

Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

1-Algebraic-functions/1.1-Binomial/1.1.1-Linear-binomial/18-
1.1.1.3a

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3.117	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x} dx$	842
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3.187	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	1287

3.188	$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx$	1292
3.189	$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx$	1298
3.190	$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx$	1304
3.191	$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx$	1310
3.192	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1316
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3.199	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$	1364
3.200	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$	1371
3.201	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx$	1378
3.202	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx$	1384
3.203	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx$	1390
3.204	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)} dx$	1396
3.205	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)} dx$	1403
3.206	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{11/2}(a+bx)} dx$	1411
3.207	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$	1419
3.208	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$	1428
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3.210	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$	1444
3.211	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} dx$	1451
3.212	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} dx$	1457
3.213	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} dx$	1464
3.214	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^2} dx$	1472
3.215	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)^2} dx$	1480
3.216	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	1489
3.217	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	1498
3.218	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	1507
3.219	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	1515
3.220	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} dx$	1522
3.221	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} dx$	1530

3.222	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^3} dx$	1538
3.223	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^3} dx$	1547
3.224	$\int x^4 \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$	1557
3.225	$\int x^3 \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$	1564
3.226	$\int x^2 \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$	1570
3.227	$\int x \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$	1576
3.228	$\int \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$	1582
3.229	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x} dx$	1587
3.230	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$	1593
3.231	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$	1600
3.232	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$	1607
3.233	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$	1614
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3.236	$\int x^2 (a+bx)^{3/2} (A+Bx) dx$	1636
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3.239	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2} (A+Bx)}{x} dx$	1655
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3.252	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2} (A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$	1746
3.253	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2} (A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$	1754
3.254	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2} (A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$	1762
3.255	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2} (A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$	1770
3.256	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2} (A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$	1778
3.257	$\int \frac{x^4 (A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1786

3.258	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1792
3.259	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1798
3.260	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1804
3.261	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1810
3.262	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1815
3.263	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1820
3.264	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1826
3.265	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1833
3.266	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1840
3.267	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1848
3.268	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1854
3.269	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1860
3.270	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1866
3.271	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1872
3.272	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1877
3.273	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1883
3.274	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1890
3.275	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1897
3.276	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1905
3.277	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1911
3.278	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1917
3.279	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1923
3.280	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1928
3.281	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1933
3.282	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1940
3.283	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1948
3.284	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1957
3.285	$\int x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$	1967
3.286	$\int x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$	1976
3.287	$\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$	1984
3.288	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1992
3.289	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	1998
3.290	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	2004
3.291	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	2010

3.292	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$	2016
3.293	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$	2023
3.294	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx$	2030
3.295	$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx$	2038
3.296	$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx$	2047
3.297	$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx$	2055
3.298	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	2064
3.299	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	2072
3.300	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	2079
3.301	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	2086
3.302	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$	2093
3.303	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$	2100
3.304	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx$	2107
3.305	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx$	2114
3.306	$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx$	2122
3.307	$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx$	2131
3.308	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	2140
3.309	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	2150
3.310	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	2159
3.311	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	2167
3.312	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$	2175
3.313	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$	2183
3.314	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx$	2190
3.315	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx$	2197
3.316	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{17/2}} dx$	2204
3.317	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{19/2}} dx$	2212
3.318	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2221
3.319	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2229
3.320	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2236
3.321	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2243
3.322	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2249
3.323	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2255
3.324	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2260
3.325	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2266

3.326	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{11/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2274
3.327	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	2281
3.328	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	2289
3.329	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	2296
3.330	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	2302
3.331	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	2308
3.332	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	2314
3.333	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	2320
3.334	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	2327
3.335	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2335
3.336	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2345
3.337	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2354
3.338	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2362
3.339	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2369
3.340	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2375
3.341	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2381
3.342	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2388
3.343	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2395
3.344	$\int (ex)^m(a+bx)^4(A+Bx) dx$	2403
3.345	$\int (ex)^m(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx$	2411
3.346	$\int (ex)^m(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx$	2419
3.347	$\int (ex)^m(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx$	2426
3.348	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$	2432
3.349	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$	2437
3.350	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	2443
3.351	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^4} dx$	2449
3.352	$\int (ex)^m(a+bx)^p(A+Bx) dx$	2455

4 Appendix 2461

4.1 Listing of Grading functions 2461

4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS 2479

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [**352**]. This is test number [18].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 (352)	0.00 (0)
Mathematica	100.00 (352)	0.00 (0)
Reduce	98.86 (348)	1.14 (4)
Maple	98.58 (347)	1.42 (5)
Fricas	98.58 (347)	1.42 (5)
Maxima	98.58 (347)	1.42 (5)
Giac	96.31 (339)	3.69 (13)
Sympy	96.02 (338)	3.98 (14)
Mupad	90.62 (319)	9.38 (33)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

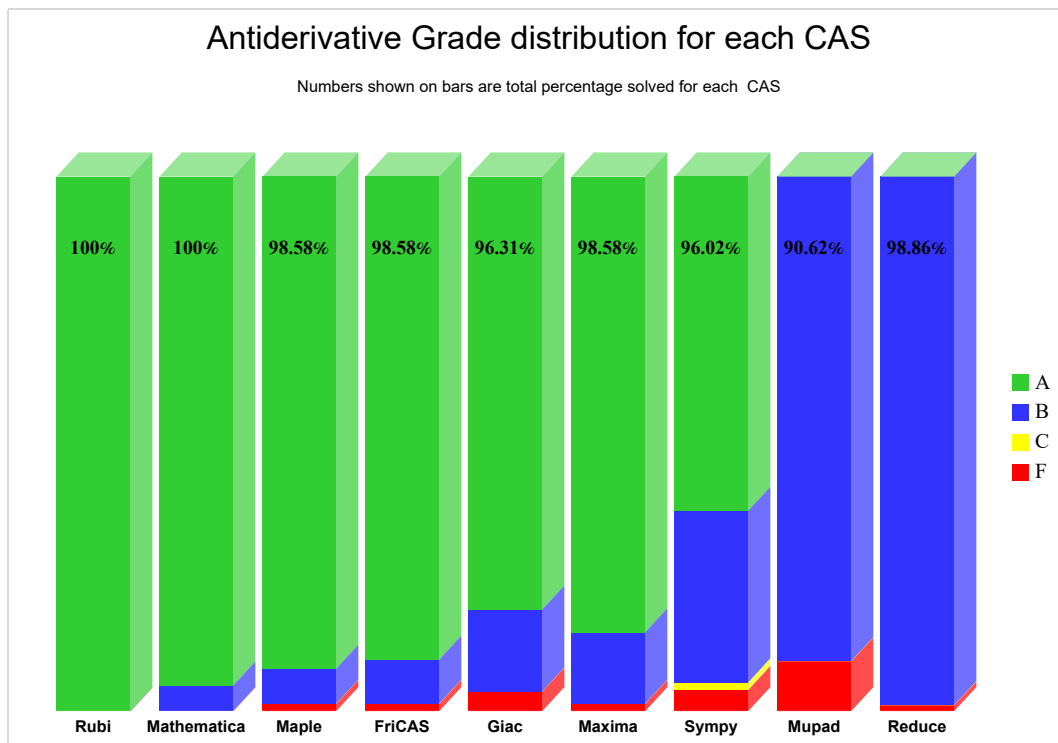
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

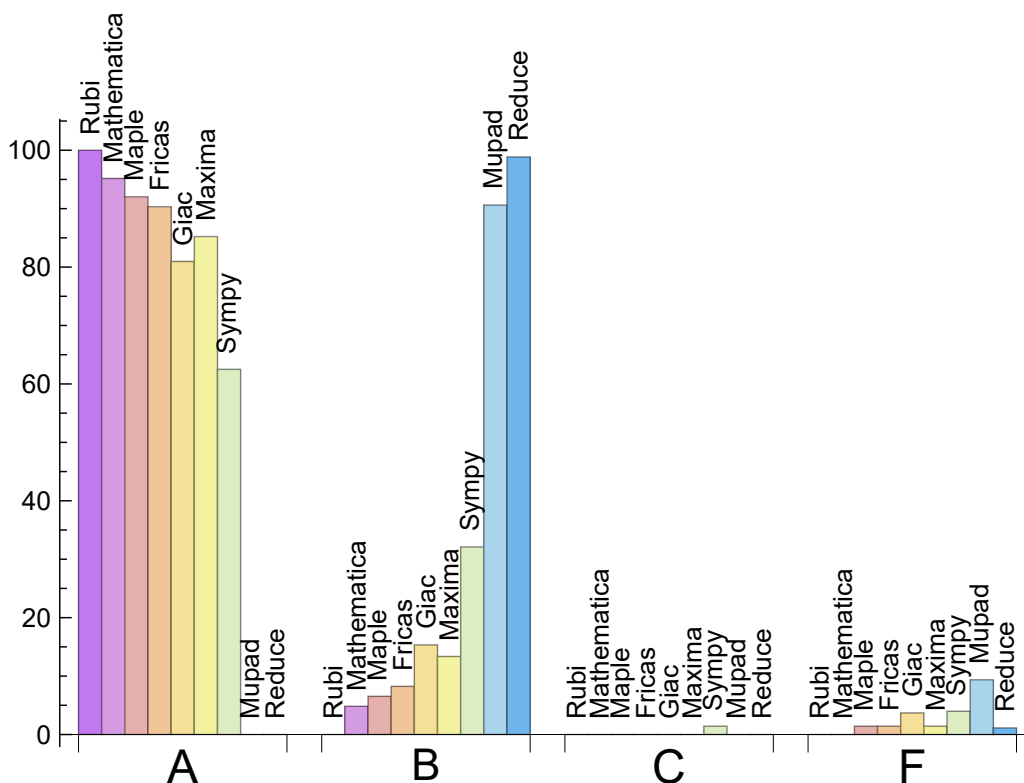
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	100.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Mathematica	95.170	4.830	0.000	0.000
Maple	92.045	6.534	0.000	1.420
Fricas	90.341	8.239	0.000	1.420
Maxima	85.227	13.352	0.000	1.420
Giac	80.966	15.341	0.000	3.693
Sympy	62.500	32.102	1.420	3.977
Mupad	0.000	90.625	0.000	9.375
Reduce	0.000	98.864	0.000	1.136

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Reduce	4	100.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	5	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	5	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maxima	5	100.00	0.00	0.00
Giac	13	38.46	61.54	0.00
Sympy	14	0.00	100.00	0.00
Mupad	33	0.00	100.00	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maxima	0.05
Fricas	0.08
Mathematica	0.09
Maple	0.15
Reduce	0.16
Mupad	0.17
Rubi	0.21
Giac	4.95
Sympy	11.55

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Reduce	68.56	0.80	60.00	0.68
Mathematica	91.70	1.05	75.00	0.91
Maple	92.07	1.03	75.00	0.87
Rubi	92.47	0.99	85.00	1.00
Mupad	103.25	1.18	79.00	0.97
Maxima	124.35	1.33	96.00	1.06
Giac	132.52	1.47	102.00	1.10
Fricas	144.09	1.55	116.00	1.16
Sympy	290.44	3.03	128.50	1.33

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

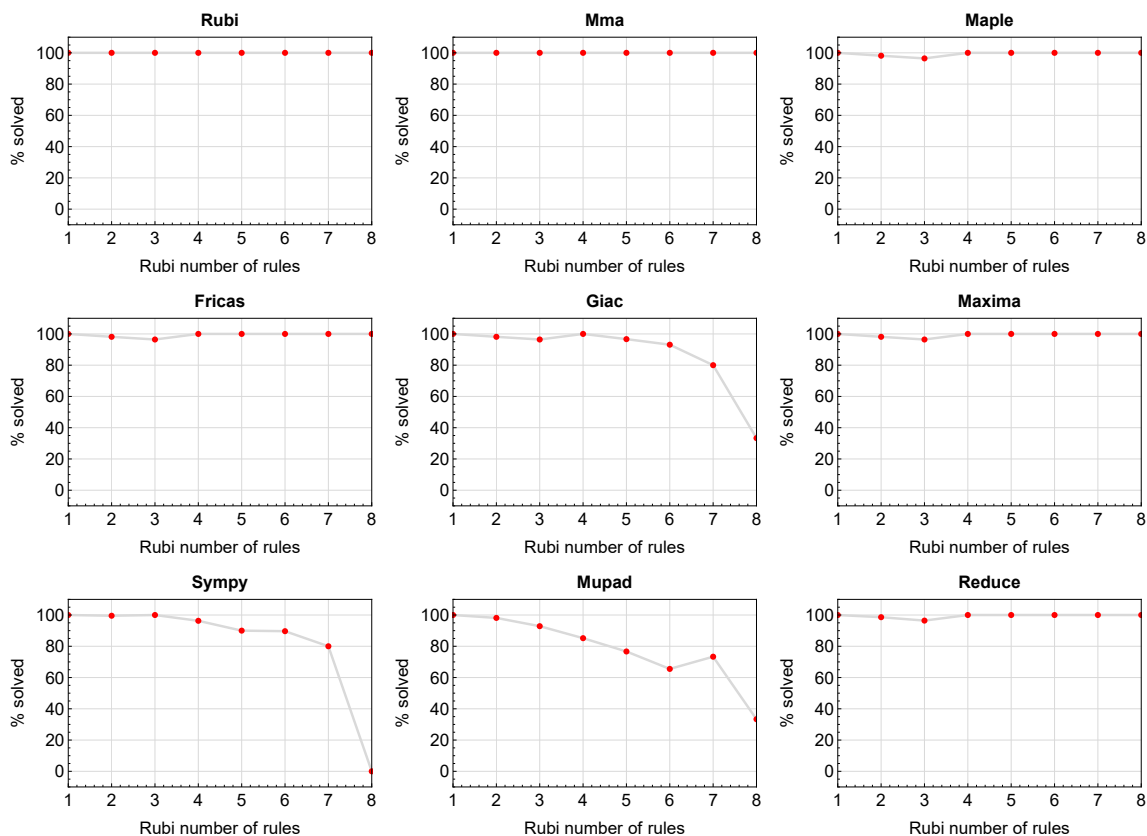


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

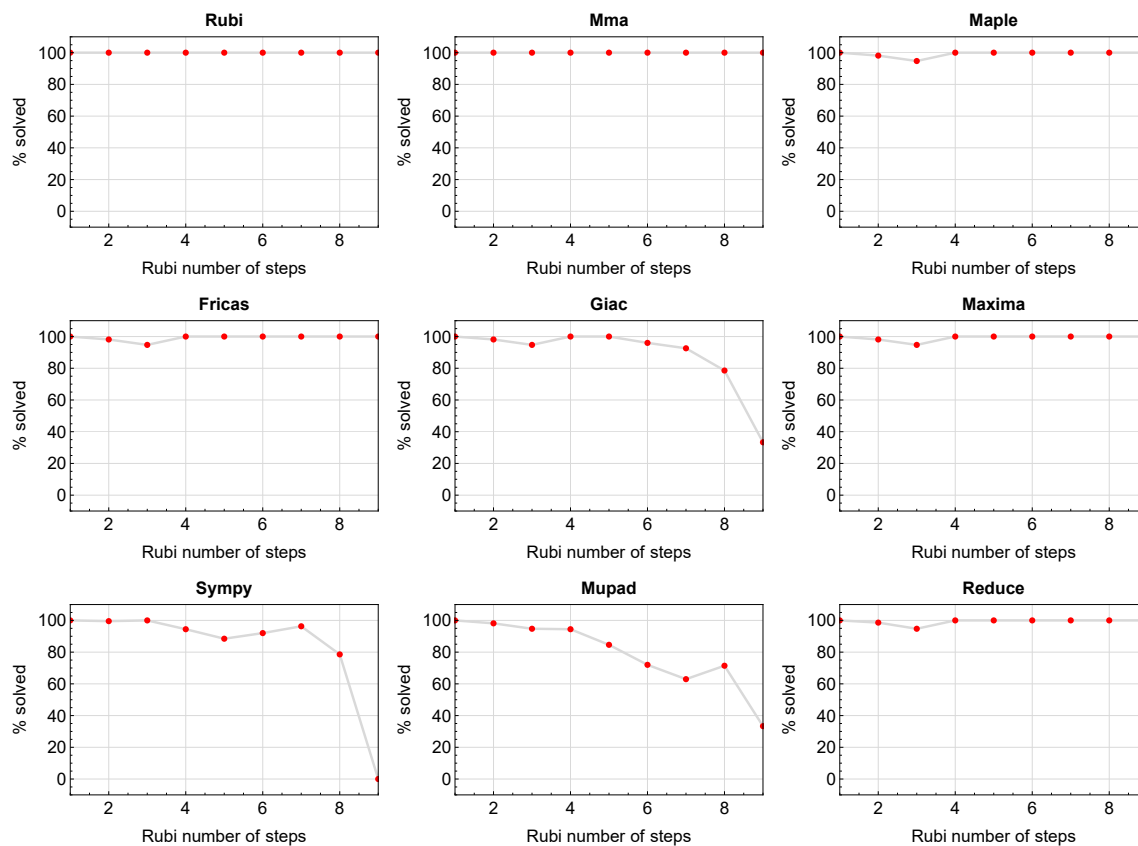


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved intergals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

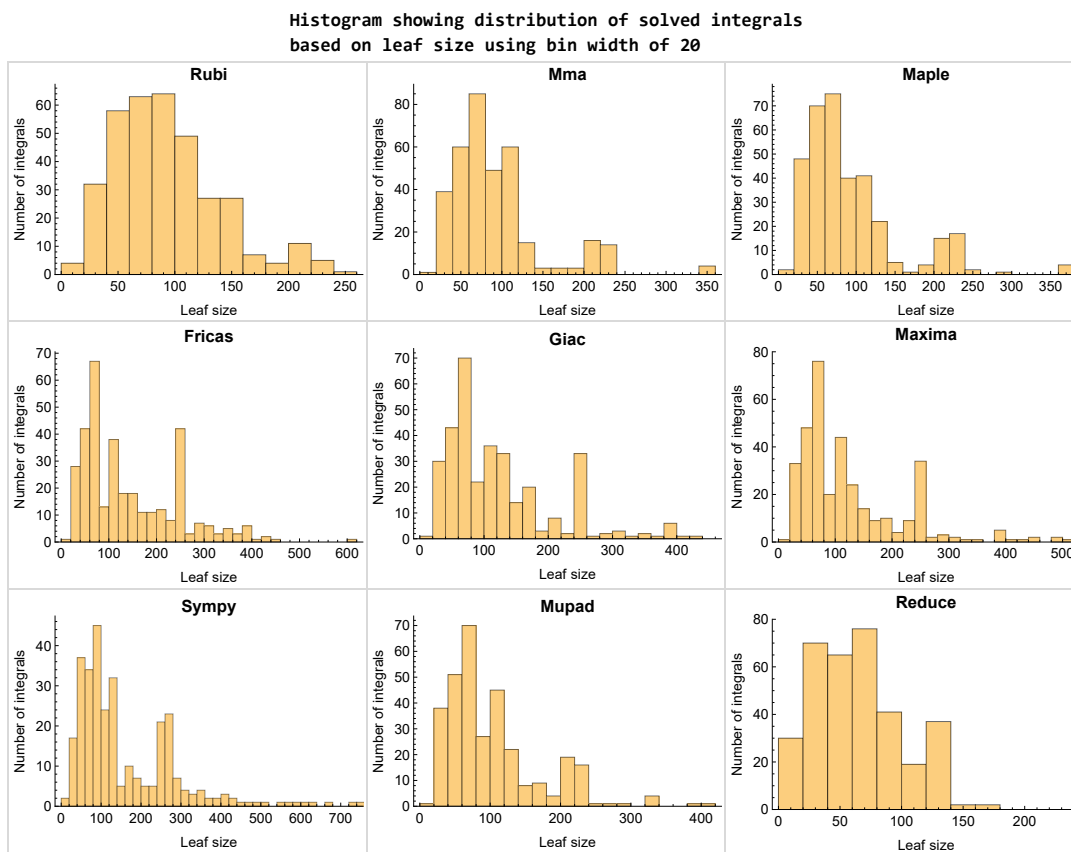


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

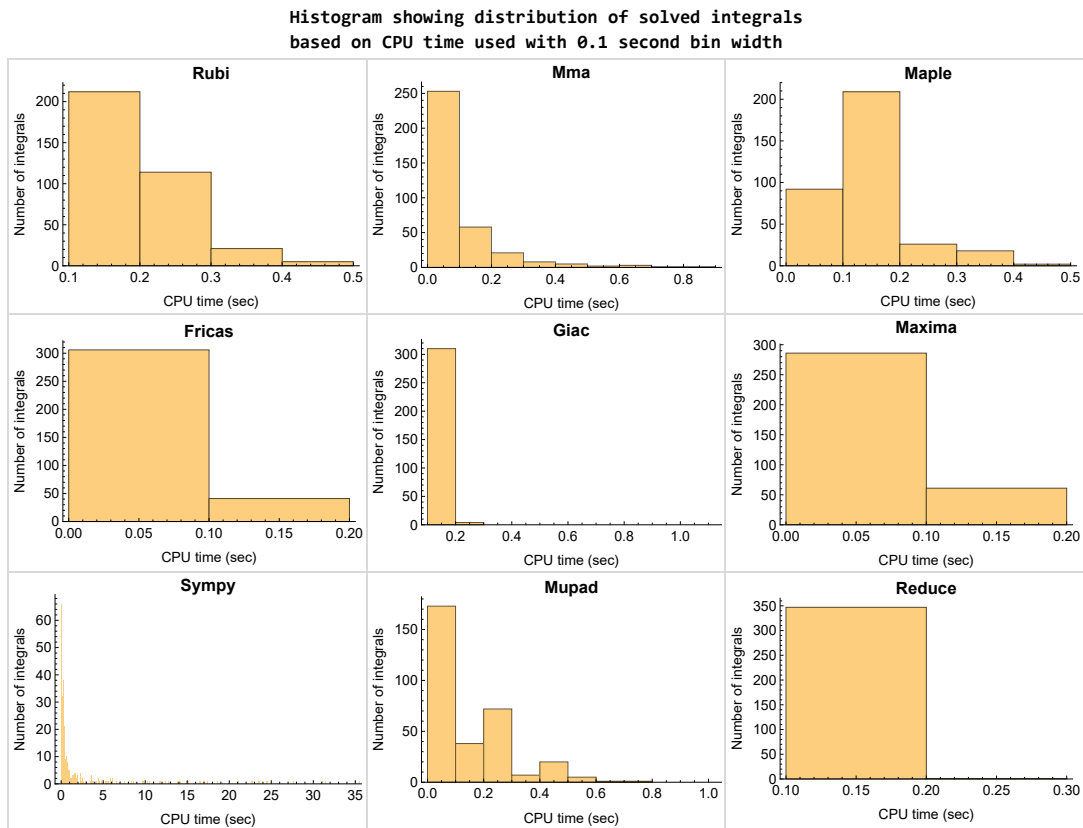


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fracas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

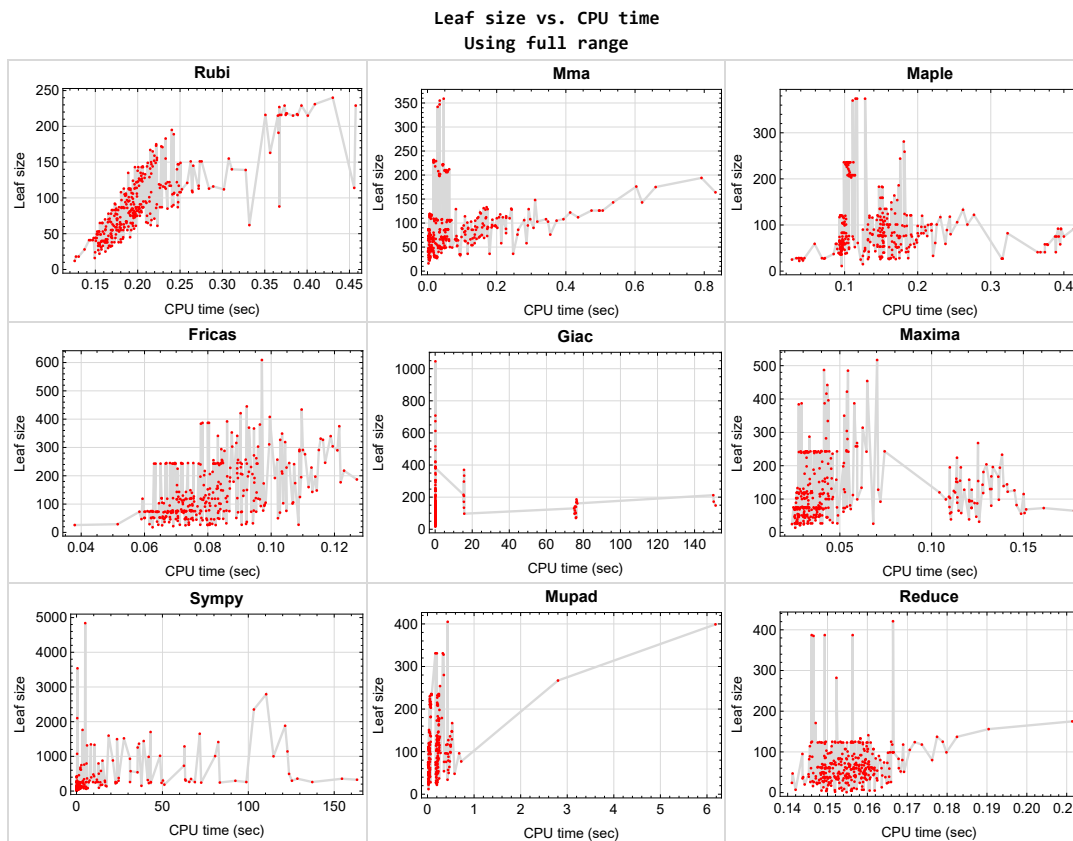


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Reduce Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals.

These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```


See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

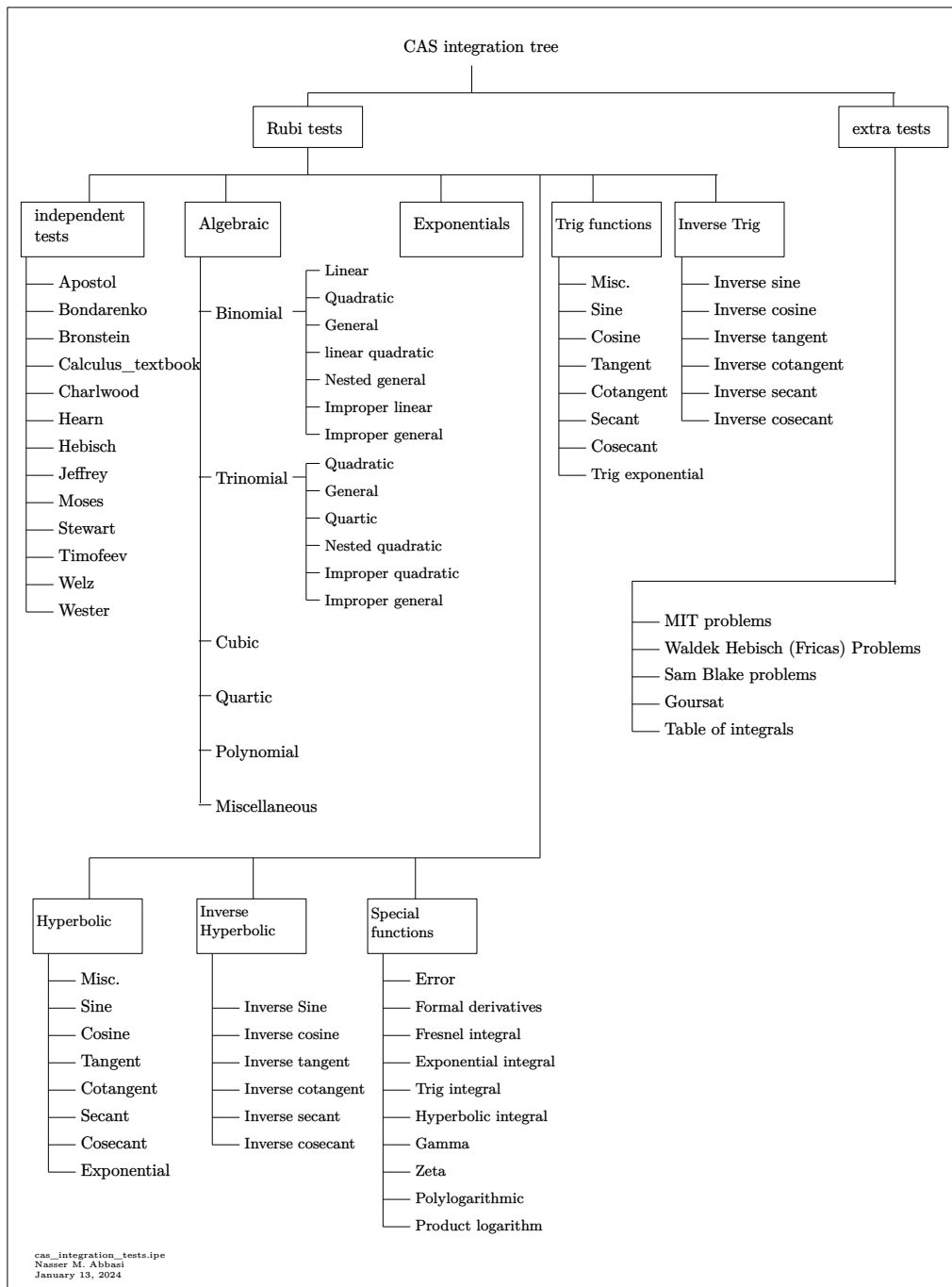
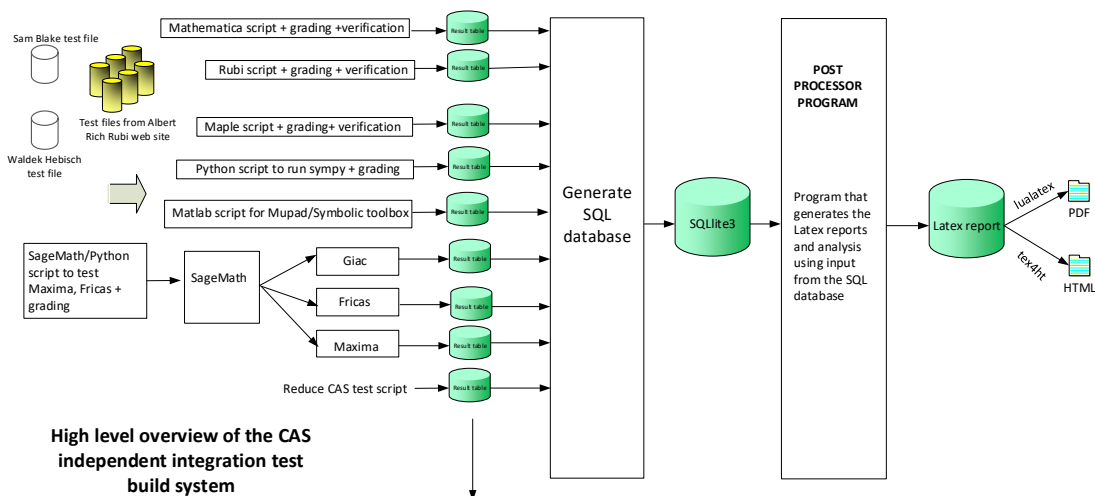


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi
January 13, 2024
Design note

CHAPTER 2

DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

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2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi	33
Mma	34
Maple	35
Fricas	35
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Mupad	37
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Rubi

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352 }

B grade { }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mma

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352 }

B grade { 6, 23, 34, 44, 93, 101, 113, 114, 115, 116, 129, 130, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maple

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347 }

B grade { 6, 34, 44, 77, 92, 93, 101, 113, 114, 115, 116, 129, 130, 131, 138, 139, 140, 141, 329, 330, 336, 337, 338 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 348, 349, 350, 351, 352 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Fricas

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234,

235, 236, 237, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 347 }

B grade { 6, 34, 44, 77, 92, 93, 101, 113, 114, 115, 116, 129, 130, 131, 132, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 168, 169, 238, 248, 249, 313, 344, 345, 346 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 348, 349, 350, 351, 352 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maxima

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 294, 295, 296, 299, 300, 310, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 338, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347 }

B grade { 6, 34, 44, 77, 92, 93, 101, 113, 114, 115, 116, 129, 130, 131, 132, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 291, 292, 293, 297, 298, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 328, 335, 336, 337, 339, 340 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 348, 349, 350, 351, 352 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Giac

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329 }

B grade { 6, 34, 44, 77, 92, 93, 101, 113, 114, 115, 116, 129, 130, 131, 132, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 320, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 348, 349, 350, 351, 352 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 285, 286, 287, 295, 296, 297, 306, 307 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139,

140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 287, 288, 291, 292, 293, 294, 302, 303, 304, 305, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 331, 332, 333, 334, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { 285, 286, 289, 290, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 318, 319, 327, 328, 329, 330, 335, 336, 337, 338, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Sympy

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 133, 134, 135, 136, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 234, 235, 236, 237, 239, 240, 241, 245, 246, 250, 251, 252, 253, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 274, 275, 276, 277, 281, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 297, 298, 299, 307, 308, 309, 310, 318, 320, 321, 322, 323, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331 }

B grade { 6, 16, 23, 30, 34, 38, 44, 77, 83, 92, 93, 101, 102, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 129, 130, 131, 132, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 149, 150, 151, 152, 159, 160, 161, 168, 169, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 231, 232, 233, 238, 242, 243, 247, 248, 249, 254, 264, 265, 266, 273, 278, 279, 280, 282, 283, 284, 291, 292, 293, 294, 296, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 311, 312, 313, 314, 319, 324, 325, 326, 332, 333, 334, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 344, 345, 346, 347 }

C grade { 348, 349, 350, 351, 352 }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { 137, 244, 255, 256, 295, 305, 306, 315, 316, 317, 335, 336, 342, 343 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Reduce

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 349, 350, 351, 352 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	47	39	47	47	49	47	38	47
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.71	0.85	0.85	0.89	0.85	0.69	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.168	0.003	0.103	0.037	0.059	0.025	0.120	0.165	0.041

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	47	39	47	47	53	47	38	47
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.71	0.85	0.85	0.96	0.85	0.69	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.170	0.002	0.095	0.039	0.066	0.023	0.123	0.155	0.029

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	40	37	44	44	44	44	36	44
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	0.97	1.16	1.16	1.16	1.16	0.95	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.163	0.002	0.085	0.037	0.080	0.024	0.125	0.159	0.028

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	47	48	36	43	43	48	44	37	43
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.77	0.91	0.91	1.02	0.94	0.79	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.165	0.011	0.094	0.026	0.075	0.054	0.123	0.152	0.026

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	47	39	38	45	48	44	46	40	45
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.81	0.96	1.02	0.94	0.98	0.85	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.169	0.005	0.101	0.043	0.075	0.069	0.121	0.147	0.026

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	41	36	46	45	46	46	38	35
N.S.	1	1.00	2.28	2.00	2.56	2.50	2.56	2.56	2.11	1.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.127	0.005	0.096	0.027	0.076	0.082	0.120	0.156	0.027

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	37	36	45	48	44	46	40	38
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.80	1.00	1.07	0.98	1.02	0.89	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.169	0.005	0.095	0.035	0.084	0.104	0.121	0.157	0.028

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	50	42	39	47	49	49	48	40	40
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.78	0.94	0.98	0.98	0.96	0.80	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.168	0.005	0.095	0.025	0.080	0.126	0.125	0.152	0.187

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	50	42	39	47	47	51	47	38	46
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.78	0.94	0.94	1.02	0.94	0.76	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.169	0.005	0.095	0.030	0.070	0.135	0.119	0.151	0.023

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	47	39	47	47	51	47	38	47
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.71	0.85	0.85	0.93	0.85	0.69	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.170	0.005	0.092	0.030	0.073	0.141	0.124	0.149	0.177

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	47	39	47	47	51	47	38	47
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.71	0.85	0.85	0.93	0.85	0.69	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.170	0.005	0.092	0.034	0.081	0.161	0.123	0.150	0.022

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	87	61	75	75	82	75	60	75
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.70	0.86	0.86	0.94	0.86	0.69	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.205	0.004	0.097	0.026	0.070	0.025	0.116	0.150	0.018

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	87	61	75	75	85	75	60	75
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.70	0.86	0.86	0.98	0.86	0.69	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	0.003	0.095	0.033	0.076	0.022	0.120	0.151	0.018

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	80	87	61	75	75	85	75	60	75
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	0.76	0.94	0.94	1.06	0.94	0.75	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.205	0.003	0.098	0.038	0.075	0.025	0.127	0.149	0.017

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	85	61	75	75	80	75	60	75
N.S.	1	1.00	1.44	1.03	1.27	1.27	1.36	1.27	1.02	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.184	0.002	0.098	0.027	0.071	0.026	0.115	0.151	0.017

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	68	59	72	72	82	72	58	72
N.S.	1	1.00	1.79	1.55	1.89	1.89	2.16	1.89	1.53	1.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.161	0.003	0.088	0.028	0.091	0.029	0.116	0.160	0.017

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	76	70	57	70	70	78	71	59	70
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.75	0.92	0.92	1.03	0.93	0.78	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.015	0.093	0.025	0.103	0.064	0.114	0.149	0.020

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	73	58	71	76	71	72	61	71
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.79	0.97	1.04	0.97	0.99	0.84	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.197	0.006	0.098	0.041	0.070	0.073	0.128	0.159	0.021

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	78	78	59	73	77	78	74	62	73
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.76	0.94	0.99	1.00	0.95	0.79	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.197	0.006	0.101	0.033	0.095	0.100	0.125	0.148	0.020

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	78	78	59	73	77	78	74	62	73
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.76	0.94	0.99	1.00	0.95	0.79	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	0.006	0.096	0.052	0.074	0.124	0.126	0.150	0.027

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	72	57	71	77	75	72	62	60
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.79	0.99	1.07	1.04	1.00	0.86	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.195	0.006	0.096	0.039	0.069	0.155	0.127	0.149	0.184

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	79	60	74	77	78	75	62	61
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.76	0.94	0.97	0.99	0.95	0.78	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.194	0.006	0.095	0.030	0.069	0.195	0.120	0.147	0.028

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	41	85	61	75	75	80	75	60	74
N.S.	1	1.00	2.07	1.49	1.83	1.83	1.95	1.83	1.46	1.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.143	0.006	0.096	0.025	0.072	0.217	0.122	0.157	0.027

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	84	61	75	75	80	75	60	75
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.73	0.89	0.89	0.95	0.89	0.71	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.201	0.005	0.097	0.033	0.078	0.218	0.125	0.149	0.176

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	87	61	75	75	80	75	60	75
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.70	0.86	0.86	0.92	0.86	0.69	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.200	0.006	0.097	0.037	0.067	0.241	0.125	0.168	0.028

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	73	61	75	75	87	75	60	75
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.70	0.86	0.86	1.00	0.86	0.69	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.207	0.003	0.099	0.030	0.062	0.028	0.121	0.150	0.018

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	73	61	75	75	87	75	60	75
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.70	0.86	0.86	1.00	0.86	0.69	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	0.003	0.098	0.031	0.085	0.026	0.126	0.155	0.016

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	80	68	61	74	74	78	74	60	74
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.76	0.92	0.92	0.98	0.92	0.75	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.003	0.096	0.026	0.064	0.028	0.121	0.157	0.017

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	73	61	75	75	87	75	60	75
N.S.	1	1.00	1.24	1.03	1.27	1.27	1.47	1.27	1.02	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.184	0.002	0.094	0.036	0.061	0.031	0.124	0.160	0.017

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	64	59	72	72	78	72	58	72
N.S.	1	1.00	1.68	1.55	1.89	1.89	2.05	1.89	1.53	1.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.163	0.002	0.089	0.036	0.064	0.030	0.118	0.156	0.017

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	75	58	71	71	82	72	59	71
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.73	0.90	0.90	1.04	0.91	0.75	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.010	0.098	0.039	0.069	0.061	0.120	0.158	0.021

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	61	58	71	77	75	72	62	71
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.77	0.95	1.03	1.00	0.96	0.83	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	0.006	0.098	0.037	0.078	0.084	0.133	0.161	0.021

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	82	68	61	75	77	82	76	62	75
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.74	0.91	0.94	1.00	0.93	0.76	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	0.006	0.118	0.031	0.073	0.104	0.116	0.154	0.020

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	63	58	73	73	76	73	60	74
N.S.	1	1.00	3.50	3.22	4.06	4.06	4.22	4.06	3.33	4.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.130	0.005	0.100	0.053	0.062	0.116	0.111	0.146	0.033

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	80	66	59	73	77	78	74	62	73
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.74	0.91	0.96	0.98	0.92	0.78	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.197	0.006	0.097	0.042	0.097	0.149	0.115	0.150	0.184

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	61	58	73	77	76	74	62	61
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.77	0.97	1.03	1.01	0.99	0.83	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.195	0.006	0.096	0.025	0.086	0.174	0.120	0.161	0.028

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	82	68	61	75	77	80	76	62	62
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.74	0.91	0.94	0.98	0.93	0.76	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.006	0.096	0.029	0.075	0.218	0.121	0.157	0.196

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	41	66	61	75	75	82	75	60	74
N.S.	1	1.00	1.61	1.49	1.83	1.83	2.00	1.83	1.46	1.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.147	0.005	0.096	0.031	0.087	0.243	0.122	0.155	0.026

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	73	61	75	75	82	75	60	75
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.94	1.15	1.15	1.26	1.15	0.92	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.155	0.005	0.103	0.031	0.073	0.266	0.110	0.151	0.189

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	82	68	61	75	75	82	75	60	74
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.74	0.91	0.91	1.00	0.91	0.73	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.005	0.105	0.027	0.075	0.255	0.123	0.161	0.028

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	73	61	75	75	82	75	60	75
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.70	0.86	0.86	0.94	0.86	0.69	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.006	0.096	0.048	0.083	0.286	0.119	0.157	0.184

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	73	61	75	75	82	75	60	75
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.70	0.86	0.86	0.94	0.86	0.69	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.198	0.005	0.095	0.031	0.063	0.296	0.119	0.164	0.028

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	113	113	82	102	105	109	103	84	82
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.73	0.90	0.93	0.96	0.91	0.74	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.008	0.102	0.026	0.066	0.274	0.122	0.162	0.036

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	41	112	83	103	103	110	103	82	102
N.S.	1	1.00	2.73	2.02	2.51	2.51	2.68	2.51	2.00	2.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.144	0.006	0.096	0.032	0.065	0.321	0.119	0.154	0.195

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	116	83	103	103	110	103	82	103
N.S.	1	1.00	1.78	1.28	1.58	1.58	1.69	1.58	1.26	1.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.158	0.006	0.097	0.035	0.104	0.315	0.125	0.153	0.033

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	92	119	83	103	103	110	103	82	103
N.S.	1	1.03	1.34	0.93	1.16	1.16	1.24	1.16	0.92	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.173	0.007	0.098	0.030	0.066	0.361	0.125	0.160	0.035

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	114	114	83	103	103	110	103	82	102
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.73	0.90	0.90	0.96	0.90	0.72	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.226	0.006	0.100	0.027	0.081	0.383	0.118	0.155	0.191

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	119	119	83	103	103	110	103	82	103
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.70	0.87	0.87	0.92	0.87	0.69	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	0.006	0.099	0.026	0.079	0.382	0.124	0.145	0.035

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	33	28	27	27	29	29	24	28
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.85	0.82	0.82	0.88	0.88	0.73	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.170	0.004	0.038	0.026	0.080	0.017	0.122	0.151	0.208

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	33	28	27	27	29	29	24	28
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.85	0.82	0.82	0.88	0.88	0.73	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.167	0.004	0.037	0.040	0.091	0.019	0.118	0.150	0.212

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	33	28	27	27	29	29	24	28
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.85	0.82	0.82	0.88	0.88	0.73	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.166	0.004	0.037	0.028	0.080	0.020	0.128	0.158	0.023

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	29	28	27	29	29	29	24	28
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.85	0.82	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.73	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.159	0.004	0.034	0.025	0.052	0.024	0.138	0.155	0.021

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	28	25	24	26	26	26	21	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.89	0.86	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.75	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.157	0.003	0.028	0.030	0.038	0.020	0.121	0.147	0.022

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	24	22	22	22	22	22	20	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.83	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.150	0.004	0.038	0.028	0.069	0.046	0.121	0.144	0.022

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	22	23	22	26	19	23	24	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.05	1.00	1.18	0.86	1.05	1.09	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.155	0.006	0.043	0.028	0.082	0.069	0.119	0.141	0.202

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	28	26	25	29	27	26	26	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	0.96	0.93	1.07	1.00	0.96	0.96	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.153	0.007	0.042	0.024	0.062	0.127	0.118	0.166	0.019

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	28	28	27	27	31	27	24	27
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.90	0.87	0.87	1.00	0.87	0.77	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.157	0.007	0.040	0.026	0.078	0.147	0.123	0.155	0.023

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	29	28	27	27	31	27	24	28
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.85	0.82	0.82	0.94	0.82	0.73	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.153	0.006	0.041	0.027	0.081	0.190	0.128	0.147	0.021

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	31	28	27	27	31	27	24	28
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.85	0.82	0.82	0.94	0.82	0.73	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.155	0.007	0.045	0.035	0.064	0.214	0.122	0.148	0.021

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	55	52	51	51	54	53	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.98	0.96	0.64	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	0.005	0.096	0.049	0.060	0.022	0.120	0.153	0.202

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	55	52	51	51	54	53	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.98	0.96	0.64	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.183	0.005	0.097	0.029	0.075	0.019	0.132	0.149	0.024

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	50	52	51	51	54	53	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.98	0.96	0.64	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.007	0.097	0.031	0.073	0.022	0.125	0.144	0.026

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	50	52	51	51	54	53	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.98	0.96	0.64	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.175	0.007	0.094	0.031	0.063	0.026	0.122	0.150	0.025

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	46	48	48	48	49	49	32	47
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	1.26	1.26	1.26	1.29	1.29	0.84	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.169	0.006	0.090	0.032	0.085	0.023	0.124	0.153	0.024

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	43	46	46	46	46	46	31	45
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	0.78	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.159	0.010	0.096	0.028	0.082	0.063	0.122	0.160	0.021

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	43	44	46	52	42	46	36	46
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	1.00	1.05	1.18	0.95	1.05	0.82	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.170	0.015	0.096	0.043	0.065	0.094	0.126	0.155	0.027

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	43	43	46	53	46	47	37	46
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.98	1.05	1.20	1.05	1.07	0.84	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.174	0.016	0.095	0.030	0.063	0.174	0.124	0.159	0.033

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	48	46	50	53	54	51	37	48
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.94	1.02	1.08	1.10	1.04	0.76	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.174	0.017	0.100	0.027	0.065	0.289	0.119	0.159	0.201

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	47	48	51	51	56	51	35	49
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	1.09	1.16	1.16	1.27	1.16	0.80	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.150	0.011	0.094	0.030	0.060	0.377	0.122	0.155	0.020

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	50	48	51	51	56	51	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.87	0.93	0.93	1.02	0.93	0.64	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.177	0.010	0.095	0.037	0.066	0.469	0.124	0.158	0.020

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	50	48	51	51	56	51	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.87	0.93	0.93	1.02	0.93	0.64	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.176	0.011	0.095	0.026	0.062	0.572	0.128	0.154	0.020

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	50	48	51	51	56	51	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.87	0.93	0.93	1.02	0.93	0.64	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.177	0.012	0.098	0.032	0.062	0.734	0.114	0.162	0.021

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	75	75	73	73	82	77	46	69
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.97	0.97	1.09	1.03	0.61	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.211	0.007	0.103	0.030	0.058	0.029	0.122	0.153	0.175

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	75	75	73	73	80	77	46	69
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.97	0.97	1.07	1.03	0.61	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	0.006	0.102	0.028	0.064	0.022	0.121	0.160	0.016

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	75	75	73	73	82	77	46	69
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.97	0.97	1.09	1.03	0.61	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	0.007	0.097	0.039	0.072	0.022	0.115	0.159	0.016

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	69	74	73	73	80	76	46	68
N.S.	1	1.00	1.13	1.21	1.20	1.20	1.31	1.25	0.75	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.194	0.010	0.093	0.033	0.066	0.030	0.124	0.158	0.016

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	67	70	69	69	73	72	43	65
N.S.	1	1.00	1.76	1.84	1.82	1.82	1.92	1.89	1.13	1.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.164	0.007	0.101	0.041	0.068	0.032	0.120	0.157	0.019

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	53	63	69	68	68	73	70	42	63
N.S.	1	0.98	1.17	1.28	1.26	1.26	1.35	1.30	0.78	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.178	0.016	0.105	0.025	0.070	0.082	0.115	0.154	0.019

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	67	69	69	75	70	71	47	65
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	1.06	1.06	1.15	1.08	1.09	0.72	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.192	0.018	0.097	0.027	0.075	0.118	0.114	0.153	0.023

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	62	63	69	74	68	69	47	70
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.97	1.06	1.14	1.05	1.06	0.72	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.194	0.018	0.093	0.028	0.068	0.214	0.121	0.151	0.029

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	67	61	69	75	73	70	48	70
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	0.95	1.08	1.17	1.14	1.09	0.75	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.194	0.024	0.098	0.026	0.073	0.410	0.121	0.154	0.037

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	58	70	64	72	75	80	73	48	71
N.S.	1	0.98	1.19	1.08	1.22	1.27	1.36	1.24	0.81	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.017	0.095	0.025	0.062	0.598	0.119	0.159	0.197

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	66	66	73	73	82	75	46	71
N.S.	1	1.00	1.50	1.50	1.66	1.66	1.86	1.70	1.05	1.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.148	0.014	0.093	0.032	0.060	0.711	0.120	0.155	0.026

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	69	66	73	73	82	75	46	73
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.88	0.97	0.97	1.09	1.00	0.61	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.014	0.097	0.030	0.063	0.908	0.120	0.155	0.025

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	69	66	73	73	82	75	46	74
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.88	0.97	0.97	1.09	1.00	0.61	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.194	0.015	0.093	0.030	0.063	1.062	0.124	0.160	0.024

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	69	66	73	73	82	75	46	74
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.88	0.97	0.97	1.09	1.00	0.61	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.014	0.098	0.032	0.060	1.335	0.123	0.162	0.028

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	69	66	73	73	82	75	46	74
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.88	0.97	0.97	1.09	1.00	0.61	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.198	0.015	0.098	0.033	0.072	1.526	0.120	0.160	0.025

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	117	120	119	119	133	124	68	107
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.03	1.02	1.02	1.14	1.06	0.58	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.012	0.101	0.031	0.096	0.029	0.121	0.149	0.199

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	117	121	119	119	136	125	68	107
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.03	1.02	1.02	1.16	1.07	0.58	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.249	0.010	0.094	0.027	0.074	0.036	0.118	0.149	0.025

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	112	117	120	119	119	134	124	68	106
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	1.07	1.06	1.06	1.20	1.11	0.61	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	0.010	0.097	0.031	0.078	0.029	0.133	0.159	0.023

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	114	120	118	118	133	124	68	106
N.S.	1	1.00	1.31	1.38	1.36	1.36	1.53	1.43	0.78	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.226	0.011	0.096	0.034	0.073	0.030	0.114	0.155	0.025

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	115	121	119	119	134	125	68	107
N.S.	1	1.00	1.89	1.98	1.95	1.95	2.20	2.05	1.11	1.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.198	0.010	0.095	0.027	0.082	0.028	0.127	0.157	0.023

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	109	117	115	115	129	121	65	103
N.S.	1	1.00	2.87	3.08	3.03	3.03	3.39	3.18	1.71	2.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.172	0.010	0.093	0.039	0.079	0.034	0.124	0.158	0.032

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	77	108	115	114	114	126	118	64	101
N.S.	1	0.96	1.35	1.44	1.42	1.42	1.58	1.48	0.80	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.021	0.099	0.031	0.072	0.107	0.116	0.156	0.027

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	107	117	115	121	121	119	70	103
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	1.11	1.10	1.15	1.15	1.13	0.67	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.026	0.098	0.041	0.095	0.140	0.126	0.155	0.188

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	106	113	116	121	122	119	69	108
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	1.05	1.07	1.12	1.13	1.10	0.64	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.249	0.027	0.102	0.028	0.086	0.220	0.122	0.160	0.029

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	109	107	117	121	122	118	69	114
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.99	1.08	1.12	1.13	1.09	0.64	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	0.018	0.100	0.029	0.089	0.405	0.125	0.157	0.185

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	107	106	101	116	121	122	116	70	117
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.94	1.08	1.13	1.14	1.08	0.65	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.029	0.102	0.040	0.069	0.692	0.124	0.151	0.036

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	106	99	115	121	124	116	70	116
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.95	1.11	1.16	1.19	1.12	0.67	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.030	0.100	0.033	0.075	1.091	0.120	0.149	0.214

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	82	109	102	118	121	131	119	70	117
N.S.	1	0.96	1.28	1.20	1.39	1.42	1.54	1.40	0.82	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.200	0.025	0.099	0.041	0.065	1.564	0.120	0.157	0.205

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	104	104	119	119	133	123	68	118
N.S.	1	1.00	2.36	2.36	2.70	2.70	3.02	2.80	1.55	2.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.150	0.020	0.098	0.031	0.059	1.968	0.121	0.156	0.194

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	107	104	119	119	133	123	68	120
N.S.	1	1.00	1.53	1.49	1.70	1.70	1.90	1.76	0.97	1.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.165	0.020	0.099	0.030	0.081	2.457	0.116	0.156	0.210

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	115	107	104	119	119	133	123	68	119
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.90	1.03	1.03	1.16	1.07	0.59	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	0.020	0.098	0.035	0.067	3.019	0.120	0.149	0.036

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	107	104	119	119	133	123	68	119
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.89	1.02	1.02	1.14	1.05	0.58	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	0.020	0.097	0.028	0.075	3.893	0.124	0.157	0.035

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	107	104	119	119	133	123	68	120
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.89	1.02	1.02	1.14	1.05	0.58	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.239	0.020	0.097	0.027	0.083	4.829	0.121	0.153	0.200

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	229	229	229	236	243	243	269	245	123	211
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.03	1.06	1.06	1.17	1.07	0.54	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.457	0.025	0.112	0.036	0.072	0.042	0.117	0.158	0.075

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	231	231	236	243	243	269	245	123	211
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.02	1.05	1.05	1.16	1.06	0.53	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.409	0.019	0.108	0.043	0.063	0.039	0.123	0.158	0.221

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	240	229	235	243	243	264	244	123	210
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.98	1.01	1.01	1.10	1.02	0.51	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.430	0.018	0.106	0.031	0.069	0.043	0.113	0.160	0.057

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	215	215	227	235	243	243	262	244	123	211
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	1.09	1.13	1.13	1.22	1.13	0.57	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	0.019	0.104	0.032	0.082	0.041	0.124	0.153	0.055

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	191	228	236	242	242	264	245	123	210
N.S.	1	1.00	1.19	1.24	1.27	1.27	1.38	1.28	0.64	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.020	0.106	0.032	0.070	0.048	0.115	0.149	0.057

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	163	229	236	243	243	265	245	123	211
N.S.	1	1.00	1.40	1.45	1.49	1.49	1.63	1.50	0.75	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.018	0.105	0.038	0.077	0.044	0.116	0.148	0.064

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	139	231	236	243	243	269	245	123	211
N.S.	1	1.00	1.66	1.70	1.75	1.75	1.94	1.76	0.88	1.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.018	0.107	0.044	0.069	0.046	0.124	0.146	0.057

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	112	231	236	243	243	265	245	123	211
N.S.	1	1.00	2.06	2.11	2.17	2.17	2.37	2.19	1.10	1.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.017	0.104	0.054	0.070	0.043	0.122	0.156	0.057

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	226	236	242	242	262	245	123	210
N.S.	1	1.00	2.60	2.71	2.78	2.78	3.01	2.82	1.41	2.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.017	0.102	0.055	0.091	0.046	0.128	0.149	0.057

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	218	236	243	243	262	245	123	211
N.S.	1	1.00	3.57	3.87	3.98	3.98	4.30	4.02	2.02	3.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	0.022	0.099	0.037	0.082	0.054	0.124	0.152	0.058

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	198	232	240	240	248	241	120	208
N.S.	1	1.00	5.21	6.11	6.32	6.32	6.53	6.34	3.16	5.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.178	0.035	0.101	0.037	0.078	0.047	0.118	0.149	0.222

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	140	208	230	238	238	246	238	119	205
N.S.	1	0.95	1.41	1.55	1.61	1.61	1.66	1.61	0.80	1.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	0.031	0.102	0.031	0.084	0.206	0.124	0.159	0.064

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	217	209	236	239	245	248	239	125	207
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	1.09	1.10	1.13	1.14	1.10	0.58	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.049	0.104	0.039	0.089	0.239	0.119	0.156	0.064

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	216	206	234	240	245	248	240	125	211
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	1.08	1.11	1.13	1.15	1.11	0.58	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.368	0.054	0.105	0.032	0.083	0.344	0.137	0.156	0.212

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	216	208	230	241	245	250	241	125	215
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	1.06	1.12	1.13	1.16	1.12	0.58	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.058	0.105	0.032	0.084	0.515	0.119	0.153	0.209

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	215	215	210	226	240	245	248	241	125	217
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	1.05	1.12	1.14	1.15	1.12	0.58	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.050	0.103	0.033	0.072	0.819	0.128	0.151	0.050

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	218	218	210	222	241	245	250	241	125	221
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	1.02	1.11	1.12	1.15	1.11	0.57	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	0.052	0.105	0.032	0.075	1.244	0.124	0.157	0.051

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	218	218	210	218	241	245	253	241	125	224
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	1.00	1.11	1.12	1.16	1.11	0.57	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	0.054	0.106	0.033	0.106	1.860	0.121	0.150	0.052

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	216	210	214	241	245	253	241	125	227
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.99	1.12	1.13	1.17	1.12	0.58	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	0.054	0.107	0.028	0.085	2.665	0.124	0.146	0.209

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	216	208	210	241	245	252	241	125	230
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.97	1.12	1.13	1.17	1.12	0.58	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.056	0.106	0.030	0.070	3.646	0.120	0.166	0.050

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	215	215	206	205	240	245	252	240	125	232
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.95	1.12	1.14	1.17	1.12	0.58	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	0.058	0.108	0.030	0.074	5.285	0.124	0.152	0.211

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	216	209	203	239	245	252	240	125	231
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.94	1.11	1.13	1.17	1.11	0.58	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.059	0.109	0.029	0.067	7.095	0.116	0.179	0.244

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	145	212	206	242	245	258	243	125	232
N.S.	1	0.95	1.39	1.35	1.58	1.60	1.69	1.59	0.82	1.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.063	0.106	0.036	0.068	9.629	0.121	0.158	0.243

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	199	208	243	243	260	243	123	233
N.S.	1	1.00	4.52	4.73	5.52	5.52	5.91	5.52	2.80	5.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.152	0.034	0.104	0.042	0.063	12.452	0.119	0.159	0.078

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	71	202	208	243	243	260	243	123	235
N.S.	1	0.99	2.81	2.89	3.38	3.38	3.61	3.38	1.71	3.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.167	0.034	0.108	0.040	0.083	16.586	0.119	0.161	0.082

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	97	202	208	243	243	260	243	123	235
N.S.	1	0.96	2.00	2.06	2.41	2.41	2.57	2.41	1.22	2.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	0.037	0.109	0.032	0.067	22.679	0.125	0.156	0.080

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	123	202	208	243	243	260	243	123	235
N.S.	1	0.95	1.55	1.60	1.87	1.87	2.00	1.87	0.95	1.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.200	0.034	0.114	0.042	0.065	31.139	0.121	0.156	0.240

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	149	222	208	243	243	260	243	123	235
N.S.	1	0.94	1.40	1.31	1.53	1.53	1.64	1.53	0.77	1.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.212	0.045	0.109	0.036	0.082	43.195	0.124	0.148	0.246

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	175	222	208	243	243	260	243	123	235
N.S.	1	0.93	1.18	1.11	1.29	1.29	1.38	1.29	0.65	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	0.044	0.112	0.034	0.096	68.872	0.118	0.154	0.081

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	229	229	222	208	243	243	260	243	123	235
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.91	1.06	1.06	1.14	1.06	0.54	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	0.044	0.110	0.029	0.092	98.836	0.133	0.160	0.241

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	227	227	220	208	243	243	260	243	123	234
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.92	1.07	1.07	1.15	1.07	0.54	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.367	0.044	0.111	0.048	0.072	137.242	0.125	0.155	0.079

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	229	229	222	208	243	243	0	243	123	234
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.91	1.06	1.06	0.00	1.06	0.54	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	0.045	0.114	0.074	0.095	0.000	0.121	0.154	0.091

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	114	359	374	387	387	422	389	387	331
N.S.	1	1.00	3.15	3.28	3.39	3.39	3.70	3.41	3.39	2.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.456	0.047	0.128	0.042	0.080	0.061	0.117	0.156	0.201

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	88	355	374	387	387	413	389	387	331
N.S.	1	1.00	4.03	4.25	4.40	4.40	4.69	4.42	4.40	3.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.367	0.035	0.117	0.029	0.078	0.077	0.119	0.149	0.329

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	347	374	387	387	408	389	387	331
N.S.	1	1.00	5.60	6.03	6.24	6.24	6.58	6.27	6.24	5.34
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	0.035	0.115	0.058	0.080	0.065	0.126	0.146	0.170

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	342	370	384	384	393	385	385	328
N.S.	1	1.00	9.00	9.74	10.11	10.11	10.34	10.13	10.13	8.63
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.029	0.111	0.028	0.078	0.081	0.124	0.146	0.345

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	42	11	36	36	37	36	33	36
N.S.	1	1.00	3.50	0.92	3.00	3.00	3.08	3.00	2.75	3.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.126	0.002	0.096	0.037	0.068	0.021	0.133	0.160	0.016

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	100	101	116	117	109	119	5	120
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.94	1.07	1.08	1.01	1.10	0.05	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	0.024	0.132	0.030	0.070	0.185	0.120	0.161	0.028

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	80	82	92	94	85	94	5	94
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.94	1.06	1.08	0.98	1.08	0.06	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	0.018	0.135	0.072	0.098	0.141	0.124	0.156	0.022

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	61	63	70	71	61	71	5	72
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.95	1.06	1.08	0.92	1.08	0.08	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.210	0.015	0.135	0.039	0.090	0.174	0.120	0.156	0.187

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	41	43	45	47	37	45	5	46
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.96	1.00	1.04	0.82	1.00	0.11	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.183	0.010	0.127	0.043	0.073	0.102	0.132	0.150	0.198

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	25	26	26	25	20	27	1	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.04	1.04	1.00	0.80	1.08	0.04	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.162	0.006	0.132	0.068	0.066	0.090	0.117	0.155	0.027

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	30	29	30	29	28	41	31	2	28
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.00	0.97	0.93	1.37	1.03	0.07	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.165	0.008	0.133	0.046	0.074	0.293	0.119	0.152	0.066

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	42	43	43	41	95	51	5	33
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	1.00	1.00	0.95	2.21	1.19	0.12	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.183	0.013	0.142	0.033	0.070	0.191	0.126	0.156	0.216

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	58	61	63	69	131	75	5	74
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.98	1.02	1.11	2.11	1.21	0.08	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	0.023	0.153	0.031	0.083	0.232	0.124	0.156	0.206

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	81	83	89	94	165	99	5	96
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.97	1.03	1.09	1.92	1.15	0.06	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	0.035	0.153	0.026	0.082	0.359	0.124	0.162	0.054

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	106	100	101	112	117	189	122	5	116
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.95	1.06	1.10	1.78	1.15	0.05	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.042	0.152	0.057	0.070	0.290	0.122	0.154	0.055

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	113	107	116	123	164	119	175	52	173
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	1.03	1.09	1.45	1.05	1.55	0.46	1.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.041	0.134	0.034	0.083	0.275	0.118	0.158	0.199

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	87	90	101	140	92	144	41	115
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.00	1.12	1.56	1.02	1.60	0.46	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.036	0.131	0.031	0.075	0.222	0.113	0.155	0.036

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	69	66	67	74	113	68	111	29	77
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.97	1.07	1.64	0.99	1.61	0.42	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.216	0.036	0.132	0.044	0.072	0.193	0.153	0.149	0.212

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	41	46	53	72	44	80	17	54
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	1.02	1.18	1.60	0.98	1.78	0.38	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.017	0.128	0.032	0.067	0.186	0.119	0.151	0.200

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	31	33	34	37	27	57	10	32
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.03	1.06	1.16	0.84	1.78	0.31	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.168	0.008	0.125	0.030	0.066	0.096	0.123	0.153	0.025

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	38	42	44	62	32	55	15	39
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	1.00	1.05	1.48	0.76	1.31	0.36	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.018	0.133	0.031	0.076	0.165	0.117	0.159	0.037

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	56	64	67	107	128	86	26	58
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.98	1.03	1.65	1.97	1.32	0.40	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.212	0.026	0.153	0.037	0.071	0.327	0.127	0.159	0.055

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	85	84	99	150	184	130	43	104
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.99	1.16	1.76	2.16	1.53	0.51	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.048	0.154	0.059	0.092	0.302	0.122	0.162	0.231

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	113	106	109	128	179	219	161	54	131
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.96	1.13	1.58	1.94	1.42	0.48	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.058	0.155	0.071	0.088	0.456	0.130	0.162	0.254

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	116	108	116	133	197	136	125	71	147
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	1.00	1.15	1.70	1.17	1.08	0.61	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.042	0.138	0.027	0.078	0.455	0.111	0.160	0.043

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	94	86	90	108	171	107	100	60	108
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.96	1.15	1.82	1.14	1.06	0.64	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.036	0.140	0.029	0.084	0.501	0.134	0.162	0.049

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	71	75	69	85	134	83	72	46	85
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.97	1.20	1.89	1.17	1.01	0.65	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.220	0.019	0.132	0.033	0.080	0.320	0.118	0.155	0.223

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	54	50	65	81	63	54	33	63
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.91	1.18	1.47	1.15	0.98	0.60	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.192	0.012	0.128	0.033	0.072	0.222	0.121	0.161	0.227

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	26	25	38	38	39	24	12	39
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.89	1.36	1.36	1.39	0.86	0.43	1.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.137	0.007	0.122	0.034	0.064	0.143	0.110	0.153	0.193

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	53	56	68	109	63	59	44	61
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.98	1.19	1.91	1.11	1.04	0.77	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.029	0.140	0.035	0.076	0.271	0.121	0.148	0.200

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	88	81	85	100	187	168	99	70	87
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.97	1.14	2.12	1.91	1.12	0.80	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.034	0.149	0.029	0.127	0.352	0.123	0.152	0.226

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	110	102	107	131	225	219	124	86	136
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.97	1.19	2.05	1.99	1.13	0.78	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.055	0.153	0.030	0.070	0.533	0.121	0.150	0.071

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	140	129	134	164	262	262	158	97	164
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.96	1.17	1.87	1.87	1.13	0.69	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.082	0.164	0.043	0.095	0.427	0.120	0.151	0.243

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	16	15	14	18	14	16	18	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.94	0.88	1.12	0.88	1.00	1.12	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.149	0.003	0.125	0.026	0.063	0.051	0.117	0.155	0.022

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	31	28	27	32	46	29	26	27
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.72	0.69	0.82	1.18	0.74	0.67	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.162	0.023	0.175	0.030	0.094	0.414	0.125	0.147	0.184

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	31	28	27	32	46	29	26	27
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.72	0.69	0.82	1.18	0.74	0.67	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.157	0.019	0.187	0.049	0.081	0.264	0.116	0.146	0.188

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	33	28	27	32	46	29	26	27
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.72	0.69	0.82	1.18	0.74	0.67	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.157	0.019	0.163	0.027	0.086	0.213	0.129	0.149	0.189

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	33	28	27	30	37	29	24	27
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.72	0.69	0.77	0.95	0.74	0.62	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.161	0.019	0.163	0.027	0.081	0.646	0.123	0.153	0.026

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	37	31	27	27	27	44	29	23	27
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.73	0.73	0.73	1.19	0.78	0.62	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.155	0.021	0.160	0.033	0.074	0.085	0.122	0.155	0.187

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	31	28	27	26	41	29	24	27
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.80	0.77	0.74	1.17	0.83	0.69	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.154	0.022	0.069	0.032	0.080	0.211	0.123	0.148	0.024

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	28	27	27	27	41	27	28	27
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.77	0.77	0.77	1.17	0.77	0.80	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.155	0.025	0.072	0.034	0.071	0.206	0.124	0.149	0.021

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	37	31	28	27	27	46	27	28	28
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.76	0.73	0.73	1.24	0.73	0.76	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.154	0.026	0.073	0.040	0.109	0.273	0.122	0.146	0.188

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	52	52	51	56	80	53	37	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.83	0.81	0.89	1.27	0.84	0.59	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.035	0.196	0.031	0.066	0.505	0.122	0.152	0.194

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	52	52	51	56	80	53	37	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.83	0.81	0.89	1.27	0.84	0.59	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.176	0.032	0.188	0.040	0.067	0.411	0.121	0.151	0.026

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	52	52	51	56	80	53	37	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.83	0.81	0.89	1.27	0.84	0.59	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.179	0.032	0.174	0.039	0.067	0.215	0.119	0.149	0.028

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	52	52	51	54	66	53	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.83	0.81	0.86	1.05	0.84	0.56	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.176	0.034	0.171	0.031	0.068	0.804	0.120	0.147	0.029

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	51	51	51	51	78	53	34	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	1.28	0.87	0.56	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.172	0.032	0.172	0.031	0.071	0.131	0.132	0.148	0.029

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	49	52	51	51	75	53	35	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.88	0.86	0.86	1.27	0.90	0.59	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.174	0.038	0.114	0.028	0.066	0.211	0.126	0.150	0.029

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	47	51	51	50	73	51	38	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.86	0.86	0.85	1.24	0.86	0.64	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.175	0.039	0.106	0.028	0.102	0.225	0.123	0.149	0.032

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	47	48	52	51	75	52	39	52
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.81	0.88	0.86	1.27	0.88	0.66	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.179	0.041	0.106	0.036	0.078	0.374	0.119	0.149	0.203

Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	71	76	73	78	114	77	48	69
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.89	0.86	0.92	1.34	0.91	0.56	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.198	0.048	0.213	0.030	0.080	0.641	0.118	0.146	0.027

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	71	76	73	78	114	77	48	69
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.89	0.86	0.92	1.34	0.91	0.56	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.041	0.201	0.039	0.075	0.410	0.125	0.150	0.019

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	71	76	73	78	114	77	48	69
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.89	0.86	0.92	1.34	0.91	0.56	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.193	0.040	0.175	0.027	0.075	0.245	0.125	0.148	0.019

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	71	76	73	76	95	77	46	69
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.89	0.86	0.89	1.12	0.91	0.54	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.194	0.040	0.181	0.030	0.070	0.680	0.124	0.149	0.024

Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	70	75	73	73	110	77	45	69
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.90	0.88	0.88	1.33	0.93	0.54	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.192	0.041	0.176	0.040	0.070	0.164	0.128	0.145	0.018

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	67	76	73	73	105	77	47	69
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.96	0.92	0.92	1.33	0.97	0.59	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.190	0.055	0.106	0.040	0.091	0.236	0.124	0.141	0.020

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	81	66	75	73	73	105	75	50	70
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.93	0.90	0.90	1.30	0.93	0.62	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.062	0.111	0.038	0.094	0.254	0.124	0.149	0.205

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	81	65	69	74	73	105	76	50	75
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.85	0.91	0.90	1.30	0.94	0.62	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.045	0.112	0.029	0.095	0.305	0.123	0.149	0.194

Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	66	38	33	32	37	75	32	43	32
N.S.	1	1.50	0.86	0.75	0.73	0.84	1.70	0.73	0.98	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.169	0.040	0.221	0.126	0.092	0.242	0.124	0.159	0.186

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	123	120	124	128	276	328	139	7	151
N.S.	1	0.90	0.88	0.91	0.94	2.03	2.41	1.02	0.05	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	0.154	0.159	0.122	0.111	11.841	0.124	0.159	0.033

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	104	101	100	105	229	294	115	7	125
N.S.	1	0.92	0.89	0.88	0.93	2.03	2.60	1.02	0.06	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.186	0.115	0.161	0.114	0.113	3.687	0.118	0.159	0.208

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	85	81	76	82	180	260	91	7	101
N.S.	1	0.94	0.90	0.84	0.91	2.00	2.89	1.01	0.08	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.175	0.106	0.147	0.146	0.087	1.548	0.122	0.142	0.042

Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	66	63	53	58	129	221	64	5	76
N.S.	1	0.96	0.91	0.77	0.84	1.87	3.20	0.93	0.07	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.165	0.062	0.149	0.151	0.091	0.794	0.126	0.148	0.052

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	49	40	39	102	180	39	4	37
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.82	0.80	2.08	3.67	0.80	0.08	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.156	0.053	0.153	0.120	0.107	0.496	0.124	0.150	0.250

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	49	40	39	112	178	39	6	50
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.82	0.80	2.29	3.63	0.80	0.12	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.153	0.045	0.154	0.111	0.095	0.902	0.122	0.152	0.045

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	67	64	54	56	141	218	55	9	54
N.S.	1	0.97	0.93	0.78	0.81	2.04	3.16	0.80	0.13	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.167	0.084	0.154	0.149	0.095	1.994	0.124	0.150	0.235

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	86	83	76	80	192	262	80	9	71
N.S.	1	0.96	0.92	0.84	0.89	2.13	2.91	0.89	0.10	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.184	0.109	0.156	0.132	0.101	5.834	0.120	0.156	0.216

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	105	103	95	103	241	299	104	9	90
N.S.	1	0.93	0.91	0.84	0.91	2.13	2.65	0.92	0.08	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.184	0.126	0.160	0.110	0.107	16.470	0.117	0.154	0.219

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	124	122	114	126	288	333	128	9	109
N.S.	1	0.91	0.90	0.84	0.93	2.12	2.45	0.94	0.07	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.194	0.152	0.158	0.145	0.085	63.255	0.128	0.157	0.253

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	144	128	124	139	341	986	146	68	209
N.S.	1	1.01	0.90	0.87	0.97	2.38	6.90	1.02	0.48	1.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	0.168	0.182	0.139	0.089	42.003	0.131	0.158	0.208

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	125	110	99	115	290	877	122	55	146
N.S.	1	1.05	0.92	0.83	0.97	2.44	7.37	1.03	0.46	1.23
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	0.144	0.179	0.150	0.121	15.101	0.126	0.154	0.036

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	106	88	77	88	231	762	95	39	107
N.S.	1	1.12	0.93	0.81	0.93	2.43	8.02	1.00	0.41	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	0.117	0.184	0.123	0.094	4.494	0.124	0.145	0.048

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	86	67	62	65	198	634	65	29	62
N.S.	1	1.18	0.92	0.85	0.89	2.71	8.68	0.89	0.40	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.183	0.084	0.168	0.178	0.093	2.200	0.124	0.150	0.056

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	64	57	58	177	615	60	25	51
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.90	0.92	2.81	9.76	0.95	0.40	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.170	0.089	0.145	0.116	0.122	2.547	0.132	0.150	0.226

Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	87	67	64	65	215	794	60	33	65
N.S.	1	1.16	0.89	0.85	0.87	2.87	10.59	0.80	0.44	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.183	0.082	0.165	0.115	0.103	5.810	0.119	0.152	0.219

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	106	90	77	93	257	882	85	46	81
N.S.	1	1.12	0.95	0.81	0.98	2.71	9.28	0.89	0.48	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.194	0.118	0.172	0.120	0.092	21.162	0.124	0.153	0.232

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	125	112	101	118	316	1017	110	61	103
N.S.	1	1.03	0.93	0.83	0.98	2.61	8.40	0.91	0.50	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.147	0.172	0.128	0.089	48.617	0.117	0.151	0.254

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	144	131	121	143	367	1142	136	72	121
N.S.	1	1.01	0.92	0.85	1.00	2.57	7.99	0.95	0.50	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	0.162	0.185	0.128	0.095	122.794	0.122	0.151	0.245

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	153	129	120	151	408	1652	146	99	183
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.78	0.99	2.67	10.80	0.95	0.65	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	0.174	0.206	0.114	0.100	71.732	0.134	0.151	0.219

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	134	110	98	124	349	1496	119	84	143
N.S.	1	1.02	0.84	0.75	0.95	2.66	11.42	0.91	0.64	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.216	0.168	0.200	0.112	0.103	23.567	0.125	0.153	0.054

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	114	91	83	99	319	1333	87	67	96
N.S.	1	1.08	0.86	0.78	0.93	3.01	12.58	0.82	0.63	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	0.144	0.165	0.108	0.104	10.441	0.119	0.159	0.226

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	95	86	79	94	291	1316	82	60	84
N.S.	1	0.98	0.89	0.81	0.97	3.00	13.57	0.85	0.62	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.140	0.138	0.121	0.110	6.120	0.120	0.155	0.237

Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	94	86	80	94	291	1345	82	59	84
N.S.	1	0.94	0.86	0.80	0.94	2.91	13.45	0.82	0.59	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.185	0.131	0.138	0.122	0.115	8.367	0.122	0.161	0.229

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	114	93	84	98	331	1598	86	71	116
N.S.	1	1.07	0.87	0.79	0.92	3.09	14.93	0.80	0.66	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.197	0.138	0.168	0.137	0.116	18.675	0.127	0.155	0.254

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	133	112	98	128	375	1703	108	92	114
N.S.	1	1.02	0.86	0.75	0.98	2.88	13.10	0.83	0.71	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.209	0.169	0.185	0.118	0.122	43.107	0.125	0.158	0.255

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	152	133	121	154	434	1882	135	107	135
N.S.	1	0.97	0.85	0.78	0.99	2.78	12.06	0.87	0.69	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.219	0.171	0.191	0.125	0.110	121.433	0.119	0.160	0.265

Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	151	106	92	123	143	168	304	74	137
N.S.	1	1.00	0.70	0.61	0.81	0.95	1.11	2.01	0.49	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.062	0.392	0.035	0.070	0.709	0.126	0.159	0.207

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	122	87	75	100	119	139	256	63	111
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.61	0.82	0.98	1.14	2.10	0.52	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.052	0.388	0.042	0.073	0.699	0.126	0.155	0.027

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	65	57	77	95	110	207	52	85
N.S.	1	1.00	0.68	0.60	0.81	1.00	1.16	2.18	0.55	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.214	0.043	0.378	0.033	0.075	0.677	0.119	0.159	0.200

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	49	41	54	71	82	158	40	52
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	0.61	0.81	1.06	1.22	2.36	0.60	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.186	0.032	0.374	0.027	0.066	0.636	0.118	0.154	0.036

Problem 228	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	30	27	33	46	51	100	27	29
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.64	0.79	1.10	1.21	2.38	0.64	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.162	0.021	0.316	0.026	0.068	0.551	0.133	0.157	0.189

Problem 229	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	55	53	46	60	108	70	55	51	45
N.S.	1	1.02	0.98	0.85	1.11	2.00	1.30	1.02	0.94	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.162	0.049	0.165	0.111	0.080	1.545	0.126	0.159	0.038

Problem 230	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	69	53	49	76	121	94	63	59	49
N.S.	1	1.17	0.90	0.83	1.29	2.05	1.59	1.07	1.00	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.176	0.086	0.185	0.110	0.080	13.017	0.127	0.157	0.222

Problem 231	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	75	68	57	120	155	151	110	73	94
N.S.	1	0.95	0.86	0.72	1.52	1.96	1.91	1.39	0.92	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.172	0.130	0.190	0.113	0.081	37.778	0.127	0.159	0.064

Problem 232	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	99	91	82	152	206	236	114	90	129
N.S.	1	0.91	0.83	0.75	1.39	1.89	2.17	1.05	0.83	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.194	0.185	0.200	0.113	0.081	49.494	0.128	0.163	0.236

Problem 233	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	128	110	102	195	255	296	176	107	178
N.S.	1	0.90	0.77	0.72	1.37	1.80	2.08	1.24	0.75	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.208	0.200	0.219	0.110	0.082	92.464	0.139	0.160	0.245

Problem 234	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	151	103	91	123	167	168	494	85	137
N.S.	1	1.00	0.68	0.60	0.81	1.11	1.11	3.27	0.56	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	0.065	0.396	0.032	0.070	0.809	0.120	0.158	0.197

Problem 235	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	122	87	75	100	143	139	422	74	111
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.61	0.82	1.17	1.14	3.46	0.61	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	0.057	0.390	0.044	0.071	0.741	0.127	0.164	0.025

Problem 236	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	68	58	77	120	110	350	63	85
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	0.61	0.81	1.26	1.16	3.68	0.66	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.209	0.049	0.374	0.030	0.065	0.733	0.133	0.148	0.035

Problem 237	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	49	41	54	95	82	275	51	52
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	0.61	0.81	1.42	1.22	4.10	0.76	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.186	0.035	0.364	0.037	0.068	0.702	0.125	0.153	0.035

Problem 238	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	30	27	33	69	146	192	38	29
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.64	0.79	1.64	3.48	4.57	0.90	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.164	0.025	0.315	0.033	0.067	0.208	0.128	0.150	0.024

Problem 239	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	71	66	58	73	155	87	72	72	95
N.S.	1	1.03	0.96	0.84	1.06	2.25	1.26	1.04	1.04	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.176	0.080	0.170	0.161	0.087	1.643	0.126	0.154	0.041

Problem 240	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	86	71	67	97	148	170	102	78	96
N.S.	1	1.06	0.88	0.83	1.20	1.83	2.10	1.26	0.96	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	0.098	0.198	0.120	0.091	14.034	0.128	0.152	0.044

Problem 241	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	91	72	68	130	174	228	119	84	127
N.S.	1	1.01	0.80	0.76	1.44	1.93	2.53	1.32	0.93	1.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.187	0.151	0.198	0.132	0.108	42.103	0.126	0.153	0.243

Problem 242	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	97	92	82	158	207	264	128	90	138
N.S.	1	0.92	0.87	0.77	1.49	1.95	2.49	1.21	0.85	1.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.187	0.174	0.205	0.120	0.090	65.628	0.127	0.149	0.060

Problem 243	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	122	110	100	195	256	298	176	107	177
N.S.	1	0.87	0.79	0.71	1.39	1.83	2.13	1.26	0.76	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.198	0.237	0.214	0.116	0.090	125.389	0.131	0.154	0.234

Problem 244	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	149	128	117	224	303	0	168	124	203
N.S.	1	0.89	0.77	0.70	1.34	1.81	0.00	1.01	0.74	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.221	0.243	0.231	0.114	0.096	0.000	0.132	0.148	0.072

Problem 245	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	151	106	92	123	192	168	708	96	137
N.S.	1	1.00	0.70	0.61	0.81	1.27	1.11	4.69	0.64	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.069	0.414	0.035	0.095	0.883	0.133	0.150	0.209

Problem 246	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	122	87	75	100	167	139	612	85	111
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.61	0.82	1.37	1.14	5.02	0.70	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.237	0.059	0.400	0.046	0.079	0.794	0.133	0.149	0.026

Problem 247	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	68	58	77	143	292	516	74	85
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	0.61	0.81	1.51	3.07	5.43	0.78	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.207	0.051	0.377	0.054	0.073	0.371	0.124	0.152	0.038

Problem 248	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	49	41	54	118	245	418	62	52
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	0.61	0.81	1.76	3.66	6.24	0.93	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.187	0.039	0.368	0.027	0.071	0.341	0.122	0.150	0.034

Problem 249	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	30	27	33	93	194	306	49	29
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.64	0.79	2.21	4.62	7.29	1.17	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.163	0.027	0.316	0.027	0.097	0.301	0.130	0.149	0.023

Problem 250	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	87	88	72	87	205	104	88	89	128
N.S.	1	1.01	1.02	0.84	1.01	2.38	1.21	1.02	1.03	1.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.178	0.101	0.175	0.125	0.091	1.697	0.123	0.146	0.199

Problem 251	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	102	91	88	120	202	253	137	99	100
N.S.	1	0.97	0.87	0.84	1.14	1.92	2.41	1.30	0.94	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	0.158	0.211	0.104	0.079	13.828	0.132	0.166	0.053

Problem 252	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	108	91	89	155	206	316	155	103	162
N.S.	1	0.92	0.78	0.76	1.32	1.76	2.70	1.32	0.88	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.216	0.175	0.240	0.116	0.094	41.477	0.127	0.150	0.242

Problem 253	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	113	96	88	168	226	348	134	101	182
N.S.	1	0.94	0.80	0.73	1.40	1.88	2.90	1.12	0.84	1.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.186	0.219	0.133	0.089	66.649	0.133	0.155	0.070

Problem 254	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	119	111	101	194	257	326	177	107	177
N.S.	1	0.88	0.82	0.74	1.43	1.89	2.40	1.30	0.79	1.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.227	0.226	0.137	0.102	163.279	0.135	0.159	0.255

Problem 255	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	144	129	118	233	304	0	181	124	217
N.S.	1	0.86	0.77	0.71	1.40	1.82	0.00	1.08	0.74	1.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.211	0.293	0.244	0.138	0.119	0.000	0.132	0.172	0.068

Problem 256	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	172	148	133	268	353	0	240	141	254
N.S.	1	0.86	0.74	0.67	1.35	1.77	0.00	1.21	0.71	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.311	0.262	0.125	0.088	0.000	0.135	0.160	0.269

Problem 257	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	149	106	92	123	120	167	142	63	137
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.62	0.83	0.81	1.12	0.95	0.42	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	0.057	0.396	0.029	0.075	0.640	0.123	0.160	0.204

Problem 258	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	120	87	75	100	96	138	117	52	110
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	0.62	0.83	0.80	1.15	0.98	0.43	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.059	0.393	0.044	0.074	0.602	0.130	0.168	0.026

Problem 259	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	93	68	58	77	72	109	94	41	85
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	0.62	0.83	0.77	1.17	1.01	0.44	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.210	0.043	0.395	0.039	0.069	0.603	0.129	0.157	0.208

Problem 260	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	48	41	54	48	80	67	29	52
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	0.63	0.83	0.74	1.23	1.03	0.45	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.187	0.031	0.389	0.039	0.073	0.562	0.114	0.151	0.200

Problem 261	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	29	26	39	25	53	39	16	28
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	0.65	0.98	0.62	1.32	0.98	0.40	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.158	0.021	0.149	0.027	0.073	0.369	0.118	0.146	0.022

Problem 262	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	40	35	47	91	54	36	38	32
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.88	1.18	2.28	1.35	0.90	0.95	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.151	0.032	0.165	0.124	0.079	0.940	0.117	0.144	0.035

Problem 263	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	49	42	74	108	83	57	51	41
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.86	1.51	2.20	1.69	1.16	1.04	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.156	0.071	0.187	0.122	0.086	6.547	0.116	0.169	0.054

Problem 264	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	78	70	59	122	156	156	111	72	100
N.S.	1	0.93	0.83	0.70	1.45	1.86	1.86	1.32	0.86	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.174	0.136	0.195	0.141	0.083	16.926	0.122	0.151	0.239

Problem 265	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	106	93	82	161	209	245	127	90	145
N.S.	1	0.92	0.81	0.71	1.40	1.82	2.13	1.10	0.78	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.186	0.198	0.208	0.113	0.089	23.427	0.124	0.155	0.227

Problem 266	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	134	112	101	196	256	303	176	107	181
N.S.	1	0.92	0.77	0.69	1.34	1.75	2.08	1.21	0.73	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	0.218	0.218	0.133	0.084	63.520	0.126	0.155	0.066

Problem 267	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	147	106	96	131	130	163	166	52	135
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	0.65	0.89	0.88	1.11	1.13	0.35	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.063	0.205	0.045	0.072	1.688	0.123	0.150	0.213

Problem 268	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	116	86	79	108	106	134	134	41	111
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	0.68	0.93	0.91	1.16	1.16	0.35	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.053	0.191	0.039	0.072	1.450	0.134	0.157	0.031

Problem 269	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	67	58	85	82	105	102	30	83
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	0.64	0.93	0.90	1.15	1.12	0.33	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.044	0.177	0.040	0.084	1.163	0.125	0.154	0.039

Problem 270	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	47	41	61	57	76	69	18	52
N.S.	1	1.00	0.75	0.65	0.97	0.90	1.21	1.10	0.29	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.184	0.037	0.175	0.038	0.071	0.969	0.121	0.150	0.034

Problem 271	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	27	26	37	35	60	34	11	25
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.68	0.97	0.92	1.58	0.89	0.29	0.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.161	0.027	0.170	0.045	0.074	0.177	0.124	0.157	0.196

Problem 272	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	50	50	45	57	148	65	49	31	42
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.90	1.14	2.96	1.30	0.98	0.62	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.160	0.065	0.178	0.110	0.085	1.966	0.134	0.156	0.053

Problem 273	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	73	63	61	107	208	224	87	51	82
N.S.	1	1.01	0.88	0.85	1.49	2.89	3.11	1.21	0.71	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.179	0.108	0.224	0.109	0.104	22.765	0.126	0.157	0.062

Problem 274	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	101	88	80	144	272	185	125	73	123
N.S.	1	0.94	0.82	0.75	1.35	2.54	1.73	1.17	0.68	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.193	0.173	0.245	0.141	0.095	51.138	0.125	0.157	0.068

Problem 275	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	129	112	106	181	327	246	165	90	172
N.S.	1	0.92	0.80	0.76	1.29	2.34	1.76	1.18	0.64	1.23
time (sec)	N/A	0.214	0.207	0.254	0.128	0.116	83.423	0.124	0.156	0.243

Problem 276	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	147	106	96	129	141	162	157	54	131
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	0.65	0.88	0.96	1.10	1.07	0.37	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.068	0.210	0.052	0.082	1.735	0.122	0.161	0.214

Problem 277	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	118	86	75	106	117	133	125	42	103
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	0.64	0.90	0.99	1.13	1.06	0.36	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	0.059	0.192	0.032	0.096	1.465	0.129	0.164	0.047

Problem 278	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	63	62	81	92	299	92	31	79
N.S.	1	1.00	0.69	0.68	0.89	1.01	3.29	1.01	0.34	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	0.046	0.199	0.038	0.074	0.316	0.123	0.148	0.219

Problem 279	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	46	41	58	69	211	55	20	52
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	0.65	0.92	1.10	3.35	0.87	0.32	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	0.040	0.184	0.030	0.072	0.322	0.118	0.150	0.032

Problem 280	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	29	26	28	46	124	28	13	29
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	0.65	0.70	1.15	3.10	0.70	0.32	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.163	0.028	0.161	0.029	0.074	0.295	0.122	0.164	0.021

Problem 281	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	71	64	59	69	218	83	61	57	56
N.S.	1	1.06	0.96	0.88	1.03	3.25	1.24	0.91	0.85	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.175	0.083	0.238	0.152	0.123	2.583	0.124	0.156	0.049

Problem 282	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	94	86	82	130	327	1520	90	73	103
N.S.	1	0.97	0.89	0.85	1.34	3.37	15.67	0.93	0.75	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.195	0.128	0.323	0.133	0.103	27.604	0.125	0.165	0.227

Problem 283	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	122	107	101	167	392	1287	149	92	147
N.S.	1	0.92	0.80	0.76	1.26	2.95	9.68	1.12	0.69	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	0.188	0.268	0.136	0.086	62.824	0.125	0.158	0.235

Problem 284	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	150	130	122	204	445	1001	200	103	198
N.S.	1	0.89	0.77	0.73	1.21	2.65	5.96	1.19	0.61	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.216	0.242	0.277	0.130	0.092	114.665	0.126	0.159	0.256

Problem 285	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	192	171	176	159	242	292	357	0	114	0
N.S.	1	0.89	0.92	0.83	1.26	1.52	1.86	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	0.604	0.149	0.065	0.109	128.563	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 286	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	141	126	135	198	243	296	0	95	0
N.S.	1	0.89	0.79	0.85	1.25	1.53	1.86	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	0.498	0.157	0.032	0.082	24.460	0.000	0.161	0.000

Problem 287	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	111	105	111	154	194	207	0	76	399
N.S.	1	0.88	0.83	0.88	1.22	1.54	1.64	0.00	0.60	3.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.373	0.144	0.041	0.087	0.823	0.000	0.159	6.183

Problem 288	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	83	76	88	109	143	151	104	57	96
N.S.	1	0.89	0.82	0.95	1.17	1.54	1.62	1.12	0.61	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.177	0.109	0.146	0.044	0.113	2.293	75.795	0.160	0.680

Problem 289	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	77	69	77	89	128	121	100	59	0
N.S.	1	1.12	1.00	1.12	1.29	1.86	1.75	1.45	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.176	0.164	0.146	0.039	0.086	2.215	75.887	0.166	0.000

Problem 290	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	70	66	78	73	131	117	97	55	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.96	1.13	1.06	1.90	1.70	1.41	0.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.161	0.124	0.149	0.122	0.079	1.881	75.205	0.162	0.000

Problem 291	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	53	36	31	100	51	114	73	61	54
N.S.	1	1.00	0.68	0.58	1.89	0.96	2.15	1.38	1.15	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.154	0.116	0.150	0.043	0.089	3.468	0.141	0.157	0.354

Problem 292	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	83	58	53	146	76	427	107	80	76
N.S.	1	0.99	0.69	0.63	1.74	0.90	5.08	1.27	0.95	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.173	0.136	0.148	0.034	0.105	10.220	0.144	0.159	0.356

Problem 293	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	113	73	77	192	101	930	137	99	96
N.S.	1	0.97	0.62	0.66	1.64	0.86	7.95	1.17	0.85	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.173	0.150	0.039	0.084	31.097	0.156	0.167	0.381

Problem 294	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	143	95	101	238	125	1413	171	118	116
N.S.	1	0.95	0.63	0.67	1.59	0.83	9.42	1.14	0.79	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.201	0.196	0.159	0.036	0.109	82.516	0.155	0.169	0.403

Problem 295	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	195	194	183	280	340	0	0	133	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.87	0.82	1.26	1.53	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.792	0.151	0.054	0.119	0.000	0.000	0.158	0.000

Problem 296	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	165	143	159	236	287	355	0	114	0
N.S.	1	0.87	0.76	0.84	1.25	1.52	1.88	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	0.620	0.152	0.046	0.109	154.520	0.000	0.146	0.000

Problem 297	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	135	126	135	287	246	457	0	95	0
N.S.	1	0.87	0.81	0.87	1.84	1.58	2.93	0.00	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	0.507	0.149	0.033	0.117	1.410	0.000	0.154	0.000

Problem 298	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	107	99	111	282	195	394	136	76	0
N.S.	1	0.87	0.80	0.90	2.29	1.59	3.20	1.11	0.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.193	0.160	0.149	0.042	0.109	8.548	75.384	0.160	0.000

Problem 299	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	101	90	93	129	176	255	130	82	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.88	0.91	1.26	1.73	2.50	1.27	0.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.307	0.152	0.041	0.095	3.687	74.978	0.156	0.000

Problem 300	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	103	88	93	146	160	221	140	84	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.92	0.97	1.52	1.67	2.30	1.46	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.185	0.227	0.148	0.043	0.112	3.708	76.001	0.155	0.000

Problem 301	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	91	90	102	158	178	190	117	86	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.98	1.11	1.72	1.93	2.07	1.27	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.174	0.202	0.149	0.048	0.083	4.544	75.426	0.157	0.000

Problem 302	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	53	36	31	176	74	500	80	80	76
N.S.	1	1.00	0.68	0.58	3.32	1.40	9.43	1.51	1.51	1.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.152	0.180	0.148	0.036	0.073	12.946	0.148	0.169	0.400

Problem 303	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	83	58	53	222	100	1365	110	99	96
N.S.	1	0.99	0.69	0.63	2.64	1.19	16.25	1.31	1.18	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.171	0.213	0.145	0.045	0.072	36.377	0.169	0.166	0.411

Problem 304	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	113	76	77	268	126	2351	144	118	117
N.S.	1	0.97	0.65	0.66	2.29	1.08	20.09	1.23	1.01	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.190	0.260	0.148	0.059	0.071	103.250	0.157	0.166	0.431

Problem 305	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	143	95	101	314	149	0	174	137	127
N.S.	1	0.95	0.63	0.67	2.09	0.99	0.00	1.16	0.91	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	0.290	0.154	0.062	0.074	0.000	0.175	0.177	0.447

Problem 306	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	189	164	183	422	341	0	0	133	0
N.S.	1	0.86	0.75	0.83	1.92	1.55	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.833	0.147	0.054	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.158	0.000

Problem 307	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	159	175	159	485	294	748	0	114	0
N.S.	1	0.85	0.94	0.85	2.59	1.57	4.00	0.00	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.220	0.660	0.151	0.054	0.084	2.801	0.000	0.151	0.000

Problem 308	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	131	118	135	454	243	541	167	95	0
N.S.	1	0.85	0.77	0.88	2.95	1.58	3.51	1.08	0.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.210	0.148	0.065	0.084	35.486	76.165	0.144	0.000

Problem 309	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	125	112	119	487	230	478	161	101	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.85	0.90	3.69	1.74	3.62	1.22	0.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.435	0.146	0.041	0.090	9.779	76.739	0.160	0.000

Problem 310	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	127	108	118	191	214	364	175	107	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.80	0.87	1.41	1.59	2.70	1.30	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.205	0.343	0.149	0.045	0.093	6.131	76.465	0.162	0.000

Problem 311	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	127	108	117	244	214	303	186	107	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.86	0.94	1.95	1.71	2.42	1.49	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.297	0.154	0.040	0.082	7.597	76.269	0.162	0.000

Problem 312	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	112	106	126	258	228	581	142	105	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.91	1.08	2.21	1.95	4.97	1.21	0.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.190	0.280	0.152	0.059	0.087	14.209	75.473	0.171	0.000

Problem 313	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	53	36	31	258	98	1442	80	99	95
N.S.	1	1.00	0.68	0.58	4.87	1.85	27.21	1.51	1.87	1.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.159	0.247	0.151	0.059	0.098	39.098	0.177	0.180	0.438

Problem 314	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	83	58	53	304	123	2790	114	118	115
N.S.	1	0.99	0.69	0.63	3.62	1.46	33.21	1.36	1.40	1.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.174	0.286	0.153	0.054	0.079	110.392	0.168	0.174	0.487

Problem 315	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	113	76	77	350	149	0	144	137	136
N.S.	1	0.97	0.65	0.66	2.99	1.27	0.00	1.23	1.17	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.355	0.154	0.052	0.084	0.000	0.182	0.182	0.485

Problem 316	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	143	95	101	396	173	0	178	156	148
N.S.	1	0.95	0.63	0.67	2.64	1.15	0.00	1.19	1.04	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.205	0.105	0.162	0.044	0.098	0.000	0.173	0.190	0.521

Problem 317	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	173	114	125	442	198	0	208	175	167
N.S.	1	0.95	0.62	0.68	2.42	1.08	0.00	1.14	0.96	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	0.108	0.169	0.043	0.086	0.000	0.213	0.211	0.530

Problem 318	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	147	126	135	206	246	303	212	95	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.79	0.85	1.30	1.55	1.91	1.33	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.216	0.496	0.155	0.044	0.090	50.296	150.102	0.157	0.000

Problem 319	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	117	108	111	160	197	245	172	76	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.86	0.88	1.27	1.56	1.94	1.37	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.393	0.151	0.034	0.114	10.984	150.321	0.153	0.000

Problem 320	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	87	86	89	121	148	129	148	56	267
N.S.	1	0.94	0.92	0.96	1.30	1.59	1.39	1.59	0.60	2.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	0.262	0.151	0.053	0.114	0.917	151.369	0.158	2.801

Problem 321	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	56	67	74	75	105	110	74	37	77
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.32	1.34	1.88	1.96	1.32	0.66	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.162	0.142	0.152	0.033	0.098	1.308	76.125	0.161	0.725

Problem 322	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	50	52	66	49	106	44	70	43	48
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	1.32	0.98	2.12	0.88	1.40	0.86	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.152	0.085	0.152	0.039	0.107	1.311	75.941	0.160	0.582

Problem 323	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	53	35	30	62	30	66	65	40	34
N.S.	1	1.00	0.66	0.57	1.17	0.57	1.25	1.23	0.75	0.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.155	0.093	0.151	0.052	0.092	1.633	0.140	0.155	0.430

Problem 324	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	83	58	53	106	53	342	105	61	57
N.S.	1	0.99	0.69	0.63	1.26	0.63	4.07	1.25	0.73	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.170	0.117	0.152	0.046	0.073	4.402	0.137	0.162	0.442

Problem 325	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	113	76	77	152	78	796	139	80	79
N.S.	1	0.97	0.65	0.66	1.30	0.67	6.80	1.19	0.68	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.184	0.137	0.152	0.042	0.074	12.779	0.137	0.163	0.447

Problem 326	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	143	95	101	198	102	1255	169	99	99
N.S.	1	0.95	0.63	0.67	1.32	0.68	8.37	1.13	0.66	0.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.197	0.163	0.158	0.052	0.084	35.580	0.144	0.166	0.488

Problem 327	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	156	126	186	212	303	243	207	76	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.82	1.22	1.39	1.98	1.59	1.35	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	0.474	0.174	0.040	0.088	72.562	15.536	0.160	0.000

Problem 328	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	126	103	164	246	252	182	171	57	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.86	1.37	2.05	2.10	1.52	1.42	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.348	0.168	0.054	0.085	14.913	15.501	0.156	0.000

Problem 329	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	96	79	149	134	192	122	134	38	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.95	1.80	1.61	2.31	1.47	1.61	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.190	0.227	0.164	0.062	0.089	5.548	15.544	0.157	0.000

Problem 330	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	62	121	81	154	68	97	25	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	2.02	1.35	2.57	1.13	1.62	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.163	0.110	0.145	0.056	0.083	5.423	15.712	0.165	0.000

Problem 331	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	33	30	55	43	63	160	23	50
N.S.	1	1.00	0.67	0.61	1.12	0.88	1.29	3.27	0.47	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.152	0.095	0.167	0.027	0.078	5.685	0.162	0.165	0.455

Problem 332	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	78	54	52	96	67	265	215	40	77
N.S.	1	0.94	0.65	0.63	1.16	0.81	3.19	2.59	0.48	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.165	0.127	0.161	0.033	0.077	11.742	0.170	0.153	0.480

Problem 333	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	108	75	77	142	92	573	254	61	98
N.S.	1	0.95	0.66	0.68	1.25	0.81	5.03	2.23	0.54	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.157	0.164	0.033	0.077	31.474	0.173	0.149	0.497

Problem 334	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	138	94	101	188	116	1008	292	80	116
N.S.	1	0.94	0.64	0.69	1.28	0.79	6.86	1.99	0.54	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.200	0.188	0.170	0.036	0.078	80.669	0.185	0.176	0.498

Problem 335	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	183	143	281	416	421	0	370	98	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.77	1.52	2.25	2.28	0.00	2.00	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.537	0.181	0.043	0.090	0.000	15.568	0.165	0.000

Problem 336	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F(-1)	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	155	122	259	517	370	0	334	85	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.80	1.70	3.40	2.43	0.00	2.20	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.412	0.182	0.070	0.093	0.000	15.644	0.158	0.000

Problem 337	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	125	103	244	334	311	729	297	68	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.92	2.18	2.98	2.78	6.51	2.65	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	0.318	0.176	0.043	0.099	62.532	15.523	0.152	0.000

Problem 338	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	86	75	182	89	229	376	215	56	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.91	2.22	1.09	2.79	4.59	2.62	0.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	0.157	0.152	0.114	0.105	24.541	15.329	0.159	0.000

Problem 339	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	35	30	161	50	139	130	30	64
N.S.	1	1.00	0.54	0.46	2.48	0.77	2.14	2.00	0.46	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.158	0.095	0.151	0.042	0.083	17.432	0.151	0.162	0.470

Problem 340	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	78	54	53	151	76	250	211	39	88
N.S.	1	0.96	0.67	0.65	1.86	0.94	3.09	2.60	0.48	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.169	0.130	0.170	0.039	0.079	43.288	0.177	0.165	0.449

Problem 341	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	105	70	72	130	100	495	303	55	112
N.S.	1	0.93	0.62	0.64	1.15	0.88	4.38	2.68	0.49	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.186	0.149	0.174	0.028	0.075	123.720	0.206	0.158	0.497

Problem 342	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	135	94	97	176	127	0	341	70	129
N.S.	1	0.94	0.65	0.67	1.22	0.88	0.00	2.37	0.49	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.195	0.182	0.031	0.076	0.000	0.226	0.153	0.524

Problem 343	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	177	167	114	121	224	152	0	380	83	147
N.S.	1	0.94	0.64	0.68	1.27	0.86	0.00	2.15	0.47	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	0.227	0.190	0.032	0.080	0.000	0.244	0.168	0.526

Problem 344	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	155	105	154	208	609	3538	1046	421	405
N.S.	1	1.00	0.68	0.99	1.34	3.93	22.83	6.75	2.72	2.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	0.138	0.172	0.052	0.097	0.542	0.135	0.166	0.434

Problem 345	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	89	120	162	381	2101	673	282	280
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	0.99	1.34	3.15	17.36	5.56	2.33	2.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	0.099	0.134	0.046	0.096	0.417	0.134	0.152	0.351

Problem 346	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	73	90	116	217	1073	380	171	179
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.99	1.27	2.38	11.79	4.18	1.88	1.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	0.084	0.125	0.044	0.079	0.341	0.131	0.147	0.309

Problem 347	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	58	59	70	94	418	167	88	97
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.98	1.17	1.57	6.97	2.78	1.47	1.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.046	0.059	0.056	0.081	0.242	0.127	0.146	0.280

Problem 348	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	48	0	0	0	146	0	13	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.21	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.179	0.049	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.203	0.000	0.149	0.000

Problem 349	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	83	64	0	0	0	678	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.69	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.193	0.054	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.261	0.000	0.148	0.000

Problem 350	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	91	72	0	0	0	1763	0	262	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.59	0.00	2.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.050	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.507	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 351	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	91	72	0	0	0	4840	0	555	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	53.78	0.00	6.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.192	0.057	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.060	0.000	0.162	0.000

Problem 352	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	101	81	0	0	0	80	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.214	0.052	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.243	0.000	0.166	0.000

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [256] had the largest ratio of [.444444000000000006]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
2	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
3	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
4	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
5	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
6	A	1	1	1.00	20	0.050
7	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
8	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
9	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
10	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
11	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
12	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
13	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
14	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
15	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
16	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
17	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
18	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
19	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
20	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
21	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
23	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
24	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
25	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
26	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
27	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
28	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
29	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
30	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
31	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
32	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
33	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
34	A	1	1	1.00	20	0.050
35	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
36	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
37	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
38	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
39	A	4	4	1.00	20	0.200
40	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
41	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
42	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
43	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
44	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
45	A	4	4	1.00	20	0.200
46	A	5	5	1.03	20	0.250
47	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
48	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
49	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
50	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
51	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
52	A	2	2	1.00	12	0.167
53	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
54	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
55	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
56	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
57	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
58	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
59	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
60	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
61	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
62	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
63	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
64	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
65	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
66	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
67	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
68	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
69	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
70	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
71	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
72	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
73	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
74	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
75	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
76	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
77	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
78	A	3	3	0.98	16	0.188
79	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
80	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
81	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
82	A	3	3	0.98	16	0.188
83	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
84	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
85	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
86	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
87	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
88	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
89	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
90	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
91	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
92	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
93	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
94	A	3	3	0.96	16	0.188
95	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
96	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
97	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
98	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
99	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
100	A	3	3	0.96	16	0.188
101	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
102	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
103	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
104	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
105	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
106	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
107	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
108	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
109	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
110	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
111	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
112	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
113	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
114	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
115	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
116	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
117	A	3	3	0.95	16	0.188

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
118	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
119	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
120	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
121	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
122	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
123	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
124	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
125	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
126	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
127	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
128	A	3	3	0.95	16	0.188
129	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
130	A	3	3	0.99	16	0.188
131	A	4	4	0.96	16	0.250
132	A	5	5	0.95	16	0.312
133	A	6	6	0.94	16	0.375
134	A	7	7	0.93	16	0.438
135	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
136	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
137	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
138	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
139	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
140	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
141	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
142	A	1	1	1.00	14	0.071
143	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
144	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
145	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
146	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
147	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
148	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
149	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
150	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
151	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
152	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
153	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
154	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
155	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
156	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
157	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
158	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
159	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
160	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
161	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
162	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
163	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
164	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
165	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
166	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077
167	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
168	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
169	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
170	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
171	A	2	2	1.00	12	0.167
172	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
173	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
174	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
175	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
176	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
177	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
178	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
179	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
180	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
181	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
182	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
183	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
184	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
185	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
186	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
187	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
188	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
189	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
190	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
191	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
192	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
193	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
194	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
195	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
196	A	8	7	1.50	18	0.389
197	A	8	7	0.90	18	0.389
198	A	7	6	0.92	18	0.333
199	A	6	5	0.94	18	0.278
200	A	5	4	0.96	18	0.222
201	A	4	3	1.00	18	0.167
202	A	4	3	1.00	18	0.167
203	A	5	4	0.97	18	0.222
204	A	6	5	0.96	18	0.278
205	A	7	6	0.93	18	0.333
206	A	8	7	0.91	18	0.389
207	A	8	7	1.01	18	0.389
208	A	7	6	1.05	18	0.333
209	A	6	5	1.12	18	0.278
210	A	5	4	1.18	18	0.222
211	A	4	3	1.00	18	0.167
212	A	5	4	1.16	18	0.222
213	A	6	5	1.12	18	0.278

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
214	A	7	6	1.03	18	0.333
215	A	8	7	1.01	18	0.389
216	A	8	7	1.00	18	0.389
217	A	7	6	1.02	18	0.333
218	A	6	5	1.08	18	0.278
219	A	5	4	0.98	18	0.222
220	A	5	4	0.94	18	0.222
221	A	6	5	1.07	18	0.278
222	A	7	6	1.02	18	0.333
223	A	8	7	0.97	18	0.389
224	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
225	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
226	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
227	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
228	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
229	A	5	4	1.02	18	0.222
230	A	5	4	1.17	18	0.222
231	A	5	4	0.95	18	0.222
232	A	6	5	0.91	18	0.278
233	A	7	6	0.90	18	0.333
234	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
235	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
236	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
237	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
238	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
239	A	6	5	1.03	18	0.278
240	A	6	5	1.06	18	0.278
241	A	6	5	1.01	18	0.278
242	A	6	5	0.92	18	0.278
243	A	7	6	0.87	18	0.333
244	A	8	7	0.89	18	0.389
245	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
246	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
247	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
248	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
249	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
250	A	7	6	1.01	18	0.333
251	A	7	6	0.97	18	0.333
252	A	7	6	0.92	18	0.333
253	A	7	6	0.94	18	0.333
254	A	7	6	0.88	18	0.333
255	A	8	7	0.86	18	0.389
256	A	9	8	0.86	18	0.444
257	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
258	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
259	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
260	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
261	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
262	A	4	3	1.00	18	0.167
263	A	4	3	1.00	18	0.167
264	A	5	4	0.93	18	0.222
265	A	6	5	0.92	18	0.278
266	A	7	6	0.92	18	0.333
267	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
268	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
269	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
270	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
271	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
272	A	4	3	1.00	18	0.167
273	A	5	4	1.01	18	0.222
274	A	6	5	0.94	18	0.278
275	A	7	6	0.92	18	0.333
276	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
277	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
278	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
279	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
280	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
281	A	5	4	1.06	18	0.222
282	A	6	5	0.97	18	0.278
283	A	7	6	0.92	18	0.333
284	A	8	7	0.89	18	0.389
285	A	8	7	0.89	20	0.350
286	A	7	6	0.89	20	0.300
287	A	6	5	0.88	20	0.250
288	A	5	4	0.89	20	0.200
289	A	5	4	1.12	20	0.200
290	A	5	4	1.01	20	0.200
291	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
292	A	3	3	0.99	20	0.150
293	A	4	4	0.97	20	0.200
294	A	5	5	0.95	20	0.250
295	A	9	8	0.88	20	0.400
296	A	8	7	0.87	20	0.350
297	A	7	6	0.87	20	0.300
298	A	6	5	0.87	20	0.250
299	A	6	5	0.99	20	0.250
300	A	6	5	1.07	20	0.250
301	A	6	5	0.99	20	0.250
302	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
303	A	3	3	0.99	20	0.150
304	A	4	4	0.97	20	0.200
305	A	5	5	0.95	20	0.250
306	A	9	8	0.86	20	0.400
307	A	8	7	0.85	20	0.350
308	A	7	6	0.85	20	0.300
309	A	7	6	0.95	20	0.300

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
310	A	7	6	0.94	20	0.300
311	A	7	6	1.02	20	0.300
312	A	7	6	0.96	20	0.300
313	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
314	A	3	3	0.99	20	0.150
315	A	4	4	0.97	20	0.200
316	A	5	5	0.95	20	0.250
317	A	6	6	0.95	20	0.300
318	A	7	6	0.92	20	0.300
319	A	6	5	0.93	20	0.250
320	A	5	4	0.94	20	0.200
321	A	4	3	1.00	20	0.150
322	A	4	3	1.00	20	0.150
323	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
324	A	3	3	0.99	20	0.150
325	A	4	4	0.97	20	0.200
326	A	5	5	0.95	20	0.250
327	A	7	6	1.02	20	0.300
328	A	6	5	1.05	20	0.250
329	A	5	4	1.16	20	0.200
330	A	4	3	1.00	20	0.150
331	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
332	A	3	3	0.94	20	0.150
333	A	4	4	0.95	20	0.200
334	A	5	5	0.94	20	0.250
335	A	8	7	0.99	20	0.350
336	A	7	6	1.02	20	0.300
337	A	6	5	1.12	20	0.250
338	A	5	4	1.05	20	0.200
339	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
340	A	3	3	0.96	20	0.150
341	A	4	4	0.93	20	0.200

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
342	A	5	5	0.94	20	0.250
343	A	6	6	0.94	20	0.300
344	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
345	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
346	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
347	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
348	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
349	A	2	2	1.06	18	0.111
350	A	2	2	1.01	18	0.111
351	A	2	2	1.01	18	0.111
352	A	3	3	1.13	18	0.167

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1	$\int x^2(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx$	152
3.2	$\int x(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx$	157
3.3	$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx$	162
3.4	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x} dx$	167
3.5	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^2} dx$	172
3.6	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^3} dx$	177
3.7	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^4} dx$	182
3.8	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^5} dx$	187
3.9	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^6} dx$	192
3.10	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^7} dx$	197
3.11	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^8} dx$	202
3.12	$\int x^4(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx$	207
3.13	$\int x^3(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx$	213
3.14	$\int x^2(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx$	219
3.15	$\int x(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx$	225
3.16	$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx$	230
3.17	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x} dx$	235
3.18	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^2} dx$	240
3.19	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^3} dx$	246
3.20	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^4} dx$	252
3.21	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^5} dx$	258
3.22	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^6} dx$	264
3.23	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^7} dx$	270
3.24	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^8} dx$	276
3.25	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^9} dx$	282

3.26	$\int x^4(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx$	288
3.27	$\int x^3(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx$	294
3.28	$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx$	300
3.29	$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx$	305
3.30	$\int (a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx$	311
3.31	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x} dx$	316
3.32	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^2} dx$	322
3.33	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^3} dx$	328
3.34	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^4} dx$	334
3.35	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^5} dx$	340
3.36	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^6} dx$	346
3.37	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^7} dx$	352
3.38	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^8} dx$	358
3.39	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^9} dx$	364
3.40	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{10}} dx$	371
3.41	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{11}} dx$	377
3.42	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{12}} dx$	383
3.43	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^8} dx$	389
3.44	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^9} dx$	395
3.45	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{10}} dx$	401
3.46	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{11}} dx$	408
3.47	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{12}} dx$	415
3.48	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{13}} dx$	421
3.49	$\int x^4(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx$	427
3.50	$\int x^3(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx$	432
3.51	$\int x^2(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx$	437
3.52	$\int x(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx$	442
3.53	$\int (a+bx)(A+Bx) dx$	447
3.54	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x} dx$	452
3.55	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$	457
3.56	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$	462
3.57	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$	467
3.58	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$	472
3.59	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$	477
3.60	$\int x^4(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx$	482
3.61	$\int x^3(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx$	487
3.62	$\int x^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx$	492

3.63	$\int x(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx$	497
3.64	$\int (a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx$	502
3.65	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x} dx$	507
3.66	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$	512
3.67	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$	517
3.68	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$	522
3.69	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$	527
3.70	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$	532
3.71	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$	538
3.72	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx$	544
3.73	$\int x^4(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$	550
3.74	$\int x^3(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$	556
3.75	$\int x^2(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$	562
3.76	$\int x(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$	568
3.77	$\int (a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$	574
3.78	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x} dx$	580
3.79	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$	586
3.80	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$	591
3.81	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$	597
3.82	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$	603
3.83	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$	609
3.84	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$	615
3.85	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx$	621
3.86	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx$	627
3.87	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx$	633
3.88	$\int x^5(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx$	639
3.89	$\int x^4(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx$	645
3.90	$\int x^3(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx$	651
3.91	$\int x^2(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx$	657
3.92	$\int x(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx$	663
3.93	$\int (a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx$	669
3.94	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x} dx$	675
3.95	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$	681
3.96	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$	687
3.97	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$	693
3.98	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$	699

3.99	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$	705
3.100	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$	711
3.101	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx$	717
3.102	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx$	723
3.103	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx$	729
3.104	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx$	735
3.105	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx$	741
3.106	$\int x^{10}(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$	747
3.107	$\int x^9(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$	756
3.108	$\int x^8(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$	766
3.109	$\int x^7(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$	775
3.110	$\int x^6(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$	783
3.111	$\int x^5(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$	791
3.112	$\int x^4(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$	799
3.113	$\int x^3(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$	807
3.114	$\int x^2(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$	816
3.115	$\int x(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$	825
3.116	$\int (a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$	834
3.117	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x} dx$	842
3.118	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$	850
3.119	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$	858
3.120	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$	866
3.121	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$	874
3.122	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$	882
3.123	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$	889
3.124	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx$	896
3.125	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx$	903
3.126	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx$	910
3.127	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx$	917
3.128	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx$	924
3.129	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{13}} dx$	931
3.130	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{14}} dx$	938
3.131	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{15}} dx$	945
3.132	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{16}} dx$	952
3.133	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{17}} dx$	960
3.134	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{18}} dx$	969

3.135	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{19}} dx$	980
3.136	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{20}} dx$	987
3.137	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{21}} dx$	994
3.138	$\int x^3(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx$	1001
3.139	$\int x^2(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx$	1012
3.140	$\int x(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx$	1022
3.141	$\int (a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx$	1032
3.142	$\int x^2(2+x)^5(2+3x) dx$	1042
3.143	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$	1047
3.144	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$	1053
3.145	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$	1059
3.146	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$	1064
3.147	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{a+bx} dx$	1069
3.148	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)} dx$	1074
3.149	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)} dx$	1079
3.150	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)} dx$	1084
3.151	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)} dx$	1090
3.152	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5(a+bx)} dx$	1096
3.153	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$	1102
3.154	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$	1108
3.155	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$	1114
3.156	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$	1119
3.157	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^2} dx$	1124
3.158	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)^2} dx$	1129
3.159	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)^2} dx$	1134
3.160	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)^2} dx$	1139
3.161	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)^2} dx$	1145
3.162	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	1151
3.163	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	1157
3.164	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	1163
3.165	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	1169
3.166	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	1174
3.167	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)^3} dx$	1179
3.168	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)^3} dx$	1184
3.169	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)^3} dx$	1190

3.170	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)^3} dx$	1196
3.171	$\int \frac{1+x}{(-1+x)x^2} dx$	1203
3.172	$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx$	1208
3.173	$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx$	1213
3.174	$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx$	1218
3.175	$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx$	1223
3.176	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1228
3.177	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	1233
3.178	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	1238
3.179	$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	1243
3.180	$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx$	1248
3.181	$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx$	1254
3.182	$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx$	1260
3.183	$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx$	1266
3.184	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1272
3.185	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	1277
3.186	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	1282
3.187	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	1287
3.188	$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx$	1292
3.189	$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx$	1298
3.190	$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx$	1304
3.191	$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx$	1310
3.192	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1316
3.193	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	1322
3.194	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	1328
3.195	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	1334
3.196	$\int \frac{(2-3x)^3\sqrt{x}}{(1+x)^2} dx$	1340
3.197	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$	1347
3.198	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$	1356
3.199	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$	1364
3.200	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$	1371
3.201	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx$	1378
3.202	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx$	1384
3.203	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx$	1390
3.204	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)} dx$	1396
3.205	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)} dx$	1403

3.206	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{11/2}(a+bx)} dx$	1411
3.207	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$	1419
3.208	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$	1428
3.209	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$	1437
3.210	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$	1444
3.211	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} dx$	1451
3.212	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} dx$	1457
3.213	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} dx$	1464
3.214	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^2} dx$	1472
3.215	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)^2} dx$	1480
3.216	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	1489
3.217	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	1498
3.218	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	1507
3.219	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	1515
3.220	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} dx$	1522
3.221	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} dx$	1530
3.222	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^3} dx$	1538
3.223	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^3} dx$	1547
3.224	$\int x^4 \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$	1557
3.225	$\int x^3 \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$	1564
3.226	$\int x^2 \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$	1570
3.227	$\int x \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$	1576
3.228	$\int \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$	1582
3.229	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x} dx$	1587
3.230	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$	1593
3.231	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$	1600
3.232	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$	1607
3.233	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$	1614
3.234	$\int x^4 (a+bx)^{3/2} (A+Bx) dx$	1622
3.235	$\int x^3 (a+bx)^{3/2} (A+Bx) dx$	1629
3.236	$\int x^2 (a+bx)^{3/2} (A+Bx) dx$	1636
3.237	$\int x (a+bx)^{3/2} (A+Bx) dx$	1643
3.238	$\int (a+bx)^{3/2} (A+Bx) dx$	1649
3.239	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x} dx$	1655
3.240	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$	1662

3.241	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$	1669
3.242	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$	1676
3.243	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$	1683
3.244	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$	1691
3.245	$\int x^4(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx$	1699
3.246	$\int x^3(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx$	1706
3.247	$\int x^2(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx$	1713
3.248	$\int x(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx$	1720
3.249	$\int (a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx$	1726
3.250	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x} dx$	1732
3.251	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$	1739
3.252	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$	1746
3.253	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$	1754
3.254	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$	1762
3.255	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$	1770
3.256	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$	1778
3.257	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1786
3.258	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1792
3.259	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1798
3.260	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1804
3.261	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1810
3.262	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1815
3.263	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1820
3.264	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1826
3.265	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1833
3.266	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	1840
3.267	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1848
3.268	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1854
3.269	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1860
3.270	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1866
3.271	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1872
3.272	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1877
3.273	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1883
3.274	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1890
3.275	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	1897

3.276	$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1905
3.277	$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1911
3.278	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1917
3.279	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1923
3.280	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1928
3.281	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1933
3.282	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1940
3.283	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1948
3.284	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	1957
3.285	$\int x^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$	1967
3.286	$\int x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$	1976
3.287	$\int \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$	1984
3.288	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1992
3.289	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	1998
3.290	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	2004
3.291	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	2010
3.292	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$	2016
3.293	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$	2023
3.294	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx$	2030
3.295	$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx$	2038
3.296	$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx$	2047
3.297	$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx$	2055
3.298	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	2064
3.299	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	2072
3.300	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	2079
3.301	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	2086
3.302	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$	2093
3.303	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$	2100
3.304	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx$	2107
3.305	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx$	2114
3.306	$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx$	2122
3.307	$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx$	2131
3.308	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	2140
3.309	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	2150

3.310	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	2159
3.311	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	2167
3.312	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$	2175
3.313	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$	2183
3.314	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx$	2190
3.315	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx$	2197
3.316	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{17/2}} dx$	2204
3.317	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{19/2}} dx$	2212
3.318	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2221
3.319	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2229
3.320	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2236
3.321	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2243
3.322	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2249
3.323	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2255
3.324	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2260
3.325	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2266
3.326	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{11/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$	2274
3.327	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	2281
3.328	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	2289
3.329	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	2296
3.330	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	2302
3.331	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	2308
3.332	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	2314
3.333	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	2320
3.334	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$	2327
3.335	$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2335
3.336	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2345
3.337	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2354
3.338	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2362
3.339	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2369
3.340	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2375
3.341	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2381
3.342	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2388

3.343	$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$	2395
3.344	$\int (ex)^m(a+bx)^4(A+Bx) dx$	2403
3.345	$\int (ex)^m(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx$	2411
3.346	$\int (ex)^m(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx$	2419
3.347	$\int (ex)^m(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx$	2426
3.348	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$	2432
3.349	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$	2437
3.350	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$	2443
3.351	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^4} dx$	2449
3.352	$\int (ex)^m(a+bx)^p(A+Bx) dx$	2455

3.1 $\int x^2(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx$

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Maple [A] (verified)	154
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	154
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	155
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	156
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	156

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx = \frac{1}{3}a^4c^3x^3 - \frac{1}{2}a^3bc^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}ab^3c^3x^6 - \frac{1}{7}b^4c^3x^7$$

output $1/3*a^4*c^3*x^3-1/2*a^3*b*c^3*x^4+1/3*a*b^3*c^3*x^6-1/7*b^4*c^3*x^7$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx = c^3 \left(\frac{a^4x^3}{3} - \frac{1}{2}a^3bx^4 + \frac{1}{3}ab^3x^6 - \frac{b^4x^7}{7} \right)$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^2*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3,x]$

output $c^3*((a^4*x^3)/3 - (a^3*b*x^4)/2 + (a*b^3*x^6)/3 - (b^4*x^7)/7)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 84$$

$$\int (a^4c^3x^2 - 2a^3bc^3x^3 + 2ab^3c^3x^5 - b^4c^3x^6) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{3}a^4c^3x^3 - \frac{1}{2}a^3bc^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}ab^3c^3x^6 - \frac{1}{7}b^4c^3x^7$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3,x]`

output `(a^4*c^3*x^3)/3 - (a^3*b*c^3*x^4)/2 + (a*b^3*c^3*x^6)/3 - (b^4*c^3*x^7)/7`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^3(-6b^4x^4+14ax^3b^3-21a^3bx+14a^4)c^3}{42}$	39
default	$\frac{1}{3}a^4c^3x^3 - \frac{1}{2}a^3bc^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}ab^3c^3x^6 - \frac{1}{7}b^4c^3x^7$	48
norman	$\frac{1}{3}a^4c^3x^3 - \frac{1}{2}a^3bc^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}ab^3c^3x^6 - \frac{1}{7}b^4c^3x^7$	48
risch	$\frac{1}{3}a^4c^3x^3 - \frac{1}{2}a^3bc^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}ab^3c^3x^6 - \frac{1}{7}b^4c^3x^7$	48
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{3}a^4c^3x^3 - \frac{1}{2}a^3bc^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}ab^3c^3x^6 - \frac{1}{7}b^4c^3x^7$	48
orering	$\frac{x^3(-6b^4x^4+14ax^3b^3-21a^3bx+14a^4)(-bcx+ac)^3}{42(-bx+a)^3}$	55

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/42*x^3*(-6*b^4*x^4+14*a*b^3*x^3-21*a^3*b*x+14*a^4)*c^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{7}b^4c^3x^7 + \frac{1}{3}ab^3c^3x^6 - \frac{1}{2}a^3bc^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^4c^3x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/7*b^4*c^3*x^7 + 1/3*a*b^3*c^3*x^6 - 1/2*a^3*b*c^3*x^4 + 1/3*a^4*c^3*x^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3 dx = \frac{a^4c^3x^3}{3} - \frac{a^3bc^3x^4}{2} + \frac{ab^3c^3x^6}{3} - \frac{b^4c^3x^7}{7}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**3,x)`output `a**4*c**3*x**3/3 - a**3*b*c**3*x**4/2 + a*b**3*c**3*x**6/3 - b**4*c**3*x**7/7`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{7}b^4c^3x^7 + \frac{1}{3}ab^3c^3x^6 - \frac{1}{2}a^3bc^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^4c^3x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/7*b^4*c^3*x^7 + 1/3*a*b^3*c^3*x^6 - 1/2*a^3*b*c^3*x^4 + 1/3*a^4*c^3*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{7}b^4c^3x^7 + \frac{1}{3}ab^3c^3x^6 - \frac{1}{2}a^3bc^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^4c^3x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/7*b^4*c^3*x^7 + 1/3*a*b^3*c^3*x^6 - 1/2*a^3*b*c^3*x^4 + 1/3*a^4*c^3*x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3 dx = \frac{a^4 c^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{a^3 b c^3 x^4}{2} + \frac{a b^3 c^3 x^6}{3} - \frac{b^4 c^3 x^7}{7}$$

input `int(x^2*(a*c - b*c*x)^3*(a + b*x),x)`output `(a^4*c^3*x^3)/3 - (b^4*c^3*x^7)/7 - (a^3*b*c^3*x^4)/2 + (a*b^3*c^3*x^6)/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3 dx = \frac{c^3 x^3 (-6b^4 x^4 + 14a b^3 x^3 - 21a^3 b x + 14a^4)}{42}$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3,x)`output `(c**3*x**3*(14*a**4 - 21*a**3*b*x + 14*a*b**3*x**3 - 6*b**4*x**4))/42`

3.2 $\int x(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx$

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Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	159
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	160
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	160
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	160
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	161
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	161

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx = \frac{1}{2}a^4c^3x^2 - \frac{2}{3}a^3bc^3x^3 + \frac{2}{5}ab^3c^3x^5 - \frac{1}{6}b^4c^3x^6$$

output $1/2*a^4*c^3*x^2-2/3*a^3*b*c^3*x^3+2/5*a*b^3*c^3*x^5-1/6*b^4*c^3*x^6$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx = c^3 \left(\frac{a^4x^2}{2} - \frac{2}{3}a^3bx^3 + \frac{2}{5}ab^3x^5 - \frac{b^4x^6}{6} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3,x]`

output $c^3*((a^4*x^2)/2 - (2*a^3*b*x^3)/3 + (2*a*b^3*x^5)/5 - (b^4*x^6)/6)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 84$$

$$\int (a^4 c^3 x - 2a^3 b c^3 x^2 + 2ab^3 c^3 x^4 - b^4 c^3 x^5) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{2}a^4 c^3 x^2 - \frac{2}{3}a^3 b c^3 x^3 + \frac{2}{5}ab^3 c^3 x^5 - \frac{1}{6}b^4 c^3 x^6$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3,x]`

output `(a^4*c^3*x^2)/2 - (2*a^3*b*c^3*x^3)/3 + (2*a*b^3*c^3*x^5)/5 - (b^4*c^3*x^6)/6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^2(-5b^4x^4+12ax^3b^3-20a^3bx+15a^4)c^3}{30}$	39
default	$\frac{1}{2}a^4c^3x^2 - \frac{2}{3}a^3bc^3x^3 + \frac{2}{5}ab^3c^3x^5 - \frac{1}{6}b^4c^3x^6$	48
norman	$\frac{1}{2}a^4c^3x^2 - \frac{2}{3}a^3bc^3x^3 + \frac{2}{5}ab^3c^3x^5 - \frac{1}{6}b^4c^3x^6$	48
risch	$\frac{1}{2}a^4c^3x^2 - \frac{2}{3}a^3bc^3x^3 + \frac{2}{5}ab^3c^3x^5 - \frac{1}{6}b^4c^3x^6$	48
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{2}a^4c^3x^2 - \frac{2}{3}a^3bc^3x^3 + \frac{2}{5}ab^3c^3x^5 - \frac{1}{6}b^4c^3x^6$	48
orering	$\frac{x^2(-5b^4x^4+12ax^3b^3-20a^3bx+15a^4)(-bcx+ac)^3}{30(-bx+a)^3}$	55

input `int(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/30*x^2*(-5*b^4*x^4+12*a*b^3*x^3-20*a^3*b*x+15*a^4)*c^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{6}b^4c^3x^6 + \frac{2}{5}ab^3c^3x^5 - \frac{2}{3}a^3bc^3x^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^4c^3x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*b^4*c^3*x^6 + 2/5*a*b^3*c^3*x^5 - 2/3*a^3*b*c^3*x^3 + 1/2*a^4*c^3*x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3 dx = \frac{a^4 c^3 x^2}{2} - \frac{2a^3 b c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{2ab^3 c^3 x^5}{5} - \frac{b^4 c^3 x^6}{6}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**3,x)`output `a**4*c**3*x**2/2 - 2*a**3*b*c**3*x**3/3 + 2*a*b**3*c**3*x**5/5 - b**4*c**3*x**6/6`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{6}b^4c^3x^6 + \frac{2}{5}ab^3c^3x^5 - \frac{2}{3}a^3bc^3x^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^4c^3x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*b^4*c^3*x^6 + 2/5*a*b^3*c^3*x^5 - 2/3*a^3*b*c^3*x^3 + 1/2*a^4*c^3*x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{6}b^4c^3x^6 + \frac{2}{5}ab^3c^3x^5 - \frac{2}{3}a^3bc^3x^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^4c^3x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6*b^4*c^3*x^6 + 2/5*a*b^3*c^3*x^5 - 2/3*a^3*b*c^3*x^3 + 1/2*a^4*c^3*x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3 dx = \frac{a^4 c^3 x^2}{2} - \frac{2 a^3 b c^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{2 a b^3 c^3 x^5}{5} - \frac{b^4 c^3 x^6}{6}$$

input `int(x*(a*c - b*c*x)^3*(a + b*x),x)`output `(a^4*c^3*x^2)/2 - (b^4*c^3*x^6)/6 - (2*a^3*b*c^3*x^3)/3 + (2*a*b^3*c^3*x^5)/5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3 dx = \frac{c^3 x^2 (-5b^4 x^4 + 12a b^3 x^3 - 20a^3 b x + 15a^4)}{30}$$

input `int(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3,x)`output `(c**3*x**2*(15*a**4 - 20*a**3*b*x + 12*a*b**3*x**3 - 5*b**4*x**4))/30`

3.3 $\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx$

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Maple [A] (verified)	164
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	164
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	165
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	165
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	165
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	166
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	166

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx = -\frac{ac^3(a - bx)^4}{2b} + \frac{c^3(a - bx)^5}{5b}$$

output `-1/2*a*c^3*(-b*x+a)^4/b+1/5*c^3*(-b*x+a)^5/b`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx = c^3 \left(a^4 x - a^3 b x^2 + \frac{1}{2} a b^3 x^4 - \frac{b^4 x^5}{5} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3,x]`

output `c^3*(a^4*x - a^3*b*x^2 + (a*b^3*x^4)/2 - (b^4*x^5)/5)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(2a(ac - bcx)^3 - \frac{(ac - bcx)^4}{c} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{c^3(a - bx)^5}{5b} - \frac{ac^3(a - bx)^4}{2b}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a*c^3*(a - b*x)^4)/b + (c^3*(a - b*x)^5)/(5*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x(-2b^4x^4+5ax^3b^3-10a^3bx+10a^4)c^3}{10}$	37
default	$-\frac{1}{5}b^4c^3x^5 + \frac{1}{2}ab^3c^3x^4 - a^3bc^3x^2 + a^4c^3x$	45
norman	$-\frac{1}{5}b^4c^3x^5 + \frac{1}{2}ab^3c^3x^4 - a^3bc^3x^2 + a^4c^3x$	45
risch	$-\frac{1}{5}b^4c^3x^5 + \frac{1}{2}ab^3c^3x^4 - a^3bc^3x^2 + a^4c^3x$	45
paralelrisch	$-\frac{1}{5}b^4c^3x^5 + \frac{1}{2}ab^3c^3x^4 - a^3bc^3x^2 + a^4c^3x$	45
orering	$\frac{x(-2b^4x^4+5ax^3b^3-10a^3bx+10a^4)(-bcx+ac)^3}{10(-bx+a)^3}$	53

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/10*x*(-2*b^4*x^4+5*a*b^3*x^3-10*a^3*b*x+10*a^4)*c^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{5}b^4c^3x^5 + \frac{1}{2}ab^3c^3x^4 - a^3bc^3x^2 + a^4c^3x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/5*b^4*c^3*x^5 + 1/2*a*b^3*c^3*x^4 - a^3*b*c^3*x^2 + a^4*c^3*x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx = a^4 c^3 x - a^3 b c^3 x^2 + \frac{ab^3 c^3 x^4}{2} - \frac{b^4 c^3 x^5}{5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**3,x)`output `a**4*c**3*x - a**3*b*c**3*x**2 + a*b**3*c**3*x**4/2 - b**4*c**3*x**5/5`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{5} b^4 c^3 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} ab^3 c^3 x^4 - a^3 b c^3 x^2 + a^4 c^3 x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/5*b^4*c^3*x^5 + 1/2*a*b^3*c^3*x^4 - a^3*b*c^3*x^2 + a^4*c^3*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{5} b^4 c^3 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} ab^3 c^3 x^4 - a^3 b c^3 x^2 + a^4 c^3 x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/5*b^4*c^3*x^5 + 1/2*a*b^3*c^3*x^4 - a^3*b*c^3*x^2 + a^4*c^3*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx = a^4 c^3 x - a^3 b c^3 x^2 + \frac{a b^3 c^3 x^4}{2} - \frac{b^4 c^3 x^5}{5}$$

input `int((a*c - b*c*x)^3*(a + b*x),x)`

output `a^4*c^3*x - (b^4*c^3*x^5)/5 - a^3*b*c^3*x^2 + (a*b^3*c^3*x^4)/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3 dx = \frac{c^3 x(-2b^4 x^4 + 5a b^3 x^3 - 10a^3 b x + 10a^4)}{10}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3,x)`

output `(c**3*x*(10*a**4 - 10*a**3*b*x + 5*a*b**3*x**3 - 2*b**4*x**4))/10`

3.4 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x} dx$

Optimal result	167
Mathematica [A] (verified)	167
Rubi [A] (verified)	168
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	169
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	169
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	169
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	170
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	170
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	170
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	171

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x} dx = -2a^3bc^3x + \frac{2}{3}ab^3c^3x^3 - \frac{1}{4}b^4c^3x^4 + a^4c^3 \log(x)$$

output `-2*a^3*b*c^3*x+2/3*a*b^3*c^3*x^3-1/4*b^4*c^3*x^4+a^4*c^3*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x} dx = c^3 \left(\frac{1}{12} (19a^4 - 24a^3bx + 8ab^3x^3 - 3b^4x^4) + a^4 \log(-bx) \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3)/x,x]`

output `c^3*((19*a^4 - 24*a^3*b*x + 8*a*b^3*x^3 - 3*b^4*x^4)/12 + a^4*Log[-(b*x)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^4 c^3}{x} - 2a^3 b c^3 + 2ab^3 c^3 x^2 - b^4 c^3 x^3 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$a^4 c^3 \log(x) - 2a^3 b c^3 x + \frac{2}{3} a b^3 c^3 x^3 - \frac{1}{4} b^4 c^3 x^4$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3)/x,x]
```

output

```
-2*a^3*b*c^3*x + (2*a*b^3*c^3*x^3)/3 - (b^4*c^3*x^4)/4 + a^4*c^3*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_)+(b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0]
] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
default	$c^3 \left(-\frac{b^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{2a x^3 b^3}{3} - 2a^3 b x + a^4 \ln(x) \right)$	36
norman	$-2a^3 b c^3 x + \frac{2a b^3 c^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{b^4 c^3 x^4}{4} + a^4 c^3 \ln(x)$	44
risch	$-2a^3 b c^3 x + \frac{2a b^3 c^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{b^4 c^3 x^4}{4} + a^4 c^3 \ln(x)$	44
parallelrisc	$-2a^3 b c^3 x + \frac{2a b^3 c^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{b^4 c^3 x^4}{4} + a^4 c^3 \ln(x)$	44

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c^3*(-1/4*b^4*x^4+2/3*a*x^3*b^3-2*a^3*b*x+a^4*ln(x))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{4} b^4 c^3 x^4 + \frac{2}{3} a b^3 c^3 x^3 - 2a^3 b c^3 x + a^4 c^3 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*b^4*c^3*x^4 + 2/3*a*b^3*c^3*x^3 - 2*a^3*b*c^3*x + a^4*c^3*log(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x} dx = a^4 c^3 \log(x) - 2a^3 b c^3 x + \frac{2ab^3 c^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{b^4 c^3 x^4}{4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**3/x,x)`

output $a^{**4}c^{**3}\log(x) - 2a^{**3}b*c^{**3}x + 2a*b^{**3}c^{**3}x^{**3}/3 - b^{**4}c^{**3}x^{**4}/4$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{4}b^4c^3x^4 + \frac{2}{3}ab^3c^3x^3 - 2a^3bc^3x + a^4c^3\log(x)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-1/4*b^4*c^3*x^4 + 2/3*a*b^3*c^3*x^3 - 2*a^3*b*c^3*x + a^4*c^3*\log(x)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{4}b^4c^3x^4 + \frac{2}{3}ab^3c^3x^3 - 2a^3bc^3x + a^4c^3\log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-1/4*b^4*c^3*x^4 + 2/3*a*b^3*c^3*x^3 - 2*a^3*b*c^3*x + a^4*c^3*\log(\text{abs}(x))$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x} dx = a^4c^3\ln(x) - \frac{b^4c^3x^4}{4} + \frac{2ab^3c^3x^3}{3} - 2a^3bc^3x$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^3*(a + b*x))/x,x)`

output $a^4c^3\log(x) - (b^4c^3x^4)/4 + (2ab^3c^3x^3)/3 - 2a^3b^3c^3x$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x} dx = \frac{c^3(12\log(x)a^4 - 24a^3bx + 8ab^3x^3 - 3b^4x^4)}{12}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x,x)`

output `(c**3*(12*log(x)*a**4 - 24*a**3*b*x + 8*a*b**3*x**3 - 3*b**4*x**4))/12`

3.5 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	172
Mathematica [A] (verified)	172
Rubi [A] (verified)	173
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	174
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	174
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	174
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	175
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	175
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	175
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	176

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^4 c^3}{x} + ab^3 c^3 x^2 - \frac{1}{3} b^4 c^3 x^3 - 2a^3 b c^3 \log(x)$$

output `-a^4*c^3/x+a*b^3*c^3*x^2-1/3*b^4*c^3*x^3-2*a^3*b*c^3*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^2} dx = c^3 \left(-\frac{a^4}{x} + ab^3 x^2 - \frac{b^4 x^3}{3} - 2a^3 b \log(x) \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3)/x^2,x]`

output `c^3*(-(a^4/x) + a*b^3*x^2 - (b^4*x^3)/3 - 2*a^3*b*Log[x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^4 c^3}{x^2} - \frac{2a^3 b c^3}{x} + 2ab^3 c^3 x - b^4 c^3 x^2 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^4 c^3}{x} - 2a^3 b c^3 \log(x) + ab^3 c^3 x^2 - \frac{1}{3} b^4 c^3 x^3$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3/x^2,x]`

output `-((a^4*c^3)/x) + a*b^3*c^3*x^2 - (b^4*c^3*x^3)/3 - 2*a^3*b*c^3*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
default	$c^3 \left(-\frac{b^4 x^3}{3} + a b^3 x^2 - 2a^3 b \ln(x) - \frac{a^4}{x} \right)$	38
risch	$-\frac{a^4 c^3}{x} + a b^3 c^3 x^2 - \frac{b^4 c^3 x^3}{3} - 2a^3 b c^3 \ln(x)$	46
norman	$\frac{a b^3 c^3 x^3 - a^4 c^3 - \frac{1}{3} b^4 c^3 x^4}{x} - 2a^3 b c^3 \ln(x)$	48
parallelrisch	$-\frac{b^4 c^3 x^4 - 3a b^3 c^3 x^3 + 6a^3 c^3 b \ln(x) x + 3a^4 c^3}{3x}$	49

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c^3*(-1/3*b^4*x^3+a*b^3*x^2-2*a^3*b*ln(x)-a^4/x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{b^4 c^3 x^4 - 3ab^3 c^3 x^3 + 6a^3 b c^3 x \log(x) + 3a^4 c^3}{3x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(b^4*c^3*x^4 - 3*a*b^3*c^3*x^3 + 6*a^3*b*c^3*x*log(x) + 3*a^4*c^3)/x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^4 c^3}{x} - 2a^3 b c^3 \log(x) + a b^3 c^3 x^2 - \frac{b^4 c^3 x^3}{3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**3/x**2,x)`

output $-a^{**4}c^{**3}/x - 2*a^{**3}b*c^{**3}*\log(x) + a*b^{**3}*c^{**3}*x^{**2} - b^{**4}*c^{**3}*x^{**3}/3$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{3}b^4c^3x^3 + ab^3c^3x^2 - 2a^3bc^3 \log(x) - \frac{a^4c^3}{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-1/3*b^4*c^3*x^3 + a*b^3*c^3*x^2 - 2*a^3*b*c^3*\log(x) - a^4*c^3/x$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{3}b^4c^3x^3 + ab^3c^3x^2 - 2a^3bc^3 \log(|x|) - \frac{a^4c^3}{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-1/3*b^4*c^3*x^3 + a*b^3*c^3*x^2 - 2*a^3*b*c^3*\log(\text{abs}(x)) - a^4*c^3/x$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^2} dx = ab^3c^3x^2 - \frac{b^4c^3x^3}{3} - \frac{a^4c^3}{x} - 2a^3bc^3 \ln(x)$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^3*(a + b*x))/x^2,x)`

output $a*b^3*c^3*x^2 - (b^4*c^3*x^3)/3 - (a^4*c^3)/x - 2*a^3*b*c^3*\log(x)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{c^3(-6 \log(x) a^3 bx - 3a^4 + 3a b^3 x^3 - b^4 x^4)}{3x}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^2,x)`

output `(c**3*(- 6*log(x)*a**3*b*x - 3*a**4 + 3*a*b**3*x**3 - b**4*x**4))/(3*x)`

3.6 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	177
Mathematica [B] (verified)	177
Rubi [A] (verified)	178
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	178
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	179
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	180
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	180
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	180
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	181
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	181

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{c^3(a-bx)^4}{2x^2}$$

output `-1/2*c^3*(-b*x+a)^4/x^2`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 41 vs. $2(18) = 36$.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^3} dx = c^3 \left(-\frac{a^4}{2x^2} + \frac{2a^3b}{x} + 2ab^3x - \frac{b^4x^2}{2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3)/x^3,x]`

output `c^3*(-1/2*a^4/x^2 + (2*a^3*b)/x + 2*a*b^3*x - (b^4*x^2)/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.050$, Rules used = {83}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 83

$$-\frac{c^3(a - bx)^4}{2x^2}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3)/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(c^3*(a - b*x)^4)/x^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 83 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 35 vs. $2(16) = 32$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{c^3(b^4x^4-4ax^3b^3-4a^3bx+a^4)}{2x^2}$	36
default	$c^3\left(-\frac{b^4x^2}{2} + 2ab^3x - \frac{a^4}{2x^2} + \frac{2a^3b}{x}\right)$	38
risch	$-\frac{b^4c^3x^2}{2} + 2b^3c^3ax + \frac{2a^3bc^3x - \frac{1}{2}a^4c^3}{x^2}$	46
parallelrisch	$-\frac{b^4c^3x^4-4ab^3c^3x^3-4a^3bc^3x+a^4c^3}{2x^2}$	46
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}a^4c^3 - \frac{1}{2}b^4c^3x^4 + 2ab^3c^3x^3 + 2a^3bc^3x}{x^2}$	47
orering	$-\frac{(b^4x^4-4ax^3b^3-4a^3bx+a^4)(-bcx+ac)^3}{2x^2(-bx+a)^3}$	52

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*c^3*(b^4*x^4-4*a*b^3*x^3-4*a^3*b*x+a^4)/x^2`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 45 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{b^4c^3x^4 - 4ab^3c^3x^3 - 4a^3bc^3x + a^4c^3}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(b^4*c^3*x^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*x^3 - 4*a^3*b*c^3*x + a^4*c^3)/x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 46 vs. $2(15) = 30$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^3} dx = 2ab^3c^3x - \frac{b^4c^3x^2}{2} - \frac{a^4c^3 - 4a^3bc^3x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**3/x**3,x)`

output `2*a*b**3*c**3*x - b**4*c**3*x**2/2 - (a**4*c**3 - 4*a**3*b*c**3*x)/(2*x**2)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 46 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2}b^4c^3x^2 + 2ab^3c^3x + \frac{4a^3bc^3x - a^4c^3}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*b^4*c^3*x^2 + 2*a*b^3*c^3*x + 1/2*(4*a^3*b*c^3*x - a^4*c^3)/x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 46 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2}b^4c^3x^2 + 2ab^3c^3x + \frac{4a^3bc^3x - a^4c^3}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-1/2*b^4*c^3*x^2 + 2*a*b^3*c^3*x + 1/2*(4*a^3*b*c^3*x - a^4*c^3)/x^2$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{c^3(a^4 - 4a^3bx - 4ab^3x^3 + b^4x^4)}{2x^2}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^3*(a + b*x))/x^3,x)`

output $-(c^3*(a^4 + b^4*x^4 - 4*a*b^3*x^3 - 4*a^3*b*x))/(2*x^2)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{c^3(-b^4x^4 + 4ab^3x^3 + 4a^3bx - a^4)}{2x^2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^3,x)`

output $(c**3*(- a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 4*a*b**3*x**3 - b**4*x**4))/(2*x**2)$

3.7 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^4} dx$

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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	185
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	185
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	186
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	186

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^4c^3}{3x^3} + \frac{a^3bc^3}{x^2} - b^4c^3x + 2ab^3c^3 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/3*a^4*c^3/x^3+a^3*b*c^3/x^2-b^4*c^3*x+2*a*b^3*c^3*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^4} dx = c^3 \left(-\frac{a^4}{3x^3} + \frac{a^3b}{x^2} - b^4x + 2ab^3 \log(x) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3)/x^4,x]
```

output

```
c^3*(-1/3*a^4/x^3 + (a^3*b)/x^2 - b^4*x + 2*a*b^3*Log[x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^4 c^3}{x^4} - \frac{2a^3 b c^3}{x^3} + \frac{2ab^3 c^3}{x} - b^4 c^3 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^4 c^3}{3x^3} + \frac{a^3 b c^3}{x^2} + 2ab^3 c^3 \log(x) - b^4 c^3 x$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3)/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(a^4*c^3)/x^3 + (a^3*b*c^3)/x^2 - b^4*c^3*x + 2*a*b^3*c^3*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0]) && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
default	$c^3 \left(-b^4 x - \frac{a^4}{3x^3} + \frac{a^3 b}{x^2} + 2a b^3 \ln(x) \right)$	36
risch	$-b^4 c^3 x + \frac{a^3 b c^3 x - \frac{1}{3} a^4 c^3}{x^3} + 2a b^3 c^3 \ln(x)$	44
norman	$\frac{a^3 b c^3 x - \frac{1}{3} a^4 c^3 - b^4 c^3 x^4}{x^3} + 2a b^3 c^3 \ln(x)$	46
parallelrisch	$\frac{6a b^3 c^3 \ln(x) x^3 - 3b^4 c^3 x^4 + 3a^3 b c^3 x - a^4 c^3}{3x^3}$	50

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c^3*(-b^4*x-1/3*a^4/x^3+a^3*b/x^2+2*a*b^3*ln(x))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{3b^4c^3x^4 - 6ab^3c^3x^3 \log(x) - 3a^3bc^3x + a^4c^3}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(3*b^4*c^3*x^4 - 6*a*b^3*c^3*x^3*log(x) - 3*a^3*b*c^3*x + a^4*c^3)/x^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^4} dx = 2ab^3c^3 \log(x) - b^4c^3x - \frac{a^4c^3 - 3a^3bc^3x}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**3/x**4,x)`output `2*a*b**3*c**3*log(x) - b**4*c**3*x - (a**4*c**3 - 3*a**3*b*c**3*x)/(3*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^4} dx = -b^4c^3x + 2ab^3c^3 \log(x) + \frac{3a^3bc^3x - a^4c^3}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-b^4*c^3*x + 2*a*b^3*c^3*log(x) + 1/3*(3*a^3*b*c^3*x - a^4*c^3)/x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^4} dx = -b^4c^3x + 2ab^3c^3 \log(|x|) + \frac{3a^3bc^3x - a^4c^3}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-b^4*c^3*x + 2*a*b^3*c^3*log(abs(x)) + 1/3*(3*a^3*b*c^3*x - a^4*c^3)/x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{c^3(a^4 + 3b^4x^4 - 3a^3bx - 6ab^3x^3 \ln(x))}{3x^3}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^3*(a + b*x))/x^4,x)`output `-(c^3*(a^4 + 3*b^4*x^4 - 3*a^3*b*x - 6*a*b^3*x^3*log(x)))/(3*x^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^4} dx = \frac{c^3(6 \log(x) a b^3 x^3 - a^4 + 3a^3 b x - 3b^4 x^4)}{3x^3}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^4,x)`output `(c**3*(6*log(x)*a*b**3*x**3 - a**4 + 3*a**3*b*x - 3*b**4*x**4))/(3*x**3)`

3.8 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^5} dx$

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Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	189
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	190
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	190
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	190
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	191
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	191

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^4 c^3}{4x^4} + \frac{2a^3 b c^3}{3x^3} - \frac{2ab^3 c^3}{x} - b^4 c^3 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/4*a^4*c^3/x^4+2/3*a^3*b*c^3/x^3-2*a*b^3*c^3/x-b^4*c^3*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^5} dx = c^3 \left(-\frac{a^4}{4x^4} + \frac{2a^3 b}{3x^3} - \frac{2ab^3}{x} - b^4 \log(x) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3)/x^5, x]
```

output

```
c^3*(-1/4*a^4/x^4 + (2*a^3*b)/(3*x^3) - (2*a*b^3)/x - b^4*Log[x])
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^4 c^3}{x^5} - \frac{2a^3 bc^3}{x^4} + \frac{2ab^3 c^3}{x^2} - \frac{b^4 c^3}{x} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^4 c^3}{4x^4} + \frac{2a^3 bc^3}{3x^3} - \frac{2ab^3 c^3}{x} - b^4 c^3 \log(x)$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3)/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(a^4*c^3)/x^4 + (2*a^3*b*c^3)/(3*x^3) - (2*a*b^3*c^3)/x - b^4*c^3*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
default	$c^3 \left(\frac{2a^3b}{3x^3} - \frac{a^4}{4x^4} - b^4 \ln(x) - \frac{2ab^3}{x} \right)$	39
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{4}a^4c^3 - 2ab^3c^3x^3 + \frac{2}{3}a^3bc^3x}{x^4} - b^4c^3 \ln(x)$	47
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{4}a^4c^3 - 2ab^3c^3x^3 + \frac{2}{3}a^3bc^3x}{x^4} - b^4c^3 \ln(x)$	47
parallelrisch	$-\frac{12b^4c^3 \ln(x)x^4 + 24ab^3c^3x^3 - 8a^3bc^3x + 3a^4c^3}{12x^4}$	50

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c^3*(2/3*a^3*b/x^3-1/4*a^4/x^4-b^4*ln(x)-2*a*b^3/x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^5} dx = -\frac{12b^4c^3x^4 \log(x) + 24ab^3c^3x^3 - 8a^3bc^3x + 3a^4c^3}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/12*(12*b^4*c^3*x^4*log(x) + 24*a*b^3*c^3*x^3 - 8*a^3*b*c^3*x + 3*a^4*c^3)/x^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^5} dx = -b^4c^3 \log(x) - \frac{3a^4c^3 - 8a^3bc^3x + 24ab^3c^3x^3}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**3/x**5,x)`output `-b**4*c**3*log(x) - (3*a**4*c**3 - 8*a**3*b*c**3*x + 24*a*b**3*c**3*x**3)/
(12*x**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^5} dx = -b^4c^3 \log(x) - \frac{24ab^3c^3x^3 - 8a^3bc^3x + 3a^4c^3}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-b^4*c^3*log(x) - 1/12*(24*a*b^3*c^3*x^3 - 8*a^3*b*c^3*x + 3*a^4*c^3)/x^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^5} dx = -b^4c^3 \log(|x|) - \frac{24ab^3c^3x^3 - 8a^3bc^3x + 3a^4c^3}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-b^4*c^3*log(abs(x)) - 1/12*(24*a*b^3*c^3*x^3 - 8*a^3*b*c^3*x + 3*a^4*c^3)/
x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^5} dx = -\frac{c^3 (3a^4 + 24ab^3x^3 + 12b^4x^4 \ln(x) - 8a^3bx)}{12x^4}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^3*(a + b*x))/x^5,x)`output `-(c^3*(3*a^4 + 24*a*b^3*x^3 + 12*b^4*x^4*log(x) - 8*a^3*b*x))/(12*x^4)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^5} dx = \frac{c^3(-12 \log(x) b^4 x^4 - 3a^4 + 8a^3bx - 24a b^3 x^3)}{12x^4}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^5,x)`output `(c**3*(- 12*log(x)*b**4*x**4 - 3*a**4 + 8*a**3*b*x - 24*a*b**3*x**3))/(12*x**4)`

3.9 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^6} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	193
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	194
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	194
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	195
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^4c^3}{5x^5} + \frac{a^3bc^3}{2x^4} - \frac{ab^3c^3}{x^2} + \frac{b^4c^3}{x}$$

output

```
-1/5*a^4*c^3/x^5+1/2*a^3*b*c^3/x^4-a*b^3*c^3/x^2+b^4*c^3/x
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^6} dx = c^3 \left(-\frac{a^4}{5x^5} + \frac{a^3b}{2x^4} - \frac{ab^3}{x^2} + \frac{b^4}{x} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3)/x^6,x]
```

output

```
c^3*(-1/5*a^4/x^5 + (a^3*b)/(2*x^4) - (a*b^3)/x^2 + b^4/x)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^4 c^3}{x^6} - \frac{2a^3 bc^3}{x^5} + \frac{2ab^3 c^3}{x^3} - \frac{b^4 c^3}{x^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^4 c^3}{5x^5} + \frac{a^3 bc^3}{2x^4} - \frac{ab^3 c^3}{x^2} + \frac{b^4 c^3}{x}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3)/x^6,x]`

output `-1/5*(a^4*c^3)/x^5 + (a^3*b*c^3)/(2*x^4) - (a*b^3*c^3)/x^2 + (b^4*c^3)/x`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{c^3(-10b^4x^4+10ax^3b^3-5a^3bx+2a^4)}{10x^5}$	39
default	$c^3\left(-\frac{a^4}{5x^5}-\frac{ab^3}{x^2}+\frac{a^3b}{2x^4}+\frac{b^4}{x}\right)$	39
norman	$\frac{b^4c^3x^4-\frac{1}{5}a^4c^3-ab^3c^3x^3+\frac{1}{2}a^3bc^3x}{x^5}$	46
risch	$\frac{b^4c^3x^4-\frac{1}{5}a^4c^3-ab^3c^3x^3+\frac{1}{2}a^3bc^3x}{x^5}$	46
paralelrisch	$\frac{10b^4c^3x^4-10ab^3c^3x^3+5a^3bc^3x-2a^4c^3}{10x^5}$	48
orering	$-\frac{(-10b^4x^4+10ax^3b^3-5a^3bx+2a^4)(-bcx+ac)^3}{10x^5(-bx+a)^3}$	55

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/10*c^3*(-10*b^4*x^4+10*a*b^3*x^3-5*a^3*b*x+2*a^4)/x^5`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^6} dx = \frac{10b^4c^3x^4 - 10ab^3c^3x^3 + 5a^3bc^3x - 2a^4c^3}{10x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/10*(10*b^4*c^3*x^4 - 10*a*b^3*c^3*x^3 + 5*a^3*b*c^3*x - 2*a^4*c^3)/x^5`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^6} dx = -\frac{2a^4c^3 - 5a^3bc^3x + 10ab^3c^3x^3 - 10b^4c^3x^4}{10x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**3/x**6,x)`output `-(2*a**4*c**3 - 5*a**3*b*c**3*x + 10*a*b**3*c**3*x**3 - 10*b**4*c**3*x**4)/(10*x**5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^6} dx = \frac{10b^4c^3x^4 - 10ab^3c^3x^3 + 5a^3bc^3x - 2a^4c^3}{10x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/10*(10*b^4*c^3*x^4 - 10*a*b^3*c^3*x^3 + 5*a^3*b*c^3*x - 2*a^4*c^3)/x^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^6} dx = \frac{10b^4c^3x^4 - 10ab^3c^3x^3 + 5a^3bc^3x - 2a^4c^3}{10x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/10*(10*b^4*c^3*x^4 - 10*a*b^3*c^3*x^3 + 5*a^3*b*c^3*x - 2*a^4*c^3)/x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^6} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^4 c^3}{5} - \frac{a^3 b c^3 x}{2} + a b^3 c^3 x^3 - b^4 c^3 x^4}{x^5}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^3*(a + b*x))/x^6,x)`output `-((a^4*c^3)/5 - b^4*c^3*x^4 + a*b^3*c^3*x^3 - (a^3*b*c^3*x)/2)/x^5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^6} dx = \frac{c^3(10b^4x^4 - 10ab^3x^3 + 5a^3bx - 2a^4)}{10x^5}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^6,x)`output `(c**3*(- 2*a**4 + 5*a**3*b*x - 10*a*b**3*x**3 + 10*b**4*x**4))/(10*x**5)`

3.10 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^7} dx$

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Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	199
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	199
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	200
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	200
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	200
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	201
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	201

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^4c^3}{6x^6} + \frac{2a^3bc^3}{5x^5} - \frac{2ab^3c^3}{3x^3} + \frac{b^4c^3}{2x^2}$$

output

```
-1/6*a^4*c^3/x^6+2/5*a^3*b*c^3/x^5-2/3*a*b^3*c^3/x^3+1/2*b^4*c^3/x^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^7} dx = c^3 \left(-\frac{a^4}{6x^6} + \frac{2a^3b}{5x^5} - \frac{2ab^3}{3x^3} + \frac{b^4}{2x^2} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3)/x^7,x]
```

output

```
c^3*(-1/6*a^4/x^6 + (2*a^3*b)/(5*x^5) - (2*a*b^3)/(3*x^3) + b^4/(2*x^2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^7} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^4 c^3}{x^7} - \frac{2a^3 bc^3}{x^6} + \frac{2ab^3 c^3}{x^4} - \frac{b^4 c^3}{x^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^4 c^3}{6x^6} + \frac{2a^3 bc^3}{5x^5} - \frac{2ab^3 c^3}{3x^3} + \frac{b^4 c^3}{2x^2}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3)/x^7,x]`

output `-1/6*(a^4*c^3)/x^6 + (2*a^3*b*c^3)/(5*x^5) - (2*a*b^3*c^3)/(3*x^3) + (b^4*c^3)/(2*x^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{c^3(-15b^4x^4+20ax^3b^3-12a^3bx+5a^4)}{30x^6}$	39
default	$c^3\left(-\frac{2ab^3}{3x^3} + \frac{2a^3b}{5x^5} + \frac{b^4}{2x^2} - \frac{a^4}{6x^6}\right)$	40
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{6}a^4c^3 + \frac{1}{2}b^4c^3x^4 - \frac{2}{3}ab^3c^3x^3 + \frac{2}{5}a^3bc^3x}{x^6}$	47
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{6}a^4c^3 + \frac{1}{2}b^4c^3x^4 - \frac{2}{3}ab^3c^3x^3 + \frac{2}{5}a^3bc^3x}{x^6}$	47
parallelrisc	$\frac{15b^4c^3x^4 - 20ab^3c^3x^3 + 12a^3bc^3x - 5a^4c^3}{30x^6}$	48
orering	$-\frac{(-15b^4x^4+20ax^3b^3-12a^3bx+5a^4)(-bcx+ac)^3}{30x^6(-bx+a)^3}$	55

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/30*c^3*(-15*b^4*x^4+20*a*b^3*x^3-12*a^3*b*x+5*a^4)/x^6`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^7} dx = \frac{15b^4c^3x^4 - 20ab^3c^3x^3 + 12a^3bc^3x - 5a^4c^3}{30x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/30*(15*b^4*c^3*x^4 - 20*a*b^3*c^3*x^3 + 12*a^3*b*c^3*x - 5*a^4*c^3)/x^6`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^7} dx = -\frac{5a^4c^3 - 12a^3bc^3x + 20ab^3c^3x^3 - 15b^4c^3x^4}{30x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**3/x**7,x)`output `-(5*a**4*c**3 - 12*a**3*b*c**3*x + 20*a*b**3*c**3*x**3 - 15*b**4*c**3*x**4)/(30*x**6)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^7} dx = \frac{15b^4c^3x^4 - 20ab^3c^3x^3 + 12a^3bc^3x - 5a^4c^3}{30x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/30*(15*b^4*c^3*x^4 - 20*a*b^3*c^3*x^3 + 12*a^3*b*c^3*x - 5*a^4*c^3)/x^6`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^7} dx = \frac{15b^4c^3x^4 - 20ab^3c^3x^3 + 12a^3bc^3x - 5a^4c^3}{30x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/30*(15*b^4*c^3*x^4 - 20*a*b^3*c^3*x^3 + 12*a^3*b*c^3*x - 5*a^4*c^3)/x^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^7} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^4 c^3}{6} - \frac{2a^3 b c^3 x}{5} + \frac{2ab^3 c^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{b^4 c^3 x^4}{2}}{x^6}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^3*(a + b*x))/x^7,x)`output `-((a^4*c^3)/6 - (b^4*c^3*x^4)/2 + (2*a*b^3*c^3*x^3)/3 - (2*a^3*b*c^3*x)/5)/x^6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^7} dx = \frac{c^3(15b^4x^4 - 20ab^3x^3 + 12a^3bx - 5a^4)}{30x^6}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^7,x)`output `(c**3*(- 5*a**4 + 12*a**3*b*x - 20*a*b**3*x**3 + 15*b**4*x**4))/(30*x**6)`

3.11 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	202
Mathematica [A] (verified)	202
Rubi [A] (verified)	203
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	204
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	204
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	205
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	205
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	205
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	206
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	206

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^4c^3}{7x^7} + \frac{a^3bc^3}{3x^6} - \frac{ab^3c^3}{2x^4} + \frac{b^4c^3}{3x^3}$$

output `-1/7*a^4*c^3/x^7+1/3*a^3*b*c^3/x^6-1/2*a*b^3*c^3/x^4+1/3*b^4*c^3/x^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^8} dx = c^3 \left(-\frac{a^4}{7x^7} + \frac{a^3b}{3x^6} - \frac{ab^3}{2x^4} + \frac{b^4}{3x^3} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3)/x^8,x]`

output `c^3*(-1/7*a^4/x^7 + (a^3*b)/(3*x^6) - (a*b^3)/(2*x^4) + b^4/(3*x^3))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^8} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^4 c^3}{x^8} - \frac{2a^3 bc^3}{x^7} + \frac{2ab^3 c^3}{x^5} - \frac{b^4 c^3}{x^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^4 c^3}{7x^7} + \frac{a^3 bc^3}{3x^6} - \frac{ab^3 c^3}{2x^4} + \frac{b^4 c^3}{3x^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^3/x^8,x]`

output `-1/7*(a^4*c^3)/x^7 + (a^3*b*c^3)/(3*x^6) - (a*b^3*c^3)/(2*x^4) + (b^4*c^3)/(3*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{c^3(-14b^4x^4+21ax^3b^3-14a^3bx+6a^4)}{42x^7}$	39
default	$c^3\left(\frac{b^4}{3x^3}-\frac{a^4}{7x^7}-\frac{ab^3}{2x^4}+\frac{a^3b}{3x^6}\right)$	40
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{7}a^4c^3+\frac{1}{3}b^4c^3x^4-\frac{1}{2}ab^3c^3x^3+\frac{1}{3}a^3bc^3x}{x^7}$	47
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{7}a^4c^3+\frac{1}{3}b^4c^3x^4-\frac{1}{2}ab^3c^3x^3+\frac{1}{3}a^3bc^3x}{x^7}$	47
parallelrisc	$\frac{14b^4c^3x^4-21ab^3c^3x^3+14a^3bc^3x-6a^4c^3}{42x^7}$	48
orering	$-\frac{(-14b^4x^4+21ax^3b^3-14a^3bx+6a^4)(-bcx+ac)^3}{42x^7(-bx+a)^3}$	55

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/42*c^3*(-14*b^4*x^4+21*a*b^3*x^3-14*a^3*b*x+6*a^4)/x^7`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^8} dx = \frac{14b^4c^3x^4 - 21ab^3c^3x^3 + 14a^3bc^3x - 6a^4c^3}{42x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/42*(14*b^4*c^3*x^4 - 21*a*b^3*c^3*x^3 + 14*a^3*b*c^3*x - 6*a^4*c^3)/x^7`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^8} dx = -\frac{6a^4c^3 - 14a^3bc^3x + 21ab^3c^3x^3 - 14b^4c^3x^4}{42x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**3/x**8,x)`output `-(6*a**4*c**3 - 14*a**3*b*c**3*x + 21*a*b**3*c**3*x**3 - 14*b**4*c**3*x**4)/(42*x**7)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^8} dx = \frac{14b^4c^3x^4 - 21ab^3c^3x^3 + 14a^3bc^3x - 6a^4c^3}{42x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/42*(14*b^4*c^3*x^4 - 21*a*b^3*c^3*x^3 + 14*a^3*b*c^3*x - 6*a^4*c^3)/x^7`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^3}{x^8} dx = \frac{14b^4c^3x^4 - 21ab^3c^3x^3 + 14a^3bc^3x - 6a^4c^3}{42x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/42*(14*b^4*c^3*x^4 - 21*a*b^3*c^3*x^3 + 14*a^3*b*c^3*x - 6*a^4*c^3)/x^7`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^8} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^4 c^3}{7} - \frac{a^3 b c^3 x}{3} + \frac{a b^3 c^3 x^3}{2} - \frac{b^4 c^3 x^4}{3}}{x^7}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^3*(a + b*x))/x^8,x)`output `-((a^4*c^3)/7 - (b^4*c^3*x^4)/3 + (a*b^3*c^3*x^3)/2 - (a^3*b*c^3*x)/3)/x^7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^3}{x^8} dx = \frac{c^3(14b^4x^4 - 21ab^3x^3 + 14a^3bx - 6a^4)}{42x^7}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^3/x^8,x)`output `(c**3*(- 6*a**4 + 14*a**3*b*x - 21*a*b**3*x**3 + 14*b**4*x**4))/(42*x**7)`

3.12 $\int x^4(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int x^4(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{5}a^5c^4x^5 - \frac{1}{2}a^4bc^4x^6 + \frac{2}{7}a^3b^2c^4x^7 + \frac{1}{4}a^2b^3c^4x^8 - \frac{1}{3}ab^4c^4x^9 + \frac{1}{10}b^5c^4x^{10}$$

output

```
1/5*a^5*c^4*x^5-1/2*a^4*b*c^4*x^6+2/7*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^7+1/4*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^8-
1/3*a*b^4*c^4*x^9+1/10*b^5*c^4*x^10
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^4(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{5}a^5c^4x^5 - \frac{1}{2}a^4bc^4x^6 + \frac{2}{7}a^3b^2c^4x^7 + \frac{1}{4}a^2b^3c^4x^8 - \frac{1}{3}ab^4c^4x^9 + \frac{1}{10}b^5c^4x^{10}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4,x]
```

output

$$(a^5c^4x^5)/5 - (a^4bc^4x^6)/2 + (2a^3b^2c^4x^7)/7 + (a^2b^3c^4x^8)/4 - (ab^4c^4x^9)/3 + (b^5c^4x^{10})/10$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int (a^5c^4x^4 - 3a^4bc^4x^5 + 2a^3b^2c^4x^6 + 2a^2b^3c^4x^7 - 3ab^4c^4x^8 + b^5c^4x^9) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{5}a^5c^4x^5 - \frac{1}{2}a^4bc^4x^6 + \frac{2}{7}a^3b^2c^4x^7 + \frac{1}{4}a^2b^3c^4x^8 - \frac{1}{3}ab^4c^4x^9 + \frac{1}{10}b^5c^4x^{10}$$

input

```
Int[x^4*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4,x]
```

output

$$(a^5c^4x^5)/5 - (a^4bc^4x^6)/2 + (2a^3b^2c^4x^7)/7 + (a^2b^3c^4x^8)/4 - (ab^4c^4x^9)/3 + (b^5c^4x^{10})/10$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0]
] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^5(42b^5x^5-140ab^4x^4+105a^2b^3x^3+120a^3b^2x^2-210a^4bx+84a^5)c^4}{420}$	61
default	$\frac{1}{5}a^5c^4x^5 - \frac{1}{2}a^4bc^4x^6 + \frac{2}{7}a^3b^2c^4x^7 + \frac{1}{4}a^2b^3c^4x^8 - \frac{1}{3}ab^4c^4x^9 + \frac{1}{10}b^5c^4x^{10}$	76
norman	$\frac{1}{5}a^5c^4x^5 - \frac{1}{2}a^4bc^4x^6 + \frac{2}{7}a^3b^2c^4x^7 + \frac{1}{4}a^2b^3c^4x^8 - \frac{1}{3}ab^4c^4x^9 + \frac{1}{10}b^5c^4x^{10}$	76
risch	$\frac{1}{5}a^5c^4x^5 - \frac{1}{2}a^4bc^4x^6 + \frac{2}{7}a^3b^2c^4x^7 + \frac{1}{4}a^2b^3c^4x^8 - \frac{1}{3}ab^4c^4x^9 + \frac{1}{10}b^5c^4x^{10}$	76
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{5}a^5c^4x^5 - \frac{1}{2}a^4bc^4x^6 + \frac{2}{7}a^3b^2c^4x^7 + \frac{1}{4}a^2b^3c^4x^8 - \frac{1}{3}ab^4c^4x^9 + \frac{1}{10}b^5c^4x^{10}$	76
orering	$\frac{x^5(42b^5x^5-140ab^4x^4+105a^2b^3x^3+120a^3b^2x^2-210a^4bx+84a^5)(-bcx+ac)^4}{420(-bx+a)^4}$	77

input `int(x^4*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/420*x^5*(42*b^5*x^5-140*a*b^4*x^4+105*a^2*b^3*x^3+120*a^3*b^2*x^2-210*a^4*b*x+84*a^5)*c^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{10}b^5c^4x^{10} - \frac{1}{3}ab^4c^4x^9 + \frac{1}{4}a^2b^3c^4x^8 + \frac{2}{7}a^3b^2c^4x^7 - \frac{1}{2}a^4bc^4x^6 + \frac{1}{5}a^5c^4x^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/10*b^5*c^4*x^10 - 1/3*a*b^4*c^4*x^9 + 1/4*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^8 + 2/7*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^7 - 1/2*a^4*b*c^4*x^6 + 1/5*a^5*c^4*x^5`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{a^5c^4x^5}{5} - \frac{a^4bc^4x^6}{2} + \frac{2a^3b^2c^4x^7}{7} + \frac{a^2b^3c^4x^8}{4} - \frac{ab^4c^4x^9}{3} + \frac{b^5c^4x^{10}}{10}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**4,x)`output `a**5*c**4*x**5/5 - a**4*b*c**4*x**6/2 + 2*a**3*b**2*c**4*x**7/7 + a**2*b**3*c**4*x**8/4 - a*b**4*c**4*x**9/3 + b**5*c**4*x**10/10`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{10}b^5c^4x^{10} - \frac{1}{3}ab^4c^4x^9 + \frac{1}{4}a^2b^3c^4x^8 + \frac{2}{7}a^3b^2c^4x^7 - \frac{1}{2}a^4bc^4x^6 + \frac{1}{5}a^5c^4x^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/10*b^5*c^4*x^10 - 1/3*a*b^4*c^4*x^9 + 1/4*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^8 + 2/7*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^7 - 1/2*a^4*b*c^4*x^6 + 1/5*a^5*c^4*x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{10}b^5c^4x^{10} - \frac{1}{3}ab^4c^4x^9 + \frac{1}{4}a^2b^3c^4x^8 + \frac{2}{7}a^3b^2c^4x^7 - \frac{1}{2}a^4bc^4x^6 + \frac{1}{5}a^5c^4x^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/10*b^5*c^4*x^10 - 1/3*a*b^4*c^4*x^9 + 1/4*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^8 + 2/7*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^7 - 1/2*a^4*b*c^4*x^6 + 1/5*a^5*c^4*x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{a^5c^4x^5}{5} - \frac{a^4bc^4x^6}{2} + \frac{2a^3b^2c^4x^7}{7} + \frac{a^2b^3c^4x^8}{4} - \frac{ab^4c^4x^9}{3} + \frac{b^5c^4x^{10}}{10}$$

input `int(x^4*(a*c - b*c*x)^4*(a + b*x),x)`

output `(a^5*c^4*x^5)/5 + (b^5*c^4*x^10)/10 - (a^4*b*c^4*x^6)/2 - (a*b^4*c^4*x^9)/3 + (2*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^7)/7 + (a^2*b^3*c^4*x^8)/4`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx$$
$$= \frac{c^4 x^5 (42b^5 x^5 - 140ab^4 x^4 + 105a^2 b^3 x^3 + 120a^3 b^2 x^2 - 210a^4 b x + 84a^5)}{420}$$

input `int(x^4*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x)`output `(c**4*x**5*(84*a**5 - 210*a**4*b*x + 120*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 105*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 140*a*b**4*x**4 + 42*b**5*x**5))/420`

3.13 $\int x^3(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int x^3(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{4}a^5c^4x^4 - \frac{3}{5}a^4bc^4x^5 + \frac{1}{3}a^3b^2c^4x^6 + \frac{2}{7}a^2b^3c^4x^7 - \frac{3}{8}ab^4c^4x^8 + \frac{1}{9}b^5c^4x^9$$

output

```
1/4*a^5*c^4*x^4-3/5*a^4*b*c^4*x^5+1/3*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^6+2/7*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^7-3/8*a*b^4*c^4*x^8+1/9*b^5*c^4*x^9
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^3(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{4}a^5c^4x^4 - \frac{3}{5}a^4bc^4x^5 + \frac{1}{3}a^3b^2c^4x^6 + \frac{2}{7}a^2b^3c^4x^7 - \frac{3}{8}ab^4c^4x^8 + \frac{1}{9}b^5c^4x^9$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4,x]
```

output

$$(a^5 c^4 x^4)/4 - (3 a^4 b c^4 x^5)/5 + (a^3 b^2 c^4 x^6)/3 + (2 a^2 b^3 c^4 x^7)/7 - (3 a b^4 c^4 x^8)/8 + (b^5 c^4 x^9)/9$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int (a^5 c^4 x^3 - 3 a^4 b c^4 x^4 + 2 a^3 b^2 c^4 x^5 + 2 a^2 b^3 c^4 x^6 - 3 a b^4 c^4 x^7 + b^5 c^4 x^8) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{4} a^5 c^4 x^4 - \frac{3}{5} a^4 b c^4 x^5 + \frac{1}{3} a^3 b^2 c^4 x^6 + \frac{2}{7} a^2 b^3 c^4 x^7 - \frac{3}{8} a b^4 c^4 x^8 + \frac{1}{9} b^5 c^4 x^9$$

input

```
Int[x^3*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4,x]
```

output

$$(a^5 c^4 x^4)/4 - (3 a^4 b c^4 x^5)/5 + (a^3 b^2 c^4 x^6)/3 + (2 a^2 b^3 c^4 x^7)/7 - (3 a b^4 c^4 x^8)/8 + (b^5 c^4 x^9)/9$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0]
] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^4(280b^5x^5-945ab^4x^4+720a^2b^3x^3+840a^3b^2x^2-1512a^4bx+630a^5)c^4}{2520}$	61
default	$\frac{1}{4}a^5c^4x^4 - \frac{3}{5}a^4bc^4x^5 + \frac{1}{3}a^3b^2c^4x^6 + \frac{2}{7}a^2b^3c^4x^7 - \frac{3}{8}ab^4c^4x^8 + \frac{1}{9}b^5c^4x^9$	76
norman	$\frac{1}{4}a^5c^4x^4 - \frac{3}{5}a^4bc^4x^5 + \frac{1}{3}a^3b^2c^4x^6 + \frac{2}{7}a^2b^3c^4x^7 - \frac{3}{8}ab^4c^4x^8 + \frac{1}{9}b^5c^4x^9$	76
risch	$\frac{1}{4}a^5c^4x^4 - \frac{3}{5}a^4bc^4x^5 + \frac{1}{3}a^3b^2c^4x^6 + \frac{2}{7}a^2b^3c^4x^7 - \frac{3}{8}ab^4c^4x^8 + \frac{1}{9}b^5c^4x^9$	76
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{4}a^5c^4x^4 - \frac{3}{5}a^4bc^4x^5 + \frac{1}{3}a^3b^2c^4x^6 + \frac{2}{7}a^2b^3c^4x^7 - \frac{3}{8}ab^4c^4x^8 + \frac{1}{9}b^5c^4x^9$	76
orering	$\frac{x^4(280b^5x^5-945ab^4x^4+720a^2b^3x^3+840a^3b^2x^2-1512a^4bx+630a^5)(-bcx+ac)^4}{2520(-bx+a)^4}$	77

input `int(x^3*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2520*x^4*(280*b^5*x^5-945*a*b^4*x^4+720*a^2*b^3*x^3+840*a^3*b^2*x^2-1512*a^4*b*x+630*a^5)*c^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^3(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{9}b^5c^4x^9 - \frac{3}{8}ab^4c^4x^8 + \frac{2}{7}a^2b^3c^4x^7 + \frac{1}{3}a^3b^2c^4x^6 - \frac{3}{5}a^4bc^4x^5 + \frac{1}{4}a^5c^4x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*b^5*c^4*x^9 - 3/8*a*b^4*c^4*x^8 + 2/7*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^7 + 1/3*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^6 - 3/5*a^4*b*c^4*x^5 + 1/4*a^5*c^4*x^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^3(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{a^5 c^4 x^4}{4} - \frac{3a^4 b c^4 x^5}{5} + \frac{a^3 b^2 c^4 x^6}{3} + \frac{2a^2 b^3 c^4 x^7}{7} - \frac{3a b^4 c^4 x^8}{8} + \frac{b^5 c^4 x^9}{9}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**4,x)`output `a**5*c**4*x**4/4 - 3*a**4*b*c**4*x**5/5 + a**3*b**2*c**4*x**6/3 + 2*a**2*b**3*c**4*x**7/7 - 3*a*b**4*c**4*x**8/8 + b**5*c**4*x**9/9`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^3(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{9} b^5 c^4 x^9 - \frac{3}{8} a b^4 c^4 x^8 + \frac{2}{7} a^2 b^3 c^4 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} a^3 b^2 c^4 x^6 - \frac{3}{5} a^4 b c^4 x^5 + \frac{1}{4} a^5 c^4 x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/9*b^5*c^4*x^9 - 3/8*a*b^4*c^4*x^8 + 2/7*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^7 + 1/3*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^6 - 3/5*a^4*b*c^4*x^5 + 1/4*a^5*c^4*x^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^3(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{9}b^5c^4x^9 - \frac{3}{8}ab^4c^4x^8 + \frac{2}{7}a^2b^3c^4x^7 + \frac{1}{3}a^3b^2c^4x^6 - \frac{3}{5}a^4bc^4x^5 + \frac{1}{4}a^5c^4x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/9*b^5*c^4*x^9 - 3/8*a*b^4*c^4*x^8 + 2/7*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^7 + 1/3*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^6 - 3/5*a^4*b*c^4*x^5 + 1/4*a^5*c^4*x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^3(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{a^5c^4x^4}{4} - \frac{3a^4bc^4x^5}{5} + \frac{a^3b^2c^4x^6}{3} + \frac{2a^2b^3c^4x^7}{7} - \frac{3ab^4c^4x^8}{8} + \frac{b^5c^4x^9}{9}$$

input `int(x^3*(a*c - b*c*x)^4*(a + b*x),x)`

output `(a^5*c^4*x^4)/4 + (b^5*c^4*x^9)/9 - (3*a^4*b*c^4*x^5)/5 - (3*a*b^4*c^4*x^8)/8 + (a^3*b^2*c^4*x^6)/3 + (2*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^7)/7`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^3(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx$$
$$= \frac{c^4 x^4 (280b^5 x^5 - 945ab^4 x^4 + 720a^2 b^3 x^3 + 840a^3 b^2 x^2 - 1512a^4 bx + 630a^5)}{2520}$$

input `int(x^3*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x)`output `(c**4*x**4*(630*a**5 - 1512*a**4*b*x + 840*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 720*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 945*a*b**4*x**4 + 280*b**5*x**5))/2520`

3.14 $\int x^2(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx = -\frac{2a^3c^4(a - bx)^5}{5b^3} + \frac{5a^2c^4(a - bx)^6}{6b^3} - \frac{4ac^4(a - bx)^7}{7b^3} + \frac{c^4(a - bx)^8}{8b^3}$$

output
$$-2/5*a^3*c^4*(-b*x+a)^5/b^3+5/6*a^2*c^4*(-b*x+a)^6/b^3-4/7*a*c^4*(-b*x+a)^7/b^3+1/8*c^4*(-b*x+a)^8/b^3$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{3}a^5c^4x^3 - \frac{3}{4}a^4bc^4x^4 + \frac{2}{5}a^3b^2c^4x^5 + \frac{1}{3}a^2b^3c^4x^6 - \frac{3}{7}ab^4c^4x^7 + \frac{1}{8}b^5c^4x^8$$

input
$$\text{Integrate}[x^2*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4,x]$$

output

$$(a^5 c^4 x^3)/3 - (3 a^4 b c^4 x^4)/4 + (2 a^3 b^2 c^4 x^5)/5 + (a^2 b^3 c^4 x^6)/3 - (3 a b^4 c^4 x^7)/7 + (b^5 c^4 x^8)/8$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow 84$$

$$\int \left(\frac{2a^3(ac-bcx)^4}{b^2} - \frac{5a^2(ac-bcx)^5}{b^2c} - \frac{(ac-bcx)^7}{b^2c^3} + \frac{4a(ac-bcx)^6}{b^2c^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2a^3c^4(a-bx)^5}{5b^3} + \frac{5a^2c^4(a-bx)^6}{6b^3} + \frac{c^4(a-bx)^8}{8b^3} - \frac{4ac^4(a-bx)^7}{7b^3}$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4,x]
```

output

$$(-2a^3c^4(a-bx)^5)/(5b^3) + (5a^2c^4(a-bx)^6)/(6b^3) - (4a^3c^4(a-bx)^7)/(7b^3) + (c^4(a-bx)^8)/(8b^3)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0]
] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^3(105b^5x^5 - 360ab^4x^4 + 280a^2b^3x^3 + 336a^3b^2x^2 - 630a^4bx + 280a^5)c^4}{840}$	61
default	$\frac{1}{8}c^4b^5x^8 - \frac{3}{7}ac^4b^4x^7 + \frac{1}{3}a^2c^4b^3x^6 + \frac{2}{5}a^3c^4b^2x^5 - \frac{3}{4}a^4c^4bx^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^5c^4x^3$	76
norman	$\frac{1}{8}c^4b^5x^8 - \frac{3}{7}ac^4b^4x^7 + \frac{1}{3}a^2c^4b^3x^6 + \frac{2}{5}a^3c^4b^2x^5 - \frac{3}{4}a^4c^4bx^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^5c^4x^3$	76
risch	$\frac{1}{8}c^4b^5x^8 - \frac{3}{7}ac^4b^4x^7 + \frac{1}{3}a^2c^4b^3x^6 + \frac{2}{5}a^3c^4b^2x^5 - \frac{3}{4}a^4c^4bx^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^5c^4x^3$	76
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{8}c^4b^5x^8 - \frac{3}{7}ac^4b^4x^7 + \frac{1}{3}a^2c^4b^3x^6 + \frac{2}{5}a^3c^4b^2x^5 - \frac{3}{4}a^4c^4bx^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^5c^4x^3$	76
orering	$\frac{x^3(105b^5x^5 - 360ab^4x^4 + 280a^2b^3x^3 + 336a^3b^2x^2 - 630a^4bx + 280a^5)(-bcx+ac)^4}{840(-bx+a)^4}$	77

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/840*x^3*(105*b^5*x^5-360*a*b^4*x^4+280*a^2*b^3*x^3+336*a^3*b^2*x^2-630*a^4*b*x+280*a^5)*c^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{8}b^5c^4x^8 - \frac{3}{7}ab^4c^4x^7 + \frac{1}{3}a^2b^3c^4x^6 + \frac{2}{5}a^3b^2c^4x^5 - \frac{3}{4}a^4bc^4x^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^5c^4x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*b^5*c^4*x^8 - 3/7*a*b^4*c^4*x^7 + 1/3*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^6 + 2/5*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^5 - 3/4*a^4*b*c^4*x^4 + 1/3*a^5*c^4*x^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{a^5c^4x^3}{3} - \frac{3a^4bc^4x^4}{4} + \frac{2a^3b^2c^4x^5}{5} + \frac{a^2b^3c^4x^6}{3} - \frac{3ab^4c^4x^7}{7} + \frac{b^5c^4x^8}{8}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**4,x)`output `a**5*c**4*x**3/3 - 3*a**4*b*c**4*x**4/4 + 2*a**3*b**2*c**4*x**5/5 + a**2*b**3*c**4*x**6/3 - 3*a*b**4*c**4*x**7/7 + b**5*c**4*x**8/8`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{8}b^5c^4x^8 - \frac{3}{7}ab^4c^4x^7 + \frac{1}{3}a^2b^3c^4x^6 + \frac{2}{5}a^3b^2c^4x^5 - \frac{3}{4}a^4bc^4x^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^5c^4x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*b^5*c^4*x^8 - 3/7*a*b^4*c^4*x^7 + 1/3*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^6 + 2/5*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^5 - 3/4*a^4*b*c^4*x^4 + 1/3*a^5*c^4*x^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{8}b^5c^4x^8 - \frac{3}{7}ab^4c^4x^7 + \frac{1}{3}a^2b^3c^4x^6 + \frac{2}{5}a^3b^2c^4x^5 - \frac{3}{4}a^4bc^4x^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^5c^4x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*b^5*c^4*x^8 - 3/7*a*b^4*c^4*x^7 + 1/3*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^6 + 2/5*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^5 - 3/4*a^4*b*c^4*x^4 + 1/3*a^5*c^4*x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{a^5c^4x^3}{3} - \frac{3a^4bc^4x^4}{4} + \frac{2a^3b^2c^4x^5}{5} + \frac{a^2b^3c^4x^6}{3} - \frac{3ab^4c^4x^7}{7} + \frac{b^5c^4x^8}{8}$$

input `int(x^2*(a*c - b*c*x)^4*(a + b*x),x)`

output `(a^5*c^4*x^3)/3 + (b^5*c^4*x^8)/8 - (3*a^4*b*c^4*x^4)/4 - (3*a*b^4*c^4*x^7)/7 + (2*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^5)/5 + (a^2*b^3*c^4*x^6)/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx$$
$$= \frac{c^4 x^3 (105b^5 x^5 - 360ab^4 x^4 + 280a^2 b^3 x^3 + 336a^3 b^2 x^2 - 630a^4 b x + 280a^5)}{840}$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x)`output `(c**4*x**3*(280*a**5 - 630*a**4*b*x + 336*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 280*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 360*a*b**4*x**4 + 105*b**5*x**5))/840`

3.15 $\int x(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx$

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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	229
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	229

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int x(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx = -\frac{2a^2c^4(a - bx)^5}{5b^2} + \frac{ac^4(a - bx)^6}{2b^2} - \frac{c^4(a - bx)^7}{7b^2}$$

output

