440.4 Maple [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^2 dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))*x^2,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))*x^2,x)`

## 3.440.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^2 dx = \frac{(3a^3x^3 - ax + (a^2x^2 + 1)\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1})e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{10a^3}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*x^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/10*(3*a^3*x^3 - a*x + (a^2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1))*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a^3`

**3.440.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^2 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{3x^3 e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{10} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{10a} - \frac{x e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{10a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{10a^3} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^3}{3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x))*x**2,x)`output `Piecewise((3*x**3*exp(asin(a*x))/10 + x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a*x))/(10*a) - x*exp(asin(a*x))/(10*a**2) + sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a*x))/(10*a**3), Ne(a, 0)), (x**3/3, True))`**3.440.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^2 dx = \int x^2 e^{(\arcsin(ax))} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(x^2*e^(arcsin(a*x)), x)`**3.440.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^2 dx = \frac{3(a^2 x^2 - 1)x e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{10 a^2} + \frac{x e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{5 a^2} - \frac{(-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{10 a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{5 a^3}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/10*(a^2*x^2 - 1)*x*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a^2 + 1/5*x*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a^2 - 1/10*(-a^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a^3 + 1/5*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a^3`



**3.440.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x^2 dx = \int x^2 e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx$$

input `int(x^2*exp(asin(a*x)),x)`output `int(x^2*exp(asin(a*x)), x)`

### 3.441 $\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x dx$

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3.441.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3145

#### 3.441.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x dx = -\frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)} \cos(2 \arcsin(ax))}{5a^2} + \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sin(2 \arcsin(ax))}{10a^2}$$

output `-1/5*exp(arcsin(a*x))*cos(2*arcsin(a*x))/a^2+1/10*exp(arcsin(a*x))*sin(2*arcsin(a*x))/a^2`

#### 3.441.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)} (-2 \cos(2 \arcsin(ax)) + \sin(2 \arcsin(ax)))}{10a^2}$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]*x,x]`

output `(E^ArcSin[a*x]*(-2*Cos[2*ArcSin[a*x]] + Sin[2*ArcSin[a*x]]))/(10*a^2)`

**3.441.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$ , Rules used = {5335, 27, 4972, 27, 4932}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5335} \\
 & \frac{\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int a e^{\arcsin(ax)} x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax)}{a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4972} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{2} e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sin(2 \arcsin(ax)) d \arcsin(ax)}{a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sin(2 \arcsin(ax)) d \arcsin(ax)}{2a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4932} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{5} e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sin(2 \arcsin(ax)) - \frac{2}{5} e^{\arcsin(ax)} \cos(2 \arcsin(ax))}{2a^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [E^ArcSin[a*x]*x,x]`

output `((-2*E^ArcSin[a*x]*Cos[2*ArcSin[a*x]])/5 + (E^ArcSin[a*x]*Sin[2*ArcSin[a*x]])/5)/(2*a^2)`

## 3.441.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 4932 `Int[(F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Sin[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] - Simp[e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0]`

rule 4972 `Int[Cos[(f_) + (g_)*(x_)]^(n_)*(F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))*Sin[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[F^(c*(a + b*x)), Sin[d + e*x]^m*Cos[f + g*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_)*(c_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

## 3.441.4 Maple [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))*x,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))*x,x)`

## 3.441.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x dx = \frac{(2a^2x^2 + \sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}ax - 1)e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{5a^2}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*x,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/5*(2*a^2*x^2 + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a*x - 1)*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a^2`

### 3.441.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2x^2 e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{5} + \frac{x\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{5a} - \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{5a^2} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x))*x,x)`

output `Piecewise((2*x**2*exp(asin(a*x))/5 + x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a*x)) / (5*a) - exp(asin(a*x))/(5*a**2), Ne(a, 0)), (x**2/2, True))`

### 3.441.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x dx = \int x e^{(\arcsin(ax))} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x*e^(arcsin(a*x)), x)`

### 3.441.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x dx = \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}xe^{(\arcsin(ax))}}{5a} + \frac{2(a^2x^2-1)e^{(\arcsin(ax))}}{5a^2} + \frac{e^{(\arcsin(ax))}}{5a^2}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/5*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a + 2/5*(a^2*x^2 - 1)*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a^2 + 1/5*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a^2`

**3.441.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} x dx = \int x e^{\sin(ax)} dx$$

input `int(x*exp(asin(a*x)),x)`output `int(x*exp(asin(a*x)), x)`

### 3.442 $\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx$

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3.442.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3149

#### 3.442.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 6, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx = \frac{1}{2}e^{\arcsin(ax)}x + \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}}{2a}$$

output `1/2*exp(arcsin(a*x))*x+1/2*exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a`

#### 3.442.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}(ax + \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2})}{2a}$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x],x]`

output `(E^ArcSin[a*x]*(a*x + Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]))/(2*a)`

### 3.442.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5335, 4933}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5335}$$

$$\frac{\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} d \arcsin(ax)}{a}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4933}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{1}{2} a x e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a*x], x]`

output `((a*E^ArcSin[a*x]*x)/2 + (E^ArcSin[a*x]*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/2)/a`

#### 3.442.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 4933 `Int[Cos[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)]*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] + Simp[e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Sin[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`



**3.442.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x)),x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(a*x)),x)`

**3.442.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx = \frac{(ax + \sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1})e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{2a}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(a*x + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1))*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a`

**3.442.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{2a} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ x & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x)),x)`

output `Piecewise((x*exp(asin(a*x))/2 + sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a*x))/(2*a), Ne(a, 0)), (x, True))`

**3.442.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx = \int e^{(\arcsin(ax))} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(e^(arcsin(a*x)), x)`

**3.442.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx = \frac{1}{2} x e^{(\arcsin(ax))} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} e^{(\arcsin(ax))}}{2a}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*x*e^(arcsin(a*x)) + 1/2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a`

**3.442.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx = \int e^{\operatorname{asin}(ax)} dx$$

input `int(exp(asin(a*x)),x)`

output `int(exp(asin(a*x)), x)`

### 3.443 $\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x} dx$

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#### 3.443.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x} dx = ie^{\arcsin(ax)} - 2ie^{\arcsin(ax)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{i}{2}, 1, 1 - \frac{i}{2}, e^{2i \arcsin(ax)}\right)$$

output `I*exp(arcsin(a*x))-2*I*exp(arcsin(a*x))*hypergeom([1, -1/2*I], [1-1/2*I], (I*a*x+(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)`

#### 3.443.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x} dx = i\left(-e^{\arcsin(ax)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{i}{2}, 1, 1 - \frac{i}{2}, e^{2i \arcsin(ax)}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{5} - \frac{2i}{5}\right) e^{(1+2i) \arcsin(ax)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 - \frac{i}{2}, 2 - \frac{i}{2}, e^{2i \arcsin(ax)}\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]/x,x]`

output `I*(-(E^ArcSin[a*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2*I, 1, 1 - I/2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a*x])]) - (1/5 - (2*I)/5)*E^((1 + 2*I)*ArcSin[a*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 - I/2, 2 - I/2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a*x])])`

**3.443.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {5335, 27, 4943, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5335} \\
 & \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x} d \arcsin(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{ax} d \arcsin(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4943} \\
 & -i \int \left( \frac{2e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{1 - e^{2i \arcsin(ax)}} - e^{\arcsin(ax)} \right) d \arcsin(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -i \left( -e^{\arcsin(ax)} + 2e^{\arcsin(ax)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{i}{2}, 1, 1 - \frac{i}{2}, e^{2i \arcsin(ax)} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [E^ArcSin[a*x]/x,x]`

output `(-I)*(-E^ArcSin[a*x] + 2*E^ArcSin[a*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2*I, 1, 1 - I/2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a*x])])`

## 3.443.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4943 `Int[Cot[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(n_)*(F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-I)^n Int[ExpandIntegrand[F^(c*(a + b*x))*((1 + E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n/(1 - E^(2*I*(d + e*x)))^n), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_)*(c_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

## 3.443.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x} dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))/x,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))/x,x)`

## 3.443.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(ax))}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))/x,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(e^(arcsin(a*x))/x, x)`

**3.443.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{\sin^{-1}(ax)}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x))/x,x)`

output `Integral(exp(asin(a*x))/x, x)`

**3.443.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(ax))}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(e^(arcsin(a*x))/x, x)`

**3.443.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(ax))}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(e^(arcsin(a*x))/x, x)`

**3.443.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{\sin(ax)}}{x} dx$$

input `int(exp(asin(a*x))/x,x)`output `int(exp(asin(a*x))/x, x)`

### 3.444 $\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x^2} dx$

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#### 3.444.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x^2} dx = (1 - i)ae^{(1+i)\arcsin(ax)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}, 1, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{i}{2}, e^{2i\arcsin(ax)}\right) - (2 - 2i)ae^{(1+i)\arcsin(ax)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}, 2, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{i}{2}, e^{2i\arcsin(ax)}\right)$$

```
output (1-I)*a*exp((1+I)*arcsin(a*x))*hypergeom([1, 1/2-1/2*I],[3/2-1/2*I],[I*a*x
+(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2]+(-2+2*I)*a*exp((1+I)*arcsin(a*x))*hypergeom([2, 1/
2-1/2*I],[3/2-1/2*I],[I*a*x+(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)
```

#### 3.444.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x^2} dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)} + (1 + i)ae^{(1+i)\arcsin(ax)}x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}, 1, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{i}{2}, e^{2i\arcsin(ax)}\right)}{x}$$

```
input Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]/x^2,x]
```

```
output -((E^ArcSin[a*x] + (1 + I)*a*E^((1 + I)*ArcSin[a*x])*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2 - I/2, 1, 3/2 - I/2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a*x])])/x)
```



**3.444.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {5335, 27, 4974, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5335} \\
 & \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2} d \arcsin(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & a \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4974} \\
 & a \int \left( \frac{2e^{(1+i)\arcsin(ax)}}{1-e^{2i\arcsin(ax)}} - \frac{4e^{(1+i)\arcsin(ax)}}{(-1+e^{2i\arcsin(ax)})^2} \right) d \arcsin(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$a \left( (1-i)e^{(1+i)\arcsin(ax)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}, 1, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{i}{2}, e^{2i\arcsin(ax)} \right) - (2-2i)e^{(1+i)\arcsin(ax)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}, 2, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{i}{2}, e^{2i\arcsin(ax)} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a*x]/x^2,x]`

output `a*((1-I)*E^((1+I)*ArcSin[a*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2-I/2, 1, 3/2-I/2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a*x])]) - (2-2*I)*E^((1+I)*ArcSin[a*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2-I/2, 2, 3/2-I/2, E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a*x])])`

## 3.444.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4974 `Int[(F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))*(G_)[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(m_)*(H_)[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^(c*(a + b*x)), G[d + e*x]^m*H[d + e*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && TrigQ[G] && TrigQ[H]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_)*(c_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

## 3.444.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))/x^2,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))/x^2,x)`

## 3.444.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(ax))}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(e^(arcsin(a*x))/x^2, x)`

**3.444.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{\sin^{-1}(ax)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x))/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(exp(asin(a*x))/x**2, x)`

**3.444.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(ax))}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(e^(arcsin(a*x))/x^2, x)`

**3.444.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(ax))}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(e^(arcsin(a*x))/x^2, x)`

**3.444.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{\sin(ax)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(exp(asin(a*x))/x^2,x)`output `int(exp(asin(a*x))/x^2, x)`

### 3.445 $\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^3 dx$

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#### 3.445.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^3 dx = \frac{e\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(1 - i \arcsin(ax))}{16a^4} - \frac{e^4\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(2 - i \arcsin(ax))}{32a^4} + \frac{e\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(1 + i \arcsin(ax))}{16a^4} - \frac{e^4\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(2 + i \arcsin(ax))}{32a^4}$$

```
output 1/16*I*exp(1)*erfi(-I+arcsin(a*x))*Pi^(1/2)/a^4-1/16*I*exp(1)*erfi(I+arcsin(a*x))*Pi^(1/2)/a^4-1/32*I*exp(4)*erfi(-2*I+arcsin(a*x))*Pi^(1/2)/a^4+1/32*I*exp(4)*erfi(2*I+arcsin(a*x))*Pi^(1/2)/a^4
```

#### 3.445.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^3 dx = \frac{e\sqrt{\pi}(2(\operatorname{erf}(1 - i \arcsin(ax)) + \operatorname{erf}(1 + i \arcsin(ax))) - e^3(\operatorname{erf}(2 - i \arcsin(ax)) + \operatorname{erf}(2 + i \arcsin(ax))))}{32a^4}$$

```
input Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]^2*x^3,x]
```

```
output (E*Sqrt[Pi]*(2*(Erf[1 - I*ArcSin[a*x]] + Erf[1 + I*ArcSin[a*x]]) - E^3*(Erf[2 - I*ArcSin[a*x]] + Erf[2 + I*ArcSin[a*x]])))/(32*a^4)
```

**3.445.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5335, 27, 4977, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5335} \\
 & \frac{\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int a^3 e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax)}{a^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4977} \\
 & \frac{\int \left( \frac{1}{8} i e^{\arcsin(ax)^2 - 2i \arcsin(ax)} - \frac{1}{8} i e^{\arcsin(ax)^2 + 2i \arcsin(ax)} - \frac{1}{16} i e^{\arcsin(ax)^2 - 4i \arcsin(ax)} + \frac{1}{16} i e^{\arcsin(ax)^2 + 4i \arcsin(ax)} \right) da}{a^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{16} e \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(1 - i \arcsin(ax)) - \frac{1}{32} e^4 \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(2 - i \arcsin(ax)) + \frac{1}{16} e \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(1 + i \arcsin(ax)) - \frac{1}{32} e^4 \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}(2 + i \arcsin(ax))}{a^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a*x]^2*x^3,x]`

output `((E*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[1 - I*ArcSin[a*x]])/16 - (E^4*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[2 - I*ArcSin[a*x]])/32 + (E*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[1 + I*ArcSin[a*x]])/16 - (E^4*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[2 + I*ArcSin[a*x]])/32)/a^4`

## 3.445.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4977 `Int[Cos[v_]^(n_.)*(F_)^(u_)*Sin[v_]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^u, Sin[v]^m*Cos[v]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[F, x] && (LinearQ[u, x] || PolyQ[u, x, 2]) && (LinearQ[v, x] || PolyQ[v, x, 2]) && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(c_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

## 3.445.4 Maple [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^3 dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)*x^3,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)*x^3,x)`

## 3.445.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^3 dx = \int x^3 e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^3*e^(arcsin(a*x)^2), x)`

**3.445.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^3 dx = \int x^3 e^{\arcsin^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x)**2)*x**3,x)`

output `Integral(x**3*exp(asin(a*x)**2), x)`

**3.445.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^3 dx = \int x^3 e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3*e^(arcsin(a*x)^2), x)`

**3.445.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^3 dx = \int x^3 e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3*e^(arcsin(a*x)^2), x)`



**3.445.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^3 dx = \int x^3 e^{\sin(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^3*exp(asin(a*x)^2),x)`output `int(x^3*exp(asin(a*x)^2), x)`

### 3.446 $\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^2 dx$

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3.446.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3168
3.446.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3169

#### 3.446.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^2 dx = \frac{\sqrt[4]{e}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-i + 2 \arcsin(ax))\right)}{16a^3} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{e}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(i + 2 \arcsin(ax))\right)}{16a^3} - \frac{e^{9/4}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-3i + 2 \arcsin(ax))\right)}{16a^3} - \frac{e^{9/4}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(3i + 2 \arcsin(ax))\right)}{16a^3}$$

```
output 1/16*exp(1/4)*erfi(-1/2*I+arcsin(a*x))*Pi^(1/2)/a^3+1/16*exp(1/4)*erfi(1/2
*I+arcsin(a*x))*Pi^(1/2)/a^3-1/16*exp(9/4)*erfi(-3/2*I+arcsin(a*x))*Pi^(1/
2)/a^3-1/16*exp(9/4)*erfi(3/2*I+arcsin(a*x))*Pi^(1/2)/a^3
```

