

## Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests SQLite3 Database interface

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April 14, 2024

Compiled on April 14, 2024 at 12:27 Noon

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# CHAPTER 1

## INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 How to download the database and use it

This is a short introduction on how to download and use the new CAS integration tests SQLite database. The database is an sqlite file.

1. Download `cas_integration_tests.zip` and extract it. The file inside is called `cas_integration_tests.db` which is a large file (1.3 GB) and is the database file.
2. Install `sqlite3` if not already installed on your computer. The web page is `sqlite3 database software`. This is open source free software which is available to Linux, Mac and Windows. Most linux installation managers can also install this directly.
3. It is recommended to also install `DB Browser for SQLite` which is a GUI interface to the database that allows one to easily query and view the database.
4. Once `sqlite3` is installed then the following command is used to access the database itself

```
sqlite3 cas_integration_tests.db
>sqlite
```

5. Once inside the database. `SQL` queries are used to find any information needed about the test results. There are many places on the web that show how to use `SQL` commands.

## 1.2 Description of the schema

There is only one table called `main` with currently 72 columns. The following is the result of issuing the command `sqlite> PRAGMA table_info(main);`. There are 88 columns in one table.

```
sqlite> PRAGMA table_info(main);
0|key|INTEGER|0||1
1|global_integral_number|INTEGER|0||0
2|command_in_mma|TEXT|0||0
3|command_in_rubi|TEXT|0||0
4|command_in_maple|TEXT|0||0
5|command_in_fricas|TEXT|0||0
6|command_in_maxima|TEXT|0||0
7|command_in_giac|TEXT|0||0
8|command_in_sympy|TEXT|0||0
9|command_in_mupad|TEXT|0||0
10|optimal_in_mma|TEXT|0||0
11|optimal_in_maple|TEXT|0||0
12|optimal_leafsize|INTEGER|0||0
13|optimal_anti_in_latex|TEXT|0||0
14|integral_in_latex|TEXT|0||0
15|has_known_anti|INTEGER|0||0
16|input_file_name|TEXT|0||0
17|output_folder|TEXT|0||0
18|input_file_number|INTEGER|0||0
19|integral_number_in_file|INTEGER|0||0
20|rubi_number_of_steps|INTEGER|0||0
21|integrand_size|INTEGER|0||0
22|rubi_pass|INTEGER|0||0
23|rubi_leafsize|INTEGER|0||0
24|rubi_time|TEXT|0||0
25|rubi_anti|TEXT|0||0
26|rubi_anti_in_latex|TEXT|0||0
27|rubi_grade|TEXT|0||0
28|rubi_grade_info|TEXT|0||0
29|rubi_number_of_rules|INTEGER|0||0
30|rubi_ratio|TEXT|0||0
31|rubi_rules_used|TEXT|0||0
32|rubi_verified|INTEGER|0||0
33|mma_pass|INTEGER|0||0
34|mma_leafsize|INTEGER|0||0
35|mma_time|TEXT|0||0
36|mma_anti|TEXT|0||0
37|mma_anti_in_latex|TEXT|0||0
38|mma_grade|TEXT|0||0
```

```
39|mma_grade_info|TEXT|0||0
40|mma_verified|INTEGER|0||0
41|maple_pass|INTEGER|0||0
42|maple_leafsize|INTEGER|0||0
43|maple_time|TEXT|0||0
44|maple_anti|TEXT|0||0
45|maple_anti_in_latex|TEXT|0||0
46|maple_grade|TEXT|0||0
47|maple_grade_info|TEXT|0||0
48|maple_verified|INTEGER|0||0
49|fricas_pass|INTEGER|0||0
50|fricas_leafsize|INTEGER|0||0
51|fricas_time|TEXT|0||0
52|fricas_anti|TEXT|0||0
53|fricas_anti_in_latex|TEXT|0||0
54|fricas_grade|TEXT|0||0
55|fricas_grade_info|TEXT|0||0
56|fricas_verified|INTEGER|0||0
57|maxima_pass|INTEGER|0||0
58|maxima_leafsize|INTEGER|0||0
59|maxima_time|TEXT|0||0
60|maxima_anti|TEXT|0||0
61|maxima_anti_in_latex|TEXT|0||0
62|maxima_grade|TEXT|0||0
63|maxima_grade_info|TEXT|0||0
64|maxima_verified|INTEGER|0||0
65|giac_pass|INTEGER|0||0
66|giac_leafsize|INTEGER|0||0
67|giac_time|TEXT|0||0
68|giac_anti|TEXT|0||0
69|giac_anti_in_latex|TEXT|0||0
70|giac_grade|TEXT|0||0
71|giac_grade_info|TEXT|0||0
72|giac_verified|INTEGER|0||0
73|mupad_pass|INTEGER|0||0
74|mupad_leafsize|INTEGER|0||0
75|mupad_time|TEXT|0||0
76|mupad_anti|TEXT|0||0
77|mupad_anti_in_latex|TEXT|0||0
78|mupad_grade|TEXT|0||0
79|mupad_grade_info|TEXT|0||0
80|mupad_verified|INTEGER|0||0
81|sympy_pass|INTEGER|0||0
82|sympy_leafsize|INTEGER|0||0
83|sympy_time|TEXT|0||0
84|sympy_anti|TEXT|0||0
85|sympy_anti_in_latex|TEXT|0||0
```

```
86|sympy_grade|TEXT|0||0
87|sympy_verified|INTEGER|0||0
88|sympy_grade_info|TEXT|0||0
sqlite>
```