```
-2/5*a^2*c^4*(-b*x+a)^5/b^2+1/2*a*c^4*(-b*x+a)^6/b^2-1/7*c^4*(-b*x+a)^7/b^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int x(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{2}a^5c^4x^2 - a^4bc^4x^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^3b^2c^4x^4 + \frac{2}{5}a^2b^3c^4x^5 - \frac{1}{2}ab^4c^4x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b^5c^4x^7$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
(a^5*c^4*x^2)/2 - a^4*b*c^4*x^3 + (a^3*b^2*c^4*x^4)/2 + (2*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^5)/5 - (a*b^4*c^4*x^6)/2 + (b^5*c^4*x^7)/7
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow 84$$

$$\int \left(\frac{2a^2(ac - bcx)^4}{b} + \frac{(ac - bcx)^6}{bc^2} - \frac{3a(ac - bcx)^5}{bc} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2a^2c^4(a - bx)^5}{5b^2} - \frac{c^4(a - bx)^7}{7b^2} + \frac{ac^4(a - bx)^6}{2b^2}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4,x]`

output `(-2*a^2*c^4*(a - b*x)^5)/(5*b^2) + (a*c^4*(a - b*x)^6)/(2*b^2) - (c^4*(a - b*x)^7)/(7*b^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^2(10b^5x^5 - 35ab^4x^4 + 28a^2b^3x^3 + 35a^3b^2x^2 - 70a^4bx + 35a^5)c^4}{70}$	61
default	$\frac{1}{7}c^4b^5x^7 - \frac{1}{2}ac^4b^4x^6 + \frac{2}{5}a^2c^4b^3x^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^3c^4b^2x^4 - a^4c^4bx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^5c^4x^2$	76
norman	$\frac{1}{7}c^4b^5x^7 - \frac{1}{2}ac^4b^4x^6 + \frac{2}{5}a^2c^4b^3x^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^3c^4b^2x^4 - a^4c^4bx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^5c^4x^2$	76
risch	$\frac{1}{7}c^4b^5x^7 - \frac{1}{2}ac^4b^4x^6 + \frac{2}{5}a^2c^4b^3x^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^3c^4b^2x^4 - a^4c^4bx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^5c^4x^2$	76
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{7}c^4b^5x^7 - \frac{1}{2}ac^4b^4x^6 + \frac{2}{5}a^2c^4b^3x^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^3c^4b^2x^4 - a^4c^4bx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^5c^4x^2$	76
orering	$\frac{x^2(10b^5x^5 - 35ab^4x^4 + 28a^2b^3x^3 + 35a^3b^2x^2 - 70a^4bx + 35a^5)(-bcx+ac)^4}{70(-bx+a)^4}$	77

input

```
int(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/70*x^2*(10*b^5*x^5-35*a*b^4*x^4+28*a^2*b^3*x^3+35*a^3*b^2*x^2-70*a^4*b*x+35*a^5)*c^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{7}b^5c^4x^7 - \frac{1}{2}ab^4c^4x^6 + \frac{2}{5}a^2b^3c^4x^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^3b^2c^4x^4 - a^4bc^4x^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^5c^4x^2$$

input

```
integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/7*b^5*c^4*x^7 - 1/2*a*b^4*c^4*x^6 + 2/5*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^5 + 1/2*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^4 - a^4*b*c^4*x^3 + 1/2*a^5*c^4*x^2
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{a^5 c^4 x^2}{2} - a^4 b c^4 x^3 + \frac{a^3 b^2 c^4 x^4}{2} + \frac{2a^2 b^3 c^4 x^5}{5} - \frac{ab^4 c^4 x^6}{2} + \frac{b^5 c^4 x^7}{7}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**4,x)`output `a**5*c**4*x**2/2 - a**4*b*c**4*x**3 + a**3*b**2*c**4*x**4/2 + 2*a**2*b**3*c**4*x**5/5 - a*b**4*c**4*x**6/2 + b**5*c**4*x**7/7`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{7} b^5 c^4 x^7 - \frac{1}{2} ab^4 c^4 x^6 + \frac{2}{5} a^2 b^3 c^4 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} a^3 b^2 c^4 x^4 - a^4 b c^4 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^5 c^4 x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/7*b^5*c^4*x^7 - 1/2*a*b^4*c^4*x^6 + 2/5*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^5 + 1/2*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^4 - a^4*b*c^4*x^3 + 1/2*a^5*c^4*x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{7} b^5 c^4 x^7 - \frac{1}{2} ab^4 c^4 x^6 + \frac{2}{5} a^2 b^3 c^4 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} a^3 b^2 c^4 x^4 - a^4 b c^4 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^5 c^4 x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{7}b^5c^4x^7 - \frac{1}{2}ab^4c^4x^6 + \frac{2}{5}a^2b^3c^4x^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^3b^2c^4x^4 - a^4b^2c^4x^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^5c^4x^2$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{a^5c^4x^2}{2} - a^4bc^4x^3 + \frac{a^3b^2c^4x^4}{2} + \frac{2a^2b^3c^4x^5}{5} - \frac{ab^4c^4x^6}{2} + \frac{b^5c^4x^7}{7}$$

input

```
int(x*(a*c - b*c*x)^4*(a + b*x),x)
```

output

$$\frac{(a^5c^4x^2)}{2} + \frac{(b^5c^4x^7)}{7} - a^4b^2c^4x^3 - \frac{(a^3b^4c^4x^6)}{2} + \frac{(a^5c^4x^2)}{2} + \frac{(2a^2b^3c^4x^5)}{5}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{c^4x^2(10b^5x^5 - 35ab^4x^4 + 28a^2b^3x^3 + 35a^3b^2x^2 - 70a^4bx + 35a^5)}{70}$$

input

```
int(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x)
```

output

$$\frac{(c^4x^2(35a^5 - 70a^4bx + 35a^3b^2x^2 + 28a^2b^3x^3 - 35ab^4x^4 + 10b^5x^5))}{70}$$

3.16 $\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx$

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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	234
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	234

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx = -\frac{2ac^4(a - bx)^5}{5b} + \frac{c^4(a - bx)^6}{6b}$$

output

```
-2/5*a*c^4*(-b*x+a)^5/b+1/6*c^4*(-b*x+a)^6/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx = c^4 \left(a^5 x - \frac{3}{2} a^4 b x^2 + \frac{2}{3} a^3 b^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 b^3 x^4 - \frac{3}{5} a b^4 x^5 + \frac{b^5 x^6}{6} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
c^4*(a^5*x - (3*a^4*b*x^2)/2 + (2*a^3*b^2*x^3)/3 + (a^2*b^3*x^4)/2 - (3*a*b^4*x^5)/5 + (b^5*x^6)/6)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(2a(ac - bcx)^4 - \frac{(ac - bcx)^5}{c} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{c^4(a - bx)^6}{6b} - \frac{2ac^4(a - bx)^5}{5b}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
(-2*a*c^4*(a - b*x)^5)/(5*b) + (c^4*(a - b*x)^6)/(6*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x(5b^5x^5-18ab^4x^4+15a^2b^3x^3+20a^3b^2x^2-45a^4bx+30a^5)c^4}{30}$	59
default	$\frac{1}{6}b^5c^4x^6 - \frac{3}{5}ab^4c^4x^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^2b^3c^4x^4 + \frac{2}{3}a^3b^2c^4x^3 - \frac{3}{2}a^4bc^4x^2 + a^5c^4x$	73
norman	$\frac{1}{6}b^5c^4x^6 - \frac{3}{5}ab^4c^4x^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^2b^3c^4x^4 + \frac{2}{3}a^3b^2c^4x^3 - \frac{3}{2}a^4bc^4x^2 + a^5c^4x$	73
risch	$\frac{1}{6}b^5c^4x^6 - \frac{3}{5}ab^4c^4x^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^2b^3c^4x^4 + \frac{2}{3}a^3b^2c^4x^3 - \frac{3}{2}a^4bc^4x^2 + a^5c^4x$	73
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{6}b^5c^4x^6 - \frac{3}{5}ab^4c^4x^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^2b^3c^4x^4 + \frac{2}{3}a^3b^2c^4x^3 - \frac{3}{2}a^4bc^4x^2 + a^5c^4x$	73
orering	$\frac{x(5b^5x^5-18ab^4x^4+15a^2b^3x^3+20a^3b^2x^2-45a^4bx+30a^5)(-bcx+ac)^4}{30(-bx+a)^4}$	75

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/30*x*(5*b^5*x^5-18*a*b^4*x^4+15*a^2*b^3*x^3+20*a^3*b^2*x^2-45*a^4*b*x+30*a^5)*c^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{6}b^5c^4x^6 - \frac{3}{5}ab^4c^4x^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^2b^3c^4x^4 + \frac{2}{3}a^3b^2c^4x^3 - \frac{3}{2}a^4bc^4x^2 + a^5c^4x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*b^5*c^4*x^6 - 3/5*a*b^4*c^4*x^5 + 1/2*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^4 + 2/3*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^3 - 3/2*a^4*b*c^4*x^2 + a^5*c^4*x`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 82 vs. $2(29) = 58$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int (a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = a^5 c^4 x - \frac{3a^4 b c^4 x^2}{2} + \frac{2a^3 b^2 c^4 x^3}{3} + \frac{a^2 b^3 c^4 x^4}{2} - \frac{3ab^4 c^4 x^5}{5} + \frac{b^5 c^4 x^6}{6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**4,x)`

output `a**5*c**4*x - 3*a**4*b*c**4*x**2/2 + 2*a**3*b**2*c**4*x**3/3 + a**2*b**3*c**4*x**4/2 - 3*a*b**4*c**4*x**5/5 + b**5*c**4*x**6/6`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{6} b^5 c^4 x^6 - \frac{3}{5} ab^4 c^4 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 b^3 c^4 x^4 + \frac{2}{3} a^3 b^2 c^4 x^3 - \frac{3}{2} a^4 b c^4 x^2 + a^5 c^4 x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*b^5*c^4*x^6 - 3/5*a*b^4*c^4*x^5 + 1/2*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^4 + 2/3*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^3 - 3/2*a^4*b*c^4*x^2 + a^5*c^4*x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4 dx = \frac{1}{6} b^5 c^4 x^6 - \frac{3}{5} ab^4 c^4 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 b^3 c^4 x^4 + \frac{2}{3} a^3 b^2 c^4 x^3 - \frac{3}{2} a^4 b c^4 x^2 + a^5 c^4 x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{6}b^5c^4x^6 - \frac{3}{5}a*b^4c^4x^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^2*b^3c^4x^4 + \frac{2}{3}a^3*b^2c^4x^3 - \frac{3}{2}a^4*b*c^4x^2 + a^5c^4x$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx = a^5 c^4 x - \frac{3 a^4 b c^4 x^2}{2} + \frac{2 a^3 b^2 c^4 x^3}{3} + \frac{a^2 b^3 c^4 x^4}{2} - \frac{3 a b^4 c^4 x^5}{5} + \frac{b^5 c^4 x^6}{6}$$

input `int((a*c - b*c*x)^4*(a + b*x),x)`

output $a^5c^4x + (b^5c^4x^6)/6 - (3a^4b*c^4x^2)/2 - (3a*b^4*c^4x^5)/5 + (2a^3*b^2*c^4x^3)/3 + (a^2*b^3*c^4x^4)/2$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4 dx = \frac{c^4 x (5b^5 x^5 - 18a b^4 x^4 + 15a^2 b^3 x^3 + 20a^3 b^2 x^2 - 45a^4 b x + 30a^5)}{30}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4,x)`

output $(c^4 x (30 a^5 - 45 a^4 b x + 20 a^3 b^2 x^2 + 15 a^2 b^3 x^3 - 18 a b^4 x^4 + 5 b^5 x^5)) / 30$

3.17 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x} dx$

Optimal result	235
Mathematica [A] (verified)	235
Rubi [A] (verified)	236
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	237
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	237
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	238
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	238
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	238
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	239
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	239

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x} dx = -3a^4bc^4x + a^3b^2c^4x^2 + \frac{2}{3}a^2b^3c^4x^3 - \frac{3}{4}ab^4c^4x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^5c^4x^5 + a^5c^4 \log(x)$$

output

```
-3*a^4*b*c^4*x+a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2+2/3*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3-3/4*a*b^4*c^4*x^4+1/5*b^5*c^4*x^5+a^5*c^4*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x} dx = \frac{1}{60}c^4(113a^5 - 180a^4bx + 60a^3b^2x^2 + 40a^2b^3x^3 - 45ab^4x^4 + 12b^5x^5 + 60a^5 \log(-bcx))$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4)/x,x]
```


output

$$(c^4*(113*a^5 - 180*a^4*b*x + 60*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 40*a^2*b^3*x^3 - 45*a*b^4*x^4 + 12*b^5*x^5 + 60*a^5*Log[-(b*c*x)]))/60$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4}{x} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5 c^4}{x} - 3a^4 b c^4 + 2a^3 b^2 c^4 x + 2a^2 b^3 c^4 x^2 - 3ab^4 c^4 x^3 + b^5 c^4 x^4 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$a^5 c^4 \log(x) - 3a^4 b c^4 x + a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 + \frac{2}{3} a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3 - \frac{3}{4} a b^4 c^4 x^4 + \frac{1}{5} b^5 c^4 x^5$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4)/x,x]
```

output

```
-3*a^4*b*c^4*x + a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 + (2*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3)/3 - (3*a*b^4*c^4*x^4)/4 + (b^5*c^4*x^5)/5 + a^5*c^4*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0]
] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
default	$c^4 \left(\frac{b^5 x^5}{5} - \frac{3ab^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{2a^2 b^3 x^3}{3} + a^3 b^2 x^2 - 3a^4 b x + a^5 \ln(x) \right)$	57
norman	$-3a^4 b c^4 x + a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 + \frac{2a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3}{3} - \frac{3a b^4 c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{b^5 c^4 x^5}{5} + a^5 c^4 \ln(x)$	71
risch	$-3a^4 b c^4 x + a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 + \frac{2a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3}{3} - \frac{3a b^4 c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{b^5 c^4 x^5}{5} + a^5 c^4 \ln(x)$	71
parallelrisch	$-3a^4 b c^4 x + a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 + \frac{2a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3}{3} - \frac{3a b^4 c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{b^5 c^4 x^5}{5} + a^5 c^4 \ln(x)$	71

input

```
int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
c^4*(1/5*b^5*x^5-3/4*a*b^4*x^4+2/3*a^2*b^3*x^3+a^3*b^2*x^2-3*a^4*b*x+a^5*ln(x))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x} dx = \frac{1}{5} b^5 c^4 x^5 - \frac{3}{4} ab^4 c^4 x^4 + \frac{2}{3} a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3 + a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 - 3a^4 b c^4 x + a^5 c^4 \log(x)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/5*b^5*c^4*x^5 - 3/4*a*b^4*c^4*x^4 + 2/3*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3 + a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 - 3*a^4*b*c^4*x + a^5*c^4*log(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x} dx = a^5 c^4 \log(x) - 3a^4 b c^4 x + a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 + \frac{2a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3}{3} - \frac{3ab^4 c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{b^5 c^4 x^5}{5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**4/x,x)`output `a**5*c**4*log(x) - 3*a**4*b*c**4*x + a**3*b**2*c**4*x**2 + 2*a**2*b**3*c**4*x**3/3 - 3*a*b**4*c**4*x**4/4 + b**5*c**4*x**5/5`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x} dx = \frac{1}{5} b^5 c^4 x^5 - \frac{3}{4} ab^4 c^4 x^4 + \frac{2}{3} a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3 + a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 - 3a^4 b c^4 x + a^5 c^4 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*b^5*c^4*x^5 - 3/4*a*b^4*c^4*x^4 + 2/3*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3 + a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 - 3*a^4*b*c^4*x + a^5*c^4*log(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x} dx = \frac{1}{5} b^5 c^4 x^5 - \frac{3}{4} ab^4 c^4 x^4 + \frac{2}{3} a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3 + a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 - 3a^4 b c^4 x + a^5 c^4 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{5}b^5c^4x^5 - \frac{3}{4}a^4b^4c^4x^4 + \frac{2}{3}a^2b^3c^4x^3 + a^3b^2c^4x^2 - 3a^4b^4c^4x + a^5c^4\log(\text{abs}(x))$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x} dx = \frac{b^5c^4x^5}{5} + a^5c^4\ln(x) - \frac{3ab^4c^4x^4}{4} + a^3b^2c^4x^2 + \frac{2a^2b^3c^4x^3}{3} - 3a^4b^4c^4x$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^4*(a + b*x))/x,x)`

output $(b^5c^4x^5)/5 + a^5c^4\log(x) - (3a^4b^4c^4x^4)/4 + a^3b^2c^4x^2 + (2a^2b^3c^4x^3)/3 - 3a^4b^4c^4x$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x} dx = \frac{c^4(60\log(x)a^5 - 180a^4bx + 60a^3b^2x^2 + 40a^2b^3x^3 - 45ab^4x^4 + 12b^5x^5)}{60}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x,x)`

output $(c^{**4}*(60*\log(x)*a^{**5} - 180*a^{**4}*b*x + 60*a^{**3}*b^{**2}*x^{**2} + 40*a^{**2}*b^{**3}*x^{**3} - 45*a*b^{**4}*x^{**4} + 12*b^{**5}*x^{**5}))/60$

3.18 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	240
Mathematica [A] (verified)	240
Rubi [A] (verified)	241
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	242
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	242
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	243
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	243
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	244
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	244
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	244

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^5c^4}{x} + 2a^3b^2c^4x + a^2b^3c^4x^2 - ab^4c^4x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b^5c^4x^4 - 3a^4bc^4 \log(x)$$

output

```
-a^5*c^4/x+2*a^3*b^2*c^4*x+a^2*b^3*c^4*x^2-a*b^4*c^4*x^3+1/4*b^5*c^4*x^4-3*a^4*b*c^4*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^5c^4}{x} + 2a^3b^2c^4x + a^2b^3c^4x^2 - ab^4c^4x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b^5c^4x^4 - 3a^4bc^4 \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4)/x^2,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\frac{a^5 c^4}{x}\right) + 2a^3 b^2 c^4 x + a^2 b^3 c^4 x^2 - a b^4 c^4 x^3 + \left(\frac{b^5 c^4 x^4}{4} - 3a^4 b c^4 \text{Log}[x]\right)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5 c^4}{x^2} - \frac{3a^4 b c^4}{x} + 2a^3 b^2 c^4 + 2a^2 b^3 c^4 x - 3ab^4 c^4 x^2 + b^5 c^4 x^3 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^5 c^4}{x} - 3a^4 b c^4 \log(x) + 2a^3 b^2 c^4 x + a^2 b^3 c^4 x^2 - ab^4 c^4 x^3 + \frac{1}{4} b^5 c^4 x^4$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4)/x^2,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\frac{a^5 c^4}{x}\right) + 2a^3 b^2 c^4 x + a^2 b^3 c^4 x^2 - a b^4 c^4 x^3 + \left(\frac{b^5 c^4 x^4}{4} - 3a^4 b c^4 \text{Log}[x]\right)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0]
] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
default	$c^4 \left(\frac{b^5 x^4}{4} - a b^4 x^3 + a^2 b^3 x^2 + 2 a^3 b^2 x - 3 a^4 b \ln(x) - \frac{a^5}{x} \right)$	58
risch	$-\frac{a^5 c^4}{x} + 2 a^3 b^2 c^4 x + a^2 b^3 c^4 x^2 - a b^4 c^4 x^3 + \frac{b^5 c^4 x^4}{4} - 3 a^4 b c^4 \ln(x)$	72
norman	$\frac{a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3 - a^5 c^4 + \frac{1}{4} b^5 c^4 x^5 - a b^4 c^4 x^4 + 2 a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2}{x} - 3 a^4 b c^4 \ln(x)$	76
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-b^5 c^4 x^5 + 4 a b^4 c^4 x^4 - 4 a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3 + 12 a^4 c^4 b \ln(x) x - 8 a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 + 4 a^5 c^4}{4 x}$	78

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c^4*(1/4*b^5*x^4-a*b^4*x^3+a^2*b^3*x^2+2*a^3*b^2*x-3*a^4*b*ln(x)-a^5/x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^5 c^4 x^5 - 4 a b^4 c^4 x^4 + 4 a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3 + 8 a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 - 12 a^4 b c^4 x \log(x) - 4 a^5 c^4}{4 x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(b^5*c^4*x^5 - 4*a*b^4*c^4*x^4 + 4*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3 + 8*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 - 12*a^4*b*c^4*x*log(x) - 4*a^5*c^4)/x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^5c^4}{x} - 3a^4bc^4 \log(x) + 2a^3b^2c^4x + a^2b^3c^4x^2 - ab^4c^4x^3 + \frac{b^5c^4x^4}{4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**4/x**2,x)`output `-a**5*c**4/x - 3*a**4*b*c**4*log(x) + 2*a**3*b**2*c**4*x + a**2*b**3*c**4*x**2 - a*b**4*c**4*x**3 + b**5*c**4*x**4/4`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{4} b^5c^4x^4 - ab^4c^4x^3 + a^2b^3c^4x^2 + 2a^3b^2c^4x - 3a^4bc^4 \log(x) - \frac{a^5c^4}{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*b^5*c^4*x^4 - a*b^4*c^4*x^3 + a^2*b^3*c^4*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^2*c^4*x - 3*a^4*b*c^4*log(x) - a^5*c^4/x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{4} b^5 c^4 x^4 - ab^4 c^4 x^3 + a^2 b^3 c^4 x^2 + 2a^3 b^2 c^4 x - 3a^4 b c^4 \log(|x|) - \frac{a^5 c^4}{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*b^5*c^4*x^4 - a*b^4*c^4*x^3 + a^2*b^3*c^4*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^2*c^4*x - 3*a^4*b*c^4*log(abs(x)) - a^5*c^4/x`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^2} dx = \frac{b^5 c^4 x^4}{4} - \frac{a^5 c^4}{x} + 2a^3 b^2 c^4 x - a b^4 c^4 x^3 - 3a^4 b c^4 \ln(x) + a^2 b^3 c^4 x^2$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^4*(a + b*x))/x^2,x)`output `(b^5*c^4*x^4)/4 - (a^5*c^4)/x + 2*a^3*b^2*c^4*x - a*b^4*c^4*x^3 - 3*a^4*b*c^4*log(x) + a^2*b^3*c^4*x^2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^2} dx = \frac{c^4(-12 \log(x) a^4 b x - 4a^5 + 8a^3 b^2 x^2 + 4a^2 b^3 x^3 - 4a b^4 x^4 + b^5 x^5)}{4x}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^2,x)`

output `(c**4*(- 12*log(x)*a**4*b*x - 4*a**5 + 8*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 4*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 4*a*b**4*x**4 + b**5*x**5))/(4*x)`

3.19 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	246
Mathematica [A] (verified)	246
Rubi [A] (verified)	247
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	248
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	248
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	249
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	250
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	250
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	251

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^5 c^4}{2x^2} + \frac{3a^4 b c^4}{x} + 2a^2 b^3 c^4 x - \frac{3}{2} a b^4 c^4 x^2 + \frac{1}{3} b^5 c^4 x^3 + 2a^3 b^2 c^4 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/2*a^5*c^4/x^2+3*a^4*b*c^4/x+2*a^2*b^3*c^4*x-3/2*a*b^4*c^4*x^2+1/3*b^5*c^4*x^3+2*a^3*b^2*c^4*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^5 c^4}{2x^2} + \frac{3a^4 b c^4}{x} + 2a^2 b^3 c^4 x - \frac{3}{2} a b^4 c^4 x^2 + \frac{1}{3} b^5 c^4 x^3 + 2a^3 b^2 c^4 \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4)/x^3,x]
```

output

$$-1/2*(a^5*c^4)/x^2 + (3*a^4*b*c^4)/x + 2*a^2*b^3*c^4*x - (3*a*b^4*c^4*x^2)/2 + (b^5*c^4*x^3)/3 + 2*a^3*b^2*c^4*Log[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5 c^4}{x^3} - \frac{3a^4 b c^4}{x^2} + \frac{2a^3 b^2 c^4}{x} + 2a^2 b^3 c^4 - 3ab^4 c^4 x + b^5 c^4 x^2 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^5 c^4}{2x^2} + \frac{3a^4 b c^4}{x} + 2a^3 b^2 c^4 \log(x) + 2a^2 b^3 c^4 x - \frac{3}{2} a b^4 c^4 x^2 + \frac{1}{3} b^5 c^4 x^3$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4)/x^3,x]
```

output

$$-1/2*(a^5*c^4)/x^2 + (3*a^4*b*c^4)/x + 2*a^2*b^3*c^4*x - (3*a*b^4*c^4*x^2)/2 + (b^5*c^4*x^3)/3 + 2*a^3*b^2*c^4*Log[x]$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0]
] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
default	$c^4 \left(\frac{b^5 x^3}{3} - \frac{3a b^4 x^2}{2} + 2a^2 b^3 x - \frac{a^5}{2x^2} + 2a^3 b^2 \ln(x) + \frac{3a^4 b}{x} \right)$	59
risch	$\frac{b^5 c^4 x^3}{3} - \frac{3a b^4 c^4 x^2}{2} + 2a^2 b^3 c^4 x + \frac{3a^4 b c^4 x - \frac{1}{2} a^5 c^4}{x^2} + 2a^3 b^2 c^4 \ln(x)$	73
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{2} a^5 c^4 + \frac{1}{3} b^5 c^4 x^5 - \frac{3}{2} a b^4 c^4 x^4 + 2a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3 + 3a^4 b c^4 x}{x^2} + 2a^3 b^2 c^4 \ln(x)$	75
parallelrisch	$\frac{2b^5 c^4 x^5 - 9a b^4 c^4 x^4 + 12a^3 c^4 b^2 \ln(x) x^2 + 12a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3 + 18a^4 b c^4 x - 3a^5 c^4}{6x^2}$	78

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c^4*(1/3*b^5*x^3-3/2*a*b^4*x^2+2*a^2*b^3*x-1/2*a^5/x^2+2*a^3*b^2*ln(x)+3*a^4*b/x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^5c^4x^5 - 9ab^4c^4x^4 + 12a^2b^3c^4x^3 + 12a^3b^2c^4x^2 \log(x) + 18a^4bc^4x - 3a^5c^4}{6x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*b^5*c^4*x^5 - 9*a*b^4*c^4*x^4 + 12*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3 + 12*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2*log(x) + 18*a^4*b*c^4*x - 3*a^5*c^4)/x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^3} dx = 2a^3b^2c^4 \log(x) + 2a^2b^3c^4x - \frac{3ab^4c^4x^2}{2} + \frac{b^5c^4x^3}{3} + \frac{-a^5c^4 + 6a^4bc^4x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**4/x**3,x)`output `2*a**3*b**2*c**4*log(x) + 2*a**2*b**3*c**4*x - 3*a*b**4*c**4*x**2/2 + b**5*c**4*x**3/3 + (-a**5*c**4 + 6*a**4*b*c**4*x)/(2*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{3}b^5c^4x^3 - \frac{3}{2}ab^4c^4x^2 + 2a^2b^3c^4x + 2a^3b^2c^4 \log(x) + \frac{6a^4bc^4x - a^5c^4}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*b^5*c^4*x^3 - 3/2*a*b^4*c^4*x^2 + 2*a^2*b^3*c^4*x + 2*a^3*b^2*c^4*log(x) + 1/2*(6*a^4*b*c^4*x - a^5*c^4)/x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{3} b^5 c^4 x^3 - \frac{3}{2} a b^4 c^4 x^2 + 2 a^2 b^3 c^4 x + 2 a^3 b^2 c^4 \log(|x|) + \frac{6 a^4 b c^4 x - a^5 c^4}{2 x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*b^5*c^4*x^3 - 3/2*a*b^4*c^4*x^2 + 2*a^2*b^3*c^4*x + 2*a^3*b^2*c^4*log(abs(x)) + 1/2*(6*a^4*b*c^4*x - a^5*c^4)/x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^3} dx = \frac{b^5 c^4 x^3}{3} - \frac{a^5 c^4 - 3 a^4 b c^4 x}{x^2} + 2 a^2 b^3 c^4 x - \frac{3 a b^4 c^4 x^2}{2} + 2 a^3 b^2 c^4 \ln(x)$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^4*(a + b*x))/x^3,x)`

output `(b^5*c^4*x^3)/3 - ((a^5*c^4)/2 - 3*a^4*b*c^4*x)/x^2 + 2*a^2*b^3*c^4*x - (3*a*b^4*c^4*x^2)/2 + 2*a^3*b^2*c^4*log(x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^4(12 \log(x) a^3 b^2 x^2 - 3a^5 + 18a^4 bx + 12a^2 b^3 x^3 - 9a b^4 x^4 + 2b^5 x^5)}{6x^2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^3,x)`output `(c**4*(12*log(x)*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 3*a**5 + 18*a**4*b*x + 12*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 9*a*b**4*x**4 + 2*b**5*x**5))/(6*x**2)`

3.20 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	252
Mathematica [A] (verified)	252
Rubi [A] (verified)	253
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	254
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	254
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	255
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	255
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	256
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	256
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	256

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^5c^4}{3x^3} + \frac{3a^4bc^4}{2x^2} - \frac{2a^3b^2c^4}{x} - 3ab^4c^4x + \frac{1}{2}b^5c^4x^2 + 2a^2b^3c^4 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/3*a^5*c^4/x^3+3/2*a^4*b*c^4/x^2-2*a^3*b^2*c^4/x-3*a*b^4*c^4*x+1/2*b^5*c^4*x^2+2*a^2*b^3*c^4*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^5c^4}{3x^3} + \frac{3a^4bc^4}{2x^2} - \frac{2a^3b^2c^4}{x} - 3ab^4c^4x + \frac{1}{2}b^5c^4x^2 + 2a^2b^3c^4 \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4)/x^4,x]
```

output

$$-1/3*(a^5*c^4)/x^3 + (3*a^4*b*c^4)/(2*x^2) - (2*a^3*b^2*c^4)/x - 3*a*b^4*c^4*x + (b^5*c^4*x^2)/2 + 2*a^2*b^3*c^4*Log[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5 c^4}{x^4} - \frac{3a^4 b c^4}{x^3} + \frac{2a^3 b^2 c^4}{x^2} + \frac{2a^2 b^3 c^4}{x} - 3ab^4 c^4 + b^5 c^4 x \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^5 c^4}{3x^3} + \frac{3a^4 b c^4}{2x^2} - \frac{2a^3 b^2 c^4}{x} + 2a^2 b^3 c^4 \log(x) - 3ab^4 c^4 x + \frac{1}{2} b^5 c^4 x^2$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4)/x^4,x]
```

output

$$-1/3*(a^5*c^4)/x^3 + (3*a^4*b*c^4)/(2*x^2) - (2*a^3*b^2*c^4)/x - 3*a*b^4*c^4*x + (b^5*c^4*x^2)/2 + 2*a^2*b^3*c^4*Log[x]$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0]
] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
default	$c^4 \left(\frac{b^5 x^2}{2} - 3a b^4 x - \frac{a^5}{3x^3} + \frac{3a^4 b}{2x^2} + 2a^2 b^3 \ln(x) - \frac{2a^3 b^2}{x} \right)$	59
risch	$\frac{b^5 c^4 x^2}{2} - 3a b^4 c^4 x + \frac{-2a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^4 b c^4 x - \frac{1}{3} a^5 c^4}{x^3} + 2a^2 b^3 c^4 \ln(x)$	73
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{3} a^5 c^4 + \frac{1}{2} b^5 c^4 x^5 - 3a b^4 c^4 x^4 - 2a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^4 b c^4 x}{x^3} + 2a^2 b^3 c^4 \ln(x)$	75
parallelrisch	$\frac{3b^5 c^4 x^5 + 12a^2 c^4 b^3 \ln(x) x^3 - 18a b^4 c^4 x^4 - 12a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 + 9a^4 b c^4 x - 2a^5 c^4}{6x^3}$	78

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c^4*(1/2*b^5*x^2-3*a*b^4*x-1/3*a^5/x^3+3/2*a^4*b/x^2+2*a^2*b^3*ln(x)-2*a^3*b^2/x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^5c^4x^5 - 18ab^4c^4x^4 + 12a^2b^3c^4x^3 \log(x) - 12a^3b^2c^4x^2 + 9a^4bc^4x - 2a^5c^4}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(3*b^5*c^4*x^5 - 18*a*b^4*c^4*x^4 + 12*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3*log(x) - 12*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 + 9*a^4*b*c^4*x - 2*a^5*c^4)/x^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^4} dx = 2a^2b^3c^4 \log(x) - 3ab^4c^4x + \frac{b^5c^4x^2}{2} + \frac{-2a^5c^4 + 9a^4bc^4x - 12a^3b^2c^4x^2}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**4/x**4,x)`output `2*a**2*b**3*c**4*log(x) - 3*a*b**4*c**4*x + b**5*c**4*x**2/2 + (-2*a**5*c**4 + 9*a**4*b*c**4*x - 12*a**3*b**2*c**4*x**2)/(6*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{2}b^5c^4x^2 - 3ab^4c^4x + 2a^2b^3c^4 \log(x) - \frac{12a^3b^2c^4x^2 - 9a^4bc^4x + 2a^5c^4}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*b^5*c^4*x^2 - 3*a*b^4*c^4*x + 2*a^2*b^3*c^4*log(x) - 1/6*(12*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 - 9*a^4*b*c^4*x + 2*a^5*c^4)/x^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{2} b^5 c^4 x^2 - 3 a b^4 c^4 x + 2 a^2 b^3 c^4 \log(|x|) - \frac{12 a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 - 9 a^4 b c^4 x + 2 a^5 c^4}{6 x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*b^5*c^4*x^2 - 3*a*b^4*c^4*x + 2*a^2*b^3*c^4*log(abs(x)) - 1/6*(12*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 - 9*a^4*b*c^4*x + 2*a^5*c^4)/x^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^4} dx = \frac{b^5 c^4 x^2}{2} - \frac{a^5 c^4}{3} - \frac{3 a^4 b c^4 x}{2} + 2 a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 + 2 a^2 b^3 c^4 \ln(x) - 3 a b^4 c^4 x$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^4*(a + b*x))/x^4,x)`output `(b^5*c^4*x^2)/2 - ((a^5*c^4)/3 + 2*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 - (3*a^4*b*c^4*x)/2)/x^3 + 2*a^2*b^3*c^4*log(x) - 3*a*b^4*c^4*x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^4} dx = \frac{c^4(12 \log(x) a^2 b^3 x^3 - 2 a^5 + 9 a^4 b x - 12 a^3 b^2 x^2 - 18 a b^4 x^4 + 3 b^5 x^5)}{6 x^3}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^4,x)`

output `(c**4*(12*log(x)*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 2*a**5 + 9*a**4*b*x - 12*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 18*a*b**4*x**4 + 3*b**5*x**5))/(6*x**3)`

3.21 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^5} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^5c^4}{4x^4} + \frac{a^4bc^4}{x^3} - \frac{a^3b^2c^4}{x^2} - \frac{2a^2b^3c^4}{x} + b^5c^4x - 3ab^4c^4 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/4*a^5*c^4/x^4+a^4*b*c^4/x^3-a^3*b^2*c^4/x^2-2*a^2*b^3*c^4/x+b^5*c^4*x-3
*a*b^4*c^4*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^5c^4}{4x^4} + \frac{a^4bc^4}{x^3} - \frac{a^3b^2c^4}{x^2} - \frac{2a^2b^3c^4}{x} + b^5c^4x - 3ab^4c^4 \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4)/x^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(a^5*c^4)/x^4 + (a^4*b*c^4)/x^3 - (a^3*b^2*c^4)/x^2 - (2*a^2*b^3*c^4)
/x + b^5*c^4*x - 3*a*b^4*c^4*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5 c^4}{x^5} - \frac{3a^4 b c^4}{x^4} + \frac{2a^3 b^2 c^4}{x^3} + \frac{2a^2 b^3 c^4}{x^2} - \frac{3ab^4 c^4}{x} + b^5 c^4 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^5 c^4}{4x^4} + \frac{a^4 b c^4}{x^3} - \frac{a^3 b^2 c^4}{x^2} - \frac{2a^2 b^3 c^4}{x} - 3ab^4 c^4 \log(x) + b^5 c^4 x$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4)/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(a^5*c^4)/x^4 + (a^4*b*c^4)/x^3 - (a^3*b^2*c^4)/x^2 - (2*a^2*b^3*c^4)/x + b^5*c^4*x - 3*a*b^4*c^4*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
default	$c^4 \left(b^5 x + \frac{a^4 b}{x^3} - \frac{a^3 b^2}{x^2} - \frac{a^5}{4x^4} - 3a b^4 \ln(x) - \frac{2a^2 b^3}{x} \right)$	57
risch	$b^5 c^4 x + \frac{-2a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3 - a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 + a^4 b c^4 x - \frac{1}{4} a^5 c^4}{x^4} - 3a b^4 c^4 \ln(x)$	71
norman	$\frac{b^5 c^4 x^5 + a^4 b c^4 x - \frac{1}{4} a^5 c^4 - 2a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3 - a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2}{x^4} - 3a b^4 c^4 \ln(x)$	73
parallelrisch	$-\frac{12a c^4 b^4 \ln(x) x^4 - 4b^5 c^4 x^5 + 8a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3 + 4a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 - 4a^4 b c^4 x + a^5 c^4}{4x^4}$	77

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `c^4*(b^5*x+a^4*b/x^3-a^3*b^2/x^2-1/4*a^5/x^4-3*a*b^4*ln(x)-2*a^2*b^3/x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{4b^5c^4x^5 - 12ab^4c^4x^4 \log(x) - 8a^2b^3c^4x^3 - 4a^3b^2c^4x^2 + 4a^4bc^4x - a^5c^4}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*(4*b^5*c^4*x^5 - 12*a*b^4*c^4*x^4*log(x) - 8*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3 - 4*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 + 4*a^4*b*c^4*x - a^5*c^4)/x^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^5} dx = -3ab^4c^4 \log(x) + b^5c^4x + \frac{-a^5c^4 + 4a^4bc^4x - 4a^3b^2c^4x^2 - 8a^2b^3c^4x^3}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**4/x**5,x)`output `-3*a*b**4*c**4*log(x) + b**5*c**4*x + (-a**5*c**4 + 4*a**4*b*c**4*x - 4*a**3*b**2*c**4*x**2 - 8*a**2*b**3*c**4*x**3)/(4*x**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^5} dx = b^5c^4x - 3ab^4c^4 \log(x) - \frac{8a^2b^3c^4x^3 + 4a^3b^2c^4x^2 - 4a^4bc^4x + a^5c^4}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b^5*c^4*x - 3*a*b^4*c^4*log(x) - 1/4*(8*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3 + 4*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 - 4*a^4*b*c^4*x + a^5*c^4)/x^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^5} dx = b^5 c^4 x - 3 a b^4 c^4 \log(|x|) - \frac{8 a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3 + 4 a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 - 4 a^4 b c^4 x + a^5 c^4}{4 x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `b^5*c^4*x - 3*a*b^4*c^4*log(abs(x)) - 1/4*(8*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3 + 4*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 - 4*a^4*b*c^4*x + a^5*c^4)/x^4`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^5} dx = -\frac{c^4 (a^5 - 4 b^5 x^5 + 4 a^3 b^2 x^2 + 8 a^2 b^3 x^3 - 4 a^4 b x + 12 a b^4 x^4 \ln(x))}{4 x^4}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^4*(a + b*x))/x^5,x)`output `-(c^4*(a^5 - 4*b^5*x^5 + 4*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 8*a^2*b^3*x^3 - 4*a^4*b*x + 12*a*b^4*x^4*log(x)))/(4*x^4)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^4(-12 \log(x) a b^4 x^4 - a^5 + 4a^4 b x - 4a^3 b^2 x^2 - 8a^2 b^3 x^3 + 4b^5 x^5)}{4x^4}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^5,x)`output `(c**4*(- 12*log(x)*a*b**4*x**4 - a**5 + 4*a**4*b*x - 4*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 8*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 4*b**5*x**5))/(4*x**4)`

3.22 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^6} dx$

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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	267
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	268
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	268
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	269

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^5c^4}{5x^5} + \frac{3a^4bc^4}{4x^4} - \frac{2a^3b^2c^4}{3x^3} - \frac{a^2b^3c^4}{x^2} + \frac{3ab^4c^4}{x} + b^5c^4 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/5*a^5*c^4/x^5+3/4*a^4*b*c^4/x^4-2/3*a^3*b^2*c^4/x^3-a^2*b^3*c^4/x^2+3*a
*b^4*c^4/x+b^5*c^4*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^5c^4}{5x^5} + \frac{3a^4bc^4}{4x^4} - \frac{2a^3b^2c^4}{3x^3} - \frac{a^2b^3c^4}{x^2} + \frac{3ab^4c^4}{x} + b^5c^4 \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4)/x^6,x]
```

output

```
-1/5*(a^5*c^4)/x^5 + (3*a^4*b*c^4)/(4*x^4) - (2*a^3*b^2*c^4)/(3*x^3) - (a^
2*b^3*c^4)/x^2 + (3*a*b^4*c^4)/x + b^5*c^4*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5 c^4}{x^6} - \frac{3a^4 b c^4}{x^5} + \frac{2a^3 b^2 c^4}{x^4} + \frac{2a^2 b^3 c^4}{x^3} - \frac{3ab^4 c^4}{x^2} + \frac{b^5 c^4}{x} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^5 c^4}{5x^5} + \frac{3a^4 b c^4}{4x^4} - \frac{2a^3 b^2 c^4}{3x^3} - \frac{a^2 b^3 c^4}{x^2} + \frac{3ab^4 c^4}{x} + b^5 c^4 \log(x)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4/x^6,x]`

output `-1/5*(a^5*c^4)/x^5 + (3*a^4*b*c^4)/(4*x^4) - (2*a^3*b^2*c^4)/(3*x^3) - (a^2*b^3*c^4)/x^2 + (3*a*b^4*c^4)/x + b^5*c^4*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
default	$c^4 \left(-\frac{2a^3b^2}{3x^3} - \frac{a^5}{5x^5} - \frac{a^2b^3}{x^2} + \frac{3a^4b}{4x^4} + b^5 \ln(x) + \frac{3ab^4}{x} \right)$	60
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{5}a^5c^4 + 3ab^4c^4x^4 - a^2b^3c^4x^3 - \frac{2}{3}a^3b^2c^4x^2 + \frac{3}{4}a^4bc^4x}{x^5} + b^5c^4 \ln(x)$	74
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{5}a^5c^4 + 3ab^4c^4x^4 - a^2b^3c^4x^3 - \frac{2}{3}a^3b^2c^4x^2 + \frac{3}{4}a^4bc^4x}{x^5} + b^5c^4 \ln(x)$	74
parallelrisc	$\frac{60c^4b^5 \ln(x)x^5 + 180ab^4c^4x^4 - 60a^2b^3c^4x^3 - 40a^3b^2c^4x^2 + 45a^4bc^4x - 12a^5c^4}{60x^5}$	78

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c^4*(-2/3*a^3*b^2/x^3-1/5*a^5/x^5-a^2*b^3/x^2+3/4*a^4*b/x^4+b^5*ln(x)+3*a*b^4/x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{60b^5c^4x^5 \log(x) + 180ab^4c^4x^4 - 60a^2b^3c^4x^3 - 40a^3b^2c^4x^2 + 45a^4bc^4x - 12a^5c^4}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/60*(60*b^5*c^4*x^5*log(x) + 180*a*b^4*c^4*x^4 - 60*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3 - 40*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 + 45*a^4*b*c^4*x - 12*a^5*c^4)/x^5`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^6} dx$$

$$= b^5 c^4 \log(x) + \frac{-12a^5 c^4 + 45a^4 b c^4 x - 40a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 - 60a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3 + 180ab^4 c^4 x^4}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**4/x**6,x)`output `b**5*c**4*log(x) + (-12*a**5*c**4 + 45*a**4*b*c**4*x - 40*a**3*b**2*c**4*x**2 - 60*a**2*b**3*c**4*x**3 + 180*a*b**4*c**4*x**4)/(60*x**5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^6} dx$$

$$= b^5 c^4 \log(x) + \frac{180ab^4 c^4 x^4 - 60a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3 - 40a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 + 45a^4 b c^4 x - 12a^5 c^4}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b^5*c^4*log(x) + 1/60*(180*a*b^4*c^4*x^4 - 60*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3 - 40*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 + 45*a^4*b*c^4*x - 12*a^5*c^4)/x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^6} dx$$

$$= b^5 c^4 \log(|x|) + \frac{180 ab^4 c^4 x^4 - 60 a^2 b^3 c^4 x^3 - 40 a^3 b^2 c^4 x^2 + 45 a^4 b c^4 x - 12 a^5 c^4}{60 x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `b^5*c^4*log(abs(x)) + 1/60*(180*a*b^4*c^4*x^4 - 60*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3 - 40*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 + 45*a^4*b*c^4*x - 12*a^5*c^4)/x^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{c^4 \left(\frac{a^5}{5} - 3 a b^4 x^4 + \frac{2 a^3 b^2 x^2}{3} + a^2 b^3 x^3 - b^5 x^5 \ln(x) - \frac{3 a^4 b x}{4} \right)}{x^5}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^4*(a + b*x))/x^6,x)`output `-(c^4*(a^5/5 - 3*a*b^4*x^4 + (2*a^3*b^2*x^2)/3 + a^2*b^3*x^3 - b^5*x^5*log(x) - (3*a^4*b*x)/4))/x^5`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^6} dx$$
$$= \frac{c^4(60 \log(x) b^5 x^5 - 12a^5 + 45a^4 bx - 40a^3 b^2 x^2 - 60a^2 b^3 x^3 + 180a b^4 x^4)}{60x^5}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^6,x)`output `(c**4*(60*log(x)*b**5*x**5 - 12*a**5 + 45*a**4*b*x - 40*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 60*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 180*a*b**4*x**4))/(60*x**5)`

3.23 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	270
Mathematica [B] (verified)	270
Rubi [A] (verified)	271
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	272
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Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	273
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	273
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	274
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	274
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	275

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^7} dx = -\frac{c^4(a-bx)^5}{6x^6} - \frac{7bc^4(a-bx)^5}{30ax^5}$$

output `-1/6*c^4*(-b*x+a)^5/x^6-7/30*b*c^4*(-b*x+a)^5/a/x^5`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 85 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^5c^4}{6x^6} + \frac{3a^4bc^4}{5x^5} - \frac{a^3b^2c^4}{2x^4} - \frac{2a^2b^3c^4}{3x^3} + \frac{3ab^4c^4}{2x^2} - \frac{b^5c^4}{x}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4)/x^7,x]`

output `-1/6*(a^5*c^4)/x^6 + (3*a^4*b*c^4)/(5*x^5) - (a^3*b^2*c^4)/(2*x^4) - (2*a^2*b^3*c^4)/(3*x^3) + (3*a*b^4*c^4)/(2*x^2) - (b^5*c^4)/x`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {87, 27, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4}{x^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{7}{6}b \int \frac{c^4(a - bx)^4}{x^6} dx - \frac{c^4(a - bx)^5}{6x^6}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{7}{6}bc^4 \int \frac{(a - bx)^4}{x^6} dx - \frac{c^4(a - bx)^5}{6x^6}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$-\frac{c^4(a - bx)^5}{6x^6} - \frac{7bc^4(a - bx)^5}{30ax^5}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4)/x^7,x]`

output `-1/6*(c^4*(a - b*x)^5)/x^6 - (7*b*c^4*(a - b*x)^5)/(30*a*x^5)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{c^4(30b^5x^5 - 45ab^4x^4 + 20a^2b^3x^3 + 15a^3b^2x^2 - 18a^4bx + 5a^5)}{30x^6}$	61
default	$c^4 \left(-\frac{2a^2b^3}{3x^3} + \frac{3a^4b}{5x^5} + \frac{3ab^4}{2x^2} - \frac{a^3b^2}{2x^4} - \frac{b^5}{x} - \frac{a^5}{6x^6} \right)$	62
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{6}a^5c^4 - b^5c^4x^5 + \frac{3}{2}ab^4c^4x^4 - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^3c^4x^3 - \frac{1}{2}a^3b^2c^4x^2 + \frac{3}{5}a^4bc^4x}{x^6}$	75
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{6}a^5c^4 - b^5c^4x^5 + \frac{3}{2}ab^4c^4x^4 - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^3c^4x^3 - \frac{1}{2}a^3b^2c^4x^2 + \frac{3}{5}a^4bc^4x}{x^6}$	75
parallelrisc	$\frac{-30b^5c^4x^5 + 45ab^4c^4x^4 - 20a^2b^3c^4x^3 - 15a^3b^2c^4x^2 + 18a^4bc^4x - 5a^5c^4}{30x^6}$	76
orering	$-\frac{(30b^5x^5 - 45ab^4x^4 + 20a^2b^3x^3 + 15a^3b^2x^2 - 18a^4bx + 5a^5)(-bcx + ac)^4}{30x^6(-bx + a)^4}$	77

input

```
int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/30*c^4*(30*b^5*x^5-45*a*b^4*x^4+20*a^2*b^3*x^3+15*a^3*b^2*x^2-18*a^4*b*
x+5*a^5)/x^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{30b^5c^4x^5 - 45ab^4c^4x^4 + 20a^2b^3c^4x^3 + 15a^3b^2c^4x^2 - 18a^4bc^4x + 5a^5c^4}{30x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/30*(30*b^5*c^4*x^5 - 45*a*b^4*c^4*x^4 + 20*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3 + 15*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 - 18*a^4*b*c^4*x + 5*a^5*c^4)/x^6$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 80 vs. $2(36) = 72$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{-5a^5c^4 + 18a^4bc^4x - 15a^3b^2c^4x^2 - 20a^2b^3c^4x^3 + 45ab^4c^4x^4 - 30b^5c^4x^5}{30x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**4/x**7,x)`

output
$$(-5*a**5*c**4 + 18*a**4*b*c**4*x - 15*a**3*b**2*c**4*x**2 - 20*a**2*b**3*c**4*x**3 + 45*a*b**4*c**4*x**4 - 30*b**5*c**4*x**5)/(30*x**6)$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{30b^5c^4x^5 - 45ab^4c^4x^4 + 20a^2b^3c^4x^3 + 15a^3b^2c^4x^2 - 18a^4bc^4x + 5a^5c^4}{30x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/30*(30*b^5*c^4*x^5 - 45*a*b^4*c^4*x^4 + 20*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3 + 15*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 - 18*a^4*b*c^4*x + 5*a^5*c^4)/x^6$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{30b^5c^4x^5 - 45ab^4c^4x^4 + 20a^2b^3c^4x^3 + 15a^3b^2c^4x^2 - 18a^4bc^4x + 5a^5c^4}{30x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/30*(30*b^5*c^4*x^5 - 45*a*b^4*c^4*x^4 + 20*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3 + 15*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 - 18*a^4*b*c^4*x + 5*a^5*c^4)/x^6`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{a^5c^4}{6} - \frac{3a^4bc^4x}{5} + \frac{a^3b^2c^4x^2}{2} + \frac{2a^2b^3c^4x^3}{3} - \frac{3ab^4c^4x^4}{2} + b^5c^4x^5}{x^6}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^4*(a + b*x))/x^7,x)`output `-((a^5*c^4)/6 + b^5*c^4*x^5 - (3*a*b^4*c^4*x^4)/2 + (a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2)/2 + (2*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3)/3 - (3*a^4*b*c^4*x)/5)/x^6`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^7} dx$$
$$= \frac{c^4(-30b^5x^5 + 45ab^4x^4 - 20a^2b^3x^3 - 15a^3b^2x^2 + 18a^4bx - 5a^5)}{30x^6}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^7,x)`output `(c**4*(- 5*a**5 + 18*a**4*b*x - 15*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 20*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 4
5*a*b**4*x**4 - 30*b**5*x**5))/(30*x**6)`

3.24 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	276
Mathematica [A] (verified)	276
Rubi [A] (verified)	277
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	278
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	278
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	279
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	279
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	280
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	280
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	280

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^5c^4}{7x^7} + \frac{a^4bc^4}{2x^6} - \frac{2a^3b^2c^4}{5x^5} - \frac{a^2b^3c^4}{2x^4} + \frac{ab^4c^4}{x^3} - \frac{b^5c^4}{2x^2}$$

output

```
-1/7*a^5*c^4/x^7+1/2*a^4*b*c^4/x^6-2/5*a^3*b^2*c^4/x^5-1/2*a^2*b^3*c^4/x^4
+a*b^4*c^4/x^3-1/2*b^5*c^4/x^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^5c^4}{7x^7} + \frac{a^4bc^4}{2x^6} - \frac{2a^3b^2c^4}{5x^5} - \frac{a^2b^3c^4}{2x^4} + \frac{ab^4c^4}{x^3} - \frac{b^5c^4}{2x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4)/x^8,x]
```

output

```
-1/7*(a^5*c^4)/x^7 + (a^4*b*c^4)/(2*x^6) - (2*a^3*b^2*c^4)/(5*x^5) - (a^2*
b^3*c^4)/(2*x^4) + (a*b^4*c^4)/x^3 - (b^5*c^4)/(2*x^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4}{x^8} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5 c^4}{x^8} - \frac{3a^4 b c^4}{x^7} + \frac{2a^3 b^2 c^4}{x^6} + \frac{2a^2 b^3 c^4}{x^5} - \frac{3ab^4 c^4}{x^4} + \frac{b^5 c^4}{x^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^5 c^4}{7x^7} + \frac{a^4 b c^4}{2x^6} - \frac{2a^3 b^2 c^4}{5x^5} - \frac{a^2 b^3 c^4}{2x^4} + \frac{ab^4 c^4}{x^3} - \frac{b^5 c^4}{2x^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4/x^8,x]`

output `-1/7*(a^5*c^4)/x^7 + (a^4*b*c^4)/(2*x^6) - (2*a^3*b^2*c^4)/(5*x^5) - (a^2*b^3*c^4)/(2*x^4) + (a*b^4*c^4)/x^3 - (b^5*c^4)/(2*x^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{c^4(35b^5x^5-70ab^4x^4+35a^2b^3x^3+28a^3b^2x^2-35a^4bx+10a^5)}{70x^7}$	61
default	$c^4\left(\frac{ab^4}{x^3}-\frac{2a^3b^2}{5x^5}-\frac{b^5}{2x^2}-\frac{a^5}{7x^7}-\frac{a^2b^3}{2x^4}+\frac{a^4b}{2x^6}\right)$	61
norman	$\frac{ab^4c^4x^4-\frac{1}{7}a^5c^4-\frac{1}{2}b^5c^4x^5-\frac{1}{2}a^2b^3c^4x^3-\frac{2}{5}a^3b^2c^4x^2+\frac{1}{2}a^4bc^4x}{x^7}$	74
risch	$\frac{ab^4c^4x^4-\frac{1}{7}a^5c^4-\frac{1}{2}b^5c^4x^5-\frac{1}{2}a^2b^3c^4x^3-\frac{2}{5}a^3b^2c^4x^2+\frac{1}{2}a^4bc^4x}{x^7}$	74
parallelrisch	$\frac{-35b^5c^4x^5+70ab^4c^4x^4-35a^2b^3c^4x^3-28a^3b^2c^4x^2+35a^4bc^4x-10a^5c^4}{70x^7}$	76
orering	$-\frac{(35b^5x^5-70ab^4x^4+35a^2b^3x^3+28a^3b^2x^2-35a^4bx+10a^5)(-bcx+ac)^4}{70x^7(-bx+a)^4}$	77

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/70*c^4*(35*b^5*x^5-70*a*b^4*x^4+35*a^2*b^3*x^3+28*a^3*b^2*x^2-35*a^4*b*x+10*a^5)/x^7$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{35b^5c^4x^5-70ab^4c^4x^4+35a^2b^3c^4x^3+28a^3b^2c^4x^2-35a^4bc^4x+10a^5c^4}{70x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$-1/70*(35*b^5*c^4*x^5-70*a*b^4*c^4*x^4+35*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3+28*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2-35*a^4*b*c^4*x+10*a^5*c^4)/x^7$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-10a^5c^4 + 35a^4bc^4x - 28a^3b^2c^4x^2 - 35a^2b^3c^4x^3 + 70ab^4c^4x^4 - 35b^5c^4x^5}{70x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**4/x**8,x)`output `(-10*a**5*c**4 + 35*a**4*b*c**4*x - 28*a**3*b**2*c**4*x**2 - 35*a**2*b**3*c**4*x**3 + 70*a*b**4*c**4*x**4 - 35*b**5*c**4*x**5)/(70*x**7)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{35b^5c^4x^5 - 70ab^4c^4x^4 + 35a^2b^3c^4x^3 + 28a^3b^2c^4x^2 - 35a^4bc^4x + 10a^5c^4}{70x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/70*(35*b^5*c^4*x^5 - 70*a*b^4*c^4*x^4 + 35*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3 + 28*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 - 35*a^4*b*c^4*x + 10*a^5*c^4)/x^7`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{35b^5c^4x^5 - 70ab^4c^4x^4 + 35a^2b^3c^4x^3 + 28a^3b^2c^4x^2 - 35a^4bc^4x + 10a^5c^4}{70x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/70*(35*b^5*c^4*x^5 - 70*a*b^4*c^4*x^4 + 35*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3 + 28*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 - 35*a^4*b*c^4*x + 10*a^5*c^4)/x^7`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^8} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^5c^4}{7} - \frac{a^4bc^4x}{2} + \frac{2a^3b^2c^4x^2}{5} + \frac{a^2b^3c^4x^3}{2} - ab^4c^4x^4 + \frac{b^5c^4x^5}{2}}{x^7}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^4*(a + b*x))/x^8,x)`output `-((a^5*c^4)/7 + (b^5*c^4*x^5)/2 - a*b^4*c^4*x^4 + (2*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2)/5 + (a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3)/2 - (a^4*b*c^4*x)/2)/x^7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^4(-35b^5x^5 + 70ab^4x^4 - 35a^2b^3x^3 - 28a^3b^2x^2 + 35a^4bx - 10a^5)}{70x^7}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^8,x)`

output $(c^{**4}*(-10*a^{**5} + 35*a^{**4}*b*x - 28*a^{**3}*b^{**2}*x^{**2} - 35*a^{**2}*b^{**3}*x^{**3} + 70*a*b^{**4}*x^{**4} - 35*b^{**5}*x^{**5}))/ (70*x^{**7})$

3.25 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^9} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^9} dx = -\frac{a^5c^4}{8x^8} + \frac{3a^4bc^4}{7x^7} - \frac{a^3b^2c^4}{3x^6} - \frac{2a^2b^3c^4}{5x^5} + \frac{3ab^4c^4}{4x^4} - \frac{b^5c^4}{3x^3}$$

output

```
-1/8*a^5*c^4/x^8+3/7*a^4*b*c^4/x^7-1/3*a^3*b^2*c^4/x^6-2/5*a^2*b^3*c^4/x^5
+3/4*a*b^4*c^4/x^4-1/3*b^5*c^4/x^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^9} dx = -\frac{a^5c^4}{8x^8} + \frac{3a^4bc^4}{7x^7} - \frac{a^3b^2c^4}{3x^6} - \frac{2a^2b^3c^4}{5x^5} + \frac{3ab^4c^4}{4x^4} - \frac{b^5c^4}{3x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4)/x^9,x]
```

output

```
-1/8*(a^5*c^4)/x^8 + (3*a^4*b*c^4)/(7*x^7) - (a^3*b^2*c^4)/(3*x^6) - (2*a^
2*b^3*c^4)/(5*x^5) + (3*a*b^4*c^4)/(4*x^4) - (b^5*c^4)/(3*x^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^4}{x^9} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5 c^4}{x^9} - \frac{3a^4 b c^4}{x^8} + \frac{2a^3 b^2 c^4}{x^7} + \frac{2a^2 b^3 c^4}{x^6} - \frac{3ab^4 c^4}{x^5} + \frac{b^5 c^4}{x^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^5 c^4}{8x^8} + \frac{3a^4 b c^4}{7x^7} - \frac{a^3 b^2 c^4}{3x^6} - \frac{2a^2 b^3 c^4}{5x^5} + \frac{3ab^4 c^4}{4x^4} - \frac{b^5 c^4}{3x^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^4/x^9,x]`

output `-1/8*(a^5*c^4)/x^8 + (3*a^4*b*c^4)/(7*x^7) - (a^3*b^2*c^4)/(3*x^6) - (2*a^2*b^3*c^4)/(5*x^5) + (3*a*b^4*c^4)/(4*x^4) - (b^5*c^4)/(3*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{c^4(280b^5x^5-630ab^4x^4+336a^2b^3x^3+280a^3b^2x^2-360a^4bx+105a^5)}{840x^8}$	61
default	$c^4\left(-\frac{b^5}{3x^3}-\frac{2a^2b^3}{5x^5}+\frac{3a^4b}{7x^7}+\frac{3ab^4}{4x^4}-\frac{a^5}{8x^8}-\frac{a^3b^2}{3x^6}\right)$	62
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{8}a^5c^4-\frac{1}{3}b^5c^4x^5+\frac{3}{4}ab^4c^4x^4-\frac{2}{5}a^2b^3c^4x^3-\frac{1}{3}a^3b^2c^4x^2+\frac{3}{7}a^4bc^4x}{x^8}$	75
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{8}a^5c^4-\frac{1}{3}b^5c^4x^5+\frac{3}{4}ab^4c^4x^4-\frac{2}{5}a^2b^3c^4x^3-\frac{1}{3}a^3b^2c^4x^2+\frac{3}{7}a^4bc^4x}{x^8}$	75
parallelrisch	$\frac{-280b^5c^4x^5+630ab^4c^4x^4-336a^2b^3c^4x^3-280a^3b^2c^4x^2+360a^4bc^4x-105a^5c^4}{840x^8}$	76
orering	$-\frac{(280b^5x^5-630ab^4x^4+336a^2b^3x^3+280a^3b^2x^2-360a^4bx+105a^5)(-bcx+ac)^4}{840x^8(-bx+a)^4}$	77

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/840*c^4*(280*b^5*x^5-630*a*b^4*x^4+336*a^2*b^3*x^3+280*a^3*b^2*x^2-360*a^4*b*x+105*a^5)/x^8$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^9} dx$$

$$= -\frac{280b^5c^4x^5-630ab^4c^4x^4+336a^2b^3c^4x^3+280a^3b^2c^4x^2-360a^4bc^4x+105a^5c^4}{840x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$-1/840*(280*b^5*c^4*x^5-630*a*b^4*c^4*x^4+336*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3+280*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2-360*a^4*b*c^4*x+105*a^5*c^4)/x^8$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{-105a^5c^4 + 360a^4bc^4x - 280a^3b^2c^4x^2 - 336a^2b^3c^4x^3 + 630ab^4c^4x^4 - 280b^5c^4x^5}{840x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**4/x**9,x)`output `(-105*a**5*c**4 + 360*a**4*b*c**4*x - 280*a**3*b**2*c**4*x**2 - 336*a**2*b**3*c**4*x**3 + 630*a*b**4*c**4*x**4 - 280*b**5*c**4*x**5)/(840*x**8)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^9} dx$$

$$= -\frac{280b^5c^4x^5 - 630ab^4c^4x^4 + 336a^2b^3c^4x^3 + 280a^3b^2c^4x^2 - 360a^4bc^4x + 105a^5c^4}{840x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/840*(280*b^5*c^4*x^5 - 630*a*b^4*c^4*x^4 + 336*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3 + 280*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 - 360*a^4*b*c^4*x + 105*a^5*c^4)/x^8`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^9} dx = -\frac{280b^5c^4x^5 - 630ab^4c^4x^4 + 336a^2b^3c^4x^3 + 280a^3b^2c^4x^2 - 360a^4bc^4x + 105a^5c^4}{840x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/840*(280*b^5*c^4*x^5 - 630*a*b^4*c^4*x^4 + 336*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3 + 280*a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2 - 360*a^4*b*c^4*x + 105*a^5*c^4)/x^8`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^9} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^5c^4}{8} - \frac{3a^4bc^4x}{7} + \frac{a^3b^2c^4x^2}{3} + \frac{2a^2b^3c^4x^3}{5} - \frac{3ab^4c^4x^4}{4} + \frac{b^5c^4x^5}{3}}{x^8}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^4*(a + b*x))/x^9,x)`output `-((a^5*c^4)/8 + (b^5*c^4*x^5)/3 - (3*a*b^4*c^4*x^4)/4 + (a^3*b^2*c^4*x^2)/3 + (2*a^2*b^3*c^4*x^3)/5 - (3*a^4*b*c^4*x)/7)/x^8`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^4}{x^9} dx = \frac{c^4(-280b^5x^5 + 630ab^4x^4 - 336a^2b^3x^3 - 280a^3b^2x^2 + 360a^4bx - 105a^5)}{840x^8}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^4/x^9,x)`

output $(c^{**4}*(-105*a^{**5} + 360*a^{**4}*b*x - 280*a^{**3}*b^{**2}*x^{**2} - 336*a^{**2}*b^{**3}*x^{**3} + 630*a*b^{**4}*x^{**4} - 280*b^{**5}*x^{**5}))/ (840*x^{**8})$

3.26 $\int x^4(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	289
Maple [A] (verified)	290
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	290
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	291
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	291
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	292
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	292
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	293

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int x^4(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx = \frac{1}{5}a^6c^5x^5 - \frac{2}{3}a^5bc^5x^6 + \frac{5}{7}a^4b^2c^5x^7 - \frac{5}{9}a^2b^4c^5x^9 + \frac{2}{5}ab^5c^5x^{10} - \frac{1}{11}b^6c^5x^{11}$$

output

```
1/5*a^6*c^5*x^5-2/3*a^5*b*c^5*x^6+5/7*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^7-5/9*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^9+
2/5*a*b^5*c^5*x^10-1/11*b^6*c^5*x^11
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^4(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx = c^5 \left(\frac{a^6 x^5}{5} - \frac{2}{3} a^5 b x^6 + \frac{5}{7} a^4 b^2 x^7 - \frac{5}{9} a^2 b^4 x^9 + \frac{2}{5} a b^5 x^{10} - \frac{b^6 x^{11}}{11} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5,x]
```

output

```
c^5*((a^6*x^5)/5 - (2*a^5*b*x^6)/3 + (5*a^4*b^2*x^7)/7 - (5*a^2*b^4*x^9)/9
+ (2*a*b^5*x^10)/5 - (b^6*x^11)/11)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 84$$

$$\int (a^6c^5x^4 - 4a^5bc^5x^5 + 5a^4b^2c^5x^6 - 5a^2b^4c^5x^8 + 4ab^5c^5x^9 - b^6c^5x^{10}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{5}a^6c^5x^5 - \frac{2}{3}a^5bc^5x^6 + \frac{5}{7}a^4b^2c^5x^7 - \frac{5}{9}a^2b^4c^5x^9 + \frac{2}{5}ab^5c^5x^{10} - \frac{1}{11}b^6c^5x^{11}$$

input `Int[x^4*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5,x]`

output `(a^6*c^5*x^5)/5 - (2*a^5*b*c^5*x^6)/3 + (5*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^7)/7 - (5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^9)/9 + (2*a*b^5*c^5*x^10)/5 - (b^6*c^5*x^11)/11`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^5(-315b^6x^6+1386ax^5b^5-1925a^2x^4b^4+2475a^4x^2b^2-2310a^5xb+693a^6)c^5}{3465}$	61
default	$\frac{1}{5}a^6c^5x^5 - \frac{2}{3}a^5bc^5x^6 + \frac{5}{7}a^4b^2c^5x^7 - \frac{5}{9}a^2b^4c^5x^9 + \frac{2}{5}ab^5c^5x^{10} - \frac{1}{11}b^6c^5x^{11}$	76
norman	$\frac{1}{5}a^6c^5x^5 - \frac{2}{3}a^5bc^5x^6 + \frac{5}{7}a^4b^2c^5x^7 - \frac{5}{9}a^2b^4c^5x^9 + \frac{2}{5}ab^5c^5x^{10} - \frac{1}{11}b^6c^5x^{11}$	76
risch	$\frac{1}{5}a^6c^5x^5 - \frac{2}{3}a^5bc^5x^6 + \frac{5}{7}a^4b^2c^5x^7 - \frac{5}{9}a^2b^4c^5x^9 + \frac{2}{5}ab^5c^5x^{10} - \frac{1}{11}b^6c^5x^{11}$	76
parallexrisch	$\frac{1}{5}a^6c^5x^5 - \frac{2}{3}a^5bc^5x^6 + \frac{5}{7}a^4b^2c^5x^7 - \frac{5}{9}a^2b^4c^5x^9 + \frac{2}{5}ab^5c^5x^{10} - \frac{1}{11}b^6c^5x^{11}$	76
orering	$\frac{x^5(-315b^6x^6+1386ax^5b^5-1925a^2x^4b^4+2475a^4x^2b^2-2310a^5xb+693a^6)(-bcx+ac)^5}{3465(-bx+a)^5}$	77

input `int(x^4*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3465*x^5*(-315*b^6*x^6+1386*a*b^5*x^5-1925*a^2*b^4*x^4+2475*a^4*b^2*x^2-2310*a^5*b*x+693*a^6)*c^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{11}b^6c^5x^{11} + \frac{2}{5}ab^5c^5x^{10} - \frac{5}{9}a^2b^4c^5x^9 + \frac{5}{7}a^4b^2c^5x^7 - \frac{2}{3}a^5bc^5x^6 + \frac{1}{5}a^6c^5x^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/11*b^6*c^5*x^11 + 2/5*a*b^5*c^5*x^10 - 5/9*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^9 + 5/7*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^7 - 2/3*a^5*b*c^5*x^6 + 1/5*a^6*c^5*x^5`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = \frac{a^6 c^5 x^5}{5} - \frac{2a^5 b c^5 x^6}{3} + \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5 x^7}{7} - \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5 x^9}{9} + \frac{2ab^5 c^5 x^{10}}{5} - \frac{b^6 c^5 x^{11}}{11}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**5,x)`output `a**6*c**5*x**5/5 - 2*a**5*b*c**5*x**6/3 + 5*a**4*b**2*c**5*x**7/7 - 5*a**2*b**4*c**5*x**9/9 + 2*a*b**5*c**5*x**10/5 - b**6*c**5*x**11/11`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{11} b^6 c^5 x^{11} + \frac{2}{5} ab^5 c^5 x^{10} - \frac{5}{9} a^2 b^4 c^5 x^9 + \frac{5}{7} a^4 b^2 c^5 x^7 - \frac{2}{3} a^5 b c^5 x^6 + \frac{1}{5} a^6 c^5 x^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/11*b^6*c^5*x^11 + 2/5*a*b^5*c^5*x^10 - 5/9*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^9 + 5/7*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^7 - 2/3*a^5*b*c^5*x^6 + 1/5*a^6*c^5*x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{11}b^6c^5x^{11} + \frac{2}{5}ab^5c^5x^{10} - \frac{5}{9}a^2b^4c^5x^9 + \frac{5}{7}a^4b^2c^5x^7 - \frac{2}{3}a^5bc^5x^6 + \frac{1}{5}a^6c^5x^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/11*b^6*c^5*x^11 + 2/5*a*b^5*c^5*x^10 - 5/9*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^9 + 5/7*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^7 - 2/3*a^5*b*c^5*x^6 + 1/5*a^6*c^5*x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = \frac{a^6c^5x^5}{5} - \frac{2a^5bc^5x^6}{3} + \frac{5a^4b^2c^5x^7}{7} - \frac{5a^2b^4c^5x^9}{9} + \frac{2a^5bc^5x^{10}}{5} - \frac{b^6c^5x^{11}}{11}$$

input `int(x^4*(a*c - b*c*x)^5*(a + b*x),x)`

output `(a^6*c^5*x^5)/5 - (b^6*c^5*x^11)/11 - (2*a^5*b*c^5*x^6)/3 + (2*a*b^5*c^5*x^10)/5 + (5*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^7)/7 - (5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^9)/9`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{c^5 x^5 (-315b^6 x^6 + 1386ab^5 x^5 - 1925a^2 b^4 x^4 + 2475a^4 b^2 x^2 - 2310a^5 bx + 693a^6)}{3465}$$

input `int(x^4*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x)`output `(c**5*x**5*(693*a**6 - 2310*a**5*b*x + 2475*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 1925*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 1386*a*b**5*x**5 - 315*b**6*x**6))/3465`

3.27 $\int x^3(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx$

Optimal result	294
Mathematica [A] (verified)	294
Rubi [A] (verified)	295
Maple [A] (verified)	296
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	296
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	297
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	297
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	298
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	298
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	299

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int x^3(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx = \frac{1}{4}a^6c^5x^4 - \frac{4}{5}a^5bc^5x^5 + \frac{5}{6}a^4b^2c^5x^6 - \frac{5}{8}a^2b^4c^5x^8 + \frac{4}{9}ab^5c^5x^9 - \frac{1}{10}b^6c^5x^{10}$$

output

```
1/4*a^6*c^5*x^4-4/5*a^5*b*c^5*x^5+5/6*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^6-5/8*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^8+
4/9*a*b^5*c^5*x^9-1/10*b^6*c^5*x^10
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^3(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx = c^5 \left(\frac{a^6x^4}{4} - \frac{4}{5}a^5bx^5 + \frac{5}{6}a^4b^2x^6 - \frac{5}{8}a^2b^4x^8 + \frac{4}{9}ab^5x^9 - \frac{b^6x^{10}}{10} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5,x]
```

output

```
c^5*((a^6*x^4)/4 - (4*a^5*b*x^5)/5 + (5*a^4*b^2*x^6)/6 - (5*a^2*b^4*x^8)/8
+ (4*a*b^5*x^9)/9 - (b^6*x^10)/10)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 84$$

$$\int (a^6c^5x^3 - 4a^5bc^5x^4 + 5a^4b^2c^5x^5 - 5a^2b^4c^5x^7 + 4ab^5c^5x^8 - b^6c^5x^9) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{4}a^6c^5x^4 - \frac{4}{5}a^5bc^5x^5 + \frac{5}{6}a^4b^2c^5x^6 - \frac{5}{8}a^2b^4c^5x^8 + \frac{4}{9}ab^5c^5x^9 - \frac{1}{10}b^6c^5x^{10}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5,x]`

output `(a^6*c^5*x^4)/4 - (4*a^5*b*c^5*x^5)/5 + (5*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^6)/6 - (5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^8)/8 + (4*a*b^5*c^5*x^9)/9 - (b^6*c^5*x^10)/10`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^4(-36b^6x^6+160ax^5b^5-225a^2x^4b^4+300a^4x^2b^2-288a^5xb+90a^6)c^5}{360}$	61
default	$\frac{1}{4}a^6c^5x^4 - \frac{4}{5}a^5bc^5x^5 + \frac{5}{6}a^4b^2c^5x^6 - \frac{5}{8}a^2b^4c^5x^8 + \frac{4}{9}ab^5c^5x^9 - \frac{1}{10}b^6c^5x^{10}$	76
norman	$\frac{1}{4}a^6c^5x^4 - \frac{4}{5}a^5bc^5x^5 + \frac{5}{6}a^4b^2c^5x^6 - \frac{5}{8}a^2b^4c^5x^8 + \frac{4}{9}ab^5c^5x^9 - \frac{1}{10}b^6c^5x^{10}$	76
risch	$\frac{1}{4}a^6c^5x^4 - \frac{4}{5}a^5bc^5x^5 + \frac{5}{6}a^4b^2c^5x^6 - \frac{5}{8}a^2b^4c^5x^8 + \frac{4}{9}ab^5c^5x^9 - \frac{1}{10}b^6c^5x^{10}$	76
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{4}a^6c^5x^4 - \frac{4}{5}a^5bc^5x^5 + \frac{5}{6}a^4b^2c^5x^6 - \frac{5}{8}a^2b^4c^5x^8 + \frac{4}{9}ab^5c^5x^9 - \frac{1}{10}b^6c^5x^{10}$	76
orering	$\frac{x^4(-36b^6x^6+160ax^5b^5-225a^2x^4b^4+300a^4x^2b^2-288a^5xb+90a^6)(-bcx+ac)^5}{360(-bx+a)^5}$	77

input

```
int(x^3*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/360*x^4*(-36*b^6*x^6+160*a*b^5*x^5-225*a^2*b^4*x^4+300*a^4*b^2*x^2-288*a^5*b*x+90*a^6)*c^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^3(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{10}b^6c^5x^{10} + \frac{4}{9}ab^5c^5x^9 - \frac{5}{8}a^2b^4c^5x^8 + \frac{5}{6}a^4b^2c^5x^6 - \frac{4}{5}a^5bc^5x^5 + \frac{1}{4}a^6c^5x^4$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/10*b^6*c^5*x^10 + 4/9*a*b^5*c^5*x^9 - 5/8*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^8 + 5/6*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^6 - 4/5*a^5*b*c^5*x^5 + 1/4*a^6*c^5*x^4
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^3(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = \frac{a^6 c^5 x^4}{4} - \frac{4a^5 b c^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5 x^6}{6} - \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5 x^8}{8} + \frac{4ab^5 c^5 x^9}{9} - \frac{b^6 c^5 x^{10}}{10}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**5,x)`output `a**6*c**5*x**4/4 - 4*a**5*b*c**5*x**5/5 + 5*a**4*b**2*c**5*x**6/6 - 5*a**2*b**4*c**5*x**8/8 + 4*a*b**5*c**5*x**9/9 - b**6*c**5*x**10/10`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^3(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{10} b^6 c^5 x^{10} + \frac{4}{9} ab^5 c^5 x^9 - \frac{5}{8} a^2 b^4 c^5 x^8 + \frac{5}{6} a^4 b^2 c^5 x^6 - \frac{4}{5} a^5 b c^5 x^5 + \frac{1}{4} a^6 c^5 x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/10*b^6*c^5*x^10 + 4/9*a*b^5*c^5*x^9 - 5/8*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^8 + 5/6*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^6 - 4/5*a^5*b*c^5*x^5 + 1/4*a^6*c^5*x^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^3(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{10}b^6c^5x^{10} + \frac{4}{9}ab^5c^5x^9 - \frac{5}{8}a^2b^4c^5x^8 + \frac{5}{6}a^4b^2c^5x^6 - \frac{4}{5}a^5bc^5x^5 + \frac{1}{4}a^6c^5x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/10*b^6*c^5*x^10 + 4/9*a*b^5*c^5*x^9 - 5/8*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^8 + 5/6*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^6 - 4/5*a^5*b*c^5*x^5 + 1/4*a^6*c^5*x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^3(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = \frac{a^6c^5x^4}{4} - \frac{4a^5bc^5x^5}{5} + \frac{5a^4b^2c^5x^6}{6} - \frac{5a^2b^4c^5x^8}{8} + \frac{4ab^5c^5x^9}{9} - \frac{b^6c^5x^{10}}{10}$$

input `int(x^3*(a*c - b*c*x)^5*(a + b*x),x)`

output `(a^6*c^5*x^4)/4 - (b^6*c^5*x^10)/10 - (4*a^5*b*c^5*x^5)/5 + (4*a*b^5*c^5*x^9)/9 + (5*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^6)/6 - (5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^8)/8`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^3(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx$$
$$= \frac{c^5 x^4 (-36b^6 x^6 + 160ab^5 x^5 - 225a^2 b^4 x^4 + 300a^4 b^2 x^2 - 288a^5 bx + 90a^6)}{360}$$

input `int(x^3*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x)`output `(c**5*x**4*(90*a**6 - 288*a**5*b*x + 300*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 225*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 160*a*b**5*x**5 - 36*b**6*x**6))/360`

3.28 $\int x^2(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx$

Optimal result	300
Mathematica [A] (verified)	300
Rubi [A] (verified)	301
Maple [A] (verified)	302
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	302
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	303
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	303
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	303
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	304
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	304

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{a^3c^5(a - bx)^6}{3b^3} + \frac{5a^2c^5(a - bx)^7}{7b^3} - \frac{ac^5(a - bx)^8}{2b^3} + \frac{c^5(a - bx)^9}{9b^3}$$

output

$$-1/3*a^3*c^5*(-b*x+a)^6/b^3+5/7*a^2*c^5*(-b*x+a)^7/b^3-1/2*a*c^5*(-b*x+a)^8/b^3+1/9*c^5*(-b*x+a)^9/b^3$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx = c^5 \left(\frac{a^6 x^3}{3} - a^5 b x^4 + a^4 b^2 x^5 - \frac{5}{7} a^2 b^4 x^7 + \frac{1}{2} a b^5 x^8 - \frac{b^6 x^9}{9} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5,x]
```

output

$$c^5*((a^6*x^3)/3 - a^5*b*x^4 + a^4*b^2*x^5 - (5*a^2*b^4*x^7)/7 + (a*b^5*x^8)/2 - (b^6*x^9)/9)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 84$$

$$\int \left(\frac{2a^3(ac-bcx)^5}{b^2} - \frac{5a^2(ac-bcx)^6}{b^2c} - \frac{(ac-bcx)^8}{b^2c^3} + \frac{4a(ac-bcx)^7}{b^2c^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{a^3c^5(a-bx)^6}{3b^3} + \frac{5a^2c^5(a-bx)^7}{7b^3} + \frac{c^5(a-bx)^9}{9b^3} - \frac{ac^5(a-bx)^8}{2b^3}$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(a^3*c^5*(a - b*x)^6)/b^3 + (5*a^2*c^5*(a - b*x)^7)/(7*b^3) - (a*c^5*(a - b*x)^8)/(2*b^3) + (c^5*(a - b*x)^9)/(9*b^3)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0]
] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :-> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^3(-14b^6x^6+63ax^5b^5-90a^2x^4b^4+126a^4x^2b^2-126a^5xb+42a^6)c^5}{126}$	61
default	$-\frac{1}{9}b^6c^5x^9 + \frac{1}{2}ac^5b^5x^8 - \frac{5}{7}a^2c^5b^4x^7 + a^4c^5b^2x^5 - a^5c^5bx^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^6c^5x^3$	75
norman	$-\frac{1}{9}b^6c^5x^9 + \frac{1}{2}ac^5b^5x^8 - \frac{5}{7}a^2c^5b^4x^7 + a^4c^5b^2x^5 - a^5c^5bx^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^6c^5x^3$	75
risch	$-\frac{1}{9}b^6c^5x^9 + \frac{1}{2}ac^5b^5x^8 - \frac{5}{7}a^2c^5b^4x^7 + a^4c^5b^2x^5 - a^5c^5bx^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^6c^5x^3$	75
parallelrisch	$-\frac{1}{9}b^6c^5x^9 + \frac{1}{2}ac^5b^5x^8 - \frac{5}{7}a^2c^5b^4x^7 + a^4c^5b^2x^5 - a^5c^5bx^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^6c^5x^3$	75
orering	$\frac{x^3(-14b^6x^6+63ax^5b^5-90a^2x^4b^4+126a^4x^2b^2-126a^5xb+42a^6)(-bcx+ac)^5}{126(-bx+a)^5}$	77

input

```
int(x^2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/126*x^3*(-14*b^6*x^6+63*a*b^5*x^5-90*a^2*b^4*x^4+126*a^4*b^2*x^2-126*a^5*b*x+42*a^6)*c^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{9}b^6c^5x^9 + \frac{1}{2}ab^5c^5x^8 - \frac{5}{7}a^2b^4c^5x^7 + a^4b^2c^5x^5 - a^5bc^5x^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^6c^5x^3$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/9*b^6*c^5*x^9 + 1/2*a*b^5*c^5*x^8 - 5/7*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^7 + a^4*b^2*c^5*x^5 - a^5*b*c^5*x^4 + 1/3*a^6*c^5*x^3
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = \frac{a^6 c^5 x^3}{3} - a^5 b c^5 x^4 + a^4 b^2 c^5 x^5 - \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5 x^7}{7} + \frac{ab^5 c^5 x^8}{2} - \frac{b^6 c^5 x^9}{9}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**5,x)`output `a**6*c**5*x**3/3 - a**5*b*c**5*x**4 + a**4*b**2*c**5*x**5 - 5*a**2*b**4*c**5*x**7/7 + a*b**5*c**5*x**8/2 - b**6*c**5*x**9/9`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{9}b^6c^5x^9 + \frac{1}{2}ab^5c^5x^8 - \frac{5}{7}a^2b^4c^5x^7 + a^4b^2c^5x^5 - a^5bc^5x^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^6c^5x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/9*b^6*c^5*x^9 + 1/2*a*b^5*c^5*x^8 - 5/7*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^7 + a^4*b^2*c^5*x^5 - a^5*b*c^5*x^4 + 1/3*a^6*c^5*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{9}b^6c^5x^9 + \frac{1}{2}ab^5c^5x^8 - \frac{5}{7}a^2b^4c^5x^7 + a^4b^2c^5x^5 - a^5bc^5x^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^6c^5x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$-1/9*b^6*c^5*x^9 + 1/2*a*b^5*c^5*x^8 - 5/7*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^7 + a^4*b^2*c^5*x^5 - a^5*b*c^5*x^4 + 1/3*a^6*c^5*x^3$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = \frac{a^6 c^5 x^3}{3} - a^5 b c^5 x^4 + a^4 b^2 c^5 x^5 - \frac{5 a^2 b^4 c^5 x^7}{7} + \frac{a b^5 c^5 x^8}{2} - \frac{b^6 c^5 x^9}{9}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a*c - b*c*x)^5*(a + b*x),x)
```

output

$$(a^6*c^5*x^3)/3 - (b^6*c^5*x^9)/9 - a^5*b*c^5*x^4 + (a*b^5*c^5*x^8)/2 + a^4*b^2*c^5*x^5 - (5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^7)/7$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = \frac{c^5 x^3 (-14b^6 x^6 + 63a b^5 x^5 - 90a^2 b^4 x^4 + 126a^4 b^2 x^2 - 126a^5 b x + 42a^6)}{126}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x)
```

output

$$(c**5*x**3*(42*a**6 - 126*a**5*b*x + 126*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 90*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 63*a*b**5*x**5 - 14*b**6*x**6))/126$$

3.29 $\int x(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx$

Optimal result	305
Mathematica [A] (verified)	305
Rubi [A] (verified)	306
Maple [A] (verified)	307
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	307
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	308
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	308
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	309
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	309
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	310

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int x(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{a^2 c^5 (a - bx)^6}{3b^2} + \frac{3ac^5 (a - bx)^7}{7b^2} - \frac{c^5 (a - bx)^8}{8b^2}$$

output

$$-1/3*a^2*c^5*(-b*x+a)^6/b^2+3/7*a*c^5*(-b*x+a)^7/b^2-1/8*c^5*(-b*x+a)^8/b^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int x(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx = c^5 \left(\frac{a^6 x^2}{2} - \frac{4}{3} a^5 b x^3 + \frac{5}{4} a^4 b^2 x^4 - \frac{5}{6} a^2 b^4 x^6 + \frac{4}{7} a b^5 x^7 - \frac{b^6 x^8}{8} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5,x]
```

output

$$c^5*((a^6*x^2)/2 - (4*a^5*b*x^3)/3 + (5*a^4*b^2*x^4)/4 - (5*a^2*b^4*x^6)/6 + (4*a*b^5*x^7)/7 - (b^6*x^8)/8)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 84$$

$$\int \left(\frac{2a^2(ac - bcx)^5}{b} + \frac{(ac - bcx)^7}{bc^2} - \frac{3a(ac - bcx)^6}{bc} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{a^2c^5(a - bx)^6}{3b^2} - \frac{c^5(a - bx)^8}{8b^2} + \frac{3ac^5(a - bx)^7}{7b^2}$$

input

```
Int[x*(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(a^2*c^5*(a - b*x)^6)/b^2 + (3*a*c^5*(a - b*x)^7)/(7*b^2) - (c^5*(a - b*x)^8)/(8*b^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0]
] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :-> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^2(-21b^6x^6+96ax^5b^5-140a^2x^4b^4+210a^4x^2b^2-224a^5xb+84a^6)c^5}{168}$	61
default	$-\frac{1}{8}b^6c^5x^8 + \frac{4}{7}ac^5b^5x^7 - \frac{5}{6}a^2c^5b^4x^6 + \frac{5}{4}a^4c^5b^2x^4 - \frac{4}{3}a^5c^5bx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^6c^5x^2$	76
norman	$-\frac{1}{8}b^6c^5x^8 + \frac{4}{7}ac^5b^5x^7 - \frac{5}{6}a^2c^5b^4x^6 + \frac{5}{4}a^4c^5b^2x^4 - \frac{4}{3}a^5c^5bx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^6c^5x^2$	76
risch	$-\frac{1}{8}b^6c^5x^8 + \frac{4}{7}ac^5b^5x^7 - \frac{5}{6}a^2c^5b^4x^6 + \frac{5}{4}a^4c^5b^2x^4 - \frac{4}{3}a^5c^5bx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^6c^5x^2$	76
paralelrisch	$-\frac{1}{8}b^6c^5x^8 + \frac{4}{7}ac^5b^5x^7 - \frac{5}{6}a^2c^5b^4x^6 + \frac{5}{4}a^4c^5b^2x^4 - \frac{4}{3}a^5c^5bx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^6c^5x^2$	76
orering	$\frac{x^2(-21b^6x^6+96ax^5b^5-140a^2x^4b^4+210a^4x^2b^2-224a^5xb+84a^6)(-bcx+ac)^5}{168(-bx+a)^5}$	77

input

```
int(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/168*x^2*(-21*b^6*x^6+96*a*b^5*x^5-140*a^2*b^4*x^4+210*a^4*b^2*x^2-224*a^5*b*x+84*a^6)*c^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{8}b^6c^5x^8 + \frac{4}{7}ab^5c^5x^7 - \frac{5}{6}a^2b^4c^5x^6 + \frac{5}{4}a^4b^2c^5x^4 - \frac{4}{3}a^5bc^5x^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^6c^5x^2$$

input

```
integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/8*b^6*c^5*x^8 + 4/7*a*b^5*c^5*x^7 - 5/6*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^6 + 5/4*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^4 - 4/3*a^5*b*c^5*x^3 + 1/2*a^6*c^5*x^2
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = \frac{a^6 c^5 x^2}{2} - \frac{4a^5 b c^5 x^3}{3} + \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5 x^4}{4} - \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5 x^6}{6} + \frac{4ab^5 c^5 x^7}{7} - \frac{b^6 c^5 x^8}{8}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**5,x)`output `a**6*c**5*x**2/2 - 4*a**5*b*c**5*x**3/3 + 5*a**4*b**2*c**5*x**4/4 - 5*a**2*b**4*c**5*x**6/6 + 4*a*b**5*c**5*x**7/7 - b**6*c**5*x**8/8`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{8}b^6c^5x^8 + \frac{4}{7}ab^5c^5x^7 - \frac{5}{6}a^2b^4c^5x^6 + \frac{5}{4}a^4b^2c^5x^4 - \frac{4}{3}a^5bc^5x^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^6c^5x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/8*b^6*c^5*x^8 + 4/7*a*b^5*c^5*x^7 - 5/6*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^6 + 5/4*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^4 - 4/3*a^5*b*c^5*x^3 + 1/2*a^6*c^5*x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{8}b^6c^5x^8 + \frac{4}{7}ab^5c^5x^7 - \frac{5}{6}a^2b^4c^5x^6 + \frac{5}{4}a^4b^2c^5x^4 - \frac{4}{3}a^5bc^5x^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^6c^5x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/8*b^6*c^5*x^8 + 4/7*a*b^5*c^5*x^7 - 5/6*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^6 + 5/4*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^4 - 4/3*a^5*b*c^5*x^3 + 1/2*a^6*c^5*x^2`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = \frac{a^6c^5x^2}{2} - \frac{4a^5bc^5x^3}{3} + \frac{5a^4b^2c^5x^4}{4} - \frac{5a^2b^4c^5x^6}{6} + \frac{4ab^5c^5x^7}{7} - \frac{b^6c^5x^8}{8}$$

input `int(x*(a*c - b*c*x)^5*(a + b*x),x)`output `(a^6*c^5*x^2)/2 - (b^6*c^5*x^8)/8 - (4*a^5*b*c^5*x^3)/3 + (4*a*b^5*c^5*x^7)/7 + (5*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^4)/4 - (5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^6)/6`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{c^5 x^2 (-21b^6 x^6 + 96a b^5 x^5 - 140a^2 b^4 x^4 + 210a^4 b^2 x^2 - 224a^5 bx + 84a^6)}{168}$$

input `int(x*(b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x)`output `(c**5*x**2*(84*a**6 - 224*a**5*b*x + 210*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 140*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 96*a*b**5*x**5 - 21*b**6*x**6))/168`

3.30 $\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx$

Optimal result	311
Mathematica [A] (verified)	311
Rubi [A] (verified)	312
Maple [A] (verified)	313
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	313
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	314
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	314
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	314
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	315
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	315

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{ac^5(a - bx)^6}{3b} + \frac{c^5(a - bx)^7}{7b}$$

output

```
-1/3*a*c^5*(-b*x+a)^6/b+1/7*c^5*(-b*x+a)^7/b
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx = c^5 \left(a^6 x - 2a^5 b x^2 + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 x^3 - a^2 b^4 x^5 + \frac{2}{3} a b^5 x^6 - \frac{b^6 x^7}{7} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5,x]
```

output

```
c^5*(a^6*x - 2*a^5*b*x^2 + (5*a^4*b^2*x^3)/3 - a^2*b^4*x^5 + (2*a*b^5*x^6)/3 - (b^6*x^7)/7)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(2a(ac - bcx)^5 - \frac{(ac - bcx)^6}{c} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{c^5(a - bx)^7}{7b} - \frac{ac^5(a - bx)^6}{3b}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5,x]`

output `-1/3*(a*c^5*(a - b*x)^6)/b + (c^5*(a - b*x)^7)/(7*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x(-3b^6x^6+14ax^5b^5-21a^2x^4b^4+35a^4x^2b^2-42a^5xb+21a^6)c^5}{21}$	59
default	$-\frac{1}{7}b^6c^5x^7 + \frac{2}{3}ab^5c^5x^6 - a^2b^4c^5x^5 + \frac{5}{3}a^4b^2c^5x^3 - 2a^5bc^5x^2 + a^6c^5x$	73
norman	$-\frac{1}{7}b^6c^5x^7 + \frac{2}{3}ab^5c^5x^6 - a^2b^4c^5x^5 + \frac{5}{3}a^4b^2c^5x^3 - 2a^5bc^5x^2 + a^6c^5x$	73
risch	$-\frac{1}{7}b^6c^5x^7 + \frac{2}{3}ab^5c^5x^6 - a^2b^4c^5x^5 + \frac{5}{3}a^4b^2c^5x^3 - 2a^5bc^5x^2 + a^6c^5x$	73
parallelrisch	$-\frac{1}{7}b^6c^5x^7 + \frac{2}{3}ab^5c^5x^6 - a^2b^4c^5x^5 + \frac{5}{3}a^4b^2c^5x^3 - 2a^5bc^5x^2 + a^6c^5x$	73
orering	$\frac{x(-3b^6x^6+14ax^5b^5-21a^2x^4b^4+35a^4x^2b^2-42a^5xb+21a^6)(-bcx+ac)^5}{21(-bx+a)^5}$	75

input

```
int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/21*x*(-3*b^6*x^6+14*a*b^5*x^5-21*a^2*b^4*x^4+35*a^4*b^2*x^2-42*a^5*b*x+21*a^6)*c^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{7}b^6c^5x^7 + \frac{2}{3}ab^5c^5x^6 - a^2b^4c^5x^5 + \frac{5}{3}a^4b^2c^5x^3 - 2a^5bc^5x^2 + a^6c^5x$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/7*b^6*c^5*x^7 + 2/3*a*b^5*c^5*x^6 - a^2*b^4*c^5*x^5 + 5/3*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^3 - 2*a^5*b*c^5*x^2 + a^6*c^5*x
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 78 vs. $2(27) = 54$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx = a^6 c^5 x - 2a^5 b c^5 x^2 + \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5 x^3}{3} - a^2 b^4 c^5 x^5 + \frac{2ab^5 c^5 x^6}{3} - \frac{b^6 c^5 x^7}{7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**5,x)`

output `a**6*c**5*x - 2*a**5*b*c**5*x**2 + 5*a**4*b**2*c**5*x**3/3 - a**2*b**4*c**5*x**5 + 2*a*b**5*c**5*x**6/3 - b**6*c**5*x**7/7`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{7} b^6 c^5 x^7 + \frac{2}{3} ab^5 c^5 x^6 - a^2 b^4 c^5 x^5 + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c^5 x^3 - 2a^5 b c^5 x^2 + a^6 c^5 x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/7*b^6*c^5*x^7 + 2/3*a*b^5*c^5*x^6 - a^2*b^4*c^5*x^5 + 5/3*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^3 - 2*a^5*b*c^5*x^2 + a^6*c^5*x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx = -\frac{1}{7} b^6 c^5 x^7 + \frac{2}{3} ab^5 c^5 x^6 - a^2 b^4 c^5 x^5 + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c^5 x^3 - 2a^5 b c^5 x^2 + a^6 c^5 x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-1/7*b^6*c^5*x^7 + 2/3*a*b^5*c^5*x^6 - a^2*b^4*c^5*x^5 + 5/3*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^3 - 2*a^5*b*c^5*x^2 + a^6*c^5*x$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx = a^6 c^5 x - 2 a^5 b c^5 x^2 + \frac{5 a^4 b^2 c^5 x^3}{3} - a^2 b^4 c^5 x^5 + \frac{2 a b^5 c^5 x^6}{3} - \frac{b^6 c^5 x^7}{7}$$

input `int((a*c - b*c*x)^5*(a + b*x),x)`

output
$$a^6*c^5*x - (b^6*c^5*x^7)/7 - 2*a^5*b*c^5*x^2 + (2*a*b^5*c^5*x^6)/3 + (5*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^3)/3 - a^2*b^4*c^5*x^5$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5 dx = \frac{c^5 x (-3b^6 x^6 + 14a b^5 x^5 - 21a^2 b^4 x^4 + 35a^4 b^2 x^2 - 42a^5 b x + 21a^6)}{21}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5,x)`

output
$$(c**5*x*(21*a**6 - 42*a**5*b*x + 35*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 21*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 14*a*b**5*x**5 - 3*b**6*x**6))/21$$

3.31 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x} dx$

Optimal result	316
Mathematica [A] (verified)	316
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	319
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	320
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	320
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	321

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x} dx = -4a^5bc^5x + \frac{5}{2}a^4b^2c^5x^2 - \frac{5}{4}a^2b^4c^5x^4 + \frac{4}{5}ab^5c^5x^5 - \frac{1}{6}b^6c^5x^6 + a^6c^5 \log(x)$$

output

```
-4*a^5*b*c^5*x+5/2*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2-5/4*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4+4/5*a*b^5*c^5*x^5-1/6*b^6*c^5*x^6+a^6*c^5*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x} dx = c^5 \left(\frac{127a^6}{60} - 4a^5bx + \frac{5}{2}a^4b^2x^2 - \frac{5}{4}a^2b^4x^4 + \frac{4}{5}ab^5x^5 - \frac{b^6x^6}{6} + a^6 \log(-bx) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5)/x,x]
```

output

$$c^5 \left(\frac{127a^6}{60} - 4a^5bx + \frac{5a^4b^2x^2}{2} - \frac{5a^2b^4x^4}{4} + (4ab^5x^5)/5 - \frac{b^6x^6}{6} + a^6 \operatorname{Log}[-(bx)] \right)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6c^5}{x} - 4a^5bc^5 + 5a^4b^2c^5x - 5a^2b^4c^5x^3 + 4ab^5c^5x^4 - b^6c^5x^5 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$a^6c^5 \log(x) - 4a^5bc^5x + \frac{5}{2}a^4b^2c^5x^2 - \frac{5}{4}a^2b^4c^5x^4 + \frac{4}{5}ab^5c^5x^5 - \frac{1}{6}b^6c^5x^6$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5)/x,x]
```

output

$$-4a^5b^5c^5x + \frac{5a^4b^2c^5x^2}{2} - \frac{5a^2b^4c^5x^4}{4} + \frac{4a^5b^5c^5x^5}{5} - \frac{b^6c^5x^6}{6} + a^6c^5 \operatorname{Log}[x]$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0]
] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
default	$c^5 \left(-\frac{b^6 x^6}{6} + \frac{4a x^5 b^5}{5} - \frac{5a^2 x^4 b^4}{4} + \frac{5a^4 x^2 b^2}{2} - 4a^5 x b + a^6 \ln(x) \right)$	58
norman	$-4a^5 b c^5 x + \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2}{2} - \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4}{4} + \frac{4a b^5 c^5 x^5}{5} - \frac{b^6 c^5 x^6}{6} + a^6 c^5 \ln(x)$	72
risch	$-4a^5 b c^5 x + \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2}{2} - \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4}{4} + \frac{4a b^5 c^5 x^5}{5} - \frac{b^6 c^5 x^6}{6} + a^6 c^5 \ln(x)$	72
parallelrisch	$-4a^5 b c^5 x + \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2}{2} - \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4}{4} + \frac{4a b^5 c^5 x^5}{5} - \frac{b^6 c^5 x^6}{6} + a^6 c^5 \ln(x)$	72

input

```
int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
c^5*(-1/6*b^6*x^6+4/5*a*x^5*b^5-5/4*a^2*x^4*b^4+5/2*a^4*x^2*b^2-4*a^5*x*b+a^6*ln(x))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{6} b^6 c^5 x^6 + \frac{4}{5} a b^5 c^5 x^5 - \frac{5}{4} a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4 + \frac{5}{2} a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2 - 4 a^5 b c^5 x + a^6 c^5 \log(x)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/6*b^6*c^5*x^6 + 4/5*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 - 5/4*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 + 5/2*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 - 4*a^5*b*c^5*x + a^6*c^5*log(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x} dx = a^6 c^5 \log(x) - 4a^5 b c^5 x + \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2}{2} - \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4}{4} + \frac{4ab^5 c^5 x^5}{5} - \frac{b^6 c^5 x^6}{6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**5/x,x)`output `a**6*c**5*log(x) - 4*a**5*b*c**5*x + 5*a**4*b**2*c**5*x**2/2 - 5*a**2*b**4*c**5*x**4/4 + 4*a*b**5*c**5*x**5/5 - b**6*c**5*x**6/6`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{6} b^6 c^5 x^6 + \frac{4}{5} a b^5 c^5 x^5 - \frac{5}{4} a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4 + \frac{5}{2} a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2 - 4 a^5 b c^5 x + a^6 c^5 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*b^6*c^5*x^6 + 4/5*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 - 5/4*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 + 5/2*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 - 4*a^5*b*c^5*x + a^6*c^5*log(x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{6} b^6 c^5 x^6 + \frac{4}{5} a b^5 c^5 x^5 - \frac{5}{4} a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4 + \frac{5}{2} a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2 - 4 a^5 b c^5 x + a^6 c^5 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*b^6*c^5*x^6 + 4/5*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 - 5/4*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 + 5/2*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 - 4*a^5*b*c^5*x + a^6*c^5*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x} dx = a^6 c^5 \ln(x) - \frac{b^6 c^5 x^6}{6} + \frac{4 a b^5 c^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{5 a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2}{2} - \frac{5 a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4}{4} - 4 a^5 b c^5 x$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^5*(a + b*x))/x,x)`

output `a^6*c^5*log(x) - (b^6*c^5*x^6)/6 + (4*a*b^5*c^5*x^5)/5 + (5*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2)/2 - (5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4)/4 - 4*a^5*b*c^5*x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x} dx$$
$$= \frac{c^5(60 \log(x) a^6 - 240a^5bx + 150a^4b^2x^2 - 75a^2b^4x^4 + 48ab^5x^5 - 10b^6x^6)}{60}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x,x)`

output `(c**5*(60*log(x)*a**6 - 240*a**5*b*x + 150*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 75*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 48*a*b**5*x**5 - 10*b**6*x**6))/60`

3.32 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	322
Mathematica [A] (verified)	322
Rubi [A] (verified)	323
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	324
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	324
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	325
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	325
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	326
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	326
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	327

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^6c^5}{x} + 5a^4b^2c^5x - \frac{5}{3}a^2b^4c^5x^3 + ab^5c^5x^4 - \frac{1}{5}b^6c^5x^5 - 4a^5bc^5 \log(x)$$

output

$-a^6c^5/x + 5a^4b^2c^5x - 5/3a^2b^4c^5x^3 + ab^5c^5x^4 - 1/5b^6c^5x^5 - 4a^5bc^5 \ln(x)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^2} dx = c^5 \left(-\frac{a^6}{x} + 5a^4b^2x - \frac{5}{3}a^2b^4x^3 + ab^5x^4 - \frac{b^6x^5}{5} - 4a^5b \log(x) \right)$$

input

`Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5)/x^2,x]`

output

$c^5 * (-a^6/x) + 5*a^4*b^2*x - (5*a^2*b^4*x^3)/3 + a*b^5*x^4 - (b^6*x^5)/5 - 4*a^5*b*Log[x]$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 c^5}{x^2} - \frac{4a^5 b c^5}{x} + 5a^4 b^2 c^5 - 5a^2 b^4 c^5 x^2 + 4ab^5 c^5 x^3 - b^6 c^5 x^4 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^6 c^5}{x} - 4a^5 b c^5 \log(x) + 5a^4 b^2 c^5 x - \frac{5}{3} a^2 b^4 c^5 x^3 + ab^5 c^5 x^4 - \frac{1}{5} b^6 c^5 x^5$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5/x^2,x]`

output `-((a^6*c^5)/x) + 5*a^4*b^2*c^5*x - (5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^3)/3 + a*b^5*c^5*x^4 - (b^6*c^5*x^5)/5 - 4*a^5*b*c^5*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
default	$c^5 \left(-\frac{b^6 x^5}{5} + a b^5 x^4 - \frac{5a^2 b^4 x^3}{3} + 5a^4 b^2 x - 4a^5 b \ln(x) - \frac{a^6}{x} \right)$	58
risch	$-\frac{a^6 c^5}{x} + 5a^4 b^2 c^5 x - \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5 x^3}{3} + a b^5 c^5 x^4 - \frac{b^6 c^5 x^5}{5} - 4a^5 b c^5 \ln(x)$	72
norman	$\frac{a b^5 c^5 x^5 - a^6 c^5 - \frac{1}{5} b^6 c^5 x^6 - \frac{5}{3} a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4 + 5a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2}{x} - 4a^5 b c^5 \ln(x)$	76
parallelrisch	$-\frac{3b^6 c^5 x^6 - 15a b^5 c^5 x^5 + 25a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4 + 60a^5 c^5 b \ln(x) x - 75a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2 + 15a^6 c^5}{15x}$	78

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c^5*(-1/5*b^6*x^5+a*b^5*x^4-5/3*a^2*b^4*x^3+5*a^4*b^2*x-4*a^5*b*ln(x)-a^6/x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3b^6 c^5 x^6 - 15ab^5 c^5 x^5 + 25a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4 - 75a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2 + 60a^5 b c^5 x \log(x) + 15a^6 c^5}{15x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/15*(3*b^6*c^5*x^6 - 15*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + 25*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - 75*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 + 60*a^5*b*c^5*x*log(x) + 15*a^6*c^5)/x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^6 c^5}{x} - 4a^5 b c^5 \log(x) + 5a^4 b^2 c^5 x - \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5 x^3}{3} + ab^5 c^5 x^4 - \frac{b^6 c^5 x^5}{5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**5/x**2,x)`output `-a**6*c**5/x - 4*a**5*b*c**5*log(x) + 5*a**4*b**2*c**5*x - 5*a**2*b**4*c**5*x**3/3 + a*b**5*c**5*x**4 - b**6*c**5*x**5/5`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{5} b^6 c^5 x^5 + ab^5 c^5 x^4 - \frac{5}{3} a^2 b^4 c^5 x^3 + 5a^4 b^2 c^5 x - 4a^5 b c^5 \log(x) - \frac{a^6 c^5}{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/5*b^6*c^5*x^5 + a*b^5*c^5*x^4 - 5/3*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^3 + 5*a^4*b^2*c^5*x - 4*a^5*b*c^5*log(x) - a^6*c^5/x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{5} b^6 c^5 x^5 + ab^5 c^5 x^4 - \frac{5}{3} a^2 b^4 c^5 x^3 + 5 a^4 b^2 c^5 x - 4 a^5 b c^5 \log(|x|) - \frac{a^6 c^5}{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/5*b^6*c^5*x^5 + a*b^5*c^5*x^4 - 5/3*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^3 + 5*a^4*b^2*c^5*x - 4*a^5*b*c^5*log(abs(x)) - a^6*c^5/x`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^2} dx = 5 a^4 b^2 c^5 x - \frac{b^6 c^5 x^5}{5} - \frac{a^6 c^5}{x} + a b^5 c^5 x^4 - 4 a^5 b c^5 \ln(x) - \frac{5 a^2 b^4 c^5 x^3}{3}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^5*(a + b*x))/x^2,x)`output `5*a^4*b^2*c^5*x - (b^6*c^5*x^5)/5 - (a^6*c^5)/x + a*b^5*c^5*x^4 - 4*a^5*b*c^5*log(x) - (5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^3)/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^5(-60 \log(x) a^5 b x - 15 a^6 + 75 a^4 b^2 x^2 - 25 a^2 b^4 x^4 + 15 a b^5 x^5 - 3 b^6 x^6)}{15 x}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^2,x)`output `(c**5*(- 60*log(x)*a**5*b*x - 15*a**6 + 75*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 25*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 15*a*b**5*x**5 - 3*b**6*x**6))/(15*x)`

3.33 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	328
Mathematica [A] (verified)	328
Rubi [A] (verified)	329
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	330
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	330
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	331
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	331
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	332
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	332
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	333

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^6c^5}{2x^2} + \frac{4a^5bc^5}{x} - \frac{5}{2}a^2b^4c^5x^2 + \frac{4}{3}ab^5c^5x^3 - \frac{1}{4}b^6c^5x^4 + 5a^4b^2c^5 \log(x)$$

output

$-1/2*a^6*c^5/x^2+4*a^5*b*c^5/x-5/2*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^2+4/3*a*b^5*c^5*x^3-1/4*b^6*c^5*x^4+5*a^4*b^2*c^5*\ln(x)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^3} dx = c^5 \left(-\frac{a^6}{2x^2} + \frac{4a^5b}{x} - \frac{5}{2}a^2b^4x^2 + \frac{4}{3}ab^5x^3 - \frac{b^6x^4}{4} + 5a^4b^2 \log(x) \right)$$

input

`Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5)/x^3,x]`

output

$c^5*(-1/2*a^6/x^2 + (4*a^5*b)/x - (5*a^2*b^4*x^2)/2 + (4*a*b^5*x^3)/3 - (b^6*x^4)/4 + 5*a^4*b^2*\text{Log}[x])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 c^5}{x^3} - \frac{4a^5 b c^5}{x^2} + \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5}{x} - 5a^2 b^4 c^5 x + 4ab^5 c^5 x^2 - b^6 c^5 x^3 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^6 c^5}{2x^2} + \frac{4a^5 b c^5}{x} + 5a^4 b^2 c^5 \log(x) - \frac{5}{2} a^2 b^4 c^5 x^2 + \frac{4}{3} a b^5 c^5 x^3 - \frac{1}{4} b^6 c^5 x^4$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a^6*c^5)/x^2 + (4*a^5*b*c^5)/x - (5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^2)/2 + (4*a*b^5*c^5*x^3)/3 - (b^6*c^5*x^4)/4 + 5*a^4*b^2*c^5*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
default	$c^5 \left(-\frac{b^6 x^4}{4} + \frac{4a b^5 x^3}{3} - \frac{5a^2 b^4 x^2}{2} - \frac{a^6}{2x^2} + 5a^4 b^2 \ln(x) + \frac{4a^5 b}{x} \right)$	61
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}a^6 c^5 - \frac{1}{4}b^6 c^5 x^6 + \frac{4}{3}a b^5 c^5 x^5 - \frac{5}{2}a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4 + 4a^5 b c^5 x}{x^2} + 5a^4 b^2 c^5 \ln(x)$	75
risch	$-\frac{b^6 c^5 x^4}{4} + \frac{4a b^5 c^5 x^3}{3} - \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5 x^2}{2} + \frac{4a^5 b c^5 x - \frac{1}{2}a^6 c^5}{x^2} + 5a^4 b^2 c^5 \ln(x)$	75
parallelrisch	$\frac{-3b^6 c^5 x^6 + 16a b^5 c^5 x^5 - 30a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4 + 60a^4 c^5 b^2 \ln(x)x^2 + 48a^5 b c^5 x - 6a^6 c^5}{12x^2}$	78

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `c^5*(-1/4*b^6*x^4+4/3*a*b^5*x^3-5/2*a^2*b^4*x^2-1/2*a^6/x^2+5*a^4*b^2*ln(x)+4*a^5*b/x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3b^6 c^5 x^6 - 16ab^5 c^5 x^5 + 30a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4 - 60a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2 \log(x) - 48a^5 b c^5 x + 6a^6 c^5}{12x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/12*(3*b^6*c^5*x^6 - 16*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + 30*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - 60*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2*log(x) - 48*a^5*b*c^5*x + 6*a^6*c^5)/x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^3} dx = 5a^4b^2c^5 \log(x) - \frac{5a^2b^4c^5x^2}{2} + \frac{4ab^5c^5x^3}{3} - \frac{b^6c^5x^4}{4} - \frac{a^6c^5 - 8a^5bc^5x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**5/x**3,x)`output `5*a**4*b**2*c**5*log(x) - 5*a**2*b**4*c**5*x**2/2 + 4*a*b**5*c**5*x**3/3 - b**6*c**5*x**4/4 - (a**6*c**5 - 8*a**5*b*c**5*x)/(2*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{4}b^6c^5x^4 + \frac{4}{3}ab^5c^5x^3 - \frac{5}{2}a^2b^4c^5x^2 + 5a^4b^2c^5 \log(x) + \frac{8a^5bc^5x - a^6c^5}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*b^6*c^5*x^4 + 4/3*a*b^5*c^5*x^3 - 5/2*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^2*c^5*log(x) + 1/2*(8*a^5*b*c^5*x - a^6*c^5)/x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{4} b^6 c^5 x^4 + \frac{4}{3} a b^5 c^5 x^3 - \frac{5}{2} a^2 b^4 c^5 x^2 + 5 a^4 b^2 c^5 \log(|x|) + \frac{8 a^5 b c^5 x - a^6 c^5}{2 x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/4*b^6*c^5*x^4 + 4/3*a*b^5*c^5*x^3 - 5/2*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^2 + 5*a^4*b^2*c^5*log(abs(x)) + 1/2*(8*a^5*b*c^5*x - a^6*c^5)/x^2`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^3} dx = \frac{4 a b^5 c^5 x^3}{3} - \frac{b^6 c^5 x^4}{4} - \frac{a^6 c^5}{2} - \frac{4 a^5 b c^5 x}{x^2} - \frac{5 a^2 b^4 c^5 x^2}{2} + 5 a^4 b^2 c^5 \ln(x)$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^5*(a + b*x))/x^3,x)`output `(4*a*b^5*c^5*x^3)/3 - (b^6*c^5*x^4)/4 - ((a^6*c^5)/2 - 4*a^5*b*c^5*x)/x^2 - (5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^2)/2 + 5*a^4*b^2*c^5*log(x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^5(60 \log(x) a^4 b^2 x^2 - 6a^6 + 48a^5 b x - 30a^2 b^4 x^4 + 16a b^5 x^5 - 3b^6 x^6)}{12x^2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^3,x)`output `(c**5*(60*log(x)*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 6*a**6 + 48*a**5*b*x - 30*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 16*a*b**5*x**5 - 3*b**6*x**6))/(12*x**2)`

3.34 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	334
Mathematica [B] (verified)	334
Rubi [A] (verified)	335
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	335
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	336
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	337
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	337
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	338
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	338
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	339

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{c^5(a-bx)^6}{3x^3}$$

output `-1/3*c^5*(-b*x+a)^6/x^3`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 63 vs. 2(18) = 36.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.50

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^4} dx = c^5 \left(-\frac{a^6}{3x^3} + \frac{2a^5b}{x^2} - \frac{5a^4b^2}{x} - 5a^2b^4x + 2ab^5x^2 - \frac{b^6x^3}{3} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5)/x^4,x]`

output `c^5*(-1/3*a^6/x^3 + (2*a^5*b)/x^2 - (5*a^4*b^2)/x - 5*a^2*b^4*x + 2*a*b^5*x^2 - (b^6*x^3)/3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.050$, Rules used = {83}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 83

$$-\frac{c^5(a - bx)^6}{3x^3}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5)/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(c^5*(a - b*x)^6)/x^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 83 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 57 vs. $2(16) = 32$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{c^5(b^6x^6 - 6ax^5b^5 + 15a^2x^4b^4 + 15a^4x^2b^2 - 6a^5xb + a^6)}{3x^3}$	58
default	$c^5\left(-\frac{b^6x^3}{3} + 2ab^5x^2 - 5a^2b^4x - \frac{a^6}{3x^3} + \frac{2a^5b}{x^2} - \frac{5a^4b^2}{x}\right)$	60
risch	$-\frac{b^6c^5x^3}{3} + 2b^5c^5ax^2 - 5b^4c^5a^2x + \frac{-5a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 2a^5bc^5x - \frac{1}{3}a^6c^5}{x^3}$	74
parallelrisc	$-\frac{b^6c^5x^6 - 6ab^5c^5x^5 + 15a^2b^4c^5x^4 + 15a^4b^2c^5x^2 - 6a^5bc^5x + a^6c^5}{3x^3}$	74
orering	$-\frac{(b^6x^6 - 6ax^5b^5 + 15a^2x^4b^4 + 15a^4x^2b^2 - 6a^5xb + a^6)(-bcx + ac)^5}{3x^3(-bx + a)^5}$	74
norman	$-\frac{\frac{1}{3}a^6c^5 - \frac{1}{3}b^6c^5x^6 + 2ab^5c^5x^5 - 5a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 5a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 2a^5bc^5x}{x^3}$	75

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/3*c^5*(b^6*x^6 - 6*a*b^5*x^5 + 15*a^2*b^4*x^4 + 15*a^4*b^2*x^2 - 6*a^5*b*x + a^6)/x^3$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 73 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.06

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{b^6c^5x^6 - 6ab^5c^5x^5 + 15a^2b^4c^5x^4 + 15a^4b^2c^5x^2 - 6a^5bc^5x + a^6c^5}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/3*(b^6*c^5*x^6 - 6*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + 15*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 + 15*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 - 6*a^5*b*c^5*x + a^6*c^5)/x^3$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs. $2(15) = 30$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.22

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^4} dx$$

$$= -5a^2b^4c^5x + 2ab^5c^5x^2 - \frac{b^6c^5x^3}{3} - \frac{a^6c^5 - 6a^5bc^5x + 15a^4b^2c^5x^2}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**5/x**4,x)`

output `-5*a**2*b**4*c**5*x + 2*a*b**5*c**5*x**2 - b**6*c**5*x**3/3 - (a**6*c**5 - 6*a**5*b*c**5*x + 15*a**4*b**2*c**5*x**2)/(3*x**3)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 73 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.06

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3}b^6c^5x^3 + 2ab^5c^5x^2 - 5a^2b^4c^5x$$

$$- \frac{15a^4b^2c^5x^2 - 6a^5bc^5x + a^6c^5}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*b^6*c^5*x^3 + 2*a*b^5*c^5*x^2 - 5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x - 1/3*(15*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 - 6*a^5*b*c^5*x + a^6*c^5)/x^3`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 73 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.06

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3} b^6 c^5 x^3 + 2 a b^5 c^5 x^2 - 5 a^2 b^4 c^5 x - \frac{15 a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2 - 6 a^5 b c^5 x + a^6 c^5}{3 x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*b^6*c^5*x^3 + 2*a*b^5*c^5*x^2 - 5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x - 1/3*(15*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 - 6*a^5*b*c^5*x + a^6*c^5)/x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.11

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^4} dx = 2 a b^5 c^5 x^2 - \frac{b^6 c^5 x^3}{3} - 5 a^2 b^4 c^5 x - \frac{\frac{a^6 c^5}{3} - 2 a^5 b c^5 x + 5 a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2}{x^3}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^5*(a + b*x))/x^4,x)`

output `2*a*b^5*c^5*x^2 - (b^6*c^5*x^3)/3 - 5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x - ((a^6*c^5)/3 + 5*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 - 2*a^5*b*c^5*x)/x^3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^4} dx = \frac{c^5(-b^6x^6 + 6ab^5x^5 - 15a^2b^4x^4 - 15a^4b^2x^2 + 6a^5bx - a^6)}{3x^3}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^4,x)`output `(c**5*(- a**6 + 6*a**5*b*x - 15*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 15*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 6*a*b**5*x**5 - b**6*x**6))/(3*x**3)`

3.35 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	340
Mathematica [A] (verified)	340
Rubi [A] (verified)	341
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	342
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	342
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	343
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	343
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	344
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	344
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	345

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^6 c^5}{4x^4} + \frac{4a^5 b c^5}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5}{2x^2} + 4ab^5 c^5 x - \frac{1}{2} b^6 c^5 x^2 - 5a^2 b^4 c^5 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/4*a^6*c^5/x^4+4/3*a^5*b*c^5/x^3-5/2*a^4*b^2*c^5/x^2+4*a*b^5*c^5*x-1/2*b^6*c^5*x^2-5*a^2*b^4*c^5*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^5} dx = c^5 \left(-\frac{a^6}{4x^4} + \frac{4a^5 b}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^4 b^2}{2x^2} + 4ab^5 x - \frac{b^6 x^2}{2} - 5a^2 b^4 \log(x) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5)/x^5,x]
```

output

```
c^5*(-1/4*a^6/x^4 + (4*a^5*b)/(3*x^3) - (5*a^4*b^2)/(2*x^2) + 4*a*b^5*x - (b^6*x^2)/2 - 5*a^2*b^4*Log[x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 c^5}{x^5} - \frac{4a^5 b c^5}{x^4} + \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5}{x^3} - \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5}{x} + 4ab^5 c^5 - b^6 c^5 x \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^6 c^5}{4x^4} + \frac{4a^5 b c^5}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5}{2x^2} - 5a^2 b^4 c^5 \log(x) + 4ab^5 c^5 x - \frac{1}{2}b^6 c^5 x^2$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(a^6*c^5)/x^4 + (4*a^5*b*c^5)/(3*x^3) - (5*a^4*b^2*c^5)/(2*x^2) + 4*a*b^5*c^5*x - (b^6*c^5*x^2)/2 - 5*a^2*b^4*c^5*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
default	$c^5 \left(-\frac{b^6 x^2}{2} + 4a b^5 x + \frac{4a^5 b}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^4 b^2}{2x^2} - \frac{a^6}{4x^4} - 5a^2 b^4 \ln(x) \right)$	59
risch	$-\frac{b^6 c^5 x^2}{2} + 4a b^5 c^5 x + \frac{-\frac{5}{2} a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2 + \frac{4}{3} a^5 b c^5 x - \frac{1}{4} a^6 c^5}{x^4} - 5a^2 b^4 c^5 \ln(x)$	73
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{4} a^6 c^5 - \frac{1}{2} b^6 c^5 x^6 + 4a b^5 c^5 x^5 - \frac{5}{2} a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2 + \frac{4}{3} a^5 b c^5 x}{x^4} - 5a^2 b^4 c^5 \ln(x)$	75
parallelrisc	$-\frac{6b^6 c^5 x^6 + 60a^2 c^5 b^4 \ln(x) x^4 - 48a b^5 c^5 x^5 + 30a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2 - 16a^5 b c^5 x + 3a^6 c^5}{12x^4}$	78

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `c^5*(-1/2*b^6*x^2+4*a*b^5*x+4/3*a^5*b/x^3-5/2*a^4*b^2/x^2-1/4*a^6/x^4-5*a^2*b^4*ln(x))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{6b^6 c^5 x^6 - 48ab^5 c^5 x^5 + 60a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4 \log(x) + 30a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2 - 16a^5 b c^5 x + 3a^6 c^5}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/12*(6*b^6*c^5*x^6 - 48*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + 60*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4*log(x) + 30*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 - 16*a^5*b*c^5*x + 3*a^6*c^5)/x^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^5} dx = -5a^2b^4c^5 \log(x) + 4ab^5c^5x - \frac{b^6c^5x^2}{2} - \frac{3a^6c^5 - 16a^5bc^5x + 30a^4b^2c^5x^2}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**5/x**5,x)`output `-5*a**2*b**4*c**5*log(x) + 4*a*b**5*c**5*x - b**6*c**5*x**2/2 - (3*a**6*c**5 - 16*a**5*b*c**5*x + 30*a**4*b**2*c**5*x**2)/(12*x**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^5} dx = -\frac{1}{2}b^6c^5x^2 + 4ab^5c^5x - 5a^2b^4c^5 \log(x) - \frac{30a^4b^2c^5x^2 - 16a^5bc^5x + 3a^6c^5}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*b^6*c^5*x^2 + 4*a*b^5*c^5*x - 5*a^2*b^4*c^5*log(x) - 1/12*(30*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 - 16*a^5*b*c^5*x + 3*a^6*c^5)/x^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^5} dx = -\frac{1}{2}b^6c^5x^2 + 4ab^5c^5x - 5a^2b^4c^5 \log(|x|) - \frac{30a^4b^2c^5x^2 - 16a^5bc^5x + 3a^6c^5}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*b^6*c^5*x^2 + 4*a*b^5*c^5*x - 5*a^2*b^4*c^5*log(abs(x)) - 1/12*(30*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 - 16*a^5*b*c^5*x + 3*a^6*c^5)/x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^5} dx = 4ab^5c^5x - \frac{b^6c^5x^2}{2} - 5a^2b^4c^5 \ln(x) - \frac{\frac{a^6c^5}{4} - \frac{4a^5bc^5x}{3} + \frac{5a^4b^2c^5x^2}{2}}{x^4}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^5*(a + b*x))/x^5,x)`

output `4*a*b^5*c^5*x - (b^6*c^5*x^2)/2 - 5*a^2*b^4*c^5*log(x) - ((a^6*c^5)/4 + (5*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2)/2 - (4*a^5*b*c^5*x)/3)/x^4`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^5(-60 \log(x) a^2 b^4 x^4 - 3a^6 + 16a^5 b x - 30a^4 b^2 x^2 + 48a b^5 x^5 - 6b^6 x^6)}{12x^4}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^5,x)`output `(c**5*(- 60*log(x)*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 3*a**6 + 16*a**5*b*x - 30*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 48*a*b**5*x**5 - 6*b**6*x**6))/(12*x**4)`

3.36 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	346
Mathematica [A] (verified)	346
Rubi [A] (verified)	347
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	348
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	348
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	349
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	349
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	350
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	350
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	351

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^6 c^5}{5x^5} + \frac{a^5 b c^5}{x^4} - \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5}{3x^3} + \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5}{x} - b^6 c^5 x + 4ab^5 c^5 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/5*a^6*c^5/x^5+a^5*b*c^5/x^4-5/3*a^4*b^2*c^5/x^3+5*a^2*b^4*c^5/x-b^6*c^5*x+4*a*b^5*c^5*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^6} dx = c^5 \left(-\frac{a^6}{5x^5} + \frac{a^5 b}{x^4} - \frac{5a^4 b^2}{3x^3} + \frac{5a^2 b^4}{x} - b^6 x + 4ab^5 \log(x) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5)/x^6,x]
```

output

```
c^5*(-1/5*a^6/x^5 + (a^5*b)/x^4 - (5*a^4*b^2)/(3*x^3) + (5*a^2*b^4)/x - b^6*x + 4*a*b^5*Log[x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 c^5}{x^6} - \frac{4a^5 b c^5}{x^5} + \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5}{x^4} - \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5}{x^2} + \frac{4ab^5 c^5}{x} - b^6 c^5 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^6 c^5}{5x^5} + \frac{a^5 b c^5}{x^4} - \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5}{3x^3} + \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5}{x} + 4ab^5 c^5 \log(x) - b^6 c^5 x$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5/x^6,x]`

output `-1/5*(a^6*c^5)/x^5 + (a^5*b*c^5)/x^4 - (5*a^4*b^2*c^5)/(3*x^3) + (5*a^2*b^4*c^5)/x - b^6*c^5*x + 4*a*b^5*c^5*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
default	$c^5 \left(-b^6 x - \frac{5a^4 b^2}{3x^3} - \frac{a^6}{5x^5} + \frac{a^5 b}{x^4} + 4a b^5 \ln(x) + \frac{5a^2 b^4}{x} \right)$	58
risch	$-b^6 c^5 x + \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4 - \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2 + a^5 b c^5 x - \frac{1}{5} a^6 c^5}{x^5} + 4a b^5 c^5 \ln(x)$	72
norman	$\frac{a^5 b c^5 x - \frac{1}{5} a^6 c^5 - b^6 c^5 x^6 + 5a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4 - \frac{5}{3} a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2}{x^5} + 4a b^5 c^5 \ln(x)$	74
parallelrisch	$\frac{60a c^5 b^5 \ln(x) x^5 - 15b^6 c^5 x^6 + 75a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4 - 25a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2 + 15a^5 b c^5 x - 3a^6 c^5}{15x^5}$	78

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `c^5*(-b^6*x-5/3*a^4*b^2/x^3-1/5*a^6/x^5+a^5*b/x^4+4*a*b^5*ln(x)+5*a^2*b^4/x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{15b^6c^5x^6 - 60ab^5c^5x^5 \log(x) - 75a^2b^4c^5x^4 + 25a^4b^2c^5x^2 - 15a^5bc^5x + 3a^6c^5}{15x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/15*(15*b^6*c^5*x^6 - 60*a*b^5*c^5*x^5*log(x) - 75*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 + 25*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 - 15*a^5*b*c^5*x + 3*a^6*c^5)/x^5`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^6} dx = 4ab^5c^5 \log(x) - b^6c^5x - \frac{3a^6c^5 - 15a^5bc^5x + 25a^4b^2c^5x^2 - 75a^2b^4c^5x^4}{15x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**5/x**6,x)`output `4*a*b**5*c**5*log(x) - b**6*c**5*x - (3*a**6*c**5 - 15*a**5*b*c**5*x + 25*a**4*b**2*c**5*x**2 - 75*a**2*b**4*c**5*x**4)/(15*x**5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^6} dx = -b^6c^5x + 4ab^5c^5 \log(x) + \frac{75a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 25a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 15a^5bc^5x - 3a^6c^5}{15x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-b^6*c^5*x + 4*a*b^5*c^5*log(x) + 1/15*(75*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - 25*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 + 15*a^5*b*c^5*x - 3*a^6*c^5)/x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^6} dx = -b^6 c^5 x + 4ab^5 c^5 \log(|x|) + \frac{75a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4 - 25a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2 + 15a^5 b c^5 x - 3a^6 c^5}{15x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-b^6*c^5*x + 4*a*b^5*c^5*log(abs(x)) + 1/15*(75*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - 25*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 + 15*a^5*b*c^5*x - 3*a^6*c^5)/x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^6} dx = -\frac{c^5 \left(\frac{a^6}{5} + b^6 x^6 + \frac{5a^4 b^2 x^2}{3} - 5a^2 b^4 x^4 - a^5 b x - 4ab^5 x^5 \ln(x) \right)}{x^5}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^5*(a + b*x))/x^6,x)`

output `-(c^5*(a^6/5 + b^6*x^6 + (5*a^4*b^2*x^2)/3 - 5*a^2*b^4*x^4 - a^5*b*x - 4*a*b^5*x^5*log(x)))/x^5`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^5(60 \log(x) a b^5 x^5 - 3a^6 + 15a^5 b x - 25a^4 b^2 x^2 + 75a^2 b^4 x^4 - 15b^6 x^6)}{15x^5}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^6,x)`output `(c**5*(60*log(x)*a*b**5*x**5 - 3*a**6 + 15*a**5*b*x - 25*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 75*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 15*b**6*x**6))/(15*x**5)`

3.37 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	352
Mathematica [A] (verified)	352
Rubi [A] (verified)	353
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	354
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	354
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	355
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	355
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	356
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	356
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	357

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^6c^5}{6x^6} + \frac{4a^5bc^5}{5x^5} - \frac{5a^4b^2c^5}{4x^4} + \frac{5a^2b^4c^5}{2x^2} - \frac{4ab^5c^5}{x} - b^6c^5 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/6*a^6*c^5/x^6+4/5*a^5*b*c^5/x^5-5/4*a^4*b^2*c^5/x^4+5/2*a^2*b^4*c^5/x^2
-4*a*b^5*c^5/x-b^6*c^5*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^7} dx = c^5 \left(-\frac{a^6}{6x^6} + \frac{4a^5b}{5x^5} - \frac{5a^4b^2}{4x^4} + \frac{5a^2b^4}{2x^2} - \frac{4ab^5}{x} - b^6 \log(x) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5)/x^7,x]
```

output

```
c^5*(-1/6*a^6/x^6 + (4*a^5*b)/(5*x^5) - (5*a^4*b^2)/(4*x^4) + (5*a^2*b^4)/(
2*x^2) - (4*a*b^5)/x - b^6*Log[x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^7} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 c^5}{x^7} - \frac{4a^5 b c^5}{x^6} + \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5}{x^5} - \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5}{x^3} + \frac{4ab^5 c^5}{x^2} - \frac{b^6 c^5}{x} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^6 c^5}{6x^6} + \frac{4a^5 b c^5}{5x^5} - \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5}{4x^4} + \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5}{2x^2} - \frac{4ab^5 c^5}{x} - b^6 c^5 \log(x)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5/x^7,x]`

output `-1/6*(a^6*c^5)/x^6 + (4*a^5*b*c^5)/(5*x^5) - (5*a^4*b^2*c^5)/(4*x^4) + (5*a^2*b^4*c^5)/(2*x^2) - (4*a*b^5*c^5)/x - b^6*c^5*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
default	$c^5 \left(\frac{4a^5b}{5x^5} + \frac{5a^2b^4}{2x^2} - \frac{5a^4b^2}{4x^4} - b^6 \ln(x) - \frac{4ab^5}{x} - \frac{a^6}{6x^6} \right)$	61
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{6}a^6c^5 - 4ab^5c^5x^5 + \frac{5}{2}a^2b^4c^5x^4 - \frac{5}{4}a^4b^2c^5x^2 + \frac{4}{5}a^5bc^5x}{x^6} - b^6c^5 \ln(x)$	75
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{6}a^6c^5 - 4ab^5c^5x^5 + \frac{5}{2}a^2b^4c^5x^4 - \frac{5}{4}a^4b^2c^5x^2 + \frac{4}{5}a^5bc^5x}{x^6} - b^6c^5 \ln(x)$	75
parallelrisch	$-\frac{60b^6c^5 \ln(x)x^6 + 240ab^5c^5x^5 - 150a^2b^4c^5x^4 + 75a^4b^2c^5x^2 - 48a^5bc^5x + 10a^6c^5}{60x^6}$	78

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `c^5*(4/5*a^5*b/x^5+5/2*a^2*b^4/x^2-5/4*a^4*b^2/x^4-b^6*ln(x)-4*a*b^5/x-1/6*a^6/x^6)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{60b^6c^5x^6 \log(x) + 240ab^5c^5x^5 - 150a^2b^4c^5x^4 + 75a^4b^2c^5x^2 - 48a^5bc^5x + 10a^6c^5}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/60*(60*b^6*c^5*x^6*log(x) + 240*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 - 150*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 + 75*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 - 48*a^5*b*c^5*x + 10*a^6*c^5)/x^6`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -b^6 c^5 \log(x) - \frac{10a^6 c^5 - 48a^5 b c^5 x + 75a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2 - 150a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4 + 240ab^5 c^5 x^5}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**5/x**7,x)`output `-b**6*c**5*log(x) - (10*a**6*c**5 - 48*a**5*b*c**5*x + 75*a**4*b**2*c**5*x**2 - 150*a**2*b**4*c**5*x**4 + 240*a*b**5*c**5*x**5)/(60*x**6)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -b^6 c^5 \log(x) - \frac{240 ab^5 c^5 x^5 - 150 a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4 + 75 a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2 - 48 a^5 b c^5 x + 10 a^6 c^5}{60 x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-b^6*c^5*log(x) - 1/60*(240*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 - 150*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 + 75*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 - 48*a^5*b*c^5*x + 10*a^6*c^5)/x^6`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -b^6 c^5 \log(|x|) - \frac{240 ab^5 c^5 x^5 - 150 a^2 b^4 c^5 x^4 + 75 a^4 b^2 c^5 x^2 - 48 a^5 b c^5 x + 10 a^6 c^5}{60 x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-b^6*c^5*log(abs(x)) - 1/60*(240*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 - 150*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 + 75*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 - 48*a^5*b*c^5*x + 10*a^6*c^5)/x^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{c^5 (10 a^6 + 240 a b^5 x^5 + 75 a^4 b^2 x^2 - 150 a^2 b^4 x^4 + 60 b^6 x^6 \ln(x) - 48 a^5 b x)}{60 x^6}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^5*(a + b*x))/x^7,x)`

output `-(c^5*(10*a^6 + 240*a*b^5*x^5 + 75*a^4*b^2*x^2 - 150*a^2*b^4*x^4 + 60*b^6*x^6*log(x) - 48*a^5*b*x))/(60*x^6)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^5(-60 \log(x) b^6 x^6 - 10a^6 + 48a^5 b x - 75a^4 b^2 x^2 + 150a^2 b^4 x^4 - 240a b^5 x^5)}{60x^6}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^7,x)`output `(c**5*(- 60*log(x)*b**6*x**6 - 10*a**6 + 48*a**5*b*x - 75*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 150*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 240*a*b**5*x**5))/(60*x**6)`

$$3.38 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^8} dx$$

Optimal result	358
Mathematica [A] (verified)	358
Rubi [A] (verified)	359
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	360
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	360
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	361
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	361
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	362
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	362
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	363

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^8} dx = -\frac{c^5(a-bx)^6}{7x^7} - \frac{4bc^5(a-bx)^6}{21ax^6}$$

output `-1/7*c^5*(-b*x+a)^6/x^7-4/21*b*c^5*(-b*x+a)^6/a/x^6`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^8} dx = c^5 \left(-\frac{a^6}{7x^7} + \frac{2a^5b}{3x^6} - \frac{a^4b^2}{x^5} + \frac{5a^2b^4}{3x^3} - \frac{2ab^5}{x^2} + \frac{b^6}{x} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5)/x^8,x]`

output `c^5*(-1/7*a^6/x^7 + (2*a^5*b)/(3*x^6) - (a^4*b^2)/x^5 + (5*a^2*b^4)/(3*x^3) - (2*a*b^5)/x^2 + b^6/x)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {87, 27, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{8}{7}b \int \frac{c^5(a - bx)^5}{x^7} dx - \frac{c^5(a - bx)^6}{7x^7}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{8}{7}bc^5 \int \frac{(a - bx)^5}{x^7} dx - \frac{c^5(a - bx)^6}{7x^7}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$-\frac{c^5(a - bx)^6}{7x^7} - \frac{4bc^5(a - bx)^6}{21ax^6}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5)/x^8,x]`

output `-1/7*(c^5*(a - b*x)^6)/x^7 - (4*b*c^5*(a - b*x)^6)/(21*a*x^6)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] :> Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1))]/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{c^5(-21b^6x^6+42ax^5b^5-35a^2x^4b^4+21a^4x^2b^2-14a^5xb+3a^6)}{21x^7}$	61
default	$c^5\left(\frac{5a^2b^4}{3x^3} - \frac{a^4b^2}{x^5} - \frac{2ab^5}{x^2} - \frac{a^6}{7x^7} + \frac{b^6}{x} + \frac{2a^5b}{3x^6}\right)$	61
norman	$\frac{b^6c^5x^6 - \frac{1}{7}a^6c^5 - 2ab^5c^5x^5 + \frac{5}{3}a^2b^4c^5x^4 - a^4b^2c^5x^2 + \frac{2}{3}a^5bc^5x}{x^7}$	74
risch	$\frac{b^6c^5x^6 - \frac{1}{7}a^6c^5 - 2ab^5c^5x^5 + \frac{5}{3}a^2b^4c^5x^4 - a^4b^2c^5x^2 + \frac{2}{3}a^5bc^5x}{x^7}$	74
parallelrisch	$\frac{21b^6c^5x^6 - 42ab^5c^5x^5 + 35a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 21a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 14a^5bc^5x - 3a^6c^5}{21x^7}$	76
orering	$-\frac{(-21b^6x^6+42ax^5b^5-35a^2x^4b^4+21a^4x^2b^2-14a^5xb+3a^6)(-bcx+ac)^5}{21x^7(-bx+a)^5}$	77

```
input int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/21*c^5*(-21*b^6*x^6+42*a*b^5*x^5-35*a^2*b^4*x^4+21*a^4*b^2*x^2-14*a^5*b
*x+3*a^6)/x^7
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{21b^6c^5x^6 - 42ab^5c^5x^5 + 35a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 21a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 14a^5bc^5x - 3a^6c^5}{21x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{21} \cdot (21b^6c^5x^6 - 42a^5b^5c^5x^5 + 35a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 21a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 14a^5b^5c^5x - 3a^6c^5) / x^7$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 82 vs. $2(36) = 72$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3a^6c^5 - 14a^5bc^5x + 21a^4b^2c^5x^2 - 35a^2b^4c^5x^4 + 42ab^5c^5x^5 - 21b^6c^5x^6}{21x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**5/x**8,x)`

output $-(3a^6c^5 - 14a^5b^5c^5x + 21a^4b^2c^5x^2 - 35a^2b^4c^5x^4 + 42ab^5c^5x^5 - 21b^6c^5x^6) / (21x^7)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{21b^6c^5x^6 - 42ab^5c^5x^5 + 35a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 21a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 14a^5bc^5x - 3a^6c^5}{21x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{21} \cdot (21b^6c^5x^6 - 42a^5b^5c^5x^5 + 35a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 21a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 14a^5b^5c^5x - 3a^6c^5) / x^7$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{21b^6c^5x^6 - 42ab^5c^5x^5 + 35a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 21a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 14a^5bc^5x - 3a^6c^5}{21x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/21*(21*b^6*c^5*x^6 - 42*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + 35*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - 21*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 + 14*a^5*b*c^5*x - 3*a^6*c^5)/x^7`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{a^6c^5}{7} - \frac{2a^5bc^5x}{3} + a^4b^2c^5x^2 - \frac{5a^2b^4c^5x^4}{3} + 2ab^5c^5x^5 - b^6c^5x^6}{x^7}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^5*(a + b*x))/x^8,x)`output `-((a^6*c^5)/7 - b^6*c^5*x^6 + 2*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 - (5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4)/3 - (2*a^5*b*c^5*x)/3)/x^7`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^8} dx$$
$$= \frac{c^5(21b^6x^6 - 42ab^5x^5 + 35a^2b^4x^4 - 21a^4b^2x^2 + 14a^5bx - 3a^6)}{21x^7}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^8,x)`

output `(c**5*(- 3*a**6 + 14*a**5*b*x - 21*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 35*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 4
2*a*b**5*x**5 + 21*b**6*x**6))/(21*x**7)`

3.39 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	364
Mathematica [A] (verified)	364
Rubi [A] (verified)	365
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	366
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	367
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	368
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	368
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	369
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	369
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	370

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^9} dx = -\frac{c^5(a-bx)^6}{8x^8} - \frac{5bc^5(a-bx)^6}{28ax^7} - \frac{5b^2c^5(a-bx)^6}{168a^2x^6}$$

output

$-1/8*c^5*(-b*x+a)^6/x^8-5/28*b*c^5*(-b*x+a)^6/a/x^7-5/168*b^2*c^5*(-b*x+a)^6/a^2/x^6$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^9} dx = c^5 \left(-\frac{a^6}{8x^8} + \frac{4a^5b}{7x^7} - \frac{5a^4b^2}{6x^6} + \frac{5a^2b^4}{4x^4} - \frac{4ab^5}{3x^3} + \frac{b^6}{2x^2} \right)$$

input

`Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5)/x^9,x]`

output

$c^5*(-1/8*a^6/x^8 + (4*a^5*b)/(7*x^7) - (5*a^4*b^2)/(6*x^6) + (5*a^2*b^4)/(4*x^4) - (4*a*b^5)/(3*x^3) + b^6/(2*x^2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {87, 27, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^9} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{5}{4}b \int \frac{c^5(a - bx)^5}{x^8} dx - \frac{c^5(a - bx)^6}{8x^8}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{5}{4}bc^5 \int \frac{(a - bx)^5}{x^8} dx - \frac{c^5(a - bx)^6}{8x^8}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$\frac{5}{4}bc^5 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{(a - bx)^5}{x^7} dx}{7a} - \frac{(a - bx)^6}{7ax^7} \right) - \frac{c^5(a - bx)^6}{8x^8}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$\frac{5}{4}bc^5 \left(-\frac{b(a - bx)^6}{42a^2x^6} - \frac{(a - bx)^6}{7ax^7} \right) - \frac{c^5(a - bx)^6}{8x^8}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5)/x^9,x]`

output `-1/8*(c^5*(a - b*x)^6)/x^8 + (5*b*c^5*(-1/7*(a - b*x)^6/(a*x^7) - (b*(a - b*x)^6)/(42*a^2*x^6)))/4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{c^5(-84b^6x^6+224ax^5b^5-210a^2x^4b^4+140a^4x^2b^2-96a^5xb+21a^6)}{168x^8}$	61
default	$c^5\left(-\frac{4ab^5}{3x^3}+\frac{b^6}{2x^2}+\frac{4a^5b}{7x^7}+\frac{5a^2b^4}{4x^4}-\frac{a^6}{8x^8}-\frac{5a^4b^2}{6x^6}\right)$	62
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{8}a^6c^5+\frac{1}{2}b^6c^5x^6-\frac{4}{3}ab^5c^5x^5+\frac{5}{4}a^2b^4c^5x^4-\frac{5}{6}a^4b^2c^5x^2+\frac{4}{7}a^5bc^5x}{x^8}$	75
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{8}a^6c^5+\frac{1}{2}b^6c^5x^6-\frac{4}{3}ab^5c^5x^5+\frac{5}{4}a^2b^4c^5x^4-\frac{5}{6}a^4b^2c^5x^2+\frac{4}{7}a^5bc^5x}{x^8}$	75
parallelrisc	$\frac{84b^6c^5x^6-224ab^5c^5x^5+210a^2b^4c^5x^4-140a^4b^2c^5x^2+96a^5bc^5x-21a^6c^5}{168x^8}$	76
orering	$-\frac{(-84b^6x^6+224ax^5b^5-210a^2x^4b^4+140a^4x^2b^2-96a^5xb+21a^6)(-bcx+ac)^5}{168x^8(-bx+a)^5}$	77

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/168*c^5*(-84*b^6*x^6+224*a*b^5*x^5-210*a^2*b^4*x^4+140*a^4*b^2*x^2-96*a^5*b*x+21*a^6)/x^8$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{84b^6c^5x^6 - 224ab^5c^5x^5 + 210a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 140a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 96a^5bc^5x - 21a^6c^5}{168x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/168*(84*b^6*c^5*x^6 - 224*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + 210*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - 140*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 + 96*a^5*b*c^5*x - 21*a^6*c^5)/x^8$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^9} dx$$

$$= -\frac{21a^6c^5 - 96a^5bc^5x + 140a^4b^2c^5x^2 - 210a^2b^4c^5x^4 + 224ab^5c^5x^5 - 84b^6c^5x^6}{168x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**5/x**9,x)`output `-(21*a**6*c**5 - 96*a**5*b*c**5*x + 140*a**4*b**2*c**5*x**2 - 210*a**2*b**4*c**5*x**4 + 224*a*b**5*c**5*x**5 - 84*b**6*c**5*x**6)/(168*x**8)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{84b^6c^5x^6 - 224ab^5c^5x^5 + 210a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 140a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 96a^5bc^5x - 21a^6c^5}{168x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/168*(84*b^6*c^5*x^6 - 224*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + 210*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - 140*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 + 96*a^5*b*c^5*x - 21*a^6*c^5)/x^8`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{84b^6c^5x^6 - 224ab^5c^5x^5 + 210a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 140a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 96a^5bc^5x - 21a^6c^5}{168x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/168*(84*b^6*c^5*x^6 - 224*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + 210*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - 140*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 + 96*a^5*b*c^5*x - 21*a^6*c^5)/x^8`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^9} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{a^6c^5}{8} - \frac{4a^5bc^5x}{7} + \frac{5a^4b^2c^5x^2}{6} - \frac{5a^2b^4c^5x^4}{4} + \frac{4ab^5c^5x^5}{3} - \frac{b^6c^5x^6}{2}}{x^8}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^5*(a + b*x))/x^9,x)`output `-((a^6*c^5)/8 - (b^6*c^5*x^6)/2 + (4*a*b^5*c^5*x^5)/3 + (5*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2)/6 - (5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4)/4 - (4*a^5*b*c^5*x)/7)/x^8`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^9} dx$$
$$= \frac{c^5(84b^6x^6 - 224ab^5x^5 + 210a^2b^4x^4 - 140a^4b^2x^2 + 96a^5bx - 21a^6)}{168x^8}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^9,x)`output `(c**5*(- 21*a**6 + 96*a**5*b*x - 140*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 210*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 224*a*b**5*x**5 + 84*b**6*x**6))/(168*x**8)`

3.40 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{10}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{a^6c^5}{9x^9} + \frac{a^5bc^5}{2x^8} - \frac{5a^4b^2c^5}{7x^7} + \frac{a^2b^4c^5}{x^5} - \frac{ab^5c^5}{x^4} + \frac{b^6c^5}{3x^3}$$

output

```
-1/9*a^6*c^5/x^9+1/2*a^5*b*c^5/x^8-5/7*a^4*b^2*c^5/x^7+a^2*b^4*c^5/x^5-a*b^5*c^5/x^4+1/3*b^6*c^5/x^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{10}} dx = c^5 \left(-\frac{a^6}{9x^9} + \frac{a^5b}{2x^8} - \frac{5a^4b^2}{7x^7} + \frac{a^2b^4}{x^5} - \frac{ab^5}{x^4} + \frac{b^6}{3x^3} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5)/x^10,x]
```

output

```
c^5*(-1/9*a^6/x^9 + (a^5*b)/(2*x^8) - (5*a^4*b^2)/(7*x^7) + (a^2*b^4)/x^5 - (a*b^5)/x^4 + b^6/(3*x^3))
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^{10}} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 c^5}{x^{10}} - \frac{4a^5 b c^5}{x^9} + \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5}{x^8} - \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5}{x^6} + \frac{4ab^5 c^5}{x^5} - \frac{b^6 c^5}{x^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^6 c^5}{9x^9} + \frac{a^5 b c^5}{2x^8} - \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5}{7x^7} + \frac{a^2 b^4 c^5}{x^5} - \frac{ab^5 c^5}{x^4} + \frac{b^6 c^5}{3x^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5/x^10,x]`

output `-1/9*(a^6*c^5)/x^9 + (a^5*b*c^5)/(2*x^8) - (5*a^4*b^2*c^5)/(7*x^7) + (a^2*b^4*c^5)/x^5 - (a*b^5*c^5)/x^4 + (b^6*c^5)/(3*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{c^5(-42b^6x^6+126ax^5b^5-126a^2x^4b^4+90a^4x^2b^2-63a^5xb+14a^6)}{126x^9}$	61
default	$c^5\left(\frac{b^6}{3x^3} + \frac{a^2b^4}{x^5} - \frac{5a^4b^2}{7x^7} - \frac{ab^5}{x^4} + \frac{a^5b}{2x^8} - \frac{a^6}{9x^9}\right)$	61
norman	$\frac{a^2b^4c^5x^4 - \frac{1}{9}a^6c^5 + \frac{1}{3}b^6c^5x^6 - ab^5c^5x^5 - \frac{5}{7}a^4b^2c^5x^2 + \frac{1}{2}a^5bc^5x}{x^9}$	74
risch	$\frac{a^2b^4c^5x^4 - \frac{1}{9}a^6c^5 + \frac{1}{3}b^6c^5x^6 - ab^5c^5x^5 - \frac{5}{7}a^4b^2c^5x^2 + \frac{1}{2}a^5bc^5x}{x^9}$	74
parallelrisch	$\frac{42b^6c^5x^6 - 126ab^5c^5x^5 + 126a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 90a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 63a^5bc^5x - 14a^6c^5}{126x^9}$	76
orering	$-\frac{(-42b^6x^6+126ax^5b^5-126a^2x^4b^4+90a^4x^2b^2-63a^5xb+14a^6)(-bcx+ac)^5}{126x^9(-bx+a)^5}$	77

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/126*c^5*(-42*b^6*x^6+126*a*b^5*x^5-126*a^2*b^4*x^4+90*a^4*b^2*x^2-63*a^5*b*x+14*a^6)/x^9$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{42b^6c^5x^6 - 126ab^5c^5x^5 + 126a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 90a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 63a^5bc^5x - 14a^6c^5}{126x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$1/126*(42*b^6*c^5*x^6 - 126*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + 126*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - 90*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 + 63*a^5*b*c^5*x - 14*a^6*c^5)/x^9$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{14a^6c^5 - 63a^5bc^5x + 90a^4b^2c^5x^2 - 126a^2b^4c^5x^4 + 126ab^5c^5x^5 - 42b^6c^5x^6}{126x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**5/x**10,x)`output `-(14*a**6*c**5 - 63*a**5*b*c**5*x + 90*a**4*b**2*c**5*x**2 - 126*a**2*b**4*c**5*x**4 + 126*a*b**5*c**5*x**5 - 42*b**6*c**5*x**6)/(126*x**9)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{42b^6c^5x^6 - 126ab^5c^5x^5 + 126a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 90a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 63a^5bc^5x - 14a^6c^5}{126x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/126*(42*b^6*c^5*x^6 - 126*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + 126*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - 90*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 + 63*a^5*b*c^5*x - 14*a^6*c^5)/x^9`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{42b^6c^5x^6 - 126ab^5c^5x^5 + 126a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 90a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 63a^5bc^5x - 14a^6c^5}{126x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/126*(42*b^6*c^5*x^6 - 126*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + 126*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - 90*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 + 63*a^5*b*c^5*x - 14*a^6*c^5)/x^9`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^6c^5}{9} - \frac{a^5bc^5x}{2} + \frac{5a^4b^2c^5x^2}{7} - a^2b^4c^5x^4 + ab^5c^5x^5 - \frac{b^6c^5x^6}{3}}{x^9}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^5*(a + b*x))/x^10,x)`

output `-((a^6*c^5)/9 - (b^6*c^5*x^6)/3 + a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + (5*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2)/7 - a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - (a^5*b*c^5*x)/2)/x^9`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^5(42b^6x^6 - 126ab^5x^5 + 126a^2b^4x^4 - 90a^4b^2x^2 + 63a^5bx - 14a^6)}{126x^9}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^10,x)`

output $(c^{**5} * (-14*a^{**6} + 63*a^{**5}*b*x - 90*a^{**4}*b^{**2}*x^{**2} + 126*a^{**2}*b^{**4}*x^{**4} - 126*a*b^{**5}*x^{**5} + 42*b^{**6}*x^{**6})) / (126*x^{**9})$

$$3.41 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{11}} dx$$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	378
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	381
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	381
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	382

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{a^6 c^5}{10x^{10}} + \frac{4a^5 b c^5}{9x^9} - \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5}{8x^8} + \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5}{6x^6} - \frac{4ab^5 c^5}{5x^5} + \frac{b^6 c^5}{4x^4}$$

output

```
-1/10*a^6*c^5/x^10+4/9*a^5*b*c^5/x^9-5/8*a^4*b^2*c^5/x^8+5/6*a^2*b^4*c^5/x^6-4/5*a*b^5*c^5/x^5+1/4*b^6*c^5/x^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{11}} dx = c^5 \left(-\frac{a^6}{10x^{10}} + \frac{4a^5 b}{9x^9} - \frac{5a^4 b^2}{8x^8} + \frac{5a^2 b^4}{6x^6} - \frac{4ab^5}{5x^5} + \frac{b^6}{4x^4} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5)/x^11,x]
```

output

```
c^5*(-1/10*a^6/x^10 + (4*a^5*b)/(9*x^9) - (5*a^4*b^2)/(8*x^8) + (5*a^2*b^4)/(6*x^6) - (4*a*b^5)/(5*x^5) + b^6/(4*x^4))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^{11}} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 c^5}{x^{11}} - \frac{4a^5 b c^5}{x^{10}} + \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5}{x^9} - \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5}{x^7} + \frac{4ab^5 c^5}{x^6} - \frac{b^6 c^5}{x^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^6 c^5}{10x^{10}} + \frac{4a^5 b c^5}{9x^9} - \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5}{8x^8} + \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5}{6x^6} - \frac{4ab^5 c^5}{5x^5} + \frac{b^6 c^5}{4x^4}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5/x^11,x]`

output `-1/10*(a^6*c^5)/x^10 + (4*a^5*b*c^5)/(9*x^9) - (5*a^4*b^2*c^5)/(8*x^8) + (5*a^2*b^4*c^5)/(6*x^6) - (4*a*b^5*c^5)/(5*x^5) + (b^6*c^5)/(4*x^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{c^5(-90b^6x^6+288ax^5b^5-300a^2x^4b^4+225a^4x^2b^2-160a^5xb+36a^6)}{360x^{10}}$	61
default	$c^5\left(-\frac{4ab^5}{5x^5} + \frac{b^6}{4x^4} - \frac{5a^4b^2}{8x^8} - \frac{a^6}{10x^{10}} + \frac{5a^2b^4}{6x^6} + \frac{4a^5b}{9x^9}\right)$	62
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{10}a^6c^5 + \frac{1}{4}b^6c^5x^6 - \frac{4}{5}ab^5c^5x^5 + \frac{5}{6}a^2b^4c^5x^4 - \frac{5}{8}a^4b^2c^5x^2 + \frac{4}{9}a^5bc^5x}{x^{10}}$	75
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{10}a^6c^5 + \frac{1}{4}b^6c^5x^6 - \frac{4}{5}ab^5c^5x^5 + \frac{5}{6}a^2b^4c^5x^4 - \frac{5}{8}a^4b^2c^5x^2 + \frac{4}{9}a^5bc^5x}{x^{10}}$	75
parallelrisch	$\frac{90b^6c^5x^6 - 288ab^5c^5x^5 + 300a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 225a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 160a^5bc^5x - 36a^6c^5}{360x^{10}}$	76
orering	$-\frac{(-90b^6x^6+288ax^5b^5-300a^2x^4b^4+225a^4x^2b^2-160a^5xb+36a^6)(-bcx+ac)^5}{360x^{10}(-bx+a)^5}$	77

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/360*c^5*(-90*b^6*x^6+288*a*b^5*x^5-300*a^2*b^4*x^4+225*a^4*b^2*x^2-160*a^5*b*x+36*a^6)/x^{10}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{90b^6c^5x^6 - 288ab^5c^5x^5 + 300a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 225a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 160a^5bc^5x - 36a^6c^5}{360x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^11,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$1/360*(90*b^6*c^5*x^6 - 288*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + 300*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - 225*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 + 160*a^5*b*c^5*x - 36*a^6*c^5)/x^{10}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{36a^6c^5 - 160a^5bc^5x + 225a^4b^2c^5x^2 - 300a^2b^4c^5x^4 + 288ab^5c^5x^5 - 90b^6c^5x^6}{360x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**5/x**11,x)`output `-(36*a**6*c**5 - 160*a**5*b*c**5*x + 225*a**4*b**2*c**5*x**2 - 300*a**2*b**4*c**5*x**4 + 288*a*b**5*c**5*x**5 - 90*b**6*c**5*x**6)/(360*x**10)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{90b^6c^5x^6 - 288ab^5c^5x^5 + 300a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 225a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 160a^5bc^5x - 36a^6c^5}{360x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/360*(90*b^6*c^5*x^6 - 288*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + 300*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - 225*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 + 160*a^5*b*c^5*x - 36*a^6*c^5)/x^10`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{90b^6c^5x^6 - 288ab^5c^5x^5 + 300a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 225a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 160a^5bc^5x - 36a^6c^5}{360x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^11,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/360*(90*b^6*c^5*x^6 - 288*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + 300*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - 225*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 + 160*a^5*b*c^5*x - 36*a^6*c^5)/x^10`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{a^6c^5}{10} - \frac{4a^5bc^5x}{9} + \frac{5a^4b^2c^5x^2}{8} - \frac{5a^2b^4c^5x^4}{6} + \frac{4ab^5c^5x^5}{5} - \frac{b^6c^5x^6}{4}}{x^{10}}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^5*(a + b*x))/x^11,x)`output `-((a^6*c^5)/10 - (b^6*c^5*x^6)/4 + (4*a*b^5*c^5*x^5)/5 + (5*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2)/8 - (5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4)/6 - (4*a^5*b*c^5*x)/9)/x^10`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^{11}} dx$$
$$= \frac{c^5(90b^6x^6 - 288ab^5x^5 + 300a^2b^4x^4 - 225a^4b^2x^2 + 160a^5bx - 36a^6)}{360x^{10}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^11,x)`output `(c**5*(- 36*a**6 + 160*a**5*b*x - 225*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 300*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 288*a*b**5*x**5 + 90*b**6*x**6))/(360*x**10)`

$$3.42 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{12}} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{a^6 c^5}{11x^{11}} + \frac{2a^5 b c^5}{5x^{10}} - \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5}{9x^9} + \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5}{7x^7} - \frac{2ab^5 c^5}{3x^6} + \frac{b^6 c^5}{5x^5}$$

output

```
-1/11*a^6*c^5/x^11+2/5*a^5*b*c^5/x^10-5/9*a^4*b^2*c^5/x^9+5/7*a^2*b^4*c^5/
x^7-2/3*a*b^5*c^5/x^6+1/5*b^6*c^5/x^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{12}} dx = c^5 \left(-\frac{a^6}{11x^{11}} + \frac{2a^5 b}{5x^{10}} - \frac{5a^4 b^2}{9x^9} + \frac{5a^2 b^4}{7x^7} - \frac{2ab^5}{3x^6} + \frac{b^6}{5x^5} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5)/x^12,x]
```

output

```
c^5*(-1/11*a^6/x^11 + (2*a^5*b)/(5*x^10) - (5*a^4*b^2)/(9*x^9) + (5*a^2*b^
4)/(7*x^7) - (2*a*b^5)/(3*x^6) + b^6/(5*x^5))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^5}{x^{12}} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^6 c^5}{x^{12}} - \frac{4a^5 b c^5}{x^{11}} + \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5}{x^{10}} - \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5}{x^8} + \frac{4ab^5 c^5}{x^7} - \frac{b^6 c^5}{x^6} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^6 c^5}{11x^{11}} + \frac{2a^5 b c^5}{5x^{10}} - \frac{5a^4 b^2 c^5}{9x^9} + \frac{5a^2 b^4 c^5}{7x^7} - \frac{2ab^5 c^5}{3x^6} + \frac{b^6 c^5}{5x^5}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^5/x^12,x]`

output `-1/11*(a^6*c^5)/x^11 + (2*a^5*b*c^5)/(5*x^10) - (5*a^4*b^2*c^5)/(9*x^9) + (5*a^2*b^4*c^5)/(7*x^7) - (2*a*b^5*c^5)/(3*x^6) + (b^6*c^5)/(5*x^5)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{c^5(-693b^6x^6+2310ax^5b^5-2475a^2x^4b^4+1925a^4x^2b^2-1386a^5xb+315a^6)}{3465x^{11}}$	61
default	$c^5\left(\frac{b^6}{5x^5} - \frac{a^6}{11x^{11}} + \frac{5a^2b^4}{7x^7} + \frac{2a^5b}{5x^{10}} - \frac{2ab^5}{3x^6} - \frac{5a^4b^2}{9x^9}\right)$	62
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{11}a^6c^5 + \frac{1}{5}b^6c^5x^6 - \frac{2}{3}ab^5c^5x^5 + \frac{5}{7}a^2b^4c^5x^4 - \frac{5}{9}a^4b^2c^5x^2 + \frac{2}{5}a^5bc^5x}{x^{11}}$	75
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{11}a^6c^5 + \frac{1}{5}b^6c^5x^6 - \frac{2}{3}ab^5c^5x^5 + \frac{5}{7}a^2b^4c^5x^4 - \frac{5}{9}a^4b^2c^5x^2 + \frac{2}{5}a^5bc^5x}{x^{11}}$	75
parallelrisch	$\frac{693b^6c^5x^6 - 2310ab^5c^5x^5 + 2475a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 1925a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 1386a^5bc^5x - 315a^6c^5}{3465x^{11}}$	76
orering	$-\frac{(-693b^6x^6+2310ax^5b^5-2475a^2x^4b^4+1925a^4x^2b^2-1386a^5xb+315a^6)(-bcx+ac)^5}{3465x^{11}(-bx+a)^5}$	77

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{-1/3465*c^5*(-693*b^6*x^6+2310*a*b^5*x^5-2475*a^2*b^4*x^4+1925*a^4*b^2*x^2-1386*a^5*b*x+315*a^6)/x^{11}}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= \frac{693b^6c^5x^6 - 2310ab^5c^5x^5 + 2475a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 1925a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 1386a^5bc^5x - 315a^6c^5}{3465x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^12,x,algorithm="fricas")`output
$$\frac{1/3465*(693*b^6*c^5*x^6 - 2310*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + 2475*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - 1925*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 + 1386*a^5*b*c^5*x - 315*a^6*c^5)/x^{11}}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{315a^6c^5 - 1386a^5bc^5x + 1925a^4b^2c^5x^2 - 2475a^2b^4c^5x^4 + 2310ab^5c^5x^5 - 693b^6c^5x^6}{3465x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**5/x**12,x)`output `-(315*a**6*c**5 - 1386*a**5*b*c**5*x + 1925*a**4*b**2*c**5*x**2 - 2475*a**2*b**4*c**5*x**4 + 2310*a*b**5*c**5*x**5 - 693*b**6*c**5*x**6)/(3465*x**11)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= \frac{693b^6c^5x^6 - 2310ab^5c^5x^5 + 2475a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 1925a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 1386a^5bc^5x - 315a^6c^5}{3465x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3465*(693*b^6*c^5*x^6 - 2310*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + 2475*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - 1925*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 + 1386*a^5*b*c^5*x - 315*a^6*c^5)/x^11`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= \frac{693b^6c^5x^6 - 2310ab^5c^5x^5 + 2475a^2b^4c^5x^4 - 1925a^4b^2c^5x^2 + 1386a^5bc^5x - 315a^6c^5}{3465x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^12,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3465*(693*b^6*c^5*x^6 - 2310*a*b^5*c^5*x^5 + 2475*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4 - 1925*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2 + 1386*a^5*b*c^5*x - 315*a^6*c^5)/x^11`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{a^6c^5}{11} - \frac{2a^5bc^5x}{5} + \frac{5a^4b^2c^5x^2}{9} - \frac{5a^2b^4c^5x^4}{7} + \frac{2ab^5c^5x^5}{3} - \frac{b^6c^5x^6}{5}}{x^{11}}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^5*(a + b*x))/x^12,x)`output `-((a^6*c^5)/11 - (b^6*c^5*x^6)/5 + (2*a*b^5*c^5*x^5)/3 + (5*a^4*b^2*c^5*x^2)/9 - (5*a^2*b^4*c^5*x^4)/7 - (2*a^5*b*c^5*x)/5)/x^11`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^5}{x^{12}} dx$$
$$= \frac{c^5(693b^6x^6 - 2310ab^5x^5 + 2475a^2b^4x^4 - 1925a^4b^2x^2 + 1386a^5bx - 315a^6)}{3465x^{11}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^5/x^12,x)`

output `(c**5*(- 315*a**6 + 1386*a**5*b*x - 1925*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 2475*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 2310*a*b**5*x**5 + 693*b**6*x**6))/(3465*x**11)`

3.43 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^8} dx$

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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	392
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	393
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	393
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	394

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^7c^6}{7x^7} + \frac{5a^6bc^6}{6x^6} - \frac{9a^5b^2c^6}{5x^5} + \frac{5a^4b^3c^6}{4x^4} + \frac{5a^3b^4c^6}{3x^3} - \frac{9a^2b^5c^6}{2x^2} + \frac{5ab^6c^6}{x} + b^7c^6 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/7*a^7*c^6/x^7+5/6*a^6*b*c^6/x^6-9/5*a^5*b^2*c^6/x^5+5/4*a^4*b^3*c^6/x^4
+5/3*a^3*b^4*c^6/x^3-9/2*a^2*b^5*c^6/x^2+5*a*b^6*c^6/x+b^7*c^6*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^7c^6}{7x^7} + \frac{5a^6bc^6}{6x^6} - \frac{9a^5b^2c^6}{5x^5} + \frac{5a^4b^3c^6}{4x^4} + \frac{5a^3b^4c^6}{3x^3} - \frac{9a^2b^5c^6}{2x^2} + \frac{5ab^6c^6}{x} + b^7c^6 \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^6)/x^8,x]
```

output

$$-1/7*(a^7*c^6)/x^7 + (5*a^6*b*c^6)/(6*x^6) - (9*a^5*b^2*c^6)/(5*x^5) + (5*a^4*b^3*c^6)/(4*x^4) + (5*a^3*b^4*c^6)/(3*x^3) - (9*a^2*b^5*c^6)/(2*x^2) + (5*a*b^6*c^6)/x + b^7*c^6*\text{Log}[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^8} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^7c^6}{x^8} - \frac{5a^6bc^6}{x^7} + \frac{9a^5b^2c^6}{x^6} - \frac{5a^4b^3c^6}{x^5} - \frac{5a^3b^4c^6}{x^4} + \frac{9a^2b^5c^6}{x^3} - \frac{5ab^6c^6}{x^2} + \frac{b^7c^6}{x} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^7c^6}{7x^7} + \frac{5a^6bc^6}{6x^6} - \frac{9a^5b^2c^6}{5x^5} + \frac{5a^4b^3c^6}{4x^4} + \frac{5a^3b^4c^6}{3x^3} - \frac{9a^2b^5c^6}{2x^2} + \frac{5ab^6c^6}{x} + b^7c^6 \log(x)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a+bx)*(a*c-b*c*x)^6/x^8,x]$$

output

$$-1/7*(a^7*c^6)/x^7 + (5*a^6*b*c^6)/(6*x^6) - (9*a^5*b^2*c^6)/(5*x^5) + (5*a^4*b^3*c^6)/(4*x^4) + (5*a^3*b^4*c^6)/(3*x^3) - (9*a^2*b^5*c^6)/(2*x^2) + (5*a*b^6*c^6)/x + b^7*c^6*\text{Log}[x]$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 84

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0]
] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
default	$c^6 \left(\frac{5a^3b^4}{3x^3} - \frac{9a^5b^2}{5x^5} - \frac{9a^2b^5}{2x^2} - \frac{a^7}{7x^7} + \frac{5a^4b^3}{4x^4} + b^7 \ln(x) + \frac{5ab^6}{x} + \frac{5a^6b}{6x^6} \right)$	82
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{7}a^7c^6 + 5ab^6c^6x^6 - \frac{9}{2}a^2b^5c^6x^5 + \frac{5}{3}a^3b^4c^6x^4 + \frac{5}{4}a^4b^3c^6x^3 - \frac{9}{5}a^5b^2c^6x^2 + \frac{5}{6}a^6bc^6x}{x^7} + b^7c^6 \ln(x)$	102
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{7}a^7c^6 + 5ab^6c^6x^6 - \frac{9}{2}a^2b^5c^6x^5 + \frac{5}{3}a^3b^4c^6x^4 + \frac{5}{4}a^4b^3c^6x^3 - \frac{9}{5}a^5b^2c^6x^2 + \frac{5}{6}a^6bc^6x}{x^7} + b^7c^6 \ln(x)$	102
parallelrisch	$\frac{420b^7c^6 \ln(x)x^7 + 2100ab^6c^6x^6 - 1890a^2b^5c^6x^5 + 700a^3b^4c^6x^4 + 525a^4b^3c^6x^3 - 756a^5b^2c^6x^2 + 350a^6bc^6x - 60a^7c^6}{420x^7}$	106

input

```
int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
c^6*(5/3*a^3*b^4/x^3-9/5*a^5*b^2/x^5-9/2*a^2*b^5/x^2-1/7*a^7/x^7+5/4*a^4*b^3/x^4+b^7*ln(x)+5*a*b^6/x+5/6*a^6*b/x^6)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{420b^7c^6x^7 \log(x) + 2100ab^6c^6x^6 - 1890a^2b^5c^6x^5 + 700a^3b^4c^6x^4 + 525a^4b^3c^6x^3 - 756a^5b^2c^6x^2 + 350a^6bc^6x - 60a^7c^6}{420x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{420}*(420*b^7*c^6*x^7*\log(x) + 2100*a*b^6*c^6*x^6 - 1890*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 + 700*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4 + 525*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 - 756*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2 + 350*a^6*b*c^6*x - 60*a^7*c^6)/x^7$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^8} dx = b^7 c^6 \log(x) + \frac{-60a^7 c^6 + 350a^6 b c^6 x - 756a^5 b^2 c^6 x^2 + 525a^4 b^3 c^6 x^3 + 700a^3 b^4 c^6 x^4 - 1890a^2 b^5 c^6 x^5 + 2100ab^6 c^6 x^6}{420x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**6/x**8,x)`

output
$$b**7*c**6*\log(x) + (-60*a**7*c**6 + 350*a**6*b*c**6*x - 756*a**5*b**2*c**6*x**2 + 525*a**4*b**3*c**6*x**3 + 700*a**3*b**4*c**6*x**4 - 1890*a**2*b**5*c**6*x**5 + 2100*a*b**6*c**6*x**6)/(420*x**7)$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^8} dx = b^7 c^6 \log(x) + \frac{2100ab^6c^6x^6 - 1890a^2b^5c^6x^5 + 700a^3b^4c^6x^4 + 525a^4b^3c^6x^3 - 756a^5b^2c^6x^2 + 350a^6bc^6x - 60a^7c^6}{420x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$b^7*c^6*\log(x) + 1/420*(2100*a*b^6*c^6*x^6 - 1890*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 + 700*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4 + 525*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 - 756*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2 + 350*a^6*b*c^6*x - 60*a^7*c^6)/x^7$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^8} dx = b^7 c^6 \log(|x|) + \frac{2100 ab^6 c^6 x^6 - 1890 a^2 b^5 c^6 x^5 + 700 a^3 b^4 c^6 x^4 + 525 a^4 b^3 c^6 x^3 - 756 a^5 b^2 c^6 x^2 + 350 a^6 b c^6 x - 60 a^7 c^6}{420 x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b^7*c^6*log(abs(x)) + 1/420*(2100*a*b^6*c^6*x^6 - 1890*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 + 700*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4 + 525*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 - 756*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2 + 350*a^6*b*c^6*x - 60*a^7*c^6)/x^7`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^8} dx = \frac{c^6 \left(5 a b^6 x^6 - \frac{a^7}{7} - \frac{9 a^5 b^2 x^2}{5} + \frac{5 a^4 b^3 x^3}{4} + \frac{5 a^3 b^4 x^4}{3} - \frac{9 a^2 b^5 x^5}{2} + b^7 x^7 \ln(x) + \frac{5 a^6 b x}{6} \right)}{x^7}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^6*(a + b*x))/x^8,x)`

output `(c^6*(5*a*b^6*x^6 - a^7/7 - (9*a^5*b^2*x^2)/5 + (5*a^4*b^3*x^3)/4 + (5*a^3*b^4*x^4)/3 - (9*a^2*b^5*x^5)/2 + b^7*x^7*log(x) + (5*a^6*b*x)/6))/x^7`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^6}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^6(420 \log(x) b^7 x^7 - 60a^7 + 350a^6 bx - 756a^5 b^2 x^2 + 525a^4 b^3 x^3 + 700a^3 b^4 x^4 - 1890a^2 b^5 x^5 + 2100a b^6 x^6)}{420x^7}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^8,x)`output `(c**6*(420*log(x)*b**7*x**7 - 60*a**7 + 350*a**6*b*x - 756*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 525*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 700*a**3*b**4*x**4 - 1890*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 2100*a*b**6*x**6))/(420*x**7)`

3.44 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	395
Mathematica [B] (verified)	395
Rubi [A] (verified)	396
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	397
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	399
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	400
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	400

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^9} dx = -\frac{c^6(a-bx)^7}{8x^8} - \frac{9bc^6(a-bx)^7}{56ax^7}$$

output `-1/8*c^6*(-b*x+a)^7/x^8-9/56*b*c^6*(-b*x+a)^7/a/x^7`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs. 2(41) = 82.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^9} dx = -\frac{a^7c^6}{8x^8} + \frac{5a^6bc^6}{7x^7} - \frac{3a^5b^2c^6}{2x^6} + \frac{a^4b^3c^6}{x^5} + \frac{5a^3b^4c^6}{4x^4} - \frac{3a^2b^5c^6}{x^3} + \frac{5ab^6c^6}{2x^2} - \frac{b^7c^6}{x}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^6)/x^9,x]`

output

$$-1/8*(a^7*c^6)/x^8 + (5*a^6*b*c^6)/(7*x^7) - (3*a^5*b^2*c^6)/(2*x^6) + (a^4*b^3*c^6)/x^5 + (5*a^3*b^4*c^6)/(4*x^4) - (3*a^2*b^5*c^6)/x^3 + (5*a*b^6*c^6)/(2*x^2) - (b^7*c^6)/x$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {87, 27, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^9} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{9}{8}b \int \frac{c^6(a-bx)^6}{x^8} dx - \frac{c^6(a-bx)^7}{8x^8} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{9}{8}bc^6 \int \frac{(a-bx)^6}{x^8} dx - \frac{c^6(a-bx)^7}{8x^8} \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & -\frac{c^6(a-bx)^7}{8x^8} - \frac{9bc^6(a-bx)^7}{56ax^7} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^6/x^9, x]$$

output

$$-1/8*(c^6*(a - b*x)^7)/x^8 - (9*b*c^6*(a - b*x)^7)/(56*a*x^7)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 48 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)} * ((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_)) * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)} * ((e_.) + (f_.)(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f) * (c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} * ((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)} / (f * (p + 1) * (c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) / (f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n * (e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 82 vs. $2(37) = 74$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{c^6(56b^7x^7 - 140ab^6x^6 + 168a^2b^5x^5 - 70a^3b^4x^4 - 56a^4b^3x^3 + 84a^5b^2x^2 - 40a^6bx + 7a^7)}{56x^8}$	83
default	$c^6 \left(-\frac{3a^2b^5}{x^3} + \frac{a^4b^3}{x^5} + \frac{5ab^6}{2x^2} + \frac{5a^6b}{7x^7} + \frac{5a^3b^4}{4x^4} - \frac{a^7}{8x^8} - \frac{b^7}{x} - \frac{3a^5b^2}{2x^6} \right)$	83
orering	$-\frac{(56b^7x^7 - 140ab^6x^6 + 168a^2b^5x^5 - 70a^3b^4x^4 - 56a^4b^3x^3 + 84a^5b^2x^2 - 40a^6bx + 7a^7)(-bcx + ac)^6}{56x^8(-bx + a)^6}$	99
norman	$\frac{a^4b^3c^6x^3 - \frac{1}{8}a^7c^6 - b^7c^6x^7 + \frac{5}{2}ab^6c^6x^6 - 3a^2b^5c^6x^5 + \frac{5}{4}a^3b^4c^6x^4 - \frac{3}{2}a^5b^2c^6x^2 + \frac{5}{7}a^6bc^6x}{x^8}$	102
risch	$\frac{a^4b^3c^6x^3 - \frac{1}{8}a^7c^6 - b^7c^6x^7 + \frac{5}{2}ab^6c^6x^6 - 3a^2b^5c^6x^5 + \frac{5}{4}a^3b^4c^6x^4 - \frac{3}{2}a^5b^2c^6x^2 + \frac{5}{7}a^6bc^6x}{x^8}$	102
parallelrisch	$-\frac{56b^7c^6x^7 + 140ab^6c^6x^6 - 168a^2b^5c^6x^5 + 70a^3b^4c^6x^4 + 56a^4b^3c^6x^3 - 84a^5b^2c^6x^2 + 40a^6bc^6x - 7a^7c^6}{56x^8}$	104

input $\text{int}((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^9, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
-1/56*c^6*(56*b^7*x^7-140*a*b^6*x^6+168*a^2*b^5*x^5-70*a^3*b^4*x^4-56*a^4*
b^3*x^3+84*a^5*b^2*x^2-40*a^6*b*x+7*a^7)/x^8
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 103 vs. $2(39) = 78$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^9} dx = \frac{56b^7c^6x^7 - 140ab^6c^6x^6 + 168a^2b^5c^6x^5 - 70a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 56a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 84a^5b^2c^6x^2 - 40a^6bc^6x + 7a^7c^6}{56x^8}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/56*(56*b^7*c^6*x^7 - 140*a*b^6*c^6*x^6 + 168*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 - 70*a^3*b
^4*c^6*x^4 - 56*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 + 84*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2 - 40*a^6*b*c^6*x + 7*
a^7*c^6)/x^8
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 110 vs. $2(36) = 72$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^9} dx = \frac{-7a^7c^6 + 40a^6bc^6x - 84a^5b^2c^6x^2 + 56a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 70a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 168a^2b^5c^6x^5 + 140ab^6c^6x^6 - 56b^7c^6x^7}{56x^8}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**6/x**9,x)
```

output

```
(-7*a**7*c**6 + 40*a**6*b*c**6*x - 84*a**5*b**2*c**6*x**2 + 56*a**4*b**3*c
**6*x**3 + 70*a**3*b**4*c**6*x**4 - 168*a**2*b**5*c**6*x**5 + 140*a*b**6*c
**6*x**6 - 56*b**7*c**6*x**7)/(56*x**8)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 103 vs. $2(39) = 78$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^9} dx = \frac{56b^7c^6x^7 - 140ab^6c^6x^6 + 168a^2b^5c^6x^5 - 70a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 56a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 84a^5b^2c^6x^2 - 40a^6bc^6x + 7a^7c^6}{56x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/56*(56*b^7*c^6*x^7 - 140*a*b^6*c^6*x^6 + 168*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 - 70*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4 - 56*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 + 84*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2 - 40*a^6*b*c^6*x + 7*a^7*c^6)/x^8`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 103 vs. $2(39) = 78$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^9} dx = \frac{56b^7c^6x^7 - 140ab^6c^6x^6 + 168a^2b^5c^6x^5 - 70a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 56a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 84a^5b^2c^6x^2 - 40a^6bc^6x + 7a^7c^6}{56x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/56*(56*b^7*c^6*x^7 - 140*a*b^6*c^6*x^6 + 168*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 - 70*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4 - 56*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 + 84*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2 - 40*a^6*b*c^6*x + 7*a^7*c^6)/x^8`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^9} dx = \frac{\frac{a^7 c^6}{8} - \frac{5a^6 b c^6 x}{7} + \frac{3a^5 b^2 c^6 x^2}{2} - a^4 b^3 c^6 x^3 - \frac{5a^3 b^4 c^6 x^4}{4} + 3a^2 b^5 c^6 x^5 - \frac{5a b^6 c^6 x^6}{2} + b^7 c^6 x^7}{x^8}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^6*(a + b*x))/x^9,x)`output `-((a^7*c^6)/8 + b^7*c^6*x^7 - (5*a*b^6*c^6*x^6)/2 + (3*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2)/2 - a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 - (5*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4)/4 + 3*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 - (5*a^6*b*c^6*x)/7)/x^8`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^9} dx = \frac{c^6(-56b^7x^7 + 140ab^6x^6 - 168a^2b^5x^5 + 70a^3b^4x^4 + 56a^4b^3x^3 - 84a^5b^2x^2 + 40a^6bx - 7a^7)}{56x^8}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^9,x)`output `(c**6*(- 7*a**7 + 40*a**6*b*x - 84*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 56*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 70*a**3*b**4*x**4 - 168*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 140*a*b**6*x**6 - 56*b**7*x**7))/(56*x**8)`

3.45 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	401
Mathematica [A] (verified)	401
Rubi [A] (verified)	402
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	403
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	404
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	405
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	405
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	406
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	406
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	407

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{c^6(a-bx)^7}{9x^9} - \frac{11bc^6(a-bx)^7}{72ax^8} - \frac{11b^2c^6(a-bx)^7}{504a^2x^7}$$

output

$-1/9*c^6*(-b*x+a)^7/x^9-11/72*b*c^6*(-b*x+a)^7/a/x^8-11/504*b^2*c^6*(-b*x+a)^7/a^2/x^7$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{a^7c^6}{9x^9} + \frac{5a^6bc^6}{8x^8} - \frac{9a^5b^2c^6}{7x^7} + \frac{5a^4b^3c^6}{6x^6} + \frac{a^3b^4c^6}{x^5} - \frac{9a^2b^5c^6}{4x^4} + \frac{5ab^6c^6}{3x^3} - \frac{b^7c^6}{2x^2}$$

input

$\text{Integrate}[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^6/x^{10}, x]$

output

$$-1/9*(a^7*c^6)/x^9 + (5*a^6*b*c^6)/(8*x^8) - (9*a^5*b^2*c^6)/(7*x^7) + (5*a^4*b^3*c^6)/(6*x^6) + (a^3*b^4*c^6)/x^5 - (9*a^2*b^5*c^6)/(4*x^4) + (5*a*b^6*c^6)/(3*x^3) - (b^7*c^6)/(2*x^2)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {87, 27, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{10}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{11}{9}b \int \frac{c^6(a-bx)^6}{x^9} dx - \frac{c^6(a-bx)^7}{9x^9} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{11}{9}bc^6 \int \frac{(a-bx)^6}{x^9} dx - \frac{c^6(a-bx)^7}{9x^9} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & \frac{11}{9}bc^6 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{(a-bx)^6}{x^8} dx}{8a} - \frac{(a-bx)^7}{8ax^8} \right) - \frac{c^6(a-bx)^7}{9x^9} \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & \frac{11}{9}bc^6 \left(-\frac{b(a-bx)^7}{56a^2x^7} - \frac{(a-bx)^7}{8ax^8} \right) - \frac{c^6(a-bx)^7}{9x^9} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^6/x^10, x]$$

output

$$-1/9*(c^6*(a - b*x)^7)/x^9 + (11*b*c^6*(-1/8*(a - b*x)^7/(a*x^8) - (b*(a - b*x)^7)/(56*a^2*x^7)))/9$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{c^6(252b^7x^7-840ab^6x^6+1134a^2b^5x^5-504a^3b^4x^4-420a^4b^3x^3+648a^5b^2x^2-315a^6bx+56a^7)}{504x^9}$	83
default	$c^6\left(\frac{5ab^6}{3x^3} + \frac{a^3b^4}{x^5} - \frac{b^7}{2x^2} - \frac{9a^5b^2}{7x^7} - \frac{9a^2b^5}{4x^4} + \frac{5a^6b}{8x^8} + \frac{5a^4b^3}{6x^6} - \frac{a^7}{9x^9}\right)$	83
orering	$-\frac{(252b^7x^7-840ab^6x^6+1134a^2b^5x^5-504a^3b^4x^4-420a^4b^3x^3+648a^5b^2x^2-315a^6bx+56a^7)(-bcx+ac)^6}{504x^9(-bx+a)^6}$	99
norman	$\frac{a^3b^4c^6x^4 - \frac{1}{9}a^7c^6 - \frac{1}{2}b^7c^6x^7 + \frac{5}{3}ab^6c^6x^6 - \frac{9}{4}a^2b^5c^6x^5 + \frac{5}{6}a^4b^3c^6x^3 - \frac{9}{7}a^5b^2c^6x^2 + \frac{5}{8}a^6bc^6x}{x^9}$	102
risch	$\frac{a^3b^4c^6x^4 - \frac{1}{9}a^7c^6 - \frac{1}{2}b^7c^6x^7 + \frac{5}{3}ab^6c^6x^6 - \frac{9}{4}a^2b^5c^6x^5 + \frac{5}{6}a^4b^3c^6x^3 - \frac{9}{7}a^5b^2c^6x^2 + \frac{5}{8}a^6bc^6x}{x^9}$	102
parallelrisc	$-\frac{252b^7c^6x^7+840ab^6c^6x^6-1134a^2b^5c^6x^5+504a^3b^4c^6x^4+420a^4b^3c^6x^3-648a^5b^2c^6x^2+315a^6bc^6x-56a^7c^6}{504x^9}$	104

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/504*c^6*(252*b^7*x^7-840*a*b^6*x^6+1134*a^2*b^5*x^5-504*a^3*b^4*x^4-420*a^4*b^3*x^3+648*a^5*b^2*x^2-315*a^6*b*x+56*a^7)/x^9`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{252b^7c^6x^7 - 840ab^6c^6x^6 + 1134a^2b^5c^6x^5 - 504a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 420a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 648a^5b^2c^6x^2 - 315a^6bc^6x + 56a^7c^6}{504x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/504*(252*b^7*c^6*x^7 - 840*a*b^6*c^6*x^6 + 1134*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 - 504*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4 - 420*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 + 648*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2 - 315*a^6*b*c^6*x + 56*a^7*c^6)/x^9`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-56a^7c^6 + 315a^6bc^6x - 648a^5b^2c^6x^2 + 420a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 504a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 1134a^2b^5c^6x^5 + 840ab^6c^6x^6 - 252b^7c^6x^7}{504x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**6/x**10,x)`output `(-56*a**7*c**6 + 315*a**6*b*c**6*x - 648*a**5*b**2*c**6*x**2 + 420*a**4*b**3*c**6*x**3 + 504*a**3*b**4*c**6*x**4 - 1134*a**2*b**5*c**6*x**5 + 840*a*b**6*c**6*x**6 - 252*b**7*c**6*x**7)/(504*x**9)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{10}} dx =$$

$$\frac{252b^7c^6x^7 - 840ab^6c^6x^6 + 1134a^2b^5c^6x^5 - 504a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 420a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 648a^5b^2c^6x^2 - 315a^6bc^6x + 56a^7c^6}{504x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/504*(252*b^7*c^6*x^7 - 840*a*b^6*c^6*x^6 + 1134*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 - 504*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4 - 420*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 + 648*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2 - 315*a^6*b*c^6*x + 56*a^7*c^6)/x^9`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{252b^7c^6x^7 - 840ab^6c^6x^6 + 1134a^2b^5c^6x^5 - 504a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 420a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 648a^5b^2c^6x^2 - 315a^6bc^6x - 56a^7c^6}{504x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/504*(252*b^7*c^6*x^7 - 840*a*b^6*c^6*x^6 + 1134*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 - 504*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4 - 420*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 + 648*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2 - 315*a^6*b*c^6*x + 56*a^7*c^6)/x^9`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^7c^6}{9} - \frac{5a^6bc^6x}{8} + \frac{9a^5b^2c^6x^2}{7} - \frac{5a^4b^3c^6x^3}{6} - a^3b^4c^6x^4 + \frac{9a^2b^5c^6x^5}{4} - \frac{5ab^6c^6x^6}{3} + \frac{b^7c^6x^7}{2}}{x^9}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^6*(a + b*x))/x^10,x)`output `-((a^7*c^6)/9 + (b^7*c^6*x^7)/2 - (5*a*b^6*c^6*x^6)/3 + (9*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2)/7 - (5*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3)/6 - a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4 + (9*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5)/4 - (5*a^6*b*c^6*x)/8)/x^9`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^6}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^6(-252b^7x^7 + 840ab^6x^6 - 1134a^2b^5x^5 + 504a^3b^4x^4 + 420a^4b^3x^3 - 648a^5b^2x^2 + 315a^6bx - 56a^7)}{504x^9}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^10,x)`output `(c**6*(- 56*a**7 + 315*a**6*b*x - 648*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 420*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 504*a**3*b**4*x**4 - 1134*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 840*a*b**6*x**6 - 252*b**7*x**7))/(504*x**9)`

3.46 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{11}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{c^6(a-bx)^7}{10x^{10}} - \frac{13bc^6(a-bx)^7}{90ax^9} - \frac{13b^2c^6(a-bx)^7}{360a^2x^8} - \frac{13b^3c^6(a-bx)^7}{2520a^3x^7}$$

output