#### 3.446.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^2 dx = \frac{\sqrt[4]{e}\sqrt{\pi}\left(\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-i + 2 \arcsin(ax))\right) + \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(i + 2 \arcsin(ax))\right) - e^2\left(\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-3i + 2 \arcsin(ax))\right) + \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(3i + 2 \arcsin(ax))\right)\right)\right)}{16a^3}$$

```
input Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]^2*x^2,x]
```

```
output (E^(1/4)*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(-I + 2*ArcSin[a*x])/2] + Erfi[(I + 2*ArcSin[a*x]
)/2] - E^2*(Erfi[(-3*I + 2*ArcSin[a*x])/2] + Erfi[(3*I + 2*ArcSin[a*x])/2]
))/(16*a^3)
```

### 3.446.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5335, 27, 4977, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5335} \\
 & \frac{\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int a^2 e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax)}{a^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4977} \\
 & \frac{\int \left( \frac{1}{8} e^{\arcsin(ax)^2 - i \arcsin(ax)} + \frac{1}{8} e^{\arcsin(ax)^2 + i \arcsin(ax)} - \frac{1}{8} e^{\arcsin(ax)^2 - 3i \arcsin(ax)} - \frac{1}{8} e^{\arcsin(ax)^2 + 3i \arcsin(ax)} \right) d \arcsin(ax)}{a^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{16} \sqrt[4]{e} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(2 \arcsin(ax) - i)\right) + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt[4]{e} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(2 \arcsin(ax) + i)\right) - \frac{1}{16} e^{9/4} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(2 \arcsin(ax) - 3i)\right) - \frac{1}{16} e^{9/4} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(2 \arcsin(ax) + 3i)\right)}{a^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a*x]^2*x^2,x]`

output `((E^(1/4)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(-I + 2*ArcSin[a*x])/2])/16 + (E^(1/4)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(I + 2*ArcSin[a*x])/2])/16 - (E^(9/4)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(-3*I + 2*ArcSin[a*x])/2])/16 - (E^(9/4)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(3*I + 2*ArcSin[a*x])/2])/16)/a^3`

## 3.446.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4977 `Int[Cos[v_]^(n_.)*(F_)^(u_)*Sin[v_]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^u, Sin[v]^m*Cos[v]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[F, x] && (LinearQ[u, x] || PolyQ[u, x, 2]) && (LinearQ[v, x] || PolyQ[v, x, 2]) && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(c_.)], x_Symbol) := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

## 3.446.4 Maple [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^2 dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)*x^2,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)*x^2,x)`

## 3.446.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^2 dx = \int x^2 e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^2*e^(arcsin(a*x)^2), x)`

**3.446.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^2 dx = \int x^2 e^{\arcsin^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x)**2)*x**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*exp(asin(a*x)**2), x)`

**3.446.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^2 dx = \int x^2 e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2*e^(arcsin(a*x)^2), x)`

**3.446.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^2 dx = \int x^2 e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2*e^(arcsin(a*x)^2), x)`

**3.446.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x^2 dx = \int x^2 e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*exp(asin(a*x)^2),x)`output `int(x^2*exp(asin(a*x)^2), x)`

### 3.447 $\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x dx$

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3.447.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3173

#### 3.447.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x dx = \frac{e\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(1 - i \arcsin(ax))}{8a^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(1 + i \arcsin(ax))}{8a^2}$$

output `1/8*I*exp(1)*erfi(-I+arcsin(a*x))*Pi^(1/2)/a^2-1/8*I*exp(1)*erfi(I+arcsin(a*x))*Pi^(1/2)/a^2`

#### 3.447.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x dx = \frac{e\sqrt{\pi}(\operatorname{erf}(1 - i \arcsin(ax)) + \operatorname{erf}(1 + i \arcsin(ax)))}{8a^2}$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]^2*x,x]`

output `(E*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erf[1 - I*ArcSin[a*x]] + Erf[1 + I*ArcSin[a*x]]))/(8*a^2)`

**3.447.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {5335, 27, 4977, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5335} \\
 & \frac{\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int a e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax)}{a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4977} \\
 & \frac{\int \left( \frac{1}{4} i e^{\arcsin(ax)^2 - 2i \arcsin(ax)} - \frac{1}{4} i e^{\arcsin(ax)^2 + 2i \arcsin(ax)} \right) d \arcsin(ax)}{a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{8} e^{\sqrt{\pi}} \operatorname{erf}(1 - i \arcsin(ax)) + \frac{1}{8} e^{\sqrt{\pi}} \operatorname{erf}(1 + i \arcsin(ax))}{a^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a*x]^2*x,x]`

output `((E*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[1 - I*ArcSin[a*x]])/8 + (E*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[1 + I*ArcSin[a*x]])/8)/a^2`

**3.447.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



rule 4977 `Int[Cos[v_]^(n_.)*(F_)^(u_)*Sin[v_]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^u, Sin[v]^m*cos[v]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[F, x] && (LinearQ[u, x] || PolyQ[u, x, 2]) && (LinearQ[v, x] || PolyQ[v, x, 2]) && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

### 3.447.4 Maple [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)*x,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)*x,x)`

### 3.447.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x dx = \int x e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x*e^(arcsin(a*x)^2), x)`

### 3.447.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x dx = \int x e^{\arcsin^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x)**2)*x,x)`

output `Integral(x*exp(asin(a*x)**2), x)`

**3.447.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x dx = \int x e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x*e^(arcsin(a*x)^2), x)`

**3.447.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x dx = \int x e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x*e^(arcsin(a*x)^2), x)`

**3.447.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} x dx = \int x e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(x*exp(asin(a*x)^2),x)`

output `int(x*exp(asin(a*x)^2), x)`

### 3.448 $\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} dx$

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#### 3.448.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt[4]{e}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-i + 2 \arcsin(ax))\right)}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{e}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(i + 2 \arcsin(ax))\right)}{4a}$$

output `1/4*exp(1/4)*erfi(-1/2*I+arcsin(a*x))*Pi^(1/2)/a+1/4*exp(1/4)*erfi(1/2*I+arcsin(a*x))*Pi^(1/2)/a`

#### 3.448.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt[4]{e}\sqrt{\pi}\left(\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-i + 2 \arcsin(ax))\right) + \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(i + 2 \arcsin(ax))\right)\right)}{4a}$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]^2,x]`

output `(E^(1/4)*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(-I + 2*ArcSin[a*x])/2] + Erfi[(I + 2*ArcSin[a*x])/2]))/(4*a)`

### 3.448.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$ , Rules used = {5335, 4976, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{5335} \\
 \frac{\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax)}{a} \\
 \downarrow \text{4976} \\
 \frac{\int \left( \frac{1}{2} e^{\arcsin(ax)^2 - i \arcsin(ax)} + \frac{1}{2} e^{\arcsin(ax)^2 + i \arcsin(ax)} \right) d \arcsin(ax)}{a} \\
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{4} \sqrt[4]{e} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(2 \arcsin(ax) - i)\right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt[4]{e} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(2 \arcsin(ax) + i)\right)}{a}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a*x]^2,x]`

output `((E^(1/4)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(-I + 2*ArcSin[a*x])/2])/4 + (E^(1/4)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(I + 2*ArcSin[a*x])/2])/4)/a`

#### 3.448.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4976 `Int[Cos[v_]^(n_.)*(F_)^(u_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^u, Cos[v]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[F, x] && (LinearQ[u, x] || PolyQ[u, x, 2]) && (LinearQ[v, x] || PolyQ[v, x, 2]) && IGtQ[n, 0]`

```
rule 5335 Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(c_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[
1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin
[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

### 3.448.4 Maple [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2),x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2),x)`

### 3.448.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} dx = \int e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(e^(arcsin(a*x)^2), x)`

### 3.448.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} dx = \int e^{\text{asin}^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x)**2),x)`

output `Integral(exp(asin(a*x)**2), x)`

**3.448.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} dx = \int e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(e^(arcsin(a*x)^2), x)`

**3.448.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} dx = \int e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(e^(arcsin(a*x)^2), x)`

**3.448.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} dx = \int e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(exp(asin(a*x)^2),x)`

output `int(exp(asin(a*x)^2), x)`

**3.449**       $\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x} dx$

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 3.449.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . . 3181

**3.449.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x} dx = a\text{Int}\left(\frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{ax}, x\right)$$

output `a*CannotIntegrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)/a/x,x)`

**3.449.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]^2/x,x]`

output `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]^2/x, x]`

**3.449.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5335, 27, 7299}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x} dx$$

↓ 5335

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x} d \arcsin(ax)$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{ax} d \arcsin(ax)$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{ax} d \arcsin(ax)$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a*x]^2/x,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.449.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`



rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

### 3.449.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x} dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)/x,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)/x,x)`

### 3.449.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(e^(arcsin(a*x)^2)/x, x)`

### 3.449.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin^2(ax)}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x)**2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(exp(asin(a*x)**2)/x, x)`

---

3.449.  $\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x} dx$

**3.449.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(e^(arcsin(a*x)^2)/x, x)`**3.449.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(e^(arcsin(a*x)^2)/x, x)`**3.449.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x} dx$$

input `int(exp(asin(a*x)^2)/x,x)`output `int(exp(asin(a*x)^2)/x, x)`

---

3.449.  $\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x} dx$

$$3.450 \quad \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x^2} dx$$

3.450.1 Optimal result	3182
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3.450.3 Rubi [N/A]	3183
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3.450.6 Sympy [N/A]	3184
3.450.7 Maxima [N/A]	3185
3.450.8 Giac [N/A]	3185
3.450.9 Mupad [N/A]	3185

### 3.450.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x^2} dx = a^2 \text{Int} \left( \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{a^2 x^2}, x \right)$$

output `a^2*CannotIntegrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)/a^2/x^2,x)`

### 3.450.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]^2/x^2,x]`

output `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]^2/x^2, x]`

**3.450.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5335, 27, 7299}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 5335

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2} d \arcsin(ax)$$

↓ 27

$$a \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax)$$

↓ 7299

$$a \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2} \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax)$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a*x]^2/x^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.450.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_) + (b_)*(x)]^(n_)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

### 3.450.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)/x^2,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)/x^2,x)`

### 3.450.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(e^(arcsin(a*x)^2)/x^2, x)`

### 3.450.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin^2(ax)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x)**2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(exp(asin(a*x)**2)/x**2, x)`

---

3.450.  $\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x^2} dx$

**3.450.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(e^(arcsin(a*x)^2)/x^2, x)`**3.450.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(ax)^2)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x)^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(e^(arcsin(a*x)^2)/x^2, x)`**3.450.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(exp(asin(a*x)^2)/x^2,x)`output `int(exp(asin(a*x)^2)/x^2, x)`

---

3.450.  $\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)^2}}{x^2} dx$

### 3.451 $\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^3 dx$

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3.451.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	3189
3.451.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3190
3.451.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3190
3.451.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3191
3.451.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3191
3.451.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3192

#### 3.451.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 309

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^3 dx = & -\frac{3ae^{\arcsin(a+bx)}(a+bx)}{8b^4} - \frac{a^3e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}(a+bx)}{2b^4} \\
 & - \frac{3ae^{\arcsin(a+bx)}\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{8b^4} - \frac{a^3e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2b^4} \\
 & - \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}\cos(2\arcsin(a+bx))}{10b^4} \\
 & - \frac{3a^2e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}\cos(2\arcsin(a+bx))}{5b^4} \\
 & + \frac{3ae^{\arcsin(a+bx)}\cos(3\arcsin(a+bx))}{40b^4} \\
 & + \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}\cos(4\arcsin(a+bx))}{34b^4} + \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}\sin(2\arcsin(a+bx))}{20b^4} \\
 & + \frac{3a^2e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}\sin(2\arcsin(a+bx))}{10b^4} \\
 & + \frac{9ae^{\arcsin(a+bx)}\sin(3\arcsin(a+bx))}{40b^4} \\
 & - \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}\sin(4\arcsin(a+bx))}{136b^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -3/8*a*\exp(\arcsin(b*x+a))*(b*x+a)/b^4-1/2*a^3*\exp(\arcsin(b*x+a))*(b*x+a)/b \\ & ^4-1/10*\exp(\arcsin(b*x+a))*\cos(2*\arcsin(b*x+a))/b^4-3/5*a^2*\exp(\arcsin(b*x \\ & +a))*\cos(2*\arcsin(b*x+a))/b^4+3/40*a*\exp(\arcsin(b*x+a))*\cos(3*\arcsin(b*x+a \\ & ))/b^4+1/34*\exp(\arcsin(b*x+a))*\cos(4*\arcsin(b*x+a))/b^4+1/20*\exp(\arcsin(b* \\ & x+a))*\sin(2*\arcsin(b*x+a))/b^4+3/10*a^2*\exp(\arcsin(b*x+a))*\sin(2*\arcsin(b* \\ & x+a))/b^4+9/40*a*\exp(\arcsin(b*x+a))*\sin(3*\arcsin(b*x+a))/b^4-1/136*\exp(arc \\ & sin(b*x+a))*\sin(4*\arcsin(b*x+a))/b^4-3/8*a*\exp(\arcsin(b*x+a))*(1-(b*x+a)^2 \\ & )^(1/2)/b^4-1/2*a^3*\exp(\arcsin(b*x+a))*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^4 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.451.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \left( -255a(a+bx) - 340a^3(a+bx) - 85a(3+4a^2) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} - 68(1+6a^2) \cos(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) \right)}{680b^4}$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*x^3,x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (E^{\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]} * (-255*a*(a + b*x) - 340*a^3*(a + b*x) - 85*a*(3 + 4*a^2) \\ & ) * \text{Sqrt}[1 - (a + b*x)^2] - 68*(1 + 6*a^2) * \text{Cos}[2*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]] + 51*a * \text{Cos} \\ & [3*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]] + 20 * \text{Cos}[4*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]] + 34 * \text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x] \\ & ] + 204*a^2 * \text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]] + 153*a * \text{Sin}[3*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]] - 5 * \text{Sin}[ \\ & 4*\text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]]) / (680*b^4) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.451.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5335, 25, 7292, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$$

↓ 5335



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int -e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+bx}{b}\right)^3 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& - \frac{\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+bx}{b}\right)^3 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 7292 \\
& - \frac{\int -e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^3 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& - \frac{\int -b^3 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^3 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 7293 \\
& \frac{\int \left( e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} a^3 - 3e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} (a+bx) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} a^2 + 3e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} (a+bx)^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} a \right) d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} a^3 (a+bx) e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{1}{2} a^3 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{3}{10} a^2 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) + \frac{3}{5} a^2 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sin(4 \arcsin(a+bx))}{b^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*x^3,x]`

output `-(((3*a*E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*(a + b*x))/8 + (a^3*E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*(a + b*x))/2 + (3*a*E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/8 + (a^3*E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/2 + (E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Cos[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/10 + (3*a^2*E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Cos[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/5 - (3*a*E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Cos[3*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/40 - (E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Cos[4*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/34 - (E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Sin[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/20 - (3*a^2*E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Sin[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/10 - (9*a*E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Sin[3*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/40 + (E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Sin[4*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/136)/b^4`

## 3.451.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5335 `Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`
- rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]`

3.451.4 Maple **[F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(bx+a)} x^3 dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*x^3,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*x^3,x)`

**3.451.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(40b^4x^4 + 7ab^3x^3 - 3(5a^2 + 2)b^2x^2 + 6a^4 + 3(8a^3 + 13a)bx - 57a^2 + (10b^3x^3 - 21ab^2x^2 - 24a^3 + 6a^2b)x - 39a^2 + 12a^2\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1})e^{\arcsin(bx + a)}}{170b^4}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/170*(40*b^4*x^4 + 7*a*b^3*x^3 - 3*(5*a^2 + 2)*b^2*x^2 + 6*a^4 + 3*(8*a^3 + 13*a)*b*x - 57*a^2 + (10*b^3*x^3 - 21*a*b^2*x^2 - 24*a^3 + 6*(5*a^2 + 2)*b*x - 39*a)*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1) - 12)*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^4`**3.451.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3a^4 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{85b^4} + \frac{12a^3 x e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{85b^3} - \frac{12a^3 \sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1} e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{85b^4} - \frac{3a^2 x^2 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{34b^2} + \frac{3a^2 x \sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1} e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{17b^3} \\ \frac{x^4 e^{\arcsin(a)}}{4} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(b*x+a))*x**3,x)`output `Piecewise((3*a**4*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(85*b**4) + 12*a**3*x*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(85*b**3) - 12*a**3*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(85*b**4) - 3*a**2*x**2*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(34*b**2) + 3*a**2*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(17*b**3) - 57*a**2*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(170*b**4) + 7*a*x**3*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(170*b) - 21*a*x**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(170*b**2) + 39*a*x*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(170*b**3) - 39*a*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(170*b**4) + 4*x**4*exp(asin(a + b*x))/17 + x**3*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(17*b) - 3*x**2*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(85*b**2) + 6*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(85*b**3) - 6*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(85*b**4), Ne(b, 0)), (x**4*exp(asin(a))/4, True))`

**3.451.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^3 dx = \int x^3 e^{\arcsin(bx+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3*e^(arcsin(b*x + a)), x)`

**3.451.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\begin{aligned} \int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^3 dx = & -\frac{(bx+a)a^3 e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{2b^4} + \frac{3\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2+1}(bx+a)a^2 e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{5b^4} \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2+1}a^3 e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{2b^4} \\ & - \frac{9((bx+a)^2-1)(bx+a)ae^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{10b^4} \\ & + \frac{6((bx+a)^2-1)a^2 e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{5b^4} \\ & - \frac{(-(bx+a)^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{17b^4} \\ & + \frac{3(-(bx+a)^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}ae^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{10b^4} + \frac{4((bx+a)^2-1)^2 e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{17b^4} \\ & - \frac{3(bx+a)ae^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{5b^4} + \frac{3a^2 e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{5b^4} \\ & + \frac{11\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2+1}(bx+a)e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{85b^4} \\ & - \frac{3\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2+1}ae^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{5b^4} \\ & + \frac{37((bx+a)^2-1)e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{85b^4} + \frac{11e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{85b^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/2*(b*x + a)*a^3*e^{(\arcsin(b*x + a))/b^4} + 3/5*\sqrt{-(b*x + a)^2 + 1}*(b \\
& *x + a)*a^2*e^{(\arcsin(b*x + a))/b^4} - 1/2*\sqrt{-(b*x + a)^2 + 1}*a^3*e^{(\ar \\
& \arcsin(b*x + a))/b^4} - 9/10*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*(b*x + a)*a*e^{(\arcsin(b*x + a) \\
& )/b^4} + 6/5*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*a^2*e^{(\arcsin(b*x + a))/b^4} - 1/17*(-(b*x + \\
& a)^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*(b*x + a)*e^{(\arcsin(b*x + a))/b^4} + 3/10*(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1 \\
& )^{(3/2)}*a*e^{(\arcsin(b*x + a))/b^4} + 4/17*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)^2*e^{(\arcsin(b*x \\
& + a))/b^4} - 3/5*(b*x + a)*a*e^{(\arcsin(b*x + a))/b^4} + 3/5*a^2*e^{(\arcsin(b \\
& *x + a))/b^4} + 11/85*\sqrt{-(b*x + a)^2 + 1}*(b*x + a)*e^{(\arcsin(b*x + a))/ \\
& b^4} - 3/5*\sqrt{-(b*x + a)^2 + 1}*a*e^{(\arcsin(b*x + a))/b^4} + 37/85*((b*x + \\
& a)^2 - 1)*e^{(\arcsin(b*x + a))/b^4} + 11/85*e^{(\arcsin(b*x + a))/b^4}
\end{aligned}$$

### 3.451.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^3 dx = \int x^3 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$$

input `int(x^3*exp(asin(a + b*x)),x)`

output `int(x^3*exp(asin(a + b*x)), x)`

### 3.452 $\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^2 dx$

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#### 3.452.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 205

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^2 dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}(a+bx)}{8b^3} + \frac{a^2 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}(a+bx)}{2b^3} + \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{8b^3} + \frac{a^2 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2b^3} + \frac{2a e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \cos(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{5b^3} - \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \cos(3 \arcsin(a+bx))}{40b^3} - \frac{a e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{5b^3} - \frac{3e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sin(3 \arcsin(a+bx))}{40b^3}$$