### 1.3 Screen shots using the database via DB Browser for SQLite

key	integral_id	command_in_mma	command_in_maple	command_in_sage	command_in_sympy	command_in_mupad	mol
1	1	Integrate[Sqrt[1 + 2*x],x]	int((1+2*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURINVERBOSE)	integrate((1+2*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")	integrate((1+2*x)^(1/2),x)	int((2*x + 1)^(1/2),x)	(1 +
2	2	Integrate[x*Sqrt[1 + 3*x],x]	int(x*(1+3*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURINVERBO...	integrate(x*(1+3*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")	integrate(x*(1+3*x)^(1/2),x)	int(x*(3*x + 1)^(1/2),x)	(-2*
3	3	Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[1 + x],x]	int(x^2*(1+x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURINVERBO...	integrate(x^2*(1+x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")	integrate(x^2*(1+x)^(1/2),x)	int(x^2*(x + 1)^(1/2),x)	(2*(
4	4	Integrate[x*Sqrt[2 - 3*x],x]	int(x*(2-3*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURINVERBOSE)	integrate(x*(2-3*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")	integrate(x/...	int(x*(2 - 3*x)^(1/2),x)	(-4*
5	5	Integrate[(1 + x)/(2 + 2*x + x^2)^3,x]	int((1+x)/...	integrate((1+x)/(x^2+2*x+2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")	integrate((1+x)/...	int((x + 1)/(2*x + x^2 + ...	-1/4
6	6	Integrate[Sin[x]^3,x]	int(sin(x)^3,x,method=_RETURINVERBOSE)	integrate(sin(x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")	integrate(sin(x)^3,x)	int(sin(x)^3,x)	-Cos
7	7	Integrate[(-1 + z)^(1/3)*z,z]	int((-1+z)^(1/3)*z,z,method=_RETURINVERBOSE)	integrate((-1+z)^(1/3)*z,z, algorithm="fricas")	integrate((-1+z)^(1/3)*z,z)	int(z^2*(z - 1)^(1/3),z)	(3*(
8	8	Integrate[Cos[x]^2*Csc[x]^2,x]	int(cos(x)/sin(x)^3,x,method=_RETURINVERBOSE)	integrate(cos(x)/sin(x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")	integrate(cos(x)/sin(x)^3,x)	int(cos(x)/sin(x)^3,x)	-1/2
9	9	Integrate[Cos[2*x]^4 - ...]	int(cos(2*x)^4-...	integrate(cos(2*x)^4-sin(2*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")	integrate(cos(2*x)^4-...	int(cos(2*x)^4 - ...	-1/3
10	10	Integrate[Sin[x]/(3 + Cos[x])^2,x]	int(sin(x)/(3 + Cos[x])^2,x)	integrate(sin(x)/(3+cos(x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")	integrate(sin(x)/...	int(sin(x)/(cos(x) + 3)^2,x)	(3 +
11	11	Integrate[Sin[x]/Sqrt[Cos[x]^3],x]	int(sin(x)/...	integrate(sin(x)/(cos(x)^3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")	integrate(sin(x)/...	int(sin(x)/...	(2*(
12	12	Integrate[Sin[Sqrt[1 + x]]*Sqrt[1 + x],x]	int(sin((1+x)^(1/2))/...	integrate(sin((1+x)^(1/2))/(1+x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")	integrate(sin((1+x)^(1/2))...	int(sin((x + 1)^(1/2))/(x + ...	-2*(
13	13	Integrate[x^(1 + n)*sin(x^n),x]	int(x^(1+n)*sin(x^n),x,method=_RETURINVERB...	integrate(x^(1+n)*sin(x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")	integrate(x^(1+n)*sin(x...	int(x^(n - 1)*sin(x^n),x)	...
14	14	Integrate[x^5/Sqrt[1 - x^6],x]	int(x^5/(1-...	integrate(x^5/(x^6+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")	integrate(x^5/(...	int(x^5/(1 - x^6)^(1/2),x)	-1/3
15	15	Integrate[t*(1 + t)^(1/4),t]	int(t*(1+t)^(1/4),t,method=_RETURINVERBOSE)	integrate(t*(1+t)^(1/4),t, algorithm="fricas")	integrate(t*(1+t)^(1/4),t)	int(t*(1 + 1)^(1/4),t)	(-4*
16	16	Integrate[(1 + x^2)^(3/2),x]	int(1/...	integrate(1/(x^2+1)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")	integrate(1/...	int(1/(x^2 + 1)^(3/2),x)	x/5
17	17	Integrate[x^2*(27 + 8*x^3+27)^(2/3),x]	int(x^2*(8*x^3+27)^(2/3),x,method=_RETURIN...	integrate(x^2*(8*x^3+27)^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")	integrate(x^2*(8*x^3+...	int(x^2*(8*x^3 + ...	(27