```
-1/10*c^6*(-b*x+a)^7/x^10-13/90*b*c^6*(-b*x+a)^7/a/x^9-13/360*b^2*c^6*(-b*x+a)^7/a^2/x^8-13/2520*b^3*c^6*(-b*x+a)^7/a^3/x^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{a^7c^6}{10x^{10}} + \frac{5a^6bc^6}{9x^9} - \frac{9a^5b^2c^6}{8x^8} + \frac{5a^4b^3c^6}{7x^7} + \frac{5a^3b^4c^6}{6x^6} - \frac{9a^2b^5c^6}{5x^5} + \frac{5ab^6c^6}{4x^4} - \frac{b^7c^6}{3x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^6)/x^11,x]
```

output

$$-1/10*(a^7*c^6)/x^{10} + (5*a^6*b*c^6)/(9*x^9) - (9*a^5*b^2*c^6)/(8*x^8) + (5*a^4*b^3*c^6)/(7*x^7) + (5*a^3*b^4*c^6)/(6*x^6) - (9*a^2*b^5*c^6)/(5*x^5) + (5*a*b^6*c^6)/(4*x^4) - (b^7*c^6)/(3*x^3)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {87, 27, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{13}{10}b \int \frac{c^6(a-bx)^6}{x^{10}} dx - \frac{c^6(a-bx)^7}{10x^{10}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{13}{10}bc^6 \int \frac{(a-bx)^6}{x^{10}} dx - \frac{c^6(a-bx)^7}{10x^{10}}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$\frac{13}{10}bc^6 \left(\frac{2b \int \frac{(a-bx)^6}{x^9} dx}{9a} - \frac{(a-bx)^7}{9ax^9} \right) - \frac{c^6(a-bx)^7}{10x^{10}}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$\frac{13}{10}bc^6 \left(\frac{2b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{(a-bx)^6}{x^8} dx}{8a} - \frac{(a-bx)^7}{8ax^8} \right)}{9a} - \frac{(a-bx)^7}{9ax^9} \right) - \frac{c^6(a-bx)^7}{10x^{10}}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$\frac{13}{10}bc^6 \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{b(a-bx)^7}{56a^2x^7} - \frac{(a-bx)^7}{8ax^8} \right)}{9a} - \frac{(a-bx)^7}{9ax^9} \right) - \frac{c^6(a-bx)^7}{10x^{10}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^6)/x^11,x]`

output `-1/10*(c^6*(a - b*x)^7)/x^10 + (13*b*c^6*(-1/9*(a - b*x)^7/(a*x^9) + (2*b*(-1/8*(a - b*x)^7/(a*x^8) - (b*(a - b*x)^7)/(56*a^2*x^7)))/(9*a))/10`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{c^6(840b^7x^7-3150ab^6x^6+4536a^2b^5x^5-2100a^3b^4x^4-1800a^4b^3x^3+2835a^5b^2x^2-1400a^6bx+252a^7)}{2520x^{10}}$	83
default	$c^6\left(-\frac{b^7}{3x^3}-\frac{9a^2b^5}{5x^5}+\frac{5a^4b^3}{7x^7}+\frac{5ab^6}{4x^4}-\frac{9a^5b^2}{8x^8}-\frac{a^7}{10x^{10}}+\frac{5a^3b^4}{6x^6}+\frac{5a^6b}{9x^9}\right)$	84
orering	$-\frac{(840b^7x^7-3150ab^6x^6+4536a^2b^5x^5-2100a^3b^4x^4-1800a^4b^3x^3+2835a^5b^2x^2-1400a^6bx+252a^7)(-bcx+ac)^6}{2520x^{10}(-bx+a)^6}$	99
norman	$-\frac{\frac{1}{10}a^7c^6-\frac{1}{3}b^7c^6x^7+\frac{5}{4}ab^6c^6x^6-\frac{9}{5}a^2b^5c^6x^5+\frac{5}{6}a^3b^4c^6x^4+\frac{5}{7}a^4b^3c^6x^3-\frac{9}{8}a^5b^2c^6x^2+\frac{5}{9}a^6bc^6x}{x^{10}}}{x^{10}}$	103
risch	$-\frac{\frac{1}{10}a^7c^6-\frac{1}{3}b^7c^6x^7+\frac{5}{4}ab^6c^6x^6-\frac{9}{5}a^2b^5c^6x^5+\frac{5}{6}a^3b^4c^6x^4+\frac{5}{7}a^4b^3c^6x^3-\frac{9}{8}a^5b^2c^6x^2+\frac{5}{9}a^6bc^6x}{x^{10}}}{x^{10}}$	103
parallelrisch	$-\frac{840b^7c^6x^7+3150ab^6c^6x^6-4536a^2b^5c^6x^5+2100a^3b^4c^6x^4+1800a^4b^3c^6x^3-2835a^5b^2c^6x^2+1400a^6bc^6x-252a^7c^6}{2520x^{10}}$	104

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/2520*c^6*(840*b^7*x^7-3150*a*b^6*x^6+4536*a^2*b^5*x^5-2100*a^3*b^4*x^4-1800*a^4*b^3*x^3+2835*a^5*b^2*x^2-1400*a^6*b*x+252*a^7)/x^{10}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{840b^7c^6x^7-3150ab^6c^6x^6+4536a^2b^5c^6x^5-2100a^3b^4c^6x^4-1800a^4b^3c^6x^3+2835a^5b^2c^6x^2-1400a^6bc^6x+252a^7c^6}{2520x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^11,x,algorithm="fricas")`output
$$-1/2520*(840*b^7*c^6*x^7-3150*a*b^6*c^6*x^6+4536*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5-2100*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4-1800*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3+2835*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2-1400*a^6*b*c^6*x+252*a^7*c^6)/x^{10}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{-252a^7c^6 + 1400a^6bc^6x - 2835a^5b^2c^6x^2 + 1800a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 2100a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 4536a^2b^5c^6x^5 + 3150ab^6c^6x^6}{2520x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**6/x**11,x)`output `(-252*a**7*c**6 + 1400*a**6*b*c**6*x - 2835*a**5*b**2*c**6*x**2 + 1800*a**4*b**3*c**6*x**3 + 2100*a**3*b**4*c**6*x**4 - 4536*a**2*b**5*c**6*x**5 + 3150*a*b**6*c**6*x**6 - 840*b**7*c**6*x**7)/(2520*x**10)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{840b^7c^6x^7 - 3150ab^6c^6x^6 + 4536a^2b^5c^6x^5 - 2100a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 1800a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 2835a^5b^2c^6x^2 - 1400a^6b^1c^6x^1 + 252a^7c^6}{2520x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2520*(840*b^7*c^6*x^7 - 3150*a*b^6*c^6*x^6 + 4536*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 - 2100*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4 - 1800*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 + 2835*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2 - 1400*a^6*b*c^6*x + 252*a^7*c^6)/x^10`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{840b^7c^6x^7 - 3150ab^6c^6x^6 + 4536a^2b^5c^6x^5 - 2100a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 1800a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 2835a^5b^2c^6x^2 - 1400a^6b^1c^6x - 252a^7c^6}{2520x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^11,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2520*(840*b^7*c^6*x^7 - 3150*a*b^6*c^6*x^6 + 4536*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 - 2100*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4 - 1800*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 + 2835*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2 - 1400*a^6*b*c^6*x + 252*a^7*c^6)/x^10`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{\frac{a^7c^6}{10} - \frac{5a^6bc^6x}{9} + \frac{9a^5b^2c^6x^2}{8} - \frac{5a^4b^3c^6x^3}{7} - \frac{5a^3b^4c^6x^4}{6} + \frac{9a^2b^5c^6x^5}{5} - \frac{5ab^6c^6x^6}{4} + \frac{b^7c^6x^7}{3}}{x^{10}}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^6*(a + b*x))/x^11,x)`output `-((a^7*c^6)/10 + (b^7*c^6*x^7)/3 - (5*a*b^6*c^6*x^6)/4 + (9*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2)/8 - (5*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3)/7 - (5*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4)/6 + (9*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5)/5 - (5*a^6*b*c^6*x)/9)/x^10`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^6}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^6(-840b^7x^7 + 3150ab^6x^6 - 4536a^2b^5x^5 + 2100a^3b^4x^4 + 1800a^4b^3x^3 - 2835a^5b^2x^2 + 1400a^6bx - 252a^7)}{2520x^{10}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^11,x)`output `(c**6*(- 252*a**7 + 1400*a**6*b*x - 2835*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 1800*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 2100*a**3*b**4*x**4 - 4536*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 3150*a*b**6*x**6 - 840*b**7*x**7))/(2520*x**10)`

3.47 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{12}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{a^7c^6}{11x^{11}} + \frac{a^6bc^6}{2x^{10}} - \frac{a^5b^2c^6}{x^9} + \frac{5a^4b^3c^6}{8x^8} + \frac{5a^3b^4c^6}{7x^7} - \frac{3a^2b^5c^6}{2x^6} + \frac{ab^6c^6}{x^5} - \frac{b^7c^6}{4x^4}$$

output

```
-1/11*a^7*c^6/x^11+1/2*a^6*b*c^6/x^10-a^5*b^2*c^6/x^9+5/8*a^4*b^3*c^6/x^8+5/7*a^3*b^4*c^6/x^7-3/2*a^2*b^5*c^6/x^6+a*b^6*c^6/x^5-1/4*b^7*c^6/x^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{a^7c^6}{11x^{11}} + \frac{a^6bc^6}{2x^{10}} - \frac{a^5b^2c^6}{x^9} + \frac{5a^4b^3c^6}{8x^8} + \frac{5a^3b^4c^6}{7x^7} - \frac{3a^2b^5c^6}{2x^6} + \frac{ab^6c^6}{x^5} - \frac{b^7c^6}{4x^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^6)/x^12,x]
```

output

$$-1/11*(a^7*c^6)/x^{11} + (a^6*b*c^6)/(2*x^{10}) - (a^5*b^2*c^6)/x^9 + (5*a^4*b^3*c^6)/(8*x^8) + (5*a^3*b^4*c^6)/(7*x^7) - (3*a^2*b^5*c^6)/(2*x^6) + (a*b^6*c^6)/x^5 - (b^7*c^6)/(4*x^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{12}} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^7c^6}{x^{12}} - \frac{5a^6bc^6}{x^{11}} + \frac{9a^5b^2c^6}{x^{10}} - \frac{5a^4b^3c^6}{x^9} - \frac{5a^3b^4c^6}{x^8} + \frac{9a^2b^5c^6}{x^7} - \frac{5ab^6c^6}{x^6} + \frac{b^7c^6}{x^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^7c^6}{11x^{11}} + \frac{a^6bc^6}{2x^{10}} - \frac{a^5b^2c^6}{x^9} + \frac{5a^4b^3c^6}{8x^8} + \frac{5a^3b^4c^6}{7x^7} - \frac{3a^2b^5c^6}{2x^6} + \frac{ab^6c^6}{x^5} - \frac{b^7c^6}{4x^4}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^6)/x^12,x]
```

output

$$-1/11*(a^7*c^6)/x^{11} + (a^6*b*c^6)/(2*x^{10}) - (a^5*b^2*c^6)/x^9 + (5*a^4*b^3*c^6)/(8*x^8) + (5*a^3*b^4*c^6)/(7*x^7) - (3*a^2*b^5*c^6)/(2*x^6) + (a*b^6*c^6)/x^5 - (b^7*c^6)/(4*x^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 84

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0
] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{c^6(154b^7x^7 - 616ab^6x^6 + 924a^2b^5x^5 - 440a^3b^4x^4 - 385a^4b^3x^3 + 616a^5b^2x^2 - 308a^6bx + 56a^7)}{616x^{11}}$	83
default	$c^6 \left(\frac{ab^6}{x^5} - \frac{a^7}{11x^{11}} + \frac{5a^3b^4}{7x^7} - \frac{b^7}{4x^4} + \frac{5a^4b^3}{8x^8} + \frac{a^6b}{2x^{10}} - \frac{3a^2b^5}{2x^6} - \frac{a^5b^2}{x^9} \right)$	83
orering	$-\frac{(154b^7x^7 - 616ab^6x^6 + 924a^2b^5x^5 - 440a^3b^4x^4 - 385a^4b^3x^3 + 616a^5b^2x^2 - 308a^6bx + 56a^7)(-bcx + ac)^6}{616x^{11}(-bx + a)^6}$	99
norman	$\frac{ab^6c^6x^6 - \frac{1}{11}a^7c^6 - \frac{1}{4}b^7c^6x^7 - \frac{3}{2}a^2b^5c^6x^5 + \frac{5}{7}a^3b^4c^6x^4 + \frac{5}{8}a^4b^3c^6x^3 - a^5b^2c^6x^2 + \frac{1}{2}a^6bc^6x}{x^{11}}$	102
risch	$\frac{ab^6c^6x^6 - \frac{1}{11}a^7c^6 - \frac{1}{4}b^7c^6x^7 - \frac{3}{2}a^2b^5c^6x^5 + \frac{5}{7}a^3b^4c^6x^4 + \frac{5}{8}a^4b^3c^6x^3 - a^5b^2c^6x^2 + \frac{1}{2}a^6bc^6x}{x^{11}}$	102
parallelrisch	$\frac{-154b^7c^6x^7 + 616ab^6c^6x^6 - 924a^2b^5c^6x^5 + 440a^3b^4c^6x^4 + 385a^4b^3c^6x^3 - 616a^5b^2c^6x^2 + 308a^6bc^6x - 56a^7c^6}{616x^{11}}$	104

input

```
int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/616*c^6*(154*b^7*x^7-616*a*b^6*x^6+924*a^2*b^5*x^5-440*a^3*b^4*x^4-385*
a^4*b^3*x^3+616*a^5*b^2*x^2-308*a^6*b*x+56*a^7)/x^11
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{154b^7c^6x^7 - 616ab^6c^6x^6 + 924a^2b^5c^6x^5 - 440a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 385a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 616a^5b^2c^6x^2 - 308a^6bc^6x + 56a^7c^6}{616x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^12,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/616*(154*b^7*c^6*x^7 - 616*a*b^6*c^6*x^6 + 924*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 - 440*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4 - 385*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 + 616*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2 - 308*a^6*b*c^6*x + 56*a^7*c^6)/x^11`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{-56a^7c^6 + 308a^6bc^6x - 616a^5b^2c^6x^2 + 385a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 440a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 924a^2b^5c^6x^5 + 616ab^6c^6x^6 - 154b^7c^6x^7}{616x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**6/x**12,x)`

output `(-56*a**7*c**6 + 308*a**6*b*c**6*x - 616*a**5*b**2*c**6*x**2 + 385*a**4*b**3*c**6*x**3 + 440*a**3*b**4*c**6*x**4 - 924*a**2*b**5*c**6*x**5 + 616*a*b**6*c**6*x**6 - 154*b**7*c**6*x**7)/(616*x**11)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{154b^7c^6x^7 - 616ab^6c^6x^6 + 924a^2b^5c^6x^5 - 440a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 385a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 616a^5b^2c^6x^2 - 308a^6bc^6x + 56a^7c^6}{616x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/616*(154*b^7*c^6*x^7 - 616*a*b^6*c^6*x^6 + 924*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 - 440*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4 - 385*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 + 616*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2 - 308*a^6*b*c^6*x + 56*a^7*c^6)/x^11`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{154b^7c^6x^7 - 616ab^6c^6x^6 + 924a^2b^5c^6x^5 - 440a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 385a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 616a^5b^2c^6x^2 - 308a^6bc^6x + 56a^7c^6}{616x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^12,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/616*(154*b^7*c^6*x^7 - 616*a*b^6*c^6*x^6 + 924*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 - 440*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4 - 385*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 + 616*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2 - 308*a^6*b*c^6*x + 56*a^7*c^6)/x^11`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{a^7 c^6}{11} - \frac{a^6 b c^6 x}{2} + a^5 b^2 c^6 x^2 - \frac{5 a^4 b^3 c^6 x^3}{8} - \frac{5 a^3 b^4 c^6 x^4}{7} + \frac{3 a^2 b^5 c^6 x^5}{2} - a b^6 c^6 x^6 + \frac{b^7 c^6 x^7}{4}}{x^{11}}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^6*(a + b*x))/x^12,x)`

output

$$-\frac{(a^7 c^6)}{11} + \frac{(b^7 c^6 x^7)}{4} - a b^6 c^6 x^6 + a^5 b^2 c^6 x^2 - \frac{(5 a^4 b^3 c^6 x^3)}{8} - \frac{(5 a^3 b^4 c^6 x^4)}{7} + \frac{(3 a^2 b^5 c^6 x^5)}{2} - \frac{(a^6 b^6 c^6 x)}{2} / x^{11}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^6(-154b^7x^7 + 616ab^6x^6 - 924a^2b^5x^5 + 440a^3b^4x^4 + 385a^4b^3x^3 - 616a^5b^2x^2 + 308a^6bx - 56a^7)}{616x^{11}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^12,x)`

output

$$(c**6*(-56*a**7 + 308*a**6*b*x - 616*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 385*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 440*a**3*b**4*x**4 - 924*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 616*a*b**6*x**6 - 154*b**7*x**7))/(616*x**11)$$

3.48 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{13}} dx$

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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	425
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	426
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	426

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{a^7c^6}{12x^{12}} + \frac{5a^6bc^6}{11x^{11}} - \frac{9a^5b^2c^6}{10x^{10}} + \frac{5a^4b^3c^6}{9x^9} + \frac{5a^3b^4c^6}{8x^8} - \frac{9a^2b^5c^6}{7x^7} + \frac{5ab^6c^6}{6x^6} - \frac{b^7c^6}{5x^5}$$

output

```
-1/12*a^7*c^6/x^12+5/11*a^6*b*c^6/x^11-9/10*a^5*b^2*c^6/x^10+5/9*a^4*b^3*c^6/x^9+5/8*a^3*b^4*c^6/x^8-9/7*a^2*b^5*c^6/x^7+5/6*a*b^6*c^6/x^6-1/5*b^7*c^6/x^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{a^7c^6}{12x^{12}} + \frac{5a^6bc^6}{11x^{11}} - \frac{9a^5b^2c^6}{10x^{10}} + \frac{5a^4b^3c^6}{9x^9} + \frac{5a^3b^4c^6}{8x^8} - \frac{9a^2b^5c^6}{7x^7} + \frac{5ab^6c^6}{6x^6} - \frac{b^7c^6}{5x^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^6)/x^13,x]
```

output

$$-1/12*(a^7*c^6)/x^{12} + (5*a^6*b*c^6)/(11*x^{11}) - (9*a^5*b^2*c^6)/(10*x^{10}) + (5*a^4*b^3*c^6)/(9*x^9) + (5*a^3*b^4*c^6)/(8*x^8) - (9*a^2*b^5*c^6)/(7*x^7) + (5*a*b^6*c^6)/(6*x^6) - (b^7*c^6)/(5*x^5)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {84, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(ac - bcx)^6}{x^{13}} dx$$

↓ 84

$$\int \left(\frac{a^7 c^6}{x^{13}} - \frac{5a^6 b c^6}{x^{12}} + \frac{9a^5 b^2 c^6}{x^{11}} - \frac{5a^4 b^3 c^6}{x^{10}} - \frac{5a^3 b^4 c^6}{x^9} + \frac{9a^2 b^5 c^6}{x^8} - \frac{5ab^6 c^6}{x^7} + \frac{b^7 c^6}{x^6} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^7 c^6}{12x^{12}} + \frac{5a^6 b c^6}{11x^{11}} - \frac{9a^5 b^2 c^6}{10x^{10}} + \frac{5a^4 b^3 c^6}{9x^9} + \frac{5a^3 b^4 c^6}{8x^8} - \frac{9a^2 b^5 c^6}{7x^7} + \frac{5ab^6 c^6}{6x^6} - \frac{b^7 c^6}{5x^5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)*(a*c - b*c*x)^6/x^{13}, x]$$

output

$$-1/12*(a^7*c^6)/x^{12} + (5*a^6*b*c^6)/(11*x^{11}) - (9*a^5*b^2*c^6)/(10*x^{10}) + (5*a^4*b^3*c^6)/(9*x^9) + (5*a^3*b^4*c^6)/(8*x^8) - (9*a^2*b^5*c^6)/(7*x^7) + (5*a*b^6*c^6)/(6*x^6) - (b^7*c^6)/(5*x^5)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 84

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0]
] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{c^6(5544b^7x^7 - 23100ab^6x^6 + 35640a^2b^5x^5 - 17325a^3b^4x^4 - 15400a^4b^3x^3 + 24948a^5b^2x^2 - 12600a^6bx + 2310a^7)}{27720x^{12}}$
default	$c^6 \left(-\frac{b^7}{5x^5} + \frac{5a^6b}{11x^{11}} - \frac{9a^2b^5}{7x^7} + \frac{5a^3b^4}{8x^8} - \frac{9a^5b^2}{10x^{10}} + \frac{5ab^6}{6x^6} + \frac{5a^4b^3}{9x^9} - \frac{a^7}{12x^{12}} \right)$
orering	$-\frac{(5544b^7x^7 - 23100ab^6x^6 + 35640a^2b^5x^5 - 17325a^3b^4x^4 - 15400a^4b^3x^3 + 24948a^5b^2x^2 - 12600a^6bx + 2310a^7)(-bcx+ac)^6}{27720x^{12}(-bx+a)^6}$
norman	$-\frac{\frac{1}{12}a^7c^6 - \frac{1}{5}b^7c^6x^7 + \frac{5}{6}ab^6c^6x^6 - \frac{9}{7}a^2b^5c^6x^5 + \frac{5}{8}a^3b^4c^6x^4 + \frac{5}{9}a^4b^3c^6x^3 - \frac{9}{10}a^5b^2c^6x^2 + \frac{5}{11}a^6bc^6x}{x^{12}}$
risch	$-\frac{\frac{1}{12}a^7c^6 - \frac{1}{5}b^7c^6x^7 + \frac{5}{6}ab^6c^6x^6 - \frac{9}{7}a^2b^5c^6x^5 + \frac{5}{8}a^3b^4c^6x^4 + \frac{5}{9}a^4b^3c^6x^3 - \frac{9}{10}a^5b^2c^6x^2 + \frac{5}{11}a^6bc^6x}{x^{12}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{5544b^7c^6x^7 + 23100ab^6c^6x^6 - 35640a^2b^5c^6x^5 + 17325a^3b^4c^6x^4 + 15400a^4b^3c^6x^3 - 24948a^5b^2c^6x^2 + 12600a^6bc^6x - 2310a^7c^6}{27720x^{12}}$

input

```
int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^13,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/27720*c^6*(5544*b^7*x^7-23100*a*b^6*x^6+35640*a^2*b^5*x^5-17325*a^3*b^4
*x^4-15400*a^4*b^3*x^3+24948*a^5*b^2*x^2-12600*a^6*b*x+2310*a^7)/x^12
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{5544b^7c^6x^7 - 23100ab^6c^6x^6 + 35640a^2b^5c^6x^5 - 17325a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 15400a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 24948a^5b^2c^6x^2 - 2600a^6b^1c^6x + 2310a^7c^6}{27720x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^13,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/27720*(5544*b^7*c^6*x^7 - 23100*a*b^6*c^6*x^6 + 35640*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 - 17325*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4 - 15400*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 + 24948*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2 - 2600*a^6*b*c^6*x + 2310*a^7*c^6)/x^12`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{-2310a^7c^6 + 12600a^6bc^6x - 24948a^5b^2c^6x^2 + 15400a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 17325a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 35640a^2b^5c^6x^5 + 23100a^1b^6c^6x^6 - 5544b^7c^6x^7}{27720x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)**6/x**13,x)`output `(-2310*a**7*c**6 + 12600*a**6*b*c**6*x - 24948*a**5*b**2*c**6*x**2 + 15400*a**4*b**3*c**6*x**3 + 17325*a**3*b**4*c**6*x**4 - 35640*a**2*b**5*c**6*x**5 + 23100*a*b**6*c**6*x**6 - 5544*b**7*c**6*x**7)/(27720*x**12)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{5544b^7c^6x^7 - 23100ab^6c^6x^6 + 35640a^2b^5c^6x^5 - 17325a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 15400a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 24948a^5b^2c^6x^2 - 2600a^6b^1c^6x + 2310a^7c^6}{27720x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^13,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/27720*(5544*b^7*c^6*x^7 - 23100*a*b^6*c^6*x^6 + 35640*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 - 17325*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4 - 15400*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 + 24948*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2 - 2600*a^6*b*c^6*x + 2310*a^7*c^6)/x^12`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{5544b^7c^6x^7 - 23100ab^6c^6x^6 + 35640a^2b^5c^6x^5 - 17325a^3b^4c^6x^4 - 15400a^4b^3c^6x^3 + 24948a^5b^2c^6x^2 - 2600a^6b^1c^6x + 2310a^7c^6}{27720x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^13,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/27720*(5544*b^7*c^6*x^7 - 23100*a*b^6*c^6*x^6 + 35640*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5 - 17325*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4 - 15400*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3 + 24948*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2 - 2600*a^6*b*c^6*x + 2310*a^7*c^6)/x^12`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{13}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{a^7 c^6}{12} - \frac{5a^6 b c^6 x}{11} + \frac{9a^5 b^2 c^6 x^2}{10} - \frac{5a^4 b^3 c^6 x^3}{9} - \frac{5a^3 b^4 c^6 x^4}{8} + \frac{9a^2 b^5 c^6 x^5}{7} - \frac{5ab^6 c^6 x^6}{6} + \frac{b^7 c^6 x^7}{5}}{x^{12}}$$

input `int(((a*c - b*c*x)^6*(a + b*x))/x^13,x)`output `-((a^7*c^6)/12 + (b^7*c^6*x^7)/5 - (5*a*b^6*c^6*x^6)/6 + (9*a^5*b^2*c^6*x^2)/10 - (5*a^4*b^3*c^6*x^3)/9 - (5*a^3*b^4*c^6*x^4)/8 + (9*a^2*b^5*c^6*x^5)/7 - (5*a^6*b*c^6*x)/11)/x^12`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(ac-bcx)^6}{x^{13}} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^6(-5544b^7x^7 + 23100ab^6x^6 - 35640a^2b^5x^5 + 17325a^3b^4x^4 + 15400a^4b^3x^3 - 24948a^5b^2x^2 + 12600a^6bx - 5544b^7x^7)}{27720x^{12}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(-b*c*x+a*c)^6/x^13,x)`output `(c**6*(- 2310*a**7 + 12600*a**6*b*x - 24948*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 15400*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 17325*a**3*b**4*x**4 - 35640*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 23100*a*b**6*x**6 - 5544*b**7*x**7))/(27720*x**12)`

3.49 $\int x^4(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	427
Mathematica [A] (verified)	427
Rubi [A] (verified)	428
Maple [A] (verified)	429
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	429
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	430
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	430
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	430
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	431
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	431

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int x^4(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{5}aAx^5 + \frac{1}{6}(Ab + aB)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}bBx^7$$

output $1/5*a*A*x^5+1/6*(A*b+B*a)*x^6+1/7*b*B*x^7$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^4(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{5}aAx^5 + \frac{1}{6}(Ab + aB)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}bBx^7$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x),x]`

output $(a*A*x^5)/5 + ((A*b + a*B)*x^6)/6 + (b*B*x^7)/7$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (x^5(aB + Ab) + aAx^4 + bBx^6) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{6}x^6(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{5}aAx^5 + \frac{1}{7}bBx^7$$

input `Int[x^4*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(a*A*x^5)/5 + ((A*b + a*B)*x^6)/6 + (b*B*x^7)/7`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
default	$\frac{aAx^5}{5} + \frac{(Ab+Ba)x^6}{6} + \frac{bBx^7}{7}$	28
orering	$\frac{x^5(30bBx^2+35Abx+35Bax+42Aa)}{210}$	28
norman	$\frac{bBx^7}{7} + \left(\frac{Ab}{6} + \frac{Ba}{6}\right)x^6 + \frac{aAx^5}{5}$	29
gospers	$\frac{1}{7}bBx^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6Ab + \frac{1}{6}x^6Ba + \frac{1}{5}aAx^5$	30
risch	$\frac{1}{7}bBx^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6Ab + \frac{1}{6}x^6Ba + \frac{1}{5}aAx^5$	30
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{7}bBx^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6Ab + \frac{1}{6}x^6Ba + \frac{1}{5}aAx^5$	30

input `int(x^4*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5*a*A*x^5+1/6*(A*b+B*a)*x^6+1/7*b*B*x^7`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{7}Bbx^7 + \frac{1}{5}Aax^5 + \frac{1}{6}(Ba+Ab)x^6$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/7*B*b*x^7 + 1/5*A*a*x^5 + 1/6*(B*a + A*b)*x^6`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Aax^5}{5} + \frac{Bbx^7}{7} + x^6\left(\frac{Ab}{6} + \frac{Ba}{6}\right)$$

input `integrate(x**4*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x)`output `A*a*x**5/5 + B*b*x**7/7 + x**6*(A*b/6 + B*a/6)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{7}Bbx^7 + \frac{1}{5}Aax^5 + \frac{1}{6}(Ba+Ab)x^6$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/7*B*b*x^7 + 1/5*A*a*x^5 + 1/6*(B*a + A*b)*x^6`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^4(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{7}Bbx^7 + \frac{1}{6}Bax^6 + \frac{1}{6}Abx^6 + \frac{1}{5}Aax^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/7*B*b*x^7 + 1/6*B*a*x^6 + 1/6*A*b*x^6 + 1/5*A*a*x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^4(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{Bbx^7}{7} + \left(\frac{Ab}{6} + \frac{Ba}{6}\right)x^6 + \frac{Aax^5}{5}$$

input `int(x^4*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x),x)`output `x^6*((A*b)/6 + (B*a)/6) + (A*a*x^5)/5 + (B*b*x^7)/7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^4(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{x^5(15b^2x^2 + 35abx + 21a^2)}{105}$$

input `int(x^4*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x)`output `(x**5*(21*a**2 + 35*a*b*x + 15*b**2*x**2))/105`

3.50 $\int x^3(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	432
Mathematica [A] (verified)	432
Rubi [A] (verified)	433
Maple [A] (verified)	434
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	434
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	435
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	435
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	435
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	436
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	436

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int x^3(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{4}aAx^4 + \frac{1}{5}(Ab + aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}bBx^6$$

output $1/4*a*A*x^4+1/5*(A*b+B*a)*x^5+1/6*b*B*x^6$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^3(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{4}aAx^4 + \frac{1}{5}(Ab + aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}bBx^6$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x),x]`

output $(a*A*x^4)/4 + ((A*b + a*B)*x^5)/5 + (b*B*x^6)/6$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (x^4(aB + Ab) + aAx^3 + bBx^5) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{4}aAx^4 + \frac{1}{6}bBx^6$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(a*A*x^4)/4 + ((A*b + a*B)*x^5)/5 + (b*B*x^6)/6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
default	$\frac{aAx^4}{4} + \frac{(Ab+Ba)x^5}{5} + \frac{bBx^6}{6}$	28
orering	$\frac{x^4(10bBx^2+12Abx+12Bax+15Aa)}{60}$	28
norman	$\frac{bBx^6}{6} + \left(\frac{Ab}{5} + \frac{Ba}{5}\right)x^5 + \frac{aAx^4}{4}$	29
gospers	$\frac{1}{6}bBx^6 + \frac{1}{5}x^5Ab + \frac{1}{5}x^5Ba + \frac{1}{4}aAx^4$	30
risch	$\frac{1}{6}bBx^6 + \frac{1}{5}x^5Ab + \frac{1}{5}x^5Ba + \frac{1}{4}aAx^4$	30
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{6}bBx^6 + \frac{1}{5}x^5Ab + \frac{1}{5}x^5Ba + \frac{1}{4}aAx^4$	30

input `int(x^3*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*a*A*x^4+1/5*(A*b+B*a)*x^5+1/6*b*B*x^6`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^3(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{6}Bbx^6 + \frac{1}{4}Aax^4 + \frac{1}{5}(Ba+Ab)x^5$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*B*b*x^6 + 1/4*A*a*x^4 + 1/5*(B*a + A*b)*x^5`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^3(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{Aax^4}{4} + \frac{Bbx^6}{6} + x^5 \left(\frac{Ab}{5} + \frac{Ba}{5} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**3*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x)`output `A*a*x**4/4 + B*b*x**6/6 + x**5*(A*b/5 + B*a/5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^3(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{6} Bbx^6 + \frac{1}{4} Aax^4 + \frac{1}{5} (Ba + Ab)x^5$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*B*b*x^6 + 1/4*A*a*x^4 + 1/5*(B*a + A*b)*x^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^3(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{6} Bbx^6 + \frac{1}{5} Bax^5 + \frac{1}{5} Abx^5 + \frac{1}{4} Aax^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*B*b*x^6 + 1/5*B*a*x^5 + 1/5*A*b*x^5 + 1/4*A*a*x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^3(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{Bbx^6}{6} + \left(\frac{Ab}{5} + \frac{Ba}{5}\right)x^5 + \frac{Aax^4}{4}$$

input `int(x^3*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x),x)`output `x^5*((A*b)/5 + (B*a)/5) + (A*a*x^4)/4 + (B*b*x^6)/6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^3(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{x^4(10b^2x^2 + 24abx + 15a^2)}{60}$$

input `int(x^3*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x)`output `(x**4*(15*a**2 + 24*a*b*x + 10*b**2*x**2))/60`

3.51 $\int x^2(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	437
Mathematica [A] (verified)	437
Rubi [A] (verified)	438
Maple [A] (verified)	439
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	439
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	440
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	440
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	440
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	441
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	441

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{3}aAx^3 + \frac{1}{4}(Ab + aB)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}bBx^5$$

output $1/3*a*A*x^3+1/4*(A*b+B*a)*x^4+1/5*b*B*x^5$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{3}aAx^3 + \frac{1}{4}(Ab + aB)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}bBx^5$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x),x]`

output $(a*A*x^3)/3 + ((A*b + a*B)*x^4)/4 + (b*B*x^5)/5$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (x^3(aB + Ab) + aAx^2 + bBx^4) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{3}aAx^3 + \frac{1}{5}bBx^5$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(a*A*x^3)/3 + ((A*b + a*B)*x^4)/4 + (b*B*x^5)/5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
default	$\frac{aAx^3}{3} + \frac{(Ab+Ba)x^4}{4} + \frac{bBx^5}{5}$	28
orering	$\frac{x^3(12bBx^2+15Abx+15Bax+20Aa)}{60}$	28
norman	$\frac{bBx^5}{5} + \left(\frac{Ab}{4} + \frac{Ba}{4}\right)x^4 + \frac{aAx^3}{3}$	29
gospers	$\frac{1}{5}bBx^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4Ab + \frac{1}{4}x^4Ba + \frac{1}{3}aAx^3$	30
risch	$\frac{1}{5}bBx^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4Ab + \frac{1}{4}x^4Ba + \frac{1}{3}aAx^3$	30
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{5}bBx^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4Ab + \frac{1}{4}x^4Ba + \frac{1}{3}aAx^3$	30

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*a*A*x^3+1/4*(A*b+B*a)*x^4+1/5*b*B*x^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{5}Bbx^5 + \frac{1}{3}Aax^3 + \frac{1}{4}(Ba+Ab)x^4$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*B*b*x^5 + 1/3*A*a*x^3 + 1/4*(B*a + A*b)*x^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{Aax^3}{3} + \frac{Bbx^5}{5} + x^4\left(\frac{Ab}{4} + \frac{Ba}{4}\right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x)`output `A*a*x**3/3 + B*b*x**5/5 + x**4*(A*b/4 + B*a/4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{5} Bbx^5 + \frac{1}{3} Aax^3 + \frac{1}{4} (Ba + Ab)x^4$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*B*b*x^5 + 1/3*A*a*x^3 + 1/4*(B*a + A*b)*x^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{5} Bbx^5 + \frac{1}{4} Bax^4 + \frac{1}{4} Abx^4 + \frac{1}{3} Aax^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*B*b*x^5 + 1/4*B*a*x^4 + 1/4*A*b*x^4 + 1/3*A*a*x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{Bbx^5}{5} + \left(\frac{Ab}{4} + \frac{Ba}{4}\right)x^4 + \frac{Aax^3}{3}$$

input `int(x^2*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x),x)`

output `x^4*((A*b)/4 + (B*a)/4) + (A*a*x^3)/3 + (B*b*x^5)/5`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{x^3(6b^2x^2 + 15abx + 10a^2)}{30}$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(x**3*(10*a**2 + 15*a*b*x + 6*b**2*x**2))/30`

3.52 $\int x(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	442
Mathematica [A] (verified)	442
Rubi [A] (verified)	443
Maple [A] (verified)	444
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	444
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	445
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	445
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	445
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	446
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	446

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int x(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{2}aAx^2 + \frac{1}{3}(Ab + aB)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}bBx^4$$

output `1/2*a*A*x^2+1/3*(A*b+B*a)*x^3+1/4*b*B*x^4`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{12}x^2(bx(4A + 3Bx) + a(6A + 4Bx))$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(x^2*(b*x*(4*A + 3*B*x) + a*(6*A + 4*B*x)))/12`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (x^2(aB + Ab) + aAx + bBx^3) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{2}aAx^2 + \frac{1}{4}bBx^4$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(a*A*x^2)/2 + ((A*b + a*B)*x^3)/3 + (b*B*x^4)/4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
default	$\frac{aAx^2}{2} + \frac{(Ab+Ba)x^3}{3} + \frac{bBx^4}{4}$	28
orering	$\frac{x^2(3bBx^2+4Abx+4Bax+6Aa)}{12}$	28
norman	$\frac{bBx^4}{4} + \left(\frac{Ab}{3} + \frac{Ba}{3}\right)x^3 + \frac{aAx^2}{2}$	29
gospers	$\frac{1}{4}bBx^4 + \frac{1}{3}x^3Ab + \frac{1}{3}x^3Ba + \frac{1}{2}aAx^2$	30
risch	$\frac{1}{4}bBx^4 + \frac{1}{3}x^3Ab + \frac{1}{3}x^3Ba + \frac{1}{2}aAx^2$	30
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{4}bBx^4 + \frac{1}{3}x^3Ab + \frac{1}{3}x^3Ba + \frac{1}{2}aAx^2$	30

input `int(x*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*a*A*x^2+1/3*(A*b+B*a)*x^3+1/4*b*B*x^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{4}x^4bB + \frac{1}{3}x^3aB + \frac{1}{3}x^3bA + \frac{1}{2}x^2aA$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*x^4*b*B + 1/3*x^3*a*B + 1/3*x^3*b*A + 1/2*x^2*a*A`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{Aax^2}{2} + \frac{Bbx^4}{4} + x^3 \left(\frac{Ab}{3} + \frac{Ba}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x)`output `A*a*x**2/2 + B*b*x**4/4 + x**3*(A*b/3 + B*a/3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{4} Bbx^4 + \frac{1}{2} Aax^2 + \frac{1}{3} (Ba + Ab)x^3$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*B*b*x^4 + 1/2*A*a*x^2 + 1/3*(B*a + A*b)*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{4} Bbx^4 + \frac{1}{3} Bax^3 + \frac{1}{3} Abx^3 + \frac{1}{2} Aax^2$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*B*b*x^4 + 1/3*B*a*x^3 + 1/3*A*b*x^3 + 1/2*A*a*x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{Bbx^4}{4} + \left(\frac{Ab}{3} + \frac{Ba}{3}\right)x^3 + \frac{Aax^2}{2}$$

input `int(x*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x),x)`

output `x^3*((A*b)/3 + (B*a)/3) + (A*a*x^2)/2 + (B*b*x^4)/4`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{x^2(3b^2x^2 + 8abx + 6a^2)}{12}$$

input `int(x*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(x**2*(6*a**2 + 8*a*b*x + 3*b**2*x**2))/12`

3.53 $\int (a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	447
Mathematica [A] (verified)	447
Rubi [A] (verified)	448
Maple [A] (verified)	449
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	449
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	450
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	450
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	450
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	451
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	451

Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int (a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = aAx + \frac{1}{2}(Ab + aB)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}bBx^3$$

output `a*A*x+1/2*(A*b+B*a)*x^2+1/3*b*B*x^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = aAx + \frac{1}{2}(Ab + aB)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}bBx^3$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `a*A*x + ((A*b + a*B)*x^2)/2 + (b*B*x^3)/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int (x(aB + Ab) + aA + bBx^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2(aB + Ab) + aAx + \frac{1}{3}bBx^3$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `a*A*x + ((A*b + a*B)*x^2)/2 + (b*B*x^3)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
default	$aAx + \frac{(Ab+Ba)x^2}{2} + \frac{bBx^3}{3}$	25
norman	$\frac{bBx^3}{3} + \left(\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2}\right)x^2 + aAx$	26
orering	$\frac{x(2bBx^2+3Abx+3Bax+6Aa)}{6}$	26
gosper	$\frac{1}{3}bBx^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2Ab + \frac{1}{2}x^2Ba + aAx$	27
risch	$\frac{1}{3}bBx^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2Ab + \frac{1}{2}x^2Ba + aAx$	27
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{3}bBx^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2Ab + \frac{1}{2}x^2Ba + aAx$	27

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*A*x+1/2*(A*b+B*a)*x^2+1/3*b*B*x^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{3}x^3bB + \frac{1}{2}x^2aB + \frac{1}{2}x^2bA + xaA$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*x^3*b*B + 1/2*x^2*a*B + 1/2*x^2*b*A + x*a*A`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = Aax + \frac{Bbx^3}{3} + x^2 \left(\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x)`output `A*a*x + B*b*x**3/3 + x**2*(A*b/2 + B*a/2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{3} Bbx^3 + Aax + \frac{1}{2} (Ba + Ab)x^2$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*B*b*x^3 + A*a*x + 1/2*(B*a + A*b)*x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{3} Bbx^3 + \frac{1}{2} Bax^2 + \frac{1}{2} Abx^2 + Aax$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*B*b*x^3 + 1/2*B*a*x^2 + 1/2*A*b*x^2 + A*a*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{Bbx^3}{3} + \left(\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2}\right)x^2 + Aax$$

input `int((A + B*x)*(a + b*x),x)`

output `x^2*((A*b)/2 + (B*a)/2) + A*a*x + (B*b*x^3)/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{x(b^2x^2 + 3abx + 3a^2)}{3}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(x*(3*a**2 + 3*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))/3`

3.54 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	452
Mathematica [A] (verified)	452
Rubi [A] (verified)	453
Maple [A] (verified)	454
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	454
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	454
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	455
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	455
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	455
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	456

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x} dx = (Ab+aB)x + \frac{1}{2}bBx^2 + aA \log(x)$$

output

```
(A*b+B*a)*x+1/2*b*B*x^2+a*A*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x} dx = (Ab+aB)x + \frac{1}{2}bBx^2 + aA \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/x,x]
```

output

```
(A*b + a*B)*x + (b*B*x^2)/2 + a*A*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{aA}{x} + aB + Ab + bBx \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$x(aB + Ab) + aA \log(x) + \frac{1}{2}bBx^2$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/x,x]
```

output

```
(A*b + a*B)*x + (b*B*x^2)/2 + a*A*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
default	$\frac{bBx^2}{2} + Abx + Bax + aA \ln(x)$	22
risch	$\frac{bBx^2}{2} + Abx + Bax + aA \ln(x)$	22
parallelrisch	$\frac{bBx^2}{2} + Abx + Bax + aA \ln(x)$	22
norman	$(Ab + Ba)x + \frac{bBx^2}{2} + aA \ln(x)$	23

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/2*b*B*x^2+A*b*x+B*a*x+a*A*ln(x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} Bbx^2 + Aa \log(x) + (Ba + Ab)x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*B*b*x^2 + A*a*log(x) + (B*a + A*b)*x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x} dx = Aa \log(x) + \frac{Bbx^2}{2} + x(Ab + Ba)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x,x)`

output $A*a*\log(x) + B*b*x**2/2 + x*(A*b + B*a)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} Bbx^2 + Aa \log(x) + (Ba + Ab)x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/2*B*b*x^2 + A*a*\log(x) + (B*a + A*b)*x$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} Bbx^2 + Bax + Abx + Aa \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/2*B*b*x^2 + B*a*x + A*b*x + A*a*\log(\text{abs}(x))$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x} dx = x(Ab + Ba) + \frac{Bbx^2}{2} + Aa \ln(x)$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x))/x,x)`

output $x*(A*b + B*a) + (B*b*x^2)/2 + A*a*\log(x)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \log(x) a^2 + 2abx + \frac{b^2 x^2}{2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x,x)`

output `(2*log(x)*a**2 + 4*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)/2`

3.55 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	457
Mathematica [A] (verified)	457
Rubi [A] (verified)	458
Maple [A] (verified)	459
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	459
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	459
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	460
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	460
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	460
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	461

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{aA}{x} + bBx + (Ab + aB) \log(x)$$

output

```
-a*A/x+b*B*x+(A*b+B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{aA}{x} + bBx + (Ab + aB) \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/x^2,x]
```

output

```
-((a*A)/x) + b*B*x + (A*b + a*B)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{aB + Ab}{x} + \frac{aA}{x^2} + bB \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\log(x)(aB + Ab) - \frac{aA}{x} + bBx$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/x^2,x]
```

output

```
-((a*A)/x) + b*B*x + (A*b + a*B)*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{aA}{x} + bBx + (Ab + Ba) \ln(x)$	23
risch	$-\frac{aA}{x} + bBx + A \ln(x) b + B \ln(x) a$	23
norman	$\frac{bBx^2 - Aa}{x} + (Ab + Ba) \ln(x)$	27
parallelrisch	$\frac{A \ln(x)xb + B \ln(x)xa + bBx^2 - Aa}{x}$	28

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-a*A/x+b*B*x+(A*b+B*a)*ln(x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{Bbx^2 + (Ba + Ab)x \log(x) - Aa}{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(B*b*x^2 + (B*a + A*b)*x*log(x) - A*a)/x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{Aa}{x} + Bbx + (Ab + Ba) \log(x)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x**2,x)`

output $-Aa/x + Bbx + (Ab + Ba)*\log(x)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx = Bbx + (Ba + Ab) \log(x) - \frac{Aa}{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $Bbx + (Ba + Ab)*\log(x) - Aa/x$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx = Bbx + (Ba + Ab) \log(|x|) - \frac{Aa}{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $Bbx + (Ba + Ab)*\log(\text{abs}(x)) - Aa/x$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx = \ln(x) (Ab + Ba) + Bbx - \frac{Aa}{x}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x))/x^2,x)`

output $\log(x)*(Ab + Ba) + Bbx - (Aa)/x$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{2 \log(x) abx - a^2 + b^2 x^2}{x}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x)`

output `(2*log(x)*a*b*x - a**2 + b**2*x**2)/x`

3.56 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	462
Mathematica [A] (verified)	462
Rubi [A] (verified)	463
Maple [A] (verified)	464
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	464
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	464
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	465
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	465
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	465
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	466

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{aA}{2x^2} - \frac{Ab + aB}{x} + bB \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/2*a*A/x^2-(A*b+B*a)/x+b*B*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{aA}{2x^2} + \frac{-Ab - aB}{x} + bB \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(a*A)/x^2 + (-(A*b) - a*B)/x + b*B*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{aB + Ab}{x^2} + \frac{aA}{x^3} + \frac{bB}{x} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{aB + Ab}{x} - \frac{aA}{2x^2} + bB \log(x)$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(a*A)/x^2 - (A*b + a*B)/x + b*B*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{aA}{2x^2} - \frac{Ab+Ba}{x} + bB \ln(x)$	26
norman	$\frac{(-Ab-Ba)x - \frac{Aa}{2}}{x^2} + bB \ln(x)$	27
risch	$\frac{(-Ab-Ba)x - \frac{Aa}{2}}{x^2} + bB \ln(x)$	27
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-2Bb \ln(x)x^2 + 2Abx + 2Bax + Aa}{2x^2}$	29

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/2*a*A/x^2-(A*b+B*a)/x+b*B*ln(x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{2Bbx^2 \log(x) - Aa - 2(Ba+Ab)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(2*B*b*x^2*log(x) - A*a - 2*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = Bb \log(x) + \frac{-Aa + x(-2Ab - 2Ba)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x**3,x)`

output $B*b*\log(x) + (-A*a + x*(-2*A*b - 2*B*a))/(2*x**2)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = Bb \log(x) - \frac{Aa + 2(Ba + Ab)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $B*b*\log(x) - 1/2*(A*a + 2*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^2$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = Bb \log(|x|) - \frac{Aa + 2(Ba + Ab)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $B*b*\log(\text{abs}(x)) - 1/2*(A*a + 2*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^2$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = Bb \ln(x) - \frac{\frac{Aa}{2} + x(Ab + Ba)}{x^2}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x))/x^3,x)`

output $B*b*\log(x) - ((A*a)/2 + x*(A*b + B*a))/x^2$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{2 \log(x) b^2 x^2 - a^2 - 4abx}{2x^2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x)`

output `(2*log(x)*b**2*x**2 - a**2 - 4*a*b*x)/(2*x**2)`

$$3.57 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	467
Mathematica [A] (verified)	467
Rubi [A] (verified)	468
Maple [A] (verified)	469
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	469
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	470
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	470
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	470
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	471
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	471

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{aA}{3x^3} - \frac{Ab+aB}{2x^2} - \frac{bB}{x}$$

output

```
-1/3*a*A/x^3-1/2*(A*b+B*a)/x^2-b*B/x
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{3bx(A+2Bx)+a(2A+3Bx)}{6x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/6*(3*b*x*(A + 2*B*x) + a*(2*A + 3*B*x))/x^3
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{aB + Ab}{x^3} + \frac{aA}{x^4} + \frac{bB}{x^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{aB + Ab}{2x^2} - \frac{aA}{3x^3} - \frac{bB}{x}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(a*A)/x^3 - (A*b + a*B)/(2*x^2) - (b*B)/x
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{6bBx^2+3Abx+3Bax+2Aa}{6x^3}$	28
default	$-\frac{aA}{3x^3} - \frac{Ab+Ba}{2x^2} - \frac{bB}{x}$	28
norman	$\frac{-bBx^2 + \left(-\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2}\right)x - \frac{Aa}{3}}{x^3}$	28
risch	$\frac{-bBx^2 + \left(-\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2}\right)x - \frac{Aa}{3}}{x^3}$	28
parallelrisc	$-\frac{6bBx^2+3Abx+3Bax+2Aa}{6x^3}$	28
orering	$-\frac{6bBx^2+3Abx+3Bax+2Aa}{6x^3}$	28

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6*(6*B*b*x^2+3*A*b*x+3*B*a*x+2*A*a)/x^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{6Bbx^2 + 2Aa + 3(Ba+Ab)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(6*B*b*x^2 + 2*A*a + 3*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{-2Aa - 6Bbx^2 + x(-3Ab - 3Ba)}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x**4,x)`output `(-2*A*a - 6*B*b*x**2 + x*(-3*A*b - 3*B*a))/(6*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{6Bbx^2 + 2Aa + 3(Ba + Ab)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(6*B*b*x^2 + 2*A*a + 3*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{6Bbx^2 + 3Bax + 3Abx + 2Aa}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6*(6*B*b*x^2 + 3*B*a*x + 3*A*b*x + 2*A*a)/x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{Bbx^2 + \left(\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2}\right)x + \frac{Aa}{3}}{x^3}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x))/x^4,x)`output `-((A*a)/3 + x*((A*b)/2 + (B*a)/2) + B*b*x^2)/x^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{-3b^2x^2 - 3abx - a^2}{3x^3}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x)`output `(- a**2 - 3*a*b*x - 3*b**2*x**2)/(3*x**3)`

$$3.58 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

Optimal result	472
Mathematica [A] (verified)	472
Rubi [A] (verified)	473
Maple [A] (verified)	474
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	474
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	475
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	475
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	475
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	476
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	476

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{aA}{4x^4} - \frac{Ab+aB}{3x^3} - \frac{bB}{2x^2}$$

output

$$-1/4*a*A/x^4-1/3*(A*b+B*a)/x^3-1/2*b*B/x^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{3aA+4Abx+4aBx+6bBx^2}{12x^4}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a+b*x)*(A+B*x))/x^5,x]$$

output

$$-1/12*(3*a*A+4*A*b*x+4*a*B*x+6*b*B*x^2)/x^4$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{aB + Ab}{x^4} + \frac{aA}{x^5} + \frac{bB}{x^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{aB + Ab}{3x^3} - \frac{aA}{4x^4} - \frac{bB}{2x^2}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/x^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(a*A)/x^4 - (A*b + a*B)/(3*x^3) - (b*B)/(2*x^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{6bBx^2+4Abx+4Bax+3Aa}{12x^4}$	28
default	$-\frac{aA}{4x^4} - \frac{Ab+Ba}{3x^3} - \frac{bB}{2x^2}$	28
norman	$\frac{-\frac{bBx^2}{2} + \left(-\frac{Ab}{3} - \frac{Ba}{3}\right)x - \frac{Aa}{4}}{x^4}$	28
risch	$\frac{-\frac{bBx^2}{2} + \left(-\frac{Ab}{3} - \frac{Ba}{3}\right)x - \frac{Aa}{4}}{x^4}$	28
parallelrisch	$-\frac{6bBx^2+4Abx+4Bax+3Aa}{12x^4}$	28
orering	$-\frac{6bBx^2+4Abx+4Bax+3Aa}{12x^4}$	28

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/12*(6*B*b*x^2+4*A*b*x+4*B*a*x+3*A*a)/x^4`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{6Bbx^2+3Aa+4(Ba+Ab)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/12*(6*B*b*x^2 + 3*A*a + 4*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{-3Aa - 6Bbx^2 + x(-4Ab - 4Ba)}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x**5,x)`output `(-3*A*a - 6*B*b*x**2 + x*(-4*A*b - 4*B*a))/(12*x**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{6Bbx^2 + 3Aa + 4(Ba + Ab)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/12*(6*B*b*x^2 + 3*A*a + 4*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{6Bbx^2 + 4Bax + 4Abx + 3Aa}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/12*(6*B*b*x^2 + 4*B*a*x + 4*A*b*x + 3*A*a)/x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{\frac{Bbx^2}{2} + \left(\frac{Ab}{3} + \frac{Ba}{3}\right)x + \frac{Aa}{4}}{x^4}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x))/x^5,x)`

output `-((A*a)/4 + x*((A*b)/3 + (B*a)/3) + (B*b*x^2)/2)/x^4`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{-6b^2x^2 - 8abx - 3a^2}{12x^4}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x)`

output `(- 3*a**2 - 8*a*b*x - 6*b**2*x**2)/(12*x**4)`

3.59 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	477
Mathematica [A] (verified)	477
Rubi [A] (verified)	478
Maple [A] (verified)	479
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	479
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	480
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	480
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	480
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	481
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	481

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{aA}{5x^5} - \frac{Ab + aB}{4x^4} - \frac{bB}{3x^3}$$

output

```
-1/5*a*A/x^5-1/4*(A*b+B*a)/x^4-1/3*b*B/x^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{5bx(3A + 4Bx) + 3a(4A + 5Bx)}{60x^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/x^6,x]
```

output

```
-1/60*(5*b*x*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 3*a*(4*A + 5*B*x))/x^5
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{aB + Ab}{x^5} + \frac{aA}{x^6} + \frac{bB}{x^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{aB + Ab}{4x^4} - \frac{aA}{5x^5} - \frac{bB}{3x^3}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/x^6,x]
```

output

```
-1/5*(a*A)/x^5 - (A*b + a*B)/(4*x^4) - (b*B)/(3*x^3)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{20bBx^2+15Abx+15Bax+12Aa}{60x^5}$	28
default	$-\frac{aA}{5x^5} - \frac{Ab+Ba}{4x^4} - \frac{bB}{3x^3}$	28
norman	$\frac{-\frac{bBx^2}{3} + \left(-\frac{Ab}{4} - \frac{Ba}{4}\right)x - \frac{Aa}{5}}{x^5}$	28
risch	$\frac{-\frac{bBx^2}{3} + \left(-\frac{Ab}{4} - \frac{Ba}{4}\right)x - \frac{Aa}{5}}{x^5}$	28
parallelrisch	$-\frac{20bBx^2+15Abx+15Bax+12Aa}{60x^5}$	28
orering	$-\frac{20bBx^2+15Abx+15Bax+12Aa}{60x^5}$	28

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/60*(20*B*b*x^2+15*A*b*x+15*B*a*x+12*A*a)/x^5`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{20Bbx^2 + 12Aa + 15(Ba+Ab)x}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/60*(20*B*b*x^2 + 12*A*a + 15*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^5`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{-12Aa - 20Bbx^2 + x(-15Ab - 15Ba)}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x**6,x)`output `(-12*A*a - 20*B*b*x**2 + x*(-15*A*b - 15*B*a))/(60*x**5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{20 Bbx^2 + 12 Aa + 15 (Ba + Ab)x}{60 x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/60*(20*B*b*x^2 + 12*A*a + 15*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{20 Bbx^2 + 15 Bax + 15 Abx + 12 Aa}{60 x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/60*(20*B*b*x^2 + 15*B*a*x + 15*A*b*x + 12*A*a)/x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{\frac{Bb}{3}x^2 + \left(\frac{Ab}{4} + \frac{Ba}{4}\right)x + \frac{Aa}{5}}{x^5}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x))/x^6,x)`output `-((A*a)/5 + x*((A*b)/4 + (B*a)/4) + (B*b*x^2)/3)/x^5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{-10b^2x^2 - 15abx - 6a^2}{30x^5}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^6,x)`output `(- 6*a**2 - 15*a*b*x - 10*b**2*x**2)/(30*x**5)`

3.60 $\int x^4(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	482
Mathematica [A] (verified)	482
Rubi [A] (verified)	483
Maple [A] (verified)	484
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	484
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	485
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	485
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	485
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	486
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	486

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^4(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{5}a^2Ax^5 + \frac{1}{6}a(2Ab + aB)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b(Ab + 2aB)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}b^2Bx^8$$

output $1/5*a^2*A*x^5+1/6*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^6+1/7*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^7+1/8*b^2*B*x^8$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^4(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{5}a^2Ax^5 + \frac{1}{6}a(2Ab + aB)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b(Ab + 2aB)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}b^2Bx^8$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^4*(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x), x]$

output $(a^2*A*x^5)/5 + (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^6)/6 + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^7)/7 + (b^2*B*x^8)/8$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int (a^2Ax^4 + bx^6(2aB + Ab) + ax^5(aB + 2Ab) + b^2Bx^7) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{5}a^2Ax^5 + \frac{1}{7}bx^7(2aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{6}ax^6(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{8}b^2Bx^8$$

input `Int[x^4*(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x), x]`

output `(a^2*A*x^5)/5 + (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^6)/6 + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^7)/7 + (b^2*B*x^8)/8`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^2 B x^8}{8} + \frac{(b^2 A + 2abB)x^7}{7} + \frac{(2abA + a^2 B)x^6}{6} + \frac{a^2 A x^5}{5}$	52
norman	$\frac{b^2 B x^8}{8} + \left(\frac{1}{7}b^2 A + \frac{2}{7}abB\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{1}{3}abA + \frac{1}{6}a^2 B\right) x^6 + \frac{a^2 A x^5}{5}$	52
orering	$\frac{x^5(105B b^2 x^3 + 120A b^2 x^2 + 240Bab x^2 + 280aAbx + 140B a^2 x + 168a^2 A)}{840}$	52
gospers	$\frac{1}{8}b^2 B x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7 b^2 A + \frac{2}{7}x^7 abB + \frac{1}{3}x^6 abA + \frac{1}{6}x^6 a^2 B + \frac{1}{5}a^2 A x^5$	54
risch	$\frac{1}{8}b^2 B x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7 b^2 A + \frac{2}{7}x^7 abB + \frac{1}{3}x^6 abA + \frac{1}{6}x^6 a^2 B + \frac{1}{5}a^2 A x^5$	54
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{8}b^2 B x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7 b^2 A + \frac{2}{7}x^7 abB + \frac{1}{3}x^6 abA + \frac{1}{6}x^6 a^2 B + \frac{1}{5}a^2 A x^5$	54

input `int(x^4*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $\frac{1}{8}b^2 B x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7 (A b^2 + 2 B a b) + \frac{1}{6}x^6 (2 A a b + B a^2) + \frac{1}{5}a^2 A x^5$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^4 (a + bx)^2 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{8} B b^2 x^8 + \frac{1}{5} A a^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{7} (2 B a b + A b^2) x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (B a^2 + 2 A a b) x^6$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output $\frac{1}{8}B b^2 x^8 + \frac{1}{5}A a^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{7}(2 B a b + A b^2) x^7 + \frac{1}{6}(B a^2 + 2 A a b) x^6$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Aa^2x^5}{5} + \frac{Bb^2x^8}{8} + x^7\left(\frac{Ab^2}{7} + \frac{2Bab}{7}\right) + x^6\left(\frac{Aab}{3} + \frac{Ba^2}{6}\right)$$

input `integrate(x**4*(b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A), x)`output `A*a**2*x**5/5 + B*b**2*x**8/8 + x**7*(A*b**2/7 + 2*B*a*b/7) + x**6*(A*a*b/3 + B*a**2/6)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{8}Bb^2x^8 + \frac{1}{5}Aa^2x^5 + \frac{1}{7}(2Bab + Ab^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{6}(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^6$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*B*b^2*x^8 + 1/5*A*a^2*x^5 + 1/7*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^6`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{8}Bb^2x^8 + \frac{2}{7}Babx^7 + \frac{1}{7}Ab^2x^7 + \frac{1}{6}Ba^2x^6 + \frac{1}{3}Aabx^6 + \frac{1}{5}Aa^2x^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/8*B*b^2*x^8 + 2/7*B*a*b*x^7 + 1/7*A*b^2*x^7 + 1/6*B*a^2*x^6 + 1/3*A*a*b*x^6 + 1/5*A*a^2*x^5$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = x^6 \left(\frac{Ba^2}{6} + \frac{Aba}{3} \right) + x^7 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{7} + \frac{2Bab}{7} \right) + \frac{Aa^2x^5}{5} + \frac{Bb^2x^8}{8}$$

input `int(x^4*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output $x^6*((B*a^2)/6 + (A*a*b)/3) + x^7*((A*b^2)/7 + (2*B*a*b)/7) + (A*a^2*x^5)/5 + (B*b^2*x^8)/8$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{x^5(35b^3x^3 + 120ab^2x^2 + 140a^2bx + 56a^3)}{280}$$

input `int(x^4*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x)`

output $(x^{**5}*(56*a^{**3} + 140*a^{**2}*b*x + 120*a*b^{**2}*x^{**2} + 35*b^{**3}*x^{**3}))/280$

3.61 $\int x^3(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	487
Mathematica [A] (verified)	487
Rubi [A] (verified)	488
Maple [A] (verified)	489
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	489
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	490
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	490
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	490
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	491
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	491

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^3(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{4}a^2Ax^4 + \frac{1}{5}a(2Ab + aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b(Ab + 2aB)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b^2Bx^7$$

output $1/4*a^2*A*x^4+1/5*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^5+1/6*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^6+1/7*b^2*B*x^7$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^3(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{4}a^2Ax^4 + \frac{1}{5}a(2Ab + aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b(Ab + 2aB)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b^2Bx^7$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^3*(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x), x]$

output $(a^2*A*x^4)/4 + (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^5)/5 + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^6)/6 + (b^2*B*x^7)/7$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (a^2Ax^3 + bx^5(2aB + Ab) + ax^4(aB + 2Ab) + b^2Bx^6) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{4}a^2Ax^4 + \frac{1}{6}bx^6(2aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{5}ax^5(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{7}b^2Bx^7$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x), x]`

output `(a^2*A*x^4)/4 + (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^5)/5 + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^6)/6 + (b^2*B*x^7)/7`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^2 B x^7}{7} + \frac{(b^2 A + 2abB)x^6}{6} + \frac{(2abA + a^2 B)x^5}{5} + \frac{a^2 A x^4}{4}$	52
norman	$\frac{b^2 B x^7}{7} + \left(\frac{1}{6}b^2 A + \frac{1}{3}abB\right)x^6 + \left(\frac{2}{5}abA + \frac{1}{5}a^2 B\right)x^5 + \frac{a^2 A x^4}{4}$	52
orering	$\frac{x^4(60B b^2 x^3 + 70A b^2 x^2 + 140Bab x^2 + 168aAbx + 84B a^2 x + 105a^2 A)}{420}$	52
gosper	$\frac{1}{7}b^2 B x^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6 b^2 A + \frac{1}{3}x^6 abB + \frac{2}{5}x^5 abA + \frac{1}{5}x^5 a^2 B + \frac{1}{4}a^2 A x^4$	54
risch	$\frac{1}{7}b^2 B x^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6 b^2 A + \frac{1}{3}x^6 abB + \frac{2}{5}x^5 abA + \frac{1}{5}x^5 a^2 B + \frac{1}{4}a^2 A x^4$	54
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{7}b^2 B x^7 + \frac{1}{6}x^6 b^2 A + \frac{1}{3}x^6 abB + \frac{2}{5}x^5 abA + \frac{1}{5}x^5 a^2 B + \frac{1}{4}a^2 A x^4$	54

input `int(x^3*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/7*b^2*B*x^7+1/6*(A*b^2+2*B*a*b)*x^6+1/5*(2*A*a*b+B*a^2)*x^5+1/4*a^2*A*x^4`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)dx = \frac{1}{7}Bb^2x^7 + \frac{1}{4}Aa^2x^4 + \frac{1}{6}(2Bab+Ab^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5}(Ba^2+2Aab)x^5$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/7*B*b^2*x^7 + 1/4*A*a^2*x^4 + 1/6*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^5`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Aa^2x^4}{4} + \frac{Bb^2x^7}{7} + x^6\left(\frac{Ab^2}{6} + \frac{Bab}{3}\right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{2Aab}{5} + \frac{Ba^2}{5}\right)$$

input `integrate(x**3*(b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A),x)`output `A*a**2*x**4/4 + B*b**2*x**7/7 + x**6*(A*b**2/6 + B*a*b/3) + x**5*(2*A*a*b/5 + B*a**2/5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{7}Bb^2x^7 + \frac{1}{4}Aa^2x^4 + \frac{1}{6}(2Bab + Ab^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5}(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^5$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/7*B*b^2*x^7 + 1/4*A*a^2*x^4 + 1/6*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{7}Bb^2x^7 + \frac{1}{3}Babx^6 + \frac{1}{6}Ab^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5}Ba^2x^5 + \frac{2}{5}Aabx^5 + \frac{1}{4}Aa^2x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/7*B*b^2*x^7 + 1/3*B*a*b*x^6 + 1/6*A*b^2*x^6 + 1/5*B*a^2*x^5 + 2/5*A*a*b*
x^5 + 1/4*A*a^2*x^4
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = x^5 \left(\frac{B a^2}{5} + \frac{2 A b a}{5} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{A b^2}{6} + \frac{B a b}{3} \right) + \frac{A a^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{B b^2 x^7}{7}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
x^5*((B*a^2)/5 + (2*A*a*b)/5) + x^6*((A*b^2)/6 + (B*a*b)/3) + (A*a^2*x^4)/
4 + (B*b^2*x^7)/7
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{x^4(20b^3x^3 + 70ab^2x^2 + 84a^2bx + 35a^3)}{140}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x)
```

output

```
(x**4*(35*a**3 + 84*a**2*b*x + 70*a*b**2*x**2 + 20*b**3*x**3))/140
```


3.62 $\int x^2(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	492
Mathematica [A] (verified)	492
Rubi [A] (verified)	493
Maple [A] (verified)	494
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	496
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	496

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{3}a^2Ax^3 + \frac{1}{4}a(2Ab + aB)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b(Ab + 2aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b^2Bx^6$$

output $1/3*a^2*A*x^3+1/4*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^4+1/5*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^5+1/6*b^2*B*x^6$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{60}x^3(5a^2(4A + 3Bx) + 6abx(5A + 4Bx) + 2b^2x^2(6A + 5Bx))$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^2*(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x), x]$

output $(x^3*(5*a^2*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 6*a*b*x*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 2*b^2*x^2*(6*A + 5*B*x)))/60$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (a^2Ax^2 + bx^4(2aB + Ab) + ax^3(aB + 2Ab) + b^2Bx^5) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{3}a^2Ax^3 + \frac{1}{5}bx^5(2aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{4}ax^4(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{6}b^2Bx^6$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x), x]`

output `(a^2*A*x^3)/3 + (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^4)/4 + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^5)/5 + (b^2*B*x^6)/6`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^2 B x^6}{6} + \frac{(b^2 A + 2abB)x^5}{5} + \frac{(2abA + a^2 B)x^4}{4} + \frac{a^2 A x^3}{3}$	52
norman	$\frac{b^2 B x^6}{6} + \left(\frac{1}{5}b^2 A + \frac{2}{5}abB\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{1}{2}abA + \frac{1}{4}a^2 B\right) x^4 + \frac{a^2 A x^3}{3}$	52
orering	$\frac{x^3(10B b^2 x^3 + 12A b^2 x^2 + 24Bab x^2 + 30aAbx + 15B a^2 x + 20a^2 A)}{60}$	52
gosper	$\frac{1}{6}b^2 B x^6 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 b^2 A + \frac{2}{5}x^5 abB + \frac{1}{2}x^4 abA + \frac{1}{4}x^4 a^2 B + \frac{1}{3}a^2 A x^3$	54
risch	$\frac{1}{6}b^2 B x^6 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 b^2 A + \frac{2}{5}x^5 abB + \frac{1}{2}x^4 abA + \frac{1}{4}x^4 a^2 B + \frac{1}{3}a^2 A x^3$	54
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{6}b^2 B x^6 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 b^2 A + \frac{2}{5}x^5 abB + \frac{1}{2}x^4 abA + \frac{1}{4}x^4 a^2 B + \frac{1}{3}a^2 A x^3$	54

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $\frac{1}{6}b^2 B x^6 + \frac{1}{5}(A b^2 + 2 B a b) x^5 + \frac{1}{4}(2 A a b + B a^2) x^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^2 A x^3$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{6} B b^2 x^6 + \frac{1}{3} A a^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{5} (2 B a b + A b^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (B a^2 + 2 A a b) x^4$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output $\frac{1}{6} B b^2 x^6 + \frac{1}{3} A a^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{5} (2 B a b + A b^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (B a^2 + 2 A a b) x^4$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Aa^2x^3}{3} + \frac{Bb^2x^6}{6} + x^5\left(\frac{Ab^2}{5} + \frac{2Bab}{5}\right) + x^4\left(\frac{Aab}{2} + \frac{Ba^2}{4}\right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A),x)`output `A*a**2*x**3/3 + B*b**2*x**6/6 + x**5*(A*b**2/5 + 2*B*a*b/5) + x**4*(A*a*b/2 + B*a**2/4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{6}Bb^2x^6 + \frac{1}{3}Aa^2x^3 + \frac{1}{5}(2Bab + Ab^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{4}(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^4$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*B*b^2*x^6 + 1/3*A*a^2*x^3 + 1/5*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{6}Bb^2x^6 + \frac{2}{5}Babx^5 + \frac{1}{5}Ab^2x^5 + \frac{1}{4}Ba^2x^4 + \frac{1}{2}Aabx^4 + \frac{1}{3}Aa^2x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/6*B*b^2*x^6 + 2/5*B*a*b*x^5 + 1/5*A*b^2*x^5 + 1/4*B*a^2*x^4 + 1/2*A*a*b*x^4 + 1/3*A*a^2*x^3$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = x^4 \left(\frac{Ba^2}{4} + \frac{Aba}{2} \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{5} + \frac{2Bab}{5} \right) + \frac{Aa^2x^3}{3} + \frac{Bb^2x^6}{6}$$

input `int(x^2*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output $x^4*((B*a^2)/4 + (A*a*b)/2) + x^5*((A*b^2)/5 + (2*B*a*b)/5) + (A*a^2*x^3)/3 + (B*b^2*x^6)/6$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{x^3(10b^3x^3 + 36ab^2x^2 + 45a^2bx + 20a^3)}{60}$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x)`

output $(x**3*(20*a**3 + 45*a**2*b*x + 36*a*b**2*x**2 + 10*b**3*x**3))/60$

3.63 $\int x(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	497
Mathematica [A] (verified)	497
Rubi [A] (verified)	498
Maple [A] (verified)	499
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	499
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	500
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	500
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	500
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	501
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	501

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{2}a^2Ax^2 + \frac{1}{3}a(2Ab + aB)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b(Ab + 2aB)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^2Bx^5$$

output `1/2*a^2*A*x^2+1/3*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^3+1/4*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^4+1/5*b^2*B*x^5`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{60}x^2(10a^2(3A + 2Bx) + 10abx(4A + 3Bx) + 3b^2x^2(5A + 4Bx))$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(x^2*(10*a^2*(3*A + 2*B*x) + 10*a*b*x*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 3*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 4*B*x)))/60`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (a^2Ax + bx^3(2aB + Ab) + ax^2(aB + 2Ab) + b^2Bx^4) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{2}a^2Ax^2 + \frac{1}{4}bx^4(2aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{3}ax^3(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{5}b^2Bx^5$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(a^2*A*x^2)/2 + (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^3)/3 + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^4)/4 + (b^2*B*x^5)/5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^2 B x^5}{5} + \frac{(b^2 A + 2abB)x^4}{4} + \frac{(2abA + a^2 B)x^3}{3} + \frac{a^2 A x^2}{2}$	52
norman	$\frac{b^2 B x^5}{5} + \left(\frac{1}{4}b^2 A + \frac{1}{2}abB\right)x^4 + \left(\frac{2}{3}abA + \frac{1}{3}a^2 B\right)x^3 + \frac{a^2 A x^2}{2}$	52
orering	$\frac{x^2(12B b^2 x^3 + 15A b^2 x^2 + 30Bab x^2 + 40aAbx + 20B a^2 x + 30a^2 A)}{60}$	52
gosper	$\frac{1}{5}b^2 B x^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4 b^2 A + \frac{1}{2}x^4 abB + \frac{2}{3}x^3 abA + \frac{1}{3}x^3 a^2 B + \frac{1}{2}a^2 A x^2$	54
risch	$\frac{1}{5}b^2 B x^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4 b^2 A + \frac{1}{2}x^4 abB + \frac{2}{3}x^3 abA + \frac{1}{3}x^3 a^2 B + \frac{1}{2}a^2 A x^2$	54
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{5}b^2 B x^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4 b^2 A + \frac{1}{2}x^4 abB + \frac{2}{3}x^3 abA + \frac{1}{3}x^3 a^2 B + \frac{1}{2}a^2 A x^2$	54

input `int(x*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $\frac{1}{5}b^2 B x^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4 (A b^2 + 2 B a b) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 (2 A a b + B a^2) + \frac{1}{2}a^2 A x^2$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{5} B b^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{2} A a^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{4} (2 B a b + A b^2) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (B a^2 + 2 A a b) x^3$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output $\frac{1}{5}B b^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{2}A a^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{4}(2 B a b + A b^2) x^4 + \frac{1}{3}(B a^2 + 2 A a b) x^3$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Aa^2x^2}{2} + \frac{Bb^2x^5}{5} + x^4\left(\frac{Ab^2}{4} + \frac{Bab}{2}\right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{2Aab}{3} + \frac{Ba^2}{3}\right)$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A),x)`output `A*a**2*x**2/2 + B*b**2*x**5/5 + x**4*(A*b**2/4 + B*a*b/2) + x**3*(2*A*a*b/3 + B*a**2/3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{5} Bb^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2} Aa^2x^2 + \frac{1}{4} (2Bab + Ab^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^3$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*B*b^2*x^5 + 1/2*A*a^2*x^2 + 1/4*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{5} Bb^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2} Babx^4 + \frac{1}{4} Ab^2x^4 + \frac{1}{3} Ba^2x^3 + \frac{2}{3} Aabx^3 + \frac{1}{2} Aa^2x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*B*b^2*x^5 + 1/2*B*a*b*x^4 + 1/4*A*b^2*x^4 + 1/3*B*a^2*x^3 + 2/3*A*a*b*x^3 + 1/2*A*a^2*x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = x^3 \left(\frac{Ba^2}{3} + \frac{2Aba}{3} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{4} + \frac{Bab}{2} \right) + \frac{Aa^2x^2}{2} + \frac{Bb^2x^5}{5}$$

input `int(x*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `x^3*((B*a^2)/3 + (2*A*a*b)/3) + x^4*((A*b^2)/4 + (B*a*b)/2) + (A*a^2*x^2)/2 + (B*b^2*x^5)/5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{x^2(4b^3x^3 + 15ab^2x^2 + 20a^2bx + 10a^3)}{20}$$

input `int(x*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x)`output `(x**2*(10*a**3 + 20*a**2*b*x + 15*a*b**2*x**2 + 4*b**3*x**3))/20`

3.64 $\int (a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	502
Mathematica [A] (verified)	502
Rubi [A] (verified)	503
Maple [A] (verified)	504
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	504
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	505
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	505
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	505
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	506
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	506

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^3}{3b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^4}{4b^2}$$

output $1/3*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^3/b^2+1/4*B*(b*x+a)^4/b^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{12}x(6a^2(2A + Bx) + 4abx(3A + 2Bx) + b^2x^2(4A + 3Bx))$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x), x]`

output $(x*(6*a^2*(2*A + B*x) + 4*a*b*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) + b^2*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x)))/12$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(a + bx)^2(Ab - aB)}{b} + \frac{B(a + bx)^3}{b} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(a + bx)^3(Ab - aB)}{3b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^4}{4b^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x),x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^3)/(3*b^2) + (B*(a + b*x)^4)/(4*b^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{b^2 B x^4}{4} + \left(\frac{1}{3}b^2 A + \frac{2}{3}abB\right) x^3 + \left(abA + \frac{1}{2}a^2 B\right) x^2 + a^2 Ax$	48
default	$\frac{b^2 B x^4}{4} + \frac{(b^2 A + 2abB)x^3}{3} + \frac{(2abA + a^2 B)x^2}{2} + a^2 Ax$	49
gosper	$\frac{1}{4}b^2 B x^4 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 b^2 A + \frac{2}{3}x^3 abB + x^2 abA + \frac{1}{2}x^2 a^2 B + a^2 Ax$	50
risch	$\frac{1}{4}b^2 B x^4 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 b^2 A + \frac{2}{3}x^3 abB + x^2 abA + \frac{1}{2}x^2 a^2 B + a^2 Ax$	50
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{4}b^2 B x^4 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 b^2 A + \frac{2}{3}x^3 abB + x^2 abA + \frac{1}{2}x^2 a^2 B + a^2 Ax$	50
orering	$\frac{x(3B b^2 x^3 + 4A b^2 x^2 + 8Bab x^2 + 12aAbx + 6B a^2 x + 12a^2 A)}{12}$	50

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/4*b^2*B*x^4+(1/3*b^2*A+2/3*a*b*B)*x^3+(a*b*A+1/2*a^2*B)*x^2+a^2*A*x`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{4} B b^2 x^4 + A a^2 x + \frac{1}{3} (2 B a b + A b^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (B a^2 + 2 A a b) x^2$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*B*b^2*x^4 + A*a^2*x + 1/3*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (A + Bx) dx = Aa^2x + \frac{Bb^2x^4}{4} + x^3 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{3} + \frac{2Bab}{3} \right) + x^2 \left(Aab + \frac{Ba^2}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A),x)`output `A*a**2*x + B*b**2*x**4/4 + x**3*(A*b**2/3 + 2*B*a*b/3) + x**2*(A*a*b + B*a**2/2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{4} Bb^2x^4 + Aa^2x + \frac{1}{3} (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x^2$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*B*b^2*x^4 + A*a^2*x + 1/3*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{4} Bb^2x^4 + \frac{2}{3} Babx^3 + \frac{1}{3} Ab^2x^3 + \frac{1}{2} Ba^2x^2 + Aabx^2 + Aa^2x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*B*b^2*x^4 + 2/3*B*a*b*x^3 + 1/3*A*b^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^2*x^2 + A*a*b*x^2 + A*a^2*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = x^2 \left(\frac{B a^2}{2} + A b a \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{A b^2}{3} + \frac{2 B a b}{3} \right) + \frac{B b^2 x^4}{4} + A a^2 x$$

input `int((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `x^2*((B*a^2)/2 + A*a*b) + x^3*((A*b^2)/3 + (2*B*a*b)/3) + (B*b^2*x^4)/4 + A*a^2*x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{x(b^3 x^3 + 4a b^2 x^2 + 6a^2 b x + 4a^3)}{4}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(x*(4*a**3 + 6*a**2*b*x + 4*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))/4`

3.65 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	507
Mathematica [A] (verified)	507
Rubi [A] (verified)	508
Maple [A] (verified)	509
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	509
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	510
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	510
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	510
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	511
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	511

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x} dx = 2aAbx + \frac{1}{2}Ab^2x^2 + \frac{B(a + bx)^3}{3b} + a^2A \log(x)$$

output `2*a*A*b*x+1/2*A*b^2*x^2+1/3*B*(b*x+a)^3/b+a^2*A*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x} dx = a^2Bx + abx(2A + Bx) + \frac{1}{6}b^2x^2(3A + 2Bx) + a^2A \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x,x]`

output `a^2*B*x + a*b*x*(2*A + B*x) + (b^2*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x))/6 + a^2*A*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {90, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{90}$$

$$A \int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{x} dx + \frac{B(a + bx)^3}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{49}$$

$$A \int \left(\frac{a^2}{x} + 2ba + b^2x \right) dx + \frac{B(a + bx)^3}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$A \left(a^2 \log(x) + 2abx + \frac{b^2x^2}{2} \right) + \frac{B(a + bx)^3}{3b}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x,x]`

output `(B*(a + b*x)^3)/(3*b) + A*(2*a*b*x + (b^2*x^2)/2 + a^2*Log[x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result	size
default	$\frac{Bb^2x^3}{3} + \frac{Ab^2x^2}{2} + Babx^2 + 2aAbx + Ba^2x + a^2A \ln(x)$	46
norman	$(\frac{1}{2}b^2A + abB)x^2 + (2abA + a^2B)x + \frac{Bb^2x^3}{3} + a^2A \ln(x)$	46
risch	$\frac{Bb^2x^3}{3} + \frac{Ab^2x^2}{2} + Babx^2 + 2aAbx + Ba^2x + a^2A \ln(x)$	46
parallelrisch	$\frac{Bb^2x^3}{3} + \frac{Ab^2x^2}{2} + Babx^2 + 2aAbx + Ba^2x + a^2A \ln(x)$	46

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*B*b^2*x^3+1/2*A*b^2*x^2+B*a*b*x^2+2*a*A*b*x+B*a^2*x+a^2*A*ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bb^2x^3 + Aa^2 \log(x) + \frac{1}{2} (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*B*b^2*x^3 + A*a^2*log(x) + 1/2*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x} dx = Aa^2 \log(x) + \frac{Bb^2x^3}{3} + x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{2} + Bab \right) + x(2Aab + Ba^2)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A)/x,x)`output `A*a**2*log(x) + B*b**2*x**3/3 + x**2*(A*b**2/2 + B*a*b) + x*(2*A*a*b + B*a**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bb^2x^3 + Aa^2 \log(x) + \frac{1}{2} (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*B*b^2*x^3 + A*a^2*log(x) + 1/2*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bb^2x^3 + Babx^2 + \frac{1}{2} Ab^2x^2 + Ba^2x + 2 Aabx + Aa^2 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*B*b^2*x^3 + B*a*b*x^2 + 1/2*A*b^2*x^2 + B*a^2*x + 2*A*a*b*x + A*a^2*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{2} + B a b \right) + x (B a^2 + 2 A b a) + \frac{B b^2 x^3}{3} + A a^2 \ln(x)$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2)/x,x)`

output `x^2*((A*b^2)/2 + B*a*b) + x*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b) + (B*b^2*x^3)/3 + A*a^2*log(x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \log(x) a^3 + 3a^2bx + \frac{3a b^2x^2}{2} + \frac{b^3x^3}{3}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x,x)`

output `(6*log(x)*a**3 + 18*a**2*b*x + 9*a*b**2*x**2 + 2*b**3*x**3)/6`

3.66 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	512
Mathematica [A] (verified)	512
Rubi [A] (verified)	513
Maple [A] (verified)	514
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	514
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	515
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	515
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	515
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	516
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	516

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^2A}{x} + b(Ab+2aB)x + \frac{1}{2}b^2Bx^2 + a(2Ab+aB)\log(x)$$

output `-a^2*A/x+b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x+1/2*b^2*B*x^2+a*(2*A*b+B*a)*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^2A}{x} + 2abBx + \frac{1}{2}b^2x(2A+Bx) + a(2Ab+aB)\log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^2,x]`

output `-((a^2*A)/x) + 2*a*b*B*x + (b^2*x*(2*A + B*x))/2 + a*(2*A*b + a*B)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2 A}{x^2} + \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{x} + b(2aB + Ab) + b^2 Bx \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^2 A}{x} + bx(2aB + Ab) + a \log(x)(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{2} b^2 Bx^2$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^2,x]`

output `-((a^2*A)/x) + b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x + (b^2*B*x^2)/2 + a*(2*A*b + a*B)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^2 B x^2}{2} + A b^2 x + 2 B a b x + a(2 A b + B a) \ln(x) - \frac{a^2 A}{x}$	44
risch	$\frac{b^2 B x^2}{2} + A b^2 x + 2 B a b x - \frac{a^2 A}{x} + 2 A \ln(x) a b + B \ln(x) a^2$	46
norman	$\frac{(b^2 A + 2 a b B) x^2 - a^2 A + \frac{B b^2 x^3}{2}}{x} + (2 a b A + a^2 B) \ln(x)$	51
parallelrisch	$\frac{B b^2 x^3 + 4 A \ln(x) x a b + 2 A b^2 x^2 + 2 B \ln(x) x a^2 + 4 B a b x^2 - 2 a^2 A}{2 x}$	55

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*b^2*B*x^2+A*b^2*x+2*B*a*b*x+a*(2*A*b+B*a)*ln(x)-a^2*A/x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bb^2x^3 - 2Aa^2 + 2(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 2(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x \log(x)}{2x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(B*b^2*x^3 - 2*A*a^2 + 2*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x *log(x))/x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{Aa^2}{x} + \frac{Bb^2x^2}{2} + a(2Ab+Ba)\log(x) + x(Ab^2+2Bab)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A)/x**2,x)`output `-A*a**2/x + B*b**2*x**2/2 + a*(2*A*b + B*a)*log(x) + x*(A*b**2 + 2*B*a*b)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2}Bb^2x^2 - \frac{Aa^2}{x} + (2Bab+Ab^2)x + (Ba^2+2Aab)\log(x)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*B*b^2*x^2 - A*a^2/x + (2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x + (B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*log(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2}Bb^2x^2 + 2Babx + Ab^2x - \frac{Aa^2}{x} + (Ba^2+2Aab)\log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*B*b^2*x^2 + 2*B*a*b*x + A*b^2*x - A*a^2/x + (B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx = \ln(x) (B a^2 + 2 A b a) + x (A b^2 + 2 B a b) - \frac{A a^2}{x} + \frac{B b^2 x^2}{2}$$

input `int((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2/x^2,x)`

output `log(x)*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b) + x*(A*b^2 + 2*B*a*b) - (A*a^2)/x + (B*b^2*x^2)/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{6 \log(x) a^2 b x - 2 a^3 + 6 a b^2 x^2 + b^3 x^3}{2 x}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^2,x)`

output `(6*log(x)*a**2*b*x - 2*a**3 + 6*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3)/(2*x)`

3.67 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	517
Mathematica [A] (verified)	517
Rubi [A] (verified)	518
Maple [A] (verified)	519
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	519
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	520
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	520
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	520
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	521
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	521

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^2A}{2x^2} - \frac{a(2Ab + aB)}{x} + b^2Bx + b(Ab + 2aB) \log(x)$$

output `-1/2*a^2*A/x^2-a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x+b^2*B*x+b*(A*b+2*B*a)*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{2aAb}{x} + b^2Bx - \frac{a^2(A + 2Bx)}{2x^2} + b(Ab + 2aB) \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^3,x]`

output `(-2*a*A*b)/x + b^2*B*x - (a^2*(A + 2*B*x))/(2*x^2) + b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2A}{x^3} + \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{x^2} + \frac{b(2aB + Ab)}{x} + b^2B \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^2A}{2x^2} - \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{x} + b \log(x)(2aB + Ab) + b^2Bx$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a^2*A)/x^2 - (a*(2*A*b + a*B))/x + b^2*B*x + b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a^2 A}{2x^2} - \frac{a(2Ab+Ba)}{x} + b^2 Bx + b(Ab + 2Ba) \ln(x)$	43
risch	$b^2 Bx + \frac{(-2abA-a^2B)x-\frac{a^2A}{2}}{x^2} + A \ln(x) b^2 + 2B \ln(x) ab$	47
norman	$\frac{(-2abA-a^2B)x+Bb^2x^3-\frac{a^2A}{2}}{x^2} + (b^2A + 2abB) \ln(x)$	49
parallelrisch	$\frac{2A \ln(x)x^2b^2+4B \ln(x)x^2ab+2Bb^2x^3-4aAbx-2Ba^2x-a^2A}{2x^2}$	56

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/2*a^2*A/x^2-a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x+b^2*B*x+b*(A*b+2*B*a)*ln(x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2Bb^2x^3 + 2(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 \log(x) - Aa^2 - 2(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(2*B*b^2*x^3 + 2*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2*log(x) - A*a^2 - 2*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = Bb^2x + b(Ab + 2Ba)\log(x) + \frac{-Aa^2 + x(-4Aab - 2Ba^2)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A)/x**3,x)`output `B*b**2*x + b*(A*b + 2*B*a)*log(x) + (-A*a**2 + x*(-4*A*a*b - 2*B*a**2))/(2*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = Bb^2x + (2 Bab + Ab^2)\log(x) - \frac{Aa^2 + 2(Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `B*b^2*x + (2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*log(x) - 1/2*(A*a^2 + 2*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = Bb^2x + (2 Bab + Ab^2)\log(|x|) - \frac{Aa^2 + 2(Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `B*b^2*x + (2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*log(abs(x)) - 1/2*(A*a^2 + 2*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = \ln(x) (Ab^2 + 2Bab) - \frac{\frac{Aa^2}{2} + x(Ba^2 + 2Aba)}{x^2} + Bb^2x$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2)/x^3,x)`output `log(x)*(A*b^2 + 2*B*a*b) - ((A*a^2)/2 + x*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b))/x^2 + B*b^2*x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{6 \log(x) a b^2 x^2 - a^3 - 6a^2 b x + 2b^3 x^3}{2x^2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^3,x)`output `(6*log(x)*a*b**2*x**2 - a**3 - 6*a**2*b*x + 2*b**3*x**3)/(2*x**2)`

3.68 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	522
Mathematica [A] (verified)	522
Rubi [A] (verified)	523
Maple [A] (verified)	524
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	524
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	525
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	525
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	525
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	526
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	526

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^2 A}{3x^3} - \frac{a(2Ab + aB)}{2x^2} - \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)}{x} + b^2 B \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/3*a^2*A/x^3-1/2*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^2-b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x+b^2*B*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{6Ab^2x^2 + 6abx(A + 2Bx) + a^2(2A + 3Bx)}{6x^3} + b^2 B \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/6*(6*A*b^2*x^2 + 6*a*b*x*(A + 2*B*x) + a^2*(2*A + 3*B*x))/x^3 + b^2*B*log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2 A}{x^4} + \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{b(2aB + Ab)}{x^2} + \frac{b^2 B}{x} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^2 A}{3x^3} - \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{2x^2} - \frac{b(2aB + Ab)}{x} + b^2 B \log(x)$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(a^2*A)/x^3 - (a*(2*A*b + a*B))/(2*x^2) - (b*(A*b + 2*a*B))/x + b^2*B*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a^2 A}{3x^3} - \frac{a(2Ab+Ba)}{2x^2} - \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)}{x} + b^2 B \ln(x)$	46
norman	$\frac{(-abA - \frac{1}{2}a^2 B)x + (-b^2 A - 2abB)x^2 - \frac{a^2 A}{3}}{x^3} + b^2 B \ln(x)$	50
risch	$\frac{(-abA - \frac{1}{2}a^2 B)x + (-b^2 A - 2abB)x^2 - \frac{a^2 A}{3}}{x^3} + b^2 B \ln(x)$	50
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-6b^2 B \ln(x)x^3 + 6A b^2 x^2 + 12Bab x^2 + 6aAbx + 3B a^2 x + 2a^2 A}{6x^3}$	54

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/3*a^2*A/x^3-1/2*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^2-b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x+b^2*B*ln(x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{6Bb^2x^3 \log(x) - 2Aa^2 - 6(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 - 3(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*(6*B*b^2*x^3*log(x) - 2*A*a^2 - 6*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = Bb^2 \log(x) + \frac{-2Aa^2 + x^2(-6Ab^2 - 12Bab) + x(-6Aab - 3Ba^2)}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A)/x**4,x)`output `B*b**2*log(x) + (-2*A*a**2 + x**2*(-6*A*b**2 - 12*B*a*b) + x*(-6*A*a*b - 3*B*a**2))/(6*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = Bb^2 \log(x) - \frac{2Aa^2 + 6(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 3(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `B*b^2*log(x) - 1/6*(2*A*a^2 + 6*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = Bb^2 \log(|x|) - \frac{2Aa^2 + 6(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 3(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$B*b^2*\log(\text{abs}(x)) - 1/6*(2*A*a^2 + 6*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^3$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx = B b^2 \ln(x) - \frac{x^2 (A b^2 + 2 B a b) + \frac{A a^2}{3} + x \left(\frac{B a^2}{2} + A b a \right)}{x^3}$$

input

$$\text{int}(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2)/x^4, x)$$

output

$$B*b^2*\log(x) - (x^2*(A*b^2 + 2*B*a*b) + (A*a^2)/3 + x*((B*a^2)/2 + A*a*b))/x^3$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{6 \log(x) b^3 x^3 - 2a^3 - 9a^2 b x - 18a b^2 x^2}{6x^3}$$

input

$$\text{int}((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^4, x)$$

output

$$(6*\log(x)*b**3*x**3 - 2*a**3 - 9*a**2*b*x - 18*a*b**2*x**2)/(6*x**3)$$

3.69 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	527
Mathematica [A] (verified)	527
Rubi [A] (verified)	528
Maple [A] (verified)	529
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	529
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	530
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	530
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	530
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	531
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	531

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{A(a+bx)^3}{4ax^4} + \frac{(Ab-4aB)(a+bx)^3}{12a^2x^3}$$

output

$$-1/4*A*(b*x+a)^3/a/x^4+1/12*(A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^3/a^2/x^3$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{6b^2x^2(A+2Bx) + 4abx(2A+3Bx) + a^2(3A+4Bx)}{12x^4}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[\frac{(a+b*x)^2*(A+B*x)}{x^5}, x]$$

output

$$-1/12*(6*b^2*x^2*(A+2*B*x) + 4*a*b*x*(2*A+3*B*x) + a^2*(3*A+4*B*x))/x^4$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$-\frac{(Ab-4aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{x^4} dx}{4a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^3}{4ax^4}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$\frac{(a+bx)^3(Ab-4aB)}{12a^2x^3} - \frac{A(a+bx)^3}{4ax^4}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(A*(a + b*x)^3)/(a*x^4) + ((A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^3)/(12*a^2*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a(2Ab+Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)}{2x^2} - \frac{a^2A}{4x^4} - \frac{b^2B}{x}$	48
norman	$\frac{-Bb^2x^3 + (-\frac{1}{2}b^2A - abB)x^2 + (-\frac{2}{3}abA - \frac{1}{3}a^2B)x - \frac{a^2A}{4}}{x^4}$	51
risch	$\frac{-Bb^2x^3 + (-\frac{1}{2}b^2A - abB)x^2 + (-\frac{2}{3}abA - \frac{1}{3}a^2B)x - \frac{a^2A}{4}}{x^4}$	51
gosper	$-\frac{12Bb^2x^3 + 6Ab^2x^2 + 12Babx^2 + 8aAbx + 4Ba^2x + 3a^2A}{12x^4}$	52
parallelrisc	$-\frac{12Bb^2x^3 + 6Ab^2x^2 + 12Babx^2 + 8aAbx + 4Ba^2x + 3a^2A}{12x^4}$	52
orering	$-\frac{12Bb^2x^3 + 6Ab^2x^2 + 12Babx^2 + 8aAbx + 4Ba^2x + 3a^2A}{12x^4}$	52

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/3*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^3 - 1/2*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^2 - 1/4*a^2*A/x^4 - b^2*B/x$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{12Bb^2x^3 + 3Aa^2 + 6(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 4(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$-1/12*(12*B*b^2*x^3 + 3*A*a^2 + 6*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 4*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^4$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{-3Aa^2 - 12Bb^2x^3 + x^2(-6Ab^2 - 12Bab) + x(-8Aab - 4Ba^2)}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A)/x**5,x)`output `(-3*A*a**2 - 12*B*b**2*x**3 + x**2*(-6*A*b**2 - 12*B*a*b) + x*(-8*A*a*b - 4*B*a**2))/(12*x**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{12Bb^2x^3 + 3Aa^2 + 6(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 4(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/12*(12*B*b^2*x^3 + 3*A*a^2 + 6*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 4*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{12Bb^2x^3 + 12Babx^2 + 6Ab^2x^2 + 4Ba^2x + 8Aabx + 3Aa^2}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$-1/12*(12*B*b^2*x^3 + 12*B*a*b*x^2 + 6*A*b^2*x^2 + 4*B*a^2*x + 8*A*a*b*x + 3*A*a^2)/x^4$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{2} + B a b \right) + \frac{Aa^2}{4} + x \left(\frac{Ba^2}{3} + \frac{2Aba}{3} \right) + B b^2 x^3}{x^4}$$

input

$$\text{int}(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2)/x^5,x)$$

output

$$-(x^2*((A*b^2)/2 + B*a*b) + (A*a^2)/4 + x*((B*a^2)/3 + (2*A*a*b)/3) + B*b^2*x^3)/x^4$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{-4b^3x^3 - 6ab^2x^2 - 4a^2bx - a^3}{4x^4}$$

input

$$\text{int}((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^5,x)$$

output

$$(-a**3 - 4*a**2*b*x - 6*a*b**2*x**2 - 4*b**3*x**3)/(4*x**4)$$

3.70 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	532
Mathematica [A] (verified)	532
Rubi [A] (verified)	533
Maple [A] (verified)	534
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	534
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	535
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	535
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	536
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	536
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	536

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^2A}{5x^5} - \frac{a(2Ab+aB)}{4x^4} - \frac{b(Ab+2aB)}{3x^3} - \frac{b^2B}{2x^2}$$

output `-1/5*a^2*A/x^5-1/4*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^4-1/3*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^3-1/2*b^2*B/x^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{10b^2x^2(2A+3Bx)+10abx(3A+4Bx)+3a^2(4A+5Bx)}{60x^5}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^6,x]`

output `-1/60*(10*b^2*x^2*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 10*a*b*x*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 3*a^2*(4*A + 5*B*x))/x^5`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2 A}{x^6} + \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{b(2aB + Ab)}{x^4} + \frac{b^2 B}{x^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^2 A}{5x^5} - \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{b(2aB + Ab)}{3x^3} - \frac{b^2 B}{2x^2}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^6,x]`

output `-1/5*(a^2*A)/x^5 - (a*(2*A*b + a*B))/(4*x^4) - (b*(A*b + 2*a*B))/(3*x^3) - (b^2*B)/(2*x^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a^2 A}{5x^5} - \frac{a(2Ab+Ba)}{4x^4} - \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{b^2 B}{2x^2}$	48
norman	$\frac{-\frac{B}{2}b^2x^3 + (-\frac{1}{3}b^2A - \frac{2}{3}abB)x^2 + (-\frac{1}{2}abA - \frac{1}{4}a^2B)x - \frac{a^2A}{5}}{x^5}$	51
risch	$\frac{-\frac{B}{2}b^2x^3 + (-\frac{1}{3}b^2A - \frac{2}{3}abB)x^2 + (-\frac{1}{2}abA - \frac{1}{4}a^2B)x - \frac{a^2A}{5}}{x^5}$	51
gospers	$-\frac{30Bb^2x^3 + 20Ab^2x^2 + 40Babx^2 + 30aAbx + 15Ba^2x + 12a^2A}{60x^5}$	52
parallelrisch	$-\frac{30Bb^2x^3 + 20Ab^2x^2 + 40Babx^2 + 30aAbx + 15Ba^2x + 12a^2A}{60x^5}$	52
orering	$-\frac{30Bb^2x^3 + 20Ab^2x^2 + 40Babx^2 + 30aAbx + 15Ba^2x + 12a^2A}{60x^5}$	52

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/5*a^2*A/x^5-1/4*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^4-1/3*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^3-1/2*b^2*B/x^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{30Bb^2x^3 + 12Aa^2 + 20(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 15(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/60*(30*B*b^2*x^3 + 12*A*a^2 + 20*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 15*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^5`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12Aa^2 - 30Bb^2x^3 + x^2(-20Ab^2 - 40Bab) + x(-30Aab - 15Ba^2)}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A)/x**6,x)`output `(-12*A*a**2 - 30*B*b**2*x**3 + x**2*(-20*A*b**2 - 40*B*a*b) + x*(-30*A*a*b - 15*B*a**2))/(60*x**5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{30 Bb^2x^3 + 12 Aa^2 + 20 (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 15 (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x}{60 x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/60*(30*B*b^2*x^3 + 12*A*a^2 + 20*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 15*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{30 Bb^2x^3 + 40 Babx^2 + 20 Ab^2x^2 + 15 Ba^2x + 30 Aabx + 12 Aa^2}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/60*(30*B*b^2*x^3 + 40*B*a*b*x^2 + 20*A*b^2*x^2 + 15*B*a^2*x + 30*A*a*b*x + 12*A*a^2)/x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{3} + \frac{2Bab}{3} \right) + \frac{Aa^2}{5} + x \left(\frac{Ba^2}{4} + \frac{Aba}{2} \right) + \frac{Bb^2x^3}{2}}{x^5}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2)/x^6,x)`

output `-(x^2*((A*b^2)/3 + (2*B*a*b)/3) + (A*a^2)/5 + x*((B*a^2)/4 + (A*a*b)/2) + (B*b^2*x^3)/2)/x^5`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{-10b^3x^3 - 20ab^2x^2 - 15a^2bx - 4a^3}{20x^5}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^6,x)`

output $(-4a^3 - 15a^2bx - 20ab^2x^2 - 10b^3x^3)/(20x^5)$

3.71 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	538
Mathematica [A] (verified)	538
Rubi [A] (verified)	539
Maple [A] (verified)	540
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	540
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	541
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	541
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	542
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	542
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	542

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^2A}{6x^6} - \frac{a(2Ab+aB)}{5x^5} - \frac{b(Ab+2aB)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^2B}{3x^3}$$

output `-1/6*a^2*A/x^6-1/5*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^5-1/4*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^4-1/3*b^2*B/x^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{5b^2x^2(3A+4Bx)+6abx(4A+5Bx)+2a^2(5A+6Bx)}{60x^6}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^7,x]`

output `-1/60*(5*b^2*x^2*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 6*a*b*x*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 2*a^2*(5*A + 6*B*x))/x^6`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^7} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2 A}{x^7} + \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{b(2aB + Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{b^2 B}{x^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^2 A}{6x^6} - \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{b(2aB + Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^2 B}{3x^3}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^7,x]`

output `-1/6*(a^2*A)/x^6 - (a*(2*A*b + a*B))/(5*x^5) - (b*(A*b + 2*a*B))/(4*x^4) - (b^2*B)/(3*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a^2 A}{6x^6} - \frac{a(2Ab+Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^2 B}{3x^3}$	48
norman	$\frac{-\frac{B b^2 x^3}{3} + (-\frac{1}{4}b^2 A - \frac{1}{2}abB)x^2 + (-\frac{2}{5}abA - \frac{1}{5}a^2 B)x - \frac{a^2 A}{6}}{x^6}$	51
risch	$\frac{-\frac{B b^2 x^3}{3} + (-\frac{1}{4}b^2 A - \frac{1}{2}abB)x^2 + (-\frac{2}{5}abA - \frac{1}{5}a^2 B)x - \frac{a^2 A}{6}}{x^6}$	51
gospers	$-\frac{20B b^2 x^3 + 15A b^2 x^2 + 30Bab x^2 + 24aAbx + 12B a^2 x + 10a^2 A}{60x^6}$	52
parallelrisch	$-\frac{20B b^2 x^3 + 15A b^2 x^2 + 30Bab x^2 + 24aAbx + 12B a^2 x + 10a^2 A}{60x^6}$	52
orering	$-\frac{20B b^2 x^3 + 15A b^2 x^2 + 30Bab x^2 + 24aAbx + 12B a^2 x + 10a^2 A}{60x^6}$	52

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/6*a^2*A/x^6-1/5*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^5-1/4*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^4-1/3*b^2*B/x^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{20Bb^2x^3 + 10Aa^2 + 15(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 12(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/60*(20*B*b^2*x^3 + 10*A*a^2 + 15*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 12*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^6`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{-10Aa^2 - 20Bb^2x^3 + x^2(-15Ab^2 - 30Bab) + x(-24Aab - 12Ba^2)}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A)/x**7,x)`output `(-10*A*a**2 - 20*B*b**2*x**3 + x**2*(-15*A*b**2 - 30*B*a*b) + x*(-24*A*a*b - 12*B*a**2))/(60*x**6)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{20Bb^2x^3 + 10Aa^2 + 15(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 12(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/60*(20*B*b^2*x^3 + 10*A*a^2 + 15*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 12*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^6`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{20 Bb^2x^3 + 30 Babx^2 + 15 Ab^2x^2 + 12 Ba^2x + 24 Aabx + 10 Aa^2}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/60*(20*B*b^2*x^3 + 30*B*a*b*x^2 + 15*A*b^2*x^2 + 12*B*a^2*x + 24*A*a*b*x + 10*A*a^2)/x^6`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{4} + \frac{Bab}{2} \right) + \frac{Aa^2}{6} + x \left(\frac{Ba^2}{5} + \frac{2Aba}{5} \right) + \frac{Bb^2x^3}{3}}{x^6}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2)/x^7,x)`output `-(x^2*((A*b^2)/4 + (B*a*b)/2) + (A*a^2)/6 + x*((B*a^2)/5 + (2*A*a*b)/5) + (B*b^2*x^3)/3)/x^6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{-20b^3x^3 - 45ab^2x^2 - 36a^2bx - 10a^3}{60x^6}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^7,x)`

output $(-10a^3 - 36a^2bx - 45ab^2x^2 - 20b^3x^3)/(60x^6)$

3.72 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	544
Mathematica [A] (verified)	544
Rubi [A] (verified)	545
Maple [A] (verified)	546
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	546
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	547
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	547
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	548
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	548
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	548

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^2A}{7x^7} - \frac{a(2Ab + aB)}{6x^6} - \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^2B}{4x^4}$$

output -1/7*a^2*A/x^7-1/6*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^6-1/5*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^5-1/4*b^2*B/x^4

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^8} dx = -\frac{21b^2x^2(4A + 5Bx) + 28abx(5A + 6Bx) + 10a^2(6A + 7Bx)}{420x^7}$$

input Integrate[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^8,x]

output -1/420*(21*b^2*x^2*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 28*a*b*x*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 10*a^2*(6*A + 7*B*x))/x^7

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^8} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2 A}{x^8} + \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{b(2aB + Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{b^2 B}{x^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^2 A}{7x^7} - \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{6x^6} - \frac{b(2aB + Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^2 B}{4x^4}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^8,x]`

output `-1/7*(a^2*A)/x^7 - (a*(2*A*b + a*B))/(6*x^6) - (b*(A*b + 2*a*B))/(5*x^5) - (b^2*B)/(4*x^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a^2 A}{7x^7} - \frac{a(2Ab+Ba)}{6x^6} - \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^2 B}{4x^4}$	48
norman	$\frac{-\frac{B b^2 x^3}{4} + (-\frac{1}{5} b^2 A - \frac{2}{5} abB)x^2 + (-\frac{1}{3} abA - \frac{1}{6} a^2 B)x - \frac{a^2 A}{7}}{x^7}$	51
risch	$\frac{-\frac{B b^2 x^3}{4} + (-\frac{1}{5} b^2 A - \frac{2}{5} abB)x^2 + (-\frac{1}{3} abA - \frac{1}{6} a^2 B)x - \frac{a^2 A}{7}}{x^7}$	51
gosper	$-\frac{105B b^2 x^3 + 84A b^2 x^2 + 168B ab x^2 + 140a Abx + 70B a^2 x + 60a^2 A}{420x^7}$	52
parallelrisch	$-\frac{105B b^2 x^3 + 84A b^2 x^2 + 168B ab x^2 + 140a Abx + 70B a^2 x + 60a^2 A}{420x^7}$	52
orering	$-\frac{105B b^2 x^3 + 84A b^2 x^2 + 168B ab x^2 + 140a Abx + 70B a^2 x + 60a^2 A}{420x^7}$	52

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/7*a^2*A/x^7-1/6*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^6-1/5*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^5-1/4*b^2*B/x^4$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{105 B b^2 x^3 + 60 A a^2 + 84 (2 B a b + A b^2) x^2 + 70 (B a^2 + 2 A a b) x}{420 x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$-1/420*(105*B*b^2*x^3 + 60*A*a^2 + 84*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 70*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^7$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-60Aa^2 - 105Bb^2x^3 + x^2(-84Ab^2 - 168Bab) + x(-140Aab - 70Ba^2)}{420x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A)/x**8,x)`output `(-60*A*a**2 - 105*B*b**2*x**3 + x**2*(-84*A*b**2 - 168*B*a*b) + x*(-140*A*a*b - 70*B*a**2))/(420*x**7)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{105 Bb^2x^3 + 60 Aa^2 + 84 (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 70 (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x}{420 x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/420*(105*B*b^2*x^3 + 60*A*a^2 + 84*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 70*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^7`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^8} dx = -\frac{105 Bb^2x^3 + 168 Babx^2 + 84 Ab^2x^2 + 70 Ba^2x + 140 Aabx + 60 Aa^2}{420 x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/420*(105*B*b^2*x^3 + 168*B*a*b*x^2 + 84*A*b^2*x^2 + 70*B*a^2*x + 140*A*a*b*x + 60*A*a^2)/x^7`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^8} dx = -\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^2}{5} + \frac{2Bab}{5} \right) + \frac{Aa^2}{7} + x \left(\frac{Ba^2}{6} + \frac{Aba}{3} \right) + \frac{Bb^2x^3}{4}}{x^7}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2)/x^8,x)`output `-(x^2*((A*b^2)/5 + (2*B*a*b)/5) + (A*a^2)/7 + x*((B*a^2)/6 + (A*a*b)/3) + (B*b^2*x^3)/4)/x^7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^8} dx = \frac{-35b^3x^3 - 84ab^2x^2 - 70a^2bx - 20a^3}{140x^7}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^8,x)`

output $(-20a^3 - 70a^2bx - 84ab^2x^2 - 35b^3x^3)/(140x^7)$

3.73 $\int x^4(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	550
Mathematica [A] (verified)	550
Rubi [A] (verified)	551
Maple [A] (verified)	552
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	552
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	553
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	553
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	554
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	554
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	555

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int x^4(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{5}a^3Ax^5 + \frac{1}{6}a^2(3Ab + aB)x^6 + \frac{3}{7}ab(Ab + aB)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^8 + \frac{1}{9}b^3Bx^9$$

output

```
1/5*a^3*A*x^5+1/6*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^6+3/7*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^7+1/8*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^8+1/9*b^3*B*x^9
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^4(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{5}a^3Ax^5 + \frac{1}{6}a^2(3Ab + aB)x^6 + \frac{3}{7}ab(Ab + aB)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^8 + \frac{1}{9}b^3Bx^9$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4*(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

$$(a^3 A x^5)/5 + (a^2 (3 A b + a B) x^6)/6 + (3 a b (A b + a B) x^7)/7 + (b^2 (A b + 3 a B) x^8)/8 + (b^3 B x^9)/9$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 (a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (a^3 A x^4 + a^2 x^5 (aB + 3Ab) + b^2 x^7 (3aB + Ab) + 3abx^6 (aB + Ab) + b^3 B x^8) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{5} a^3 A x^5 + \frac{1}{6} a^2 x^6 (aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{8} b^2 x^8 (3aB + Ab) + \frac{3}{7} abx^7 (aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{9} b^3 B x^9$$

input

```
Int[x^4*(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

$$(a^3 A x^5)/5 + (a^2 (3 A b + a B) x^6)/6 + (3 a b (A b + a B) x^7)/7 + (b^2 (A b + 3 a B) x^8)/8 + (b^3 B x^9)/9$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^3 B x^9}{9} + \left(\frac{1}{8} b^3 A + \frac{3}{8} a b^2 B\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{3}{7} a b^2 A + \frac{3}{7} a^2 b B\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 b A + \frac{1}{6} a^3 B\right) x^6 + \frac{a^3 A x^5}{5}$
default	$\frac{b^3 B x^9}{9} + \frac{(b^3 A + 3 a b^2 B) x^8}{8} + \frac{(3 a b^2 A + 3 a^2 b B) x^7}{7} + \frac{(3 a^2 b A + a^3 B) x^6}{6} + \frac{a^3 A x^5}{5}$
oring	$\frac{x^5 (280 B b^3 x^4 + 315 A b^3 x^3 + 945 B a b^2 x^3 + 1080 a A b^2 x^2 + 1080 B a^2 b x^2 + 1260 a^2 A b x + 420 B a^3 x + 504 a^3 A)}{2520}$
gospers	$\frac{1}{9} b^3 B x^9 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 b^3 A + \frac{3}{8} x^8 a b^2 B + \frac{3}{7} x^7 a b^2 A + \frac{3}{7} x^7 a^2 b B + \frac{1}{2} x^6 a^2 b A + \frac{1}{6} x^6 a^3 B + \frac{1}{5} a^3 A x^5$
risch	$\frac{1}{9} b^3 B x^9 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 b^3 A + \frac{3}{8} x^8 a b^2 B + \frac{3}{7} x^7 a b^2 A + \frac{3}{7} x^7 a^2 b B + \frac{1}{2} x^6 a^2 b A + \frac{1}{6} x^6 a^3 B + \frac{1}{5} a^3 A x^5$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{9} b^3 B x^9 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 b^3 A + \frac{3}{8} x^8 a b^2 B + \frac{3}{7} x^7 a b^2 A + \frac{3}{7} x^7 a^2 b B + \frac{1}{2} x^6 a^2 b A + \frac{1}{6} x^6 a^3 B + \frac{1}{5} a^3 A x^5$

input `int(x^4*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{9} b^3 B x^9 + \frac{1}{8} b^3 A x^8 + \frac{3}{8} a b^2 B x^8 + \frac{3}{7} a b^2 A x^7 + \frac{3}{7} a^2 b B x^7 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 b A x^6 + \frac{1}{6} a^3 B x^6 + \frac{1}{5} a^3 A x^5$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^4 (a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{9} B b^3 x^9 + \frac{1}{5} A a^3 x^5 + \frac{1}{8} (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^8 + \frac{3}{7} (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x^6$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{9} B b^3 x^9 + \frac{1}{5} A a^3 x^5 + \frac{1}{8} (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^8 + \frac{3}{7} (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x^6$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Aa^3x^5}{5} + \frac{Bb^3x^9}{9} + x^8\left(\frac{Ab^3}{8} + \frac{3Bab^2}{8}\right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aab^2}{7} + \frac{3Ba^2b}{7}\right) + x^6\left(\frac{Aa^2b}{2} + \frac{Ba^3}{6}\right)$$

input `integrate(x**4*(b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A), x)`output `A*a**3*x**5/5 + B*b**3*x**9/9 + x**8*(A*b**3/8 + 3*B*a*b**2/8) + x**7*(3*A*a*b**2/7 + 3*B*a**2*b/7) + x**6*(A*a**2*b/2 + B*a**3/6)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{9} Bb^3x^9 + \frac{1}{5} Aa^3x^5 + \frac{1}{8} (3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^8 + \frac{3}{7} (Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x^6$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/9*B*b^3*x^9 + 1/5*A*a^3*x^5 + 1/8*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^8 + 3/7*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^6`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{9} Bb^3x^9 + \frac{3}{8} Bab^2x^8 + \frac{1}{8} Ab^3x^8 + \frac{3}{7} Ba^2bx^7 + \frac{3}{7} Aab^2x^7 + \frac{1}{6} Ba^3x^6 + \frac{1}{2} Aa^2bx^6 + \frac{1}{5} Aa^3x^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/9*B*b^3*x^9 + 3/8*B*a*b^2*x^8 + 1/8*A*b^3*x^8 + 3/7*B*a^2*b*x^7 + 3/7*A*a*b^2*x^7 + 1/6*B*a^3*x^6 + 1/2*A*a^2*b*x^6 + 1/5*A*a^3*x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = x^6 \left(\frac{Ba^3}{6} + \frac{Aba^2}{2} \right) + x^8 \left(\frac{Ab^3}{8} + \frac{3Bab^2}{8} \right) + \frac{Aa^3x^5}{5} + \frac{Bb^3x^9}{9} + \frac{3abx^7(Ab+Ba)}{7}$$

input `int(x^4*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `x^6*((B*a^3)/6 + (A*a^2*b)/2) + x^8*((A*b^3)/8 + (3*B*a*b^2)/8) + (A*a^3*x^5)/5 + (B*b^3*x^9)/9 + (3*a*b*x^7*(A*b + B*a))/7`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{x^5(70b^4x^4 + 315ab^3x^3 + 540a^2b^2x^2 + 420a^3bx + 126a^4)}{630}$$

input `int(x^4*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(x**5*(126*a**4 + 420*a**3*b*x + 540*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 315*a*b**3*x**3 + 70*b**4*x**4))/630`

3.74 $\int x^3(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	556
Mathematica [A] (verified)	556
Rubi [A] (verified)	557
Maple [A] (verified)	558
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	558
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	559
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	559
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	560
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	560
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	561

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int x^3(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{4}a^3Ax^4 + \frac{1}{5}a^2(3Ab + aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{2}ab(Ab + aB)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}b^3Bx^8$$

output

```
1/4*a^3*A*x^4+1/5*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^5+1/2*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^6+1/7*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^7+1/8*b^3*B*x^8
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^3(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{4}a^3Ax^4 + \frac{1}{5}a^2(3Ab + aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{2}ab(Ab + aB)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}b^3Bx^8$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

$$(a^3Ax^4)/4 + (a^2(3Ab + aB)x^5)/5 + (ab(Ab + aB)x^6)/2 + (b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^7)/7 + (b^3Bx^8)/8$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int (a^3Ax^3 + a^2x^4(aB + 3Ab) + b^2x^6(3aB + Ab) + 3abx^5(aB + Ab) + b^3Bx^7) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{4}a^3Ax^4 + \frac{1}{5}a^2x^5(aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{7}b^2x^7(3aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{2}abx^6(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{8}b^3Bx^8$$

input

```
Int[x^3*(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

$$(a^3Ax^4)/4 + (a^2(3Ab + aB)x^5)/5 + (ab(Ab + aB)x^6)/2 + (b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^7)/7 + (b^3Bx^8)/8$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^3 B x^8}{8} + \left(\frac{1}{7} b^3 A + \frac{3}{7} a b^2 B\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{1}{2} a b^2 A + \frac{1}{2} a^2 b B\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{3}{5} a^2 b A + \frac{1}{5} a^3 B\right) x^5 + \frac{a^3 A x^4}{4}$
default	$\frac{b^3 B x^8}{8} + \frac{(b^3 A + 3 a b^2 B) x^7}{7} + \frac{(3 a b^2 A + 3 a^2 b B) x^6}{6} + \frac{(3 a^2 b A + a^3 B) x^5}{5} + \frac{a^3 A x^4}{4}$
oring	$\frac{x^4 (35 B b^3 x^4 + 40 A b^3 x^3 + 120 B a b^2 x^3 + 140 a A b^2 x^2 + 140 B a^2 b x^2 + 168 a^2 A b x + 56 B a^3 x + 70 a^3 A)}{280}$
gospers	$\frac{1}{8} b^3 B x^8 + \frac{1}{7} x^7 b^3 A + \frac{3}{7} x^7 a b^2 B + \frac{1}{2} x^6 a b^2 A + \frac{1}{2} x^6 a^2 b B + \frac{3}{5} x^5 a^2 b A + \frac{1}{5} x^5 a^3 B + \frac{1}{4} a^3 A x^4$
risch	$\frac{1}{8} b^3 B x^8 + \frac{1}{7} x^7 b^3 A + \frac{3}{7} x^7 a b^2 B + \frac{1}{2} x^6 a b^2 A + \frac{1}{2} x^6 a^2 b B + \frac{3}{5} x^5 a^2 b A + \frac{1}{5} x^5 a^3 B + \frac{1}{4} a^3 A x^4$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{8} b^3 B x^8 + \frac{1}{7} x^7 b^3 A + \frac{3}{7} x^7 a b^2 B + \frac{1}{2} x^6 a b^2 A + \frac{1}{2} x^6 a^2 b B + \frac{3}{5} x^5 a^2 b A + \frac{1}{5} x^5 a^3 B + \frac{1}{4} a^3 A x^4$

input `int(x^3*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{8} b^3 B x^8 + \frac{1}{7} b^3 A x^7 + \frac{3}{7} a b^2 B x^7 + \frac{1}{2} a b^2 A x^6 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 b B x^6 + \frac{3}{5} a^2 b A x^5 + \frac{1}{5} a^3 B x^5 + \frac{1}{4} a^3 A x^4$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^3 (a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{8} B b^3 x^8 + \frac{1}{4} A a^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{7} (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^7 + \frac{1}{2} (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x^5$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{8} B b^3 x^8 + \frac{1}{4} A a^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{7} (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^7 + \frac{1}{2} (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x^5$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Aa^3x^4}{4} + \frac{Bb^3x^8}{8} + x^7\left(\frac{Ab^3}{7} + \frac{3Bab^2}{7}\right) + x^6\left(\frac{Aab^2}{2} + \frac{Ba^2b}{2}\right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aa^2b}{5} + \frac{Ba^3}{5}\right)$$

input `integrate(x**3*(b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A), x)`output `A*a**3*x**4/4 + B*b**3*x**8/8 + x**7*(A*b**3/7 + 3*B*a*b**2/7) + x**6*(A*a*b**2/2 + B*a**2*b/2) + x**5*(3*A*a**2*b/5 + B*a**3/5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{8} Bb^3x^8 + \frac{1}{4} Aa^3x^4 + \frac{1}{7} (3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^7 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x^5$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*B*b^3*x^8 + 1/4*A*a^3*x^4 + 1/7*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^7 + 1/2*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{8} Bb^3x^8 + \frac{3}{7} Bab^2x^7 + \frac{1}{7} Ab^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2} Ba^2bx^6 + \frac{1}{2} Aab^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5} Ba^3x^5 + \frac{3}{5} Aa^2bx^5 + \frac{1}{4} Aa^3x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*B*b^3*x^8 + 3/7*B*a*b^2*x^7 + 1/7*A*b^3*x^7 + 1/2*B*a^2*b*x^6 + 1/2*A*a*b^2*x^6 + 1/5*B*a^3*x^5 + 3/5*A*a^2*b*x^5 + 1/4*A*a^3*x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = x^5 \left(\frac{Ba^3}{5} + \frac{3Aba^2}{5} \right) + x^7 \left(\frac{Ab^3}{7} + \frac{3Bab^2}{7} \right) + \frac{Aa^3x^4}{4} + \frac{Bb^3x^8}{8} + \frac{abx^6(Ab+Ba)}{2}$$

input `int(x^3*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `x^5*((B*a^3)/5 + (3*A*a^2*b)/5) + x^7*((A*b^3)/7 + (3*B*a*b^2)/7) + (A*a^3*x^4)/4 + (B*b^3*x^8)/8 + (a*b*x^6*(A*b + B*a))/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)dx = \frac{x^4(35b^4x^4 + 160ab^3x^3 + 280a^2b^2x^2 + 224a^3bx + 70a^4)}{280}$$

input `int(x^3*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(x**4*(70*a**4 + 224*a**3*b*x + 280*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 160*a*b**3*x**3 + 35*b**4*x**4))/280`

3.75 $\int x^2(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	562
Mathematica [A] (verified)	562
Rubi [A] (verified)	563
Maple [A] (verified)	564
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	564
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	565
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	565
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	566
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	566
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	567

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{3}a^3Ax^3 + \frac{1}{4}a^2(3Ab + aB)x^4 + \frac{3}{5}ab(Ab + aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b^3Bx^7$$

output

```
1/3*a^3*A*x^3+1/4*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^4+3/5*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^5+1/6*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^6+1/7*b^3*B*x^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{3}a^3Ax^3 + \frac{1}{4}a^2(3Ab + aB)x^4 + \frac{3}{5}ab(Ab + aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b^3Bx^7$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

$$(a^3 A x^3)/3 + (a^2 (3 A b + a B) x^4)/4 + (3 a b (A b + a B) x^5)/5 + (b^2 (A b + 3 a B) x^6)/6 + (b^3 B x^7)/7$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (a + b x)^3 (A + B x) dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int (a^3 A x^2 + a^2 x^3 (a B + 3 A b) + b^2 x^5 (3 a B + A b) + 3 a b x^4 (a B + A b) + b^3 B x^6) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{3} a^3 A x^3 + \frac{1}{4} a^2 x^4 (a B + 3 A b) + \frac{1}{6} b^2 x^6 (3 a B + A b) + \frac{3}{5} a b x^5 (a B + A b) + \frac{1}{7} b^3 B x^7$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

$$(a^3 A x^3)/3 + (a^2 (3 A b + a B) x^4)/4 + (3 a b (A b + a B) x^5)/5 + (b^2 (A b + 3 a B) x^6)/6 + (b^3 B x^7)/7$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```


rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^3 B x^7}{7} + \left(\frac{1}{6} b^3 A + \frac{1}{2} a b^2 B\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{3}{5} a b^2 A + \frac{3}{5} a^2 b B\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{3}{4} a^2 b A + \frac{1}{4} a^3 B\right) x^4 + \frac{a^3 A x^3}{3}$
default	$\frac{b^3 B x^7}{7} + \frac{(b^3 A + 3 a b^2 B) x^6}{6} + \frac{(3 a b^2 A + 3 a^2 b B) x^5}{5} + \frac{(3 a^2 b A + a^3 B) x^4}{4} + \frac{a^3 A x^3}{3}$
oring	$\frac{x^3 (60 B b^3 x^4 + 70 A b^3 x^3 + 210 B a b^2 x^3 + 252 a A b^2 x^2 + 252 B a^2 b x^2 + 315 a^2 A b x + 105 B a^3 x + 140 a^3 A)}{420}$
gospers	$\frac{1}{7} b^3 B x^7 + \frac{1}{6} x^6 b^3 A + \frac{1}{2} x^6 a b^2 B + \frac{3}{5} x^5 a b^2 A + \frac{3}{5} x^5 a^2 b B + \frac{3}{4} x^4 a^2 b A + \frac{1}{4} x^4 a^3 B + \frac{1}{3} a^3 A x^3$
risch	$\frac{1}{7} b^3 B x^7 + \frac{1}{6} x^6 b^3 A + \frac{1}{2} x^6 a b^2 B + \frac{3}{5} x^5 a b^2 A + \frac{3}{5} x^5 a^2 b B + \frac{3}{4} x^4 a^2 b A + \frac{1}{4} x^4 a^3 B + \frac{1}{3} a^3 A x^3$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{7} b^3 B x^7 + \frac{1}{6} x^6 b^3 A + \frac{1}{2} x^6 a b^2 B + \frac{3}{5} x^5 a b^2 A + \frac{3}{5} x^5 a^2 b B + \frac{3}{4} x^4 a^2 b A + \frac{1}{4} x^4 a^3 B + \frac{1}{3} a^3 A x^3$

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{7} b^3 B x^7 + \frac{1}{6} b^3 A x^6 + \frac{1}{2} a b^2 B x^6 + \frac{3}{5} a b^2 A x^5 + \frac{3}{5} a^2 b B x^5 + \frac{3}{4} a^2 b A x^4 + \frac{1}{4} a^3 B x^4 + \frac{1}{3} a^3 A x^3$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^2 (a + b x)^3 (A + B x) dx = \frac{1}{7} B b^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} A a^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{6} (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^6 + \frac{3}{5} (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x^4$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{7} B b^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} A a^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{6} (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^6 + \frac{3}{5} (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x^4$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Aa^3x^3}{3} + \frac{Bb^3x^7}{7} + x^6 \left(\frac{Ab^3}{6} + \frac{Bab^2}{2} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aab^2}{5} + \frac{3Ba^2b}{5} \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aa^2b}{4} + \frac{Ba^3}{4} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A), x)`output `A*a**3*x**3/3 + B*b**3*x**7/7 + x**6*(A*b**3/6 + B*a*b**2/2) + x**5*(3*A*a*b**2/5 + 3*B*a**2*b/5) + x**4*(3*A*a**2*b/4 + B*a**3/4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{7} Bb^3x^7 + \frac{1}{3} Aa^3x^3 + \frac{1}{6} (3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^6 + \frac{3}{5} (Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x^4$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/7*B*b^3*x^7 + 1/3*A*a^3*x^3 + 1/6*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^6 + 3/5*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{7} Bb^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2} Bab^2x^6 + \frac{1}{6} Ab^3x^6 + \frac{3}{5} Ba^2bx^5 \\ + \frac{3}{5} Aab^2x^5 + \frac{1}{4} Ba^3x^4 + \frac{3}{4} Aa^2bx^4 + \frac{1}{3} Aa^3x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/7*B*b^3*x^7 + 1/2*B*a*b^2*x^6 + 1/6*A*b^3*x^6 + 3/5*B*a^2*b*x^5 + 3/5*A*a*b^2*x^5 + 1/4*B*a^3*x^4 + 3/4*A*a^2*b*x^4 + 1/3*A*a^3*x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = x^4 \left(\frac{Ba^3}{4} + \frac{3Aba^2}{4} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{Ab^3}{6} + \frac{Bab^2}{2} \right) \\ + \frac{Aa^3x^3}{3} + \frac{Bb^3x^7}{7} + \frac{3abx^5(Ab+Ba)}{5}$$

input `int(x^2*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `x^4*((B*a^3)/4 + (3*A*a^2*b)/4) + x^6*((A*b^3)/6 + (B*a*b^2)/2) + (A*a^3*x^3)/3 + (B*b^3*x^7)/7 + (3*a*b*x^5*(A*b + B*a))/5`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{x^3(15b^4x^4 + 70ab^3x^3 + 126a^2b^2x^2 + 105a^3bx + 35a^4)}{105}$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(x**3*(35*a**4 + 105*a**3*b*x + 126*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 70*a*b**3*x**3 + 15*b**4*x**4))/105`

3.76 $\int x(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	568
Mathematica [A] (verified)	568
Rubi [A] (verified)	569
Maple [A] (verified)	570
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	570
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	571
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	571
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	572
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	572
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	573

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int x(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = -\frac{a(Ab-aB)(a+bx)^4}{4b^3} + \frac{(Ab-2aB)(a+bx)^5}{5b^3} + \frac{B(a+bx)^6}{6b^3}$$

output

```
-1/4*a*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^4/b^3+1/5*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^5/b^3+1/6*B*(b*x+a)^6/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{60}x^2(10a^3(3A+2Bx) + 15a^2bx(4A+3Bx) + 9ab^2x^2(5A+4Bx) + 2b^3x^3(6A+5Bx))$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

```
(x^2*(10*a^3*(3*A + 2*B*x) + 15*a^2*b*x*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 9*a*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 2*b^3*x^3*(6*A + 5*B*x)))/60
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(a + bx)^4(Ab - 2aB)}{b^2} + \frac{a(a + bx)^3(aB - Ab)}{b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^5}{b^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(a + bx)^5(Ab - 2aB)}{5b^3} - \frac{a(a + bx)^4(Ab - aB)}{4b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^6}{6b^3}$$

input

```
Int[x*(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(a*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^4)/b^3 + ((A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^5)/(5*b^3)
+ (B*(a + b*x)^6)/(6*b^3)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{b^3 B x^6}{6} + \left(\frac{1}{5}b^3 A + \frac{3}{5}a b^2 B\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{3}{4}a b^2 A + \frac{3}{4}a^2 b B\right) x^4 + \left(a^2 b A + \frac{1}{3}a^3 B\right) x^3 + \frac{a^3 A x^2}{2}$	74
default	$\frac{b^3 B x^6}{6} + \frac{(b^3 A + 3a b^2 B)x^5}{5} + \frac{(3a b^2 A + 3a^2 b B)x^4}{4} + \frac{(3a^2 b A + a^3 B)x^3}{3} + \frac{a^3 A x^2}{2}$	76
orering	$\frac{x^2(10B b^3 x^4 + 12A b^3 x^3 + 36B a b^2 x^3 + 45a A b^2 x^2 + 45B a^2 b x^2 + 60a^2 A b x + 20B a^3 x + 30a^3 A)}{60}$	76
gosper	$\frac{1}{6}b^3 B x^6 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 b^3 A + \frac{3}{5}x^5 a b^2 B + \frac{3}{4}x^4 a b^2 A + \frac{3}{4}x^4 a^2 b B + x^3 a^2 b A + \frac{1}{3}x^3 a^3 B + \frac{1}{2}a^3 A x^2$	77
risch	$\frac{1}{6}b^3 B x^6 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 b^3 A + \frac{3}{5}x^5 a b^2 B + \frac{3}{4}x^4 a b^2 A + \frac{3}{4}x^4 a^2 b B + x^3 a^2 b A + \frac{1}{3}x^3 a^3 B + \frac{1}{2}a^3 A x^2$	77
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{6}b^3 B x^6 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 b^3 A + \frac{3}{5}x^5 a b^2 B + \frac{3}{4}x^4 a b^2 A + \frac{3}{4}x^4 a^2 b B + x^3 a^2 b A + \frac{1}{3}x^3 a^3 B + \frac{1}{2}a^3 A x^2$	77

input `int(x*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $\frac{1}{6}b^3 B x^6 + \frac{1}{5}b^3 A x^5 + \frac{3}{5}a b^2 B x^5 + \frac{3}{4}a b^2 A x^4 + \frac{3}{4}a^2 b B x^4 + (a^2 b A + \frac{1}{3}a^3 B)x^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^3 A x^2$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{6} B b^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} A a^3 x^2 + \frac{1}{5} (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^5 + \frac{3}{4} (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x^3$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output $\frac{1}{6}B b^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{2}A a^3 x^2 + \frac{1}{5}(3B a b^2 + A b^3)x^5 + \frac{3}{4}(B a^2 b + A a b^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{3}(B a^3 + 3A a^2 b)x^3$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int x(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Aa^3x^2}{2} + \frac{Bb^3x^6}{6} + x^5\left(\frac{Ab^3}{5} + \frac{3Bab^2}{5}\right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aab^2}{4} + \frac{3Ba^2b}{4}\right) + x^3\left(Aa^2b + \frac{Ba^3}{3}\right)$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A),x)`

output `A*a**3*x**2/2 + B*b**3*x**6/6 + x**5*(A*b**3/5 + 3*B*a*b**2/5) + x**4*(3*A*a*b**2/4 + 3*B*a**2*b/4) + x**3*(A*a**2*b + B*a**3/3)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{6}Bb^3x^6 + \frac{1}{2}Aa^3x^2 + \frac{1}{5}(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^5 + \frac{3}{4}(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{3}(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x^3$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*B*b^3*x^6 + 1/2*A*a^3*x^2 + 1/5*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^5 + 3/4*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int x(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{6} Bb^3x^6 + \frac{3}{5} Bab^2x^5 + \frac{1}{5} Ab^3x^5 + \frac{3}{4} Ba^2bx^4 + \frac{3}{4} Aab^2x^4 + \frac{1}{3} Ba^3x^3 + Aa^2bx^3 + \frac{1}{2} Aa^3x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*B*b^3*x^6 + 3/5*B*a*b^2*x^5 + 1/5*A*b^3*x^5 + 3/4*B*a^2*b*x^4 + 3/4*A*a*b^2*x^4 + 1/3*B*a^3*x^3 + A*a^2*b*x^3 + 1/2*A*a^3*x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = x^3 \left(\frac{B a^3}{3} + A b a^2 \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{A b^3}{5} + \frac{3 B a b^2}{5} \right) + \frac{A a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{B b^3 x^6}{6} + \frac{3 a b x^4 (A b + B a)}{4}$$

input `int(x*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `x^3*((B*a^3)/3 + A*a^2*b) + x^5*((A*b^3)/5 + (3*B*a*b^2)/5) + (A*a^3*x^2)/2 + (B*b^3*x^6)/6 + (3*a*b*x^4*(A*b + B*a))/4`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{x^2(5b^4x^4 + 24ab^3x^3 + 45a^2b^2x^2 + 40a^3bx + 15a^4)}{30}$$

input `int(x*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(x**2*(15*a**4 + 40*a**3*b*x + 45*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 24*a*b**3*x**3 + 5*b**4*x**4))/30`

3.77 $\int (a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	574
Mathematica [A] (verified)	574
Rubi [A] (verified)	575
Maple [B] (verified)	576
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	576
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	577
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	577
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	578
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	578
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	579

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^4}{4b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^5}{5b^2}$$

output $1/4*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^4/b^2+1/5*B*(b*x+a)^5/b^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx = a^3 Ax + \frac{1}{2} a^2 (3Ab + aB) x^2 + ab(Ab + aB) x^3 + \frac{1}{4} b^2 (Ab + 3aB) x^4 + \frac{1}{5} b^3 B x^5$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x),x]`

output $a^3 A x + (a^2 (3 A b + a B) x^2) / 2 + a b (A b + a B) x^3 + (b^2 (A b + 3 a B) x^4) / 4 + (b^3 B x^5) / 5$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(a + bx)^3(Ab - aB)}{b} + \frac{B(a + bx)^4}{b} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(a + bx)^4(Ab - aB)}{4b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^5}{5b^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x),x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^4)/(4*b^2) + (B*(a + b*x)^5)/(5*b^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{b^3 B x^5}{5} + \left(\frac{1}{4} b^3 A + \frac{3}{4} a b^2 B\right) x^4 + (a b^2 A + a^2 b B) x^3 + \left(\frac{3}{2} a^2 b A + \frac{1}{2} a^3 B\right) x^2 + a^3 A x$	70
gosper	$\frac{1}{5} b^3 B x^5 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 b^3 A + \frac{3}{4} x^4 a b^2 B + A a b^2 x^3 + B a^2 b x^3 + \frac{3}{2} x^2 a^2 b A + \frac{1}{2} x^2 a^3 B + a^3 A x$	73
default	$\frac{b^3 B x^5}{5} + \frac{(b^3 A + 3 a b^2 B) x^4}{4} + \frac{(3 a b^2 A + 3 a^2 b B) x^3}{3} + \frac{(3 a^2 b A + a^3 B) x^2}{2} + a^3 A x$	73
risch	$\frac{1}{5} b^3 B x^5 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 b^3 A + \frac{3}{4} x^4 a b^2 B + A a b^2 x^3 + B a^2 b x^3 + \frac{3}{2} x^2 a^2 b A + \frac{1}{2} x^2 a^3 B + a^3 A x$	73
parallerisch	$\frac{1}{5} b^3 B x^5 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 b^3 A + \frac{3}{4} x^4 a b^2 B + A a b^2 x^3 + B a^2 b x^3 + \frac{3}{2} x^2 a^2 b A + \frac{1}{2} x^2 a^3 B + a^3 A x$	73
orering	$\frac{x(4B b^3 x^4 + 5A b^3 x^3 + 15B a b^2 x^3 + 20aA b^2 x^2 + 20B a^2 b x^2 + 30a^2 A b x + 10B a^3 x + 20a^3 A)}{20}$	74

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5*b^3*B*x^5+(1/4*b^3*A+3/4*a*b^2*B)*x^4+(A*a*b^2+B*a^2*b)*x^3+(3/2*a^2*b*A+1/2*a^3*B)*x^2+a^3*A*x`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{5} B b^3 x^5 + A a^3 x + \frac{1}{4} (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^4 + (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x^2$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*B*b^3*x^5 + A*a^3*x + 1/4*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^4 + (B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 73 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int (a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = Aa^3x + \frac{Bb^3x^5}{5} + x^4 \left(\frac{Ab^3}{4} + \frac{3Bab^2}{4} \right) + x^3(Aab^2 + Ba^2b) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aa^2b}{2} + \frac{Ba^3}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A),x)`

output `A*a**3*x + B*b**3*x**5/5 + x**4*(A*b**3/4 + 3*B*a*b**2/4) + x**3*(A*a*b**2 + B*a**2*b) + x**2*(3*A*a**2*b/2 + B*a**3/2)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int (a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{5} Bb^3x^5 + Aa^3x + \frac{1}{4} (3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^4 + (Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x^2$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*B*b^3*x^5 + A*a^3*x + 1/4*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^4 + (B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 72 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{5} Bb^3x^5 + \frac{3}{4} Bab^2x^4 + \frac{1}{4} Ab^3x^4 + Ba^2bx^3 \\ + Aab^2x^3 + \frac{1}{2} Ba^3x^2 + \frac{3}{2} Aa^2bx^2 + Aa^3x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/5*B*b^3*x^5 + 3/4*B*a*b^2*x^4 + 1/4*A*b^3*x^4 + B*a^2*b*x^3 + A*a*b^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^3*x^2 + 3/2*A*a^2*b*x^2 + A*a^3*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = x^2 \left(\frac{B a^3}{2} + \frac{3 A b a^2}{2} \right) + x^4 \left(\frac{A b^3}{4} + \frac{3 B a b^2}{4} \right) \\ + \frac{B b^3 x^5}{5} + A a^3 x + a b x^3 (A b + B a)$$

input `int((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `x^2*((B*a^3)/2 + (3*A*a^2*b)/2) + x^4*((A*b^3)/4 + (3*B*a*b^2)/4) + (B*b^3*x^5)/5 + A*a^3*x + a*b*x^3*(A*b + B*a)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{x(b^4x^4 + 5ab^3x^3 + 10a^2b^2x^2 + 10a^3bx + 5a^4)}{5}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(x*(5*a**4 + 10*a**3*b*x + 10*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 5*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))
/5`

3.78 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	580
Mathematica [A] (verified)	580
Rubi [A] (verified)	581
Maple [A] (verified)	582
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	582
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	583
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	583
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	584
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	584
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	585

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x} dx = 3a^2Abx + \frac{3}{2}aAb^2x^2 + \frac{1}{3}Ab^3x^3 + \frac{B(a+bx)^4}{4b} + a^3A \log(x)$$

output

```
3*a^2*A*b*x+3/2*a*A*b^2*x^2+1/3*A*b^3*x^3+1/4*B*(b*x+a)^4/b+a^3*A*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{12}x(12a^3B + 18a^2b(2A+Bx) + 6ab^2x(3A+2Bx) + b^3x^2(4A+3Bx)) + a^3A \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x,x]
```

output

```
(x*(12*a^3*B + 18*a^2*b*(2*A + B*x) + 6*a*b^2*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) + b^3*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x)))/12 + a^3*A*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {90, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{90}$$

$$A \int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{x} dx + \frac{B(a + bx)^4}{4b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{49}$$

$$A \int \left(\frac{a^3}{x} + 3ba^2 + 3b^2xa + b^3x^2 \right) dx + \frac{B(a + bx)^4}{4b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$A \left(a^3 \log(x) + 3a^2bx + \frac{3}{2}ab^2x^2 + \frac{b^3x^3}{3} \right) + \frac{B(a + bx)^4}{4b}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x,x]`

output `(B*(a + b*x)^4)/(4*b) + A*(3*a^2*b*x + (3*a*b^2*x^2)/2 + (b^3*x^3)/3 + a^3*Log[x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 90

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] :> Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result	size
norman	$(\frac{1}{3}b^3A + ab^2B)x^3 + (\frac{3}{2}ab^2A + \frac{3}{2}a^2bB)x^2 + (3a^2bA + a^3B)x + \frac{Bb^3x^4}{4} + a^3A \ln(x)$	69
default	$\frac{Bb^3x^4}{4} + \frac{Ab^3x^3}{3} + Bab^2x^3 + \frac{3aAb^2x^2}{2} + \frac{3Ba^2bx^2}{2} + 3a^2Abx + Ba^3x + a^3A \ln(x)$	70
risch	$\frac{Bb^3x^4}{4} + \frac{Ab^3x^3}{3} + Bab^2x^3 + \frac{3aAb^2x^2}{2} + \frac{3Ba^2bx^2}{2} + 3a^2Abx + Ba^3x + a^3A \ln(x)$	70
parallelrisch	$\frac{Bb^3x^4}{4} + \frac{Ab^3x^3}{3} + Bab^2x^3 + \frac{3aAb^2x^2}{2} + \frac{3Ba^2bx^2}{2} + 3a^2Abx + Ba^3x + a^3A \ln(x)$	70

input

```
int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(1/3*b^3*A+a*b^2*B)*x^3+(3/2*a*b^2*A+3/2*a^2*b*B)*x^2+(3*A*a^2*b+B*a^3)*x+
1/4*B*b^3*x^4+a^3*A*ln(x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} Bb^3x^4 + Aa^3 \log(x) + \frac{1}{3} (3 Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + \frac{3}{2} (Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + (Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output $1/4*B*b^3*x^4 + A*a^3*\log(x) + 1/3*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 3/2*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x} dx = Aa^3 \log(x) + \frac{Bb^3x^4}{4} + x^3 \left(\frac{Ab^3}{3} + Bab^2 \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3Aab^2}{2} + \frac{3Ba^2b}{2} \right) + x(3Aa^2b + Ba^3)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A)/x,x)`

output $A*a**3*\log(x) + B*b**3*x**4/4 + x**3*(A*b**3/3 + B*a*b**2) + x**2*(3*A*a*b**2/2 + 3*B*a**2*b/2) + x*(3*A*a**2*b + B*a**3)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} Bb^3x^4 + Aa^3 \log(x) + \frac{1}{3} (3 Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + \frac{3}{2} (Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + (Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/4*B*b^3*x^4 + A*a^3*\log(x) + 1/3*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 3/2*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} Bb^3x^4 + Bab^2x^3 + \frac{1}{3} Ab^3x^3 + \frac{3}{2} Ba^2bx^2 + \frac{3}{2} Aab^2x^2 + Ba^3x + 3Aa^2bx + Aa^3 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*B*b^3*x^4 + B*a*b^2*x^3 + 1/3*A*b^3*x^3 + 3/2*B*a^2*b*x^2 + 3/2*A*a*b^2*x^2 + B*a^3*x + 3*A*a^2*b*x + A*a^3*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x} dx = x(Ba^3 + 3Aba^2) + x^3\left(\frac{Ab^3}{3} + Bab^2\right) + \frac{Bb^3x^4}{4} + Aa^3 \ln(x) + \frac{3abx^2(Ab+Ba)}{2}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3)/x,x)`

output `x*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b) + x^3*((A*b^3)/3 + B*a*b^2) + (B*b^3*x^4)/4 + A*a^3*log(x) + (3*a*b*x^2*(A*b + B*a))/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \log(x) a^4 + 4a^3bx + 3a^2b^2x^2 + \frac{4ab^3x^3}{3} + \frac{b^4x^4}{4}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x,x)`

output `(12*log(x)*a**4 + 48*a**3*b*x + 36*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 16*a*b**3*x**3 + 3*b**4*x**4)/12`

3.79 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	586
Mathematica [A] (verified)	586
Rubi [A] (verified)	587
Maple [A] (verified)	588
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	588
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	589
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	589
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	589
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	590
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	590

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^3A}{x} + 3ab(Ab+aB)x + \frac{1}{2}b^2(Ab+3aB)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}b^3Bx^3 + a^2(3Ab+aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-a^3A/x+3*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x+1/2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^2+1/3*b^3*B*x^3+a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^3A}{x} + 3ab(Ab+aB)x + \frac{1}{2}b^2(Ab+3aB)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}b^3Bx^3 + (3a^2Ab+a^3B)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^2,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\frac{a^3 A}{x}\right) + 3 a b (A b + a B) x + \left(\frac{b^2 (A b + 3 a B) x^2}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{b^3 B x^3}{3}\right) + (3 a^2 A b + a^3 B) \operatorname{Log}[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3 A}{x^2} + \frac{a^2 (aB + 3Ab)}{x} + b^2 x (3aB + Ab) + 3ab (aB + Ab) + b^3 B x^2 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^3 A}{x} + a^2 \log(x) (aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{2} b^2 x^2 (3aB + Ab) + 3abx (aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{3} b^3 B x^3$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^2,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\frac{a^3 A}{x}\right) + 3 a b (A b + a B) x + \left(\frac{b^2 (A b + 3 a B) x^2}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{b^3 B x^3}{3}\right) + a^2 (3 A b + a B) \operatorname{Log}[x]$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```


rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^3 B x^3}{3} + \frac{A b^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{3 B a b^2 x^2}{2} + 3 a b^2 A x + 3 a^2 b B x + a^2 (3 A b + B a) \ln(x) - \frac{a^3 A}{x}$	69
risch	$\frac{b^3 B x^3}{3} + \frac{A b^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{3 B a b^2 x^2}{2} + 3 a b^2 A x + 3 a^2 b B x - \frac{a^3 A}{x} + 3 A \ln(x) a^2 b + B \ln(x) a^3$	71
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{2} b^3 A + \frac{3}{2} a b^2 B) x^3 + (3 a b^2 A + 3 a^2 b B) x^2 - a^3 A + \frac{B b^3 x^4}{3}}{x} + (3 a^2 b A + a^3 B) \ln(x)$	75
parallelrisc	$\frac{2 B b^3 x^4 + 3 A b^3 x^3 + 9 B a b^2 x^3 + 18 A \ln(x) x a^2 b + 18 a A b^2 x^2 + 6 B \ln(x) x a^3 + 18 B a^2 b x^2 - 6 a^3 A}{6 x}$	80

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*b^3*B*x^3+1/2*A*b^3*x^2+3/2*B*a*b^2*x^2+3*a*b^2*A*x+3*a^2*b*B*x+a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*ln(x)-a^3*A/x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 B b^3 x^4 - 6 A a^3 + 3 (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^3 + 18 (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^2 + 6 (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x \log(x)}{6 x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*B*b^3*x^4 - 6*A*a^3 + 3*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 18*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 6*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x*log(x))/x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{Aa^3}{x} + \frac{Bb^3x^3}{3} + a^2 \cdot (3Ab + Ba) \log(x) + x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^3}{2} + \frac{3Bab^2}{2} \right) + x(3Aab^2 + 3Ba^2b)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A)/x**2,x)`output `-A*a**3/x + B*b**3*x**3/3 + a**2*(3*A*b + B*a)*log(x) + x**2*(A*b**3/2 + 3*B*a*b**2/2) + x*(3*A*a*b**2 + 3*B*a**2*b)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bb^3x^3 - \frac{Aa^3}{x} + \frac{1}{2} (3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^2 + 3(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x + (Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b) \log(x)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*B*b^3*x^3 - A*a^3/x + 1/2*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x + (B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*log(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bb^3x^3 + \frac{3}{2} Bab^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2} Ab^3x^2 + 3Ba^2bx + 3Aab^2x - \frac{Aa^3}{x} + (Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b) \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*B*b^3*x^3 + 3/2*B*a*b^2*x^2 + 1/2*A*b^3*x^2 + 3*B*a^2*b*x + 3*A*a*b^2*x - A*a^3/x + (B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^3}{2} + \frac{3Bab^2}{2} \right) + \ln(x) (Ba^3 + 3Aba^2) - \frac{Aa^3}{x} + \frac{Bb^3x^3}{3} + 3abx(Ab + Ba)$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3)/x^2,x)`

output `x^2*((A*b^3)/2 + (3*B*a*b^2)/2) + log(x)*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b) - (A*a^3)/x + (B*b^3*x^3)/3 + 3*a*b*x*(A*b + B*a)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{12 \log(x) a^3 b x - 3a^4 + 18a^2 b^2 x^2 + 6a b^3 x^3 + b^4 x^4}{3x}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^2,x)`

output `(12*log(x)*a**3*b*x - 3*a**4 + 18*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 6*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4)/(3*x)`

3.80 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	591
Mathematica [A] (verified)	591
Rubi [A] (verified)	592
Maple [A] (verified)	593
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	593
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	594
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	594
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	595
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	595
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	596

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^3 A}{2x^2} - \frac{a^2(3Ab + aB)}{x} + b^2(Ab + 3aB)x + \frac{1}{2}b^3 Bx^2 + 3ab(Ab + aB) \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/2*a^3*A/x^2-a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)/x+b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x+1/2*b^3*B*x^2+3*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{6a^2 Ab}{x} + 6ab^2 Bx + b^3 x(2A + Bx) - \frac{a^3(A + 2Bx)}{x^2} + 6ab(Ab + aB) \log(x) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^3,x]
```

output
$$\frac{((-6*a^2*A*b)/x + 6*a*b^2*B*x + b^3*x*(2*A + B*x) - (a^3*(A + 2*B*x))/x^2 + 6*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*\text{Log}[x])/2}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3A}{x^3} + \frac{a^2(aB + 3Ab)}{x^2} + b^2(3aB + Ab) + \frac{3ab(aB + Ab)}{x} + b^3Bx \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^3A}{2x^2} - \frac{a^2(aB + 3Ab)}{x} + b^2x(3aB + Ab) + 3ab \log(x)(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{2}b^3Bx^2$$

input $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x)/x^3, x]$

output
$$-1/2*(a^3*A)/x^2 - (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))/x + b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x + (b^3*B*x^2)/2 + 3*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*\text{Log}[x]$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85
$$\text{Int}[(d_*)(x_*)^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_*))((e_*) + (f_*)(x_*))^{(p_*)}, x] :$$

$$> \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$$

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^3 B x^2}{2} + A b^3 x + 3 B a b^2 x - \frac{a^3 A}{2 x^2} + 3 a b (A b + B a) \ln(x) - \frac{a^2 (3 A b + B a)}{x}$	63
risch	$\frac{b^3 B x^2}{2} + A b^3 x + 3 B a b^2 x + \frac{(-3 a^2 b A - a^3 B) x - \frac{a^3 A}{2}}{x^2} + 3 A \ln(x) a b^2 + 3 B \ln(x) a^2 b$	70
norman	$\frac{(b^3 A + 3 a b^2 B) x^3 + (-3 a^2 b A - a^3 B) x - \frac{a^3 A}{2} + \frac{B b^3 x^4}{2}}{x^2} + (3 a b^2 A + 3 a^2 b B) \ln(x)$	73
parallelrisc	$\frac{B b^3 x^4 + 6 A \ln(x) x^2 a b^2 + 2 A b^3 x^3 + 6 B \ln(x) x^2 a^2 b + 6 B a b^2 x^3 - 6 a^2 A b x - 2 B a^3 x - a^3 A}{2 x^2}$	79

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{2} b^3 B x^2 + A b^3 x + 3 B a b^2 x - \frac{1}{2} a^3 A / x^2 + 3 a b (A b + B a) \ln(x) - a^2 (3 A b + B a) / x$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{B b^3 x^4 - A a^3 + 2 (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^3 + 6 (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^2 \log(x) - 2 (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x}{2 x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{2} (B b^3 x^4 - A a^3 + 2 (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^3 + 6 (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^2 \log(x) - 2 (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x) / x^2$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{Bb^3x^2}{2} + 3ab(Ab+Ba)\log(x) + x(Ab^3+3Bab^2) + \frac{-Aa^3+x(-6Aa^2b-2Ba^3)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A)/x**3,x)`output `B*b**3*x**2/2 + 3*a*b*(A*b + B*a)*log(x) + x*(A*b**3 + 3*B*a*b**2) + (-A*a**3 + x*(-6*A*a**2*b - 2*B*a**3))/(2*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{2}Bb^3x^2 + (3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x + 3(Ba^2b + Aab^2)\log(x) - \frac{Aa^3 + 2(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*B*b^3*x^2 + (3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x + 3*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*log(x) - 1/2*(A*a^3 + 2*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{2} Bb^3x^2 + 3 Bab^2x + Ab^3x + 3 (Ba^2b + Aab^2) \log(|x|) - \frac{Aa^3 + 2(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*B*b^3*x^2 + 3*B*a*b^2*x + A*b^3*x + 3*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*log(abs(x)) - 1/2*(A*a^3 + 2*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \ln(x) (3Ba^2b + 3Aab^2) - \frac{x(Ba^3 + 3Aba^2) + \frac{Aa^3}{2}}{x^2} + x(Ab^3 + 3Bab^2) + \frac{Bb^3x^2}{2}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3)/x^3,x)`

output `log(x)*(3*A*a*b^2 + 3*B*a^2*b) - (x*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b) + (A*a^3)/2)/x^2 + x*(A*b^3 + 3*B*a*b^2) + (B*b^3*x^2)/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{12 \log(x) a^2 b^2 x^2 - a^4 - 8a^3 b x + 8a b^3 x^3 + b^4 x^4}{2x^2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^3,x)`

output `(12*log(x)*a**2*b**2*x**2 - a**4 - 8*a**3*b*x + 8*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4)
/(2*x**2)`

3.81 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	597
Mathematica [A] (verified)	597
Rubi [A] (verified)	598
Maple [A] (verified)	599
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	599
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	600
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	600
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	601
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	601
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	602

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^3A}{3x^3} - \frac{a^2(3Ab+aB)}{2x^2} - \frac{3ab(Ab+aB)}{x} + b^3Bx + b^2(Ab+3aB)\log(x)$$

output `-1/3*a^3*A/x^3-1/2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)/x^2-3*a*b*(A*b+B*a)/x+b^3*B*x+b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{18aAb^2x^2 - 6b^3Bx^4 + 9a^2bx(A+2Bx) + a^3(2A+3Bx)}{6x^3} + b^2(Ab+3aB)\log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^4,x]`

output `-1/6*(18*a*A*b^2*x^2 - 6*b^3*B*x^4 + 9*a^2*b*x*(A + 2*B*x) + a^3*(2*A + 3*B*x))/x^3 + b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3 A}{x^4} + \frac{a^2(aB + 3Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{b^2(3aB + Ab)}{x} + \frac{3ab(aB + Ab)}{x^2} + b^3 B \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^3 A}{3x^3} - \frac{a^2(aB + 3Ab)}{2x^2} + b^2 \log(x)(3aB + Ab) - \frac{3ab(aB + Ab)}{x} + b^3 Bx$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(a^3*A)/x^3 - (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))/(2*x^2) - (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B))/x + b^3*B*x + b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a^3 A}{3x^3} - \frac{a^2(3Ab+Ba)}{2x^2} - \frac{3ab(Ab+Ba)}{x} + b^3 Bx + b^2(Ab + 3Ba) \ln(x)$	61
risch	$b^3 Bx + \frac{(-3ab^2A-3a^2bB)x^2 + (-\frac{3}{2}a^2bA - \frac{1}{2}a^3B)x - \frac{a^3A}{3}}{x^3} + A \ln(x) b^3 + 3B \ln(x) a b^2$	70
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{3}{2}a^2bA - \frac{1}{2}a^3B)x + (-3ab^2A - 3a^2bB)x^2 + Bb^3x^4 - \frac{a^3A}{3}}{x^3} + (b^3A + 3ab^2B) \ln(x)$	72
parallelrisch	$\frac{6A \ln(x)x^3b^3 + 18B \ln(x)x^3ab^2 + 6Bb^3x^4 - 18aAb^2x^2 - 18Ba^2bx^2 - 9a^2Abx - 3Ba^3x - 2a^3A}{6x^3}$	80

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/3*a^3*A/x^3 - 1/2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)/x^2 - 3*a*b*(A*b+B*a)/x + b^3*B*x + b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*\ln(x)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{6Bb^3x^4 + 6(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 \log(x) - 2Aa^3 - 18(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 - 3(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$1/6*(6*B*b^3*x^4 + 6*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3*\log(x) - 2*A*a^3 - 18*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^3$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = Bb^3x + b^2(Ab + 3Ba) \log(x) + \frac{-2Aa^3 + x^2(-18Aab^2 - 18Ba^2b) + x(-9Aa^2b - 3Ba^3)}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A)/x**4,x)`output `B*b**3*x + b**2*(A*b + 3*B*a)*log(x) + (-2*A*a**3 + x**2*(-18*A*a*b**2 - 18*B*a**2*b) + x*(-9*A*a**2*b - 3*B*a**3))/(6*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = Bb^3x + (3Bab^2 + Ab^3) \log(x) - \frac{2Aa^3 + 18(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 3(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `B*b^3*x + (3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*log(x) - 1/6*(2*A*a^3 + 18*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = Bb^3x + (3Bab^2 + Ab^3) \log(|x|) - \frac{2Aa^3 + 18(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 3(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `B*b^3*x + (3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*log(abs(x)) - 1/6*(2*A*a^3 + 18*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \ln(x) (Ab^3 + 3Bab^2) - \frac{x^2(3Ba^2b + 3Aab^2) + x\left(\frac{Ba^3}{2} + \frac{3Aba^2}{2}\right) + \frac{Aa^3}{3}}{x^3} + Bb^3x$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3)/x^4,x)`

output `log(x)*(A*b^3 + 3*B*a*b^2) - (x^2*(3*A*a*b^2 + 3*B*a^2*b) + x*((B*a^3)/2 + (3*A*a^2*b)/2) + (A*a^3)/3)/x^3 + B*b^3*x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{12 \log(x) a b^3 x^3 - a^4 - 6a^3 b x - 18a^2 b^2 x^2 + 3b^4 x^4}{3x^3}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^4,x)`

output `(12*log(x)*a*b**3*x**3 - a**4 - 6*a**3*b*x - 18*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 3*b**4*x**4)/(3*x**3)`

3.82 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	603
Mathematica [A] (verified)	603
Rubi [A] (verified)	604
Maple [A] (verified)	605
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	605
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	606
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	606
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	607
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	607
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	608

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^3B}{3x^3} - \frac{3a^2bB}{2x^2} - \frac{3ab^2B}{x} - \frac{A(a + bx)^4}{4ax^4} + b^3B \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/3*a^3*B/x^3-3/2*a^2*b*B/x^2-3*a*b^2*B/x-1/4*A*(b*x+a)^4/a/x^4+b^3*B*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{12Ab^3x^3 + 18ab^2x^2(A + 2Bx) + 6a^2bx(2A + 3Bx) + a^3(3A + 4Bx) - 12b^3Bx^4 \log(x)}{12x^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/12*(12*A*b^3*x^3 + 18*a*b^2*x^2*(A + 2*B*x) + 6*a^2*b*x*(2*A + 3*B*x) + a^3*(3*A + 4*B*x) - 12*b^3*B*x^4*Log[x])/x^4
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {87, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$B \int \frac{(a + bx)^3}{x^4} dx - \frac{A(a + bx)^4}{4ax^4}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$B \int \left(\frac{a^3}{x^4} + \frac{3ba^2}{x^3} + \frac{3b^2a}{x^2} + \frac{b^3}{x} \right) dx - \frac{A(a + bx)^4}{4ax^4}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$B \left(-\frac{a^3}{3x^3} - \frac{3a^2b}{2x^2} - \frac{3ab^2}{x} + b^3 \log(x) \right) - \frac{A(a + bx)^4}{4ax^4}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(A*(a + b*x)^4)/(a*x^4) + B*(-1/3*a^3/x^3 - (3*a^2*b)/(2*x^2) - (3*a*b^2)/x + b^3*Log[x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] :> Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a^2(3Ab+Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{3ab(Ab+Ba)}{2x^2} - \frac{a^3A}{4x^4} + b^3B \ln(x) - \frac{b^2(Ab+3Ba)}{x}$	64
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{3}{2}ab^2A - \frac{3}{2}a^2bB)x^2 + (-a^2bA - \frac{1}{3}a^3B)x + (-b^3A - 3ab^2B)x^3 - \frac{a^3A}{4}}{x^4} + b^3B \ln(x)$	73
risch	$\frac{(-\frac{3}{2}ab^2A - \frac{3}{2}a^2bB)x^2 + (-a^2bA - \frac{1}{3}a^3B)x + (-b^3A - 3ab^2B)x^3 - \frac{a^3A}{4}}{x^4} + b^3B \ln(x)$	73
parallelrisc	$-\frac{-12b^3B \ln(x)x^4 + 12A b^3x^3 + 36Ba b^2x^3 + 18aA b^2x^2 + 18B a^2b x^2 + 12a^2Abx + 4B a^3x + 3a^3A}{12x^4}$	78

input

```
int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)/x^3-3/2*a*b*(A*b+B*a)/x^2-1/4*a^3*A/x^4+b^3*B*ln(x)-b
^2*(A*b+3*B*a)/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 B b^3 x^4 \log(x) - 3 A a^3 - 12 (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^3 - 18 (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^2 - 4 (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x}{12 x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{12}(12Bb^3x^4\log(x) - 3Aa^3 - 12(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 - 18(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 - 4(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x)/x^4$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= Bb^3 \log(x) + \frac{-3Aa^3 + x^3(-12Ab^3 - 36Bab^2) + x^2(-18Aab^2 - 18Ba^2b) + x(-12Aa^2b - 4Ba^3)}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A)/x**5,x)`

output $Bb^3\log(x) + (-3Aa^3 + x^3(-12Ab^3 - 36Bab^2) + x^2(-18Aa^2b - 18Ba^2b) + x(-12Aa^2b - 4Ba^3))/(12x^4)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= Bb^3 \log(x) - \frac{3Aa^3 + 12(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 18(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 4(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $Bb^3\log(x) - 1/12(3Aa^3 + 12(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 18(Ba^2b + Aa^2b + Aa^2b)x^2 + 4(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x)/x^4$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= Bb^3 \log(|x|) - \frac{3Aa^3 + 12(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 18(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 4(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `B*b^3*log(abs(x)) - 1/12*(3*A*a^3 + 12*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 18*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 4*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= Bb^3 \ln(x) - \frac{x^2 \left(\frac{3Ba^2b}{2} + \frac{3Aab^2}{2} \right) + x \left(\frac{Ba^3}{3} + Aba^2 \right) + \frac{Aa^3}{4} + x^3 (Ab^3 + 3Bab^2)}{x^4}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3)/x^5,x)`

output `B*b^3*log(x) - (x^2*((3*A*a*b^2)/2 + (3*B*a^2*b)/2) + x*((B*a^3)/3 + A*a^2*b) + (A*a^3)/4 + x^3*(A*b^3 + 3*B*a*b^2))/x^4`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{12 \log(x) b^4 x^4 - 3a^4 - 16a^3 bx - 36a^2 b^2 x^2 - 48a b^3 x^3}{12x^4}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^5,x)`

output `(12*log(x)*b**4*x**4 - 3*a**4 - 16*a**3*b*x - 36*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 48*a*b**3*x**3)/(12*x**4)`

3.83 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	609
Mathematica [A] (verified)	609
Rubi [A] (verified)	610
Maple [A] (verified)	611
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	611
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	612
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	612
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	613
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	613
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	614

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{A(a+bx)^4}{5ax^5} + \frac{(Ab-5aB)(a+bx)^4}{20a^2x^4}$$

output `-1/5*A*(b*x+a)^4/a/x^5+1/20*(A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^4/a^2/x^4`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{10b^3x^3(A+2Bx) + 10ab^2x^2(2A+3Bx) + 5a^2bx(3A+4Bx) + a^3(4A+5Bx)}{20x^5}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^6,x]`

output `-1/20*(10*b^3*x^3*(A + 2*B*x) + 10*a*b^2*x^2*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 5*a^2*b*x*(3*A + 4*B*x) + a^3*(4*A + 5*B*x))/x^5`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$-\frac{(Ab - 5aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^3}{x^5} dx}{5a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^4}{5ax^5}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$\frac{(a + bx)^4(Ab - 5aB)}{20a^2x^4} - \frac{A(a + bx)^4}{5ax^5}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^6,x]`

output `-1/5*(A*(a + b*x)^4)/(a*x^5) + ((A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^4)/(20*a^2*x^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{ab(Ab+Ba)}{x^3} - \frac{a^3A}{5x^5} - \frac{b^2(Ab+3Ba)}{2x^2} - \frac{a^2(3Ab+Ba)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^3B}{x}$	66
norman	$\frac{-Bb^3x^4 + (-\frac{1}{2}b^3A - \frac{3}{2}ab^2B)x^3 + (-ab^2A - a^2bB)x^2 + (-\frac{3}{4}a^2bA - \frac{1}{4}a^3B)x - \frac{a^3A}{5}}{x^5}$	74
risch	$\frac{-Bb^3x^4 + (-\frac{1}{2}b^3A - \frac{3}{2}ab^2B)x^3 + (-ab^2A - a^2bB)x^2 + (-\frac{3}{4}a^2bA - \frac{1}{4}a^3B)x - \frac{a^3A}{5}}{x^5}$	74
gosper	$-\frac{20Bb^3x^4 + 10Ab^3x^3 + 30Bab^2x^3 + 20aAb^2x^2 + 20Ba^2bx^2 + 15a^2Abx + 5Ba^3x + 4a^3A}{20x^5}$	76
parallelrisch	$-\frac{20Bb^3x^4 + 10Ab^3x^3 + 30Bab^2x^3 + 20aAb^2x^2 + 20Ba^2bx^2 + 15a^2Abx + 5Ba^3x + 4a^3A}{20x^5}$	76
orering	$-\frac{20Bb^3x^4 + 10Ab^3x^3 + 30Bab^2x^3 + 20aAb^2x^2 + 20Ba^2bx^2 + 15a^2Abx + 5Ba^3x + 4a^3A}{20x^5}$	76

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-a*b*(A*b+B*a)/x^3-1/5*a^3*A/x^5-1/2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)/x^2-1/4*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)/x^4-b^3*B/x`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{20Bb^3x^4 + 4Aa^3 + 10(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 20(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 5(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{20x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/20*(20*B*b^3*x^4 + 4*A*a^3 + 10*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 20*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^5`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 82 vs. 2(37) = 74.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{-4Aa^3 - 20Bb^3x^4 + x^3(-10Ab^3 - 30Bab^2) + x^2(-20Aab^2 - 20Ba^2b) + x(-15Aa^2b - 5Ba^3)}{20x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A)/x**6,x)`

output `(-4*A*a**3 - 20*B*b**3*x**4 + x**3*(-10*A*b**3 - 30*B*a*b**2) + x**2*(-20*A*a*b**2 - 20*B*a**2*b) + x*(-15*A*a**2*b - 5*B*a**3))/(20*x**5)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{20 Bb^3x^4 + 4 Aa^3 + 10 (3 Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 20 (Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 5 (Ba^3 + 3 Aa^2b)x}{20 x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/20*(20*B*b^3*x^4 + 4*A*a^3 + 10*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 20*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{20 B b^3 x^4 + 30 B a b^2 x^3 + 10 A b^3 x^3 + 20 B a^2 b x^2 + 20 A a b^2 x^2 + 5 B a^3 x + 15 A a^2 b x + 4 A a^3}{20 x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/20*(20*B*b^3*x^4 + 30*B*a*b^2*x^3 + 10*A*b^3*x^3 + 20*B*a^2*b*x^2 + 20*A*a*b^2*x^2 + 5*B*a^3*x + 15*A*a^2*b*x + 4*A*a^3)/x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{x^2 (B a^2 b + A a b^2) + x \left(\frac{B a^3}{4} + \frac{3 A b a^2}{4} \right) + \frac{A a^3}{5} + x^3 \left(\frac{A b^3}{2} + \frac{3 B a b^2}{2} \right) + B b^3 x^4}{x^5}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3)/x^6,x)`

output `-(x^2*(A*a*b^2 + B*a^2*b) + x*((B*a^3)/4 + (3*A*a^2*b)/4) + (A*a^3)/5 + x^3*((A*b^3)/2 + (3*B*a*b^2)/2) + B*b^3*x^4)/x^5`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{-5b^4x^4 - 10ab^3x^3 - 10a^2b^2x^2 - 5a^3bx - a^4}{5x^5}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^6,x)`

output `(- a**4 - 5*a**3*b*x - 10*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 10*a*b**3*x**3 - 5*b**4*x**4)/
(5*x**5)`

3.84 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	615
Mathematica [A] (verified)	615
Rubi [A] (verified)	616
Maple [A] (verified)	617
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	617
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	618
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	618
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	619
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	619
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	620

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^3A}{6x^6} - \frac{a^2(3Ab+aB)}{5x^5} - \frac{3ab(Ab+aB)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)}{3x^3} - \frac{b^3B}{2x^2}$$

output

```
-1/6*a^3*A/x^6-1/5*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)/x^5-3/4*a*b*(A*b+B*a)/x^4-1/3*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)/x^3-1/2*b^3*B/x^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{10b^3x^3(2A+3Bx) + 15ab^2x^2(3A+4Bx) + 9a^2bx(4A+5Bx) + 2a^3(5A+6Bx)}{60x^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^7,x]
```

output

$$-1/60*(10*b^3*x^3*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 15*a*b^2*x^2*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 9*a^2*b*x*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 2*a^3*(5*A + 6*B*x))/x^6$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^7} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3A}{x^7} + \frac{a^2(aB + 3Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{b^2(3aB + Ab)}{x^4} + \frac{3ab(aB + Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{b^3B}{x^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^3A}{6x^6} - \frac{a^2(aB + 3Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^2(3aB + Ab)}{3x^3} - \frac{3ab(aB + Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^3B}{2x^2}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^7, x]
```

output

$$-1/6*(a^3*A)/x^6 - (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))/(5*x^5) - (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B))/(4*x^4) - (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B))/(3*x^3) - (b^3*B)/(2*x^2)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a^3 A}{6x^6} - \frac{a^2(3Ab+Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{3ab(Ab+Ba)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^2(Ab+3Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{b^3 B}{2x^2}$	66
norman	$-\frac{B b^3 x^4}{2} + (-\frac{1}{3} b^3 A - a b^2 B) x^3 + (-\frac{3}{4} a b^2 A - \frac{3}{4} a^2 b B) x^2 + (-\frac{3}{5} a^2 b A - \frac{1}{5} a^3 B) x - \frac{a^3 A}{6}$	74
risch	$-\frac{B b^3 x^4}{2} + (-\frac{1}{3} b^3 A - a b^2 B) x^3 + (-\frac{3}{4} a b^2 A - \frac{3}{4} a^2 b B) x^2 + (-\frac{3}{5} a^2 b A - \frac{1}{5} a^3 B) x - \frac{a^3 A}{6}$	74
gosper	$-\frac{30B b^3 x^4 + 20A b^3 x^3 + 60Ba b^2 x^3 + 45aA b^2 x^2 + 45B a^2 b x^2 + 36a^2 A b x + 12B a^3 x + 10a^3 A}{60x^6}$	76
paralelrisch	$-\frac{30B b^3 x^4 + 20A b^3 x^3 + 60Ba b^2 x^3 + 45aA b^2 x^2 + 45B a^2 b x^2 + 36a^2 A b x + 12B a^3 x + 10a^3 A}{60x^6}$	76
orering	$-\frac{30B b^3 x^4 + 20A b^3 x^3 + 60Ba b^2 x^3 + 45aA b^2 x^2 + 45B a^2 b x^2 + 36a^2 A b x + 12B a^3 x + 10a^3 A}{60x^6}$	76

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-\frac{1}{6} a^3 A / x^6 - \frac{1}{5} a^2 (3A b + B a) / x^5 - \frac{3}{4} a b (A b + B a) / x^4 - \frac{1}{3} b^2 (A b + 3B a) / x^3 - \frac{1}{2} b^3 B / x^2$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3 (A + Bx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{30 B b^3 x^4 + 10 A a^3 + 20 (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^3 + 45 (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^2 + 12 (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x}{60 x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-\frac{1}{60} (30 B b^3 x^4 + 10 A a^3 + 20 (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^3 + 45 (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^2 + 12 (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x) / x^6$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{-10Aa^3 - 30Bb^3x^4 + x^3(-20Ab^3 - 60Bab^2) + x^2(-45Aab^2 - 45Ba^2b) + x(-36Aa^2b - 12Ba^3)}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A)/x**7,x)`output `(-10*A*a**3 - 30*B*b**3*x**4 + x**3*(-20*A*b**3 - 60*B*a*b**2) + x**2*(-45*A*a*b**2 - 45*B*a**2*b) + x*(-36*A*a**2*b - 12*B*a**3))/(60*x**6)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{30Bb^3x^4 + 10Aa^3 + 20(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 45(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 12(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/60*(30*B*b^3*x^4 + 10*A*a^3 + 20*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 45*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 12*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^6`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{30 Bb^3x^4 + 60 Bab^2x^3 + 20 Ab^3x^3 + 45 Ba^2bx^2 + 45 Aab^2x^2 + 12 Ba^3x + 36 Aa^2bx + 10 Aa^3}{60 x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/60*(30*B*b^3*x^4 + 60*B*a*b^2*x^3 + 20*A*b^3*x^3 + 45*B*a^2*b*x^2 + 45*A*a*b^2*x^2 + 12*B*a^3*x + 36*A*a^2*b*x + 10*A*a^3)/x^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{x^2 \left(\frac{3Ba^2b}{4} + \frac{3Aab^2}{4} \right) + x \left(\frac{Ba^3}{5} + \frac{3Aba^2}{5} \right) + \frac{Aa^3}{6} + x^3 \left(\frac{Ab^3}{3} + Ba^2b \right) + \frac{Bb^3x^4}{2}}{x^6}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3)/x^7,x)`

output `-(x^2*((3*A*a*b^2)/4 + (3*B*a^2*b)/4) + x*((B*a^3)/5 + (3*A*a^2*b)/5) + (A*a^3)/6 + x^3*((A*b^3)/3 + B*a*b^2) + (B*b^3*x^4)/2)/x^6`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{-15b^4x^4 - 40ab^3x^3 - 45a^2b^2x^2 - 24a^3bx - 5a^4}{30x^6}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^7,x)
```

output

```
( - 5*a**4 - 24*a**3*b*x - 45*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 40*a*b**3*x**3 - 15*b**4*x**4)/(30*x**6)
```

3.85 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	621
Mathematica [A] (verified)	621
Rubi [A] (verified)	622
Maple [A] (verified)	623
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	623
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	624
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	624
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	625
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	625
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	626

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^3A}{7x^7} - \frac{a^2(3Ab+aB)}{6x^6} - \frac{3ab(Ab+aB)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^3B}{3x^3}$$

output

```
-1/7*a^3*A/x^7-1/6*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)/x^6-3/5*a*b*(A*b+B*a)/x^5-1/4*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)/x^4-1/3*b^3*B/x^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx = \frac{35b^3x^3(3A+4Bx) + 63ab^2x^2(4A+5Bx) + 42a^2bx(5A+6Bx) + 10a^3(6A+7Bx)}{420x^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^8,x]
```

output

$$-1/420*(35*b^3*x^3*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 63*a*b^2*x^2*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 42*a^2*b*x*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 10*a^3*(6*A + 7*B*x))/x^7$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^8} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3A}{x^8} + \frac{a^2(aB + 3Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{b^2(3aB + Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{3ab(aB + Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{b^3B}{x^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^3A}{7x^7} - \frac{a^2(aB + 3Ab)}{6x^6} - \frac{b^2(3aB + Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{3ab(aB + Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^3B}{3x^3}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^8,x]
```

output

$$-1/7*(a^3*A)/x^7 - (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))/(6*x^6) - (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B))/(5*x^5) - (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B))/(4*x^4) - (b^3*B)/(3*x^3)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a^3 A}{7x^7} - \frac{a^2(3Ab+Ba)}{6x^6} - \frac{3ab(Ab+Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^2(Ab+3Ba)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^3 B}{3x^3}$	66
norman	$-\frac{B b^3 x^4}{3} + (-\frac{1}{4} b^3 A - \frac{3}{4} a b^2 B) x^3 + (-\frac{3}{5} a b^2 A - \frac{3}{5} a^2 b B) x^2 + (-\frac{1}{2} a^2 b A - \frac{1}{6} a^3 B) x - \frac{a^3 A}{7}$	74
risch	$-\frac{B b^3 x^4}{3} + (-\frac{1}{4} b^3 A - \frac{3}{4} a b^2 B) x^3 + (-\frac{3}{5} a b^2 A - \frac{3}{5} a^2 b B) x^2 + (-\frac{1}{2} a^2 b A - \frac{1}{6} a^3 B) x - \frac{a^3 A}{7}$	74
gospers	$-\frac{140 B b^3 x^4 + 105 A b^3 x^3 + 315 B a b^2 x^3 + 252 a A b^2 x^2 + 252 B a^2 b x^2 + 210 a^2 A b x + 70 B a^3 x + 60 a^3 A}{420 x^7}$	76
paralelrisch	$-\frac{140 B b^3 x^4 + 105 A b^3 x^3 + 315 B a b^2 x^3 + 252 a A b^2 x^2 + 252 B a^2 b x^2 + 210 a^2 A b x + 70 B a^3 x + 60 a^3 A}{420 x^7}$	76
orering	$-\frac{140 B b^3 x^4 + 105 A b^3 x^3 + 315 B a b^2 x^3 + 252 a A b^2 x^2 + 252 B a^2 b x^2 + 210 a^2 A b x + 70 B a^3 x + 60 a^3 A}{420 x^7}$	76

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/7*a^3*A/x^7-1/6*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)/x^6-3/5*a*b*(A*b+B*a)/x^5-1/4*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)/x^4-1/3*b^3*B/x^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx = \frac{140 B b^3 x^4 + 60 A a^3 + 105 (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^3 + 252 (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^2 + 70 (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x}{420 x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/420*(140*B*b^3*x^4 + 60*A*a^3 + 105*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 252*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 70*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^7$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx = \frac{-60Aa^3 - 140Bb^3x^4 + x^3(-105Ab^3 - 315Bab^2) + x^2(-252Aab^2 - 252Ba^2b) + x(-210Aa^2b - 70Ba^3)}{420x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A)/x**8,x)`output `(-60*A*a**3 - 140*B*b**3*x**4 + x**3*(-105*A*b**3 - 315*B*a*b**2) + x**2*(-252*A*a*b**2 - 252*B*a**2*b) + x*(-210*A*a**2*b - 70*B*a**3))/(420*x**7)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx = \frac{140Bb^3x^4 + 60Aa^3 + 105(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 252(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 70(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{420x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/420*(140*B*b^3*x^4 + 60*A*a^3 + 105*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 252*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 70*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^7`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx = \frac{140 Bb^3x^4 + 315 Bab^2x^3 + 105 Ab^3x^3 + 252 Ba^2bx^2 + 252 Aab^2x^2 + 70 Ba^3x + 210 Aa^2bx + 60 Aa^3}{420 x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/420*(140*B*b^3*x^4 + 315*B*a*b^2*x^3 + 105*A*b^3*x^3 + 252*B*a^2*b*x^2 + 252*A*a*b^2*x^2 + 70*B*a^3*x + 210*A*a^2*b*x + 60*A*a^3)/x^7`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx = -\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{3Ba^2b}{5} + \frac{3Aab^2}{5} \right) + x \left(\frac{Ba^3}{6} + \frac{Aba^2}{2} \right) + \frac{Aa^3}{7} + x^3 \left(\frac{Ab^3}{4} + \frac{3Bab^2}{4} \right) + \frac{Bb^3x^4}{3}}{x^7}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3)/x^8,x)`output `-(x^2*((3*A*a*b^2)/5 + (3*B*a^2*b)/5) + x*((B*a^3)/6 + (A*a^2*b)/2) + (A*a^3)/7 + x^3*((A*b^3)/4 + (3*B*a*b^2)/4) + (B*b^3*x^4)/3)/x^7`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^8} dx = \frac{-35b^4x^4 - 105ab^3x^3 - 126a^2b^2x^2 - 70a^3bx - 15a^4}{105x^7}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^8,x)`

output `(- 15*a**4 - 70*a**3*b*x - 126*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 105*a*b**3*x**3 - 35*b**4*x**4)/(105*x**7)`