```
output 1/8*exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*(b*x+a)/b^3+1/2*a^2*exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*(b*x+a)/b^3+
2/5*a*exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*cos(2*arcsin(b*x+a))/b^3-1/40*exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*
cos(3*arcsin(b*x+a))/b^3-1/5*a*exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*sin(2*arcsin(b*x+a))/b^3
-3/40*exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*sin(3*arcsin(b*x+a))/b^3+1/8*exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*(
1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3+1/2*a^2*exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3
```

**3.452.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \left( 5(a+bx) + 20a^2(a+bx) + 5(1+4a^2) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} + 16a \cos(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) - \cos(3 \arcsin(a+bx)) \right)}{40b^3}$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*x^2,x]`output `(E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*(5*(a + b*x) + 20*a^2*(a + b*x) + 5*(1 + 4*a^2)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2] + 16*a*Cos[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]] - Cos[3*ArcSin[a + b*x]] - 8*a*Sin[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]] - 3*Sin[3*ArcSin[a + b*x]]))/(40*b^3)`**3.452.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$ , Rules used = {5335, 7292, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5335$$

$$\frac{\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \left( \frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+bx}{b} \right)^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 7292$$

$$\frac{\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int b^2 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow 7293$$

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} a^2 - 2e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}(a+bx) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} a + e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}(a+bx)^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{b^3} dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2}a^2(a+bx)e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{1}{2}a^2\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{1}{8}(a+bx)e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*x^2,x]`

output `((E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*(a + b*x))/8 + (a^2*E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*(a + b*x))/2 + (E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/8 + (a^2*E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/2 + (2*a*E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Cos[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/5 - (E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Cos[3*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/40 - (a*E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Sin[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/5 - (3*E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Sin[3*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/40)/b^3`

### 3.452.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]`



**3.452.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(bx+a)} x^2 dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*x^2,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*x^2,x)`

**3.452.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(3b^3x^3 + ab^2x^2 - (2a^2 + 1)bx + (b^2x^2 - 2abx + 2a^2 + 1)\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1} + 3a)e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{10b^3}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/10*(3*b^3*x^3 + a*b^2*x^2 - (2*a^2 + 1)*b*x + (b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x + 2*a^2 + 1)*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1) + 3*a)*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3`

**3.452.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2 x e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{5b^2} + \frac{a^2 \sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1} e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{5b^3} + \frac{ax^2 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{10b} - \frac{ax \sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1} e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{5b^2} + \frac{3ae^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{10b^3} + \\ \frac{x^3 e^{\arcsin(a)}}{3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(b*x+a))*x**2,x)`

```
output Piecewise((-a**2*x*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(5*b**2) + a**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x
- b**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(5*b**3) + a*x**2*exp(asin(a + b*x))/
(10*b) - a*x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(5*b
**2) + 3*a*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(10*b**3) + 3*x**3*exp(asin(a + b*x))/10 + x
**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(10*b) - x*ex
p(asin(a + b*x))/(10*b**2) + sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asi
n(a + b*x))/(10*b**3), Ne(b, 0)), (x**3*exp(asin(a))/3, True))
```

### 3.452.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^2 dx = \int x^2 e^{(\arcsin(bx+a))} dx$$

```
input integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate(x^2*e^(arcsin(b*x + a)), x)
```

### 3.452.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\begin{aligned} \int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^2 dx = & \frac{(bx+a)a^2 e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{2b^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2+1}(bx+a)ae^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{5b^3} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2+1}a^2 e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{2b^3} \\ & + \frac{3((bx+a)^2-1)(bx+a)e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{10b^3} \\ & - \frac{4((bx+a)^2-1)ae^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{5b^3} \\ & - \frac{(-(bx+a)^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{10b^3} + \frac{(bx+a)e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{5b^3} \\ & - \frac{2ae^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{5b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2+1}e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{5b^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(b*x + a)*a^2*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 - 2/5*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)*a*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 + 1/2*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*a^2*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 + 3/10*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*(b*x + a)*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 - 4/5*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*a*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 - 1/10*(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)^(3/2)*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 + 1/5*(b*x + a)*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 - 2/5*a*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3 + 1/5*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^3`

### 3.452.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x^2 dx = \int x^2 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$$

input `int(x^2*exp(asin(a + b*x)),x)`

output `int(x^2*exp(asin(a + b*x)), x)`

### 3.453 $\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x dx$

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#### 3.453.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x dx = -\frac{ae^{\arcsin(a+bx)}(a+bx)}{2b^2} - \frac{ae^{\arcsin(a+bx)}\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2b^2} - \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}\cos(2\arcsin(a+bx))}{5b^2} + \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}\sin(2\arcsin(a+bx))}{10b^2}$$

```
output -1/2*a*exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*(b*x+a)/b^2-1/5*exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*cos(2*arcsin(b*x+a))/b^2+1/10*exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*sin(2*arcsin(b*x+a))/b^2-1/2*a*exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^2
```

#### 3.453.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x dx = -\frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}\left(5a(a+bx) + (3a-2bx)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} + 2\cos(2\arcsin(a+bx))\right)}{10b^2}$$

```
input Integrate[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*x,x]
```