Figure 1.1: Database GUI

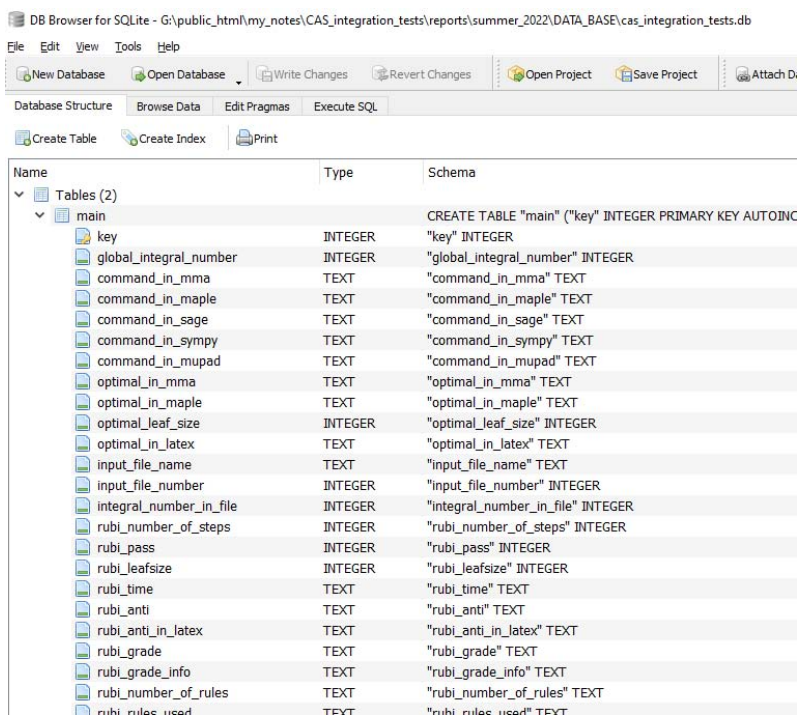


Figure 1.2: database structure





## CHAPTER 2

### EXAMPLES OF SQL COMMANDS

The following section gives examples of SQL commands on the CAS integration tests database. In these examples `rowid` is the main unique key for each row in the table. There is one row per integral. So total number of rows is **85963**. Basically any valid SQL command can be used to query the test results.