3.86 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	627
Mathematica [A] (verified)	627
Rubi [A] (verified)	628
Maple [A] (verified)	629
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	629
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	630
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	630
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	631
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	631
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	632

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx = -\frac{a^3A}{8x^8} - \frac{a^2(3Ab+aB)}{7x^7} - \frac{ab(Ab+aB)}{2x^6} - \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^3B}{4x^4}$$

output

$$-1/8*a^3*A/x^8-1/7*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)/x^7-1/2*a*b*(A*b+B*a)/x^6-1/5*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)/x^5-1/4*b^3*B/x^4$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx = -\frac{14b^3x^3(4A+5Bx)+28ab^2x^2(5A+6Bx)+20a^2bx(6A+7Bx)+5a^3(7A+8Bx)}{280x^8}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[\frac{(a+b*x)^3*(A+B*x)}{x^9},x]$$

output

$$-1/280*(14*b^3*x^3*(4*A+5*B*x)+28*a*b^2*x^2*(5*A+6*B*x)+20*a^2*b*x*(6*A+7*B*x)+5*a^3*(7*A+8*B*x))/x^8$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^9} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3 A}{x^9} + \frac{a^2(aB + 3Ab)}{x^8} + \frac{b^2(3aB + Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{3ab(aB + Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{b^3 B}{x^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^3 A}{8x^8} - \frac{a^2(aB + 3Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^2(3aB + Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{ab(aB + Ab)}{2x^6} - \frac{b^3 B}{4x^4}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^9,x]`

output `-1/8*(a^3*A)/x^8 - (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))/(7*x^7) - (a*b*(A*b + a*B))/(2*x^6) - (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B))/(5*x^5) - (b^3*B)/(4*x^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a^3 A}{8x^8} - \frac{a^2(3Ab+Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{ab(Ab+Ba)}{2x^6} - \frac{b^2(Ab+3Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^3 B}{4x^4}$	66
norman	$-\frac{Bb^3x^4 + (-\frac{1}{5}b^3A - \frac{3}{5}ab^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{1}{2}ab^2A - \frac{1}{2}a^2bB)x^2 + (-\frac{3}{7}a^2bA - \frac{1}{7}a^3B)x - \frac{a^3A}{8}}{x^8}$	74
risch	$-\frac{Bb^3x^4 + (-\frac{1}{5}b^3A - \frac{3}{5}ab^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{1}{2}ab^2A - \frac{1}{2}a^2bB)x^2 + (-\frac{3}{7}a^2bA - \frac{1}{7}a^3B)x - \frac{a^3A}{8}}{x^8}$	74
gosper	$-\frac{70Bb^3x^4 + 56Ab^3x^3 + 168Bab^2x^3 + 140aAb^2x^2 + 140Ba^2bx^2 + 120a^2Abx + 40Ba^3x + 35a^3A}{280x^8}$	76
parallelrisch	$-\frac{70Bb^3x^4 + 56Ab^3x^3 + 168Bab^2x^3 + 140aAb^2x^2 + 140Ba^2bx^2 + 120a^2Abx + 40Ba^3x + 35a^3A}{280x^8}$	76
orering	$-\frac{70Bb^3x^4 + 56Ab^3x^3 + 168Bab^2x^3 + 140aAb^2x^2 + 140Ba^2bx^2 + 120a^2Abx + 40Ba^3x + 35a^3A}{280x^8}$	76

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/8*a^3*A/x^8 - 1/7*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)/x^7 - 1/2*a*b*(A*b+B*a)/x^6 - 1/5*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)/x^5 - 1/4*b^3*B/x^4$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx = -\frac{70Bb^3x^4 + 35Aa^3 + 56(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 140(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 40(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{280x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$-1/280*(70*B*b^3*x^4 + 35*A*a^3 + 56*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 140*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 40*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^8$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx = \frac{-35Aa^3 - 70Bb^3x^4 + x^3(-56Ab^3 - 168Bab^2) + x^2(-140Aab^2 - 140Ba^2b) + x(-120Aa^2b - 40Ba^3)}{280x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A)/x**9,x)`output `(-35*A*a**3 - 70*B*b**3*x**4 + x**3*(-56*A*b**3 - 168*B*a*b**2) + x**2*(-140*A*a*b**2 - 140*B*a**2*b) + x*(-120*A*a**2*b - 40*B*a**3))/(280*x**8)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx = \frac{70Bb^3x^4 + 35Aa^3 + 56(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 140(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 40(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x}{280x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/280*(70*B*b^3*x^4 + 35*A*a^3 + 56*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 140*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 40*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^8`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^9} dx = \frac{70 Bb^3x^4 + 168 Bab^2x^3 + 56 Ab^3x^3 + 140 Ba^2bx^2 + 140 Aab^2x^2 + 40 Ba^3x + 120 Aa^2bx + 35 Aa^3}{280 x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/280*(70*B*b^3*x^4 + 168*B*a*b^2*x^3 + 56*A*b^3*x^3 + 140*B*a^2*b*x^2 + 140*A*a*b^2*x^2 + 40*B*a^3*x + 120*A*a^2*b*x + 35*A*a^3)/x^8`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^9} dx = -\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{Ba^2b}{2} + \frac{Aab^2}{2} \right) + x \left(\frac{Ba^3}{7} + \frac{3Aba^2}{7} \right) + \frac{Aa^3}{8} + x^3 \left(\frac{Ab^3}{5} + \frac{3Bab^2}{5} \right) + \frac{Bb^3x^4}{4}}{x^8}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3)/x^9,x)`

output `-(x^2*((A*a*b^2)/2 + (B*a^2*b)/2) + x*((B*a^3)/7 + (3*A*a^2*b)/7) + (A*a^3)/8 + x^3*((A*b^3)/5 + (3*B*a*b^2)/5) + (B*b^3*x^4)/4)/x^8`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^9} dx = \frac{-70b^4x^4 - 224ab^3x^3 - 280a^2b^2x^2 - 160a^3bx - 35a^4}{280x^8}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^9,x)`

output `(- 35*a**4 - 160*a**3*b*x - 280*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 224*a*b**3*x**3 - 70*b**4*x**4)/(280*x**8)`

3.87 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	633
Mathematica [A] (verified)	633
Rubi [A] (verified)	634
Maple [A] (verified)	635
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	635
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	636
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	636
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	637
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	637
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	638

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{a^3A}{9x^9} - \frac{a^2(3Ab+aB)}{8x^8} - \frac{3ab(Ab+aB)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^2(Ab+3aB)}{6x^6} - \frac{b^3B}{5x^5}$$

output

```
-1/9*a^3*A/x^9-1/8*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)/x^8-3/7*a*b*(A*b+B*a)/x^7-1/6*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)/x^6-1/5*b^3*B/x^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{84b^3x^3(5A+6Bx) + 180ab^2x^2(6A+7Bx) + 135a^2bx(7A+8Bx) + 35a^3(8A+9Bx)}{2520x^9}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^10,x]
```

output

$$-1/2520*(84*b^3*x^3*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 180*a*b^2*x^2*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 135*a^2*b*x*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 35*a^3*(8*A + 9*B*x))/x^9$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3A}{x^{10}} + \frac{a^2(aB + 3Ab)}{x^9} + \frac{b^2(3aB + Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{3ab(aB + Ab)}{x^8} + \frac{b^3B}{x^6} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^3A}{9x^9} - \frac{a^2(aB + 3Ab)}{8x^8} - \frac{b^2(3aB + Ab)}{6x^6} - \frac{3ab(aB + Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^3B}{5x^5}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^10,x]
```

output

```
-1/9*(a^3*A)/x^9 - (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))/(8*x^8) - (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B))/(7*x^7) - (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B))/(6*x^6) - (b^3*B)/(5*x^5)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{a^3 A}{9x^9} - \frac{a^2(3Ab+Ba)}{8x^8} - \frac{3ab(Ab+Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^2(Ab+3Ba)}{6x^6} - \frac{b^3 B}{5x^5}$	66
norman	$-\frac{B b^3 x^4}{5} + (-\frac{1}{6} b^3 A - \frac{1}{2} a b^2 B) x^3 + (-\frac{3}{7} a b^2 A - \frac{3}{7} a^2 b B) x^2 + (-\frac{3}{8} a^2 b A - \frac{1}{8} a^3 B) x - \frac{a^3 A}{9}$	74
risch	$-\frac{B b^3 x^4}{5} + (-\frac{1}{6} b^3 A - \frac{1}{2} a b^2 B) x^3 + (-\frac{3}{7} a b^2 A - \frac{3}{7} a^2 b B) x^2 + (-\frac{3}{8} a^2 b A - \frac{1}{8} a^3 B) x - \frac{a^3 A}{9}$	74
gospers	$-\frac{504 B b^3 x^4 + 420 A b^3 x^3 + 1260 B a b^2 x^3 + 1080 a A b^2 x^2 + 1080 B a^2 b x^2 + 945 a^2 A b x + 315 B a^3 x + 280 a^3 A}{2520 x^9}$	76
parallemrisch	$-\frac{504 B b^3 x^4 + 420 A b^3 x^3 + 1260 B a b^2 x^3 + 1080 a A b^2 x^2 + 1080 B a^2 b x^2 + 945 a^2 A b x + 315 B a^3 x + 280 a^3 A}{2520 x^9}$	76
orering	$-\frac{504 B b^3 x^4 + 420 A b^3 x^3 + 1260 B a b^2 x^3 + 1080 a A b^2 x^2 + 1080 B a^2 b x^2 + 945 a^2 A b x + 315 B a^3 x + 280 a^3 A}{2520 x^9}$	76

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/9*a^3*A/x^9 - 1/8*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)/x^8 - 3/7*a*b*(A*b+B*a)/x^7 - 1/6*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)/x^6 - 1/5*b^3*B/x^5$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{504 B b^3 x^4 + 280 A a^3 + 420 (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^3 + 1080 (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^2 + 315 (B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) x}{2520 x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/2520*(504*B*b^3*x^4 + 280*A*a^3 + 420*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 1080*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 315*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^9$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{-280Aa^3 - 504Bb^3x^4 + x^3(-420Ab^3 - 1260Bab^2) + x^2(-1080Aab^2 - 1080Ba^2b) + x(-945Aa^2b - 315Ba^3)}{2520x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A)/x**10,x)`output `(-280*A*a**3 - 504*B*b**3*x**4 + x**3*(-420*A*b**3 - 1260*B*a*b**2) + x**2*(-1080*A*a*b**2 - 1080*B*a**2*b) + x*(-945*A*a**2*b - 315*B*a**3))/(2520*x**9)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{504 Bb^3x^4 + 280 Aa^3 + 420 (3 Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 1080 (Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 315 (Ba^3 + 3 Aa^2b)x}{2520 x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2520*(504*B*b^3*x^4 + 280*A*a^3 + 420*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 1080*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 315*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^9`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{504 Bb^3x^4 + 1260 Bab^2x^3 + 420 Ab^3x^3 + 1080 Ba^2bx^2 + 1080 Aab^2x^2 + 315 Ba^3x + 945 Aa^2bx + 280 Aa^3}{2520 x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2520*(504*B*b^3*x^4 + 1260*B*a*b^2*x^3 + 420*A*b^3*x^3 + 1080*B*a^2*b*x^2 + 1080*A*a*b^2*x^2 + 315*B*a^3*x + 945*A*a^2*b*x + 280*A*a^3)/x^9`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{3Ba^2b}{7} + \frac{3Aab^2}{7} \right) + x \left(\frac{Ba^3}{8} + \frac{3Aba^2}{8} \right) + \frac{Aa^3}{9} + x^3 \left(\frac{Ab^3}{6} + \frac{Bab^2}{2} \right) + \frac{Bb^3x^4}{5}}{x^9}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3)/x^10,x)`output `-(x^2*((3*A*a*b^2)/7 + (3*B*a^2*b)/7) + x*((B*a^3)/8 + (3*A*a^2*b)/8) + (A*a^3)/9 + x^3*((A*b^3)/6 + (B*a*b^2)/2) + (B*b^3*x^4)/5)/x^9`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{-126b^4x^4 - 420ab^3x^3 - 540a^2b^2x^2 - 315a^3bx - 70a^4}{630x^9}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^10,x)
```

output

```
( - 70*a**4 - 315*a**3*b*x - 540*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 420*a*b**3*x**3 - 126*b*  
*4*x**4)/(630*x**9)
```

3.88 $\int x^5(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	639
Mathematica [A] (verified)	639
Rubi [A] (verified)	640
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int x^5(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{6}a^5Ax^6 + \frac{1}{7}a^4(5Ab + aB)x^7 + \frac{5}{8}a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^8 + \frac{10}{9}a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^9 + \frac{1}{2}ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^{10} + \frac{1}{11}b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{11} + \frac{1}{12}b^5Bx^{12}$$

output `1/6*a^5*A*x^6+1/7*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*x^7+5/8*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^8+10/9*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*x^9+1/2*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^10+1/11*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^11+1/12*b^5*B*x^12`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^5(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{6}a^5Ax^6 + \frac{1}{7}a^4(5Ab + aB)x^7 + \frac{5}{8}a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^8 + \frac{10}{9}a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^9 + \frac{1}{2}ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^{10} + \frac{1}{11}b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{11} + \frac{1}{12}b^5Bx^{12}$$

input `Integrate[x^5*(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x), x]`

output $(a^5 A x^6)/6 + (a^4 (5 A b + a B) x^7)/7 + (5 a^3 b (2 A b + a B) x^8)/8 + (10 a^2 b^2 (A b + a B) x^9)/9 + (a b^3 (A b + 2 a B) x^{10})/2 + (b^4 (A b + 5 a B) x^{11})/11 + (b^5 B x^{12})/12$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5 (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (a^5 A x^5 + a^4 x^6 (aB + 5Ab) + 5a^3 b x^7 (aB + 2Ab) + 10a^2 b^2 x^8 (aB + Ab) + b^4 x^{10} (5aB + Ab) + 5ab^3 x^9 (2aB + Ab)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{6} a^5 A x^6 + \frac{1}{7} a^4 x^7 (aB + 5Ab) + \frac{5}{8} a^3 b x^8 (aB + 2Ab) + \frac{10}{9} a^2 b^2 x^9 (aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{11} b^4 x^{11} (5aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{2} a b^3 x^{10} (2aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{12} b^5 B x^{12}$$

input `Int[x^5*(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x), x]`

output $(a^5 A x^6)/6 + (a^4 (5 A b + a B) x^7)/7 + (5 a^3 b (2 A b + a B) x^8)/8 + (10 a^2 b^2 (A b + a B) x^9)/9 + (a b^3 (A b + 2 a B) x^{10})/2 + (b^4 (A b + 5 a B) x^{11})/11 + (b^5 B x^{12})/12$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._))*((e._) + (f._)*(x._))^(p._), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^5 B x^{12}}{12} + \left(\frac{1}{11} b^5 A + \frac{5}{11} a b^4 B\right) x^{11} + \left(\frac{1}{2} a b^4 A + a^2 b^3 B\right) x^{10} + \left(\frac{10}{9} a^2 b^3 A + \frac{10}{9} a^3 b^2 B\right) x^9 + \left(\frac{5}{4} a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{4} a^4 b B\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{5}{4} a^4 b A + \frac{5}{4} a^5 B\right) x^7 + \frac{1}{6} a^5 A x^6$
default	$\frac{b^5 B x^{12}}{12} + \frac{(b^5 A + 5 a b^4 B) x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(5 a b^4 A + 10 a^2 b^3 B) x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(10 a^2 b^3 A + 10 a^3 b^2 B) x^9}{9} + \frac{(10 a^3 b^2 A + 5 a^4 b B) x^8}{8} + \frac{(5 a^4 b A + 5 a^5 B) x^7}{7} + \frac{1}{6} a^5 A x^6$
orering	$\frac{x^6 (462 B b^5 x^6 + 504 A b^5 x^5 + 2520 B a b^4 x^5 + 2772 a A b^4 x^4 + 5544 B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 6160 a^2 A b^3 x^3 + 6160 B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 6930 a^3 A b^2 x^2 + 3465 a^4 b B x^2 + 3465 a^4 A b B x + 3465 a^5 B x)}{5544}$
gosper	$\frac{1}{12} b^5 B x^{12} + \frac{1}{11} x^{11} b^5 A + \frac{5}{11} x^{11} a b^4 B + \frac{1}{2} x^{10} a b^4 A + x^{10} a^2 b^3 B + \frac{10}{9} x^9 a^2 b^3 A + \frac{10}{9} x^9 a^3 b^2 B + \frac{5}{4} x^8 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{4} x^8 a^4 b B + \frac{5}{4} x^7 a^4 b A + \frac{5}{4} x^7 a^5 B + \frac{1}{6} a^5 A x^6$
risch	$\frac{1}{12} b^5 B x^{12} + \frac{1}{11} x^{11} b^5 A + \frac{5}{11} x^{11} a b^4 B + \frac{1}{2} x^{10} a b^4 A + x^{10} a^2 b^3 B + \frac{10}{9} x^9 a^2 b^3 A + \frac{10}{9} x^9 a^3 b^2 B + \frac{5}{4} x^8 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{4} x^8 a^4 b B + \frac{5}{4} x^7 a^4 b A + \frac{5}{4} x^7 a^5 B + \frac{1}{6} a^5 A x^6$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{12} b^5 B x^{12} + \frac{1}{11} x^{11} b^5 A + \frac{5}{11} x^{11} a b^4 B + \frac{1}{2} x^{10} a b^4 A + x^{10} a^2 b^3 B + \frac{10}{9} x^9 a^2 b^3 A + \frac{10}{9} x^9 a^3 b^2 B + \frac{5}{4} x^8 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{4} x^8 a^4 b B + \frac{5}{4} x^7 a^4 b A + \frac{5}{4} x^7 a^5 B + \frac{1}{6} a^5 A x^6$

input

```
int(x^5*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/12*b^5*B*x^12+(1/11*b^5*A+5/11*a*b^4*B)*x^11+(1/2*a*b^4*A+a^2*b^3*B)*x^10+
(10/9*a^2*b^3*A+10/9*a^3*b^2*B)*x^9+(5/4*a^3*b^2*A+5/8*a^4*b*B)*x^8+(5/7
*a^4*b*A+1/7*a^5*B)*x^7+1/6*a^5*A*x^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{12} Bb^5x^{12} + \frac{1}{6} Aa^5x^6 + \frac{1}{11} (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^{11} \\ + \frac{1}{2} (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^{10} + \frac{10}{9} (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^9 \\ + \frac{5}{8} (Ba^4b + 2 Aa^3b^2)x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (Ba^5 + 5 Aa^4b)x^7$$

input `integrate(x^5*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/12*B*b^5*x^12 + 1/6*A*a^5*x^6 + 1/11*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^11 + 1/2*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^10 + 10/9*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^9 + 5/8*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^8 + 1/7*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^7`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int x^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Aa^5x^6}{6} + \frac{Bb^5x^{12}}{12} + x^{11} \left(\frac{Ab^5}{11} + \frac{5Bab^4}{11} \right) \\ + x^{10} \left(\frac{Aab^4}{2} + Ba^2b^3 \right) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{10Aa^2b^3}{9} + \frac{10Ba^3b^2}{9} \right) \\ + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^3b^2}{4} + \frac{5Ba^4b}{8} \right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^4b}{7} + \frac{Ba^5}{7} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**5*(b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A),x)`output `A*a**5*x**6/6 + B*b**5*x**12/12 + x**11*(A*b**5/11 + 5*B*a*b**4/11) + x**10*(A*a*b**4/2 + B*a**2*b**3) + x**9*(10*A*a**2*b**3/9 + 10*B*a**3*b**2/9) + x**8*(5*A*a**3*b**2/4 + 5*B*a**4*b/8) + x**7*(5*A*a**4*b/7 + B*a**5/7)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{12} Bb^5x^{12} + \frac{1}{6} Aa^5x^6 + \frac{1}{11} (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^{11} \\ + \frac{1}{2} (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^{10} + \frac{10}{9} (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^9 \\ + \frac{5}{8} (Ba^4b + 2 Aa^3b^2)x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (Ba^5 + 5 Aa^4b)x^7$$

input `integrate(x^5*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/12*B*b^5*x^12 + 1/6*A*a^5*x^6 + 1/11*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^11 + 1/2*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^10 + 10/9*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^9 + 5/8*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^8 + 1/7*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^7`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{12} Bb^5x^{12} + \frac{5}{11} Bab^4x^{11} + \frac{1}{11} Ab^5x^{11} + Ba^2b^3x^{10} \\ + \frac{1}{2} Aab^4x^{10} + \frac{10}{9} Ba^3b^2x^9 + \frac{10}{9} Aa^2b^3x^9 + \frac{5}{8} Ba^4bx^8 \\ + \frac{5}{4} Aa^3b^2x^8 + \frac{1}{7} Ba^5x^7 + \frac{5}{7} Aa^4bx^7 + \frac{1}{6} Aa^5x^6$$

input `integrate(x^5*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/12*B*b^5*x^12 + 5/11*B*a*b^4*x^11 + 1/11*A*b^5*x^11 + B*a^2*b^3*x^10 + 1/2*A*a*b^4*x^10 + 10/9*B*a^3*b^2*x^9 + 10/9*A*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 5/8*B*a^4*b*x^8 + 5/4*A*a^3*b^2*x^8 + 1/7*B*a^5*x^7 + 5/7*A*a^4*b*x^7 + 1/6*A*a^5*x^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = x^7 \left(\frac{Ba^5}{7} + \frac{5Aba^4}{7} \right) + x^{11} \left(\frac{Ab^5}{11} + \frac{5Bab^4}{11} \right) + \frac{Aa^5x^6}{6} + \frac{Bb^5x^{12}}{12} + \frac{10a^2b^2x^9(Ab+Ba)}{9} + \frac{5a^3bx^8(2Ab+Ba)}{8} + \frac{ab^3x^{10}(Ab+2Ba)}{2}$$

input `int(x^5*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5,x)`output `x^7*((B*a^5)/7 + (5*A*a^4*b)/7) + x^11*((A*b^5)/11 + (5*B*a*b^4)/11) + (A*a^5*x^6)/6 + (B*b^5*x^12)/12 + (10*a^2*b^2*x^9*(A*b + B*a))/9 + (5*a^3*b*x^8*(2*A*b + B*a))/8 + (a*b^3*x^10*(A*b + 2*B*a))/2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int x^5(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{x^6(462b^6x^6 + 3024ab^5x^5 + 8316a^2b^4x^4 + 12320a^3b^3x^3 + 10395a^4b^2x^2 + 4752a^5bx + 924a^6)}{5544}$$

input `int(x^5*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x)`output `(x**6*(924*a**6 + 4752*a**5*b*x + 10395*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 12320*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 8316*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 3024*a*b**5*x**5 + 462*b**6*x**6))/5544`

3.89 $\int x^4(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	645
Mathematica [A] (verified)	645
Rubi [A] (verified)	646
Maple [A] (verified)	647
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	648
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	648
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	649
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	649
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	650
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	650

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 117

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^4(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx &= \frac{1}{5}a^5Ax^5 + \frac{1}{6}a^4(5Ab + aB)x^6 + \frac{5}{7}a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^7 \\ &+ \frac{5}{4}a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^8 + \frac{5}{9}ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^9 \\ &+ \frac{1}{10}b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{10} + \frac{1}{11}b^5Bx^{11} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/5*a^5*A*x^5+1/6*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*x^6+5/7*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^7+5/4*a^2*b^
2*(A*b+B*a)*x^8+5/9*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^9+1/10*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^10+1/11*b
^5*B*x^11
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^4(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx &= \frac{1}{5}a^5Ax^5 + \frac{1}{6}a^4(5Ab + aB)x^6 + \frac{5}{7}a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^7 \\ &+ \frac{5}{4}a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^8 + \frac{5}{9}ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^9 \\ &+ \frac{1}{10}b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^{10} + \frac{1}{11}b^5Bx^{11} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x),x]`

output $(a^5 A x^5)/5 + (a^4 (5 A b + a B) x^6)/6 + (5 a^3 b (2 A b + a B) x^7)/7 + (5 a^2 b^2 (A b + a B) x^8)/4 + (5 a b^3 (A b + 2 a B) x^9)/9 + (b^4 (A b + 5 a B) x^{10})/10 + (b^5 B x^{11})/11$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (a^5 A x^4 + a^4 x^5 (aB + 5Ab) + 5a^3 b x^6 (aB + 2Ab) + 10a^2 b^2 x^7 (aB + Ab) + b^4 x^9 (5aB + Ab) + 5ab^3 x^8 (2aB + Ab)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{5} a^5 A x^5 + \frac{1}{6} a^4 x^6 (aB + 5Ab) + \frac{5}{7} a^3 b x^7 (aB + 2Ab) + \frac{5}{4} a^2 b^2 x^8 (aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{10} b^4 x^{10} (5aB + Ab) + \frac{5}{9} a b^3 x^9 (2aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{11} b^5 B x^{11}$$

input `Int[x^4*(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x),x]`

output $(a^5 A x^5)/5 + (a^4 (5 A b + a B) x^6)/6 + (5 a^3 b (2 A b + a B) x^7)/7 + (5 a^2 b^2 (A b + a B) x^8)/4 + (5 a b^3 (A b + 2 a B) x^9)/9 + (b^4 (A b + 5 a B) x^{10})/10 + (b^5 B x^{11})/11$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^5 B x^{11}}{11} + \left(\frac{1}{10} b^5 A + \frac{1}{2} a b^4 B\right) x^{10} + \left(\frac{5}{9} a b^4 A + \frac{10}{9} a^2 b^3 B\right) x^9 + \left(\frac{5}{4} a^2 b^3 A + \frac{5}{4} a^3 b^2 B\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{10}{7} a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{4} a^4 b B\right) x^7 + \frac{5 a^4 b^2 A}{7} x^6 + \frac{5 a^4 b^2 B}{7} x^5$
default	$\frac{b^5 B x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(b^5 A + 5 a b^4 B) x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(5 a b^4 A + 10 a^2 b^3 B) x^9}{9} + \frac{(10 a^2 b^3 A + 10 a^3 b^2 B) x^8}{8} + \frac{(10 a^3 b^2 A + 5 a^4 b B) x^7}{7} + \frac{5 a^4 b^2 A}{7} x^6 + \frac{5 a^4 b^2 B}{7} x^5$
orering	$\frac{x^5 (1260 B b^5 x^6 + 1386 A b^5 x^5 + 6930 B a b^4 x^5 + 7700 a A b^4 x^4 + 15400 B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 17325 a^2 A b^3 x^3 + 17325 B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 19800 a^3 A b^2 x^2 + 19800 a^3 B b^2 x^2 + 13860 a^4 b A x^2 + 13860 a^4 b B x^2 + 13860 a^4 b^2 A x + 13860 a^4 b^2 B x + 13860 a^4 b^3 A + 13860 a^4 b^3 B)}{13860}$
gosper	$\frac{1}{11} b^5 B x^{11} + \frac{1}{10} x^{10} b^5 A + \frac{1}{2} x^{10} a b^4 B + \frac{5}{9} x^9 a b^4 A + \frac{10}{9} x^9 a^2 b^3 B + \frac{5}{4} x^8 a^2 b^3 A + \frac{5}{4} x^8 a^3 b^2 B + \frac{10}{7} x^7 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{4} x^7 a^4 b B + \frac{5}{4} x^6 a^4 b^2 A + \frac{5}{4} x^6 a^4 b^2 B$
risch	$\frac{1}{11} b^5 B x^{11} + \frac{1}{10} x^{10} b^5 A + \frac{1}{2} x^{10} a b^4 B + \frac{5}{9} x^9 a b^4 A + \frac{10}{9} x^9 a^2 b^3 B + \frac{5}{4} x^8 a^2 b^3 A + \frac{5}{4} x^8 a^3 b^2 B + \frac{10}{7} x^7 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{4} x^7 a^4 b B + \frac{5}{4} x^6 a^4 b^2 A + \frac{5}{4} x^6 a^4 b^2 B$
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{11} b^5 B x^{11} + \frac{1}{10} x^{10} b^5 A + \frac{1}{2} x^{10} a b^4 B + \frac{5}{9} x^9 a b^4 A + \frac{10}{9} x^9 a^2 b^3 B + \frac{5}{4} x^8 a^2 b^3 A + \frac{5}{4} x^8 a^3 b^2 B + \frac{10}{7} x^7 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{4} x^7 a^4 b B + \frac{5}{4} x^6 a^4 b^2 A + \frac{5}{4} x^6 a^4 b^2 B$

input

```
int(x^4*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/11*b^5*B*x^11+(1/10*b^5*A+1/2*a*b^4*B)*x^10+(5/9*a*b^4*A+10/9*a^2*b^3*B)
*x^9+(5/4*a^2*b^3*A+5/4*a^3*b^2*B)*x^8+(10/7*a^3*b^2*A+5/7*a^4*b*B)*x^7+(
/6*a^4*b*A+1/6*a^5*B)*x^6+1/5*a^5*A*x^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{11} Bb^5x^{11} + \frac{1}{5} Aa^5x^5 + \frac{1}{10} (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^{10} \\ + \frac{5}{9} (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^9 + \frac{5}{4} (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^8 \\ + \frac{5}{7} (Ba^4b + 2 Aa^3b^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (Ba^5 + 5 Aa^4b)x^6$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/11*B*b^5*x^11 + 1/5*A*a^5*x^5 + 1/10*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^10 + 5/9*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^9 + 5/4*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^8 + 5/7*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^6`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Aa^5x^5}{5} + \frac{Bb^5x^{11}}{11} + x^{10} \left(\frac{Ab^5}{10} + \frac{Bab^4}{2} \right) + x^9 \\ \cdot \left(\frac{5Aab^4}{9} + \frac{10Ba^2b^3}{9} \right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^2b^3}{4} + \frac{5Ba^3b^2}{4} \right) \\ + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{10Aa^3b^2}{7} + \frac{5Ba^4b}{7} \right) + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^4b}{6} + \frac{Ba^5}{6} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**4*(b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A),x)`output `A*a**5*x**5/5 + B*b**5*x**11/11 + x**10*(A*b**5/10 + B*a*b**4/2) + x**9*(5*A*a*b**4/9 + 10*B*a**2*b**3/9) + x**8*(5*A*a**2*b**3/4 + 5*B*a**3*b**2/4) + x**7*(10*A*a**3*b**2/7 + 5*B*a**4*b/7) + x**6*(5*A*a**4*b/6 + B*a**5/6)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{11} Bb^5x^{11} + \frac{1}{5} Aa^5x^5 + \frac{1}{10} (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^{10} \\ + \frac{5}{9} (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^9 + \frac{5}{4} (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^8 \\ + \frac{5}{7} (Ba^4b + 2 Aa^3b^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (Ba^5 + 5 Aa^4b)x^6$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/11*B*b^5*x^11 + 1/5*A*a^5*x^5 + 1/10*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^10 + 5/9*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^9 + 5/4*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^8 + 5/7*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^6`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{11} Bb^5x^{11} + \frac{1}{2} Bab^4x^{10} + \frac{1}{10} Ab^5x^{10} + \frac{10}{9} Ba^2b^3x^9 \\ + \frac{5}{9} Aab^4x^9 + \frac{5}{4} Ba^3b^2x^8 + \frac{5}{4} Aa^2b^3x^8 + \frac{5}{7} Ba^4bx^7 \\ + \frac{10}{7} Aa^3b^2x^7 + \frac{1}{6} Ba^5x^6 + \frac{5}{6} Aa^4bx^6 + \frac{1}{5} Aa^5x^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/11*B*b^5*x^11 + 1/2*B*a*b^4*x^10 + 1/10*A*b^5*x^10 + 10/9*B*a^2*b^3*x^9 + 5/9*A*a*b^4*x^9 + 5/4*B*a^3*b^2*x^8 + 5/4*A*a^2*b^3*x^8 + 5/7*B*a^4*b*x^7 + 10/7*A*a^3*b^2*x^7 + 1/6*B*a^5*x^6 + 5/6*A*a^4*b*x^6 + 1/5*A*a^5*x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = x^6 \left(\frac{Ba^5}{6} + \frac{5Aba^4}{6} \right) + x^{10} \left(\frac{Ab^5}{10} + \frac{Bab^4}{2} \right) \\ + \frac{Aa^5x^5}{5} + \frac{Bb^5x^{11}}{11} + \frac{5a^2b^2x^8(Ab+Ba)}{4} \\ + \frac{5a^3bx^7(2Ab+Ba)}{7} + \frac{5ab^3x^9(Ab+2Ba)}{9}$$

input `int(x^4*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5,x)`output `x^6*((B*a^5)/6 + (5*A*a^4*b)/6) + x^10*((A*b^5)/10 + (B*a*b^4)/2) + (A*a^5*x^5)/5 + (B*b^5*x^11)/11 + (5*a^2*b^2*x^8*(A*b + B*a))/4 + (5*a^3*b*x^7*(2*A*b + B*a))/7 + (5*a*b^3*x^9*(A*b + 2*B*a))/9`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx \\ = \frac{x^5(210b^6x^6 + 1386ab^5x^5 + 3850a^2b^4x^4 + 5775a^3b^3x^3 + 4950a^4b^2x^2 + 2310a^5bx + 462a^6)}{2310}$$

input `int(x^4*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x)`output `(x**5*(462*a**6 + 2310*a**5*b*x + 4950*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 5775*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 3850*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 1386*a*b**5*x**5 + 210*b**6*x**6))/2310`

3.90 $\int x^3(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	651
Mathematica [A] (verified)	651
Rubi [A] (verified)	652
Maple [A] (verified)	653
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	654
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	654
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	655
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	655
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	656
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	656

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int x^3(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx = -\frac{a^3(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^6}{6b^5} + \frac{a^2(3Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)^7}{7b^5} - \frac{3a(Ab - 2aB)(a + bx)^8}{8b^5} + \frac{(Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)^9}{9b^5} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{10}}{10b^5}$$

output

```
-1/6*a^3*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^6/b^5+1/7*a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^7/b^5-3/8*a*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^8/b^5+1/9*(A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^9/b^5+1/10*B*(b*x+a)^10/b^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int x^3(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{4}a^5Ax^4 + \frac{1}{5}a^4(5Ab + aB)x^5 + \frac{5}{6}a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^6 + \frac{10}{7}a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^7 + \frac{5}{8}ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^8 + \frac{1}{9}b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^9 + \frac{1}{10}b^5Bx^{10}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x),x]`

output $(a^5 A x^4)/4 + (a^4 (5 A b + a B) x^5)/5 + (5 a^3 b (2 A b + a B) x^6)/6 + (10 a^2 b^2 (A b + a B) x^7)/7 + (5 a b^3 (A b + 2 a B) x^8)/8 + (b^4 (A b + 5 a B) x^9)/9 + (b^5 B x^{10})/10$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3 (a + bx)^5 (aB - Ab)}{b^4} - \frac{a^2 (a + bx)^6 (4aB - 3Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{(a + bx)^8 (Ab - 4aB)}{b^4} + \frac{3a(a + bx)^7 (2aB - Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{B(a + bx)^9}{b^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{a^3 (a + bx)^6 (Ab - aB)}{6b^5} + \frac{a^2 (a + bx)^7 (3Ab - 4aB)}{7b^5} + \frac{(a + bx)^9 (Ab - 4aB)}{9b^5} - \frac{3a(a + bx)^8 (Ab - 2aB)}{8b^5} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{10}}{10b^5}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x),x]`

output $-1/6*(a^3*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^6)/b^5 + (a^2*(3*A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^7)/(7*b^5) - (3*a*(A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^8)/(8*b^5) + ((A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^9)/(9*b^5) + (B*(a + b*x)^{10})/(10*b^5)$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^5 B x^{10}}{10} + \left(\frac{1}{9}b^5 A + \frac{5}{9}a b^4 B\right) x^9 + \left(\frac{5}{8}a b^4 A + \frac{5}{4}a^2 b^3 B\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{10}{7}a^2 b^3 A + \frac{10}{7}a^3 b^2 B\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{5}{3}a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{3}a^4 b B\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{5}{3}a^4 b A + \frac{5}{3}a^5 B\right) x^5 + \frac{5}{3}a^5 B x^4$
default	$\frac{b^5 B x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(b^5 A + 5a b^4 B)x^9}{9} + \frac{(5a b^4 A + 10a^2 b^3 B)x^8}{8} + \frac{(10a^2 b^3 A + 10a^3 b^2 B)x^7}{7} + \frac{(10a^3 b^2 A + 5a^4 b B)x^6}{6} + \frac{(5a^4 b A + 5a^5 B)x^5}{5} + \frac{5a^5 B x^4}{4}$
orering	$\frac{x^4(252B b^5 x^6 + 280A b^5 x^5 + 1400B a b^4 x^5 + 1575a A b^4 x^4 + 3150B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 3600a^2 A b^3 x^3 + 3600B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 4200a^3 A b^2 x^2 + 2100a^3 B x^2 + 1050a^4 b A x^2 + 1050a^4 b B x^2 + 1050a^5 B x^2 + 1050a^5 B x^2)}{2520}$
gosper	$\frac{1}{10}b^5 B x^{10} + \frac{1}{9}x^9 b^5 A + \frac{5}{9}x^9 a b^4 B + \frac{5}{8}x^8 a b^4 A + \frac{5}{4}x^8 a^2 b^3 B + \frac{10}{7}x^7 a^2 b^3 A + \frac{10}{7}x^7 a^3 b^2 B + \frac{5}{3}x^6 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{3}x^6 a^4 b B + \frac{5}{3}x^5 a^4 b A + \frac{5}{3}x^5 a^5 B$
risch	$\frac{1}{10}b^5 B x^{10} + \frac{1}{9}x^9 b^5 A + \frac{5}{9}x^9 a b^4 B + \frac{5}{8}x^8 a b^4 A + \frac{5}{4}x^8 a^2 b^3 B + \frac{10}{7}x^7 a^2 b^3 A + \frac{10}{7}x^7 a^3 b^2 B + \frac{5}{3}x^6 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{3}x^6 a^4 b B + \frac{5}{3}x^5 a^4 b A + \frac{5}{3}x^5 a^5 B$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{10}b^5 B x^{10} + \frac{1}{9}x^9 b^5 A + \frac{5}{9}x^9 a b^4 B + \frac{5}{8}x^8 a b^4 A + \frac{5}{4}x^8 a^2 b^3 B + \frac{10}{7}x^7 a^2 b^3 A + \frac{10}{7}x^7 a^3 b^2 B + \frac{5}{3}x^6 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{3}x^6 a^4 b B + \frac{5}{3}x^5 a^4 b A + \frac{5}{3}x^5 a^5 B$

input

```
int(x^3*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/10*b^5*B*x^10+(1/9*b^5*A+5/9*a*b^4*B)*x^9+(5/8*a*b^4*A+5/4*a^2*b^3*B)*x^
8+(10/7*a^2*b^3*A+10/7*a^3*b^2*B)*x^7+(5/3*a^3*b^2*A+5/6*a^4*b*B)*x^6+(a^4
*b*A+1/5*a^5*B)*x^5+1/4*a^5*A*x^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{10} Bb^5x^{10} + \frac{1}{4} Aa^5x^4 + \frac{1}{9} (5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^9 \\ + \frac{5}{8} (2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^8 + \frac{10}{7} (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^7 \\ + \frac{5}{6} (Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x^5$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/10*B*b^5*x^10 + 1/4*A*a^5*x^4 + 1/9*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^9 + 5/8*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^8 + 10/7*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^7 + 5/6*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^5`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Aa^5x^4}{4} + \frac{Bb^5x^{10}}{10} + x^9 \left(\frac{Ab^5}{9} + \frac{5Bab^4}{9} \right) + x^8 \\ \cdot \left(\frac{5Aab^4}{8} + \frac{5Ba^2b^3}{4} \right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{10Aa^2b^3}{7} + \frac{10Ba^3b^2}{7} \right) \\ + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^3b^2}{3} + \frac{5Ba^4b}{6} \right) + x^5 \left(Aa^4b + \frac{Ba^5}{5} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**3*(b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A),x)`output `A*a**5*x**4/4 + B*b**5*x**10/10 + x**9*(A*b**5/9 + 5*B*a*b**4/9) + x**8*(5*A*a*b**4/8 + 5*B*a**2*b**3/4) + x**7*(10*A*a**2*b**3/7 + 10*B*a**3*b**2/7) + x**6*(5*A*a**3*b**2/3 + 5*B*a**4*b/6) + x**5*(A*a**4*b + B*a**5/5)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{10} Bb^5x^{10} + \frac{1}{4} Aa^5x^4 + \frac{1}{9} (5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^9$$

$$+ \frac{5}{8} (2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^8 + \frac{10}{7} (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^7$$

$$+ \frac{5}{6} (Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x^5$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/10*B*b^5*x^10 + 1/4*A*a^5*x^4 + 1/9*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^9 + 5/8*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^8 + 10/7*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^7 + 5/6*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{10} Bb^5x^{10} + \frac{5}{9} Bab^4x^9 + \frac{1}{9} Ab^5x^9 + \frac{5}{4} Ba^2b^3x^8$$

$$+ \frac{5}{8} Aab^4x^8 + \frac{10}{7} Ba^3b^2x^7 + \frac{10}{7} Aa^2b^3x^7 + \frac{5}{6} Ba^4bx^6$$

$$+ \frac{5}{3} Aa^3b^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5} Ba^5x^5 + Aa^4bx^5 + \frac{1}{4} Aa^5x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/10*B*b^5*x^10 + 5/9*B*a*b^4*x^9 + 1/9*A*b^5*x^9 + 5/4*B*a^2*b^3*x^8 + 5/8*A*a*b^4*x^8 + 10/7*B*a^3*b^2*x^7 + 10/7*A*a^2*b^3*x^7 + 5/6*B*a^4*b*x^6 + 5/3*A*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 1/5*B*a^5*x^5 + A*a^4*b*x^5 + 1/4*A*a^5*x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = x^5 \left(\frac{Ba^5}{5} + Aba^4 \right) + x^9 \left(\frac{Ab^5}{9} + \frac{5Bab^4}{9} \right) + \frac{Aa^5x^4}{4} + \frac{Bb^5x^{10}}{10} + \frac{10a^2b^2x^7(Ab+Ba)}{7} + \frac{5a^3bx^6(2Ab+Ba)}{6} + \frac{5ab^3x^8(Ab+2Ba)}{8}$$

input `int(x^3*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5,x)`output `x^5*((B*a^5)/5 + A*a^4*b) + x^9*((A*b^5)/9 + (5*B*a*b^4)/9) + (A*a^5*x^4)/4 + (B*b^5*x^10)/10 + (10*a^2*b^2*x^7*(A*b + B*a))/7 + (5*a^3*b*x^6*(2*A*b + B*a))/6 + (5*a*b^3*x^8*(A*b + 2*B*a))/8`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{x^4(84b^6x^6 + 560ab^5x^5 + 1575a^2b^4x^4 + 2400a^3b^3x^3 + 2100a^4b^2x^2 + 1008a^5bx + 210a^6)}{840}$$

input `int(x^3*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x)`output `(x**4*(210*a**6 + 1008*a**5*b*x + 2100*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 2400*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 1575*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 560*a*b**5*x**5 + 84*b**6*x**6))/840`

3.91 $\int x^2(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx = \frac{a^2(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^6}{6b^4} - \frac{a(2Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^7}{7b^4} + \frac{(Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^8}{8b^4} + \frac{B(a + bx)^9}{9b^4}$$

output

```
1/6*a^2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^6/b^4-1/7*a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^7/b^4+1/8*(A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^8/b^4+1/9*B*(b*x+a)^9/b^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{3}a^5Ax^3 + \frac{1}{4}a^4(5Ab + aB)x^4 + a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^5 + \frac{5}{3}a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^6 + \frac{5}{7}ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^8 + \frac{1}{9}b^5Bx^9$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

$$(a^5 A x^3)/3 + (a^4 (5 A b + a B) x^4)/4 + a^3 b (2 A b + a B) x^5 + (5 a^2 b^2 (A b + a B) x^6)/3 + (5 a b^3 (A b + 2 a B) x^7)/7 + (b^4 (A b + 5 a B) x^8)/8 + (b^5 B x^9)/9$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^2 (a + bx)^5 (aB - Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{(a + bx)^7 (Ab - 3aB)}{b^3} + \frac{a(a + bx)^6 (3aB - 2Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^8}{b^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2 (a + bx)^6 (Ab - aB)}{6b^4} + \frac{(a + bx)^8 (Ab - 3aB)}{8b^4} - \frac{a(a + bx)^7 (2Ab - 3aB)}{7b^4} + \frac{B(a + bx)^9}{9b^4}$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

$$(a^2 (A b - a B) (a + b x)^6) / (6 b^4) - (a (2 A b - 3 a B) (a + b x)^7) / (7 b^4) + ((A b - 3 a B) (a + b x)^8) / (8 b^4) + (B (a + b x)^9) / (9 b^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^5 B x^9}{9} + \left(\frac{1}{8} b^5 A + \frac{5}{8} a b^4 B\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{5}{7} a b^4 A + \frac{10}{7} a^2 b^3 B\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{5}{3} a^2 b^3 A + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^2 B\right) x^6 + (2 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b A + \frac{5}{3} a^5 B) x^5 + \frac{5 a^4 b A + 5 a^5 B}{4} x^4 + \frac{5 a^3 b^2 A + 5 a^4 b A + 5 a^5 B}{3} x^3 + \frac{5 a^2 b^3 A + 5 a^3 b^2 B}{2} x^2 + \frac{5 a^2 b^3 A + 5 a^3 b^2 B}{2} x + \frac{5 a^2 b^3 A + 5 a^3 b^2 B}{2}$
default	$\frac{b^5 B x^9}{9} + \frac{(b^5 A + 5 a b^4 B) x^8}{8} + \frac{(5 a b^4 A + 10 a^2 b^3 B) x^7}{7} + \frac{(10 a^2 b^3 A + 10 a^3 b^2 B) x^6}{6} + \frac{(10 a^3 b^2 A + 5 a^4 b B) x^5}{5} + \frac{(5 a^4 b A + 5 a^5 B) x^4}{4} + \frac{(5 a^2 b^3 A + 5 a^3 b^2 B) x^3}{3} + \frac{(5 a^2 b^3 A + 5 a^3 b^2 B) x^2}{2} + \frac{(5 a^2 b^3 A + 5 a^3 b^2 B) x}{2} + \frac{(5 a^2 b^3 A + 5 a^3 b^2 B)}{2}$
orering	$\frac{x^3 (56 B b^5 x^6 + 63 A b^5 x^5 + 315 B a b^4 x^5 + 360 a A b^4 x^4 + 720 B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 840 a^2 A b^3 x^3 + 840 B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 1008 a^3 A b^2 x^2 + 504 B a^4 b x^2 + 504 a^4 A x^2 + 504 B a^5 x^2 + 504 a^5 A x^2 + 504 B a^5 x^2 + 504 a^5 A x^2)}{504}$
gosper	$\frac{1}{9} b^5 B x^9 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 b^5 A + \frac{5}{8} x^8 a b^4 B + \frac{5}{7} x^7 a b^4 A + \frac{10}{7} x^7 a^2 b^3 B + \frac{5}{3} x^6 a^2 b^3 A + \frac{5}{3} x^6 a^3 b^2 B + 2 A a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b A + \frac{5}{3} a^5 B$
risch	$\frac{1}{9} b^5 B x^9 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 b^5 A + \frac{5}{8} x^8 a b^4 B + \frac{5}{7} x^7 a b^4 A + \frac{10}{7} x^7 a^2 b^3 B + \frac{5}{3} x^6 a^2 b^3 A + \frac{5}{3} x^6 a^3 b^2 B + 2 A a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b A + \frac{5}{3} a^5 B$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{9} b^5 B x^9 + \frac{1}{8} x^8 b^5 A + \frac{5}{8} x^8 a b^4 B + \frac{5}{7} x^7 a b^4 A + \frac{10}{7} x^7 a^2 b^3 B + \frac{5}{3} x^6 a^2 b^3 A + \frac{5}{3} x^6 a^3 b^2 B + 2 A a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{3} a^4 b A + \frac{5}{3} a^5 B$

input

```
int(x^2*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/9*b^5*B*x^9+(1/8*b^5*A+5/8*a*b^4*B)*x^8+(5/7*a*b^4*A+10/7*a^2*b^3*B)*x^7
+(5/3*a^2*b^3*A+5/3*a^3*b^2*B)*x^6+(2*A*a^3*b^2+B*a^4*b)*x^5+(5/4*a^4*b*A+
1/4*a^5*B)*x^4+1/3*a^5*A*x^3
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{9} Bb^5x^9 + \frac{1}{3} Aa^5x^3 + \frac{1}{8} (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^8$$

$$+ \frac{5}{7} (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^7 + \frac{5}{3} (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^6$$

$$+ (Ba^4b + 2 Aa^3b^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (Ba^5 + 5 Aa^4b)x^4$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/9*B*b^5*x^9 + 1/3*A*a^5*x^3 + 1/8*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^8 + 5/7*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^7 + 5/3*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^6 + (B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^4`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Aa^5x^3}{3} + \frac{Bb^5x^9}{9} + x^8 \left(\frac{Ab^5}{8} + \frac{5Bab^4}{8} \right) + x^7$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{5Aab^4}{7} + \frac{10Ba^2b^3}{7} \right) + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^2b^3}{3} + \frac{5Ba^3b^2}{3} \right)$$

$$+ x^5 \cdot (2Aa^3b^2 + Ba^4b) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^4b}{4} + \frac{Ba^5}{4} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A),x)`output `A*a**5*x**3/3 + B*b**5*x**9/9 + x**8*(A*b**5/8 + 5*B*a*b**4/8) + x**7*(5*A*a*b**4/7 + 10*B*a**2*b**3/7) + x**6*(5*A*a**2*b**3/3 + 5*B*a**3*b**2/3) + x**5*(2*A*a**3*b**2 + B*a**4*b) + x**4*(5*A*a**4*b/4 + B*a**5/4)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{9} Bb^5x^9 + \frac{1}{3} Aa^5x^3 + \frac{1}{8} (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^8$$

$$+ \frac{5}{7} (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^7 + \frac{5}{3} (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^6$$

$$+ (Ba^4b + 2 Aa^3b^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (Ba^5 + 5 Aa^4b)x^4$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/9*B*b^5*x^9 + 1/3*A*a^5*x^3 + 1/8*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^8 + 5/7*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^7 + 5/3*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^6 + (B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{9} Bb^5x^9 + \frac{5}{8} Bab^4x^8 + \frac{1}{8} Ab^5x^8 + \frac{10}{7} Ba^2b^3x^7$$

$$+ \frac{5}{7} Aab^4x^7 + \frac{5}{3} Ba^3b^2x^6 + \frac{5}{3} Aa^2b^3x^6 + Ba^4bx^5$$

$$+ 2 Aa^3b^2x^5 + \frac{1}{4} Ba^5x^4 + \frac{5}{4} Aa^4bx^4 + \frac{1}{3} Aa^5x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/9*B*b^5*x^9 + 5/8*B*a*b^4*x^8 + 1/8*A*b^5*x^8 + 10/7*B*a^2*b^3*x^7 + 5/7*A*a*b^4*x^7 + 5/3*B*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 5/3*A*a^2*b^3*x^6 + B*a^4*b*x^5 + 2*A*a^3*b^2*x^5 + 1/4*B*a^5*x^4 + 5/4*A*a^4*b*x^4 + 1/3*A*a^5*x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = x^4 \left(\frac{Ba^5}{4} + \frac{5Aba^4}{4} \right) + x^8 \left(\frac{Ab^5}{8} + \frac{5Bab^4}{8} \right) + \frac{Aa^5x^3}{3} + \frac{Bb^5x^9}{9} + \frac{5a^2b^2x^6(Ab+Ba)}{3} + a^3bx^5(2Ab+Ba) + \frac{5ab^3x^7(Ab+2Ba)}{7}$$

input `int(x^2*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5,x)`output `x^4*((B*a^5)/4 + (5*A*a^4*b)/4) + x^8*((A*b^5)/8 + (5*B*a*b^4)/8) + (A*a^5*x^3)/3 + (B*b^5*x^9)/9 + (5*a^2*b^2*x^6*(A*b + B*a))/3 + a^3*b*x^5*(2*A*b + B*a) + (5*a*b^3*x^7*(A*b + 2*B*a))/7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{x^3(28b^6x^6 + 189ab^5x^5 + 540a^2b^4x^4 + 840a^3b^3x^3 + 756a^4b^2x^2 + 378a^5bx + 84a^6)}{252}$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x)`output `(x**3*(84*a**6 + 378*a**5*b*x + 756*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 840*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 540*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 189*a*b**5*x**5 + 28*b**6*x**6))/252`

3.92 $\int x(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	663
Mathematica [A] (verified)	663
Rubi [A] (verified)	664
Maple [B] (verified)	665
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	666
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	666
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	667
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	667
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	668
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	668

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int x(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = -\frac{a(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^6}{6b^3} + \frac{(Ab - 2aB)(a + bx)^7}{7b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^8}{8b^3}$$

output

```
-1/6*a*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^6/b^3+1/7*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^7/b^3+1/8*B*(b*x+a)^8/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\begin{aligned} \int x(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx &= \frac{1}{2}a^5Ax^2 + \frac{1}{3}a^4(5Ab + aB)x^3 + \frac{5}{4}a^3b(2Ab + aB)x^4 \\ &\quad + 2a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^5 + \frac{5}{6}ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^6 \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{7}b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}b^5Bx^8 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (a^5 A x^2)/2 + (a^4 (5 A b + a B) x^3)/3 + (5 a^3 b (2 A b + a B) x^4)/4 \\ & + 2 a^2 b^2 (A b + a B) x^5 + (5 a b^3 (A b + 2 a B) x^6)/6 + (b^4 (A b + \\ & 5 a B) x^7)/7 + (b^5 B x^8)/8 \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(a + bx)^5(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int \left(\frac{(a + bx)^6(Ab - 2aB)}{b^2} + \frac{a(a + bx)^5(aB - Ab)}{b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^7}{b^2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{(a + bx)^7(Ab - 2aB)}{7b^3} - \frac{a(a + bx)^6(Ab - aB)}{6b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^8}{8b^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[x*(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/6*(a*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^6)/b^3 + ((A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^7)/(7*b^3) \\ & + (B*(a + b*x)^8)/(8*b^3) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 85 Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :-> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 120 vs. 2(55) = 110.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^5 B x^8}{8} + (\frac{1}{7}b^5 A + \frac{5}{7}a b^4 B) x^7 + (\frac{5}{6}a b^4 A + \frac{5}{3}a^2 b^3 B) x^6 + (2a^2 b^3 A + 2a^3 b^2 B) x^5 + (\frac{5}{2}a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{2}a^4 b A) x^4 + \frac{5}{2}a^4 b A x^3 + \frac{5}{2}a^4 b A x^2 + \frac{5}{2}a^4 b A x + \frac{5}{2}a^4 b A$
default	$\frac{b^5 B x^8}{8} + \frac{(b^5 A + 5a b^4 B) x^7}{7} + \frac{(5a b^4 A + 10a^2 b^3 B) x^6}{6} + \frac{(10a^2 b^3 A + 10a^3 b^2 B) x^5}{5} + \frac{(10a^3 b^2 A + 5a^4 b B) x^4}{4} + \frac{(5a^4 b A + 5a^4 b A) x^3}{3} + \frac{(5a^4 b A + 5a^4 b A) x^2}{2} + \frac{(5a^4 b A + 5a^4 b A) x}{1} + \frac{(5a^4 b A + 5a^4 b A)}{1}$
orering	$\frac{x^2(21B b^5 x^6 + 24A b^5 x^5 + 120B a b^4 x^5 + 140a A b^4 x^4 + 280B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 336a^2 A b^3 x^3 + 336B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 420a^3 A b^2 x^2 + 210B a^4 b x^2 + 210a^4 A b x + 210a^4 B)}{168}$
gospers	$\frac{1}{8}b^5 B x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7 b^5 A + \frac{5}{7}x^7 a b^4 B + \frac{5}{6}x^6 a b^4 A + \frac{5}{3}x^6 a^2 b^3 B + 2A a^2 b^3 x^5 + 2B a^3 b^2 x^5 + \frac{5}{2}x^4 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{2}x^4 a^3 b^2 B + \frac{5}{2}x^4 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{2}x^4 a^3 b^2 B + \frac{5}{2}x^4 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{2}x^4 a^3 b^2 B$
risch	$\frac{1}{8}b^5 B x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7 b^5 A + \frac{5}{7}x^7 a b^4 B + \frac{5}{6}x^6 a b^4 A + \frac{5}{3}x^6 a^2 b^3 B + 2A a^2 b^3 x^5 + 2B a^3 b^2 x^5 + \frac{5}{2}x^4 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{2}x^4 a^3 b^2 B + \frac{5}{2}x^4 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{2}x^4 a^3 b^2 B$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{8}b^5 B x^8 + \frac{1}{7}x^7 b^5 A + \frac{5}{7}x^7 a b^4 B + \frac{5}{6}x^6 a b^4 A + \frac{5}{3}x^6 a^2 b^3 B + 2A a^2 b^3 x^5 + 2B a^3 b^2 x^5 + \frac{5}{2}x^4 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{2}x^4 a^3 b^2 B + \frac{5}{2}x^4 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{5}{2}x^4 a^3 b^2 B$

```
input int(x*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/8*b^5*B*x^8+(1/7*b^5*A+5/7*a*b^4*B)*x^7+(5/6*a*b^4*A+5/3*a^2*b^3*B)*x^6+
(2*A*a^2*b^3+2*B*a^3*b^2)*x^5+(5/2*a^3*b^2*A+5/4*a^4*b*B)*x^4+(5/3*a^4*b*A
+1/3*a^5*B)*x^3+1/2*a^5*A*x^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 119 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int x(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)dx = \frac{1}{8}Bb^5x^8 + \frac{1}{2}Aa^5x^2 + \frac{1}{7}(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^7 \\ + \frac{5}{6}(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^6 + 2(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^5 \\ + \frac{5}{4}(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{3}(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x^3$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*B*b^5*x^8 + 1/2*A*a^5*x^2 + 1/7*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^7 + 5/6*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^6 + 2*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^5 + 5/4*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^3`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 134 vs. $2(54) = 108$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int x(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)dx = \frac{Aa^5x^2}{2} + \frac{Bb^5x^8}{8} + x^7\left(\frac{Ab^5}{7} + \frac{5Bab^4}{7}\right) + x^6 \\ \cdot \left(\frac{5Aab^4}{6} + \frac{5Ba^2b^3}{3}\right) + x^5 \cdot (2Aa^2b^3 + 2Ba^3b^2) \\ + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^3b^2}{2} + \frac{5Ba^4b}{4}\right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^4b}{3} + \frac{Ba^5}{3}\right)$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A),x)`

output `A*a**5*x**2/2 + B*b**5*x**8/8 + x**7*(A*b**5/7 + 5*B*a*b**4/7) + x**6*(5*A*a*b**4/6 + 5*B*a**2*b**3/3) + x**5*(2*A*a**2*b**3 + 2*B*a**3*b**2) + x**4*(5*A*a**3*b**2/2 + 5*B*a**4*b/4) + x**3*(5*A*a**4*b/3 + B*a**5/3)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 119 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int x(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)dx = \frac{1}{8}Bb^5x^8 + \frac{1}{2}Aa^5x^2 + \frac{1}{7}(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^7 \\ + \frac{5}{6}(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^6 + 2(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^5 \\ + \frac{5}{4}(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{3}(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x^3$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*B*b^5*x^8 + 1/2*A*a^5*x^2 + 1/7*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^7 + 5/6*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^6 + 2*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^5 + 5/4*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^3`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 125 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int x(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)dx = \frac{1}{8}Bb^5x^8 + \frac{5}{7}Bab^4x^7 + \frac{1}{7}Ab^5x^7 + \frac{5}{3}Ba^2b^3x^6 \\ + \frac{5}{6}Aab^4x^6 + 2Ba^3b^2x^5 + 2Aa^2b^3x^5 + \frac{5}{4}Ba^4bx^4 \\ + \frac{5}{2}Aa^3b^2x^4 + \frac{1}{3}Ba^5x^3 + \frac{5}{3}Aa^4bx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Aa^5x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*B*b^5*x^8 + 5/7*B*a*b^4*x^7 + 1/7*A*b^5*x^7 + 5/3*B*a^2*b^3*x^6 + 5/6*A*a*b^4*x^6 + 2*B*a^3*b^2*x^5 + 2*A*a^2*b^3*x^5 + 5/4*B*a^4*b*x^4 + 5/2*A*a^3*b^2*x^4 + 1/3*B*a^5*x^3 + 5/3*A*a^4*b*x^3 + 1/2*A*a^5*x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int x(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = x^3 \left(\frac{Ba^5}{3} + \frac{5Ab a^4}{3} \right) + x^7 \left(\frac{Ab^5}{7} + \frac{5B a b^4}{7} \right) + \frac{Aa^5 x^2}{2} + \frac{Bb^5 x^8}{8} + 2a^2 b^2 x^5 (Ab + Ba) + \frac{5a^3 b x^4 (2Ab + Ba)}{4} + \frac{5a b^3 x^6 (Ab + 2Ba)}{6}$$

input `int(x*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5,x)`output `x^3*((B*a^5)/3 + (5*A*a^4*b)/3) + x^7*((A*b^5)/7 + (5*B*a*b^4)/7) + (A*a^5*x^2)/2 + (B*b^5*x^8)/8 + 2*a^2*b^2*x^5*(A*b + B*a) + (5*a^3*b*x^4*(2*A*b + B*a))/4 + (5*a*b^3*x^6*(A*b + 2*B*a))/6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x(a+bx)^5(A+Bx) dx = \frac{x^2(7b^6x^6 + 48ab^5x^5 + 140a^2b^4x^4 + 224a^3b^3x^3 + 210a^4b^2x^2 + 112a^5bx + 28a^6)}{56}$$

input `int(x*(b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x)`output `(x**2*(28*a**6 + 112*a**5*b*x + 210*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 224*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 140*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 48*a*b**5*x**5 + 7*b**6*x**6))/56`

3.93 $\int (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	669
Mathematica [B] (verified)	669
Rubi [A] (verified)	670
Maple [B] (verified)	671
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	671
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	672
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	672
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	673
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	673
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	674

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^6}{6b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^7}{7b^2}$$

output

```
1/6*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^6/b^2+1/7*B*(b*x+a)^7/b^2
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs. $2(38) = 76$.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx = & a^5 Ax + \frac{1}{2} a^4 (5Ab + aB)x^2 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b (2Ab + aB)x^3 \\ & + \frac{5}{2} a^2 b^2 (Ab + aB)x^4 + ab^3 (Ab + 2aB)x^5 \\ & + \frac{1}{6} b^4 (Ab + 5aB)x^6 + \frac{1}{7} b^5 Bx^7 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

$$a^5 A x + (a^4 (5 A b + a B) x^2) / 2 + (5 a^3 b (2 A b + a B) x^3) / 3 + (5 a^2 b^2 (A b + a B) x^4) / 2 + a b^3 (A b + 2 a B) x^5 + (b^4 (A b + 5 a B) x^6) / 6 + (b^5 B x^7) / 7$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(a + bx)^5 (Ab - aB)}{b} + \frac{B(a + bx)^6}{b} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(a + bx)^6 (Ab - aB)}{6b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^7}{7b^2}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^6)/(6*b^2) + (B*(a + b*x)^7)/(7*b^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 116 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^5 B x^7}{7} + \left(\frac{1}{6} b^5 A + \frac{5}{6} a b^4 B\right) x^6 + (a b^4 A + 2 a^2 b^3 B) x^5 + \left(\frac{5}{2} a^2 b^3 A + \frac{5}{2} a^3 b^2 B\right) x^4 + \left(\frac{10}{3} a^3 b^2 A + \frac{10}{3} a^4 b A + \frac{10}{3} a^5 B\right) x^3 + \left(\frac{5}{2} a^4 b^2 A + \frac{5}{2} a^5 B\right) x^2 + \frac{1}{2} a^5 A x$
default	$\frac{b^5 B x^7}{7} + \frac{(b^5 A + 5 a b^4 B) x^6}{6} + \frac{(5 a b^4 A + 10 a^2 b^3 B) x^5}{5} + \frac{(10 a^2 b^3 A + 10 a^3 b^2 B) x^4}{4} + \frac{(10 a^3 b^2 A + 5 a^4 b B) x^3}{3} + \frac{(5 a^4 b A + 5 a^5 B) x^2}{2} + \frac{1}{2} a^5 A x$
gosper	$\frac{1}{7} b^5 B x^7 + \frac{1}{6} x^6 b^5 A + \frac{5}{6} x^6 a b^4 B + A a b^4 x^5 + 2 B a^2 b^3 x^5 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 a^2 b^3 A + \frac{5}{2} x^4 a^3 b^2 B + \frac{10}{3} x^3 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{10}{3} x^3 a^4 b A + \frac{10}{3} x^3 a^5 B + \frac{5}{2} x^2 a^4 b^2 A + \frac{5}{2} x^2 a^5 B + \frac{1}{2} a^5 A x$
risch	$\frac{1}{7} b^5 B x^7 + \frac{1}{6} x^6 b^5 A + \frac{5}{6} x^6 a b^4 B + A a b^4 x^5 + 2 B a^2 b^3 x^5 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 a^2 b^3 A + \frac{5}{2} x^4 a^3 b^2 B + \frac{10}{3} x^3 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{10}{3} x^3 a^4 b A + \frac{10}{3} x^3 a^5 B + \frac{5}{2} x^2 a^4 b^2 A + \frac{5}{2} x^2 a^5 B + \frac{1}{2} a^5 A x$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{7} b^5 B x^7 + \frac{1}{6} x^6 b^5 A + \frac{5}{6} x^6 a b^4 B + A a b^4 x^5 + 2 B a^2 b^3 x^5 + \frac{5}{2} x^4 a^2 b^3 A + \frac{5}{2} x^4 a^3 b^2 B + \frac{10}{3} x^3 a^3 b^2 A + \frac{10}{3} x^3 a^4 b A + \frac{10}{3} x^3 a^5 B + \frac{5}{2} x^2 a^4 b^2 A + \frac{5}{2} x^2 a^5 B + \frac{1}{2} a^5 A x$
orering	$\frac{x(6 B b^5 x^6 + 7 A b^5 x^5 + 35 B a b^4 x^5 + 42 A a b^4 x^4 + 84 B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 105 a^2 A b^3 x^3 + 105 B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 140 a^3 A b^2 x^2 + 70 B a^4 b x^2 + 105 a^4 A x + 5 a^5 B)}{42}$

input `int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{7} b^5 B x^7 + \frac{1}{6} b^5 A x^6 + \frac{5}{6} a b^4 B x^6 + A a b^4 x^5 + 2 B a^2 b^3 x^5 + \frac{5}{2} a^2 b^3 A x^4 + \frac{5}{2} a^3 b^2 B x^4 + \frac{10}{3} a^3 b^2 A x^3 + \frac{10}{3} a^4 b A x^3 + \frac{10}{3} a^5 B x^3 + \frac{5}{2} a^4 b^2 A x^2 + \frac{5}{2} a^5 B x^2 + \frac{1}{2} a^5 A x$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 115 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{7} B b^5 x^7 + A a^5 x + \frac{1}{6} (5 B a b^4 + A b^5) x^6 + (2 B a^2 b^3 + A a b^4) x^5 + \frac{5}{2} (B a^3 b^2 + A a^2 b^3) x^4 + \frac{5}{3} (B a^4 b + 2 A a^3 b^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (B a^5 + 5 A a^4 b) x^2$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/7*B*b^5*x^7 + A*a^5*x + 1/6*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^6 + (2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a
*b^4)*x^5 + 5/2*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^4 + 5/3*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*
x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^2
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

$$\int (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx = Aa^5x + \frac{Bb^5x^7}{7} + x^6 \left(\frac{Ab^5}{6} + \frac{5Bab^4}{6} \right) + x^5 (Aab^4 + 2Ba^2b^3) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^2b^3}{2} + \frac{5Ba^3b^2}{2} \right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{10Aa^3b^2}{3} + \frac{5Ba^4b}{3} \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^4b}{2} + \frac{Ba^5}{2} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A),x)
```

output

```
A*a**5*x + B*b**5*x**7/7 + x**6*(A*b**5/6 + 5*B*a*b**4/6) + x**5*(A*a*b**4
+ 2*B*a**2*b**3) + x**4*(5*A*a**2*b**3/2 + 5*B*a**3*b**2/2) + x**3*(10*A*
a**3*b**2/3 + 5*B*a**4*b/3) + x**2*(5*A*a**4*b/2 + B*a**5/2)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 115 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{7} Bb^5x^7 + Aa^5x + \frac{1}{6} (5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^6 + (2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^5 + \frac{5}{2} (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^4 + \frac{5}{3} (Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x^2$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/7*B*b^5*x^7 + A*a^5*x + 1/6*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^6 + (2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a
*b^4)*x^5 + 5/2*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^4 + 5/3*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*
x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x^2
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 121 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.18

$$\int (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{7} Bb^5 x^7 + \frac{5}{6} Bab^4 x^6 + \frac{1}{6} Ab^5 x^6 + 2Ba^2 b^3 x^5$$

$$+ Aab^4 x^5 + \frac{5}{2} Ba^3 b^2 x^4 + \frac{5}{2} Aa^2 b^3 x^4 + \frac{5}{3} Ba^4 b x^3$$

$$+ \frac{10}{3} Aa^3 b^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} Ba^5 x^2 + \frac{5}{2} Aa^4 b x^2 + Aa^5 x$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/7*B*b^5*x^7 + 5/6*B*a*b^4*x^6 + 1/6*A*b^5*x^6 + 2*B*a^2*b^3*x^5 + A*a*b^
4*x^5 + 5/2*B*a^3*b^2*x^4 + 5/2*A*a^2*b^3*x^4 + 5/3*B*a^4*b*x^3 + 10/3*A*a
^3*b^2*x^3 + 1/2*B*a^5*x^2 + 5/2*A*a^4*b*x^2 + A*a^5*x
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx = x^2 \left(\frac{B a^5}{2} + \frac{5 A b a^4}{2} \right) + x^6 \left(\frac{A b^5}{6} + \frac{5 B a b^4}{6} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{B b^5 x^7}{7} + A a^5 x + \frac{5 a^2 b^2 x^4 (A b + B a)}{2}$$

$$+ \frac{5 a^3 b x^3 (2 A b + B a)}{3} + a b^3 x^5 (A b + 2 B a)$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5,x)
```

output

```
x^2*((B*a^5)/2 + (5*A*a^4*b)/2) + x^6*((A*b^5)/6 + (5*B*a*b^4)/6) + (B*b^5*x^7)/7 + A*a^5*x + (5*a^2*b^2*x^4*(A*b + B*a))/2 + (5*a^3*b*x^3*(2*A*b + B*a))/3 + a*b^3*x^5*(A*b + 2*B*a)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (a + bx)^5 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(b^6 x^6 + 7a b^5 x^5 + 21a^2 b^4 x^4 + 35a^3 b^3 x^3 + 35a^4 b^2 x^2 + 21a^5 b x + 7a^6)}{7}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A),x)
```

output

```
(x*(7*a**6 + 21*a**5*b*x + 35*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 35*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 21*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 7*a*b**5*x**5 + b**6*x**6))/7
```

3.94 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x} dx = 5a^4Abx + 5a^3Ab^2x^2 + \frac{10}{3}a^2Ab^3x^3 + \frac{5}{4}aAb^4x^4 + \frac{1}{5}Ab^5x^5 + \frac{B(a+bx)^6}{6b} + a^5A \log(x)$$

output

```
5*a^4*A*b*x+5*a^3*A*b^2*x^2+10/3*a^2*A*b^3*x^3+5/4*a*A*b^4*x^4+1/5*A*b^5*x^5+1/6*B*(b*x+a)^6/b+a^5*A*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x} dx = a^4(5Ab+aB)x + \frac{5}{2}a^3b(2Ab+aB)x^2 + \frac{10}{3}a^2b^2(Ab+aB)x^3 + \frac{5}{4}ab^3(Ab+2aB)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^4(Ab+5aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b^5Bx^6 + a^5A \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x))/x,x]
```


output

$$a^4(5A*b + a*B)*x + (5a^3*b*(2A*b + a*B)*x^2)/2 + (10a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B)*x^3)/3 + (5a*b^3*(A*b + 2a*B)*x^4)/4 + (b^4*(A*b + 5a*B)*x^5)/5 + (b^5*B*x^6)/6 + a^5*A*\text{Log}[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {90, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$A \int \frac{(a + bx)^5}{x} dx + \frac{B(a + bx)^6}{6b}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$A \int \left(\frac{a^5}{x} + 5ba^4 + 10b^2xa^3 + 10b^3x^2a^2 + 5b^4x^3a + b^5x^4 \right) dx + \frac{B(a + bx)^6}{6b}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$A \left(a^5 \log(x) + 5a^4bx + 5a^3b^2x^2 + \frac{10}{3}a^2b^3x^3 + \frac{5}{4}ab^4x^4 + \frac{b^5x^5}{5} \right) + \frac{B(a + bx)^6}{6b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x)/x, x]$$

output

$$(B*(a + b*x)^6)/(6*b) + A*(5*a^4*b*x + 5*a^3*b^2*x^2 + (10*a^2*b^3*x^3)/3 + (5*a*b^4*x^4)/4 + (b^5*x^5)/5 + a^5*\text{Log}[x])$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 90 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x \&\& \text{NeQ}[n + p + 2, 0]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
norman	$(\frac{1}{5}b^5A + ab^4B)x^5 + (\frac{5}{4}ab^4A + \frac{5}{2}a^2b^3B)x^4 + (\frac{10}{3}a^2b^3A + \frac{10}{3}a^3b^2B)x^3 + (5a^3b^2A + \frac{5}{2}a^4bA)x^2 + (5a^4b^2A + \frac{5}{2}a^5B)x + \frac{5}{6}B$
default	$\frac{Bb^5x^6}{6} + \frac{Ab^5x^5}{5} + Bab^4x^5 + \frac{5aAb^4x^4}{4} + \frac{5Ba^2b^3x^4}{2} + \frac{10a^2Ab^3x^3}{3} + \frac{10Ba^3b^2x^3}{3} + 5a^3Ab^2x^2 + \frac{5Ba^4bA}{2}x + \frac{5B}{6}$
risch	$\frac{Bb^5x^6}{6} + \frac{Ab^5x^5}{5} + Bab^4x^5 + \frac{5aAb^4x^4}{4} + \frac{5Ba^2b^3x^4}{2} + \frac{10a^2Ab^3x^3}{3} + \frac{10Ba^3b^2x^3}{3} + 5a^3Ab^2x^2 + \frac{5Ba^4bA}{2}x + \frac{5B}{6}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{Bb^5x^6}{6} + \frac{Ab^5x^5}{5} + Bab^4x^5 + \frac{5aAb^4x^4}{4} + \frac{5Ba^2b^3x^4}{2} + \frac{10a^2Ab^3x^3}{3} + \frac{10Ba^3b^2x^3}{3} + 5a^3Ab^2x^2 + \frac{5Ba^4bA}{2}x + \frac{5B}{6}$

input $\text{int}((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $(1/5*b^5*A+a*b^4*B)*x^5+(5/4*a*b^4*A+5/2*a^2*b^3*B)*x^4+(10/3*a^2*b^3*A+10/3*a^3*b^2*B)*x^3+(5*a^3*b^2*A+5/2*a^4*b*B)*x^2+(5*A*a^4*b+B*a^5)*x+1/6*B*b^5*x^6+a^5*A*\ln(x)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{6} Bb^5x^6 + Aa^5 \log(x) + \frac{1}{5} (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + \frac{5}{4} (2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + \frac{10}{3} (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + \frac{5}{2} (Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 + (Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*B*b^5*x^6 + A*a^5*log(x) + 1/5*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 5/4*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 10/3*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 5/2*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x} dx = Aa^5 \log(x) + \frac{Bb^5x^6}{6} + x^5 \left(\frac{Ab^5}{5} + Bab^4 \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aab^4}{4} + \frac{5Ba^2b^3}{2} \right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{10Aa^2b^3}{3} + \frac{10Ba^3b^2}{3} \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(5Aa^3b^2 + \frac{5Ba^4b}{2} \right) + x(5Aa^4b + Ba^5)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A)/x,x)`output `A*a**5*log(x) + B*b**5*x**6/6 + x**5*(A*b**5/5 + B*a*b**4) + x**4*(5*A*a*b**4/4 + 5*B*a**2*b**3/2) + x**3*(10*A*a**2*b**3/3 + 10*B*a**3*b**2/3) + x**2*(5*A*a**3*b**2 + 5*B*a**4*b/2) + x*(5*A*a**4*b + B*a**5)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{6} Bb^5x^6 + Aa^5 \log(x) + \frac{1}{5} (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5$$

$$+ \frac{5}{4} (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + \frac{10}{3} (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3$$

$$+ \frac{5}{2} (Ba^4b + 2 Aa^3b^2)x^2 + (Ba^5 + 5 Aa^4b)x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*B*b^5*x^6 + A*a^5*log(x) + 1/5*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 5/4*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 10/3*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 5/2*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{6} Bb^5x^6 + Bab^4x^5 + \frac{1}{5} Ab^5x^5 + \frac{5}{2} Ba^2b^3x^4$$

$$+ \frac{5}{4} Aab^4x^4 + \frac{10}{3} Ba^3b^2x^3 + \frac{10}{3} Aa^2b^3x^3 + \frac{5}{2} Ba^4bx^2$$

$$+ 5 Aa^3b^2x^2 + Ba^5x + 5 Aa^4bx + Aa^5 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*B*b^5*x^6 + B*a*b^4*x^5 + 1/5*A*b^5*x^5 + 5/2*B*a^2*b^3*x^4 + 5/4*A*a*b^4*x^4 + 10/3*B*a^3*b^2*x^3 + 10/3*A*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 5/2*B*a^4*b*x^2 + 5*A*a^3*b^2*x^2 + B*a^5*x + 5*A*a^4*b*x + A*a^5*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x} dx = x(Ba^5 + 5Aba^4) + x^5\left(\frac{Ab^5}{5} + B a b^4\right) + \frac{Bb^5x^6}{6} + Aa^5 \ln(x) + \frac{10a^2b^2x^3(Ab + Ba)}{3} + \frac{5a^3bx^2(2Ab + Ba)}{2} + \frac{5ab^3x^4(Ab + 2Ba)}{4}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5)/x,x)`output `x*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b) + x^5*((A*b^5)/5 + B*a*b^4) + (B*b^5*x^6)/6 + A*a^5*log(x) + (10*a^2*b^2*x^3*(A*b + B*a))/3 + (5*a^3*b*x^2*(2*A*b + B*a))/2 + (5*a*b^3*x^4*(A*b + 2*B*a))/4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \log(x) a^6 + 6a^5bx + \frac{15a^4b^2x^2}{2} + \frac{20a^3b^3x^3}{3} + \frac{15a^2b^4x^4}{4} + \frac{6ab^5x^5}{5} + \frac{b^6x^6}{6}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x,x)`output `(60*log(x)*a**6 + 360*a**5*b*x + 450*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 400*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 225*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 72*a*b**5*x**5 + 10*b**6*x**6)/60`

3.95 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	681
Mathematica [A] (verified)	681
Rubi [A] (verified)	682
Maple [A] (verified)	683
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	684
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	684
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	685
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	685
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	686
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	686

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^5 A}{x} + 5a^3 b(2Ab + aB)x + 5a^2 b^2(Ab + aB)x^2 + \frac{5}{3}ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^5 Bx^5 + a^4(5Ab + aB) \log(x)$$

output

```
-a^5*A/x+5*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*x+5*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*x^2+5/3*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^3+1/4*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^4+1/5*b^5*B*x^5+a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^5 A}{x} + 5a^3 b(2Ab + aB)x + 5a^2 b^2(Ab + aB)x^2 + \frac{5}{3}ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b^4(Ab + 5aB)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^5 Bx^5 + (5a^4 Ab + a^5 B) \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x))/x^2,x]`

output
$$-\frac{a^5 A}{x} + 5a^3 b(2A*b + a*B)*x + 5a^2 b^2(A*b + a*B)*x^2 + (5a*b^3(A*b + 2a*B)*x^3)/3 + (b^4(A*b + 5a*B)*x^4)/4 + (b^5 B*x^5)/5 + (5a^4 A*b + a^5 B)*\text{Log}[x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5 A}{x^2} + \frac{a^4(aB + 5Ab)}{x} + 5a^3 b(aB + 2Ab) + 10a^2 b^2 x(aB + Ab) + b^4 x^3(5aB + Ab) + 5ab^3 x^2(2aB + Ab) + b^5 x \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^5 A}{x} + a^4 \log(x)(aB + 5Ab) + 5a^3 b x(aB + 2Ab) + 5a^2 b^2 x^2(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{4} b^4 x^4(5aB + Ab) + \frac{5}{3} ab^3 x^3(2aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{5} b^5 B x^5$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x))/x^2,x]`

output
$$-\frac{a^5 A}{x} + 5a^3 b(2A*b + a*B)*x + 5a^2 b^2(A*b + a*B)*x^2 + (5a*b^3(A*b + 2a*B)*x^3)/3 + (b^4(A*b + 5a*B)*x^4)/4 + (b^5 B*x^5)/5 + a^4*(5A*b + a*B)*\text{Log}[x]$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
default	$\frac{b^5 B x^5}{5} + \frac{A b^5 x^4}{4} + \frac{5 B a b^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{5 A a b^4 x^3}{3} + \frac{10 B a^2 b^3 x^3}{3} + 5 A a^2 b^3 x^2 + 5 B a^3 b^2 x^2 + 10 a^3 b^2 A x + 5 a^4$
risch	$\frac{b^5 B x^5}{5} + \frac{A b^5 x^4}{4} + \frac{5 B a b^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{5 A a b^4 x^3}{3} + \frac{10 B a^2 b^3 x^3}{3} + 5 A a^2 b^3 x^2 + 5 B a^3 b^2 x^2 + 10 a^3 b^2 A x + 5 a^4$
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{4} b^5 A + \frac{5}{4} a b^4 B) x^5 + (\frac{5}{3} a b^4 A + \frac{10}{3} a^2 b^3 B) x^4 + (5 a^2 b^3 A + 5 a^3 b^2 B) x^3 + (10 a^3 b^2 A + 5 a^4 b B) x^2 - a^5 A + \frac{B b^5 x^6}{5}}{x} + (5 a^4 b A +$
parallelrisch	$\frac{12 B b^5 x^6 + 15 A b^5 x^5 + 75 B a b^4 x^5 + 100 a A b^4 x^4 + 200 B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 300 a^2 A b^3 x^3 + 300 B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 300 A \ln(x) x a^4 b + 600 a^3 A b^2 x^2 +$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/5*b^5*B*x^5+1/4*A*b^5*x^4+5/4*B*a*b^4*x^4+5/3*A*a*b^4*x^3+10/3*B*a^2*b^3
*x^3+5*A*a^2*b^3*x^2+5*B*a^3*b^2*x^2+10*a^3*b^2*A*x+5*a^4*b*B*x+a^4*(5*A*b
+B*a)*ln(x)-a^5*A/x
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 Bb^5x^6 - 60 Aa^5 + 15 (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 100 (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 300 (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 300 (Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 60 (Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x \log(x)}{60x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/60*(12*B*b^5*x^6 - 60*A*a^5 + 15*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 100*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 300*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 300*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 60*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x*log(x))/x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{Aa^5}{x} + \frac{Bb^5x^5}{5} + a^4 \cdot (5Ab + Ba) \log(x)$$

$$+ x^4 \left(\frac{Ab^5}{4} + \frac{5Bab^4}{4} \right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aab^4}{3} + \frac{10Ba^2b^3}{3} \right)$$

$$+ x^2 \cdot (5Aa^2b^3 + 5Ba^3b^2) + x(10Aa^3b^2 + 5Ba^4b)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A)/x**2,x)`output `-A*a**5/x + B*b**5*x**5/5 + a**4*(5*A*b + B*a)*log(x) + x**4*(A*b**5/4 + 5*B*a*b**4/4) + x**3*(5*A*a*b**4/3 + 10*B*a**2*b**3/3) + x**2*(5*A*a**2*b**3 + 5*B*a**3*b**2) + x*(10*A*a**3*b**2 + 5*B*a**4*b)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{5} Bb^5x^5 - \frac{Aa^5}{x} + \frac{1}{4} (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^4$$

$$+ \frac{5}{3} (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^3 + 5 (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^2$$

$$+ 5 (Ba^4b + 2 Aa^3b^2)x + (Ba^5 + 5 Aa^4b) \log(x)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*B*b^5*x^5 - A*a^5/x + 1/4*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^4 + 5/3*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^3 + 5*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x + (B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*log(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{5} Bb^5x^5 + \frac{5}{4} Bab^4x^4 + \frac{1}{4} Ab^5x^4 + \frac{10}{3} Ba^2b^3x^3$$

$$+ \frac{5}{3} Aab^4x^3 + 5 Ba^3b^2x^2 + 5 Aa^2b^3x^2 + 5 Ba^4bx$$

$$+ 10 Aa^3b^2x - \frac{Aa^5}{x} + (Ba^5 + 5 Aa^4b) \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*B*b^5*x^5 + 5/4*B*a*b^4*x^4 + 1/4*A*b^5*x^4 + 10/3*B*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 5/3*A*a*b^4*x^3 + 5*B*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 5*A*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 5*B*a^4*b*x + 10*A*a^3*b^2*x - A*a^5/x + (B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx = x^4 \left(\frac{Ab^5}{4} + \frac{5Bab^4}{4} \right) + \ln(x) (Ba^5 + 5Aba^4) - \frac{Aa^5}{x} + \frac{Bb^5x^5}{5} + 5a^2b^2x^2(Ab + Ba) + 5a^3bx(2Ab + Ba) + \frac{5ab^3x^3(Ab + 2Ba)}{3}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5)/x^2,x)`output `x^4*((A*b^5)/4 + (5*B*a*b^4)/4) + log(x)*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b) - (A*a^5)/x + (B*b^5*x^5)/5 + 5*a^2*b^2*x^2*(A*b + B*a) + 5*a^3*b*x*(2*A*b + B*a) + (5*a*b^3*x^3*(A*b + 2*B*a))/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{60 \log(x) a^5 b x - 10 a^6 + 150 a^4 b^2 x^2 + 100 a^3 b^3 x^3 + 50 a^2 b^4 x^4 + 15 a b^5 x^5 + 2 b^6 x^6}{10 x}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^2,x)`output `(60*log(x)*a**5*b*x - 10*a**6 + 150*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 100*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 50*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 15*a*b**5*x**5 + 2*b**6*x**6)/(10*x)`

3.96 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	687
Mathematica [A] (verified)	687
Rubi [A] (verified)	688
Maple [A] (verified)	689
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	690
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	690
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	691
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	691
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	692
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	692

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^5 A}{2x^2} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+aB)}{x} + 10a^2b^2(Ab+aB)x + \frac{5}{2}ab^3(Ab+2aB)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}b^4(Ab+5aB)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b^5Bx^4 + 5a^3b(2Ab+aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/2*a^5*A/x^2-a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)/x+10*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*x+5/2*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^2+1/3*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^3+1/4*b^5*B*x^4+5*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{5a^4Ab}{x} + 10a^3b^2Bx + 5a^2b^3x(2A+Bx) - \frac{a^5(A+2Bx)}{2x^2} + \frac{5}{6}ab^4x^2(3A+2Bx) + \frac{1}{12}b^5x^3(4A+3Bx) + 5a^3b(2Ab+aB)\log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x))/x^3,x]`

output `(-5*a^4*A*b)/x + 10*a^3*b^2*B*x + 5*a^2*b^3*x*(2*A + B*x) - (a^5*(A + 2*B*x))/(2*x^2) + (5*a*b^4*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x))/6 + (b^5*x^3*(4*A + 3*B*x))/12 + 5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5 A}{x^3} + \frac{a^4(aB + 5Ab)}{x^2} + \frac{5a^3b(aB + 2Ab)}{x} + 10a^2b^2(aB + Ab) + b^4x^2(5aB + Ab) + 5ab^3x(2aB + Ab) + b^5x^2(A + Bx) \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^5 A}{2x^2} - \frac{a^4(aB + 5Ab)}{x} + 5a^3b \log(x)(aB + 2Ab) + 10a^2b^2x(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{3}b^4x^3(5aB + Ab) + \frac{5}{2}ab^3x^2(2aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{4}b^5Bx^4$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x))/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a^5*A)/x^2 - (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/x + 10*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B)*x + (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^2)/2 + (b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x^3)/3 + (b^5*B*x^4)/4 + 5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result
default	$\frac{b^5 B x^4}{4} + \frac{A b^5 x^3}{3} + \frac{5 B a b^4 x^3}{3} + \frac{5 A a b^4 x^2}{2} + 5 B a^2 b^3 x^2 + 10 A a^2 b^3 x + 10 B a^3 b^2 x - \frac{a^5 A}{2 x^2} + 5 a^3 b (2 A$
risch	$\frac{b^5 B x^4}{4} + \frac{A b^5 x^3}{3} + \frac{5 B a b^4 x^3}{3} + \frac{5 A a b^4 x^2}{2} + 5 B a^2 b^3 x^2 + 10 A a^2 b^3 x + 10 B a^3 b^2 x + \frac{(-5 a^4 b A - a^5 B) x -$
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{3} b^5 A + \frac{5}{3} a b^4 B) x^5 + (\frac{5}{2} a b^4 A + 5 a^2 b^3 B) x^4 + (10 a^2 b^3 A + 10 a^3 b^2 B) x^3 + (-5 a^4 b A - a^5 B) x - \frac{a^5 A}{2} + \frac{B b^5 x^6}{4}}{x^2} + (10 a^3 b^2 A +$
parallelrisch	$\frac{3 B b^5 x^6 + 4 A b^5 x^5 + 20 B a b^4 x^5 + 30 a A b^4 x^4 + 60 B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 120 A \ln(x) x^2 a^3 b^2 + 120 a^2 A b^3 x^3 + 60 B \ln(x) x^2 a^4 b + 120 B a^3 b^2 x^3 -}{12 x^2}$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*b^5*B*x^4+1/3*A*b^5*x^3+5/3*B*a*b^4*x^3+5/2*A*a*b^4*x^2+5*B*a^2*b^3*x^
2+10*A*a^2*b^3*x+10*B*a^3*b^2*x-1/2*a^5*A/x^2+5*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)*ln(x)-a^
4*(5*A*b+B*a)/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{3Bb^5x^6 - 6Aa^5 + 4(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 30(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 120(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 60(Ba^4b + Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 12Aa^5x + 12A^2a^4}{12x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/12*(3*B*b^5*x^6 - 6*A*a^5 + 4*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 30*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 120*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 60*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2*log(x) - 12*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{Bb^5x^4}{4} + 5a^3b(2Ab + Ba) \log(x) + x^3 \left(\frac{Ab^5}{3} + \frac{5Bab^4}{3} \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aab^4}{2} + 5Ba^2b^3 \right) + x(10Aa^2b^3 + 10Ba^3b^2) + \frac{-Aa^5 + x(-10Aa^4b - 2Ba^5)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A)/x**3,x)`output `B*b**5*x**4/4 + 5*a**3*b*(2*A*b + B*a)*log(x) + x**3*(A*b**5/3 + 5*B*a*b**4/3) + x**2*(5*A*a*b**4/2 + 5*B*a**2*b**3) + x*(10*A*a**2*b**3 + 10*B*a**3*b**2) + (-A*a**5 + x*(-10*A*a**4*b - 2*B*a**5))/(2*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{4} Bb^5x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^3 + \frac{5}{2} (2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^2 + 10(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x + 5(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2) \log(x) - \frac{Aa^5 + 2(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*B*b^5*x^4 + 1/3*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^3 + 5/2*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^2 + 10*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x + 5*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*log(x) - 1/2*(A*a^5 + 2*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{4} Bb^5x^4 + \frac{5}{3} Bab^4x^3 + \frac{1}{3} Ab^5x^3 + 5Ba^2b^3x^2 + \frac{5}{2} Aab^4x^2 + 10Ba^3b^2x + 10Aa^2b^3x + 5(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2) \log(|x|) - \frac{Aa^5 + 2(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*B*b^5*x^4 + 5/3*B*a*b^4*x^3 + 1/3*A*b^5*x^3 + 5*B*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 5/2*A*a*b^4*x^2 + 10*B*a^3*b^2*x + 10*A*a^2*b^3*x + 5*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*log(abs(x)) - 1/2*(A*a^5 + 2*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = \ln(x) (5 B a^4 b + 10 A a^3 b^2) - \frac{x (B a^5 + 5 A b a^4) + \frac{A a^5}{2}}{x^2} + x^3 \left(\frac{A b^5}{3} + \frac{5 B a b^4}{3} \right) + \frac{B b^5 x^4}{4} + 10 a^2 b^2 x (A b + B a) + \frac{5 a b^3 x^2 (A b + 2 B a)}{2}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5)/x^3,x)`output `log(x)*(10*A*a^3*b^2 + 5*B*a^4*b) - (x*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b) + (A*a^5)/2)/x^2 + x^3*((A*b^5)/3 + (5*B*a*b^4)/3) + (B*b^5*x^4)/4 + 10*a^2*b^2*x*(A*b + B*a) + (5*a*b^3*x^2*(A*b + 2*B*a))/2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{60 \log(x) a^4 b^2 x^2 - 2a^6 - 24a^5 b x + 80a^3 b^3 x^3 + 30a^2 b^4 x^4 + 8a b^5 x^5 + b^6 x^6}{4x^2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^3,x)`output `(60*log(x)*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 2*a**6 - 24*a**5*b*x + 80*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 30*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 8*a*b**5*x**5 + b**6*x**6)/(4*x**2)`

3.97 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	693
Mathematica [A] (verified)	693
Rubi [A] (verified)	694
Maple [A] (verified)	695
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	696
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	696
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	697
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	697
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	698
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	698

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^5 A}{3x^3} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+aB)}{2x^2} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+aB)}{x} + 5ab^3(Ab + 2aB)x + \frac{1}{2}b^4(Ab+5aB)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}b^5Bx^3 + 10a^2b^2(Ab+aB)\log(x)$$

output

$$-1/3*a^5*A/x^3-1/2*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)/x^2-5*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)/x+5*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*x+1/2*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x^2+1/3*b^5*B*x^3+10*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*\ln(x)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{-60a^3Ab^2x^2 + 60a^2b^3Bx^4 + 15ab^4x^4(2A+Bx) - 15a^4bx(A+2Bx) + b^5x^5(3A+2Bx) - a^5(2A+3Bx)}{6x^3}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[\frac{(a+b*x)^5*(A+B*x)}{x^4}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-60a^3Ab^2x^2 + 60a^2b^3Bx^4 + 15ab^4x^4(2A + Bx) - 15a^4b^2x(A + 2Bx) + b^5x^5(3A + 2Bx) - a^5(2A + 3Bx) + 60a^2b^2(Ab + aB)x^3 \text{Log}[x])}{(6x^3)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5A}{x^4} + \frac{a^4(aB + 5Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{5a^3b(aB + 2Ab)}{x^2} + \frac{10a^2b^2(aB + Ab)}{x} + b^4x(5aB + Ab) + 5ab^3(2aB + Ab) + b^5Bx \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^5A}{3x^3} - \frac{a^4(aB + 5Ab)}{2x^2} - \frac{5a^3b(aB + 2Ab)}{x} + 10a^2b^2 \log(x)(aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{2}b^4x^2(5aB + Ab) + 5ab^3x(2aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{3}b^5Bx^3$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x)/x^4, x]$$

output

$$\frac{-1}{3} \frac{a^5 A}{x^3} - \frac{a^4 (5A b + a B)}{2 x^2} - \frac{5 a^3 b (2A b + a B)}{x} + 5 a^2 b^2 \log(x) (a B + A b) + \frac{1}{2} b^4 x^2 (5 a B + A b) + 5 a b^3 x (2 a B + A b) + \frac{1}{3} b^5 B x^3$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$\frac{b^5 B x^3}{3} + \frac{A b^5 x^2}{2} + \frac{5 B a b^4 x^2}{2} + 5 A a b^4 x + 10 B a^2 b^3 x - \frac{a^5 A}{3 x^3} - \frac{a^4 (5 A b + B a)}{2 x^2} + 10 a^2 b^2 (A b + B a) \ln(x)$
risch	$\frac{b^5 B x^3}{3} + \frac{A b^5 x^2}{2} + \frac{5 B a b^4 x^2}{2} + 5 A a b^4 x + 10 B a^2 b^3 x + \frac{(-10 a^3 b^2 A - 5 a^4 b B) x^2 + (-\frac{5}{2} a^4 b A - \frac{1}{2} a^5 B) x - \frac{a^5 A}{3}}{x^3}$
norman	$\frac{(\frac{1}{2} b^5 A + \frac{5}{2} a b^4 B) x^5 + (-\frac{5}{2} a^4 b A - \frac{1}{2} a^5 B) x + (5 a b^4 A + 10 a^2 b^3 B) x^4 + (-10 a^3 b^2 A - 5 a^4 b B) x^2 - \frac{a^5 A}{3} + \frac{B b^5 x^6}{3}}{x^3} + (10 a^2 b^3 A$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2 B b^5 x^6 + 3 A b^5 x^5 + 15 B a b^4 x^5 + 60 A \ln(x) x^3 a^2 b^3 + 30 a A b^4 x^4 + 60 B \ln(x) x^3 a^3 b^2 + 60 B a^2 b^3 x^4 - 60 a^3 A b^2 x^2 - 30 B a^4 b x^2 - 15 a^5 A}{6 x^3}$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*b^5*B*x^3+1/2*A*b^5*x^2+5/2*B*a*b^4*x^2+5*A*a*b^4*x+10*B*a^2*b^3*x-1/3
*a^5*A/x^3-1/2*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)/x^2+10*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)*ln(x)-5*a^3*b*(2*A
*b+B*a)/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{2Bb^5x^6 - 2Aa^5 + 3(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 30(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 60(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 \log(x) - 30(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 - 3(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*(2*B*b^5*x^6 - 2*A*a^5 + 3*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 30*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 60*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3*log(x) - 30*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{Bb^5x^3}{3} + 10a^2b^2(Ab+Ba)\log(x) + x^2\left(\frac{Ab^5}{2} + \frac{5Bab^4}{2}\right) + x(5Aab^4 + 10Ba^2b^3) + \frac{-2Aa^5 + x^2(-60Aa^3b^2 - 30Ba^4b) + x(-15Aa^4b - 3Ba^5)}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A)/x**4,x)`output `B*b**5*x**3/3 + 10*a**2*b**2*(A*b + B*a)*log(x) + x**2*(A*b**5/2 + 5*B*a*b**4/2) + x*(5*A*a*b**4 + 10*B*a**2*b**3) + (-2*A*a**5 + x**2*(-60*A*a**3*b**2 - 30*B*a**4*b) + x*(-15*A*a**4*b - 3*B*a**5))/(6*x**3)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bb^5x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^2 + 5 (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x + 10 (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3) \log(x) - \frac{2 Aa^5 + 30 (Ba^4b + 2 Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 3 (Ba^5 + 5 Aa^4b)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*B*b^5*x^3 + 1/2*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^2 + 5*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x + 10*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*log(x) - 1/6*(2*A*a^5 + 30*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2))*x^2 + 3*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x/x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bb^5x^3 + \frac{5}{2} Bab^4x^2 + \frac{1}{2} Ab^5x^2 + 10 Ba^2b^3x + 5 Aab^4x + 10 (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3) \log(|x|) - \frac{2 Aa^5 + 30 (Ba^4b + 2 Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 3 (Ba^5 + 5 Aa^4b)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*B*b^5*x^3 + 5/2*B*a*b^4*x^2 + 1/2*A*b^5*x^2 + 10*B*a^2*b^3*x + 5*A*a*b^4*x + 10*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*log(abs(x)) - 1/6*(2*A*a^5 + 30*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2))*x^2 + 3*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x/x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^5}{2} + \frac{5Bab^4}{2} \right) - \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^5}{2} + \frac{5Aba^4}{2} \right) + \frac{Aa^5}{3} + x^2(5Ba^4b + 10Aa^3b^2)}{x^3} + \ln(x) (10Ba^3b^2 + 10Aa^2b^3) + \frac{Bb^5x^3}{3} + 5ab^3x(Ab + 2Ba)$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5)/x^4,x)
```

output

```
x^2*((A*b^5)/2 + (5*B*a*b^4)/2) - (x*((B*a^5)/2 + (5*A*a^4*b)/2) + (A*a^5)/3 + x^2*(10*A*a^3*b^2 + 5*B*a^4*b))/x^3 + log(x)*(10*A*a^2*b^3 + 10*B*a^3*b^2) + (B*b^5*x^3)/3 + 5*a*b^3*x*(A*b + 2*B*a)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{60 \log(x) a^3 b^3 x^3 - a^6 - 9a^5 b x - 45a^4 b^2 x^2 + 45a^2 b^4 x^4 + 9a b^5 x^5 + b^6 x^6}{3x^3}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^4,x)
```

output

```
(60*log(x)*a**3*b**3*x**3 - a**6 - 9*a**5*b*x - 45*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 45*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 9*a*b**5*x**5 + b**6*x**6)/(3*x**3)
```

3.98 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	699
Mathematica [A] (verified)	699
Rubi [A] (verified)	700
Maple [A] (verified)	701
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	702
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	702
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	703
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	703
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	704
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	704

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^5 A}{4x^4} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+aB)}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+aB)}{2x^2} - \frac{10a^2b^2(Ab+aB)}{x} + b^4(Ab+5aB)x + \frac{1}{2}b^5Bx^2 + 5ab^3(Ab+2aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/4*a^5*A/x^4-1/3*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)/x^3-5/2*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^2-10*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)/x+b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*x+1/2*b^5*B*x^2+5*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{10a^2Ab^3}{x} + 5ab^4Bx + \frac{1}{2}b^5x(2A+Bx) - \frac{5a^3b^2(A+2Bx)}{x^2} - \frac{5a^4b(2A+3Bx)}{6x^3} - \frac{a^5(3A+4Bx)}{12x^4} + 5ab^3(Ab+2aB)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x))/x^5,x]
```


output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-10*a^2*A*b^3)/x + 5*a*b^4*B*x + (b^5*x*(2*A + B*x))/2 - (5*a^3*b^2*(A + \\ & 2*B*x))/x^2 - (5*a^4*b*(2*A + 3*B*x))/(6*x^3) - (a^5*(3*A + 4*B*x))/(12*x^4) \\ & + 5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*\text{Log}[x] \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int \left(\frac{a^5 A}{x^5} + \frac{a^4(aB + 5Ab)}{x^4} + \frac{5a^3b(aB + 2Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{10a^2b^2(aB + Ab)}{x^2} + b^4(5aB + Ab) + \frac{5ab^3(2aB + Ab)}{x} + b^5 Bx \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{a^5 A}{4x^4} - \frac{a^4(aB + 5Ab)}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^3b(aB + 2Ab)}{2x^2} - \frac{10a^2b^2(aB + Ab)}{x} + b^4x(5aB + Ab) + \\ & \quad 5ab^3 \log(x)(2aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{2}b^5 Bx^2 \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x)/x^5, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/4*(a^5*A)/x^4 - (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/(3*x^3) - (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B))/(\\ & 2*x^2) - (10*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B))/x + b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*x + (b^5*B*x^2)/2 \\ & + 5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B)*\text{Log}[x] \end{aligned}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
default	$\frac{b^5 B x^2}{2} + A b^5 x + 5 B a b^4 x - \frac{a^4(5Ab+Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+Ba)}{2x^2} - \frac{a^5 A}{4x^4} + 5a b^3 (Ab + 2Ba) \ln(x) - \frac{10a^5 B}{4x^4}$
risch	$\frac{b^5 B x^2}{2} + A b^5 x + 5 B a b^4 x + \frac{(-10a^2 b^3 A - 10a^3 b^2 B)x^3 + (-5a^3 b^2 A - \frac{5}{2}a^4 b B)x^2 + (-\frac{5}{3}a^4 b A - \frac{1}{3}a^5 B)x - \frac{a^5 A}{4}}{x^4} + 5a b^3 (Ab + 2Ba) \ln(x)$
norman	$\frac{(-5a^3 b^2 A - \frac{5}{2}a^4 b B)x^2 + (-\frac{5}{3}a^4 b A - \frac{1}{3}a^5 B)x + (b^5 A + 5a b^4 B)x^5 + (-10a^2 b^3 A - 10a^3 b^2 B)x^3 - \frac{a^5 A}{4} + \frac{B b^5 x^6}{2}}{x^4} + (5a b^4 A + 5a b^3 (Ab + 2Ba) \ln(x))$
parallelrisch	$\frac{6B b^5 x^6 + 60A \ln(x) x^4 a b^4 + 12A b^5 x^5 + 120B \ln(x) x^4 a^2 b^3 + 60Ba b^4 x^5 - 120a^2 A b^3 x^3 - 120B a^3 b^2 x^3 - 60a^3 A b^2 x^2 - 30B a^4 b x}{12x^4}$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*b^5*B*x^2+A*b^5*x+5*B*a*b^4*x-1/3*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)/x^3-5/2*a^3*b*(2*A*b
+B*a)/x^2-1/4*a^5*A/x^4+5*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)*ln(x)-10*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{6Bb^5x^6 - 3Aa^5 + 12(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 60(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 \log(x) - 120(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 - 30Aa^3b^2x^2 - 4(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/12*(6*B*b^5*x^6 - 3*A*a^5 + 12*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 60*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4*log(x) - 120*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 30*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 - 4*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^4`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{Bb^5x^2}{2} + 5ab^3(Ab + 2Ba) \log(x) + x(Ab^5 + 5Bab^4) + \frac{-3Aa^5 + x^3(-120Aa^2b^3 - 120Ba^3b^2) + x^2(-60Aa^3b^2 - 30Ba^4b) + x(-20Aa^4b - 4Ba^5)}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A)/x**5,x)`output `B*b**5*x**2/2 + 5*a*b**3*(A*b + 2*B*a)*log(x) + x*(A*b**5 + 5*B*a*b**4) + (-3*A*a**5 + x**3*(-120*A*a**2*b**3 - 120*B*a**3*b**2) + x**2*(-60*A*a**3*b**2 - 30*B*a**4*b) + x*(-20*A*a**4*b - 4*B*a**5))/(12*x**4)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} Bb^5x^2 + (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x + 5(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4) \log(x)$$

$$- \frac{3Aa^5 + 120(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 30(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 4(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*B*b^5*x^2 + (5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x + 5*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*log(x) - 1/12*(3*A*a^5 + 120*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 30*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 4*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} Bb^5x^2 + 5 Bab^4x + Ab^5x + 5(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4) \log(|x|)$$

$$- \frac{3Aa^5 + 120(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 30(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 4(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*B*b^5*x^2 + 5*B*a*b^4*x + A*b^5*x + 5*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*log(abs(x)) - 1/12*(3*A*a^5 + 120*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 30*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 4*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= x(Ab^5 + 5Ba^4b) + \ln(x)(10Ba^2b^3 + 5Aab^4)$$

$$- \frac{x\left(\frac{Ba^5}{3} + \frac{5Aba^4}{3}\right) + \frac{Aa^5}{4} + x^2\left(\frac{5Ba^4b}{2} + 5Aa^3b^2\right) + x^3(10Ba^3b^2 + 10Aa^2b^3)}{x^4}$$

$$+ \frac{Bb^5x^2}{2}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5)/x^5,x)
```

output

```
x*(A*b^5 + 5*B*a*b^4) + log(x)*(10*B*a^2*b^3 + 5*A*a*b^4) - (x*((B*a^5)/3
+ (5*A*a^4*b)/3) + (A*a^5)/4 + x^2*(5*A*a^3*b^2 + (5*B*a^4*b)/2) + x^3*(10
*A*a^2*b^3 + 10*B*a^3*b^2))/x^4 + (B*b^5*x^2)/2
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{60 \log(x) a^2 b^4 x^4 - a^6 - 8 a^5 b x - 30 a^4 b^2 x^2 - 80 a^3 b^3 x^3 + 24 a b^5 x^5 + 2 b^6 x^6}{4 x^4}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^5,x)
```

output

```
(60*log(x)*a**2*b**4*x**4 - a**6 - 8*a**5*b*x - 30*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 80*a**
3*b**3*x**3 + 24*a*b**5*x**5 + 2*b**6*x**6)/(4*x**4)
```

3.99 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	705
Mathematica [A] (verified)	705
Rubi [A] (verified)	706
Maple [A] (verified)	707
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	708
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	708
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	709
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	709
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	710
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	710

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^5 A}{5x^5} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+aB)}{4x^4} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+aB)}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^2b^2(Ab+aB)}{x^2} - \frac{5ab^3(Ab+2aB)}{x} + b^5 Bx + b^4(Ab+5aB) \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/5*a^5*A/x^5-1/4*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)/x^4-5/3*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^3-5*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)/x^2-5*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)/x+b^5*B*x+b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{5aAb^4}{x} + b^5 Bx - \frac{5a^2b^3(A+2Bx)}{x^2} - \frac{5a^3b^2(2A+3Bx)}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^4b(3A+4Bx)}{12x^4} - \frac{a^5(4A+5Bx)}{20x^5} + b^4(Ab+5aB) \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x))/x^6,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-5*a*A*b^4)/x + b^5*B*x - (5*a^2*b^3*(A + 2*B*x))/x^2 - (5*a^3*b^2*(2*A + \\ & 3*B*x))/(3*x^3) - (5*a^4*b*(3*A + 4*B*x))/(12*x^4) - (a^5*(4*A + 5*B*x))/ \\ & (20*x^5) + b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*\text{Log}[x] \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 85 \\ & \int \left(\frac{a^5 A}{x^6} + \frac{a^4(aB + 5Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{5a^3b(aB + 2Ab)}{x^4} + \frac{10a^2b^2(aB + Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{b^4(5aB + Ab)}{x} + \frac{5ab^3(2aB + Ab)}{x^2} + b^5 B \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{a^5 A}{5x^5} - \frac{a^4(aB + 5Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{5a^3b(aB + 2Ab)}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^2b^2(aB + Ab)}{x^2} + b^4 \log(x)(5aB + Ab) - \\ & \quad \frac{5ab^3(2aB + Ab)}{x} + b^5 Bx \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x)/x^6, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/5*(a^5*A)/x^5 - (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/(4*x^4) - (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B))/(\\ & 3*x^3) - (5*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B))/x^2 - (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B))/x + b^5*B*x \\ & + b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B)*\text{Log}[x] \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 85 Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^5 A}{5x^5} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+Ba)}{4x^4} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^2b^2(Ab+Ba)}{x^2} - \frac{5ab^3(Ab+2Ba)}{x} + b^5 Bx + b^4(Ab + 5Ba) \ln$
risch	$b^5 Bx + \frac{(-5ab^4A-10a^2b^3B)x^4 + (-5a^2b^3A-5a^3b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{10}{3}a^3b^2A-\frac{5}{3}a^4bB)x^2 + (-\frac{5}{4}a^4bA-\frac{1}{4}a^5B)x - \frac{a^5A}{5}}{x^5} + A \ln$
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{10}{3}a^3b^2A-\frac{5}{3}a^4bB)x^2 + (-\frac{5}{4}a^4bA-\frac{1}{4}a^5B)x + (-5ab^4A-10a^2b^3B)x^4 + (-5a^2b^3A-5a^3b^2B)x^3 + Bb^5x^6 - \frac{a^5A}{5}}{x^5} + (b^5 A$
parallelrisch	$\frac{60A \ln(x)x^5b^5 + 300B \ln(x)x^5ab^4 + 60Bb^5x^6 - 300aAb^4x^4 - 600Ba^2b^3x^4 - 300a^2Ab^3x^3 - 300Ba^3b^2x^3 - 200a^3Ab^2x^2 - 100B$

```
input int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/5*a^5*A/x^5-1/4*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)/x^4-5/3*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^3-5*a^2*b^2
*(A*b+B*a)/x^2-5*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)/x+b^5*B*x+b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)*ln(x)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{60 Bb^5x^6 + 60(5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 \log(x) - 12 Aa^5 - 300(2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 - 300(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 - 100(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 - 15(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/60*(60*B*b^5*x^6 + 60*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5*log(x) - 12*A*a^5 - 300*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 - 300*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 100*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 - 15*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^5`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = Bb^5x + b^4(Ab + 5Ba) \log(x) + \frac{-12Aa^5 + x^4(-300Aab^4 - 600Ba^2b^3) + x^3(-300Aa^2b^3 - 300Ba^3b^2) + x^2(-200Aa^3b^2 - 100Ba^4b) + x(-75Aa^4b - 15Ba^5)}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A)/x**6,x)`output `B*b**5*x + b**4*(A*b + 5*B*a)*log(x) + (-12*A*a**5 + x**4*(-300*A*a*b**4 - 600*B*a**2*b**3) + x**3*(-300*A*a**2*b**3 - 300*B*a**3*b**2) + x**2*(-200*A*a**3*b**2 - 100*B*a**4*b) + x*(-75*A*a**4*b - 15*B*a**5))/(60*x**5)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = Bb^5x + (5Bab^4 + Ab^5) \log(x) - \frac{12Aa^5 + 300(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 300(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 100(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 15(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `B*b^5*x + (5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*log(x) - 1/60*(12*A*a^5 + 300*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 300*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 100*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 15*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = Bb^5x + (5Bab^4 + Ab^5) \log(|x|) - \frac{12Aa^5 + 300(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 300(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 100(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 15(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `B*b^5*x + (5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*log(abs(x)) - 1/60*(12*A*a^5 + 300*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 300*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 100*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 15*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = \ln(x) (Ab^5 + 5Bab^4) - \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^5}{4} + \frac{5Aba^4}{4} \right) + \frac{Aa^5}{5} + x^4 (10Ba^2b^3 + 5Aab^4) + x^2 \left(\frac{5Ba^4b}{3} + \frac{10Aa^3b^2}{3} \right) + x^3 (5Ba^3b^2 + 5Aa^2b^3) + Bb^5x}{x^5}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5)/x^6,x)`output `log(x)*(A*b^5 + 5*B*a*b^4) - (x*((B*a^5)/4 + (5*A*a^4*b)/4) + (A*a^5)/5 + x^4*(10*B*a^2*b^3 + 5*A*a*b^4) + x^2*((10*A*a^3*b^2)/3 + (5*B*a^4*b)/3) + x^3*(5*A*a^2*b^3 + 5*B*a^3*b^2))/x^5 + B*b^5*x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{60 \log(x) a b^5 x^5 - 2a^6 - 15a^5 b x - 50a^4 b^2 x^2 - 100a^3 b^3 x^3 - 150a^2 b^4 x^4 + 10b^6 x^6}{10x^5}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^6,x)`output `(60*log(x)*a*b**5*x**5 - 2*a**6 - 15*a**5*b*x - 50*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 100*a**3*b**3*x**3 - 150*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 10*b**6*x**6)/(10*x**5)`

3.100 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	711
Mathematica [A] (verified)	711
Rubi [A] (verified)	712
Maple [A] (verified)	713
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	714
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	714
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	715
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	715
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	716
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	716

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^5B}{5x^5} - \frac{5a^4bB}{4x^4} - \frac{10a^3b^2B}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^2b^3B}{x^2} - \frac{5ab^4B}{x} - \frac{A(a+bx)^6}{6ax^6} + b^5B \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/5*a^5*B/x^5-5/4*a^4*b*B/x^4-10/3*a^3*b^2*B/x^3-5*a^2*b^3*B/x^2-5*a*b^4*B/x-1/6*A*(b*x+a)^6/a/x^6+b^5*B*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{60Ab^5x^5 + 150ab^4x^4(A+2Bx) + 100a^2b^3x^3(2A+3Bx) + 50a^3b^2x^2(3A+4Bx) + 15a^4bx(4A+5Bx) - A(a+bx)^6}{60x^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x))/x^7,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-1/60*(60*A*b^5*x^5 + 150*a*b^4*x^4*(A + 2*B*x) + 100*a^2*b^3*x^3*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 50*a^3*b^2*x^2*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 15*a^4*b*x*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 2*a^5*(5*A + 6*B*x) - 60*b^5*B*x^6*\text{Log}[x])}{x^6}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {87, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & B \int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{x^6} dx - \frac{A(a+bx)^6}{6ax^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & B \int \left(\frac{a^5}{x^6} + \frac{5ba^4}{x^5} + \frac{10b^2a^3}{x^4} + \frac{10b^3a^2}{x^3} + \frac{5b^4a}{x^2} + \frac{b^5}{x} \right) dx - \frac{A(a+bx)^6}{6ax^6} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & B \left(-\frac{a^5}{5x^5} - \frac{5a^4b}{4x^4} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{x^2} - \frac{5ab^4}{x} + b^5 \log(x) \right) - \frac{A(a+bx)^6}{6ax^6} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x)/x^7, x]$$

output

$$\frac{-1/6*(A*(a + b*x)^6)/(a*x^6) + B*(-1/5*a^5/x^5 - (5*a^4*b)/(4*x^4) - (10*a^3*b^2)/(3*x^3) - (5*a^2*b^3)/x^2 - (5*a*b^4)/x + b^5*\text{Log}[x])}{1}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] || !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] || !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] || \text{LtQ}[p, n]))))$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
default	$-\frac{10a^2b^2(Ab+Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{5ab^3(Ab+2Ba)}{2x^2} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+Ba)}{4x^4} + b^5B \ln(x) - \frac{b^4(Ab+5Ba)}{x} - \frac{a^5A}{6x^6}$
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{5}{2}ab^4A-5a^2b^3B)x^4 + (-\frac{10}{3}a^2b^3A-\frac{10}{3}a^3b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{5}{2}a^3b^2A-\frac{5}{4}a^4bB)x^2 + (-a^4bA-\frac{1}{5}a^5B)x + (-b^5A-5ab^4B)x^5 - \frac{a^5A}{6}}{x^6}$
risch	$\frac{(-\frac{5}{2}ab^4A-5a^2b^3B)x^4 + (-\frac{10}{3}a^2b^3A-\frac{10}{3}a^3b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{5}{2}a^3b^2A-\frac{5}{4}a^4bB)x^2 + (-a^4bA-\frac{1}{5}a^5B)x + (-b^5A-5ab^4B)x^5 - \frac{a^5A}{6}}{x^6}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{60b^5B \ln(x)x^6 + 60Ab^5x^5 + 300Ba^4x^5 + 150aAb^4x^4 + 300Ba^2b^3x^4 + 200a^2Ab^3x^3 + 200Ba^3b^2x^3 + 150a^3Ab^2x^2 + 75Ba^5}{60x^6}$

input $\text{int}((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^7, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $-\frac{10}{3}a^2b^2(A*b+B*a)/x^3 - \frac{1}{5}a^4(5*A*b+B*a)/x^5 - \frac{5}{2}a*b^3(A*b+2*B*a)/x^2 - \frac{5}{4}a^3b*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^4 + b^5*B*\ln(x) - b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)/x - \frac{1}{6}a^5*A/x^6$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{60 Bb^5 x^6 \log(x) - 10 Aa^5 - 60(5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 - 150(2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 - 200(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 - 75(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 - 12(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/60*(60*B*b^5*x^6*log(x) - 10*A*a^5 - 60*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 - 150*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 - 200*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 75*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 - 12*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^6`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = Bb^5 \log(x) + \frac{-10Aa^5 + x^5(-60Ab^5 - 300Bab^4) + x^4(-150Aab^4 - 300Ba^2b^3) + x^3(-200Aa^2b^3 - 200Ba^3b^2) + x^2(-150Aa^3b^2 - 75Ba^4b) + x(-60Aa^4b - 12Ba^5)}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A)/x**7,x)`output `B*b**5*log(x) + (-10*A*a**5 + x**5*(-60*A*b**5 - 300*B*a*b**4) + x**4*(-150*A*a*b**4 - 300*B*a**2*b**3) + x**3*(-200*A*a**2*b**3 - 200*B*a**3*b**2) + x**2*(-150*A*a**3*b**2 - 75*B*a**4*b) + x*(-60*A*a**4*b - 12*B*a**5))/(60*x**6)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = Bb^5 \log(x) - \frac{10Aa^5 + 60(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 150(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 200(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 75(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 12(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `B*b^5*log(x) - 1/60*(10*A*a^5 + 60*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 150*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 200*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 75*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 12*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^6`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = Bb^5 \log(|x|) - \frac{10Aa^5 + 60(5Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 150(2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 200(Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 75(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 12(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`output `B*b^5*log(abs(x)) - 1/60*(10*A*a^5 + 60*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 150*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 200*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 75*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 12*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = Bb^5 \ln(x) - \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^5}{5} + Aba^4 \right) + \frac{Aa^5}{6} + x^4 \left(5Ba^2b^3 + \frac{5Aab^4}{2} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{5Ba^4b}{4} + \frac{5Aa^3b^2}{2} \right) + x^5 (Ab^5 + 5Bab^4) + x^3 (5Aa^2b^3 + 5Bab^2)}{x^6}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5)/x^7,x)`output `B*b^5*log(x) - (x*((B*a^5)/5 + A*a^4*b) + (A*a^5)/6 + x^4*(5*B*a^2*b^3 + (5*A*a*b^4)/2) + x^2*((5*A*a^3*b^2)/2 + (5*B*a^4*b)/4) + x^5*(A*b^5 + 5*B*a*b^4) + x^3*((10*A*a^2*b^3)/3 + (10*B*a^3*b^2)/3))/x^6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{60 \log(x) b^6 x^6 - 10a^6 - 72a^5 b x - 225a^4 b^2 x^2 - 400a^3 b^3 x^3 - 450a^2 b^4 x^4 - 360a b^5 x^5}{60x^6}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^7,x)`output `(60*log(x)*b**6*x**6 - 10*a**6 - 72*a**5*b*x - 225*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 400*a**3*b**3*x**3 - 450*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 360*a*b**5*x**5)/(60*x**6)`

3.101 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx = -\frac{A(a+bx)^6}{7ax^7} + \frac{(Ab-7aB)(a+bx)^6}{42a^2x^6}$$

output `-1/7*A*(b*x+a)^6/a/x^7+1/42*(A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^6/a^2/x^6`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 104 vs. 2(44) = 88.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx = \frac{-21b^5x^5(A+2Bx) + 35ab^4x^4(2A+3Bx) + 35a^2b^3x^3(3A+4Bx) + 21a^3b^2x^2(4A+5Bx) + 7a^4bx(5A - 7Bx) + 7a^5}{42x^7}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x))/x^8,x]`

output

$$\frac{-1/42*(21*b^5*x^5*(A + 2*B*x) + 35*a*b^4*x^4*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 35*a^2*b^3*x^3*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 21*a^3*b^2*x^2*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 7*a^4*b*x*(5*A + 6*B*x) + a^5*(6*A + 7*B*x))/x^7}{x^7}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^8} dx$$

↓ 87

$$-\frac{(Ab - 7aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{x^7} dx}{7a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^6}{7ax^7}$$

↓ 48

$$\frac{(a + bx)^6(Ab - 7aB)}{42a^2x^6} - \frac{A(a + bx)^6}{7ax^7}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x))/x^8, x]
```

output

```
-1/7*(A*(a + b*x)^6)/(a*x^7) + ((A*b - 7*a*B)*(a + b*x)^6)/(42*a^2*x^6)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] :> Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 103 vs. 2(40) = 80.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

method	result
default	$-\frac{5ab^3(Ab+2Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{a^3b(2Ab+Ba)}{x^5} - \frac{b^4(Ab+5Ba)}{2x^2} - \frac{a^5A}{7x^7} - \frac{5a^2b^2(Ab+Ba)}{2x^4} - \frac{b^5B}{x} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+Ba)}{6x^6}$
norman	$\frac{-Bb^5x^6 + (-\frac{1}{2}b^5A - \frac{5}{2}ab^4B)x^5 + (-\frac{5}{3}ab^4A - \frac{10}{3}a^2b^3B)x^4 + (-\frac{5}{2}a^2b^3A - \frac{5}{2}a^3b^2B)x^3 + (-2a^3b^2A - a^4bB)x^2 + (-\frac{5}{6}a^4bA - \frac{1}{6}a^5A)x}{x^7}$
risch	$\frac{-Bb^5x^6 + (-\frac{1}{2}b^5A - \frac{5}{2}ab^4B)x^5 + (-\frac{5}{3}ab^4A - \frac{10}{3}a^2b^3B)x^4 + (-\frac{5}{2}a^2b^3A - \frac{5}{2}a^3b^2B)x^3 + (-2a^3b^2A - a^4bB)x^2 + (-\frac{5}{6}a^4bA - \frac{1}{6}a^5A)x}{x^7}$
gospers	$-\frac{42Bb^5x^6 + 21Ab^5x^5 + 105Ba^4x^5 + 70aAb^4x^4 + 140Ba^2b^3x^4 + 105a^2Ab^3x^3 + 105Ba^3b^2x^3 + 84a^3Ab^2x^2 + 42Ba^4bx^2 + 35a^5A}{42x^7}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{42Bb^5x^6 + 21Ab^5x^5 + 105Ba^4x^5 + 70aAb^4x^4 + 140Ba^2b^3x^4 + 105a^2Ab^3x^3 + 105Ba^3b^2x^3 + 84a^3Ab^2x^2 + 42Ba^4bx^2 + 35a^5A}{42x^7}$
orering	$-\frac{42Bb^5x^6 + 21Ab^5x^5 + 105Ba^4x^5 + 70aAb^4x^4 + 140Ba^2b^3x^4 + 105a^2Ab^3x^3 + 105Ba^3b^2x^3 + 84a^3Ab^2x^2 + 42Ba^4bx^2 + 35a^5A}{42x^7}$

```
input int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -5/3*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^3-a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^5-1/2*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)/x^2-1/7*a^5*A/x^7-5/2*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)/x^4-b^5*B/x-1/6*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)/x^6
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 119 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^8} dx = \frac{42 Bb^5x^6 + 6 Aa^5 + 21 (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 70 (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 105 (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 42 (Ba^4b + Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 7 (Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{42x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/42*(42*B*b^5*x^6 + 6*A*a^5 + 21*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 70*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 105*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 42*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 7*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^7`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 133 vs. $2(37) = 74$.

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^8} dx = \frac{-6Aa^5 - 42Bb^5x^6 + x^5(-21Ab^5 - 105Bab^4) + x^4(-70Aab^4 - 140Ba^2b^3) + x^3(-105Aa^2b^3 - 105Ba^3b^2) + x^2(-84Aa^3b^2 - 42Ba^4b) + x(-35Aa^4b - 7Ba^5)}{42x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A)/x**8,x)`

output `(-6*A*a**5 - 42*B*b**5*x**6 + x**5*(-21*A*b**5 - 105*B*a*b**4) + x**4*(-70*A*a*b**4 - 140*B*a**2*b**3) + x**3*(-105*A*a**2*b**3 - 105*B*a**3*b**2) + x**2*(-84*A*a**3*b**2 - 42*B*a**4*b) + x*(-35*A*a**4*b - 7*B*a**5))/(42*x**7)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 119 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx = \frac{42 B b^5 x^6 + 6 A a^5 + 21 (5 B a b^4 + A b^5) x^5 + 70 (2 B a^2 b^3 + A a b^4) x^4 + 105 (B a^3 b^2 + A a^2 b^3) x^3 + 42 (B a^4 b + 2 A a^3 b^2) x^2 + 7 (B a^5 + 5 A a^4 b) x}{42 x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/42*(42*B*b^5*x^6 + 6*A*a^5 + 21*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 70*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 105*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 42*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 7*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^7`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 123 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx = \frac{42 B b^5 x^6 + 105 B a b^4 x^5 + 21 A b^5 x^5 + 140 B a^2 b^3 x^4 + 70 A a b^4 x^4 + 105 B a^3 b^2 x^3 + 105 A a^2 b^3 x^3 + 42 B a^4 b x^2 + 84 A a^3 b^2 x^2 + 7 B a^5 x + 35 A a^4 b x + 6 A a^5}{42 x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/42*(42*B*b^5*x^6 + 105*B*a*b^4*x^5 + 21*A*b^5*x^5 + 140*B*a^2*b^3*x^4 + 70*A*a*b^4*x^4 + 105*B*a^3*b^2*x^3 + 105*A*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 42*B*a^4*b*x^2 + 84*A*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 7*B*a^5*x + 35*A*a^4*b*x + 6*A*a^5)/x^7`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^8} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^5}{6} + \frac{5Ab^4}{6} \right) + \frac{Aa^5}{7} + x^2 (Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2) + x^4 \left(\frac{10Ba^2b^3}{3} + \frac{5Aab^4}{3} \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{Ab^5}{2} + \frac{5Bab^4}{2} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{5Aa^2b^3}{2} + \frac{5B^2a^2b^2}{2} \right) + B^2b^5x^6}{x^7}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5)/x^8,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -(x*((B*a^5)/6 + (5*A*a^4*b)/6) + (A*a^5)/7 + x^2*(2*A*a^3*b^2 + B*a^4*b) \\ & + x^4*((10*B*a^2*b^3)/3 + (5*A*a*b^4)/3) + x^5*((A*b^5)/2 + (5*B*a*b^4)/2) \\ & + x^3*((5*A*a^2*b^3)/2 + (5*B*a^3*b^2)/2) + B*b^5*x^6)/x^7 \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^8} dx = \frac{-7b^6x^6 - 21ab^5x^5 - 35a^2b^4x^4 - 35a^3b^3x^3 - 21a^4b^2x^2 - 7a^5bx - a^6}{7x^7}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^8,x)`

output

$$\frac{(-a**6 - 7*a**5*b*x - 21*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 35*a**3*b**3*x**3 - 35*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 21*a*b**5*x**5 - 7*b**6*x**6)/(7*x**7)}$$

3.102 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	723
Mathematica [A] (verified)	723
Rubi [A] (verified)	724
Maple [A] (verified)	725
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	726
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	726
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	727
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	727
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	728
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	728

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx = -\frac{A(a+bx)^6}{8ax^8} + \frac{(Ab-4aB)(a+bx)^6}{28a^2x^7} - \frac{b(Ab-4aB)(a+bx)^6}{168a^3x^6}$$

output

```
-1/8*A*(b*x+a)^6/a/x^8+1/28*(A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^6/a^2/x^7-1/168*b*(A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^6/a^3/x^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx = \frac{28b^5x^5(2A+3Bx) + 70ab^4x^4(3A+4Bx) + 84a^2b^3x^3(4A+5Bx) + 56a^3b^2x^2(5A+6Bx) + 20a^4bx(6A+7Bx) + 2a^5(A+Bx)}{168x^8}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x))/x^9,x]
```


output

$$\frac{-1/168*(28*b^5*x^5*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 70*a*b^4*x^4*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 84*a^2*b^3*x^3*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 56*a^3*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 20*a^4*b*x*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 3*a^5*(7*A + 8*B*x))/x^8}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {87, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{(Ab-4aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{x^8} dx}{4a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^6}{8ax^8} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & \frac{(Ab-4aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{(a+bx)^5}{x^7} dx}{7a} - \frac{(a+bx)^6}{7ax^7} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^6}{8ax^8} \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & \frac{\left(\frac{b(a+bx)^6}{42a^2x^6} - \frac{(a+bx)^6}{7ax^7} \right) (Ab-4aB)}{4a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^6}{8ax^8} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x)/x^9, x]$$

output

$$\frac{-1/8*(A*(a + b*x)^6)/(a*x^8) - ((A*b - 4*a*B)*(-1/7*(a + b*x)^6/(a*x^7) + (b*(a + b*x)^6)/(42*a^2*x^6)))/(4*a)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 48 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 55 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))], x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^4(Ab+5Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{2a^2b^2(Ab+Ba)}{x^5} - \frac{b^5B}{2x^2} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{5ab^3(Ab+2Ba)}{4x^4} - \frac{a^5A}{8x^8} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+Ba)}{6x^6}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{Bb^5x^6}{2} + (-\frac{1}{3}b^5A - \frac{5}{3}ab^4B)x^5 + (-\frac{5}{4}ab^4A - \frac{5}{2}a^2b^3B)x^4 + (-2a^2b^3A - 2a^3b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{5}{3}a^3b^2A - \frac{5}{6}a^4bB)x^2 + (-\frac{5}{7}a^4bA - \frac{1}{7}a^5A)x}{x^8}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{Bb^5x^6}{2} + (-\frac{1}{3}b^5A - \frac{5}{3}ab^4B)x^5 + (-\frac{5}{4}ab^4A - \frac{5}{2}a^2b^3B)x^4 + (-2a^2b^3A - 2a^3b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{5}{3}a^3b^2A - \frac{5}{6}a^4bB)x^2 + (-\frac{5}{7}a^4bA - \frac{1}{7}a^5A)x}{x^8}$
gospers	$-\frac{84Bb^5x^6 + 56Ab^5x^5 + 280Bab^4x^5 + 210aAb^4x^4 + 420Ba^2b^3x^4 + 336a^2Ab^3x^3 + 336Ba^3b^2x^3 + 280a^3Ab^2x^2 + 140Ba^4bx^2 + 140a^5Ax}{168x^8}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{84Bb^5x^6 + 56Ab^5x^5 + 280Bab^4x^5 + 210aAb^4x^4 + 420Ba^2b^3x^4 + 336a^2Ab^3x^3 + 336Ba^3b^2x^3 + 280a^3Ab^2x^2 + 140Ba^4bx^2 + 140a^5Ax}{168x^8}$
orering	$-\frac{84Bb^5x^6 + 56Ab^5x^5 + 280Bab^4x^5 + 210aAb^4x^4 + 420Ba^2b^3x^4 + 336a^2Ab^3x^3 + 336Ba^3b^2x^3 + 280a^3Ab^2x^2 + 140Ba^4bx^2 + 140a^5Ax}{168x^8}$

input `int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/3*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)/x^3-2*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)/x^5-1/2*b^5*B/x^2-1/7*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)/x^7-5/4*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^4-1/8*a^5*A/x^8-5/6*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^6$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx = \frac{84 B b^5 x^6 + 21 A a^5 + 56 (5 B a b^4 + A b^5) x^5 + 210 (2 B a^2 b^3 + A a b^4) x^4 + 336 (B a^3 b^2 + A a^2 b^3) x^3 + 140 (B a^4 b + 2 A a^3 b^2) x^2 + 24 (B a^5 + 5 A a^4 b) x}{168 x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/168*(84*B*b^5*x^6 + 21*A*a^5 + 56*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 210*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 336*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 140*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 24*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^8$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 133 vs. 2(63) = 126.

Time = 2.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx = \frac{-21Aa^5 - 84Bb^5x^6 + x^5(-56Ab^5 - 280Bab^4) + x^4(-210Aab^4 - 420Ba^2b^3) + x^3(-336Aa^2b^3 - 336Ba^3b^2) + 140(Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 24(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{168x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A)/x**9,x)`

output

```
(-21*A*a**5 - 84*B*b**5*x**6 + x**5*(-56*A*b**5 - 280*B*a*b**4) + x**4*(-2
10*A*a*b**4 - 420*B*a**2*b**3) + x**3*(-336*A*a**2*b**3 - 336*B*a**3*b**2)
+ x**2*(-280*A*a**3*b**2 - 140*B*a**4*b) + x*(-120*A*a**4*b - 24*B*a**5))
/(168*x**8)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^9} dx = \frac{-84 Bb^5x^6 + 21 Aa^5 + 56 (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 210 (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 336 (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 140 Aa^3b^2 + 24 (Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{168 x^8}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/168*(84*B*b^5*x^6 + 21*A*a^5 + 56*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 210*(2*B*a^
2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 336*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 140*(B*a^4*b + 2*
A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 24*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^8
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^9} dx = \frac{-84 Bb^5x^6 + 280 Bab^4x^5 + 56 Ab^5x^5 + 420 Ba^2b^3x^4 + 210 Aab^4x^4 + 336 Ba^3b^2x^3 + 336 Aa^2b^3x^3 + 140 Aa^3b^2 + 24 (Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{168 x^8}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/168*(84*B*b^5*x^6 + 280*B*a*b^4*x^5 + 56*A*b^5*x^5 + 420*B*a^2*b^3*x^4
+ 210*A*a*b^4*x^4 + 336*B*a^3*b^2*x^3 + 336*A*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 140*B*a^4*b*x^
2 + 280*A*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 24*B*a^5*x + 120*A*a^4*b*x + 21*A*a^5)/x^8
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^9} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^5}{7} + \frac{5Ab^4a^4}{7} \right) + \frac{Aa^5}{8} + x^4 \left(\frac{5Ba^2b^3}{2} + \frac{5Aab^4}{4} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{5Ba^4b}{6} + \frac{5Aa^3b^2}{3} \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{Ab^5}{3} + \frac{5Bab^4}{3} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{2Aa^2b^3}{3} + \frac{2Bba^3b^2}{3} \right) + \frac{(Bb^5x^6)/2}{x^8}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5)/x^9,x)`

output

$$-(x*((B*a^5)/7 + (5*A*a^4*b)/7) + (A*a^5)/8 + x^4*((5*B*a^2*b^3)/2 + (5*A*a*b^4)/4) + x^2*((5*A*a^3*b^2)/3 + (5*B*a^4*b)/6) + x^5*((A*b^5)/3 + (5*B*a*b^4)/3) + x^3*(2*A*a^2*b^3 + 2*B*a^3*b^2) + (B*b^5*x^6)/2)/x^8$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^9} dx = \frac{-28b^6x^6 - 112ab^5x^5 - 210a^2b^4x^4 - 224a^3b^3x^3 - 140a^4b^2x^2 - 48a^5bx - 7a^6}{56x^8}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^9,x)`

output

$$(-7*a**6 - 48*a**5*b*x - 140*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 224*a**3*b**3*x**3 - 210*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 112*a*b**5*x**5 - 28*b**6*x**6)/(56*x**8)$$

3.103 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	729
Mathematica [A] (verified)	729
Rubi [A] (verified)	730
Maple [A] (verified)	731
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	732
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	732
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	733
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	733
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	734
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	734

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{a^5 A}{9x^9} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+aB)}{8x^8} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+aB)}{7x^7} - \frac{5a^2b^2(Ab+aB)}{3x^6} - \frac{ab^3(Ab+2aB)}{x^5} - \frac{b^4(Ab+5aB)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^5 B}{3x^3}$$

output

```
-1/9*a^5*A/x^9-1/8*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)/x^8-5/7*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^7-5/3*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)/x^6-a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^5-1/4*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)/x^4-1/3*b^5*B/x^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{42b^5x^5(3A+4Bx) + 126ab^4x^4(4A+5Bx) + 168a^2b^3x^3(5A+6Bx) + 120a^3b^2x^2(6A+7Bx) + 45a^4bx(7A+8Bx) + 504x^9}{504x^9}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x))/x^10,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-1/504*(42*b^5*x^5*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 126*a*b^4*x^4*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 168*a^2*b^3*x^3*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 120*a^3*b^2*x^2*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 45*a^4*b*x*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 7*a^5*(8*A + 9*B*x))/x^9}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5 A}{x^{10}} + \frac{a^4(aB + 5Ab)}{x^9} + \frac{5a^3b(aB + 2Ab)}{x^8} + \frac{10a^2b^2(aB + Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{b^4(5aB + Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{5ab^3(2aB + Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{b^5 B}{x^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^5 A}{9x^9} - \frac{a^4(aB + 5Ab)}{8x^8} - \frac{5a^3b(aB + 2Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{5a^2b^2(aB + Ab)}{3x^6} - \frac{b^4(5aB + Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{ab^3(2aB + Ab)}{x^5} - \frac{b^5 B}{3x^3}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x))/x^10,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-1/9*(a^5*A)/x^9 - (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/(8*x^8) - (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B))/(7*x^7) - (5*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B))/(3*x^6) - (a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B))/x^5 - (b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B))/(4*x^4) - (b^5*B)/(3*x^3)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 85 Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^5 A}{9x^9} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+Ba)}{8x^8} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{5a^2b^2(Ab+Ba)}{3x^6} - \frac{ab^3(Ab+2Ba)}{x^5} - \frac{b^4(Ab+5Ba)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^5 B}{3x^3}$
norman	$-\frac{Bb^5x^6}{3} + (-\frac{1}{4}b^5A - \frac{5}{4}ab^4B)x^5 + (-ab^4A - 2a^2b^3B)x^4 + (-\frac{5}{3}a^2b^3A - \frac{5}{3}a^3b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{10}{7}a^3b^2A - \frac{5}{7}a^4bB)x^2 + (-\frac{5}{8}a^4bA - \frac{1}{8}a^5B)x$
risch	$-\frac{Bb^5x^6}{3} + (-\frac{1}{4}b^5A - \frac{5}{4}ab^4B)x^5 + (-ab^4A - 2a^2b^3B)x^4 + (-\frac{5}{3}a^2b^3A - \frac{5}{3}a^3b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{10}{7}a^3b^2A - \frac{5}{7}a^4bB)x^2 + (-\frac{5}{8}a^4bA - \frac{1}{8}a^5B)x$
gospers	$-\frac{168Bb^5x^6 + 126Ab^5x^5 + 630Ba^4x^5 + 504aAb^4x^4 + 1008Ba^2b^3x^4 + 840a^2Ab^3x^3 + 840Ba^3b^2x^3 + 720a^3Ab^2x^2 + 360Ba^4b}{504x^9}$
paralelrisch	$-\frac{168Bb^5x^6 + 126Ab^5x^5 + 630Ba^4x^5 + 504aAb^4x^4 + 1008Ba^2b^3x^4 + 840a^2Ab^3x^3 + 840Ba^3b^2x^3 + 720a^3Ab^2x^2 + 360Ba^4b}{504x^9}$
orering	$-\frac{168Bb^5x^6 + 126Ab^5x^5 + 630Ba^4x^5 + 504aAb^4x^4 + 1008Ba^2b^3x^4 + 840a^2Ab^3x^3 + 840Ba^3b^2x^3 + 720a^3Ab^2x^2 + 360Ba^4b}{504x^9}$

```
input int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/9*a^5*A/x^9-1/8*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)/x^8-5/7*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^7-5/3*a^2*b^
^2*(A*b+B*a)/x^6-a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^5-1/4*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)/x^4-1/3*b^5*B/x
^3
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{168 Bb^5x^6 + 56 Aa^5 + 126 (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 504 (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 840 (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 360 (Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 63(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{504x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/504*(168*B*b^5*x^6 + 56*A*a^5 + 126*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 504*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 840*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 360*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 63*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^9`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{-56Aa^5 - 168Bb^5x^6 + x^5(-126Ab^5 - 630Bab^4) + x^4(-504Aab^4 - 1008Ba^2b^3) + x^3(-840Aa^2b^3 - 840Aa^3b^2) + x^2(-720Aa^3b^2 - 360Ba^4b) + x(-315Aa^4b - 63Ba^5)}{504x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A)/x**10,x)`output `(-56*A*a**5 - 168*B*b**5*x**6 + x**5*(-126*A*b**5 - 630*B*a*b**4) + x**4*(-504*A*a*b**4 - 1008*B*a**2*b**3) + x**3*(-840*A*a**2*b**3 - 840*B*a**3*b**2) + x**2*(-720*A*a**3*b**2 - 360*B*a**4*b) + x*(-315*A*a**4*b - 63*B*a**5))/(504*x**9)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{168 Bb^5x^6 + 56 Aa^5 + 126 (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 504 (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 840 (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 360 (Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 63(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{504x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/504*(168*B*b^5*x^6 + 56*A*a^5 + 126*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 504*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 840*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 360*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 63*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^9`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{168 Bb^5x^6 + 630 Bab^4x^5 + 126 Ab^5x^5 + 1008 Ba^2b^3x^4 + 504 Aab^4x^4 + 840 Ba^3b^2x^3 + 840 Aa^2b^3x^3 + 360 Ba^4bx^2 + 63(Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{504x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/504*(168*B*b^5*x^6 + 630*B*a*b^4*x^5 + 126*A*b^5*x^5 + 1008*B*a^2*b^3*x^4 + 504*A*a*b^4*x^4 + 840*B*a^3*b^2*x^3 + 840*A*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 360*B*a^4*b*x^2 + 720*A*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 63*B*a^5*x + 315*A*a^4*b*x + 56*A*a^5)/x^9`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^5}{8} + \frac{5Ab^4}{8} \right) + \frac{Aa^5}{9} + x^4 (2Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4) + x^2 \left(\frac{5Ba^4b}{7} + \frac{10Aa^3b^2}{7} \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{Ab^5}{4} + \frac{5Bab^4}{4} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{5Ba^2b^3}{3} + \frac{5Aab^4}{3} \right) + \frac{Bb^5x^6}{3}}{x^9}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5)/x^10,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -(x*((B*a^5)/8 + (5*A*a^4*b)/8) + (A*a^5)/9 + x^4*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4) \\ & + x^2*((10*A*a^3*b^2)/7 + (5*B*a^4*b)/7) + x^5*((A*b^5)/4 + (5*B*a*b^4)/4) \\ & + x^3*((5*A*a^2*b^3)/3 + (5*B*a^3*b^2)/3) + (B*b^5*x^6)/3)/x^9 \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{-84b^6x^6 - 378ab^5x^5 - 756a^2b^4x^4 - 840a^3b^3x^3 - 540a^4b^2x^2 - 189a^5bx - 28a^6}{252x^9}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^10,x)`

output

$$\frac{(-28*a**6 - 189*a**5*b*x - 540*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 840*a**3*b**3*x**3 - 756*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 378*a*b**5*x**5 - 84*b**6*x**6)/(252*x**9)}$$

3.104 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx$

Optimal result	735
Mathematica [A] (verified)	735
Rubi [A] (verified)	736
Maple [A] (verified)	737
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	738
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	738
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	739
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	739
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	740
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	740

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{a^5 A}{10x^{10}} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+aB)}{9x^9} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+aB)}{8x^8} - \frac{10a^2b^2(Ab+aB)}{7x^7} - \frac{5ab^3(Ab+2aB)}{6x^6} - \frac{b^4(Ab+5aB)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^5 B}{4x^4}$$

output

```
-1/10*a^5*A/x^10-1/9*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)/x^9-5/8*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^8-10/7*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)/x^7-5/6*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^6-1/5*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)/x^5-1/4*b^5*B/x^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{126b^5x^5(4A+5Bx) + 420ab^4x^4(5A+6Bx) + 600a^2b^3x^3(6A+7Bx) + 450a^3b^2x^2(7A+8Bx) + 175a^4b(A+Bx) + 175a^5A}{2520x^{10}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x))/x^11,x]`

output
$$-1/2520*(126*b^5*x^5*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 420*a*b^4*x^4*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 600*a^2*b^3*x^3*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 450*a^3*b^2*x^2*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 175*a^4*b*x*(8*A + 9*B*x) + 28*a^5*(9*A + 10*B*x))/x^10$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^{11}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5 A}{x^{11}} + \frac{a^4(aB + 5Ab)}{x^{10}} + \frac{5a^3b(aB + 2Ab)}{x^9} + \frac{10a^2b^2(aB + Ab)}{x^8} + \frac{b^4(5aB + Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{5ab^3(2aB + Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{b^5 B}{x^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^5 A}{10x^{10}} - \frac{a^4(aB + 5Ab)}{9x^9} - \frac{5a^3b(aB + 2Ab)}{8x^8} - \frac{10a^2b^2(aB + Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^4(5aB + Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{5ab^3(2aB + Ab)}{6x^6} - \frac{b^5 B}{4x^4}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x))/x^11,x]`

output
$$-1/10*(a^5*A)/x^10 - (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/(9*x^9) - (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B))/(8*x^8) - (10*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B))/(7*x^7) - (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B))/(6*x^6) - (b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B))/(5*x^5) - (b^5*B)/(4*x^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^5 A}{10x^{10}} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+Ba)}{9x^9} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+Ba)}{8x^8} - \frac{10a^2b^2(Ab+Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{5ab^3(Ab+2Ba)}{6x^6} - \frac{b^4(Ab+5Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{b^5 B}{4x^4}$
norman	$-\frac{Bb^5x^6}{4} + (-\frac{1}{5}b^5A - ab^4B)x^5 + (-\frac{5}{6}ab^4A - \frac{5}{3}a^2b^3B)x^4 + (-\frac{10}{7}a^2b^3A - \frac{10}{7}a^3b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{5}{4}a^3b^2A - \frac{5}{8}a^4bB)x^2 + (-\frac{5}{9}a^4bA - \frac{5}{9}a^5B)x$
risch	$-\frac{Bb^5x^6}{4} + (-\frac{1}{5}b^5A - ab^4B)x^5 + (-\frac{5}{6}ab^4A - \frac{5}{3}a^2b^3B)x^4 + (-\frac{10}{7}a^2b^3A - \frac{10}{7}a^3b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{5}{4}a^3b^2A - \frac{5}{8}a^4bB)x^2 + (-\frac{5}{9}a^4bA - \frac{5}{9}a^5B)x$
gospers	$-\frac{630Bb^5x^6 + 504Ab^5x^5 + 2520Ba^4x^5 + 2100aAb^4x^4 + 4200Ba^2b^3x^4 + 3600a^2Ab^3x^3 + 3600Ba^3b^2x^3 + 3150a^3Ab^2x^2 + 1575a^4bAx}{2520x^{10}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{630Bb^5x^6 + 504Ab^5x^5 + 2520Ba^4x^5 + 2100aAb^4x^4 + 4200Ba^2b^3x^4 + 3600a^2Ab^3x^3 + 3600Ba^3b^2x^3 + 3150a^3Ab^2x^2 + 1575a^4bAx}{2520x^{10}}$
orering	$-\frac{630Bb^5x^6 + 504Ab^5x^5 + 2520Ba^4x^5 + 2100aAb^4x^4 + 4200Ba^2b^3x^4 + 3600a^2Ab^3x^3 + 3600Ba^3b^2x^3 + 3150a^3Ab^2x^2 + 1575a^4bAx}{2520x^{10}}$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/10*a^5*A/x^10-1/9*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)/x^9-5/8*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^8-10/7*a^
2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)/x^7-5/6*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^6-1/5*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)/x^5-1/4*
b^5*B/x^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{630 Bb^5x^6 + 252 Aa^5 + 504 (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 2100 (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 3600 (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 - 2520x^{10}}{2520x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^11,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/2520*(630*B*b^5*x^6 + 252*A*a^5 + 504*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 2100*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 3600*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 1575*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 280*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^10`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{-252Aa^5 - 630Bb^5x^6 + x^5(-504Ab^5 - 2520Bab^4) + x^4(-2100Aab^4 - 4200Ba^2b^3) + x^3(-3600Aa^2b^3 - 3600Baa^3b^2) + x^2(-3150Aa^3b^2 - 1575Baa^4b) + x(-1400Aa^4b - 280Baa^5)}{2520x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A)/x**11,x)`output `(-252*A*a**5 - 630*B*b**5*x**6 + x**5*(-504*A*b**5 - 2520*B*a*b**4) + x**4*(-2100*A*a*b**4 - 4200*B*a**2*b**3) + x**3*(-3600*A*a**2*b**3 - 3600*B*a**3*b**2) + x**2*(-3150*A*a**3*b**2 - 1575*B*a**4*b) + x*(-1400*A*a**4*b - 280*B*a**5))/(2520*x**10)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{630 Bb^5x^6 + 252 Aa^5 + 504 (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 2100 (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 3600 (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 -}{2520 x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2520*(630*B*b^5*x^6 + 252*A*a^5 + 504*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 2100*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 3600*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 1575*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 280*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^10`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{630 Bb^5x^6 + 2520 Bab^4x^5 + 504 Ab^5x^5 + 4200 Ba^2b^3x^4 + 2100 Aab^4x^4 + 3600 Ba^3b^2x^3 + 3600 Aa^2b^3x^3 -}{2520 x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^11,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2520*(630*B*b^5*x^6 + 2520*B*a*b^4*x^5 + 504*A*b^5*x^5 + 4200*B*a^2*b^3*x^4 + 2100*A*a*b^4*x^4 + 3600*B*a^3*b^2*x^3 + 3600*A*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 1575*B*a^4*b*x^2 + 3150*A*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 280*B*a^5*x + 1400*A*a^4*b*x + 252*A*a^5)/x^10`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^5}{9} + \frac{5Ab^4}{9} \right) + \frac{Aa^5}{10} + x^4 \left(\frac{5Ba^2b^3}{3} + \frac{5Aab^4}{6} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{5Ba^4b}{8} + \frac{5Aa^3b^2}{4} \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{Ab^5}{5} + B a b^4 \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{10Aa^2b^3}{7} + \frac{10B a^3b^2}{7} \right) + \frac{Bb^5x^6}{4}}{x^{10}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5)/x^11,x)`output `-(x*((B*a^5)/9 + (5*A*a^4*b)/9) + (A*a^5)/10 + x^4*((5*B*a^2*b^3)/3 + (5*A*a*b^4)/6) + x^2*((5*A*a^3*b^2)/4 + (5*B*a^4*b)/8) + x^5*((A*b^5)/5 + B*a*b^4) + x^3*((10*A*a^2*b^3)/7 + (10*B*a^3*b^2)/7) + (B*b^5*x^6)/4)/x^10`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{-210b^6x^6 - 1008ab^5x^5 - 2100a^2b^4x^4 - 2400a^3b^3x^3 - 1575a^4b^2x^2 - 560a^5bx - 84a^6}{840x^{10}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^11,x)`output `(-84*a**6 - 560*a**5*b*x - 1575*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 2400*a**3*b**3*x**3 - 2100*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 1008*a*b**5*x**5 - 210*b**6*x**6)/(840*x**10)`

3.105 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx$

Optimal result	741
Mathematica [A] (verified)	741
Rubi [A] (verified)	742
Maple [A] (verified)	743
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	744
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	744
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{a^5 A}{11x^{11}} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+aB)}{10x^{10}} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+aB)}{9x^9} - \frac{5a^2b^2(Ab+aB)}{4x^8} - \frac{5ab^3(Ab+2aB)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^4(Ab+5aB)}{6x^6} - \frac{b^5 B}{5x^5}$$

output

```
-1/11*a^5*A/x^11-1/10*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)/x^10-5/9*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^9-5/4*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)/x^8-5/7*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^7-1/6*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)/x^6-1/5*b^5*B/x^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{462b^5x^5(5A+6Bx) + 1650ab^4x^4(6A+7Bx) + 2475a^2b^3x^3(7A+8Bx) + 1925a^3b^2x^2(8A+9Bx) + 13860x^{11}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x))/x^12,x]`

output
$$-1/13860*(462*b^5*x^5*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 1650*a*b^4*x^4*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 2475*a^2*b^3*x^3*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 1925*a^3*b^2*x^2*(8*A + 9*B*x) + 770*a^4*b*x*(9*A + 10*B*x) + 126*a^5*(10*A + 11*B*x))/x^11$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^{12}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5 A}{x^{12}} + \frac{a^4(aB + 5Ab)}{x^{11}} + \frac{5a^3b(aB + 2Ab)}{x^{10}} + \frac{10a^2b^2(aB + Ab)}{x^9} + \frac{b^4(5aB + Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{5ab^3(2aB + Ab)}{x^8} + \frac{b^5 B}{x^6} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^5 A}{11x^{11}} - \frac{a^4(aB + 5Ab)}{10x^{10}} - \frac{5a^3b(aB + 2Ab)}{9x^9} - \frac{5a^2b^2(aB + Ab)}{4x^8} - \frac{b^4(5aB + Ab)}{6x^6} - \frac{5ab^3(2aB + Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^5 B}{5x^5}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^5*(A + B*x))/x^12,x]`

output
$$-1/11*(a^5*A)/x^11 - (a^4*(5*A*b + a*B))/(10*x^10) - (5*a^3*b*(2*A*b + a*B))/(9*x^9) - (5*a^2*b^2*(A*b + a*B))/(4*x^8) - (5*a*b^3*(A*b + 2*a*B))/(7*x^7) - (b^4*(A*b + 5*a*B))/(6*x^6) - (b^5*B)/(5*x^5)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 85 Int[((d.)*(x.))^(n.)*((a.) + (b.)*(x.))*((e.) + (f.)*(x.))^(p.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^5 A}{11x^{11}} - \frac{a^4(5Ab+Ba)}{10x^{10}} - \frac{5a^3b(2Ab+Ba)}{9x^9} - \frac{5a^2b^2(Ab+Ba)}{4x^8} - \frac{5ab^3(Ab+2Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^4(Ab+5Ba)}{6x^6} - \frac{b^5 B}{5x^5}$
norman	$-\frac{Bb^5x^6}{5} + (-\frac{1}{6}b^5A - \frac{5}{6}ab^4B)x^5 + (-\frac{5}{7}ab^4A - \frac{10}{7}a^2b^3B)x^4 + (-\frac{5}{4}a^2b^3A - \frac{5}{4}a^3b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{10}{9}a^3b^2A - \frac{5}{9}a^4bB)x^2 + (-\frac{1}{2}a^4bA - \frac{5}{2}a^5B)x$
risch	$-\frac{Bb^5x^6}{5} + (-\frac{1}{6}b^5A - \frac{5}{6}ab^4B)x^5 + (-\frac{5}{7}ab^4A - \frac{10}{7}a^2b^3B)x^4 + (-\frac{5}{4}a^2b^3A - \frac{5}{4}a^3b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{10}{9}a^3b^2A - \frac{5}{9}a^4bB)x^2 + (-\frac{1}{2}a^4bA - \frac{5}{2}a^5B)x$
gospers	$-\frac{2772Bb^5x^6 + 2310Ab^5x^5 + 11550Ba^4x^5 + 9900aAb^4x^4 + 19800Ba^2b^3x^4 + 17325a^2Ab^3x^3 + 17325Ba^3b^2x^3 + 15400a^3Ab^2x^2 + 15400a^4bAx + 15400a^5B}{13860x^{11}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2772Bb^5x^6 + 2310Ab^5x^5 + 11550Ba^4x^5 + 9900aAb^4x^4 + 19800Ba^2b^3x^4 + 17325a^2Ab^3x^3 + 17325Ba^3b^2x^3 + 15400a^3Ab^2x^2 + 15400a^4bAx + 15400a^5B}{13860x^{11}}$
orering	$-\frac{2772Bb^5x^6 + 2310Ab^5x^5 + 11550Ba^4x^5 + 9900aAb^4x^4 + 19800Ba^2b^3x^4 + 17325a^2Ab^3x^3 + 17325Ba^3b^2x^3 + 15400a^3Ab^2x^2 + 15400a^4bAx + 15400a^5B}{13860x^{11}}$

```
input int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/11*a^5*A/x^11-1/10*a^4*(5*A*b+B*a)/x^10-5/9*a^3*b*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^9-5/4*a^2*b^2*(A*b+B*a)/x^8-5/7*a*b^3*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^7-1/6*b^4*(A*b+5*B*a)/x^6-1/5*b^5*B/x^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{2772 Bb^5x^6 + 1260 Aa^5 + 2310 (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 9900 (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 17325 (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 7700 (Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 1386 (Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{13860 x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^12,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/13860*(2772*B*b^5*x^6 + 1260*A*a^5 + 2310*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 9900*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 17325*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 7700*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 1386*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^11`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{-1260Aa^5 - 2772Bb^5x^6 + x^5(-2310Ab^5 - 11550Bab^4) + x^4(-9900Aab^4 - 19800Ba^2b^3) + x^3(-17325Aa^2b^3 - 17325Ba^3b^2) + x^2(-15400Aa^3b^2 - 7700Ba^4b) + x(-6930Aa^4b - 1386Ba^5)}{13860x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**5*(B*x+A)/x**12,x)`output `(-1260*A*a**5 - 2772*B*b**5*x**6 + x**5*(-2310*A*b**5 - 11550*B*a*b**4) + x**4*(-9900*A*a*b**4 - 19800*B*a**2*b**3) + x**3*(-17325*A*a**2*b**3 - 17325*B*a**3*b**2) + x**2*(-15400*A*a**3*b**2 - 7700*B*a**4*b) + x*(-6930*A*a**4*b - 1386*B*a**5))/(13860*x**11)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{2772 Bb^5x^6 + 1260 Aa^5 + 2310 (5 Bab^4 + Ab^5)x^5 + 9900 (2 Ba^2b^3 + Aab^4)x^4 + 17325 (Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 7700 (Ba^4b + 2Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 1386 (Ba^5 + 5Aa^4b)x}{13860 x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/13860*(2772*B*b^5*x^6 + 1260*A*a^5 + 2310*(5*B*a*b^4 + A*b^5)*x^5 + 9900*(2*B*a^2*b^3 + A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 17325*(B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 7700*(B*a^4*b + 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 1386*(B*a^5 + 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/x^11`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^5(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{2772 Bb^5x^6 + 11550 Bab^4x^5 + 2310 Ab^5x^5 + 19800 Ba^2b^3x^4 + 9900 Aab^4x^4 + 17325 Ba^3b^2x^3 + 17325 Aa^2b^3x^3 + 7700 Ba^4bx^2 + 15400 Aa^3b^2x^2 + 1386 Ba^5x + 6930 Aa^4bx + 1260 Aa^5}{13860 x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^12,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/13860*(2772*B*b^5*x^6 + 11550*B*a*b^4*x^5 + 2310*A*b^5*x^5 + 19800*B*a^2*b^3*x^4 + 9900*A*a*b^4*x^4 + 17325*B*a^3*b^2*x^3 + 17325*A*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 7700*B*a^4*b*x^2 + 15400*A*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 1386*B*a^5*x + 6930*A*a^4*b*x + 1260*A*a^5)/x^11`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^{12}} dx =$$

$$\frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^5}{10} + \frac{Aba^4}{2} \right) + \frac{Aa^5}{11} + x^4 \left(\frac{10Ba^2b^3}{7} + \frac{5Aab^4}{7} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{5Ba^4b}{9} + \frac{10Aa^3b^2}{9} \right) + x^5 \left(\frac{Ab^5}{6} + \frac{5Bab^4}{6} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{5Ba^2b^3}{7} + \frac{5Aab^4}{7} \right) + \frac{(Bb^5x^6)/5}{x^{11}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^5)/x^12,x)`

output

```
- (x*((B*a^5)/10 + (A*a^4*b)/2) + (A*a^5)/11 + x^4*((10*B*a^2*b^3)/7 + (5*A*a*b^4)/7) + x^2*((10*A*a^3*b^2)/9 + (5*B*a^4*b)/9) + x^5*((A*b^5)/6 + (5*B*a*b^4)/6) + x^3*((5*A*a^2*b^3)/4 + (5*B*a^3*b^2)/4) + (B*b^5*x^6)/5)/x^11
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^5(A + Bx)}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-462b^6x^6 - 2310ab^5x^5 - 4950a^2b^4x^4 - 5775a^3b^3x^3 - 3850a^4b^2x^2 - 1386a^5bx - 210a^6}{2310x^{11}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^5*(B*x+A)/x^12,x)`

output

```
( - 210*a**6 - 1386*a**5*b*x - 3850*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 5775*a**3*b**3*x**3 - 4950*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 2310*a*b**5*x**5 - 462*b**6*x**6)/(2310*x**11)
```

3.106 $\int x^{10}(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	747
Mathematica [A] (verified)	748
Rubi [A] (verified)	748
Maple [A] (verified)	750
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	750
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	751
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	752
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	753
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	754
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	754

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 229

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{10}(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{11}a^{10}Ax^{11} + \frac{1}{12}a^9(10Ab + aB)x^{12} \\ & + \frac{5}{13}a^8b(9Ab + 2aB)x^{13} + \frac{15}{14}a^7b^2(8Ab + 3aB)x^{14} \\ & + 2a^6b^3(7Ab + 4aB)x^{15} + \frac{21}{8}a^5b^4(6Ab + 5aB)x^{16} \\ & + \frac{42}{17}a^4b^5(5Ab + 6aB)x^{17} + \frac{5}{3}a^3b^6(4Ab + 7aB)x^{18} \\ & + \frac{15}{19}a^2b^7(3Ab + 8aB)x^{19} + \frac{1}{4}ab^8(2Ab + 9aB)x^{20} \\ & + \frac{1}{21}b^9(Ab + 10aB)x^{21} + \frac{1}{22}b^{10}Bx^{22} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/11*a^10*A*x^11+1/12*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)*x^12+5/13*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)*x^13+
15/14*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)*x^14+2*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)*x^15+21/8*a^5*b^4
*(6*A*b+5*B*a)*x^16+42/17*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)*x^17+5/3*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*
B*a)*x^18+15/19*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)*x^19+1/4*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)*x^20+1/
21*b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)*x^21+1/22*b^10*B*x^22
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{10}(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{11}a^{10}Ax^{11} + \frac{1}{12}a^9(10Ab+aB)x^{12} \\ & + \frac{5}{13}a^8b(9Ab+2aB)x^{13} + \frac{15}{14}a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)x^{14} \\ & + 2a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)x^{15} + \frac{21}{8}a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)x^{16} \\ & + \frac{42}{17}a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)x^{17} + \frac{5}{3}a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)x^{18} \\ & + \frac{15}{19}a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)x^{19} + \frac{1}{4}ab^8(2Ab+9aB)x^{20} \\ & + \frac{1}{21}b^9(Ab+10aB)x^{21} + \frac{1}{22}b^{10}Bx^{22} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^10*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

```
(a^10*A*x^11)/11 + (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B)*x^12)/12 + (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B)
*x^13)/13 + (15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^14)/14 + 2*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B
)*x^15 + (21*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^16)/8 + (42*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B
)*x^17)/17 + (5*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*x^18)/3 + (15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a
*B)*x^19)/19 + (a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x^20)/4 + (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*x^21)/
21 + (b^10*B*x^22)/22
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{10}(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int (a^{10}Ax^{10} + a^9x^{11}(aB + 10Ab) + 5a^8bx^{12}(2aB + 9Ab) + 15a^7b^2x^{13}(3aB + 8Ab) + 30a^6b^3x^{14}(4aB + 7Ab) + 42a^5b^4x^{15}(5aB + 6Ab) + 21a^4b^5x^{16}(6aB + 5Ab) + 15a^3b^6x^{17}(7aB + 4Ab) + 15a^2b^7x^{18}(8aB + 3Ab) + 15ab^8x^{19}(9aB + 2Ab) + b^9x^{20}(10aB + Ab) + b^{10}Bx^{21}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{11}a^{10}Ax^{11} + \frac{1}{12}a^9x^{12}(aB + 10Ab) + \frac{5}{13}a^8bx^{13}(2aB + 9Ab) + \frac{15}{14}a^7b^2x^{14}(3aB + 8Ab) + 2a^6b^3x^{15}(4aB + 7Ab) + \frac{21}{8}a^5b^4x^{16}(5aB + 6Ab) + \frac{42}{17}a^4b^5x^{17}(6aB + 5Ab) + \frac{5}{3}a^3b^6x^{18}(7aB + 4Ab) + \frac{15}{19}a^2b^7x^{19}(8aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{21}b^9x^{21}(10aB + Ab) + \frac{1}{4}ab^8x^{20}(9aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{22}b^{10}Bx^{22}$$

input `Int[x^10*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x), x]`

output $(a^{10}A*x^{11})/11 + (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B)*x^{12})/12 + (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{13})/13 + (15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{14})/14 + 2*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^{15} + (21*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^{16})/8 + (42*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B)*x^{17})/17 + (5*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*x^{18})/3 + (15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*x^{19})/19 + (a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x^{20})/4 + (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*x^{21})/21 + (b^{10}*B*x^{22})/22$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
norman	$\frac{a^{10}Ax^{11}}{11} + \left(\frac{5}{6}a^9bA + \frac{1}{12}a^{10}B\right)x^{12} + \left(\frac{45}{13}a^8b^2A + \frac{10}{13}a^9bB\right)x^{13} + \left(\frac{60}{7}a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{14}a^8b^2B\right)x^{14} +$
default	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^{22}}{22} + \frac{(b^{10}A+10ab^9B)x^{21}}{21} + \frac{(10ab^9A+45a^2b^8B)x^{20}}{20} + \frac{(45a^2b^8A+120a^3b^7B)x^{19}}{19} + \frac{(120a^3b^7A+210a^4b^6B)x^{18}}{18} +$
orering	$x^{11}(352716Bb^{10}x^{11}+369512Ab^{10}x^{10}+3695120Bab^9x^{10}+3879876aAb^9x^9+17459442Ba^2b^8x^9+18378360a^2Ab^8x^8+4900000a^3b^7x^8+3695120a^3b^7Ax^7+36951200a^4b^6Bx^7+369512000a^4b^6Ax^6+3695120000a^5b^5Bx^6+36951200000a^5b^5Ax^5+369512000000a^6b^4Bx^5+3695120000000a^6b^4Ax^4+36951200000000a^7b^3Bx^4+369512000000000a^7b^3Ax^3+3695120000000000a^8b^2Bx^3+36951200000000000a^8b^2Ax^2+369512000000000000a^9bBx^2+3695120000000000000a^9bAx+36951200000000000000a^{10}Ax)$
gosper	$\frac{1}{11}a^{10}Ax^{11} + \frac{5}{6}x^{12}a^9bA + \frac{1}{12}x^{12}a^{10}B + \frac{45}{13}x^{13}a^8b^2A + \frac{10}{13}x^{13}a^9bB + \frac{60}{7}x^{14}a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{14}x^{14}a^8b^2B$
risch	$\frac{1}{11}a^{10}Ax^{11} + \frac{5}{6}x^{12}a^9bA + \frac{1}{12}x^{12}a^{10}B + \frac{45}{13}x^{13}a^8b^2A + \frac{10}{13}x^{13}a^9bB + \frac{60}{7}x^{14}a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{14}x^{14}a^8b^2B$
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{11}a^{10}Ax^{11} + \frac{5}{6}x^{12}a^9bA + \frac{1}{12}x^{12}a^{10}B + \frac{45}{13}x^{13}a^8b^2A + \frac{10}{13}x^{13}a^9bB + \frac{60}{7}x^{14}a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{14}x^{14}a^8b^2B$

input `int(x^10*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/11*a^{10}*A*x^{11}+(5/6*a^9*b*A+1/12*a^{10}*B)*x^{12}+(45/13*a^8*b^2*A+10/13*a^9*b*B)*x^{13}+(60/7*a^7*b^3*A+45/14*a^8*b^2*B)*x^{14}+(14*A*a^6*b^4+8*B*a^7*b^3)*x^{15}+(63/4*a^5*b^5*A+105/8*a^6*b^4*B)*x^{16}+(210/17*a^4*b^6*A+252/17*a^5*b^5*B)*x^{17}+(20/3*a^3*b^7*A+35/3*a^4*b^6*B)*x^{18}+(45/19*a^2*b^8*A+120/19*a^3*b^7*B)*x^{19}+(1/2*a*b^9*A+9/4*a^2*b^8*B)*x^{20}+(1/21*b^{10}*A+10/21*a*b^9*B)*x^{21}+1/22*b^{10}*B*x^{22} \end{aligned}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{10}(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)dx &= \frac{1}{22}Bb^{10}x^{22} + \frac{1}{11}Aa^{10}x^{11} + \frac{1}{21}(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{21} \\ &+ \frac{1}{4}(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^{20} + \frac{15}{19}(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^{19} \\ &+ \frac{5}{3}(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^{18} + \frac{42}{17}(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^{17} \\ &+ \frac{21}{8}(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^{16} \\ &+ 2(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^{15} + \frac{15}{14}(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^{14} \\ &+ \frac{5}{13}(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^{13} + \frac{1}{12}(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x^{12} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^10*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/22*B*b^{10}*x^{22} + 1/11*A*a^{10}*x^{11} + 1/21*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^{10})*x^{21} + 1/ \\ & 4*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^{20} + 15/19*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^{19} \\ & + 5/3*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^{18} + 42/17*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6) \\ & *x^{17} + 21/8*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^{16} + 2*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b \\ & ^4)*x^{15} + 15/14*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^{14} + 5/13*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A \\ & a^8*b^2)*x^{13} + 1/12*(B*a^{10} + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^{12} \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{10}(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & \frac{Aa^{10}x^{11}}{11} + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{22}}{22} + x^{21} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{21} + \frac{10Bab^9}{21} \right) \\ & + x^{20} \left(\frac{Aab^9}{2} + \frac{9Ba^2b^8}{4} \right) + x^{19} \cdot \left(\frac{45Aa^2b^8}{19} + \frac{120Ba^3b^7}{19} \right) \\ & + x^{18} \cdot \left(\frac{20Aa^3b^7}{3} + \frac{35Ba^4b^6}{3} \right) + x^{17} \\ & \cdot \left(\frac{210Aa^4b^6}{17} + \frac{252Ba^5b^5}{17} \right) + x^{16} \\ & \cdot \left(\frac{63Aa^5b^5}{4} + \frac{105Ba^6b^4}{8} \right) + x^{15} \cdot (14Aa^6b^4 + 8Ba^7b^3) \\ & + x^{14} \cdot \left(\frac{60Aa^7b^3}{7} + \frac{45Ba^8b^2}{14} \right) + x^{13} \\ & \cdot \left(\frac{45Aa^8b^2}{13} + \frac{10Ba^9b}{13} \right) + x^{12} \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^9b}{6} + \frac{Ba^{10}}{12} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x**10*(b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A),x)`

output

```
A*a**10*x**11/11 + B*b**10*x**22/22 + x**21*(A*b**10/21 + 10*B*a*b**9/21)
+ x**20*(A*a*b**9/2 + 9*B*a**2*b**8/4) + x**19*(45*A*a**2*b**8/19 + 120*B*
a**3*b**7/19) + x**18*(20*A*a**3*b**7/3 + 35*B*a**4*b**6/3) + x**17*(210*A
*a**4*b**6/17 + 252*B*a**5*b**5/17) + x**16*(63*A*a**5*b**5/4 + 105*B*a**6
*b**4/8) + x**15*(14*A*a**6*b**4 + 8*B*a**7*b**3) + x**14*(60*A*a**7*b**3/
7 + 45*B*a**8*b**2/14) + x**13*(45*A*a**8*b**2/13 + 10*B*a**9*b/13) + x**1
2*(5*A*a**9*b/6 + B*a**10/12)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^{10}(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{22} Bb^{10}x^{22} + \frac{1}{11} Aa^{10}x^{11} + \frac{1}{21} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{21} \\ + \frac{1}{4} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^{20} + \frac{15}{19} (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^{19} \\ + \frac{5}{3} (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^{18} + \frac{42}{17} (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^{17} \\ + \frac{21}{8} (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^{16} \\ + 2 (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^{15} + \frac{15}{14} (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^{14} \\ + \frac{5}{13} (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^{13} + \frac{1}{12} (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x^{12}$$

input

```
integrate(x^10*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/22*B*b^10*x^22 + 1/11*A*a^10*x^11 + 1/21*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^21 + 1/
4*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^20 + 15/19*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^19
+ 5/3*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^18 + 42/17*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)
*x^17 + 21/8*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^16 + 2*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b
^4)*x^15 + 15/14*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^14 + 5/13*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*
a^8*b^2)*x^13 + 1/12*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^12
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^{10}(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{22} Bb^{10}x^{22} + \frac{10}{21} Bab^9x^{21} + \frac{1}{21} Ab^{10}x^{21} + \frac{9}{4} Ba^2b^8x^{20} \\
& + \frac{1}{2} Aab^9x^{20} + \frac{120}{19} Ba^3b^7x^{19} + \frac{45}{19} Aa^2b^8x^{19} \\
& + \frac{35}{3} Ba^4b^6x^{18} + \frac{20}{3} Aa^3b^7x^{18} + \frac{252}{17} Ba^5b^5x^{17} \\
& + \frac{210}{17} Aa^4b^6x^{17} + \frac{105}{8} Ba^6b^4x^{16} + \frac{63}{4} Aa^5b^5x^{16} \\
& + 8Ba^7b^3x^{15} + 14Aa^6b^4x^{15} + \frac{45}{14} Ba^8b^2x^{14} \\
& + \frac{60}{7} Aa^7b^3x^{14} + \frac{10}{13} Ba^9bx^{13} + \frac{45}{13} Aa^8b^2x^{13} \\
& + \frac{1}{12} Ba^{10}x^{12} + \frac{5}{6} Aa^9bx^{12} + \frac{1}{11} Aa^{10}x^{11}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^10*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/22*B*b^10*x^22 + 10/21*B*a*b^9*x^21 + 1/21*A*b^10*x^21 + 9/4*B*a^2*b^8*x^20 + 1/2*A*a*b^9*x^20 + 120/19*B*a^3*b^7*x^19 + 45/19*A*a^2*b^8*x^19 + 35/3*B*a^4*b^6*x^18 + 20/3*A*a^3*b^7*x^18 + 252/17*B*a^5*b^5*x^17 + 210/17*A*a^4*b^6*x^17 + 105/8*B*a^6*b^4*x^16 + 63/4*A*a^5*b^5*x^16 + 8*B*a^7*b^3*x^15 + 14*A*a^6*b^4*x^15 + 45/14*B*a^8*b^2*x^14 + 60/7*A*a^7*b^3*x^14 + 10/13*B*a^9*b*x^13 + 45/13*A*a^8*b^2*x^13 + 1/12*B*a^10*x^12 + 5/6*A*a^9*b*x^12 + 1/11*A*a^10*x^11`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{10}(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = x^{12} \left(\frac{B a^{10}}{12} + \frac{5 A b a^9}{6} \right) + x^{21} \left(\frac{A b^{10}}{21} + \frac{10 B a b^9}{21} \right) \\ + \frac{A a^{10} x^{11}}{11} + \frac{B b^{10} x^{22}}{22} + \frac{15 a^7 b^2 x^{14} (8 A b + 3 B a)}{14} \\ + 2 a^6 b^3 x^{15} (7 A b + 4 B a) + \frac{21 a^5 b^4 x^{16} (6 A b + 5 B a)}{8} \\ + \frac{42 a^4 b^5 x^{17} (5 A b + 6 B a)}{17} \\ + \frac{5 a^3 b^6 x^{18} (4 A b + 7 B a)}{3} + \frac{15 a^2 b^7 x^{19} (3 A b + 8 B a)}{19} \\ + \frac{5 a^8 b x^{13} (9 A b + 2 B a)}{13} + \frac{a b^8 x^{20} (2 A b + 9 B a)}{4}$$

input `int(x^10*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10,x)`output $x^{12}*((B*a^{10})/12 + (5*A*a^9*b)/6) + x^{21}*((A*b^{10})/21 + (10*B*a*b^9)/21) \\ + (A*a^{10}*x^{11})/11 + (B*b^{10}*x^{22})/22 + (15*a^7*b^2*x^{14}*(8*A*b + 3*B*a))/ \\ 14 + 2*a^6*b^3*x^{15}*(7*A*b + 4*B*a) + (21*a^5*b^4*x^{16}*(6*A*b + 5*B*a))/8 \\ + (42*a^4*b^5*x^{17}*(5*A*b + 6*B*a))/17 + (5*a^3*b^6*x^{18}*(4*A*b + 7*B*a))/ \\ 3 + (15*a^2*b^7*x^{19}*(3*A*b + 8*B*a))/19 + (5*a^8*b*x^{13}*(9*A*b + 2*B*a))/ \\ 13 + (a*b^8*x^{20}*(2*A*b + 9*B*a))/4$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int x^{10}(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx \\ = \frac{x^{11}(352716b^{11}x^{11} + 4064632a b^{10}x^{10} + 21339318a^2b^9x^9 + 67387320a^3b^8x^8 + 142262120a^4b^7x^7 + 210882$$

input `int(x^10*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x)`

output

```
(x**11*(705432*a**11 + 7113106*a**10*b*x + 32829720*a**9*b**2*x**2 + 91454
220*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 170714544*a**7*b**4*x**4 + 224062839*a**6*b**5*x**5 +
 210882672*a**5*b**6*x**6 + 142262120*a**4*b**7*x**7 + 67387320*a**3*b**8*
x**8 + 21339318*a**2*b**9*x**9 + 4064632*a*b**10*x**10 + 352716*b**11*x**1
1))/7759752
```


3.107 $\int x^9(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	757
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	764

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 231

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^9(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{10}a^{10}Ax^{10} + \frac{1}{11}a^9(10Ab + aB)x^{11} \\ & + \frac{5}{12}a^8b(9Ab + 2aB)x^{12} + \frac{15}{13}a^7b^2(8Ab + 3aB)x^{13} \\ & + \frac{15}{7}a^6b^3(7Ab + 4aB)x^{14} + \frac{14}{5}a^5b^4(6Ab + 5aB)x^{15} \\ & + \frac{21}{8}a^4b^5(5Ab + 6aB)x^{16} + \frac{30}{17}a^3b^6(4Ab + 7aB)x^{17} \\ & + \frac{5}{6}a^2b^7(3Ab + 8aB)x^{18} + \frac{5}{19}ab^8(2Ab + 9aB)x^{19} \\ & + \frac{1}{20}b^9(Ab + 10aB)x^{20} + \frac{1}{21}b^{10}Bx^{21} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/10*a^10*A*x^10+1/11*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)*x^11+5/12*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)*x^12+
15/13*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)*x^13+15/7*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)*x^14+14/5*a^5*
b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)*x^15+21/8*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)*x^16+30/17*a^3*b^6*(4*A*
b+7*B*a)*x^17+5/6*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)*x^18+5/19*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)*x^19
+1/20*b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)*x^20+1/21*b^10*B*x^21
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^9(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{10}a^{10}Ax^{10} + \frac{1}{11}a^9(10Ab+aB)x^{11} \\ & + \frac{5}{12}a^8b(9Ab+2aB)x^{12} + \frac{15}{13}a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)x^{13} \\ & + \frac{15}{7}a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)x^{14} + \frac{14}{5}a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)x^{15} \\ & + \frac{21}{8}a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)x^{16} + \frac{30}{17}a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)x^{17} \\ & + \frac{5}{6}a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)x^{18} + \frac{5}{19}ab^8(2Ab+9aB)x^{19} \\ & + \frac{1}{20}b^9(Ab+10aB)x^{20} + \frac{1}{21}b^{10}Bx^{21} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^9*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