```
output -1/10*(E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*(5*a*(a + b*x) + (3*a - 2*b*x)*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2] + 2*Cos[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]]))/b^2
```

**3.453.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {5335, 25, 7292, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5335} \\
 & \frac{\int -e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+bx}{b}\right) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+bx}{b}\right) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7292} \\
 & - \frac{\int -e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{\int -b e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left( a e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} - e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} (a+bx) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{1}{2} a (a+bx) e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{1}{2} a \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} - \frac{1}{10} e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sin(2 \arcsin(a+bx)) + \frac{1}{5} e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \cos(2 \arcsin(a+bx))}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*x,x]`

output `-(((a*E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*(a + b*x))/2 + (a*E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/2 + (E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Cos[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/5 - (E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Sin[2*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/10)/b^2)`

## 3.453.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5335 `Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`
- rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]`

3.453.4 Maple **[F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(bx+a)} x dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*x,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*x,x)`

**3.453.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x dx$$

$$= \frac{(4b^2x^2 + 3abx - a^2 + \sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1})(2bx - 3a) - 2}{10b^2} e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/10*(4*b^2*x^2 + 3*a*b*x - a^2 + sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1))*(2*b*x - 3*a) - 2)*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^2`**3.453.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{10b^2} + \frac{3ax e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{10b} - \frac{3a\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1} e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{10b^2} + \frac{2x^2 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{5} + \frac{x\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1} e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{5b} - \frac{x^2 e^{\arcsin(a)}}{2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(b*x+a))*x,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**2*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(10*b**2) + 3*a*x*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(10*b) - 3*a*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(10*b**2) + 2*x**2*exp(asin(a + b*x))/5 + x*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(5*b) - exp(asin(a + b*x))/(5*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2*exp(asin(a))/2, True))`

**3.453.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x dx = \int x e^{\arcsin(bx+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x*e^(arcsin(b*x + a)), x)`

**3.453.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x dx = -\frac{(bx+a)ae^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{2b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2+1}(bx+a)e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{5b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2+1}ae^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{2b^2} + \frac{2((bx+a)^2-1)e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{5b^2} + \frac{e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{5b^2}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(b*x + a)*a*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^2 + 1/5*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*(b*x + a)*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^2 - 1/2*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*a*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^2 + 2/5*((b*x + a)^2 - 1)*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^2 + 1/5*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b^2`

**3.453.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} x dx = \int x e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$$

input `int(x*exp(asin(a + b*x)),x)`

output `int(x*exp(asin(a + b*x)), x)`



### 3.454 $\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$

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3.454.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3207

#### 3.454.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}(a+bx)}{2b} + \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2b}$$

output `1/2*exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*(b*x+a)/b+1/2*exp(arcsin(b*x+a))*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b`

#### 3.454.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}(a+bx + \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2})}{2b}$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a + b*x], x]`

output `(E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*(a + b*x + Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]))/(2*b)`

**3.454.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {5335, 4933}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5335}$$

$$\frac{\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sqrt{1 - (a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4933}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(a+bx)e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1 - (a+bx)^2}e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{b}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a + b*x],x]`

output `((E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*(a + b*x))/2 + (E^ArcSin[a + b*x]*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2])/2)/b`

**3.454.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 4933 `Int[Cos[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)]*(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] + Simp[e*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Sin[d + e*x]/(e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)]^(n_.)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

**3.454.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(bx+a)} dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)),x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)),x)`

**3.454.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \frac{(bx + a + \sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1})e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{2b}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b*x + a + sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1))*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b`

**3.454.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{ae^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{2b} + \frac{xe^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2+1}e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{2b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ xe^{\arcsin(a)} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(b*x+a)),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(2*b) + x*exp(asin(a + b*x))/2 + sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a + b*x))/(2*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x*exp(asin(a)), True))`

**3.454.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \int e^{(\arcsin(bx+a))} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(e^(arcsin(b*x + a)), x)`

**3.454.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \frac{(bx+a)e^{(\arcsin(bx+a))}}{2b} + \frac{\sqrt{-(bx+a)^2+1}e^{(\arcsin(bx+a))}}{2b}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(b*x + a)*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b + 1/2*sqrt(-(b*x + a)^2 + 1)*e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/b`

**3.454.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx = \int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} dx$$

input `int(exp(asin(a + b*x)),x)`

output `int(exp(asin(a + b*x)), x)`

### 3.455 $\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x} dx$

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3.455.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . .	3209
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3.455.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	3212
3.455.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	3212

#### 3.455.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x} dx = b \text{Int}\left(\frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{bx}, x\right)$$

output `b*CannotIntegrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))/b/x,x)`

#### 3.455.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]/x,x]`

output `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]/x, x]`

**3.455.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5335, 25, 7292, 27, 7299}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5335} \\
 & \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+bx}{b}} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+bx}{b}} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7292} \\
 & \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{x} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{bx} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7299} \\
 & - \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{bx} d \arcsin(a+bx)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]/x,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.455.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**3.455.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{x} dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))/x,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))/x,x)`

**3.455.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(bx+a))}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/x, x)`**3.455.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{\text{asin}(a+bx)}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(b*x+a))/x,x)`output `Integral(exp(asin(a + b*x))/x, x)`**3.455.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(bx+a))}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/x, x)`



**3.455.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(bx+a))}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/x, x)`**3.455.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x} dx$$

input `int(exp(asin(a + b*x))/x,x)`output `int(exp(asin(a + b*x))/x, x)`

$$\mathbf{3.456} \quad \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x^2} dx$$

3.456.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3213
3.456.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . .	3213
3.456.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . .	3214
3.456.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) . . . . .	3215
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3.456.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . .	3216
3.456.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	3217

### 3.456.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x^2} dx = b^2 \text{Int}\left(\frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{b^2 x^2}, x\right)$$

output `b^2*CannotIntegrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))/b^2/x^2,x)`

### 3.456.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]/x^2,x]`

output `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]/x^2, x]`

**3.456.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5335, 7292, 27, 7299}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x^2} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{5335} \\
 \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+bx}{b}\right)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
 \hline
 b \\
 \downarrow \text{7292} \\
 \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{x^2} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
 \hline
 b \\
 \downarrow \text{27} \\
 b \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{b^2 x^2} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
 \downarrow \text{7299} \\
 b \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{b^2 x^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]/x^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.456.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**3.456.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))/x^2,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))/x^2,x)`

**3.456.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(bx+a)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/x^2, x)`

**3.456.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{asin}(a+bx)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(b*x+a))/x**2,x)`output `Integral(exp(asin(a + b*x))/x**2, x)`**3.456.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(bx+a))}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/x^2, x)`**3.456.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(bx+a))}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(e^(arcsin(b*x + a))/x^2, x)`

**3.456.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{\sin(a+bx)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(exp(asin(a + b*x))/x^2,x)`output `int(exp(asin(a + b*x))/x^2, x)`

### 3.457 $\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^3 dx$

3.457.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3218
3.457.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3219
3.457.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3219
3.457.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	3221
3.457.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	3222
3.457.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3222
3.457.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3222
3.457.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3223
3.457.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3223

#### 3.457.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 381

$$\begin{aligned} \int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^3 dx = & \frac{e\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(1-i\arcsin(a+bx))}{16b^4} + \frac{3a^2e\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(1-i\arcsin(a+bx))}{8b^4} \\ & - \frac{e^4\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(2-i\arcsin(a+bx))}{32b^4} + \frac{e\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(1+i\arcsin(a+bx))}{16b^4} \\ & + \frac{3a^2e\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(1+i\arcsin(a+bx))}{8b^4} - \frac{e^4\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(2+i\arcsin(a+bx))}{32b^4} \\ & - \frac{3a^4\sqrt{e}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-i+2\arcsin(a+bx))\right)}{16b^4} \\ & - \frac{a^3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-i+2\arcsin(a+bx))\right)}{4b^4} \\ & - \frac{3a^4\sqrt{e}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(i+2\arcsin(a+bx))\right)}{16b^4} \\ & - \frac{a^3\sqrt{e}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(i+2\arcsin(a+bx))\right)}{4b^4} \\ & + \frac{3ae^{9/4}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-3i+2\arcsin(a+bx))\right)}{16b^4} \\ & + \frac{3ae^{9/4}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(3i+2\arcsin(a+bx))\right)}{16b^4} \end{aligned}$$

output  $1/16*I*\exp(1)*\operatorname{erfi}(-I+\arcsin(b*x+a))*\Pi^{(1/2)}/b^4+3/8*I*a^2*\exp(1)*\operatorname{erfi}(-I+\arcsin(b*x+a))*\Pi^{(1/2)}/b^4-1/16*I*\exp(1)*\operatorname{erfi}(I+\arcsin(b*x+a))*\Pi^{(1/2)}/b^4-3/8*I*a^2*\exp(1)*\operatorname{erfi}(I+\arcsin(b*x+a))*\Pi^{(1/2)}/b^4-1/32*I*\exp(4)*\operatorname{erfi}(-2*I+\arcsin(b*x+a))*\Pi^{(1/2)}/b^4+1/32*I*\exp(4)*\operatorname{erfi}(2*I+\arcsin(b*x+a))*\Pi^{(1/2)}/b^4-3/16*a*\exp(1/4)*\operatorname{erfi}(-1/2*I+\arcsin(b*x+a))*\Pi^{(1/2)}/b^4-1/4*a^3*\exp(1/4)*\operatorname{erfi}(-1/2*I+\arcsin(b*x+a))*\Pi^{(1/2)}/b^4-3/16*a*\exp(1/4)*\operatorname{erfi}(1/2*I+\arcsin(b*x+a))*\Pi^{(1/2)}/b^4-1/4*a^3*\exp(1/4)*\operatorname{erfi}(1/2*I+\arcsin(b*x+a))*\Pi^{(1/2)}/b^4+3/16*a*\exp(9/4)*\operatorname{erfi}(-3/2*I+\arcsin(b*x+a))*\Pi^{(1/2)}/b^4+3/16*a*\exp(9/4)*\operatorname{erfi}(3/2*I+\arcsin(b*x+a))*\Pi^{(1/2)}/b^4$

### 3.457.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^3 dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(-2(e+6a^2e)\operatorname{erf}(1-i\arcsin(a+bx))+e^4\operatorname{erf}(2-i\arcsin(a+bx))+\sqrt[4]{e}(-2ia(3+4a^2)\operatorname{erf}(\frac{1}{2}+i\arcsin(a+bx))))}{b^4}$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]^2*x^3,x]`

output  $-1/32*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[\Pi]*(-2*(E+6*a^2*E)*\operatorname{Erf}[1-I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[a+b*x]]+E^4*\operatorname{Erf}[2-I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[a+b*x]]+E^{(1/4)}*((-2*I)*a*(3+4*a^2)*\operatorname{Erf}[1/2+I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[a+b*x]]-2*(1+6*a^2)*E^{(3/4)}*\operatorname{Erf}[1+I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[a+b*x]]+(6*I)*a*E^2*\operatorname{Erf}[3/2+I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[a+b*x]]+E^{(15/4)}*\operatorname{Erf}[2+I*\operatorname{ArcSin}[a+b*x]]+6*a*\operatorname{Erfi}[(I+2*\operatorname{ArcSin}[a+b*x])/2]+8*a^3*\operatorname{Erfi}[(I+2*\operatorname{ArcSin}[a+b*x])/2]-6*a*E^2*\operatorname{Erfi}[(3*I+2*\operatorname{ArcSin}[a+b*x])/2]))))/b^4$

### 3.457.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {5335, 25, 7292, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
\int -e^{\arcsin(ax+bx)^2} \left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+bx}{b}\right)^3 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d\arcsin(a+bx) \\
\downarrow \text{5335} \\
\frac{\int -e^{\arcsin(ax+bx)^2} \left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+bx}{b}\right)^3 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d\arcsin(a+bx)}{b} \\
\downarrow \text{25} \\
-\frac{\int e^{\arcsin(ax+bx)^2} \left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+bx}{b}\right)^3 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d\arcsin(a+bx)}{b} \\
\downarrow \text{7292} \\
-\frac{\int -e^{\arcsin(ax+bx)^2} x^3 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d\arcsin(a+bx)}{b} \\
\downarrow \text{27} \\
-\frac{\int -b^3 e^{\arcsin(ax+bx)^2} x^3 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d\arcsin(a+bx)}{b^4} \\
\downarrow \text{7293} \\
-\frac{\int \left( e^{\arcsin(ax+bx)^2} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} a^3 - 3e^{\arcsin(ax+bx)^2} (a+bx) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} a^2 + 3e^{\arcsin(ax+bx)^2} (a+bx)^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \right) dx}{b^4} \\
\downarrow \text{2009} \\
-\frac{\frac{1}{4}\sqrt[4]{e}\sqrt{\pi}a^3\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(2\arcsin(a+bx)-i)\right) + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt[4]{e}\sqrt{\pi}a^3\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(2\arcsin(a+bx)+i)\right) - \frac{3}{8}e\sqrt{\pi}a^2\operatorname{erf}(1-i\arcsin(a+bx))}{b^4}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]^2*x^3,x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned}
& -\left(-\frac{1}{16}(E\sqrt{\pi})\operatorname{Erf}\left[1-I\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[a+b*x\right]\right]\right) - \left(3a^2E\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{Erf}\left[1-I\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[a+b*x\right]\right]\right)/8 + \left(E^4\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{Erf}\left[2-I\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[a+b*x\right]\right]\right)/32 - \\
& \left(E\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{Erf}\left[1+I\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[a+b*x\right]\right]\right)/16 - \left(3a^2E\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{Erf}\left[1+I\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[a+b*x\right]\right]\right)/8 + \left(E^4\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{Erf}\left[2+I\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[a+b*x\right]\right]\right)/32 + \left(3aE^{1/4}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{Erfi}\left[\frac{-I+2\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[a+b*x\right]}{2}\right]\right)/16 + \left(a^3E^{1/4}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{Erfi}\left[\frac{-I+2\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[a+b*x\right]}{2}\right]\right)/4 + \left(3aE^{1/4}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{Erfi}\left[\frac{I+2\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[a+b*x\right]}{2}\right]\right)/16 + \left(a^3E^{1/4}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{Erfi}\left[\frac{I+2\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[a+b*x\right]}{2}\right]\right)/4 - \left(3aE^{9/4}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{Erfi}\left[\frac{-3I+2\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[a+b*x\right]}{2}\right]\right)/16 - \left(3aE^{9/4}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{Erfi}\left[\frac{3I+2\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[a+b*x\right]}{2}\right]\right)/16\right)/b^4
\end{aligned}$$

## 3.457.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5335 `Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`
- rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]`

3.457.4 Maple **[F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(bx+a)^2} x^3 dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)*x^3,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)*x^3,x)`

**3.457.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^3 dx = \int x^3 e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^3*e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2), x)`

**3.457.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^3 dx = \int x^3 e^{\arcsin^2(a+bx)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(b*x+a)**2)*x**3,x)`

output `Integral(x**3*exp(asin(a + b*x)**2), x)`

**3.457.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^3 dx = \int x^3 e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3*e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2), x)`

**3.457.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^3 dx = \int x^3 e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3*e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2), x)`

**3.457.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^3 dx = \int x^3 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^3*exp(asin(a + b*x)^2),x)`

output `int(x^3*exp(asin(a + b*x)^2), x)`

### 3.458 $\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^2 dx$

3.458.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3224
3.458.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3225
3.458.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3225
3.458.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	3227
3.458.5 Fricas [F] . . . . .	3227
3.458.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3227
3.458.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3228
3.458.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3228
3.458.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3228

#### 3.458.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 265

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^2 dx = -\frac{ae\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(1-i\arcsin(a+bx))}{4b^3} - \frac{ae\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(1+i\arcsin(a+bx))}{4b^3} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{e}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-i+2\arcsin(a+bx))\right)}{16b^3} + \frac{a^2\sqrt[4]{e}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-i+2\arcsin(a+bx))\right)}{4b^3} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{e}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(i+2\arcsin(a+bx))\right)}{16b^3} + \frac{a^2\sqrt[4]{e}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(i+2\arcsin(a+bx))\right)}{4b^3} - \frac{e^{9/4}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-3i+2\arcsin(a+bx))\right)}{16b^3} - \frac{e^{9/4}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(3i+2\arcsin(a+bx))\right)}{16b^3}$$

output

```
-1/4*I*a*exp(1)*erfi(-I+arcsin(b*x+a))*Pi^(1/2)/b^3+1/4*I*a*exp(1)*erfi(I+arcsin(b*x+a))*Pi^(1/2)/b^3+1/16*exp(1/4)*erfi(-1/2*I+arcsin(b*x+a))*Pi^(1/2)/b^3+1/4*a^2*exp(1/4)*erfi(-1/2*I+arcsin(b*x+a))*Pi^(1/2)/b^3+1/16*exp(1/4)*erfi(1/2*I+arcsin(b*x+a))*Pi^(1/2)/b^3+1/4*a^2*exp(1/4)*erfi(1/2*I+arcsin(b*x+a))*Pi^(1/2)/b^3-1/16*exp(9/4)*erfi(-3/2*I+arcsin(b*x+a))*Pi^(1/2)/b^3-1/16*exp(9/4)*erfi(3/2*I+arcsin(b*x+a))*Pi^(1/2)/b^3
```

**3.458.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^2 dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(4ae\operatorname{erf}(1 - i \arcsin(a + bx)) + i\sqrt[4]{e}(-((1 + 4a^2) \operatorname{erf}(\frac{1}{2} - i \arcsin(a + bx)))) + e^2 \operatorname{erf}(\frac{3}{2} - i \arcsin(a + bx)))}{b^3}$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]^2*x^2,x]`output `-1/16*(Sqrt[Pi]*(4*a*E*Erf[1 - I*ArcSin[a + b*x]] + I*E^(1/4)*(-((1 + 4*a^2)*Erf[1/2 - I*ArcSin[a + b*x]])) + E^2*Erf[3/2 - I*ArcSin[a + b*x]] + Erf[1/2 + I*ArcSin[a + b*x]] + 4*a^2*Erf[1/2 + I*ArcSin[a + b*x]] - (4*I)*a*E^(3/4)*Erf[1 + I*ArcSin[a + b*x]] - E^2*Erf[3/2 + I*ArcSin[a + b*x]])))/b^3`**3.458.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$ , Rules used = {5335, 7292, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int x^2 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx \\ \downarrow 5335 \\ \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} \left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+bx}{b}\right)^2 \sqrt{1 - (a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b} \\ \downarrow 7292 \\ \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^2 \sqrt{1 - (a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b} \\ \downarrow 27 \\ \int \frac{b^2 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^2 \sqrt{1 - (a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b^3} \\ \downarrow 7293 \end{array}$$

$$\int \frac{\left( e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} a^2 - 2e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} (a+bx) \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} a + e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} (a+bx)^2 \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} \right)}{b^3} dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{4} \sqrt[4]{e} \sqrt{\pi} a^2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(2 \arcsin(a+bx) - i)\right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt[4]{e} \sqrt{\pi} a^2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(2 \arcsin(a+bx) + i)\right) - \frac{1}{4} e \sqrt{\pi} a \operatorname{erf}(1 - i \arcsin(a+bx))$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]^2*x^2,x]`

output `(-1/4*(a*E*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[1 - I*ArcSin[a + b*x]]) - (a*E*Sqrt[Pi]*Erf[1 + I*ArcSin[a + b*x]])/4 + (E^(1/4)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(-I + 2*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2])/16 + (a^2*E^(1/4)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(-I + 2*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2])/4 + (E^(1/4)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(I + 2*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2])/16 + (a^2*E^(1/4)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(I + 2*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2])/4 - (E^(9/4)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(-3*I + 2*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2])/16 - (E^(9/4)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(3*I + 2*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2])/16)/b^3`

### 3.458.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]`

**3.458.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(bx+a)^2} x^2 dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)*x^2,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)*x^2,x)`

**3.458.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^2 dx = \int x^2 e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^2*e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2), x)`

**3.458.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^2 dx = \int x^2 e^{\arcsin^2(a+bx)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(b*x+a)**2)*x**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*exp(asin(a + b*x)**2), x)`



**3.458.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^2 dx = \int x^2 e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2*e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2), x)`

**3.458.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^2 dx = \int x^2 e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2*e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2), x)`

**3.458.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x^2 dx = \int x^2 e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*exp(asin(a + b*x)^2),x)`

output `int(x^2*exp(asin(a + b*x)^2), x)`

### 3.459 $\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x dx$

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#### 3.459.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x dx = \frac{e\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(1 - i \arcsin(a + bx))}{8b^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(1 + i \arcsin(a + bx))}{8b^2} - \frac{a\sqrt[4]{e}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-i + 2 \arcsin(a + bx))\right)}{4b^2} - \frac{a\sqrt[4]{e}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(i + 2 \arcsin(a + bx))\right)}{4b^2}$$

output  $1/8*I*\exp(1)*\operatorname{erfi}(-I+\arcsin(b*x+a))*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^2-1/8*I*\exp(1)*\operatorname{erfi}(I+\arcsin(b*x+a))*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^2-1/4*a*\exp(1/4)*\operatorname{erfi}(-1/2*I+\arcsin(b*x+a))*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^2-1/4*a*\exp(1/4)*\operatorname{erfi}(1/2*I+\arcsin(b*x+a))*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/b^2$

#### 3.459.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}(\operatorname{erf}(1 - i \arcsin(a + bx)) + \operatorname{erf}(1 + i \arcsin(a + bx))) - 2a\sqrt[4]{e}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-i + 2 \arcsin(a + bx))\right) - 2a\sqrt[4]{e}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(i + 2 \arcsin(a + bx))\right)}{8b^2}$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]^2*x,x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}] * (\text{E} * \text{Erf}[1 - \text{I} * \text{ArcSin}[a + b * x]] + \text{E} * \text{Erf}[1 + \text{I} * \text{ArcSin}[a + b * x]] - 2 * a * \text{E}^{(1/4)} * \text{Erfi}[(-\text{I} + 2 * \text{ArcSin}[a + b * x])/2] - 2 * a * \text{E}^{(1/4)} * \text{Erfi}[(\text{I} + 2 * \text{ArcSin}[a + b * x])/2])) / (8 * b^2)$

### 3.459.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {5335, 25, 7292, 27, 7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5335} \\
 & \frac{\int -e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} \left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+bx}{b}\right) \sqrt{1 - (a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} \left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+bx}{b}\right) \sqrt{1 - (a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7292} \\
 & - \frac{\int -e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x \sqrt{1 - (a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{\int -b e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x \sqrt{1 - (a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left( a e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} \sqrt{1 - (a+bx)^2} - e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} (a+bx) \sqrt{1 - (a+bx)^2} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{1}{8} e \sqrt{\pi} \text{erf}(1 - i \arcsin(a+bx)) - \frac{1}{8} e \sqrt{\pi} \text{erf}(1 + i \arcsin(a+bx)) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt[4]{e} \sqrt{\pi} \text{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(2 \arcsin(a+bx) - i)\right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt[4]{e}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[E^{\text{ArcSin}[a + b * x]^2 * x}, x]$