#### 2.1 Find rowid of all intergals that rubi scored grade A and Mathematica scored B

```
sqlite> select rowid from main where rubi_grade="A" and mma_grade="C";  
41  
98  
113  
175  
....
```

#### 2.2 Obtain the leaf size of the integrals in above example

```
sqlite> select mma_leafsize,rubi_leafsize from main where  
           rubi_grade="A" and mma_grade="C";  
34|172  
37|22  
24|21  
17|103  
....
```

## 2.3 Find the optimal and its leaf size in the first test file only

```
sqlite> select optimal_leafsize,optimal_in_maple from main
        where input_file_number=1;
13|1/3*(1+2*x)^(3/2)
18|-2/27*(1+3*x)^(3/2)+2/45*(1+3*x)^(5/2)
21|2/3*(1+x)^(3/2)-4/5*(1+x)^(5/2)+2/7*(1+x)^(7/2)
18|2/27*(2-3*x)^(3/2)-4/9*(2-3*x)^(1/2)
14|-1/4/(x^2+2*x+2)^2
....
```

## 2.4 Find all integrals with optimal antiderivative that has the function polylog

Find all integrals with optimal antiderivative that has the function polylog in them, and show the file number and the integral number in that file.

```
sqlite> select input_file_number,integral_number_in_file,
        command_in_fricas,optimal_in_maple from main where
        optimal_in_maple LIKE '%polylog%';
156|integrate(log(t)/(1+t),t, algorithm="fricas")|ln(t)*ln(1+t)+polylog(2,-t)
217|....
```

## 2.5 Find all integrals with optimal antiderivative that has FresnelS or FresnelC

Find all integrals with optimal antiderivative that has FresnelS or FresnelC in the optimal, and show the file number and the integral number in that file.

```
sqlite> select input_file_number,integral_number_in_file,
        command_in_fricas,optimal_in_maple from main where
        optimal_in_maple LIKE '%FresnelS%' OR '%FresnelC%';
214|integrate(sin(x)/(1+x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")|cos(1)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2))
...
```

## 2.6 Find the integral with the most used Rubi steps used to solve it.

```
sqlite> select input_file_number,integral_number_in_file,
             rubi_number_of_steps from main where
             rubi_number_of_steps =(SELECT max(rubi_number_of_steps) from main);
210|5294|1980
```

## 2.7 Find the integrals with the most used Rubi rules to solve it

```
sqlite> select input_file_number,integral_number_in_file,
             rubi_number_of_rules from main where
             rubi_number_of_rules =(SELECT max(rubi_number_of_rules) from main);
210|6214|43
```

## 2.8 Find the integral with the largest optimal leaf size

```
sqlite> select rowid,input_file_name,input_file_number,
             integral_number_in_file,optimal_leafsize from main where
             optimal_leafsize =(SELECT max(optimal_leafsize) from main);
66679|7_Inverse_hyperbolic_functions/7.3_Inverse_hyperbolic_tangent/7.3.2-d_x^-m-a+b_arctanh-c_x^n-p

sqlite> select command_in_mma from main where rowid=66679;
Integrate[(a + b*ArcTanh[c*x^2])^2/(d*x)^(5/2),x]

sqlite> select rubi_time,rubi_grade,rubi_number_of_rules,
             rubi_rules_used from main where rowid=1509;

8.0726703|A|33|{6051, 6043, 6041, 2507, 2521, 212, 2520, 12, 266, 6857, 6131, 6055,
2449, 2352, 6139, 6057, 2497, 209, 5048, 4966, 5040, 4964, 2505, 218,
6874, 217, 1179, 642, 1176, 631, 210, 30, 2637}
```

## 2.9 Find the integrals which used one Rubi step to solve

```
sqlite>select command_in_mma from main where rubi_number_of_steps=1;
Integrate[(-1 + 2*x)^(-1) - (1 + 2*x)^(-1),x]
Integrate[x/(1 - x^2)^5,x]
...
```