```
(a^10*A*x^10)/10 + (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B)*x^11)/11 + (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B)*x^12)/12 + (15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^13)/13 + (15*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^14)/7 + (14*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^15)/5 + (21*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B)*x^16)/8 + (30*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*x^17)/17 + (5*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*x^18)/6 + (5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x^19)/19 + (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*x^20)/20 + (b^10*B*x^21)/21
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^9(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int (a^{10}Ax^9 + a^9x^{10}(aB + 10Ab) + 5a^8bx^{11}(2aB + 9Ab) + 15a^7b^2x^{12}(3aB + 8Ab) + 30a^6b^3x^{13}(4aB + 7Ab) + 40a^5b^4x^{14}(5aB + 6Ab) + 35a^4b^5x^{15}(6aB + 5Ab) + 21a^4b^5x^{16}(6aB + 5Ab) + \frac{30}{17}a^3b^6x^{17}(7aB + 4Ab) + \frac{5}{6}a^2b^7x^{18}(8aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{20}b^9x^{20}(10aB + Ab) + \frac{5}{19}ab^8x^{19}(9aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{21}b^{10}Bx^{21}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{10}a^{10}Ax^{10} + \frac{1}{11}a^9x^{11}(aB + 10Ab) + \frac{5}{12}a^8bx^{12}(2aB + 9Ab) + \frac{15}{13}a^7b^2x^{13}(3aB + 8Ab) + \frac{15}{7}a^6b^3x^{14}(4aB + 7Ab) + \frac{14}{5}a^5b^4x^{15}(5aB + 6Ab) + \frac{21}{8}a^4b^5x^{16}(6aB + 5Ab) + \frac{30}{17}a^3b^6x^{17}(7aB + 4Ab) + \frac{5}{6}a^2b^7x^{18}(8aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{20}b^9x^{20}(10aB + Ab) + \frac{5}{19}ab^8x^{19}(9aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{21}b^{10}Bx^{21}$$

input `Int[x^9*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x), x]`

output `(a^10*A*x^10)/10 + (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B)*x^11)/11 + (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B)*x^12)/12 + (15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^13)/13 + (15*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^14)/7 + (14*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^15)/5 + (21*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B)*x^16)/8 + (30*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*x^17)/17 + (5*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*x^18)/6 + (5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x^19)/19 + (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*x^20)/20 + (b^10*B*x^21)/21`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
norman	$\frac{a^{10}Ax^{10}}{10} + \left(\frac{10}{11}a^9bA + \frac{1}{11}a^{10}B\right)x^{11} + \left(\frac{15}{4}a^8b^2A + \frac{5}{6}a^9bB\right)x^{12} + \left(\frac{120}{13}a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{13}a^8b^2B\right)x^{13} +$
default	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^{21}}{21} + \frac{(b^{10}A+10ab^9B)x^{20}}{20} + \frac{(10ab^9A+45a^2b^8B)x^{19}}{19} + \frac{(45a^2b^8A+120a^3b^7B)x^{18}}{18} + \frac{(120a^3b^7A+210a^4b^6B)x^{17}}{17} +$
orering	$x^{10}(1847560Bb^{10}x^{11}+1939938Ab^{10}x^{10}+19399380Ba^9b^9x^9+20420400aAb^9x^9+91891800Ba^2b^8x^9+96996900a^2Ab^8x^8+193993800a^3b^7x^8+1939938000a^4b^6x^7+19399380000a^5b^5x^6+193993800000a^6b^4x^5+1939938000000a^7b^3x^4+19399380000000a^8b^2x^3+193993800000000a^9bx^2+1939938000000000a^{10}x)$
gosper	$\frac{1}{10}a^{10}Ax^{10} + \frac{10}{11}x^{11}a^9bA + \frac{1}{11}x^{11}a^{10}B + \frac{15}{4}x^{12}a^8b^2A + \frac{5}{6}x^{12}a^9bB + \frac{120}{13}x^{13}a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{13}x^{13}a^8b^2B$
risch	$\frac{1}{10}a^{10}Ax^{10} + \frac{10}{11}x^{11}a^9bA + \frac{1}{11}x^{11}a^{10}B + \frac{15}{4}x^{12}a^8b^2A + \frac{5}{6}x^{12}a^9bB + \frac{120}{13}x^{13}a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{13}x^{13}a^8b^2B$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{10}a^{10}Ax^{10} + \frac{10}{11}x^{11}a^9bA + \frac{1}{11}x^{11}a^{10}B + \frac{15}{4}x^{12}a^8b^2A + \frac{5}{6}x^{12}a^9bB + \frac{120}{13}x^{13}a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{13}x^{13}a^8b^2B$

input `int(x^9*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{1}{10}a^{10}Ax^{10} + \frac{10}{11}x^{11}a^9bA + \frac{1}{11}x^{11}a^{10}B + \frac{15}{4}x^{12}a^8b^2A + \frac{5}{6}x^{12}a^9bB + \frac{120}{13}x^{13}a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{13}x^{13}a^8b^2B + \frac{120}{17}x^{14}a^6b^4A + \frac{60}{7}x^{14}a^7b^3B + \frac{84}{5}x^{15}a^5b^5A + 14x^{15}a^6b^4B + \frac{105}{8}x^{16}a^4b^6A + \frac{63}{4}x^{16}a^5b^5B + \frac{120}{17}x^{17}a^3b^7A + \frac{210}{17}x^{17}a^4b^6B + \frac{5}{2}x^{18}a^2b^8A + \frac{20}{3}x^{18}a^3b^7B + \frac{10}{19}x^{19}a^1b^9A + \frac{45}{19}x^{19}a^2b^8B + \frac{1}{20}x^{20}b^{10}A + \frac{1}{2}x^{20}a^1b^9B + \frac{1}{21}x^{21}b^{10}B$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^9(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{21} Bb^{10}x^{21} + \frac{1}{10} Aa^{10}x^{10} + \frac{1}{20} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{20} \\
& + \frac{5}{19} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^{19} + \frac{5}{6} (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^{18} \\
& + \frac{30}{17} (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^{17} \\
& + \frac{21}{8} (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^{16} \\
& + \frac{14}{5} (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^{15} \\
& + \frac{15}{7} (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^{14} \\
& + \frac{15}{13} (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^{13} \\
& + \frac{5}{12} (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^{12} + \frac{1}{11} (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x^{11}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^9*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/21*B*b^10*x^21 + 1/10*A*a^10*x^10 + 1/20*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^20 + 5/19*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^19 + 5/6*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^18 + 30/17*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^17 + 21/8*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^16 + 14/5*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^15 + 15/7*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^14 + 15/13*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^13 + 5/12*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^12 + 1/11*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^11`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int x^9(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Aa^{10}x^{10}}{10} + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{21}}{21} + x^{20} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{20} + \frac{Bab^9}{2} \right) + x^{19} \cdot \left(\frac{10Aab^9}{19} + \frac{45Ba^2b^8}{19} \right) + x^{18} \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^2b^8}{2} + \frac{20Ba^3b^7}{3} \right) + x^{17} \cdot \left(\frac{120Aa^3b^7}{17} + \frac{210Ba^4b^6}{17} \right) + x^{16} \cdot \left(\frac{105Aa^4b^6}{8} + \frac{63Ba^5b^5}{4} \right) + x^{15} \cdot \left(\frac{84Aa^5b^5}{5} + 14Ba^6b^4 \right) + x^{14} \cdot \left(15Aa^6b^4 + \frac{60Ba^7b^3}{7} \right) + x^{13} \cdot \left(\frac{120Aa^7b^3}{13} + \frac{45Ba^8b^2}{13} \right) + x^{12} \cdot \left(\frac{15Aa^8b^2}{4} + \frac{5Ba^9b}{6} \right) + x^{11} \cdot \left(\frac{10Aa^9b}{11} + \frac{Ba^{10}}{11} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**9*(b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A),x)`output `A*a**10*x**10/10 + B*b**10*x**21/21 + x**20*(A*b**10/20 + B*a*b**9/2) + x**19*(10*A*a*b**9/19 + 45*B*a**2*b**8/19) + x**18*(5*A*a**2*b**8/2 + 20*B*a**3*b**7/3) + x**17*(120*A*a**3*b**7/17 + 210*B*a**4*b**6/17) + x**16*(105*A*a**4*b**6/8 + 63*B*a**5*b**5/4) + x**15*(84*A*a**5*b**5/5 + 14*B*a**6*b**4) + x**14*(15*A*a**6*b**4 + 60*B*a**7*b**3/7) + x**13*(120*A*a**7*b**3/13 + 45*B*a**8*b**2/13) + x**12*(15*A*a**8*b**2/4 + 5*B*a**9*b/6) + x**11*(10*A*a**9*b/11 + B*a**10/11)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^9(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{21} Bb^{10}x^{21} + \frac{1}{10} Aa^{10}x^{10} + \frac{1}{20} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{20} \\
& + \frac{5}{19} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^{19} + \frac{5}{6} (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^{18} \\
& + \frac{30}{17} (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^{17} \\
& + \frac{21}{8} (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^{16} \\
& + \frac{14}{5} (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^{15} \\
& + \frac{15}{7} (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^{14} \\
& + \frac{15}{13} (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^{13} \\
& + \frac{5}{12} (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^{12} + \frac{1}{11} (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x^{11}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^9*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/21*B*b^10*x^21 + 1/10*A*a^10*x^10 + 1/20*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^20 + 5/19*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^19 + 5/6*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^18 + 30/17*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^17 + 21/8*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^16 + 14/5*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^15 + 15/7*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^14 + 15/13*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^13 + 5/12*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^12 + 1/11*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^11`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^9(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{21} Bb^{10}x^{21} + \frac{1}{2} Bab^9x^{20} + \frac{1}{20} Ab^{10}x^{20} + \frac{45}{19} Ba^2b^8x^{19} \\ + \frac{10}{19} Aab^9x^{19} + \frac{20}{3} Ba^3b^7x^{18} + \frac{5}{2} Aa^2b^8x^{18} + \frac{210}{17} Ba^4b^6x^{17} \\ + \frac{120}{17} Aa^3b^7x^{17} + \frac{63}{4} Ba^5b^5x^{16} + \frac{105}{8} Aa^4b^6x^{16} \\ + 14 Ba^6b^4x^{15} + \frac{84}{5} Aa^5b^5x^{15} + \frac{60}{7} Ba^7b^3x^{14} \\ + 15 Aa^6b^4x^{14} + \frac{45}{13} Ba^8b^2x^{13} + \frac{120}{13} Aa^7b^3x^{13} + \frac{5}{6} Ba^9bx^{12} \\ + \frac{15}{4} Aa^8b^2x^{12} + \frac{1}{11} Ba^{10}x^{11} + \frac{10}{11} Aa^9bx^{11} + \frac{1}{10} Aa^{10}x^{10}$$

input `integrate(x^9*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/21*B*b^10*x^21 + 1/2*B*a*b^9*x^20 + 1/20*A*b^10*x^20 + 45/19*B*a^2*b^8*x^19 + 10/19*A*a*b^9*x^19 + 20/3*B*a^3*b^7*x^18 + 5/2*A*a^2*b^8*x^18 + 210/17*B*a^4*b^6*x^17 + 120/17*A*a^3*b^7*x^17 + 63/4*B*a^5*b^5*x^16 + 105/8*A*a^4*b^6*x^16 + 14*B*a^6*b^4*x^15 + 84/5*A*a^5*b^5*x^15 + 60/7*B*a^7*b^3*x^14 + 15*A*a^6*b^4*x^14 + 45/13*B*a^8*b^2*x^13 + 120/13*A*a^7*b^3*x^13 + 5/6*B*a^9*b*x^12 + 15/4*A*a^8*b^2*x^12 + 1/11*B*a^10*x^11 + 10/11*A*a^9*b*x^11 + 1/10*A*a^10*x^10
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^9(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = x^{11} \left(\frac{B a^{10}}{11} + \frac{10 A b a^9}{11} \right) + x^{20} \left(\frac{A b^{10}}{20} + \frac{B a b^9}{2} \right) \\ + \frac{A a^{10} x^{10}}{10} + \frac{B b^{10} x^{21}}{21} + \frac{15 a^7 b^2 x^{13} (8 A b + 3 B a)}{13} \\ + \frac{15 a^6 b^3 x^{14} (7 A b + 4 B a)}{7} \\ + \frac{14 a^5 b^4 x^{15} (6 A b + 5 B a)}{5} + \frac{21 a^4 b^5 x^{16} (5 A b + 6 B a)}{8} \\ + \frac{30 a^3 b^6 x^{17} (4 A b + 7 B a)}{17} + \frac{5 a^2 b^7 x^{18} (3 A b + 8 B a)}{6} \\ + \frac{5 a^8 b x^{12} (9 A b + 2 B a)}{12} + \frac{5 a b^8 x^{19} (2 A b + 9 B a)}{19}$$

input `int(x^9*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10,x)`output `x^11*((B*a^10)/11 + (10*A*a^9*b)/11) + x^20*((A*b^10)/20 + (B*a*b^9)/2) + (A*a^10*x^10)/10 + (B*b^10*x^21)/21 + (15*a^7*b^2*x^13*(8*A*b + 3*B*a))/13 + (15*a^6*b^3*x^14*(7*A*b + 4*B*a))/7 + (14*a^5*b^4*x^15*(6*A*b + 5*B*a))/5 + (21*a^4*b^5*x^16*(5*A*b + 6*B*a))/8 + (30*a^3*b^6*x^17*(4*A*b + 7*B*a))/17 + (5*a^2*b^7*x^18*(3*A*b + 8*B*a))/6 + (5*a^8*b*x^12*(9*A*b + 2*B*a))/12 + (5*a*b^8*x^19*(2*A*b + 9*B*a))/19`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int x^9(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx \\ = \frac{x^{10}(167960b^{11}x^{11} + 1939938ab^{10}x^{10} + 10210200a^2b^9x^9 + 32332300a^3b^8x^8 + 68468400a^4b^7x^7 + 101846700a^5b^6x^6 + 101846700a^6b^5x^5 + 101846700a^7b^4x^4 + 101846700a^8b^3x^3 + 101846700a^9b^2x^2 + 101846700a^{10}bx + 101846700a^{11})}{11}$$

input `int(x^9*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x)`

output

```
(x**10*(352716*a**11 + 3527160*a**10*b*x + 16166150*a**9*b**2*x**2 + 44767800*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 83140200*a**7*b**4*x**4 + 108636528*a**6*b**5*x**5 + 101846745*a**5*b**6*x**6 + 68468400*a**4*b**7*x**7 + 32332300*a**3*b**8*x**8 + 10210200*a**2*b**9*x**9 + 1939938*a*b**10*x**10 + 167960*b**11*x**11)/3527160
```

3.108 $\int x^8(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	766
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int x^8(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{a^8(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{11}}{11b^{10}} - \frac{a^7(8Ab - 9aB)(a + bx)^{12}}{12b^{10}} + \frac{4a^6(7Ab - 9aB)(a + bx)^{13}}{13b^{10}} - \frac{2a^5(2Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^{14}}{b^{10}} + \frac{14a^4(5Ab - 9aB)(a + bx)^{15}}{15b^{10}} - \frac{7a^3(4Ab - 9aB)(a + bx)^{16}}{8b^{10}} + \frac{28a^2(Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^{17}}{17b^{10}} - \frac{2a(2Ab - 9aB)(a + bx)^{18}}{9b^{10}} + \frac{(Ab - 9aB)(a + bx)^{19}}{19b^{10}} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{20}}{20b^{10}}$$

output

```
1/11*a^8*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/b^10-1/12*a^7*(8*A*b-9*B*a)*(b*x+a)^12/b^10+
4/13*a^6*(7*A*b-9*B*a)*(b*x+a)^13/b^10-2*a^5*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^14/b^10
+14/15*a^4*(5*A*b-9*B*a)*(b*x+a)^15/b^10-7/8*a^3*(4*A*b-9*B*a)*(b*x+a)^16/
b^10+28/17*a^2*(A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^17/b^10-2/9*a*(2*A*b-9*B*a)*(b*x+a)^18/
b^10+1/19*(A*b-9*B*a)*(b*x+a)^19/b^10+1/20*B*(b*x+a)^20/b^10
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^8(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{9}a^{10}Ax^9 + \frac{1}{10}a^9(10Ab+aB)x^{10} \\ & + \frac{5}{11}a^8b(9Ab+2aB)x^{11} + \frac{5}{4}a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)x^{12} \\ & + \frac{30}{13}a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)x^{13} + 3a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)x^{14} \\ & + \frac{14}{5}a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)x^{15} + \frac{15}{8}a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)x^{16} \\ & + \frac{15}{17}a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)x^{17} + \frac{5}{18}ab^8(2Ab+9aB)x^{18} \\ & + \frac{1}{19}b^9(Ab+10aB)x^{19} + \frac{1}{20}b^{10}Bx^{20} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^8*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

```
(a^10*A*x^9)/9 + (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B)*x^10)/10 + (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B)*x^11)/11 + (5*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^12)/4 + (30*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^13)/13 + 3*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^14 + (14*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B)*x^15)/5 + (15*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*x^16)/8 + (15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*x^17)/17 + (5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x^18)/18 + (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*x^19)/19 + (b^10*B*x^20)/20
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^8(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^8(a+bx)^{10}(aB-Ab)}{b^9} + \frac{a^7(a+bx)^{11}(9aB-8Ab)}{b^9} - \frac{4a^6(a+bx)^{12}(9aB-7Ab)}{b^9} + \frac{28a^5(a+bx)^{13}(3aB}{b^9} \right.$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^8(a+bx)^{11}(Ab-aB)}{11b^{10}} - \frac{a^7(a+bx)^{12}(8Ab-9aB)}{12b^{10}} + \frac{4a^6(a+bx)^{13}(7Ab-9aB)}{13b^{10}} - \frac{2a^5(a+bx)^{14}(2Ab-3aB)}{14b^{10}} + \frac{14a^4(a+bx)^{15}(5Ab-9aB)}{15b^{10}} - \frac{7a^3(a+bx)^{16}(4Ab-9aB)}{16b^{10}} + \frac{28a^2(a+bx)^{17}(Ab-3aB)}{17b^{10}} + \frac{(a+bx)^{19}(Ab-9aB)}{19b^{10}} - \frac{2a(a+bx)^{18}(2Ab-9aB)}{9b^{10}} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{20}}{20b^{10}}$$

input `Int[x^8*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x),x]`

output

```
(a^8*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^11)/(11*b^10) - (a^7*(8*A*b - 9*a*B)*(a + b*x)^12)/(12*b^10) + (4*a^6*(7*A*b - 9*a*B)*(a + b*x)^13)/(13*b^10) - (2*a^5*(2*A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^14)/b^10 + (14*a^4*(5*A*b - 9*a*B)*(a + b*x)^15)/(15*b^10) - (7*a^3*(4*A*b - 9*a*B)*(a + b*x)^16)/(8*b^10) + (28*a^2*(A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^17)/(17*b^10) - (2*a*(2*A*b - 9*a*B)*(a + b*x)^18)/(9*b^10) + ((A*b - 9*a*B)*(a + b*x)^19)/(19*b^10) + (B*(a + b*x)^20)/(20*b^10)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
norman	$\frac{a^{10}Ax^9}{9} + (a^9bA + \frac{1}{10}a^{10}B)x^{10} + (\frac{45}{11}a^8b^2A + \frac{10}{11}a^9bB)x^{11} + (10a^7b^3A + \frac{15}{4}a^8b^2B)x^{12} + (\frac{210}{13}a^6b^4A + \frac{120}{13}a^7b^3B)x^{13} + (18Aa^5b^5 + 15Ba^6b^4)x^{14} + (14a^4b^6A + 84/5a^5b^5B)x^{15} + (15/2a^3b^7A + 105/8a^4b^6B)x^{16} + (45/17a^2b^8A + 120/17a^3b^7B)x^{17} + (5/9a^2b^9A + 5/2a^2b^8B)x^{18} + (1/19ab^{10}A + 10/19a^2b^9B)x^{19} + 1/20b^{10}Bx^{20}$
default	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^{20}}{20} + \frac{(b^{10}A+10ab^9B)x^{19}}{19} + \frac{(10ab^9A+45a^2b^8B)x^{18}}{18} + \frac{(45a^2b^8A+120a^3b^7B)x^{17}}{17} + \frac{(120a^3b^7A+210a^4b^6B)x^{16}}{16}$
orering	$x^9(831402Bb^{10}x^{11}+875160Ab^{10}x^{10}+8751600Bab^9x^{10}+9237800aAb^9x^9+41570100Ba^2b^8x^9+44015400a^2Ab^8x^8+11737000a^3b^7x^8+11737000a^4b^6x^7+11737000a^5b^5x^6+11737000a^6b^4x^5+11737000a^7b^3x^4+11737000a^8b^2x^3+11737000a^9bx^2+11737000a^{10}x)$
gosper	$\frac{1}{9}a^{10}Ax^9 + x^{10}a^9bA + \frac{1}{10}x^{10}a^{10}B + \frac{45}{11}x^{11}a^8b^2A + \frac{10}{11}x^{11}a^9bB + 10x^{12}a^7b^3A + \frac{15}{4}x^{12}a^8b^2B$
risch	$\frac{1}{9}a^{10}Ax^9 + x^{10}a^9bA + \frac{1}{10}x^{10}a^{10}B + \frac{45}{11}x^{11}a^8b^2A + \frac{10}{11}x^{11}a^9bB + 10x^{12}a^7b^3A + \frac{15}{4}x^{12}a^8b^2B$
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{9}a^{10}Ax^9 + x^{10}a^9bA + \frac{1}{10}x^{10}a^{10}B + \frac{45}{11}x^{11}a^8b^2A + \frac{10}{11}x^{11}a^9bB + 10x^{12}a^7b^3A + \frac{15}{4}x^{12}a^8b^2B$

input `int(x^8*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $1/9*a^{10}*A*x^9+(a^9*b*A+1/10*a^{10}*B)*x^{10}+(45/11*a^8*b^2*A+10/11*a^9*b*B)*x^{11}+(10*a^7*b^3*A+15/4*a^8*b^2*B)*x^{12}+(210/13*a^6*b^4*A+120/13*a^7*b^3*B)*x^{13}+(18*A*a^5*b^5+15*B*a^6*b^4)*x^{14}+(14*a^4*b^6*A+84/5*a^5*b^5*B)*x^{15}+(15/2*a^3*b^7*A+105/8*a^4*b^6*B)*x^{16}+(45/17*a^2*b^8*A+120/17*a^3*b^7*B)*x^{17}+(5/9*a^2*b^9*A+5/2*a^2*b^8*B)*x^{18}+(1/19*b^{10}*A+10/19*a*b^9*B)*x^{19}+1/20*b^{10}*B*x^{20}$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^8(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)dx = \frac{1}{20}Bb^{10}x^{20} + \frac{1}{9}Aa^{10}x^9 + \frac{1}{19}(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{19} + \frac{5}{18}(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^{18} + \frac{15}{17}(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^{17} + \frac{15}{8}(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^{16} + \frac{14}{5}(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^{15} + 3(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^{14} + \frac{30}{13}(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^{13} + \frac{5}{4}(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^{12} + \frac{5}{11}(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^{11} + \frac{1}{10}(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x^{10}$$

input `integrate(x^8*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/20*B*b^{10}*x^{20} + 1/9*A*a^{10}*x^9 + 1/19*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^{10})*x^{19} + 5/18 \\ & *(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^{18} + 15/17*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^{17} + \\ & 15/8*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^{16} + 14/5*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)* \\ & x^{15} + 3*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^{14} + 30/13*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4) \\ & *x^{13} + 5/4*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^{12} + 5/11*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2) \\ & *x^{11} + 1/10*(B*a^{10} + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^{10} \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^8(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx &= \frac{Aa^{10}x^9}{9} + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{20}}{20} + x^{19} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{19} + \frac{10Bab^9}{19} \right) + x^{18} \\ &\cdot \left(\frac{5Aab^9}{9} + \frac{5Ba^2b^8}{2} \right) + x^{17} \cdot \left(\frac{45Aa^2b^8}{17} + \frac{120Ba^3b^7}{17} \right) \\ &+ x^{16} \cdot \left(\frac{15Aa^3b^7}{2} + \frac{105Ba^4b^6}{8} \right) + x^{15} \\ &\cdot \left(\frac{14Aa^4b^6}{5} + \frac{84Ba^5b^5}{5} \right) + x^{14} \cdot (18Aa^5b^5 + 15Ba^6b^4) + x^{13} \\ &\cdot \left(\frac{210Aa^6b^4}{13} + \frac{120Ba^7b^3}{13} \right) + x^{12} \cdot \left(10Aa^7b^3 + \frac{15Ba^8b^2}{4} \right) \\ &+ x^{11} \cdot \left(\frac{45Aa^8b^2}{11} + \frac{10Ba^9b}{11} \right) + x^{10} \left(Aa^9b + \frac{Ba^{10}}{10} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x**8*(b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & A*a^{10}*x^{9}/9 + B*b^{10}*x^{20}/20 + x^{19}*(A*b^{10}/19 + 10*B*a*b^{9}/19) + \\ & x^{18}*(5*A*a*b^{9}/9 + 5*B*a^{2}*b^{8}/2) + x^{17}*(45*A*a^{2}*b^{8}/17 + 120*B* \\ & a^{3}*b^{7}/17) + x^{16}*(15*A*a^{3}*b^{7}/2 + 105*B*a^{4}*b^{6}/8) + x^{15}*(14*A \\ & a^{4}*b^{6} + 84*B*a^{5}*b^{5}/5) + x^{14}*(18*A*a^{5}*b^{5} + 15*B*a^{6}*b^{4}) + \\ & x^{13}*(210*A*a^{6}*b^{4}/13 + 120*B*a^{7}*b^{3}/13) + x^{12}*(10*A*a^{7}*b^{3} + \\ & 15*B*a^{8}*b^{2}/4) + x^{11}*(45*A*a^{8}*b^{2}/11 + 10*B*a^{9}*b/11) + x^{10}*(A \\ & a^{9}*b + B*a^{10}/10) \end{aligned}$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^8(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{20} Bb^{10}x^{20} + \frac{1}{9} Aa^{10}x^9 + \frac{1}{19} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{19} \\ + \frac{5}{18} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^{18} + \frac{15}{17} (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^{17} \\ + \frac{15}{8} (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^{16} \\ + \frac{14}{5} (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^{15} + 3 (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^{14} \\ + \frac{30}{13} (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^{13} + \frac{5}{4} (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^{12} \\ + \frac{5}{11} (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^{11} + \frac{1}{10} (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x^{10}$$

input `integrate(x^8*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/20*B*b^10*x^20 + 1/9*A*a^10*x^9 + 1/19*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^19 + 5/18
*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^18 + 15/17*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^17 +
15/8*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^16 + 14/5*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*
x^15 + 3*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^14 + 30/13*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b
^4)*x^13 + 5/4*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^12 + 5/11*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^
8*b^2)*x^11 + 1/10*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^10`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^8(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{20} Bb^{10}x^{20} + \frac{10}{19} Bab^9x^{19} + \frac{1}{19} Ab^{10}x^{19} \\
& + \frac{5}{2} Ba^2b^8x^{18} + \frac{5}{9} Aab^9x^{18} + \frac{120}{17} Ba^3b^7x^{17} \\
& + \frac{45}{17} Aa^2b^8x^{17} + \frac{105}{8} Ba^4b^6x^{16} + \frac{15}{2} Aa^3b^7x^{16} \\
& + \frac{84}{5} Ba^5b^5x^{15} + 14 Aa^4b^6x^{15} + 15 Ba^6b^4x^{14} \\
& + 18 Aa^5b^5x^{14} + \frac{120}{13} Ba^7b^3x^{13} + \frac{210}{13} Aa^6b^4x^{13} \\
& + \frac{15}{4} Ba^8b^2x^{12} + 10 Aa^7b^3x^{12} + \frac{10}{11} Ba^9bx^{11} \\
& + \frac{45}{11} Aa^8b^2x^{11} + \frac{1}{10} Ba^{10}x^{10} + Aa^9bx^{10} + \frac{1}{9} Aa^{10}x^9
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^8*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/20*B*b^10*x^20 + 10/19*B*a*b^9*x^19 + 1/19*A*b^10*x^19 + 5/2*B*a^2*b^8*x^18 + 5/9*A*a*b^9*x^18 + 120/17*B*a^3*b^7*x^17 + 45/17*A*a^2*b^8*x^17 + 10/5/8*B*a^4*b^6*x^16 + 15/2*A*a^3*b^7*x^16 + 84/5*B*a^5*b^5*x^15 + 14*A*a^4*b^6*x^15 + 15*B*a^6*b^4*x^14 + 18*A*a^5*b^5*x^14 + 120/13*B*a^7*b^3*x^13 + 210/13*A*a^6*b^4*x^13 + 15/4*B*a^8*b^2*x^12 + 10*A*a^7*b^3*x^12 + 10/11*B*a^9*b*x^11 + 45/11*A*a^8*b^2*x^11 + 1/10*B*a^10*x^10 + A*a^9*b*x^10 + 1/9*A*a^10*x^9`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^8(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = x^{10} \left(\frac{B a^{10}}{10} + A b a^9 \right) + x^{19} \left(\frac{A b^{10}}{19} + \frac{10 B a b^9}{19} \right) \\ + \frac{A a^{10} x^9}{9} + \frac{B b^{10} x^{20}}{20} + \frac{5 a^7 b^2 x^{12} (8 A b + 3 B a)}{4} \\ + \frac{30 a^6 b^3 x^{13} (7 A b + 4 B a)}{13} \\ + 3 a^5 b^4 x^{14} (6 A b + 5 B a) + \frac{14 a^4 b^5 x^{15} (5 A b + 6 B a)}{5} \\ + \frac{15 a^3 b^6 x^{16} (4 A b + 7 B a)}{8} + \frac{15 a^2 b^7 x^{17} (3 A b + 8 B a)}{17} \\ + \frac{5 a^8 b x^{11} (9 A b + 2 B a)}{11} + \frac{5 a b^8 x^{18} (2 A b + 9 B a)}{18}$$

input `int(x^8*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10,x)`output `x^10*((B*a^10)/10 + A*a^9*b) + x^19*((A*b^10)/19 + (10*B*a*b^9)/19) + (A*a^10*x^9)/9 + (B*b^10*x^20)/20 + (5*a^7*b^2*x^12*(8*A*b + 3*B*a))/4 + (30*a^6*b^3*x^13*(7*A*b + 4*B*a))/13 + 3*a^5*b^4*x^14*(6*A*b + 5*B*a) + (14*a^4*b^5*x^15*(5*A*b + 6*B*a))/5 + (15*a^3*b^6*x^16*(4*A*b + 7*B*a))/8 + (15*a^2*b^7*x^17*(3*A*b + 8*B*a))/17 + (5*a^8*b*x^11*(9*A*b + 2*B*a))/11 + (5*a*b^8*x^18*(2*A*b + 9*B*a))/18`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int x^8(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx \\ = \frac{x^9(75582b^{11}x^{11} + 875160ab^{10}x^{10} + 4618900a^2b^9x^9 + 14671800a^3b^8x^8 + 31177575a^4b^7x^7 + 46558512a^5b^6x^6 + 46558512a^6b^5x^5 + 31177575a^7b^4x^4 + 14671800a^8b^3x^3 + 4618900a^9b^2x^2 + 875160a^{10}b x + 75582a^{11})}{11}$$

input `int(x^8*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x)`

output

```
(x**9*(167960*a**11 + 1662804*a**10*b*x + 7558200*a**9*b**2*x**2 + 2078505  
0*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 38372400*a**7*b**4*x**4 + 49884120*a**6*b**5*x**5 + 465  
58512*a**5*b**6*x**6 + 31177575*a**4*b**7*x**7 + 14671800*a**3*b**8*x**8 +  
4618900*a**2*b**9*x**9 + 875160*a*b**10*x**10 + 75582*b**11*x**11))/15116  
40
```

3.109 $\int x^7(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 215

$$\int x^7(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx = -\frac{a^7(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{11}}{11b^9} + \frac{a^6(7Ab - 8aB)(a + bx)^{12}}{12b^9} - \frac{7a^5(3Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)^{13}}{13b^9} + \frac{a^4(5Ab - 8aB)(a + bx)^{14}}{2b^9} - \frac{7a^3(Ab - 2aB)(a + bx)^{15}}{3b^9} + \frac{7a^2(3Ab - 8aB)(a + bx)^{16}}{16b^9} - \frac{7a(Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)^{17}}{17b^9} + \frac{(Ab - 8aB)(a + bx)^{18}}{18b^9} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{19}}{19b^9}$$

output

```
-1/11*a^7*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/b^9+1/12*a^6*(7*A*b-8*B*a)*(b*x+a)^12/b^9-7/13*a^5*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^13/b^9+1/2*a^4*(5*A*b-8*B*a)*(b*x+a)^14/b^9-7/3*a^3*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^15/b^9+7/16*a^2*(3*A*b-8*B*a)*(b*x+a)^16/b^9-7/17*a*(A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^17/b^9+1/18*(A*b-8*B*a)*(b*x+a)^18/b^9+1/19*B*(b*x+a)^19/b^9
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^7(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{8}a^{10}Ax^8 + \frac{1}{9}a^9(10Ab+aB)x^9 + \frac{1}{2}a^8b(9Ab+2aB)x^{10} + \frac{15}{11}a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)x^{11} + \frac{5}{2}a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)x^{12} + \frac{42}{13}a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)x^{13} + 3a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)x^{14} + 2a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)x^{15} + \frac{15}{16}a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)x^{16} + \frac{5}{17}ab^8(2Ab+9aB)x^{17} + \frac{1}{18}b^9(Ab+10aB)x^{18} + \frac{1}{19}b^{10}Bx^{19}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^7*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

```
(a^10*A*x^8)/8 + (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B)*x^9)/9 + (a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B)*x^10)/2 + (15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^11)/11 + (5*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^12)/2 + (42*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^13)/13 + 3*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B)*x^14 + 2*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*x^15 + (15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*x^16)/16 + (5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x^17)/17 + (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*x^18)/18 + (b^10*B*x^19)/19
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^7(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^7(a+bx)^{10}(aB-Ab)}{b^8} - \frac{a^6(a+bx)^{11}(8aB-7Ab)}{b^8} + \frac{7a^5(a+bx)^{12}(4aB-3Ab)}{b^8} - \frac{7a^4(a+bx)^{13}(8aB-7Ab)}{b^8} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{a^7(a+bx)^{11}(Ab-aB)}{11b^9} + \frac{a^6(a+bx)^{12}(7Ab-8aB)}{12b^9} - \frac{7a^5(a+bx)^{13}(3Ab-4aB)}{13b^9} + \\ & \frac{a^4(a+bx)^{14}(5Ab-8aB)}{2b^9} - \frac{7a^3(a+bx)^{15}(Ab-2aB)}{3b^9} + \frac{7a^2(a+bx)^{16}(3Ab-8aB)}{16b^9} + \\ & \frac{(a+bx)^{18}(Ab-8aB)}{18b^9} - \frac{7a(a+bx)^{17}(Ab-4aB)}{17b^9} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{19}}{19b^9} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^7*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/11*(a^7*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^11)/b^9 + (a^6*(7*A*b - 8*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{12})/(12*b^9) - (7*a^5*(3*A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{13})/(13*b^9) + (a^4*(5*A*b \\ & - 8*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{14})/(2*b^9) - (7*a^3*(A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{15})/(3*b^9) + (7*a^2*(3*A*b - 8*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{16})/(16*b^9) - (7*a*(A*b - 4*a*B)*(a \\ & + b*x)^{17})/(17*b^9) + ((A*b - 8*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{18})/(18*b^9) + (B*(a + b*x)^{19})/(19*b^9) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :`
`> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,`
`d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*`
`f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n`
`+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,`
`1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
norman	$\frac{a^{10}Ax^8}{8} + \left(\frac{10}{9}a^9bA + \frac{1}{9}a^{10}B\right)x^9 + \left(\frac{9}{2}a^8b^2A + a^9bB\right)x^{10} + \left(\frac{120}{11}a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{11}a^8b^2B\right)x^{11} + \left(\frac{35}{2}\right.$
default	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^{19}}{19} + \frac{(b^{10}A+10ab^9B)x^{18}}{18} + \frac{(10ab^9A+45a^2b^8B)x^{17}}{17} + \frac{(45a^2b^8A+120a^3b^7B)x^{16}}{16} + \frac{(120a^3b^7A+210a^4b^6B)x^{15}}{15}$
orering	$x^8(350064Bb^{10}x^{11}+369512Ab^{10}x^{10}+3695120Ba^9b^9x^{10}+3912480aA^9b^9x^9+17606160Ba^2b^8x^9+18706545a^2Ab^8x^8+49884$
gosper	$\frac{1}{8}a^{10}Ax^8 + \frac{10}{9}x^9a^9bA + \frac{1}{9}x^9a^{10}B + \frac{9}{2}x^{10}a^8b^2A + x^{10}a^9bB + \frac{120}{11}x^{11}a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{11}x^{11}a^8b^2B +$
risch	$\frac{1}{8}a^{10}Ax^8 + \frac{10}{9}x^9a^9bA + \frac{1}{9}x^9a^{10}B + \frac{9}{2}x^{10}a^8b^2A + x^{10}a^9bB + \frac{120}{11}x^{11}a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{11}x^{11}a^8b^2B +$
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{8}a^{10}Ax^8 + \frac{10}{9}x^9a^9bA + \frac{1}{9}x^9a^{10}B + \frac{9}{2}x^{10}a^8b^2A + x^{10}a^9bB + \frac{120}{11}x^{11}a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{11}x^{11}a^8b^2B +$

input `int(x^7*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/8*a^10*A*x^8+(10/9*a^9*b*A+1/9*a^10*B)*x^9+(9/2*a^8*b^2*A+a^9*b*B)*x^10+(120/11*a^7*b^3*A+45/11*a^8*b^2*B)*x^11+(35/2*a^6*b^4*A+10*a^7*b^3*B)*x^12+(252/13*a^5*b^5*A+210/13*a^6*b^4*B)*x^13+(15*A*a^4*b^6+18*B*a^5*b^5)*x^14+(8*A*a^3*b^7+14*B*a^4*b^6)*x^15+(45/16*a^2*b^8*A+15/2*a^3*b^7*B)*x^16+(10/17*a*b^9*A+45/17*a^2*b^8*B)*x^17+(1/18*b^10*A+5/9*a*b^9*B)*x^18+1/19*b^10*B*x^19`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^7(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)dx = \frac{1}{19}Bb^{10}x^{19} + \frac{1}{8}Aa^{10}x^8 + \frac{1}{18}(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{18} + \frac{5}{17}(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^{17} + \frac{15}{16}(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^{16} + 2(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^{15} + 3(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^{14} + \frac{42}{13}(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^{13} + \frac{5}{2}(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^{12} + \frac{15}{11}(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^{11} + \frac{1}{2}(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^{10} + \frac{1}{9}(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x^9$$

input `integrate(x^7*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/19*B*b^{10}*x^{19} + 1/8*A*a^{10}*x^8 + 1/18*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^{10})*x^{18} + 5/17 \\ & *(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^{17} + 15/16*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^{16} + \\ & 2*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^{15} + 3*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^{14} + \\ & 42/13*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^{13} + 5/2*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)* \\ & x^{12} + 15/11*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^{11} + 1/2*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b \\ & ^2)*x^{10} + 1/9*(B*a^{10} + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^9 \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^7(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & \frac{Aa^{10}x^8}{8} + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{19}}{19} + x^{18} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{18} + \frac{5Bab^9}{9} \right) + x^{17} \\ & \cdot \left(\frac{10Aab^9}{17} + \frac{45Ba^2b^8}{17} \right) + x^{16} \cdot \left(\frac{45Aa^2b^8}{16} + \frac{15Ba^3b^7}{2} \right) \\ & + x^{15} \cdot (8Aa^3b^7 + 14Ba^4b^6) + x^{14} \cdot (15Aa^4b^6 + 18Ba^5b^5) \\ & + x^{13} \cdot \left(\frac{252Aa^5b^5}{13} + \frac{210Ba^6b^4}{13} \right) + x^{12} \\ & \cdot \left(\frac{35Aa^6b^4}{2} + 10Ba^7b^3 \right) + x^{11} \cdot \left(\frac{120Aa^7b^3}{11} + \frac{45Ba^8b^2}{11} \right) \\ & + x^{10} \cdot \left(\frac{9Aa^8b^2}{2} + Ba^9b \right) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{10Aa^9b}{9} + \frac{Ba^{10}}{9} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x**7*(b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & A*a^{10}*x^{8}/8 + B*b^{10}*x^{19}/19 + x^{18}*(A*b^{10}/18 + 5*B*a*b^{9}/9) + x \\ & *17*(10*A*a*b^{9}/17 + 45*B*a^{2}*b^{8}/17) + x^{16}*(45*A*a^{2}*b^{8}/16 + 15*B \\ & *a^{3}*b^{7}/2) + x^{15}*(8*A*a^{3}*b^{7} + 14*B*a^{4}*b^{6}) + x^{14}*(15*A*a^{4}* \\ & b^{6} + 18*B*a^{5}*b^{5}) + x^{13}*(252*A*a^{5}*b^{5}/13 + 210*B*a^{6}*b^{4}/13) + \\ & x^{12}*(35*A*a^{6}*b^{4}/2 + 10*B*a^{7}*b^{3}) + x^{11}*(120*A*a^{7}*b^{3}/11 + 4 \\ & 5*B*a^{8}*b^{2}/11) + x^{10}*(9*A*a^{8}*b^{2}/2 + B*a^{9}*b) + x^{9}*(10*A*a^{9}*b \\ & /9 + B*a^{10}/9) \end{aligned}$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^7(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{19} Bb^{10}x^{19} + \frac{1}{8} Aa^{10}x^8 + \frac{1}{18} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{18} + \frac{5}{17} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^{17} + \frac{15}{16} (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^{16} + 2(7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^{15} + 3(6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^{14} + \frac{42}{13} (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^{13} + \frac{5}{2} (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^{12} + \frac{15}{11} (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^{11} + \frac{1}{2} (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x^9$$

input `integrate(x^7*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/19*B*b^10*x^19 + 1/8*A*a^10*x^8 + 1/18*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^18 + 5/17*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^17 + 15/16*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^16 + 2*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^15 + 3*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^14 + 42/13*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^13 + 5/2*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^12 + 15/11*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^11 + 1/2*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^10 + 1/9*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^9`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^7(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{19} Bb^{10}x^{19} + \frac{5}{9} Bab^9x^{18} + \frac{1}{18} Ab^{10}x^{18} + \frac{45}{17} Ba^2b^8x^{17} + \frac{10}{17} Aab^9x^{17} + \frac{15}{2} Ba^3b^7x^{16} + \frac{45}{16} Aa^2b^8x^{16} + 14 Ba^4b^6x^{15} + 8 Aa^3b^7x^{15} + 18 Ba^5b^5x^{14} + 15 Aa^4b^6x^{14} + \frac{210}{13} Ba^6b^4x^{13} + \frac{252}{13} Aa^5b^5x^{13} + 10 Ba^7b^3x^{12} + \frac{35}{2} Aa^6b^4x^{12} + \frac{45}{11} Ba^8b^2x^{11} + \frac{120}{11} Aa^7b^3x^{11} + Ba^9bx^{10} + \frac{9}{2} Aa^8b^2x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} Ba^{10}x^9 + \frac{10}{9} Aa^9bx^9 + \frac{1}{8} Aa^{10}x^8$$

input `integrate(x^7*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/19*B*b^{10}*x^{19} + 5/9*B*a*b^9*x^{18} + 1/18*A*b^{10}*x^{18} + 45/17*B*a^2*b^8*x^{17} \\ & + 10/17*A*a*b^9*x^{17} + 15/2*B*a^3*b^7*x^{16} + 45/16*A*a^2*b^8*x^{16} + 14*B*a^4*b^6*x^{15} \\ & + 8*A*a^3*b^7*x^{15} + 18*B*a^5*b^5*x^{14} + 15*A*a^4*b^6*x^{14} + 210/13*B*a^6*b^4*x^{13} \\ & + 252/13*A*a^5*b^5*x^{13} + 10*B*a^7*b^3*x^{12} + 35/2*A*a^6*b^4*x^{12} \\ & + 45/11*B*a^8*b^2*x^{11} + 120/11*A*a^7*b^3*x^{11} + B*a^9*b*x^{10} + 9/2*A*a^8*b^2*x^{10} \\ & + 1/9*B*a^{10}*x^9 + 10/9*A*a^9*b*x^9 + 1/8*A*a^{10}*x^8 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^7(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & x^9 \left(\frac{B a^{10}}{9} + \frac{10 A b a^9}{9} \right) + x^{18} \left(\frac{A b^{10}}{18} + \frac{5 B a b^9}{9} \right) \\ & + \frac{A a^{10} x^8}{8} + \frac{B b^{10} x^{19}}{19} + \frac{15 a^7 b^2 x^{11} (8 A b + 3 B a)}{11} \\ & + \frac{5 a^6 b^3 x^{12} (7 A b + 4 B a)}{2} + \frac{42 a^5 b^4 x^{13} (6 A b + 5 B a)}{13} \\ & + 3 a^4 b^5 x^{14} (5 A b + 6 B a) + 2 a^3 b^6 x^{15} (4 A b + 7 B a) \\ & + \frac{15 a^2 b^7 x^{16} (3 A b + 8 B a)}{16} \\ & + \frac{a^8 b x^{10} (9 A b + 2 B a)}{2} + \frac{5 a b^8 x^{17} (2 A b + 9 B a)}{17} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^7*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & x^9*((B*a^{10})/9 + (10*A*a^9*b)/9) + x^{18}*((A*b^{10})/18 + (5*B*a*b^9)/9) + (\\ & A*a^{10}*x^8)/8 + (B*b^{10}*x^{19})/19 + (15*a^7*b^2*x^{11}*(8*A*b + 3*B*a))/11 + \\ & (5*a^6*b^3*x^{12}*(7*A*b + 4*B*a))/2 + (42*a^5*b^4*x^{13}*(6*A*b + 5*B*a))/13 \\ & + 3*a^4*b^5*x^{14}*(5*A*b + 6*B*a) + 2*a^3*b^6*x^{15}*(4*A*b + 7*B*a) + (15*a^2 \\ & *b^7*x^{16}*(3*A*b + 8*B*a))/16 + (a^8*b*x^{10}*(9*A*b + 2*B*a))/2 + (5*a*b^8 \\ & *x^{17}*(2*A*b + 9*B*a))/17 \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int x^7(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^8(31824b^{11}x^{11} + 369512ab^{10}x^{10} + 1956240a^2b^9x^9 + 6235515a^3b^8x^8 + 13302432a^4b^7x^7 + 19953648a^5b^6x^6 + 19953648a^6b^5x^5 + 13302432a^7b^4x^4 + 6235515a^8b^3x^3 + 1956240a^9b^2x^2 + 369512a^{10}bx + 31824a^{11})}{604656}$$

input `int(x^7*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x)`output `(x**8*(75582*a**11 + 739024*a**10*b*x + 3325608*a**9*b**2*x**2 + 9069840*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 16628040*a**7*b**4*x**4 + 21488544*a**6*b**5*x**5 + 19953648*a**5*b**6*x**6 + 13302432*a**4*b**7*x**7 + 6235515*a**3*b**8*x**8 + 1956240*a**2*b**9*x**9 + 369512*a*b**10*x**10 + 31824*b**11*x**11))/604656`

3.110 $\int x^6(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	783
Mathematica [A] (verified)	784
Rubi [A] (verified)	784
Maple [A] (verified)	786
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	786
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	787
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	788
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	788
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	789
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	790

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int x^6(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{a^6(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{11}}{11b^8} - \frac{a^5(6Ab - 7aB)(a + bx)^{12}}{12b^8} + \frac{3a^4(5Ab - 7aB)(a + bx)^{13}}{13b^8} - \frac{5a^3(4Ab - 7aB)(a + bx)^{14}}{14b^8} + \frac{a^2(3Ab - 7aB)(a + bx)^{15}}{3b^8} - \frac{3a(2Ab - 7aB)(a + bx)^{16}}{16b^8} + \frac{(Ab - 7aB)(a + bx)^{17}}{17b^8} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{18}}{18b^8}$$

output

```
1/11*a^6*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/b^8-1/12*a^5*(6*A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^12/b^8+3/13*a^4*(5*A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^13/b^8-5/14*a^3*(4*A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^14/b^8+1/3*a^2*(3*A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^15/b^8-3/16*a*(2*A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^16/b^8+1/17*(A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^17/b^8+1/18*B*(b*x+a)^18/b^8
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^6(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{7}a^{10}Ax^7 + \frac{1}{8}a^9(10Ab+aB)x^8 \\ & + \frac{5}{9}a^8b(9Ab+2aB)x^9 + \frac{3}{2}a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)x^{10} \\ & + \frac{30}{11}a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)x^{11} + \frac{7}{2}a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)x^{12} \\ & + \frac{42}{13}a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)x^{13} + \frac{15}{7}a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)x^{14} \\ & + a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)x^{15} + \frac{5}{16}ab^8(2Ab+9aB)x^{16} \\ & + \frac{1}{17}b^9(Ab+10aB)x^{17} + \frac{1}{18}b^{10}Bx^{18} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^6*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

```
(a^10*A*x^7)/7 + (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B)*x^8)/8 + (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B)*x^9)/9 + (3*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^10)/2 + (30*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^11)/11 + (7*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^12)/2 + (42*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B)*x^13)/13 + (15*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*x^14)/7 + a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*x^15 + (5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x^16)/16 + (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*x^17)/17 + (b^10*B*x^18)/18
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^6(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^6(a+bx)^{10}(aB-Ab)}{b^7} + \frac{a^5(a+bx)^{11}(7aB-6Ab)}{b^7} - \frac{3a^4(a+bx)^{12}(7aB-5Ab)}{b^7} + \frac{5a^3(a+bx)^{13}(7aB-4aB)}{b^7} - \frac{3a^2(a+bx)^{14}(7aB-3Ab)}{b^7} + \frac{a(a+bx)^{15}(7aB-2Ab)}{b^7} - \frac{(a+bx)^{16}(7aB-Ab)}{b^7} + \frac{(a+bx)^{17}(7aB)}{b^7} - \frac{(a+bx)^{18}(7aB)}{b^7} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^6(a+bx)^{11}(Ab-aB)}{11b^8} - \frac{a^5(a+bx)^{12}(6Ab-7aB)}{12b^8} + \frac{3a^4(a+bx)^{13}(5Ab-7aB)}{13b^8} - \frac{5a^3(a+bx)^{14}(4Ab-7aB)}{14b^8} + \frac{a^2(a+bx)^{15}(3Ab-7aB)}{3b^8} + \frac{(a+bx)^{17}(Ab-7aB)}{17b^8} - \frac{3a(a+bx)^{16}(2Ab-7aB)}{16b^8} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{18}}{18b^8}$$

input `Int[x^6*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(a^6*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^11)/(11*b^8) - (a^5*(6*A*b - 7*a*B)*(a + b*x)^12)/(12*b^8) + (3*a^4*(5*A*b - 7*a*B)*(a + b*x)^13)/(13*b^8) - (5*a^3*(4*A*b - 7*a*B)*(a + b*x)^14)/(14*b^8) + (a^2*(3*A*b - 7*a*B)*(a + b*x)^15)/(3*b^8) - (3*a*(2*A*b - 7*a*B)*(a + b*x)^16)/(16*b^8) + ((A*b - 7*a*B)*(a + b*x)^17)/(17*b^8) + (B*(a + b*x)^18)/(18*b^8)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
norman	$\frac{a^{10}Ax^7}{7} + \left(\frac{5}{4}a^9bA + \frac{1}{8}a^{10}B\right)x^8 + \left(5a^8b^2A + \frac{10}{9}a^9bB\right)x^9 + \left(12a^7b^3A + \frac{9}{2}a^8b^2B\right)x^{10} + \left(\frac{210}{11}a^6b^4A + \frac{120}{11}a^7b^3B\right)x^{11} + \left(\frac{210}{13}a^5b^5A + \frac{30}{11}a^6b^4B\right)x^{12} + \left(\frac{60}{7}a^4b^6A + \frac{15}{7}a^5b^5B\right)x^{13} + \left(\frac{3}{7}a^3b^7A + \frac{8}{7}a^4b^6B\right)x^{14} + \left(\frac{5}{8}a^2b^8A + \frac{45}{16}a^3b^7B\right)x^{15} + \left(\frac{1}{17}a^{10}A + \frac{10}{17}a^9bB\right)x^{16} + \left(\frac{1}{18}a^{10}A + \frac{10}{18}a^9bB\right)x^{17} + \frac{1}{18}a^{10}Ax^7$
default	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^{18}}{18} + \frac{(b^{10}A+10ab^9B)x^{17}}{17} + \frac{(10ab^9A+45a^2b^8B)x^{16}}{16} + \frac{(45a^2b^8A+120a^3b^7B)x^{15}}{15} + \frac{(120a^3b^7A+210a^4b^6B)x^{14}}{14} + \frac{(210a^4b^6A+35a^5b^5B)x^{13}}{13} + \frac{(35a^5b^5A+60a^6b^4B)x^{12}}{12} + \frac{(60a^6b^4A+15a^7b^3B)x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(15a^7b^3A+8a^8b^2B)x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(8a^8b^2A+5a^9bB)x^9}{9} + \frac{(5a^9bBA+10a^{10}A)x^8}{8} + \frac{1}{7}a^{10}Ax^7$
orering	$x^7(136136Bb^{10}x^{11}+144144Ab^{10}x^{10}+1441440Ba^9b^9x^{10}+1531530aAb^9x^9+6891885B^2a^2b^8x^9+7351344a^2Ab^8x^8+19603584a^3b^7x^7)$
gosper	$\frac{1}{7}a^{10}Ax^7 + \frac{5}{4}x^8a^9bA + \frac{1}{8}x^8a^{10}B + 5x^9a^8b^2A + \frac{10}{9}x^9a^9bB + 12x^{10}a^7b^3A + \frac{9}{2}x^{10}a^8b^2B + \frac{210}{11}x^{11}a^6b^4A + \frac{120}{11}x^{11}a^7b^3B + \frac{210}{13}x^{12}a^5b^5A + \frac{30}{11}x^{12}a^6b^4B + \frac{60}{7}x^{13}a^4b^6A + \frac{15}{7}x^{13}a^5b^5B + \frac{3}{7}x^{14}a^3b^7A + \frac{8}{7}x^{14}a^4b^6B + \frac{5}{8}x^{15}a^2b^8A + \frac{45}{16}x^{15}a^3b^7B + \frac{1}{17}x^{16}a^{10}A + \frac{10}{17}x^{16}a^9bB + \frac{1}{18}x^{17}a^{10}A + \frac{10}{18}x^{17}a^9bB$
risch	$\frac{1}{7}a^{10}Ax^7 + \frac{5}{4}x^8a^9bA + \frac{1}{8}x^8a^{10}B + 5x^9a^8b^2A + \frac{10}{9}x^9a^9bB + 12x^{10}a^7b^3A + \frac{9}{2}x^{10}a^8b^2B + \frac{210}{11}x^{11}a^6b^4A + \frac{120}{11}x^{11}a^7b^3B + \frac{210}{13}x^{12}a^5b^5A + \frac{30}{11}x^{12}a^6b^4B + \frac{60}{7}x^{13}a^4b^6A + \frac{15}{7}x^{13}a^5b^5B + \frac{3}{7}x^{14}a^3b^7A + \frac{8}{7}x^{14}a^4b^6B + \frac{5}{8}x^{15}a^2b^8A + \frac{45}{16}x^{15}a^3b^7B + \frac{1}{17}x^{16}a^{10}A + \frac{10}{17}x^{16}a^9bB + \frac{1}{18}x^{17}a^{10}A + \frac{10}{18}x^{17}a^9bB$
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{7}a^{10}Ax^7 + \frac{5}{4}x^8a^9bA + \frac{1}{8}x^8a^{10}B + 5x^9a^8b^2A + \frac{10}{9}x^9a^9bB + 12x^{10}a^7b^3A + \frac{9}{2}x^{10}a^8b^2B + \frac{210}{11}x^{11}a^6b^4A + \frac{120}{11}x^{11}a^7b^3B + \frac{210}{13}x^{12}a^5b^5A + \frac{30}{11}x^{12}a^6b^4B + \frac{60}{7}x^{13}a^4b^6A + \frac{15}{7}x^{13}a^5b^5B + \frac{3}{7}x^{14}a^3b^7A + \frac{8}{7}x^{14}a^4b^6B + \frac{5}{8}x^{15}a^2b^8A + \frac{45}{16}x^{15}a^3b^7B + \frac{1}{17}x^{16}a^{10}A + \frac{10}{17}x^{16}a^9bB + \frac{1}{18}x^{17}a^{10}A + \frac{10}{18}x^{17}a^9bB$

input `int(x^6*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{1}{7}a^{10}Ax^7 + \frac{5}{4}x^8a^9bA + \frac{1}{8}x^8a^{10}B + 5x^9a^8b^2A + \frac{10}{9}x^9a^9bB + 12x^{10}a^7b^3A + \frac{9}{2}x^{10}a^8b^2B + \frac{210}{11}x^{11}a^6b^4A + \frac{120}{11}x^{11}a^7b^3B + \frac{210}{13}x^{12}a^5b^5A + \frac{30}{11}x^{12}a^6b^4B + \frac{60}{7}x^{13}a^4b^6A + \frac{15}{7}x^{13}a^5b^5B + \frac{3}{7}x^{14}a^3b^7A + \frac{8}{7}x^{14}a^4b^6B + \frac{5}{8}x^{15}a^2b^8A + \frac{45}{16}x^{15}a^3b^7B + \frac{1}{17}x^{16}a^{10}A + \frac{10}{17}x^{16}a^9bB + \frac{1}{18}x^{17}a^{10}A + \frac{10}{18}x^{17}a^9bB$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x^6(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)dx = \frac{1}{18}Bb^{10}x^{18} + \frac{1}{7}Aa^{10}x^7 + \frac{1}{17}(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{17} + \frac{5}{16}(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^{16} + (8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^{15} + \frac{15}{7}(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^{14} + \frac{42}{13}(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^{13} + \frac{7}{2}(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^{12} + \frac{30}{11}(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^{11} + \frac{3}{2}(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^{10} + \frac{5}{9}(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^9 + \frac{1}{8}(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x^8$$

input `integrate(x^6*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/18*B*b^{10}*x^{18} + 1/7*A*a^{10}*x^7 + 1/17*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^{10})*x^{17} + 5/16 \\ & *(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^{16} + (8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^{15} + 15/7* \\ & (7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^{14} + 42/13*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^{13} \\ & + 7/2*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^{12} + 30/11*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4) \\ & *x^{11} + 3/2*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^{10} + 5/9*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2) \\ & *x^9 + 1/8*(B*a^{10} + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^8 \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^6(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx &= \frac{Aa^{10}x^7}{7} + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{18}}{18} + x^{17} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{17} + \frac{10Bab^9}{17} \right) + x^{16} \\ &\cdot \left(\frac{5Aab^9}{8} + \frac{45Ba^2b^8}{16} \right) + x^{15} \cdot (3Aa^2b^8 + 8Ba^3b^7) + x^{14} \\ &\cdot \left(\frac{60Aa^3b^7}{7} + 15Ba^4b^6 \right) + x^{13} \cdot \left(\frac{210Aa^4b^6}{13} + \frac{252Ba^5b^5}{13} \right) \\ &+ x^{12} \cdot \left(21Aa^5b^5 + \frac{35Ba^6b^4}{2} \right) + x^{11} \\ &\cdot \left(\frac{210Aa^6b^4}{11} + \frac{120Ba^7b^3}{11} \right) + x^{10} \cdot \left(12Aa^7b^3 + \frac{9Ba^8b^2}{2} \right) \\ &+ x^9 \cdot \left(5Aa^8b^2 + \frac{10Ba^9b}{9} \right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^9b}{4} + \frac{Ba^{10}}{8} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x**6*(b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & A*a^{10}*x^{7/7} + B*b^{10}*x^{18/18} + x^{17}*(A*b^{10}/17 + 10*B*a*b^{9/17}) + \\ & x^{16}*(5*A*a*b^{9/8} + 45*B*a^{2*b^{8/16}}) + x^{15}*(3*A*a^{2*b^{8}} + 8*B*a^{3* \\ & *b^{7}}) + x^{14}*(60*A*a^{3*b^{7/7}} + 15*B*a^{4*b^{6}}) + x^{13}*(210*A*a^{4*b^{6/13}} \\ & + 252*B*a^{5*b^{5/13}}) + x^{12}*(21*A*a^{5*b^{5/5}} + 35*B*a^{6*b^{4/2}}) + x \\ & ^{11}*(210*A*a^{6*b^{4/11}} + 120*B*a^{7*b^{3/11}}) + x^{10}*(12*A*a^{7*b^{3/3}} + 9 \\ & *B*a^{8*b^{2/2}}) + x^9*(5*A*a^{8*b^{2/2}} + 10*B*a^{9*b/9}) + x^8*(5*A*a^{9*b/4} \\ & + B*a^{10/8}) \end{aligned}$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x^6(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{18} Bb^{10}x^{18} + \frac{1}{7} Aa^{10}x^7 + \frac{1}{17} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{17} \\ + \frac{5}{16} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^{16} + (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^{15} \\ + \frac{15}{7} (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^{14} \\ + \frac{42}{13} (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^{13} + \frac{7}{2} (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^{12} \\ + \frac{30}{11} (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^{11} + \frac{3}{2} (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^{10} \\ + \frac{5}{9} (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^9 + \frac{1}{8} (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x^8$$

input `integrate(x^6*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/18*B*b^10*x^18 + 1/7*A*a^10*x^7 + 1/17*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^17 + 5/16
*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^16 + (8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^15 + 15/7*
(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^14 + 42/13*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^13
+ 7/2*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^12 + 30/11*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)
x^11 + 3/2(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^10 + 5/9*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)
x^9 + 1/8(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^8`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int x^6(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{18} Bb^{10}x^{18} + \frac{10}{17} Bab^9x^{17} + \frac{1}{17} Ab^{10}x^{17} + \frac{45}{16} Ba^2b^8x^{16} \\ + \frac{5}{8} Aab^9x^{16} + 8 Ba^3b^7x^{15} + 3 Aa^2b^8x^{15} + 15 Ba^4b^6x^{14} \\ + \frac{60}{7} Aa^3b^7x^{14} + \frac{252}{13} Ba^5b^5x^{13} + \frac{210}{13} Aa^4b^6x^{13} \\ + \frac{35}{2} Ba^6b^4x^{12} + 21 Aa^5b^5x^{12} + \frac{120}{11} Ba^7b^3x^{11} \\ + \frac{210}{11} Aa^6b^4x^{11} + \frac{9}{2} Ba^8b^2x^{10} + 12 Aa^7b^3x^{10} + \frac{10}{9} Ba^9bx^9 \\ + 5 Aa^8b^2x^9 + \frac{1}{8} Ba^{10}x^8 + \frac{5}{4} Aa^9bx^8 + \frac{1}{7} Aa^{10}x^7$$

input `integrate(x^6*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/18*B*b^{10}*x^{18} + 10/17*B*a*b^9*x^{17} + 1/17*A*b^{10}*x^{17} + 45/16*B*a^2*b^8 \\ & *x^{16} + 5/8*A*a*b^9*x^{16} + 8*B*a^3*b^7*x^{15} + 3*A*a^2*b^8*x^{15} + 15*B*a^4* \\ & b^6*x^{14} + 60/7*A*a^3*b^7*x^{14} + 252/13*B*a^5*b^5*x^{13} + 210/13*A*a^4*b^6* \\ & x^{13} + 35/2*B*a^6*b^4*x^{12} + 21*A*a^5*b^5*x^{12} + 120/11*B*a^7*b^3*x^{11} + 2 \\ & 10/11*A*a^6*b^4*x^{11} + 9/2*B*a^8*b^2*x^{10} + 12*A*a^7*b^3*x^{10} + 10/9*B*a^9 \\ & *b*x^9 + 5*A*a^8*b^2*x^9 + 1/8*B*a^{10}*x^8 + 5/4*A*a^9*b*x^8 + 1/7*A*a^{10}*x \\ & ^7 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^6(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & x^8 \left(\frac{B a^{10}}{8} + \frac{5 A b a^9}{4} \right) + x^{17} \left(\frac{A b^{10}}{17} + \frac{10 B a b^9}{17} \right) \\ & + \frac{A a^{10} x^7}{7} + \frac{B b^{10} x^{18}}{18} + \frac{3 a^7 b^2 x^{10} (8 A b + 3 B a)}{2} \\ & + \frac{30 a^6 b^3 x^{11} (7 A b + 4 B a)}{11} \\ & + \frac{7 a^5 b^4 x^{12} (6 A b + 5 B a)}{2} + \frac{42 a^4 b^5 x^{13} (5 A b + 6 B a)}{13} \\ & + \frac{15 a^3 b^6 x^{14} (4 A b + 7 B a)}{7} + a^2 b^7 x^{15} (3 A b + 8 B a) \\ & + \frac{5 a^8 b x^9 (9 A b + 2 B a)}{9} + \frac{5 a b^8 x^{16} (2 A b + 9 B a)}{16} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^6*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & x^8*((B*a^{10})/8 + (5*A*a^9*b)/4) + x^{17}*((A*b^{10})/17 + (10*B*a*b^9)/17) + \\ & (A*a^{10}*x^7)/7 + (B*b^{10}*x^{18})/18 + (3*a^7*b^2*x^{10}*(8*A*b + 3*B*a))/2 + (\\ & 30*a^6*b^3*x^{11}*(7*A*b + 4*B*a))/11 + (7*a^5*b^4*x^{12}*(6*A*b + 5*B*a))/2 + \\ & (42*a^4*b^5*x^{13}*(5*A*b + 6*B*a))/13 + (15*a^3*b^6*x^{14}*(4*A*b + 7*B*a))/ \\ & 7 + a^2*b^7*x^{15}*(3*A*b + 8*B*a) + (5*a^8*b*x^9*(9*A*b + 2*B*a))/9 + (5*a* \\ & b^8*x^{16}*(2*A*b + 9*B*a))/16 \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x^6(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^7(12376b^{11}x^{11} + 144144ab^{10}x^{10} + 765765a^2b^9x^9 + 2450448a^3b^8x^8 + 5250960a^4b^7x^7 + 7916832a^5b^6x^6 + 765765a^6b^5x^5 + 3675672a^7b^4x^4 + 6683040a^8b^3x^3 + 1361360a^9b^2x^2 + 306306a^{10}bx + 31824a^{11})}{222768}$$

input `int(x^6*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x)`output `(x**7*(31824*a**11 + 306306*a**10*b*x + 1361360*a**9*b**2*x**2 + 3675672*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 6683040*a**7*b**4*x**4 + 8576568*a**6*b**5*x**5 + 7916832*a**5*b**6*x**6 + 5250960*a**4*b**7*x**7 + 2450448*a**3*b**8*x**8 + 765765*a**2*b**9*x**9 + 144144*a*b**10*x**10 + 12376*b**11*x**11))/222768`

3.111 $\int x^5(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	791
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int x^5(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx = -\frac{a^5(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{11}}{11b^7} + \frac{a^4(5Ab - 6aB)(a + bx)^{12}}{12b^7} - \frac{5a^3(2Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^{13}}{13b^7} + \frac{5a^2(Ab - 2aB)(a + bx)^{14}}{7b^7} - \frac{a(Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^{15}}{3b^7} + \frac{(Ab - 6aB)(a + bx)^{16}}{16b^7} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{17}}{17b^7}$$

output

```
-1/11*a^5*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/b^7+1/12*a^4*(5*A*b-6*B*a)*(b*x+a)^12/b^7-5/13*a^3*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^13/b^7+5/7*a^2*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^14/b^7-1/3*a*(A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^15/b^7+1/16*(A*b-6*B*a)*(b*x+a)^16/b^7+1/17*B*(b*x+a)^17/b^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^5(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{6}a^{10}Ax^6 + \frac{1}{7}a^9(10Ab+aB)x^7 \\ & + \frac{5}{8}a^8b(9Ab+2aB)x^8 + \frac{5}{3}a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)x^9 \\ & + 3a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)x^{10} + \frac{42}{11}a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)x^{11} \\ & + \frac{7}{2}a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)x^{12} + \frac{30}{13}a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)x^{13} \\ & + \frac{15}{14}a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)x^{14} + \frac{1}{3}ab^8(2Ab+9aB)x^{15} \\ & + \frac{1}{16}b^9(Ab+10aB)x^{16} + \frac{1}{17}b^{10}Bx^{17} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

```
(a^10*A*x^6)/6 + (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B)*x^7)/7 + (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B)*x^8)/8 + (5*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^9)/3 + 3*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^10 + (42*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^11)/11 + (7*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B)*x^12)/2 + (30*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*x^13)/13 + (15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*x^14)/14 + (a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x^15)/3 + (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*x^16)/16 + (b^10*B*x^17)/17
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^5(a+bx)^{10}(aB-Ab)}{b^6} - \frac{a^4(a+bx)^{11}(6aB-5Ab)}{b^6} + \frac{5a^3(a+bx)^{12}(3aB-2Ab)}{b^6} - \frac{10a^2(a+bx)^{13}(2aB-Ab)}{b^6} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{a^5(a+bx)^{11}(Ab-aB)}{11b^7} + \frac{a^4(a+bx)^{12}(5Ab-6aB)}{12b^7} - \frac{5a^3(a+bx)^{13}(2Ab-3aB)}{13b^7} + \\ & \frac{5a^2(a+bx)^{14}(Ab-2aB)}{7b^7} + \frac{(a+bx)^{16}(Ab-6aB)}{16b^7} - \frac{a(a+bx)^{15}(Ab-3aB)}{3b^7} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{17}}{17b^7} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int [x^5*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

```
-1/11*(a^5*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^11)/b^7 + (a^4*(5*A*b - 6*a*B)*(a + b*x)^12)/(12*b^7) - (5*a^3*(2*A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^13)/(13*b^7) + (5*a^2*(A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^14)/(7*b^7) - (a*(A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^15)/(3*b^7) + ((A*b - 6*a*B)*(a + b*x)^16)/(16*b^7) + (B*(a + b*x)^17)/(17*b^7)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
norman	$\frac{a^{10}Ax^6}{6} + \left(\frac{10}{7}a^9bA + \frac{1}{7}a^{10}B\right)x^7 + \left(\frac{45}{8}a^8b^2A + \frac{5}{4}a^9bB\right)x^8 + \left(\frac{40}{3}a^7b^3A + 5a^8b^2B\right)x^9 + (21a^6b^3A + 12a^7b^2B)x^{10} + (252/11)a^5b^4A + 210/11a^6b^3B)x^{11} + (35/2)a^4b^5A + 21a^5b^4B)x^{12} + (20/13)a^3b^6A + 210/13a^4b^5B)x^{13} + (45/14)a^2b^7A + 60/7a^3b^6B)x^{14} + (2/3)a^1b^8A + 3a^2b^7B)x^{15} + (1/16)a^10A + 5/8a^9bB)x^{16} + 1/17a^10B)x^{17}$
default	
orering	
gosper	
risch	
parallelrisch	

input `int(x^5*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/6*a^{10}*A*x^6+(10/7*a^9*b*A+1/7*a^{10}*B)*x^7+(45/8*a^8*b^2*A+5/4*a^9*b*B)*x^8+(40/3*a^7*b^3*A+5*a^8*b^2*B)*x^9+(21*A*a^6*b^4+12*B*a^7*b^3)*x^{10}+(252/11*a^5*b^5*A+210/11*a^6*b^4*B)*x^{11}+(35/2*a^4*b^6*A+21*a^5*b^5*B)*x^{12}+(20/13*a^3*b^7*A+210/13*a^4*b^6*B)*x^{13}+(45/14*a^2*b^8*A+60/7*a^3*b^7*B)*x^{14}+(2/3*a^1*b^9*A+3*a^2*b^8*B)*x^{15}+(1/16*b^{10}*A+5/8*a*b^9*B)*x^{16}+1/17*b^{10}*B*x^{17}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int x^5(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)dx = \frac{1}{17}Bb^{10}x^{17} + \frac{1}{6}Aa^{10}x^6 + \frac{1}{16}(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{16} + \frac{1}{3}(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^{15} + \frac{15}{14}(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^{14} + \frac{30}{13}(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^{13} + \frac{7}{2}(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^{12} + \frac{42}{11}(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^{11} + 3(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^{10} + \frac{5}{3}(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^9 + \frac{5}{8}(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^8 + \frac{1}{7}(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x^7$$

input `integrate(x^5*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/17*B*b^10*x^17 + 1/6*A*a^10*x^6 + 1/16*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^16 + 1/3*
(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^15 + 15/14*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^14 +
30/13*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^13 + 7/2*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x
^12 + 42/11*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^11 + 3*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^
4)*x^10 + 5/3*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^9 + 5/8*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b
^2)*x^8 + 1/7*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^7
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int x^5(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)dx = \frac{Aa^{10}x^6}{6} + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{17}}{17} + x^{16}\left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{16} + \frac{5Bab^9}{8}\right) + x^{15} \cdot \left(\frac{2Aab^9}{3} + 3Ba^2b^8\right) + x^{14} \cdot \left(\frac{45Aa^2b^8}{14} + \frac{60Ba^3b^7}{7}\right) + x^{13} \cdot \left(\frac{120Aa^3b^7}{13} + \frac{210Ba^4b^6}{13}\right) + x^{12} \cdot \left(\frac{35Aa^4b^6}{2} + 21Ba^5b^5\right) + x^{11} \cdot \left(\frac{252Aa^5b^5}{11} + \frac{210Ba^6b^4}{11}\right) + x^{10} \cdot (21Aa^6b^4 + 12Ba^7b^3) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{40Aa^7b^3}{3} + 5Ba^8b^2\right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{45Aa^8b^2}{8} + \frac{5Ba^9b}{4}\right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{10Aa^9b}{7} + \frac{Ba^{10}}{7}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**5*(b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A),x)
```

output

```
A*a**10*x**6/6 + B*b**10*x**17/17 + x**16*(A*b**10/16 + 5*B*a*b**9/8) + x*
**15*(2*A*a*b**9/3 + 3*B*a**2*b**8) + x**14*(45*A*a**2*b**8/14 + 60*B*a**3*
b**7/7) + x**13*(120*A*a**3*b**7/13 + 210*B*a**4*b**6/13) + x**12*(35*A*a*
*4*b**6/2 + 21*B*a**5*b**5) + x**11*(252*A*a**5*b**5/11 + 210*B*a**6*b**4/
11) + x**10*(21*A*a**6*b**4 + 12*B*a**7*b**3) + x**9*(40*A*a**7*b**3/3 + 5
*B*a**8*b**2) + x**8*(45*A*a**8*b**2/8 + 5*B*a**9*b/4) + x**7*(10*A*a**9*b
/7 + B*a**10/7)
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int x^5(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{17} Bb^{10}x^{17} + \frac{1}{6} Aa^{10}x^6 + \frac{1}{16} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{16} + \frac{1}{3} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^{15} + \frac{15}{14} (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^{14} + \frac{30}{13} (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^{13} + \frac{7}{2} (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^{12} + \frac{42}{11} (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^{11} + 3 (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^{10} + \frac{5}{3} (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^9 + \frac{5}{8} (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x^7$$

input `integrate(x^5*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/17*B*b^10*x^17 + 1/6*A*a^10*x^6 + 1/16*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^16 + 1/3*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^15 + 15/14*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^14 + 30/13*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^13 + 7/2*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^12 + 42/11*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^11 + 3*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^10 + 5/3*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^9 + 5/8*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^8 + 1/7*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^7`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int x^5(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{17} Bb^{10}x^{17} + \frac{5}{8} Bab^9x^{16} + \frac{1}{16} Ab^{10}x^{16} + 3 Ba^2b^8x^{15} + \frac{2}{3} Aab^9x^{15} + \frac{60}{7} Ba^3b^7x^{14} + \frac{45}{14} Aa^2b^8x^{14} + \frac{210}{13} Ba^4b^6x^{13} + \frac{120}{13} Aa^3b^7x^{13} + 21 Ba^5b^5x^{12} + \frac{35}{2} Aa^4b^6x^{12} + \frac{210}{11} Ba^6b^4x^{11} + \frac{252}{11} Aa^5b^5x^{11} + 12 Ba^7b^3x^{10} + 21 Aa^6b^4x^{10} + 5 Ba^8b^2x^9 + \frac{40}{3} Aa^7b^3x^9 + \frac{5}{4} Ba^9bx^8 + \frac{45}{8} Aa^8b^2x^8 + \frac{1}{7} Ba^{10}x^7 + \frac{10}{7} Aa^9bx^7 + \frac{1}{6} Aa^{10}x^6$$

input `integrate(x^5*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/17*B*b^{10}*x^{17} + 5/8*B*a*b^9*x^{16} + 1/16*A*b^{10}*x^{16} + 3*B*a^2*b^8*x^{15} \\ & + 2/3*A*a*b^9*x^{15} + 60/7*B*a^3*b^7*x^{14} + 45/14*A*a^2*b^8*x^{14} + 210/13*B \\ & *a^4*b^6*x^{13} + 120/13*A*a^3*b^7*x^{13} + 21*B*a^5*b^5*x^{12} + 35/2*A*a^4*b^6 \\ & *x^{12} + 210/11*B*a^6*b^4*x^{11} + 252/11*A*a^5*b^5*x^{11} + 12*B*a^7*b^3*x^{10} \\ & + 21*A*a^6*b^4*x^{10} + 5*B*a^8*b^2*x^9 + 40/3*A*a^7*b^3*x^9 + 5/4*B*a^9*b*x \\ & ^8 + 45/8*A*a^8*b^2*x^8 + 1/7*B*a^{10}*x^7 + 10/7*A*a^9*b*x^7 + 1/6*A*a^{10}*x \\ & ^6 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^5(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx &= x^7 \left(\frac{B a^{10}}{7} + \frac{10 A b a^9}{7} \right) + x^{16} \left(\frac{A b^{10}}{16} + \frac{5 B a b^9}{8} \right) \\ &+ \frac{A a^{10} x^6}{6} + \frac{B b^{10} x^{17}}{17} + \frac{5 a^7 b^2 x^9 (8 A b + 3 B a)}{3} \\ &+ 3 a^6 b^3 x^{10} (7 A b + 4 B a) + \frac{42 a^5 b^4 x^{11} (6 A b + 5 B a)}{11} \\ &+ \frac{7 a^4 b^5 x^{12} (5 A b + 6 B a)}{2} + \frac{30 a^3 b^6 x^{13} (4 A b + 7 B a)}{13} \\ &+ \frac{15 a^2 b^7 x^{14} (3 A b + 8 B a)}{14} \\ &+ \frac{5 a^8 b x^8 (9 A b + 2 B a)}{8} + \frac{a b^8 x^{15} (2 A b + 9 B a)}{3} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^5*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & x^7*((B*a^{10})/7 + (10*A*a^9*b)/7) + x^{16}*((A*b^{10})/16 + (5*B*a*b^9)/8) + (\\ & A*a^{10}*x^6)/6 + (B*b^{10}*x^{17})/17 + (5*a^7*b^2*x^9*(8*A*b + 3*B*a))/3 + 3*a \\ & ^6*b^3*x^{10}*(7*A*b + 4*B*a) + (42*a^5*b^4*x^{11}*(6*A*b + 5*B*a))/11 + (7*a^ \\ & 4*b^5*x^{12}*(5*A*b + 6*B*a))/2 + (30*a^3*b^6*x^{13}*(4*A*b + 7*B*a))/13 + (15 \\ & *a^2*b^7*x^{14}*(3*A*b + 8*B*a))/14 + (5*a^8*b*x^8*(9*A*b + 2*B*a))/8 + (a*b \\ & ^8*x^{15}*(2*A*b + 9*B*a))/3 \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^5(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^6(4368b^{11}x^{11} + 51051ab^{10}x^{10} + 272272a^2b^9x^9 + 875160a^3b^8x^8 + 1884960a^4b^7x^7 + 2858856a^5b^6x^6 + 3118752a^6b^5x^5 + 2450448a^7b^4x^4 + 1361360a^8b^3x^3 + 875160a^9b^2x^2 + 51051a^{10}bx + 12376a^{11})}{74256}$$

input `int(x^5*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x)`output `(x**6*(12376*a**11 + 116688*a**10*b*x + 510510*a**9*b**2*x**2 + 1361360*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 2450448*a**7*b**4*x**4 + 3118752*a**6*b**5*x**5 + 2858856*a**5*b**6*x**6 + 1884960*a**4*b**7*x**7 + 875160*a**3*b**8*x**8 + 272272*a**2*b**9*x**9 + 51051*a*b**10*x**10 + 4368*b**11*x**11))/74256`

3.112 $\int x^4(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	799
Mathematica [A] (verified)	800
Rubi [A] (verified)	800
Maple [A] (verified)	801
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	802
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	803
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	804
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	804
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	805
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	806

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int x^4(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{a^4(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{11}}{11b^6} - \frac{a^3(4Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{12}}{12b^6} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{13}}{13b^6} - \frac{a(2Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{14}}{7b^6} + \frac{(Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{15}}{15b^6} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{16}}{16b^6}$$

output

```
1/11*a^4*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/b^6-1/12*a^3*(4*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^12/b^6+2/13*a^2*(3*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^13/b^6-1/7*a*(2*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^14/b^6+1/15*(A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^15/b^6+1/16*B*(b*x+a)^16/b^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^4(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{5}a^{10}Ax^5 + \frac{1}{6}a^9(10Ab+aB)x^6 \\ & + \frac{5}{7}a^8b(9Ab+2aB)x^7 + \frac{15}{8}a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)x^8 \\ & + \frac{10}{3}a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)x^9 + \frac{21}{5}a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)x^{10} \\ & + \frac{42}{11}a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)x^{11} + \frac{5}{2}a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)x^{12} \\ & + \frac{15}{13}a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)x^{13} + \frac{5}{14}ab^8(2Ab+9aB)x^{14} \\ & + \frac{1}{15}b^9(Ab+10aB)x^{15} + \frac{1}{16}b^{10}Bx^{16} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

```
(a^10*A*x^5)/5 + (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B)*x^6)/6 + (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B)*x^7)/7 + (15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^8)/8 + (10*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^9)/3 + (21*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^10)/5 + (42*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B)*x^11)/11 + (5*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*x^12)/2 + (15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*x^13)/13 + (5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x^14)/14 + (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*x^15)/15 + (b^10*B*x^16)/16
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^4(a+bx)^{10}(aB-Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{a^3(a+bx)^{11}(5aB-4Ab)}{b^5} - \frac{2a^2(a+bx)^{12}(5aB-3Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{(a+bx)^{14}(Ab-5aB)}{b^5} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^4(a+bx)^{11}(Ab-aB)}{11b^6} - \frac{a^3(a+bx)^{12}(4Ab-5aB)}{12b^6} + \frac{2a^2(a+bx)^{13}(3Ab-5aB)}{13b^6} + \frac{(a+bx)^{15}(Ab-5aB)}{15b^6} - \frac{a(a+bx)^{14}(2Ab-5aB)}{7b^6} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{16}}{16b^6}$$

input

```
Int[x^4*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

```
(a^4*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^11)/(11*b^6) - (a^3*(4*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^12)/(12*b^6) + (2*a^2*(3*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^13)/(13*b^6) - (a*(2*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^14)/(7*b^6) + ((A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^15)/(15*b^6) + (B*(a + b*x)^16)/(16*b^6)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

method	result
norman	$\frac{a^{10}Ax^5}{5} + \left(\frac{5}{3}a^9bA + \frac{1}{6}a^{10}B\right)x^6 + \left(\frac{45}{7}a^8b^2A + \frac{10}{7}a^9bB\right)x^7 + \left(15a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{8}a^8b^2B\right)x^8 + \left(\frac{70}{3}a^6b^4A + \frac{40}{3}a^7b^3B\right)x^9 + \left(\frac{126}{5}a^5b^5A + 21a^6b^4B\right)x^{10} + \left(\frac{210}{11}a^4b^6A + \frac{252}{11}a^5b^5B\right)x^{11} + \left(\frac{10}{2}a^3b^7A + \frac{35}{2}a^4b^6B\right)x^{12} + \left(\frac{45}{13}a^2b^8A + \frac{120}{13}a^3b^7B\right)x^{13} + \left(\frac{5}{7}a^1b^9A + \frac{45}{14}a^2b^8B\right)x^{14} + \left(\frac{1}{15}a^0b^{10}A + \frac{2}{3}a^1b^9B\right)x^{15} + \frac{1}{16}a^0b^{10}Bx^{16}$
default	
orering	
gosper	
risch	
parallelrisch	

input `int(x^4*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{5}a^{10}Ax^5 + \left(\frac{5}{3}a^9bA + \frac{1}{6}a^{10}B\right)x^6 + \left(\frac{45}{7}a^8b^2A + \frac{10}{7}a^9bB\right)x^7 + \left(15a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{8}a^8b^2B\right)x^8 + \left(\frac{70}{3}a^6b^4A + \frac{40}{3}a^7b^3B\right)x^9 + \left(\frac{126}{5}a^5b^5A + 21a^6b^4B\right)x^{10} + \left(\frac{210}{11}a^4b^6A + \frac{252}{11}a^5b^5B\right)x^{11} + \left(\frac{10}{2}a^3b^7A + \frac{35}{2}a^4b^6B\right)x^{12} + \left(\frac{45}{13}a^2b^8A + \frac{120}{13}a^3b^7B\right)x^{13} + \left(\frac{5}{7}a^1b^9A + \frac{45}{14}a^2b^8B\right)x^{14} + \left(\frac{1}{15}a^0b^{10}A + \frac{2}{3}a^1b^9B\right)x^{15} + \frac{1}{16}a^0b^{10}Bx^{16}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)dx = \frac{1}{16}Bb^{10}x^{16} + \frac{1}{5}Aa^{10}x^5 + \frac{1}{15}(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{15} + \frac{5}{14}(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^{14} + \frac{15}{13}(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^{13} + \frac{5}{2}(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^{12} + \frac{42}{11}(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^{11} + \frac{21}{5}(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^{10} + \frac{10}{3}(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^9 + \frac{15}{8}(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^8 + \frac{5}{7}(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{6}(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x^6$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/16*B*b^10*x^16 + 1/5*A*a^10*x^5 + 1/15*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^15 + 5/14
*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^14 + 15/13*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^13 +
5/2*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^12 + 42/11*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*
x^11 + 21/5*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^10 + 10/3*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6
*b^4)*x^9 + 15/8*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^8 + 5/7*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^
8*b^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^6
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 269 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Aa^{10}x^5}{5} + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{16}}{16} + x^{15} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{15} + \frac{2Bab^9}{3} \right) + x^{14} \cdot \left(\frac{5Aab^9}{7} + \frac{45Ba^2b^8}{14} \right) + x^{13} \cdot \left(\frac{45Aa^2b^8}{13} + \frac{120Ba^3b^7}{13} \right) + x^{12} \cdot \left(10Aa^3b^7 + \frac{35Ba^4b^6}{2} \right) + x^{11} \cdot \left(\frac{210Aa^4b^6}{11} + \frac{252Ba^5b^5}{11} \right) + x^{10} \cdot \left(\frac{126Aa^5b^5}{5} + 21Ba^6b^4 \right) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{70Aa^6b^4}{3} + \frac{40Ba^7b^3}{3} \right) + x^8 \cdot \left(15Aa^7b^3 + \frac{45Ba^8b^2}{8} \right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{45Aa^8b^2}{7} + \frac{10Ba^9b}{7} \right) + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^9b}{3} + \frac{Ba^{10}}{6} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**4*(b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A),x)
```

output

```
A*a**10*x**5/5 + B*b**10*x**16/16 + x**15*(A*b**10/15 + 2*B*a*b**9/3) + x
**14*(5*A*a*b**9/7 + 45*B*a**2*b**8/14) + x**13*(45*A*a**2*b**8/13 + 120*B
a**3*b**7/13) + x**12*(10*A*a**3*b**7 + 35*B*a**4*b**6/2) + x**11*(210*A
a**4*b**6/11 + 252*B*a**5*b**5/11) + x**10*(126*A*a**5*b**5/5 + 21*B*a**6
b**4) + x**9*(70*A*a**6*b**4/3 + 40*B*a**7*b**3/3) + x**8*(15*A*a**7*b**3
+ 45*B*a**8*b**2/8) + x**7*(45*A*a**8*b**2/7 + 10*B*a**9*b/7) + x**6*(5*A
a**9*b/3 + B*a**10/6)
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{16} Bb^{10}x^{16} + \frac{1}{5} Aa^{10}x^5 + \frac{1}{15} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{15} \\ + \frac{5}{14} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^{14} + \frac{15}{13} (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^{13} \\ + \frac{5}{2} (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^{12} + \frac{42}{11} (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^{11} \\ + \frac{21}{5} (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^{10} \\ + \frac{10}{3} (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^9 + \frac{15}{8} (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^8 \\ + \frac{5}{7} (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x^6$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/16*B*b^10*x^16 + 1/5*A*a^10*x^5 + 1/15*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^15 + 5/14
*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^14 + 15/13*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^13 +
5/2*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^12 + 42/11*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*
x^11 + 21/5*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^10 + 10/3*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6
*b^4)*x^9 + 15/8*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^8 + 5/7*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8
*b^2)*x^7 + 1/6*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^6`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{16} Bb^{10}x^{16} + \frac{2}{3} Bab^9x^{15} + \frac{1}{15} Ab^{10}x^{15} + \frac{45}{14} Ba^2b^8x^{14} \\ + \frac{5}{7} Aab^9x^{14} + \frac{120}{13} Ba^3b^7x^{13} + \frac{45}{13} Aa^2b^8x^{13} + \frac{35}{2} Ba^4b^6x^{12} \\ + 10 Aa^3b^7x^{12} + \frac{252}{11} Ba^5b^5x^{11} + \frac{210}{11} Aa^4b^6x^{11} \\ + 21 Ba^6b^4x^{10} + \frac{126}{5} Aa^5b^5x^{10} + \frac{40}{3} Ba^7b^3x^9 \\ + \frac{70}{3} Aa^6b^4x^9 + \frac{45}{8} Ba^8b^2x^8 + 15 Aa^7b^3x^8 + \frac{10}{7} Ba^9bx^7 \\ + \frac{45}{7} Aa^8b^2x^7 + \frac{1}{6} Ba^{10}x^6 + \frac{5}{3} Aa^9bx^6 + \frac{1}{5} Aa^{10}x^5$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/16*B*b^{10}*x^{16} + 2/3*B*a*b^9*x^{15} + 1/15*A*b^{10}*x^{15} + 45/14*B*a^2*b^8*x^{14} \\ & + 5/7*A*a*b^9*x^{14} + 120/13*B*a^3*b^7*x^{13} + 45/13*A*a^2*b^8*x^{13} + 35/2*B*a^4*b^6*x^{12} \\ & + 10*A*a^3*b^7*x^{12} + 252/11*B*a^5*b^5*x^{11} + 210/11*A*a^4*b^6*x^{11} + 21*B*a^6*b^4*x^{10} \\ & + 126/5*A*a^5*b^5*x^{10} + 40/3*B*a^7*b^3*x^9 + 70/3*A*a^6*b^4*x^9 + 45/8*B*a^8*b^2*x^8 \\ & + 15*A*a^7*b^3*x^8 + 10/7*B*a^9*b*x^7 + 45/7*A*a^8*b^2*x^7 + 1/6*B*a^{10}*x^6 + 5/3*A*a^9*b*x^6 + 1/5*A*a^{10}*x^5 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^4(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & x^6 \left(\frac{Ba^{10}}{6} + \frac{5Aba^9}{3} \right) + x^{15} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{15} + \frac{2Bab^9}{3} \right) \\ & + \frac{Aa^{10}x^5}{5} + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{16}}{16} + \frac{15a^7b^2x^8(8Ab+3Ba)}{8} \\ & + \frac{10a^6b^3x^9(7Ab+4Ba)}{3} + \frac{21a^5b^4x^{10}(6Ab+5Ba)}{5} \\ & + \frac{42a^4b^5x^{11}(5Ab+6Ba)}{11} \\ & + \frac{5a^3b^6x^{12}(4Ab+7Ba)}{2} + \frac{15a^2b^7x^{13}(3Ab+8Ba)}{13} \\ & + \frac{5a^8bx^7(9Ab+2Ba)}{7} + \frac{5ab^8x^{14}(2Ab+9Ba)}{14} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^4*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & x^6*((B*a^{10})/6 + (5*A*a^9*b)/3) + x^{15}*((A*b^{10})/15 + (2*B*a*b^9)/3) + (A \\ & *a^{10}*x^5)/5 + (B*b^{10}*x^{16})/16 + (15*a^7*b^2*x^8*(8*A*b + 3*B*a))/8 + (10 \\ & *a^6*b^3*x^9*(7*A*b + 4*B*a))/3 + (21*a^5*b^4*x^{10}*(6*A*b + 5*B*a))/5 + (4 \\ & 2*a^4*b^5*x^{11}*(5*A*b + 6*B*a))/11 + (5*a^3*b^6*x^{12}*(4*A*b + 7*B*a))/2 + \\ & (15*a^2*b^7*x^{13}*(3*A*b + 8*B*a))/13 + (5*a^8*b*x^7*(9*A*b + 2*B*a))/7 + (\\ & 5*a*b^8*x^{14}*(2*A*b + 9*B*a))/14 \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^5(1365b^{11}x^{11} + 16016ab^{10}x^{10} + 85800a^2b^9x^9 + 277200a^3b^8x^8 + 600600a^4b^7x^7 + 917280a^5b^6x^6 + 1009008a^6b^5x^5 + 800800a^7b^4x^4 + 450450a^8b^3x^3 + 277200a^9b^2x^2 + 1365a^{10}bx + 1009008a^{11})}{21840}$$

input `int(x^4*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x)`output `(x**5*(4368*a**11 + 40040*a**10*b*x + 171600*a**9*b**2*x**2 + 450450*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 800800*a**7*b**4*x**4 + 1009008*a**6*b**5*x**5 + 917280*a**5*b**6*x**6 + 600600*a**4*b**7*x**7 + 277200*a**3*b**8*x**8 + 85800*a**2*b**9*x**9 + 16016*a*b**10*x**10 + 1365*b**11*x**11))/21840`

3.113 $\int x^3(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int x^3(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx = -\frac{a^3(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{11}}{11b^5} + \frac{a^2(3Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)^{12}}{12b^5} - \frac{3a(Ab - 2aB)(a + bx)^{13}}{13b^5} + \frac{(Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)^{14}}{14b^5} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{15}}{15b^5}$$

output

```
-1/11*a^3*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/b^5+1/12*a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^12/b^5-3/13*a*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^13/b^5+1/14*(A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^14/b^5+1/15*B*(b*x+a)^15/b^5
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 231 vs. 2(112) = 224.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^3(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{4}a^{10}Ax^4 + \frac{1}{5}a^9(10Ab+aB)x^5 \\ & + \frac{5}{6}a^8b(9Ab+2aB)x^6 + \frac{15}{7}a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)x^7 \\ & + \frac{15}{4}a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)x^8 + \frac{14}{3}a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)x^9 \\ & + \frac{21}{5}a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)x^{10} + \frac{30}{11}a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)x^{11} \\ & + \frac{5}{4}a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)x^{12} + \frac{5}{13}ab^8(2Ab+9aB)x^{13} \\ & + \frac{1}{14}b^9(Ab+10aB)x^{14} + \frac{1}{15}b^{10}Bx^{15} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x), x]`

output `(a^10*A*x^4)/4 + (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B)*x^5)/5 + (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B)*x^6)/6 + (15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^7)/7 + (15*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^8)/4 + (14*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^9)/3 + (21*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B)*x^10)/5 + (30*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*x^11)/11 + (5*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*x^12)/4 + (5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x^13)/13 + (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*x^14)/14 + (b^10*B*x^15)/15`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3(a+bx)^{10}(aB-Ab)}{b^4} - \frac{a^2(a+bx)^{11}(4aB-3Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{(a+bx)^{13}(Ab-4aB)}{b^4} + \frac{3a(a+bx)^{12}(2aB-Ab)}{b^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^3(a+bx)^{11}(Ab-aB)}{11b^5} + \frac{a^2(a+bx)^{12}(3Ab-4aB)}{12b^5} + \frac{(a+bx)^{14}(Ab-4aB)}{14b^5} - \frac{3a(a+bx)^{13}(Ab-2aB)}{13b^5} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{15}}{15b^5}$$

input `Int [x^3*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x), x]`

output

```
-1/11*(a^3*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^11)/b^5 + (a^2*(3*A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^12)/(12*b^5) - (3*a*(A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^13)/(13*b^5) + ((A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^14)/(14*b^5) + (B*(a + b*x)^15)/(15*b^5)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 235 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

method	result
norman	$\frac{a^{10}Ax^4}{4} + (2a^9bA + \frac{1}{5}a^{10}B)x^5 + (\frac{15}{2}a^8b^2A + \frac{5}{3}a^9bB)x^6 + (\frac{120}{7}a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{7}a^8b^2B)x^7 + (\frac{105}{4}$
default	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^{15}}{15} + \frac{(b^{10}A+10ab^9B)x^{14}}{14} + \frac{(10ab^9A+45a^2b^8B)x^{13}}{13} + \frac{(45a^2b^8A+120a^3b^7B)x^{12}}{12} + \frac{(120a^3b^7A+210a^4b^6B)x^{11}}{11}$
orering	$x^4(4004Bb^{10}x^{11}+4290Ab^{10}x^{10}+42900Bab^9x^{10}+46200aAb^9x^9+207900Ba^2b^8x^9+225225a^2Ab^8x^8+600600Ba^3b^7x^8+65$
gosper	$\frac{1}{4}a^{10}Ax^4 + 2x^5a^9bA + \frac{1}{5}x^5a^{10}B + \frac{15}{2}x^6a^8b^2A + \frac{5}{3}x^6a^9bB + \frac{120}{7}x^7a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{7}x^7a^8b^2B + \frac{105}{4}$
risch	$\frac{1}{4}a^{10}Ax^4 + 2x^5a^9bA + \frac{1}{5}x^5a^{10}B + \frac{15}{2}x^6a^8b^2A + \frac{5}{3}x^6a^9bB + \frac{120}{7}x^7a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{7}x^7a^8b^2B + \frac{105}{4}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{4}a^{10}Ax^4 + 2x^5a^9bA + \frac{1}{5}x^5a^{10}B + \frac{15}{2}x^6a^8b^2A + \frac{5}{3}x^6a^9bB + \frac{120}{7}x^7a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{7}x^7a^8b^2B + \frac{105}{4}$

input `int(x^3*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*a^10*A*x^4+(2*a^9*b*A+1/5*a^10*B)*x^5+(15/2*a^8*b^2*A+5/3*a^9*b*B)*x^6+(120/7*a^7*b^3*A+45/7*a^8*b^2*B)*x^7+(105/4*a^6*b^4*A+15*a^7*b^3*B)*x^8+(28*a^5*b^5*A+70/3*a^6*b^4*B)*x^9+(21*a^4*b^6*A+126/5*a^5*b^5*B)*x^10+(120/11*a^3*b^7*A+210/11*a^4*b^6*B)*x^11+(15/4*a^2*b^8*A+10*a^3*b^7*B)*x^12+(10/13*a*b^9*A+45/13*a^2*b^8*B)*x^13+(1/14*b^10*A+5/7*a*b^9*B)*x^14+1/15*b^10*B*x^15`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. 2(104) = 208.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int x^3(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{1}{15} Bb^{10}x^{15} + \frac{1}{4} Aa^{10}x^4 + \frac{1}{14} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{14} + \frac{5}{13} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^{13} + \frac{5}{4} (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^{12} + \frac{30}{11} (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^{11} + \frac{21}{5} (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^{10} + \frac{14}{3} (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^9 + \frac{15}{4} (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^8 + \frac{15}{7} (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^7 + \frac{5}{6} (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x^5$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*B*b^10*x^15 + 1/4*A*a^10*x^4 + 1/14*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^14 + 5/13*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^13 + 5/4*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^12 + 30/11*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^11 + 21/5*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^10 + 14/3*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^9 + 15/4*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^8 + 15/7*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^7 + 5/6*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^5`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 265 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Aa^{10}x^4}{4} + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{15}}{15} + x^{14} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{14} + \frac{5Bab^9}{7} \right) + x^{13} \cdot \left(\frac{10Aab^9}{13} + \frac{45Ba^2b^8}{13} \right) + x^{12} \cdot \left(\frac{15Aa^2b^8}{4} + 10Ba^3b^7 \right) + x^{11} \cdot \left(\frac{120Aa^3b^7}{11} + \frac{210Ba^4b^6}{11} \right) + x^{10} \cdot \left(21Aa^4b^6 + \frac{126Ba^5b^5}{5} \right) + x^9 \cdot \left(28Aa^5b^5 + \frac{70Ba^6b^4}{3} \right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{105Aa^6b^4}{4} + 15Ba^7b^3 \right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{120Aa^7b^3}{7} + \frac{45Ba^8b^2}{7} \right) + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{15Aa^8b^2}{2} + \frac{5Ba^9b}{3} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left(2Aa^9b + \frac{Ba^{10}}{5} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**3*(b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A),x)`

output `A*a**10*x**4/4 + B*b**10*x**15/15 + x**14*(A*b**10/14 + 5*B*a*b**9/7) + x**13*(10*A*a*b**9/13 + 45*B*a**2*b**8/13) + x**12*(15*A*a**2*b**8/4 + 10*B*a**3*b**7) + x**11*(120*A*a**3*b**7/11 + 210*B*a**4*b**6/11) + x**10*(21*A*a**4*b**6 + 126*B*a**5*b**5/5) + x**9*(28*A*a**5*b**5 + 70*B*a**6*b**4/3) + x**8*(105*A*a**6*b**4/4 + 15*B*a**7*b**3) + x**7*(120*A*a**7*b**3/7 + 45*B*a**8*b**2/7) + x**6*(15*A*a**8*b**2/2 + 5*B*a**9*b/3) + x**5*(2*A*a**9*b + B*a**10/5)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)dx = \frac{1}{15}Bb^{10}x^{15} + \frac{1}{4}Aa^{10}x^4 + \frac{1}{14}(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{14} \\ + \frac{5}{13}(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^{13} + \frac{5}{4}(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^{12} \\ + \frac{30}{11}(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^{11} \\ + \frac{21}{5}(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^{10} + \frac{14}{3}(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^9 \\ + \frac{15}{4}(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^8 + \frac{15}{7}(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^7 \\ + \frac{5}{6}(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5}(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x^5$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/15*B*b^10*x^15 + 1/4*A*a^10*x^4 + 1/14*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^14 + 5/13
*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^13 + 5/4*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^12 + 3
0/11*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^11 + 21/5*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x
^10 + 14/3*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^9 + 15/4*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b
^4)*x^8 + 15/7*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^7 + 5/6*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*
b^2)*x^6 + 1/5*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^5`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)dx = \frac{1}{15}Bb^{10}x^{15} + \frac{5}{7}Bab^9x^{14} + \frac{1}{14}Ab^{10}x^{14} + \frac{45}{13}Ba^2b^8x^{13} \\ + \frac{10}{13}Aab^9x^{13} + 10Ba^3b^7x^{12} + \frac{15}{4}Aa^2b^8x^{12} \\ + \frac{210}{11}Ba^4b^6x^{11} + \frac{120}{11}Aa^3b^7x^{11} + \frac{126}{5}Ba^5b^5x^{10} \\ + 21Aa^4b^6x^{10} + \frac{70}{3}Ba^6b^4x^9 + 28Aa^5b^5x^9 + 15Ba^7b^3x^8 \\ + \frac{105}{4}Aa^6b^4x^8 + \frac{45}{7}Ba^8b^2x^7 + \frac{120}{7}Aa^7b^3x^7 + \frac{5}{3}Ba^9bx^6 \\ + \frac{15}{2}Aa^8b^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5}Ba^{10}x^5 + 2Aa^9bx^5 + \frac{1}{4}Aa^{10}x^4$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/15*B*b^10*x^15 + 5/7*B*a*b^9*x^14 + 1/14*A*b^10*x^14 + 45/13*B*a^2*b^8*x^13 + 10/13*A*a*b^9*x^13 + 10*B*a^3*b^7*x^12 + 15/4*A*a^2*b^8*x^12 + 210/11*B*a^4*b^6*x^11 + 120/11*A*a^3*b^7*x^11 + 126/5*B*a^5*b^5*x^10 + 21*A*a^4*b^6*x^10 + 70/3*B*a^6*b^4*x^9 + 28*A*a^5*b^5*x^9 + 15*B*a^7*b^3*x^8 + 105/4*A*a^6*b^4*x^8 + 45/7*B*a^8*b^2*x^7 + 120/7*A*a^7*b^3*x^7 + 5/3*B*a^9*b*x^6 + 15/2*A*a^8*b^2*x^6 + 1/5*B*a^10*x^5 + 2*A*a^9*b*x^5 + 1/4*A*a^10*x^4`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = x^5 \left(\frac{Ba^{10}}{5} + 2Aba^9 \right) + x^{14} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{14} + \frac{5Bab^9}{7} \right) \\ + \frac{Aa^{10}x^4}{4} + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{15}}{15} + \frac{15a^7b^2x^7(8Ab+3Ba)}{7} \\ + \frac{15a^6b^3x^8(7Ab+4Ba)}{4} + \frac{14a^5b^4x^9(6Ab+5Ba)}{3} \\ + \frac{21a^4b^5x^{10}(5Ab+6Ba)}{5} \\ + \frac{30a^3b^6x^{11}(4Ab+7Ba)}{11} + \frac{5a^2b^7x^{12}(3Ab+8Ba)}{4} \\ + \frac{5a^8bx^6(9Ab+2Ba)}{6} + \frac{5ab^8x^{13}(2Ab+9Ba)}{13}$$

input `int(x^3*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10,x)`output `x^5*((B*a^10)/5 + 2*A*a^9*b) + x^14*((A*b^10)/14 + (5*B*a*b^9)/7) + (A*a^10*x^4)/4 + (B*b^10*x^15)/15 + (15*a^7*b^2*x^7*(8*A*b + 3*B*a))/7 + (15*a^6*b^3*x^8*(7*A*b + 4*B*a))/4 + (14*a^5*b^4*x^9*(6*A*b + 5*B*a))/3 + (21*a^4*b^5*x^10*(5*A*b + 6*B*a))/5 + (30*a^3*b^6*x^11*(4*A*b + 7*B*a))/11 + (5*a^2*b^7*x^12*(3*A*b + 8*B*a))/4 + (5*a^8*b*x^6*(9*A*b + 2*B*a))/6 + (5*a*b^8*x^13*(2*A*b + 9*B*a))/13`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx \\ = \frac{x^4(364b^{11}x^{11} + 4290ab^{10}x^{10} + 23100a^2b^9x^9 + 75075a^3b^8x^8 + 163800a^4b^7x^7 + 252252a^5b^6x^6 + 280280a^6b^5x^5 + 242424a^7b^4x^4 + 163800a^8b^3x^3 + 75075a^9b^2x^2 + 16380a^{10}bx + 16380a^{11})}{5460}$$

input `int(x^3*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x)`

output

```
(x**4*(1365*a**11 + 12012*a**10*b*x + 50050*a**9*b**2*x**2 + 128700*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 225225*a**7*b**4*x**4 + 280280*a**6*b**5*x**5 + 252252*a**5*b**6*x**6 + 163800*a**4*b**7*x**7 + 75075*a**3*b**8*x**8 + 23100*a**2*b**9*x**9 + 4290*a*b**10*x**10 + 364*b**11*x**11))/5460
```

3.114 $\int x^2(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	816
Mathematica [B] (verified)	817
Rubi [A] (verified)	817
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	823

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{a^2(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{11}}{11b^4} - \frac{a(2Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^{12}}{12b^4} + \frac{(Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^{13}}{13b^4} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{14}}{14b^4}$$

output

```
1/11*a^2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/b^4-1/12*a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^12/b^4+1/13
*(A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^13/b^4+1/14*B*(b*x+a)^14/b^4
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 226 vs. $2(87) = 174$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{3}a^{10}Ax^3 + \frac{1}{4}a^9(10Ab+aB)x^4 \\ & + a^8b(9Ab+2aB)x^5 + \frac{5}{2}a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)x^6 \\ & + \frac{30}{7}a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)x^7 + \frac{21}{4}a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)x^8 \\ & + \frac{14}{3}a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)x^9 + 3a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)x^{10} \\ & + \frac{15}{11}a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)x^{11} + \frac{5}{12}ab^8(2Ab+9aB)x^{12} \\ & + \frac{1}{13}b^9(Ab+10aB)x^{13} + \frac{1}{14}b^{10}Bx^{14} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

```
(a^10*A*x^3)/3 + (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B)*x^4)/4 + a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B)*x^5 +
(5*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B)*x^6)/2 + (30*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^7)/7 + (
21*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^8)/4 + (14*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B)*x^9)/3 + 3
*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*x^10 + (15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*x^11)/11 + (5*
a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x^12)/12 + (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*x^13)/13 + (b^10*B*x^
14)/14
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^2(a+bx)^{10}(aB-Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{(a+bx)^{12}(Ab-3aB)}{b^3} + \frac{a(a+bx)^{11}(3aB-2Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{13}}{b^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^2(a+bx)^{11}(Ab-aB)}{11b^4} + \frac{(a+bx)^{13}(Ab-3aB)}{13b^4} - \frac{a(a+bx)^{12}(2Ab-3aB)}{12b^4} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{14}}{14b^4}$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

```
(a^2*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^11)/(11*b^4) - (a*(2*A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^12)
/(12*b^4) + ((A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^13)/(13*b^4) + (B*(a + b*x)^14)/(14*b
^4)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 235 vs. 2(79) = 158.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

method	result
norman	$\frac{a^{10}Ax^3}{3} + \left(\frac{5}{2}a^9bA + \frac{1}{4}a^{10}B\right)x^4 + (9a^8b^2A + 2a^9bB)x^5 + (20a^7b^3A + \frac{15}{2}a^8b^2B)x^6 + (30a^6b^4A + 15a^7b^3B)x^7 + (63/2a^5b^5A + 105/4a^6b^4B)x^8 + (70/3a^4b^6A + 28a^5b^5B)x^9 + (12Aa^3b^7 + 21Ba^4b^6)x^{10} + (45/11a^2b^8A + 120/11a^3b^7B)x^{11} + (5/6a^2b^9A + 15/4a^3b^8B)x^{12} + (1/13ab^{10}A + 10/13a^2b^9B)x^{13} + 1/14b^{10}Bx^{14}$
default	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^{14}}{14} + \frac{(b^{10}A+10ab^9B)x^{13}}{13} + \frac{(10ab^9A+45a^2b^8B)x^{12}}{12} + \frac{(45a^2b^8A+120a^3b^7B)x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(120a^3b^7A+210a^4b^6B)x^{10}}{10}$
orering	$x^3(858Bb^{10}x^{11}+924Ab^{10}x^{10}+9240Ba^9b^9x^{10}+10010aAb^9x^9+45045Ba^2b^8x^9+49140a^2Ab^8x^8+131040Ba^3b^7x^8+144144a^3Ab^7x^7+100100a^4b^6x^7+50050a^4a^4b^6Bx^7+100100a^5b^5x^6+100100a^5a^5b^5Bx^6+100100a^6b^4x^6+100100a^6a^6b^4Bx^6+100100a^7b^3x^5+100100a^7a^7b^3Bx^5+100100a^8b^2x^5+100100a^8a^8b^2Bx^5+100100a^9b^1x^4+100100a^9a^9b^1Bx^4+100100a^{10}x^3+100100a^{10}a^{10}Bx^3)$
gosper	$\frac{1}{3}a^{10}Ax^3 + \frac{5}{2}x^4a^9bA + \frac{1}{4}x^4a^{10}B + 9Aa^8b^2x^5 + 2Ba^9bx^5 + 20x^6a^7b^3A + \frac{15}{2}x^6a^8b^2B + 30a^7b^4A + 15a^7b^3B)x^7 + (63/2a^5b^5A + 105/4a^6b^4B)x^8 + (70/3a^4b^6A + 28a^5b^5B)x^9 + (12Aa^3b^7 + 21Ba^4b^6)x^{10} + (45/11a^2b^8A + 120/11a^3b^7B)x^{11} + (5/6a^2b^9A + 15/4a^3b^8B)x^{12} + (1/13ab^{10}A + 10/13a^2b^9B)x^{13} + 1/14b^{10}Bx^{14}$
risch	$\frac{1}{3}a^{10}Ax^3 + \frac{5}{2}x^4a^9bA + \frac{1}{4}x^4a^{10}B + 9Aa^8b^2x^5 + 2Ba^9bx^5 + 20x^6a^7b^3A + \frac{15}{2}x^6a^8b^2B + 30a^7b^4A + 15a^7b^3B)x^7 + (63/2a^5b^5A + 105/4a^6b^4B)x^8 + (70/3a^4b^6A + 28a^5b^5B)x^9 + (12Aa^3b^7 + 21Ba^4b^6)x^{10} + (45/11a^2b^8A + 120/11a^3b^7B)x^{11} + (5/6a^2b^9A + 15/4a^3b^8B)x^{12} + (1/13ab^{10}A + 10/13a^2b^9B)x^{13} + 1/14b^{10}Bx^{14}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{3}a^{10}Ax^3 + \frac{5}{2}x^4a^9bA + \frac{1}{4}x^4a^{10}B + 9Aa^8b^2x^5 + 2Ba^9bx^5 + 20x^6a^7b^3A + \frac{15}{2}x^6a^8b^2B + 30a^7b^4A + 15a^7b^3B)x^7 + (63/2a^5b^5A + 105/4a^6b^4B)x^8 + (70/3a^4b^6A + 28a^5b^5B)x^9 + (12Aa^3b^7 + 21Ba^4b^6)x^{10} + (45/11a^2b^8A + 120/11a^3b^7B)x^{11} + (5/6a^2b^9A + 15/4a^3b^8B)x^{12} + (1/13ab^{10}A + 10/13a^2b^9B)x^{13} + 1/14b^{10}Bx^{14}$

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/3*a^{10}*A*x^3+(5/2*a^9*b*A+1/4*a^{10}*B)*x^4+(9*A*a^8*b^2+2*B*a^9*b)*x^5+(20*a^7*b^3*A+15/2*a^8*b^2*B)*x^6+(30*a^6*b^4*A+120/7*a^7*b^3*B)*x^7+(63/2*a^5*b^5*A+105/4*a^6*b^4*B)*x^8+(70/3*a^4*b^6*A+28*a^5*b^5*B)*x^9+(12*A*a^3*b^7+21*B*a^4*b^6)*x^{10}+(45/11*a^2*b^8*A+120/11*a^3*b^7*B)*x^{11}+(5/6*a^2*b^9*A+15/4*a^3*b^8*B)*x^{12}+(1/13*b^{10}*A+10/13*a*b^9*B)*x^{13}+1/14*b^{10}*B*x^{14}$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 242 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)dx = \frac{1}{14}Bb^{10}x^{14} + \frac{1}{3}Aa^{10}x^3 + \frac{1}{13}(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{13} + \frac{5}{12}(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^{12} + \frac{15}{11}(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^{11} + 3(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^{10} + \frac{14}{3}(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^9 + \frac{21}{4}(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^8 + \frac{30}{7}(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^7 + \frac{5}{2}(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^6 + (2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{4}(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x^4$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/14*B*b^10*x^14 + 1/3*A*a^10*x^3 + 1/13*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^13 + 5/12
*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^12 + 15/11*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^11 +
3*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^10 + 14/3*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^9
+ 21/4*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^8 + 30/7*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)
*x^7 + 5/2*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^6 + (2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^5
+ 1/4*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^4
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 262 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)dx = \frac{Aa^{10}x^3}{3} + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{14}}{14} + x^{13}\left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{13} + \frac{10Bab^9}{13}\right) + x^{12} \cdot \left(\frac{5Aab^9}{6} + \frac{15Ba^2b^8}{4}\right) + x^{11} \cdot \left(\frac{45Aa^2b^8}{11} + \frac{120Ba^3b^7}{11}\right) + x^{10} \cdot (12Aa^3b^7 + 21Ba^4b^6) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{70Aa^4b^6}{3} + 28Ba^5b^5\right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{63Aa^5b^5}{2} + \frac{105Ba^6b^4}{4}\right) + x^7 \cdot \left(30Aa^6b^4 + \frac{120Ba^7b^3}{7}\right) + x^6 \cdot \left(20Aa^7b^3 + \frac{15Ba^8b^2}{2}\right) + x^5 \cdot (9Aa^8b^2 + 2Ba^9b) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aa^9b}{2} + \frac{Ba^{10}}{4}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A),x)
```

output

```
A*a**10*x**3/3 + B*b**10*x**14/14 + x**13*(A*b**10/13 + 10*B*a*b**9/13) +
x**12*(5*A*a*b**9/6 + 15*B*a**2*b**8/4) + x**11*(45*A*a**2*b**8/11 + 120*B
*a**3*b**7/11) + x**10*(12*A*a**3*b**7 + 21*B*a**4*b**6) + x**9*(70*A*a**4
*b**6/3 + 28*B*a**5*b**5) + x**8*(63*A*a**5*b**5/2 + 105*B*a**6*b**4/4) +
x**7*(30*A*a**6*b**4 + 120*B*a**7*b**3/7) + x**6*(20*A*a**7*b**3 + 15*B*a
**8*b**2/2) + x**5*(9*A*a**8*b**2 + 2*B*a**9*b) + x**4*(5*A*a**9*b/2 + B*a
**10/4)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 242 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{14} Bb^{10}x^{14} + \frac{1}{3} Aa^{10}x^3 + \frac{1}{13} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{13} \\ & + \frac{5}{12} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^{12} + \frac{15}{11} (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^{11} \\ & + 3 (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^{10} + \frac{14}{3} (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^9 \\ & + \frac{21}{4} (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^8 \\ & + \frac{30}{7} (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^7 + \frac{5}{2} (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^6 \\ & + (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x^4 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/14*B*b^10*x^14 + 1/3*A*a^10*x^3 + 1/13*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^13 + 5/12
*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^12 + 15/11*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^11 +
3*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^10 + 14/3*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^9
+ 21/4*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^8 + 30/7*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)
*x^7 + 5/2*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^6 + (2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^5
+ 1/4*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^4
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{14} Bb^{10}x^{14} + \frac{10}{13} Bab^9x^{13} + \frac{1}{13} Ab^{10}x^{13} + \frac{15}{4} Ba^2b^8x^{12} \\ & + \frac{5}{6} Aab^9x^{12} + \frac{120}{11} Ba^3b^7x^{11} + \frac{45}{11} Aa^2b^8x^{11} \\ & + 21 Ba^4b^6x^{10} + 12 Aa^3b^7x^{10} + 28 Ba^5b^5x^9 + \frac{70}{3} Aa^4b^6x^9 \\ & + \frac{105}{4} Ba^6b^4x^8 + \frac{63}{2} Aa^5b^5x^8 + \frac{120}{7} Ba^7b^3x^7 \\ & + 30 Aa^6b^4x^7 + \frac{15}{2} Ba^8b^2x^6 + 20 Aa^7b^3x^6 + 2 Ba^9bx^5 \\ & + 9 Aa^8b^2x^5 + \frac{1}{4} Ba^{10}x^4 + \frac{5}{2} Aa^9bx^4 + \frac{1}{3} Aa^{10}x^3 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/14*B*b^10*x^14 + 10/13*B*a*b^9*x^13 + 1/13*A*b^10*x^13 + 15/4*B*a^2*b^8*x^12 + 5/6*A*a*b^9*x^12 + 120/11*B*a^3*b^7*x^11 + 45/11*A*a^2*b^8*x^11 + 21*B*a^4*b^6*x^10 + 12*A*a^3*b^7*x^10 + 28*B*a^5*b^5*x^9 + 70/3*A*a^4*b^6*x^9 + 105/4*B*a^6*b^4*x^8 + 63/2*A*a^5*b^5*x^8 + 120/7*B*a^7*b^3*x^7 + 30*A*a^6*b^4*x^7 + 15/2*B*a^8*b^2*x^6 + 20*A*a^7*b^3*x^6 + 2*B*a^9*b*x^5 + 9*A*a^8*b^2*x^5 + 1/4*B*a^10*x^4 + 5/2*A*a^9*b*x^4 + 1/3*A*a^10*x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = x^4 \left(\frac{Ba^{10}}{4} + \frac{5Aba^9}{2} \right) + x^{13} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{13} + \frac{10Bab^9}{13} \right) + \frac{Aa^{10}x^3}{3} + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{14}}{14} + \frac{5a^7b^2x^6(8Ab+3Ba)}{2} + \frac{30a^6b^3x^7(7Ab+4Ba)}{7} + \frac{21a^5b^4x^8(6Ab+5Ba)}{4} + \frac{14a^4b^5x^9(5Ab+6Ba)}{3} + 3a^3b^6x^{10}(4Ab+7Ba) + \frac{15a^2b^7x^{11}(3Ab+8Ba)}{11} + a^8bx^5(9Ab+2Ba) + \frac{5ab^8x^{12}(2Ab+9Ba)}{12}$$

input `int(x^2*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10,x)`output `x^4*((B*a^10)/4 + (5*A*a^9*b)/2) + x^13*((A*b^10)/13 + (10*B*a*b^9)/13) + (A*a^10*x^3)/3 + (B*b^10*x^14)/14 + (5*a^7*b^2*x^6*(8*A*b + 3*B*a))/2 + (30*a^6*b^3*x^7*(7*A*b + 4*B*a))/7 + (21*a^5*b^4*x^8*(6*A*b + 5*B*a))/4 + (14*a^4*b^5*x^9*(5*A*b + 6*B*a))/3 + 3*a^3*b^6*x^10*(4*A*b + 7*B*a) + (15*a^2*b^7*x^11*(3*A*b + 8*B*a))/11 + a^8*b*x^5*(9*A*b + 2*B*a) + (5*a*b^8*x^12*(2*A*b + 9*B*a))/12`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{x^3(78b^{11}x^{11} + 924ab^{10}x^{10} + 5005a^2b^9x^9 + 16380a^3b^8x^8 + 36036a^4b^7x^7 + 56056a^5b^6x^6 + 63063a^6b^5x^5 + \dots)}{1092}$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x)`

output

```
(x**3*(364*a**11 + 3003*a**10*b*x + 12012*a**9*b**2*x**2 + 30030*a**8*b**3
*x**3 + 51480*a**7*b**4*x**4 + 63063*a**6*b**5*x**5 + 56056*a**5*b**6*x**6
+ 36036*a**4*b**7*x**7 + 16380*a**3*b**8*x**8 + 5005*a**2*b**9*x**9 + 924
*a*b**10*x**10 + 78*b**11*x**11))/1092
```

3.115 $\int x(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	825
Mathematica [B] (verified)	826
Rubi [A] (verified)	826
Maple [B] (verified)	828
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	828
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	829
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	830
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	831
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	832
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	832

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int x(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx = -\frac{a(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{11}}{11b^3} + \frac{(Ab - 2aB)(a + bx)^{12}}{12b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{13}}{13b^3}$$

```
output -1/11*a*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/b^3+1/12*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^12/b^3+1/13*B*(b*x+a)^13/b^3
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs. $2(61) = 122$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\begin{aligned} \int x(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{6}a^{10}x^2(3A+2Bx) + \frac{5}{6}a^9bx^3(4A+3Bx) \\ & + \frac{9}{4}a^8b^2x^4(5A+4Bx) + 4a^7b^3x^5(6A+5Bx) \\ & + 5a^6b^4x^6(7A+6Bx) + \frac{9}{2}a^5b^5x^7(8A+7Bx) \\ & + \frac{35}{12}a^4b^6x^8(9A+8Bx) + \frac{4}{3}a^3b^7x^9(10A+9Bx) \\ & + \frac{9}{22}a^2b^8x^{10}(11A+10Bx) + \frac{5}{66}ab^9x^{11}(12A+11Bx) \\ & + \frac{1}{156}b^{10}x^{12}(13A+12Bx) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

```
(a^10*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x))/6 + (5*a^9*b*x^3*(4*A + 3*B*x))/6 + (9*a^8*b^2*x^4*(5*A + 4*B*x))/4 + 4*a^7*b^3*x^5*(6*A + 5*B*x) + 5*a^6*b^4*x^6*(7*A + 6*B*x) + (9*a^5*b^5*x^7*(8*A + 7*B*x))/2 + (35*a^4*b^6*x^8*(9*A + 8*B*x))/12 + (4*a^3*b^7*x^9*(10*A + 9*B*x))/3 + (9*a^2*b^8*x^10*(11*A + 10*B*x))/22 + (5*a*b^9*x^11*(12*A + 11*B*x))/66 + (b^10*x^12*(13*A + 12*B*x))/156
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{(a+bx)^{11}(Ab-2aB)}{b^2} + \frac{a(a+bx)^{10}(aB-Ab)}{b^2} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{12}}{b^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(a+bx)^{12}(Ab-2aB)}{12b^3} - \frac{a(a+bx)^{11}(Ab-aB)}{11b^3} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{13}}{13b^3}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x),x]`

output `-1/11*(a*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^11)/b^3 + ((A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^12)/(12*b^3) + (B*(a + b*x)^13)/(13*b^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :`
`> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,`
`d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*`
`f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n`
`+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,`
`1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 235 vs. $2(55) = 110$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.87

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^{13}}{13} + \left(\frac{1}{12}b^{10}A + \frac{5}{6}ab^9B\right)x^{12} + \left(\frac{10}{11}ab^9A + \frac{45}{11}a^2b^8B\right)x^{11} + \left(\frac{9}{2}a^2b^8A + 12a^3b^7B\right)x^{10} +$
default	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^{13}}{13} + \frac{(b^{10}A+10ab^9B)x^{12}}{12} + \frac{(10ab^9A+45a^2b^8B)x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(45a^2b^8A+120a^3b^7B)x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(120a^3b^7A+210a^4b^6B)x^9}{9}$
orering	$x^2(132Bb^{10}x^{11}+143Ab^{10}x^{10}+1430Ba^9b^9x^9+1560aAb^9x^8+7020Ba^2b^8x^7+7722a^2Ab^8x^6+20592Ba^3b^7x^5+22880a^3Ab^7x^4$
gosper	$\frac{1}{13}b^{10}Bx^{13} + \frac{1}{12}x^{12}b^{10}A + \frac{5}{6}x^{12}ab^9B + \frac{10}{11}x^{11}ab^9A + \frac{45}{11}x^{11}a^2b^8B + \frac{9}{2}x^{10}a^2b^8A + 12x^{10}a^3b^7B$
risch	$\frac{1}{13}b^{10}Bx^{13} + \frac{1}{12}x^{12}b^{10}A + \frac{5}{6}x^{12}ab^9B + \frac{10}{11}x^{11}ab^9A + \frac{45}{11}x^{11}a^2b^8B + \frac{9}{2}x^{10}a^2b^8A + 12x^{10}a^3b^7B$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{13}b^{10}Bx^{13} + \frac{1}{12}x^{12}b^{10}A + \frac{5}{6}x^{12}ab^9B + \frac{10}{11}x^{11}ab^9A + \frac{45}{11}x^{11}a^2b^8B + \frac{9}{2}x^{10}a^2b^8A + 12x^{10}a^3b^7B$

input `int(x*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/13*b^{10}*B*x^{13}+(1/12*b^{10}*A+5/6*a*b^9*B)*x^{12}+(10/11*a*b^9*A+45/11*a^2*b^8*B)*x^{11}+(9/2*a^2*b^8*A+12*a^3*b^7*B)*x^{10}+(40/3*a^3*b^7*A+70/3*a^4*b^6*B)*x^9+(105/4*a^4*b^6*A+63/2*a^5*b^5*B)*x^8+(36*A*a^5*b^5+30*B*a^6*b^4)*x^7+(35*A*a^6*b^4+20*B*a^7*b^3)*x^6+(24*A*a^7*b^3+9*B*a^8*b^2)*x^5+(45/4*a^8*b^2*A+5/2*a^9*b*B)*x^4+(10/3*a^9*b*A+1/3*a^{10}*B)*x^3+1/2*a^{10}*A*x^2$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.98

$$\int x(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)dx = \frac{1}{13}Bb^{10}x^{13} + \frac{1}{2}Aa^{10}x^2 + \frac{1}{12}(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{12} \\ + \frac{5}{11}(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^{11} + \frac{3}{2}(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^{10} \\ + \frac{10}{3}(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^9 \\ + \frac{3}{4}(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^8 + 6(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^7 \\ + 5(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^6 + 3(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^5 \\ + \frac{5}{4}(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{3}(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x^3$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/13*B*b^10*x^13 + 1/2*A*a^10*x^2 + 1/12*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^12 + 5/11*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^11 + 3/2*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^10 + 10/3*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^9 + 21/4*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^8 + 6*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^7 + 5*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^6 + 3*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^5 + 5/4*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^3`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 262 vs. 2(53) = 106.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.30

$$\int x(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Aa^{10}x^2}{2} + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{13}}{13} + x^{12} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{12} + \frac{5Bab^9}{6} \right) + x^{11} \cdot \left(\frac{10Aab^9}{11} + \frac{45Ba^2b^8}{11} \right) + x^{10} \cdot \left(\frac{9Aa^2b^8}{2} + 12Ba^3b^7 \right) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{40Aa^3b^7}{3} + \frac{70Ba^4b^6}{3} \right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{105Aa^4b^6}{4} + \frac{63Ba^5b^5}{2} \right) + x^7 \cdot (36Aa^5b^5 + 30Ba^6b^4) + x^6 \cdot (35Aa^6b^4 + 20Ba^7b^3) + x^5 \cdot (24Aa^7b^3 + 9Ba^8b^2) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{45Aa^8b^2}{4} + \frac{5Ba^9b}{2} \right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{10Aa^9b}{3} + \frac{Ba^{10}}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A),x)`

output `A*a**10*x**2/2 + B*b**10*x**13/13 + x**12*(A*b**10/12 + 5*B*a*b**9/6) + x**11*(10*A*a*b**9/11 + 45*B*a**2*b**8/11) + x**10*(9*A*a**2*b**8/2 + 12*B*a**3*b**7) + x**9*(40*A*a**3*b**7/3 + 70*B*a**4*b**6/3) + x**8*(105*A*a**4*b**6/4 + 63*B*a**5*b**5/2) + x**7*(36*A*a**5*b**5 + 30*B*a**6*b**4) + x**6*(35*A*a**6*b**4 + 20*B*a**7*b**3) + x**5*(24*A*a**7*b**3 + 9*B*a**8*b**2) + x**4*(45*A*a**8*b**2/4 + 5*B*a**9*b/2) + x**3*(10*A*a**9*b/3 + B*a**10/3)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.98

$$\int x(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)dx = \frac{1}{13}Bb^{10}x^{13} + \frac{1}{2}Aa^{10}x^2 + \frac{1}{12}(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{12} \\ + \frac{5}{11}(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^{11} + \frac{3}{2}(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^{10} \\ + \frac{10}{3}(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^9 \\ + \frac{21}{4}(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^8 + 6(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^7 \\ + 5(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^6 + 3(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^5 \\ + \frac{5}{4}(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{3}(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x^3$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/13*B*b^10*x^13 + 1/2*A*a^10*x^2 + 1/12*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^12 + 5/11
*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^11 + 3/2*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^10 + 1
0/3*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^9 + 21/4*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^8
+ 6*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^7 + 5*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^6 +
3*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^5 + 5/4*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^4 + 1
/3*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^3
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.02

$$\int x(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{13} Bb^{10}x^{13} + \frac{5}{6} Bab^9x^{12} + \frac{1}{12} Ab^{10}x^{12} + \frac{45}{11} Ba^2b^8x^{11} \\ + \frac{10}{11} Aab^9x^{11} + 12Ba^3b^7x^{10} + \frac{9}{2} Aa^2b^8x^{10} \\ + \frac{70}{3} Ba^4b^6x^9 + \frac{40}{3} Aa^3b^7x^9 + \frac{63}{2} Ba^5b^5x^8 \\ + \frac{105}{4} Aa^4b^6x^8 + 30Ba^6b^4x^7 + 36Aa^5b^5x^7 + 20Ba^7b^3x^6 \\ + 35Aa^6b^4x^6 + 9Ba^8b^2x^5 + 24Aa^7b^3x^5 + \frac{5}{2} Ba^9bx^4 \\ + \frac{45}{4} Aa^8b^2x^4 + \frac{1}{3} Ba^{10}x^3 + \frac{10}{3} Aa^9bx^3 + \frac{1}{2} Aa^{10}x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/13*B*b^10*x^13 + 5/6*B*a*b^9*x^12 + 1/12*A*b^10*x^12 + 45/11*B*a^2*b^8*x^11 + 10/11*A*a*b^9*x^11 + 12*B*a^3*b^7*x^10 + 9/2*A*a^2*b^8*x^10 + 70/3*B*a^4*b^6*x^9 + 40/3*A*a^3*b^7*x^9 + 63/2*B*a^5*b^5*x^8 + 105/4*A*a^4*b^6*x^8 + 30*B*a^6*b^4*x^7 + 36*A*a^5*b^5*x^7 + 20*B*a^7*b^3*x^6 + 35*A*a^6*b^4*x^6 + 9*B*a^8*b^2*x^5 + 24*A*a^7*b^3*x^5 + 5/2*B*a^9*b*x^4 + 45/4*A*a^8*b^2*x^4 + 1/3*B*a^10*x^3 + 10/3*A*a^9*b*x^3 + 1/2*A*a^10*x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.46

$$\int x(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx = x^3 \left(\frac{Ba^{10}}{3} + \frac{10Ab a^9}{3} \right) + x^{12} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{12} + \frac{5Ba b^9}{6} \right) \\ + \frac{Aa^{10}x^2}{2} + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{13}}{13} + 3a^7b^2x^5(8Ab+3Ba) \\ + 5a^6b^3x^6(7Ab+4Ba) + 6a^5b^4x^7(6Ab+5Ba) \\ + \frac{21a^4b^5x^8(5Ab+6Ba)}{4} \\ + \frac{10a^3b^6x^9(4Ab+7Ba)}{3} + \frac{3a^2b^7x^{10}(3Ab+8Ba)}{2} \\ + \frac{5a^8bx^4(9Ab+2Ba)}{4} + \frac{5ab^8x^{11}(2Ab+9Ba)}{11}$$

input `int(x*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10,x)`output `x^3*((B*a^10)/3 + (10*A*a^9*b)/3) + x^12*((A*b^10)/12 + (5*B*a*b^9)/6) + (A*a^10*x^2)/2 + (B*b^10*x^13)/13 + 3*a^7*b^2*x^5*(8*A*b + 3*B*a) + 5*a^6*b^3*x^6*(7*A*b + 4*B*a) + 6*a^5*b^4*x^7*(6*A*b + 5*B*a) + (21*a^4*b^5*x^8*(5*A*b + 6*B*a))/4 + (10*a^3*b^6*x^9*(4*A*b + 7*B*a))/3 + (3*a^2*b^7*x^10*(3*A*b + 8*B*a))/2 + (5*a^8*b*x^4*(9*A*b + 2*B*a))/4 + (5*a*b^8*x^11*(2*A*b + 9*B*a))/11`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int x(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx) dx \\ = \frac{x^2(12b^{11}x^{11} + 143ab^{10}x^{10} + 780a^2b^9x^9 + 2574a^3b^8x^8 + 5720a^4b^7x^7 + 9009a^5b^6x^6 + 10296a^6b^5x^5 + 8580a^7b^4x^4 + 5460a^8b^3x^3 + 2730a^9b^2x^2 + 1050a^{10}bx + 1050a^{11})}{156}$$

input `int(x*(b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x)`

output

```
(x**2*(78*a**11 + 572*a**10*b*x + 2145*a**9*b**2*x**2 + 5148*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 8580*a**7*b**4*x**4 + 10296*a**6*b**5*x**5 + 9009*a**5*b**6*x**6 + 5720*a**4*b**7*x**7 + 2574*a**3*b**8*x**8 + 780*a**2*b**9*x**9 + 143*a*b**10*x**10 + 12*b**11*x**11))/156
```

3.116 $\int (a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	834
Mathematica [B] (verified)	834
Rubi [A] (verified)	835
Maple [B] (verified)	836
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	837
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	838
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	838
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	839
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	840
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	841

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{11}}{11b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{12}}{12b^2}$$

output

```
1/11*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/b^2+1/12*B*(b*x+a)^12/b^2
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 198 vs. 2(38) = 76.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.21

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{132}x(66a^{10}(2A + Bx) + 220a^9bx(3A + 2Bx) \\ & + 495a^8b^2x^2(4A + 3Bx) + 792a^7b^3x^3(5A + 4Bx) \\ & + 924a^6b^4x^4(6A + 5Bx) + 792a^5b^5x^5(7A + 6Bx) \\ & + 495a^4b^6x^6(8A + 7Bx) + 220a^3b^7x^7(9A + 8Bx) \\ & + 66a^2b^8x^8(10A + 9Bx) + 12ab^9x^9(11A + 10Bx) \\ & + b^{10}x^{10}(12A + 11Bx)) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

```
(x*(66*a^10*(2*A + B*x) + 220*a^9*b*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) + 495*a^8*b^2*x^2*(4*A
+ 3*B*x) + 792*a^7*b^3*x^3*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 924*a^6*b^4*x^4*(6*A + 5*B*x)
+ 792*a^5*b^5*x^5*(7*A + 6*B*x) + 495*a^4*b^6*x^6*(8*A + 7*B*x) + 220*a^3*
b^7*x^7*(9*A + 8*B*x) + 66*a^2*b^8*x^8*(10*A + 9*B*x) + 12*a*b^9*x^9*(11*A
+ 10*B*x) + b^10*x^10*(12*A + 11*B*x))/132
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00,
 number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules
 used = {49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the
 transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed
 below.

$$\int (a + bx)^{10} (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(a + bx)^{10} (Ab - aB)}{b} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{11}}{b} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(a + bx)^{11} (Ab - aB)}{11b^2} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{12}}{12b^2}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^11)/(11*b^2) + (B*(a + b*x)^12)/(12*b^2)
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 231 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.11

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^{10} B x^{12}}{12} + \left(\frac{1}{11} b^{10} A + \frac{10}{11} a b^9 B\right) x^{11} + (a b^9 A + \frac{9}{2} a^2 b^8 B) x^{10} + (5 a^2 b^8 A + \frac{40}{3} a^3 b^7 B) x^9 + (15$
default	$\frac{b^{10} B x^{12}}{12} + \frac{(b^{10} A + 10 a b^9 B) x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(10 a b^9 A + 45 a^2 b^8 B) x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(45 a^2 b^8 A + 120 a^3 b^7 B) x^9}{9} + \frac{(120 a^3 b^7 A + 210 a^4 b^6 B) x^8}{8}$
gospers	$\frac{1}{12} b^{10} B x^{12} + \frac{1}{11} x^{11} b^{10} A + \frac{10}{11} x^{11} a b^9 B + x^{10} a b^9 A + \frac{9}{2} x^{10} a^2 b^8 B + 5 x^9 a^2 b^8 A + \frac{40}{3} x^9 a^3 b^7 B +$
risch	$\frac{1}{12} b^{10} B x^{12} + \frac{1}{11} x^{11} b^{10} A + \frac{10}{11} x^{11} a b^9 B + x^{10} a b^9 A + \frac{9}{2} x^{10} a^2 b^8 B + 5 x^9 a^2 b^8 A + \frac{40}{3} x^9 a^3 b^7 B +$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{12} b^{10} B x^{12} + \frac{1}{11} x^{11} b^{10} A + \frac{10}{11} x^{11} a b^9 B + x^{10} a b^9 A + \frac{9}{2} x^{10} a^2 b^8 B + 5 x^9 a^2 b^8 A + \frac{40}{3} x^9 a^3 b^7 B +$
orering	$x(11 B b^{10} x^{11} + 12 A b^{10} x^{10} + 120 B a b^9 x^{10} + 132 a A b^9 x^9 + 594 B a^2 b^8 x^9 + 660 a^2 A b^8 x^8 + 1760 B a^3 b^7 x^8 + 1980 a^3 A b^7 x^7 + 3465 B$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/12*b^10*B*x^12+(1/11*b^10*A+10/11*a*b^9*B)*x^11+(a*b^9*A+9/2*a^2*b^8*B)*
x^10+(5*a^2*b^8*A+40/3*a^3*b^7*B)*x^9+(15*a^3*b^7*A+105/4*a^4*b^6*B)*x^8+(
30*A*a^4*b^6+36*B*a^5*b^5)*x^7+(42*A*a^5*b^5+35*B*a^6*b^4)*x^6+(42*A*a^6*b
^4+24*B*a^7*b^3)*x^5+(30*a^7*b^3*A+45/4*a^8*b^2*B)*x^4+(15*a^8*b^2*A+10/3*
a^9*b*B)*x^3+(5*a^9*b*A+1/2*a^10*B)*x^2+a^10*A*x
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 240 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.32

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx = & \frac{1}{12} Bb^{10}x^{12} + Aa^{10}x + \frac{1}{11} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{11} \\ & + \frac{1}{2} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^{10} + \frac{5}{3} (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^9 \\ & + \frac{15}{4} (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^8 \\ & + 6 (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^7 + 7 (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^6 \\ & + 6 (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^5 + \frac{15}{4} (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^4 \\ & + \frac{5}{3} (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*B*b^10*x^12 + A*a^10*x + 1/11*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^11 + 1/2*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^10 + 5/3*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^9 + 15/4*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^8 + 6*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^7 + 7*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^6 + 6*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^5 + 15/4*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^4 + 5/3*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 248 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.53

$$\int (a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx = Aa^{10}x + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{12}}{12} + x^{11}\left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{11} + \frac{10Bab^9}{11}\right) + x^{10}\left(Aab^9 + \frac{9Ba^2b^8}{2}\right) + x^9 \cdot \left(5Aa^2b^8 + \frac{40Ba^3b^7}{3}\right) + x^8 \cdot \left(15Aa^3b^7 + \frac{105Ba^4b^6}{4}\right) + x^7 \cdot (30Aa^4b^6 + 36Ba^5b^5) + x^6 \cdot (42Aa^5b^5 + 35Ba^6b^4) + x^5 \cdot (42Aa^6b^4 + 24Ba^7b^3) + x^4 \cdot \left(30Aa^7b^3 + \frac{45Ba^8b^2}{4}\right) + x^3 \cdot \left(15Aa^8b^2 + \frac{10Ba^9b}{3}\right) + x^2 \cdot \left(5Aa^9b + \frac{Ba^{10}}{2}\right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A),x)`

output `A*a**10*x + B*b**10*x**12/12 + x**11*(A*b**10/11 + 10*B*a*b**9/11) + x**10*(A*a*b**9 + 9*B*a**2*b**8/2) + x**9*(5*A*a**2*b**8 + 40*B*a**3*b**7/3) + x**8*(15*A*a**3*b**7 + 105*B*a**4*b**6/4) + x**7*(30*A*a**4*b**6 + 36*B*a**5*b**5) + x**6*(42*A*a**5*b**5 + 35*B*a**6*b**4) + x**5*(42*A*a**6*b**4 + 24*B*a**7*b**3) + x**4*(30*A*a**7*b**3 + 45*B*a**8*b**2/4) + x**3*(15*A*a**8*b**2 + 10*B*a**9*b/3) + x**2*(5*A*a**9*b + B*a**10/2)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 240 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.32

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx &= \frac{1}{12} Bb^{10}x^{12} + Aa^{10}x + \frac{1}{11} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{11} \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^{10} + \frac{5}{3} (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^9 \\ &+ \frac{15}{4} (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^8 \\ &+ 6 (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^7 + 7 (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^6 \\ &+ 6 (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^5 + \frac{15}{4} (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^4 \\ &+ \frac{5}{3} (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*B*b^10*x^12 + A*a^10*x + 1/11*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^11 + 1/2*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^10 + 5/3*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^9 + 15/4*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^8 + 6*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^7 + 7*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^6 + 6*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^5 + 15/4*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^4 + 5/3*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 241 vs. 2(34) = 68.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.34

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx &= \frac{1}{12} Bb^{10}x^{12} + \frac{10}{11} Bab^9x^{11} + \frac{1}{11} Ab^{10}x^{11} + \frac{9}{2} Ba^2b^8x^{10} \\ &+ Aab^9x^{10} + \frac{40}{3} Ba^3b^7x^9 + 5 Aa^2b^8x^9 + \frac{105}{4} Ba^4b^6x^8 \\ &+ 15 Aa^3b^7x^8 + 36 Ba^5b^5x^7 + 30 Aa^4b^6x^7 \\ &+ 35 Ba^6b^4x^6 + 42 Aa^5b^5x^6 + 24 Ba^7b^3x^5 \\ &+ 42 Aa^6b^4x^5 + \frac{45}{4} Ba^8b^2x^4 + 30 Aa^7b^3x^4 + \frac{10}{3} Ba^9bx^3 \\ &+ 15 Aa^8b^2x^3 + \frac{1}{2} Ba^{10}x^2 + 5 Aa^9bx^2 + Aa^{10}x \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/12*B*b^{10}*x^{12} + 10/11*B*a*b^9*x^{11} + 1/11*A*b^{10}*x^{11} + 9/2*B*a^2*b^8*x \\ & ^{10} + A*a*b^9*x^{10} + 40/3*B*a^3*b^7*x^9 + 5*A*a^2*b^8*x^9 + 105/4*B*a^4*b^6 \\ & *x^8 + 15*A*a^3*b^7*x^8 + 36*B*a^5*b^5*x^7 + 30*A*a^4*b^6*x^7 + 35*B*a^6*b^4 \\ & *x^6 + 42*A*a^5*b^5*x^6 + 24*B*a^7*b^3*x^5 + 42*A*a^6*b^4*x^5 + 45/4*B* \\ & a^8*b^2*x^4 + 30*A*a^7*b^3*x^4 + 10/3*B*a^9*b*x^3 + 15*A*a^8*b^2*x^3 + 1/2 \\ & *B*a^{10}*x^2 + 5*A*a^9*b*x^2 + A*a^{10}*x \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.47

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx = & x^2 \left(\frac{B a^{10}}{2} + 5 A b a^9 \right) + x^{11} \left(\frac{A b^{10}}{11} + \frac{10 B a b^9}{11} \right) \\ & + \frac{B b^{10} x^{12}}{12} + A a^{10} x + \frac{15 a^7 b^2 x^4 (8 A b + 3 B a)}{4} \\ & + 6 a^6 b^3 x^5 (7 A b + 4 B a) + 7 a^5 b^4 x^6 (6 A b + 5 B a) \\ & + 6 a^4 b^5 x^7 (5 A b + 6 B a) + \frac{15 a^3 b^6 x^8 (4 A b + 7 B a)}{4} \\ & + \frac{5 a^2 b^7 x^9 (3 A b + 8 B a)}{3} \\ & + \frac{5 a^8 b x^3 (9 A b + 2 B a)}{3} + \frac{a b^8 x^{10} (2 A b + 9 B a)}{2} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & x^2*((B*a^{10})/2 + 5*A*a^9*b) + x^{11}*((A*b^{10})/11 + (10*B*a*b^9)/11) + (B*b \\ & ^{10}*x^{12})/12 + A*a^{10}*x + (15*a^7*b^2*x^4*(8*A*b + 3*B*a))/4 + 6*a^6*b^3*x \\ & ^5*(7*A*b + 4*B*a) + 7*a^5*b^4*x^6*(6*A*b + 5*B*a) + 6*a^4*b^5*x^7*(5*A*b \\ & + 6*B*a) + (15*a^3*b^6*x^8*(4*A*b + 7*B*a))/4 + (5*a^2*b^7*x^9*(3*A*b + 8* \\ & B*a))/3 + (5*a^8*b*x^3*(9*A*b + 2*B*a))/3 + (a*b^8*x^{10}*(2*A*b + 9*B*a))/2 \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16

$$\int (a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(b^{11}x^{11} + 12ab^{10}x^{10} + 66a^2b^9x^9 + 220a^3b^8x^8 + 495a^4b^7x^7 + 792a^5b^6x^6 + 924a^6b^5x^5 + 792a^7b^4x^4 + 495a^8b^3x^3 + 220a^9b^2x^2 + 495a^{10}b^1x^1 + b^{11}x^0)}{12}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A),x)`output `(x*(12*a**11 + 66*a**10*b*x + 220*a**9*b**2*x**2 + 495*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 792*a**7*b**4*x**4 + 924*a**6*b**5*x**5 + 792*a**5*b**6*x**6 + 495*a**4*b**7*x**7 + 220*a**3*b**8*x**8 + 66*a**2*b**9*x**9 + 12*a*b**10*x**10 + b**11*x**11))/12`

3.117 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	842
Mathematica [A] (verified)	843
Rubi [A] (verified)	843
Maple [A] (verified)	845
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	845
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	846
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	847
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	847
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	848
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	849

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = 10a^9Abx + \frac{45}{2}a^8Ab^2x^2 + 40a^7Ab^3x^3 + \frac{105}{2}a^6Ab^4x^4 + \frac{252}{5}a^5Ab^5x^5 + 35a^4Ab^6x^6 + \frac{120}{7}a^3Ab^7x^7 + \frac{45}{8}a^2Ab^8x^8 + \frac{10}{9}aAb^9x^9 + \frac{1}{10}Ab^{10}x^{10} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{11}}{11b} + a^{10}A \log(x)$$

output

```
10*a^9*A*b*x+45/2*a^8*A*b^2*x^2+40*a^7*A*b^3*x^3+105/2*a^6*A*b^4*x^4+252/5
*a^5*A*b^5*x^5+35*a^4*A*b^6*x^6+120/7*a^3*A*b^7*x^7+45/8*a^2*A*b^8*x^8+10/
9*a*A*b^9*x^9+1/10*A*b^10*x^10+1/11*B*(b*x+a)^11/b+a^10*A*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = a^{10}Bx + 5a^9bx(2A+Bx) + \frac{15}{2}a^8b^2x^2(3A+2Bx) + 10a^7b^3x^3(4A+3Bx) + \frac{21}{2}a^6b^4x^4(5A+4Bx) + \frac{42}{5}a^5b^5x^5(6A+5Bx) + 5a^4b^6x^6(7A+6Bx) + \frac{15}{7}a^3b^7x^7(8A+7Bx) + \frac{5}{8}a^2b^8x^8(9A+8Bx) + \frac{1}{9}ab^9x^9(10A+9Bx) + \frac{1}{110}b^{10}x^{10}(11A+10Bx) + a^{10}A \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x,x]
```

output

```
a^10*B*x + 5*a^9*b*x*(2*A + B*x) + (15*a^8*b^2*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x))/2 + 10*a^7*b^3*x^3*(4*A + 3*B*x) + (21*a^6*b^4*x^4*(5*A + 4*B*x))/2 + (42*a^5*b^5*x^5*(6*A + 5*B*x))/5 + 5*a^4*b^6*x^6*(7*A + 6*B*x) + (15*a^3*b^7*x^7*(8*A + 7*B*x))/7 + (5*a^2*b^8*x^8*(9*A + 8*B*x))/8 + (a*b^9*x^9*(10*A + 9*B*x))/9 + (b^10*x^10*(11*A + 10*B*x))/110 + a^10*A*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {90, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x} dx$$

↓ 90

$$A \int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}}{x} dx + \frac{B(a + bx)^{11}}{11b}$$

↓ 49

$$A \int \left(\frac{a^{10}}{x} + 10ba^9 + 45b^2xa^8 + 120b^3x^2a^7 + 210b^4x^3a^6 + 252b^5x^4a^5 + 210b^6x^5a^4 + 120b^7x^6a^3 + 45b^8x^7a^2 + 10b^9x^8a + b^{10}x^9 \right) dx + \frac{B(a + bx)^{11}}{11b}$$

↓ 2009

$$A \left(a^{10} \log(x) + 10a^9bx + \frac{45}{2}a^8b^2x^2 + 40a^7b^3x^3 + \frac{105}{2}a^6b^4x^4 + \frac{252}{5}a^5b^5x^5 + 35a^4b^6x^6 + \frac{120}{7}a^3b^7x^7 + \frac{45}{8}a^2b^8x^8 + \frac{10}{9}ab^9x^9 + \frac{b^{10}}{10}x^{10} \right) + \frac{B(a + bx)^{11}}{11b}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x,x]`

output `(B*(a + b*x)^11)/(11*b) + A*(10*a^9*b*x + (45*a^8*b^2*x^2)/2 + 40*a^7*b^3*x^3 + (105*a^6*b^4*x^4)/2 + (252*a^5*b^5*x^5)/5 + 35*a^4*b^6*x^6 + (120*a^3*b^7*x^7)/7 + (45*a^2*b^8*x^8)/8 + (10*a*b^9*x^9)/9 + (b^10*x^10)/10 + a^10*Log[x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
norman	$(\frac{1}{10}b^{10}A + ab^9B)x^{10} + (\frac{10}{9}ab^9A + 5a^2b^8B)x^9 + (\frac{45}{8}a^2b^8A + 15a^3b^7B)x^8 + (\frac{120}{7}a^3b^7A + 15a^4b^6B)x^7 + (\frac{252}{5}a^5b^5A + 42a^6b^4B)x^6 + (\frac{105}{2}a^6b^4A + 30a^7b^3B)x^5 + (\frac{45}{2}a^8b^2A + 5a^9bB)x^4 + (35Aa^4b^6 + 42Ba^5b^5)x^3 + (40Aa^7b^3 + 15Ba^8b^2)x^2 + (10Aa^9b + Ba^{10})x + \frac{1}{11}Bb^{10}x^{11} + a^{10}A \ln(x)$
default	$\frac{Bb^{10}x^{11}}{11} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^{10}}{10} + Bab^9x^{10} + \frac{10aAb^9x^9}{9} + 5Ba^2b^8x^9 + \frac{45a^2Ab^8x^8}{8} + 15Ba^3b^7x^8 + \frac{120a^3Ab^7x^7}{7} + \frac{252a^5a^5b^5A + 42a^6b^4B}{5}x^6 + \frac{105a^6b^4A + 30a^7b^3B}{2}x^5 + \frac{45a^8b^2A + 5a^9bB}{2}x^4 + (35Aa^4b^6 + 42Ba^5b^5)x^3 + (40Aa^7b^3 + 15Ba^8b^2)x^2 + (10Aa^9b + Ba^{10})x + \frac{1}{11}Bb^{10}x^{11} + a^{10}A \ln(x)$
risch	$\frac{Bb^{10}x^{11}}{11} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^{10}}{10} + Bab^9x^{10} + \frac{10aAb^9x^9}{9} + 5Ba^2b^8x^9 + \frac{45a^2Ab^8x^8}{8} + 15Ba^3b^7x^8 + \frac{120a^3Ab^7x^7}{7} + \frac{252a^5a^5b^5A + 42a^6b^4B}{5}x^6 + \frac{105a^6b^4A + 30a^7b^3B}{2}x^5 + \frac{45a^8b^2A + 5a^9bB}{2}x^4 + (35Aa^4b^6 + 42Ba^5b^5)x^3 + (40Aa^7b^3 + 15Ba^8b^2)x^2 + (10Aa^9b + Ba^{10})x + \frac{1}{11}Bb^{10}x^{11} + a^{10}A \ln(x)$
parallelrisch	$\frac{Bb^{10}x^{11}}{11} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^{10}}{10} + Bab^9x^{10} + \frac{10aAb^9x^9}{9} + 5Ba^2b^8x^9 + \frac{45a^2Ab^8x^8}{8} + 15Ba^3b^7x^8 + \frac{120a^3Ab^7x^7}{7} + \frac{252a^5a^5b^5A + 42a^6b^4B}{5}x^6 + \frac{105a^6b^4A + 30a^7b^3B}{2}x^5 + \frac{45a^8b^2A + 5a^9bB}{2}x^4 + (35Aa^4b^6 + 42Ba^5b^5)x^3 + (40Aa^7b^3 + 15Ba^8b^2)x^2 + (10Aa^9b + Ba^{10})x + \frac{1}{11}Bb^{10}x^{11} + a^{10}A \ln(x)$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $(1/10*b^{10}*A+a*b^9*B)*x^{10}+(10/9*a*b^9*A+5*a^2*b^8*B)*x^9+(45/8*a^2*b^8*A+15*a^3*b^7*B)*x^8+(120/7*a^3*b^7*A+30*a^4*b^6*B)*x^7+(252/5*a^5*b^5*A+42*a^6*b^4*B)*x^6+(105/2*a^6*b^4*A+30*a^7*b^3*B)*x^5+(45/2*a^8*b^2*A+5*a^9*b*B)*x^4+(35*A*a^4*b^6+42*B*a^5*b^5)*x^3+(40*A*a^7*b^3+15*B*a^8*b^2)*x^2+(10*A*a^9*b+B*a^{10})*x+1/11*B*b^{10}*x^{11}+a^{10}*A*\ln(x)$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{11} Bb^{10}x^{11} + Aa^{10} \log(x) + \frac{1}{10} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + \frac{5}{9} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^9 + \frac{15}{8} (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^8 + \frac{30}{7} (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^7 + 7 (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^6 + \frac{42}{5} (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^5 + \frac{15}{2} (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 5 (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^3 + \frac{5}{2} (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^2 + (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/11*B*b^10*x^11 + A*a^10*log(x) + 1/10*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^10 + 5/9*(
9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 15/8*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + 30/7
*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 7*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 42/
5*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 15/2*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 +
5*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 5/2*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + (
B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = Aa^{10} \log(x) + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{11}}{11} + x^{10} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{10} + Bab^9 \right) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{10Aab^9}{9} + 5Ba^2b^8 \right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{45Aa^2b^8}{8} + 15Ba^3b^7 \right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{120Aa^3b^7}{7} + 30Ba^4b^6 \right) + x^6 \cdot (35Aa^4b^6 + 42Ba^5b^5) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{252Aa^5b^5}{5} + 42Ba^6b^4 \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{105Aa^6b^4}{2} + 30Ba^7b^3 \right) + x^3 \cdot (40Aa^7b^3 + 15Ba^8b^2) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{45Aa^8b^2}{2} + 5Ba^9b \right) + x(10Aa^9b + Ba^{10})$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x,x)
```

output

```
A*a**10*log(x) + B*b**10*x**11/11 + x**10*(A*b**10/10 + B*a*b**9) + x**9*(
10*A*a*b**9/9 + 5*B*a**2*b**8) + x**8*(45*A*a**2*b**8/8 + 15*B*a**3*b**7)
+ x**7*(120*A*a**3*b**7/7 + 30*B*a**4*b**6) + x**6*(35*A*a**4*b**6 + 42*B*
a**5*b**5) + x**5*(252*A*a**5*b**5/5 + 42*B*a**6*b**4) + x**4*(105*A*a**6*
b**4/2 + 30*B*a**7*b**3) + x**3*(40*A*a**7*b**3 + 15*B*a**8*b**2) + x**2*(
45*A*a**8*b**2/2 + 5*B*a**9*b) + x*(10*A*a**9*b + B*a**10)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{11} Bb^{10}x^{11} + Aa^{10} \log(x) + \frac{1}{10} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + \frac{5}{9} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^9 + \frac{15}{8} (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^8 + \frac{30}{7} (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^7 + 7 (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^6 + \frac{42}{5} (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^5 + \frac{15}{2} (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 5 (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^3 + \frac{5}{2} (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^2 + (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/11*B*b^10*x^11 + A*a^10*log(x) + 1/10*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^10 + 5/9*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 15/8*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + 30/7*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 7*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 42/5*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 15/2*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 5*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 5/2*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{11} Bb^{10}x^{11} + Bab^9x^{10} + \frac{1}{10} Ab^{10}x^{10} + 5 Ba^2b^8x^9 + \frac{10}{9} Aab^9x^9 + 15 Ba^3b^7x^8 + \frac{45}{8} Aa^2b^8x^8 + 30 Ba^4b^6x^7 + \frac{120}{7} Aa^3b^7x^7 + 42 Ba^5b^5x^6 + 35 Aa^4b^6x^6 + 42 Ba^6b^4x^5 + \frac{252}{5} Aa^5b^5x^5 + 30 Ba^7b^3x^4 + \frac{105}{2} Aa^6b^4x^4 + 15 Ba^8b^2x^3 + 40 Aa^7b^3x^3 + 5 Ba^9bx^2 + \frac{45}{2} Aa^8b^2x^2 + Ba^{10}x + 10 Aa^9bx + Aa^{10} \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/11*B*b^{10}*x^{11} + B*a*b^9*x^{10} + 1/10*A*b^{10}*x^{10} + 5*B*a^2*b^8*x^9 + 10/ \\ & 9*A*a*b^9*x^9 + 15*B*a^3*b^7*x^8 + 45/8*A*a^2*b^8*x^8 + 30*B*a^4*b^6*x^7 + \\ & 120/7*A*a^3*b^7*x^7 + 42*B*a^5*b^5*x^6 + 35*A*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 42*B*a^6*b^4* \\ & x^5 + 252/5*A*a^5*b^5*x^5 + 30*B*a^7*b^3*x^4 + 105/2*A*a^6*b^4*x^4 + 15*B* \\ & a^8*b^2*x^3 + 40*A*a^7*b^3*x^3 + 5*B*a^9*b*x^2 + 45/2*A*a^8*b^2*x^2 + B*a^ \\ & 10*x + 10*A*a^9*b*x + A*a^{10}*log(abs(x)) \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x} dx &= x(Ba^{10} + 10Aba^9) + x^{10} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{10} + Ba^9 \right) \\ &+ \frac{Bb^{10}x^{11}}{11} + Aa^{10} \ln(x) + 5a^7b^2x^3(8Ab + 3Ba) \\ &+ \frac{15a^6b^3x^4(7Ab + 4Ba)}{2} \\ &+ \frac{42a^5b^4x^5(6Ab + 5Ba)}{5} + 7a^4b^5x^6(5Ab + 6Ba) \\ &+ \frac{30a^3b^6x^7(4Ab + 7Ba)}{7} + \frac{15a^2b^7x^8(3Ab + 8Ba)}{8} \\ &+ \frac{5a^8b^2x^2(9Ab + 2Ba)}{2} + \frac{5ab^8x^9(2Ab + 9Ba)}{9} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & x*(B*a^{10} + 10*A*a^9*b) + x^{10}*((A*b^{10})/10 + B*a*b^9) + (B*b^{10}*x^{11})/11 \\ & + A*a^{10}*log(x) + 5*a^7*b^2*x^3*(8*A*b + 3*B*a) + (15*a^6*b^3*x^4*(7*A*b + \\ & 4*B*a))/2 + (42*a^5*b^4*x^5*(6*A*b + 5*B*a))/5 + 7*a^4*b^5*x^6*(5*A*b + 6 \\ & *B*a) + (30*a^3*b^6*x^7*(4*A*b + 7*B*a))/7 + (15*a^2*b^7*x^8*(3*A*b + 8*B* \\ & a))/8 + (5*a^8*b*x^2*(9*A*b + 2*B*a))/2 + (5*a*b^8*x^9*(2*A*b + 9*B*a))/9 \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \log(x) a^{11} + 11a^{10}bx + \frac{55a^9b^2x^2}{2} + 55a^8b^3x^3$$

$$+ \frac{165a^7b^4x^4}{2} + \frac{462a^6b^5x^5}{5} + 77a^5b^6x^6 + \frac{330a^4b^7x^7}{7}$$

$$+ \frac{165a^3b^8x^8}{8} + \frac{55a^2b^9x^9}{9} + \frac{11ab^{10}x^{10}}{10} + \frac{b^{11}x^{11}}{11}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x,x)`output `(27720*log(x)*a**11 + 304920*a**10*b*x + 762300*a**9*b**2*x**2 + 1524600*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 2286900*a**7*b**4*x**4 + 2561328*a**6*b**5*x**5 + 2134440*a**5*b**6*x**6 + 1306800*a**4*b**7*x**7 + 571725*a**3*b**8*x**8 + 169400*a**2*b**9*x**9 + 30492*a*b**10*x**10 + 2520*b**11*x**11)/27720`

$$3.118 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	850
Mathematica [A] (verified)	851
Rubi [A] (verified)	851
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 217

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = & -\frac{a^{10}A}{x} + 5a^8b(9Ab+2aB)x + \frac{15}{2}a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)x^2 \\ & + 10a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)x^3 + \frac{21}{2}a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)x^4 \\ & + \frac{42}{5}a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)x^5 + 5a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)x^6 \\ & + \frac{15}{7}a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)x^7 + \frac{5}{8}ab^8(2Ab+9aB)x^8 \\ & + \frac{1}{9}b^9(Ab+10aB)x^9 + \frac{1}{10}b^{10}Bx^{10} + a^9(10Ab+aB)\log(x) \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-a^10*A/x+5*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)*x+15/2*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)*x^2+10*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)*x^3+21/2*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)*x^4+42/5*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)*x^5+5*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*a)*x^6+15/7*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)*x^7+5/8*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)*x^8+1/9*b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)*x^9+1/10*b^10*B*x^10+a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^{10}A}{x} + 10a^9bBx + \frac{45}{2}a^8b^2x(2A+Bx) \\ + 20a^7b^3x^2(3A+2Bx) + \frac{35}{2}a^6b^4x^3(4A+3Bx) \\ + \frac{63}{5}a^5b^5x^4(5A+4Bx) + 7a^4b^6x^5(6A+5Bx) \\ + \frac{20}{7}a^3b^7x^6(7A+6Bx) + \frac{45}{56}a^2b^8x^7(8A+7Bx) \\ + \frac{5}{36}ab^9x^8(9A+8Bx) + \frac{1}{90}b^{10}x^9(10A+9Bx) \\ + a^9(10Ab+aB)\log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^2,x]`

output `-((a^10*A)/x) + 10*a^9*b*B*x + (45*a^8*b^2*x*(2*A + B*x))/2 + 20*a^7*b^3*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x) + (35*a^6*b^4*x^3*(4*A + 3*B*x))/2 + (63*a^5*b^5*x^4*(5*A + 4*B*x))/5 + 7*a^4*b^6*x^5*(6*A + 5*B*x) + (20*a^3*b^7*x^6*(7*A + 6*B*x))/7 + (45*a^2*b^8*x^7*(8*A + 7*B*x))/56 + (5*a*b^9*x^8*(9*A + 8*B*x))/36 + (b^10*x^9*(10*A + 9*B*x))/90 + a^9*(10*A*b + a*B)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx \\ \downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^{10}A}{x^2} + \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{x} + 5a^8b(2aB + 9Ab) + 15a^7b^2x(3aB + 8Ab) + 30a^6b^3x^2(4aB + 7Ab) + 42a^5b^4x^3(5aB + 6Ab) + 15a^4b^5x^4(6aB + 5Ab) + 5a^3b^6x^5(7aB + 4Ab) + \frac{15}{7}a^2b^7x^7(8aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{9}b^9x^9(10aB + Ab) + \frac{5}{8}ab^8x^8(9aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{10}b^{10}Bx^{10} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^{10}A}{x} + a^9 \log(x)(aB + 10Ab) + 5a^8bx(2aB + 9Ab) + \frac{15}{2}a^7b^2x^2(3aB + 8Ab) + 10a^6b^3x^3(4aB + 7Ab) + \frac{21}{2}a^5b^4x^4(5aB + 6Ab) + \frac{42}{5}a^4b^5x^5(6aB + 5Ab) + 5a^3b^6x^6(7aB + 4Ab) + \frac{15}{7}a^2b^7x^7(8aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{9}b^9x^9(10aB + Ab) + \frac{5}{8}ab^8x^8(9aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{10}b^{10}Bx^{10}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^2,x]`

output `-((a^10*A)/x) + 5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B)*x + (15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B))*x^2/2 + 10*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^3 + (21*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B))*x^4/2 + (42*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B))*x^5/5 + 5*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*x^6 + (15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B))*x^7/7 + (5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B))*x^8/8 + (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B))*x^9/9 + (b^10*B*x^10)/10 + a^9*(10*A*b + a*B)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :`
`> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
norman	$(\frac{1}{9}b^{10}A + \frac{10}{9}ab^9B)x^{10} + (\frac{5}{4}ab^9A + \frac{45}{8}a^2b^8B)x^9 + (\frac{45}{7}a^2b^8A + \frac{120}{7}a^3b^7B)x^8 + (42a^4b^6A + \frac{252}{5}a^5b^5B)x^6 + (63a^5b^5A + \frac{105}{2}a^6b^4B)x^5 + (60a^7b^3A + \frac{45}{2}a^8b^2B)x^3 + (20Aa^3b^7 + 35Ba^4b^6)x^7 + (70Aa^6b^4 + 40Ba^7b^3)x^4 + (45Aa^8b^2 + 10Ba^9b)x^2 - a^{10}A + \frac{1}{10}Bb^{10}x^{11} / x + (10Aa^9b + Ba^{10}) \ln(x)$
default	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^{10}}{10} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^9}{9} + \frac{10Bab^9x^9}{9} + \frac{5Aab^9x^8}{4} + \frac{45Ba^2b^8x^8}{8} + \frac{45Aa^2b^8x^7}{7} + \frac{120Ba^3b^7x^7}{7} + 20Aa^3b^7x^6 + \frac{b^{10}Bx^{10}}{10} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^9}{9} + \frac{10Bab^9x^9}{9} + \frac{5Aab^9x^8}{4} + \frac{45Ba^2b^8x^8}{8} + \frac{45Aa^2b^8x^7}{7} + \frac{120Ba^3b^7x^7}{7} + 20Aa^3b^7x^6 + \frac{252Bb^{10}x^{11} + 280Aa^{10}b^{10} + 2800Bab^9x^{10} + 3150Aa^9b^9x^9 + 14175Ba^8b^8x^9 + 16200a^2Ab^8x^8 + 43200Ba^3b^7x^8 + 50400a^3Ab^7x^8}{x} + (10Aa^9b + Ba^{10}) \ln(x)$
risch	
parallelrisch	

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{((1/9*b^{10}*A+10/9*a*b^9*B)*x^{10}+(5/4*a*b^9*A+45/8*a^2*b^8*B)*x^9+(45/7*a^2*b^8*A+120/7*a^3*b^7*B)*x^8+(42*a^4*b^6*A+252/5*a^5*b^5*B)*x^6+(63*a^5*b^5*A+105/2*a^6*b^4*B)*x^5+(60*a^7*b^3*A+45/2*a^8*b^2*B)*x^3+(20*A*a^3*b^7+35*B*a^4*b^6)*x^7+(70*A*a^6*b^4+40*B*a^7*b^3)*x^4+(45*A*a^8*b^2+10*B*a^9*b)*x^2-a^{10}*A+1/10*B*b^{10}*x^{11})/x+(10*A*a^9*b+B*a^{10})*\ln(x)}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{252Bb^{10}x^{11} - 2520Aa^{10} + 280(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 1575(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 + 5400(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^4b^6)x^8 + 26460(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^5 + 25200(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 18900(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 + 12600(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 + 2520(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)*x \log(x)}{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$\frac{1}{2520}*(252*B*b^{10}*x^{11} - 2520*A*a^{10} + 280*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^{10})*x^{10} + 1575*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 5400*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + 26460*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 21168*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 26460*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 25200*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 18900*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 12600*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 2520*(B*a^{10} + 10*A*a^9*b)*x*\log(x))/x$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{Aa^{10}}{x} + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{10}}{10} + a^9 \cdot (10Ab + Ba) \log(x) \\ + x^9 \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{9} + \frac{10Bab^9}{9} \right) + x^8 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aab^9}{4} + \frac{45Ba^2b^8}{8} \right) \\ + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{45Aa^2b^8}{7} + \frac{120Ba^3b^7}{7} \right) + x^6 \\ \cdot (20Aa^3b^7 + 35Ba^4b^6) + x^5 \cdot \left(42Aa^4b^6 + \frac{252Ba^5b^5}{5} \right) + x^4 \\ \cdot \left(63Aa^5b^5 + \frac{105Ba^6b^4}{2} \right) + x^3 \cdot (70Aa^6b^4 + 40Ba^7b^3) \\ + x^2 \cdot \left(60Aa^7b^3 + \frac{45Ba^8b^2}{2} \right) + x(45Aa^8b^2 + 10Ba^9b)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**2,x)`output `-A*a**10/x + B*b**10*x**10/10 + a**9*(10*A*b + B*a)*log(x) + x**9*(A*b**10/9 + 10*B*a*b**9/9) + x**8*(5*A*a*b**9/4 + 45*B*a**2*b**8/8) + x**7*(45*A*a**2*b**8/7 + 120*B*a**3*b**7/7) + x**6*(20*A*a**3*b**7 + 35*B*a**4*b**6) + x**5*(42*A*a**4*b**6 + 252*B*a**5*b**5/5) + x**4*(63*A*a**5*b**5 + 105*B*a**6*b**4/2) + x**3*(70*A*a**6*b**4 + 40*B*a**7*b**3) + x**2*(60*A*a**7*b**3 + 45*B*a**8*b**2/2) + x*(45*A*a**8*b**2 + 10*B*a**9*b)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{10} Bb^{10}x^{10} - \frac{Aa^{10}}{x} + \frac{1}{9} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^9$$

$$+ \frac{5}{8} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^8 + \frac{15}{7} (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^7$$

$$+ 5 (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^6 + \frac{42}{5} (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^5$$

$$+ \frac{21}{2} (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^4 + 10 (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^3$$

$$+ \frac{15}{2} (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^2 + 5 (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x$$

$$+ (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b) \log(x)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/10*B*b^10*x^10 - A*a^10/x + 1/9*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^9 + 5/8*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^8 + 15/7*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^7 + 5*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^6 + 42/5*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^5 + 21/2*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^4 + 10*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^3 + 15/2*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^2 + 5*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x + (B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*log(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{10} Bb^{10}x^{10} + \frac{10}{9} Bab^9x^9 + \frac{1}{9} Ab^{10}x^9 + \frac{45}{8} Ba^2b^8x^8$$

$$+ \frac{5}{4} Aab^9x^8 + \frac{120}{7} Ba^3b^7x^7 + \frac{45}{7} Aa^2b^8x^7 + 35 Ba^4b^6x^6$$

$$+ 20 Aa^3b^7x^6 + \frac{252}{5} Ba^5b^5x^5 + 42 Aa^4b^6x^5 + \frac{105}{2} Ba^6b^4x^4$$

$$+ 63 Aa^5b^5x^4 + 40 Ba^7b^3x^3 + 70 Aa^6b^4x^3 + \frac{45}{2} Ba^8b^2x^2$$

$$+ 60 Aa^7b^3x^2 + 10 Ba^9bx + 45 Aa^8b^2x - \frac{Aa^{10}}{x}$$

$$+ (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b) \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/10*B*b^{10}*x^{10} + 10/9*B*a*b^9*x^9 + 1/9*A*b^{10}*x^9 + 45/8*B*a^2*b^8*x^8 \\ & + 5/4*A*a*b^9*x^8 + 120/7*B*a^3*b^7*x^7 + 45/7*A*a^2*b^8*x^7 + 35*B*a^4*b^6*x^6 \\ & + 20*A*a^3*b^7*x^6 + 252/5*B*a^5*b^5*x^5 + 42*A*a^4*b^6*x^5 + 105/2*B*a^6*b^4*x^4 \\ & + 63*A*a^5*b^5*x^4 + 40*B*a^7*b^3*x^3 + 70*A*a^6*b^4*x^3 + 45/2*B*a^8*b^2*x^2 \\ & + 60*A*a^7*b^3*x^2 + 10*B*a^9*b*x + 45*A*a^8*b^2*x - A*a^{10}/x + (B*a^{10} + 10*A*a^9*b)*\log(\text{abs}(x)) \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = & x^9 \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{9} + \frac{10Ba^9b}{9} \right) + \ln(x) (Ba^{10} + 10Aba^9) \\ & - \frac{Aa^{10}}{x} + \frac{Bb^{10}x^{10}}{10} + \frac{15a^7b^2x^2(8Ab+3Ba)}{2} \\ & + 10a^6b^3x^3(7Ab+4Ba) + \frac{21a^5b^4x^4(6Ab+5Ba)}{2} \\ & + \frac{42a^4b^5x^5(5Ab+6Ba)}{5} \\ & + 5a^3b^6x^6(4Ab+7Ba) + \frac{15a^2b^7x^7(3Ab+8Ba)}{7} \\ & + 5a^8bx(9Ab+2Ba) + \frac{5ab^8x^8(2Ab+9Ba)}{8} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^2,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & x^9*((A*b^{10})/9 + (10*B*a*b^9)/9) + \log(x)*(B*a^{10} + 10*A*a^9*b) - (A*a^{10})/x \\ & + (B*b^{10}*x^{10})/10 + (15*a^7*b^2*x^2*(8*A*b + 3*B*a))/2 + 10*a^6*b^3*x^3*(7*A*b + 4*B*a) \\ & + (21*a^5*b^4*x^4*(6*A*b + 5*B*a))/2 + (42*a^4*b^5*x^5*(5*A*b + 6*B*a))/5 \\ & + 5*a^3*b^6*x^6*(4*A*b + 7*B*a) + (15*a^2*b^7*x^7*(3*A*b + 8*B*a))/7 \\ & + 5*a^8*b*x*(9*A*b + 2*B*a) + (5*a*b^8*x^8*(2*A*b + 9*B*a))/8 \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{27720 \log(x) a^{10} b x - 2520 a^{11} + 138600 a^9 b^2 x^2 + 207900 a^8 b^3 x^3 + 277200 a^7 b^4 x^4 + 291060 a^6 b^5 x^5 + 232848 a^5 b^6 x^6 + 138600 a^4 b^7 x^7 + 59400 a^3 b^8 x^8 + 17325 a^2 b^9 x^9 + 3080 a b^{10} x^{10} + 252 b^{11} x^{11}}{2520 x}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^2,x)`output `(27720*log(x)*a**10*b*x - 2520*a**11 + 138600*a**9*b**2*x**2 + 207900*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 277200*a**7*b**4*x**4 + 291060*a**6*b**5*x**5 + 232848*a**5*b**6*x**6 + 138600*a**4*b**7*x**7 + 59400*a**3*b**8*x**8 + 17325*a**2*b**9*x**9 + 3080*a*b**10*x**10 + 252*b**11*x**11)/(2520*x)`

3.119 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	858
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^{10}A}{2x^2} - \frac{a^9(10Ab+aB)}{x} + 15a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)x + 15a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)x^2 + 14a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)x^3 + \frac{21}{2}a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)x^4 + 6a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)x^5 + \frac{5}{2}a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)x^6 + \frac{5}{7}ab^8(2Ab+9aB)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}b^9(Ab+10aB)x^8 + \frac{1}{9}b^{10}Bx^9 + 5a^8b(9Ab+2aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/2*a^10*A/x^2-a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x+15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)*x+15*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)*x^2+14*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)*x^3+21/2*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)*x^4+6*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*a)*x^5+5/2*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)*x^6+5/7*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)*x^7+1/8*b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)*x^8+1/9*b^10*B*x^9+5*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{10a^9Ab}{x} + 45a^8b^2Bx + 60a^7b^3x(2A+Bx) - \frac{a^{10}(A+2Bx)}{2x^2} \\ + 35a^6b^4x^2(3A+2Bx) + 21a^5b^5x^3(4A+3Bx) \\ + \frac{21}{2}a^4b^6x^4(5A+4Bx) + 4a^3b^7x^5(6A+5Bx) \\ + \frac{15}{14}a^2b^8x^6(7A+6Bx) + \frac{5}{28}ab^9x^7(8A+7Bx) \\ + \frac{1}{72}b^{10}x^8(9A+8Bx) + 5a^8b(9Ab+2aB)\log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^3,x]`

output `(-10*a^9*A*b)/x + 45*a^8*b^2*B*x + 60*a^7*b^3*x*(2*A + B*x) - (a^10*(A + 2*B*x))/(2*x^2) + 35*a^6*b^4*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x) + 21*a^5*b^5*x^3*(4*A + 3*B*x) + (21*a^4*b^6*x^4*(5*A + 4*B*x))/2 + 4*a^3*b^7*x^5*(6*A + 5*B*x) + (15*a^2*b^8*x^6*(7*A + 6*B*x))/14 + (5*a*b^9*x^7*(8*A + 7*B*x))/28 + (b^10*x^8*(9*A + 8*B*x))/72 + 5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx \\ \downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^{10}A}{x^3} + \frac{a^9(aB+10Ab)}{x^2} + \frac{5a^8b(2aB+9Ab)}{x} + 15a^7b^2(3aB+8Ab) + 30a^6b^3x(4aB+7Ab) + 42a^5b^4x^2(5aB+8Ab) + 21a^4b^5x^3(4A+3Bx) + \frac{21}{2}a^4b^6x^4(5A+4Bx) + 4a^3b^7x^5(6A+5Bx) + \frac{15}{14}a^2b^8x^6(7A+6Bx) + \frac{5}{28}ab^9x^7(8A+7Bx) + \frac{1}{72}b^{10}x^8(9A+8Bx) + 5a^8b(9Ab+2aB)\log(x) \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^{10}A}{2x^2} - \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{x} + 5a^8b \log(x)(2aB + 9Ab) + 15a^7b^2x(3aB + 8Ab) + 15a^6b^3x^2(4aB + 7Ab) + 14a^5b^4x^3(5aB + 6Ab) + \frac{21}{2}a^4b^5x^4(6aB + 5Ab) + 6a^3b^6x^5(7aB + 4Ab) + \frac{5}{2}a^2b^7x^6(8aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{8}b^9x^8(10aB + Ab) + \frac{5}{7}ab^8x^7(9aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{9}b^{10}Bx^9$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a^10*A)/x^2 - (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B))/x + 15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B)*x + 15*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B)*x^2 + 14*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^3 + (21*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B)*x^4)/2 + 6*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*x^5 + (5*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*x^6)/2 + (5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x^7)/7 + (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*x^8)/8 + (b^10*B*x^9)/9 + 5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result
default	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^9}{9} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^8}{8} + \frac{5Bab^9x^8}{4} + \frac{10Aab^9x^7}{7} + \frac{45Ba^2b^8x^7}{7} + \frac{15Aa^2b^8x^6}{2} + 20Ba^3b^7x^6 + 24Aa^3b^7x^5 +$
norman	$(\frac{1}{8}b^{10}A + \frac{5}{4}ab^9B)x^{10} + (\frac{10}{7}ab^9A + \frac{45}{7}a^2b^8B)x^9 + (\frac{15}{2}a^2b^8A + 20a^3b^7B)x^8 + (\frac{105}{2}a^4b^6A + 63a^5b^5B)x^6 + (24a^3b^7A + 42a^4b^6B)x^5 +$
risch	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^9}{9} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^8}{8} + \frac{5Bab^9x^8}{4} + \frac{10Aab^9x^7}{7} + \frac{45Ba^2b^8x^7}{7} + \frac{15Aa^2b^8x^6}{2} + 20Ba^3b^7x^6 + 24Aa^3b^7x^5 +$
parallelrisch	$56Bb^{10}x^{11} + 63Aa^{10}x^{10} + 630Bab^9x^{10} + 720Aa^9b^9x^9 + 3240Ba^2b^8x^9 + 3780a^2Aa^2b^8x^8 + 10080Ba^3b^7x^8 + 12096a^3Aa^3b^7x^7 + 21120Aa^4b^6x^6 + 12096a^4Aa^4b^6x^5 + 5040a^5b^5x^4 + 5040a^5Aa^5b^5x^3 + 1260a^6b^4x^3 + 1260a^6Aa^6b^4x^2 + 3024a^7b^3x^2 + 3024a^7Aa^7b^3x + 504a^8b^2x + 504a^8Aa^8b^2x + 504a^9b^1x + 504a^9Aa^9b^1x + 504a^{10}b^0x + 504a^{10}Aa^{10}b^0x - a^9(10Aa^9b + Ba^9)/x$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $\frac{1}{9}b^{10}Bx^9 + \frac{1}{8}Aa^{10}x^8 + \frac{5}{4}Bab^9x^8 + \frac{10}{7}Aa^9b^9x^7 + \frac{45}{7}Ba^2b^8x^7 + \frac{15}{2}Aa^2b^8x^6 + 20Ba^3b^7x^6 + 24Aa^3b^7x^5 + 42Ba^4b^6x^5 + 105/2Aa^4b^6x^4 + 63Bab^5x^4 + 84Aa^5b^5x^3 + 70Ba^6b^4x^3 + 105Aa^6b^4x^2 + 60Ba^7b^3x^2 + 120a^7b^3Aa^7x + 45a^8b^2Bx - 1/2a^9(10Aa^9b + Ba^9)/x$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{56Bb^{10}x^{11} - 252Aa^{10} + 63(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 360(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 + 1260(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8 + \dots}{x^2 \log(x) - 504(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output $\frac{1}{504}*(56Bb^{10}x^{11} - 252Aa^{10} + 63(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 360(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 + 1260(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 3024(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^5b^5)x^7 + 5292(6Ba^5b^4 + 5Aa^6b^3)x^6 + 7056(5Ba^6b^2 + 6Aa^7b^1)x^5 + 7560(4Ba^7b^1 + 7Aa^8b^0)x^4 + 7560(3Ba^8b^0 + 8Aa^9b^{-1})x^3 + 2520(2Ba^9b^{-1} + 9Aa^{10}b^{-2})x^2 \log(x) - 504(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x}$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{Bb^{10}x^9}{9} + 5a^8b(9Ab+2Ba)\log(x) + x^8\left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{8} + \frac{5Bab^9}{4}\right) + x^7\left(\frac{10Aab^9}{7} + \frac{45Ba^2b^8}{7}\right) + x^6\left(\frac{15Aa^2b^8}{2} + 20Ba^3b^7\right) + x^5\left(24Aa^3b^7 + 42Ba^4b^6\right) + x^4\left(\frac{105Aa^4b^6}{2} + 63Ba^5b^5\right) + x^3\left(84Aa^5b^5 + 70Ba^6b^4\right) + x^2\left(105Aa^6b^4 + 60Ba^7b^3\right) + x\left(120Aa^7b^3 + 45Ba^8b^2\right) + \frac{-Aa^{10} + x(-20Aa^9b - 2Ba^{10})}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**3,x)`output `B*b**10*x**9/9 + 5*a**8*b*(9*A*b + 2*B*a)*log(x) + x**8*(A*b**10/8 + 5*B*a*b**9/4) + x**7*(10*A*a*b**9/7 + 45*B*a**2*b**8/7) + x**6*(15*A*a**2*b**8/2 + 20*B*a**3*b**7) + x**5*(24*A*a**3*b**7 + 42*B*a**4*b**6) + x**4*(105*A*a**4*b**6/2 + 63*B*a**5*b**5) + x**3*(84*A*a**5*b**5 + 70*B*a**6*b**4) + x**2*(105*A*a**6*b**4 + 60*B*a**7*b**3) + x*(120*A*a**7*b**3 + 45*B*a**8*b**2) + (-A*a**10 + x*(-20*A*a**9*b - 2*B*a**10))/(2*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{9}Bb^{10}x^9 + \frac{1}{8}(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^8 + \frac{5}{7}(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^7 + \frac{5}{2}(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^6 + 6(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^5 + \frac{21}{2}(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^4 + 14(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^3 + 15(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^2 + 15(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x + 5(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)\log(x) - \frac{Aa^{10} + 2(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/9*B*b^{10}*x^9 + 1/8*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^{10})*x^8 + 5/7*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a* \\ & b^9)*x^7 + 5/2*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^6 + 6*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3* \\ & b^7)*x^5 + 21/2*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^4 + 14*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^ \\ & 5*b^5)*x^3 + 15*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^2 + 15*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^ \\ & 7*b^3)*x + 5*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*\log(x) - 1/2*(A*a^{10} + 2*(B*a^{10} + \\ & 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^2 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = & \frac{1}{9} Bb^{10}x^9 + \frac{5}{4} Bab^9x^8 + \frac{1}{8} Ab^{10}x^8 + \frac{45}{7} Ba^2b^8x^7 \\ & + \frac{10}{7} Aab^9x^7 + 20 Ba^3b^7x^6 + \frac{15}{2} Aa^2b^8x^6 + 42 Ba^4b^6x^5 \\ & + 24 Aa^3b^7x^5 + 63 Ba^5b^5x^4 + \frac{105}{2} Aa^4b^6x^4 + 70 Ba^6b^4x^3 \\ & + 84 Aa^5b^5x^3 + 60 Ba^7b^3x^2 + 105 Aa^6b^4x^2 + 45 Ba^8b^2x \\ & + 120 Aa^7b^3x + 5(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2) \log(|x|) \\ & - \frac{Aa^{10} + 2(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x}{2x^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/9*B*b^{10}*x^9 + 5/4*B*a*b^9*x^8 + 1/8*A*b^{10}*x^8 + 45/7*B*a^2*b^8*x^7 + 1 \\ & 0/7*A*a*b^9*x^7 + 20*B*a^3*b^7*x^6 + 15/2*A*a^2*b^8*x^6 + 42*B*a^4*b^6*x^5 \\ & + 24*A*a^3*b^7*x^5 + 63*B*a^5*b^5*x^4 + 105/2*A*a^4*b^6*x^4 + 70*B*a^6*b^ \\ & 4*x^3 + 84*A*a^5*b^5*x^3 + 60*B*a^7*b^3*x^2 + 105*A*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 45*B*a^8 \\ & *b^2*x + 120*A*a^7*b^3*x + 5*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*\log(\text{abs}(x)) - 1/2*(\\ & A*a^{10} + 2*(B*a^{10} + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^2 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = \ln(x) (10 B a^9 b + 45 A a^8 b^2) - \frac{x(B a^{10} + 10 A b a^9) + \frac{A a^{10}}{2}}{x^2} + x^8 \left(\frac{A b^{10}}{8} + \frac{5 B a b^9}{4} \right) + \frac{B b^{10} x^9}{9} + 15 a^6 b^3 x^2 (7 A b + 4 B a) + 14 a^5 b^4 x^3 (6 A b + 5 B a) + \frac{21 a^4 b^5 x^4 (5 A b + 6 B a)}{2} + 6 a^3 b^6 x^5 (4 A b + 7 B a) + \frac{5 a^2 b^7 x^6 (3 A b + 8 B a)}{2} + 15 a^7 b^2 x (8 A b + 3 B a) + \frac{5 a b^8 x^7 (2 A b + 9 B a)}{7}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^3,x)`output `log(x)*(45*A*a^8*b^2 + 10*B*a^9*b) - (x*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b) + (A*a^10)/2)/x^2 + x^8*((A*b^10)/8 + (5*B*a*b^9)/4) + (B*b^10*x^9)/9 + 15*a^6*b^3*x^2*(7*A*b + 4*B*a) + 14*a^5*b^4*x^3*(6*A*b + 5*B*a) + (21*a^4*b^5*x^4*(5*A*b + 6*B*a))/2 + 6*a^3*b^6*x^5*(4*A*b + 7*B*a) + (5*a^2*b^7*x^6*(3*A*b + 8*B*a))/2 + 15*a^7*b^2*x*(8*A*b + 3*B*a) + (5*a*b^8*x^7*(2*A*b + 9*B*a))/7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{27720 \log(x) a^9 b^2 x^2 - 252 a^{11} - 5544 a^{10} b x + 83160 a^8 b^3 x^3 + 83160 a^7 b^4 x^4 + 77616 a^6 b^5 x^5 + 58212 a^5 b^6 x^6}{504 x^2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^3,x)`

output

$$\frac{(27720 \log(x) a^9 b^2 x^2 - 252 a^{11} - 5544 a^{10} b x + 83160 a^8 b^3 x^3 + 83160 a^7 b^4 x^4 + 77616 a^6 b^5 x^5 + 58212 a^5 b^6 x^6 + 33264 a^4 b^7 x^7 + 13860 a^3 b^8 x^8 + 3960 a^2 b^9 x^9 + 693 a b^{10} x^{10} + 56 b^{11} x^{11})}{(504 x^2)}$$

3.120 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	866
Mathematica [A] (verified)	867
Rubi [A] (verified)	867
Maple [A] (verified)	869
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Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	870
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^{10}A}{3x^3} - \frac{a^9(10Ab+aB)}{2x^2} - \frac{5a^8b(9Ab+2aB)}{x} + 30a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)x + 21a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)x^2 + 14a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)x^3 + \frac{15}{2}a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)x^4 + 3a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)x^5 + \frac{5}{6}ab^8(2Ab+9aB)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b^9(Ab+10aB)x^7 + \frac{1}{8}b^{10}Bx^8 + 15a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/3*a^10*A/x^3-1/2*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^2-5*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)/x+30*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)*x+21*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)*x^2+14*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)*x^3+15/2*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*a)*x^4+3*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)*x^5+5/6*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)*x^6+1/7*b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)*x^7+1/8*b^10*B*x^8+15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{45a^8Ab^2}{x} + 120a^7b^3Bx + 105a^6b^4x(2A+Bx) - \frac{5a^9b(A+2Bx)}{x^2} + 42a^5b^5x^2(3A+2Bx) - \frac{a^{10}(2A+3Bx)}{6x^3} + \frac{35}{2}a^4b^6x^3(4A+3Bx) + 6a^3b^7x^4(5A+4Bx) + \frac{3}{2}a^2b^8x^5(6A+5Bx) + \frac{5}{21}ab^9x^6(7A+6Bx) + \frac{1}{56}b^{10}x^7(8A+7Bx) + 15a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^4, x]
```

output