```
output 
$$-\left(-\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{Erf}\left[1 - I \operatorname{ArcSin}[a + b x]\right]\right) - \left(\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{Erf}\left[1 + I \operatorname{ArcSin}[a + b x]\right]\right) / 8 + \left(a E^{1/4} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{Erfi}\left[\frac{-I + 2 \operatorname{ArcSin}[a + b x]}{2}\right]\right) / 4 + \left(a E^{1/4} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{Erfi}\left[\frac{I + 2 \operatorname{ArcSin}[a + b x]}{2}\right]\right) / 4 / b^2$$

```

### 3.459.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 5335 Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(c_.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 7292 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]
```

```
rule 7293 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]
```

### 3.459.4 Maple [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(bx+a)^2} x dx$$

```
input int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)*x,x)
```

```
output int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)*x,x)
```

**3.459.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x dx = \int x e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x*e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2), x)`

**3.459.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x dx = \int x e^{\arcsin^2(a+bx)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(b*x+a)**2)*x,x)`

output `Integral(x*exp(asin(a + b*x)**2), x)`

**3.459.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x dx = \int x e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x*e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2), x)`

**3.459.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x dx = \int x e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x*e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2), x)`

**3.459.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} x dx = \int x e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$$

input `int(x*exp(asin(a + b*x)^2),x)`

output `int(x*exp(asin(a + b*x)^2), x)`

### 3.460 $\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$

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#### 3.460.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt[4]{e}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-i + 2 \arcsin(a + bx))\right)}{4b} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{e}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(i + 2 \arcsin(a + bx))\right)}{4b}$$

output `1/4*exp(1/4)*erfi(-1/2*I+arcsin(b*x+a))*Pi^(1/2)/b+1/4*exp(1/4)*erfi(1/2*I+arcsin(b*x+a))*Pi^(1/2)/b`

#### 3.460.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt[4]{e}\sqrt{\pi}\left(\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-i + 2 \arcsin(a + bx))\right) + \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(i + 2 \arcsin(a + bx))\right)\right)}{4b}$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `(E^(1/4)*Sqrt[Pi]*(Erfi[(-I + 2*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2] + Erfi[(I + 2*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2]))/(4*b)`

**3.460.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$ , Rules used = {5335, 4976, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax+bx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5335}$$

$$\frac{\int e^{\arcsin(ax+bx)^2} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4976}$$

$$\frac{\int \left( \frac{1}{2} e^{\arcsin(ax+bx)^2 - i \arcsin(ax+bx)} + \frac{1}{2} e^{\arcsin(ax+bx)^2 + i \arcsin(ax+bx)} \right) d \arcsin(a+bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} \sqrt[4]{e} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(2 \arcsin(a+bx) - i)\right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt[4]{e} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{1}{2}(2 \arcsin(a+bx) + i)\right)}{b}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]^2,x]`

output `((E^(1/4)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(-I + 2*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2])/4 + (E^(1/4)*Sqrt[Pi]*Erfi[(I + 2*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2])/4)/b`

**3.460.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4976 `Int[Cos[v_]^(n_.)*(F_)^(u_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigToExp[F^u, Cos[v]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[F, x] && (LinearQ[u, x] || PolyQ[u, x, 2]) && (LinearQ[v, x] || PolyQ[v, x, 2]) && IGtQ[n, 0]`



```
rule 5335 Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)*(c_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[
1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin
[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

### 3.460.4 Maple [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(bx+a)^2} dx$$

```
input int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2),x)
```

```
output int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2),x)
```

### 3.460.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = \int e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)} dx$$

```
input integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2), x)
```

### 3.460.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = \int e^{\text{asin}^2(a+bx)} dx$$

```
input integrate(exp(asin(b*x+a)**2),x)
```

```
output Integral(exp(asin(a + b*x)**2), x)
```

**3.460.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = \int e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2), x)`

**3.460.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = \int e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2), x)`

**3.460.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx = \int e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} dx$$

input `int(exp(asin(a + b*x)^2),x)`

output `int(exp(asin(a + b*x)^2), x)`

$$\mathbf{3.461} \quad \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x} dx$$

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3.461.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . .	3242

### 3.461.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x} dx = b \text{Int} \left( \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{bx}, x \right)$$

output `b*CannotIntegrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)/b/x,x)`

### 3.461.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/x,x]`

output `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/x, x]`

**3.461.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5335, 25, 7292, 27, 7299}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5335} \\
 & \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+bx}{b}} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+bx}{b}} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7292} \\
 & \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{x} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{bx} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7299} \\
 & - \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{bx} d \arcsin(a+bx)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/x,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.461.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**3.461.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(bx+a)^2}}{x} dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)/x,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)/x,x)`

**3.461.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2)/x, x)`**3.461.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin^2(a+bx)}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(b*x+a)**2)/x,x)`output `Integral(exp(asin(a + b*x)**2)/x, x)`**3.461.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2)/x, x)`

---

3.461.  $\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x} dx$

**3.461.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2)/x, x)`**3.461.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x} dx$$

input `int(exp(asin(a + b*x)^2)/x,x)`output `int(exp(asin(a + b*x)^2)/x, x)`

**3.462**  $\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x^2} dx$

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 3.462.2 Mathematica [N/A] . . . . . 3243  
 3.462.3 Rubi [N/A] . . . . . 3244  
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 3.462.8 Giac [N/A] . . . . . 3246  
 3.462.9 Mupad [N/A] . . . . . 3247

**3.462.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x^2} dx = b^2 \text{Int} \left( \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{b^2 x^2}, x \right)$$

output `b^2*CannotIntegrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)/b^2/x^2,x)`

**3.462.2 Mathematica [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/x^2,x]`

output `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/x^2, x]`



**3.462.3 Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 0,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$ , Rules used = {5335, 7292, 27, 7299}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x^2} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{5335} \\
 \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+bx}{b}\right)^2} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
 \hline
 b \\
 \downarrow \text{7292} \\
 \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{x^2} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
 \hline
 b \\
 \downarrow \text{27} \\
 b \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{b^2 x^2} d \arcsin(a+bx) \\
 \downarrow \text{7299} \\
 b \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2} \sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{b^2 x^2} d \arcsin(a+bx)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a + b*x]^2/x^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.462.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**3.462.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)**

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(bx+a)^2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)/x^2,x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)/x^2,x)`

**3.462.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2)/x^2, x)`

### 3.462.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin^2(a+bx)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(b*x+a)**2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(exp(asin(a + b*x)**2)/x**2, x)`

### 3.462.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2)/x^2, x)`

### 3.462.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(bx+a)^2)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(b*x+a)^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(e^(arcsin(b*x + a)^2)/x^2, x)`

### 3.462.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(a+bx)^2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{asin}(a+bx)^2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(exp(asin(a + b*x)^2)/x^2,x)`

output `int(exp(asin(a + b*x)^2)/x^2, x)`

### 3.463 $\int e^{\arcsin(ax)}(1 - a^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$

3.463.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3248
3.463.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3248
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3.463.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3251
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3.463.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3252
3.463.8 Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	3252
3.463.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3252

#### 3.463.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)}(1 - a^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{144e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{629a} + \frac{144}{629}e^{\arcsin(ax)}x\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} + \frac{72e^{\arcsin(ax)}(1 - a^2x^2)}{629a} + \frac{120}{629}e^{\arcsin(ax)}x(1 - a^2x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{30e^{\arcsin(ax)}(1 - a^2x^2)^2}{629a} + \frac{6}{37}e^{\arcsin(ax)}x(1 - a^2x^2)^{5/2} + \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}(1 - a^2x^2)^3}{37a}$$

```
output 144/629*exp(arcsin(a*x))/a+72/629*exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)/a+120/629*
exp(arcsin(a*x))*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)+30/629*exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)
^2/a+6/37*exp(arcsin(a*x))*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(5/2)+1/37*exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^
2*x^2+1)^3/a+144/629*exp(arcsin(a*x))*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.463.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)}(1 - a^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}(6290 + 1887 \cos(2 \arcsin(ax)) + 222 \cos(4 \arcsin(ax)) + 17 \cos(6 \arcsin(ax)) + 37 \cos(8 \arcsin(ax)))}{20128a}$$

```
input Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output  $(E^{\text{ArcSin}[a*x]}*(6290 + 1887*\text{Cos}[2*\text{ArcSin}[a*x]] + 222*\text{Cos}[4*\text{ArcSin}[a*x]] + 17*\text{Cos}[6*\text{ArcSin}[a*x]] + 3774*\text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcSin}[a*x]] + 888*\text{Sin}[4*\text{ArcSin}[a*x]] + 102*\text{Sin}[6*\text{ArcSin}[a*x]]))/(20128*a)$

### 3.463.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {5335, 7292, 7271, 4935, 4935, 4935, 2624}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (1 - a^2 x^2)^{5/2} e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5335$$

$$\frac{\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2)^3 d \arcsin(ax)}{a}$$

$$\downarrow 4935$$

$$\frac{\frac{30}{37} \int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2)^2 d \arcsin(ax) + \frac{1}{37} (1 - a^2 x^2)^3 e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{6}{37} ax (1 - a^2 x^2)^{5/2} e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a}$$

$$\downarrow 4935$$

$$\frac{\frac{30}{37} \left( \frac{12}{17} \int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2) d \arcsin(ax) + \frac{1}{17} (1 - a^2 x^2)^2 e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{4}{17} ax (1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2} e^{\arcsin(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{37} (1 - a^2 x^2)^3 e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a}$$

$$\downarrow 4935$$

$$\frac{\frac{30}{37} \left( \frac{12}{17} \left( \frac{2}{5} \int e^{\arcsin(ax)} d \arcsin(ax) + \frac{2}{5} ax \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{1}{5} (1 - a^2 x^2) e^{\arcsin(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{17} (1 - a^2 x^2)^2 e^{\arcsin(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{37} (1 - a^2 x^2)^3 e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a}$$

$$\downarrow 2624$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{37} (1 - a^2 x^2)^3 e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{6}{37} ax (1 - a^2 x^2)^{5/2} e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{30}{37} \left( \frac{1}{17} (1 - a^2 x^2)^2 e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{4}{17} ax (1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2} e^{\arcsin(ax)} \right)}{a}$$

input  $\text{Int}[E^{\text{ArcSin}[a*x]}*(1 - a^2*x^2)^{(5/2)}, x]$

---

3.463.  $\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx$

output  $((6*a*E^{\text{ArcSin}[a*x]}*x*(1 - a^2*x^2)^{(5/2)})/37 + (E^{\text{ArcSin}[a*x]}*(1 - a^2*x^2)^3)/37 + (30*((4*a*E^{\text{ArcSin}[a*x]}*x*(1 - a^2*x^2)^{(3/2)})/17 + (E^{\text{ArcSin}[a*x]}*(1 - a^2*x^2)^2)/17 + (12*((2*E^{\text{ArcSin}[a*x]})/5 + (2*a*E^{\text{ArcSin}[a*x]}*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2])/5 + (E^{\text{ArcSin}[a*x]}*(1 - a^2*x^2))/5))/17))/37)/a$

### 3.463.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2624  $\text{Int}[(F^v)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(F^v)^n/(n*\text{Log}[F]*D[v, x]), x] /;$   
 $\text{FreeQ}\{F, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[v, x]$

rule 4935  $\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^{(m_)}*(F^{((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))}), x\_Symbol]$   
 $\rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*c*\text{Log}[F]*F^{(c*(a + b*x))}*(\text{Cos}[d + e*x]^{(m)}/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*\text{Log}[F]^2)), x] + (\text{Simp}[e*m*F^{(c*(a + b*x))}*\text{Sin}[d + e*x]*(\text{Cos}[d + e*x]^{(m - 1)}/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*\text{Log}[F]^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(m*(m - 1)*e^2)/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*\text{Log}[F]^2) \text{Int}[F^{(c*(a + b*x))}*\text{Cos}[d + e*x]^{(m - 2)}, x], x]) /;$   
 $\text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*\text{Log}[F]^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1]$

rule 5335  $\text{Int}[(u_.)*(f_)^{\text{ArcSin}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^{(n_)}*(c_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[$   
 $1/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(u / . x \rightarrow -a/b + \text{Sin}[x]/b)*f^{(c*x^n)}*\text{Cos}[x], x], x, \text{ArcSin}[a + b*x]], x] /;$   
 $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, f\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 7271  $\text{Int}[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^{(m_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*((a*v^m)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/v^{(m*\text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{Int}[u*v^{(m*p)}, x], x] /;$   
 $\text{FreeQ}\{a, m, p, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !\text{FreeQ}[v, x] \ \&\& \ !(EqQ[a, 1] \ \&\& \ EqQ[m, 1]) \ \&\& \ !(EqQ[v, x] \ \&\& \ EqQ[m, 1])$

rule 7292  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{v = \text{NormalizeIntegrand}[u, x]\}, \text{Int}[v, x] /;$   
 $v \neq u$

**3.463.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (-a^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(5/2),x)`

**3.463.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{(17a^6x^6 - 81a^4x^4 + 183a^2x^2 - 6(17a^5x^5 - 54a^3x^3 + 61ax)\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} - 263)e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{629a}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-1/629*(17*a^6*x^6 - 81*a^4*x^4 + 183*a^2*x^2 - 6*(17*a^5*x^5 - 54*a^3*x^3 + 61*a*x)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 263)*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a`

**3.463.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 13.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2x^2)^{5/2} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^5x^6e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{37} + \frac{6a^4x^5\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{37} + \frac{81a^3x^4e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{629} - \frac{324a^2x^3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{629} - \frac{183ax^2e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{629} \\ x \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x))*(-a**2*x**2+1)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**5*x**6*exp(asin(a*x))/37 + 6*a**4*x**5*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a*x))/37 + 81*a**3*x**4*exp(asin(a*x))/629 - 324*a**2*x**3*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a*x))/629 - 183*a*x**2*exp(asin(a*x))/629 + 366*x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a*x))/629 + 263*exp(asin(a*x))/(629*a), Ne(a, 0)), (x, True))`

---

3.463.  $\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2x^2)^{5/2} dx$



**3.463.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-a^2*x^2 + 1)^(5/2)*e^(arcsin(a*x)), x)`

**3.463.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const  
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.463.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx = \int e^{\text{asin}(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(exp(asin(a*x))*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(exp(asin(a*x))*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

### 3.464 $\int e^{\arcsin(ax)}(1 - a^2x^2)^{3/2} dx$

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3.464.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3253
3.464.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3254
3.464.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	3255
3.464.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3256
3.464.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3256
3.464.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3256
3.464.8 Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	3257
3.464.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3257

#### 3.464.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)}(1 - a^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{24e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{85a} + \frac{24}{85}e^{\arcsin(ax)}x\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} + \frac{12e^{\arcsin(ax)}(1 - a^2x^2)}{85a} + \frac{4}{17}e^{\arcsin(ax)}x(1 - a^2x^2)^{3/2} + \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}(1 - a^2x^2)^2}{17a}$$