## 2.10 Find the integrals which used two Rubi step to solve

```
sqlite>select command_in_mma from main where rubi_number_of_steps=2;
Integrate[(-3 + x)*(-7 + 4*x^2),x]
Integrate[(-7 + 4*x^2)/(3 + 2*x),x]
...
```

## 2.11 Find the integrals which used four Rubi step to solve and shows the rules used

```
sqlite>select command_in_mma,rubi_rules_used from main where rubi_number_of_steps=4;
Integrate[(a*x^2 + b*x^3)/(c*x^2 + d*x^3),x] | {1607, 1598, 45}
Integrate[x^4/(4 + 5*x^2 + x^4),x] | {1136, 1180, 209}
...
```

## 2.12 Find the integral with most uses rubi number of steps

```
sqlite> select rowid,input_file_number,integral_number_in_file,
           rubi_number_of_steps,rubi_number_of_rules,
           command_in_mma from main where
           rubi_number_of_steps =(SELECT max(rubi_number_of_steps) from main);
80438|210|5294|1980|17|Integrate[(-24*x^3*Log[20] + E^x*(x^3 - 2*x^4)*Log[20])/(-2641807540224*E^2 +
```

## 2.13 Find how all CAS system scored on the above problem

Find how all CAS system scored on the above problem (1 is pass, 0 is failed)

```
sqlite> select mma_pass,rubi_pass,maple_pass,fricas_pass,maxima_pass,mupad_pass,giac_pass,sympy_pass
1|1|1|1|1|1|1|1|1
```

So all solved it

## 2.14 Find the maximum number of rules Rubi used on a problem

```
sqlite> SELECT DISTINCT rubi_number_of_rules from main where rubi_number_of_rules =(SELECT max(rubi_n
43
```

## 2.15 Find how many problems used this maximum number of rules

```
SELECT COUNT(*) from main where rubi_number_of_rules =9;
1
```

## 2.16 Find the problem with max leaf size of the optimal solution

```
select rowid,optimal_leafsize from main where optimal_leafsize =(SELECT max(optimal_leafsize) from ma
66679|6520
```

The above says it is problem #66679 in the database, with leaf size for optimal of 6520

## 2.17 Find the problem with max leaf size of the optimal solution

```
select rowid,optimal_leafsize from main where optimal_leafsize =(SELECT max(optimal_leafsize) from ma
66679|6520
```

The above says it is problem #66679 in the database, with leaf size for optimal of 6520

## 2.18 Find the leaf size of solutions of all other CAS system for the above problem

```
select rubi_leafsize,maple_leafsize,fricas_leafsize,mma_leafsize,maxima_leafsize,giac_leafsize,sympy_
6520|0|0|0|0|0|0
```

zero for leaf size means it was not solved. The above means only Rubi solved it.

## 2.19 Display the above problem

```
sqlite> select command_in_maple from main where rowid=66679;
int((a+b*arctanh(c*x^2))^2/(d*x)^(5/2),x)
```

## 2.20 Find how many problem Fricas uses special functions Fresnel

Find how many problem Fricas uses special functions Fresnel in its solution

```
sqlite> select COUNT(*) from main where fricas_anti LIKE '%fresnel_sin%' OR '%fresnel_cos%';
395
```

## 2.21 Find how many problem Fricas uses Weierstrass special functions

Find how many problem Fricas uses Weierstrass special functions in its solution

```
sqlite>select COUNT(*) from main where fricas_anti LIKE '%weierstrass%';  
  
4501
```

## 2.22 Find how many problem Maple uses Fresnel

```
sqlite> select COUNT(*) from main where maple_anti LIKE '%fresnel%';  
  
644
```

## 2.23 Find number of integrals solved by a CAS

```
sqlite> select count(*) from main where fricas_pass=1;  
69536
```

## 2.24 Find number of integrals failed by CAS with exception

```
>sqlite3 cas_integration_tests.db  
sqlite> select count(*) from main where giac_grade="F(-2)";  
  
6314
```

## 2.25 Find percentage of integrals failed by CAS with exception

```
>sqlite3 cas_integration_tests.db
sqlite> select count(*) from main;

106812

sqlite> select count(*) from main where giac_grade="F(-2)";

6314
```

So the percentage is 5.9113