```
(-45*a^8*A*b^2)/x + 120*a^7*b^3*B*x + 105*a^6*b^4*x*(2*A + B*x) - (5*a^9*b*(A + 2*B*x))/x^2 + 42*a^5*b^5*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x) - (a^10*(2*A + 3*B*x))/(6*x^3) + (35*a^4*b^6*x^3*(4*A + 3*B*x))/2 + 6*a^3*b^7*x^4*(5*A + 4*B*x) + (3*a^2*b^8*x^5*(6*A + 5*B*x))/2 + (5*a*b^9*x^6*(7*A + 6*B*x))/21 + (b^10*x^7*(8*A + 7*B*x))/56 + 15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^{10}A}{x^4} + \frac{a^9(aB+10Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{5a^8b(2aB+9Ab)}{x^2} + \frac{15a^7b^2(3aB+8Ab)}{x} + 30a^6b^3(4aB+7Ab) + 42a^5b^4x(5aB \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{a^{10}A}{3x^3} - \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{2x^2} - \frac{5a^8b(2aB + 9Ab)}{x} + 15a^7b^2 \log(x)(3aB + 8Ab) + 30a^6b^3x(4aB + \\ & 7Ab) + 21a^5b^4x^2(5aB + 6Ab) + 14a^4b^5x^3(6aB + 5Ab) + \frac{15}{2}a^3b^6x^4(7aB + 4Ab) + \\ & 3a^2b^7x^5(8aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{7}b^9x^7(10aB + Ab) + \frac{5}{6}ab^8x^6(9aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{8}b^{10}Bx^8 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(a^10*A)/x^3 - (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B))/(2*x^2) - (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B))/x + 30*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B)*x + 21*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B)*x^2 + 14*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B)*x^3 + (15*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*x^4)/2 + 3*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*x^5 + (5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x^6)/6 + (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*x^7)/7 + (b^10*B*x^8)/8 + 15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
default	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^8}{8} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^7}{7} + \frac{10Bab^9x^7}{7} + \frac{5Aab^9x^6}{3} + \frac{15Ba^2b^8x^6}{2} + 9Aa^2b^8x^5 + 24Ba^3b^7x^5 + 30Aa^3b^7x^4$
norman	$(\frac{1}{7}b^{10}A + \frac{10}{7}ab^9B)x^{10} + (\frac{5}{3}ab^9A + \frac{15}{2}a^2b^8B)x^9 + (30a^3b^7A + \frac{105}{2}a^4b^6B)x^7 + (-5a^9bA - \frac{1}{2}a^{10}B)x + (9a^2b^8A + 24a^3b^7B)x^8 +$
risch	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^8}{8} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^7}{7} + \frac{10Bab^9x^7}{7} + \frac{5Aab^9x^6}{3} + \frac{15Ba^2b^8x^6}{2} + 9Aa^2b^8x^5 + 24Ba^3b^7x^5 + 30Aa^3b^7x^4$
parallelrisch	$21Bb^{10}x^{11} + 24Aa^{10}x^{10} + 240Bab^9x^{10} + 280Aa^9x^9 + 1260Ba^2b^8x^9 + 1512a^2Aa^8x^8 + 4032Ba^3b^7x^8 + 5040a^3Aa^7x^7 + 8820B$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{1}{8}b^{10}Bx^8 + \frac{1}{7}Aa^{10}x^7 + \frac{10}{7}Bab^9x^7 + \frac{5}{3}Aa^9b^9x^6 + \frac{15}{2}Ba^2b^8x^6 + 9Aa^2b^8x^5 + 24Ba^3b^7x^5 + 30Aa^3b^7x^4 + 105/2Ba^4b^6x^4 + 70Aa^4b^6x^3 + 84Bab^5x^3 + 126Aa^5b^5x^2 + 105Ba^6b^4x^2 + 210Aa^6b^4x + 120Ba^7b^3x - 1/3a^{10}A/x^3 - 1/2a^9*(10Aa^8b + Ba^9)/x^2 + 15a^7b^2*(8Aa^8b + 3Ba^9)*\ln(x) - 5a^8b*(9Aa^8b + 2Ba^9)/x$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{21Bb^{10}x^{11} - 56Aa^{10} + 24(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 140(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 + 504(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 1260(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^7 + 2352(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^6 + 3528(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^5 + 5040(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 2520(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 \log(x) - 840(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 - 84(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x}{x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$\frac{1}{168}*(21*B*b^{10}*x^{11} - 56*A*a^{10} + 24*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^{10})*x^{10} + 140*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a^9*b^9)*x^9 + 504*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + 1260*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 2352*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 3528*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 5040*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 2520*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3*\log(x) - 840*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 - 84*(B*a^{10} + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^3$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bb^{10}x^8}{8} + 15a^7b^2 \cdot (8Ab + 3Ba) \log(x) + x^7 \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{7} + \frac{10Bab^9}{7} \right) + x^6$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{5Aab^9}{3} + \frac{15Ba^2b^8}{2} \right) + x^5 \cdot (9Aa^2b^8 + 24Ba^3b^7) + x^4 \cdot \left(30Aa^3b^7 + \frac{105Ba^4b^6}{2} \right) + x^3$$

$$\cdot (70Aa^4b^6 + 84Ba^5b^5) + x^2 \cdot (126Aa^5b^5 + 105Ba^6b^4) + x(210Aa^6b^4 + 120Ba^7b^3)$$

$$+ \frac{-2Aa^{10} + x^2(-270Aa^8b^2 - 60Ba^9b) + x(-30Aa^9b - 3Ba^{10})}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**4,x)`output `B*b**10*x**8/8 + 15*a**7*b**2*(8*A*b + 3*B*a)*log(x) + x**7*(A*b**10/7 + 10*B*a*b**9/7) + x**6*(5*A*a*b**9/3 + 15*B*a**2*b**8/2) + x**5*(9*A*a**2*b**8 + 24*B*a**3*b**7) + x**4*(30*A*a**3*b**7 + 105*B*a**4*b**6/2) + x**3*(70*A*a**4*b**6 + 84*B*a**5*b**5) + x**2*(126*A*a**5*b**5 + 105*B*a**6*b**4) + x*(210*A*a**6*b**4 + 120*B*a**7*b**3) + (-2*A*a**10 + x**2*(-270*A*a**8*b**2 - 60*B*a**9*b) + x*(-30*A*a**9*b - 3*B*a**10))/(6*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{8} Bb^{10}x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^7 + \frac{5}{6} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^6$$

$$+ 3 (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^5 + \frac{15}{2} (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^4$$

$$+ 14 (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^3 + 21 (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^2$$

$$+ 30 (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x + 15 (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3) \log(x)$$

$$- \frac{2 Aa^{10} + 30 (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^2 + 3 (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/8*B*b^10*x^8 + 1/7*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^7 + 5/6*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*
b^9)*x^6 + 3*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^5 + 15/2*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3
*b^7)*x^4 + 14*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^3 + 21*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5
*b^5)*x^2 + 30*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x + 15*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b
^3)*log(x) - 1/6*(2*A*a^10 + 30*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^10
+ 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{8} Bb^{10}x^8 + \frac{10}{7} Bab^9x^7 + \frac{1}{7} Ab^{10}x^7 + \frac{15}{2} Ba^2b^8x^6 + \frac{5}{3} Aab^9x^6$$

$$+ 24 Ba^3b^7x^5 + 9 Aa^2b^8x^5 + \frac{105}{2} Ba^4b^6x^4 + 30 Aa^3b^7x^4$$

$$+ 84 Ba^5b^5x^3 + 70 Aa^4b^6x^3 + 105 Ba^6b^4x^2 + 126 Aa^5b^5x^2$$

$$+ 120 Ba^7b^3x + 210 Aa^6b^4x + 15 (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3) \log(|x|)$$

$$- \frac{2 Aa^{10} + 30 (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^2 + 3 (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x}{6x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/8*B*b^10*x^8 + 10/7*B*a*b^9*x^7 + 1/7*A*b^10*x^7 + 15/2*B*a^2*b^8*x^6 +
5/3*A*a*b^9*x^6 + 24*B*a^3*b^7*x^5 + 9*A*a^2*b^8*x^5 + 105/2*B*a^4*b^6*x^4
+ 30*A*a^3*b^7*x^4 + 84*B*a^5*b^5*x^3 + 70*A*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 105*B*a^6*b^4*
x^2 + 126*A*a^5*b^5*x^2 + 120*B*a^7*b^3*x + 210*A*a^6*b^4*x + 15*(3*B*a^8*
b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*log(abs(x)) - 1/6*(2*A*a^10 + 30*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b
^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^3
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = x^7 \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{7} + \frac{10Bab^9}{7} \right) - \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^{10}}{2} + 5Aba^9 \right) + \frac{Aa^{10}}{3} + x^2 (10Ba^9b + 45Aa^8b^2)}{x^3} + \ln(x) (45Ba^8b^2 + 120Aa^7b^3) + \frac{Bb^{10}x^8}{8} + 21a^5b^4x^2(6Ab + 5Ba) + 14a^4b^5x^3(5Ab + 6Ba) + \frac{15a^3b^6x^4(4Ab + 7Ba)}{2} + 3a^2b^7x^5(3Ab + 8Ba) + 30a^6b^3x(7Ab + 4Ba) + \frac{5ab^8x^6(2Ab + 9Ba)}{6}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^4,x)`output `x^7*((A*b^10)/7 + (10*B*a*b^9)/7) - (x*((B*a^10)/2 + 5*A*a^9*b) + (A*a^10)/3 + x^2*(45*A*a^8*b^2 + 10*B*a^9*b))/x^3 + log(x)*(120*A*a^7*b^3 + 45*B*a^8*b^2) + (B*b^10*x^8)/8 + 21*a^5*b^4*x^2*(6*A*b + 5*B*a) + 14*a^4*b^5*x^3*(5*A*b + 6*B*a) + (15*a^3*b^6*x^4*(4*A*b + 7*B*a))/2 + 3*a^2*b^7*x^5*(3*A*b + 8*B*a) + 30*a^6*b^3*x*(7*A*b + 4*B*a) + (5*a*b^8*x^6*(2*A*b + 9*B*a))/6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{27720 \log(x) a^8 b^3 x^3 - 56 a^{11} - 924 a^{10} b x - 9240 a^9 b^2 x^2 + 55440 a^7 b^4 x^4 + 38808 a^6 b^5 x^5 + 25872 a^5 b^6 x^6 + 168 x^3}{168 x^3}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^4,x)`

output

$$\frac{(27720 \log(x) a^8 b^3 x^3 - 56 a^{11} - 924 a^{10} b x - 9240 a^9 b^2 x^2 + 55440 a^7 b^4 x^4 + 38808 a^6 b^5 x^5 + 25872 a^5 b^6 x^6 + 13860 a^4 b^7 x^7 + 5544 a^3 b^8 x^8 + 1540 a^2 b^9 x^9 + 264 a b^{10} x^{10} + 21 b^{11} x^{11})}{(168 x^3)}$$

3.121 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 215

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^{10}A}{4x^4} - \frac{a^9(10Ab+aB)}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^8b(9Ab+2aB)}{2x^2} - \frac{15a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)}{x} + 42a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)x + 21a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)x^2 + 10a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)x^3 + \frac{15}{4}a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)x^4 + ab^8(2Ab+9aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b^9(Ab+10aB)x^6 + \frac{1}{7}b^{10}Bx^7 + 30a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/4*a^10*A/x^4-1/3*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^3-5/2*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)/x^2-15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)/x+42*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)*x+21*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)*x^2+10*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*a)*x^3+15/4*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)*x^4+a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)*x^5+1/6*b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)*x^6+1/7*b^10*B*x^7+30*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{120a^7Ab^3}{x} + 210a^6b^4Bx + 126a^5b^5x(2A+Bx) - \frac{45a^8b^2(A+2Bx)}{2x^2} + 35a^4b^6x^2(3A+2Bx) - \frac{5a^9b(2A+3Bx)}{3x^3} + 10a^3b^7x^3(4A+3Bx) - \frac{a^{10}(3A+4Bx)}{12x^4} + \frac{9}{4}a^2b^8x^4(5A+4Bx) + \frac{1}{3}ab^9x^5(6A+5Bx) + \frac{1}{42}b^{10}x^6(7A+6Bx) + 30a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)\log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^5,x]`

output `(-120*a^7*A*b^3)/x + 210*a^6*b^4*B*x + 126*a^5*b^5*x*(2*A + B*x) - (45*a^8*b^2*(A + 2*B*x))/(2*x^2) + 35*a^4*b^6*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x) - (5*a^9*b*(2*A + 3*B*x))/(3*x^3) + 10*a^3*b^7*x^3*(4*A + 3*B*x) - (a^10*(3*A + 4*B*x))/(12*x^4) + (9*a^2*b^8*x^4*(5*A + 4*B*x))/4 + (a*b^9*x^5*(6*A + 5*B*x))/3 + (b^10*x^6*(7*A + 6*B*x))/42 + 30*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^{10}A}{x^5} + \frac{a^9(aB+10Ab)}{x^4} + \frac{5a^8b(2aB+9Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{15a^7b^2(3aB+8Ab)}{x^2} + \frac{30a^6b^3(4aB+7Ab)}{x} + 42a^5b^4(5aB + \dots \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{a^{10}A}{4x^4} - \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^8b(2aB + 9Ab)}{2x^2} - \frac{15a^7b^2(3aB + 8Ab)}{x} + 30a^6b^3 \log(x)(4aB + \\ & 7Ab) + 42a^5b^4x(5aB + 6Ab) + 21a^4b^5x^2(6aB + 5Ab) + 10a^3b^6x^3(7aB + 4Ab) + \\ & \frac{15}{4}a^2b^7x^4(8aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{6}b^9x^6(10aB + Ab) + ab^8x^5(9aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{7}b^{10}Bx^7 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(a^10*A)/x^4 - (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B))/(3*x^3) - (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B))/(2*x^2) - (15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B))/x + 42*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B)*x + 21*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B)*x^2 + 10*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*x^3 + (15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*x^4)/4 + a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x^5 + (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*x^6)/6 + (b^10*B*x^7)/7 + 30*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :`
`> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result
default	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^7}{7} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^6}{6} + \frac{5Bab^9x^6}{3} + 2Aab^9x^5 + 9Ba^2b^8x^5 + \frac{45Aa^2b^8x^4}{4} + 30Ba^3b^7x^4 + 40Aa^3b^7x^3$
norman	$(\frac{1}{8}b^{10}A + \frac{5}{3}ab^9B)x^{10} + (\frac{45}{4}a^2b^8A + 30a^3b^7B)x^8 + (-\frac{45}{2}a^8b^2A - 5a^9bB)x^2 + (-\frac{10}{3}a^9bA - \frac{1}{3}a^{10}B)x + (2ab^9A + 9a^2b^8B)x^9 + (4$
risch	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^7}{7} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^6}{6} + \frac{5Bab^9x^6}{3} + 2Aab^9x^5 + 9Ba^2b^8x^5 + \frac{45Aa^2b^8x^4}{4} + 30Ba^3b^7x^4 + 40Aa^3b^7x^3$
parallelrisch	$12Bb^{10}x^{11} + 14Ab^{10}x^{10} + 140Bab^9x^{10} + 168Aa^9x^9 + 756Ba^2b^8x^9 + 945a^2Ab^8x^8 + 2520Ba^3b^7x^8 + 3360a^3Ab^7x^7 + 5880B$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{7}b^{10}Bx^7 + \frac{1}{6}Ab^{10}x^6 + \frac{5}{3}Bab^9x^6 + 2Aab^9x^5 + 9Ba^2b^8x^5 + \frac{45}{4}Aa^2b^8x^4 + 30Ba^3b^7x^4 + 40Aa^3b^7x^3 + 70Bb^7x^3 + 105Aa^4b^6x^2 + 126Bb^5x^2 + 252Aa^5b^5x^2 + 210Bb^6x^2 - \frac{1}{3}a^9x^2 + \frac{10Aa^8b^4 + Bb^4}{x^3} - \frac{5Aa^8b^3 + 2Bb^3}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}a^{10}A/x^4 + 30a^6b^3(7Aa^4b^3 + 4Bb^3) \ln(x) - 15a^7b^2(8Aa^3b^3 + 3Bb^3)/x$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{12Bb^{10}x^{11} - 21Aa^{10} + 14(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 84(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 + 315(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{84}(12Bb^{10}x^{11} - 21Aa^{10} + 14(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 84(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 + 315(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 840(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^7 + 1764(6Bb^5x^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^6 + 3528(5Bb^6x^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^5 + 2520(4Bb^7x^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^4 \log(x) - 1260(3Bb^8x^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 - 210(2Bb^9x^2 + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 - 28(Bb^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x)/x^4$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{Bb^{10}x^7}{7} + 30a^6b^3 \cdot (7Ab + 4Ba) \log(x) + x^6 \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{6} + \frac{5Bab^9}{3} \right) + x^5 \cdot (2Aab^9 + 9Ba^2b^8) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{45Aa^2b^8}{4} + 30Ba^3b^7 \right) + x^3 \cdot (40Aa^3b^7 + 70Ba^4b^6) + x^2 \cdot (105Aa^4b^6 + 126Ba^5b^5) + x(252Aa^5b^5 + 210Ba^6b^4) + \frac{-3Aa^{10} + x^3(-1440Aa^7b^3 - 540Ba^8b^2) + x^2(-270Aa^8b^2 - 60Ba^9b) + x(-40Aa^9b - 4Ba^{10})}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**5,x)`

output

```
B*b**10*x**7/7 + 30*a**6*b**3*(7*A*b + 4*B*a)*log(x) + x**6*(A*b**10/6 + 5*B*a*b**9/3) + x**5*(2*A*a*b**9 + 9*B*a**2*b**8) + x**4*(45*A*a**2*b**8/4 + 30*B*a**3*b**7) + x**3*(40*A*a**3*b**7 + 70*B*a**4*b**6) + x**2*(105*A*a**4*b**6 + 126*B*a**5*b**5) + x*(252*A*a**5*b**5 + 210*B*a**6*b**4) + (-3*A*a**10 + x**3*(-1440*A*a**7*b**3 - 540*B*a**8*b**2) + x**2*(-270*A*a**8*b**2 - 60*B*a**9*b) + x*(-40*A*a**9*b - 4*B*a**10))/(12*x**4)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{1}{7} Bb^{10}x^7 + \frac{1}{6} (10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^6 + (9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^5 + \frac{15}{4} (8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^4 + 10(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^3 + 21(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^2 + 42(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x + 30(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4) \log(x) - \frac{3Aa^{10} + 180(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 + 30(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 + 4(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/7*B*b^10*x^7 + 1/6*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^6 + (9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)
*x^5 + 15/4*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^4 + 10*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^
7)*x^3 + 21*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^2 + 42*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^
5)*x + 30*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*log(x) - 1/12*(3*A*a^10 + 180*(3*B*a
^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 30*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 4*(B*a^10 +
10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{1}{7} Bb^{10}x^7 + \frac{5}{3} Bab^9x^6 + \frac{1}{6} Ab^{10}x^6 + 9Ba^2b^8x^5$$

$$+ 2Aab^9x^5 + 30Ba^3b^7x^4 + \frac{45}{4} Aa^2b^8x^4 + 70Ba^4b^6x^3 + 40Aa^3b^7x^3 + 126Ba^5b^5x^2$$

$$+ 105Aa^4b^6x^2 + 210Ba^6b^4x + 252Aa^5b^5x + 30(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4) \log(|x|)$$

$$\frac{3Aa^{10} + 180(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 + 30(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 + 4(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x}{12x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/7*B*b^10*x^7 + 5/3*B*a*b^9*x^6 + 1/6*A*b^10*x^6 + 9*B*a^2*b^8*x^5 + 2*A*
a*b^9*x^5 + 30*B*a^3*b^7*x^4 + 45/4*A*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 70*B*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 40*
A*a^3*b^7*x^3 + 126*B*a^5*b^5*x^2 + 105*A*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 210*B*a^6*b^4*x +
252*A*a^5*b^5*x + 30*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*log(abs(x)) - 1/12*(3*A*a
^10 + 180*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 30*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x
^2 + 4*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^4
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = x^6 \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{6} + \frac{5Bab^9}{3} \right) - \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^{10}}{3} + \frac{10Aba^9}{3} \right) + \frac{Aa^{10}}{4} + x^2 \left(5Ba^9b + \frac{45Aa^8b^2}{2} \right) + x^3 (45Ba^8b^2 + 120Aa^7b^3) + \ln(x) (120Ba^7b^3 + 210Aa^6b^4) + \frac{Bb^{10}x^7}{7} + 21a^4b^5x^2(5Ab + 6Ba) + 10a^3b^6x^3(4Ab + 7Ba) + \frac{15a^2b^7x^4(3Ab + 8Ba)}{4} + 42a^5b^4x(6Ab + 5Ba) + ab^8x^5(2Ab + 9Ba)}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^5,x)`output `x^6*((A*b^10)/6 + (5*B*a*b^9)/3) - (x*((B*a^10)/3 + (10*A*a^9*b)/3) + (A*a^10)/4 + x^2*((45*A*a^8*b^2)/2 + 5*B*a^9*b) + x^3*(120*A*a^7*b^3 + 45*B*a^8*b^2))/x^4 + log(x)*(210*A*a^6*b^4 + 120*B*a^7*b^3) + (B*b^10*x^7)/7 + 21*a^4*b^5*x^2*(5*A*b + 6*B*a) + 10*a^3*b^6*x^3*(4*A*b + 7*B*a) + (15*a^2*b^7*x^4*(3*A*b + 8*B*a))/4 + 42*a^5*b^4*x*(6*A*b + 5*B*a) + a*b^8*x^5*(2*A*b + 9*B*a)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{27720 \log(x) a^7 b^4 x^4 - 21 a^{11} - 308 a^{10} b x - 2310 a^9 b^2 x^2 - 13860 a^8 b^3 x^3 + 38808 a^6 b^5 x^5 + 19404 a^5 b^6 x^6 + 9}{84 x^4}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^5,x)`

output

$$\frac{(27720 \log(x) a^7 b^4 x^4 - 21 a^{11} - 308 a^{10} b x - 2310 a^9 b^2 x^2 - 13860 a^8 b^3 x^3 + 38808 a^6 b^5 x^5 + 19404 a^5 b^6 x^6 + 9240 a^4 b^7 x^7 + 3465 a^3 b^8 x^8 + 924 a^2 b^9 x^9 + 154 a b^{10} x^{10} + 12 b^{11} x^{11})}{(84 x^4)}$$

3.122 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	882
Mathematica [A] (verified)	883
Rubi [A] (verified)	883
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 218

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^{10}A}{5x^5} - \frac{a^9(10Ab+aB)}{4x^4} - \frac{5a^8b(9Ab+2aB)}{3x^3} - \frac{15a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)}{2x^2} - \frac{30a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)}{x} + 42a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)x + 15a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)x^2 + 5a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)x^3 + \frac{5}{4}ab^8(2Ab+9aB)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^9(Ab+10aB)x^5 + \frac{1}{6}b^{10}Bx^6 + 42a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/5*a^10*A/x^5-1/4*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^4-5/3*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)/x^3-15/2*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)/x^2-30*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)/x+42*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)*x+15*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*a)*x^2+5*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)*x^3+5/4*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)*x^4+1/5*b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)*x^5+1/6*b^10*B*x^6+42*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{210a^6Ab^4}{x} + 252a^5b^5Bx + 105a^4b^6x(2A+Bx) - \frac{60a^7b^3(A+2Bx)}{x^2} + 20a^3b^7x^2(3A+2Bx) - \frac{15a^8b^2(2A+3Bx)}{2x^3} + \frac{15}{4}a^2b^8x^3(4A+3Bx) - \frac{5a^9b(3A+4Bx)}{6x^4} + \frac{1}{2}ab^9x^4(5A+4Bx) - \frac{a^{10}(4A+5Bx)}{20x^5} + \frac{1}{30}b^{10}x^5(6A+5Bx) + 42a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)\log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^6,x]`

output `(-210*a^6*A*b^4)/x + 252*a^5*b^5*B*x + 105*a^4*b^6*x*(2*A + B*x) - (60*a^7*b^3*(A + 2*B*x))/x^2 + 20*a^3*b^7*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x) - (15*a^8*b^2*(2*A + 3*B*x))/(2*x^3) + (15*a^2*b^8*x^3*(4*A + 3*B*x))/4 - (5*a^9*b*(3*A + 4*B*x))/(6*x^4) + (a*b^9*x^4*(5*A + 4*B*x))/2 - (a^10*(4*A + 5*B*x))/(20*x^5) + (b^10*x^5*(6*A + 5*B*x))/30 + 42*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B)*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^{10}A}{x^6} + \frac{a^9(aB+10Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{5a^8b(2aB+9Ab)}{x^4} + \frac{15a^7b^2(3aB+8Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{30a^6b^3(4aB+7Ab)}{x^2} + \frac{42a^5b^4(5aB+10Ab)}{x} \right) dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 2009 \\ \frac{a^{10}A}{5x^5} - \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{5a^8b(2aB + 9Ab)}{3x^3} - \frac{15a^7b^2(3aB + 8Ab)}{2x^2} - \frac{30a^6b^3(4aB + 7Ab)}{x} + \\ 42a^5b^4 \log(x)(5aB + 6Ab) + 42a^4b^5x(6aB + 5Ab) + 15a^3b^6x^2(7aB + 4Ab) + 5a^2b^7x^3(8aB + \\ 3Ab) + \frac{1}{5}b^9x^5(10aB + Ab) + \frac{5}{4}ab^8x^4(9aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{6}b^{10}Bx^6 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^6,x]`

output `-1/5*(a^10*A)/x^5 - (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B))/(4*x^4) - (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B))/ (3*x^3) - (15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B))/(2*x^2) - (30*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B))/x + 42*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B)*x + 15*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*x^2 + 5*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*x^3 + (5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x^4)/4 + (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*x^5)/5 + (b^10*B*x^6)/6 + 42*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
default	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^6}{6} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^5}{5} + 2Bab^9x^5 + \frac{5Aab^9x^4}{2} + \frac{45Ba^2b^8x^4}{4} + 15Aa^2b^8x^3 + 40Ba^3b^7x^3 + 60Aa^3b^7x^2$
norman	$(\frac{1}{5}b^{10}A+2ab^9B)x^{10}+(\frac{5}{2}ab^9A+\frac{45}{4}a^2b^8B)x^9+(-60a^7b^3A-\frac{45}{2}a^8b^2B)x^3+(-15a^8b^2A-\frac{10}{3}a^9bB)x^2+(-\frac{5}{2}a^9bA-\frac{1}{4}a^{10}B)x$
risch	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^6}{6} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^5}{5} + 2Bab^9x^5 + \frac{5Aab^9x^4}{2} + \frac{45Ba^2b^8x^4}{4} + 15Aa^2b^8x^3 + 40Ba^3b^7x^3 + 60Aa^3b^7x^2$
parallelrisc	$\frac{10Bb^{10}x^{11}+12Aa^{10}x^{10}+120Bab^9x^{10}+150Aa^9b^9x^9+675Ba^2b^8x^9+900Aa^2b^8x^8+2400Ba^3b^7x^8+3600Aa^3b^7x^7+6300Bab^6x^6+1800Aa^4b^6x^6+2520Bab^5x^5+5Aa^5b^5x^5+300Aa^8b^5x^5+300(8Ba^3b^7+3Aa^2b^8)x^8+300(7Ba^4b^6+4Aa^3b^7)x^7+2520(5Ba^6b^4+6Aa^5b^5)x^6+2520(5Ba^6b^4+6Aa^5b^5)x^5\log(x)-1800(4Ba^7b^3+7Aa^6b^4)x^4-450(3Ba^8b^2+8Aa^7b^3)x^3-100(2Ba^9b+9Aa^8b^2)x^2-15(Ba^{10}+10Aa^9b)x}{x^5}$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{1}{6}b^{10}Bx^6 + \frac{1}{5}Aa^{10}x^5 + 2Bab^9x^5 + \frac{5}{2}Aa^2b^8x^4 + \frac{45}{4}Ba^2b^8x^4 + 15Aa^2b^8x^3 + 40Ba^3b^7x^3 + 60Aa^3b^7x^2 + 105Ba^4b^6x^2 + 210Aa^4b^6x + 252Bab^5x - \frac{5}{3}a^8b^5(9Aa^2b^8 + 2Bab^9)/x^3 - \frac{1}{5}a^{10}A/x^5 - \frac{15}{2}a^7b^2(8Aa^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)/x^2 - \frac{1}{4}a^9(10Aa^3b^7 + Bb^9)/x^4 + 42a^5b^4(6Aa^3b^7 + 5Bab^6)\ln(x) - 30a^6b^3(7Aa^4b^6 + 4Bab^5)/x$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{10Bb^{10}x^{11} - 12Aa^{10} + 12(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 75(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 + 300(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$\frac{1}{60}(10Bb^{10}x^{11} - 12Aa^{10} + 12(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 75(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aa^2b^8)x^9 + 300(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 900(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^7 + 2520(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^6 + 2520(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^5\log(x) - 1800(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^4 - 450(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 - 100(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 - 15(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x)/x^5$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bb^{10}x^6}{6} + 42a^5b^4 \cdot (6Ab + 5Ba) \log(x) + x^5 \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{5} + 2Bab^9 \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{5Aab^9}{2} + \frac{45Ba^2b^8}{4} \right)$$

$$+ x^3 \cdot (15Aa^2b^8 + 40Ba^3b^7) + x^2 \cdot (60Aa^3b^7 + 105Ba^4b^6) + x(210Aa^4b^6 + 252Ba^5b^5)$$

$$+ \frac{-12Aa^{10} + x^4(-12600Aa^6b^4 - 7200Ba^7b^3) + x^3(-3600Aa^7b^3 - 1350Ba^8b^2) + x^2(-900Aa^8b^2 - 2000Aa^9b) + x(-150Aa^9b - 15Ba^{10})}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**6,x)`output `B*b**10*x**6/6 + 42*a**5*b**4*(6*A*b + 5*B*a)*log(x) + x**5*(A*b**10/5 + 2*B*a*b**9) + x**4*(5*A*a*b**9/2 + 45*B*a**2*b**8/4) + x**3*(15*A*a**2*b**8 + 40*B*a**3*b**7) + x**2*(60*A*a**3*b**7 + 105*B*a**4*b**6) + x*(210*A*a**4*b**6 + 252*B*a**5*b**5) + (-12*A*a**10 + x**4*(-12600*A*a**6*b**4 - 7200*B*a**7*b**3) + x**3*(-3600*A*a**7*b**3 - 1350*B*a**8*b**2) + x**2*(-900*A*a**8*b**2 - 200*B*a**9*b) + x*(-150*A*a**9*b - 15*B*a**10))/(60*x**5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} Bb^{10}x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^5 + \frac{5}{4} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^4 + 5 (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^3$$

$$+ 15 (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^2 + 42 (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x + 42 (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5) \log(x)$$

$$+ \frac{12 Aa^{10} + 1800 (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 450 (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^3 + 100 (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^2 + 15 (2 Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/6*B*b^10*x^6 + 1/5*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^5 + 5/4*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*
b^9)*x^4 + 5*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^3 + 15*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b
^7)*x^2 + 42*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x + 42*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5
)*log(x) - 1/60*(12*A*a^10 + 1800*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 450*(3
*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 100*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 15*(B*
a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^5
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{1}{6} Bb^{10}x^6 + 2Bab^9x^5 + \frac{1}{5} Ab^{10}x^5 + \frac{45}{4} Ba^2b^8x^4 + \frac{5}{2} Aab^9x^4 + 40Ba^3b^7x^3 + 15Aa^2b^8x^3 + 105Ba^4b^6x^2 + 60Aa^3b^7x^2 + 252Ba^5b^5x + 210Aa^4b^6x + 42(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)\log(|x|) - \frac{12Aa^{10} + 1800(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 450(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 + 100(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 + 15(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x}{60x^5}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/6*B*b^10*x^6 + 2*B*a*b^9*x^5 + 1/5*A*b^10*x^5 + 45/4*B*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 5/2
*A*a*b^9*x^4 + 40*B*a^3*b^7*x^3 + 15*A*a^2*b^8*x^3 + 105*B*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 6
0*A*a^3*b^7*x^2 + 252*B*a^5*b^5*x + 210*A*a^4*b^6*x + 42*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*
A*a^5*b^5)*log(abs(x)) - 1/60*(12*A*a^10 + 1800*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4
)*x^4 + 450*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 100*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2
)*x^2 + 15*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^5
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = x^5 \left(\frac{A b^{10}}{5} + 2 B a b^9 \right) \\ - \frac{x \left(\frac{B a^{10}}{4} + \frac{5 A b a^9}{2} \right) + \frac{A a^{10}}{5} + x^2 \left(\frac{10 B a^9 b}{3} + 15 A a^8 b^2 \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{45 B a^8 b^2}{2} + 60 A a^7 b^3 \right) + x^4 (120 B a^7 b^3 + \\ + \ln(x) (210 B a^6 b^4 + 252 A a^5 b^5) + \frac{B b^{10} x^6}{6} + 15 a^3 b^6 x^2 (4 A b + 7 B a) \\ + 5 a^2 b^7 x^3 (3 A b + 8 B a) + 42 a^4 b^5 x (5 A b + 6 B a) + \frac{5 a b^8 x^4 (2 A b + 9 B a)}{4}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^6,x)`output `x^5*((A*b^10)/5 + 2*B*a*b^9) - (x*((B*a^10)/4 + (5*A*a^9*b)/2) + (A*a^10)/5 + x^2*(15*A*a^8*b^2 + (10*B*a^9*b)/3) + x^3*(60*A*a^7*b^3 + (45*B*a^8*b^2)/2) + x^4*(210*A*a^6*b^4 + 120*B*a^7*b^3))/x^5 + log(x)*(252*A*a^5*b^5 + 210*B*a^6*b^4) + (B*b^10*x^6)/6 + 15*a^3*b^6*x^2*(4*A*b + 7*B*a) + 5*a^2*b^7*x^3*(3*A*b + 8*B*a) + 42*a^4*b^5*x*(5*A*b + 6*B*a) + (5*a*b^8*x^4*(2*A*b + 9*B*a))/4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx \\ = \frac{27720 \log(x) a^6 b^5 x^5 - 12 a^{11} - 165 a^{10} b x - 1100 a^9 b^2 x^2 - 4950 a^8 b^3 x^3 - 19800 a^7 b^4 x^4 + 27720 a^5 b^6 x^6 + 9900 a^4 b^7 x^7 + 3300 a^3 b^8 x^8 + 825 a^2 b^9 x^9 + 132 a b^{10} x^{10} + 10 b^{11} x^{11}}{60 x^5}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^6,x)`output `(27720*log(x)*a**6*b**5*x**5 - 12*a**11 - 165*a**10*b*x - 1100*a**9*b**2*x**2 - 4950*a**8*b**3*x**3 - 19800*a**7*b**4*x**4 + 27720*a**5*b**6*x**6 + 9900*a**4*b**7*x**7 + 3300*a**3*b**8*x**8 + 825*a**2*b**9*x**9 + 132*a*b**10*x**10 + 10*b**11*x**11)/(60*x**5)`

3.123 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	889
Mathematica [A] (verified)	890
Rubi [A] (verified)	890
Maple [A] (verified)	892
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	892
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	893
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	893
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	894
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	895
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	895

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 218

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^{10}A}{6x^6} - \frac{a^9(10Ab+aB)}{5x^5} - \frac{5a^8b(9Ab+2aB)}{4x^4} - \frac{5a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)}{x^3} - \frac{15a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)}{x^2} - \frac{42a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)}{x} + 30a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)x + \frac{15}{2}a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)x^2 + \frac{5}{3}ab^8(2Ab+9aB)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b^9(Ab+10aB)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^{10}Bx^5 + 42a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/6*a^10*A/x^6-1/5*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^5-5/4*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)/x^4-5*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)/x^3-15*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)/x^2-42*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)/x+30*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*a)*x+15/2*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)*x^2+5/3*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)*x^3+1/4*b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)*x^4+1/5*b^10*B*x^5+42*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{252a^5Ab^5}{x} + 210a^4b^6Bx + 60a^3b^7x(2A + Bx) - \frac{105a^6b^4(A + 2Bx)}{x^2} + \frac{15}{2}a^2b^8x^2(3A + 2Bx) - \frac{20a^7b^3(2A + 3Bx)}{x^3} + \frac{5}{6}ab^9x^3(4A + 3Bx) - \frac{15a^8b^2(3A + 4Bx)}{4x^4} + \frac{1}{20}b^{10}x^4(5A + 4Bx) - \frac{a^9b(4A + 5Bx)}{2x^5} - \frac{a^{10}(5A + 6Bx)}{30x^6} + 42a^4b^5(5Ab + 6aB) \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^7, x]`

output $(-252*a^5*A*b^5)/x + 210*a^4*b^6*B*x + 60*a^3*b^7*x*(2*A + B*x) - (105*a^6*b^4*(A + 2*B*x))/x^2 + (15*a^2*b^8*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x))/2 - (20*a^7*b^3*(2*A + 3*B*x))/x^3 + (5*a*b^9*x^3*(4*A + 3*B*x))/6 - (15*a^8*b^2*(3*A + 4*B*x))/(4*x^4) + (b^{10}*x^4*(5*A + 4*B*x))/20 - (a^9*b*(4*A + 5*B*x))/(2*x^5) - (a^{10}*(5*A + 6*B*x))/(30*x^6) + 42*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B)*Log[x]$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^7} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^{10}A}{x^7} + \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{5a^8b(2aB + 9Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{15a^7b^2(3aB + 8Ab)}{x^4} + \frac{30a^6b^3(4aB + 7Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{42a^5b^4(5aB + 6Ab)}{x^2} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^{10}A}{6x^6} - \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{5x^5} - \frac{5a^8b(2aB + 9Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{5a^7b^2(3aB + 8Ab)}{x^3} - \frac{15a^6b^3(4aB + 7Ab)}{x^2} - \frac{42a^5b^4(5aB + 6Ab)}{x} + 42a^4b^5 \log(x)(6aB + 5Ab) + 30a^3b^6x(7aB + 4Ab) + \frac{15}{2}a^2b^7x^2(8aB + 3Ab) + \frac{1}{4}b^9x^4(10aB + Ab) + \frac{5}{3}ab^8x^3(9aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{5}b^{10}Bx^5$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^7,x]
```

output

```
-1/6*(a^10*A)/x^6 - (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B))/(5*x^5) - (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B))/
(4*x^4) - (5*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B))/x^3 - (15*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B))/
x^2 - (42*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B))/x + 30*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*x + (1
5*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*x^2)/2 + (5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x^3)/3 + (b^9*
(A*b + 10*a*B)*x^4)/4 + (b^10*B*x^5)/5 + 42*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B)*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
default	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^5}{5} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^4}{4} + \frac{5Bab^9x^4}{2} + \frac{10Aab^9x^3}{3} + 15Ba^2b^8x^3 + \frac{45Aa^2b^8x^2}{2} + 60Ba^3b^7x^2 + 120Aa^3b^7x$
norman	$(\frac{1}{4}b^{10}A + \frac{5}{2}ab^9B)x^{10} + (\frac{10}{3}ab^9A + 15a^2b^8B)x^9 + (\frac{45}{2}a^2b^8A + 60a^3b^7B)x^8 + (-\frac{45}{4}a^8b^2A - \frac{5}{2}a^9bB)x^2 + (-2a^9bA - \frac{1}{5}a^{10}B)x$
risch	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^5}{5} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^4}{4} + \frac{5Bab^9x^4}{2} + \frac{10Aab^9x^3}{3} + 15Ba^2b^8x^3 + \frac{45Aa^2b^8x^2}{2} + 60Ba^3b^7x^2 + 120Aa^3b^7x$
parallelrisc	$\frac{12Bb^{10}x^{11} + 15Aa^{10}x^{10} + 150Bab^9x^{10} + 200Aa^9x^9 + 900Ba^2b^8x^9 + 1350a^2Ab^8x^8 + 3600Ba^3b^7x^8 + 12600A \ln(x)x^6a^4b^6 + 7200Aa^3b^7x^6 + 12600Aa^2b^8x^5 + 12600Aa^2b^8x^4 + 12600Aa^2b^8x^3 + 12600Aa^2b^8x^2 + 12600Aa^2b^8x + 12600Aa^2b^8}{1}$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $\frac{1}{5}b^{10}Bx^5 + \frac{1}{4}Aa^{10}x^4 + \frac{5}{2}Bab^9x^4 + \frac{10}{3}Aa^9b^9x^3 + 15Ba^2b^8x^3 + \frac{45}{2}Aa^2b^8x^2 + 60Ba^3b^7x^2 + 120Aa^3b^7x - 5a^7b^2(8Aa^3b^3 + 3Ba^2b^4)/x^3 - \frac{1}{5}a^9(10Aa^2b^7 + Ba^3b^8)/x^5 - 15a^6b^3(7Aa^4b^4 + Ba^5b^5)/x^2 - \frac{5}{4}a^8b(9Aa^3b^2 + 2Ba^4b^3)/x^4 + 42a^4b^5(5Aa^6b^6 + 6Ba^7b^7) \ln(x) - 42a^5b^4(6Aa^5b^5 + 5Ba^6b^6)/x - \frac{1}{6}a^{10}A/x^6$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{12Bb^{10}x^{11} - 10Aa^{10} + 15(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 100(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 + 450(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 1260(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^7 + 2520(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^6 \log(x) - 2520(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^5 - 900(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^4 - 300(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 - 75(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 - 12(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x}{x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`output $\frac{1}{60}(12Bb^{10}x^{11} - 10Aa^{10} + 15(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 100(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aa^3b^7)x^9 + 450(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 1800(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^7 + 2520(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^6 \log(x) - 2520(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^5 - 900(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^4 - 300(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 - 75(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 - 12(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x)/x^6$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{Bb^{10}x^5}{5} + 42a^4b^5 \cdot (5Ab+6Ba) \log(x) + x^4 \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{4} + \frac{5Bab^9}{2} \right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{10Aab^9}{3} + 15Ba^2b^8 \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{45Aa^2b^8}{2} + 60Ba^3b^7 \right) + x(120Aa^3b^7 + 210Ba^4b^6) + \frac{-10Aa^{10} + x^5(-15120Aa^5b^5 - 12600Ba^6b^4) + x^4(-6300Aa^6b^4 - 3600Ba^7b^3) + x^3(-2400Aa^7b^3 - 900Ba^8b^2) + x^2(-675Aa^8b^2 - 150Ba^9b) + x(-120Aa^9b - 12Ba^{10})}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**7,x)`

output

```
B*b**10*x**5/5 + 42*a**4*b**5*(5*A*b + 6*B*a)*log(x) + x**4*(A*b**10/4 + 5*B*a*b**9/2) + x**3*(10*A*a*b**9/3 + 15*B*a**2*b**8) + x**2*(45*A*a**2*b**8/2 + 60*B*a**3*b**7) + x*(120*A*a**3*b**7 + 210*B*a**4*b**6) + (-10*A*a**10 + x**5*(-15120*A*a**5*b**5 - 12600*B*a**6*b**4) + x**4*(-6300*A*a**6*b**4 - 3600*B*a**7*b**3) + x**3*(-2400*A*a**7*b**3 - 900*B*a**8*b**2) + x**2*(-675*A*a**8*b**2 - 150*B*a**9*b) + x*(-120*A*a**9*b - 12*B*a**10))/(60*x**6)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{1}{5} Bb^{10}x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^4 + \frac{5}{3} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^3 + \frac{15}{2} (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^2 + 30 (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x + 42 (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6) \log(x) - \frac{10 Aa^{10} + 2520 (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^5 + 900 (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 300 (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^3 + 75 Aa^9b^2 + 12 Ba^{10}b}{60x^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{1}{5}Bb^{10}x^5 + \frac{1}{4}(10B^2ab^9 + A^2b^{10})x^4 + \frac{5}{3}(9B^2a^2b^8 + 2A^2ab^9)x^3 + \frac{15}{2}(8B^2a^3b^7 + 3A^2a^2b^8)x^2 + 30(7B^2a^4b^6 + 4A^2a^3b^7)x + 42(6B^2a^5b^5 + 5A^2a^4b^6)\log(x) - \frac{1}{60}(10A^2a^{10} + 2520(5B^2a^6b^4 + 6A^2a^5b^5)x^5 + 900(4B^2a^7b^3 + 7A^2a^6b^4)x^4 + 300(3B^2a^8b^2 + 8A^2a^7b^3)x^3 + 75(2B^2a^9b + 9A^2a^8b^2)x^2 + 12(B^2a^{10} + 10A^2a^9b)x)/x^6$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{1}{5}Bb^{10}x^5 + \frac{5}{2}Bab^9x^4 + \frac{1}{4}Ab^{10}x^4 + 15Ba^2b^8x^3 + \frac{10}{3}Aab^9x^3 + 60Ba^3b^7x^2 + \frac{45}{2}Aa^2b^8x^2 + 210Ba^4b^6x + 120Aa^3b^7x + 42(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)\log(|x|) - \frac{10Aa^{10} + 2520(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^5 + 900(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 300(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 + 75(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 + 12(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x}{60x^6}$$

input

`integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{5}Bb^{10}x^5 + \frac{5}{2}B^2ab^9x^4 + \frac{1}{4}A^2b^{10}x^4 + 15B^2a^2b^8x^3 + \frac{10}{3}A^2a^3b^7x^3 + 60B^2a^4b^6x^2 + 45/2A^2a^5b^5x^2 + 210B^2a^6b^4x + 120A^2a^7b^3x + 42(6B^2a^8b^2 + 5A^2a^7b^3)\log(\text{abs}(x)) - \frac{1}{60}(10A^2a^{10} + 2520(5B^2a^6b^4 + 6A^2a^5b^5)x^5 + 900(4B^2a^7b^3 + 7A^2a^6b^4)x^4 + 300(3B^2a^8b^2 + 8A^2a^7b^3)x^3 + 75(2B^2a^9b + 9A^2a^8b^2)x^2 + 12(B^2a^{10} + 10A^2a^9b)x)/x^6$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^7} dx = x^4 \left(\frac{A b^{10}}{4} + \frac{5 B a b^9}{2} \right) \\ - \frac{x \left(\frac{B a^{10}}{5} + 2 A b a^9 \right) + \frac{A a^{10}}{6} + x^2 \left(\frac{5 B a^9 b}{2} + \frac{45 A a^8 b^2}{4} \right) + x^3 (15 B a^8 b^2 + 40 A a^7 b^3) + x^4 (60 B a^7 b^3 + 150 A a^6 b^4)}{x^6} \\ + \ln(x) (252 B a^5 b^5 + 210 A a^4 b^6) + \frac{B b^{10} x^5}{5} + \frac{15 a^2 b^7 x^2 (3 A b + 8 B a)}{2} \\ + 30 a^3 b^6 x (4 A b + 7 B a) + \frac{5 a b^8 x^3 (2 A b + 9 B a)}{3}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^7,x)`output `x^4*((A*b^10)/4 + (5*B*a*b^9)/2) - (x*((B*a^10)/5 + 2*A*a^9*b) + (A*a^10)/6 + x^2*((45*A*a^8*b^2)/4 + (5*B*a^9*b)/2) + x^3*(40*A*a^7*b^3 + 15*B*a^8*b^2) + x^4*(105*A*a^6*b^4 + 60*B*a^7*b^3) + x^5*(252*A*a^5*b^5 + 210*B*a^6*b^4))/x^6 + log(x)*(210*A*a^4*b^6 + 252*B*a^5*b^5) + (B*b^10*x^5)/5 + (15*a^2*b^7*x^2*(3*A*b + 8*B*a))/2 + 30*a^3*b^6*x*(4*A*b + 7*B*a) + (5*a*b^8*x^3*(2*A*b + 9*B*a))/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^7} dx \\ = \frac{27720 \log(x) a^5 b^6 x^6 - 10 a^{11} - 132 a^{10} b x - 825 a^9 b^2 x^2 - 3300 a^8 b^3 x^3 - 9900 a^7 b^4 x^4 - 27720 a^6 b^5 x^5 + 19800 a^5 b^6 x^6}{60 x^6}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^7,x)`output `(27720*log(x)*a**5*b**6*x**6 - 10*a**11 - 132*a**10*b*x - 825*a**9*b**2*x**2 - 3300*a**8*b**3*x**3 - 9900*a**7*b**4*x**4 - 27720*a**6*b**5*x**5 + 19800*a**5*b**6*x**6 + 4950*a**3*b**8*x**8 + 1100*a**2*b**9*x**9 + 165*a*b**10*x**10 + 12*b**11*x**11)/(60*x**6)`

3.124 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	896
Mathematica [A] (verified)	897
Rubi [A] (verified)	897
Maple [A] (verified)	899
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	899
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	900
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	900
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	901
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	901
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	902

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^{10}A}{7x^7} - \frac{a^9(10Ab+aB)}{6x^6} - \frac{a^8b(9Ab+2aB)}{x^5} - \frac{15a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)}{4x^4} - \frac{10a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)}{x^3} - \frac{21a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)}{x^2} - \frac{42a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)}{x} + 15a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)x + \frac{5}{2}ab^8(2Ab+9aB)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}b^9(Ab+10aB)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b^{10}Bx^4 + 30a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/7*a^10*A/x^7-1/6*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^6-a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)/x^5-15/4*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)/x^4-10*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)/x^3-21*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)/x^2-42*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)/x+15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)*x+5/2*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)*x^2+1/3*b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)*x^3+1/4*b^10*B*x^4+30*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx = -\frac{210a^4Ab^6}{x} + 120a^3b^7Bx + \frac{45}{2}a^2b^8x(2A+Bx) - \frac{126a^5b^5(A+2Bx)}{x^2} + \frac{5}{3}ab^9x^2(3A+2Bx) - \frac{35a^6b^4(2A+3Bx)}{x^3} + \frac{1}{12}b^{10}x^3(4A+3Bx) - \frac{10a^7b^3(3A+4Bx)}{x^4} - \frac{9a^8b^2(4A+5Bx)}{4x^5} - \frac{a^9b(5A+6Bx)}{3x^6} - \frac{a^{10}(6A+7Bx)}{42x^7} + 30a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^8, x]
```

output

```
(-210*a^4*A*b^6)/x + 120*a^3*b^7*B*x + (45*a^2*b^8*x*(2*A + B*x))/2 - (126*a^5*b^5*(A + 2*B*x))/x^2 + (5*a*b^9*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x))/3 - (35*a^6*b^4*(2*A + 3*B*x))/x^3 + (b^10*x^3*(4*A + 3*B*x))/12 - (10*a^7*b^3*(3*A + 4*B*x))/x^4 - (9*a^8*b^2*(4*A + 5*B*x))/(4*x^5) - (a^9*b*(5*A + 6*B*x))/(3*x^6) - (a^10*(6*A + 7*B*x))/(42*x^7) + 30*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^{10}A}{x^8} + \frac{a^9(aB+10Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{5a^8b(2aB+9Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{15a^7b^2(3aB+8Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{30a^6b^3(4aB+7Ab)}{x^4} + \frac{42a^5b^4(5aB+7Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{30a^4b^5(4aB+6Ab)}{x^2} + \frac{5a^3b^6(3aB+5Ab)}{x} + \frac{a^2b^7(2aB+B^2)}{x^0} + \frac{a^2b^7(2aB+B^2)}{x^0} \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{a^{10}A}{7x^7} - \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{6x^6} - \frac{a^8b(2aB + 9Ab)}{x^5} - \frac{15a^7b^2(3aB + 8Ab)}{4x^4} - \frac{10a^6b^3(4aB + 7Ab)}{x^3} - \\ & \frac{21a^5b^4(5aB + 6Ab)}{x^2} - \frac{42a^4b^5(6aB + 5Ab)}{x} + 30a^3b^6 \log(x)(7aB + 4Ab) + 15a^2b^7x(8aB + \\ & 3Ab) + \frac{1}{3}b^9x^3(10aB + Ab) + \frac{5}{2}ab^8x^2(9aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{4}b^{10}Bx^4 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^8,x]`

output

```
-1/7*(a^10*A)/x^7 - (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B))/(6*x^6) - (a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B))
/x^5 - (15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B))/(4*x^4) - (10*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B))
/x^3 - (21*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B))/x^2 - (42*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B))/x +
15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*x + (5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x^2)/2 + (b^9*(A*
b + 10*a*B)*x^3)/3 + (b^10*B*x^4)/4 + 30*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B)*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^4}{4} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^3}{3} + \frac{10Bab^9x^3}{3} + 5Aab^9x^2 + \frac{45Ba^2b^8x^2}{2} + 45Aa^2b^8x + 120Ba^3b^7x - \frac{10a^6b^3(7Ab+3A^2)}{x^3}$
risch	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^4}{4} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^3}{3} + \frac{10Bab^9x^3}{3} + 5Aab^9x^2 + \frac{45Ba^2b^8x^2}{2} + 45Aa^2b^8x + 120Ba^3b^7x + \frac{(-210a^4b^6A+10a^6b^3(7Ab+3A^2))}{x^3}$
norman	$(\frac{1}{3}b^{10}A+\frac{10}{3}ab^9B)x^{10}+(5ab^9A+\frac{45}{2}a^2b^8B)x^9+(-30a^7b^3A-\frac{45}{4}a^8b^2B)x^3+(-\frac{5}{3}a^9bA-\frac{1}{6}a^{10}B)x+(45a^2b^8A+120a^3b^7B)x$
parallelrisch	$21Bb^{10}x^{11}+28Ab^{10}x^{10}+280Bab^9x^{10}+420Aa^2b^8x^9+1890Ba^2b^8x^9+10080A\ln(x)x^7a^3b^7+3780a^2Ab^8x^8+17640B\ln(x)x^7$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $\frac{1}{4}b^{10}Bx^4 + \frac{1}{3}Aa^10x^3 + \frac{10}{3}Bab^9x^3 + 5Aa^2b^8x^2 + \frac{45}{2}Ba^2b^8x^2 + 45Aa^2b^8x + 120Ba^3b^7x - 10a^6b^3(7Aa^2b^8 + 3A^2)/x^3 - a^8b^3(9Aa^2b^8 + 2Bab^9)/x^5 - 21a^5b^4(6Aa^2b^8 + 5Bab^9)/x^2 - 1/7a^{10}A/x^7 - 15/4a^7b^2(8Aa^2b^8 + 3Bab^9)/x^4 + 30a^3b^6(4Aa^2b^8 + 7Bab^9) \ln(x) - 42a^4b^5(5Aa^2b^8 + 6Bab^9)/x - 1/6a^9(10Aa^2b^8 + Bb^{10})/x^6$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{21Bb^{10}x^{11} - 12Aa^{10} + 28(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 210(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 + 1260(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 1260(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^7 \log(x) - 3528(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^6 - 1764(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^5 - 840(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^4 - 315(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 - 84(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 - 14(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x}{x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output $\frac{1}{84}(21Bb^{10}x^{11} - 12Aa^{10} + 28(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 210(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 + 1260(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 2520(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^7 \log(x) - 3528(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^6 - 1764(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^5 - 840(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^4 - 315(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 - 84(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 - 14(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x)/x^7$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx = \frac{Bb^{10}x^4}{4} + 30a^3b^6 \cdot (4Ab + 7Ba) \log(x) + x^3 \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{3} + \frac{10Bab^9}{3} \right) + x^2 \cdot \left(5Aab^9 + \frac{45Ba^2b^8}{2} \right) + x(45Aa^2b^8 + 120Ba^3b^7) + \frac{-12Aa^{10} + x^6(-17640Aa^4b^6 - 21168Ba^5b^5) + x^5(-10584Aa^5b^5 - 8820Ba^6b^4) + x^4(-5880Aa^6b^4 - 3360Ba^7b^3) + x^3(-2520Aa^7b^3 - 945Ba^8b^2) + x^2(-756Aa^8b^2 - 168Ba^9b) + x(-140Aa^9b - 14Ba^{10})}{84x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**8,x)`output `B*b**10*x**4/4 + 30*a**3*b**6*(4*A*b + 7*B*a)*log(x) + x**3*(A*b**10/3 + 10*B*a*b**9/3) + x**2*(5*A*a*b**9 + 45*B*a**2*b**8/2) + x*(45*A*a**2*b**8 + 120*B*a**3*b**7) + (-12*A*a**10 + x**6*(-17640*A*a**4*b**6 - 21168*B*a**5*b**5) + x**5*(-10584*A*a**5*b**5 - 8820*B*a**6*b**4) + x**4*(-5880*A*a**6*b**4 - 3360*B*a**7*b**3) + x**3*(-2520*A*a**7*b**3 - 945*B*a**8*b**2) + x**2*(-756*A*a**8*b**2 - 168*B*a**9*b) + x*(-140*A*a**9*b - 14*B*a**10))/(84*x**7)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx = \frac{1}{4} Bb^{10}x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^3 + \frac{5}{2} (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^2 + 15 (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x + 30 (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7) \log(x) + \frac{12 Aa^{10} + 3528 (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^6 + 1764 (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^5 + 840 (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 3360 Ba^8b^2x^3 + 140 Aa^9bx^2 + 14 Ba^{10}}{84x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/4*B*b^10*x^4 + 1/3*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^3 + 5/2*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^2 + 15*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x + 30*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*log(x) - 1/84*(12*A*a^10 + 3528*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 1764*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 840*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 315*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 84*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 14*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^7
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx = \frac{1}{4} B b^{10} x^4 + \frac{10}{3} B a b^9 x^3 + \frac{1}{3} A b^{10} x^3 + \frac{45}{2} B a^2 b^8 x^2 + 5 A a b^9 x^2 + 120 B a^3 b^7 x + 45 A a^2 b^8 x + 30 (7 B a^4 b^6 + 4 A a^3 b^7) \log(|x|) - \frac{12 A a^{10} + 3528 (6 B a^5 b^5 + 5 A a^4 b^6) x^6 + 1764 (5 B a^6 b^4 + 6 A a^5 b^5) x^5 + 840 (4 B a^7 b^3 + 7 A a^6 b^4) x^4 + 315 (3 B a^8 b^2 + 8 A a^7 b^3) x^3 + 84 (2 B a^9 b + 9 A a^8 b^2) x^2 + 14 (B a^{10} + 10 A a^9 b) x}{84 x^7}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/4*B*b^10*x^4 + 10/3*B*a*b^9*x^3 + 1/3*A*b^10*x^3 + 45/2*B*a^2*b^8*x^2 + 5*A*a*b^9*x^2 + 120*B*a^3*b^7*x + 45*A*a^2*b^8*x + 30*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*log(abs(x)) - 1/84*(12*A*a^10 + 3528*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 1764*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 840*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 315*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 84*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 14*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^7
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^8} dx = x^3 \left(\frac{A b^{10}}{3} + \frac{10 B a b^9}{3} \right) + \ln(x) \left(\frac{B a^{10}}{6} + \frac{5 A b a^9}{3} \right) + \frac{A a^{10}}{7} + x^2 (2 B a^9 b + 9 A a^8 b^2) + x^3 \left(\frac{45 B a^8 b^2}{4} + 30 A a^7 b^3 \right) + x^4 (40 B a^7 b^3 + 70 A a^6 b^4) + \frac{B b^{10} x^4}{4} + 15 a^2 b^7 x (3 A b + 8 B a) + \frac{5 a b^8 x^2 (2 A b + 9 B a)}{2}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^8,x)`

output $x^3 \left(\frac{A b^{10}}{3} + \frac{10 B a b^9}{3} \right) - \left(x \left(\frac{B a^{10}}{6} + \frac{5 A a^9 b}{3} \right) + \frac{A a^{10}}{7} + x^2 \left(9 A a^8 b^2 + 2 B a^9 b \right) + x^3 \left(30 A a^7 b^3 + \frac{45 B a^8 b^2}{4} \right) + x^4 \left(70 A a^6 b^4 + 40 B a^7 b^3 \right) + x^5 \left(126 A a^5 b^5 + 105 B a^6 b^4 \right) + x^6 \left(210 A a^4 b^6 + 252 B a^5 b^5 \right) / x^7 + \log(x) \left(120 A a^3 b^7 + 210 B a^4 b^6 \right) + \frac{B b^{10} x^4}{4} + 15 a^2 b^7 x (3 A b + 8 B a) + \frac{5 a b^8 x^2 (2 A b + 9 B a)}{2}$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10} (A + Bx)}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{27720 \log(x) a^4 b^7 x^7 - 12 a^{11} - 154 a^{10} b x - 924 a^9 b^2 x^2 - 3465 a^8 b^3 x^3 - 9240 a^7 b^4 x^4 - 19404 a^6 b^5 x^5 - 38808 a^5 b^6 x^6 + 13860 a^3 b^8 x^8 + 2310 a^2 b^9 x^9 + 308 a b^{10} x^{10} + 21 b^{11} x^{11}}{84 x^7}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^8,x)`

output $(27720 \log(x) a^4 b^7 x^7 - 12 a^{11} - 154 a^{10} b x - 924 a^9 b^2 x^2 - 3465 a^8 b^3 x^3 - 9240 a^7 b^4 x^4 - 19404 a^6 b^5 x^5 - 38808 a^5 b^6 x^6 + 13860 a^3 b^8 x^8 + 2310 a^2 b^9 x^9 + 308 a b^{10} x^{10} + 21 b^{11} x^{11}) / (84 x^7)$

3.125 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	903
Mathematica [A] (verified)	904
Rubi [A] (verified)	904
Maple [A] (verified)	906
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	906
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	907
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	907
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	908
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	908
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	909

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx = -\frac{a^{10}A}{8x^8} - \frac{a^9(10Ab+aB)}{7x^7} - \frac{5a^8b(9Ab+2aB)}{6x^6} - \frac{3a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)}{x^5} - \frac{15a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)}{2x^4} - \frac{14a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)}{x^3} - \frac{21a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)}{x^2} - \frac{30a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)}{x} + 5ab^8(2Ab+9aB)x + \frac{1}{2}b^9(Ab+10aB)x^2 + \frac{1}{3}b^{10}Bx^3 + 15a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)\log(x)$$

```
output -1/8*a^10*A/x^8-1/7*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^7-5/6*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)/x^6-3*a^7
*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)/x^5-15/2*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)/x^4-14*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b+5*
B*a)/x^3-21*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)/x^2-30*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*a)/x+5*a*b^8*(
2*A*b+9*B*a)*x+1/2*b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)*x^2+1/3*b^10*B*x^3+15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8
*B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx = -\frac{120a^3Ab^7}{x} + 45a^2b^8Bx + 5ab^9x(2A+Bx) - \frac{105a^4b^6(A+2Bx)}{x^2} + \frac{1}{6}b^{10}x^2(3A+2Bx) - \frac{42a^5b^5(2A+3Bx)}{x^3} - \frac{35a^6b^4(3A+4Bx)}{2x^4} - \frac{6a^7b^3(4A+5Bx)}{x^5} - \frac{3a^8b^2(5A+6Bx)}{2x^6} - \frac{5a^9b(6A+7Bx)}{21x^7} - \frac{a^{10}(7A+8Bx)}{56x^8} + 15a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^9, x]
```

output

```
(-120*a^3*A*b^7)/x + 45*a^2*b^8*B*x + 5*a*b^9*x*(2*A + B*x) - (105*a^4*b^6*(A + 2*B*x))/x^2 + (b^10*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x))/6 - (42*a^5*b^5*(2*A + 3*B*x))/x^3 - (35*a^6*b^4*(3*A + 4*B*x))/(2*x^4) - (6*a^7*b^3*(4*A + 5*B*x))/x^5 - (3*a^8*b^2*(5*A + 6*B*x))/(2*x^6) - (5*a^9*b*(6*A + 7*B*x))/(21*x^7) - (a^10*(7*A + 8*B*x))/(56*x^8) + 15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^{10}A}{x^9} + \frac{a^9(aB+10Ab)}{x^8} + \frac{5a^8b(2aB+9Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{15a^7b^2(3aB+8Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{30a^6b^3(4aB+7Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{42a^5b^4(5aB+8Ab)}{x^4} + \frac{35a^4b^5(6aB+7Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{21a^3b^6(7aB+8Ab)}{x^2} + \frac{6a^2b^7(8aB+9Ab)}{x} + a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)\log(x) \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{a^{10}A}{8x^8} - \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{5a^8b(2aB + 9Ab)}{6x^6} - \frac{3a^7b^2(3aB + 8Ab)}{x^5} - \frac{15a^6b^3(4aB + 7Ab)}{2x^4} \\ & - \frac{14a^5b^4(5aB + 6Ab)}{x^3} - \frac{21a^4b^5(6aB + 5Ab)}{x^2} - \frac{30a^3b^6(7aB + 4Ab)}{x} + 15a^2b^7 \log(x)(8aB + \\ & 3Ab) + \frac{1}{2}b^9x^2(10aB + Ab) + 5ab^8x(9aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{3}b^{10}Bx^3 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^9,x]`

output

```
-1/8*(a^10*A)/x^8 - (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B))/(7*x^7) - (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B))
)/(6*x^6) - (3*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B))/x^5 - (15*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B))
)/(2*x^4) - (14*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B))/x^3 - (21*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B))
)/x^2 - (30*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B))/x + 5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*x + (b^9*
(A*b + 10*a*B)*x^2)/2 + (b^10*B*x^3)/3 + 15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B)*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^3}{3} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^2}{2} + 5Ba^9b^9x^2 + 10Aab^9x + 45Ba^2b^8x - \frac{14a^5b^4(6Ab+5Ba)}{x^3} - \frac{3a^7b^2(8Ab+3Ba)}{x^5} - \frac{2a^9b^2(8Ab+3Ba)}{x^7}$
risch	$\frac{b^{10}Bx^3}{3} + \frac{Ab^{10}x^2}{2} + 5Ba^9b^9x^2 + 10Aab^9x + 45Ba^2b^8x + \frac{(-120a^3b^7A-210a^4b^6B)x^7+(-105a^4b^6A-120a^5b^5B)x^5+(-105a^5b^5A-120a^6b^4B)x^3+(-105a^6b^4A-30a^7b^3B)x^4+(-\frac{15}{2}a^8b^2A-\frac{5}{3}a^9bB)x^2+(-\frac{10}{7}a^9bA-\frac{1}{7}a^{10}B)x+(10ab^9A+45a^2b^8B)x}{(-120a^3b^7A-210a^4b^6B)x^7+(-105a^4b^6A-120a^5b^5B)x^5+(-105a^5b^5A-120a^6b^4B)x^3+(-105a^6b^4A-30a^7b^3B)x^4+(-\frac{15}{2}a^8b^2A-\frac{5}{3}a^9bB)x^2+(-\frac{10}{7}a^9bA-\frac{1}{7}a^{10}B)x+(10ab^9A+45a^2b^8B)x}$
norman	$(\frac{1}{2}b^{10}A+5ab^9B)x^{10}+(-\frac{105}{2}a^6b^4A-30a^7b^3B)x^4+(-\frac{15}{2}a^8b^2A-\frac{5}{3}a^9bB)x^2+(-\frac{10}{7}a^9bA-\frac{1}{7}a^{10}B)x+(10ab^9A+45a^2b^8B)x$
parallelrisch	$56Bb^{10}x^{11}+84Ab^{10}x^{10}+840Ba^9b^9x^{10}+7560A\ln(x)x^8a^2b^8+1680aAb^9x^9+20160B\ln(x)x^8a^3b^7+7560Ba^2b^8x^9-20160a^3b^7x^8$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{1}{3}b^{10}Bx^3 + \frac{1}{2}Aa^9b^9x^2 + 5Ba^9b^9x^2 + 10Aa^9b^9x + 45Ba^2b^8x - 14a^5b^4(6Aa^9b^9 + 5Ba^9b^9)/x^3 - 3a^7b^2(8Aa^9b^9 + 3Ba^9b^9)/x^5 - 21a^4b^6(5Aa^9b^9 + 6Ba^9b^9)/x^7 - 1/7a^9(10Aa^9b^9 + Bb^9)/x^9 - 15/2a^6b^4(7Aa^9b^9 + 4Ba^9b^9)/x^4 - 1/8a^{10}A/x^8 + 15a^2b^7(3Aa^9b^9 + 8Ba^9b^9)*\ln(x) - 30a^3b^6(4Aa^9b^9 + 7Ba^9b^9)/x^5 - 6a^8b(9Aa^9b^9 + 2Ba^9b^9)/x^6$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{56Bb^{10}x^{11} - 21Aa^{10} + 84(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 840(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 + 2520(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8 - 5040(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^7 - 3528(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^6 - 2352(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^5 - 1260(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^4 - 504(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 - 140(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 - 24(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x}{x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$\frac{1}{168}(56Bb^{10}x^{11} - 21Aa^{10} + 84(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 840(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aa^9b^9)x^9 + 2520(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8 \log(x) - 5040(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^7 - 3528(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^6 - 2352(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^5 - 1260(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^4 - 504(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 - 140(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 - 24(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x)/x^8$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bb^{10}x^3}{3} + 15a^2b^7 \cdot (3Ab + 8Ba) \log(x) + x^2 \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{2} + 5Bab^9 \right) + x(10Aab^9 + 45Ba^2b^8)$$

$$+ \frac{-21Aa^{10} + x^7(-20160Aa^3b^7 - 35280Ba^4b^6) + x^6(-17640Aa^4b^6 - 21168Ba^5b^5) + x^5(-14112Aa^5b^5 - 11760Ba^6b^4) + x^4(-8820Aa^6b^4 - 5040Ba^7b^3) + x^3(-4032Aa^7b^3 - 1512Ba^8b^2) + x^2(-1260Aa^8b^2 - 280Ba^9b) + x(-240Aa^9b - 24Ba^{10})}{168x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**9,x)`

output

```
B*b**10*x**3/3 + 15*a**2*b**7*(3*A*b + 8*B*a)*log(x) + x**2*(A*b**10/2 + 5
*B*a*b**9) + x*(10*A*a*b**9 + 45*B*a**2*b**8) + (-21*A*a**10 + x**7*(-2016
0*A*a**3*b**7 - 35280*B*a**4*b**6) + x**6*(-17640*A*a**4*b**6 - 21168*B*a*
**5*b**5) + x**5*(-14112*A*a**5*b**5 - 11760*B*a**6*b**4) + x**4*(-8820*A*a
**6*b**4 - 5040*B*a**7*b**3) + x**3*(-4032*A*a**7*b**3 - 1512*B*a**8*b**2)
+ x**2*(-1260*A*a**8*b**2 - 280*B*a**9*b) + x*(-240*A*a**9*b - 24*B*a**10
))/ (168*x**8)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bb^{10}x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^2$$

$$+ 5 (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x + 15 (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8) \log(x)$$

$$- \frac{21 Aa^{10} + 5040 (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^7 + 3528 (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^6 + 2352 (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^5 + 1176 (4 Ba^7b^3 + 3 Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 252 (3 Ba^8b^2 + 2 Aa^7b^3)x^3 + 28 (2 Ba^9b + Aa^8b^2)x^2 + 24 Aa^{10}x + 24 Ba^{10}}{168x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/3*B*b^10*x^3 + 1/2*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^2 + 5*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x + 15*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*log(x) - 1/168*(21*A*a^10 + 5040*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 3528*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 2352*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 1260*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 504*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 140*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 24*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^8
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx = \frac{1}{3} Bb^{10}x^3 + 5 Bab^9x^2 + \frac{1}{2} Ab^{10}x^2 + 45 Ba^2b^8x + 10 Aab^9x + 15 (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8) \log(|x|) + \frac{21 Aa^{10} + 5040 (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^7 + 3528 (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^6 + 2352 (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^5 + \dots}{x^8}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/3*B*b^10*x^3 + 5*B*a*b^9*x^2 + 1/2*A*b^10*x^2 + 45*B*a^2*b^8*x + 10*A*a*b^9*x + 15*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*log(abs(x)) - 1/168*(21*A*a^10 + 5040*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 3528*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 2352*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 1260*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 504*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 140*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 24*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^8
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^9} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{A b^{10}}{2} + 5 B a b^9 \right) + x \left(\frac{B a^{10}}{7} + \frac{10 A b a^9}{7} \right) + \frac{A a^{10}}{8} + x^2 \left(\frac{5 B a^9 b}{3} + \frac{15 A a^8 b^2}{2} \right) + x^3 (9 B a^8 b^2 + 24 A a^7 b^3) + x^4 (30 B a^7 b^3 + 10 A a^6 b^4) + \ln(x) (120 B a^3 b^7 + 45 A a^2 b^8) + \frac{B b^{10} x^3}{3} + 5 a b^8 x (2 A b + 9 B a)$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^9,x)`

output $x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{A \cdot b^{10}}{2} + 5 \cdot B \cdot a \cdot b^9 \right) - \left(x \cdot \left(\frac{B \cdot a^{10}}{7} + \frac{10 \cdot A \cdot a^9 \cdot b}{7} \right) + \frac{A \cdot a^{10}}{8} + x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{15 \cdot A \cdot a^8 \cdot b^2}{2} + \frac{5 \cdot B \cdot a^9 \cdot b}{3} \right) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{24 \cdot A \cdot a^7 \cdot b^3}{3} + 9 \cdot B \cdot a^8 \cdot b^2 \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(\frac{105 \cdot A \cdot a^6 \cdot b^4}{2} + 30 \cdot B \cdot a^7 \cdot b^3 \right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{84 \cdot A \cdot a^5 \cdot b^5}{5} + 70 \cdot B \cdot a^6 \cdot b^4 \right) + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{105 \cdot A \cdot a^4 \cdot b^6}{6} + 126 \cdot B \cdot a^5 \cdot b^5 \right) + x^7 \cdot \left(\frac{120 \cdot A \cdot a^3 \cdot b^7}{7} + 210 \cdot B \cdot a^4 \cdot b^6 \right) / x^8 + \log(x) \cdot \left(\frac{45 \cdot A \cdot a^2 \cdot b^8}{8} + 120 \cdot B \cdot a^3 \cdot b^7 \right) + \frac{B \cdot b^{10} \cdot x^3}{3} + 5 \cdot a \cdot b^8 \cdot x \cdot (2 \cdot A \cdot b + 9 \cdot B \cdot a)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{27720 \log(x) a^3 b^8 x^8 - 21 a^{11} - 264 a^{10} b x - 1540 a^9 b^2 x^2 - 5544 a^8 b^3 x^3 - 13860 a^7 b^4 x^4 - 25872 a^6 b^5 x^5 - 38808 a^5 b^6 x^6 - 55440 a^4 b^7 x^7 + 9240 a^3 b^8 x^8 + 924 a^2 b^9 x^9 + 924 a b^{10} x^{10} + 56 b^{11} x^{11}}{168 x^8}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^9,x)`

output $(27720 \cdot \log(x) \cdot a^3 \cdot b^8 \cdot x^8 - 21 \cdot a^{11} - 264 \cdot a^{10} \cdot b \cdot x - 1540 \cdot a^9 \cdot b^2 \cdot x^2 - 5544 \cdot a^8 \cdot b^3 \cdot x^3 - 13860 \cdot a^7 \cdot b^4 \cdot x^4 - 25872 \cdot a^6 \cdot b^5 \cdot x^5 - 38808 \cdot a^5 \cdot b^6 \cdot x^6 - 55440 \cdot a^4 \cdot b^7 \cdot x^7 + 9240 \cdot a^3 \cdot b^8 \cdot x^8 + 924 \cdot a^2 \cdot b^9 \cdot x^9 + 924 \cdot a \cdot b^{10} \cdot x^{10} + 56 \cdot b^{11} \cdot x^{11}) / (168 \cdot x^8)$

3.126 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	910
Mathematica [A] (verified)	911
Rubi [A] (verified)	911
Maple [A] (verified)	913
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	913
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	914
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	914
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	915
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	915
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	916

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 215

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{a^{10}A}{9x^9} - \frac{a^9(10Ab+aB)}{8x^8} - \frac{5a^8b(9Ab+2aB)}{7x^7} - \frac{5a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)}{2x^6} - \frac{6a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)}{x^5} - \frac{21a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)}{2x^4} - \frac{14a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)}{x^3} - \frac{15a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)}{x^2} - \frac{15a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)}{x} + b^9(Ab+10aB)x + \frac{1}{2}b^{10}Bx^2 + 5ab^8(2Ab+9aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/9*a^10*A/x^9-1/8*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^8-5/7*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)/x^7-5/2*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)/x^6-6*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)/x^5-21/2*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)/x^4-14*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)/x^3-15*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*a)/x^2-15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)/x+b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)*x+1/2*b^10*B*x^2+5*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{45a^2Ab^8}{x} + 10ab^9Bx + \frac{1}{2}b^{10}x(2A + Bx) - \frac{60a^3b^7(A + 2Bx)}{x^2} \\ - \frac{35a^4b^6(2A + 3Bx)}{x^3} - \frac{21a^5b^5(3A + 4Bx)}{x^4} \\ - \frac{21a^6b^4(4A + 5Bx)}{2x^5} - \frac{4a^7b^3(5A + 6Bx)}{x^6} \\ - \frac{15a^8b^2(6A + 7Bx)}{14x^7} - \frac{5a^9b(7A + 8Bx)}{28x^8} \\ - \frac{a^{10}(8A + 9Bx)}{72x^9} + 5ab^8(2Ab + 9aB) \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^10,x]
```

output

```
(-45*a^2*A*b^8)/x + 10*a*b^9*B*x + (b^10*x*(2*A + B*x))/2 - (60*a^3*b^7*(A + 2*B*x))/x^2 - (35*a^4*b^6*(2*A + 3*B*x))/x^3 - (21*a^5*b^5*(3*A + 4*B*x))/x^4 - (21*a^6*b^4*(4*A + 5*B*x))/(2*x^5) - (4*a^7*b^3*(5*A + 6*B*x))/x^6 - (15*a^8*b^2*(6*A + 7*B*x))/(14*x^7) - (5*a^9*b*(7*A + 8*B*x))/(28*x^8) - (a^10*(8*A + 9*B*x))/(72*x^9) + 5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx \\ \downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^{10}A}{x^{10}} + \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{x^9} + \frac{5a^8b(2aB + 9Ab)}{x^8} + \frac{15a^7b^2(3aB + 8Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{30a^6b^3(4aB + 7Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{42a^5b^4(5aB + 6Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{21a^4b^5(6aB + 5Ab)}{x^4} + \frac{7a^3b^6(7aB + 4Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{2a^2b^7(8aB + 3Ab)}{x^2} + \frac{ab^8(9aB + 2Ab)}{x} + 5ab^8(2Ab + 9aB) \log(x) \right) dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 \frac{a^{10}A}{9x^9} - \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{8x^8} - \frac{5a^8b(2aB + 9Ab)}{7x^7} - \frac{5a^7b^2(3aB + 8Ab)}{2x^6} - \frac{6a^6b^3(4aB + 7Ab)}{x^5} - \\
 \frac{21a^5b^4(5aB + 6Ab)}{2x^4} - \frac{14a^4b^5(6aB + 5Ab)}{x^3} - \frac{15a^3b^6(7aB + 4Ab)}{x^2} - \frac{15a^2b^7(8aB + 3Ab)}{x} + \\
 b^9x(10aB + Ab) + 5ab^8 \log(x)(9aB + 2Ab) + \frac{1}{2}b^{10}Bx^2
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^10,x]`

output `-1/9*(a^10*A)/x^9 - (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B))/(8*x^8) - (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B))/(7*x^7) - (5*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B))/(2*x^6) - (6*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B))/x^5 - (21*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B))/(2*x^4) - (14*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B))/x^3 - (15*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B))/x^2 - (15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B))/x + b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*x + (b^10*B*x^2)/2 + 5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$\frac{b^{10} B x^2}{2} + A b^{10} x + 10 B a b^9 x - \frac{14 a^4 b^5 (5 A b + 6 B a)}{x^3} - \frac{6 a^6 b^3 (7 A b + 4 B a)}{x^5} - \frac{15 a^3 b^6 (4 A b + 7 B a)}{x^2} - \frac{5 a^8 b (9 A b + 2 B a)}{7 x^7}$
risch	$\frac{b^{10} B x^2}{2} + A b^{10} x + 10 B a b^9 x + \frac{(-45 a^2 b^8 A - 120 a^3 b^7 B) x^8 + (-60 a^3 b^7 A - 105 a^4 b^6 B) x^7 + (-70 a^4 b^6 A - 84 a^5 b^5 B) x^6 + (-63 a^5 b^5 A - \frac{105}{2} a^6 b^4 B) x^5 + (-20 a^7 b^3 A - \frac{15}{2} a^8 b^2 B) x^3 + (-\frac{45}{7} a^8 b^2 A - \frac{10}{7} a^9 b B) x^2 + (-\frac{5}{4} a^9 b A - \frac{1}{8} a^{10} B) x + (b^{10} A + 10 a b^9 B)}$
norman	
parallelrisc	$252 B b^{10} x^{11} + 5040 A \ln(x) x^9 a b^9 + 504 A b^{10} x^{10} + 22680 B \ln(x) x^9 a^2 b^8 + 5040 B a b^9 x^{10} - 22680 a^2 A b^8 x^8 - 60480 B a^3 b^7 x^8 - 30240 a^4 A b^6 x^7 - 100800 B a^4 b^5 x^7 - 10080 a^5 A b^4 x^6 - 100800 B a^5 b^3 x^6 - 10080 a^6 A b^3 x^5 - 100800 B a^6 b^2 x^5 - 10080 a^7 A b^2 x^4 - 100800 B a^7 b x^4 - 10080 a^8 A b x^3 - 100800 B a^8 x^3 - 10080 a^9 A x^2 - 100800 B a^9 x^2 - 10080 a^{10} A x - 100800 B a^{10}$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $\frac{1}{2} b^{10} B x^2 + A b^{10} x + 10 B a b^9 x - 14 a^4 b^5 (5 A b + 6 B a) / x^3 - 6 a^6 b^3 (7 A b + 4 B a) / x^5 - 15 a^3 b^6 (4 A b + 7 B a) / x^2 - 5 / 7 a^8 b (9 A b + 2 B a) / x^7 - 21 / 2 a^5 b^4 (6 A b + 5 B a) / x^4 - 1 / 8 a^9 (10 A b + B a) / x^8 + 5 a^9 b^8 (2 A b + 9 B a) \ln(x) - 15 a^2 b^7 (3 A b + 8 B a) / x - 5 / 2 a^7 b^2 (8 A b + 3 B a) / x^6 - 1 / 9 a^{10} A / x^9$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10} (A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{252 B b^{10} x^{11} - 56 A a^{10} + 504 (10 B a b^9 + A b^{10}) x^{10} + 2520 (9 B a^2 b^8 + 2 A a b^9) x^9 \log(x) - 7560 (8 B a^3 b^7 + 3 A a^2 b^8) x^8 - 7560 (7 B a^4 b^6 + 4 A a^3 b^7) x^7 - 7056 (6 B a^5 b^5 + 5 A a^4 b^6) x^6 - 5292 (5 B a^6 b^4 + 6 A a^5 b^5) x^5 - 3024 (4 B a^7 b^3 + 7 A a^6 b^4) x^4 - 1260 (3 B a^8 b^2 + 8 A a^7 b^3) x^3 - 360 (2 B a^9 b + 9 A a^8 b^2) x^2 - 63 (B a^{10} + 10 A a^9 b) x}{x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`output $\frac{1}{504} (252 B b^{10} x^{11} - 56 A a^{10} + 504 (10 B a b^9 + A b^{10}) x^{10} + 2520 (9 B a^2 b^8 + 2 A a b^9) x^9 \log(x) - 7560 (8 B a^3 b^7 + 3 A a^2 b^8) x^8 - 7560 (7 B a^4 b^6 + 4 A a^3 b^7) x^7 - 7056 (6 B a^5 b^5 + 5 A a^4 b^6) x^6 - 5292 (5 B a^6 b^4 + 6 A a^5 b^5) x^5 - 3024 (4 B a^7 b^3 + 7 A a^6 b^4) x^4 - 1260 (3 B a^8 b^2 + 8 A a^7 b^3) x^3 - 360 (2 B a^9 b + 9 A a^8 b^2) x^2 - 63 (B a^{10} + 10 A a^9 b) x) / x^9$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{Bb^{10}x^2}{2} + 5ab^8 \cdot (2Ab + 9Ba) \log(x) + x(Ab^{10} + 10Bab^9) + \frac{-56Aa^{10} + x^8(-22680Aa^2b^8 - 60480Ba^3b^7) + x^7(-30240Aa^3b^7 - 52920Ba^4b^6) + x^6(-35280Aa^4b^6 - 42336Ba^5b^5) + x^5(-31752Aa^5b^5 - 26460Ba^6b^4) + x^4(-21168Aa^6b^4 - 12096Ba^7b^3) + x^3(-10080Aa^7b^3 - 3780Ba^8b^2) + x^2(-3240Aa^8b^2 - 720Ba^9b) + x(-630Aa^9b - 63Ba^{10})}{504x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**10,x)`output `B*b**10*x**2/2 + 5*a*b**8*(2*A*b + 9*B*a)*log(x) + x*(A*b**10 + 10*B*a*b**9) + (-56*A*a**10 + x**8*(-22680*A*a**2*b**8 - 60480*B*a**3*b**7) + x**7*(-30240*A*a**3*b**7 - 52920*B*a**4*b**6) + x**6*(-35280*A*a**4*b**6 - 42336*B*a**5*b**5) + x**5*(-31752*A*a**5*b**5 - 26460*B*a**6*b**4) + x**4*(-21168*A*a**6*b**4 - 12096*B*a**7*b**3) + x**3*(-10080*A*a**7*b**3 - 3780*B*a**8*b**2) + x**2*(-3240*A*a**8*b**2 - 720*B*a**9*b) + x*(-630*A*a**9*b - 63*B*a**10))/(504*x**9)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{1}{2} Bb^{10}x^2 + (10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x + 5(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9) \log(x) + \frac{56Aa^{10} + 7560(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 7560(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^7 + 7056(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^6 + 5292(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^5 + 3024(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 1260(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 + 360(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 + 63(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x}{x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*B*b^10*x^2 + (10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x + 5*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*log(x) - 1/504*(56*A*a^10 + 7560*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + 7560*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 7056*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 5292*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 3024*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 1260*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 360*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 63*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^9`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{1}{2} B b^{10} x^2 + 10 B a b^9 x + A b^{10} x + 5 (9 B a^2 b^8 + 2 A a b^9) \log(|x|) - \frac{56 A a^{10} + 7560 (8 B a^3 b^7 + 3 A a^2 b^8) x^8 + 7560 (7 B a^4 b^6 + 4 A a^3 b^7) x^7 + 7056 (6 B a^5 b^5 + 5 A a^4 b^6) x^6 + 5292 (5 B a^6 b^4 + 6 A a^5 b^5) x^5 + 3024 (4 B a^7 b^3 + 7 A a^6 b^4) x^4 + 1260 (3 B a^8 b^2 + 8 A a^7 b^3) x^3 + 360 (2 B a^9 b + 9 A a^8 b^2) x^2 + 63 (B a^{10} + 10 A a^9 b) x}{x^9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`output

```
1/2*B*b^10*x^2 + 10*B*a*b^9*x + A*b^10*x + 5*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*log
(abs(x)) - 1/504*(56*A*a^10 + 7560*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + 7560*
(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 7056*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 5
292*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 3024*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4
+ 1260*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 360*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^
2 + 63*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^9
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{10}} dx = x (A b^{10} + 10 B a b^9) + \ln(x) (45 B a^2 b^8 + 10 A a b^9) + x \left(\frac{B a^{10}}{8} + \frac{5 A b a^9}{4} \right) + \frac{A a^{10}}{9} + x^2 \left(\frac{10 B a^9 b}{7} + \frac{45 A a^8 b^2}{7} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{15 B a^8 b^2}{2} + 20 A a^7 b^3 \right) + x^4 (24 B a^7 b^3 + 42 A a^6 b^4) + \frac{B b^{10} x^2}{2}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^10,x)`output

```
x*(A*b^10 + 10*B*a*b^9) + log(x)*(45*B*a^2*b^8 + 10*A*a*b^9) - (x*((B*a^10
)/8 + (5*A*a^9*b)/4) + (A*a^10)/9 + x^2*((45*A*a^8*b^2)/7 + (10*B*a^9*b)/7
) + x^3*(20*A*a^7*b^3 + (15*B*a^8*b^2)/2) + x^4*(42*A*a^6*b^4 + 24*B*a^7*b
^3) + x^6*(70*A*a^4*b^6 + 84*B*a^5*b^5) + x^7*(60*A*a^3*b^7 + 105*B*a^4*b
^6) + x^8*(45*A*a^2*b^8 + 120*B*a^3*b^7) + x^5*(63*A*a^5*b^5 + (105*B*a^6*b
^4)/2))/x^9 + (B*b^10*x^2)/2
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{27720 \log(x) a^2 b^9 x^9 - 56 a^{11} - 693 a^{10} b x - 3960 a^9 b^2 x^2 - 13860 a^8 b^3 x^3 - 33264 a^7 b^4 x^4 - 58212 a^6 b^5 x^5 - 77616 a^5 b^6 x^6 - 83160 a^4 b^7 x^7 - 83160 a^3 b^8 x^8 + 5544 a^2 b^9 x^9 + 252 b^{10} x^{10}}{504 x^9}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^10,x)`output `(27720*log(x)*a**2*b**9*x**9 - 56*a**11 - 693*a**10*b*x - 3960*a**9*b**2*x**2 - 13860*a**8*b**3*x**3 - 33264*a**7*b**4*x**4 - 58212*a**6*b**5*x**5 - 77616*a**5*b**6*x**6 - 83160*a**4*b**7*x**7 - 83160*a**3*b**8*x**8 + 5544*a*b**10*x**10 + 252*b**11*x**11)/(504*x**9)`

3.127 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx$

Optimal result	917
Mathematica [A] (verified)	918
Rubi [A] (verified)	918
Maple [A] (verified)	920
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	920
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	921
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	921
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	922
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	922
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	923

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{a^{10}A}{10x^{10}} - \frac{a^9(10Ab+aB)}{9x^9} - \frac{5a^8b(9Ab+2aB)}{8x^8} - \frac{15a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)}{7x^7} - \frac{5a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)}{x^6} - \frac{42a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)}{5x^5} - \frac{21a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)}{2x^4} - \frac{10a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)}{x^3} - \frac{15a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)}{2x^2} - \frac{5ab^8(2Ab+9aB)}{x} + b^{10}Bx + b^9(Ab+10aB)\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/10*a^10*A/x^10-1/9*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^9-5/8*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)/x^8-15/7*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)/x^7-5*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)/x^6-42/5*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)/x^5-21/2*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)/x^4-10*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*a)/x^3-15/2*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)/x^2-5*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)/x+b^10*B*x+b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{10aAb^9}{x} + b^{10}Bx - \frac{45a^2b^8(A+2Bx)}{2x^2} - \frac{20a^3b^7(2A+3Bx)}{x^3} \\ - \frac{35a^4b^6(3A+4Bx)}{2x^4} - \frac{63a^5b^5(4A+5Bx)}{5x^5} \\ - \frac{7a^6b^4(5A+6Bx)}{x^6} - \frac{20a^7b^3(6A+7Bx)}{7x^7} \\ - \frac{45a^8b^2(7A+8Bx)}{56x^8} - \frac{5a^9b(8A+9Bx)}{36x^9} \\ - \frac{a^{10}(9A+10Bx)}{90x^{10}} + b^9(Ab+10aB)\log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^11,x]
```

output

```
(-10*a*A*b^9)/x + b^10*B*x - (45*a^2*b^8*(A + 2*B*x))/(2*x^2) - (20*a^3*b^7*(2*A + 3*B*x))/x^3 - (35*a^4*b^6*(3*A + 4*B*x))/(2*x^4) - (63*a^5*b^5*(4*A + 5*B*x))/(5*x^5) - (7*a^6*b^4*(5*A + 6*B*x))/x^6 - (20*a^7*b^3*(6*A + 7*B*x))/(7*x^7) - (45*a^8*b^2*(7*A + 8*B*x))/(56*x^8) - (5*a^9*b*(8*A + 9*B*x))/(36*x^9) - (a^10*(9*A + 10*B*x))/(90*x^10) + b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx \\ \downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^{10}A}{x^{11}} + \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{x^{10}} + \frac{5a^8b(2aB + 9Ab)}{x^9} + \frac{15a^7b^2(3aB + 8Ab)}{x^8} + \frac{30a^6b^3(4aB + 7Ab)}{x^7} + \frac{42a^5b^4(5aB + 6Ab)}{x^6} + \frac{21a^4b^5(6aB + 5Ab)}{x^5} + \frac{10a^3b^6(7aB + 4Ab)}{x^4} + \frac{15a^2b^7(8aB + 3Ab)}{x^3} + \frac{5ab^8(9aB + 2Ab)}{x^2} + b^9 \log(x)(10aB + Ab) - \frac{5ab^8(9aB + 2Ab)}{x} + b^{10}Bx \right)$$

↓ 2009

input `Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^11,x]`

output `-1/10*(a^10*A)/x^10 - (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B))/(9*x^9) - (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B))/(8*x^8) - (15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B))/(7*x^7) - (5*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B))/x^6 - (42*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B))/(5*x^5) - (21*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B))/(2*x^4) - (10*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B))/x^3 - (15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B))/(2*x^2) - (5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B))/x + b^10*B*x + b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B)*Log[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^{10}A}{10x^{10}} - \frac{a^9(10Ab+Ba)}{9x^9} - \frac{5a^8b(9Ab+2Ba)}{8x^8} - \frac{15a^7b^2(8Ab+3Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{5a^6b^3(7Ab+4Ba)}{x^6} - \frac{42a^5b^4(6Ab+5Ba)}{5x^5} - \dots$
risch	$b^{10}Bx + \frac{(-10ab^9A-45a^2b^8B)x^9 + (-\frac{45}{2}a^2b^8A-60a^3b^7B)x^8 + (-40a^3b^7A-70a^4b^6B)x^7 + (-\frac{105}{2}a^4b^6A-63a^5b^5B)x^6 + \dots}{\dots}$
norman	$\frac{(-\frac{45}{2}a^2b^8A-60a^3b^7B)x^8 + (-\frac{105}{2}a^4b^6A-63a^5b^5B)x^6 + (-\frac{252}{5}a^5b^5A-42a^6b^4B)x^5 + (-\frac{120}{7}a^7b^3A-\frac{45}{7}a^8b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{45}{8}a^8b^2B)x^2 + \dots}{\dots}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2520A \ln(x)x^{10}b^{10} + 25200B \ln(x)x^{10}ab^9 + 2520Bb^{10}x^{11} - 25200aAb^9x^9 - 113400Ba^2b^8x^9 - 56700a^2Ab^8x^8 - 151200Ba^3b^7x^8 + \dots}{\dots}$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/10*a^{10}*A/x^{10}-1/9*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^9-5/8*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)/x^8-15/7*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)/x^7-5*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)/x^6-42/5*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)/x^5-21/2*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)/x^4-10*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*a)/x^3-15/2*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)/x^2-5*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)/x+b^{10}*B*x+b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)*\ln(x)$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{2520Bb^{10}x^{11} + 2520(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} \log(x) - 252Aa^{10} - 12600(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 - 18900(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8 - 25200*(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^7 - 26460*(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^6 - 21168*(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^5 - 12600*(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^4 - 5400*(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 - 1575*(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 - 280*(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x}{x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^11,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$1/2520*(2520*B*b^{10}*x^{11} + 2520*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^{10})*x^{10}*\log(x) - 252*A*a^{10} - 12600*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 - 18900*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 - 25200*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 - 26460*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 - 21168*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 - 12600*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 - 5400*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 - 1575*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 - 280*(B*a^{10} + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^{10}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx = Bb^{10}x + b^9(Ab + 10Ba) \log(x) + \frac{-252Aa^{10} + x^9(-25200Aab^9 - 113400Ba^2b^8) + x^8(-56700Aa^2b^8 - 151200Ba^3b^7) + x^7(-100800Aa^3b^7 - 113400Ba^4b^6) + x^6(-132300Aa^4b^6 - 158760Ba^5b^5) + x^5(-127008Aa^5b^5 - 105840Ba^6b^4) + x^4(-88200Aa^6b^4 - 50400Ba^7b^3) + x^3(-43200Aa^7b^3 - 16200Ba^8b^2) + x^2(-14175Aa^8b^2 - 3150Ba^9b) + x(-2800Aa^9b - 280Ba^{10})}{(2520x^{10})}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**11,x)`output `B*b**10*x + b**9*(A*b + 10*B*a)*log(x) + (-252*A*a**10 + x**9*(-25200*A*a*b**9 - 113400*B*a**2*b**8) + x**8*(-56700*A*a**2*b**8 - 151200*B*a**3*b**7) + x**7*(-100800*A*a**3*b**7 - 176400*B*a**4*b**6) + x**6*(-132300*A*a**4*b**6 - 158760*B*a**5*b**5) + x**5*(-127008*A*a**5*b**5 - 105840*B*a**6*b**4) + x**4*(-88200*A*a**6*b**4 - 50400*B*a**7*b**3) + x**3*(-43200*A*a**7*b**3 - 16200*B*a**8*b**2) + x**2*(-14175*A*a**8*b**2 - 3150*B*a**9*b) + x*(-2800*A*a**9*b - 280*B*a**10))/(2520*x**10)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx = Bb^{10}x + (10Bab^9 + Ab^{10}) \log(x) + \frac{252Aa^{10} + 12600(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 + 18900(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 25200(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^7 + 1168(5Ba^5b^5 + 6Aa^4b^6)x^6 + 12600(4Ba^6b^4 + 7Aa^5b^5)x^5 + 5400(3Ba^7b^3 + 8Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 1575(2Ba^8b^2 + 9Aa^7b^3)x^3 + 280(2Ba^9b + 10Aa^8b^2)x^2 + 280(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x}{x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `B*b^10*x + (10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*log(x) - 1/2520*(252*A*a^10 + 12600*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 18900*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + 25200*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 26460*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 21168*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 12600*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 5400*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 1575*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 280*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^10`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx = Bb^{10}x + (10Bab^9 + Ab^{10}) \log(|x|) - \frac{252Aa^{10} + 12600(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 + 18900(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 25200(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^7 + 26460(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^6 + 21168(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^5 + 12600(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 5400(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 + 1575(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 + 280(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x}{x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^11,x, algorithm="giac")`output `B*b^10*x + (10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*log(abs(x)) - 1/2520*(252*A*a^10 + 12600*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9))*x^9 + 18900*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + 25200*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 26460*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 21168*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 12600*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 5400*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 1575*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 280*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^10`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{11}} dx = \ln(x) (Ab^{10} + 10Bab^9) + \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^{10}}{9} + \frac{10Aba^9}{9} \right) + \frac{Aa^{10}}{10} + x^2 \left(\frac{5Ba^9b}{4} + \frac{45Aa^8b^2}{8} \right) + x^9 (45Ba^2b^8 + 10Aab^9) + x^4 (20Ba^7b^3 + 35Aa^6b^4) + Bb^{10}x}{x^{10}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^11,x)`output `log(x)*(A*b^10 + 10*B*a*b^9) - (x*((B*a^10)/9 + (10*A*a^9*b)/9) + (A*a^10)/10 + x^2*((45*A*a^8*b^2)/8 + (5*B*a^9*b)/4) + x^9*(45*B*a^2*b^8 + 10*A*a*b^9) + x^4*(35*A*a^6*b^4 + 20*B*a^7*b^3) + x^8*((45*A*a^2*b^8)/2 + 60*B*a^3*b^7) + x^7*(40*A*a^3*b^7 + 70*B*a^4*b^6) + x^6*((105*A*a^4*b^6)/2 + 63*B*a^5*b^5) + x^3*((120*A*a^7*b^3)/7 + (45*B*a^8*b^2)/7) + x^5*((252*A*a^5*b^5)/5 + 42*B*a^6*b^4))/x^10 + B*b^10*x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{27720 \log(x) a b^{10} x^{10} - 252 a^{11} - 3080 a^{10} b x - 17325 a^9 b^2 x^2 - 59400 a^8 b^3 x^3 - 138600 a^7 b^4 x^4 - 232848 a^6 b^5 x^5 - 291060 a^5 b^6 x^6 - 277200 a^4 b^7 x^7 - 207900 a^3 b^8 x^8 - 138600 a^2 b^9 x^9 + 2520 b^{11} x^{11}}{2520 x^{10}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^11,x)`output `(27720*log(x)*a*b**10*x**10 - 252*a**11 - 3080*a**10*b*x - 17325*a**9*b**2*x**2 - 59400*a**8*b**3*x**3 - 138600*a**7*b**4*x**4 - 232848*a**6*b**5*x**5 - 291060*a**5*b**6*x**6 - 277200*a**4*b**7*x**7 - 207900*a**3*b**8*x**8 - 138600*a**2*b**9*x**9 + 2520*b**11*x**11)/(2520*x**10)`

3.128 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx$

Optimal result	924
Mathematica [A] (verified)	925
Rubi [A] (verified)	925
Maple [A] (verified)	927
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	927
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	928
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	928
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	929
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	929
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	930

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{a^{10}B}{10x^{10}} - \frac{10a^9bB}{9x^9} - \frac{45a^8b^2B}{8x^8} - \frac{120a^7b^3B}{7x^7} - \frac{35a^6b^4B}{x^6} - \frac{252a^5b^5B}{5x^5} - \frac{105a^4b^6B}{2x^4} - \frac{40a^3b^7B}{x^3} - \frac{45a^2b^8B}{2x^2} - \frac{10ab^9B}{x} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{11ax^{11}} + b^{10}B \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/10*a^10*B/x^10-10/9*a^9*b*B/x^9-45/8*a^8*b^2*B/x^8-120/7*a^7*b^3*B/x^7-
35*a^6*b^4*B/x^6-252/5*a^5*b^5*B/x^5-105/2*a^4*b^6*B/x^4-40*a^3*b^7*B/x^3-
45/2*a^2*b^8*B/x^2-10*a*b^9*B/x-1/11*A*(b*x+a)^11/a/x^11+b^10*B*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{Ab^{10}}{x} - \frac{5ab^9(A+2Bx)}{x^2} - \frac{15a^2b^8(2A+3Bx)}{2x^3} - \frac{10a^3b^7(3A+4Bx)}{x^4} - \frac{21a^4b^6(4A+5Bx)}{2x^5} - \frac{42a^5b^5(5A+6Bx)}{5x^6} - \frac{5a^6b^4(6A+7Bx)}{x^7} - \frac{15a^7b^3(7A+8Bx)}{7x^8} - \frac{5a^8b^2(8A+9Bx)}{8x^9} - \frac{a^9b(9A+10Bx)}{9x^{10}} - \frac{a^{10}(10A+11Bx)}{110x^{11}} + b^{10}B \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^12,x]
```

output

```
-((A*b^10)/x) - (5*a*b^9*(A + 2*B*x))/x^2 - (15*a^2*b^8*(2*A + 3*B*x))/(2*x^3) - (10*a^3*b^7*(3*A + 4*B*x))/x^4 - (21*a^4*b^6*(4*A + 5*B*x))/(2*x^5) - (42*a^5*b^5*(5*A + 6*B*x))/(5*x^6) - (5*a^6*b^4*(6*A + 7*B*x))/x^7 - (15*a^7*b^3*(7*A + 8*B*x))/(7*x^8) - (5*a^8*b^2*(8*A + 9*B*x))/(8*x^9) - (a^9*b*(9*A + 10*B*x))/(9*x^10) - (a^10*(10*A + 11*B*x))/(110*x^11) + b^10*B*Log[x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {87, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx$$

↓ 87

$$B \int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}}{x^{11}} dx - \frac{A(a + bx)^{11}}{11ax^{11}}$$

↓ 49

$$B \int \left(\frac{a^{10}}{x^{11}} + \frac{10ba^9}{x^{10}} + \frac{45b^2a^8}{x^9} + \frac{120b^3a^7}{x^8} + \frac{210b^4a^6}{x^7} + \frac{252b^5a^5}{x^6} + \frac{210b^6a^4}{x^5} + \frac{120b^7a^3}{x^4} + \frac{45b^8a^2}{x^3} + \frac{10b^9a}{x^2} + \frac{b^{10}}{x} \right) \frac{A(a + bx)^{11}}{11ax^{11}}$$

↓ 2009

$$B \left(-\frac{a^{10}}{10x^{10}} - \frac{10a^9b}{9x^9} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{8x^8} - \frac{120a^7b^3}{7x^7} - \frac{35a^6b^4}{x^6} - \frac{252a^5b^5}{5x^5} - \frac{105a^4b^6}{2x^4} - \frac{40a^3b^7}{x^3} - \frac{45a^2b^8}{2x^2} - \frac{10ab^9}{x} + b^{10} \log \right) \frac{A(a + bx)^{11}}{11ax^{11}}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^12,x]
```

output

```
-1/11*(A*(a + b*x)^11)/(a*x^11) + B*(-1/10*a^10/x^10 - (10*a^9*b)/(9*x^9)
- (45*a^8*b^2)/(8*x^8) - (120*a^7*b^3)/(7*x^7) - (35*a^6*b^4)/x^6 - (252*a
^5*b^5)/(5*x^5) - (105*a^4*b^6)/(2*x^4) - (40*a^3*b^7)/x^3 - (45*a^2*b^8)/
(2*x^2) - (10*a*b^9)/x + b^10*Log[x])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
default	$-\frac{5a^2b^7(3Ab+8Ba)}{x^3} - \frac{42a^4b^5(5Ab+6Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{a^{10}A}{11x^{11}} - \frac{5ab^8(2Ab+9Ba)}{2x^2} - \frac{30a^6b^3(7Ab+4Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{15a^3b^6(4Ab+7Ba)}{2x^4}$
norman	$(-5ab^9A - \frac{45}{2}a^2b^8B)x^9 + (-30a^3b^7A - \frac{105}{2}a^4b^6B)x^7 + (-42a^4b^6A - \frac{252}{5}a^5b^5B)x^6 + (-30a^6b^4A - \frac{120}{7}a^7b^3B)x^4 + (-15a^7b^3B)$
risch	$(-5ab^9A - \frac{45}{2}a^2b^8B)x^9 + (-30a^3b^7A - \frac{105}{2}a^4b^6B)x^7 + (-42a^4b^6A - \frac{252}{5}a^5b^5B)x^6 + (-30a^6b^4A - \frac{120}{7}a^7b^3B)x^4 + (-15a^7b^3B)$
parallelrisc	$- \frac{27720b^{10}B \ln(x)x^{11} + 27720A b^{10}x^{10} + 277200B a b^9x^{10} + 138600aA b^9x^9 + 623700B a^2b^8x^9 + 415800a^2A b^8x^8 + 1108800B a^2b^7x^7 + 1108800A a^2b^7x^7 + 1108800B a^3b^6x^6 + 1108800A a^3b^6x^6 + 1108800B a^4b^5x^5 + 1108800A a^4b^5x^5 + 1108800B a^5b^4x^4 + 1108800A a^5b^4x^4 + 1108800B a^6b^3x^3 + 1108800A a^6b^3x^3 + 1108800B a^7b^2x^2 + 1108800A a^7b^2x^2 + 1108800B a^8b^1x^1 + 1108800A a^8b^1x^1 + 1108800B a^9b^0x^0 + 1108800A a^9b^0x^0}{11x^{11}}$

```
input int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -5*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)/x^3-42/5*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)/x^5-1/11*a^10*A/x^11-5/2*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)/x^2-30/7*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)/x^7-15/2*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*a)/x^4-15/8*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)/x^8+b^10*B*ln(x)-1/10*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^10-b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)/x-7*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)/x^6-5/9*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)/x^9
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{27720 B b^{10} x^{11} \log(x) - 2520 A a^{10} - 27720 (10 B a b^9 + A b^{10}) x^{10} - 69300 (9 B a^2 b^8 + 2 A a b^9) x^9 - 138600 (8 B a^3 b^7 + 7 A a^2 b^8) x^8 - 110880 (7 B a^4 b^6 + 6 A a^3 b^7) x^7 - 110880 (6 B a^5 b^5 + 5 A a^4 b^6) x^6 - 110880 (5 B a^6 b^4 + 4 A a^5 b^5) x^5 - 110880 (4 B a^7 b^3 + 3 A a^6 b^4) x^4 - 110880 (3 B a^8 b^2 + 2 A a^7 b^3) x^3 - 110880 (2 B a^9 b + A a^8 b^2) x^2 - 110880 (B a^{10} + A a^9 b) x + 110880 A a^{10}}{11x^{11}}$$

```
input integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^12,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/27720*(27720*B*b^10*x^11*log(x) - 2520*A*a^10 - 27720*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^
10)*x^10 - 69300*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 - 138600*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A
*a^2*b^8)*x^8 - 207900*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 - 232848*(6*B*a^5*b
^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 - 194040*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 - 118800*(4
*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 - 51975*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 - 15
400*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 - 2772*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^11
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx = Bb^{10} \log(x) + \frac{-2520Aa^{10} + x^{10}(-27720Ab^{10} - 277200Bab^9) + x^9(-138600Aab^9 - 623700Ba^2b^8) + x^8(-415800Aa^2b^8 - 1108800Ba^3b^7) + x^7(-831600Aa^3b^7 - 1455300Ba^4b^6) + x^6(-1164240Aa^4b^6 - 1397088Ba^5b^5) + x^5(-1164240Aa^5b^5 - 970200Ba^6b^4) + x^4(-831600Aa^6b^4 - 475200Ba^7b^3) + x^3(-415800Aa^7b^3 - 155925Ba^8b^2) + x^2(-138600Aa^8b^2 - 30800Ba^9b) + x(-27720Aa^9b - 2772Ba^{10})}{(27720x^{11})}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**12,x)
```

output

```
B*b**10*log(x) + (-2520*A*a**10 + x**10*(-27720*A*b**10 - 277200*B*a*b**9)
+ x**9*(-138600*A*a*b**9 - 623700*B*a**2*b**8) + x**8*(-415800*A*a**2*b**8
- 1108800*B*a**3*b**7) + x**7*(-831600*A*a**3*b**7 - 1455300*B*a**4*b**6
) + x**6*(-1164240*A*a**4*b**6 - 1397088*B*a**5*b**5) + x**5*(-1164240*A*a
**5*b**5 - 970200*B*a**6*b**4) + x**4*(-831600*A*a**6*b**4 - 475200*B*a**7
*b**3) + x**3*(-415800*A*a**7*b**3 - 155925*B*a**8*b**2) + x**2*(-138600*A
*a**8*b**2 - 30800*B*a**9*b) + x*(-27720*A*a**9*b - 2772*B*a**10))/(27720*
x**11)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx = Bb^{10} \log(x) + \frac{2520Aa^{10} + 27720(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 69300(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 + 138600(8Ba^3b^7 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8 + \dots}{(27720x^{11})}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^12,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
B*b^10*log(x) - 1/27720*(2520*A*a^10 + 27720*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^10 +
69300*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 138600*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x
^8 + 207900*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 232848*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^
4*b^6)*x^6 + 194040*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 118800*(4*B*a^7*b^3
+ 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 51975*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 15400*(2*B*a^
9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 2772*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^11
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx = Bb^{10} \log(|x|) - \frac{2520 Aa^{10} + 27720(10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 69300(9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^9 + 138600(8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 207900(7 B a^4 b^6 + 4 A a^3 b^7)x^7 + 232848(6 B a^5 b^5 + 5 A a^4 b^6)x^6 + 194040(5 B a^6 b^4 + 6 A a^5 b^5)x^5 + 118800(4 B a^7 b^3 + 7 A a^6 b^4)x^4 + 51975(3 B a^8 b^2 + 8 A a^7 b^3)x^3 + 15400(2 B a^9 b + 9 A a^8 b^2)x^2 + 2772(B a^{10} + 10 A a^9 b)x}{x^{11}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^12,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
B*b^10*log(abs(x)) - 1/27720*(2520*A*a^10 + 27720*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^
10 + 69300*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 138600*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b
^8)*x^8 + 207900*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 232848*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5
*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 194040*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 118800*(4*B*a^7
*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 51975*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 15400*(2
*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 2772*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^11
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{12}} dx = Bb^{10} \ln(x) - \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^{10}}{10} + Aba^9 \right) + \frac{Aa^{10}}{11} + x^2 \left(\frac{10Ba^9b}{9} + 5Aa^8b^2 \right) + x^9 \left(\frac{45Ba^2b^8}{2} + 5Aa^9b \right) + x^{10} (Ab^{10} + 10Bab^9)}{x^{11}}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^12,x)
```

output

```
B*b^10*log(x) - (x*((B*a^10)/10 + A*a^9*b) + (A*a^10)/11 + x^2*(5*A*a^8*b^
2 + (10*B*a^9*b)/9) + x^9*((45*B*a^2*b^8)/2 + 5*A*a*b^9) + x^10*(A*b^10 +
10*B*a*b^9) + x^8*(15*A*a^2*b^8 + 40*B*a^3*b^7) + x^3*(15*A*a^7*b^3 + (45*
B*a^8*b^2)/8) + x^5*(42*A*a^5*b^5 + 35*B*a^6*b^4) + x^7*(30*A*a^3*b^7 + (1
05*B*a^4*b^6)/2) + x^4*(30*A*a^6*b^4 + (120*B*a^7*b^3)/7) + x^6*(42*A*a^4*
b^6 + (252*B*a^5*b^5)/5))/x^11
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= \frac{27720 \log(x) b^{11} x^{11} - 2520 a^{11} - 30492 a^{10} b x - 169400 a^9 b^2 x^2 - 571725 a^8 b^3 x^3 - 1306800 a^7 b^4 x^4 - 2134440 a^6 b^5 x^5 - 2561328 a^5 b^6 x^6 - 2286900 a^4 b^7 x^7 - 1524600 a^3 b^8 x^8 - 762300 a^2 b^9 x^9 - 304920 a b^{10} x^{10}}{27720 x^{11}}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^12,x)
```

output

```
(27720*log(x)*b**11*x**11 - 2520*a**11 - 30492*a**10*b*x - 169400*a**9*b**
2*x**2 - 571725*a**8*b**3*x**3 - 1306800*a**7*b**4*x**4 - 2134440*a**6*b**
5*x**5 - 2561328*a**5*b**6*x**6 - 2286900*a**4*b**7*x**7 - 1524600*a**3*b*
*8*x**8 - 762300*a**2*b**9*x**9 - 304920*a*b**10*x**10)/(27720*x**11)
```

3.129 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{13}} dx$

Optimal result	931
Mathematica [B] (verified)	931
Rubi [A] (verified)	932
Maple [B] (verified)	933
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	934
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	934
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	936

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}} + \frac{(Ab-12aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{132a^2x^{11}}$$

```
output -1/12*A*(b*x+a)^11/a/x^12+1/132*(A*b-12*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a^2/x^11
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 199 vs. 2(44) = 88.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.52

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{66b^{10}x^{10}(A+2Bx) + 220ab^9x^9(2A+3Bx) + 495a^2b^8x^8(3A+4Bx) + 792a^3b^7x^7(4A+5Bx) + 924a^4b^6x^6(5A+6Bx) + 924a^5b^5x^5(6A+7Bx) + 924a^6b^4x^4(7A+8Bx) + 924a^7b^3x^3(8A+9Bx) + 924a^8b^2x^2(9A+10Bx) + 924a^9bx(10A+11Bx) + 924a^{10}(11A+12Bx)}{132a^2x^{11}}$$

```
input Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^13,x]
```


output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/132*(66*b^{10}*x^{10}*(A + 2*B*x) + 220*a*b^9*x^9*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 495*a^2*b^8*x^8*(3*A + 4*B*x) \\ & + 792*a^3*b^7*x^7*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 924*a^4*b^6*x^6*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 792*a^5*b^5*x^5*(6*A + 7*B*x) \\ & + 495*a^6*b^4*x^4*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 220*a^7*b^3*x^3*(8*A + 9*B*x) + 66*a^8*b^2*x^2*(9*A + 10*B*x) \\ & + 12*a^9*b*x*(10*A + 11*B*x) + a^{10}*(11*A + 12*B*x))/x^{12} \end{aligned}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{13}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & -\frac{(Ab - 12aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{12}} dx}{12a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & \frac{(a + bx)^{11}(Ab - 12aB)}{132a^2x^{11}} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{10}*(A + B*x))/x^{13}, x]$$

output

$$-1/12*(A*(a + b*x)^{11})/(a*x^{12}) + ((A*b - 12*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{11})/(132*a^2*x^{11})$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 207 vs. $2(40) = 80$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.73

method	result
default	$-\frac{5ab^8(2Ab+9Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{6a^3b^6(4Ab+7Ba)}{x^5} - \frac{a^9(10Ab+Ba)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{b^9(Ab+10Ba)}{2x^2} - \frac{6a^5b^4(6Ab+5Ba)}{x^7} - \frac{15a^2b^7(3Ab+8B)}{4x^4}$
norman	$-Bb^{10}x^{11} + (-\frac{1}{2}b^{10}A - 5ab^9B)x^{10} + (-\frac{10}{3}ab^9A - 15a^2b^8B)x^9 + (-\frac{45}{4}a^2b^8A - 30a^3b^7B)x^8 + (-24a^3b^7A - 42a^4b^6B)x^7 + (-3$
risch	$-Bb^{10}x^{11} + (-\frac{1}{2}b^{10}A - 5ab^9B)x^{10} + (-\frac{10}{3}ab^9A - 15a^2b^8B)x^9 + (-\frac{45}{4}a^2b^8A - 30a^3b^7B)x^8 + (-24a^3b^7A - 42a^4b^6B)x^7 + (-3$
gosper	$-\frac{132Bb^{10}x^{11} + 66Ab^{10}x^{10} + 660Ba^9x^{10} + 440aAb^9x^9 + 1980Ba^2b^8x^9 + 1485a^2Ab^8x^8 + 3960Ba^3b^7x^8 + 3168a^3Ab^7x^7 + 55$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{132Bb^{10}x^{11} + 66Ab^{10}x^{10} + 660Ba^9x^{10} + 440aAb^9x^9 + 1980Ba^2b^8x^9 + 1485a^2Ab^8x^8 + 3960Ba^3b^7x^8 + 3168a^3Ab^7x^7 + 55$
orering	$-\frac{132Bb^{10}x^{11} + 66Ab^{10}x^{10} + 660Ba^9x^{10} + 440aAb^9x^9 + 1980Ba^2b^8x^9 + 1485a^2Ab^8x^8 + 3960Ba^3b^7x^8 + 3168a^3Ab^7x^7 + 55$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^13,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-5/3*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)/x^3-6*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*a)/x^5-1/11*a^9*(10*A*b+
B*a)/x^11-1/2*b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)/x^2-6*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)/x^7-15/4*a^2*b^
7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)/x^4-15/4*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)/x^8-1/2*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)
/x^10-b^10*B/x-7*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)/x^6-5/3*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)/x^9-1
/12*a^10*A/x^12
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.52

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{132 B b^{10} x^{11} + 11 A a^{10} + 66 (10 B a b^9 + A b^{10}) x^{10} + 220 (9 B a^2 b^8 + 2 A a b^9) x^9 + 495 (8 B a^3 b^7 + 3 A a^2 b^8) x^8 + 792 (7 B a^4 b^6 + 4 A a^3 b^7) x^7 + 924 (6 B a^5 b^5 + 5 A a^4 b^6) x^6 + 792 (5 B a^6 b^4 + 6 A a^5 b^5) x^5 + 495 (4 B a^7 b^3 + 7 A a^6 b^4) x^4 + 220 (3 B a^8 b^2 + 8 A a^7 b^3) x^3 + 66 (2 B a^9 b + 9 A a^8 b^2) x^2 + 12 (B a^{10} + 10 A a^9 b) x}{x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^13,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/132*(132*B*b^10*x^11 + 11*A*a^10 + 66*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^10 + 220*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 495*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + 792*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 924*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 792*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 495*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 220*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 66*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 12*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^12`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 260 vs. $2(37) = 74$.

Time = 12.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.91

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{-11Aa^{10} - 132Bb^{10}x^{11} + x^{10}(-66Ab^{10} - 660Bab^9) + x^9(-440Aab^9 - 1980Ba^2b^8) + x^8(-1485Aa^2b^8 - 11880Aa^3b^7) + x^7(11880Aa^4b^6 + 11880Aa^5b^5) + x^6(11880Aa^6b^4 + 11880Aa^7b^3) + x^5(11880Aa^8b^2 + 11880Aa^9b) + 12(Aa^{10} + 10Aa^9b)}{x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**13,x)`

output

```
(-11*A**10 - 132*B*b**10*x**11 + x**10*(-66*A*b**10 - 660*B*a*b**9) + x**9*(-440*A*a*b**9 - 1980*B*a**2*b**8) + x**8*(-1485*A*a**2*b**8 - 3960*B*a**3*b**7) + x**7*(-3168*A*a**3*b**7 - 5544*B*a**4*b**6) + x**6*(-4620*A*a**4*b**6 - 5544*B*a**5*b**5) + x**5*(-4752*A*a**5*b**5 - 3960*B*a**6*b**4) + x**4*(-3465*A*a**6*b**4 - 1980*B*a**7*b**3) + x**3*(-1760*A*a**7*b**3 - 660*B*a**8*b**2) + x**2*(-594*A*a**8*b**2 - 132*B*a**9*b) + x*(-120*A*a**9*b - 12*B*a**10))/(132*x**12)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.52

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{132 B b^{10} x^{11} + 11 A a^{10} + 66 (10 B a b^9 + A b^{10}) x^{10} + 220 (9 B a^2 b^8 + 2 A a b^9) x^9 + 495 (8 B a^3 b^7 + 3 A a^2 b^8) x^8 + 792 (7 B a^4 b^6 + 4 A a^3 b^7) x^7 + 924 (6 B a^5 b^5 + 5 A a^4 b^6) x^6 + 792 (5 B a^6 b^4 + 6 A a^5 b^5) x^5 + 495 (4 B a^7 b^3 + 7 A a^6 b^4) x^4 + 220 (3 B a^8 b^2 + 8 A a^7 b^3) x^3 + 66 (2 B a^9 b + 9 A a^8 b^2) x^2 + 12 (B a^{10} + 10 A a^9 b) x}{x^{12}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^13,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/132*(132*B*b^10*x^11 + 11*A*a^10 + 66*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^10 + 220*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 495*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + 792*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 924*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 792*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 495*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 220*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 66*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 12*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^12
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.52

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{132 B b^{10} x^{11} + 660 B a b^9 x^{10} + 66 A b^{10} x^{10} + 1980 B a^2 b^8 x^9 + 440 A a b^9 x^9 + 3960 B a^3 b^7 x^8 + 1485 A a^2 b^8 x^8 + \dots}{x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^13,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{-1/132*(132*B*b^{10}*x^{11} + 660*B*a*b^9*x^{10} + 66*A*b^{10}*x^{10} + 1980*B*a^2*b^8*x^9 + 440*A*a*b^9*x^9 + 3960*B*a^3*b^7*x^8 + 1485*A*a^2*b^8*x^8 + 5544*B*a^4*b^6*x^7 + 3168*A*a^3*b^7*x^7 + 5544*B*a^5*b^5*x^6 + 4620*A*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 3960*B*a^6*b^4*x^5 + 4752*A*a^5*b^5*x^5 + 1980*B*a^7*b^3*x^4 + 3465*A*a^6*b^4*x^4 + 660*B*a^8*b^2*x^3 + 1760*A*a^7*b^3*x^3 + 132*B*a^9*b*x^2 + 594*A*a^8*b^2*x^2 + 12*B*a^{10}*x + 120*A*a^9*b*x + 11*A*a^{10})/x^{12}}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.30

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{B a^{10}}{11} + \frac{10 A b a^9}{11} \right) + \frac{A a^{10}}{12} + x^2 \left(B a^9 b + \frac{9 A a^8 b^2}{2} \right) + x^9 \left(15 B a^2 b^8 + \frac{10 A a b^9}{3} \right) + x^{10} \left(\frac{A b^{10}}{2} + 5 B a b^9 \right)}{12 x^{12}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^13,x)`

output
$$\frac{-(x*((B*a^{10})/11 + (10*A*a^9*b)/11) + (A*a^{10})/12 + x^2*((9*A*a^8*b^2)/2 + B*a^9*b) + x^9*(15*B*a^2*b^8 + (10*A*a*b^9)/3) + x^{10}*((A*b^{10})/2 + 5*B*a*b^9) + x^3*((40*A*a^7*b^3)/3 + 5*B*a^8*b^2) + x^5*(36*A*a^5*b^5 + 30*B*a^6*b^4) + x^7*(24*A*a^3*b^7 + 42*B*a^4*b^6) + x^6*(35*A*a^4*b^6 + 42*B*a^5*b^5) + x^8*((45*A*a^2*b^8)/4 + 30*B*a^3*b^7) + x^4*((105*A*a^6*b^4)/4 + 15*B*a^7*b^3) + B*b^{10}*x^{11})/x^{12}}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{-12b^{11}x^{11} - 66ab^{10}x^{10} - 220a^2b^9x^9 - 495a^3b^8x^8 - 792a^4b^7x^7 - 924a^5b^6x^6 - 792a^6b^5x^5 - 495a^7b^4x^4 - 120a^8b^3x^3 - 120a^9b^2x^2 - 11a^{10}x}{12x^{12}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^13,x)`

output `(- a**11 - 12*a**10*b*x - 66*a**9*b**2*x**2 - 220*a**8*b**3*x**3 - 495*a*
*7*b**4*x**4 - 792*a**6*b**5*x**5 - 924*a**5*b**6*x**6 - 792*a**4*b**7*x**
7 - 495*a**3*b**8*x**8 - 220*a**2*b**9*x**9 - 66*a*b**10*x**10 - 12*b**11*
x**11)/(12*x**12)`

3.130 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{14}} dx$

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Mathematica [B] (verified)	938
Rubi [A] (verified)	939
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{14}} dx = -\frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}} + \frac{(2Ab-13aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{156a^2x^{12}} - \frac{b(2Ab-13aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{1716a^3x^{11}}$$

```
output -1/13*A*(b*x+a)^11/a/x^13+1/156*(2*A*b-13*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a^2/x^12-1/1716*
b*(2*A*b-13*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a^3/x^11
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 202 vs. 2(72) = 144.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{286b^{10}x^{10}(2A+3Bx) + 1430ab^9x^9(3A+4Bx) + 3861a^2b^8x^8(4A+5Bx) + 6864a^3b^7x^7(5A+6Bx) + \dots}{\dots}$$

```
input Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^14,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/1716*(286*b^10*x^10*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 1430*a*b^9*x^9*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 3861 \\ & *a^2*b^8*x^8*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 6864*a^3*b^7*x^7*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 8580*a^4*b^6 \\ & *x^6*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 7722*a^5*b^5*x^5*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 5005*a^6*b^4*x^4*(8* \\ & A + 9*B*x) + 2288*a^7*b^3*x^3*(9*A + 10*B*x) + 702*a^8*b^2*x^2*(10*A + 11* \\ & B*x) + 130*a^9*b*x*(11*A + 12*B*x) + 11*a^10*(12*A + 13*B*x))/x^13 \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {87, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{14}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & -\frac{(2Ab-13aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{13}} dx}{13a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{(2Ab-13aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{12}} dx}{12a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & -\frac{\left(\frac{b(a+bx)^{11}}{132a^2x^{11}} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}} \right) (2Ab-13aB)}{13a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^14,x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/13*(A*(a + b*x)^11)/(a*x^13) - ((2*A*b - 13*a*B)*(-1/12*(a + b*x)^11/(a \\ & *x^12) + (b*(a + b*x)^11)/(132*a^2*x^11)))/(13*a) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 48 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 55 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))], x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 207 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^9(Ab+10Ba)}{3x^3} - \frac{3a^2b^7(3Ab+8Ba)}{x^5} - \frac{5a^8b(9Ab+2Ba)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{b^{10}B}{2x^2} - \frac{6a^4b^5(5Ab+6Ba)}{x^7} - \frac{5ab^8(2Ab+9Ba)}{4x^4} - \frac{21a^5}{x^6}$
norman	$-\frac{Bb^{10}x^{11}}{2} + (-\frac{1}{3}b^{10}A - \frac{10}{3}ab^9B)x^{10} + (-\frac{5}{2}ab^9A - \frac{45}{4}a^2b^8B)x^9 + (-9a^2b^8A - 24a^3b^7B)x^8 + (-20a^3b^7A - 35a^4b^6B)x^7 + (-35a^4b^6A - 20a^5b^5B)x^6 + (-10a^5b^5A - 5a^6b^4B)x^5 + (-5a^6b^4A - 5a^7b^3B)x^4 + (-5a^7b^3A - 5a^8b^2B)x^3 + (-5a^8b^2A - 5a^9bB)x^2 + (-5a^9bAx - 5a^{10})x + (-5a^{10} - 5a^{11})$
risch	$-\frac{Bb^{10}x^{11}}{2} + (-\frac{1}{3}b^{10}A - \frac{10}{3}ab^9B)x^{10} + (-\frac{5}{2}ab^9A - \frac{45}{4}a^2b^8B)x^9 + (-9a^2b^8A - 24a^3b^7B)x^8 + (-20a^3b^7A - 35a^4b^6B)x^7 + (-35a^4b^6A - 20a^5b^5B)x^6 + (-10a^5b^5A - 5a^6b^4B)x^5 + (-5a^6b^4A - 5a^7b^3B)x^4 + (-5a^7b^3A - 5a^8b^2B)x^3 + (-5a^8b^2A - 5a^9bB)x^2 + (-5a^9bAx - 5a^{10})x + (-5a^{10} - 5a^{11})$
gosper	$-\frac{858Bb^{10}x^{11} + 572Ab^{10}x^{10} + 5720Bab^9x^{10} + 4290aAb^9x^9 + 19305Ba^2b^8x^9 + 15444a^2Ab^8x^8 + 41184Ba^3b^7x^8 + 34320a^3Ab^7x^7 + 21000a^4b^6Bx^7 + 10500a^4b^6Ax^6 + 3500a^5b^5Bx^6 + 1750a^5b^5Ax^5 + 500a^6b^4Bx^5 + 250a^6b^4Ax^4 + 125a^7b^3Bx^4 + 62a^7b^3Ax^3 + 31a^8b^2Bx^3 + 15a^8b^2Ax^2 + 7a^9bBx^2 + 7a^{10}Bx + 7a^{11}}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{858Bb^{10}x^{11} + 572Ab^{10}x^{10} + 5720Bab^9x^{10} + 4290aAb^9x^9 + 19305Ba^2b^8x^9 + 15444a^2Ab^8x^8 + 41184Ba^3b^7x^8 + 34320a^3Ab^7x^7 + 21000a^4b^6Bx^7 + 10500a^4b^6Ax^6 + 3500a^5b^5Bx^6 + 1750a^5b^5Ax^5 + 500a^6b^4Bx^5 + 250a^6b^4Ax^4 + 125a^7b^3Bx^4 + 62a^7b^3Ax^3 + 31a^8b^2Bx^3 + 15a^8b^2Ax^2 + 7a^9bBx^2 + 7a^{10}Bx + 7a^{11}}$
orering	$-\frac{858Bb^{10}x^{11} + 572Ab^{10}x^{10} + 5720Bab^9x^{10} + 4290aAb^9x^9 + 19305Ba^2b^8x^9 + 15444a^2Ab^8x^8 + 41184Ba^3b^7x^8 + 34320a^3Ab^7x^7 + 21000a^4b^6Bx^7 + 10500a^4b^6Ax^6 + 3500a^5b^5Bx^6 + 1750a^5b^5Ax^5 + 500a^6b^4Bx^5 + 250a^6b^4Ax^4 + 125a^7b^3Bx^4 + 62a^7b^3Ax^3 + 31a^8b^2Bx^3 + 15a^8b^2Ax^2 + 7a^9bBx^2 + 7a^{10}Bx + 7a^{11}}$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^14,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/3*b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)/x^3-3*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)/x^5-5/11*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2* \\ & B*a)/x^{11}-1/2*b^{10}*B/x^2-6*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)/x^7-5/4*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B* \\ & a)/x^4-21/4*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)/x^8-1/13*a^{10}*A/x^{13}-3/2*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+ \\ & 3*B*a)/x^{10}-5*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*a)/x^6-10/3*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)/x^9-1/1 \\ & 2*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^{12} \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{858 B b^{10} x^{11} + 132 A a^{10} + 572 (10 B a b^9 + A b^{10}) x^{10} + 2145 (9 B a^2 b^8 + 2 A a b^9) x^9 + 5148 (8 B a^3 b^7 + 3 A a^2 b^8) x^8 + \dots}{x^{14}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^14,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/1716*(858*B*b^{10}*x^{11} + 132*A*a^{10} + 572*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^{10})*x^{10} + 2 \\ & 145*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 5148*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + \\ & 8580*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 10296*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)* \\ & x^6 + 9009*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 5720*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b \\ & ^4)*x^4 + 2574*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 780*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8* \\ & b^2)*x^2 + 143*(B*a^{10} + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^{13} \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 260 vs. $2(65) = 130$.

Time = 16.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.61

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{-132Aa^{10} - 858Bb^{10}x^{11} + x^{10}(-572Ab^{10} - 5720Bab^9) + x^9(-4290Aab^9 - 19305Ba^2b^8) + x^8(-15444Aa^2b^8 - \dots)}{x^{14}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**14,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-132*A*a**10 - 858*B*b**10*x**11 + x**10*(-572*A*b**10 - 5720*B*a*b**9) + \\ & x**9*(-4290*A*a*b**9 - 19305*B*a**2*b**8) + x**8*(-15444*A*a**2*b**8 - 41 \\ & 184*B*a**3*b**7) + x**7*(-34320*A*a**3*b**7 - 60060*B*a**4*b**6) + x**6*(- \\ & 51480*A*a**4*b**6 - 61776*B*a**5*b**5) + x**5*(-54054*A*a**5*b**5 - 45045* \\ & B*a**6*b**4) + x**4*(-40040*A*a**6*b**4 - 22880*B*a**7*b**3) + x**3*(-2059 \\ & 2*A*a**7*b**3 - 7722*B*a**8*b**2) + x**2*(-7020*A*a**8*b**2 - 1560*B*a**9* \\ & b) + x*(-1430*A*a**9*b - 143*B*a**10))/(1716*x**13) \end{aligned}$$

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{858 B b^{10} x^{11} + 132 A a^{10} + 572 (10 B a b^9 + A b^{10}) x^{10} + 2145 (9 B a^2 b^8 + 2 A a b^9) x^9 + 5148 (8 B a^3 b^7 + 3 A a^2 b^8) x^8 + 8580 (7 B a^4 b^6 + 4 A a^3 b^7) x^7 + 10296 (6 B a^5 b^5 + 5 A a^4 b^6) x^6 + 9009 (5 B a^6 b^4 + 6 A a^5 b^5) x^5 + 5720 (4 B a^7 b^3 + 7 A a^6 b^4) x^4 + 2574 (3 B a^8 b^2 + 8 A a^7 b^3) x^3 + 780 (2 B a^9 b + 9 A a^8 b^2) x^2 + 143 (B a^{10} + 10 A a^9 b) x}{x^{13}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^14,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/1716*(858*B*b^10*x^11 + 132*A*a^10 + 572*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^10 + 2 \\ & 145*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 5148*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + \\ & 8580*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 10296*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)* \\ & x^6 + 9009*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 5720*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b \\ & ^4)*x^4 + 2574*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 780*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8* \\ & b^2)*x^2 + 143*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^13 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{858 Bb^{10}x^{11} + 5720 Bab^9x^{10} + 572 Ab^{10}x^{10} + 19305 Ba^2b^8x^9 + 4290 Aab^9x^9 + 41184 Ba^3b^7x^8 + 15444 Aa^2b^8x^8 + 60060 B^2a^4b^6x^7 + 34320 A^2a^3b^7x^7 + 61776 B^2a^5b^5x^6 + 51480 A^2a^4b^6x^6 + 45045 B^2a^6b^4x^5 + 54054 A^2a^5b^5x^5 + 22880 B^2a^7b^3x^4 + 40040 A^2a^6b^4x^4 + 7722 B^2a^8b^2x^3 + 20592 A^2a^7b^3x^3 + 1560 B^2a^9b^2x^2 + 7020 A^2a^8b^2x^2 + 143 B^2a^{10}x + 1430 A^2a^9b^2x + 132 A^2a^{10}}{x^{13}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^14,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/1716*(858*B*b^10*x^11 + 5720*B*a*b^9*x^10 + 572*A*b^10*x^10 + 19305*B*a^2*b^8*x^9 + 4290*A*a*b^9*x^9 + 41184*B*a^3*b^7*x^8 + 15444*A*a^2*b^8*x^8 + 60060*B*a^4*b^6*x^7 + 34320*A*a^3*b^7*x^7 + 61776*B*a^5*b^5*x^6 + 51480*A*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 45045*B*a^6*b^4*x^5 + 54054*A*a^5*b^5*x^5 + 22880*B*a^7*b^3*x^4 + 40040*A*a^6*b^4*x^4 + 7722*B*a^8*b^2*x^3 + 20592*A*a^7*b^3*x^3 + 1560*B*a^9*b^2*x^2 + 7020*A*a^8*b^2*x^2 + 143*B*a^10*x + 1430*A*a^9*b^2*x + 132*A*a^10)/x^13`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^{10}}{12} + \frac{5Aba^9}{6} \right) + \frac{Aa^{10}}{13} + x^9 \left(\frac{45Ba^2b^8}{4} + \frac{5Aab^9}{2} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{10Ba^9b}{11} + \frac{45Aa^8b^2}{11} \right) + x^{10} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{3} + \frac{10Bab^9}{3} \right)}{x^{13}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^14,x)`

output `-(x*((B*a^10)/12 + (5*A*a^9*b)/6) + (A*a^10)/13 + x^9*((45*B*a^2*b^8)/4 + (5*A*a*b^9)/2) + x^2*((45*A*a^8*b^2)/11 + (10*B*a^9*b)/11) + x^10*((A*b^10)/3 + (10*B*a*b^9)/3) + x^3*(12*A*a^7*b^3 + (9*B*a^8*b^2)/2) + x^8*(9*A*a^2*b^8 + 24*B*a^3*b^7) + x^7*(20*A*a^3*b^7 + 35*B*a^4*b^6) + x^6*(30*A*a^4*b^6 + 36*B*a^5*b^5) + x^4*((70*A*a^6*b^4)/3 + (40*B*a^7*b^3)/3) + x^5*((63*A*a^5*b^5)/2 + (105*B*a^6*b^4)/4) + (B*b^10*x^11)/2)/x^13`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{14}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-78b^{11}x^{11} - 572ab^{10}x^{10} - 2145a^2b^9x^9 - 5148a^3b^8x^8 - 8580a^4b^7x^7 - 10296a^5b^6x^6 - 9009a^6b^5x^5 - 5720a^7b^4x^4 - 2574a^8b^3x^3 - 780a^9b^2x^2 - 143a^{10}bx - 12a^{11}}{156x^{13}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^14,x)`output `(- 12*a**11 - 143*a**10*b*x - 780*a**9*b**2*x**2 - 2574*a**8*b**3*x**3 - 5720*a**7*b**4*x**4 - 9009*a**6*b**5*x**5 - 10296*a**5*b**6*x**6 - 8580*a**4*b**7*x**7 - 5148*a**3*b**8*x**8 - 2145*a**2*b**9*x**9 - 572*a*b**10*x**10 - 78*b**11*x**11)/(156*x**13)`

3.131 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{15}} dx$

Optimal result	945
Mathematica [A] (verified)	945
Rubi [A] (verified)	946
Maple [B] (verified)	948
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	948
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	949
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	949
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	950
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	951
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	951

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{15}} dx = -\frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} + \frac{(3Ab-14aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{182a^2x^{13}} - \frac{b(3Ab-14aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{1092a^3x^{12}} + \frac{b^2(3Ab-14aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{12012a^4x^{11}}$$

output

```
-1/14*A*(b*x+a)^11/a/x^14+1/182*(3*A*b-14*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a^2/x^13-1/1092*
b*(3*A*b-14*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a^3/x^12+1/12012*b^2*(3*A*b-14*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11
/a^4/x^11
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{15}} dx = \frac{1001b^{10}x^{10}(3A+4Bx) + 6006ab^9x^9(4A+5Bx) + 18018a^2b^8x^8(5A+6Bx) + 34320a^3b^7x^7(6A+7Bx) + 50050a^4b^6x^6(7A+8Bx) + 42900a^5b^5x^5(8A+9Bx) + 27027a^6b^4x^4(9A+10Bx) + 15876a^7b^3x^3(10A+11Bx) + 8580a^8b^2x^2(11A+12Bx) + 3850a^9bx(12A+13Bx) + 132a^{10}(13A+14Bx)}{132a^{14}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^15,x]
```

output

```

-1/12012*(1001*b^10*x^10*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 6006*a*b^9*x^9*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 18
018*a^2*b^8*x^8*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 34320*a^3*b^7*x^7*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 45045*a^
4*b^6*x^6*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 42042*a^5*b^5*x^5*(8*A + 9*B*x) + 28028*a^6*b^4*
x^4*(9*A + 10*B*x) + 13104*a^7*b^3*x^3*(10*A + 11*B*x) + 4095*a^8*b^2*x^2*
(11*A + 12*B*x) + 770*a^9*b*x*(12*A + 13*B*x) + 66*a^10*(13*A + 14*B*x))/x
^14

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{15}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(3Ab-14aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{14}} dx}{14a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & \frac{(3Ab-14aB) \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{13}} dx}{13a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}} \right)}{14a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & \frac{(3Ab-14aB) \left(-\frac{2b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{12}} dx}{12a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}} \right)}{14a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 48 \\
 & \frac{\left(-\frac{2b \left(\frac{b(a+bx)^{11}}{132a^2x^{11}} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}} \right) (3Ab-14aB)}{14a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^15,x]`

output `-1/14*(A*(a + b*x)^11)/(a*x^14) - ((3*A*b - 14*a*B)*(-1/13*(a + b*x)^11/(a*x^13) - (2*b*(-1/12*(a + b*x)^11/(a*x^12) + (b*(a + b*x)^11)/(132*a^2*x^11)))/(13*a)))/(14*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 207 vs. 2(93) = 186.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^{10}B}{3x^3} - \frac{a b^8(2Ab+9Ba)}{x^5} - \frac{15a^7b^2(8Ab+3Ba)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{30a^3b^6(4Ab+7Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^9(Ab+10Ba)}{4x^4} - \frac{21a^4b^5(5Ab+6Ba)}{4x^8} - \frac{a^{10}A}{14} + (-\frac{10}{13}a^9bA - \frac{1}{13}a^{10}B)x + (-\frac{15}{4}a^8b^2A - \frac{5}{6}a^9bB)x^2 + (-\frac{120}{11}a^7b^3A - \frac{45}{11}a^8b^2B)x^3 + (-21a^6b^4A - 12a^7b^3B)x^4 + (-28a^5b^5A - 12a^6b^4B)x^5 + (-15a^4b^6A - 5a^5b^5B)x^6 + (-10a^3b^7A - 3a^4b^6B)x^7 + (-5a^2b^8A - a^3b^7B)x^8 + (-2a^2b^8A - a^3b^7B)x^9 + (-a^2b^8A - a^3b^7B)x^{10} + (-a^2b^8A - a^3b^7B)x^{11} + (-a^2b^8A - a^3b^7B)x^{12} + (-a^2b^8A - a^3b^7B)x^{13} + (-a^2b^8A - a^3b^7B)x^{14} + (-a^2b^8A - a^3b^7B)x^{15}$
norman	
risch	
gospers	
parallelrisch	
orering	

```
input int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^15,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*b^10*B/x^3-a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)/x^5-15/11*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)/x^11-30/7*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*a)/x^7-1/4*b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)/x^4-21/4*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)/x^8-1/13*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^13-3*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)/x^10-1/14*a^10*A/x^14-5/2*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)/x^6-14/3*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)/x^9-5/12*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)/x^12
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. 2(93) = 186.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{15}} dx = -\frac{4004 Bb^{10}x^{11} + 858 Aa^{10} + 3003 (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 12012 (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^9 + 30030 (8 Ba^3b^7 + 2 Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 12012 (7 Aab^8 + 8 Aa^2b^7)x^7 + 3003 (6 Aa^3b^6 + 7 Aa^2b^7)x^6 + 12012 (5 Aa^4b^5 + 6 Aa^3b^6)x^5 + 3003 (4 Aa^5b^4 + 5 Aa^4b^5)x^4 + 12012 (3 Aa^6b^3 + 4 Aa^5b^4)x^3 + 3003 (2 Aa^7b^2 + 3 Aa^6b^3)x^2 + 12012 (Aa^8b + 2 Aa^7b^2)x + 12012 Aa^9 + 12012 Bx^{15}}$$

```
input integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^15,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/12012*(4004*B*b^10*x^11 + 858*A*a^10 + 3003*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^10
+ 12012*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 30030*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*
x^8 + 51480*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 63063*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4
*b^6)*x^6 + 56056*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 36036*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7
*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 16380*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 5005*(2*B*a^9*b
+ 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 924*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^14
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 260 vs. $2(95) = 190$.

Time = 22.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{15}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-858Aa^{10} - 4004Bb^{10}x^{11} + x^{10}(-3003Ab^{10} - 30030Bab^9) + x^9(-24024Aab^9 - 108108Ba^2b^8) + x^8(-90090Aa^2b^8 - 240240Ba^3b^7) + x^7(-205920Aa^3b^7 - 360360Ba^4b^6) + x^6(-315315Aa^4b^6 - 378378Ba^5b^5) + x^5(-336336Aa^5b^5 - 280280Ba^6b^4) + x^4(-252252Aa^6b^4 - 144144Ba^7b^3) + x^3(-131040Aa^7b^3 - 49140Ba^8b^2) + x^2(-45045Aa^8b^2 - 10010Ba^9b) + x(-9240Aa^9b - 924Ba^{10})}{(12012x^{14})}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**15,x)
```

output

```
(-858*A*a**10 - 4004*B*b**10*x**11 + x**10*(-3003*A*b**10 - 30030*B*a*b**9)
+ x**9*(-24024*A*a*b**9 - 108108*B*a**2*b**8) + x**8*(-90090*A*a**2*b**8
- 240240*B*a**3*b**7) + x**7*(-205920*A*a**3*b**7 - 360360*B*a**4*b**6) +
x**6*(-315315*A*a**4*b**6 - 378378*B*a**5*b**5) + x**5*(-336336*A*a**5*b**
*5 - 280280*B*a**6*b**4) + x**4*(-252252*A*a**6*b**4 - 144144*B*a**7*b**3)
+ x**3*(-131040*A*a**7*b**3 - 49140*B*a**8*b**2) + x**2*(-45045*A*a**8*b*
*2 - 10010*B*a**9*b) + x*(-9240*A*a**9*b - 924*B*a**10))/(12012*x**14)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(93) = 186$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{15}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4004Bb^{10}x^{11} + 858Aa^{10} + 3003(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 12012(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 + 30030(8Ba^3b^7 + 7Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 51480(7Ba^4b^6 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^7 + 63063(6Ba^5b^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^6 + 56056(5Ba^6b^4 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^5 + 36036(4Ba^7b^3 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 16380(3Ba^8b^2 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 + 5005(2Ba^9b + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 + 924(Ba^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x}{12012x^{14}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^15,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/12012*(4004*B*b^{10}*x^{11} + 858*A*a^{10} + 3003*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^{10})*x^{10} \\ & + 12012*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 30030*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)* \\ & x^8 + 51480*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 63063*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4 \\ & *b^6)*x^6 + 56056*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 36036*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7 \\ & *A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 16380*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 5005*(2*B*a^9*b \\ & + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 924*(B*a^{10} + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^{14} \end{aligned}$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(93) = 186$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{15}} dx = \frac{4004 B b^{10} x^{11} + 30030 B a b^9 x^{10} + 3003 A b^{10} x^{10} + 108108 B a^2 b^8 x^9 + 24024 A a b^9 x^9 + 240240 B a^3 b^7 x^8}{x^{14}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^15,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/12012*(4004*B*b^{10}*x^{11} + 30030*B*a*b^9*x^{10} + 3003*A*b^{10}*x^{10} + 10810 \\ & 8*B*a^2*b^8*x^9 + 24024*A*a*b^9*x^9 + 240240*B*a^3*b^7*x^8 + 90090*A*a^2*b \\ & ^8*x^8 + 360360*B*a^4*b^6*x^7 + 205920*A*a^3*b^7*x^7 + 378378*B*a^5*b^5*x^ \\ & 6 + 315315*A*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 280280*B*a^6*b^4*x^5 + 336336*A*a^5*b^5*x^5 + 1 \\ & 44144*B*a^7*b^3*x^4 + 252252*A*a^6*b^4*x^4 + 49140*B*a^8*b^2*x^3 + 131040* \\ & A*a^7*b^3*x^3 + 10010*B*a^9*b*x^2 + 45045*A*a^8*b^2*x^2 + 924*B*a^{10}*x + 9 \\ & 240*A*a^9*b*x + 858*A*a^{10})/x^{14} \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{15}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^{10}}{13} + \frac{10Aba^9}{13} \right) + \frac{Aa^{10}}{14} + x^9 (9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9) + x^2 \left(\frac{5Ba^9b}{6} + \frac{15Aa^8b^2}{4} \right) + x^{10} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{4} + \frac{5Bab^9}{2} \right)}{1092x^{14}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^15,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -(x*((B*a^{10})/13 + (10*A*a^9*b)/13) + (A*a^{10})/14 + x^9*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A \\ & *a*b^9) + x^2*((15*A*a^8*b^2)/4 + (5*B*a^9*b)/6) + x^{10}*((A*b^{10})/4 + (5*B \\ & *a*b^9)/2) + x^4*(21*A*a^6*b^4 + 12*B*a^7*b^3) + x^8*((15*A*a^2*b^8)/2 + 2 \\ & 0*B*a^3*b^7) + x^5*(28*A*a^5*b^5 + (70*B*a^6*b^4)/3) + x^7*((120*A*a^3*b^7 \\ &)/7 + 30*B*a^4*b^6) + x^6*((105*A*a^4*b^6)/4 + (63*B*a^5*b^5)/2) + x^3*((1 \\ & 20*A*a^7*b^3)/11 + (45*B*a^8*b^2)/11) + (B*b^{10}*x^{11})/3)/x^{14} \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{15}} dx = \frac{-364b^{11}x^{11} - 3003ab^{10}x^{10} - 12012a^2b^9x^9 - 30030a^3b^8x^8 - 51480a^4b^7x^7 - 63063a^5b^6x^6 - 56056a^6b^5x^5}{1092x^{14}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^15,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-78*a^{11} - 924*a^{10}*b*x - 5005*a^9*b^2*x^2 - 16380*a^8*b^3*x^3 \\ & - 36036*a^7*b^4*x^4 - 56056*a^6*b^5*x^5 - 63063*a^5*b^6*x^6 - 514 \\ & 80*a^4*b^7*x^7 - 30030*a^3*b^8*x^8 - 12012*a^2*b^9*x^9 - 3003*a*b \\ & ^{10}*x^{10} - 364*b^{11}*x^{11})/(1092*x^{14}) \end{aligned}$$

3.132 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{16}} dx$

Optimal result	952
Mathematica [A] (verified)	952
Rubi [A] (verified)	953
Maple [A] (verified)	955
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	956
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	956
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	957
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{16}} dx = -\frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}} + \frac{(4Ab-15aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{210a^2x^{14}} - \frac{b(4Ab-15aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{910a^3x^{13}} + \frac{b^2(4Ab-15aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{5460a^4x^{12}} - \frac{b^3(4Ab-15aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{60060a^5x^{11}}$$

output

```
-1/15*A*(b*x+a)^11/a/x^15+1/210*(4*A*b-15*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a^2/x^14-1/910*b
*(4*A*b-15*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a^3/x^13+1/5460*b^2*(4*A*b-15*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a
^4/x^12-1/60060*b^3*(4*A*b-15*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a^5/x^11
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{3003b^{10}x^{10}(4A+5Bx) + 20020ab^9x^9(5A+6Bx) + 64350a^2b^8x^8(6A+7Bx) + 128700a^3b^7x^7(7A+8Bx) + 182700a^4b^6x^6(8A+9Bx) + 158760a^5b^5x^5(9A+10Bx) + 105300a^6b^4x^4(10A+11Bx) + 54600a^7b^3x^3(11A+12Bx) + 20020a^8b^2x^2(12A+13Bx) + 4290a^9bx(13A+14Bx) + 650a^{10}(14A+15Bx)}{60060a^5x^{11}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^16,x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/60060*(3003*b^{10}*x^{10}*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 20020*a*b^9*x^9*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 64350*a^2*b^8*x^8*(6*A + 7*B*x) + 128700*a^3*b^7*x^7*(7*A + 8*B*x) + 175175*a^4*b^6*x^6*(8*A + 9*B*x) + 168168*a^5*b^5*x^5*(9*A + 10*B*x) + 114660*a^6*b^4*x^4*(10*A + 11*B*x) + 54600*a^7*b^3*x^3*(11*A + 12*B*x) + 17325*a^8*b^2*x^2*(12*A + 13*B*x) + 3300*a^9*b*x*(13*A + 14*B*x) + 286*a^{10}*(14*A + 15*B*x))/x^{15}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{16}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & -\frac{(4Ab - 15aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{15}} dx}{15a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{(4Ab - 15aB) \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{14}} dx}{14a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{(4Ab - 15aB) \left(-\frac{3b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{13}} dx}{13a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}} \right)}{14a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(4Ab - 15aB) \left(\frac{3b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{12}} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}}}{13a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}} \right)}{14a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}}$$

↓ 48

$$\frac{\left(\frac{3b \left(-\frac{2b \left(\frac{b(a+bx)^{11}}{132a^2x^{11}} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}} \right)}{14a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \right) (4Ab - 15aB)}{15a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^16,x]`

output `-1/15*(A*(a + b*x)^11)/(a*x^15) - ((4*A*b - 15*a*B)*(-1/14*(a + b*x)^11/(a*x^14) - (3*b*(-1/13*(a + b*x)^11/(a*x^13) - (2*b*(-1/12*(a + b*x)^11/(a*x^12) + (b*(a + b*x)^11)/(132*a^2*x^11)))/(13*a)))/(14*a)))/(15*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_]
:> Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x]
- Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))
Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^9(Ab+10Ba)}{5x^5} - \frac{30a^6b^3(7Ab+4Ba)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{a^{10}A}{15x^{15}} - \frac{15a^2b^7(3Ab+8Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{b^{10}B}{4x^4} - \frac{15a^3b^6(4Ab+7Ba)}{4x^8} - \frac{5a^8b(9Ab+13x^{13})}{13x^{13}}$
norman	$-\frac{a^{10}A}{15} + (-\frac{5}{7}a^9bA - \frac{1}{14}a^{10}B)x + (-\frac{45}{13}a^8b^2A - \frac{10}{13}a^9bB)x^2 + (-10a^7b^3A - \frac{15}{4}a^8b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{210}{11}a^6b^4A - \frac{120}{11}a^7b^3B)x^4 + (-\frac{12}{5}a^5b^5A - \frac{10}{5}a^6b^4B)x^5$
risch	$-\frac{a^{10}A}{15} + (-\frac{5}{7}a^9bA - \frac{1}{14}a^{10}B)x + (-\frac{45}{13}a^8b^2A - \frac{10}{13}a^9bB)x^2 + (-10a^7b^3A - \frac{15}{4}a^8b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{210}{11}a^6b^4A - \frac{120}{11}a^7b^3B)x^4 + (-\frac{12}{5}a^5b^5A - \frac{10}{5}a^6b^4B)x^5$
gospers	$-\frac{15015Bb^{10}x^{11} + 12012Ab^{10}x^{10} + 120120Bab^9x^{10} + 100100aAb^9x^9 + 450450Ba^2b^8x^9 + 386100a^2Ab^8x^8 + 1029600Ba^3b^7x^8 + 725760a^3a^2b^7x^7 + 150150a^4b^6x^6 + 1029600a^4b^6x^6 + 450450a^5b^5x^5 + 100100a^5b^5x^5 + 120120a^6b^4x^4 + 120120a^6b^4x^4 + 120120a^7b^3x^3 + 120120a^7b^3x^3 + 120120a^8b^2x^2 + 120120a^8b^2x^2 + 120120a^9bx + 120120a^9bx + 120120a^{10}}{15015Bb^{10}x^{11} + 12012Ab^{10}x^{10} + 120120Bab^9x^{10} + 100100aAb^9x^9 + 450450Ba^2b^8x^9 + 386100a^2Ab^8x^8 + 1029600Ba^3b^7x^8 + 725760a^3a^2b^7x^7 + 150150a^4b^6x^6 + 1029600a^4b^6x^6 + 450450a^5b^5x^5 + 100100a^5b^5x^5 + 120120a^6b^4x^4 + 120120a^6b^4x^4 + 120120a^7b^3x^3 + 120120a^7b^3x^3 + 120120a^8b^2x^2 + 120120a^8b^2x^2 + 120120a^9bx + 120120a^9bx + 120120a^{10}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{15015Bb^{10}x^{11} + 12012Ab^{10}x^{10} + 120120Bab^9x^{10} + 100100aAb^9x^9 + 450450Ba^2b^8x^9 + 386100a^2Ab^8x^8 + 1029600Ba^3b^7x^8 + 725760a^3a^2b^7x^7 + 150150a^4b^6x^6 + 1029600a^4b^6x^6 + 450450a^5b^5x^5 + 100100a^5b^5x^5 + 120120a^6b^4x^4 + 120120a^6b^4x^4 + 120120a^7b^3x^3 + 120120a^7b^3x^3 + 120120a^8b^2x^2 + 120120a^8b^2x^2 + 120120a^9bx + 120120a^9bx + 120120a^{10}}{15015Bb^{10}x^{11} + 12012Ab^{10}x^{10} + 120120Bab^9x^{10} + 100100aAb^9x^9 + 450450Ba^2b^8x^9 + 386100a^2Ab^8x^8 + 1029600Ba^3b^7x^8 + 725760a^3a^2b^7x^7 + 150150a^4b^6x^6 + 1029600a^4b^6x^6 + 450450a^5b^5x^5 + 100100a^5b^5x^5 + 120120a^6b^4x^4 + 120120a^6b^4x^4 + 120120a^7b^3x^3 + 120120a^7b^3x^3 + 120120a^8b^2x^2 + 120120a^8b^2x^2 + 120120a^9bx + 120120a^9bx + 120120a^{10}}$
orering	$-\frac{15015Bb^{10}x^{11} + 12012Ab^{10}x^{10} + 120120Bab^9x^{10} + 100100aAb^9x^9 + 450450Ba^2b^8x^9 + 386100a^2Ab^8x^8 + 1029600Ba^3b^7x^8 + 725760a^3a^2b^7x^7 + 150150a^4b^6x^6 + 1029600a^4b^6x^6 + 450450a^5b^5x^5 + 100100a^5b^5x^5 + 120120a^6b^4x^4 + 120120a^6b^4x^4 + 120120a^7b^3x^3 + 120120a^7b^3x^3 + 120120a^8b^2x^2 + 120120a^8b^2x^2 + 120120a^9bx + 120120a^9bx + 120120a^{10}}{15015Bb^{10}x^{11} + 12012Ab^{10}x^{10} + 120120Bab^9x^{10} + 100100aAb^9x^9 + 450450Ba^2b^8x^9 + 386100a^2Ab^8x^8 + 1029600Ba^3b^7x^8 + 725760a^3a^2b^7x^7 + 150150a^4b^6x^6 + 1029600a^4b^6x^6 + 450450a^5b^5x^5 + 100100a^5b^5x^5 + 120120a^6b^4x^4 + 120120a^6b^4x^4 + 120120a^7b^3x^3 + 120120a^7b^3x^3 + 120120a^8b^2x^2 + 120120a^8b^2x^2 + 120120a^9bx + 120120a^9bx + 120120a^{10}}$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^16,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/5*b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)/x^5-30/11*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)/x^11-1/15*a^10*A/x^15-15/7*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)/x^7-1/4*b^10*B/x^4-15/4*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*a)/x^8-5/13*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)/x^13-21/5*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)/x^10-1/14*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^14-5/6*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)/x^6-14/3*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)/x^9-5/4*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)/x^12
```


Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(120) = 240$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{15015 Bb^{10}x^{11} + 4004 Aa^{10} + 12012 (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 50050 (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^9 + 128700 (8 B$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^16,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/60060*(15015*B*b^{10}*x^{11} + 4004*A*a^{10} + 12012*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^{10})*x^{10} \\ & + 50050*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 128700*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 \\ & + 225225*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 280280*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 \\ & + 252252*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 163800*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 \\ & + 75075*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 23100*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 4290*(B*a^{10} + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^{15} \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 260 vs. $2(124) = 248$.

Time = 31.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{-4004Aa^{10} - 15015Bb^{10}x^{11} + x^{10}(-12012Ab^{10} - 120120Bab^9) + x^9(-100100Aab^9 - 450450Ba^2b^8) +$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**16,x)`

output

```
(-4004*A*a**10 - 15015*B*b**10*x**11 + x**10*(-12012*A*b**10 - 120120*B*a*
b**9) + x**9*(-100100*A*a*b**9 - 450450*B*a**2*b**8) + x**8*(-386100*A*a**
2*b**8 - 1029600*B*a**3*b**7) + x**7*(-900900*A*a**3*b**7 - 1576575*B*a**4
*b**6) + x**6*(-1401400*A*a**4*b**6 - 1681680*B*a**5*b**5) + x**5*(-151351
2*A*a**5*b**5 - 1261260*B*a**6*b**4) + x**4*(-1146600*A*a**6*b**4 - 655200
*B*a**7*b**3) + x**3*(-600600*A*a**7*b**3 - 225225*B*a**8*b**2) + x**2*(-2
07900*A*a**8*b**2 - 46200*B*a**9*b) + x*(-42900*A*a**9*b - 4290*B*a**10))/
(60060*x**15)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(120) = 240$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{15015 Bb^{10}x^{11} + 4004 Aa^{10} + 12012 (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 50050 (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^9 + 128700 (8 B^2a^2b^7 + 3 A^2a^2b^8)x^8 + 225225 (7 B^3a^3b^6 + 4 A^2a^3b^7)x^7 + 280280 (6 B^4a^4b^5 + 5 A^3a^4b^6)x^6 + 252252 (5 B^5a^5b^4 + 6 A^4a^5b^5)x^5 + 163800 (4 B^6a^6b^3 + 7 A^5a^6b^4)x^4 + 75075 (3 B^7a^7b^2 + 8 A^6a^7b^3)x^3 + 23100 (2 B^8a^8b + 9 A^7a^8b^2)x^2 + 4290 (B^9a^9 + 10 A^8a^9b)x}{x^{15}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^16,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/60060*(15015*B*b^10*x^11 + 4004*A*a^10 + 12012*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^
10 + 50050*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 128700*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b
^8)*x^8 + 225225*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 280280*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5
*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 252252*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 163800*(4*B*a^7
*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 75075*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 23100*(2
*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 4290*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^15
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. $2(120) = 240$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{15015 Bb^{10}x^{11} + 120120 Bab^9x^{10} + 12012 Ab^{10}x^{10} + 450450 Ba^2b^8x^9 + 100100 Aab^9x^9 + 1029600 Ba^2b^7x^8 + 225225 (7 B^3a^3b^6 + 4 A^2a^3b^7)x^7 + 280280 (6 B^4a^4b^5 + 5 A^3a^4b^6)x^6 + 252252 (5 B^5a^5b^4 + 6 A^4a^5b^5)x^5 + 163800 (4 B^6a^6b^3 + 7 A^5a^6b^4)x^4 + 75075 (3 B^7a^7b^2 + 8 A^6a^7b^3)x^3 + 23100 (2 B^8a^8b + 9 A^7a^8b^2)x^2 + 4290 (B^9a^9 + 10 A^8a^9b)x}{x^{15}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^16,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/60060*(15015*B*b^10*x^11 + 120120*B*a*b^9*x^10 + 12012*A*b^10*x^10 + 450450*B*a^2*b^8*x^9 + 100100*A*a*b^9*x^9 + 1029600*B*a^3*b^7*x^8 + 386100*A*a^2*b^8*x^8 + 1576575*B*a^4*b^6*x^7 + 900900*A*a^3*b^7*x^7 + 1681680*B*a^5*b^5*x^6 + 1401400*A*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 1261260*B*a^6*b^4*x^5 + 1513512*A*a^5*b^5*x^5 + 655200*B*a^7*b^3*x^4 + 1146600*A*a^6*b^4*x^4 + 225225*B*a^8*b^2*x^3 + 600600*A*a^7*b^3*x^3 + 46200*B*a^9*b*x^2 + 207900*A*a^8*b^2*x^2 + 4290*B*a^10*x + 42900*A*a^9*b*x + 4004*A*a^10)/x^15`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{B a^{10}}{14} + \frac{5 A b a^9}{7} \right) + \frac{A a^{10}}{15} + x^9 \left(\frac{15 B a^2 b^8}{2} + \frac{5 A a b^9}{3} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{10 B a^9 b}{13} + \frac{45 A a^8 b^2}{13} \right) + x^{10} \left(\frac{A b^{10}}{5} + 2 B a b^9 \right)}{x^{15}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^16,x)`

output `-(x*((B*a^10)/14 + (5*A*a^9*b)/7) + (A*a^10)/15 + x^9*((15*B*a^2*b^8)/2 + (5*A*a*b^9)/3) + x^2*((45*A*a^8*b^2)/13 + (10*B*a^9*b)/13) + x^10*((A*b^10)/5 + 2*B*a*b^9) + x^3*(10*A*a^7*b^3 + (15*B*a^8*b^2)/4) + x^6*((70*A*a^4*b^6)/3 + 28*B*a^5*b^5) + x^7*(15*A*a^3*b^7 + (105*B*a^4*b^6)/4) + x^5*((126*A*a^5*b^5)/5 + 21*B*a^6*b^4) + x^8*((45*A*a^2*b^8)/7 + (120*B*a^3*b^7)/7) + x^4*((210*A*a^6*b^4)/11 + (120*B*a^7*b^3)/11) + (B*b^10*x^11)/4)/x^15`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{16}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-1365b^{11}x^{11} - 12012ab^{10}x^{10} - 50050a^2b^9x^9 - 128700a^3b^8x^8 - 225225a^4b^7x^7 - 280280a^5b^6x^6 - 252252a^6b^5x^5 - 163800a^7b^4x^4 - 75075a^8b^3x^3 - 16380a^9b^2x^2 - 7507a^{10}bx - 364a^{11}}{5460x^{15}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^16,x)`output `(- 364*a**11 - 4290*a**10*b*x - 23100*a**9*b**2*x**2 - 75075*a**8*b**3*x**3 - 163800*a**7*b**4*x**4 - 252252*a**6*b**5*x**5 - 280280*a**5*b**6*x**6 - 225225*a**4*b**7*x**7 - 128700*a**3*b**8*x**8 - 50050*a**2*b**9*x**9 - 12012*a*b**10*x**10 - 1365*b**11*x**11)/(5460*x**15)`

3.133 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{17}} dx$

Optimal result	960
Mathematica [A] (verified)	961
Rubi [A] (verified)	961
Maple [A] (verified)	965
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	965
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	966
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	966
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	967
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	967
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	968

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{17}} dx = -\frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{16ax^{16}} + \frac{(5Ab-16aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{240a^2x^{15}} - \frac{b(5Ab-16aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{840a^3x^{14}} + \frac{b^2(5Ab-16aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{3640a^4x^{13}} - \frac{b^3(5Ab-16aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{21840a^5x^{12}} + \frac{b^4(5Ab-16aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{240240a^6x^{11}}$$

output

```
-1/16*A*(b*x+a)^11/a/x^16+1/240*(5*A*b-16*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a^2/x^15-1/840*b
*(5*A*b-16*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a^3/x^14+1/3640*b^2*(5*A*b-16*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a
^4/x^13-1/21840*b^3*(5*A*b-16*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a^5/x^12+1/240240*b^4*(5*A*b
-16*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a^6/x^11
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{17}} dx = -\frac{b^{10}(5A+6Bx)}{30x^6} - \frac{5ab^9(6A+7Bx)}{21x^7} - \frac{45a^2b^8(7A+8Bx)}{56x^8} - \frac{5a^3b^7(8A+9Bx)}{3x^9} - \frac{7a^4b^6(9A+10Bx)}{3x^{10}} - \frac{126a^5b^5(10A+11Bx)}{55x^{11}} - \frac{35a^6b^4(11A+12Bx)}{22x^{12}} - \frac{10a^7b^3(12A+13Bx)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{45a^8b^2(13A+14Bx)}{182x^{14}} - \frac{a^9b(14A+15Bx)}{21x^{15}} - \frac{a^{10}(15A+16Bx)}{240x^{16}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^17,x]
```

output

```
-1/30*(b^10*(5*A + 6*B*x))/x^6 - (5*a*b^9*(6*A + 7*B*x))/(21*x^7) - (45*a^2*b^8*(7*A + 8*B*x))/(56*x^8) - (5*a^3*b^7*(8*A + 9*B*x))/(3*x^9) - (7*a^4*b^6*(9*A + 10*B*x))/(3*x^10) - (126*a^5*b^5*(10*A + 11*B*x))/(55*x^11) - (35*a^6*b^4*(11*A + 12*B*x))/(22*x^12) - (10*a^7*b^3*(12*A + 13*B*x))/(13*x^13) - (45*a^8*b^2*(13*A + 14*B*x))/(182*x^14) - (a^9*b*(14*A + 15*B*x))/(21*x^15) - (a^10*(15*A + 16*B*x))/(240*x^16)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{17}} dx$$

↓ 87

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{(5Ab - 16aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{16}} dx}{16a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{16ax^{16}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & -\frac{(5Ab - 16aB) \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{15}} dx}{15a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{16ax^{16}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & -\frac{(5Ab - 16aB) \left(-\frac{4b \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{14}} dx}{14a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{16ax^{16}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & -\frac{(5Ab - 16aB) \left(-\frac{4b \left(-\frac{3b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{13}} dx}{13a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}} \right)}{14a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{16ax^{16}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(5Ab - 16aB) \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{2b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{12}} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}} \right)}{4b \left(\frac{\frac{\frac{3b \left(\frac{2b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{12}} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}} \right)}{14a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}} \right)$$

$$\frac{16a}{16ax^{16}} A(a+bx)^{11}$$

48

$$\left(\frac{4b \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{2b \left(\frac{b(a+bx)^{11}}{132a^2x^{11}} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}} \right)}{14a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}} \right) (5Ab - 16aB)$$

$$\frac{16a}{16ax^{16}} A(a+bx)^{11}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^17,x]`

output

$$-1/16*(A*(a + b*x)^{11}/(a*x^{16}) - ((5*A*b - 16*a*B)*(-1/15*(a + b*x)^{11}/(a*x^{15}) - (4*b*(-1/14*(a + b*x)^{11}/(a*x^{14}) - (3*b*(-1/13*(a + b*x)^{11}/(a*x^{13}) - (2*b*(-1/12*(a + b*x)^{11}/(a*x^{12}) + (b*(a + b*x)^{11}/(132*a^2*x^{11}))/((13*a)))/((14*a)))/((15*a)))/((16*a)))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))}, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 55

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))}, x] - \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{\text{Simplify}[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] \ || \ !\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1])$$

rule 87

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)/((f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))}, x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/((f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^{10}B}{5x^5} - \frac{42a^5b^4(6Ab+5Ba)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{a^9(10Ab+Ba)}{15x^{15}} - \frac{5ab^8(2Ab+9Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{15a^2b^7(3Ab+8Ba)}{8x^8} - \frac{15a^7b^2(8Ab+3Ba)}{13x^{13}} -$
norman	$-\frac{a^{10}A}{16} + (-\frac{2}{3}a^9bA - \frac{1}{15}a^{10}B)x + (-\frac{45}{14}a^8b^2A - \frac{5}{7}a^9bB)x^2 + (-\frac{120}{13}a^7b^3A - \frac{45}{13}a^8b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{35}{2}a^6b^4A - 10a^7b^3B)x^4 + (-\frac{252}{11}$
risch	$-\frac{a^{10}A}{16} + (-\frac{2}{3}a^9bA - \frac{1}{15}a^{10}B)x + (-\frac{45}{14}a^8b^2A - \frac{5}{7}a^9bB)x^2 + (-\frac{120}{13}a^7b^3A - \frac{45}{13}a^8b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{35}{2}a^6b^4A - 10a^7b^3B)x^4 + (-\frac{252}{11}$
gospers	$-\frac{48048Bb^{10}x^{11} + 40040Ab^{10}x^{10} + 400400Bab^9x^{10} + 343200aAb^9x^9 + 1544400Ba^2b^8x^9 + 1351350a^2Ab^8x^8 + 3603600Ba^3b^7x^8 + 2522520a^3Ab^7x^7 + 756756a^4b^6x^7 + 1511512a^4Ab^6x^6 + 252252a^5b^5x^6 + 100800a^5Ab^5x^5 + 1511512a^6b^4x^5 + 756756a^6Ab^4x^4 + 1511512a^7b^3x^4 + 756756a^7Ab^3x^3 + 1511512a^8b^2x^3 + 756756a^8Ab^2x^2 + 1511512a^9b^1x^2 + 756756a^9Ab^1x^1 + 1511512a^{10}x^1 + 1511512A}{1511512}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{48048Bb^{10}x^{11} + 40040Ab^{10}x^{10} + 400400Bab^9x^{10} + 343200aAb^9x^9 + 1544400Ba^2b^8x^9 + 1351350a^2Ab^8x^8 + 3603600Ba^3b^7x^8 + 2522520a^3Ab^7x^7 + 756756a^4b^6x^7 + 1511512a^4Ab^6x^6 + 252252a^5b^5x^6 + 100800a^5Ab^5x^5 + 1511512a^6b^4x^5 + 756756a^6Ab^4x^4 + 1511512a^7b^3x^4 + 756756a^7Ab^3x^3 + 1511512a^8b^2x^3 + 756756a^8Ab^2x^2 + 1511512a^9b^1x^2 + 756756a^9Ab^1x^1 + 1511512a^{10}x^1 + 1511512A}{1511512}$
orering	$-\frac{48048Bb^{10}x^{11} + 40040Ab^{10}x^{10} + 400400Bab^9x^{10} + 343200aAb^9x^9 + 1544400Ba^2b^8x^9 + 1351350a^2Ab^8x^8 + 3603600Ba^3b^7x^8 + 2522520a^3Ab^7x^7 + 756756a^4b^6x^7 + 1511512a^4Ab^6x^6 + 252252a^5b^5x^6 + 100800a^5Ab^5x^5 + 1511512a^6b^4x^5 + 756756a^6Ab^4x^4 + 1511512a^7b^3x^4 + 756756a^7Ab^3x^3 + 1511512a^8b^2x^3 + 756756a^8Ab^2x^2 + 1511512a^9b^1x^2 + 756756a^9Ab^1x^1 + 1511512a^{10}x^1 + 1511512A}{1511512}$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^17,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{1}{5}b^{10}B/x^5 - \frac{42}{11}a^5b^4(6A*b+5B*a)/x^{11} - \frac{1}{15}a^9(10A*b+B*a)/x^{15} - \frac{5}{7}a*b^8(2A*b+9B*a)/x^7 - \frac{15}{8}a^2b^7(3A*b+8B*a)/x^8 - \frac{15}{13}a^7b^2(8A*b+3B*a)/x^{13} - \frac{21}{5}a^4b^5(5A*b+6B*a)/x^{10} - \frac{5}{14}a^8b*(9A*b+2B*a)/x^{14} - \frac{1}{6}b^9(A*b+10B*a)/x^6 - \frac{10}{3}a^3b^6(4A*b+7B*a)/x^9 - \frac{1}{16}a^{10}A/x^{16} - \frac{5}{2}a^6b^3(7A*b+4B*a)/x^{12}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{17}} dx = -\frac{48048 Bb^{10}x^{11} + 15015 Aa^{10} + 40040 (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 171600 (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^9 + 450450 (8 A^2b^7 + 10 Aab^8 + 5 A^2b^7)x^8 + 100800 (7 A^2b^6 + 10 Aab^7)x^7 + 1511512 (6 A^2b^5 + 10 Aab^6)x^6 + 100800 (5 A^2b^4 + 10 Aab^5)x^5 + 1511512 (4 A^2b^3 + 10 Aab^4)x^4 + 100800 (3 A^2b^2 + 10 Aab^3)x^3 + 1511512 (2 A^2b + 10 Aab^2)x^2 + 100800 (A^2 + 10 Aab)x + 1511512 A}{1511512}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^17,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/240240*(48048*B*b^10*x^11 + 15015*A*a^10 + 40040*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*
x^10 + 171600*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 450450*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^
2*b^8)*x^8 + 800800*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 1009008*(6*B*a^5*b^5
+ 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 917280*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 600600*(4*B
*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 277200*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 858
00*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 16016*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^16
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 43.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{17}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-15015Aa^{10} - 48048Bb^{10}x^{11} + x^{10}(-40040Ab^{10} - 400400Bab^9) + x^9(-343200Aab^9 - 1544400Ba^2b^8)}{x^{16}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**17,x)
```

output

```
(-15015*A*a**10 - 48048*B*b**10*x**11 + x**10*(-40040*A*b**10 - 400400*B*a
*b**9) + x**9*(-343200*A*a*b**9 - 1544400*B*a**2*b**8) + x**8*(-1351350*A*
a**2*b**8 - 3603600*B*a**3*b**7) + x**7*(-3203200*A*a**3*b**7 - 5605600*B*
a**4*b**6) + x**6*(-5045040*A*a**4*b**6 - 6054048*B*a**5*b**5) + x**5*(-55
03680*A*a**5*b**5 - 4586400*B*a**6*b**4) + x**4*(-4204200*A*a**6*b**4 - 24
02400*B*a**7*b**3) + x**3*(-2217600*A*a**7*b**3 - 831600*B*a**8*b**2) + x*
*2*(-772200*A*a**8*b**2 - 171600*B*a**9*b) + x*(-160160*A*a**9*b - 16016*B
*a**10))/(240240*x**16)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{17}} dx =$$

$$\frac{48048 Bb^{10}x^{11} + 15015 Aa^{10} + 40040 (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 171600 (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^9 + 450450 (8 Ba^3b^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 800800 (7 Ba^4b^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^7 + 1009008 (6 Ba^5b^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^6 + 917280 (5 Ba^6b^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^5 + 600600 (4 Ba^7b^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 277200 (3 Ba^8b^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^3 + 85800 (2 Ba^9b + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^2 + 16016 (Ba^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x}{x^{16}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^17,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/240240*(48048*B*b^10*x^11 + 15015*A*a^10 + 40040*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*
x^10 + 171600*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 450450*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^
2*b^8)*x^8 + 800800*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 1009008*(6*B*a^5*b^5
+ 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 917280*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 600600*(4*B
*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 277200*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 858
00*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 16016*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^16
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{17}} dx = \frac{48048 Bb^{10}x^{11} + 400400 Bab^9x^{10} + 40040 Ab^{10}x^{10} + 1544400 Ba^2b^8x^9 + 343200 Aab^9x^9 + 3603600 Bb^9x^8 + 1351350 Aa^2b^8x^8 + 5605600 Bb^8x^8 + 3203200 Aa^3b^7x^7 + 6054048 Bb^7x^7 + 6054048 Aa^4b^6x^6 + 5045040 Bb^6x^6 + 4586400 Aa^5b^5x^5 + 5503680 Bb^5x^5 + 2402400 Aa^6b^4x^4 + 4204200 Aa^6b^4x^4 + 831600 Bb^4x^4 + 831600 Aa^7b^3x^3 + 2217600 Aa^7b^3x^3 + 171600 Bb^3x^3 + 772200 Aa^8b^2x^2 + 772200 Aa^8b^2x^2 + 16016 Bb^2x^2 + 160160 Aa^9bx^2 + 15015 Aa^10)/x^{16}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^17,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/240240*(48048*B*b^10*x^11 + 400400*B*a*b^9*x^10 + 40040*A*b^10*x^10 + 1
544400*B*a^2*b^8*x^9 + 343200*A*a*b^9*x^9 + 3603600*B*a^3*b^7*x^8 + 135135
0*A*a^2*b^8*x^8 + 5605600*B*a^4*b^6*x^7 + 3203200*A*a^3*b^7*x^7 + 6054048*
B*a^5*b^5*x^6 + 5045040*A*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 4586400*B*a^6*b^4*x^5 + 5503680*A
a^5*b^5*x^5 + 2402400*B*a^7*b^3*x^4 + 4204200*A*a^6*b^4*x^4 + 831600*B*a^8
*b^2*x^3 + 2217600*A*a^7*b^3*x^3 + 171600*B*a^9*b*x^2 + 772200*A*a^8*b^2*x
^2 + 16016*B*a^10*x + 160160*A*a^9*b*x + 15015*A*a^10)/x^16
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{17}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^{10}}{15} + \frac{2Aba^9}{3} \right) + \frac{Aa^{10}}{16} + x^2 \left(\frac{5Ba^9b}{7} + \frac{45Aa^8b^2}{14} \right) + x^9 \left(\frac{45Ba^2b^8}{7} + \frac{10Aab^9}{7} \right) + x^{10} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{6} + \frac{5Bab^9}{3} \right) + \dots}{x^{16}}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^17,x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -(x*((B*a^{10})/15 + (2*A*a^9*b)/3) + (A*a^{10})/16 + x^2*((45*A*a^8*b^2)/14 + \\
& (5*B*a^9*b)/7) + x^9*((45*B*a^2*b^8)/7 + (10*A*a*b^9)/7) + x^{10}*((A*b^{10}) \\
& /6 + (5*B*a*b^9)/3) + x^4*((35*A*a^6*b^4)/2 + 10*B*a^7*b^3) + x^8*((45*A*a^2*b^8)/8 + 15*B*a^3*b^7) \\
& + x^7*((40*A*a^3*b^7)/3 + (70*B*a^4*b^6)/3) + x^6*(21*A*a^4*b^6 + (126*B*a^5*b^5)/5) + x^3*((120*A*a^7*b^3)/13 + (45*B*a^8 \\
& *b^2)/13) + x^5*((252*A*a^5*b^5)/11 + (210*B*a^6*b^4)/11) + (B*b^{10}*x^{11})/ \\
& 5)/x^{16}
\end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{17}} dx \\
& = \frac{-4368b^{11}x^{11} - 40040ab^{10}x^{10} - 171600a^2b^9x^9 - 450450a^3b^8x^8 - 800800a^4b^7x^7 - 1009008a^5b^6x^6 - 917280a^6b^5x^5 - 800800a^7b^4x^4 - 450450a^8b^3x^3 - 171600a^9b^2x^2 - 277200a^{10}bx - 1365a^{11}}{21840x^{16}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

`int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^17,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (-1365*a^{11} - 16016*a^{10}*b*x - 85800*a^9*b^2*x^2 - 277200*a^8*b^3 \\
& *x^3 - 600600*a^7*b^4*x^4 - 917280*a^6*b^5*x^5 - 1009008*a^5*b^6* \\
& x^6 - 800800*a^4*b^7*x^7 - 450450*a^3*b^8*x^8 - 171600*a^2*b^9*x^ \\
& *9 - 40040*a*b^{10}*x^{10} - 4368*b^{11}*x^{11})/(21840*x^{16})
\end{aligned}$$

3.134 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{18}} dx$

Optimal result	969
Mathematica [A] (verified)	970
Rubi [A] (verified)	970
Maple [A] (verified)	975
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	976
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	976
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	977
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	978
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	978
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	979

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{18}} dx = -\frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{17ax^{17}} + \frac{(6Ab-17aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{272a^2x^{16}} - \frac{b(6Ab-17aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{816a^3x^{15}} + \frac{b^2(6Ab-17aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{2856a^4x^{14}} - \frac{b^3(6Ab-17aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{12376a^5x^{13}} + \frac{b^4(6Ab-17aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{74256a^6x^{12}} - \frac{b^5(6Ab-17aB)(a+bx)^{11}}{816816a^7x^{11}}$$

output

```
-1/17*A*(b*x+a)^11/a/x^17+1/272*(6*A*b-17*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a^2/x^16-1/816*b
*(6*A*b-17*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a^3/x^15+1/2856*b^2*(6*A*b-17*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a
^4/x^14-1/12376*b^3*(6*A*b-17*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a^5/x^13+1/74256*b^4*(6*A*b-
17*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a^6/x^12-1/816816*b^5*(6*A*b-17*B*a)*(b*x+a)^11/a^7/x^1
1
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{18}} dx = -\frac{b^{10}(6A+7Bx)}{42x^7} - \frac{5ab^9(7A+8Bx)}{28x^8} - \frac{5a^2b^8(8A+9Bx)}{8x^9} \\ - \frac{4a^3b^7(9A+10Bx)}{3x^{10}} - \frac{21a^4b^6(10A+11Bx)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{21a^5b^5(11A+12Bx)}{11x^{12}} - \frac{35a^6b^4(12A+13Bx)}{26x^{13}} \\ - \frac{60a^7b^3(13A+14Bx)}{91x^{14}} - \frac{3a^8b^2(14A+15Bx)}{14x^{15}} - \frac{a^9b(15A+16Bx)}{24x^{16}} - \frac{a^{10}(16A+17Bx)}{272x^{17}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^18,x]
```

output

```
-1/42*(b^10*(6*A + 7*B*x))/x^7 - (5*a*b^9*(7*A + 8*B*x))/(28*x^8) - (5*a^2
*b^8*(8*A + 9*B*x))/(8*x^9) - (4*a^3*b^7*(9*A + 10*B*x))/(3*x^10) - (21*a^
4*b^6*(10*A + 11*B*x))/(11*x^11) - (21*a^5*b^5*(11*A + 12*B*x))/(11*x^12)
- (35*a^6*b^4*(12*A + 13*B*x))/(26*x^13) - (60*a^7*b^3*(13*A + 14*B*x))/(9
1*x^14) - (3*a^8*b^2*(14*A + 15*B*x))/(14*x^15) - (a^9*b*(15*A + 16*B*x))/
(24*x^16) - (a^10*(16*A + 17*B*x))/(272*x^17)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{18}} dx \\ \downarrow 87$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{(6Ab - 17aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{17}} dx}{17a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{17ax^{17}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & -\frac{(6Ab - 17aB) \left(-\frac{5b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{16}} dx}{16a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{16ax^{16}} \right)}{17a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{17ax^{17}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & -\frac{(6Ab - 17aB) \left(-\frac{5b \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{15}} dx}{15a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{16ax^{16}} \right)}{17a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{17ax^{17}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & -\frac{(6Ab - 17aB) \left(-\frac{5b \left(-\frac{4b \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{14}} dx}{14a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{16ax^{16}} \right)}{17a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{17ax^{17}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\begin{aligned} & \left(\begin{aligned} & 3b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{13a} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}}}{14a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \right) \\ & 4b \left(-\frac{ \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{13a} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}}}{14a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}} \right) \\ & 5b \left(-\frac{ \left(-\frac{ \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{13a} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}}}{14a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{16ax^{16}} \right) \end{aligned} \right) \\ & (6Ab - 17aB) \left(-\frac{ \left(-\frac{ \left(-\frac{ \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{13a} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}}}{14a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{16ax^{16}} \right)}{} \right) \end{aligned} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{17a}{17ax^{17}} A(a+bx)^{11}$$

↓ 55

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\begin{aligned} & \left(\begin{aligned} & \left(\begin{aligned} & 2b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{12}} dx}{12a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}} \right) \\ & 3b - \frac{\phantom{2b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{12}} dx}{12a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}} \right)}}{13a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}} \end{aligned} \right) \\ & 4b - \frac{\phantom{2b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{12}} dx}{12a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}} \right)}}{14a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \end{aligned} \right) \\ & 5b - \frac{\phantom{2b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{12}} dx}{12a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}} \right)}}{15a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}} \end{aligned} \right) \\ & (6Ab - 17aB) - \frac{\phantom{2b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}}{x^{12}} dx}{12a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}} \right)}}{16a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{16ax^{16}} \end{aligned} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{17ax^{17}}$$

\downarrow 48

$$\left(\frac{5b}{16a} \left(\frac{4b}{15a} \left(\frac{3b}{14a} \left(\frac{2b \left(\frac{b(a+bx)^{11}}{132a^2x^{11}} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{12ax^{12}} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{13ax^{13}}}{14a} - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{14ax^{14}} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{15ax^{15}} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{11}}{16ax^{16}} \right) \right) (6Ab - 17aB)$$

$$\frac{A(a+bx)^{11}}{17ax^{17}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^18,x]`

output `-1/17*(A*(a + b*x)^11)/(a*x^17) - ((6*A*b - 17*a*B)*(-1/16*(a + b*x)^11/(a*x^16) - (5*b*(-1/15*(a + b*x)^11/(a*x^15) - (4*b*(-1/14*(a + b*x)^11/(a*x^14) - (3*b*(-1/13*(a + b*x)^11/(a*x^13) - (2*b*(-1/12*(a + b*x)^11/(a*x^12) + (b*(a + b*x)^11)/(132*a^2*x^11)))/(13*a)))/(14*a)))/(15*a)))/(16*a)))/(17*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 48 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 55 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
default	$-\frac{42a^4b^5(5Ab+6Ba)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{a^8b(9Ab+2Ba)}{3x^{15}} - \frac{b^9(Ab+10Ba)}{7x^7} - \frac{5ab^8(2Ab+9Ba)}{8x^8} - \frac{30a^6b^3(7Ab+4Ba)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{3a^3b^6(4Ab+7Ba)}{x^{10}}$
norman	$-\frac{a^{10}A}{17} + (-\frac{5}{8}a^9bA - \frac{1}{16}a^{10}B)x + (-3a^8b^2A - \frac{2}{3}a^9bB)x^2 + (-\frac{60}{7}a^7b^3A - \frac{45}{14}a^8b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{210}{13}a^6b^4A - \frac{120}{13}a^7b^3B)x^4 + (-21a^5b^5A - \frac{105}{13}a^6b^4B)x^5 + (-\frac{105}{13}a^4b^6A - \frac{105}{13}a^5b^5B)x^6 + (-\frac{105}{13}a^3b^7A - \frac{105}{13}a^4b^6B)x^7 + (-\frac{105}{13}a^2b^8A - \frac{105}{13}a^3b^7B)x^8 + (-\frac{105}{13}ab^9A - \frac{105}{13}a^2b^8B)x^9 + (-\frac{105}{13}a^0b^{10}A - \frac{105}{13}a^1b^9B)x^{10} + (-\frac{105}{13}a^1b^9A - \frac{105}{13}a^0b^{10}B)x^{11}$
risch	$-\frac{a^{10}A}{17} + (-\frac{5}{8}a^9bA - \frac{1}{16}a^{10}B)x + (-3a^8b^2A - \frac{2}{3}a^9bB)x^2 + (-\frac{60}{7}a^7b^3A - \frac{45}{14}a^8b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{210}{13}a^6b^4A - \frac{120}{13}a^7b^3B)x^4 + (-21a^5b^5A - \frac{105}{13}a^6b^4B)x^5 + (-\frac{105}{13}a^4b^6A - \frac{105}{13}a^5b^5B)x^6 + (-\frac{105}{13}a^3b^7A - \frac{105}{13}a^4b^6B)x^7 + (-\frac{105}{13}a^2b^8A - \frac{105}{13}a^3b^7B)x^8 + (-\frac{105}{13}ab^9A - \frac{105}{13}a^2b^8B)x^9 + (-\frac{105}{13}a^0b^{10}A - \frac{105}{13}a^1b^9B)x^{10} + (-\frac{105}{13}a^1b^9A - \frac{105}{13}a^0b^{10}B)x^{11}$
gospers	$-\frac{136136Bb^{10}x^{11} + 116688Ab^{10}x^{10} + 1166880Bab^9x^{10} + 1021020aAb^9x^9 + 4594590Ba^2b^8x^9 + 4084080a^2Ab^8x^8 + 10890880a^3b^7x^8 + 10890880a^4b^6x^7 + 10890880a^5b^5x^6 + 10890880a^6b^4x^5 + 10890880a^7b^3x^4 + 10890880a^8b^2x^3 + 10890880a^9bx^2 + 10890880a^{10}Ax + 10890880A^2}{10890880}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{136136Bb^{10}x^{11} + 116688Ab^{10}x^{10} + 1166880Bab^9x^{10} + 1021020aAb^9x^9 + 4594590Ba^2b^8x^9 + 4084080a^2Ab^8x^8 + 10890880a^3b^7x^8 + 10890880a^4b^6x^7 + 10890880a^5b^5x^6 + 10890880a^6b^4x^5 + 10890880a^7b^3x^4 + 10890880a^8b^2x^3 + 10890880a^9bx^2 + 10890880a^{10}Ax + 10890880A^2}{10890880}$
orering	$-\frac{136136Bb^{10}x^{11} + 116688Ab^{10}x^{10} + 1166880Bab^9x^{10} + 1021020aAb^9x^9 + 4594590Ba^2b^8x^9 + 4084080a^2Ab^8x^8 + 10890880a^3b^7x^8 + 10890880a^4b^6x^7 + 10890880a^5b^5x^6 + 10890880a^6b^4x^5 + 10890880a^7b^3x^4 + 10890880a^8b^2x^3 + 10890880a^9bx^2 + 10890880a^{10}Ax + 10890880A^2}{10890880}$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^18,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-42/11a^4b^5(5A*b+6B*a)/x^{11}-1/3a^8b(9A*b+2B*a)/x^{15}-1/7b^9(A*b+10B*a)/x^7-5/8a*b^8(2A*b+9B*a)/x^8-30/13a^6b^3(7A*b+4B*a)/x^{13}-3a^3b^6(4A*b+7B*a)/x^{10}-15/14a^7b^2(8A*b+3B*a)/x^{14}-1/17a^{10}A/x^{17}-1/6b^{10}B/x^6-5/3a^2b^7(3A*b+8B*a)/x^9-1/16a^9(10A*b+B*a)/x^{16}-7/2a^5b^4(6A*b+5B*a)/x^{12}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{18}} dx = \frac{136136 B b^{10} x^{11} + 48048 A a^{10} + 116688 (10 B a b^9 + A b^{10}) x^{10} + 510510 (9 B a^2 b^8 + 2 A a b^9) x^9 + 1361360 (8 B a^3 b^7 + 3 A a^2 b^8) x^8 + 2450448 (7 B a^4 b^6 + 4 A a^3 b^7) x^7 + 3118752 (6 B a^5 b^5 + 5 A a^4 b^6) x^6 + 2858856 (5 B a^6 b^4 + 6 A a^5 b^5) x^5 + 1884960 (4 B a^7 b^3 + 7 A a^6 b^4) x^4 + 875160 (3 B a^8 b^2 + 8 A a^7 b^3) x^3 + 272272 (2 B a^9 b + 9 A a^8 b^2) x^2 + 51051 (B a^{10} + 10 A a^9 b) x}{x^{17}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^18,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/816816*(136136B*b^{10}*x^{11} + 48048A*a^{10} + 116688*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^{10})*x^{10} + 510510*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 1361360*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + 2450448*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 3118752*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 2858856*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 1884960*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 875160*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 272272*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 51051*(B*a^{10} + 10*A*a^9*b)*x/x^{17}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 68.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{18}} dx = \frac{-48048Aa^{10} - 136136Bb^{10}x^{11} + x^{10}(-116688Ab^{10} - 1166880Bab^9) + x^9(-1021020Aab^9 - 4594590Ba^2b^8) + x^8(-1021020Aab^9 - 4594590Ba^2b^8) + x^7(-1021020Aab^9 - 4594590Ba^2b^8) + x^6(-1021020Aab^9 - 4594590Ba^2b^8) + x^5(-1021020Aab^9 - 4594590Ba^2b^8) + x^4(-1021020Aab^9 - 4594590Ba^2b^8) + x^3(-1021020Aab^9 - 4594590Ba^2b^8) + x^2(-1021020Aab^9 - 4594590Ba^2b^8) + x(-1021020Aab^9 - 4594590Ba^2b^8)}{x^{17}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**18,x)`

output $(-48048Aa^{10} - 136136Bb^{10}x^{11} + x^{10}(-116688Ab^{10} - 1166880Bab^9) + x^9(-1021020Aa^9b - 4594590Bb^8a^2) + x^8(-4084080Aa^8b^2 - 10890880Bb^7a^3) + x^7(-9801792Aa^7b^3 - 17153136Bb^6a^4) + x^6(-15593760Aa^6b^4 - 18712512Bb^5a^5) + x^5(-17153136Aa^5b^5 - 14294280Bb^4a^6) + x^4(-13194720Aa^4b^6 - 7539840Bb^3a^7) + x^3(-7001280Aa^3b^7 - 2625480Bb^2a^8) + x^2(-2450448Aa^2b^8 - 544544Bb^1a^9) + x(-510510Aa^1b^9 - 51051Bb^0a^{10}))/816816x^{17}$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{18}} dx = \frac{136136 Bb^{10}x^{11} + 48048 Aa^{10} + 116688 (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 510510 (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^9 + 1361360 (8 Bb^7a^3 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 2450448 (7 Bb^6a^4 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^7 + 3118752 (6 Bb^5a^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^6 + 2858856 (5 Bb^4a^6 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^5 + 1884960 (4 Bb^3a^7 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 875160 (3 Bb^2a^8 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^3 + 272272 (2 Bb^1a^9 + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^2 + 51051 (Bb^0a^{10} + 10 Aa^9b)x}{x^{17}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^18,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-1/816816*(136136Bb^{10}x^{11} + 48048Aa^{10} + 116688*(10Bb^9a + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 510510*(9Bb^8a^2 + 2Aa^9b)x^9 + 1361360*(8Bb^7a^3 + 3Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 2450448*(7Bb^6a^4 + 4Aa^3b^7)x^7 + 3118752*(6Bb^5a^5 + 5Aa^4b^6)x^6 + 2858856*(5Bb^4a^6 + 6Aa^5b^5)x^5 + 1884960*(4Bb^3a^7 + 7Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 875160*(3Bb^2a^8 + 8Aa^7b^3)x^3 + 272272*(2Bb^1a^9 + 9Aa^8b^2)x^2 + 51051*(Bb^0a^{10} + 10Aa^9b)x)/x^{17}$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{18}} dx =$$

$$136136 Bb^{10}x^{11} + 1166880 Bab^9x^{10} + 116688 Ab^{10}x^{10} + 4594590 Ba^2b^8x^9 + 1021020 Aab^9x^9 + 10890$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^18,x, algorithm="giac")`output