```
output 24/85*exp(arcsin(a*x))/a+12/85*exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)/a+4/17*exp(arcsin(a*x))*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)+1/17*exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^2/a+24/85*exp(arcsin(a*x))*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
```

#### 3.464.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)}(1 - a^2x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}(255 + 68 \cos(2 \arcsin(ax)) + 5 \cos(4 \arcsin(ax)) + 136 \sin(2 \arcsin(ax)) + 20 \sin(4 \arcsin(ax)))}{680a}$$

```
input Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

```
output (E^ArcSin[a*x]*(255 + 68*Cos[2*ArcSin[a*x]] + 5*Cos[4*ArcSin[a*x]] + 136*Sin[2*ArcSin[a*x]] + 20*Sin[4*ArcSin[a*x]]))/(680*a)
```

**3.464.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {5335, 7292, 7271, 4935, 4935, 2624}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2} e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5335} \\
 & \frac{\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2)^2 d \arcsin(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4935} \\
 & \frac{\frac{12}{17} \int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2) d \arcsin(ax) + \frac{1}{17} (1 - a^2 x^2)^2 e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{4}{17} ax (1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2} e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4935} \\
 & \frac{\frac{12}{17} \left( \frac{2}{5} \int e^{\arcsin(ax)} d \arcsin(ax) + \frac{2}{5} ax \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{1}{5} (1 - a^2 x^2) e^{\arcsin(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{17} (1 - a^2 x^2)^2 e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{4}{17} ax (1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2} e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2624} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{17} (1 - a^2 x^2)^2 e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{4}{17} ax (1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2} e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{12}{17} \left( \frac{2}{5} ax \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{1}{5} (1 - a^2 x^2) e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{2}{5} \int e^{\arcsin(ax)} d \arcsin(ax) \right)}{a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a*x]*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((4*a*E^ArcSin[a*x]*x*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2))/17 + (E^ArcSin[a*x]*(1 - a^2*x^2)^2)/17 + (12*((2*E^ArcSin[a*x])/5 + (2*a*E^ArcSin[a*x]*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]))/5 + (E^ArcSin[a*x]*(1 - a^2*x^2))/5))/17)/a`

## 3.464.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2624 `Int[((F_)^(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(F^v)^n/(n*Log[F]*D[v, x]), x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{F, n}, x] && LinearQ[v, x]`

rule 4935 `Int[Cos[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(m_)*(F_)^(c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol]`  
`:= Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]^m/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] + (Simp[e*m*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[d + e*x]*(Cos[d + e*x]^(m - 1)`  
`/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] + Simp[(m*(m - 1)*e^2)/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^(m - 2), x], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_)*(c_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[`  
`1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin`  
`[a + b*x]], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7271 `Int[(u_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^`  
`FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /;`  
`v != u]`

## 3.464.4 Maple [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (-a^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2), x)`

**3.464.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(5 a^4 x^4 - 22 a^2 x^2 - 4(5 a^3 x^3 - 11 a x) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 41) e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{85 a}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/85*(5*a^4*x^4 - 22*a^2*x^2 - 4*(5*a^3*x^3 - 11*a*x)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 41)*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a`**3.464.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^3 x^4 e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{17} - \frac{4 a^2 x^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{17} - \frac{22 a x^2 e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{85} + \frac{44 x \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{85} + \frac{41 e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{85 a} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ x & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x))*(-a**2*x**2+1)**(3/2),x)`output `Piecewise((a**3*x**4*exp(asin(a*x))/17 - 4*a**2*x**3*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a*x))/17 - 22*a*x**2*exp(asin(a*x))/85 + 44*x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a*x))/85 + 41*exp(asin(a*x))/(85*a), Ne(a, 0)), (x, True))`**3.464.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((-a^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*e^(arcsin(a*x)), x)`

---

3.464.  $\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx$

**3.464.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.464.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx = \int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(exp(asin(a*x))*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(exp(asin(a*x))*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.465 $\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} dx$

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3.465.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3262

#### 3.465.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} dx = \frac{2e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{5a} + \frac{2}{5}e^{\arcsin(ax)} x \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} + \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}(1 - a^2x^2)}{5a}$$

output `2/5*exp(arcsin(a*x))/a+1/5*exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)/a+2/5*exp(arcsin(a*x))*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)`

#### 3.465.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}(5 + \cos(2 \arcsin(ax)) + 2 \sin(2 \arcsin(ax)))}{10a}$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2],x]`

output `(E^ArcSin[a*x]*(5 + Cos[2*ArcSin[a*x]] + 2*Sin[2*ArcSin[a*x]]))/(10*a)`

**3.465.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {5335, 7292, 7271, 4935, 2624}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} e^{\arcsin(ax)} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{5335} \\
 \int e^{\arcsin(ax)} (1 - a^2 x^2) d \arcsin(ax) \\
 \downarrow \text{4935} \\
 \frac{\frac{2}{5} \int e^{\arcsin(ax)} d \arcsin(ax) + \frac{2}{5} a x \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{1}{5} (1 - a^2 x^2) e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a} \\
 \downarrow \text{2624} \\
 \frac{\frac{2}{5} a x \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{1}{5} (1 - a^2 x^2) e^{\arcsin(ax)} + \frac{2}{5} e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a*x]*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2],x]`

output `((2*E^ArcSin[a*x])/5 + (2*a*E^ArcSin[a*x]*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/5 + (E^ArcSin[a*x]*(1 - a^2*x^2))/5)/a`

**3.465.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2624 `Int[((F_)^(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(F^v)^n/(n*Log[F]*D[v, x]), x] /; FreeQ[{F, n}, x] && LinearQ[v, x]`

rule 4935 `Int[Cos[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(m_)*(F_)^(c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Cos[d + e*x]^m/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] + (Simp[e*m*F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sin[d + e*x]*(Cos[d + e*x]^(m - 1)/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)), x] + Simp[(m*(m - 1)*e^2)/(e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2) Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Cos[d + e*x]^(m - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[e^2*m^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2, 0] && GtQ[m, 1]`



rule 5335 `Int[(u_)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7271 `Int[(u_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

### 3.465.4 Maple [F]

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

### 3.465.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} dx = -\frac{(a^2x^2 - 2\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}ax - 3)e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{5a}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/5*(a^2*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a*x - 3)*e^(arcsin(a*x))/a`

**3.465.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{ax^2 e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{5} + \frac{2x\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{5} + \frac{3e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{5a} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ x & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x))*(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-a*x**2*exp(asin(a*x))/5 + 2*x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*exp(asin(a*x))/5 + 3*exp(asin(a*x))/(5*a), Ne(a, 0)), (x, True))`

**3.465.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} dx = \int \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} e^{(\arcsin(ax))} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*e^(arcsin(a*x)), x)`

**3.465.8 Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**3.465.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} dx = \int e^{\sin(ax)} \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} dx$$

input `int(exp(asin(a*x))*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int(exp(asin(a*x))*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

$$3.466 \quad \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$$

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3.466.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3265
3.466.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3265
3.466.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3265
3.466.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3266
3.466.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3266
3.466.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3266

### 3.466.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a}$$

output `exp(arcsin(a*x))/a`

### 3.466.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a}$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]/Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2],x]`

output `E^ArcSin[a*x]/a`

**3.466.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {5335, 7292, 7271, 2624}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx$$

↓ 5335

$$\frac{\int e^{\arcsin(ax)} d \arcsin(ax)}{a}$$

↓ 2624

$$\frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a*x]/Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2], x]`

output `E^ArcSin[a*x]/a`

**3.466.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2624 `Int[((F_)^(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(F^v)^n/(n*Log[F]*D[v, x]), x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{F, n}, x] && LinearQ[v, x]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]*(c_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[`  
`1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin`  
`[a + b*x]], x] /;` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7271 `Int[(u_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^`  
`FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /;` `FreeQ[{a, m, p},`  
`x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(Eq`  
`Q[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

### 3.466.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a}$	10
default	$\frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a}$	10

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `exp(arcsin(a*x))/a`

### 3.466.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `e^(arcsin(a*x))/a`

### 3.466.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ x & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x))/(-a**2*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((exp(asin(a*x))/a, Ne(a, 0)), (x, True))`

### 3.466.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `e^(arcsin(a*x))/a`

### 3.466.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a}$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `e^(arcsin(a*x))/a`

### 3.466.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{a}$$

input `int(exp(asin(a*x))/(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `exp(asin(a*x))/a`

**3.467**  $\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

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 3.467.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3267  
 3.467.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3268  
 3.467.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 3269  
 3.467.5 Fricas [F] . . . . . 3269  
 3.467.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 3269  
 3.467.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 3270  
 3.467.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 3270  
 3.467.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3270

**3.467.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{4}{5} - \frac{8i}{5}\right) e^{(1+2i)\arcsin(ax)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - \frac{i}{2}, 2, 2 - \frac{i}{2}, -e^{2i\arcsin(ax)}\right)}{a}$$

output `(4/5-8/5*I)*exp((1+2*I)*arcsin(a*x))*hypergeom([2, 1-1/2*I], [2-1/2*I], -(I*a*x+(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)/a`

**3.467.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{4}{5} - \frac{8i}{5}\right) e^{(1+2i)\arcsin(ax)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - \frac{i}{2}, 2, 2 - \frac{i}{2}, -e^{2i\arcsin(ax)}\right)}{a}$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]/(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((4/5 - (8*I)/5)*E^((1 + 2*I)*ArcSin[a*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - I/2, 2, 2 - I/2, -E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a*x])])/a`



**3.467.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {5335, 7292, 7271, 4951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5335

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{1-a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax)$$

↓ 4951

$$\frac{\left(\frac{4}{5} - \frac{8i}{5}\right) e^{(1+2i) \arcsin(ax)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - \frac{i}{2}, 2, 2 - \frac{i}{2}, -e^{2i \arcsin(ax)}\right)}{a}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a*x]/(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `((4/5 - (8*I)/5)*E^((1 + 2*I)*ArcSin[a*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - I/2, 2, 2 - I/2, -E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a*x])])/a`

**3.467.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 4951 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sec[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[2^n*E^(I*n*(d + e*x))*(F^(c*(a + b*x))/(I*e*n + b*c*Log[F]))*Hypergeometric2F1[n, n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), 1 + n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), -E^(2*I*(d + e*x))], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

### 3.467.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(-a^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2), x)`

### 3.467.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1 - a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(ax))}}{(-a^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*e^(arcsin(a*x))/(a^4*x^4 - 2*a^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

### 3.467.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1 - a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{asin}(ax)}}{(-(ax - 1)(ax + 1))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x))/(-a**2*x**2+1)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(exp(asin(a*x))/(-(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))**(3/2), x)`

**3.467.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(ax))}}{(-a^2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(e^(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2), x)`

**3.467.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(ax))}}{(-a^2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(e^(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2), x)`

**3.467.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(exp(asin(a*x))/(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(exp(asin(a*x))/(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**3.468**       $\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

3.468.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3271  
 3.468.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3271  
 3.468.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3272  
 3.468.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 3273  
 3.468.5 Fracas [F] . . . . . 3273  
 3.468.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 3274  
 3.468.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 3274  
 3.468.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 3274  
 3.468.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . . 3275

**3.468.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}x}{3(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{6a(1-a^2x^2)} + \frac{(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{4i}{3}) e^{(1+2i)\arcsin(ax)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1 - \frac{i}{2}, 2, 2 - \frac{i}{2}, -e^{2i\arcsin(ax)})}{a}$$

output `1/3*exp(arcsin(a*x))*x/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)-1/6*exp(arcsin(a*x))/a/(-a^2*x^2+1)+(2/3-4/3*I)*exp((1+2*I)*arcsin(a*x))*hypergeom([2, 1-1/2*I],[2-1/2*I], -I*a*x+(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2/a`

**3.468.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)} \left( -1 + \frac{2ax}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} + (1-2i) (1 + e^{2i\arcsin(ax)})^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1 - \frac{i}{2}, 2, 2 - \frac{i}{2}, -e^{2i\arcsin(ax)}) \right)}{6(a-a^3x^2)}$$

input `Integrate[E^ArcSin[a*x]/(1 - a^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(E^ArcSin[a*x]*(-1 + (2*a*x)/Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] + (1 - 2*I)*(1 + E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a*x]))^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - I/2, 2, 2 - I/2, -E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a*x])]))/(6*(a - a^3*x^2))`

---

3.468.       $\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$

### 3.468.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {5335, 7292, 7271, 4948, 4951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 \downarrow 5335 \\
 \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^2} d \arcsin(ax) \\
 \downarrow a \\
 \downarrow 4948 \\
 \frac{5}{6} \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{1-a^2x^2} d \arcsin(ax) + \frac{ax e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{3(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{6(1-a^2x^2)} \\
 \downarrow a \\
 \downarrow 4951 \\
 \frac{\frac{ax e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{3(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{6(1-a^2x^2)} + \left(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{4i}{3}\right) e^{(1+2i)\arcsin(ax)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - \frac{i}{2}, 2, 2 - \frac{i}{2}, -e^{2i\arcsin(ax)}\right)}{a}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[E^ArcSin[a*x]/(1 - a^2*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a*E^ArcSin[a*x]*x)/(3*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2)) - E^ArcSin[a*x]/(6*(1 - a^2*x^2))) + (2/3 - (4*I)/3)*E^((1 + 2*I)*ArcSin[a*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - I/2, 2, 2 - I/2, -E^((2*I)*ArcSin[a*x])]/a`

#### 3.468.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 4948 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sec[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*c*Log[F]*F^(c*(a + b*x))*(Sec[d + e*x]^(n - 2)/(e^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x] + (Simp[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]^(n - 1)*(Sin[d + e*x]/(e*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[(e^2*(n - 2)^2 + b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2)/(e^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2)) Int[F^(c*(a + b*x))*Sec[d + e*x]^(n - 2), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2*c^2*Log[F]^2 + e^2*(n - 2)^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2]`

$$3.468. \quad \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

rule 4951 `Int[(F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))*Sec[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[2^n*E^(I*n*(d + e*x))*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))/(I*e*n + b*c*Log[F]))*Hypergeometric2F1[n, n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), 1 + n/2 - I*b*c*(Log[F]/(2*e)), -E^(2*I*(d + e*x))], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 5335 `Int[(u_.)*(f_)^(ArcSin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(c_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Subst[Int[(u /. x -> -a/b + Sin[x]/b)*f^(c*x^n)*Cos[x], x], x, ArcSin[a + b*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, f}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7271 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m)^FracPart[p]/v^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !(EqQ[a, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && !(EqQ[v, x] && EqQ[m, 1])`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

### 3.468.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(-a^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(exp(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(5/2), x)`

### 3.468.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1 - a^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{e^{(\arcsin(ax))}}{(-a^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*e^(arcsin(a*x))/(a^6*x^6 - 3*a^4*x^4 + 3*a^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

**3.468.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(-(ax-1)(ax+1))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(asin(a*x))/(-a**2*x**2+1)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(exp(asin(a*x))/(-(a*x - 1)*(a*x + 1))**(5/2), x)`

**3.468.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(-a^2x^2+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(e^(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2 + 1)^(5/2), x)`

**3.468.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(-a^2x^2+1)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(exp(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(e^(arcsin(a*x))/(-a^2*x^2 + 1)^(5/2), x)`

**3.468.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{e^{\arcsin(ax)}}{(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(exp(asin(a*x))/(1 - a^2*x^2)^(5/2), x)`output `int(exp(asin(a*x))/(1 - a^2*x^2)^(5/2), x)`



### 3.469 $\int \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{a+bx}\right) dx$

3.469.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3276
3.469.2 Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	3276
3.469.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	3277
3.469.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3279
3.469.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3279
3.469.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3280
3.469.7 Maxima [F] . . . . .	3280
3.469.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3281
3.469.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3281

#### 3.469.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{a+bx}\right) dx = \frac{(a+bx) \operatorname{csc}^{-1}\left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{bx}{c}\right)}{b} + \frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{(a+bx)^2}}\right)}{b}$$

output `(b*x+a)*arccsc(a/c+b*x/c)/b+carctanh((1-c^2/(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/b`

#### 3.469.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 529 vs. 2(47) = 94.

Time = 2.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 529, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.26

$$\int \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{a+bx}\right) dx = x \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{a+bx}\right) - \frac{(a+bx) \sqrt{\frac{a^2-c^2+2abx+b^2x^2}{(a+bx)^2}} \left( (-c + \sqrt{-a^2+c^2}) \sqrt{-a^2+2c(c+\sqrt{-a^2+c^2})} \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{-a^2+2c(c+\sqrt{-a^2+c^2})}}{a(\sqrt{a^2-c^2}-\sqrt{a^2-c^2+2abx+b^2x^2})}\right) \right)}{b}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[c/(a + b*x)], x]`

```

output x*ArcSin[c/(a + b*x)] - ((a + b*x)*Sqrt[(a^2 - c^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)/(a
+ b*x)^2]*((-c + Sqrt[-a^2 + c^2])*Sqrt[-a^2 + 2*c*(c + Sqrt[-a^2 + c^2])
]*ArcTan[(b*Sqrt[-a^2 + 2*c*(c + Sqrt[-a^2 + c^2])]*x)/(a*(Sqrt[a^2 - c^2]
- Sqrt[a^2 - c^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]))] + (c + Sqrt[-a^2 + c^2])*Sqrt[a^
2 + 2*c*(-c + Sqrt[-a^2 + c^2])]*ArcTanh[(b*Sqrt[a^2 - 2*c^2 + 2*c*Sqrt[-a
^2 + c^2])*x]/(a*Sqrt[a^2 - c^2] - a*Sqrt[a^2 - c^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]))
+ a*(a*ArcTan[(b^2*c*Sqrt[a^2 - c^2]*x^2)/(a^4 + a^3*b*x + b^2*c^2*x^2 -
a^2*(c^2 + Sqrt[a^2 - c^2]*Sqrt[a^2 - c^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]))] + c*(-Lo
g[Sqrt[a^2 - c^2] - b*x - Sqrt[a^2 - c^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]] + Log[b^2*(
Sqrt[a^2 - c^2] + b*x - Sqrt[a^2 - c^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]))])))/(a*b*Sqr
t[a^2 - c^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])

```

### 3.469.3 Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {5331, 5774, 895, 798, 73, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{a+bx}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5331} \\
 & \int \csc^{-1}\left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{bx}{c}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5774} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{bx}{c}\right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{\left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{bx}{c}\right)^2}}} dx + \frac{(a+bx) \csc^{-1}\left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{bx}{c}\right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{895} \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{bx}{c}\right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{\left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{bx}{c}\right)^2}}} d\left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{bx}{c}\right)}{b} + \frac{(a+bx) \csc^{-1}\left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{bx}{c}\right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx) \csc^{-1}\left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{bx}{c}\right)}{b} - \frac{c \int \frac{\left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{bx}{c}\right)^2}{\sqrt{-\frac{a}{c} - \frac{bx}{c} + 1}} d\left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{bx}{c}\right)}{2b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 73 \\
 c \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{\left(\frac{a+bx}{c}\right)^4}} d\sqrt{-\frac{a}{c} - \frac{bx}{c} + 1} \\
 \frac{\quad}{b} + \frac{(a+bx) \csc^{-1}\left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{bx}{c}\right)}{b} \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{c} - \frac{bx}{c} + 1}\right)}{b} + \frac{(a+bx) \csc^{-1}\left(\frac{a}{c} + \frac{bx}{c}\right)}{b}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[c/(a + b*x)],x]`

output `((a + b*x)*ArcCsc[a/c + (b*x)/c])/b + (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - a/c - (b*x)/c]])/b`

### 3.469.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 895 `Int[(u_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[u^m/(Coefficient[v, x, 1]*v^m) Subst[Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && LinearPairQ[u, v, x]`

rule 5331 `Int[ArcSin[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]^(m_.)*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*ArcCsc[a/c + b*(x^n/c)]^m, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, m}, x]`

rule 5774 `Int[ArcCsc[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)*(ArcCsc[c + d*x]/d), x] + Int[1/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c + d*x)^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### 3.469.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{c \left( -\frac{(bx+a) \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{bx+a}\right)}{c} - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{(bx+a)^2}}}\right) \right)}{b}$
default	$-\frac{c \left( -\frac{(bx+a) \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{bx+a}\right)}{c} - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{(bx+a)^2}}}\right) \right)}{b}$
parts	$x \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{bx+a}\right) + \frac{c\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-c^2} \left( a \ln\left(\frac{2(\sqrt{-c^2}\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-c^2}-c^2)b}{bx+a}\right) \sqrt{b^2} + \ln\left(\frac{b^2x+\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-c^2}}{\sqrt{b^2}}\right) \right)}{b\sqrt{\frac{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-c^2}{(bx+a)^2}}(bx+a)\sqrt{b^2}\sqrt{-c^2}}$

input `int(arcsin(c/(b*x+a)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/b*c*(-1/c*(b*x+a)*arcsin(c/(b*x+a))-arctanh(1/(1-c^2/(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)))`

### 3.469.5 Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs. 2(45) = 90.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{a+bx}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{bx \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{bx+a}\right) - 2a \arctan\left(-\frac{bx-(bx+a)\sqrt{\frac{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-c^2}{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}}+a}{c}\right) - c \log\left(-bx+(bx+a)\sqrt{\frac{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-c^2}{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}}\right)}{b}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(c/(b*x+a)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $(b*x*\arcsin(c/(b*x + a)) - 2*a*\arctan(-(b*x - (b*x + a)*\sqrt{(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - c^2)})/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)) + a)/c - c*\log(-b*x + (b*x + a)*\sqrt{(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - c^2)})/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2) - a) / b$

### 3.469.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{a+bx}\right) dx = \int \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{c}{a+bx}\right) dx$$

input `integrate(asin(c/(b*x+a)),x)`

output `Integral(asin(c/(a + b*x)), x)`

### 3.469.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{a+bx}\right) dx = \int \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{bx+a}\right) dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin(c/(b*x+a)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x*arctan2(c, sqrt(b*x + a + c)*sqrt(b*x + a - c)) + integrate((b^2*c*x^2 + a*b*c*x)*e^(1/2*log(b*x + a + c) + 1/2*log(b*x + a - c))/(b^2*c^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*x + a^2*c^2 - c^4 + (b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - c^2)*e^(log(b*x + a + c) + log(b*x + a - c))), x)`

**3.469.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 95 vs.  $2(45) = 90$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{a+bx}\right) dx = \frac{b \left( \frac{c^2 \left( \log\left(\sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{(bx+a)^2}+1}+1\right) - \log\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{c^2}{(bx+a)^2}+1}\right)\right)}{b^2} + \frac{2(bx+a)c \arcsin\left(-\frac{c}{(bx+a)\left(\frac{c}{bx+a}-1\right)-a}\right)}{b^2} \right)}{2c}$$

input `integrate(arcsin(c/(b*x+a)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*b*(c^2*(log(sqrt(-c^2/(b*x + a)^2 + 1) + 1) - log(-sqrt(-c^2/(b*x + a)^2 + 1) + 1))/b^2 + 2*(b*x + a)*c*arcsin(-c/((b*x + a)*(a/(b*x + a) - 1) - a))/b^2)/c`

**3.469.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \arcsin\left(\frac{c}{a+bx}\right) dx = \frac{c \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{c^2}{(a+bx)^2}}}\right)}{b} + \frac{\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{c}{a+bx}\right) (a+bx)}{b}$$

input `int(asin(c/(a + b*x)),x)`

output `(c*atanh(1/(1 - c^2/(a + b*x)^2)^(1/2)))/b + (asin(c/(a + b*x))*(a + b*x))/b`

### 3.470 $\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(\sin(x))} dx$

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3.470.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3282
3.470.3 Rubi [F] . . . . .	3283
3.470.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	3283
3.470.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3283
3.470.6 Sympy [F] . . . . .	3284
3.470.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3284
3.470.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3284
3.470.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3285

#### 3.470.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 7, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(\sin(x))} dx = \arcsin(\sin(x)) + \log(\arcsin(\sin(x))) \left( -\arcsin(\sin(x)) + x\sqrt{\cos^2(x)} \sec(x) \right)$$

output `arcsin(sin(x))+ln(arcsin(sin(x)))*(-arcsin(sin(x))+x*sec(x)*(cos(x)^2)^(1/2))`

#### 3.470.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(\sin(x))} dx = -\arcsin(\sin(x))(-1 + \log(\arcsin(\sin(x)))) + x\sqrt{\cos^2(x)} \log(\arcsin(\sin(x))) \sec(x)$$

input `Integrate[x/ArcSin[Sin[x]],x]`

output `-(ArcSin[Sin[x]]*(-1 + Log[ArcSin[Sin[x]]])) + x*Sqrt[Cos[x]^2]*Log[ArcSin[Sin[x]]]*Sec[x]`

**3.470.3 Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(\sin(x))} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(\sin(x))} dx$$

input `Int[x/ArcSin[Sin[x]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.470.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**3.470.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(\sin(x))} dx$$

input `int(x/arcsin(sin(x)),x)`

output `int(x/arcsin(sin(x)),x)`

**3.470.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(\sin(x))} dx = -x$$

input `integrate(x/arcsin(sin(x)),x, algorithm="fracas")`



output

`-x`**3.470.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(\sin(x))} dx = \int \frac{x}{\operatorname{asin}(\sin(x))} dx$$

input

`integrate(x/asin(sin(x)),x)`

output

`Integral(x/asin(sin(x)), x)`**3.470.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.04

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(\sin(x))} dx = x$$

input

`integrate(x/arcsin(sin(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

`x`**3.470.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(\sin(x))} dx = \int \frac{x}{\operatorname{arcsin}(\sin(x))} dx$$

input

`integrate(x/arcsin(sin(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

`sage0*x`

**3.470.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arcsin(\sin(x))} dx = \int \frac{x}{\text{asin}(\sin(x))} dx$$

input `int(x/asin(sin(x)),x)`output `int(x/asin(sin(x)), x)`

**3.471** 
$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})^n}{\sqrt{1+bx^2}} dx$$

3.471.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3286
3.471.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3286
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3.471.4 Maple [F] . . . . .	3288
3.471.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3288
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3.471.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	3289
3.471.8 Giac [F] . . . . .	3289
3.471.9 Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3289

**3.471.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})^n}{\sqrt{1+bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2} \arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})^{1+n}}{b(1+n)x}$$

output `arcsin((b*x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1+n)*(-b*x^2)^(1/2)/b/(1+n)/x`

**3.471.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})^n}{\sqrt{1+bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2} \arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})^{1+n}}{b(1+n)x}$$

input `Integrate[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]]^n/Sqrt[1 + b*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[-(b*x^2)]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]]^(1 + n))/(b*(1 + n)*x)`

**3.471.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {5333, 5152}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{bx^2+1})^n}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx$$

↓ 5333

$$\frac{\sqrt{-bx^2} \int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{bx^2+1})^n}{\sqrt{-bx^2}} d\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{bx}$$

↓ 5152

$$\frac{\sqrt{-bx^2} \arcsin(\sqrt{bx^2+1})^{n+1}}{b(n+1)x}$$

input `Int[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]]^n/Sqrt[1 + b*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[-(b*x^2)]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]]^(1 + n))/(b*(1 + n)*x)`

**3.471.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5152 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol]
-> Simp[(1/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5333 `Int[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (b_.)*(x_)^2]]^(n_.)/Sqrt[1 + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol]
-> Simp[Sqrt[(-b)*x^2]/(b*x) Subst[Int[ArcSin[x]^n/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x]`

---

3.471.  $\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})^n}{\sqrt{1+bx^2}} dx$

**3.471.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{bx^2+1})^n}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx$$

input `int(arcsin((b*x^2+1)^(1/2))^n/(b*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(arcsin((b*x^2+1)^(1/2))^n/(b*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

**3.471.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})^n}{\sqrt{1+bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2} \arcsin(\sqrt{bx^2+1})^n \arcsin(\sqrt{bx^2+1})}{(bn+b)x}$$

input `integrate(arcsin((b*x^2+1)^(1/2))^n/(b*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `sqrt(-b*x^2)*arcsin(sqrt(b*x^2 + 1))^n*arcsin(sqrt(b*x^2 + 1))/((b*n + b)*x)`

**3.471.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})^n}{\sqrt{1+bx^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2x}{\pi} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = -1 \\ x\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^n & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+1} \operatorname{asin}(\sqrt{bx^2+1})} dx & \text{for } n = -1 \\ \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2} \operatorname{asin}(\sqrt{bx^2+1}) \operatorname{asin}^n(\sqrt{bx^2+1})}{bnx+bx} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(asin((b*x**2+1)**(1/2))**n/(b*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*x/pi, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, -1)), (x*(pi/2)**n, Eq(b, 0)), (Integral(1/(sqrt(b*x**2 + 1)*asin(sqrt(b*x**2 + 1))), x), Eq(n, -1)), (sqrt(-b*x**2)*asin(sqrt(b*x**2 + 1))*asin(sqrt(b*x**2 + 1))**n/(b*n*x + b*x), True))`

---

3.471.  $\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})^n}{\sqrt{1+bx^2}} dx$

**3.471.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})^n}{\sqrt{1+bx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(arcsin((b*x^2+1)^(1/2))^n/(b*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: sign: argument cannot be imaginary; found sqrt(-_SAGE_VAR_b)`

**3.471.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})^n}{\sqrt{1+bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{bx^2+1})^n}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(arcsin((b*x^2+1)^(1/2))^n/(b*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sage0*x`