```
-1/816816*(136136*B*b^10*x^11 + 1166880*B*a*b^9*x^10 + 116688*A*b^10*x^10
+ 4594590*B*a^2*b^8*x^9 + 1021020*A*a*b^9*x^9 + 10890880*B*a^3*b^7*x^8 + 4
084080*A*a^2*b^8*x^8 + 17153136*B*a^4*b^6*x^7 + 9801792*A*a^3*b^7*x^7 + 18
712512*B*a^5*b^5*x^6 + 15593760*A*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 14294280*B*a^6*b^4*x^5 + 1
7153136*A*a^5*b^5*x^5 + 7539840*B*a^7*b^3*x^4 + 13194720*A*a^6*b^4*x^4 + 2
625480*B*a^8*b^2*x^3 + 7001280*A*a^7*b^3*x^3 + 544544*B*a^9*b*x^2 + 245044
8*A*a^8*b^2*x^2 + 51051*B*a^10*x + 510510*A*a^9*b*x + 48048*A*a^10)/x^17
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{18}} dx =$$

$$x \left(\frac{Ba^{10}}{16} + \frac{5Aba^9}{8} \right) + \frac{Aa^{10}}{17} + x^2 \left(\frac{2Ba^9b}{3} + 3Aa^8b^2 \right) + x^9 \left(\frac{45Ba^2b^8}{8} + \frac{5Aab^9}{4} \right) + x^{10} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{7} + \frac{10Bab^9}{7} \right) -$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^18,x)`output

```
-(x*((B*a^10)/16 + (5*A*a^9*b)/8) + (A*a^10)/17 + x^2*(3*A*a^8*b^2 + (2*B*
a^9*b)/3) + x^9*((45*B*a^2*b^8)/8 + (5*A*a*b^9)/4) + x^10*((A*b^10)/7 + (1
0*B*a*b^9)/7) + x^7*(12*A*a^3*b^7 + 21*B*a^4*b^6) + x^8*(5*A*a^2*b^8 + (40
*B*a^3*b^7)/3) + x^5*(21*A*a^5*b^5 + (35*B*a^6*b^4)/2) + x^3*((60*A*a^7*b^
3)/7 + (45*B*a^8*b^2)/14) + x^4*((210*A*a^6*b^4)/13 + (120*B*a^7*b^3)/13)
+ x^6*((210*A*a^4*b^6)/11 + (252*B*a^5*b^5)/11) + (B*b^10*x^11)/6)/x^17
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{18}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12376b^{11}x^{11} - 116688ab^{10}x^{10} - 510510a^2b^9x^9 - 1361360a^3b^8x^8 - 2450448a^4b^7x^7 - 3118752a^5b^6x^6 - 2722720a^6b^5x^5 - 1884960a^7b^4x^4 - 875160a^8b^3x^3 - 245044a^9b^2x^2 - 136136a^{10}bx - 4368a^{11}}{74256x^{17}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^18,x)`output `(- 4368*a**11 - 51051*a**10*b*x - 272272*a**9*b**2*x**2 - 875160*a**8*b**3*x**3 - 1884960*a**7*b**4*x**4 - 2858856*a**6*b**5*x**5 - 3118752*a**5*b**6*x**6 - 2450448*a**4*b**7*x**7 - 1361360*a**3*b**8*x**8 - 510510*a**2*b**9*x**9 - 116688*a*b**10*x**10 - 12376*b**11*x**11)/(74256*x**17)`

3.135 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{19}} dx$

Optimal result	980
Mathematica [A] (verified)	981
Rubi [A] (verified)	981
Maple [A] (verified)	983
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	983
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	984
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	984
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	985
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	986
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	986

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 229

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{19}} dx = -\frac{a^{10}A}{18x^{18}} - \frac{a^9(10Ab+aB)}{17x^{17}} - \frac{5a^8b(9Ab+2aB)}{16x^{16}} - \frac{a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)}{x^{15}} - \frac{15a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)}{7x^{14}} - \frac{42a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{7a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)}{2x^{12}} - \frac{30a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{3a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)}{2x^{10}} - \frac{5ab^8(2Ab+9aB)}{9x^9} - \frac{b^9(Ab+10aB)}{8x^8} - \frac{b^{10}B}{7x^7}$$

output

```
-1/18*a^10*A/x^18-1/17*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^17-5/16*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)/x^16
-a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)/x^15-15/7*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)/x^14-42/13*a^5*b^4*
(6*A*b+5*B*a)/x^13-7/2*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)/x^12-30/11*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B
*a)/x^11-3/2*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)/x^10-5/9*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)/x^9-1/8*b^
9*(A*b+10*B*a)/x^8-1/7*b^10*B/x^7
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{19}} dx = -\frac{b^{10}(7A+8Bx)}{56x^8} - \frac{5ab^9(8A+9Bx)}{36x^9} - \frac{a^2b^8(9A+10Bx)}{2x^{10}} \\ - \frac{12a^3b^7(10A+11Bx)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{35a^4b^6(11A+12Bx)}{22x^{12}} \\ - \frac{21a^5b^5(12A+13Bx)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{15a^6b^4(13A+14Bx)}{13x^{14}} \\ - \frac{4a^7b^3(14A+15Bx)}{7x^{15}} - \frac{3a^8b^2(15A+16Bx)}{16x^{16}} \\ - \frac{5a^9b(16A+17Bx)}{136x^{17}} - \frac{a^{10}(17A+18Bx)}{306x^{18}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^19,x]
```

output

```
-1/56*(b^10*(7*A + 8*B*x))/x^8 - (5*a*b^9*(8*A + 9*B*x))/(36*x^9) - (a^2*b^8*(9*A + 10*B*x))/(2*x^10) - (12*a^3*b^7*(10*A + 11*B*x))/(11*x^11) - (35*a^4*b^6*(11*A + 12*B*x))/(22*x^12) - (21*a^5*b^5*(12*A + 13*B*x))/(13*x^13) - (15*a^6*b^4*(13*A + 14*B*x))/(13*x^14) - (4*a^7*b^3*(14*A + 15*B*x))/(7*x^15) - (3*a^8*b^2*(15*A + 16*B*x))/(16*x^16) - (5*a^9*b*(16*A + 17*B*x))/(136*x^17) - (a^10*(17*A + 18*B*x))/(306*x^18)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{19}} dx \\ \downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^{10}A}{x^{19}} + \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{x^{18}} + \frac{5a^8b(2aB + 9Ab)}{x^{17}} + \frac{15a^7b^2(3aB + 8Ab)}{x^{16}} + \frac{30a^6b^3(4aB + 7Ab)}{x^{15}} + \frac{42a^5b^4(5aB + 6Ab)}{x^{14}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^{10}A}{18x^{18}} - \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{17x^{17}} - \frac{5a^8b(2aB + 9Ab)}{16x^{16}} - \frac{a^7b^2(3aB + 8Ab)}{x^{15}} - \frac{15a^6b^3(4aB + 7Ab)}{7x^{14}} - \frac{42a^5b^4(5aB + 6Ab)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{7a^4b^5(6aB + 5Ab)}{2x^{12}} - \frac{30a^3b^6(7aB + 4Ab)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{3a^2b^7(8aB + 3Ab)}{2x^{10}} - \frac{b^9(10aB + Ab)}{8x^8} - \frac{5ab^8(9aB + 2Ab)}{9x^9} - \frac{b^{10}B}{7x^7}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^19,x]`

output `-1/18*(a^10*A)/x^18 - (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B))/(17*x^17) - (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B))/(16*x^16) - (a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B))/x^15 - (15*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B))/(7*x^14) - (42*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B))/(13*x^13) - (7*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B))/(2*x^12) - (30*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B))/(11*x^11) - (3*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B))/(2*x^10) - (5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B))/(9*x^9) - (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B))/(8*x^8) - (b^10*B)/(7*x^7)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

output

```
-1/2450448*(350064*B*b^10*x^11 + 136136*A*a^10 + 306306*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^
10)*x^10 + 1361360*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 3675672*(8*B*a^3*b^7 +
3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + 6683040*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 8576568*(6*B*
a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 7916832*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 525
0960*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 2450448*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)
*x^3 + 765765*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 144144*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b
*x)/x^18
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 98.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{19}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-136136Aa^{10} - 350064Bb^{10}x^{11} + x^{10}(-306306Ab^{10} - 3063060Bab^9) + x^9(-2722720Aab^9 - 12252240Aa^2b^8) + x^8(-11027016Aa^3b^7 - 29405376Bb^6) + x^7(-26732160Aa^4b^5 - 6781280Bb^5) + x^6(-42882840Aa^5b^4 - 51459408Bb^4) + x^5(-47500992Aa^6b^3 - 39584160Bb^3) + x^4(-36756720Aa^7b^2 - 21003840Bb^2) + x^3(-19603584Aa^8b - 7351344Bb) + x^2(-1441440Aa^9 - 144144Bb)}{(2450448x^{18}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**19,x)
```

output

```
(-136136*A*a**10 - 350064*B*b**10*x**11 + x**10*(-306306*A*b**10 - 3063060
*B*a*b**9) + x**9*(-2722720*A*a*b**9 - 12252240*B*a**2*b**8) + x**8*(-1102
7016*A*a**2*b**8 - 29405376*B*a**3*b**7) + x**7*(-26732160*A*a**3*b**7 - 4
6781280*B*a**4*b**6) + x**6*(-42882840*A*a**4*b**6 - 51459408*B*a**5*b**5)
+ x**5*(-47500992*A*a**5*b**5 - 39584160*B*a**6*b**4) + x**4*(-36756720*A
*a**6*b**4 - 21003840*B*a**7*b**3) + x**3*(-19603584*A*a**7*b**3 - 7351344
*B*a**8*b**2) + x**2*(-6891885*A*a**8*b**2 - 1531530*B*a**9*b) + x*(-14414
40*A*a**9*b - 144144*B*a**10))/(2450448*x**18)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{19}} dx =$$

$$\frac{350064 Bb^{10}x^{11} + 136136 Aa^{10} + 306306 (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 1361360 (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^9 + 3675672 (8 Bb^7 + 3 Aa^2b^8)x^8 + 6683040 (7 Bb^6 + 4 Aa^3b^7)x^7 + 8576568 (6 Bb^5 + 5 Aa^4b^6)x^6 + 7916832 (5 Bb^4 + 6 Aa^5b^5)x^5 + 5250960 (4 Bb^3 + 7 Aa^6b^4)x^4 + 2450448 (3 Bb^2 + 8 Aa^7b^3)x^3 + 765765 (2 Bb + 9 Aa^8b^2)x^2 + 144144 (Bb + 10 Aa^9b)x + 144144 Bb}{2450448 x^{18}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^19,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{-1/2450448*(350064*B*b^{10}*x^{11} + 136136*A*a^{10} + 306306*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^{10})*x^{10} + 1361360*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 3675672*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + 6683040*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 8576568*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 7916832*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 5250960*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 2450448*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 765765*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 144144*(B*a^{10} + 10*A*a^9*b)*x}{x^{18}}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{19}} dx = \frac{350064 B b^{10} x^{11} + 3063060 B a b^9 x^{10} + 306306 A b^{10} x^{10} + 12252240 B a^2 b^8 x^9 + 2722720 A a b^9 x^9 + 29405376 B a^3 b^7 x^8 + 11027016 A a^2 b^8 x^8 + 46781280 B a^4 b^6 x^7 + 26732160 A a^3 b^7 x^7 + 51459408 B a^5 b^5 x^6 + 42882840 A a^4 b^6 x^6 + 39584160 B a^6 b^4 x^5 + 47500992 A a^5 b^5 x^5 + 21003840 B a^7 b^3 x^4 + 36756720 A a^6 b^4 x^4 + 7351344 B a^8 b^2 x^3 + 19603584 A a^7 b^3 x^3 + 1531530 B a^9 b x^2 + 6891885 A a^8 b^2 x^2 + 144144 B a^{10} x + 1441440 A a^9 b x + 136136 A a^{10}}{x^{18}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^19,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{-1/2450448*(350064*B*b^{10}*x^{11} + 3063060*B*a*b^9*x^{10} + 306306*A*b^{10}*x^{10} + 12252240*B*a^2*b^8*x^9 + 2722720*A*a*b^9*x^9 + 29405376*B*a^3*b^7*x^8 + 11027016*A*a^2*b^8*x^8 + 46781280*B*a^4*b^6*x^7 + 26732160*A*a^3*b^7*x^7 + 51459408*B*a^5*b^5*x^6 + 42882840*A*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 39584160*B*a^6*b^4*x^5 + 47500992*A*a^5*b^5*x^5 + 21003840*B*a^7*b^3*x^4 + 36756720*A*a^6*b^4*x^4 + 7351344*B*a^8*b^2*x^3 + 19603584*A*a^7*b^3*x^3 + 1531530*B*a^9*b*x^2 + 6891885*A*a^8*b^2*x^2 + 144144*B*a^{10}*x + 1441440*A*a^9*b*x + 136136*A*a^{10})}{x^{18}}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{19}} dx =$$

$$\frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^{10}}{17} + \frac{10Aba^9}{17} \right) + \frac{Aa^{10}}{18} + x^9 \left(5Ba^2b^8 + \frac{10Aab^9}{9} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{5Ba^9b}{8} + \frac{45Aa^8b^2}{16} \right) + x^{10} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{8} + \frac{5Bab^9}{4} \right)}{x^{18}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^19,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -(x*((B*a^{10})/17 + (10*A*a^9*b)/17) + (A*a^{10})/18 + x^9*(5*B*a^2*b^8 + (10 \\ & *A*a*b^9)/9) + x^2*((45*A*a^8*b^2)/16 + (5*B*a^9*b)/8) + x^{10}*((A*b^{10})/8 \\ & + (5*B*a*b^9)/4) + x^3*(8*A*a^7*b^3 + 3*B*a^8*b^2) + x^8*((9*A*a^2*b^8)/2 \\ & + 12*B*a^3*b^7) + x^6*((35*A*a^4*b^6)/2 + 21*B*a^5*b^5) + x^4*(15*A*a^6*b^4 \\ & + (60*B*a^7*b^3)/7) + x^7*((120*A*a^3*b^7)/11 + (210*B*a^4*b^6)/11) + x^5 \\ & *((252*A*a^5*b^5)/13 + (210*B*a^6*b^4)/13) + (B*b^{10}*x^{11})/7)/x^{18} \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{19}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-31824b^{11}x^{11} - 306306ab^{10}x^{10} - 1361360a^2b^9x^9 - 3675672a^3b^8x^8 - 6683040a^4b^7x^7 - 8576568a^5b^6x^6 - 222768a^6b^5x^5 - 1361360a^7b^4x^4 - 3675672a^8b^3x^3 - 6683040a^9b^2x^2 - 31824a^{10}bx - 31824a^{11}}{222768x^{18}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^19,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (- 12376*a^{11} - 144144*a^{10}*b*x - 765765*a^9*b^2*x^2 - 2450448*a^8* \\ & b^3*x^3 - 5250960*a^7*b^4*x^4 - 7916832*a^6*b^5*x^5 - 8576568*a^5* \\ & *b^6*x^6 - 6683040*a^4*b^7*x^7 - 3675672*a^3*b^8*x^8 - 1361360*a^2* \\ & *b^9*x^9 - 306306*a*b^{10}*x^{10} - 31824*b^{11}*x^{11})/(222768*x^{18}) \end{aligned}$$

3.136 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{20}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 227

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{20}} dx = -\frac{a^{10}A}{19x^{19}} - \frac{a^9(10Ab+aB)}{18x^{18}} - \frac{5a^8b(9Ab+2aB)}{17x^{17}} - \frac{15a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)}{16x^{16}} - \frac{2a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)}{15x^{15}} - \frac{3a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)}{14x^{14}} - \frac{42a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{5a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)}{12x^{12}} - \frac{15a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{2x^{12}}{ab^8(2Ab+9aB)} - \frac{11x^{11}}{b^9(Ab+10aB)} - \frac{b^{10}B}{8x^8}$$

output

```
-1/19*a^10*A/x^19-1/18*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^18-5/17*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)/x^17
-15/16*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)/x^16-2*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)/x^15-3*a^5*b^4*(
6*A*b+5*B*a)/x^14-42/13*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)/x^13-5/2*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*
a)/x^12-15/11*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)/x^11-1/2*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)/x^10-1/9*
b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)/x^9-1/8*b^10*B/x^8
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{20}} dx = -\frac{b^{10}(8A+9Bx)}{72x^9} - \frac{ab^9(9A+10Bx)}{9x^{10}} - \frac{9a^2b^8(10A+11Bx)}{22x^{11}} - \frac{10a^3b^7(11A+12Bx)}{11x^{12}} - \frac{35a^4b^6(12A+13Bx)}{26x^{13}} - \frac{18a^5b^5(13A+14Bx)}{13x^{14}} - \frac{a^6b^4(14A+15Bx)}{x^{15}} - \frac{a^7b^3(15A+16Bx)}{2x^{16}} - \frac{45a^8b^2(16A+17Bx)}{272x^{17}} - \frac{5a^9b(17A+18Bx)}{153x^{18}} - \frac{a^{10}(18A+19Bx)}{342x^{19}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^20,x]
```

output

```
-1/72*(b^10*(8*A + 9*B*x))/x^9 - (a*b^9*(9*A + 10*B*x))/(9*x^10) - (9*a^2*b^8*(10*A + 11*B*x))/(22*x^11) - (10*a^3*b^7*(11*A + 12*B*x))/(11*x^12) - (35*a^4*b^6*(12*A + 13*B*x))/(26*x^13) - (18*a^5*b^5*(13*A + 14*B*x))/(13*x^14) - (a^6*b^4*(14*A + 15*B*x))/x^15 - (a^7*b^3*(15*A + 16*B*x))/(2*x^16) - (45*a^8*b^2*(16*A + 17*B*x))/(272*x^17) - (5*a^9*b*(17*A + 18*B*x))/(153*x^18) - (a^10*(18*A + 19*B*x))/(342*x^19)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{20}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^{10}A}{x^{20}} + \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{x^{19}} + \frac{5a^8b(2aB + 9Ab)}{x^{18}} + \frac{15a^7b^2(3aB + 8Ab)}{x^{17}} + \frac{30a^6b^3(4aB + 7Ab)}{x^{16}} + \frac{42a^5b^4(5aB + 6Ab)}{x^{15}} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^{10}A}{19x^{19}} - \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{18x^{18}} - \frac{5a^8b(2aB + 9Ab)}{17x^{17}} - \frac{15a^7b^2(3aB + 8Ab)}{16x^{16}} - \frac{2a^6b^3(4aB + 7Ab)}{15x^{15}} - \frac{3a^5b^4(5aB + 6Ab)}{14x^{14}} - \frac{42a^4b^5(6aB + 5Ab)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{5a^3b^6(7aB + 4Ab)}{2x^{12}} - \frac{15a^2b^7(8aB + 3Ab)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{b^9(10aB + Ab)}{9x^9} - \frac{ab^8(9aB + 2Ab)}{2x^{10}} - \frac{b^{10}B}{8x^8}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^20,x]`

output `-1/19*(a^10*A)/x^19 - (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B))/(18*x^18) - (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B))/(17*x^17) - (15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B))/(16*x^16) - (2*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B))/x^15 - (3*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B))/x^14 - (42*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B))/(13*x^13) - (5*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B))/(2*x^12) - (15*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B))/(11*x^11) - (a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B))/(2*x^10) - (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B))/(9*x^9) - (b^10*B)/(8*x^8)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^{10}A}{19x^{19}} - \frac{a^9(10Ab+Ba)}{18x^{18}} - \frac{5a^8b(9Ab+2Ba)}{17x^{17}} - \frac{15a^7b^2(8Ab+3Ba)}{16x^{16}} - \frac{2a^6b^3(7Ab+4Ba)}{x^{15}} - \frac{3a^5b^4(6Ab+5Ba)}{x^{14}} - \frac{4a^4b^5(5Ab+4Ba)}{x^{13}} - \frac{5a^3b^6(4Ab+3Ba)}{x^{12}} - \frac{6a^2b^7(3Ab+2Ba)}{x^{11}} - \frac{7ab^8(2Ab+B)}{x^{10}} - \frac{8a^9b}{x^9} - \frac{9a^{10}A}{x^8}$
norman	$-\frac{a^{10}A}{19} + (-\frac{5}{9}a^9bA - \frac{1}{18}a^{10}B)x + (-\frac{45}{17}a^8b^2A - \frac{10}{17}a^9bB)x^2 + (-\frac{15}{2}a^7b^3A - \frac{45}{16}a^8b^2B)x^3 + (-14a^6b^4A - 8a^7b^3B)x^4 + (-18a^5b^5A - 12a^6b^4B)x^5 + (-22a^4b^6A - 12a^5b^5B)x^6 + (-26a^3b^7A - 12a^4b^6B)x^7 + (-30a^2b^8A - 12a^3b^7B)x^8 + (-34ab^9A - 12a^2b^8B)x^9 - 38a^{10}Ax^{10} - 38a^9bBx^{11} + 831402Bb^{10}x^{11} + 739024Ab^{10}x^{10} + 7390240Bab^9x^{10} + 6651216aAb^9x^9 + 29930472Ba^2b^8x^9 + 27209520a^2Ab^8x^8 + 72558720a^3b^7x^8 + 5443920a^4b^6x^7 + 3362400a^5b^5x^6 + 1981200a^6b^4x^5 + 970600a^7b^3x^4 + 465300a^8b^2x^3 + 217050a^9bx^2 + 95000a^{10}Ax - 19000A$
risch	$-\frac{a^{10}A}{19} + (-\frac{5}{9}a^9bA - \frac{1}{18}a^{10}B)x + (-\frac{45}{17}a^8b^2A - \frac{10}{17}a^9bB)x^2 + (-\frac{15}{2}a^7b^3A - \frac{45}{16}a^8b^2B)x^3 + (-14a^6b^4A - 8a^7b^3B)x^4 + (-18a^5b^5A - 12a^6b^4B)x^5 + (-22a^4b^6A - 12a^5b^5B)x^6 + (-26a^3b^7A - 12a^4b^6B)x^7 + (-30a^2b^8A - 12a^3b^7B)x^8 + (-34ab^9A - 12a^2b^8B)x^9 - 38a^{10}Ax^{10} - 38a^9bBx^{11} + 831402Bb^{10}x^{11} + 739024Ab^{10}x^{10} + 7390240Bab^9x^{10} + 6651216aAb^9x^9 + 29930472Ba^2b^8x^9 + 27209520a^2Ab^8x^8 + 72558720a^3b^7x^8 + 5443920a^4b^6x^7 + 3362400a^5b^5x^6 + 1981200a^6b^4x^5 + 970600a^7b^3x^4 + 465300a^8b^2x^3 + 217050a^9bx^2 + 95000a^{10}Ax - 19000A$
gospers	$831402Bb^{10}x^{11} + 739024Ab^{10}x^{10} + 7390240Bab^9x^{10} + 6651216aAb^9x^9 + 29930472Ba^2b^8x^9 + 27209520a^2Ab^8x^8 + 72558720a^3b^7x^8 + 5443920a^4b^6x^7 + 3362400a^5b^5x^6 + 1981200a^6b^4x^5 + 970600a^7b^3x^4 + 465300a^8b^2x^3 + 217050a^9bx^2 + 95000a^{10}Ax - 19000A$
parallelrisch	$831402Bb^{10}x^{11} + 739024Ab^{10}x^{10} + 7390240Bab^9x^{10} + 6651216aAb^9x^9 + 29930472Ba^2b^8x^9 + 27209520a^2Ab^8x^8 + 72558720a^3b^7x^8 + 5443920a^4b^6x^7 + 3362400a^5b^5x^6 + 1981200a^6b^4x^5 + 970600a^7b^3x^4 + 465300a^8b^2x^3 + 217050a^9bx^2 + 95000a^{10}Ax - 19000A$
orering	$831402Bb^{10}x^{11} + 739024Ab^{10}x^{10} + 7390240Bab^9x^{10} + 6651216aAb^9x^9 + 29930472Ba^2b^8x^9 + 27209520a^2Ab^8x^8 + 72558720a^3b^7x^8 + 5443920a^4b^6x^7 + 3362400a^5b^5x^6 + 1981200a^6b^4x^5 + 970600a^7b^3x^4 + 465300a^8b^2x^3 + 217050a^9bx^2 + 95000a^{10}Ax - 19000A$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^20,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/19*a^{10}A/x^{19}-1/18*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^{18}-5/17*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)/x^{17}-15/16*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)/x^{16}-2*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)/x^{15}-3*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)/x^{14}-42/13*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)/x^{13}-5/2*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+7*B*a)/x^{12}-15/11*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)/x^{11}-1/2*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)/x^{10}-1/9*b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)/x^9-1/8*b^{10}B/x^8$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{20}} dx = -\frac{831402Bb^{10}x^{11} + 350064Aa^{10} + 739024(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 3325608(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 + 906084a^2b^8x^8 + 5443920a^3b^7x^7 + 3362400a^4b^6x^6 + 1981200a^5b^5x^5 + 970600a^6b^4x^4 + 465300a^7b^3x^3 + 217050a^8b^2x^2 + 95000a^9bx + 95000Aa}{x^{20}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^20,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/6651216*(831402*B*b^10*x^11 + 350064*A*a^10 + 739024*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^10)*x^10 + 3325608*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 9069840*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + 16628040*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 21488544*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 19953648*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 13302432*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 6235515*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 1956240*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 369512*(B*a^10 + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^19
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 137.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{20}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-350064Aa^{10} - 831402Bb^{10}x^{11} + x^{10}(-739024Ab^{10} - 7390240Bab^9) + x^9(-6651216Aab^9 - 299304720Bb^9a^2)}{6651216x^{19}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**20,x)
```

output

```
(-350064*A*a**10 - 831402*B*b**10*x**11 + x**10*(-739024*A*b**10 - 7390240*B*a*b**9) + x**9*(-6651216*A*a*b**9 - 29930472*B*a**2*b**8) + x**8*(-27209520*A*a**2*b**8 - 72558720*B*a**3*b**7) + x**7*(-66512160*A*a**3*b**7 - 116396280*B*a**4*b**6) + x**6*(-107442720*A*a**4*b**6 - 128931264*B*a**5*b**5) + x**5*(-119721888*A*a**5*b**5 - 99768240*B*a**6*b**4) + x**4*(-93117024*A*a**6*b**4 - 53209728*B*a**7*b**3) + x**3*(-49884120*A*a**7*b**3 - 18706545*B*a**8*b**2) + x**2*(-17606160*A*a**8*b**2 - 3912480*B*a**9*b) + x*(-3695120*A*a**9*b - 369512*B*a**10))/(6651216*x**19)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{20}} dx =$$

$$\frac{831402 Bb^{10}x^{11} + 350064 Aa^{10} + 739024 (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 3325608 (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^9 + 9069840 (8 B^2a^3b^7 + 3 A^2a^2b^8)x^8 + 16628040 (7 B^3a^4b^6 + 4 A^3a^3b^7)x^7 + 21488544 (6 B^4a^5b^5 + 5 A^4a^4b^6)x^6 + 19953648 (5 B^5a^6b^4 + 6 A^5a^5b^5)x^5 + 13302432 (4 B^6a^7b^3 + 7 A^6a^6b^4)x^4 + 6235515 (3 B^7a^8b^2 + 8 A^7a^7b^3)x^3 + 1956240 (2 B^8a^9b + 9 A^8a^8b^2)x^2 + 369512 (B^9a^{10} + 10 A^9a^9b)x}{6651216x^{19}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^20,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/6651216*(831402*B*b^{10}*x^{11} + 350064*A*a^{10} + 739024*(10*B*a*b^9 + A*b^{10})*x^{10} + 3325608*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 9069840*(8*B*a^3*b^7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + 16628040*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 21488544*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 19953648*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^5 + 13302432*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 6235515*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 1956240*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 369512*(B*a^{10} + 10*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^{19} \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{20}} dx = \frac{831402 B b^{10} x^{11} + 7390240 B a b^9 x^{10} + 739024 A b^{10} x^{10} + 29930472 B a^2 b^8 x^9 + 6651216 A a b^9 x^9 + 72558720 B a^3 b^7 x^8 + 27209520 A a^2 b^8 x^8 + 116396280 B a^4 b^6 x^7 + 66512160 A a^3 b^7 x^7 + 128931264 B a^5 b^5 x^6 + 107442720 A a^4 b^6 x^6 + 99768240 B a^6 b^4 x^5 + 119721888 A a^5 b^5 x^5 + 53209728 B a^7 b^3 x^4 + 93117024 A a^6 b^4 x^4 + 18706545 B a^8 b^2 x^3 + 49884120 A a^7 b^3 x^3 + 3912480 B a^9 b x^2 + 17606160 A a^8 b^2 x^2 + 369512 B a^{10} x + 3695120 A a^9 b x + 350064 A a^{10})/x^{19}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^20,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/6651216*(831402*B*b^{10}*x^{11} + 7390240*B*a*b^9*x^{10} + 739024*A*b^{10}*x^{10} + 29930472*B*a^2*b^8*x^9 + 6651216*A*a*b^9*x^9 + 72558720*B*a^3*b^7*x^8 + 27209520*A*a^2*b^8*x^8 + 116396280*B*a^4*b^6*x^7 + 66512160*A*a^3*b^7*x^7 + 128931264*B*a^5*b^5*x^6 + 107442720*A*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 99768240*B*a^6*b^4*x^5 + 119721888*A*a^5*b^5*x^5 + 53209728*B*a^7*b^3*x^4 + 93117024*A*a^6*b^4*x^4 + 18706545*B*a^8*b^2*x^3 + 49884120*A*a^7*b^3*x^3 + 3912480*B*a^9*b*x^2 + 17606160*A*a^8*b^2*x^2 + 369512*B*a^{10}*x + 3695120*A*a^9*b*x + 350064*A*a^{10})/x^{19} \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{20}} dx =$$

$$\frac{x \left(\frac{B a^{10}}{18} + \frac{5 A b a^9}{9} \right) + \frac{A a^{10}}{19} + x^9 \left(\frac{9 B a^2 b^8}{2} + A a b^9 \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{10 B a^9 b}{17} + \frac{45 A a^8 b^2}{17} \right) + x^{10} \left(\frac{A b^{10}}{9} + \frac{10 B a b^9}{9} \right) +$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^20,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -(x*((B*a^{10})/18 + (5*A*a^9*b)/9) + (A*a^{10})/19 + x^9*((9*B*a^2*b^8)/2 + A \\ & *a*b^9) + x^2*((45*A*a^8*b^2)/17 + (10*B*a^9*b)/17) + x^{10}*((A*b^{10})/9 + (\\ & 10*B*a*b^9)/9) + x^4*(14*A*a^6*b^4 + 8*B*a^7*b^3) + x^5*(18*A*a^5*b^5 + 15 \\ & *B*a^6*b^4) + x^7*(10*A*a^3*b^7 + (35*B*a^4*b^6)/2) + x^3*((15*A*a^7*b^3)/ \\ & 2 + (45*B*a^8*b^2)/16) + x^8*((45*A*a^2*b^8)/11 + (120*B*a^3*b^7)/11) + x^ \\ & 6*((210*A*a^4*b^6)/13 + (252*B*a^5*b^5)/13) + (B*b^{10}*x^{11})/8)/x^{19} \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{20}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-75582b^{11}x^{11} - 739024ab^{10}x^{10} - 3325608a^2b^9x^9 - 9069840a^3b^8x^8 - 16628040a^4b^7x^7 - 21488544a^5b^6x^6 - 21488544a^5b^6x^6 - 3325608a^5b^6x^6 - 16628040a^4b^7x^7 - 9069840a^3b^8x^8 - 3325608a^2b^9x^9 - 739024ab^{10}x^{10} - 75582b^{11}x^{11}}{(604656x^{19})}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^20,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (- 31824*a^{11} - 369512*a^{10}*b*x - 1956240*a^9*b^2*x^2 - 6235515*a^8 \\ & *b^3*x^3 - 13302432*a^7*b^4*x^4 - 19953648*a^6*b^5*x^5 - 21488544* \\ & a^5*b^6*x^6 - 16628040*a^4*b^7*x^7 - 9069840*a^3*b^8*x^8 - 332560 \\ & 8*a^2*b^9*x^9 - 739024*a*b^{10}*x^{10} - 75582*b^{11}*x^{11})/(604656*x^{19} \\ &) \end{aligned}$$

3.137 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{21}} dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	995
Rubi [A] (verified)	995
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 229

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{21}} dx = -\frac{a^{10}A}{20x^{20}} - \frac{a^9(10Ab+aB)}{19x^{19}} - \frac{5a^8b(9Ab+2aB)}{18x^{18}} - \frac{15a^7b^2(8Ab+3aB)}{17x^{17}} - \frac{15a^6b^3(7Ab+4aB)}{8x^{16}} - \frac{14a^5b^4(6Ab+5aB)}{5x^{15}} - \frac{3a^4b^5(5Ab+6aB)}{3x^{14}} - \frac{30a^3b^6(4Ab+7aB)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{5a^2b^7(3Ab+8aB)}{4x^{12}} - \frac{5ab^8(2Ab+9aB)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{b^9(Ab+10aB)}{10x^{10}} - \frac{b^{10}B}{9x^9}$$

output

```
-1/20*a^10*A/x^20-1/19*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^19-5/18*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)/x^18
-15/17*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)/x^17-15/8*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)/x^16-14/5*a^5
*b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)/x^15-3*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)/x^14-30/13*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+
7*B*a)/x^13-5/4*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)/x^12-5/11*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)/x^11-1
/10*b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)/x^10-1/9*b^10*B/x^9
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{21}} dx = -\frac{b^{10}(9A + 10Bx)}{90x^{10}} - \frac{ab^9(10A + 11Bx)}{11x^{11}} - \frac{15a^2b^8(11A + 12Bx)}{44x^{12}} - \frac{10a^3b^7(12A + 13Bx)}{13x^{13}} - \frac{15a^4b^6(13A + 14Bx)}{13x^{14}} - \frac{6a^5b^5(14A + 15Bx)}{5x^{15}} - \frac{7a^6b^4(15A + 16Bx)}{8x^{16}} - \frac{15a^7b^3(16A + 17Bx)}{34x^{17}} - \frac{5a^8b^2(17A + 18Bx)}{34x^{18}} - \frac{5a^9b(18A + 19Bx)}{171x^{19}} - \frac{a^{10}(19A + 20Bx)}{380x^{20}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^21,x]
```

output

```
-1/90*(b^10*(9*A + 10*B*x))/x^10 - (a*b^9*(10*A + 11*B*x))/(11*x^11) - (15*a^2*b^8*(11*A + 12*B*x))/(44*x^12) - (10*a^3*b^7*(12*A + 13*B*x))/(13*x^13) - (15*a^4*b^6*(13*A + 14*B*x))/(13*x^14) - (6*a^5*b^5*(14*A + 15*B*x))/(5*x^15) - (7*a^6*b^4*(15*A + 16*B*x))/(8*x^16) - (15*a^7*b^3*(16*A + 17*B*x))/(34*x^17) - (5*a^8*b^2*(17*A + 18*B*x))/(34*x^18) - (5*a^9*b*(18*A + 19*B*x))/(171*x^19) - (a^10*(19*A + 20*B*x))/(380*x^20)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{21}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^{10}A}{x^{21}} + \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{x^{20}} + \frac{5a^8b(2aB + 9Ab)}{x^{19}} + \frac{15a^7b^2(3aB + 8Ab)}{x^{18}} + \frac{30a^6b^3(4aB + 7Ab)}{x^{17}} + \frac{42a^5b^4(5aB + 6Ab)}{x^{16}} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{a^{10}A}{20x^{20}} - \frac{a^9(aB + 10Ab)}{19x^{19}} - \frac{5a^8b(2aB + 9Ab)}{18x^{18}} - \frac{15a^7b^2(3aB + 8Ab)}{17x^{17}} - \frac{15a^6b^3(4aB + 7Ab)}{8x^{16}} - \frac{14a^5b^4(5aB + 6Ab)}{5a^2b^7(8aB + 3Ab)} - \frac{18x^{18}}{3a^4b^5(6aB + 5Ab)} - \frac{17x^{17}}{30a^3b^6(7aB + 4Ab)} - \frac{5x^{15}}{b^9(10aB + Ab)} - \frac{x^{14}}{5ab^8(9aB + 2Ab)} - \frac{13x^{13}}{b^{10}B}}{4x^{12}} - \frac{10x^{10}}{11x^{11}} - \frac{9x^9}{9x^9}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^10*(A + B*x))/x^21,x]`

output `-1/20*(a^10*A)/x^20 - (a^9*(10*A*b + a*B))/(19*x^19) - (5*a^8*b*(9*A*b + 2*a*B))/(18*x^18) - (15*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b + 3*a*B))/(17*x^17) - (15*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b + 4*a*B))/(8*x^16) - (14*a^5*b^4*(6*A*b + 5*a*B))/(5*x^15) - (3*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b + 6*a*B))/x^14 - (30*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b + 7*a*B))/(13*x^13) - (5*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b + 8*a*B))/(4*x^12) - (5*a*b^8*(2*A*b + 9*a*B))/(11*x^11) - (b^9*(A*b + 10*a*B))/(10*x^10) - (b^10*B)/(9*x^9)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
default	$-\frac{a^{10}A}{20x^{20}} - \frac{a^9(10Ab+Ba)}{19x^{19}} - \frac{5a^8b(9Ab+2Ba)}{18x^{18}} - \frac{15a^7b^2(8Ab+3Ba)}{17x^{17}} - \frac{15a^6b^3(7Ab+4Ba)}{8x^{16}} - \frac{14a^5b^4(6Ab+5Ba)}{5x^{15}} - \dots$
norman	$-\frac{a^{10}A}{20} + (-\frac{10}{19}a^9bA - \frac{1}{19}a^{10}B)x + (-\frac{5}{2}a^8b^2A - \frac{5}{9}a^9bB)x^2 + (-\frac{120}{17}a^7b^3A - \frac{45}{17}a^8b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{105}{8}a^6b^4A - \frac{15}{2}a^7b^3B)x^4 + (-\frac{84}{5}a^5b^5A - \frac{14}{3}a^6b^4B)x^5 + \dots$
risch	$-\frac{a^{10}A}{20} + (-\frac{10}{19}a^9bA - \frac{1}{19}a^{10}B)x + (-\frac{5}{2}a^8b^2A - \frac{5}{9}a^9bB)x^2 + (-\frac{120}{17}a^7b^3A - \frac{45}{17}a^8b^2B)x^3 + (-\frac{105}{8}a^6b^4A - \frac{15}{2}a^7b^3B)x^4 + (-\frac{84}{5}a^5b^5A - \frac{14}{3}a^6b^4B)x^5 + \dots$
gospers	$-\frac{1847560Bb^{10}x^{11} + 1662804Ab^{10}x^{10} + 16628040Bab^9x^{10} + 15116400aAb^9x^9 + 68023800Ba^2b^8x^9 + 62355150a^2Ab^8x^8 + 16628040a^3b^7x^8 + 11662804a^4b^6x^7 + 831402a^5b^5x^6 + 3758200a^6b^4x^5 + 1285760a^7b^3x^4 + 351680a^8b^2x^3 + 75820a^9bx^2 + 14160a^{10}Ax + 14160a^{10}B}{14160x^{21}}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{1847560Bb^{10}x^{11} + 1662804Ab^{10}x^{10} + 16628040Bab^9x^{10} + 15116400aAb^9x^9 + 68023800Ba^2b^8x^9 + 62355150a^2Ab^8x^8 + 16628040a^3b^7x^8 + 11662804a^4b^6x^7 + 831402a^5b^5x^6 + 3758200a^6b^4x^5 + 1285760a^7b^3x^4 + 351680a^8b^2x^3 + 75820a^9bx^2 + 14160a^{10}Ax + 14160a^{10}B}{14160x^{21}}$
orering	$-\frac{1847560Bb^{10}x^{11} + 1662804Ab^{10}x^{10} + 16628040Bab^9x^{10} + 15116400aAb^9x^9 + 68023800Ba^2b^8x^9 + 62355150a^2Ab^8x^8 + 16628040a^3b^7x^8 + 11662804a^4b^6x^7 + 831402a^5b^5x^6 + 3758200a^6b^4x^5 + 1285760a^7b^3x^4 + 351680a^8b^2x^3 + 75820a^9bx^2 + 14160a^{10}Ax + 14160a^{10}B}{14160x^{21}}$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^21,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/20*a^{10}A/x^{20} - 1/19*a^9*(10*A*b+B*a)/x^{19} - 5/18*a^8*b*(9*A*b+2*B*a)/x^{18} \\ & - 15/17*a^7*b^2*(8*A*b+3*B*a)/x^{17} - 15/8*a^6*b^3*(7*A*b+4*B*a)/x^{16} - 14/5*a^5 \\ & *b^4*(6*A*b+5*B*a)/x^{15} - 3*a^4*b^5*(5*A*b+6*B*a)/x^{14} - 30/13*a^3*b^6*(4*A*b+ \\ & 7*B*a)/x^{13} - 5/4*a^2*b^7*(3*A*b+8*B*a)/x^{12} - 5/11*a*b^8*(2*A*b+9*B*a)/x^{11} - 1 \\ & /10*b^9*(A*b+10*B*a)/x^{10} - 1/9*b^{10}B/x^9 \end{aligned}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{10}(A+Bx)}{x^{21}} dx = -\frac{1847560Bb^{10}x^{11} + 831402Aa^{10} + 1662804(10Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 7558200(9Ba^2b^8 + 2Aab^9)x^9 + 20157600a^2b^8x^8 + 12857600a^3b^7x^7 + 5168000a^4b^6x^6 + 1516800a^5b^5x^5 + 351680a^6b^4x^4 + 75820a^7b^3x^3 + 14160a^8b^2x^2 + 14160a^9bx + 14160a^{10}A}{14160x^{21}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^21,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/16628040*(1847560*B*b^10*x^11 + 831402*A*a^10 + 1662804*(10*B*a*b^9 + A
*b^10)*x^10 + 7558200*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 20785050*(8*B*a^3*b^
7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + 38372400*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 49884120
*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 46558512*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^
5 + 31177575*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 14671800*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A
*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 4618900*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 875160*(B*a^10 + 1
0*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^20
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{21}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**10*(B*x+A)/x**21,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{21}} dx = \frac{1847560 Bb^{10}x^{11} + 831402 Aa^{10} + 1662804 (10 Bab^9 + Ab^{10})x^{10} + 7558200 (9 Ba^2b^8 + 2 Aab^9)x^9 + 20785050 (8 B a^3 b^7 + 3 A a^2 b^8)x^8 + 38372400 (7 B a^4 b^6 + 4 A a^3 b^7)x^7 + 49884120 (6 B a^5 b^5 + 5 A a^4 b^6)x^6 + 46558512 (5 B a^6 b^4 + 6 A a^5 b^5)x^5 + 31177575 (4 B a^7 b^3 + 7 A a^6 b^4)x^4 + 14671800 (3 B a^8 b^2 + 8 A a^7 b^3)x^3 + 4618900 (2 B a^9 b + 9 A a^8 b^2)x^2 + 875160 (B a^{10} + 10 A a^9 b)x}{x^{20}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^21,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/16628040*(1847560*B*b^10*x^11 + 831402*A*a^10 + 1662804*(10*B*a*b^9 + A
*b^10)*x^10 + 7558200*(9*B*a^2*b^8 + 2*A*a*b^9)*x^9 + 20785050*(8*B*a^3*b^
7 + 3*A*a^2*b^8)*x^8 + 38372400*(7*B*a^4*b^6 + 4*A*a^3*b^7)*x^7 + 49884120
*(6*B*a^5*b^5 + 5*A*a^4*b^6)*x^6 + 46558512*(5*B*a^6*b^4 + 6*A*a^5*b^5)*x^
5 + 31177575*(4*B*a^7*b^3 + 7*A*a^6*b^4)*x^4 + 14671800*(3*B*a^8*b^2 + 8*A
*a^7*b^3)*x^3 + 4618900*(2*B*a^9*b + 9*A*a^8*b^2)*x^2 + 875160*(B*a^10 + 1
0*A*a^9*b)*x)/x^20
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{21}} dx =$$

$$\frac{1847560 Bb^{10}x^{11} + 16628040 Bab^9x^{10} + 1662804 Ab^{10}x^{10} + 68023800 Ba^2b^8x^9 + 15116400 Aab^9x^9 +$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^21,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/16628040*(1847560*B*b^10*x^11 + 16628040*B*a*b^9*x^10 + 1662804*A*b^10*x^10 + 68023800*B*a^2*b^8*x^9 + 15116400*A*a*b^9*x^9 + 166280400*B*a^3*b^7*x^8 + 62355150*A*a^2*b^8*x^8 + 268606800*B*a^4*b^6*x^7 + 153489600*A*a^3*b^7*x^7 + 299304720*B*a^5*b^5*x^6 + 249420600*A*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 232792560*B*a^6*b^4*x^5 + 279351072*A*a^5*b^5*x^5 + 124710300*B*a^7*b^3*x^4 + 218243025*A*a^6*b^4*x^4 + 44015400*B*a^8*b^2*x^3 + 117374400*A*a^7*b^3*x^3 + 9237800*B*a^9*b*x^2 + 41570100*A*a^8*b^2*x^2 + 875160*B*a^10*x + 8751600*A*a^9*b*x + 831402*A*a^10)/x^20
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{21}} dx =$$

$$\frac{x \left(\frac{Ba^{10}}{19} + \frac{10Aba^9}{19} \right) + \frac{Aa^{10}}{20} + x^2 \left(\frac{5Ba^9b}{9} + \frac{5Aa^8b^2}{2} \right) + x^9 \left(\frac{45Ba^2b^8}{11} + \frac{10Aab^9}{11} \right) + x^{10} \left(\frac{Ab^{10}}{10} + Bab^9 \right) +$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^10)/x^21,x)`

output

```
-(x*((B*a^10)/19 + (10*A*a^9*b)/19) + (A*a^10)/20 + x^2*((5*A*a^8*b^2)/2 + (5*B*a^9*b)/9) + x^9*((45*B*a^2*b^8)/11 + (10*A*a*b^9)/11) + x^10*((A*b^10)/10 + B*a*b^9) + x^8*((15*A*a^2*b^8)/4 + 10*B*a^3*b^7) + x^6*(15*A*a^4*b^6 + 18*B*a^5*b^5) + x^5*((84*A*a^5*b^5)/5 + 14*B*a^6*b^4) + x^4*((105*A*a^6*b^4)/8 + (15*B*a^7*b^3)/2) + x^3*((120*A*a^7*b^3)/17 + (45*B*a^8*b^2)/17) + x^7*((120*A*a^3*b^7)/13 + (210*B*a^4*b^6)/13) + (B*b^10*x^11)/9)/x^20
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{10}(A + Bx)}{x^{21}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-167960b^{11}x^{11} - 1662804ab^{10}x^{10} - 7558200a^2b^9x^9 - 20785050a^3b^8x^8 - 38372400a^4b^7x^7 - 49884120a^5b^6x^6 - 31177575a^6b^5x^5 - 14671800a^7b^4x^4 - 46558512a^8b^3x^3 - 1679600a^9b^2x^2 - 167960abx - 167960a^2}{1511640x^{20}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^10*(B*x+A)/x^21,x)`output `(- 75582*a**11 - 875160*a**10*b*x - 4618900*a**9*b**2*x**2 - 14671800*a**8*b**3*x**3 - 31177575*a**7*b**4*x**4 - 46558512*a**6*b**5*x**5 - 49884120*a**5*b**6*x**6 - 38372400*a**4*b**7*x**7 - 20785050*a**3*b**8*x**8 - 7558200*a**2*b**9*x**9 - 1662804*a*b**10*x**10 - 167960*b**11*x**11)/(1511640*x**20)`

3.138 $\int x^3(a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx$

Optimal result	1001
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1001
Rubi [A] (verified)	1002
Maple [B] (verified)	1004
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1005
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1006
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1008
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1009
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1010
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1011

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int x^3(a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx = \frac{c^3(bc - ad)(c + dx)^{17}}{17d^5} - \frac{c^2(4bc - 3ad)(c + dx)^{18}}{18d^5} + \frac{3c(2bc - ad)(c + dx)^{19}}{19d^5} - \frac{(4bc - ad)(c + dx)^{20}}{20d^5} + \frac{b(c + dx)^{21}}{21d^5}$$

output $1/17*c^3*(-a*d+b*c)*(d*x+c)^{17}/d^5-1/18*c^2*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*(d*x+c)^{18}/d^5+3/19*c*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(d*x+c)^{19}/d^5-1/20*(-a*d+4*b*c)*(d*x+c)^{20}/d^5+1/21*b*(d*x+c)^{21}/d^5$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 359 vs. $2(114) = 228$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

$$\int x^3(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx = \frac{1}{4}ac^{16}x^4 + \frac{1}{5}c^{15}(bc+16ad)x^5 + \frac{4}{3}c^{14}d(2bc+15ad)x^6 + \frac{40}{7}c^{13}d^2(3bc+14ad)x^7 + \frac{35}{2}c^{12}d^3(4bc+13ad)x^8 + \frac{364}{9}c^{11}d^4(5bc+12ad)x^9 + \frac{364}{5}c^{10}d^5(6bc+11ad)x^{10} + 104c^9d^6(7bc+10ad)x^{11} + \frac{715}{6}c^8d^7(8bc+9ad)x^{12} + 110c^7d^8(9bc+8ad)x^{13} + \frac{572}{7}c^6d^9(10bc+7ad)x^{14} + \frac{728}{15}c^5d^{10}(11bc+6ad)x^{15} + \frac{91}{4}c^4d^{11}(12bc+5ad)x^{16} + \frac{140}{17}c^3d^{12}(13bc+4ad)x^{17} + \frac{20}{9}c^2d^{13}(14bc+3ad)x^{18} + \frac{8}{19}cd^{14}(15bc+2ad)x^{19} + \frac{1}{20}d^{15}(16bc+ad)x^{20} + \frac{1}{21}bd^{16}x^{21}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^16,x]`

output `(a*c^16*x^4)/4 + (c^15*(b*c + 16*a*d)*x^5)/5 + (4*c^14*d*(2*b*c + 15*a*d)*x^6)/3 + (40*c^13*d^2*(3*b*c + 14*a*d)*x^7)/7 + (35*c^12*d^3*(4*b*c + 13*a*d)*x^8)/2 + (364*c^11*d^4*(5*b*c + 12*a*d)*x^9)/9 + (364*c^10*d^5*(6*b*c + 11*a*d)*x^10)/5 + 104*c^9*d^6*(7*b*c + 10*a*d)*x^11 + (715*c^8*d^7*(8*b*c + 9*a*d)*x^12)/6 + 110*c^7*d^8*(9*b*c + 8*a*d)*x^13 + (572*c^6*d^9*(10*b*c + 7*a*d)*x^14)/7 + (728*c^5*d^10*(11*b*c + 6*a*d)*x^15)/15 + (91*c^4*d^11*(12*b*c + 5*a*d)*x^16)/4 + (140*c^3*d^12*(13*b*c + 4*a*d)*x^17)/17 + (20*c^2*d^13*(14*b*c + 3*a*d)*x^18)/9 + (8*c*d^14*(15*b*c + 2*a*d)*x^19)/19 + (d^15*(16*b*c + a*d)*x^20)/20 + (b*d^16*x^21)/21`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{c^3(c + dx)^{16}(bc - ad)}{d^4} - \frac{c^2(c + dx)^{17}(4bc - 3ad)}{d^4} + \frac{(c + dx)^{19}(ad - 4bc)}{d^4} + \frac{3c(c + dx)^{18}(2bc - ad)}{d^4} + \frac{b(c + dx)^{20}}{d^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c^3(c + dx)^{17}(bc - ad)}{17d^5} - \frac{c^2(c + dx)^{18}(4bc - 3ad)}{18d^5} - \frac{(c + dx)^{20}(4bc - ad)}{20d^5} + \frac{3c(c + dx)^{19}(2bc - ad)}{19d^5} + \frac{b(c + dx)^{21}}{21d^5}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^16,x]`

output `(c^3*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)^17)/(17*d^5) - (c^2*(4*b*c - 3*a*d)*(c + d*x)^18)/(18*d^5) + (3*c*(2*b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)^19)/(19*d^5) - ((4*b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)^20)/(20*d^5) + (b*(c + d*x)^21)/(21*d^5)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :`
`> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 373 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28

method	result
norman	$\frac{ac^{16}x^4}{4} + \left(\frac{16}{5}ac^{15}d + \frac{1}{5}bc^{16}\right)x^5 + \left(20ac^{14}d^2 + \frac{8}{3}bc^{15}d\right)x^6 + \left(80ac^{13}d^3 + \frac{120}{7}bc^{14}d^2\right)x^7 + \left(\frac{455}{2}x^8ac^{12}d^4 + 70x^8bc^{13}d^3 + \frac{1456}{3}x^9ac^{11}d^5 + \frac{1820}{9}x^9bc^{12}d^4\right)x^8 + \left(\frac{4004}{5}ac^{10}d^6 + \frac{2184}{5}bc^{11}d^5\right)x^9 + \left(1040ac^9d^7 + 728bc^{10}d^6\right)x^{10} + \left(\frac{2145}{2}ac^8d^8 + 286bc^9d^7\right)x^{11} + \left(\frac{2145}{2}ac^8d^8 + 286bc^9d^7\right)x^{12} + \left(880ac^7d^9 + 990bc^8d^8\right)x^{13} + \left(572ac^6d^{10} + 572bc^7d^9\right)x^{14} + \left(\frac{1456}{5}ac^5d^{11} + 8008bc^6d^{10}\right)x^{15} + \left(\frac{455}{4}ac^4d^{12} + 273bc^5d^{11}\right)x^{16} + \left(\frac{560}{17}ac^3d^{13} + \frac{1820}{17}bc^4d^{12}\right)x^{17} + \left(\frac{20}{3}ac^2d^{14} + \frac{280}{9}bc^3d^{13}\right)x^{18} + \left(\frac{16}{19}ac^2d^{14} + \frac{120}{19}bc^2d^{14}\right)x^{19} + \left(\frac{1}{20}ad^{16} + \frac{4}{5}bcd^{15}\right)x^{20} + \frac{1}{21}bd^{16}x^{21}$
default	$\frac{bd^{16}x^{21}}{21} + \frac{(ad^{16}+16bcd^{15})x^{20}}{20} + \frac{(16acd^{15}+120bc^2d^{14})x^{19}}{19} + \frac{(120ac^2d^{14}+560bc^3d^{13})x^{18}}{18} + \frac{(560ac^3d^{13}+1820bc^4d^{12})x^{17}}{17} + \frac{x^4(19380bd^{16}x^{17}+20349ad^{16}x^{16}+325584bcd^{15}x^{16}+342720acd^{15}x^{15}+2570400bc^2d^{14}x^{15}+2713200ac^2d^{14}x^{14}+12661600ac^3d^{13}x^{14}+3427200bc^3d^{13}x^{13}+1820000ac^4d^{12}x^{13}+560000bc^4d^{12}x^{12}+126616000cd^{11}x^{12}+126616000cd^{11}x^{11}+126616000cd^{11}x^{10}+126616000cd^{11}x^9+126616000cd^{11}x^8+126616000cd^{11}x^7+126616000cd^{11}x^6+126616000cd^{11}x^5+126616000cd^{11}x^4+126616000cd^{11}x^3+126616000cd^{11}x^2+126616000cd^{11}x+126616000cd^{11})}{126616000}$
orering	
gosper	$\frac{1}{4}ac^{16}x^4 + 80x^7ac^{13}d^3 + \frac{120}{7}x^7bc^{14}d^2 + \frac{455}{2}x^8ac^{12}d^4 + 70x^8bc^{13}d^3 + \frac{1456}{3}x^9ac^{11}d^5 + \frac{1820}{9}x^9bc^{12}d^4$
risch	$\frac{1}{4}ac^{16}x^4 + 80x^7ac^{13}d^3 + \frac{120}{7}x^7bc^{14}d^2 + \frac{455}{2}x^8ac^{12}d^4 + 70x^8bc^{13}d^3 + \frac{1456}{3}x^9ac^{11}d^5 + \frac{1820}{9}x^9bc^{12}d^4$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{4}ac^{16}x^4 + 80x^7ac^{13}d^3 + \frac{120}{7}x^7bc^{14}d^2 + \frac{455}{2}x^8ac^{12}d^4 + 70x^8bc^{13}d^3 + \frac{1456}{3}x^9ac^{11}d^5 + \frac{1820}{9}x^9bc^{12}d^4$

input `int(x^3*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{4}ac^{16}x^4 + (16/5ac^{15}d + 1/5bc^{16})x^5 + (20ac^{14}d^2 + 8/3bc^{15}d)x^6 + (80ac^{13}d^3 + 120/7bc^{14}d^2)x^7 + (455/2ac^{12}d^4 + 70bc^{13}d^3)x^8 + (1456/3ac^{11}d^5 + 1820/9bc^{12}d^4)x^9 + (4004/5ac^{10}d^6 + 2184/5bc^{11}d^5)x^{10} + (1040ac^9d^7 + 728bc^{10}d^6)x^{11} + (2145/2ac^8d^8 + 286bc^9d^7)x^{12} + (880ac^7d^9 + 990bc^8d^8)x^{13} + (572ac^6d^{10} + 572bc^7d^9)x^{14} + (1456/5ac^5d^{11} + 8008bc^6d^{10})x^{15} + (455/4ac^4d^{12} + 273bc^5d^{11})x^{16} + (560/17ac^3d^{13} + 1820/17bc^4d^{12})x^{17} + (20/3ac^2d^{14} + 280/9bc^3d^{13})x^{18} + (16/19ac^2d^{14} + 120/19bc^2d^{14})x^{19} + (1/20ad^{16} + 4/5bcd^{15})x^{20} + 1/21bd^{16}x^{21}$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 387 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^3(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx = & \frac{1}{21} bd^{16}x^{21} + \frac{1}{4} ac^{16}x^4 + \frac{1}{20} (16bcd^{15} + ad^{16})x^{20} \\ & + \frac{8}{19} (15bc^2d^{14} + 2acd^{15})x^{19} \\ & + \frac{20}{9} (14bc^3d^{13} + 3ac^2d^{14})x^{18} \\ & + \frac{140}{17} (13bc^4d^{12} + 4ac^3d^{13})x^{17} \\ & + \frac{91}{4} (12bc^5d^{11} + 5ac^4d^{12})x^{16} \\ & + \frac{728}{15} (11bc^6d^{10} + 6ac^5d^{11})x^{15} \\ & + \frac{572}{7} (10bc^7d^9 + 7ac^6d^{10})x^{14} + 110 (9bc^8d^8 + 8ac^7d^9)x^{13} \\ & + \frac{715}{6} (8bc^9d^7 + 9ac^8d^8)x^{12} + 104 (7bc^{10}d^6 + 10ac^9d^7)x^{11} \\ & + \frac{364}{5} (6bc^{11}d^5 + 11ac^{10}d^6)x^{10} \\ & + \frac{364}{9} (5bc^{12}d^4 + 12ac^{11}d^5)x^9 \\ & + \frac{35}{2} (4bc^{13}d^3 + 13ac^{12}d^4)x^8 + \frac{40}{7} (3bc^{14}d^2 + 14ac^{13}d^3)x^7 \\ & + \frac{4}{3} (2bc^{15}d + 15ac^{14}d^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (bc^{16} + 16ac^{15}d)x^5 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1/21*b*d^{16}*x^{21} + 1/4*a*c^{16}*x^4 + 1/20*(16*b*c*d^{15} + a*d^{16})*x^{20} + 8/1 \\
& 9*(15*b*c^2*d^{14} + 2*a*c*d^{15})*x^{19} + 20/9*(14*b*c^3*d^{13} + 3*a*c^2*d^{14})* \\
& x^{18} + 140/17*(13*b*c^4*d^{12} + 4*a*c^3*d^{13})*x^{17} + 91/4*(12*b*c^5*d^{11} + \\
& 5*a*c^4*d^{12})*x^{16} + 728/15*(11*b*c^6*d^{10} + 6*a*c^5*d^{11})*x^{15} + 572/7*(1 \\
& 0*b*c^7*d^9 + 7*a*c^6*d^{10})*x^{14} + 110*(9*b*c^8*d^8 + 8*a*c^7*d^9)*x^{13} + \\
& 715/6*(8*b*c^9*d^7 + 9*a*c^8*d^8)*x^{12} + 104*(7*b*c^{10}*d^6 + 10*a*c^9*d^7) \\
& *x^{11} + 364/5*(6*b*c^{11}*d^5 + 11*a*c^{10}*d^6)*x^{10} + 364/9*(5*b*c^{12}*d^4 + \\
& 12*a*c^{11}*d^5)*x^9 + 35/2*(4*b*c^{13}*d^3 + 13*a*c^{12}*d^4)*x^8 + 40/7*(3*b*c \\
& ^{14}*d^2 + 14*a*c^{13}*d^3)*x^7 + 4/3*(2*b*c^{15}*d + 15*a*c^{14}*d^2)*x^6 + 1/5* \\
& (b*c^{16} + 16*a*c^{15}*d)*x^5
\end{aligned}$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 422 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 422, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.70

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^3(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx = & \frac{ac^{16}x^4}{4} + \frac{bd^{16}x^{21}}{21} + x^{20} \left(\frac{ad^{16}}{20} + \frac{4bcd^{15}}{5} \right) + x^{19} \\
 & \cdot \left(\frac{16acd^{15}}{19} + \frac{120bc^2d^{14}}{19} \right) + x^{18} \cdot \left(\frac{20ac^2d^{14}}{3} + \frac{280bc^3d^{13}}{9} \right) \\
 & + x^{17} \cdot \left(\frac{560ac^3d^{13}}{17} + \frac{1820bc^4d^{12}}{17} \right) \\
 & + x^{16} \cdot \left(\frac{455ac^4d^{12}}{4} + 273bc^5d^{11} \right) + x^{15} \\
 & \cdot \left(\frac{1456ac^5d^{11}}{5} + \frac{8008bc^6d^{10}}{15} \right) + x^{14} \\
 & \cdot \left(572ac^6d^{10} + \frac{5720bc^7d^9}{7} \right) + x^{13} \cdot (880ac^7d^9 + 990bc^8d^8) \\
 & + x^{12} \cdot \left(\frac{2145ac^8d^8}{2} + \frac{2860bc^9d^7}{3} \right) \\
 & + x^{11} \cdot (1040ac^9d^7 + 728bc^{10}d^6) + x^{10} \\
 & \cdot \left(\frac{4004ac^{10}d^6}{5} + \frac{2184bc^{11}d^5}{5} \right) + x^9 \\
 & \cdot \left(\frac{1456ac^{11}d^5}{3} + \frac{1820bc^{12}d^4}{9} \right) + x^8 \\
 & \cdot \left(\frac{455ac^{12}d^4}{2} + 70bc^{13}d^3 \right) + x^7 \cdot \left(80ac^{13}d^3 + \frac{120bc^{14}d^2}{7} \right) \\
 & + x^6 \cdot \left(20ac^{14}d^2 + \frac{8bc^{15}d}{3} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left(\frac{16ac^{15}d}{5} + \frac{bc^{16}}{5} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)**16,x)`

output

```

a*c**16*x**4/4 + b*d**16*x**21/21 + x**20*(a*d**16/20 + 4*b*c*d**15/5) + x
**19*(16*a*c*d**15/19 + 120*b*c**2*d**14/19) + x**18*(20*a*c**2*d**14/3 +
280*b*c**3*d**13/9) + x**17*(560*a*c**3*d**13/17 + 1820*b*c**4*d**12/17) +
x**16*(455*a*c**4*d**12/4 + 273*b*c**5*d**11) + x**15*(1456*a*c**5*d**11/
5 + 8008*b*c**6*d**10/15) + x**14*(572*a*c**6*d**10 + 5720*b*c**7*d**9/7)
+ x**13*(880*a*c**7*d**9 + 990*b*c**8*d**8) + x**12*(2145*a*c**8*d**8/2 +
2860*b*c**9*d**7/3) + x**11*(1040*a*c**9*d**7 + 728*b*c**10*d**6) + x**10*
(4004*a*c**10*d**6/5 + 2184*b*c**11*d**5/5) + x**9*(1456*a*c**11*d**5/3 +
1820*b*c**12*d**4/9) + x**8*(455*a*c**12*d**4/2 + 70*b*c**13*d**3) + x**7*
(80*a*c**13*d**3 + 120*b*c**14*d**2/7) + x**6*(20*a*c**14*d**2 + 8*b*c**15
*d/3) + x**5*(16*a*c**15*d/5 + b*c**16/5)

```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 387 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^3(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx &= \frac{1}{21} bd^{16}x^{21} + \frac{1}{4} ac^{16}x^4 + \frac{1}{20} (16bcd^{15} + ad^{16})x^{20} \\
&+ \frac{8}{19} (15bc^2d^{14} + 2acd^{15})x^{19} \\
&+ \frac{20}{9} (14bc^3d^{13} + 3ac^2d^{14})x^{18} \\
&+ \frac{140}{17} (13bc^4d^{12} + 4ac^3d^{13})x^{17} \\
&+ \frac{91}{4} (12bc^5d^{11} + 5ac^4d^{12})x^{16} \\
&+ \frac{728}{15} (11bc^6d^{10} + 6ac^5d^{11})x^{15} \\
&+ \frac{572}{7} (10bc^7d^9 + 7ac^6d^{10})x^{14} + 110 (9bc^8d^8 + 8ac^7d^9)x^{13} \\
&+ \frac{715}{6} (8bc^9d^7 + 9ac^8d^8)x^{12} + 104 (7bc^{10}d^6 + 10ac^9d^7)x^{11} \\
&+ \frac{364}{5} (6bc^{11}d^5 + 11ac^{10}d^6)x^{10} \\
&+ \frac{364}{9} (5bc^{12}d^4 + 12ac^{11}d^5)x^9 \\
&+ \frac{35}{2} (4bc^{13}d^3 + 13ac^{12}d^4)x^8 + \frac{40}{7} (3bc^{14}d^2 + 14ac^{13}d^3)x^7 \\
&+ \frac{4}{3} (2bc^{15}d + 15ac^{14}d^2)x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (bc^{16} + 16ac^{15}d)x^5
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/21*b*d^{16}*x^{21} + 1/4*a*c^{16}*x^4 + 1/20*(16*b*c*d^{15} + a*d^{16})*x^{20} + 8/1 \\ & 9*(15*b*c^2*d^{14} + 2*a*c*d^{15})*x^{19} + 20/9*(14*b*c^3*d^{13} + 3*a*c^2*d^{14})* \\ & x^{18} + 140/17*(13*b*c^4*d^{12} + 4*a*c^3*d^{13})*x^{17} + 91/4*(12*b*c^5*d^{11} + \\ & 5*a*c^4*d^{12})*x^{16} + 728/15*(11*b*c^6*d^{10} + 6*a*c^5*d^{11})*x^{15} + 572/7*(1 \\ & 0*b*c^7*d^9 + 7*a*c^6*d^{10})*x^{14} + 110*(9*b*c^8*d^8 + 8*a*c^7*d^9)*x^{13} + \\ & 715/6*(8*b*c^9*d^7 + 9*a*c^8*d^8)*x^{12} + 104*(7*b*c^{10}*d^6 + 10*a*c^9*d^7) \\ & *x^{11} + 364/5*(6*b*c^{11}*d^5 + 11*a*c^{10}*d^6)*x^{10} + 364/9*(5*b*c^{12}*d^4 + \\ & 12*a*c^{11}*d^5)*x^9 + 35/2*(4*b*c^{13}*d^3 + 13*a*c^{12}*d^4)*x^8 + 40/7*(3*b*c \\ & ^{14}*d^2 + 14*a*c^{13}*d^3)*x^7 + 4/3*(2*b*c^{15}*d + 15*a*c^{14}*d^2)*x^6 + 1/5* \\ & (b*c^{16} + 16*a*c^{15}*d)*x^5 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 389 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.41

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^3(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx = & \frac{1}{21} bd^{16}x^{21} + \frac{4}{5} bcd^{15}x^{20} + \frac{1}{20} ad^{16}x^{20} + \frac{120}{19} bc^2d^{14}x^{19} \\ & + \frac{16}{19} acd^{15}x^{19} + \frac{280}{9} bc^3d^{13}x^{18} + \frac{20}{3} ac^2d^{14}x^{18} \\ & + \frac{1820}{17} bc^4d^{12}x^{17} + \frac{560}{17} ac^3d^{13}x^{17} + 273 bc^5d^{11}x^{16} \\ & + \frac{455}{4} ac^4d^{12}x^{16} + \frac{8008}{15} bc^6d^{10}x^{15} + \frac{1456}{5} ac^5d^{11}x^{15} \\ & + \frac{5720}{7} bc^7d^9x^{14} + 572 ac^6d^{10}x^{14} + 990 bc^8d^8x^{13} \\ & + 880 ac^7d^9x^{13} + \frac{2860}{3} bc^9d^7x^{12} + \frac{2145}{2} ac^8d^8x^{12} \\ & + 728 bc^{10}d^6x^{11} + 1040 ac^9d^7x^{11} + \frac{2184}{5} bc^{11}d^5x^{10} \\ & + \frac{4004}{5} ac^{10}d^6x^{10} + \frac{1820}{9} bc^{12}d^4x^9 + \frac{1456}{3} ac^{11}d^5x^9 \\ & + 70 bc^{13}d^3x^8 + \frac{455}{2} ac^{12}d^4x^8 + \frac{120}{7} bc^{14}d^2x^7 + 80 ac^{13}d^3x^7 \\ & + \frac{8}{3} bc^{15}dx^6 + 20 ac^{14}d^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5} bc^{16}x^5 + \frac{16}{5} ac^{15}dx^5 + \frac{1}{4} ac^{16}x^4 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/21*b*d^{16}*x^{21} + 4/5*b*c*d^{15}*x^{20} + 1/20*a*d^{16}*x^{20} + 120/19*b*c^2*d^{14}*x^{19} \\ & + 16/19*a*c*d^{15}*x^{19} + 280/9*b*c^3*d^{13}*x^{18} + 20/3*a*c^2*d^{14}*x^{18} \\ & + 1820/17*b*c^4*d^{12}*x^{17} + 560/17*a*c^3*d^{13}*x^{17} + 273*b*c^5*d^{11}*x^{16} \\ & + 455/4*a*c^4*d^{12}*x^{16} + 8008/15*b*c^6*d^{10}*x^{15} + 1456/5*a*c^5*d^{11}*x^{15} \\ & + 5720/7*b*c^7*d^9*x^{14} + 572*a*c^6*d^{10}*x^{14} + 990*b*c^8*d^8*x^{13} + 880 \\ & *a*c^7*d^9*x^{13} + 2860/3*b*c^9*d^7*x^{12} + 2145/2*a*c^8*d^8*x^{12} + 728*b*c^{10} \\ & *d^6*x^{11} + 1040*a*c^9*d^7*x^{11} + 2184/5*b*c^{11}*d^5*x^{10} + 4004/5*a*c^{10} \\ & *d^6*x^{10} + 1820/9*b*c^{12}*d^4*x^9 + 1456/3*a*c^{11}*d^5*x^9 + 70*b*c^{13}*d^3* \\ & x^8 + 455/2*a*c^{12}*d^4*x^8 + 120/7*b*c^{14}*d^2*x^7 + 80*a*c^{13}*d^3*x^7 + 8/ \\ & 3*b*c^{15}*d*x^6 + 20*a*c^{14}*d^2*x^6 + 1/5*b*c^{16}*x^5 + 16/5*a*c^{15}*d*x^5 + \\ & 1/4*a*c^{16}*x^4 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 331, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^3(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx &= x^5 \left(\frac{bc^{16}}{5} + \frac{16ad^15}{5} \right) + x^{20} \left(\frac{ad^{16}}{20} + \frac{4bcd^{15}}{5} \right) \\ &+ \frac{ac^{16}x^4}{4} + \frac{bd^{16}x^{21}}{21} + \frac{4c^{14}dx^6(15ad+2bc)}{3} \\ &+ \frac{8cd^{14}x^{19}(2ad+15bc)}{19} + \frac{40c^{13}d^2x^7(14ad+3bc)}{7} \\ &+ \frac{35c^{12}d^3x^8(13ad+4bc)}{2} + \frac{364c^{11}d^4x^9(12ad+5bc)}{9} \\ &+ \frac{364c^{10}d^5x^{10}(11ad+6bc)}{5} \\ &+ 104c^9d^6x^{11}(10ad+7bc) + \frac{715c^8d^7x^{12}(9ad+8bc)}{6} \\ &+ 110c^7d^8x^{13}(8ad+9bc) + \frac{572c^6d^9x^{14}(7ad+10bc)}{7} \\ &+ \frac{728c^5d^{10}x^{15}(6ad+11bc)}{15} \\ &+ \frac{91c^4d^{11}x^{16}(5ad+12bc)}{4} \\ &+ \frac{140c^3d^{12}x^{17}(4ad+13bc)}{17} \\ &+ \frac{20c^2d^{13}x^{18}(3ad+14bc)}{9} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^16,x)`

output $x^5((b*c^{16})/5 + (16*a*c^{15}*d)/5) + x^{20}((a*d^{16})/20 + (4*b*c*d^{15})/5) + (a*c^{16}*x^4)/4 + (b*d^{16}*x^{21})/21 + (4*c^{14}*d*x^6*(15*a*d + 2*b*c))/3 + (8*c*d^{14}*x^{19}*(2*a*d + 15*b*c))/19 + (40*c^{13}*d^2*x^7*(14*a*d + 3*b*c))/7 + (35*c^{12}*d^3*x^8*(13*a*d + 4*b*c))/2 + (364*c^{11}*d^4*x^9*(12*a*d + 5*b*c))/9 + (364*c^{10}*d^5*x^{10}*(11*a*d + 6*b*c))/5 + 104*c^9*d^6*x^{11}*(10*a*d + 7*b*c) + (715*c^8*d^7*x^{12}*(9*a*d + 8*b*c))/6 + 110*c^7*d^8*x^{13}*(8*a*d + 9*b*c) + (572*c^6*d^9*x^{14}*(7*a*d + 10*b*c))/7 + (728*c^5*d^{10}*x^{15}*(6*a*d + 11*b*c))/15 + (91*c^4*d^{11}*x^{16}*(5*a*d + 12*b*c))/4 + (140*c^3*d^{12}*x^{17}*(4*a*d + 13*b*c))/17 + (20*c^2*d^{13}*x^{18}*(3*a*d + 14*b*c))/9$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

$$\int x^3(a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^4(19380b d^{16} x^{17} + 20349a d^{16} x^{16} + 325584bc d^{15} x^{16} + 342720ac d^{15} x^{15} + 2570400b c^2 d^{14} x^{15} + 2713200a c^2 d^{14} x^{14} + 20349a^2 d^{13} x^{13} + 203490ab d^{13} x^{12} + 11110540a^2 c d^{12} x^{12} + 11110540abc d^{12} x^{11} + 43570800b^2 c d^{11} x^{11} + 43570800b^2 c^2 d^{11} x^{10} + 12661600b^3 c^2 d^{10} x^{10} + 12661600b^3 c^3 d^{10} x^9 + 3255840b^4 c^3 d^9 x^9 + 193800b^4 c^4 d^9 x^8 + 3255840b^4 c^4 d^8 x^8 + 193800b^4 c^5 d^8 x^7 + 193800b^4 c^6 d^8 x^6 + 193800b^4 c^7 d^8 x^5 + 193800b^4 c^8 d^8 x^4 + 193800b^4 c^9 d^8 x^3 + 193800b^4 c^{10} d^8 x^2 + 193800b^4 c^{11} d^8 x + 193800b^4 c^{12} d^8)}{406980}$$

input `int(x^3*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x)`

output $(x^{20}(101745a^2c^{16} + 1302336a^2c^{15}d + 8139600a^2c^{14}d^2x + 32558400a^2c^{13}d^3x^2 + 92587950a^2c^{12}d^4x^3 + 197520960a^2c^{11}d^5x^4 + 325909584a^2c^{10}d^6x^5 + 423259200a^2c^9d^7x^6 + 436486050a^2c^8d^8x^7 + 358142400a^2c^7d^9x^8 + 232792560a^2c^6d^{10}x^9 + 118512576a^2c^5d^{11}x^{10} + 46293975a^2c^4d^{12}x^{11} + 13406400a^2c^3d^{13}x^{12} + 2713200a^2c^2d^{14}x^{13} + 342720a^2cd^{15}x^{14} + 20349a^2d^{16}x^{15} + 81396b^2c^{16}x + 1085280b^2c^{15}d + 6976800b^2c^{14}d^2x + 28488600b^2c^{13}d^3x^2 + 82300400b^2c^{12}d^4x^3 + 177768864b^2c^{11}d^5x^4 + 296281440b^2c^{10}d^6x^5 + 387987600b^2c^9d^7x^6 + 402910200b^2c^8d^8x^7 + 332560800b^2c^7d^9x^8 + 217273056b^2c^6d^{10}x^9 + 11110540b^2c^5d^{11}x^{10} + 43570800b^2c^4d^{12}x^{11} + 12661600b^2c^3d^{13}x^{12} + 2570400b^2c^2d^{14}x^{13} + 325584b^2cd^{15}x^{14} + 19380b^2d^{16}x^{15})/406980$

3.139 $\int x^2(a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx$

Optimal result	1012
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1013
Rubi [A] (verified)	1014
Maple [B] (verified)	1015
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1016
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1017
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1018
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1019
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1020
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1021

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx = -\frac{c^2(bc - ad)(c + dx)^{17}}{17d^4} + \frac{c(3bc - 2ad)(c + dx)^{18}}{18d^4} - \frac{(3bc - ad)(c + dx)^{19}}{19d^4} + \frac{b(c + dx)^{20}}{20d^4}$$

```
output -1/17*c^2*(-a*d+b*c)*(d*x+c)^17/d^4+1/18*c*(-2*a*d+3*b*c)*(d*x+c)^18/d^4-1/19*(-a*d+3*b*c)*(d*x+c)^19/d^4+1/20*b*(d*x+c)^20/d^4
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 355 vs. $2(88) = 176$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.03

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx = \frac{1}{3}ac^{16}x^3 + \frac{1}{4}c^{15}(bc + 16ad)x^4 + \frac{8}{5}c^{14}d(2bc + 15ad)x^5$$

$$+ \frac{20}{3}c^{13}d^2(3bc + 14ad)x^6 + 20c^{12}d^3(4bc + 13ad)x^7$$

$$+ \frac{91}{2}c^{11}d^4(5bc + 12ad)x^8 + \frac{728}{9}c^{10}d^5(6bc + 11ad)x^9$$

$$+ \frac{572}{5}c^9d^6(7bc + 10ad)x^{10} + 130c^8d^7(8bc + 9ad)x^{11}$$

$$+ \frac{715}{6}c^7d^8(9bc + 8ad)x^{12} + 88c^6d^9(10bc + 7ad)x^{13}$$

$$+ 52c^5d^{10}(11bc + 6ad)x^{14} + \frac{364}{15}c^4d^{11}(12bc + 5ad)x^{15}$$

$$+ \frac{35}{4}c^3d^{12}(13bc + 4ad)x^{16} + \frac{40}{17}c^2d^{13}(14bc + 3ad)x^{17}$$

$$+ \frac{4}{9}cd^{14}(15bc + 2ad)x^{18} + \frac{1}{19}d^{15}(16bc + ad)x^{19} + \frac{1}{20}bd^{16}x^{20}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^16,x]`

output `(a*c^16*x^3)/3 + (c^15*(b*c + 16*a*d)*x^4)/4 + (8*c^14*d*(2*b*c + 15*a*d)*x^5)/5 + (20*c^13*d^2*(3*b*c + 14*a*d)*x^6)/3 + 20*c^12*d^3*(4*b*c + 13*a*d)*x^7 + (91*c^11*d^4*(5*b*c + 12*a*d)*x^8)/2 + (728*c^10*d^5*(6*b*c + 11*a*d)*x^9)/9 + (572*c^9*d^6*(7*b*c + 10*a*d)*x^10)/5 + 130*c^8*d^7*(8*b*c + 9*a*d)*x^11 + (715*c^7*d^8*(9*b*c + 8*a*d)*x^12)/6 + 88*c^6*d^9*(10*b*c + 7*a*d)*x^13 + 52*c^5*d^10*(11*b*c + 6*a*d)*x^14 + (364*c^4*d^11*(12*b*c + 5*a*d)*x^15)/15 + (35*c^3*d^12*(13*b*c + 4*a*d)*x^16)/4 + (40*c^2*d^13*(14*b*c + 3*a*d)*x^17)/17 + (4*c*d^14*(15*b*c + 2*a*d)*x^18)/9 + (d^15*(16*b*c + a*d)*x^19)/19 + (b*d^16*x^20)/20`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(-\frac{c^2(c + dx)^{16}(bc - ad)}{d^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^{18}(ad - 3bc)}{d^3} + \frac{c(c + dx)^{17}(3bc - 2ad)}{d^3} + \frac{b(c + dx)^{19}}{d^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{c^2(c + dx)^{17}(bc - ad)}{17d^4} - \frac{(c + dx)^{19}(3bc - ad)}{19d^4} + \frac{c(c + dx)^{18}(3bc - 2ad)}{18d^4} + \frac{b(c + dx)^{20}}{20d^4}$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^16,x]
```

output

```
-1/17*(c^2*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)^17)/d^4 + (c*(3*b*c - 2*a*d)*(c + d*x)^18)/(18*d^4) - ((3*b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)^19)/(19*d^4) + (b*(c + d*x)^20)/(20*d^4)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 373 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.25

method	result
norman	$\frac{a c^{16} x^3}{3} + (4a c^{15} d + \frac{1}{4} b c^{16}) x^4 + (24a c^{14} d^2 + \frac{16}{5} b c^{15} d) x^5 + (\frac{280}{3} a c^{13} d^3 + 20b c^{14} d^2) x^6 + (260 a c^{12} d^4 + 80 b c^{13} d^3) x^7 + (546 a c^{11} d^5 + 455/2 b c^{12} d^4) x^8 + (8008/9 a c^{10} d^6 + 1456/3 b c^{11} d^5) x^9 + (1144 a c^9 d^7 + 4004/5 b c^{10} d^6) x^{10} + (1170 a c^8 d^8 + 1040 b c^9 d^7) x^{11} + (2860/3 a c^7 d^9 + 2145/2 b c^8 d^8) x^{12} + (616 a c^6 d^{10} + 880 b c^7 d^9) x^{13} + (312 a c^5 d^{11} + 572 b c^6 d^{10}) x^{14} + (364/3 a c^4 d^{12} + 1456/5 b c^5 d^{11}) x^{15} + (35 a c^3 d^{13} + 455/4 b c^4 d^{12}) x^{16} + (120/17 a c^2 d^{14} + 560/17 b c^3 d^{13}) x^{17} + (8/9 a c d^{15} + 20/3 b c^2 d^{14}) x^{18} + (1/19 a d^{16} + 16/19 b c d^{15}) x^{19} + 1/20 b d^{16} x^{20}$
default	$\frac{b d^{16} x^{20}}{20} + \frac{(a d^{16} + 16 b c d^{15}) x^{19}}{19} + \frac{(16 a c d^{15} + 120 b c^2 d^{14}) x^{18}}{18} + \frac{(120 a c^2 d^{14} + 560 b c^3 d^{13}) x^{17}}{17} + \frac{(560 a c^3 d^{13} + 1820 b c^4 d^{12}) x^{16}}{16} + \frac{(1820 a c^4 d^{12} + 5460 b c^5 d^{11}) x^{15}}{15} + \frac{(5460 a c^5 d^{11} + 35420 b c^6 d^{10}) x^{14}}{14} + \frac{(35420 a c^6 d^{10} + 200200 b c^7 d^9) x^{13}}{13} + \frac{(200200 a c^7 d^9 + 1001000 b c^8 d^8) x^{12}}{12} + \frac{(1001000 a c^8 d^8 + 5005000 b c^9 d^7) x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(5005000 a c^9 d^7 + 20020000 b c^{10} d^6) x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(20020000 a c^{10} d^6 + 80080000 b c^{11} d^5) x^9}{9} + \frac{(80080000 a c^{11} d^5 + 260160000 b c^{12} d^4) x^8}{8} + \frac{(260160000 a c^{12} d^4 + 800480000 b c^{13} d^3) x^7}{7} + \frac{(800480000 a c^{13} d^3 + 2001200000 b c^{14} d^2) x^6}{6} + \frac{(2001200000 a c^{14} d^2 + 4002400000 b c^{15} d) x^5}{5} + \frac{(4002400000 a c^{15} d + 8004800000 b c^{16}) x^4}{4} + \frac{8004800000 a c^{16} x^3}{3}$
orering	$x^3 (2907 b d^{16} x^{17} + 3060 a d^{16} x^{16} + 48960 b c d^{15} x^{16} + 51680 a c d^{15} x^{15} + 387600 b c^2 d^{14} x^{15} + 410400 a c^2 d^{14} x^{14} + 1915200 b c^3 d^{13} x^{14} + 1915200 a c^3 d^{13} x^{13} + 616000 b c^4 d^{12} x^{13} + 616000 a c^4 d^{12} x^{12} + 104000 b c^5 d^{11} x^{12} + 104000 a c^5 d^{11} x^{11} + 10400 b c^6 d^{10} x^{11} + 10400 a c^6 d^{10} x^{10} + 8800 b c^7 d^9 x^{10} + 8800 a c^7 d^9 x^9 + 5720 b c^8 d^8 x^9 + 5720 a c^8 d^8 x^8 + 3120 b c^9 d^7 x^8 + 3120 a c^9 d^7 x^7 + 190 b c^{10} d^6 x^7 + 190 a c^{10} d^6 x^6 + 19 b c^{11} d^5 x^6 + 19 a c^{11} d^5 x^5 + 2 b c^{12} d^4 x^5 + 2 a c^{12} d^4 x^4 + b c^{13} d^3 x^4 + b a c^{13} d^3 x^3)$
gosper	$880 b c^7 d^9 x^{13} + 312 a c^5 d^{11} x^{14} + 572 b c^6 d^{10} x^{14} + 1170 a c^8 d^8 x^{11} + 1040 b c^9 d^7 x^{11} + 616 a c^6 d^{10} x^{10} + 880 b c^7 d^9 x^9 + 572 a c^8 d^8 x^8 + 312 b c^9 d^7 x^7 + 190 a c^{10} d^6 x^6 + 19 b c^{11} d^5 x^5 + 2 a c^{12} d^4 x^4 + b c^{13} d^3 x^3$
risch	$880 b c^7 d^9 x^{13} + 312 a c^5 d^{11} x^{14} + 572 b c^6 d^{10} x^{14} + 1170 a c^8 d^8 x^{11} + 1040 b c^9 d^7 x^{11} + 616 a c^6 d^{10} x^{10} + 880 b c^7 d^9 x^9 + 572 a c^8 d^8 x^8 + 312 b c^9 d^7 x^7 + 190 a c^{10} d^6 x^6 + 19 b c^{11} d^5 x^5 + 2 a c^{12} d^4 x^4 + b c^{13} d^3 x^3$
parallelrisch	$880 b c^7 d^9 x^{13} + 312 a c^5 d^{11} x^{14} + 572 b c^6 d^{10} x^{14} + 1170 a c^8 d^8 x^{11} + 1040 b c^9 d^7 x^{11} + 616 a c^6 d^{10} x^{10} + 880 b c^7 d^9 x^9 + 572 a c^8 d^8 x^8 + 312 b c^9 d^7 x^7 + 190 a c^{10} d^6 x^6 + 19 b c^{11} d^5 x^5 + 2 a c^{12} d^4 x^4 + b c^{13} d^3 x^3$

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/3*a*c^{16}*x^3+(4*a*c^{15}*d+1/4*b*c^{16})*x^4+(24*a*c^{14}*d^2+16/5*b*c^{15}*d)*x^5+(280/3*a*c^{13}*d^3+20*b*c^{14}*d^2)*x^6+(260*a*c^{12}*d^4+80*b*c^{13}*d^3)*x^7+(546*a*c^{11}*d^5+455/2*b*c^{12}*d^4)*x^8+(8008/9*a*c^{10}*d^6+1456/3*b*c^{11}*d^5)*x^9+(1144*a*c^9*d^7+4004/5*b*c^{10}*d^6)*x^{10}+(1170*a*c^8*d^8+1040*b*c^9*d^7)*x^{11}+(2860/3*a*c^7*d^9+2145/2*b*c^8*d^8)*x^{12}+(616*a*c^6*d^{10}+880*b*c^7*d^9)*x^{13}+(312*a*c^5*d^{11}+572*b*c^6*d^{10})*x^{14}+(364/3*a*c^4*d^{12}+1456/5*b*c^5*d^{11})*x^{15}+(35*a*c^3*d^{13}+455/4*b*c^4*d^{12})*x^{16}+(120/17*a*c^2*d^{14}+560/17*b*c^3*d^{13})*x^{17}+(8/9*a*c*d^{15}+20/3*b*c^2*d^{14})*x^{18}+(1/19*a*d^{16}+16/19*b*c*d^{15})*x^{19}+1/20*b*d^{16}*x^{20}$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 387 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.40

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx = \frac{1}{20}bd^{16}x^{20} + \frac{1}{3}ac^{16}x^3 + \frac{1}{19}(16bcd^{15} + ad^{16})x^{19} \\ + \frac{4}{9}(15bc^2d^{14} + 2acd^{15})x^{18} + \frac{40}{17}(14bc^3d^{13} + 3ac^2d^{14})x^{17} \\ + \frac{35}{4}(13bc^4d^{12} + 4ac^3d^{13})x^{16} \\ + \frac{364}{15}(12bc^5d^{11} + 5ac^4d^{12})x^{15} \\ + 52(11bc^6d^{10} + 6ac^5d^{11})x^{14} + 88(10bc^7d^9 + 7ac^6d^{10})x^{13} \\ + \frac{715}{6}(9bc^8d^8 + 8ac^7d^9)x^{12} + 130(8bc^9d^7 + 9ac^8d^8)x^{11} \\ + \frac{572}{5}(7bc^{10}d^6 + 10ac^9d^7)x^{10} \\ + \frac{728}{9}(6bc^{11}d^5 + 11ac^{10}d^6)x^9 \\ + \frac{91}{2}(5bc^{12}d^4 + 12ac^{11}d^5)x^8 \\ + 20(4bc^{13}d^3 + 13ac^{12}d^4)x^7 + \frac{20}{3}(3bc^{14}d^2 + 14ac^{13}d^3)x^6 \\ + \frac{8}{5}(2bc^{15}d + 15ac^{14}d^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{4}(bc^{16} + 16ac^{15}d)x^4$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/20*b*d^16*x^20 + 1/3*a*c^16*x^3 + 1/19*(16*b*c*d^15 + a*d^16)*x^19 + 4/9
*(15*b*c^2*d^14 + 2*a*c*d^15)*x^18 + 40/17*(14*b*c^3*d^13 + 3*a*c^2*d^14)*
x^17 + 35/4*(13*b*c^4*d^12 + 4*a*c^3*d^13)*x^16 + 364/15*(12*b*c^5*d^11 +
5*a*c^4*d^12)*x^15 + 52*(11*b*c^6*d^10 + 6*a*c^5*d^11)*x^14 + 88*(10*b*c^7
*d^9 + 7*a*c^6*d^10)*x^13 + 715/6*(9*b*c^8*d^8 + 8*a*c^7*d^9)*x^12 + 130*(
8*b*c^9*d^7 + 9*a*c^8*d^8)*x^11 + 572/5*(7*b*c^10*d^6 + 10*a*c^9*d^7)*x^10
+ 728/9*(6*b*c^11*d^5 + 11*a*c^10*d^6)*x^9 + 91/2*(5*b*c^12*d^4 + 12*a*c^
11*d^5)*x^8 + 20*(4*b*c^13*d^3 + 13*a*c^12*d^4)*x^7 + 20/3*(3*b*c^14*d^2 +
14*a*c^13*d^3)*x^6 + 8/5*(2*b*c^15*d + 15*a*c^14*d^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(b*c^16 +
16*a*c^15*d)*x^4`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 413 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.69

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^2(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx = & \frac{ac^{16}x^3}{3} + \frac{bd^{16}x^{20}}{20} + x^{19} \left(\frac{ad^{16}}{19} + \frac{16bcd^{15}}{19} \right) + x^{18} \\
 & \cdot \left(\frac{8acd^{15}}{9} + \frac{20bc^2d^{14}}{3} \right) + x^{17} \cdot \left(\frac{120ac^2d^{14}}{17} + \frac{560bc^3d^{13}}{17} \right) \\
 & + x^{16} \cdot \left(35ac^3d^{13} + \frac{455bc^4d^{12}}{4} \right) + x^{15} \\
 & \cdot \left(\frac{364ac^4d^{12}}{3} + \frac{1456bc^5d^{11}}{5} \right) + x^{14} \\
 & \cdot (312ac^5d^{11} + 572bc^6d^{10}) + x^{13} \cdot (616ac^6d^{10} + 880bc^7d^9) \\
 & + x^{12} \cdot \left(\frac{2860ac^7d^9}{3} + \frac{2145bc^8d^8}{2} \right) + x^{11} \\
 & \cdot (1170ac^8d^8 + 1040bc^9d^7) + x^{10} \cdot \left(1144ac^9d^7 + \frac{4004bc^{10}d^6}{5} \right) \\
 & + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{8008ac^{10}d^6}{9} + \frac{1456bc^{11}d^5}{3} \right) + x^8 \\
 & \cdot \left(546ac^{11}d^5 + \frac{455bc^{12}d^4}{2} \right) + x^7 \cdot (260ac^{12}d^4 + 80bc^{13}d^3) \\
 & + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{280ac^{13}d^3}{3} + 20bc^{14}d^2 \right) + x^5 \\
 & \cdot \left(24ac^{14}d^2 + \frac{16bc^{15}d}{5} \right) + x^4 \cdot \left(4ac^{15}d + \frac{bc^{16}}{4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)**16,x)
```

output

```
a***16*x**3/3 + b*d**16*x**20/20 + x**19*(a*d**16/19 + 16*b*c*d**15/19) +
x**18*(8*a*c*d**15/9 + 20*b*c**2*d**14/3) + x**17*(120*a*c**2*d**14/17 +
560*b*c**3*d**13/17) + x**16*(35*a*c**3*d**13 + 455*b*c**4*d**12/4) + x**1
5*(364*a*c**4*d**12/3 + 1456*b*c**5*d**11/5) + x**14*(312*a*c**5*d**11 + 5
72*b*c**6*d**10) + x**13*(616*a*c**6*d**10 + 880*b*c**7*d**9) + x**12*(286
0*a*c**7*d**9/3 + 2145*b*c**8*d**8/2) + x**11*(1170*a*c**8*d**8 + 1040*b*c
**9*d**7) + x**10*(1144*a*c**9*d**7 + 4004*b*c**10*d**6/5) + x**9*(8008*a*
c**10*d**6/9 + 1456*b*c**11*d**5/3) + x**8*(546*a*c**11*d**5 + 455*b*c**12
*d**4/2) + x**7*(260*a*c**12*d**4 + 80*b*c**13*d**3) + x**6*(280*a*c**13*d
**3/3 + 20*b*c**14*d**2) + x**5*(24*a*c**14*d**2 + 16*b*c**15*d/5) + x**4*
(4*a*c**15*d + b*c**16/4)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 387 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.40

$$\int x^2(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx = \frac{1}{20} bd^{16}x^{20} + \frac{1}{3} ac^{16}x^3 + \frac{1}{19} (16bcd^{15} + ad^{16})x^{19} \\ + \frac{4}{9} (15bc^2d^{14} + 2acd^{15})x^{18} + \frac{40}{17} (14bc^3d^{13} + 3ac^2d^{14})x^{17} \\ + \frac{35}{4} (13bc^4d^{12} + 4ac^3d^{13})x^{16} \\ + \frac{364}{15} (12bc^5d^{11} + 5ac^4d^{12})x^{15} \\ + 52 (11bc^6d^{10} + 6ac^5d^{11})x^{14} + 88 (10bc^7d^9 + 7ac^6d^{10})x^{13} \\ + \frac{715}{6} (9bc^8d^8 + 8ac^7d^9)x^{12} + 130 (8bc^9d^7 + 9ac^8d^8)x^{11} \\ + \frac{572}{5} (7bc^{10}d^6 + 10ac^9d^7)x^{10} \\ + \frac{728}{9} (6bc^{11}d^5 + 11ac^{10}d^6)x^9 \\ + \frac{91}{2} (5bc^{12}d^4 + 12ac^{11}d^5)x^8 \\ + 20 (4bc^{13}d^3 + 13ac^{12}d^4)x^7 + \frac{20}{3} (3bc^{14}d^2 + 14ac^{13}d^3)x^6 \\ + \frac{8}{5} (2bc^{15}d + 15ac^{14}d^2)x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (bc^{16} + 16ac^{15}d)x^4$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/20*b*d^16*x^20 + 1/3*a*c^16*x^3 + 1/19*(16*b*c*d^15 + a*d^16)*x^19 + 4/9
*(15*b*c^2*d^14 + 2*a*c*d^15)*x^18 + 40/17*(14*b*c^3*d^13 + 3*a*c^2*d^14)*
x^17 + 35/4*(13*b*c^4*d^12 + 4*a*c^3*d^13)*x^16 + 364/15*(12*b*c^5*d^11 +
5*a*c^4*d^12)*x^15 + 52*(11*b*c^6*d^10 + 6*a*c^5*d^11)*x^14 + 88*(10*b*c^7
*d^9 + 7*a*c^6*d^10)*x^13 + 715/6*(9*b*c^8*d^8 + 8*a*c^7*d^9)*x^12 + 130*(
8*b*c^9*d^7 + 9*a*c^8*d^8)*x^11 + 572/5*(7*b*c^10*d^6 + 10*a*c^9*d^7)*x^10
+ 728/9*(6*b*c^11*d^5 + 11*a*c^10*d^6)*x^9 + 91/2*(5*b*c^12*d^4 + 12*a*c^
11*d^5)*x^8 + 20*(4*b*c^13*d^3 + 13*a*c^12*d^4)*x^7 + 20/3*(3*b*c^14*d^2 +
14*a*c^13*d^3)*x^6 + 8/5*(2*b*c^15*d + 15*a*c^14*d^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(b*c^16 +
16*a*c^15*d)*x^4

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 389 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^2(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx = & \frac{1}{20} bd^{16}x^{20} + \frac{16}{19} bcd^{15}x^{19} + \frac{1}{19} ad^{16}x^{19} + \frac{20}{3} bc^2d^{14}x^{18} \\
& + \frac{8}{9} acd^{15}x^{18} + \frac{560}{17} bc^3d^{13}x^{17} + \frac{120}{17} ac^2d^{14}x^{17} \\
& + \frac{455}{4} bc^4d^{12}x^{16} + 35 ac^3d^{13}x^{16} + \frac{1456}{5} bc^5d^{11}x^{15} \\
& + \frac{364}{3} ac^4d^{12}x^{15} + 572 bc^6d^{10}x^{14} + 312 ac^5d^{11}x^{14} \\
& + 880 bc^7d^9x^{13} + 616 ac^6d^{10}x^{13} + \frac{2145}{2} bc^8d^8x^{12} \\
& + \frac{2860}{3} ac^7d^9x^{12} + 1040 bc^9d^7x^{11} + 1170 ac^8d^8x^{11} \\
& + \frac{4004}{5} bc^{10}d^6x^{10} + 1144 ac^9d^7x^{10} + \frac{1456}{3} bc^{11}d^5x^9 \\
& + \frac{8008}{9} ac^{10}d^6x^9 + \frac{455}{2} bc^{12}d^4x^8 + 546 ac^{11}d^5x^8 \\
& + 80 bc^{13}d^3x^7 + 260 ac^{12}d^4x^7 + 20 bc^{14}d^2x^6 + \frac{280}{3} ac^{13}d^3x^6 \\
& + \frac{16}{5} bc^{15}dx^5 + 24 ac^{14}d^2x^5 + \frac{1}{4} bc^{16}x^4 + 4 ac^{15}dx^4 + \frac{1}{3} ac^{16}x^3
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x, algorithm="giac")
```


output

```

1/20*b*d^16*x^20 + 16/19*b*c*d^15*x^19 + 1/19*a*d^16*x^19 + 20/3*b*c^2*d^1
4*x^18 + 8/9*a*c*d^15*x^18 + 560/17*b*c^3*d^13*x^17 + 120/17*a*c^2*d^14*x^
17 + 455/4*b*c^4*d^12*x^16 + 35*a*c^3*d^13*x^16 + 1456/5*b*c^5*d^11*x^15 +
364/3*a*c^4*d^12*x^15 + 572*b*c^6*d^10*x^14 + 312*a*c^5*d^11*x^14 + 880*b
*c^7*d^9*x^13 + 616*a*c^6*d^10*x^13 + 2145/2*b*c^8*d^8*x^12 + 2860/3*a*c^7
*d^9*x^12 + 1040*b*c^9*d^7*x^11 + 1170*a*c^8*d^8*x^11 + 4004/5*b*c^10*d^6*
x^10 + 1144*a*c^9*d^7*x^10 + 1456/3*b*c^11*d^5*x^9 + 8008/9*a*c^10*d^6*x^9
+ 455/2*b*c^12*d^4*x^8 + 546*a*c^11*d^5*x^8 + 80*b*c^13*d^3*x^7 + 260*a*c
^12*d^4*x^7 + 20*b*c^14*d^2*x^6 + 280/3*a*c^13*d^3*x^6 + 16/5*b*c^15*d*x^5
+ 24*a*c^14*d^2*x^5 + 1/4*b*c^16*x^4 + 4*a*c^15*d*x^4 + 1/3*a*c^16*x^3

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 331, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.76

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^2(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx &= x^4 \left(\frac{bc^{16}}{4} + 4adc^{15} \right) + x^{19} \left(\frac{ad^{16}}{19} + \frac{16bcd^{15}}{19} \right) \\
&+ \frac{ac^{16}x^3}{3} + \frac{bd^{16}x^{20}}{20} + \frac{8c^{14}dx^5(15ad+2bc)}{5} \\
&+ \frac{4cd^{14}x^{18}(2ad+15bc)}{9} + \frac{20c^{13}d^2x^6(14ad+3bc)}{3} \\
&+ 20c^{12}d^3x^7(13ad+4bc) + \frac{91c^{11}d^4x^8(12ad+5bc)}{2} \\
&+ \frac{728c^{10}d^5x^9(11ad+6bc)}{9} \\
&+ \frac{572c^9d^6x^{10}(10ad+7bc)}{5} + 130c^8d^7x^{11}(9ad+8bc) \\
&+ \frac{715c^7d^8x^{12}(8ad+9bc)}{6} + 88c^6d^9x^{13}(7ad+10bc) \\
&+ 52c^5d^{10}x^{14}(6ad+11bc) + \frac{364c^4d^{11}x^{15}(5ad+12bc)}{15} \\
&+ \frac{35c^3d^{12}x^{16}(4ad+13bc)}{4} + \frac{40c^2d^{13}x^{17}(3ad+14bc)}{17}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^16,x)
```

output

$$x^4 \cdot ((b \cdot c^{16})/4 + 4 \cdot a \cdot c^{15} \cdot d) + x^{19} \cdot ((a \cdot d^{16})/19 + (16 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d^{15})/19) + (a \cdot c^{16} \cdot x^3)/3 + (b \cdot d^{16} \cdot x^{20})/20 + (8 \cdot c^{14} \cdot d \cdot x^5 \cdot (15 \cdot a \cdot d + 2 \cdot b \cdot c))/5 + (4 \cdot c \cdot d^{14} \cdot x^{18} \cdot (2 \cdot a \cdot d + 15 \cdot b \cdot c))/9 + (20 \cdot c^{13} \cdot d^2 \cdot x^6 \cdot (14 \cdot a \cdot d + 3 \cdot b \cdot c))/3 + 20 \cdot c^{12} \cdot d^3 \cdot x^7 \cdot (13 \cdot a \cdot d + 4 \cdot b \cdot c) + (91 \cdot c^{11} \cdot d^4 \cdot x^8 \cdot (12 \cdot a \cdot d + 5 \cdot b \cdot c))/2 + (7 \cdot 28 \cdot c^{10} \cdot d^5 \cdot x^9 \cdot (11 \cdot a \cdot d + 6 \cdot b \cdot c))/9 + (572 \cdot c^9 \cdot d^6 \cdot x^{10} \cdot (10 \cdot a \cdot d + 7 \cdot b \cdot c))/5 + 130 \cdot c^8 \cdot d^7 \cdot x^{11} \cdot (9 \cdot a \cdot d + 8 \cdot b \cdot c) + (715 \cdot c^7 \cdot d^8 \cdot x^{12} \cdot (8 \cdot a \cdot d + 9 \cdot b \cdot c))/6 + 88 \cdot c^6 \cdot d^9 \cdot x^{13} \cdot (7 \cdot a \cdot d + 10 \cdot b \cdot c) + 52 \cdot c^5 \cdot d^{10} \cdot x^{14} \cdot (6 \cdot a \cdot d + 11 \cdot b \cdot c) + (364 \cdot c^4 \cdot d^{11} \cdot x^{15} \cdot (5 \cdot a \cdot d + 12 \cdot b \cdot c))/15 + (35 \cdot c^3 \cdot d^{12} \cdot x^{16} \cdot (4 \cdot a \cdot d + 13 \cdot b \cdot c))/4 + (40 \cdot c^2 \cdot d^{13} \cdot x^{17} \cdot (3 \cdot a \cdot d + 14 \cdot b \cdot c))/17$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.40

$$\int x^2(a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^3(2907b d^{16} x^{17} + 3060a d^{16} x^{16} + 48960bc d^{15} x^{16} + 51680ac d^{15} x^{15} + 387600b c^2 d^{14} x^{15} + 410400a c^2 d^{14} x^{14} + \dots)}{58140}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x)
```

output

```
(x**3*(19380*a*c**16 + 232560*a*c**15*d*x + 1395360*a*c**14*d**2*x**2 + 54
26400*a*c**13*d**3*x**3 + 15116400*a*c**12*d**4*x**4 + 31744440*a*c**11*d*
*5*x**5 + 51731680*a*c**10*d**6*x**6 + 66512160*a*c**9*d**7*x**7 + 6802380
0*a*c**8*d**8*x**8 + 55426800*a*c**7*d**9*x**9 + 35814240*a*c**6*d**10*x**
10 + 18139680*a*c**5*d**11*x**11 + 7054320*a*c**4*d**12*x**12 + 2034900*a*
c**3*d**13*x**13 + 410400*a*c**2*d**14*x**14 + 51680*a*c*d**15*x**15 + 306
0*a*d**16*x**16 + 14535*b*c**16*x + 186048*b*c**15*d*x**2 + 1162800*b*c**1
4*d**2*x**3 + 4651200*b*c**13*d**3*x**4 + 13226850*b*c**12*d**4*x**5 + 282
17280*b*c**11*d**5*x**6 + 46558512*b*c**10*d**6*x**7 + 60465600*b*c**9*d**
7*x**8 + 62355150*b*c**8*d**8*x**9 + 51163200*b*c**7*d**9*x**10 + 33256080
*b*c**6*d**10*x**11 + 16930368*b*c**5*d**11*x**12 + 6613425*b*c**4*d**12*x
**13 + 1915200*b*c**3*d**13*x**14 + 387600*b*c**2*d**14*x**15 + 48960*b*c*
d**15*x**16 + 2907*b*d**16*x**17))/58140
```

3.140 $\int x(a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx$

Optimal result	1022
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1023
Rubi [A] (verified)	1024
Maple [B] (verified)	1025
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1026
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1027
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1028
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1029
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1030
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1031

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int x(a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx = \frac{c(bc - ad)(c + dx)^{17}}{17d^3} - \frac{(2bc - ad)(c + dx)^{18}}{18d^3} + \frac{b(c + dx)^{19}}{19d^3}$$

output

```
1/17*c*(-a*d+b*c)*(d*x+c)^17/d^3-1/18*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(d*x+c)^18/d^3+1/19*b*(d*x+c)^19/d^3
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 347 vs. $2(62) = 124$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.60

$$\int x(a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx = \frac{1}{2}ac^{16}x^2 + \frac{1}{3}c^{15}(bc + 16ad)x^3 + 2c^{14}d(2bc + 15ad)x^4$$

$$+ 8c^{13}d^2(3bc + 14ad)x^5 + \frac{70}{3}c^{12}d^3(4bc + 13ad)x^6$$

$$+ 52c^{11}d^4(5bc + 12ad)x^7 + 91c^{10}d^5(6bc + 11ad)x^8$$

$$+ \frac{1144}{9}c^9d^6(7bc + 10ad)x^9 + 143c^8d^7(8bc + 9ad)x^{10}$$

$$+ 130c^7d^8(9bc + 8ad)x^{11} + \frac{286}{3}c^6d^9(10bc + 7ad)x^{12}$$

$$+ 56c^5d^{10}(11bc + 6ad)x^{13} + 26c^4d^{11}(12bc + 5ad)x^{14}$$

$$+ \frac{28}{3}c^3d^{12}(13bc + 4ad)x^{15} + \frac{5}{2}c^2d^{13}(14bc + 3ad)x^{16}$$

$$+ \frac{8}{17}cd^{14}(15bc + 2ad)x^{17} + \frac{1}{18}d^{15}(16bc + ad)x^{18} + \frac{1}{19}bd^{16}x^{19}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^16,x]`

output `(a*c^16*x^2)/2 + (c^15*(b*c + 16*a*d)*x^3)/3 + 2*c^14*d*(2*b*c + 15*a*d)*x^4 + 8*c^13*d^2*(3*b*c + 14*a*d)*x^5 + (70*c^12*d^3*(4*b*c + 13*a*d)*x^6)/3 + 52*c^11*d^4*(5*b*c + 12*a*d)*x^7 + 91*c^10*d^5*(6*b*c + 11*a*d)*x^8 + (1144*c^9*d^6*(7*b*c + 10*a*d)*x^9)/9 + 143*c^8*d^7*(8*b*c + 9*a*d)*x^10 + 130*c^7*d^8*(9*b*c + 8*a*d)*x^11 + (286*c^6*d^9*(10*b*c + 7*a*d)*x^12)/3 + 56*c^5*d^10*(11*b*c + 6*a*d)*x^13 + 26*c^4*d^11*(12*b*c + 5*a*d)*x^14 + (28*c^3*d^12*(13*b*c + 4*a*d)*x^15)/3 + (5*c^2*d^13*(14*b*c + 3*a*d)*x^16)/2 + (8*c*d^14*(15*b*c + 2*a*d)*x^17)/17 + (d^15*(16*b*c + a*d)*x^18)/18 + (b*d^16*x^19)/19`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(c + dx)^{17}(ad - 2bc)}{d^2} + \frac{c(c + dx)^{16}(bc - ad)}{d^2} + \frac{b(c + dx)^{18}}{d^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{(c + dx)^{18}(2bc - ad)}{18d^3} + \frac{c(c + dx)^{17}(bc - ad)}{17d^3} + \frac{b(c + dx)^{19}}{19d^3}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^16,x]`

output `(c*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)^17)/(17*d^3) - ((2*b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)^18)/(18*d^3) + (b*(c + d*x)^19)/(19*d^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 373 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.03

method	result
norman	$\frac{a c^{16} x^2}{2} + \left(\frac{16}{3} a c^{15} d + \frac{1}{3} b c^{16}\right) x^3 + (30 a c^{14} d^2 + 4 b c^{15} d) x^4 + (112 a c^{13} d^3 + 24 b c^{14} d^2) x^5 + (910/3 a c^{12} d^4 + 280/3 b c^{13} d^3) x^6 + (624 a c^{11} d^5 + 260 b c^{12} d^4) x^7 + (1001 a c^{10} d^6 + 546 b c^{11} d^5) x^8 + (11440/9 a c^9 d^7 + 8008/9 b c^{10} d^6) x^9 + (1287 a c^8 d^8 + 1144 b c^9 d^7) x^{10} + (1040 a c^7 d^9 + 1170 b c^8 d^8) x^{11} + (2002/3 a c^6 d^{10} + 2860/3 b c^7 d^9) x^{12} + (336 a c^5 d^{11} + 616 b c^6 d^{10}) x^{13} + (130 a c^4 d^{12} + 312 b c^5 d^{11}) x^{14} + (112/3 a c^3 d^{13} + 364/3 b c^4 d^{12}) x^{15} + (15/2 a c^2 d^{14} + 35 b c^3 d^{13}) x^{16} + (16/17 a c d^{15} + 120/17 b c^2 d^{14}) x^{17} + (1/18 a d^{16} + 8/9 b c d^{15}) x^{18} + 1/19 b d^{16} x^{19}$
default	$\frac{b d^{16} x^{19}}{19} + \frac{(a d^{16} + 16 b c d^{15}) x^{18}}{18} + \frac{(16 a c d^{15} + 120 b c^2 d^{14}) x^{17}}{17} + \frac{(120 a c^2 d^{14} + 560 b c^3 d^{13}) x^{16}}{16} + \frac{(560 a c^3 d^{13} + 1820 b c^4 d^{12}) x^{15}}{15} + \frac{x^2 (306 b d^{16} x^{17} + 323 a d^{16} x^{16} + 5168 b c d^{15} x^{16} + 5472 a c d^{15} x^{15} + 41040 b c^2 d^{14} x^{15} + 43605 a c^2 d^{14} x^{14} + 203490 b c^3 d^{13} x^{14} + 217020 a c^3 d^{13} x^{13} + 114400 b c^4 d^{12} x^{13} + 100100 a c^4 d^{12} x^{12} + 62400 b c^5 d^{11} x^{12} + 42240 a c^5 d^{11} x^{11} + 26000 b c^6 d^{10} x^{11} + 15840 a c^6 d^{10} x^{10} + 8008 b c^7 d^9 x^{10} + 40040 a c^7 d^9 x^9 + 20020 b c^8 d^8 x^9 + 10010 a c^8 d^8 x^8 + 54600 b c^9 d^7 x^8 + 27300 a c^9 d^7 x^7 + 13650 b c^{10} d^6 x^7 + 6825 a c^{10} d^6 x^6 + 35420 b c^{11} d^5 x^6 + 17710 a c^{11} d^5 x^5 + 9100 b c^{12} d^4 x^5 + 4550 a c^{12} d^4 x^4 + 2375 b c^{13} d^3 x^4 + 11875 a c^{13} d^3 x^3 + 60375 b c^{14} d^2 x^3 + 301875 a c^{14} d^2 x^2 + 1509375 b c^{15} d x^2 + 7546875 a c^{15} d x + 37734375 b c^{16} x + 37734375 a c^{16}) x^2}{19 \cdot 18 \cdot 17 \cdot 16 \cdot 15}$
orering	$\frac{x^2 (306 b d^{16} x^{17} + 323 a d^{16} x^{16} + 5168 b c d^{15} x^{16} + 5472 a c d^{15} x^{15} + 41040 b c^2 d^{14} x^{15} + 43605 a c^2 d^{14} x^{14} + 203490 b c^3 d^{13} x^{14} + 217020 a c^3 d^{13} x^{13} + 114400 b c^4 d^{12} x^{13} + 100100 a c^4 d^{12} x^{12} + 62400 b c^5 d^{11} x^{12} + 42240 a c^5 d^{11} x^{11} + 26000 b c^6 d^{10} x^{11} + 15840 a c^6 d^{10} x^{10} + 8008 b c^7 d^9 x^{10} + 40040 a c^7 d^9 x^9 + 20020 b c^8 d^8 x^9 + 10010 a c^8 d^8 x^8 + 54600 b c^9 d^7 x^8 + 27300 a c^9 d^7 x^7 + 13650 b c^{10} d^6 x^7 + 6825 a c^{10} d^6 x^6 + 35420 b c^{11} d^5 x^6 + 17710 a c^{11} d^5 x^5 + 9100 b c^{12} d^4 x^5 + 4550 a c^{12} d^4 x^4 + 2375 b c^{13} d^3 x^4 + 11875 a c^{13} d^3 x^3 + 60375 b c^{14} d^2 x^3 + 301875 a c^{14} d^2 x^2 + 1509375 b c^{15} d x^2 + 7546875 a c^{15} d x + 37734375 b c^{16} x + 37734375 a c^{16}) x^2}{19 \cdot 18 \cdot 17 \cdot 16 \cdot 15}$
gosper	$30 a c^{14} d^2 x^4 + 4 b c^{15} d x^4 + 112 a c^{13} d^3 x^5 + 24 b c^{14} d^2 x^5 + 624 a c^{11} d^5 x^7 + 260 b c^{12} d^4 x^7 + 1001 a c^{10} d^6 x^8 + 546 b c^{11} d^5 x^8 + 11440/9 a c^9 d^7 x^9 + 8008/9 b c^{10} d^6 x^9 + 1287 a c^8 d^8 x^{10} + 1144 b c^9 d^7 x^{10} + 1040 a c^7 d^9 x^{11} + 1170 b c^8 d^8 x^{11} + 2002/3 a c^6 d^{10} x^{12} + 2860/3 b c^7 d^9 x^{12} + 336 a c^5 d^{11} x^{13} + 616 b c^6 d^{10} x^{13} + 130 a c^4 d^{12} x^{14} + 312 b c^5 d^{11} x^{14} + 112/3 a c^3 d^{13} x^{15} + 364/3 b c^4 d^{12} x^{15} + 15/2 a c^2 d^{14} x^{16} + 35 b c^3 d^{13} x^{16} + 16/17 a c d^{15} x^{17} + 120/17 b c^2 d^{14} x^{17} + 1/18 a d^{16} x^{18} + 8/9 b c d^{15} x^{18} + 1/19 b d^{16} x^{19}$
risch	$30 a c^{14} d^2 x^4 + 4 b c^{15} d x^4 + 112 a c^{13} d^3 x^5 + 24 b c^{14} d^2 x^5 + 624 a c^{11} d^5 x^7 + 260 b c^{12} d^4 x^7 + 1001 a c^{10} d^6 x^8 + 546 b c^{11} d^5 x^8 + 11440/9 a c^9 d^7 x^9 + 8008/9 b c^{10} d^6 x^9 + 1287 a c^8 d^8 x^{10} + 1144 b c^9 d^7 x^{10} + 1040 a c^7 d^9 x^{11} + 1170 b c^8 d^8 x^{11} + 2002/3 a c^6 d^{10} x^{12} + 2860/3 b c^7 d^9 x^{12} + 336 a c^5 d^{11} x^{13} + 616 b c^6 d^{10} x^{13} + 130 a c^4 d^{12} x^{14} + 312 b c^5 d^{11} x^{14} + 112/3 a c^3 d^{13} x^{15} + 364/3 b c^4 d^{12} x^{15} + 15/2 a c^2 d^{14} x^{16} + 35 b c^3 d^{13} x^{16} + 16/17 a c d^{15} x^{17} + 120/17 b c^2 d^{14} x^{17} + 1/18 a d^{16} x^{18} + 8/9 b c d^{15} x^{18} + 1/19 b d^{16} x^{19}$
parallelrisch	$30 a c^{14} d^2 x^4 + 4 b c^{15} d x^4 + 112 a c^{13} d^3 x^5 + 24 b c^{14} d^2 x^5 + 624 a c^{11} d^5 x^7 + 260 b c^{12} d^4 x^7 + 1001 a c^{10} d^6 x^8 + 546 b c^{11} d^5 x^8 + 11440/9 a c^9 d^7 x^9 + 8008/9 b c^{10} d^6 x^9 + 1287 a c^8 d^8 x^{10} + 1144 b c^9 d^7 x^{10} + 1040 a c^7 d^9 x^{11} + 1170 b c^8 d^8 x^{11} + 2002/3 a c^6 d^{10} x^{12} + 2860/3 b c^7 d^9 x^{12} + 336 a c^5 d^{11} x^{13} + 616 b c^6 d^{10} x^{13} + 130 a c^4 d^{12} x^{14} + 312 b c^5 d^{11} x^{14} + 112/3 a c^3 d^{13} x^{15} + 364/3 b c^4 d^{12} x^{15} + 15/2 a c^2 d^{14} x^{16} + 35 b c^3 d^{13} x^{16} + 16/17 a c d^{15} x^{17} + 120/17 b c^2 d^{14} x^{17} + 1/18 a d^{16} x^{18} + 8/9 b c d^{15} x^{18} + 1/19 b d^{16} x^{19}$

input `int(x*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/2*a*c^{16}*x^2+(16/3*a*c^{15}*d+1/3*b*c^{16})*x^3+(30*a*c^{14}*d^2+4*b*c^{15}*d)*x^4+(112*a*c^{13}*d^3+24*b*c^{14}*d^2)*x^5+(910/3*a*c^{12}*d^4+280/3*b*c^{13}*d^3)*x^6+(624*a*c^{11}*d^5+260*b*c^{12}*d^4)*x^7+(1001*a*c^{10}*d^6+546*b*c^{11}*d^5)*x^8+(11440/9*a*c^9*d^7+8008/9*b*c^{10}*d^6)*x^9+(1287*a*c^8*d^8+1144*b*c^9*d^7)*x^{10}+(1040*a*c^7*d^9+1170*b*c^8*d^8)*x^{11}+(2002/3*a*c^6*d^{10}+2860/3*b*c^7*d^9)*x^{12}+(336*a*c^5*d^{11}+616*b*c^6*d^{10})*x^{13}+(130*a*c^4*d^{12}+312*b*c^5*d^{11})*x^{14}+(112/3*a*c^3*d^{13}+364/3*b*c^4*d^{12})*x^{15}+(15/2*a*c^2*d^{14}+35*b*c^3*d^{13})*x^{16}+(16/17*a*c*d^{15}+120/17*b*c^2*d^{14})*x^{17}+(1/18*a*d^{16}+8/9*b*c*d^{15})*x^{18}+1/19*b*d^{16}*x^{19}$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 387 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.24

$$\int x(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx = \frac{1}{19}bd^{16}x^{19} + \frac{1}{2}ac^{16}x^2 + \frac{1}{18}(16bcd^{15} + ad^{16})x^{18} \\ + \frac{8}{17}(15bc^2d^{14} + 2acd^{15})x^{17} + \frac{5}{2}(14bc^3d^{13} + 3ac^2d^{14})x^{16} \\ + \frac{28}{3}(13bc^4d^{12} + 4ac^3d^{13})x^{15} \\ + 26(12bc^5d^{11} + 5ac^4d^{12})x^{14} + 56(11bc^6d^{10} + 6ac^5d^{11})x^{13} \\ + \frac{286}{3}(10bc^7d^9 + 7ac^6d^{10})x^{12} + 130(9bc^8d^8 + 8ac^7d^9)x^{11} \\ + 143(8bc^9d^7 + 9ac^8d^8)x^{10} + \frac{1144}{9}(7bc^{10}d^6 + 10ac^9d^7)x^9 \\ + 91(6bc^{11}d^5 + 11ac^{10}d^6)x^8 + 52(5bc^{12}d^4 + 12ac^{11}d^5)x^7 \\ + \frac{70}{3}(4bc^{13}d^3 + 13ac^{12}d^4)x^6 + 8(3bc^{14}d^2 + 14ac^{13}d^3)x^5 \\ + 2(2bc^{15}d + 15ac^{14}d^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{3}(bc^{16} + 16ac^{15}d)x^3$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/19*b*d^16*x^19 + 1/2*a*c^16*x^2 + 1/18*(16*b*c*d^15 + a*d^16)*x^18 + 8/17*(15*b*c^2*d^14 + 2*a*c*d^15)*x^17 + 5/2*(14*b*c^3*d^13 + 3*a*c^2*d^14)*x^16 + 28/3*(13*b*c^4*d^12 + 4*a*c^3*d^13)*x^15 + 26*(12*b*c^5*d^11 + 5*a*c^4*d^12)*x^14 + 56*(11*b*c^6*d^10 + 6*a*c^5*d^11)*x^13 + 286/3*(10*b*c^7*d^9 + 7*a*c^6*d^10)*x^12 + 130*(9*b*c^8*d^8 + 8*a*c^7*d^9)*x^11 + 143*(8*b*c^9*d^7 + 9*a*c^8*d^8)*x^10 + 1144/9*(7*b*c^10*d^6 + 10*a*c^9*d^7)*x^9 + 91*(6*b*c^11*d^5 + 11*a*c^10*d^6)*x^8 + 52*(5*b*c^12*d^4 + 12*a*c^11*d^5)*x^7 + 70/3*(4*b*c^13*d^3 + 13*a*c^12*d^4)*x^6 + 8*(3*b*c^14*d^2 + 14*a*c^13*d^3)*x^5 + 2*(2*b*c^15*d + 15*a*c^14*d^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(b*c^16 + 16*a*c^15*d)*x^3
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 408 vs. $2(53) = 106$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.58

$$\int x(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx = \frac{ac^{16}x^2}{2} + \frac{bd^{16}x^{19}}{19} + x^{18} \left(\frac{ad^{16}}{18} + \frac{8bcd^{15}}{9} \right) + x^{17} \cdot \left(\frac{16acd^{15}}{17} + \frac{120bc^2d^{14}}{17} \right) + x^{16} \cdot \left(\frac{15ac^2d^{14}}{2} + 35bc^3d^{13} \right) + x^{15} \cdot \left(\frac{112ac^3d^{13}}{3} + \frac{364bc^4d^{12}}{3} \right) + x^{14} \cdot (130ac^4d^{12} + 312bc^5d^{11}) + x^{13} \cdot (336ac^5d^{11} + 616bc^6d^{10}) + x^{12} \cdot \left(\frac{2002ac^6d^{10}}{3} + \frac{2860bc^7d^9}{3} \right) + x^{11} \cdot (1040ac^7d^9 + 1170bc^8d^8) + x^{10} \cdot (1287ac^8d^8 + 1144bc^9d^7) + x^9 \cdot \left(\frac{11440ac^9d^7}{9} + \frac{8008bc^{10}d^6}{9} \right) + x^8 \cdot (1001ac^{10}d^6 + 546bc^{11}d^5) + x^7 \cdot (624ac^{11}d^5 + 260bc^{12}d^4) + x^6 \cdot \left(\frac{910ac^{12}d^4}{3} + \frac{280bc^{13}d^3}{3} \right) + x^5 \cdot (112ac^{13}d^3 + 24bc^{14}d^2) + x^4 \cdot (30ac^{14}d^2 + 4bc^{15}d) + x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{16ac^{15}d}{3} + \frac{bc^{16}}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)**16,x)`

output `a*c**16*x**2/2 + b*d**16*x**19/19 + x**18*(a*d**16/18 + 8*b*c*d**15/9) + x**17*(16*a*c*d**15/17 + 120*b*c**2*d**14/17) + x**16*(15*a*c**2*d**14/2 + 35*b*c**3*d**13) + x**15*(112*a*c**3*d**13/3 + 364*b*c**4*d**12/3) + x**14*(130*a*c**4*d**12 + 312*b*c**5*d**11) + x**13*(336*a*c**5*d**11 + 616*b*c**6*d**10) + x**12*(2002*a*c**6*d**10/3 + 2860*b*c**7*d**9/3) + x**11*(1040*a*c**7*d**9 + 1170*b*c**8*d**8) + x**10*(1287*a*c**8*d**8 + 1144*b*c**9*d**7) + x**9*(11440*a*c**9*d**7/9 + 8008*b*c**10*d**6/9) + x**8*(1001*a*c**10*d**6 + 546*b*c**11*d**5) + x**7*(624*a*c**11*d**5 + 260*b*c**12*d**4) + x**6*(910*a*c**12*d**4/3 + 280*b*c**13*d**3/3) + x**5*(112*a*c**13*d**3 + 24*b*c**14*d**2) + x**4*(30*a*c**14*d**2 + 4*b*c**15*d) + x**3*(16*a*c**15*d/3 + b*c**16/3)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 387 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.24

$$\int x(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx = \frac{1}{19}bd^{16}x^{19} + \frac{1}{2}ac^{16}x^2 + \frac{1}{18}(16bcd^{15} + ad^{16})x^{18} \\ + \frac{8}{17}(15bc^2d^{14} + 2acd^{15})x^{17} + \frac{5}{2}(14bc^3d^{13} + 3ac^2d^{14})x^{16} \\ + \frac{28}{3}(13bc^4d^{12} + 4ac^3d^{13})x^{15} \\ + 26(12bc^5d^{11} + 5ac^4d^{12})x^{14} + 56(11bc^6d^{10} + 6ac^5d^{11})x^{13} \\ + \frac{286}{3}(10bc^7d^9 + 7ac^6d^{10})x^{12} + 130(9bc^8d^8 + 8ac^7d^9)x^{11} \\ + 143(8bc^9d^7 + 9ac^8d^8)x^{10} + \frac{1144}{9}(7bc^{10}d^6 + 10ac^9d^7)x^9 \\ + 91(6bc^{11}d^5 + 11ac^{10}d^6)x^8 + 52(5bc^{12}d^4 + 12ac^{11}d^5)x^7 \\ + \frac{70}{3}(4bc^{13}d^3 + 13ac^{12}d^4)x^6 + 8(3bc^{14}d^2 + 14ac^{13}d^3)x^5 \\ + 2(2bc^{15}d + 15ac^{14}d^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{3}(bc^{16} + 16ac^{15}d)x^3$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/19*b*d^16*x^19 + 1/2*a*c^16*x^2 + 1/18*(16*b*c*d^15 + a*d^16)*x^18 + 8/17*(15*b*c^2*d^14 + 2*a*c*d^15)*x^17 + 5/2*(14*b*c^3*d^13 + 3*a*c^2*d^14)*x^16 + 28/3*(13*b*c^4*d^12 + 4*a*c^3*d^13)*x^15 + 26*(12*b*c^5*d^11 + 5*a*c^4*d^12)*x^14 + 56*(11*b*c^6*d^10 + 6*a*c^5*d^11)*x^13 + 286/3*(10*b*c^7*d^9 + 7*a*c^6*d^10)*x^12 + 130*(9*b*c^8*d^8 + 8*a*c^7*d^9)*x^11 + 143*(8*b*c^9*d^7 + 9*a*c^8*d^8)*x^10 + 1144/9*(7*b*c^10*d^6 + 10*a*c^9*d^7)*x^9 + 91*(6*b*c^11*d^5 + 11*a*c^10*d^6)*x^8 + 52*(5*b*c^12*d^4 + 12*a*c^11*d^5)*x^7 + 70/3*(4*b*c^13*d^3 + 13*a*c^12*d^4)*x^6 + 8*(3*b*c^14*d^2 + 14*a*c^13*d^3)*x^5 + 2*(2*b*c^15*d + 15*a*c^14*d^2)*x^4 + 1/3*(b*c^16 + 16*a*c^15*d)*x^3`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 389 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.27

$$\int x(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx = \frac{1}{19}bd^{16}x^{19} + \frac{8}{9}bcd^{15}x^{18} + \frac{1}{18}ad^{16}x^{18} + \frac{120}{17}bc^2d^{14}x^{17} + \frac{16}{17}acd^{15}x^{17} + 35bc^3d^{13}x^{16} + \frac{15}{2}ac^2d^{14}x^{16} + \frac{364}{3}bc^4d^{12}x^{15} + \frac{112}{3}ac^3d^{13}x^{15} + 312bc^5d^{11}x^{14} + 130ac^4d^{12}x^{14} + 616bc^6d^{10}x^{13} + 336ac^5d^{11}x^{13} + \frac{2860}{3}bc^7d^9x^{12} + \frac{2002}{3}ac^6d^{10}x^{12} + 1170bc^8d^8x^{11} + 1040ac^7d^9x^{11} + 1144bc^9d^7x^{10} + 1287ac^8d^8x^{10} + \frac{8008}{9}bc^{10}d^6x^9 + \frac{11440}{9}ac^9d^7x^9 + 546bc^{11}d^5x^8 + 1001ac^{10}d^6x^8 + 260bc^{12}d^4x^7 + 624ac^{11}d^5x^7 + \frac{280}{3}bc^{13}d^3x^6 + \frac{910}{3}ac^{12}d^4x^6 + 24bc^{14}d^2x^5 + 112ac^{13}d^3x^5 + 4bc^{15}dx^4 + 30ac^{14}d^2x^4 + \frac{1}{3}bc^{16}x^3 + \frac{16}{3}ac^{15}dx^3 + \frac{1}{2}ac^{16}x^2$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/19*b*d^16*x^19 + 8/9*b*c*d^15*x^18 + 1/18*a*d^16*x^18 + 120/17*b*c^2*d^14*x^17 + 16/17*a*c*d^15*x^17 + 35*b*c^3*d^13*x^16 + 15/2*a*c^2*d^14*x^16 + 364/3*b*c^4*d^12*x^15 + 112/3*a*c^3*d^13*x^15 + 312*b*c^5*d^11*x^14 + 130*a*c^4*d^12*x^14 + 616*b*c^6*d^10*x^13 + 336*a*c^5*d^11*x^13 + 2860/3*b*c^7*d^9*x^12 + 2002/3*a*c^6*d^10*x^12 + 1170*b*c^8*d^8*x^11 + 1040*a*c^7*d^9*x^11 + 1144*b*c^9*d^7*x^10 + 1287*a*c^8*d^8*x^10 + 8008/9*b*c^10*d^6*x^9 + 11440/9*a*c^9*d^7*x^9 + 546*b*c^11*d^5*x^8 + 1001*a*c^10*d^6*x^8 + 260*b*c^12*d^4*x^7 + 624*a*c^11*d^5*x^7 + 280/3*b*c^13*d^3*x^6 + 910/3*a*c^12*d^4*x^6 + 24*b*c^14*d^2*x^5 + 112*a*c^13*d^3*x^5 + 4*b*c^15*d*x^4 + 30*a*c^14*d^2*x^4 + 1/3*b*c^16*x^3 + 16/3*a*c^15*d*x^3 + 1/2*a*c^16*x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 331, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.34

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x(a+bx)(c+dx)^{16} dx = & x^3 \left(\frac{bc^{16}}{3} + \frac{16adc^{15}}{3} \right) + x^{18} \left(\frac{ad^{16}}{18} + \frac{8bcd^{15}}{9} \right) \\
& + \frac{ac^{16}x^2}{2} + \frac{bd^{16}x^{19}}{19} + 2c^{14}dx^4(15ad+2bc) \\
& + \frac{8cd^{14}x^{17}(2ad+15bc)}{17} + 8c^{13}d^2x^5(14ad+3bc) \\
& + \frac{70c^{12}d^3x^6(13ad+4bc)}{3} + 52c^{11}d^4x^7(12ad+5bc) \\
& + 91c^{10}d^5x^8(11ad+6bc) + \frac{1144c^9d^6x^9(10ad+7bc)}{9} \\
& + 143c^8d^7x^{10}(9ad+8bc) + 130c^7d^8x^{11}(8ad+9bc) \\
& + \frac{286c^6d^9x^{12}(7ad+10bc)}{3} \\
& + 56c^5d^{10}x^{13}(6ad+11bc) + 26c^4d^{11}x^{14}(5ad+12bc) \\
& + \frac{28c^3d^{12}x^{15}(4ad+13bc)}{3} + \frac{5c^2d^{13}x^{16}(3ad+14bc)}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^16,x)`output `x^3*((b*c^16)/3 + (16*a*c^15*d)/3) + x^18*((a*d^16)/18 + (8*b*c*d^15)/9) + (a*c^16*x^2)/2 + (b*d^16*x^19)/19 + 2*c^14*d*x^4*(15*a*d + 2*b*c) + (8*c*d^14*x^17*(2*a*d + 15*b*c))/17 + 8*c^13*d^2*x^5*(14*a*d + 3*b*c) + (70*c^12*d^3*x^6*(13*a*d + 4*b*c))/3 + 52*c^11*d^4*x^7*(12*a*d + 5*b*c) + 91*c^10*d^5*x^8*(11*a*d + 6*b*c) + (1144*c^9*d^6*x^9*(10*a*d + 7*b*c))/9 + 143*c^8*d^7*x^10*(9*a*d + 8*b*c) + 130*c^7*d^8*x^11*(8*a*d + 9*b*c) + (286*c^6*d^9*x^12*(7*a*d + 10*b*c))/3 + 56*c^5*d^10*x^13*(6*a*d + 11*b*c) + 26*c^4*d^11*x^14*(5*a*d + 12*b*c) + (28*c^3*d^12*x^15*(4*a*d + 13*b*c))/3 + (5*c^2*d^13*x^16*(3*a*d + 14*b*c))/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.24

$$\int x(a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2(306bd^{16}x^{17} + 323ad^{16}x^{16} + 5168bcd^{15}x^{16} + 5472acd^{15}x^{15} + 41040b^2c^2d^{14}x^{15} + 43605a^2c^2d^{14}x^{14} + 20$$

input `int(x*(b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x)`

output

```
(x**2*(2907*a*c**16 + 31008*a*c**15*d*x + 174420*a*c**14*d**2*x**2 + 651168*a*c**13*d**3*x**3 + 1763580*a*c**12*d**4*x**4 + 3627936*a*c**11*d**5*x**5 + 5819814*a*c**10*d**6*x**6 + 7390240*a*c**9*d**7*x**7 + 7482618*a*c**8*d**8*x**8 + 6046560*a*c**7*d**9*x**9 + 3879876*a*c**6*d**10*x**10 + 1953504*a*c**5*d**11*x**11 + 755820*a*c**4*d**12*x**12 + 217056*a*c**3*d**13*x**13 + 43605*a*c**2*d**14*x**14 + 5472*a*c*d**15*x**15 + 323*a*d**16*x**16 + 1938*b*c**16*x + 23256*b*c**15*d*x**2 + 139536*b*c**14*d**2*x**3 + 542640*b*c**13*d**3*x**4 + 1511640*b*c**12*d**4*x**5 + 3174444*b*c**11*d**5*x**6 + 5173168*b*c**10*d**6*x**7 + 6651216*b*c**9*d**7*x**8 + 6802380*b*c**8*d**8*x**9 + 5542680*b*c**7*d**9*x**10 + 3581424*b*c**6*d**10*x**11 + 1813968*b*c**5*d**11*x**12 + 705432*b*c**4*d**12*x**13 + 203490*b*c**3*d**13*x**14 + 41040*b*c**2*d**14*x**15 + 5168*b*c*d**15*x**16 + 306*b*d**16*x**17))
/5814
```

3.141 $\int (a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx$

Optimal result	1032
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1032
Rubi [A] (verified)	1033
Maple [B] (verified)	1035
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1036
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1037
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1038
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1039
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1040
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1041

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)(c + dx)^{17}}{17d^2} + \frac{b(c + dx)^{18}}{18d^2}$$

output

```
-1/17*(-a*d+b*c)*(d*x+c)^17/d^2+1/18*b*(d*x+c)^18/d^2
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 342 vs. 2(38) = 76.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.00

$$\int (a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx = ac^{16}x + \frac{1}{2}c^{15}(bc + 16ad)x^2 + \frac{8}{3}c^{14}d(2bc + 15ad)x^3 + 10c^{13}d^2(3bc + 14ad)x^4 + 28c^{12}d^3(4bc + 13ad)x^5 + \frac{182}{3}c^{11}d^4(5bc + 12ad)x^6 + 104c^{10}d^5(6bc + 11ad)x^7 + 143c^9d^6(7bc + 10ad)x^8 + \frac{1430}{9}c^8d^7(8bc + 9ad)x^9 + 143c^7d^8(9bc + 8ad)x^{10} + 104c^6d^9(10bc + 7ad)x^{11} + \frac{182}{3}c^5d^{10}(11bc + 6ad)x^{12} + 28c^4d^{11}(12bc + 5ad)x^{13} + 10c^3d^{12}(13bc + 4ad)x^{14} + \frac{8}{3}c^2d^{13}(14bc + 3ad)x^{15} + \frac{1}{2}cd^{14}(15bc + 2ad)x^{16} + \frac{1}{17}d^{15}(16bc + ad)x^{17} + \frac{1}{18}bd^{16}x^{18}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^16,x]`

output `a*c^16*x + (c^15*(b*c + 16*a*d)*x^2)/2 + (8*c^14*d*(2*b*c + 15*a*d)*x^3)/3 + 10*c^13*d^2*(3*b*c + 14*a*d)*x^4 + 28*c^12*d^3*(4*b*c + 13*a*d)*x^5 + (182*c^11*d^4*(5*b*c + 12*a*d)*x^6)/3 + 104*c^10*d^5*(6*b*c + 11*a*d)*x^7 + 143*c^9*d^6*(7*b*c + 10*a*d)*x^8 + (1430*c^8*d^7*(8*b*c + 9*a*d)*x^9)/9 + 143*c^7*d^8*(9*b*c + 8*a*d)*x^10 + 104*c^6*d^9*(10*b*c + 7*a*d)*x^11 + (182*c^5*d^10*(11*b*c + 6*a*d)*x^12)/3 + 28*c^4*d^11*(12*b*c + 5*a*d)*x^13 + 10*c^3*d^12*(13*b*c + 4*a*d)*x^14 + (8*c^2*d^13*(14*b*c + 3*a*d)*x^15)/3 + (c*d^14*(15*b*c + 2*a*d)*x^16)/2 + (d^15*(16*b*c + a*d)*x^17)/17 + (b*d^16*x^18)/18`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx$$

↓ 49

$$\int \left(\frac{(c + dx)^{16}(ad - bc)}{d} + \frac{b(c + dx)^{17}}{d} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b(c + dx)^{18}}{18d^2} - \frac{(c + dx)^{17}(bc - ad)}{17d^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^16,x]`

output `-1/17*((b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x)^17)/d^2 + (b*(c + d*x)^18)/(18*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 369 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.74

method	result
norman	$a c^{16} x + (8a c^{15} d + \frac{1}{2} b c^{16}) x^2 + (40a c^{14} d^2 + \frac{16}{3} b c^{15} d) x^3 + (140a c^{13} d^3 + 30b c^{14} d^2) x^4 + ($
default	$\frac{b d^{16} x^{18}}{18} + \frac{(a d^{16} + 16bc d^{15}) x^{17}}{17} + \frac{(16ac d^{15} + 120b c^2 d^{14}) x^{16}}{16} + \frac{(120a c^2 d^{14} + 560b c^3 d^{13}) x^{15}}{15} + \frac{(560a c^3 d^{13} + 1820b c^4 d^{12}) x^{14}}{14} +$
gospers	$\frac{16}{17} x^{17} b c d^{15} + 140a c^{13} d^3 x^4 + 8x^2 a c^{15} d + 30b c^{14} d^2 x^4 + 364a c^{12} d^4 x^5 + 112b c^{13} d^3 x^5 + 1144a c^{11} d^5 x^6 +$
risch	$\frac{16}{17} x^{17} b c d^{15} + 140a c^{13} d^3 x^4 + 8x^2 a c^{15} d + 30b c^{14} d^2 x^4 + 364a c^{12} d^4 x^5 + 112b c^{13} d^3 x^5 + 1144a c^{11} d^5 x^6 +$
parallelrisch	$\frac{16}{17} x^{17} b c d^{15} + 140a c^{13} d^3 x^4 + 8x^2 a c^{15} d + 30b c^{14} d^2 x^4 + 364a c^{12} d^4 x^5 + 112b c^{13} d^3 x^5 + 1144a c^{11} d^5 x^6 +$
orering	$x(17b d^{16} x^{17} + 18a d^{16} x^{16} + 288bc d^{15} x^{16} + 306ac d^{15} x^{15} + 2295b c^2 d^{14} x^{15} + 2448a c^2 d^{14} x^{14} + 11424b c^3 d^{13} x^{14} + 12240a c^3 d^{13} x^{13} +$

input `int((b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*c^16*x+(8*a*c^15*d+1/2*b*c^16)*x^2+(40*a*c^14*d^2+16/3*b*c^15*d)*x^3+(140*a*c^13*d^3+30*b*c^14*d^2)*x^4+(364*a*c^12*d^4+112*b*c^13*d^3)*x^5+(728*a*c^11*d^5+910/3*b*c^12*d^4)*x^6+(1144*a*c^10*d^6+624*b*c^11*d^5)*x^7+(1430*a*c^9*d^7+1001*b*c^10*d^6)*x^8+(1430*a*c^8*d^8+11440/9*b*c^9*d^7)*x^9+(1144*a*c^7*d^9+1287*b*c^8*d^8)*x^10+(728*a*c^6*d^10+1040*b*c^7*d^9)*x^11+(364*a*c^5*d^11+2002/3*b*c^6*d^10)*x^12+(140*a*c^4*d^12+336*b*c^5*d^11)*x^13+(40*a*c^3*d^13+130*b*c^4*d^12)*x^14+(8*a*c^2*d^14+112/3*b*c^3*d^13)*x^15+(a*c*d^15+15/2*b*c^2*d^14)*x^16+(1/17*a*d^16+16/17*b*c*d^15)*x^17+1/18*b*d^16*x^18`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 384 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.11

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx = & \frac{1}{18} bd^{16}x^{18} + ac^{16}x + \frac{1}{17} (16bcd^{15} + ad^{16})x^{17} \\ & + \frac{1}{2} (15bc^2d^{14} + 2acd^{15})x^{16} + \frac{8}{3} (14bc^3d^{13} + 3ac^2d^{14})x^{15} \\ & + 10 (13bc^4d^{12} + 4ac^3d^{13})x^{14} + 28 (12bc^5d^{11} + 5ac^4d^{12})x^{13} \\ & + \frac{182}{3} (11bc^6d^{10} + 6ac^5d^{11})x^{12} \\ & + 104 (10bc^7d^9 + 7ac^6d^{10})x^{11} + 143 (9bc^8d^8 + 8ac^7d^9)x^{10} \\ & + \frac{1430}{9} (8bc^9d^7 + 9ac^8d^8)x^9 + 143 (7bc^{10}d^6 + 10ac^9d^7)x^8 \\ & + 104 (6bc^{11}d^5 + 11ac^{10}d^6)x^7 + \frac{182}{3} (5bc^{12}d^4 + 12ac^{11}d^5)x^6 \\ & + 28 (4bc^{13}d^3 + 13ac^{12}d^4)x^5 + 10 (3bc^{14}d^2 + 14ac^{13}d^3)x^4 \\ & + \frac{8}{3} (2bc^{15}d + 15ac^{14}d^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (bc^{16} + 16ac^{15}d)x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/18*b*d^16*x^18 + a*c^16*x + 1/17*(16*b*c*d^15 + a*d^16)*x^17 + 1/2*(15*b*c^2*d^14 + 2*a*c*d^15)*x^16 + 8/3*(14*b*c^3*d^13 + 3*a*c^2*d^14)*x^15 + 10*(13*b*c^4*d^12 + 4*a*c^3*d^13)*x^14 + 28*(12*b*c^5*d^11 + 5*a*c^4*d^12)*x^13 + 182/3*(11*b*c^6*d^10 + 6*a*c^5*d^11)*x^12 + 104*(10*b*c^7*d^9 + 7*a*c^6*d^10)*x^11 + 143*(9*b*c^8*d^8 + 8*a*c^7*d^9)*x^10 + 1430/9*(8*b*c^9*d^7 + 9*a*c^8*d^8)*x^9 + 143*(7*b*c^10*d^6 + 10*a*c^9*d^7)*x^8 + 104*(6*b*c^11*d^5 + 11*a*c^10*d^6)*x^7 + 182/3*(5*b*c^12*d^4 + 12*a*c^11*d^5)*x^6 + 28*(4*b*c^13*d^3 + 13*a*c^12*d^4)*x^5 + 10*(3*b*c^14*d^2 + 14*a*c^13*d^3)*x^4 + 8/3*(2*b*c^15*d + 15*a*c^14*d^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(b*c^16 + 16*a*c^15*d)*x^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 393 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.34

$$\int (a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx = ac^{16}x + \frac{bd^{16}x^{18}}{18} + x^{17}\left(\frac{ad^{16}}{17} + \frac{16bcd^{15}}{17}\right) + x^{16}\left(acd^{15} + \frac{15bc^2d^{14}}{2}\right) + x^{15}\cdot\left(8ac^2d^{14} + \frac{112bc^3d^{13}}{3}\right) + x^{14}\cdot(40ac^3d^{13} + 130bc^4d^{12}) + x^{13}\cdot(140ac^4d^{12} + 336bc^5d^{11}) + x^{12}\cdot\left(364ac^5d^{11} + \frac{2002bc^6d^{10}}{3}\right) + x^{11}\cdot(728ac^6d^{10} + 1040bc^7d^9) + x^{10}\cdot(1144ac^7d^9 + 1287bc^8d^8) + x^9\cdot\left(1430ac^8d^8 + \frac{11440bc^9d^7}{9}\right) + x^8\cdot(1430ac^9d^7 + 1001bc^{10}d^6) + x^7\cdot(1144ac^{10}d^6 + 624bc^{11}d^5) + x^6\cdot\left(728ac^{11}d^5 + \frac{910bc^{12}d^4}{3}\right) + x^5\cdot(364ac^{12}d^4 + 112bc^{13}d^3) + x^4\cdot(140ac^{13}d^3 + 30bc^{14}d^2) + x^3\cdot\left(40ac^{14}d^2 + \frac{16bc^{15}d}{3}\right) + x^2\cdot\left(8ac^{15}d + \frac{bc^{16}}{2}\right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(d*x+c)**16,x)`

output

```
a*c**16*x + b*d**16*x**18/18 + x**17*(a*d**16/17 + 16*b*c*d**15/17) + x**16*(a*c*d**15 + 15*b*c**2*d**14/2) + x**15*(8*a*c**2*d**14 + 112*b*c**3*d**13/3) + x**14*(40*a*c**3*d**13 + 130*b*c**4*d**12) + x**13*(140*a*c**4*d**12 + 336*b*c**5*d**11) + x**12*(364*a*c**5*d**11 + 2002*b*c**6*d**10/3) + x**11*(728*a*c**6*d**10 + 1040*b*c**7*d**9) + x**10*(1144*a*c**7*d**9 + 1287*b*c**8*d**8) + x**9*(1430*a*c**8*d**8 + 11440*b*c**9*d**7/9) + x**8*(1430*a*c**9*d**7 + 1001*b*c**10*d**6) + x**7*(1144*a*c**10*d**6 + 624*b*c**11*d**5) + x**6*(728*a*c**11*d**5 + 910*b*c**12*d**4/3) + x**5*(364*a*c**12*d**4 + 112*b*c**13*d**3) + x**4*(140*a*c**13*d**3 + 30*b*c**14*d**2) + x**3*(40*a*c**14*d**2 + 16*b*c**15*d/3) + x**2*(8*a*c**15*d + b*c**16/2)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 384 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.11

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx = & \frac{1}{18} bd^{16}x^{18} + ac^{16}x + \frac{1}{17} (16bcd^{15} + ad^{16})x^{17} \\ & + \frac{1}{2} (15bc^2d^{14} + 2acd^{15})x^{16} + \frac{8}{3} (14bc^3d^{13} + 3ac^2d^{14})x^{15} \\ & + 10 (13bc^4d^{12} + 4ac^3d^{13})x^{14} + 28 (12bc^5d^{11} + 5ac^4d^{12})x^{13} \\ & + \frac{182}{3} (11bc^6d^{10} + 6ac^5d^{11})x^{12} \\ & + 104 (10bc^7d^9 + 7ac^6d^{10})x^{11} + 143 (9bc^8d^8 + 8ac^7d^9)x^{10} \\ & + \frac{1430}{9} (8bc^9d^7 + 9ac^8d^8)x^9 + 143 (7bc^{10}d^6 + 10ac^9d^7)x^8 \\ & + 104 (6bc^{11}d^5 + 11ac^{10}d^6)x^7 + \frac{182}{3} (5bc^{12}d^4 + 12ac^{11}d^5)x^6 \\ & + 28 (4bc^{13}d^3 + 13ac^{12}d^4)x^5 + 10 (3bc^{14}d^2 + 14ac^{13}d^3)x^4 \\ & + \frac{8}{3} (2bc^{15}d + 15ac^{14}d^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2} (bc^{16} + 16ac^{15}d)x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/18*b*d^16*x^18 + a*c^16*x + 1/17*(16*b*c*d^15 + a*d^16)*x^17 + 1/2*(15*b*c^2*d^14 + 2*a*c*d^15)*x^16 + 8/3*(14*b*c^3*d^13 + 3*a*c^2*d^14)*x^15 + 10*(13*b*c^4*d^12 + 4*a*c^3*d^13)*x^14 + 28*(12*b*c^5*d^11 + 5*a*c^4*d^12)*x^13 + 182/3*(11*b*c^6*d^10 + 6*a*c^5*d^11)*x^12 + 104*(10*b*c^7*d^9 + 7*a*c^6*d^10)*x^11 + 143*(9*b*c^8*d^8 + 8*a*c^7*d^9)*x^10 + 1430/9*(8*b*c^9*d^7 + 9*a*c^8*d^8)*x^9 + 143*(7*b*c^10*d^6 + 10*a*c^9*d^7)*x^8 + 104*(6*b*c^11*d^5 + 11*a*c^10*d^6)*x^7 + 182/3*(5*b*c^12*d^4 + 12*a*c^11*d^5)*x^6 + 28*(4*b*c^13*d^3 + 13*a*c^12*d^4)*x^5 + 10*(3*b*c^14*d^2 + 14*a*c^13*d^3)*x^4 + 8/3*(2*b*c^15*d + 15*a*c^14*d^2)*x^3 + 1/2*(b*c^16 + 16*a*c^15*d)*x^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 385 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.13

$$\int (a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx = \frac{1}{18} bd^{16}x^{18} + \frac{16}{17} bcd^{15}x^{17} + \frac{1}{17} ad^{16}x^{17} + \frac{15}{2} bc^2d^{14}x^{16} + acd^{15}x^{16} \\ + \frac{112}{3} bc^3d^{13}x^{15} + 8ac^2d^{14}x^{15} + 130bc^4d^{12}x^{14} + 40ac^3d^{13}x^{14} \\ + 336bc^5d^{11}x^{13} + 140ac^4d^{12}x^{13} + \frac{2002}{3} bc^6d^{10}x^{12} \\ + 364ac^5d^{11}x^{12} + 1040bc^7d^9x^{11} + 728ac^6d^{10}x^{11} \\ + 1287bc^8d^8x^{10} + 1144ac^7d^9x^{10} + \frac{11440}{9} bc^9d^7x^9 \\ + 1430ac^8d^8x^9 + 1001bc^{10}d^6x^8 + 1430ac^9d^7x^8 \\ + 624bc^{11}d^5x^7 + 1144ac^{10}d^6x^7 + \frac{910}{3} bc^{12}d^4x^6 + 728ac^{11}d^5x^6 \\ + 112bc^{13}d^3x^5 + 364ac^{12}d^4x^5 + 30bc^{14}d^2x^4 + 140ac^{13}d^3x^4 \\ + \frac{16}{3} bc^{15}dx^3 + 40ac^{14}d^2x^3 + \frac{1}{2} bc^{16}x^2 + 8ac^{15}dx^2 + ac^{16}x$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/18*b*d^16*x^18 + 16/17*b*c*d^15*x^17 + 1/17*a*d^16*x^17 + 15/2*b*c^2*d^14*x^16 + a*c*d^15*x^16 + 112/3*b*c^3*d^13*x^15 + 8*a*c^2*d^14*x^15 + 130*b*c^4*d^12*x^14 + 40*a*c^3*d^13*x^14 + 336*b*c^5*d^11*x^13 + 140*a*c^4*d^12*x^13 + 2002/3*b*c^6*d^10*x^12 + 364*a*c^5*d^11*x^12 + 1040*b*c^7*d^9*x^11 + 728*a*c^6*d^10*x^11 + 1287*b*c^8*d^8*x^10 + 1144*a*c^7*d^9*x^10 + 11440/9*b*c^9*d^7*x^9 + 1430*a*c^8*d^8*x^9 + 1001*b*c^10*d^6*x^8 + 1430*a*c^9*d^7*x^8 + 624*b*c^11*d^5*x^7 + 1144*a*c^10*d^6*x^7 + 910/3*b*c^12*d^4*x^6 + 728*a*c^11*d^5*x^6 + 112*b*c^13*d^3*x^5 + 364*a*c^12*d^4*x^5 + 30*b*c^14*d^2*x^4 + 140*a*c^13*d^3*x^4 + 16/3*b*c^15*d*x^3 + 40*a*c^14*d^2*x^3 + 1/2*b*c^16*x^2 + 8*a*c^15*d*x^2 + a*c^16*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.63

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx = & x^2 \left(\frac{bc^{16}}{2} + 8ad^2c^{15} \right) + x^{17} \left(\frac{ad^{16}}{17} + \frac{16bcd^{15}}{17} \right) + \frac{bd^{16}x^{18}}{18} \\
& + ac^{16}x + \frac{8c^{14}dx^3(15ad + 2bc)}{3} + \frac{cd^{14}x^{16}(2ad + 15bc)}{2} \\
& + 10c^{13}d^2x^4(14ad + 3bc) + 28c^{12}d^3x^5(13ad + 4bc) \\
& + \frac{182c^{11}d^4x^6(12ad + 5bc)}{3} + 104c^{10}d^5x^7(11ad + 6bc) \\
& + 143c^9d^6x^8(10ad + 7bc) + \frac{1430c^8d^7x^9(9ad + 8bc)}{9} \\
& + 143c^7d^8x^{10}(8ad + 9bc) + 104c^6d^9x^{11}(7ad + 10bc) \\
& + \frac{182c^5d^{10}x^{12}(6ad + 11bc)}{3} + 28c^4d^{11}x^{13}(5ad + 12bc) \\
& + 10c^3d^{12}x^{14}(4ad + 13bc) + \frac{8c^2d^{13}x^{15}(3ad + 14bc)}{3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^16,x)`output

```

x^2*((b*c^16)/2 + 8*a*c^15*d) + x^17*((a*d^16)/17 + (16*b*c*d^15)/17) + (b
*d^16*x^18)/18 + a*c^16*x + (8*c^14*d*x^3*(15*a*d + 2*b*c))/3 + (c*d^14*x^
16*(2*a*d + 15*b*c))/2 + 10*c^13*d^2*x^4*(14*a*d + 3*b*c) + 28*c^12*d^3*x^
5*(13*a*d + 4*b*c) + (182*c^11*d^4*x^6*(12*a*d + 5*b*c))/3 + 104*c^10*d^5*
x^7*(11*a*d + 6*b*c) + 143*c^9*d^6*x^8*(10*a*d + 7*b*c) + (1430*c^8*d^7*x^
9*(9*a*d + 8*b*c))/9 + 143*c^7*d^8*x^10*(8*a*d + 9*b*c) + 104*c^6*d^9*x^11
*(7*a*d + 10*b*c) + (182*c^5*d^10*x^12*(6*a*d + 11*b*c))/3 + 28*c^4*d^11*x
^13*(5*a*d + 12*b*c) + 10*c^3*d^12*x^14*(4*a*d + 13*b*c) + (8*c^2*d^13*x^1
5*(3*a*d + 14*b*c))/3

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.13

$$\int (a + bx)(c + dx)^{16} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(17bd^{16}x^{17} + 18ad^{16}x^{16} + 288bcd^{15}x^{16} + 306acd^{15}x^{15} + 2295b^2c^2d^{14}x^{15} + 2448a^2c^2d^{14}x^{14} + 11424b^3c^3d^{13}x^{13} + 111384a^3c^3d^{13}x^{13} + 222768a^2c^3d^{13}x^{12} + 350064ac^3d^{13}x^{11} + 437580a^2c^2d^{13}x^{10} + 437580ac^2d^{13}x^9 + 350064a^2c^2d^{13}x^8 + 222768ac^2d^{13}x^7 + 111384a^2c^2d^{13}x^6 + 42840a^2c^2d^{13}x^5 + 12240a^2c^2d^{13}x^4 + 42840a^2c^2d^{13}x^3 + 111384a^2c^2d^{13}x^2 + 12240a^2c^2d^{13}x + 2448a^2c^2d^{13})}{306}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(d*x+c)^16,x)`output `(x*(306*a*c**16 + 2448*a*c**15*d*x + 12240*a*c**14*d**2*x**2 + 42840*a*c**13*d**3*x**3 + 111384*a*c**12*d**4*x**4 + 222768*a*c**11*d**5*x**5 + 350064*a*c**10*d**6*x**6 + 437580*a*c**9*d**7*x**7 + 437580*a*c**8*d**8*x**8 + 350064*a*c**7*d**9*x**9 + 222768*a*c**6*d**10*x**10 + 111384*a*c**5*d**11*x**11 + 42840*a*c**4*d**12*x**12 + 12240*a*c**3*d**13*x**13 + 2448*a*c**2*d**14*x**14 + 306*a*c*d**15*x**15 + 18*a*d**16*x**16 + 153*b*c**16*x + 1632*b*c**15*d*x**2 + 9180*b*c**14*d**2*x**3 + 34272*b*c**13*d**3*x**4 + 92820*b*c**12*d**4*x**5 + 190944*b*c**11*d**5*x**6 + 306306*b*c**10*d**6*x**7 + 388960*b*c**9*d**7*x**8 + 393822*b*c**8*d**8*x**9 + 318240*b*c**7*d**9*x**10 + 204204*b*c**6*d**10*x**11 + 102816*b*c**5*d**11*x**12 + 39780*b*c**4*d**12*x**13 + 11424*b*c**3*d**13*x**14 + 2295*b*c**2*d**14*x**15 + 288*b*c*d**15*x**16 + 17*b*d**16*x**17))/306`

3.142 $\int x^2(2+x)^5(2+3x) dx$

Optimal result	1042
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1042
Rubi [A] (verified)	1043
Maple [A] (verified)	1043
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1044
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1044
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1045
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1045
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1046
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1046

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int x^2(2+x)^5(2+3x) dx = \frac{1}{3}x^3(2+x)^6$$

output `1/3*x^3*(2+x)^6`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 42 vs. 2(12) = 24.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.50

$$\int x^2(2+x)^5(2+3x) dx = \frac{64x^3}{3} + 64x^4 + 80x^5 + \frac{160x^6}{3} + 20x^7 + 4x^8 + \frac{x^9}{3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(2+x)^5*(2+3*x),x]`

output `(64*x^3)/3 + 64*x^4 + 80*x^5 + (160*x^6)/3 + 20*x^7 + 4*x^8 + x^9/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {83}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(x+2)^5(3x+2) dx$$

↓ 83

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(x+2)^6$$

input `Int[x^2*(2 + x)^5*(2 + 3*x),x]`

output `(x^3*(2 + x)^6)/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 83 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
orering	$\frac{x^3(2+x)^6}{3}$	11
gospers	$\frac{1}{3}x^9 + 4x^8 + 20x^7 + \frac{160}{3}x^6 + 80x^5 + 64x^4 + \frac{64}{3}x^3$	37
default	$\frac{1}{3}x^9 + 4x^8 + 20x^7 + \frac{160}{3}x^6 + 80x^5 + 64x^4 + \frac{64}{3}x^3$	37
norman	$\frac{1}{3}x^9 + 4x^8 + 20x^7 + \frac{160}{3}x^6 + 80x^5 + 64x^4 + \frac{64}{3}x^3$	37
risch	$\frac{1}{3}x^9 + 4x^8 + 20x^7 + \frac{160}{3}x^6 + 80x^5 + 64x^4 + \frac{64}{3}x^3$	37
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{3}x^9 + 4x^8 + 20x^7 + \frac{160}{3}x^6 + 80x^5 + 64x^4 + \frac{64}{3}x^3$	37

input `int(x^2*(2+x)^5*(2+3*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*x^3*(2+x)^6`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 36 vs. $2(10) = 20$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int x^2(2+x)^5(2+3x) dx = \frac{1}{3}x^9 + 4x^8 + 20x^7 + \frac{160}{3}x^6 + 80x^5 + 64x^4 + \frac{64}{3}x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(2+x)^5*(2+3*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*x^9 + 4*x^8 + 20*x^7 + 160/3*x^6 + 80*x^5 + 64*x^4 + 64/3*x^3`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 37 vs. $2(8) = 16$.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int x^2(2+x)^5(2+3x) dx = \frac{x^9}{3} + 4x^8 + 20x^7 + \frac{160x^6}{3} + 80x^5 + 64x^4 + \frac{64x^3}{3}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(2+x)**5*(2+3*x),x)`

output `x**9/3 + 4*x**8 + 20*x**7 + 160*x**6/3 + 80*x**5 + 64*x**4 + 64*x**3/3`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 36 vs. $2(10) = 20$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int x^2(2+x)^5(2+3x) dx = \frac{1}{3}x^9 + 4x^8 + 20x^7 + \frac{160}{3}x^6 + 80x^5 + 64x^4 + \frac{64}{3}x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(2+x)^5*(2+3*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*x^9 + 4*x^8 + 20*x^7 + 160/3*x^6 + 80*x^5 + 64*x^4 + 64/3*x^3`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 36 vs. $2(10) = 20$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int x^2(2+x)^5(2+3x) dx = \frac{1}{3}x^9 + 4x^8 + 20x^7 + \frac{160}{3}x^6 + 80x^5 + 64x^4 + \frac{64}{3}x^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(2+x)^5*(2+3*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*x^9 + 4*x^8 + 20*x^7 + 160/3*x^6 + 80*x^5 + 64*x^4 + 64/3*x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int x^2(2+x)^5(2+3x) dx = \frac{x^9}{3} + 4x^8 + 20x^7 + \frac{160x^6}{3} + 80x^5 + 64x^4 + \frac{64x^3}{3}$$

input `int(x^2*(3*x + 2)*(x + 2)^5,x)`

output `(64*x^3)/3 + 64*x^4 + 80*x^5 + (160*x^6)/3 + 20*x^7 + 4*x^8 + x^9/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int x^2(2+x)^5(2+3x) dx = \frac{x^3(x^6 + 12x^5 + 60x^4 + 160x^3 + 240x^2 + 192x + 64)}{3}$$

input `int(x^2*(2+x)^5*(2+3*x),x)`

output `(x**3*(x**6 + 12*x**5 + 60*x**4 + 160*x**3 + 240*x**2 + 192*x + 64))/3`

3.143 $\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$

Optimal result	1047
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1047
Rubi [A] (verified)	1048
Maple [A] (verified)	1049
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1049
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1050
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1050
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1051
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1051
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1052

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = -\frac{a^3(Ab-aB)x}{b^5} + \frac{a^2(Ab-aB)x^2}{2b^4} - \frac{a(Ab-aB)x^3}{3b^3} + \frac{(Ab-aB)x^4}{4b^2} + \frac{Bx^5}{5b} + \frac{a^4(Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^6}$$

output

```
-a^3*(A*b-B*a)*x/b^5+1/2*a^2*(A*b-B*a)*x^2/b^4-1/3*a*(A*b-B*a)*x^3/b^3+1/4*(A*b-B*a)*x^4/b^2+1/5*B*x^5/b+a^4*(A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{bx(60a^4B - 30a^3b(2A+Bx) + 10a^2b^2x(3A+2Bx) - 5ab^3x^2(4A+3Bx) + 3b^4x^3(5A+4Bx)) - 60a^4}{60b^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(b*x*(60*a^4*B - 30*a^3*b*(2*A + B*x)) + 10*a^2*b^2*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) - 5*a*b^3*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 3*b^4*x^3*(5*A + 4*B*x)) - 60*a^4*(-(A*b) + a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x]}{(60*b^6)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^4(aB - Ab)}{b^5(a + bx)} + \frac{a^3(aB - Ab)}{b^5} - \frac{a^2x(aB - Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{ax^2(aB - Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{x^3(Ab - aB)}{b^2} + \frac{Bx^4}{b} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^4(Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^6} - \frac{a^3x(Ab - aB)}{b^5} + \frac{a^2x^2(Ab - aB)}{2b^4} - \frac{ax^3(Ab - aB)}{3b^3} + \frac{x^4(Ab - aB)}{4b^2} + \frac{Bx^5}{5b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x), x]$$

output

$$-\frac{(a^3*(A*b - a*B)*x)}{b^5} + \frac{(a^2*(A*b - a*B)*x^2)}{(2*b^4)} - \frac{(a*(A*b - a*B)*x^3)}{(3*b^3)} + \frac{((A*b - a*B)*x^4)}{(4*b^2)} + \frac{(B*x^5)}{(5*b)} + \frac{(a^4*(A*b - a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])}{b^6}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
norman	$-\frac{a^3(Ab-Ba)x}{b^5} + \frac{a^2(Ab-Ba)x^2}{2b^4} - \frac{a(Ab-Ba)x^3}{3b^3} + \frac{(Ab-Ba)x^4}{4b^2} + \frac{Bx^5}{5b} + \frac{a^4(Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^6}$
default	$-\frac{-\frac{1}{5}Bb^4x^5 - \frac{1}{4}Ab^4x^4 + \frac{1}{4}Bab^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}Aab^3x^3 - \frac{1}{3}Ba^2b^2x^3 - \frac{1}{2}Aa^2b^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^3bx^2 + Aa^3bx - Ba^4x}{b^5} + \frac{a^4(Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^6}$
risch	$\frac{Bx^5}{5b} + \frac{Ax^4}{4b} - \frac{Bax^4}{4b^2} - \frac{Aax^3}{3b^2} + \frac{Ba^2x^3}{3b^3} + \frac{Aa^2x^2}{2b^3} - \frac{Ba^3x^2}{2b^4} - \frac{Aa^3x}{b^4} + \frac{Ba^4x}{b^5} + \frac{a^4\ln(bx+a)A}{b^5} - \frac{a^5\ln(bx+a)}{b^6}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{12b^5Bx^5 + 15Ab^5x^4 - 15Bab^4x^4 - 20Aab^4x^3 + 20Ba^2b^3x^3 + 30Aa^2b^3x^2 - 30Ba^3b^2x^2 + 60A\ln(bx+a)a^4b - 60a^3b^2Ax - 60Ba^4x}{60b^6}$

```
input int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -a^3*(A*b-B*a)*x/b^5+1/2*a^2*(A*b-B*a)*x^2/b^4-1/3*a*(A*b-B*a)*x^3/b^3+1/4*(A*b-B*a)*x^4/b^2+1/5*B*x^5/b+a^4*(A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \frac{12Bb^5x^5 - 15(Bab^4 - Ab^5)x^4 + 20(Ba^2b^3 - Aab^4)x^3 - 30(Ba^3b^2 - Aa^2b^3)x^2 + 60(Ba^4b - Aa^3b^2)x - 60Ba^4a}{60b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{60}*(12*B*b^5*x^5 - 15*(B*a*b^4 - A*b^5)*x^4 + 20*(B*a^2*b^3 - A*a*b^4)*x^3 - 30*(B*a^3*b^2 - A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 60*(B*a^4*b - A*a^3*b^2)*x - 60*(B*a^5 - A*a^4*b)*\log(b*x + a))/b^6$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{Bx^5}{5b} - \frac{a^4(-Ab+Ba)\log(a+bx)}{b^6} + x^4\left(\frac{A}{4b} - \frac{Ba}{4b^2}\right) + x^3\left(-\frac{Aa}{3b^2} + \frac{Ba^2}{3b^3}\right) + x^2\left(\frac{Aa^2}{2b^3} - \frac{Ba^3}{2b^4}\right) + x\left(-\frac{Aa^3}{b^4} + \frac{Ba^4}{b^5}\right)$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`

output
$$B*x**5/(5*b) - a**4*(-A*b + B*a)*\log(a + b*x)/b**6 + x**4*(A/(4*b) - B*a/(4*b**2)) + x**3*(-A*a/(3*b**2) + B*a**2/(3*b**3)) + x**2*(A*a**2/(2*b**3) - B*a**3/(2*b**4)) + x*(-A*a**3/b**4 + B*a**4/b**5)$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{12Bb^4x^5 - 15(Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^4 + 20(Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x^3 - 30(Ba^3b - Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 60(Ba^4 - Aa^3b)x - (Ba^5 - Aa^4b)\log(bx+a)}{60b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{1}{60}*(12*B*b^4*x^5 - 15*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^4 + 20*(B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 30*(B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 60*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*x)/b^5 - (B*a^5 - A*a^4*b)*\log(b*x + a)/b^6$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 B b^4 x^5 - 15 B a b^3 x^4 + 15 A b^4 x^4 + 20 B a^2 b^2 x^3 - 20 A a b^3 x^3 - 30 B a^3 b x^2 + 30 A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 60 B a^4 x - 60 A a^5}{60 b^5} - \frac{(B a^5 - A a^4 b) \log(|bx + a|)}{b^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{60}*(12*B*b^4*x^5 - 15*B*a*b^3*x^4 + 15*A*b^4*x^4 + 20*B*a^2*b^2*x^3 - 20*A*a*b^3*x^3 - 30*B*a^3*b*x^2 + 30*A*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 60*B*a^4*x - 60*A*a^3*b*x)/b^5 - (B*a^5 - A*a^4*b)*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a))/b^6$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = x^4 \left(\frac{A}{4b} - \frac{Ba}{4b^2} \right) - \frac{\ln(a + bx) (B a^5 - A a^4 b)}{b^6} + \frac{B x^5}{5b}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 x^2 \left(\frac{A}{b} - \frac{Ba}{b^2} \right)}{2b^2} - \frac{a x^3 \left(\frac{A}{b} - \frac{Ba}{b^2} \right)}{3b} - \frac{a^3 x \left(\frac{A}{b} - \frac{Ba}{b^2} \right)}{b^3}$$

input

```
int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x)
```

output

$$x^4*(A/(4*b) - (B*a)/(4*b^2)) - (\log(a + b*x)*(B*a^5 - A*a^4*b))/b^6 + (B*x^5)/(5*b) + (a^2*x^2*(A/b - (B*a)/b^2))/(2*b^2) - (a*x^3*(A/b - (B*a)/b^2))/(3*b) - (a^3*x*(A/b - (B*a)/b^2))/b^3$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.05

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \frac{x^5}{5}$$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`

output `x**5/5`

3.144 $\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$

Optimal result	1053
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1053
Rubi [A] (verified)	1054
Maple [A] (verified)	1055
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1055
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1056
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1056
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1057
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1057
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1058

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{a^2(Ab-aB)x}{b^4} - \frac{a(Ab-aB)x^2}{2b^3} + \frac{(Ab-aB)x^3}{3b^2} + \frac{Bx^4}{4b} - \frac{a^3(Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^5}$$

output

```
a^2*(A*b-B*a)*x/b^4-1/2*a*(A*b-B*a)*x^2/b^3+1/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^3/b^2+1/4*B*x^4/b-a^3*(A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{bx(-12a^3B+6a^2b(2A+Bx)-2ab^2x(3A+2Bx)+b^3x^2(4A+3Bx))+12a^3(-Ab+aB)\log(a+bx)}{12b^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x),x]
```

output

$$(b*x*(-12*a^3*B + 6*a^2*b*(2*A + B*x) - 2*a*b^2*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) + b^3*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x)) + 12*a^3*(-(A*b) + a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(12*b^5)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3(aB - Ab)}{b^4(a + bx)} - \frac{a^2(aB - Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{ax(aB - Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{x^2(Ab - aB)}{b^2} + \frac{Bx^3}{b} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{a^3(Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^5} + \frac{a^2x(Ab - aB)}{b^4} - \frac{ax^2(Ab - aB)}{2b^3} + \frac{x^3(Ab - aB)}{3b^2} + \frac{Bx^4}{4b}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^3*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x), x]$$

output

$$(a^2*(A*b - a*B)*x)/b^4 - (a*(A*b - a*B)*x^2)/(2*b^3) + ((A*b - a*B)*x^3)/(3*b^2) + (B*x^4)/(4*b) - (a^3*(A*b - a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/b^5$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86

$$\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)*(x_.))*((c_. + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.))*((e_. + (f_.)*(x_.))^(p_.), x_] \text{ :> } \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;$$

$$\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ ((\text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[p, 0]) \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ || \ (\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LeQ}[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0]) \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, c, d, e, f]))$$

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{a^2(Ab-Ba)x}{b^4} - \frac{a(Ab-Ba)x^2}{2b^3} + \frac{(Ab-Ba)x^3}{3b^2} + \frac{Bx^4}{4b} - \frac{a^3(Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^5}$	8
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{4}Bb^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}Ab^3x^3 - \frac{1}{3}Bab^2x^2 - \frac{1}{2}aAb^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}Ba^2bx^2 + a^2Abx - Ba^3x}{b^4} - \frac{a^3(Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^5}$	9
risch	$\frac{Bx^4}{4b} + \frac{Ax^3}{3b} - \frac{Bax^3}{3b^2} - \frac{aAx^2}{2b^2} + \frac{Ba^2x^2}{2b^3} + \frac{a^2Ax}{b^3} - \frac{Ba^3x}{b^4} - \frac{a^3\ln(bx+a)A}{b^4} + \frac{a^4\ln(bx+a)B}{b^5}$	1
parallelrisc	$-\frac{-3Bx^4b^4 - 4Ax^3b^4 + 4Bx^3ab^3 + 6Ax^2a^2b^3 - 6Bx^2a^2b^2 + 12A\ln(bx+a)a^3b - 12Ax^2a^2b^2 - 12B\ln(bx+a)a^4 + 12Bxa^3b}{12b^5}$	1

```
input int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a^2*(A*b-B*a)*x/b^4-1/2*a*(A*b-B*a)*x^2/b^3+1/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^3/b^2+1/4*B*x^4/b-a^3*(A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{3Bb^4x^4 - 4(Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^3 + 6(Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x^2 - 12(Ba^3b - Aa^2b^2)x + 12(Ba^4 - Aa^3b)\log(bx+a)}{12b^5}$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/12*(3*B*b^4*x^4 - 4*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 12*(B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x + 12*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*log(b*x + a))/b^5
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{Bx^4}{4b} + \frac{a^3(-Ab+Ba)\log(a+bx)}{b^5} + x^3\left(\frac{A}{3b} - \frac{Ba}{3b^2}\right) + x^2\left(-\frac{Aa}{2b^2} + \frac{Ba^2}{2b^3}\right) + x\left(\frac{Aa^2}{b^3} - \frac{Ba^3}{b^4}\right)$$

input `integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`output `B*x**4/(4*b) + a**3*(-A*b + B*a)*log(a + b*x)/b**5 + x**3*(A/(3*b) - B*a/(3*b**2)) + x**2*(-A*a/(2*b**2) + B*a**2/(2*b**3)) + x*(A*a**2/b**3 - B*a**3/b**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{3Bb^3x^4 - 4(Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^3 + 6(Ba^2b - Aab^2)x^2 - 12(Ba^3 - Aa^2b)x + (Ba^4 - Aa^3b)\log(bx+a)}{12b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/12*(3*B*b^3*x^4 - 4*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^3 + 6*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 12*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*x)/b^4 + (B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*log(b*x + a)/b^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{3Bb^3x^4 - 4Bab^2x^3 + 4Ab^3x^3 + 6Ba^2bx^2 - 6Aab^2x^2 - 12Ba^3x + 12Aa^2bx}{12b^4} + \frac{(Ba^4 - Aa^3b) \log(|bx+a|)}{b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/12*(3*B*b^3*x^4 - 4*B*a*b^2*x^3 + 4*A*b^3*x^3 + 6*B*a^2*b*x^2 - 6*A*a*b^2*x^2 - 12*B*a^3*x + 12*A*a^2*b*x)/b^4 + (B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = x^3 \left(\frac{A}{3b} - \frac{Ba}{3b^2} \right) + \frac{\ln(a+bx)(Ba^4 - Aa^3b)}{b^5} + \frac{Bx^4}{4b} - \frac{ax^2 \left(\frac{A}{b} - \frac{Ba}{b^2} \right)}{2b} + \frac{a^2x \left(\frac{A}{b} - \frac{Ba}{b^2} \right)}{b^2}$$

input `int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x)`output `x^3*(A/(3*b) - (B*a)/(3*b^2)) + (log(a + b*x)*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b))/b^5 + (B*x^4)/(4*b) - (a*x^2*(A/b - (B*a)/b^2))/(2*b) + (a^2*x*(A/b - (B*a)/b^2))/b^2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \frac{x^4}{4}$$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`

output `x**4/4`

3.145 $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$

Optimal result	1059
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1059
Rubi [A] (verified)	1060
Maple [A] (verified)	1061
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1061
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1062
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1062
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1063
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1063
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1063

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = -\frac{a(Ab-aB)x}{b^3} + \frac{(Ab-aB)x^2}{2b^2} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b} + \frac{a^2(Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^4}$$

output

$-a*(A*b-B*a)*x/b^3+1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^2/b^2+1/3*B*x^3/b+a^2*(A*b-B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/b^4$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{bx(6a^2B-3ab(2A+Bx)+b^2x(3A+2Bx))+6a^2(Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{6b^4}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^2*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x]`

output

$(b*x*(6*a^2*B-3*a*b*(2*A+B*x))+b^2*x*(3*A+2*B*x))+6*a^2*(A*b-a*B)*\text{Log}[a+b*x]/(6*b^4)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^2(aB - Ab)}{b^3(a + bx)} + \frac{a(aB - Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{x(Ab - aB)}{b^2} + \frac{Bx^2}{b} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^2(Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^4} - \frac{ax(Ab - aB)}{b^3} + \frac{x^2(Ab - aB)}{2b^2} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x]`

output `-((a*(A*b - a*B)*x)/b^3) + ((A*b - a*B)*x^2)/(2*b^2) + (B*x^3)/(3*b) + (a^2*(A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
norman	$-\frac{a(Ab-Ba)x}{b^3} + \frac{(Ab-Ba)x^2}{2b^2} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b} + \frac{a^2(Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^4}$	63
default	$-\frac{-\frac{1}{3}Bb^2x^3 - \frac{1}{2}Ab^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}Babx^2 + aAbx - Ba^2x}{b^3} + \frac{a^2(Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^4}$	67
risch	$\frac{Bx^3}{3b} + \frac{Ax^2}{2b} - \frac{Bax^2}{2b^2} - \frac{aAx}{b^2} + \frac{Ba^2x}{b^3} + \frac{a^2\ln(bx+a)A}{b^3} - \frac{a^3\ln(bx+a)B}{b^4}$	76
parallelrisch	$\frac{2b^3Bx^3 + 3Aa^2x^2 - 3Bx^2ab^2 + 6A\ln(bx+a)a^2b - 6Aaxab^2 - 6B\ln(bx+a)a^3 + 6Bxa^2b}{6b^4}$	76