**3.471.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})^n}{\sqrt{1+bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\text{asin}(\sqrt{bx^2+1})^n}{\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx$$

input `int(asin((b*x^2 + 1)^(1/2))^n/(b*x^2 + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(asin((b*x^2 + 1)^(1/2))^n/(b*x^2 + 1)^(1/2), x)`

**3.472** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+bx^2} \arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})} dx$$

3.472.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3290  
 3.472.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3290  
 3.472.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 3291  
 3.472.4 Maple [F] . . . . . 3292  
 3.472.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3292  
 3.472.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 3292  
 3.472.7 Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . . 3293  
 3.472.8 Giac [F] . . . . . 3293  
 3.472.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3293

**3.472.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+bx^2} \arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2} \log(\arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2}))}{bx}$$

output `ln(arcsin((b*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*(-b*x^2)^(1/2)/b/x`

**3.472.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+bx^2} \arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})} dx = -\frac{x \log(\arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2}))}{\sqrt{-bx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]]),x]`

output `-((x*Log[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]]])/Sqrt[-(b*x^2)])`

**3.472.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {5333, 5150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+1} \arcsin(\sqrt{bx^2+1})} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5333}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-bx^2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-bx^2} \arcsin(\sqrt{bx^2+1})} d\sqrt{bx^2+1}}{bx}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5150}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-bx^2} \log(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx^2+1}))}{bx}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]*ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[-(b*x^2)]*Log[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]]])/(b*x)`

**3.472.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5150 `Int[1/(((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(b*c))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*Log[a + b*ArcSin[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0]`

rule 5333 `Int[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 + (b_.)*(x_)^2]]^(n_.)/Sqrt[1 + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[Sqrt[(-b)*x^2]/(b*x) Subst[Int[ArcSin[x]^n/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[1 + b*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x]`



**3.472.4 Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\arcsin(\sqrt{bx^2+1})\sqrt{bx^2+1}} dx$$

input `int(1/arcsin((b*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(b*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/arcsin((b*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(b*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

**3.472.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+bx^2} \arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2} \log(-\arcsin(\sqrt{bx^2+1}))}{bx}$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin((b*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(b*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `sqrt(-b*x^2)*log(-arcsin(sqrt(b*x^2 + 1)))/(b*x)`

**3.472.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+bx^2} \arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+1} \operatorname{asin}(\sqrt{bx^2+1})} dx$$

input `integrate(1/asin((b*x**2+1)**(1/2))/(b*x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(b*x**2 + 1)*asin(sqrt(b*x**2 + 1))), x)`

**3.472.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+bx^2} \arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin((b*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(b*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: sign: argument cannot be imaginary; found sqrt(-_SAGE_VAR_b)`

**3.472.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+bx^2} \arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+1} \arcsin(\sqrt{bx^2+1})} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arcsin((b*x^2+1)^(1/2))/(b*x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^2 + 1)*arcsin(sqrt(b*x^2 + 1))), x)`

**3.472.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+bx^2} \arcsin(\sqrt{1+bx^2})} dx = -\frac{\ln(\arcsin(\sqrt{bx^2+1})) \sqrt{x^2}}{\sqrt{-b} x}$$

input `int(1/(asin((b*x^2 + 1)^(1/2))*(b*x^2 + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `-(log(asin((b*x^2 + 1)^(1/2)))*(x^2)^(1/2))/((-b)^(1/2)*x)`

$$\mathbf{3.473} \quad \int \left( \frac{x}{1-x^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \arcsin(x)} \right) dx$$

3.473.1 Optimal result . . . . .	3294
3.473.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3294
3.473.3 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3295
3.473.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3295
3.473.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3296
3.473.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3296
3.473.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3296
3.473.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3297
3.473.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3297

### 3.473.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \left( \frac{x}{1-x^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \arcsin(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{1}{2} \log(1-x^2) + \log(\arcsin(x))$$

output `-1/2*ln(-x^2+1)+ln(arcsin(x))`

### 3.473.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \left( \frac{x}{1-x^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \arcsin(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{1}{2} \log(1-x^2) + \log(\arcsin(x))$$

input `Integrate[x/(1 - x^2) + 1/(Sqrt[1 - x^2]*ArcSin[x]),x]`

output `-1/2*Log[1 - x^2] + Log[ArcSin[x]]`

---


$$3.473. \quad \int \left( \frac{x}{1-x^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \arcsin(x)} \right) dx$$

**3.473.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.036$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \arcsin(x)} + \frac{x}{1-x^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\log(\arcsin(x)) - \frac{1}{2} \log(1-x^2)$$

input `Int[x/(1 - x^2) + 1/(Sqrt[1 - x^2]*ArcSin[x]),x]`

output `-1/2*Log[1 - x^2] + Log[ArcSin[x]]`

**3.473.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**3.473.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\ln(x-1)}{2} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{2} + \ln(\arcsin(x))$	17
parts	$-\frac{\ln(x-1)}{2} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{2} + \ln(\arcsin(x))$	17

input `int(x/(-x^2+1)+1/arcsin(x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*ln(x-1)-1/2*ln(x+1)+ln(arcsin(x))`

---

3.473.  $\int \left( \frac{x}{1-x^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \arcsin(x)} \right) dx$

**3.473.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \left( \frac{x}{1-x^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \arcsin(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 - 1) + \log(-\arcsin(x))$$

input `integrate(x/(-x^2+1)+1/arcsin(x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/2*log(x^2 - 1) + log(-arcsin(x))`**3.473.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \left( \frac{x}{1-x^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \arcsin(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{\log(x^2 - 1)}{2} + \log(\arcsin(x))$$

input `integrate(x/(-x**2+1)+1/asin(x)/(-x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`output `-log(x**2 - 1)/2 + log(asin(x))`**3.473.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \left( \frac{x}{1-x^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \arcsin(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 - 1) + \log(\arcsin(x))$$

input `integrate(x/(-x^2+1)+1/arcsin(x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*log(x^2 - 1) + log(arcsin(x))`

---

3.473.  $\int \left( \frac{x}{1-x^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \arcsin(x)} \right) dx$

**3.473.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \left( \frac{x}{1-x^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \arcsin(x)} \right) dx = -\frac{1}{2} \log(|x^2-1|) + \log(|\arcsin(x)|)$$

input `integrate(x/(-x^2+1)+1/arcsin(x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*log(abs(x^2 - 1)) + log(abs(arcsin(x)))`**3.473.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \left( \frac{x}{1-x^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \arcsin(x)} \right) dx = \ln(\arcsin(x)) - \frac{\ln(x^2-1)}{2}$$

input `int(1/(asin(x)*(1 - x^2)^(1/2)) - x/(x^2 - 1),x)`output `log(asin(x)) - log(x^2 - 1)/2`

**3.474**       $\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}+x \arcsin(x)}{\arcsin(x)-x^2 \arcsin(x)} dx$

3.474.1 Optimal result . . . . . 3298  
 3.474.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . . 3298  
 3.474.3 Rubi [F] . . . . . 3299  
 3.474.4 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 3299  
 3.474.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3300  
 3.474.6 Sympy [F] . . . . . 3300  
 3.474.7 Maxima [F] . . . . . 3301  
 3.474.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3301  
 3.474.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 3301

**3.474.1 Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2} + x \arcsin(x)}{\arcsin(x) - x^2 \arcsin(x)} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \log(1-x^2) + \log(\arcsin(x))$$

output `-1/2*ln(-x^2+1)+ln(arcsin(x))`

**3.474.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2} + x \arcsin(x)}{\arcsin(x) - x^2 \arcsin(x)} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \log(1-x) - \frac{1}{2} \log(1+x) + \log(\arcsin(x))$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[1 - x^2] + x*ArcSin[x])/(ArcSin[x] - x^2*ArcSin[x]),x]`

output `-1/2*Log[1 - x] - Log[1 + x]/2 + Log[ArcSin[x]]`

**3.474.3 Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x \arcsin(x) + \sqrt{1-x^2}}{\arcsin(x) - x^2 \arcsin(x)} dx$$

↓ 7292

$$\int \frac{x \arcsin(x) + \sqrt{1-x^2}}{(1-x^2) \arcsin(x)} dx$$

↓ 5300

$$\int \frac{x \arcsin(x) + \sqrt{1-x^2}}{(1-x^2) \arcsin(x)} dx$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[1 - x^2] + x*ArcSin[x])/(ArcSin[x] - x^2*ArcSin[x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

**3.474.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5300 `Int[((a_.) + ArcSin[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_.*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrate[u*(a + b*ArcSin[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 7292 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = NormalizeIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; v != u]`

**3.474.4 Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\ln(x-1)}{2} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{2} + \ln(\arcsin(x))$	17
parts	$-\frac{\ln(x-1)}{2} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{2} + \ln(\arcsin(x))$	17



input `int((x*arcsin(x)+(-x^2+1)^(1/2))/(arcsin(x)-x^2*arcsin(x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*ln(x-1)-1/2*ln(x+1)+ln(arcsin(x))`

### 3.474.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2} + x \arcsin(x)}{\arcsin(x) - x^2 \arcsin(x)} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 - 1) + \log(-\arcsin(x))$$

input `integrate((x*arcsin(x)+(-x^2+1)^(1/2))/(arcsin(x)-x^2*arcsin(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*log(x^2 - 1) + log(-arcsin(x))`

### 3.474.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2} + x \arcsin(x)}{\arcsin(x) - x^2 \arcsin(x)} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^2 \arcsin(x) - \arcsin(x)} dx - \int \frac{x \arcsin(x)}{x^2 \arcsin(x) - \arcsin(x)} dx$$

input `integrate((x*asin(x)+(-x**2+1)**(1/2))/(asin(x)-x**2*asin(x)),x)`

output `-Integral(sqrt(1 - x**2)/(x**2*asin(x) - asin(x)), x) - Integral(x*asin(x)/(x**2*asin(x) - asin(x)), x)`

**3.474.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2} + x \arcsin(x)}{\arcsin(x) - x^2 \arcsin(x)} dx = \int -\frac{x \arcsin(x) + \sqrt{-x^2+1}}{x^2 \arcsin(x) - \arcsin(x)} dx$$

input `integrate((x*arcsin(x)+(-x^2+1)^(1/2))/(arcsin(x)-x^2*arcsin(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(-x + 1)/((x^2 - 1)*arctan2(x, sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(-x + 1))), x) - 1/2*log(x + 1) - 1/2*log(x - 1)`

**3.474.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2} + x \arcsin(x)}{\arcsin(x) - x^2 \arcsin(x)} dx = -\log(2) - \frac{1}{2} \log(|-x^2 + 1|) + \log(|\arcsin(x)|)$$

input `integrate((x*arcsin(x)+(-x^2+1)^(1/2))/(arcsin(x)-x^2*arcsin(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-log(2) - 1/2*log(abs(-x^2 + 1)) + log(abs(arcsin(x)))`

**3.474.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2} + x \arcsin(x)}{\arcsin(x) - x^2 \arcsin(x)} dx = \ln(\operatorname{asin}(x)) - \frac{\ln(x^2 - 1)}{2}$$

input `int((x*asin(x) + (1 - x^2)^(1/2))/(asin(x) - x^2*asin(x)),x)`

output `log(asin(x)) - log(x^2 - 1)/2`

## APPENDIX

4.1 Listing of Grading functions . . . . .	3302
--	------

## 4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

### 4.1.1 Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7,2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*           Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*           match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*           GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
```

```

(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*   is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*   antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafC
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A"," "}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
        ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
      ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
      If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
        finalresult={"A"," "}
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.$
      ]
    ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
    If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
      finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "<
      ,
      finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
  ];

  finalresult
]

```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
    If[ListQ[expn],
      Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
      If[Head[expn]===Power,
        If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
          ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
          If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
            If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
              1,
              Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
            Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]]],
          If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
            Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
            If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
            If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
            If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],5]],
            If[AppellFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],6]],
            If[Head[expn]===RootSum,
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
            If[Head[expn]===Integrate || Head[expn]===Int,
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],8]],
            9]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

SpecialFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

HypergeometricFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

AppellFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{AppellF1}, func]

```

### 4.1.2 Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
# if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000

```

```

#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
# see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
# is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal
# antiderivative
# "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

```

```

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
  if debug then
    print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
  fi;
  if is_contains_complex(result) then
    if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
      if debug then
        print("both result and optimal complex");
      fi;
      if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
        return "A"," ";
      else
        return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                        convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                        convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf_
        end if
      else #result contains complex but optimal is not
        if debug then
          print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
        fi;
        return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
      fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
      # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
      if debug then
        print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well");
      fi;
      if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
        if debug then
          print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
        fi;
        return "A"," ";
      else
        if debug then
          print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
        fi;
        return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of o
                        convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(" ,
                        convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," )=" ,convert(2*leaf_cou
        fi;
      fi;
    fi;
  fi;

```



```

else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
  if debug then
    print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
  fi;
  return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
    convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
    convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
fi;

end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
  return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function
# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  end if
end proc:

```

```

elif type(expn, ``~`) then
  if type(op(2,expn), 'integer') then
    ExpnType(op(1,expn))
  elif type(op(2,expn), 'rational') then
    if type(op(1,expn), 'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2, ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  else
    max(3, ExpnType(op(1,expn)), ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
  end if
elif type(expn, ``+`) or type(expn, ``*`) then
  max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)), max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(3, ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(4, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)])))
elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(5, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)])))
elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(6, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)])))
elif op(0,expn)='int' then
  max(8, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)]))) else
  9
end if
end proc:

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,

```

```

        GAMMA,lnGAMMA,Psi,Zeta,polylog,dilog,LambertW,
        EllipticF,EllipticE,EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
    member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1,hypergeom,HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
    member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
    if nops(u)=2 then
        op(2,u)
    else
        apply(op(0,u),op(2..nops(u),u))
    end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
    MmaTranslator[Mma] [LeafCount] (u);
end proc:

```

### 4.1.3 Sympy grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
    #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
    return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):

```

```
if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
        return True
    else:
        return False
else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
        asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
        asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
    ]

def is_special_function(func):
    return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
        fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
        gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
        elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
    ]

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
```

```

return 1
elif isinstance(expn,list):
    return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
elif is_sqrt(expn):
    if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,``^`)
    if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
        return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    else:
        return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnT
elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,``+`) or type(expn,``*`)
    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

```

*#main function*

```

def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""
    else:
        if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
            if result.has(I):
                if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                    if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                        grade = "A"
                        grade_annotation = ""
                    else:
                        grade = "B"
                        grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is large"
                else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                    grade = "C"
                    grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
            else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result)
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType_result)

    #print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

```

```
return grade, grade_annotation
```

#### 4.1.4 SageMath grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#      grade Fracas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#      'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#      issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
```

```

        return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arccsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:
        if m:
            print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
        else:
            print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi,zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
        if m:
            print ("func ", func ," is special_function")
        else:
            print ("func ", func ," is NOT special_function")

    return m

```



```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric', 'hypergeometric_M', 'hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric']  #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("Enter is_atom, expn=", expn)

    if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
        return False

    #thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic-try:
    try:
        if expn.parent() is SR:
            return expn.operator() is None
        if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
            return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
        if hasattr(expn.parent(), "base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(), "gens"):
            return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

        return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        print("Exception, AttributeError in is_atom")
        print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
        return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list:  #isinstance(expn,list):

```

```

    return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
elif is_sqrt(expn):
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational):
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expn,Pow)
    if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer)
        return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    else:
        return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn.
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or inst
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print("type(anti)",type(result))
    print("type(optimal)",type(optimal))

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = " "
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger t
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = " "
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal." + str(leaf_
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order " + str(expnType_resu

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

```

```
return grade, grade_annotation
```