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-a*(A*b-B*a)*x/b^3+1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^2/b^2+1/3*B*x^3/b+a^2*(A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^4`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$$

$$= \frac{2Bb^3x^3 - 3(Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^2 + 6(Ba^2b - Aab^2)x - 6(Ba^3 - Aa^2b)\log(bx+a)}{6b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*(2*B*b^3*x^3 - 3*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^2 + 6*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x - 6*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*log(b*x + a))/b^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \frac{Bx^3}{3b} - \frac{a^2(-Ab + Ba) \log(a + bx)}{b^4} + x^2 \left(\frac{A}{2b} - \frac{Ba}{2b^2} \right) + x \left(-\frac{Aa}{b^2} + \frac{Ba^2}{b^3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`output `B*x**3/(3*b) - a**2*(-A*b + B*a)*log(a + b*x)/b**4 + x**2*(A/(2*b) - B*a/(2*b**2)) + x*(-A*a/b**2 + B*a**2/b**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \frac{2Bb^2x^3 - 3(Bab - Ab^2)x^2 + 6(Ba^2 - Aab)x}{6b^3} - \frac{(Ba^3 - Aa^2b) \log(bx + a)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*(2*B*b^2*x^3 - 3*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2 + 6*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*x)/b^3 - (B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*log(b*x + a)/b^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \frac{2Bb^2x^3 - 3Babx^2 + 3Ab^2x^2 + 6Ba^2x - 6Aabx}{6b^3} - \frac{(Ba^3 - Aa^2b) \log(|bx + a|)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*(2*B*b^2*x^3 - 3*B*a*b*x^2 + 3*A*b^2*x^2 + 6*B*a^2*x - 6*A*a*b*x)/b^3 - (B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^4`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{A}{2b} - \frac{Ba}{2b^2} \right) - \frac{\ln(a + bx)(Ba^3 - Aa^2b)}{b^4} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b} - \frac{ax \left(\frac{A}{b} - \frac{Ba}{b^2} \right)}{b}$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x)`output `x^2*(A/(2*b) - (B*a)/(2*b^2)) - (log(a + b*x)*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b))/b^4 + (B*x^3)/(3*b) - (a*x*(A/b - (B*a)/b^2))/b`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \frac{x^3}{3}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`output `x**3/3`

3.146 $\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$

Optimal result	1064
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1064
Rubi [A] (verified)	1065
Maple [A] (verified)	1066
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1066
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1066
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1067
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1067
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1067
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1068

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{(Ab-aB)x}{b^2} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b} - \frac{a(Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^3}$$

output

```
(A*b-B*a)*x/b^2+1/2*B*x^2/b-a*(A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{bx(2Ab-2aB+bBx)+2a(-Ab+aB)\log(a+bx)}{2b^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x),x]
```

output

```
(b*x*(2*A*b-2*a*B+b*B*x)+2*a*(-(A*b)+a*B)*Log[a+b*x])/(2*b^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{a(aB - Ab)}{b^2(a + bx)} + \frac{Ab - aB}{b^2} + \frac{Bx}{b} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a(Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^3} + \frac{x(Ab - aB)}{b^2} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b}$$

input `Int[(x*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*x)/b^2 + (B*x^2)/(2*b) - (a*(A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{2}bBx^2 + Abx - Bax}{b^2} - \frac{a(Ab - Ba)\ln(bx + a)}{b^3}$	43
norman	$\frac{(Ab - Ba)x}{b^2} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b} - \frac{a(Ab - Ba)\ln(bx + a)}{b^3}$	44
risch	$\frac{Bx^2}{2b} + \frac{Ax}{b} - \frac{Bax}{b^2} - \frac{a\ln(bx + a)A}{b^2} + \frac{a^2\ln(bx + a)B}{b^3}$	52
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-b^2Bx^2 + 2A\ln(bx + a)ab - 2Ab^2x - 2B\ln(bx + a)a^2 + 2Babx}{2b^3}$	52

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $1/b^2*(1/2*b*B*x^2+A*b*x-B*a*x)-a*(A*b-B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/b^3$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \frac{Bb^2x^2 - 2(Bab - Ab^2)x + 2(Ba^2 - Aab)\log(bx + a)}{2b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output $1/2*(B*b^2*x^2 - 2*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x + 2*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*\log(b*x + a))/b^3$ **Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \frac{Bx^2}{2b} + \frac{a(-Ab + Ba)\log(a + bx)}{b^3} + x\left(\frac{A}{b} - \frac{Ba}{b^2}\right)$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`

output $Bx^{**2}/(2*b) + a*(-A*b + B*a)*\log(a + b*x)/b^{**3} + x*(A/b - B*a/b^{**2})$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \frac{Bbx^2 - 2(Ba - Ab)x}{2b^2} + \frac{(Ba^2 - Aab) \log(bx + a)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/2*(B*b*x^2 - 2*(B*a - A*b)*x)/b^2 + (B*a^2 - A*a*b)*\log(b*x + a)/b^3$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \frac{Bbx^2 - 2Bax + 2Abx}{2b^2} + \frac{(Ba^2 - Aab) \log(|bx + a|)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/2*(B*b*x^2 - 2*B*a*x + 2*A*b*x)/b^2 + (B*a^2 - A*a*b)*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a))/b^3$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = x \left(\frac{A}{b} - \frac{Ba}{b^2} \right) + \frac{Bx^2}{2b} + \frac{\ln(a + bx) (Ba^2 - Aab)}{b^3}$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x)`

output $x*(A/b - (B*a)/b^2) + (B*x^2)/(2*b) + (\log(a + b*x)*(B*a^2 - A*a*b))/b^3$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \frac{x^2}{2}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`

output `x**2/2`

3.147 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{a+bx} dx$

Optimal result	1069
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1069
Rubi [A] (verified)	1070
Maple [A] (verified)	1071
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1071
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1071
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1072
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1072
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1072
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1073

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{a+bx} dx = \frac{Bx}{b} + \frac{(Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^2}$$

output `B*x/b+(A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{a+bx} dx = \frac{Bx}{b} + \frac{(Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(a + b*x),x]`

output `(B*x)/b + ((A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a + bx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab - aB}{b(a + bx)} + \frac{B}{b} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{Bx}{b}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(a + b*x),x]
```

output

```
(B*x)/b + ((A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^2
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	size
default	$\frac{Bx}{b} + \frac{(Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^2}$	26
norman	$\frac{Bx}{b} + \frac{(Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^2}$	26
paralelrisch	$\frac{A\ln(bx+a)b - B\ln(bx+a)a + bBx}{b^2}$	29
risch	$\frac{Bx}{b} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)A}{b} - \frac{\ln(bx+a)Ba}{b^2}$	32

input `int((B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `B*x/b+(A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a + bx} dx = \frac{Bbx - (Ba - Ab) \log(bx + a)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(B*b*x - (B*a - A*b)*log(b*x + a))/b^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a + bx} dx = \frac{Bx}{b} - \frac{(-Ab + Ba) \log(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`

output $Bx/b - (-A*b + B*a)*\log(a + b*x)/b**2$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a + bx} dx = \frac{Bx}{b} - \frac{(Ba - Ab) \log(bx + a)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $Bx/b - (B*a - A*b)*\log(b*x + a)/b^2$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a + bx} dx = \frac{Bx}{b} - \frac{(Ba - Ab) \log(|bx + a|)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $Bx/b - (B*a - A*b)*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a))/b^2$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a + bx} dx = \frac{Bx}{b} + \frac{\ln(a + bx) (Ab - Ba)}{b^2}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(a + b*x),x)`

output $(B*x)/b + (\log(a + b*x)*(A*b - B*a))/b^2$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.04

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{a + bx} dx = x$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(b*x+a), x)`

output `x`

3.148 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)} dx$

Optimal result	1074
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1074
Rubi [A] (verified)	1075
Maple [A] (verified)	1076
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1076
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1076
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1077
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1077
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1077
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1078

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)} dx = \frac{A \log(x)}{a} - \frac{(Ab - aB) \log(a+bx)}{ab}$$

output `A*ln(x)/a-(A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a/b`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)} dx = \frac{A \log(x)}{a} + \frac{(-Ab + aB) \log(a+bx)}{ab}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x*(a + b*x)), x]`

output `(A*Log[x])/a + ((-A*b) + a*B)*Log[a + b*x]/(a*b)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{aB - Ab}{a(a + bx)} + \frac{A}{ax} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{A \log(x)}{a} - \frac{(Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{ab}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(x*(a + b*x)),x]
```

output

```
(A*Log[x])/a - ((A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/(a*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
default	$\frac{A \ln(x)}{a} + \frac{(-Ab+Ba) \ln(bx+a)}{ab}$	30
norman	$\frac{A \ln(x)}{a} - \frac{(Ab-Ba) \ln(bx+a)}{ab}$	31
parallelrisc	$\frac{A \ln(x)b - A \ln(bx+a)b + B \ln(bx+a)a}{ab}$	33
risc	$-\frac{\ln(bx+a)A}{a} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)B}{b} + \frac{A \ln(-x)}{a}$	34

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `A*ln(x)/a+(-A*b+B*a)/a/b*ln(b*x+a)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)} dx = \frac{Ab \log(x) + (Ba - Ab) \log(bx + a)}{ab}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(A*b*log(x) + (B*a - A*b)*log(b*x + a))/(a*b)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)} dx = \frac{A \log(x)}{a} + \frac{(-Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-Aa + \frac{a(-Ab+Ba)}{b}}{-2Ab+Ba}\right)}{ab}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a),x)`

output $A \log(x)/a + (-A*b + B*a) \log(x + (-A*a + a*(-A*b + B*a)/b)/(-2*A*b + B*a)) / (a*b)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)} dx = \frac{A \log(x)}{a} + \frac{(Ba - Ab) \log(bx + a)}{ab}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $A \log(x)/a + (B*a - A*b) \log(b*x + a) / (a*b)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)} dx = \frac{A \log(|x|)}{a} + \frac{(Ba - Ab) \log(|bx + a|)}{ab}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $A \log(\text{abs}(x))/a + (B*a - A*b) \log(\text{abs}(b*x + a)) / (a*b)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)} dx = \frac{A \ln(x)}{a} - \ln(a + bx) \left(\frac{A}{a} - \frac{B}{b} \right)$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x*(a + b*x)),x)`

output $(A \cdot \log(x))/a - \log(a + b \cdot x) \cdot (A/a - B/b)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.07

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)} dx = \log(x)$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a),x)`

output `log(x)`

3.149 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)} dx$

Optimal result	1079
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1079
Rubi [A] (verified)	1080
Maple [A] (verified)	1081
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1081
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1081
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1082
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1082
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1083
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1083

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{A}{ax} - \frac{(Ab - aB) \log(x)}{a^2} + \frac{(Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^2}$$

output

```
-A/a/x-(A*b-B*a)*ln(x)/a^2+(A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{A}{ax} + \frac{(-Ab + aB) \log(x)}{a^2} + \frac{(Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a + b*x)), x]
```

output

```
-(A/(a*x)) + ((-A*b) + a*B)*Log[x]/a^2 + ((A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/a^2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{aB - Ab}{a^2x} - \frac{b(aB - Ab)}{a^2(a + bx)} + \frac{A}{ax^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{\log(x)(Ab - aB)}{a^2} + \frac{(Ab - aB)\log(a + bx)}{a^2} - \frac{A}{ax}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a + b*x)),x]
```

output

```
-(A/(a*x)) - ((A*b - a*B)*Log[x])/a^2 + ((A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/a^2
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{A}{ax} + \frac{(-Ab+Ba)\ln(x)}{a^2} + \frac{(Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^2}$	43
norman	$-\frac{A}{ax} - \frac{(Ab-Ba)\ln(x)}{a^2} + \frac{(Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^2}$	44
parallelrisch	$-\frac{A\ln(x)xb - A\ln(bx+a)xb - B\ln(x)xa + B\ln(bx+a)xa + Aa}{a^2x}$	47
risch	$-\frac{A}{ax} - \frac{\ln(x)Ab}{a^2} + \frac{\ln(x)B}{a} + \frac{\ln(-bx-a)Ab}{a^2} - \frac{\ln(-bx-a)B}{a}$	57

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-A/a/x+1/a^2*(-A*b+B*a)*ln(x)+(A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{(Ba - Ab)x \log(bx + a) - (Ba - Ab)x \log(x) + Aa}{a^2x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-((B*a - A*b)*x*log(b*x + a) - (B*a - A*b)*x*log(x) + A*a)/(a^2*x)`**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 95 vs. 2(34) = 68.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{A}{ax} + \frac{(-Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-Aab + Ba^2 - a(-Ab + Ba)}{-2Ab^2 + 2Bab}\right)}{a^2} - \frac{(-Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-Aab + Ba^2 + a(-Ab + Ba)}{-2Ab^2 + 2Bab}\right)}{a^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**2/(b*x+a),x)`

output
$$-A/(a*x) + (-A*b + B*a)*\log(x + (-A*a*b + B*a**2 - a*(-A*b + B*a))/(-2*A*b**2 + 2*B*a*b))/a**2 - (-A*b + B*a)*\log(x + (-A*a*b + B*a**2 + a*(-A*b + B*a))/(-2*A*b**2 + 2*B*a*b))/a**2$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{(Ba - Ab) \log(bx + a)}{a^2} + \frac{(Ba - Ab) \log(x)}{a^2} - \frac{A}{ax}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-(B*a - A*b)*\log(b*x + a)/a^2 + (B*a - A*b)*\log(x)/a^2 - A/(a*x)$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)} dx = \frac{(Ba - Ab) \log(|x|)}{a^2} - \frac{A}{ax} - \frac{(Bab - Ab^2) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^2b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$(B*a - A*b)*\log(\text{abs}(x))/a^2 - A/(a*x) - (B*a*b - A*b^2)*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a))/(a^2*b)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx}{a} + 1\right) (Ab - Ba)}{a^2} - \frac{A}{ax}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^2*(a + b*x)),x)`output `(2*atanh((2*b*x)/a + 1)*(A*b - B*a))/a^2 - A/(a*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.12

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{1}{x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a),x)`output `(- 1)/x`

3.150 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)} dx$

Optimal result	1084
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1084
Rubi [A] (verified)	1085
Maple [A] (verified)	1086
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1086
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1087
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1087
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1088
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1088
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1088

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{A}{2ax^2} + \frac{Ab - aB}{a^2x} + \frac{b(Ab - aB) \log(x)}{a^3} - \frac{b(Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^3}$$

output

```
-1/2*A/a/x^2+(A*b-B*a)/a^2/x+b*(A*b-B*a)*ln(x)/a^3-b*(A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)} dx = \frac{-\frac{a(aA - 2Abx + 2aBx)}{x^2} + 2b(Ab - aB) \log(x) + 2b(-Ab + aB) \log(a + bx)}{2a^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(a + b*x)), x]
```

output

```
(-(a*(a*A - 2*A*b*x + 2*a*B*x))/x^2) + 2*b*(A*b - a*B)*Log[x] + 2*b*(-(A*b) + a*B)*Log[a + b*x]]/(2*a^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{b^2(aB - Ab)}{a^3(a + bx)} - \frac{b(aB - Ab)}{a^3x} + \frac{aB - Ab}{a^2x^2} + \frac{A}{ax^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b \log(x)(Ab - aB)}{a^3} - \frac{b(Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^3} + \frac{Ab - aB}{a^2x} - \frac{A}{2ax^2}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(a + b*x)),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*A/(a*x^2) + (A*b - a*B)/(a^2*x) + (b*(A*b - a*B)*Log[x])/a^3 - (b*(A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/a^3
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{(Ab-Ba)x - \frac{A}{2a}}{x^2} + \frac{b(Ab-Ba)\ln(x)}{a^3} - \frac{b(Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^3}$	61
default	$-\frac{A}{2ax^2} - \frac{-Ab+Ba}{xa^2} + \frac{b(Ab-Ba)\ln(x)}{a^3} - \frac{b(Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^3}$	62
risch	$\frac{(Ab-Ba)x - \frac{A}{2a}}{x^2} - \frac{b^2\ln(bx+a)A}{a^3} + \frac{b\ln(bx+a)B}{a^2} + \frac{b^2\ln(-x)A}{a^3} - \frac{b\ln(-x)B}{a^2}$	76
parallelrisch	$\frac{2A\ln(x)x^2b^2 - 2A\ln(bx+a)x^2b^2 - 2B\ln(x)x^2ab + 2B\ln(bx+a)x^2ab + 2aAbx - 2Ba^2x - a^2A}{2a^3x^2}$	79

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $((A*b-B*a)/a^2*x - 1/2*A/a)/x^2 + b*(A*b-B*a)*\ln(x)/a^3 - b*(A*b-B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/a^3$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(Bab - Ab^2)x^2 \log(bx+a) - 2(Bab - Ab^2)x^2 \log(x) - Aa^2 - 2(Ba^2 - Aab)x}{2a^3x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/2*(2*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2*\log(b*x + a) - 2*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2*\log(x) - A*a^2 - 2*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*x)/(a^3*x^2)$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. $2(53) = 106$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)} dx = \frac{-Aa + x(2Ab - 2Ba)}{2a^2x^2} - \frac{b(-Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-Aab^2 + Ba^2b - ab(-Ab + Ba)}{-2Ab^3 + 2Bab^2}\right)}{a^3} + \frac{b(-Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-Aab^2 + Ba^2b + ab(-Ab + Ba)}{-2Ab^3 + 2Bab^2}\right)}{a^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**3/(b*x+a),x)`

output `(-A*a + x*(2*A*b - 2*B*a))/(2*a**2*x**2) - b*(-A*b + B*a)*log(x + (-A*a*b**2 + B*a**2*b - a*b*(-A*b + B*a))/(-2*A*b**3 + 2*B*a*b**2))/a**3 + b*(-A*b + B*a)*log(x + (-A*a*b**2 + B*a**2*b + a*b*(-A*b + B*a))/(-2*A*b**3 + 2*B*a*b**2))/a**3`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)} dx = \frac{(Bab - Ab^2) \log(bx + a)}{a^3} - \frac{(Bab - Ab^2) \log(x)}{a^3} - \frac{Aa + 2(Ba - Ab)x}{2a^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(B*a*b - A*b^2)*log(b*x + a)/a^3 - (B*a*b - A*b^2)*log(x)/a^3 - 1/2*(A*a + 2*(B*a - A*b)*x)/(a^2*x^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{(Bab - Ab^2) \log(|x|)}{a^3} + \frac{(Bab^2 - Ab^3) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^3b} - \frac{Aa^2 + 2(Ba^2 - Aab)x}{2a^3x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(B*a*b - A*b^2)*log(abs(x))/a^3 + (B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^3*b) - 1/2*(A*a^2 + 2*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*x)/(a^3*x^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{\frac{A}{2a} - \frac{x(Ab - Ba)}{a^2}}{x^2} - \frac{2b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{b(Ab - Ba)(a + 2bx)}{a(Ab^2 - Ba^2)}\right) (Ab - Ba)}{a^3}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^3*(a + b*x)),x)`output `-(A/(2*a) - (x*(A*b - B*a))/a^2)/x^2 - (2*b*atanh((b*(A*b - B*a)*(a + 2*b*x))/(a*(A*b^2 - B*a^2)))*(A*b - B*a))/a^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{1}{2x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a),x)`

output $(-1)/(2*x**2)$

3.151 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)} dx$

Optimal result	1090
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1090
Rubi [A] (verified)	1091
Maple [A] (verified)	1092
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1092
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1093
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1093
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1094
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1094
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1095

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)} dx = -\frac{A}{3ax^3} + \frac{Ab-aB}{2a^2x^2} - \frac{b(Ab-aB)}{a^3x} - \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)\log(x)}{a^4} + \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^4}$$

output

```
-1/3*A/a/x^3+1/2*(A*b-B*a)/a^2/x^2-b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/x-b^2*(A*b-B*a)*ln(x)/a^4+b^2*(A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)} dx = \frac{a(-6Ab^2x^2+3abx(A+2Bx)-a^2(2A+3Bx))}{x^3} + 6b^2(-Ab+aB)\log(x) + 6b^2(Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)$$

$$= \frac{\hspace{10em}}{6a^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^4*(a + b*x)),x]
```

output

$$\frac{((a*(-6*A*b^2*x^2 + 3*a*b*x*(A + 2*B*x)) - a^2*(2*A + 3*B*x)))/x^3 + 6*b^2*(-(A*b) + a*B)*\text{Log}[x] + 6*b^2*(A*b - a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x]}{(6*a^4)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{b^3(aB - Ab)}{a^4(a + bx)} + \frac{b^2(aB - Ab)}{a^4x} - \frac{b(aB - Ab)}{a^3x^2} + \frac{aB - Ab}{a^2x^3} + \frac{A}{ax^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{b^2 \log(x)(Ab - aB)}{a^4} + \frac{b^2(Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^4} - \frac{b(Ab - aB)}{a^3x} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2a^2x^2} - \frac{A}{3ax^3}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(x^4*(a + b*x)),x]
```

output

$$-1/3*A/(a*x^3) + (A*b - a*B)/(2*a^2*x^2) - (b*(A*b - a*B))/(a^3*x) - (b^2*(A*b - a*B)*\text{Log}[x])/a^4 + (b^2*(A*b - a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/a^4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```


rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$-\frac{A}{3ax^3} - \frac{-Ab+Ba}{2a^2x^2} - \frac{b(Ab-Ba)}{a^3x} - \frac{b^2(Ab-Ba)\ln(x)}{a^4} + \frac{b^2(Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^4}$
norman	$-\frac{A}{3a} + \frac{(Ab-Ba)x}{2a^2} - \frac{(Ab-Ba)bx^2}{a^3} + \frac{b^2(Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^4} - \frac{b^2(Ab-Ba)\ln(x)}{a^4}$
risch	$-\frac{A}{3a} + \frac{(Ab-Ba)x}{2a^2} - \frac{(Ab-Ba)bx^2}{a^3} + \frac{b^3\ln(-bx-a)A}{a^4} - \frac{b^2\ln(-bx-a)B}{a^3} - \frac{b^3\ln(x)A}{a^4} + \frac{b^2\ln(x)B}{a^3}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{6A\ln(x)x^3b^3-6A\ln(bx+a)x^3b^3-6B\ln(x)x^3ab^2+6B\ln(bx+a)x^3ab^2+6aAb^2x^2-6Ba^2bx^2-3a^2Abx+3Ba^3x+2a^3A}{6a^4x^3}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/3*A/a/x^3-1/2*(-A*b+B*a)/a^2/x^2-b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/x-b^2*(A*b-B*a)*\ln(x)/a^4+b^2*(A*b-B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/a^4$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)} dx = \frac{-6(Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^3 \log(bx+a) - 6(Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^3 \log(x) + 2Aa^3 - 6(Ba^2b - Aab^2)x^2 + 3(Ba^3 - Aa^2)x}{6a^4x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/6*(6*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^3*\log(b*x + a) - 6*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^3*\log(x) + 2*A*a^3 - 6*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*x)/(a^4*x^3)$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 165 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)} dx = \frac{-2Aa^2 + x^2(-6Ab^2 + 6Bab) + x(3Aab - 3Ba^2)}{6a^3x^3} + \frac{b^2(-Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-Aab^3 + Ba^2b^2 - ab^2(-Ab + Ba)}{-2Ab^4 + 2Bab^3}\right)}{a^4} - \frac{b^2(-Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-Aab^3 + Ba^2b^2 + ab^2(-Ab + Ba)}{-2Ab^4 + 2Bab^3}\right)}{a^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**4/(b*x+a),x)`

output $(-2Aa^2 + x^2(-6Ab^2 + 6Bab) + x(3Aab - 3Ba^2))/(6a^3x^3) + b^2(-Ab + Ba) \log(x + (-Aab^3 + Ba^2b^2 - ab^2(-Ab + Ba))/(-2Ab^4 + 2Bab^3))/a^4 - b^2(-Ab + Ba) \log(x + (-Aab^3 + Ba^2b^2 + ab^2(-Ab + Ba))/(-2Ab^4 + 2Bab^3))/a^4$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{(Bab^2 - Ab^3) \log(bx + a)}{a^4} + \frac{(Bab^2 - Ab^3) \log(x)}{a^4} - \frac{2Aa^2 - 6(Bab - Ab^2)x^2 + 3(Ba^2 - Aab)x}{6a^3x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*\log(b*x + a)/a^4 + (B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*\log(x)/a^4 - 1/6*(2*A*a^2 - 6*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*x)/(a^3*x^3)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)} dx = \frac{(Bab^2 - Ab^3) \log(|x|)}{a^4} - \frac{(Bab^3 - Ab^4) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^4 b} - \frac{2Aa^3 - 6(Ba^2b - Aab^2)x^2 + 3(Ba^3 - Aa^2b)x}{6a^4x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*log(abs(x))/a^4 - (B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^4*b) - 1/6*(2*A*a^3 - 6*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*x)/(a^4*x^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)} dx = \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{b^2(Ab - Ba)(a + 2bx)}{a(Ab^3 - Ba^2b^2)}\right) (Ab - Ba)}{a^4} - \frac{\frac{A}{3a} - \frac{x(Ab - Ba)}{2a^2} + \frac{bx^2(Ab - Ba)}{a^3}}{x^3}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^4*(a + b*x)),x)`output `(2*b^2*atanh((b^2*(A*b - B*a)*(a + 2*b*x))/(a*(A*b^3 - B*a*b^2)))*(A*b - B*a))/a^4 - (A/(3*a) - (x*(A*b - B*a))/(2*a^2) + (b*x^2*(A*b - B*a))/a^3)/x^3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{1}{3x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a),x)`

output `(- 1)/(3*x**3)`

3.152 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5(a+bx)} dx$

Optimal result	1096
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1096
Rubi [A] (verified)	1097
Maple [A] (verified)	1098
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1098
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1099
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1100
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1100
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1101
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1101

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5(a+bx)} dx = -\frac{A}{4ax^4} + \frac{Ab-aB}{3a^2x^3} - \frac{b(Ab-aB)}{2a^3x^2} + \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)}{a^4x} + \frac{b^3(Ab-aB)\log(x)}{a^5} - \frac{b^3(Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^5}$$

output

$-1/4*A/a/x^4+1/3*(A*b-B*a)/a^2/x^3-1/2*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^2+b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^4/x+b^3*(A*b-B*a)*\ln(x)/a^5-b^3*(A*b-B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/a^5$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5(a+bx)} dx = \frac{a(12Ab^3x^3-6ab^2x^2(A+2Bx)+2a^2bx(2A+3Bx)-a^3(3A+4Bx))}{12a^5x^4} + \frac{12b^3(Ab-aB)\log(x) - 12b^3(Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{12a^5}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^5*(a + b*x)), x]`

output

$$\frac{((a*(12*A*b^3*x^3 - 6*a*b^2*x^2*(A + 2*B*x) + 2*a^2*b*x*(2*A + 3*B*x) - a^3*(3*A + 4*B*x)))/x^4 + 12*b^3*(A*b - a*B)*\text{Log}[x] - 12*b^3*(A*b - a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(12*a^5)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5(a + bx)} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{b^4(aB - Ab)}{a^5(a + bx)} - \frac{b^3(aB - Ab)}{a^5x} + \frac{b^2(aB - Ab)}{a^4x^2} - \frac{b(aB - Ab)}{a^3x^3} + \frac{aB - Ab}{a^2x^4} + \frac{A}{ax^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b^3 \log(x)(Ab - aB)}{a^5} - \frac{b^3(Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^5} + \frac{b^2(Ab - aB)}{a^4x} - \frac{b(Ab - aB)}{2a^3x^2} + \frac{Ab - aB}{3a^2x^3} - \frac{A}{4ax^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/(x^5*(a + b*x)), x]$$

output

$$-1/4*A/(a*x^4) + (A*b - a*B)/(3*a^2*x^3) - (b*(A*b - a*B))/(2*a^3*x^2) + (b^2*(A*b - a*B))/(a^4*x) + (b^3*(A*b - a*B)*\text{Log}[x])/a^5 - (b^3*(A*b - a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/a^5$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$-\frac{A}{4ax^4} - \frac{-Ab+Ba}{3x^3a^2} + \frac{b^3(Ab-Ba)\ln(x)}{a^5} - \frac{b(Ab-Ba)}{2a^3x^2} + \frac{b^2(Ab-Ba)}{a^4x} - \frac{b^3(Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^5}$
norman	$\frac{(Ab-Ba)b^2x^3}{a^4} - \frac{A}{4a} + \frac{(Ab-Ba)x}{3a^2} - \frac{(Ab-Ba)bx^2}{2a^3} + \frac{b^3(Ab-Ba)\ln(x)}{a^5} - \frac{b^3(Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^5}$
risch	$\frac{(Ab-Ba)b^2x^3}{a^4} - \frac{A}{4a} + \frac{(Ab-Ba)x}{3a^2} - \frac{(Ab-Ba)bx^2}{2a^3} - \frac{b^4\ln(bx+a)A}{a^5} + \frac{b^3\ln(bx+a)B}{a^4} + \frac{b^4\ln(-x)A}{a^5} - \frac{b^3\ln(-x)B}{a^4}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{12A\ln(x)x^4b^4 - 12A\ln(bx+a)x^4b^4 - 12B\ln(x)x^4ab^3 + 12B\ln(bx+a)x^4ab^3 + 12Aab^3x^3 - 12Ba^2b^2x^3 - 6Aa^2b^2x^2 + 6Ba^3bx^2}{12a^5x^4}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^5/(b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*A/a/x^4-1/3*(-A*b+B*a)/x^3/a^2+b^3*(A*b-B*a)*ln(x)/a^5-1/2*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^2+b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^4/x-b^3*(A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5(a + bx)} dx = \frac{12(Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^4 \log(bx + a) - 12(Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^4 \log(x) - 3Aa^4 - 12(Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x^3 + 6(Ba^3b - Ab^4)x^2 - 6Aa^2b - 6Ba^3}{12a^5x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^5/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{12}(12(Ba^3 - Ab^4)x^4 \log(bx + a) - 12(Ba^3 - Ab^4)x^4 \log(x) - 3Aa^4 - 12(Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x^3 + 6(Ba^3b - Aa^2b^2)x^2 - 4(Ba^4 - Aa^3b)x)/(a^5x^4)$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 189 vs. $2(94) = 188$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5(a + bx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3Aa^3 + x^3 \cdot (12Ab^3 - 12Bab^2) + x^2(-6Aab^2 + 6Ba^2b) + x(4Aa^2b - 4Ba^3)}{12a^4x^4}$$

$$- \frac{b^3(-Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-Aab^4 + Ba^2b^3 - ab^3(-Ab + Ba)}{-2Ab^5 + 2Bab^4}\right)}{a^5}$$

$$+ \frac{b^3(-Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-Aab^4 + Ba^2b^3 + ab^3(-Ab + Ba)}{-2Ab^5 + 2Bab^4}\right)}{a^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**5/(b*x+a),x)`

output $\frac{(-3Aa^3 + x^3(12Ab^3 - 12Bab^2) + x^2(-6Aab^2 + 6Ba^2b) + x(4Aa^2b - 4Ba^3))/(12a^4x^4) - b^3(-Ab + Ba) \log(x + (-Aab^4 + Ba^2b^3 - ab^3(-Ab + Ba))/(-2Ab^5 + 2Bab^4))}{a^5} + \frac{b^3(-Ab + Ba) \log(x + (-Aab^4 + Ba^2b^3 + ab^3(-Ab + Ba))/(-2Ab^5 + 2Bab^4))}{a^5}$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5(a + bx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(Bab^3 - Ab^4) \log(bx + a)}{a^5} - \frac{(Bab^3 - Ab^4) \log(x)}{a^5}$$

$$- \frac{3Aa^3 + 12(Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^3 - 6(Ba^2b - Aab^2)x^2 + 4(Ba^3 - Aa^2b)x}{12a^4x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^5/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*log(b*x + a)/a^5 - (B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*log(x)/a^5 - 1/12*(3*A*a^3 + 12*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^3 - 6*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 4*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*x)/(a^4*x^4)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5(a + bx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(Bab^3 - Ab^4) \log(|x|)}{a^5} + \frac{(Bab^4 - Ab^5) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^5b}$$

$$- \frac{3Aa^4 + 12(Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x^3 - 6(Ba^3b - Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 4(Ba^4 - Aa^3b)x}{12a^5x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^5/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*log(abs(x))/a^5 + (B*a*b^4 - A*b^5)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^5*b) - 1/12*(3*A*a^4 + 12*(B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 6*(B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 4*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*x)/(a^5*x^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{A}{4a} - \frac{x(Ab - Ba)}{3a^2} - \frac{b^2 x^3 (Ab - Ba)}{a^4} + \frac{bx^2 (Ab - Ba)}{2a^3} - \frac{2b^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{b^3 (Ab - Ba)(a + 2bx)}{a(Ab^4 - Ba^3)}\right) (Ab - Ba)}{a^5}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^5*(a + b*x)),x)`output `- (A/(4*a) - (x*(A*b - B*a))/(3*a^2) - (b^2*x^3*(A*b - B*a))/a^4 + (b*x^2*(A*b - B*a))/(2*a^3))/x^4 - (2*b^3*atanh((b^3*(A*b - B*a)*(a + 2*b*x))/(a*(A*b^4 - B*a*b^3)))*(A*b - B*a))/a^5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.05

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{1}{4x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^5/(b*x+a),x)`output `(- 1)/(4*x**4)`

3.153 $\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1102
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1102
Rubi [A] (verified)	1103
Maple [A] (verified)	1104
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1105
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1105
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1106
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1106
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1107
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1107

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{a^2(3Ab-4aB)x}{b^5} - \frac{a(2Ab-3aB)x^2}{2b^4} + \frac{(Ab-2aB)x^3}{3b^3} + \frac{Bx^4}{4b^2} - \frac{a^4(Ab-aB)}{b^6(a+bx)} - \frac{a^3(4Ab-5aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^6}$$

output

$a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*x/b^5-1/2*a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*x^2/b^4+1/3*(A*b-2*B*a)*x^3/b^3+1/4*B*x^4/b^2-a^4*(A*b-B*a)/b^6/(b*x+a)-a^3*(4*A*b-5*B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/b^6$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{-12a^2b(-3Ab+4aB)x + 6ab^2(-2Ab+3aB)x^2 + 4b^3(Ab-2aB)x^3 + 3b^4Bx^4 + \frac{12a^4(-Ab+aB)}{a+bx} + 12a^3(-}{12b^6}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{(-12a^2b(-3Ab + 4aB)x + 6ab^2(-2Ab + 3aB)x^2 + 4b^3(Ab - 2aB)x^3 + 3b^4Bx^4 + (12a^4(-Ab + aB)))/(a + bx) + 12a^3(-4Ab + 5aB)\text{Log}[a + bx]}{(12b^6)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^4(aB - Ab)}{b^5(a + bx)^2} + \frac{a^3(5aB - 4Ab)}{b^5(a + bx)} - \frac{a^2(4aB - 3Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{ax(3aB - 2Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{x^2(Ab - 2aB)}{b^3} + \frac{Bx^3}{b^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^4(Ab - aB)}{b^6(a + bx)} - \frac{a^3(4Ab - 5aB)\log(a + bx)}{b^6} + \frac{a^2x(3Ab - 4aB)}{b^5} - \frac{ax^2(2Ab - 3aB)}{2b^4} + \frac{x^3(Ab - 2aB)}{3b^3} + \frac{Bx^4}{4b^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{a^2(3Ab - 4aB)x}{b^5} - \frac{a(2Ab - 3aB)x^2}{(2b^4)} + \frac{(Ab - 2aB)x^3}{(3b^3)} + \frac{Bx^4}{(4b^2)} - \frac{a^4(Ab - aB)}{(b^6(a + b*x))} - \frac{a^3(4Ab - 5aB)\text{Log}[a + b*x]}{b^6}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{4}Bb^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3}Ab^3x^3 - \frac{2}{3}Bab^2x^3 - aAb^2x^2 + \frac{3}{2}Ba^2bx^2 + 3a^2Abx - 4Ba^3x}{b^5} - \frac{a^4(Ab - Ba)}{b^6(bx + a)} - \frac{a^3(4Ab - 5Ba)\ln(bx + a)}{b^6}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{Bx^5}{4b} - \frac{a(4Aa^3b - 5Ba^4)}{b^6} + \frac{(4Ab - 5Ba)x^4}{12b^2} - \frac{a(4Ab - 5Ba)x^3}{6b^3} + \frac{a^2(4Ab - 5Ba)x^2}{2b^4}}{bx + a} - \frac{a^3(4Ab - 5Ba)\ln(bx + a)}{b^6}$
risch	$\frac{Bx^4}{4b^2} + \frac{Ax^3}{3b^2} - \frac{2Bax^3}{3b^3} - \frac{aAx^2}{b^3} + \frac{3Ba^2x^2}{2b^4} + \frac{3a^2Ax}{b^4} - \frac{4Ba^3x}{b^5} - \frac{a^4A}{b^5(bx + a)} + \frac{a^5B}{b^6(bx + a)} - \frac{4a^3\ln(bx + a)A}{b^5} +$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{-3b^5Bx^5 - 4Ab^5x^4 + 5Bab^4x^4 + 8Aab^4x^3 - 10Ba^2b^3x^3 + 48A\ln(bx + a)x a^3b^2 - 24Aa^2b^3x^2 - 60B\ln(bx + a)x a^4b + 30Ba^3}{12b^6(bx + a)}$

```
input int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/b^5*(1/4*B*b^3*x^4+1/3*A*b^3*x^3-2/3*B*a*b^2*x^3-a*A*b^2*x^2+3/2*B*a^2*b*x^2+3*a^2*A*b*x-4*B*a^3*x)-a^4*(A*b-B*a)/b^6/(b*x+a)-a^3*(4*A*b-5*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 B b^5 x^5 + 12 B a^5 - 12 A a^4 b - (5 B a b^4 - 4 A b^5) x^4 + 2 (5 B a^2 b^3 - 4 A a b^4) x^3 - 6 (5 B a^3 b^2 - 4 A a^2 b^3) x^2}{12 (b^7 x + a b^6)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/12*(3*B*b^5*x^5 + 12*B*a^5 - 12*A*a^4*b - (5*B*a*b^4 - 4*A*b^5)*x^4 + 2*(5*B*a^2*b^3 - 4*A*a*b^4)*x^3 - 6*(5*B*a^3*b^2 - 4*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 - 12*(4*B*a^4*b - 3*A*a^3*b^2)*x + 12*(5*B*a^5 - 4*A*a^4*b + (5*B*a^4*b - 4*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*log(b*x + a))/(b^7*x + a*b^6)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{Bx^4}{4b^2} + \frac{a^3(-4Ab + 5Ba) \log(a + bx)}{b^6} + x^3 \left(\frac{A}{3b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{3b^3} \right)$$

$$+ x^2 \left(-\frac{Aa}{b^3} + \frac{3Ba^2}{2b^4} \right) + x \left(\frac{3Aa^2}{b^4} - \frac{4Ba^3}{b^5} \right) + \frac{-Aa^4b + Ba^5}{ab^6 + b^7x}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**2,x)`output `B*x**4/(4*b**2) + a**3*(-4*A*b + 5*B*a)*log(a + b*x)/b**6 + x**3*(A/(3*b**2) - 2*B*a/(3*b**3)) + x**2*(-A*a/b**3 + 3*B*a**2/(2*b**4)) + x*(3*A*a**2/b**4 - 4*B*a**3/b**5) + (-A*a**4*b + B*a**5)/(a*b**6 + b**7*x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Ba^5 - Aa^4b}{b^7x + ab^6}$$

$$+ \frac{3Bb^3x^4 - 4(2Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^3 + 6(3Ba^2b - 2Aab^2)x^2 - 12(4Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)x}{12b^5}$$

$$+ \frac{(5Ba^4 - 4Aa^3b) \log(bx + a)}{b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output $(B*a^5 - A*a^4*b)/(b^7*x + a*b^6) + 1/12*(3*B*b^3*x^4 - 4*(2*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^3 + 6*(3*B*a^2*b - 2*A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 12*(4*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/b^5 + (5*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*\log(b*x + a)/b^6$ **Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(bx+a)^4 \left(3B - \frac{4(5Bab-Ab^2)}{(bx+a)b} + \frac{12(5Ba^2b^2-2Aab^3)}{(bx+a)^2b^2} - \frac{24(5Ba^3b^3-3Aa^2b^4)}{(bx+a)^3b^3} \right)}{12b^6}$$

$$- \frac{(5Ba^4 - 4Aa^3b) \log\left(\frac{|bx+a|}{(bx+a)^2|b|}\right)}{b^6} + \frac{\frac{Ba^5b^4}{bx+a} - \frac{Aa^4b^5}{bx+a}}{b^{10}}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output $1/12*(b*x + a)^4*(3*B - 4*(5*B*a*b - A*b^2)/((b*x + a)*b) + 12*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - 2*A*a*b^3)/((b*x + a)^2*b^2) - 24*(5*B*a^3*b^3 - 3*A*a^2*b^4)/((b*x + a)^3*b^3))/b^6 - (5*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)^2*\text{abs}(b)))/b^6 + (B*a^5*b^4/(b*x + a) - A*a^4*b^5/(b*x + a))/b^{10}$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = x \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right) + \frac{Ba^2}{b^4} \right)}{b} - \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right)}{b^2} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{A}{3b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{3b^3} \right) - x^2 \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right) + \frac{Ba^2}{2b^4}}{b} \right) + \frac{\ln(a+bx)(5Ba^4 - 4Aa^3b)}{b^6} + \frac{Bx^4}{4b^2} + \frac{Ba^5 - Aa^4b}{b(xb^6 + ab^5)}$$

input `int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `x*((2*a*((2*a*(A/b^2 - (2*B*a)/b^3))/b + (B*a^2)/b^4))/b - (a^2*(A/b^2 - (2*B*a)/b^3))/b^2 + x^3*(A/(3*b^2) - (2*B*a)/(3*b^3)) - x^2*((a*(A/b^2 - (2*B*a)/b^3))/b + (B*a^2)/(2*b^4)) + (log(a + b*x)*(5*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b))/b^6 + (B*x^4)/(4*b^2) + (B*a^5 - A*a^4*b)/(b*(a*b^5 + b^6*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{12 \log(bx+a) a^4 - 12a^3bx + 6a^2b^2x^2 - 4a b^3x^3 + 3b^4x^4}{12b^5}$$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x)`output `(12*log(a + b*x)*a**4 - 12*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 4*a*b**3*x**3 + 3*b**4*x**4)/(12*b**5)`

3.154 $\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1108
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1108
Rubi [A] (verified)	1109
Maple [A] (verified)	1110
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1111
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1111
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1112
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1112
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1113
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1113

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{a(2Ab-3aB)x}{b^4} + \frac{(Ab-2aB)x^2}{2b^3} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b^2} + \frac{a^3(Ab-aB)}{b^5(a+bx)} + \frac{a^2(3Ab-4aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^5}$$

output

$$-a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*x/b^4+1/2*(A*b-2*B*a)*x^2/b^3+1/3*B*x^3/b^2+a^3*(A*b-B*a)/b^5/(b*x+a)+a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/b^5$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{6ab(-2Ab+3aB)x + 3b^2(Ab-2aB)x^2 + 2b^3Bx^3 + \frac{6a^3(Ab-aB)}{a+bx} + 6a^2(3Ab-4aB)\log(a+bx)}{6b^5}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^3*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output

$$(6*a*b*(-2*A*b + 3*a*B)*x + 3*b^2*(A*b - 2*a*B)*x^2 + 2*b^3*B*x^3 + (6*a^3*(A*b - a*B))/(a + b*x) + 6*a^2*(3*A*b - 4*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/(6*b^5)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3(aB - Ab)}{b^4(a + bx)^2} - \frac{a^2(4aB - 3Ab)}{b^4(a + bx)} + \frac{a(3aB - 2Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{x(Ab - 2aB)}{b^3} + \frac{Bx^2}{b^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^3(Ab - aB)}{b^5(a + bx)} + \frac{a^2(3Ab - 4aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^5} - \frac{ax(2Ab - 3aB)}{b^4} + \frac{x^2(Ab - 2aB)}{2b^3} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^3*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2, x]$$

output

$$-((a*(2*A*b - 3*a*B)*x)/b^4) + ((A*b - 2*a*B)*x^2)/(2*b^3) + (B*x^3)/(3*b^2) + (a^3*(A*b - a*B))/(b^5*(a + b*x)) + (a^2*(3*A*b - 4*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^5$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
default	$-\frac{-\frac{1}{3}Bb^2x^3 - \frac{1}{2}Ab^2x^2 + Babx^2 + 2aAbx - 3Ba^2x}{b^4} + \frac{a^3(Ab - Ba)}{b^5(bx+a)} + \frac{a^2(3Ab - 4Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^5}$
norman	$\frac{a(3a^2bA - 4a^3B)}{b^5} + \frac{Bx^4}{3b} + \frac{(3Ab - 4Ba)x^3}{6b^2} - \frac{a(3Ab - 4Ba)x^2}{2b^3} + \frac{a^2(3Ab - 4Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^5}$
risch	$\frac{Bx^3}{3b^2} + \frac{Ax^2}{2b^2} - \frac{Bax^2}{b^3} - \frac{2aAx}{b^3} + \frac{3Ba^2x}{b^4} + \frac{a^3A}{b^4(bx+a)} - \frac{a^4B}{b^5(bx+a)} + \frac{3a^2\ln(bx+a)A}{b^4} - \frac{4a^3\ln(bx+a)B}{b^5}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{2Bx^4b^4 + 3Ax^3b^4 - 4Bx^3ab^3 + 18A\ln(bx+a)xa^2b^2 - 9Ax^2ab^3 - 24B\ln(bx+a)xa^3b + 12Bx^2a^2b^2 + 18A\ln(bx+a)a^3b - 24B\ln(bx+a)a^4}{6b^5(bx+a)}$

```
input int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/b^4*(-1/3*B*b^2*x^3-1/2*A*b^2*x^2+B*a*b*x^2+2*a*A*b*x-3*B*a^2*x)+a^3*(A*b-B*a)/b^5/(b*x+a)+a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 Bb^4x^4 - 6 Ba^4 + 6 Aa^3b - (4 Bab^3 - 3 Ab^4)x^3 + 3(4 Ba^2b^2 - 3 Aab^3)x^2 + 6(3 Ba^3b - 2 Aa^2b^2)x - 6(a^4 - Ab^3)}{6(b^6x + ab^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*(2*B*b^4*x^4 - 6*B*a^4 + 6*A*a^3*b - (4*B*a*b^3 - 3*A*b^4)*x^3 + 3*(4*B*a^2*b^2 - 3*A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 6*(3*B*a^3*b - 2*A*a^2*b^2)*x - 6*(4*B*a^4 - 3*A*a^3*b + (4*B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*log(b*x + a))/(b^6*x + a*b^5)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{Bx^3}{3b^2} - \frac{a^2(-3Ab + 4Ba) \log(a + bx)}{b^5} + x^2 \left(\frac{A}{2b^2} - \frac{Ba}{b^3} \right)$$

$$+ x \left(-\frac{2Aa}{b^3} + \frac{3Ba^2}{b^4} \right) + \frac{Aa^3b - Ba^4}{ab^5 + b^6x}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**2,x)`output `B*x**3/(3*b**2) - a**2*(-3*A*b + 4*B*a)*log(a + b*x)/b**5 + x**2*(A/(2*b**2) - B*a/b**3) + x*(-2*A*a/b**3 + 3*B*a**2/b**4) + (A*a**3*b - B*a**4)/(a*b**5 + b**6*x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{Ba^4 - Aa^3b}{b^6x + ab^5} + \frac{2Bb^2x^3 - 3(2Bab - Ab^2)x^2 + 6(3Ba^2 - 2Aab)x}{6b^4} - \frac{(4Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)\log(bx+a)}{b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)/(b^6*x + a*b^5) + 1/6*(2*B*b^2*x^3 - 3*(2*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2 + 6*(3*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*x)/b^4 - (4*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*log(b*x + a)/b^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{(bx+a)^3 \left(2B - \frac{3(4Bab-Ab^2)}{(bx+a)b} + \frac{18(2Ba^2b^2-Aab^3)}{(bx+a)^2b^2} \right)}{6b^5} + \frac{(4Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)\log\left(\frac{|bx+a|}{(bx+a)^2|b|}\right)}{b^5} - \frac{\frac{Ba^4b^3}{bx+a} - \frac{Aa^3b^4}{bx+a}}{b^8}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*(b*x + a)^3*(2*B - 3*(4*B*a*b - A*b^2)/((b*x + a)*b) + 18*(2*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)/((b*x + a)^2*b^2))/b^5 + (4*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*log(abs(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)^2*abs(b)))/b^5 - (B*a^4*b^3/(b*x + a) - A*a^3*b^4/(b*x + a))/b^8`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{A}{2b^2} - \frac{Ba}{b^3} \right) - x \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right) + Ba^2}{b} \right) - \frac{\ln(a+bx)(4Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)}{b^5} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b^2} - \frac{Ba^4 - Aa^3b}{b(xb^5 + ab^4)}$$

input `int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `x^2*(A/(2*b^2) - (B*a)/b^3) - x*((2*a*(A/b^2 - (2*B*a)/b^3))/b + (B*a^2)/b^4) - (log(a + b*x)*(4*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b))/b^5 + (B*x^3)/(3*b^2) - (B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)/(b*(a*b^4 + b^5*x))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{-6 \log(bx+a)a^3 + 6a^2bx - 3ab^2x^2 + 2b^3x^3}{6b^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x)`output `(- 6*log(a + b*x)*a**3 + 6*a**2*b*x - 3*a*b**2*x**2 + 2*b**3*x**3)/(6*b**4)`

3.155 $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1114
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1114
Rubi [A] (verified)	1115
Maple [A] (verified)	1116
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1116
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1117
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1117
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1117
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1118
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1118

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{(Ab-2aB)x}{b^3} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b^2} - \frac{a^2(Ab-aB)}{b^4(a+bx)} - \frac{a(2Ab-3aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^4}$$

output

$(A*b-2*B*a)*x/b^3+1/2*B*x^2/b^2-a^2*(A*b-B*a)/b^4/(b*x+a)-a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/b^4$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{2b(Ab-2aB)x + b^2Bx^2 + \frac{2a^2(-Ab+aB)}{a+bx} + 2a(-2Ab+3aB)\log(a+bx)}{2b^4}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^2*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output

$(2*b*(A*b - 2*a*B)*x + b^2*B*x^2 + (2*a^2*(-(A*b) + a*B))/(a + b*x) + 2*a*(-2*A*b + 3*a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(2*b^4)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^2(aB - Ab)}{b^3(a + bx)^2} + \frac{a(3aB - 2Ab)}{b^3(a + bx)} + \frac{Ab - 2aB}{b^3} + \frac{Bx}{b^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^2(Ab - aB)}{b^4(a + bx)} - \frac{a(2Ab - 3aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^4} + \frac{x(Ab - 2aB)}{b^3} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b^2}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output `((A*b - 2*a*B)*x)/b^3 + (B*x^2)/(2*b^2) - (a^2*(A*b - a*B))/(b^4*(a + b*x)) - (a*(2*A*b - 3*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{2}bBx^2 + Abx - 2Bax}{b^3} - \frac{a^2(Ab - Ba)}{b^4(bx+a)} - \frac{a(2Ab - 3Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^4}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{Bx^3}{2b} - \frac{a(2abA - 3a^2B)}{b^4} + \frac{(2Ab - 3Ba)x^2}{2b^2}}{bx+a} - \frac{a(2Ab - 3Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^4}$
risch	$\frac{Bx^2}{2b^2} + \frac{Ax}{b^2} - \frac{2Bax}{b^3} - \frac{a^2A}{b^3(bx+a)} + \frac{a^3B}{b^4(bx+a)} - \frac{2a\ln(bx+a)A}{b^3} + \frac{3a^2\ln(bx+a)B}{b^4}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-b^3Bx^3 + 4A\ln(bx+a)xa b^2 - 2Ax^2b^3 - 6B\ln(bx+a)xa^2b + 3Bx^2a b^2 + 4A\ln(bx+a)a^2b - 6B\ln(bx+a)a^3 + 4a^2bA - 6a^3B}{2b^4(bx+a)}$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $\frac{1}{b^3} * \left(\frac{1}{2} * b * B * x^2 + A * b * x - 2 * B * a * x \right) - \frac{a^2 * (A * b - B * a)}{b^4 * (b * x + a)} - \frac{a * (2 * A * b - 3 * B * a) * \ln(b * x + a)}{b^4}$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bb^3x^3 + 2Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b - (3Bab^2 - 2Ab^3)x^2 - 2(2Ba^2b - Aab^2)x + 2(3Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b + (3Ba^2b - 2Aa^2b - 2Aa^2b + 2Aa^2b))\ln(bx + a)}{2(b^5x + ab^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output $\frac{1}{2} * (B * b^3 * x^3 + 2 * B * a^3 - 2 * A * a^2 * b - (3 * B * a * b^2 - 2 * A * b^3) * x^2 - 2 * (2 * B * a^2 * b - A * a * b^2) * x + 2 * (3 * B * a^3 - 2 * A * a^2 * b + (3 * B * a^2 * b - 2 * A * a * b^2) * x) * \ln(b * x + a)) / (b^5 * x + a * b^4)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{Bx^2}{2b^2} + \frac{a(-2Ab + 3Ba) \log(a + bx)}{b^4} + x \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right) + \frac{-Aa^2b + Ba^3}{ab^4 + b^5x}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**2,x)`output `B*x**2/(2*b**2) + a*(-2*A*b + 3*B*a)*log(a + b*x)/b**4 + x*(A/b**2 - 2*B*a/b**3) + (-A*a**2*b + B*a**3)/(a*b**4 + b**5*x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{Ba^3 - Aa^2b}{b^5x + ab^4} + \frac{Bbx^2 - 2(2Ba - Ab)x}{2b^3} + \frac{(3Ba^2 - 2Aab) \log(bx + a)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)/(b^5*x + a*b^4) + 1/2*(B*b*x^2 - 2*(2*B*a - A*b)*x)/b^3 + (3*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*log(b*x + a)/b^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{(bx + a)^2 \left(B - \frac{2(3Bab - Ab^2)}{(bx+a)b} \right)}{2b^4} - \frac{(3Ba^2 - 2Aab) \log\left(\frac{|bx+a|}{(bx+a)^2|b|}\right)}{b^4} + \frac{\frac{Ba^3b^2}{bx+a} - \frac{Aa^2b^3}{bx+a}}{b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{2}(bx+a)^2(B-2(3Ba^2b-A^2b^2)/((bx+a)b))/b^4 - (3Ba^2-2A^2b^2)\log(\text{abs}(bx+a)/((bx+a)^2\text{abs}(b)))/b^4 + (Ba^3-2A^2b^2)/(bx+a) - A^2b^3/(bx+a)/b^6$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = x \left(\frac{A}{b^2} - \frac{2Ba}{b^3} \right) + \frac{Bx^2}{2b^2} + \frac{Ba^3 - Aa^2b}{b(xb^4 + ab^3)} + \frac{\ln(a+bx)(3Ba^2 - 2Aab)}{b^4}$$

input `int((x^2*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^2,x)`

output $x(A/b^2 - (2Ba)/b^3) + (Bx^2)/(2b^2) + (Ba^3 - Aa^2b)/(b(ab^3 + b^4x)) + (\log(a+bx)(3Ba^2 - 2Aab))/b^4$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{2\log(bx+a)a^2 - 2abx + b^2x^2}{2b^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output $(2*\log(a+b*x)*a**2 - 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2)/(2*b**3)$

3.156 $\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1119
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1119
Rubi [A] (verified)	1120
Maple [A] (verified)	1121
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1121
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1122
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1122
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1122
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1123
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1123

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^2} + \frac{a(Ab-aB)}{b^3(a+bx)} + \frac{(Ab-2aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^3}$$

output `B*x/b^2+a*(A*b-B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)+(A*b-2*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{bBx + \frac{a(Ab-aB)}{a+bx}}{b^3} + \frac{(Ab-2aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^3}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output `(b*B*x + (a*(A*b - a*B)))/(a + b*x) + (A*b - 2*a*B)*Log[a + b*x]/b^3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab - 2aB}{b^2(a + bx)} + \frac{a(aB - Ab)}{b^2(a + bx)^2} + \frac{B}{b^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a(Ab - aB)}{b^3(a + bx)} + \frac{(Ab - 2aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^3} + \frac{Bx}{b^2}$$

input `Int[(x*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output `(B*x)/b^2 + (a*(A*b - a*B))/(b^3*(a + b*x)) + ((A*b - 2*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
default	$\frac{Bx}{b^2} + \frac{a(Ab-Ba)}{b^3(bx+a)} + \frac{(Ab-2Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^3}$	46
norman	$\frac{\frac{Bx^2}{b} + \frac{a(Ab-2Ba)}{b^3}}{bx+a} + \frac{(Ab-2Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^3}$	50
risch	$\frac{Bx}{b^2} + \frac{aA}{b^2(bx+a)} - \frac{a^2B}{b^3(bx+a)} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)A}{b^2} - \frac{2\ln(bx+a)Ba}{b^3}$	61
parallelrisch	$\frac{A\ln(bx+a)x^2 - 2B\ln(bx+a)xab + b^2Bx^2 + A\ln(bx+a)ab - 2B\ln(bx+a)a^2 + abA - 2a^2B}{b^3(bx+a)}$	77

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `B*x/b^2+a*(A*b-B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)+(A*b-2*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bb^2x^2 + Babx - Ba^2 + Aab - (2Ba^2 - Aab + (2Bab - Ab^2)x) \log(bx+a)}{b^4x + ab^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(B*b^2*x^2 + B*a*b*x - B*a^2 + A*a*b - (2*B*a^2 - A*a*b + (2*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x)*log(b*x + a))/(b^4*x + a*b^3)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^2} + \frac{Aab - Ba^2}{ab^3 + b^4x} - \frac{(-Ab + 2Ba)\log(a+bx)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**2,x)`output `B*x/b**2 + (A*a*b - B*a**2)/(a*b**3 + b**4*x) - (-A*b + 2*B*a)*log(a + b*x)/b**3`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{Ba^2 - Aab}{b^4x + ab^3} + \frac{Bx}{b^2} - \frac{(2Ba - Ab)\log(bx+a)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(B*a^2 - A*a*b)/(b^4*x + a*b^3) + B*x/b^2 - (2*B*a - A*b)*log(b*x + a)/b^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{(bx+a)B}{b^2} + \frac{(2Ba-Ab)\log\left(\frac{|bx+a|}{(bx+a)^2|b|}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{\frac{Ba^2b}{bx+a} - \frac{Aab^2}{bx+a}}{b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `((b*x + a)*B/b^2 + (2*B*a - A*b)*log(abs(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)^2*abs(b))))/b^2 - (B*a^2*b/(b*x + a) - A*a*b^2/(b*x + a))/b^3/b`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^2} - \frac{Ba^2 - Aab}{b(xb^3 + ab^2)} + \frac{\ln(a + bx)(Ab - 2Ba)}{b^3}$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `(B*x)/b^2 - (B*a^2 - A*a*b)/(b*(a*b^2 + b^3*x)) + (log(a + b*x)*(A*b - 2*B*a))/b^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{-\log(bx + a)a + bx}{b^2}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x)`output `(- log(a + b*x)*a + b*x)/b**2`

3.157 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1124
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1124
Rubi [A] (verified)	1125
Maple [A] (verified)	1126
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1126
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1126
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1127
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1127
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1128
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1128

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{Ab - aB}{b^2(a + bx)} + \frac{B \log(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

output `-(A*b-B*a)/b^2/(b*x+a)+B*ln(b*x+a)/b^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{-Ab + aB}{b^2(a + bx)} + \frac{B \log(a + bx)}{b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output `(-(A*b) + a*B)/(b^2*(a + b*x)) + (B*Log[a + b*x])/b^2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

↓ 49

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab - aB}{b(a + bx)^2} + \frac{B}{b(a + bx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{B \log(a + bx)}{b^2} - \frac{Ab - aB}{b^2(a + bx)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output `-((A*b - a*B)/(b^2*(a + b*x))) + (B*Log[a + b*x])/b^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{Ab-Ba}{b^2(bx+a)} + \frac{B \ln(bx+a)}{b^2}$	33
norman	$-\frac{Ab-Ba}{b^2(bx+a)} + \frac{B \ln(bx+a)}{b^2}$	33
risch	$-\frac{A}{b(bx+a)} + \frac{Ba}{b^2(bx+a)} + \frac{B \ln(bx+a)}{b^2}$	39
parallelrisc	$-\frac{-B \ln(bx+a)xb - B \ln(bx+a)a + Ab - Ba}{b^2(bx+a)}$	42

input `int((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-(A*b-B*a)/b^2/(b*x+a)+B*ln(b*x+a)/b^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{Ba - Ab + (Bbx + Ba) \log(bx + a)}{b^3x + ab^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(B*a - A*b + (B*b*x + B*a)*log(b*x + a))/(b^3*x + a*b^2)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{B \log(a + bx)}{b^2} + \frac{-Ab + Ba}{ab^2 + b^3x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output $B \log(a + bx)/b^2 + (-A*b + B*a)/(a*b^2 + b^3*x)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{Ba - Ab}{b^3x + ab^2} + \frac{B \log(bx + a)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $(B*a - A*b)/(b^3*x + a*b^2) + B*\log(b*x + a)/b^2$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{B \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{|bx+a|}{(bx+a)^2|b|}\right)}{b} - \frac{a}{(bx+a)b} \right)}{b} - \frac{A}{(bx+a)b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-B*(\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)^2*\text{abs}(b)))/b - a/((b*x + a)*b))/b - A/((b*x + a)*b)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{B \ln(a + bx)}{b^2} - \frac{Ab - Ba}{b^2 (a + bx)}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `(B*log(a + b*x))/b^2 - (A*b - B*a)/(b^2*(a + b*x))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{\log(bx + a)}{b}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `log(a + b*x)/b`

3.158 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1129
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1129
Rubi [A] (verified)	1130
Maple [A] (verified)	1131
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1131
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1132
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1132
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1132
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1133
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1133

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{Ab - aB}{ab(a + bx)} + \frac{A \log(x)}{a^2} - \frac{A \log(a + bx)}{a^2}$$

output `(A*b-B*a)/a/b/(b*x+a)+A*ln(x)/a^2-A*ln(b*x+a)/a^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{a(Ab-aB)}{b(a+bx)} + A \log(x) - A \log(a + bx)}{a^2}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x*(a + b*x)^2), x]`

output `((a*(A*b - a*B))/(b*(a + b*x)) + A*Log[x] - A*Log[a + b*x])/a^2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^2} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{Ab}{a^2(a + bx)} + \frac{A}{a^2x} + \frac{aB - Ab}{a(a + bx)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{A \log(a + bx)}{a^2} + \frac{A \log(x)}{a^2} + \frac{Ab - aB}{ab(a + bx)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x*(a + b*x)^2),x]`

output `(A*b - a*B)/(a*b*(a + b*x)) + (A*Log[x])/a^2 - (A*Log[a + b*x])/a^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
norman	$-\frac{(Ab-Ba)x}{a^2(bx+a)} + \frac{A \ln(x)}{a^2} - \frac{A \ln(bx+a)}{a^2}$	42
default	$\frac{A \ln(x)}{a^2} - \frac{-Ab+Ba}{ab(bx+a)} - \frac{A \ln(bx+a)}{a^2}$	44
risch	$\frac{A}{a(bx+a)} - \frac{B}{(bx+a)b} + \frac{A \ln(-x)}{a^2} - \frac{A \ln(bx+a)}{a^2}$	48
parallelrisc	$\frac{A \ln(x)xb - A \ln(bx+a)xb + aA \ln(x) - A \ln(bx+a)a - Abx + Bax}{a^2(bx+a)}$	54

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-(A*b-B*a)/a^2*x/(b*x+a)+A*ln(x)/a^2-A*ln(b*x+a)/a^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{Ba^2 - Aab + (Ab^2x + Aab) \log(bx + a) - (Ab^2x + Aab) \log(x)}{a^2b^2x + a^3b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(B*a^2 - A*a*b + (A*b^2*x + A*a*b)*log(b*x + a) - (A*b^2*x + A*a*b)*log(x)) / (a^2*b^2*x + a^3*b)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{A(\log(x) - \log(\frac{a}{b} + x))}{a^2} + \frac{Ab - Ba}{a^2b + ab^2x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)**2,x)`output `A*(log(x) - log(a/b + x))/a**2 + (A*b - B*a)/(a**2*b + a*b**2*x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{Ba - Ab}{ab^2x + a^2b} - \frac{A \log(bx + a)}{a^2} + \frac{A \log(x)}{a^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(B*a - A*b)/(a*b^2*x + a^2*b) - A*log(b*x + a)/a^2 + A*log(x)/a^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^2} dx = b \left(\frac{A \log\left(\left|-\frac{a}{bx+a} + 1\right|\right)}{a^2b} - \frac{\frac{Ba}{bx+a} - \frac{Ab}{bx+a}}{ab^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `b*(A*log(abs(-a/(b*x + a) + 1)))/(a^2*b) - (B*a/(b*x + a) - A*b/(b*x + a))/(a*b^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{Ab - Ba}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{2A \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx}{a} + 1\right)}{a^2}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x*(a + b*x)^2),x)`output `(A*b - B*a)/(a*b*(a + b*x)) - (2*A*atanh((2*b*x)/a + 1))/a^2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{-\log(bx + a) + \log(x)}{a}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^2,x)`output `(- log(a + b*x) + log(x))/a`

3.159 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1134
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1134
Rubi [A] (verified)	1135
Maple [A] (verified)	1136
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1136
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1137
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1137
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1138
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1138
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1138

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{A}{a^2x} - \frac{Ab - aB}{a^2(a + bx)} - \frac{(2Ab - aB) \log(x)}{a^3} + \frac{(2Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^3}$$

output

$$-A/a^2/x - (A*b - B*a)/a^2/(b*x + a) - (2*A*b - B*a)*\ln(x)/a^3 + (2*A*b - B*a)*\ln(b*x + a)/a^3$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{aA}{x} + \frac{a(-Ab + aB)}{a + bx} + (-2Ab + aB) \log(x) + (2Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a + b*x)^2), x]
```

output

$$(-((a*A)/x) + (a*(-(A*b) + a*B))/(a + b*x) + (-2*A*b + a*B)*\text{Log}[x] + (2*A*b - a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/a^3$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^2} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{aB - 2Ab}{a^3x} - \frac{b(aB - 2Ab)}{a^3(a + bx)} - \frac{b(aB - Ab)}{a^2(a + bx)^2} + \frac{A}{a^2x^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{\log(x)(2Ab - aB)}{a^3} + \frac{(2Ab - aB)\log(a + bx)}{a^3} - \frac{Ab - aB}{a^2(a + bx)} - \frac{A}{a^2x}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a + b*x)^2),x]`

output `-(A/(a^2*x)) - (A*b - a*B)/(a^2*(a + b*x)) - ((2*A*b - a*B)*Log[x])/a^3 + ((2*A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/a^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$-\frac{A}{a^2x} + \frac{(-2Ab+Ba)\ln(x)}{a^3} + \frac{(2Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^3} - \frac{Ab-Ba}{a^2(bx+a)}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{b(2Ab-Ba)x^2}{a^3} - \frac{A}{a}}{x(bx+a)} + \frac{(2Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^3} - \frac{(2Ab-Ba)\ln(x)}{a^3}$
risch	$-\frac{(2Ab-Ba)x}{a^2} - \frac{A}{a} + \frac{2\ln(-bx-a)Ab}{a^3} - \frac{\ln(-bx-a)B}{a^2} - \frac{2\ln(x)Ab}{a^3} + \frac{\ln(x)B}{a^2}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{2A\ln(x)x^2b^3 - 2A\ln(bx+a)x^2b^3 - B\ln(x)x^2ab^2 + B\ln(bx+a)x^2ab^2 + 2A\ln(x)xab^2 - 2A\ln(bx+a)xab^2 - B\ln(x)xa^2b + B\ln(bx+a)a^2b}{a^3bx(bx+a)}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-A/a^2/x+(-2*A*b+B*a)/a^3*ln(x)+(2*A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^3-(A*b-B*a)/a^2/(b*x+a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{-Aa^2 - (Ba^2 - 2Aab)x + ((Bab - 2Ab^2)x^2 + (Ba^2 - 2Aab)x) \log(bx + a) - ((Bab - 2Ab^2)x^2 + (Ba^2 - 2Aab)x) \log(x)}{a^3bx^2 + a^4x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(A*a^2 - (B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*x + ((B*a*b - 2*A*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*x)*log(b*x + a) - ((B*a*b - 2*A*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*x)*log(x))/(a^3*b*x^2 + a^4*x)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 128 vs. $2(54) = 108$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{-Aa + x(-2Ab + Ba)}{a^3x + a^2bx^2} + \frac{(-2Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-2Aab + Ba^2 - a(-2Ab + Ba)}{-4Ab^2 + 2Bab}\right)}{a^3} - \frac{(-2Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-2Aab + Ba^2 + a(-2Ab + Ba)}{-4Ab^2 + 2Bab}\right)}{a^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**2/(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output $(-A*a + x*(-2*A*b + B*a))/(a**3*x + a**2*b*x**2) + (-2*A*b + B*a)*\log(x + (-2*A*a*b + B*a**2 - a*(-2*A*b + B*a))/(-4*A*b**2 + 2*B*a*b))/a**3 - (-2*A*b + B*a)*\log(x + (-2*A*a*b + B*a**2 + a*(-2*A*b + B*a))/(-4*A*b**2 + 2*B*a*b))/a**3$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{Aa - (Ba - 2Ab)x}{a^2bx^2 + a^3x} - \frac{(Ba - 2Ab) \log(bx + a)}{a^3} + \frac{(Ba - 2Ab) \log(x)}{a^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-(A*a - (B*a - 2*A*b)*x)/(a^2*b*x^2 + a^3*x) - (B*a - 2*A*b)*\log(b*x + a)/a^3 + (B*a - 2*A*b)*\log(x)/a^3$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{Ab}{a^3\left(\frac{a}{bx+a} - 1\right)} + \frac{(Bab - 2Ab^2) \log\left(\left|-\frac{a}{bx+a} + 1\right|\right)}{a^3b} + \frac{\frac{Bab^2}{bx+a} - \frac{Ab^3}{bx+a}}{a^2b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `A*b/(a^3*(a/(b*x + a) - 1)) + (B*a*b - 2*A*b^2)*log(abs(-a/(b*x + a) + 1)) / (a^3*b) + (B*a*b^2/(b*x + a) - A*b^3/(b*x + a))/(a^2*b^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx}{a} + 1\right) (2Ab - Ba)}{a^3} - \frac{\frac{A}{a} + \frac{x(2Ab - Ba)}{a^2}}{bx^2 + ax}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^2*(a + b*x)^2),x)`output `(2*atanh((2*b*x)/a + 1)*(2*A*b - B*a))/a^3 - (A/a + (x*(2*A*b - B*a))/a^2) / (a*x + b*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{\log(bx + a)bx - \log(x)bx - a}{a^2x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^2,x)`output `(log(a + b*x)*b*x - log(x)*b*x - a)/(a**2*x)`

3.160 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1139
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1139
Rubi [A] (verified)	1140
Maple [A] (verified)	1141
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1142
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1142
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1143
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1143
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1144
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1144

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{A}{2a^2x^2} + \frac{2Ab - aB}{a^3x} + \frac{b(Ab - aB)}{a^3(a + bx)} + \frac{b(3Ab - 2aB) \log(x)}{a^4} - \frac{b(3Ab - 2aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^4}$$

output

```
-1/2*A/a^2/x^2+(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/x+b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)+b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)*ln(x)/a^4-b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{a(-6Ab^2x^2+a^2(A+2Bx)+abx(-3A+4Bx))}{x^2(a+bx)} + 2b(3Ab - 2aB) \log(x) + 2b(-3Ab + 2aB) \log(a + bx)}{2a^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(a + b*x)^2), x]
```


output

$$\left(-\left(a \cdot (-6 \cdot A \cdot b^2 \cdot x^2 + a^2 \cdot (A + 2 \cdot B \cdot x)) + a \cdot b \cdot x \cdot (-3 \cdot A + 4 \cdot B \cdot x) \right) / (x^2 \cdot (a + b \cdot x)) \right) + 2 \cdot b \cdot (3 \cdot A \cdot b - 2 \cdot a \cdot B) \cdot \text{Log}[x] + 2 \cdot b \cdot (-3 \cdot A \cdot b + 2 \cdot a \cdot B) \cdot \text{Log}[a + b \cdot x] / (2 \cdot a^4)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^2} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{b^2(2aB - 3Ab)}{a^4(a + bx)} - \frac{b(2aB - 3Ab)}{a^4x} + \frac{b^2(aB - Ab)}{a^3(a + bx)^2} + \frac{aB - 2Ab}{a^3x^2} + \frac{A}{a^2x^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b \log(x)(3Ab - 2aB)}{a^4} - \frac{b(3Ab - 2aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^4} + \frac{2Ab - aB}{a^3x} + \frac{b(Ab - aB)}{a^3(a + bx)} - \frac{A}{2a^2x^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B \cdot x)/(x^3 \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^2), x]$$

output

$$-1/2 \cdot A/(a^2 \cdot x^2) + (2 \cdot A \cdot b - a \cdot B)/(a^3 \cdot x) + (b \cdot (A \cdot b - a \cdot B))/(a^3 \cdot (a + b \cdot x)) + (b \cdot (3 \cdot A \cdot b - 2 \cdot a \cdot B) \cdot \text{Log}[x])/a^4 - (b \cdot (3 \cdot A \cdot b - 2 \cdot a \cdot B) \cdot \text{Log}[a + b \cdot x])/a^4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$-\frac{A}{2a^2x^2} - \frac{-2Ab+Ba}{xa^3} + \frac{b(3Ab-2Ba)\ln(x)}{a^4} - \frac{b(3Ab-2Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^4} + \frac{b(Ab-Ba)}{a^3(bx+a)}$
norman	$-\frac{A}{2a} + \frac{(3Ab-2Ba)x}{2a^2} - \frac{b(3b^2A-2abB)x^3}{a^4} + \frac{b(3Ab-2Ba)\ln(x)}{a^4} - \frac{b(3Ab-2Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^4}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{b(3Ab-2Ba)x^2}{a^3} + \frac{(3Ab-2Ba)x}{2a^2} - \frac{A}{2a}}{x^2(bx+a)} + \frac{3b^2\ln(-x)A}{a^4} - \frac{2b\ln(-x)B}{a^3} - \frac{3b^2\ln(bx+a)A}{a^4} + \frac{2b\ln(bx+a)B}{a^3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{6A\ln(x)x^3b^3 - 6A\ln(bx+a)x^3b^3 - 4B\ln(x)x^3ab^2 + 4B\ln(bx+a)x^3ab^2 + 6A\ln(x)x^2ab^2 - 6A\ln(bx+a)x^2ab^2 - 6Ab^3x^3 - 4B\ln(x)x^3b^3 - 4B\ln(bx+a)x^3b^3}{2a^4x^2(bx+a)}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*A/a^2/x^2-(-2*A*b+B*a)/x/a^3+b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)*ln(x)/a^4-b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^4+b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{Aa^3 + 2(2Ba^2b - 3Aab^2)x^2 + (2Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)x - 2((2Bab^2 - 3Ab^3)x^3 + (2Ba^2b - 3Aab^2)x^2) \log\left(\frac{bx + a}{a^4bx^3 + a^5x^2}\right)}{2(a^4bx^3 + a^5x^2)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(A*a^3 + 2*(2*B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + (2*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*x - 2*((2*B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*x^3 + (2*B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*x^2)*log(b*x + a) + 2*((2*B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*x^3 + (2*B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*x^2)*log(x)/(a^4*b*x^3 + a^5*x^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 184 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{-Aa^2 + x^2 \cdot (6Ab^2 - 4Bab) + x(3Aab - 2Ba^2)}{2a^4x^2 + 2a^3bx^3} - \frac{b(-3Ab + 2Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-3Aab^2 + 2Ba^2b - ab(-3Ab + 2Ba)}{-6Ab^3 + 4Bab^2}\right)}{a^4} + \frac{b(-3Ab + 2Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-3Aab^2 + 2Ba^2b + ab(-3Ab + 2Ba)}{-6Ab^3 + 4Bab^2}\right)}{a^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**3/(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `(-A*a**2 + x**2*(6*A*b**2 - 4*B*a*b) + x*(3*A*a*b - 2*B*a**2))/(2*a**4*x**2 + 2*a**3*b*x**3) - b*(-3*A*b + 2*B*a)*log(x + (-3*A*a*b**2 + 2*B*a**2*b - a*b*(-3*A*b + 2*B*a))/(-6*A*b**3 + 4*B*a*b**2))/a**4 + b*(-3*A*b + 2*B*a)*log(x + (-3*A*a*b**2 + 2*B*a**2*b + a*b*(-3*A*b + 2*B*a))/(-6*A*b**3 + 4*B*a*b**2))/a**4`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{Aa^2 + 2(2Bab - 3Ab^2)x^2 + (2Ba^2 - 3Aab)x}{2(a^3bx^3 + a^4x^2)} + \frac{(2Bab - 3Ab^2)\log(bx + a)}{a^4} - \frac{(2Bab - 3Ab^2)\log(x)}{a^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(A*a^2 + 2*(2*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*x^2 + (2*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*x)/(a^3*b*x^3 + a^4*x^2) + (2*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*log(b*x + a)/a^4 - (2*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*log(x)/a^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{(2Bab^2 - 3Ab^3)\log\left(\left|-\frac{a}{bx+a} + 1\right|\right)}{a^4b} - \frac{\frac{Bab^4}{bx+a} - \frac{Ab^5}{bx+a}}{a^3b^3} - \frac{2Bab - 5Ab^2 - \frac{2(Ba^2b^2 - 3Aab^3)}{(bx+a)b}}{2a^4\left(\frac{a}{bx+a} - 1\right)^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(2*B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*log(abs(-a/(b*x + a) + 1))/(a^4*b) - (B*a*b^4/(b*x + a) - A*b^5/(b*x + a))/(a^3*b^3) - 1/2*(2*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2 - 2*(B*a^2*b^2 - 3*A*a*b^3)/((b*x + a)*b))/(a^4*(a/(b*x + a) - 1)^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{x(3Ab - 2Ba)}{2a^2} - \frac{A}{2a} + \frac{bx^2(3Ab - 2Ba)}{a^3}}{bx^3 + ax^2} - \frac{2b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{b(3Ab - 2Ba)(a + 2bx)}{a(3Ab^2 - 2Bab)}\right) (3Ab - 2Ba)}{a^4}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^3*(a + b*x)^2),x)`output `((x*(3*A*b - 2*B*a))/(2*a^2) - A/(2*a) + (b*x^2*(3*A*b - 2*B*a))/a^3)/(a*x^2 + b*x^3) - (2*b*atanh((b*(3*A*b - 2*B*a)*(a + 2*b*x))/(a*(3*A*b^2 - 2*B*a*b)))*(3*A*b - 2*B*a))/a^4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{-2 \log(bx + a) b^2 x^2 + 2 \log(x) b^2 x^2 - a^2 + 2abx}{2a^3 x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^2,x)`output `(- 2*log(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2 + 2*log(x)*b**2*x**2 - a**2 + 2*a*b*x)/(2*a**3*x**2)`

3.161 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1145
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1145
Rubi [A] (verified)	1146
Maple [A] (verified)	1147
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1148
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{A}{3a^2x^3} + \frac{2Ab-aB}{2a^3x^2} - \frac{b(3Ab-2aB)}{a^4x} - \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)}{a^4(a+bx)} - \frac{b^2(4Ab-3aB)\log(x)}{a^5} + \frac{b^2(4Ab-3aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^5}$$

output

```
-1/3*A/a^2/x^3+1/2*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^2-b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/x-b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)-b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)*ln(x)/a^5+b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{2a^3A}{x^3} - \frac{3a^2(-2Ab+aB)}{x^2} + \frac{6ab(-3Ab+2aB)}{x} + \frac{6ab^2(-Ab+aB)}{a+bx} + 6b^2(-4Ab+3aB)\log(x) + 6b^2(4Ab-3aB)\log(a+bx)}{6a^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^4*(a + b*x)^2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} &((-2*a^3*A)/x^3 - (3*a^2*(-2*A*b + a*B))/x^2 + (6*a*b*(-3*A*b + 2*a*B))/x \\ &+ (6*a*b^2*(-(A*b) + a*B))/(a + b*x) + 6*b^2*(-4*A*b + 3*a*B)*\text{Log}[x] + 6*b \\ &^2*(4*A*b - 3*a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(6*a^5) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} &\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^2} dx \\ &\quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ &\int \left(-\frac{b^3(3aB - 4Ab)}{a^5(a + bx)} + \frac{b^2(3aB - 4Ab)}{a^5x} - \frac{b^3(aB - Ab)}{a^4(a + bx)^2} - \frac{b(2aB - 3Ab)}{a^4x^2} + \frac{aB - 2Ab}{a^3x^3} + \frac{A}{a^2x^4} \right) dx \\ &\quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ &-\frac{b^2 \log(x)(4Ab - 3aB)}{a^5} + \frac{b^2(4Ab - 3aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^5} - \frac{b^2(Ab - aB)}{a^4(a + bx)} - \frac{b(3Ab - 2aB)}{a^4x} + \\ &\quad \frac{2Ab - aB}{2a^3x^2} - \frac{A}{3a^2x^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/(x^4*(a + b*x)^2), x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} &-1/3*A/(a^2*x^3) + (2*A*b - a*B)/(2*a^3*x^2) - (b*(3*A*b - 2*a*B))/(a^4*x) \\ &- (b^2*(A*b - a*B))/(a^4*(a + b*x)) - (b^2*(4*A*b - 3*a*B)*\text{Log}[x])/a^5 + \\ &(b^2*(4*A*b - 3*a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/a^5 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$-\frac{A}{3a^2x^3} - \frac{-2Ab+Ba}{2x^2a^3} - \frac{b(3Ab-2Ba)}{a^4x} - \frac{b^2(4Ab-3Ba)\ln(x)}{a^5} + \frac{b^2(4Ab-3Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^5} - \frac{b^2(Ab-Ba)}{a^4(bx+a)}$
norman	$\frac{b(4b^3A-3ab^2B)x^4}{a^5} - \frac{A}{3a} + \frac{(4Ab-3Ba)x}{6a^2} - \frac{b(4Ab-3Ba)x^2}{2a^3} + \frac{b^2(4Ab-3Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^5} - \frac{b^2(4Ab-3Ba)\ln(x)}{a^5}$
risch	$-\frac{b^2(4Ab-3Ba)x^3}{a^4} - \frac{b(4Ab-3Ba)x^2}{2a^3} + \frac{(4Ab-3Ba)x}{6a^2} - \frac{A}{3a} + \frac{4b^3\ln(-bx-a)A}{a^5} - \frac{3b^2\ln(-bx-a)B}{a^4} - \frac{4b^3\ln(x)A}{a^5} + \frac{3b^2\ln(x)}{a^4}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{24A\ln(x)x^4b^4 - 24A\ln(bx+a)x^4b^4 - 18B\ln(x)x^4ab^3 + 18B\ln(bx+a)x^4ab^3 + 24A\ln(x)x^3ab^3 - 24A\ln(bx+a)x^3ab^3 - 24Ab^3\ln(x)}{6a^5x^3(bx+a)}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*A/a^2/x^3-1/2*(-2*A*b+B*a)/x^2/a^3-b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/x-b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)*ln(x)/a^5+b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^5-b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{2Aa^4 - 6(3Ba^2b^2 - 4Aab^3)x^3 - 3(3Ba^3b - 4Aa^2b^2)x^2 + (3Ba^4 - 4Aa^3b)x + 6((3Bab^3 - 4Ab^4) \cdot 6(a^5bx^4 +$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(2*A*a^4 - 6*(3*B*a^2*b^2 - 4*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 3*(3*B*a^3*b - 4*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + (3*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*x + 6*((3*B*a*b^3 - 4*A*b^4)*x^4 + (3*B*a^2*b^2 - 4*A*a*b^3)*x^3)*log(b*x + a) - 6*((3*B*a*b^3 - 4*A*b^4)*x^4 + (3*B*a^2*b^2 - 4*A*a*b^3)*x^3)*log(x))/(a^5*b*x^4 + a^6*x^3)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. 2(104) = 208.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{-2Aa^3 + x^3(-24Ab^3 + 18Bab^2) + x^2(-12Aab^2 + 9Ba^2b) + x(4Aa^2b - 3Ba^3)}{6a^5x^3 + 6a^4bx^4} + \frac{b^2(-4Ab + 3Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-4Aab^3 + 3Ba^2b^2 - ab^2(-4Ab + 3Ba)}{-8Ab^4 + 6Bab^3}\right)}{a^5} - \frac{b^2(-4Ab + 3Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-4Aab^3 + 3Ba^2b^2 + ab^2(-4Ab + 3Ba)}{-8Ab^4 + 6Bab^3}\right)}{a^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**4/(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output

```
(-2*A*a**3 + x**3*(-24*A*b**3 + 18*B*a*b**2) + x**2*(-12*A*a*b**2 + 9*B*a*
*2*b) + x*(4*A*a**2*b - 3*B*a**3))/(6*a**5*x**3 + 6*a**4*b*x**4) + b**2*(-
4*A*b + 3*B*a)*log(x + (-4*A*a*b**3 + 3*B*a**2*b**2 - a*b**2*(-4*A*b + 3*B
*a)))/(-8*A*b**4 + 6*B*a*b**3))/a**5 - b**2*(-4*A*b + 3*B*a)*log(x + (-4*A*
a*b**3 + 3*B*a**2*b**2 + a*b**2*(-4*A*b + 3*B*a)))/(-8*A*b**4 + 6*B*a*b**3)
)/a**5
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2Aa^3 - 6(3Bab^2 - 4Ab^3)x^3 - 3(3Ba^2b - 4Aab^2)x^2 + (3Ba^3 - 4Aa^2b)x}{6(a^4bx^4 + a^5x^3)} - \frac{(3Bab^2 - 4Ab^3)\log(bx + a)}{a^5} + \frac{(3Bab^2 - 4Ab^3)\log(x)}{a^5}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/6*(2*A*a^3 - 6*(3*B*a*b^2 - 4*A*b^3)*x^3 - 3*(3*B*a^2*b - 4*A*a*b^2)*x^
2 + (3*B*a^3 - 4*A*a^2*b)*x)/(a^4*b*x^4 + a^5*x^3) - (3*B*a*b^2 - 4*A*b^3)
*log(b*x + a)/a^5 + (3*B*a*b^2 - 4*A*b^3)*log(x)/a^5
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{(3Bab^3 - 4Ab^4)\log\left(\left|-\frac{a}{bx+a} + 1\right|\right)}{a^5b} + \frac{\frac{Bab^6}{bx+a} - \frac{Ab^7}{bx+a}}{a^4b^4} - \frac{15Bab^2 - 26Ab^3 - \frac{3(11Ba^2b^3 - 20Aab^4)}{(bx+a)b} + \frac{18(Ba^3b^4 - 2Aa^2b^5)}{(bx+a)^2b^2}}{6a^5\left(\frac{a}{bx+a} - 1\right)^3}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$(3*B*a*b^3 - 4*A*b^4)*\log(\text{abs}(-a/(b*x + a) + 1))/(a^5*b) + (B*a*b^6/(b*x + a) - A*b^7/(b*x + a))/(a^4*b^4) - 1/6*(15*B*a*b^2 - 26*A*b^3 - 3*(11*B*a^2*b^3 - 20*A*a*b^4))/((b*x + a)*b) + 18*(B*a^3*b^4 - 2*A*a^2*b^5)/((b*x + a)^2*b^2))/(a^5*(a/(b*x + a) - 1)^3)$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{b^2(4Ab - 3Ba)(a + 2bx)}{a(4Ab^3 - 3Bab^2)}\right) (4Ab - 3Ba)}{a^5} - \frac{\frac{A}{3a} - \frac{x(4Ab - 3Ba)}{6a^2} + \frac{b^2x^3(4Ab - 3Ba)}{a^4} + \frac{bx^2(4Ab - 3Ba)}{2a^3}}{bx^4 + ax^3}$$

input

$$\text{int}((A + B*x)/(x^4*(a + b*x)^2), x)$$

output

$$(2*b^2*\operatorname{atanh}((b^2*(4*A*b - 3*B*a)*(a + 2*b*x))/(a*(4*A*b^3 - 3*B*a*b^2))))*(4*A*b - 3*B*a)/a^5 - (A/(3*a) - (x*(4*A*b - 3*B*a))/(6*a^2) + (b^2*x^3*(4*A*b - 3*B*a))/a^4 + (b*x^2*(4*A*b - 3*B*a))/(2*a^3))/(a*x^3 + b*x^4)$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{6 \log(bx + a) b^3 x^3 - 6 \log(x) b^3 x^3 - 2a^3 + 3a^2 bx - 6a b^2 x^2}{6a^4 x^3}$$

input

$$\text{int}((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^2, x)$$

output

$$(6*\log(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 - 6*\log(x)*b**3*x**3 - 2*a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x - 6*a*b**2*x**2)/(6*a**4*x**3)$$

3.162 $\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1151
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1151
Rubi [A] (verified)	1152
Maple [A] (verified)	1153
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1156
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1156

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{3a(Ab-2aB)x}{b^5} + \frac{(Ab-3aB)x^2}{2b^4} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b^3} - \frac{a^4(Ab-aB)}{2b^6(a+bx)^2} + \frac{a^3(4Ab-5aB)}{b^6(a+bx)} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab-5aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^6}$$

output

```
-3*a*(A*b-2*B*a)*x/b^5+1/2*(A*b-3*B*a)*x^2/b^4+1/3*B*x^3/b^3-1/2*a^4*(A*b-B*a)/b^6/(b*x+a)^2+a^3*(4*A*b-5*B*a)/b^6/(b*x+a)+2*a^2*(3*A*b-5*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{18ab(-Ab+2aB)x + 3b^2(Ab-3aB)x^2 + 2b^3Bx^3 + \frac{3a^4(-Ab+aB)}{(a+bx)^2} + \frac{6a^3(4Ab-5aB)}{a+bx} - 12a^2(-3Ab+5aB)\log(a+bx)}{6b^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x]
```

output

$$(18*a*b*(-(A*b) + 2*a*B)*x + 3*b^2*(A*b - 3*a*B)*x^2 + 2*b^3*B*x^3 + (3*a^4*(-(A*b) + a*B))/(a + b*x)^2 + (6*a^3*(4*A*b - 5*a*B))/(a + b*x) - 12*a^2*(-3*A*b + 5*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/(6*b^6)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^4(aB - Ab)}{b^5(a + bx)^3} + \frac{a^3(5aB - 4Ab)}{b^5(a + bx)^2} - \frac{2a^2(5aB - 3Ab)}{b^5(a + bx)} + \frac{3a(2aB - Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{x(Ab - 3aB)}{b^4} + \frac{Bx^2}{b^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^4(Ab - aB)}{2b^6(a + bx)^2} + \frac{a^3(4Ab - 5aB)}{b^6(a + bx)} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab - 5aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^6} - \frac{3ax(Ab - 2aB)}{b^5} + \frac{x^2(Ab - 3aB)}{2b^4} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3, x]$$

output

$$(-3*a*(A*b - 2*a*B)*x)/b^5 + ((A*b - 3*a*B)*x^2)/(2*b^4) + (B*x^3)/(3*b^3) - (a^4*(A*b - a*B))/(2*b^6*(a + b*x)^2) + (a^3*(4*A*b - 5*a*B))/(b^6*(a + b*x)) + (2*a^2*(3*A*b - 5*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^6$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
default	$-\frac{-\frac{1}{3}Bb^2x^3 - \frac{1}{2}Ab^2x^2 + \frac{3}{2}Babx^2 + 3aAbx - 6Ba^2x}{b^5} - \frac{a^4(Ab - Ba)}{2b^6(bx+a)^2} + \frac{a^3(4Ab - 5Ba)}{b^6(bx+a)} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab - 5Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^6}$
norman	$\frac{a^2(9a^2bA - 15a^3B)}{b^6} + \frac{Bx^5}{3b} + \frac{(3Ab - 5Ba)x^4}{6b^2} - \frac{2a(3Ab - 5Ba)x^3}{3b^3} + \frac{2a(6a^2bA - 10a^3B)x}{b^5} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab - 5Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^6}$
risch	$\frac{Bx^3}{3b^3} + \frac{Ax^2}{2b^3} - \frac{3Bax^2}{2b^4} - \frac{3aAx}{b^4} + \frac{6Ba^2x}{b^5} + \frac{(4Aa^3b - 5Ba^4)x + \frac{a^4(7Ab - 9Ba)}{2b}}{b^5(bx+a)^2} + \frac{6a^2\ln(bx+a)A}{b^5} - \frac{10a^3\ln(bx+a)}{b^6}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2b^5Bx^5 + 3Ab^5x^4 - 5Ba^4x^4 + 36A\ln(bx+a)x^2a^2b^3 - 12Aab^4x^3 - 60B\ln(bx+a)x^2a^3b^2 + 20Ba^2b^3x^3 + 72A\ln(bx+a)xa^3b^2 - 10a^3\ln(bx+a)}{6b^6(bx+a)^2}$

input

```
int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/b^5*(-1/3*B*b^2*x^3-1/2*A*b^2*x^2+3/2*B*a*b*x^2+3*a*A*b*x-6*B*a^2*x)-1/2*a^4*(A*b-B*a)/b^6/(b*x+a)^2+a^3*(4*A*b-5*B*a)/b^6/(b*x+a)+2*a^2*(3*A*b-5*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2Bb^5x^5 - 27Ba^5 + 21Aa^4b - (5Bab^4 - 3Ab^5)x^4 + 4(5Ba^2b^3 - 3Aab^4)x^3 + 3(21Ba^3b^2 - 11Aa^2b^3)x^2 + 6(b^8x^2 + a^2b^6)}{6(b^8x^2 + a^2b^6)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*(2*B*b^5*x^5 - 27*B*a^5 + 21*A*a^4*b - (5*B*a*b^4 - 3*A*b^5)*x^4 + 4*(5*B*a^2*b^3 - 3*A*a*b^4)*x^3 + 3*(21*B*a^3*b^2 - 11*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 6*(B*a^4*b + A*a^3*b^2)*x - 12*(5*B*a^5 - 3*A*a^4*b + (5*B*a^3*b^2 - 3*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*a^4*b - 3*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*log(b*x + a))/(b^8*x^2 + 2*a*b^7*x + a^2*b^6)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{Bx^3}{3b^3} - \frac{2a^2(-3Ab+5Ba)\log(a+bx)}{b^6} + x^2\left(\frac{A}{2b^3} - \frac{3Ba}{2b^4}\right) + x\left(-\frac{3Aa}{b^4} + \frac{6Ba^2}{b^5}\right) + \frac{7Aa^4b - 9Ba^5 + x(8Aa^3b^2 - 10Ba^4b)}{2a^2b^6 + 4ab^7x + 2b^8x^2}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**3,x)`output `B*x**3/(3*b**3) - 2*a**2*(-3*A*b + 5*B*a)*log(a + b*x)/b**6 + x**2*(A/(2*b**3) - 3*B*a/(2*b**4)) + x*(-3*A*a/b**4 + 6*B*a**2/b**5) + (7*A*a**4*b - 9*B*a**5 + x*(8*A*a**3*b**2 - 10*B*a**4*b))/(2*a**2*b**6 + 4*a*b**7*x + 2*b**8*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{9Ba^5 - 7Aa^4b + 2(5Ba^4b - 4Aa^3b^2)x}{2(b^8x^2 + 2ab^7x + a^2b^6)} + \frac{2Bb^2x^3 - 3(3Bab - Ab^2)x^2 + 18(2Ba^2 - Aab)x}{6b^5} - \frac{2(5Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)\log(bx+a)}{b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(9*B*a^5 - 7*A*a^4*b + 2*(5*B*a^4*b - 4*A*a^3*b^2)*x)/(b^8*x^2 + 2*a*b^7*x + a^2*b^6) + 1/6*(2*B*b^2*x^3 - 3*(3*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2 + 18*(2*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*x)/b^5 - 2*(5*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*log(b*x + a)/b^6`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{2(5Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)\log(|bx+a|)}{b^6} - \frac{9Ba^5 - 7Aa^4b + 2(5Ba^4b - 4Aa^3b^2)x}{2(bx+a)^2b^6} + \frac{2Bb^6x^3 - 9Bab^5x^2 + 3Ab^6x^2 + 36Ba^2b^4x - 18Aab^5x}{6b^9}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*(5*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^6 - 1/2*(9*B*a^5 - 7*A*a^4*b + 2*(5*B*a^4*b - 4*A*a^3*b^2)*x)/((b*x + a)^2*b^6) + 1/6*(2*B*b^6*x^3 - 9*B*a*b^5*x^2 + 3*A*b^6*x^2 + 36*B*a^2*b^4*x - 18*A*a*b^5*x)/b^9`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = x^2 \left(\frac{A}{2b^3} - \frac{3Ba}{2b^4} \right) - x \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{A}{b^3} - \frac{3Ba}{b^4} \right)}{b} + \frac{3Ba^2}{b^5} \right) - \frac{x(5Ba^4 - 4Aa^3b) + \frac{9Ba^5 - 7Aa^4b}{2b}}{a^2b^5 + 2ab^6x + b^7x^2} - \frac{\ln(a+bx)(10Ba^3 - 6Aa^2b)}{b^6} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b^3}$$

input `int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x)`output `x^2*(A/(2*b^3) - (3*B*a)/(2*b^4)) - x*((3*a*(A/b^3 - (3*B*a)/b^4))/b + (3*B*a^2)/b^5) - (x*(5*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b) + (9*B*a^5 - 7*A*a^4*b)/(2*b))/(a^2*b^5 + b^7*x^2 + 2*a*b^6*x) - (log(a + b*x)*(10*B*a^3 - 6*A*a^2*b))/b^6 + (B*x^3)/(3*b^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{-12 \log(bx+a)a^4 - 12 \log(bx+a)a^3bx + 12a^3bx + 6a^2b^2x^2 - 2ab^3x^3 + b^4x^4}{3b^5(bx+a)}$$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x)`output `(- 12*log(a + b*x)*a**4 - 12*log(a + b*x)*a**3*b*x + 12*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 2*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4)/(3*b**5*(a + b*x))`

3.163 $\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1157
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1157
Rubi [A] (verified)	1158
Maple [A] (verified)	1159
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1160
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1160
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1161
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1161
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1162
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1162

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{(Ab-3aB)x}{b^4} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b^3} + \frac{a^3(Ab-aB)}{2b^5(a+bx)^2} - \frac{a^2(3Ab-4aB)}{b^5(a+bx)} - \frac{3a(Ab-2aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^5}$$

output

$(A*b-3*B*a)*x/b^4+1/2*B*x^2/b^3+1/2*a^3*(A*b-B*a)/b^5/(b*x+a)^2-a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)/b^5/(b*x+a)-3*a*(A*b-2*B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/b^5$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{2b(Ab-3aB)x + b^2Bx^2 + \frac{a^3(Ab-aB)}{(a+bx)^2} + \frac{2a^2(-3Ab+4aB)}{a+bx} + 6a(-Ab+2aB)\log(a+bx)}{2b^5}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^3*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x]`

output

$$(2*b*(A*b - 3*a*B)*x + b^2*B*x^2 + (a^3*(A*b - a*B))/(a + b*x)^2 + (2*a^2*(-3*A*b + 4*a*B))/(a + b*x) + 6*a*(-(A*b) + 2*a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(2*b^5)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3(aB - Ab)}{b^4(a + bx)^3} - \frac{a^2(4aB - 3Ab)}{b^4(a + bx)^2} + \frac{3a(2aB - Ab)}{b^4(a + bx)} + \frac{Ab - 3aB}{b^4} + \frac{Bx}{b^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^3(Ab - aB)}{2b^5(a + bx)^2} - \frac{a^2(3Ab - 4aB)}{b^5(a + bx)} - \frac{3a(Ab - 2aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^5} + \frac{x(Ab - 3aB)}{b^4} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^3*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3, x]$$

output

$$((A*b - 3*a*B)*x)/b^4 + (B*x^2)/(2*b^3) + (a^3*(A*b - a*B))/(2*b^5*(a + b*x)^2) - (a^2*(3*A*b - 4*a*B))/(b^5*(a + b*x)) - (3*a*(A*b - 2*a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/b^5$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{2}bBx^2 + Abx - 3Bax}{b^4} + \frac{a^3(Ab - Ba)}{2b^5(bx+a)^2} - \frac{a^2(3Ab - 4Ba)}{b^5(bx+a)} - \frac{3a(Ab - 2Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^5}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{(Ab - 2Ba)x^3}{b^2} + \frac{Bx^4}{2b} - \frac{a^2(9abA - 18a^2B)}{2b^5} - \frac{2a(3abA - 6a^2B)x}{b^4}}{(bx+a)^2} - \frac{3a(Ab - 2Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^5}$
risch	$\frac{Bx^2}{2b^3} + \frac{Ax}{b^3} - \frac{3Bax}{b^4} + \frac{(-3a^2bA + 4a^3B)x - \frac{a^3(5Ab - 7Ba)}{2b}}{b^4(bx+a)^2} - \frac{3a\ln(bx+a)A}{b^4} + \frac{6a^2\ln(bx+a)B}{b^5}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-Bx^4b^4 + 6A\ln(bx+a)x^2ab^3 - 2Ax^3b^4 - 12B\ln(bx+a)x^2a^2b^2 + 4Bx^3ab^3 + 12A\ln(bx+a)xa^2b^2 - 24B\ln(bx+a)xa^3b + 6A}{2b^5(bx+a)^2}$

```
input int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/b^4*(1/2*b*B*x^2+A*b*x-3*B*a*x)+1/2*a^3*(A*b-B*a)/b^5/(b*x+a)^2-a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)/b^5/(b*x+a)-3*a*(A*b-2*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bb^4x^4 + 7Ba^4 - 5Aa^3b - 2(2Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^3 - (11Ba^2b^2 - 4Aab^3)x^2 + 2(Ba^3b - 2Aa^2b^2)x + 6(2Ba^3b - 2Aa^2b^2)}{2(b^7x^2 + 2ab^6x + a^2b^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(B*b^4*x^4 + 7*B*a^4 - 5*A*a^3*b - 2*(2*B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^3 - (11*B*a^2*b^2 - 4*A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(B*a^3*b - 2*A*a^2*b^2)*x + 6*(2*B*a^4 - A*a^3*b + (2*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(2*B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x)*log(b*x + a))/(b^7*x^2 + 2*a*b^6*x + a^2*b^5)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{Bx^2}{2b^3} + \frac{3a(-Ab + 2Ba) \log(a + bx)}{b^5} + x \left(\frac{A}{b^3} - \frac{3Ba}{b^4} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{-5Aa^3b + 7Ba^4 + x(-6Aa^2b^2 + 8Ba^3b)}{2a^2b^5 + 4ab^6x + 2b^7x^2}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**3,x)`output `B*x**2/(2*b**3) + 3*a*(-A*b + 2*B*a)*log(a + b*x)/b**5 + x*(A/b**3 - 3*B*a/b**4) + (-5*A*a**3*b + 7*B*a**4 + x*(-6*A*a**2*b**2 + 8*B*a**3*b))/(2*a**2*b**5 + 4*a*b**6*x + 2*b**7*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{7Ba^4 - 5Aa^3b + 2(4Ba^3b - 3Aa^2b^2)x}{2(b^7x^2 + 2ab^6x + a^2b^5)} + \frac{Bbx^2 - 2(3Ba - Ab)x}{2b^4} + \frac{3(2Ba^2 - Aab) \log(bx + a)}{b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(7*B*a^4 - 5*A*a^3*b + 2*(4*B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x)/(b^7*x^2 + 2*a*b^6*x + a^2*b^5) + 1/2*(B*b*x^2 - 2*(3*B*a - A*b)*x)/b^4 + 3*(2*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*log(b*x + a)/b^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{3(2Ba^2 - Aab) \log(|bx + a|)}{b^5} + \frac{Bb^3x^2 - 6Bab^2x + 2Ab^3x}{2b^6} + \frac{7Ba^4 - 5Aa^3b + 2(4Ba^3b - 3Aa^2b^2)x}{2(bx + a)^2b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3*(2*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^5 + 1/2*(B*b^3*x^2 - 6*B*a*b^2*x + 2*A*b^3*x)/b^6 + 1/2*(7*B*a^4 - 5*A*a^3*b + 2*(4*B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x)/((b*x + a)^2*b^5)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{x(4Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b) + \frac{7Ba^4 - 5Aa^3b}{2b}}{a^2b^4 + 2ab^5x + b^6x^2} + x\left(\frac{A}{b^3} - \frac{3Ba}{b^4}\right) + \frac{Bx^2}{2b^3} + \frac{\ln(a+bx)(6Ba^2 - 3Aab)}{b^5}$$

input `int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x)`output `(x*(4*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b) + (7*B*a^4 - 5*A*a^3*b)/(2*b))/(a^2*b^4 + b^6*x^2 + 2*a*b^5*x) + x*(A/b^3 - (3*B*a)/b^4) + (B*x^2)/(2*b^3) + (log(a + b*x)*(6*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b))/b^5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{6\log(bx+a)a^3 + 6\log(bx+a)a^2bx - 6a^2bx - 3ab^2x^2 + b^3x^3}{2b^4(bx+a)}$$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x)`output `(6*log(a + b*x)*a**3 + 6*log(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x - 6*a**2*b*x - 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3)/(2*b**4*(a + b*x))`

3.164 $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1163
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1163
Rubi [A] (verified)	1164
Maple [A] (verified)	1165
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1165
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1166
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1166
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1167
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1167
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1167

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^3} - \frac{a^2(Ab-aB)}{2b^4(a+bx)^2} + \frac{a(2Ab-3aB)}{b^4(a+bx)} + \frac{(Ab-3aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^4}$$

output

```
B*x/b^3-1/2*a^2*(A*b-B*a)/b^4/(b*x+a)^2+a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)/b^4/(b*x+a)+(A*b-3*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^3} + \frac{-a^2Ab+a^3B}{2b^4(a+bx)^2} + \frac{2aAb-3a^2B}{b^4(a+bx)} + \frac{(Ab-3aB)\log(a+bx)}{b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(B*x)/b^3 + (-a^2*A*b + a^3*B)/(2*b^4*(a + b*x)^2) + (2*a*A*b - 3*a^2*B)/(b^4*(a + b*x)) + ((A*b - 3*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^4
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^2(aB - Ab)}{b^3(a + bx)^3} + \frac{a(3aB - 2Ab)}{b^3(a + bx)^2} + \frac{Ab - 3aB}{b^3(a + bx)} + \frac{B}{b^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^2(Ab - aB)}{2b^4(a + bx)^2} + \frac{a(2Ab - 3aB)}{b^4(a + bx)} + \frac{(Ab - 3aB) \log(a + bx)}{b^4} + \frac{Bx}{b^3}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x]`

output `(B*x)/b^3 - (a^2*(A*b - a*B))/(2*b^4*(a + b*x)^2) + (a*(2*A*b - 3*a*B))/(b^4*(a + b*x)) + ((A*b - 3*a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/b^4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
norman	$\frac{\frac{Bx^3}{b} + \frac{a^2(3Ab-9Ba)}{2b^4} + \frac{2a(Ab-3Ba)x}{b^3}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{(Ab-3Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^4}$
default	$\frac{Bx}{b^3} - \frac{a^2(Ab-Ba)}{2b^4(bx+a)^2} + \frac{a(2Ab-3Ba)}{b^4(bx+a)} + \frac{(Ab-3Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{b^4}$
risch	$\frac{Bx}{b^3} + \frac{(2abA-3a^2B)x + \frac{a^2(3Ab-5Ba)}{2b}}{b^3(bx+a)^2} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)A}{b^3} - \frac{3\ln(bx+a)Ba}{b^4}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2A\ln(bx+a)x^2b^3 - 6B\ln(bx+a)x^2ab^2 + 2b^3Bx^3 + 4A\ln(bx+a)xab^2 - 12B\ln(bx+a)xa^2b + 2A\ln(bx+a)a^2b + 4Axa^2b^2 - 6B\ln(bx+a)a^2b}{2b^4(bx+a)^2}$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(B*x^3/b+1/2*a^2*(3*A*b-9*B*a)/b^4+2*a*(A*b-3*B*a)/b^3*x)/(b*x+a)^2+(A*b-3*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/b^4`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2Bb^3x^3 + 4Bab^2x^2 - 5Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b - 4(Ba^2b - Aab^2)x - 2(3Ba^3 - Aa^2b + (3Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^2 + 2(Ba^2b - Aab^2))}{2(b^6x^2 + 2ab^5x + a^2b^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(2*B*b^3*x^3 + 4*B*a*b^2*x^2 - 5*B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b - 4*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x - 2*(3*B*a^3 - A*a^2*b + (3*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x)*log(b*x + a))/(b^6*x^2 + 2*a*b^5*x + a^2*b^4)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^3} + \frac{3Aa^2b - 5Ba^3 + x(4Aab^2 - 6Ba^2b)}{2a^2b^4 + 4ab^5x + 2b^6x^2} - \frac{(-Ab + 3Ba) \log(a + bx)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**3,x)`output `B*x/b**3 + (3*A*a**2*b - 5*B*a**3 + x*(4*A*a*b**2 - 6*B*a**2*b))/(2*a**2*b**4 + 4*a*b**5*x + 2*b**6*x**2) - (-A*b + 3*B*a)*log(a + b*x)/b**4`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = -\frac{5Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b + 2(3Ba^2b - 2Aab^2)x}{2(b^6x^2 + 2ab^5x + a^2b^4)} + \frac{Bx}{b^3} - \frac{(3Ba - Ab) \log(bx + a)}{b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(5*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b + 2*(3*B*a^2*b - 2*A*a*b^2)*x)/(b^6*x^2 + 2*a*b^5*x + a^2*b^4) + B*x/b^3 - (3*B*a - A*b)*log(b*x + a)/b^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^3} - \frac{(3Ba - Ab) \log(|bx + a|)}{b^4} - \frac{5Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b + 2(3Ba^2b - 2Aab^2)x}{2(bx + a)^2b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `B*x/b^3 - (3*B*a - A*b)*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^4 - 1/2*(5*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b + 2*(3*B*a^2*b - 2*A*a*b^2)*x)/((b*x + a)^2*b^4)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{Bx}{b^3} - \frac{\frac{5Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b}{2b} + x(3Ba^2 - 2Aab)}{a^2b^3 + 2ab^4x + b^5x^2} + \frac{\ln(a + bx)(Ab - 3Ba)}{b^4}$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `(B*x)/b^3 - ((5*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)/(2*b) + x*(3*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b))/(a^2*b^3 + b^5*x^2 + 2*a*b^4*x) + (log(a + b*x)*(A*b - 3*B*a))/b^4`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{-2 \log(bx + a) a^2 - 2 \log(bx + a) abx + 2abx + b^2x^2}{b^3(bx + a)}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x)`

output $(-2\log(a + bx)a^2 - 2\log(a + bx)abx + 2abx + b^2x^2)/(b^3(a + bx))$

3.165 $\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1169
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1169
Rubi [A] (verified)	1170
Maple [A] (verified)	1171
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1171
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1172
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1172
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1172
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1173
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1173

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{a(Ab-aB)}{2b^3(a+bx)^2} - \frac{Ab-2aB}{b^3(a+bx)} + \frac{B \log(a+bx)}{b^3}$$

output

$$1/2*a*(A*b-B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)^2-(A*b-2*B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)+B*\ln(b*x+a)/b^3$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{3a^2B-2Ab^2x-ab(A-4Bx)+2B(a+bx)^2 \log(a+bx)}{2b^3(a+bx)^2}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(x*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^3,x]$$

output

$$(3*a^2*B-2*A*b^2*x-a*b*(A-4*B*x)+2*B*(a+b*x)^2*\text{Log}[a+b*x])/(2*b^3*(a+b*x)^2)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab - 2aB}{b^2(a + bx)^2} + \frac{a(aB - Ab)}{b^2(a + bx)^3} + \frac{B}{b^2(a + bx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{Ab - 2aB}{b^3(a + bx)} + \frac{a(Ab - aB)}{2b^3(a + bx)^2} + \frac{B \log(a + bx)}{b^3}$$

input `Int[(x*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x]`

output `(a*(A*b - a*B))/(2*b^3*(a + b*x)^2) - (A*b - 2*a*B)/(b^3*(a + b*x)) + (B*log[a + b*x])/b^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{-\frac{a(Ab-3Ba)}{2b^3} - \frac{(Ab-2Ba)x}{b^2}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{B \ln(bx+a)}{b^3}$	50
risch	$\frac{-\frac{a(Ab-3Ba)}{2b^3} - \frac{(Ab-2Ba)x}{b^2}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{B \ln(bx+a)}{b^3}$	50
default	$\frac{a(Ab-Ba)}{2b^3(bx+a)^2} - \frac{Ab-2Ba}{b^3(bx+a)} + \frac{B \ln(bx+a)}{b^3}$	54
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-2B \ln(bx+a)x^2b^2 - 4B \ln(bx+a)xab + 2Ab^2x - 2B \ln(bx+a)a^2 - 4Babx + abA - 3a^2B}{2b^3(bx+a)^2}$	76

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(-1/2*a*(A*b-3*B*a)/b^3-(A*b-2*B*a)/b^2*x)/(b*x+a)^2+B*ln(b*x+a)/b^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3Ba^2 - Aab + 2(2Bab - Ab^2)x + 2(Bb^2x^2 + 2Babx + Ba^2) \log(bx+a)}{2(b^5x^2 + 2ab^4x + a^2b^3)}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(3*B*a^2 - A*a*b + 2*(2*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x + 2*(B*b^2*x^2 + 2*B*a*b*x + B*a^2)*log(b*x + a))/(b^5*x^2 + 2*a*b^4*x + a^2*b^3)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{B \log(a + bx)}{b^3} + \frac{-Aab + 3Ba^2 + x(-2Ab^2 + 4Bab)}{2a^2b^3 + 4ab^4x + 2b^5x^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**3,x)`output `B*log(a + b*x)/b**3 + (-A*a*b + 3*B*a**2 + x*(-2*A*b**2 + 4*B*a*b))/(2*a**2*b**3 + 4*a*b**4*x + 2*b**5*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{3Ba^2 - Aab + 2(2Bab - Ab^2)x}{2(b^5x^2 + 2ab^4x + a^2b^3)} + \frac{B \log(bx + a)}{b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(3*B*a^2 - A*a*b + 2*(2*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x)/(b^5*x^2 + 2*a*b^4*x + a^2*b^3) + B*log(b*x + a)/b^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{B \log(|bx + a|)}{b^3} + \frac{2(2Ba - Ab)x + \frac{3Ba^2 - Aab}{b}}{2(bx + a)^2b^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `B*log(abs(b*x + a))/b^3 + 1/2*(2*(2*B*a - A*b)*x + (3*B*a^2 - A*a*b)/b)/((b*x + a)^2*b^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{3Ba^2 - Aab}{2b^3} - \frac{x(Ab - 2Ba)}{b^2}}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} + \frac{B \ln(a + bx)}{b^3}$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x)`output `((3*B*a^2 - A*a*b)/(2*b^3) - (x*(A*b - 2*B*a))/b^2)/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x) + (B*log(a + b*x))/b^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{\log(bx + a) a + \log(bx + a) bx - bx}{b^2 (bx + a)}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x)`output `(log(a + b*x)*a + log(a + b*x)*b*x - b*x)/(b**2*(a + b*x))`

3.166 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1174
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1174
Rubi [A] (verified)	1175
Maple [A] (verified)	1176
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1176
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1177
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1177
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1177
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1178
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1178

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{(A+Bx)^2}{2(Ab-aB)(a+bx)^2}$$

output

$$-1/2*(B*x+A)^2/(A*b-B*a)/(b*x+a)^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{Ab+B(a+2bx)}{2b^2(a+bx)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(a + b*x)^3,x]
```

output

$$-1/2*(A*b + B*(a + 2*b*x))/(b^2*(a + b*x)^2)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

↓ 48

$$-\frac{(A + Bx)^2}{2(a + bx)^2(Ab - aB)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(a + b*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(A + B*x)^2/((A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp
 [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
 a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2bBx+Ab+Ba}{2b^2(bx+a)^2}$	25
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2bBx+Ab+Ba}{2b^2(bx+a)^2}$	25
orering	$-\frac{2bBx+Ab+Ba}{2b^2(bx+a)^2}$	25
norman	$\frac{-\frac{Bx}{b} - \frac{Ab+Ba}{2b^2}}{(bx+a)^2}$	29
risch	$\frac{-\frac{Bx}{b} - \frac{Ab+Ba}{2b^2}}{(bx+a)^2}$	29
default	$-\frac{Ab-Ba}{2b^2(bx+a)^2} - \frac{B}{(bx+a)b^2}$	35

input `int((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $-1/2*(2*B*b*x+A*b+B*a)/b^2/(b*x+a)^2$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{2Bbx+Ba+Ab}{2(b^4x^2+2ab^3x+a^2b^2)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output $-1/2*(2*B*b*x + B*a + A*b)/(b^4*x^2 + 2*a*b^3*x + a^2*b^2)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{-Ab - Ba - 2Bbx}{2a^2b^2 + 4ab^3x + 2b^4x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**3,x)`output `(-A*b - B*a - 2*B*b*x)/(2*a**2*b**2 + 4*a*b**3*x + 2*b**4*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^3} dx = -\frac{2Bbx + Ba + Ab}{2(b^4x^2 + 2ab^3x + a^2b^2)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(2*B*b*x + B*a + A*b)/(b^4*x^2 + 2*a*b^3*x + a^2*b^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^3} dx = -\frac{2Bbx + Ba + Ab}{2(bx + a)^2b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*(2*B*b*x + B*a + A*b)/((b*x + a)^2*b^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{Ab+Ba}{2b^2} + \frac{Bx}{b}}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `-((A*b + B*a)/(2*b^2) + (B*x)/b)/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{x}{a(bx + a)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x)`

output `x/(a*(a + b*x))`

3.167 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1179
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1179
Rubi [A] (verified)	1180
Maple [A] (verified)	1181
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1181
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1182
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1182
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1182
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1183
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1183

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{Ab-aB}{2ab(a+bx)^2} + \frac{A}{a^2(a+bx)} + \frac{A \log(x)}{a^3} - \frac{A \log(a+bx)}{a^3}$$

output

```
1/2*(A*b-B*a)/a/b/(b*x+a)^2+A/a^2/(b*x+a)+A*ln(x)/a^3-A*ln(b*x+a)/a^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{a(3aAb-a^2B+2Ab^2x)}{b(a+bx)^2} + \frac{2A \log(x) - 2A \log(a+bx)}{2a^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x*(a + b*x)^3),x]
```

output

```
((a*(3*a*A*b - a^2*B + 2*A*b^2*x))/(b*(a + b*x)^2) + 2*A*Log[x] - 2*A*Log[a + b*x])/(2*a^3)
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^3} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{Ab}{a^3(a + bx)} + \frac{A}{a^3x} - \frac{Ab}{a^2(a + bx)^2} + \frac{aB - Ab}{a(a + bx)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{A \log(a + bx)}{a^3} + \frac{A \log(x)}{a^3} + \frac{A}{a^2(a + bx)} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2ab(a + bx)^2}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x*(a + b*x)^3),x]`

output `(A*b - a*B)/(2*a*b*(a + b*x)^2) + A/(a^2*(a + b*x)) + (A*Log[x])/a^3 - (A*Log[a + b*x])/a^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$\frac{A \ln(x)}{a^3} - \frac{-Ab+Ba}{2ab(bx+a)^2} - \frac{A \ln(bx+a)}{a^3} + \frac{A}{a^2(bx+a)}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{Abx}{a^2} + \frac{3Ab-Ba}{2ab}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{A \ln(-x)}{a^3} - \frac{A \ln(bx+a)}{a^3}$
norman	$\frac{-(2Ab-Ba)x - b(3Ab-Ba)x^2}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{A \ln(x)}{a^3} - \frac{A \ln(bx+a)}{a^3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2A \ln(x)x^2b^2 - 2A \ln(bx+a)x^2b^2 + 4A \ln(x)xab - 4A \ln(bx+a)xab - 3Ab^2x^2 + Babx^2 + 2a^2A \ln(x) - 2A \ln(bx+a)a^2 - 4aAbx + 2a^3}{2a^3(bx+a)^2}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `A*ln(x)/a^3-1/2*(-A*b+B*a)/a/b/(b*x+a)^2-A*ln(b*x+a)/a^3+A/a^2/(b*x+a)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2Aab^2x - Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b - 2(Ab^3x^2 + 2Aab^2x + Aa^2b) \log(bx + a) + 2(Ab^3x^2 + 2Aab^2x + Aa^2b) \log(x)}{2(a^3b^3x^2 + 2a^4b^2x + a^5b)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(2*A*a*b^2*x - B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b - 2*(A*b^3*x^2 + 2*A*a*b^2*x + A*a^2*b)*log(b*x + a) + 2*(A*b^3*x^2 + 2*A*a*b^2*x + A*a^2*b)*log(x))/(a^3*b^3*x^2 + 2*a^4*b^2*x + a^5*b)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{A(\log(x) - \log(\frac{a}{b} + x))}{a^3} + \frac{3Aab + 2Ab^2x - Ba^2}{2a^4b + 4a^3b^2x + 2a^2b^3x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)**3,x)`output `A*(log(x) - log(a/b + x))/a**3 + (3*A*a*b + 2*A*b**2*x - B*a**2)/(2*a**4*b + 4*a**3*b**2*x + 2*a**2*b**3*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{2Ab^2x - Ba^2 + 3Aab}{2(a^2b^3x^2 + 2a^3b^2x + a^4b)} - \frac{A \log(bx + a)}{a^3} + \frac{A \log(x)}{a^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(2*A*b^2*x - B*a^2 + 3*A*a*b)/(a^2*b^3*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^2*x + a^4*b) - A*log(b*x + a)/a^3 + A*log(x)/a^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^3} dx = -\frac{A \log(|bx + a|)}{a^3} + \frac{A \log(|x|)}{a^3} + \frac{2Aab^2x - Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b}{2(bx + a)^2a^3b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-A*log(abs(b*x + a))/a^3 + A*log(abs(x))/a^3 + 1/2*(2*A*a*b^2*x - B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)/((b*x + a)^2*a^3*b)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{3Ab - Ba}{2ab} + \frac{Abx}{a^2}}{a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2} - \frac{2A \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx}{a} + 1\right)}{a^3}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x*(a + b*x)^3),x)`output `((3*A*b - B*a)/(2*a*b) + (A*b*x)/a^2)/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x) - (2*A*atanh((2*b*x)/a + 1))/a^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{-\log(bx + a) a - \log(bx + a) bx + \log(x) a + \log(x) bx - bx}{a^2 (bx + a)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^3,x)`output `(- log(a + b*x)*a - log(a + b*x)*b*x + log(x)*a + log(x)*b*x - b*x)/(a**2*(a + b*x))`

3.168 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1184
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1184
Rubi [A] (verified)	1185
Maple [A] (verified)	1186
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1186
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1187
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1187
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1188
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1188
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1189

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{A}{a^3x} - \frac{Ab-aB}{2a^2(a+bx)^2} - \frac{2Ab-aB}{a^3(a+bx)} - \frac{(3Ab-aB)\log(x)}{a^4} + \frac{(3Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^4}$$

output

$$-A/a^3/x - 1/2*(A*b-B*a)/a^2/(b*x+a)^2 - (2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a) - (3*A*b-B*a)*\ln(x)/a^4 + (3*A*b-B*a)*\ln(b*x+a)/a^4$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{-\frac{2aA}{x} + \frac{a^2(-Ab+aB)}{(a+bx)^2} + \frac{2a(-2Ab+aB)}{a+bx} + 2(-3Ab+aB)\log(x) + 2(3Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{2a^4}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a + b*x)^3), x]`

output

$$\frac{((-2*a*A)/x + (a^2*(-(A*b) + a*B))/(a + b*x)^2 + (2*a*(-2*A*b + a*B))/(a + b*x) + 2*(-3*A*b + a*B)*\text{Log}[x] + 2*(3*A*b - a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(2*a^4)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^3} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{aB - 3Ab}{a^4 x} - \frac{b(aB - 3Ab)}{a^4(a + bx)} - \frac{b(aB - 2Ab)}{a^3(a + bx)^2} + \frac{A}{a^3 x^2} - \frac{b(aB - Ab)}{a^2(a + bx)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{\log(x)(3Ab - aB)}{a^4} + \frac{(3Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^4} - \frac{2Ab - aB}{a^3(a + bx)} - \frac{A}{a^3 x} - \frac{Ab - aB}{2a^2(a + bx)^2}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a + b*x)^3),x]
```

output

```
-(A/(a^3*x)) - (A*b - a*B)/(2*a^2*(a + b*x)^2) - (2*A*b - a*B)/(a^3*(a + b*x)) - ((3*A*b - a*B)*Log[x])/a^4 + ((3*A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x])/a^4
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$-\frac{A}{a^3x} + \frac{(-3Ab+Ba)\ln(x)}{a^4} - \frac{2Ab-Ba}{a^3(bx+a)} + \frac{(3Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^4} - \frac{Ab-Ba}{2a^2(bx+a)^2}$
norman	$-\frac{A}{a} + \frac{2b(3Ab-Ba)x^2 + b^2(9Ab-3Ba)x^3}{a^3} + \frac{(3Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^4} - \frac{(3Ab-Ba)\ln(x)}{a^4}$
risch	$-\frac{b(3Ab-Ba)x^2}{a^3} - \frac{3(3Ab-Ba)x}{2a^2} - \frac{A}{a} - \frac{3\ln(x)Ab}{a^4} + \frac{\ln(x)B}{a^3} + \frac{3\ln(-bx-a)Ab}{a^4} - \frac{\ln(-bx-a)B}{a^3}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{6A\ln(x)x^3b^3 - 6A\ln(bx+a)x^3b^3 - 2B\ln(x)x^3ab^2 + 2B\ln(bx+a)x^3ab^2 + 12A\ln(x)x^2ab^2 - 12A\ln(bx+a)x^2ab^2 - 9Ab^3x^3 - \dots}{2(a^4b^2x^3 + 2 \dots)}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -A/a^3/x+(-3*A*b+B*a)/a^4*ln(x)-(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)+(3*A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^4-1/2*(A*b-B*a)/a^2/(b*x+a)^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 187 vs. 2(82) = 164.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{2Aa^3 - 2(Ba^2b - 3Aab^2)x^2 - 3(Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)x + 2((Bab^2 - 3Ab^3)x^3 + 2(Ba^2b - 3Aab^2)x^2 + (Aa^2b - 3Aab^2)x + 2Aa^2)}{2(a^4b^2x^3 + 2 \dots)}$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2*(2*A*a^3 - 2*(B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*x + 2*
((B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*x^3 + 2*(B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*
b)*x)*log(b*x + a) - 2*((B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*x^3 + 2*(B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*
x^2 + (B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*x)*log(x))/(a^4*b^2*x^3 + 2*a^5*b*x^2 + a^6*x)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 168 vs. $2(76) = 152$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{-2Aa^2 + x^2(-6Ab^2 + 2Bab) + x(-9Aab + 3Ba^2)}{2a^5x + 4a^4bx^2 + 2a^3b^2x^3} + \frac{(-3Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-3Aab + Ba^2 - a(-3Ab + Ba)}{-6Ab^2 + 2Bab}\right)}{a^4} - \frac{(-3Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-3Aab + Ba^2 + a(-3Ab + Ba)}{-6Ab^2 + 2Bab}\right)}{a^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**2/(b*x+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
(-2*A*a**2 + x**2*(-6*A*b**2 + 2*B*a*b) + x*(-9*A*a*b + 3*B*a**2))/(2*a**5
*x + 4*a**4*b*x**2 + 2*a**3*b**2*x**3) + (-3*A*b + B*a)*log(x + (-3*A*a*b
+ B*a**2 - a*(-3*A*b + B*a))/(-6*A*b**2 + 2*B*a*b))/a**4 - (-3*A*b + B*a)*
log(x + (-3*A*a*b + B*a**2 + a*(-3*A*b + B*a))/(-6*A*b**2 + 2*B*a*b))/a**4
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^3} dx = -\frac{2Aa^2 - 2(Bab - 3Ab^2)x^2 - 3(Ba^2 - 3Aab)x}{2(a^3b^2x^3 + 2a^4bx^2 + a^5x)} - \frac{(Ba - 3Ab) \log(bx + a)}{a^4} + \frac{(Ba - 3Ab) \log(x)}{a^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

```
-1/2*(2*A*a^2 - 2*(B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*x)/(a^3*b^2*x^3 + 2*a^4*b*x^2 + a^5*x) - (B*a - 3*A*b)*log(b*x + a)/a^4 + (B*a - 3*A*b)*log(x)/a^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{(Ba - 3Ab) \log(|x|)}{a^4} - \frac{(Bab - 3Ab^2) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^4b} - \frac{2Aa^3 - 2(Ba^2b - 3Aab^2)x^2 - 3(Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)x}{2(bx + a)^2a^4x}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(B*a - 3*A*b)*log(abs(x))/a^4 - (B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^4*b) - 1/2*(2*A*a^3 - 2*(B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/((b*x + a)^2*a^4*x)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx}{a} + 1\right) (3Ab - Ba)}{a^4} - \frac{\frac{A}{a} + \frac{3x(3Ab - Ba)}{2a^2} + \frac{bx^2(3Ab - Ba)}{a^3}}{a^2x + 2abx^2 + b^2x^3}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^2*(a + b*x)^3),x)
```

output

```
(2*atanh((2*b*x)/a + 1)*(3*A*b - B*a))/a^4 - (A/a + (3*x*(3*A*b - B*a))/(2*a^2) + (b*x^2*(3*A*b - B*a))/a^3)/(a^2*x + b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b*x^2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \log(bx + a) abx + 2 \log(bx + a) b^2 x^2 - 2 \log(x) abx - 2 \log(x) b^2 x^2 - a^2 + 2b^2 x^2}{a^3 x (bx + a)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^3,x)`

output `(2*log(a + b*x)*a*b*x + 2*log(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2 - 2*log(x)*a*b*x - 2*log(x)*b**2*x**2 - a**2 + 2*b**2*x**2)/(a**3*x*(a + b*x))`

3.169 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1190
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1190
Rubi [A] (verified)	1191
Maple [A] (verified)	1192
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1193
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1193
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1194
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1194
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1195
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1195

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{A}{2a^3x^2} + \frac{3Ab-aB}{a^4x} + \frac{b(Ab-aB)}{2a^3(a+bx)^2} + \frac{b(3Ab-2aB)}{a^4(a+bx)} + \frac{3b(2Ab-aB)\log(x)}{a^5} - \frac{3b(2Ab-aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^5}$$

output

```
-1/2*A/a^3/x^2+(3*A*b-B*a)/a^4/x+1/2*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)^2+b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)+3*b*(2*A*b-B*a)*ln(x)/a^5-3*b*(2*A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{-\frac{a(-12Ab^3x^3+6ab^2x^2(-3A+Bx)+a^3(A+2Bx)+a^2bx(-4A+9Bx))}{x^2(a+bx)^2} + 6b(2Ab-aB)\log(x) + 6b(-2Ab+aB)\log(a+bx)}{2a^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(a + b*x)^3), x]
```

output

$$\left(-\left(a \left(-12 A b^3 x^3 + 6 a b^2 x^2 (-3 A + B x) + a^3 (A + 2 B x) + a^2 b x (-4 A + 9 B x) \right) \right) / (x^2 (a + b x)^2) \right) + 6 b (2 A b - a B) \operatorname{Log}[x] + 6 b (-2 A b + a B) \operatorname{Log}[a + b x] / (2 a^5)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^3} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{3b^2(aB - 2Ab)}{a^5(a + bx)} - \frac{3b(aB - 2Ab)}{a^5x} + \frac{b^2(2aB - 3Ab)}{a^4(a + bx)^2} + \frac{aB - 3Ab}{a^4x^2} + \frac{b^2(aB - Ab)}{a^3(a + bx)^3} + \frac{A}{a^3x^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3b \log(x)(2Ab - aB)}{a^5} - \frac{3b(2Ab - aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^5} + \frac{3Ab - aB}{a^4x} + \frac{b(3Ab - 2aB)}{a^4(a + bx)} + \frac{b(Ab - aB)}{2a^3(a + bx)^2} - \frac{A}{2a^3x^2}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(A + Bx)/(x^3(a + b*x)^3), x]$$

output

$$-1/2*A/(a^3*x^2) + (3*A*b - a*B)/(a^4*x) + (b*(A*b - a*B))/(2*a^3*(a + b*x)^2) + (b*(3*A*b - 2*a*B))/(a^4*(a + b*x)) + (3*b*(2*A*b - a*B)*\operatorname{Log}[x])/a^5 - (3*b*(2*A*b - a*B)*\operatorname{Log}[a + b*x])/a^5$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$-\frac{A}{2a^3x^2} - \frac{-3Ab+Ba}{xa^4} + \frac{3b(2Ab-Ba)\ln(x)}{a^5} - \frac{3b(2Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^5} + \frac{b(3Ab-2Ba)}{a^4(bx+a)} + \frac{b(Ab-Ba)}{2a^3(bx+a)^2}$
norman	$\frac{(2Ab-Ba)x}{a^2} - \frac{A}{2a} - \frac{2b(6b^2A-3abB)x^3}{a^4} - \frac{b^2(18b^2A-9abB)x^4}{2a^5} + \frac{3b(2Ab-Ba)\ln(x)}{a^5} - \frac{3b(2Ab-Ba)\ln(bx+a)}{a^5}$
risch	$\frac{3b^2(2Ab-Ba)x^3}{a^4} + \frac{9b(2Ab-Ba)x^2}{2a^3} + \frac{(2Ab-Ba)x}{a^2} - \frac{A}{2a} + \frac{6b^2\ln(-x)A}{a^5} - \frac{3b\ln(-x)B}{a^4} - \frac{6b^2\ln(bx+a)A}{a^5} + \frac{3b\ln(bx+a)B}{a^4}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{12A\ln(x)x^4b^4 - 12A\ln(bx+a)x^4b^4 - 6B\ln(x)x^4ab^3 + 6B\ln(bx+a)x^4ab^3 + 24A\ln(x)x^3ab^3 - 24A\ln(bx+a)x^3ab^3 - 18Ab^4x^4 - 18Ab^4x^4 - 18Ab^4x^4 - 18Ab^4x^4}{1}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*A/a^3/x^2-(-3*A*b+B*a)/x/a^4+3*b*(2*A*b-B*a)*ln(x)/a^5-3*b*(2*A*b-B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^5+b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)+1/2*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 225 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{Aa^4 + 6(Ba^2b^2 - 2Aab^3)x^3 + 9(Ba^3b - 2Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 2(Ba^4 - 2Aa^3b)x - 6((Bab^3 - 2Ab^4)x^4 + 2$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2*(A*a^4 + 6*(B*a^2*b^2 - 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 9*(B*a^3*b - 2*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(B*a^4 - 2*A*a^3*b)*x - 6*((B*a*b^3 - 2*A*b^4)*x^4 + 2*(B*a^2*b^2 - 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + (B*a^3*b - 2*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2)*log(b*x + a) + 6*((B*a*b^3 - 2*A*b^4)*x^4 + 2*(B*a^2*b^2 - 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + (B*a^3*b - 2*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2)*log(x))/(a^5*b^2*x^4 + 2*a^6*b*x^3 + a^7*x^2)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{-Aa^3 + x^3 \cdot (12Ab^3 - 6Bab^2) + x^2 \cdot (18Aab^2 - 9Ba^2b) + x(4Aa^2b - 2Ba^3)}{2a^6x^2 + 4a^5bx^3 + 2a^4b^2x^4} - \frac{3b(-2Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-6Aab^2 + 3Ba^2b - 3ab(-2Ab + Ba)}{-12Ab^3 + 6Bab^2}\right)}{a^5} + \frac{3b(-2Ab + Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-6Aab^2 + 3Ba^2b + 3ab(-2Ab + Ba)}{-12Ab^3 + 6Bab^2}\right)}{a^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**3/(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output

```
(-A*a**3 + x**3*(12*A*b**3 - 6*B*a*b**2) + x**2*(18*A*a*b**2 - 9*B*a**2*b)
+ x*(4*A*a**2*b - 2*B*a**3))/(2*a**6*x**2 + 4*a**5*b*x**3 + 2*a**4*b**2*x
**4) - 3*b*(-2*A*b + B*a)*log(x + (-6*A*a*b**2 + 3*B*a**2*b - 3*a*b*(-2*A*
b + B*a)))/(-12*A*b**3 + 6*B*a*b**2))/a**5 + 3*b*(-2*A*b + B*a)*log(x + (-6
*A*a*b**2 + 3*B*a**2*b + 3*a*b*(-2*A*b + B*a)))/(-12*A*b**3 + 6*B*a*b**2))/
a**5
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{Aa^3 + 6(Bab^2 - 2Ab^3)x^3 + 9(Ba^2b - 2Aab^2)x^2 + 2(Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b)x}{2(a^4b^2x^4 + 2a^5bx^3 + a^6x^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{3(Bab - 2Ab^2) \log(bx + a)}{a^5} - \frac{3(Bab - 2Ab^2) \log(x)}{a^5}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*(A*a^3 + 6*(B*a*b^2 - 2*A*b^3)*x^3 + 9*(B*a^2*b - 2*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 2*
(B*a^3 - 2*A*a^2*b)*x)/(a^4*b^2*x^4 + 2*a^5*b*x^3 + a^6*x^2) + 3*(B*a*b -
2*A*b^2)*log(b*x + a)/a^5 - 3*(B*a*b - 2*A*b^2)*log(x)/a^5
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3(Bab - 2Ab^2) \log(|x|)}{a^5} + \frac{3(Bab^2 - 2Ab^3) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^5b}$$

$$- \frac{6Bab^2x^3 - 12Ab^3x^3 + 9Ba^2bx^2 - 18Aab^2x^2 + 2Ba^3x - 4Aa^2bx + Aa^3}{2(bx^2 + ax)^2a^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-3*(B*a*b - 2*A*b^2)*\log(\text{abs}(x))/a^5 + 3*(B*a*b^2 - 2*A*b^3)*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a))/(a^5*b) - 1/2*(6*B*a*b^2*x^3 - 12*A*b^3*x^3 + 9*B*a^2*b*x^2 - 18*A*a*b^2*x^2 + 2*B*a^3*x - 4*A*a^2*b*x + A*a^3)/((b*x^2 + a*x)^2*a^4)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{x(2Ab - Ba)}{a^2} - \frac{A}{2a} + \frac{3b^2 x^3(2Ab - Ba)}{a^4} + \frac{9bx^2(2Ab - Ba)}{2a^3}}{a^2 x^2 + 2abx^3 + b^2 x^4} - \frac{6b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{3b(2Ab - Ba)(a + 2bx)}{a(6Ab^2 - 3Bab)}\right) (2Ab - Ba)}{a^5}$$

input

$$\text{int}((A + B*x)/(x^3*(a + b*x)^3), x)$$

output

$$((x*(2*A*b - B*a))/a^2 - A/(2*a) + (3*b^2*x^3*(2*A*b - B*a))/a^4 + (9*b*x^2*(2*A*b - B*a))/(2*a^3))/(a^2*x^2 + b^2*x^4 + 2*a*b*x^3) - (6*b*\operatorname{atanh}((3*b*(2*A*b - B*a)*(a + 2*b*x))/(a*(6*A*b^2 - 3*B*a*b)))*(2*A*b - B*a))/a^5$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{-6 \log(bx + a) a b^2 x^2 - 6 \log(bx + a) b^3 x^3 + 6 \log(x) a b^2 x^2 + 6 \log(x) b^3 x^3 - a^3 + 3a^2 bx - 6b^3 x^3}{2a^4 x^2 (bx + a)}$$

input

$$\text{int}((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^3, x)$$

output

$$(-6*\log(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 - 6*\log(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 + 6*\log(x)*a*b**2*x**2 + 6*\log(x)*b**3*x**3 - a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x - 6*b**3*x**3)/(2*a**4*x**2*(a + b*x))$$

3.170 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1196
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1196
Rubi [A] (verified)	1197
Maple [A] (verified)	1198
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1199
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1199
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1200
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1200
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1201
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1201

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{A}{3a^3x^3} + \frac{3Ab-aB}{2a^4x^2} - \frac{3b(2Ab-aB)}{a^5x} - \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)}{2a^4(a+bx)^2} - \frac{b^2(4Ab-3aB)}{a^5(a+bx)} - \frac{2b^2(5Ab-3aB)\log(x)}{a^6} + \frac{2b^2(5Ab-3aB)\log(a+bx)}{a^6}$$

output

```
-1/3*A/a^3/x^3+1/2*(3*A*b-B*a)/a^4/x^2-3*b*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^5/x-1/2*b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)^2-b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)/a^5/(b*x+a)-2*b^2*(5*A*b-3*B*a)*ln(x)/a^6+2*b^2*(5*A*b-3*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{a(-60Ab^4x^4+18ab^3x^3(-5A+2Bx)-a^4(2A+3Bx)+a^3bx(5A+12Bx)+2a^2b^2x^2(-10A+27Bx))}{x^3(a+bx)^2} + 12b^2(-5Ab+3aB)\log(x) + 12b^2\log(a+bx) + \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)}{2a^4(a+bx)^2}$$

$6a^6$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^4*(a + b*x)^3),x]`

output
$$\frac{((a*(-60*A*b^4*x^4 + 18*a*b^3*x^3*(-5*A + 2*B*x) - a^4*(2*A + 3*B*x) + a^3*b*x*(5*A + 12*B*x) + 2*a^2*b^2*x^2*(-10*A + 27*B*x)))/(x^3*(a + b*x)^2) + 12*b^2*(-5*A*b + 3*a*B)*\text{Log}[x] + 12*b^2*(5*A*b - 3*a*B)*\text{Log}[a + b*x]}{(6*a^6)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^3} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{2b^3(3aB - 5Ab)}{a^6(a + bx)} + \frac{2b^2(3aB - 5Ab)}{a^6x} - \frac{b^3(3aB - 4Ab)}{a^5(a + bx)^2} - \frac{3b(aB - 2Ab)}{a^5x^2} - \frac{b^3(aB - Ab)}{a^4(a + bx)^3} + \frac{aB - 3Ab}{a^4x^3} + \frac{aB - 3Ab}{a^4x^3} + \frac{aB - 3Ab}{a^4x^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2b^2 \log(x)(5Ab - 3aB)}{a^6} + \frac{2b^2(5Ab - 3aB) \log(a + bx)}{a^6} - \frac{b^2(4Ab - 3aB)}{a^5(a + bx)} - \frac{3b(2Ab - aB)}{a^5x} - \frac{b^2(Ab - aB)}{2a^4(a + bx)^2} + \frac{3Ab - aB}{2a^4x^2} - \frac{A}{3a^3x^3}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^4*(a + b*x)^3),x]`

output
$$-\frac{1}{3} \frac{A}{a^3 x^3} + \frac{(3Ab - aB)}{2a^4 x^2} - \frac{(3b(2Ab - aB))}{a^5 x} - \frac{(b^2(Ab - aB))}{2a^4(a + b*x)^2} - \frac{(b^2(4Ab - 3aB))}{a^5(a + b*x)} - \frac{(2b^2(5Ab - 3aB)*\text{Log}[x])}{a^6} + \frac{(2b^2(5Ab - 3aB)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])}{a^6}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$-\frac{A}{3a^3x^3} - \frac{-3Ab+Ba}{2x^2a^4} - \frac{3b(2Ab-Ba)}{a^5x} - \frac{2b^2(5Ab-3Ba)\ln(x)}{a^6} - \frac{b^2(4Ab-3Ba)}{a^5(bx+a)} - \frac{b^2(Ab-Ba)}{2a^4(bx+a)^2} + \frac{2b^2(5Ab-3Ba)}{a^6}$
norman	$-\frac{A}{3a} + \frac{(5Ab-3Ba)x}{6a^2} - \frac{2b(5Ab-3Ba)x^2}{3a^3} - \frac{2(5b^5A-3ab^4B)x^4}{a^5b} - \frac{(15b^5A-9ab^4B)x^3}{a^4b^2} - \frac{2b^2(5Ab-3Ba)\ln(x)}{a^6} + \frac{2b^2(5Ab-3Ba)}{a^6}$
risch	$-\frac{2b^3(5Ab-3Ba)x^4}{a^5} - \frac{3b^2(5Ab-3Ba)x^3}{a^4} - \frac{2b(5Ab-3Ba)x^2}{3a^3} + \frac{(5Ab-3Ba)x}{6a^2} - \frac{A}{3a} + \frac{10b^3\ln(-bx-a)A}{a^6} - \frac{6b^2\ln(-bx-a)B}{a^5} - 10$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{60A\ln(x)x^5b^7-60A\ln(bx+a)x^5b^7-36B\ln(x)x^5ab^6+36B\ln(bx+a)x^5ab^6+120A\ln(x)x^4ab^6-120A\ln(bx+a)x^4ab^6-72A\ln(x)x^3ab^6+72A\ln(bx+a)x^3ab^6-36B\ln(x)x^3ab^6+36B\ln(bx+a)x^3ab^6-120A\ln(x)x^2ab^6+120A\ln(bx+a)x^2ab^6-72A\ln(x)xab^6+72A\ln(bx+a)xab^6-36B\ln(x)ab^6+36B\ln(bx+a)ab^6-120A\ln(x)a^6+120A\ln(bx+a)a^6-60Ab^6+60Aa^6-36Bb^6+36Ba^6}{a^6}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*A/a^3/x^3-1/2*(-3*A*b+B*a)/x^2/a^4-3*b*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^5/x-2*b^2*(5*A*b-3*B*a)*ln(x)/a^6-b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)/a^5/(b*x+a)-1/2*b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)^2+2*b^2*(5*A*b-3*B*a)*ln(b*x+a)/a^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{2Aa^5 - 12(3Ba^2b^3 - 5Aab^4)x^4 - 18(3Ba^3b^2 - 5Aa^2b^3)x^3 - 4(3Ba^4b - 5Aa^3b^2)x^2 + (3Ba^5 - 5Aa^4b)x + 12((3B^2a^2b^3 - 5A^2ab^4)x^5 + 2(3B^2a^2b^3 - 5A^2ab^4)x^4 + (3B^2a^3b^2 - 5A^2a^2b^3)x^3) \log(bx + a) - 12((3B^2a^2b^3 - 5A^2ab^4)x^5 + 2(3B^2a^2b^3 - 5A^2ab^4)x^4 + (3B^2a^3b^2 - 5A^2a^2b^3)x^3) \log(x)}{a^6b^2x^5 + 2a^7bx^4 + a^8x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/6*(2*A*a^5 - 12*(3*B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^4 - 18*(3*B*a^3*b^2 - 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 4*(3*B*a^4*b - 5*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + (3*B*a^5 - 5*A*a^4*b)*x + 12*((3*B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^5 + 2*(3*B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^4 + (3*B*a^3*b^2 - 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3)*log(b*x + a) - 12*((3*B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^5 + 2*(3*B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^4 + (3*B*a^3*b^2 - 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3)*log(x)/(a^6*b^2*x^5 + 2*a^7*b*x^4 + a^8*x^3)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{-2Aa^4 + x^4(-60Ab^4 + 36Bab^3) + x^3(-90Aab^3 + 54Ba^2b^2) + x^2(-20Aa^2b^2 + 12Ba^3b) + x(5Aa^3b - 3Aa^4)}{6a^7x^3 + 12a^6bx^4 + 6a^5b^2x^5} + \frac{2b^2(-5Ab + 3Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-10Aab^3 + 6Ba^2b^2 - 2ab^2(-5Ab + 3Ba)}{-20Ab^4 + 12Bab^3}\right)}{a^6} - \frac{2b^2(-5Ab + 3Ba) \log\left(x + \frac{-10Aab^3 + 6Ba^2b^2 + 2ab^2(-5Ab + 3Ba)}{-20Ab^4 + 12Bab^3}\right)}{a^6}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**4/(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output

$$\frac{(-2Aa^4 + x^4(-60Ab^4 + 36Bab^3) + x^3(-90Aab^3 + 54Baa^2b^2) + x^2(-20Aa^2b^2 + 12Baa^3b) + x(5Aa^3b - 3Baa^4)) / (6a^7x^3 + 12a^6bx^4 + 6a^5b^2x^5) + 2b^2(-5Ab + 3Baa) \log(x + (-10Aab^3 + 6Baa^2b^2 - 2ab^2(-5Ab + 3Baa))) / (-20Ab^4 + 12Baa^3b) / a^6 - 2b^2(-5Ab + 3Baa) \log(x + (-10Aab^3 + 6Baa^2b^2 + 2ab^2(-5Ab + 3Baa))) / (-20Ab^4 + 12Baa^3b) / a^6}{6(a^5b^2x^5 + 2a^6bx^4 + a^7x^3)}$$
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{2Aa^4 - 12(3Bab^3 - 5Ab^4)x^4 - 18(3Ba^2b^2 - 5Aab^3)x^3 - 4(3Ba^3b - 5Aa^2b^2)x^2 + (3Ba^4 - 5Aa^3b)}{6(a^5b^2x^5 + 2a^6bx^4 + a^7x^3)} - \frac{2(3Bab^2 - 5Ab^3) \log(bx + a)}{a^6} + \frac{2(3Bab^2 - 5Ab^3) \log(x)}{a^6}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$-1/6*(2Aa^4 - 12*(3Baa^2b^3 - 5Aab^4)*x^4 - 18*(3Baa^2b^2 - 5Aaa^3b^3)*x^3 - 4*(3Baa^3b - 5Aaa^2b^2)*x^2 + (3Baa^4 - 5Aaa^3b)*x) / (a^5b^2x^5 + 2a^6bx^4 + a^7x^3) - 2*(3Baa^2b^2 - 5Aab^3)*\log(b*x + a) / a^6 + 2*(3Baa^2b^2 - 5Aab^3)*\log(x) / a^6$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{2(3Bab^2 - 5Ab^3) \log(|x|)}{a^6} - \frac{2(3Bab^3 - 5Ab^4) \log(|bx + a|)}{a^6b} - \frac{2Aa^5 - 12(3Ba^2b^3 - 5Aab^4)x^4 - 18(3Ba^3b^2 - 5Aa^2b^3)x^3 - 4(3Ba^4b - 5Aa^3b^2)x^2 + (3Ba^5 - 5Aa^4b)}{6(bx + a)^2 a^6 x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$2*(3*B*a*b^2 - 5*A*b^3)*\log(\text{abs}(x))/a^6 - 2*(3*B*a*b^3 - 5*A*b^4)*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a))/(a^6*b) - 1/6*(2*A*a^5 - 12*(3*B*a^2*b^3 - 5*A*a*b^4)*x^4 - 18*(3*B*a^3*b^2 - 5*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 4*(3*B*a^4*b - 5*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + (3*B*a^5 - 5*A*a^4*b)*x)/((b*x + a)^2*a^6*x^3)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b^2(5Ab-3Ba)(a+2bx)}{a(10Ab^3-6Bab^2)}\right) (5Ab-3Ba)}{a^6} - \frac{\frac{A}{3a} - \frac{x(5Ab-3Ba)}{6a^2} + \frac{3b^2x^3(5Ab-3Ba)}{a^4} + \frac{2b^3x^4(5Ab-3Ba)}{a^5} + \frac{2bx^2(5Ab-3Ba)}{3a^3}}{a^2x^3 + 2abx^4 + b^2x^5}$$

input

$$\text{int}((A + B*x)/(x^4*(a + b*x)^3), x)$$

output

$$(4*b^2*\operatorname{atanh}((2*b^2*(5*A*b - 3*B*a)*(a + 2*b*x))/(a*(10*A*b^3 - 6*B*a*b^2)))*(5*A*b - 3*B*a))/a^6 - (A/(3*a) - (x*(5*A*b - 3*B*a))/(6*a^2) + (3*b^2*x^3*(5*A*b - 3*B*a))/a^4 + (2*b^3*x^4*(5*A*b - 3*B*a))/a^5 + (2*b*x^2*(5*A*b - 3*B*a))/(3*a^3))/(a^2*x^3 + b^2*x^5 + 2*a*b*x^4)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(bx + a) a b^3 x^3 + 12 \log(bx + a) b^4 x^4 - 12 \log(x) a b^3 x^3 - 12 \log(x) b^4 x^4 - a^4 + 2a^3bx - 6a^2b^2x^2 + 3a^5x^3 (bx + a)}{3a^5x^3 (bx + a)}$$

input

$$\text{int}((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^3, x)$$

output

```
(12*log(a + b*x)*a*b**3*x**3 + 12*log(a + b*x)*b**4*x**4 - 12*log(x)*a*b**3*x**3 - 12*log(x)*b**4*x**4 - a**4 + 2*a**3*b*x - 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 12*b**4*x**4)/(3*a**5*x**3*(a + b*x))
```

3.171 $\int \frac{1+x}{(-1+x)x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1203
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1203
Rubi [A] (verified)	1204
Maple [A] (verified)	1205
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1205
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1206
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1206
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1206
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1207
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1207

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(-1+x)x^2} dx = \frac{1}{x} + 2 \log(1-x) - 2 \log(x)$$

output `1/x+2*ln(1-x)-2*ln(x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(-1+x)x^2} dx = \frac{1}{x} + 2 \log(1-x) - 2 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x)/((-1 + x)*x^2), x]`

output `x^(-1) + 2*Log[1 - x] - 2*Log[x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x+1}{(x-1)x^2} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{2}{x} + \frac{2}{x-1} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{x} + 2 \log(1-x) - 2 \log(x)$$

input

```
Int[(1 + x)/((-1 + x)*x^2), x]
```

output

```
x^(-1) + 2*Log[1 - x] - 2*Log[x]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
default	$\frac{1}{x} - 2 \ln(x) + 2 \ln(-1 + x)$	15
norman	$\frac{1}{x} - 2 \ln(x) + 2 \ln(-1 + x)$	15
risch	$\frac{1}{x} - 2 \ln(x) + 2 \ln(-1 + x)$	15
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2 \ln(x)x - 2 \ln(-1+x)x - 1}{x}$	20
meijerg	$\frac{1}{x} - 2 \ln(x) - 2i\pi + 2 \ln(1 - x)$	21

input `int((1+x)/(-1+x)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/x-2*ln(x)+2*ln(-1+x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(-1+x)x^2} dx = \frac{2x \log(x-1) - 2x \log(x) + 1}{x}$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(-1+x)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(2*x*log(x - 1) - 2*x*log(x) + 1)/x`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(-1+x)x^2} dx = -2 \log(x) + 2 \log(x-1) + \frac{1}{x}$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(-1+x)/x**2,x)`output `-2*log(x) + 2*log(x - 1) + 1/x`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(-1+x)x^2} dx = \frac{1}{x} + 2 \log(x-1) - 2 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(-1+x)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/x + 2*log(x - 1) - 2*log(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(-1+x)x^2} dx = \frac{1}{x} + 2 \log(|x-1|) - 2 \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(-1+x)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/x + 2*log(abs(x - 1)) - 2*log(abs(x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(-1+x)x^2} dx = \frac{1}{x} - 4 \operatorname{atanh}(2x-1)$$

input `int((x + 1)/(x^2*(x - 1)),x)`

output `1/x - 4*atanh(2*x - 1)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(-1+x)x^2} dx = \frac{2 \log(x-1)x - 2 \log(x)x + 1}{x}$$

input `int((1+x)/(-1+x)/x^2,x)`

output `(2*log(x - 1)*x - 2*log(x)*x + 1)/x`

3.172 $\int x^{7/2}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1208
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1208
Rubi [A] (verified)	1209
Maple [A] (verified)	1210
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1210
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1211
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1211
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1211
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1212
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1212

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{9}aAx^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}(Ab + aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}bBx^{13/2}$$

output $2/9*a*A*x^{(9/2)}+2/11*(A*b+B*a)*x^{(11/2)}+2/13*b*B*x^{(13/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2x^{9/2}(143aA + 117Abx + 117aBx + 99bBx^2)}{1287}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^{(7/2)}*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x),x]$

output $(2*x^{(9/2)}*(143*a*A + 117*A*b*x + 117*a*B*x + 99*b*B*x^2))/1287$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(x^{9/2}(aB+Ab) + aAx^{7/2} + bBx^{11/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{11}x^{11/2}(aB+Ab) + \frac{2}{9}aAx^{9/2} + \frac{2}{13}bBx^{13/2}$$

input `Int[x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x), x]`

output `(2*a*A*x^(9/2))/9 + (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(11/2))/11 + (2*b*B*x^(13/2))/13`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_)+(b_)*(x_))*((e_)+(f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(99bBx^2+117Abx+117Bax+143Aa)}{1287}$	28
derivativedivides	$\frac{2aAx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2bBx^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13}$	28
default	$\frac{2aAx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2bBx^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13}$	28
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(99bBx^2+117Abx+117Bax+143Aa)}{1287}$	28
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(99bBx^2+117Abx+117Bax+143Aa)}{1287}$	28
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(99bBx^2+117Abx+117Bax+143Aa)}{1287}$	28

input `int(x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/1287*x^(9/2)*(99*B*b*x^2+117*A*b*x+117*B*a*x+143*A*a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2}{1287}(99Bbx^6 + 143Aax^4 + 117(Ba+Ab)x^5)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/1287*(99*B*b*x^6 + 143*A*a*x^4 + 117*(B*a + A*b)*x^5)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2Aax^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Abx^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{2Bax^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{2Bbx^{13/2}}{13}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x)`output `2*A*a*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*A*b*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*B*a*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*B*b*x**(13/2)/13`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{13} Bbx^{13/2} + \frac{2}{9} Aax^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11} (Ba + Ab)x^{11/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/13*B*b*x^(13/2) + 2/9*A*a*x^(9/2) + 2/11*(B*a + A*b)*x^(11/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{13} Bbx^{13/2} + \frac{2}{11} Bax^{11/2} + \frac{2}{11} Abx^{11/2} + \frac{2}{9} Aax^{9/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/13*B*b*x^(13/2) + 2/11*B*a*x^(11/2) + 2/11*A*b*x^(11/2) + 2/9*A*a*x^(9/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2x^{9/2}(143Aa + 117Abx + 117Bax + 99Bbx^2)}{1287}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x),x)`

output `(2*x^(9/2)*(143*A*a + 117*A*b*x + 117*B*a*x + 99*B*b*x^2))/1287`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^4(99b^2x^2 + 234abx + 143a^2)}{1287}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**4*(143*a**2 + 234*a*b*x + 99*b**2*x**2))/1287`

3.173 $\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1213
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1213
Rubi [A] (verified)	1214
Maple [A] (verified)	1215
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1215
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1216
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1216
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1216
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1217
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1217

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{7}aAx^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}(Ab + aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}bBx^{11/2}$$

output $2/7*a*A*x^{(7/2)}+2/9*(A*b+B*a)*x^{(9/2)}+2/11*b*B*x^{(11/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{693}x^{7/2}(99aA + 77Abx + 77aBx + 63bBx^2)$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^{(5/2)}*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x), x]$

output $(2*x^{(7/2)}*(99*a*A + 77*A*b*x + 77*a*B*x + 63*b*B*x^2))/693$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(x^{7/2}(aB + Ab) + aAx^{5/2} + bBx^{9/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{9}x^{9/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{7}aAx^{7/2} + \frac{2}{11}bBx^{11/2}$$

input `Int[x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x), x]`

output `(2*a*A*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(9/2))/9 + (2*b*B*x^(11/2))/11`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(63bBx^2+77Abx+77Bax+99Aa)}{693}$	28
derivativedivides	$\frac{2aAx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2bBx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$	28
default	$\frac{2aAx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2bBx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$	28
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(63bBx^2+77Abx+77Bax+99Aa)}{693}$	28
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(63bBx^2+77Abx+77Bax+99Aa)}{693}$	28
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(63bBx^2+77Abx+77Bax+99Aa)}{693}$	28

input `int(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2/693*x^(7/2)*(63*B*b*x^2+77*A*b*x+77*B*a*x+99*A*a)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2}{693}(63Bbx^5 + 99Aax^3 + 77(Ba+Ab)x^4)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/693*(63*B*b*x^5 + 99*A*a*x^3 + 77*(B*a + A*b)*x^4)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2Aax^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Abx^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Bax^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Bbx^{11/2}}{11}$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A), x)`output `2*A*a*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*A*b*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*a*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*b*x**(11/2)/11`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{11} Bbx^{11/2} + \frac{2}{7} Aax^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9} (Ba + Ab)x^{9/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/11*B*b*x^(11/2) + 2/7*A*a*x^(7/2) + 2/9*(B*a + A*b)*x^(9/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{11} Bbx^{11/2} + \frac{2}{9} Bax^{9/2} + \frac{2}{9} Abx^{9/2} + \frac{2}{7} Aax^{7/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/11*B*b*x^(11/2) + 2/9*B*a*x^(9/2) + 2/9*A*b*x^(9/2) + 2/7*A*a*x^(7/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2x^{7/2}(99Aa+77Abx+77Bax+63Bbx^2)}{693}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(A+B*x)*(a+b*x),x)`

output `(2*x^(7/2)*(99*A*a + 77*A*b*x + 77*B*a*x + 63*B*b*x^2))/693`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^3(63b^2x^2+154abx+99a^2)}{693}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**3*(99*a**2 + 154*a*b*x + 63*b**2*x**2))/693`

3.174 $\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1218
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1218
Rubi [A] (verified)	1219
Maple [A] (verified)	1220
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1220
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1221
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1221
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1221
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1222
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1222

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{5}aAx^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}(Ab + aB)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}bBx^{9/2}$$

output $2/5*a*A*x^{(5/2)}+2/7*(A*b+B*a)*x^{(7/2)}+2/9*b*B*x^{(9/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{315}x^{5/2}(9a(7A + 5Bx) + 5bx(9A + 7Bx))$$

input `Integrate[x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x), x]`

output $(2*x^{(5/2)}*(9*a*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 5*b*x*(9*A + 7*B*x)))/315$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(x^{5/2}(aB + Ab) + aAx^{3/2} + bBx^{7/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{7}x^{7/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{5}aAx^{5/2} + \frac{2}{9}bBx^{9/2}$$

input `Int[x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x), x]`

output `(2*a*A*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*b*B*x^(9/2))/9`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(35bBx^2+45Abx+45Bax+63Aa)}{315}$	28
derivativedivides	$\frac{2aAx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2bBx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	28
default	$\frac{2aAx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2bBx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	28
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(35bBx^2+45Abx+45Bax+63Aa)}{315}$	28
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(35bBx^2+45Abx+45Bax+63Aa)}{315}$	28
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(35bBx^2+45Abx+45Bax+63Aa)}{315}$	28

input `int(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/315*x^(5/2)*(35*B*b*x^2+45*A*b*x+45*B*a*x+63*A*a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2}{315}(35Bbx^4 + 63Aax^2 + 45(Ba+Ab)x^3)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/315*(35*B*b*x^4 + 63*A*a*x^2 + 45*(B*a + A*b)*x^3)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2Aax^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{2Abx^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Bax^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Bbx^{9/2}}{9}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A), x)`

output `2*A*a*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*A*b*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*a*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*b*x**(9/2)/9`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{9} Bbx^{9/2} + \frac{2}{5} Aax^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7} (Ba + Ab)x^{7/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/9*B*b*x^(9/2) + 2/5*A*a*x^(5/2) + 2/7*(B*a + A*b)*x^(7/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{9} Bbx^{9/2} + \frac{2}{7} Bax^{7/2} + \frac{2}{7} Abx^{7/2} + \frac{2}{5} Aax^{5/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/9*B*b*x^(9/2) + 2/7*B*a*x^(7/2) + 2/7*A*b*x^(7/2) + 2/5*A*a*x^(5/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2x^{5/2}(63Aa + 45Abx + 45Bax + 35Bbx^2)}{315}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x),x)`

output `(2*x^(5/2)*(63*A*a + 45*A*b*x + 45*B*a*x + 35*B*b*x^2))/315`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^2(35b^2x^2 + 90abx + 63a^2)}{315}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**2*(63*a**2 + 90*a*b*x + 35*b**2*x**2))/315`

3.175 $\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1223
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1223
Rubi [A] (verified)	1224
Maple [A] (verified)	1225
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1225
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1226
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1226
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1226
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1227
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1227

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{3}aAx^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}(Ab + aB)x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}bBx^{7/2}$$

output $2/3*a*A*x^{(3/2)}+2/5*(A*b+B*a)*x^{(5/2)}+2/7*b*B*x^{(7/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{105}x^{3/2}(7a(5A + 3Bx) + 3bx(7A + 5Bx))$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x),x]`

output $(2*x^{(3/2)}*(7*a*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 3*b*x*(7*A + 5*B*x)))/105$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(x^{3/2}(aB + Ab) + aA\sqrt{x} + bBx^{5/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{5}x^{5/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{3}aAx^{3/2} + \frac{2}{7}bBx^{7/2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(2*a*A*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*b*B*x^(7/2))/7`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(15bBx^2+21Abx+21Bax+35Aa)}{105}$	28
derivativedivides	$\frac{2aAx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2(Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2bBx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	28
default	$\frac{2aAx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2(Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2bBx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	28
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(15bBx^2+21Abx+21Bax+35Aa)}{105}$	28
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(15bBx^2+21Abx+21Bax+35Aa)}{105}$	28
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(15bBx^2+21Abx+21Bax+35Aa)}{105}$	28

input `int(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/105*x^(3/2)*(15*B*b*x^2+21*A*b*x+21*B*a*x+35*A*a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{105} (15Bbx^3 + 35Aax + 21(Ba+Ab)x^2) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/105*(15*B*b*x^3 + 35*A*a*x + 21*(B*a + A*b)*x^2)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2Aax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bbx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(Ab+Ba)}{5}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A), x)`output `2*A*a*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*b*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*x**(5/2)*(A*b + B*a)/5`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{7}Bbx^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{3}Aax^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2}{5}(Ba+Ab)x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/7*B*b*x^(7/2) + 2/3*A*a*x^(3/2) + 2/5*(B*a + A*b)*x^(5/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{7}Bbx^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{5}Bax^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{5}Abx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3}Aax^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/7*B*b*x^(7/2) + 2/5*B*a*x^(5/2) + 2/5*A*b*x^(5/2) + 2/3*A*a*x^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2x^{3/2}(35Aa + 21Abx + 21Bax + 15Bbx^2)}{105}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x),x)`

output `(2*x^(3/2)*(35*A*a + 21*A*b*x + 21*B*a*x + 15*B*b*x^2))/105`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x(15b^2x^2 + 42abx + 35a^2)}{105}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x*(35*a**2 + 42*a*b*x + 15*b**2*x**2))/105`

$$3.176 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	1228
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1228
Rubi [A] (verified)	1229
Maple [A] (verified)	1230
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1230
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1231
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1231
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1231
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1232
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1232

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2aA\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}(Ab+aB)x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}bBx^{5/2}$$

output `2*a*A*x^(1/2)+2/3*(A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2)+2/5*b*B*x^(5/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{15}\sqrt{x}(5a(3A+Bx)+bx(5A+3Bx))$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[x]*(5*a*(3*A + B*x) + b*x*(5*A + 3*B*x)))/15`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\sqrt{x}(aB + Ab) + \frac{aA}{\sqrt{x}} + bBx^{3/2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2}{3}x^{3/2}(aB + Ab) + 2aA\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{5}bBx^{5/2}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `2*a*A*Sqrt[x] + (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*b*B*x^(5/2))/5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_)+(b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
trager	$(\frac{2}{5}bBx^2 + \frac{2}{3}Abx + \frac{2}{3}Bax + 2Aa)\sqrt{x}$	27
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(3bBx^2+5Abx+5Bax+15Aa)}{15}$	28
derivativdivides	$2aA\sqrt{x} + \frac{2(Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2bBx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	28
default	$2aA\sqrt{x} + \frac{2(Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2bBx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	28
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(3bBx^2+5Abx+5Bax+15Aa)}{15}$	28
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(3bBx^2+5Abx+5Bax+15Aa)}{15}$	28

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(2/5*b*B*x^2+2/3*A*b*x+2/3*B*a*x+2*A*a)*x^(1/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{15} (3Bbx^2 + 15Aa + 5(Ba+Ab)x)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/15*(3*B*b*x^2 + 15*A*a + 5*(B*a + A*b)*x)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2Aa\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Abx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bbx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x**(1/2),x)`

output `2*A*a*sqrt(x) + 2*A*b*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*a*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*b*x**(5/2)/5`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{5} Bbx^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2Aa\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3} (Ba + Ab)x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*B*b*x^(5/2) + 2*A*a*sqrt(x) + 2/3*(B*a + A*b)*x^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{5} Bbx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} Bax^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} Abx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Aa\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/5*B*b*x^(5/2) + 2/3*B*a*x^(3/2) + 2/3*A*b*x^(3/2) + 2*A*a*sqrt(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(15Aa + 5Abx + 5Bax + 3Bbx^2)}{15}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x))/x^(1/2),x)`output `(2*x^(1/2)*(15*A*a + 5*A*b*x + 5*B*a*x + 3*B*b*x^2))/15`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(3b^2x^2 + 10abx + 15a^2)}{15}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*(15*a**2 + 10*a*b*x + 3*b**2*x**2))/15`

$$3.177 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1233
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1233
Rubi [A] (verified)	1234
Maple [A] (verified)	1235
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1235
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1236
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1236
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1236
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1237
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1237

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2aA}{\sqrt{x}} + 2(Ab+aB)\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}bBx^{3/2}$$

output `-2*a*A/x^(1/2)+2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)+2/3*b*B*x^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3aA-3Abx-3aBx-bBx^2)}{3\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*(3*a*A - 3*A*b*x - 3*a*B*x - b*B*x^2))/(3*sqrt[x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{aB + Ab}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{aA}{x^{3/2}} + bB\sqrt{x} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2\sqrt{x}(aB + Ab) - \frac{2aA}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3}bBx^{3/2}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*a*A)/Sqrt[x] + 2*(A*b + a*B)*Sqrt[x] + (2*b*B*x^(3/2))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(-bBx^2-3Abx-3Bax+3Aa)}{3\sqrt{x}}$	28
trager	$-\frac{2(-bBx^2-3Abx-3Bax+3Aa)}{3\sqrt{x}}$	28
risch	$-\frac{2(-bBx^2-3Abx-3Bax+3Aa)}{3\sqrt{x}}$	28
orering	$-\frac{2(-bBx^2-3Abx-3Bax+3Aa)}{3\sqrt{x}}$	28
derivativedivides	$\frac{2bBx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab\sqrt{x} + 2Ba\sqrt{x} - \frac{2aA}{\sqrt{x}}$	30
default	$\frac{2bBx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab\sqrt{x} + 2Ba\sqrt{x} - \frac{2aA}{\sqrt{x}}$	30

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*(-B*b*x^2-3*A*b*x-3*B*a*x+3*A*a)/x^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bbx^2 - 3Aa + 3(Ba + Ab)x)}{3\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(B*b*x^2 - 3*A*a + 3*(B*a + A*b)*x)/sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Ab\sqrt{x} + 2Ba\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bbx^{3/2}}{3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x**(3/2),x)`output `-2*A*a/sqrt(x) + 2*A*b*sqrt(x) + 2*B*a*sqrt(x) + 2*B*b*x**(3/2)/3`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} Bbx^{3/2} - \frac{2Aa}{\sqrt{x}} + 2(Ba + Ab)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*B*b*x^(3/2) - 2*A*a/sqrt(x) + 2*(B*a + A*b)*sqrt(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} Bbx^{3/2} + 2Ba\sqrt{x} + 2Ab\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Aa}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*B*b*x^(3/2) + 2*B*a*sqrt(x) + 2*A*b*sqrt(x) - 2*A*a/sqrt(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6Abx - 6Aa + 6Bax + 2Bbx^2}{3\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x))/x^(3/2),x)`output `(6*A*b*x - 6*A*a + 6*B*a*x + 2*B*b*x^2)/(3*x^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}b^2x^2 + 4abx - 2a^2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(- 3*a**2 + 6*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))/(3*sqrt(x))`

$$3.178 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1238
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1238
Rubi [A] (verified)	1239
Maple [A] (verified)	1240
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1240
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1241
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1241
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1241
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1242
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1242

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2aA}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2(Ab+aB)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2bB\sqrt{x}$$

output

$$-2/3*a*A/x^{(3/2)}-2*(A*b+B*a)/x^{(1/2)}+2*b*B*x^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3bx(A-Bx)+a(A+3Bx))}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[\frac{(a+b*x)*(A+B*x)}{x^{(5/2)}},x]$$

output

$$(-2*(3*b*x*(A-B*x)+a*(A+3*B*x)))/(3*x^{(3/2)})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{aB + Ab}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{aA}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{bB}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2(aB + Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2aA}{3x^{3/2}} + 2bB\sqrt{x}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*a*A)/(3*x^(3/2)) - (2*(A*b + a*B))/Sqrt[x] + 2*b*B*Sqrt[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(-3bBx^2+3Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	27
trager	$-\frac{2(-3bBx^2+3Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	27
risch	$-\frac{2(-3bBx^2+3Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	27
orering	$-\frac{2(-3bBx^2+3Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	27
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2aA}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(Ab+Ba)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2bB\sqrt{x}$	28
default	$-\frac{2aA}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(Ab+Ba)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2bB\sqrt{x}$	28

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-2/3*(-3*B*b*x^2+3*A*b*x+3*B*a*x+A*a)/x^(3/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bbx^2 - Aa - 3(Ba+Ab)x)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3*(3*B*b*x^2 - A*a - 3*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^(3/2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2Ab}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2Ba}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Bb\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x**(5/2),x)`output `-2*A*a/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*A*b/sqrt(x) - 2*B*a/sqrt(x) + 2*B*b*sqrt(x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = 2Bb\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(Aa + 3(Ba + Ab)x)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*B*b*sqrt(x) - 2/3*(A*a + 3*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^(3/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = 2Bb\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(3Bax + 3Abx + Aa)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*B*b*sqrt(x) - 2/3*(3*B*a*x + 3*A*b*x + A*a)/x^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa + 6Abx + 6Bax - 6Bbx^2}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)/x^(5/2),x)`output `-(2*A*a + 6*A*b*x + 6*B*a*x - 6*B*b*x^2)/(3*x^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2b^2x^2 - 4abx - \frac{2}{3}a^2}{\sqrt{x}x}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(- a**2 - 6*a*b*x + 3*b**2*x**2))/(3*sqrt(x)*x)`

3.179 $\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1243
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1243
Rubi [A] (verified)	1244
Maple [A] (verified)	1245
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1245
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1246
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1246
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1246
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1247
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1247

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2aA}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2(Ab + aB)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2bB}{\sqrt{x}}$$

output `-2/5*a*A/x^(5/2)-2/3*(A*b+B*a)/x^(3/2)-2*b*B/x^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3aA + 5Abx + 5aBx + 15bBx^2)}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2),x]`

output `(-2*(3*a*A + 5*A*b*x + 5*a*B*x + 15*b*B*x^2))/(15*x^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{aB + Ab}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{aA}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{bB}{x^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2(aB + Ab)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2aA}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2bB}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2),x]`

output `(-2*a*A)/(5*x^(5/2)) - (2*(A*b + a*B))/(3*x^(3/2)) - (2*b*B)/Sqrt[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(15bBx^2+5Abx+5Bax+3Aa)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	28
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2aA}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(Ab+Ba)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2bB}{\sqrt{x}}$	28
default	$-\frac{2aA}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(Ab+Ba)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2bB}{\sqrt{x}}$	28
trager	$-\frac{2(15bBx^2+5Abx+5Bax+3Aa)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	28
risch	$-\frac{2(15bBx^2+5Abx+5Bax+3Aa)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	28
orering	$-\frac{2(15bBx^2+5Abx+5Bax+3Aa)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	28

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-2/15*(15*B*b*x^2+5*A*b*x+5*B*a*x+3*A*a)/x^(5/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(15Bbx^2+3Aa+5(Ba+Ab)x)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-2/15*(15*B*b*x^2 + 3*A*a + 5*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^(5/2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2Ab}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2Ba}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2Bb}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x**(7/2),x)`output `-2*A*a/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*A*b/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B*a/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B*b/sqrt(x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(15 Bbx^2 + 3 Aa + 5 (Ba + Ab)x)}{15 x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2/15*(15*B*b*x^2 + 3*A*a + 5*(B*a + A*b)*x)/x^(5/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(15 Bbx^2 + 5 Bax + 5 Abx + 3 Aa)}{15 x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/15*(15*B*b*x^2 + 5*B*a*x + 5*A*b*x + 3*A*a)/x^(5/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2Bbx^2 + \left(\frac{2Ab}{3} + \frac{2Ba}{3}\right)x + \frac{2Aa}{5}}{x^{5/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x))/x^(7/2),x)`output `-((2*A*a)/5 + x*((2*A*b)/3 + (2*B*a)/3) + 2*B*b*x^2)/x^(5/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-2b^2x^2 - \frac{4}{3}abx - \frac{2}{5}a^2}{\sqrt{x}x^2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x)`output `(2*(-3*a**2 - 10*a*b*x - 15*b**2*x**2))/(15*sqrt(x)*x**2)`

3.180 $\int x^{7/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1248
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1248
Rubi [A] (verified)	1249
Maple [A] (verified)	1250
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1250
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1251
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1251
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1252
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1252
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1253

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{9}a^2Ax^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}a(2Ab + aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}b(Ab + 2aB)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{15}b^2Bx^{15/2}$$

output

```
2/9*a^2*A*x^(9/2)+2/11*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(11/2)+2/13*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(13/2)+
2/15*b^2*B*x^(15/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2x^{9/2}(65a^2(11A + 9Bx) + 90abx(13A + 11Bx) + 33b^2x^2(15A + 13Bx))}{6435}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2x^{9/2})(65a^2(11A + 9Bx) + 90abx(13A + 11Bx) + 33b^2x^2(15A + 13Bx))}{6435}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(a^2Ax^{7/2} + bx^{11/2}(2aB + Ab) + ax^{9/2}(aB + 2Ab) + b^2Bx^{13/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{9}a^2Ax^{9/2} + \frac{2}{13}bx^{13/2}(2aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{11}ax^{11/2}(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{15}b^2Bx^{15/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(7/2)}*(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2a^2Ax^{9/2})}{9} + \frac{(2a*(2A*b + a*B)*x^{(11/2)})}{11} + \frac{(2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{(13/2)})}{13} + \frac{(2*b^2*B*x^{(15/2)})}{15}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

$$\text{Int}[\left((d_*)^{(x_*)} \right)^{(n_*)} * ((a_*) + (b_*)^{(x_*)} * ((e_*) + (f_*)^{(x_*)})^{(p_*)}), x_] :$$

$$> \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$$

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(429Bb^2x^3+495Ab^2x^2+990Babx^2+1170aAbx+585Ba^2x+715a^2A)}{6435}$	52
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2a^2Ax^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	52
default	$\frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2a^2Ax^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	52
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(429Bb^2x^3+495Ab^2x^2+990Babx^2+1170aAbx+585Ba^2x+715a^2A)}{6435}$	52
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(429Bb^2x^3+495Ab^2x^2+990Babx^2+1170aAbx+585Ba^2x+715a^2A)}{6435}$	52
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(429Bb^2x^3+495Ab^2x^2+990Babx^2+1170aAbx+585Ba^2x+715a^2A)}{6435}$	52

input `int(x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{6435}x^{\frac{9}{2}}*(429*B*b^2*x^3+495*A*b^2*x^2+990*B*a*b*x^2+1170*A*a*b*x+585*B*a^2*x+715*A*a^2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2}{6435}(429Bb^2x^7+715Aa^2x^4+495(2Bab+Ab^2)x^6+585(Ba^2+2Aab)x^5)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/6435*(429*B*b^2*x^7 + 715*A*a^2*x^4 + 495*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^6 + 585*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^5)*\text{sqrt}(x)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2Aa^2x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{4Aabx^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2Ba^2x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{4Babx^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{15/2}}{15}$$

input `integrate(xx**(7/2)*(b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A),x)`

output $2*A*a**2*x**(9/2)/9 + 4*A*a*b*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*A*b**2*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*B*a**2*x**(11/2)/11 + 4*B*a*b*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*B*b**2*x**(15/2)/15$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{15} Bb^2x^{15/2} + \frac{2}{9} Aa^2x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{13} (2Bab + Ab^2)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{11} (Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^{11/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $2/15*B*b^2*x^(15/2) + 2/9*A*a^2*x^(9/2) + 2/13*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^(13/2) + 2/11*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^(11/2)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2}{15}Bb^2x^{15/2} + \frac{4}{13}Babx^{13/2} + \frac{2}{13}Ab^2x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{11}Ba^2x^{11/2} + \frac{4}{11}Aabx^{11/2} + \frac{2}{9}Aa^2x^{9/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*B*b^2*x^(15/2) + 4/13*B*a*b*x^(13/2) + 2/13*A*b^2*x^(13/2) + 2/11*B*a^2*x^(11/2) + 4/11*A*a*b*x^(11/2) + 2/9*A*a^2*x^(9/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)dx = x^{11/2}\left(\frac{2Ba^2}{11} + \frac{4Aba}{11}\right) + x^{13/2}\left(\frac{2Ab^2}{13} + \frac{4Bab}{13}\right) + \frac{2Aa^2x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{15/2}}{15}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `x^(11/2)*((2*B*a^2)/11 + (4*A*a*b)/11) + x^(13/2)*((2*A*b^2)/13 + (4*B*a*b)/13) + (2*A*a^2*x^(9/2))/9 + (2*B*b^2*x^(15/2))/15`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^4(429b^3x^3 + 1485ab^2x^2 + 1755a^2bx + 715a^3)}{6435}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**4*(715*a**3 + 1755*a**2*b*x + 1485*a*b**2*x**2 + 429*b**3*x**3))/6435`

3.181 $\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1254
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1254
Rubi [A] (verified)	1255
Maple [A] (verified)	1256
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1256
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1257
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1257
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1258
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1258
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1259

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{7}a^2Ax^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}a(2Ab + aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}b(Ab + 2aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}b^2Bx^{13/2}$$

output $2/7*a^2*A*x^(7/2)+2/9*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(9/2)+2/11*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(11/2)+2/13*b^2*B*x^(13/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2x^{7/2}(143a^2(9A + 7Bx) + 182abx(11A + 9Bx) + 63b^2x^2(13A + 11Bx))}{9009}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^{5/2}*(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x), x]$

output

$$\frac{(2x^{7/2})(143a^2(9A + 7Bx) + 182abx(11A + 9Bx) + 63b^2x^2(13A + 11Bx))}{9009}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (a^2Ax^{5/2} + bx^{9/2}(2aB + Ab) + ax^{7/2}(aB + 2Ab) + b^2Bx^{11/2}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{7}a^2Ax^{7/2} + \frac{2}{11}bx^{11/2}(2aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{9}ax^{9/2}(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{13}b^2Bx^{13/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(5/2)}*(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2a^2Ax^{7/2})}{7} + \frac{(2a*(2A*b + a*B)*x^{9/2})}{9} + \frac{(2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{11/2})}{11} + \frac{(2*b^2*B*x^{13/2})}{13}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(693Bb^2x^3+819Ab^2x^2+1638Babx^2+2002aAbx+1001Ba^2x+1287a^2A)}{9009}$	52
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2a^2Ax^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	52
default	$\frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2a^2Ax^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	52
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(693Bb^2x^3+819Ab^2x^2+1638Babx^2+2002aAbx+1001Ba^2x+1287a^2A)}{9009}$	52
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(693Bb^2x^3+819Ab^2x^2+1638Babx^2+2002aAbx+1001Ba^2x+1287a^2A)}{9009}$	52
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(693Bb^2x^3+819Ab^2x^2+1638Babx^2+2002aAbx+1001Ba^2x+1287a^2A)}{9009}$	52

input `int(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/9009*x^(7/2)*(693*B*b^2*x^3+819*A*b^2*x^2+1638*B*a*b*x^2+2002*A*a*b*x+1001*B*a^2*x+1287*A*a^2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2}{9009} (693Bb^2x^6 + 1287Aa^2x^3 + 819(2Bab + Ab^2)x^5 + 1001(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^4)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/9009*(693*B*b^2*x^6 + 1287*A*a^2*x^3 + 819*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^5 + 1001*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^4)*\text{sqrt}(x)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2Aa^2x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{4Aabx^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{2Ba^2x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{4Babx^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{13/2}}{13}$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A),x)`

output $2*A*a**2*x**(7/2)/7 + 4*A*a*b*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*A*b**2*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*B*a**2*x**(9/2)/9 + 4*B*a*b*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*B*b**2*x**(13/2)/13$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{13} Bb^2x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{7} Aa^2x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{11} (2Bab + Ab^2)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{9} (Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^{9/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $2/13*B*b^2*x^(13/2) + 2/7*A*a^2*x^(7/2) + 2/11*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^(11/2) + 2/9*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^(9/2)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2}{13}Bb^2x^{13/2} + \frac{4}{11}Babx^{11/2} + \frac{2}{11}Ab^2x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{9}Ba^2x^{9/2} + \frac{4}{9}Aabx^{9/2} + \frac{2}{7}Aa^2x^{7/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/13*B*b^2*x^(13/2) + 4/11*B*a*b*x^(11/2) + 2/11*A*b^2*x^(11/2) + 2/9*B*a^2*x^(9/2) + 4/9*A*a*b*x^(9/2) + 2/7*A*a^2*x^(7/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)dx = x^{9/2}\left(\frac{2Ba^2}{9} + \frac{4Aba}{9}\right) + x^{11/2}\left(\frac{2Ab^2}{11} + \frac{4Bab}{11}\right) + \frac{2Aa^2x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{13/2}}{13}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `x^(9/2)*((2*B*a^2)/9 + (4*A*a*b)/9) + x^(11/2)*((2*A*b^2)/11 + (4*B*a*b)/11) + (2*A*a^2*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*B*b^2*x^(13/2))/13`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^3(231b^3x^3 + 819ab^2x^2 + 1001a^2bx + 429a^3)}{3003}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**3*(429*a**3 + 1001*a**2*b*x + 819*a*b**2*x**2 + 231*b**3*x**3))/3003`

3.182 $\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1260
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1260
Rubi [A] (verified)	1261
Maple [A] (verified)	1262
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1262
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1263
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1263
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1264
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1264
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1265

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{5}a^2Ax^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}a(2Ab + aB)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}b(Ab + 2aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}b^2Bx^{11/2}$$

output $2/5*a^2*A*x^(5/2)+2/7*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(7/2)+2/9*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(9/2)+2/11*b^2*B*x^(11/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2x^{5/2}(99a^2(7A + 5Bx) + 110abx(9A + 7Bx) + 35b^2x^2(11A + 9Bx))}{3465}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^{3/2}*(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x), x]$

output

$$\frac{(2x^{5/2}(99a^2(7A + 5Bx) + 110abx(9A + 7Bx) + 35b^2x^2(11A + 9Bx)))}{3465}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int (a^2Ax^{3/2} + bx^{7/2}(2aB + Ab) + ax^{5/2}(aB + 2Ab) + b^2Bx^{9/2}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{5}a^2Ax^{5/2} + \frac{2}{9}bx^{9/2}(2aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{7}ax^{7/2}(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{11}b^2Bx^{11/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(3/2)}*(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2a^2Ax^{5/2})}{5} + \frac{(2a*(2A*b + a*B)*x^{7/2})}{7} + \frac{(2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{9/2})}{9} + \frac{(2*b^2*B*x^{11/2})}{11}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

$$\text{Int}[\text{((d_.)*(x_.))}^{\text{(n_.)}}*\text{((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))*\text{((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))}^{\text{(p_.)}}, x] :$$

$$> \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*e + a*f, 0] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*p + 5*n, 0] \ || \ \text{GeQ}[n + p + 1, 0] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[n + p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[a, b, d, e, f])) \ \&\& \ (\text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1])$$

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(315Bb^2x^3+385Ab^2x^2+770Babx^2+990aAbx+495Ba^2x+693a^2A)}{3465}$	52
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2a^2Ax^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	52
default	$\frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2a^2Ax^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	52
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(315Bb^2x^3+385Ab^2x^2+770Babx^2+990aAbx+495Ba^2x+693a^2A)}{3465}$	52
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(315Bb^2x^3+385Ab^2x^2+770Babx^2+990aAbx+495Ba^2x+693a^2A)}{3465}$	52
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(315Bb^2x^3+385Ab^2x^2+770Babx^2+990aAbx+495Ba^2x+693a^2A)}{3465}$	52

input `int(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3465*x^(5/2)*(315*B*b^2*x^3+385*A*b^2*x^2+770*B*a*b*x^2+990*A*a*b*x+495*B*a^2*x+693*A*a^2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2}{3465} (315Bb^2x^5 + 693Aa^2x^2 + 385(2Bab + Ab^2)x^4 + 495(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^3) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/3465*(315*B*b^2*x^5 + 693*A*a^2*x^2 + 385*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^4 + 495*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^3)*\text{sqrt}(x)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2Aa^2x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{4Aabx^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Ba^2x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{4Babx^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{11/2}}{11}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A), x)`

output $2*A*a**2*x**(5/2)/5 + 4*A*a*b*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*A*b**2*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*a**2*x**(7/2)/7 + 4*B*a*b*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*b**2*x**(11/2)/11$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{11} Bb^2x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{5} Aa^2x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{9} (2 Bab + Ab^2)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{7} (Ba^2 + 2 Aab)x^{7/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $2/11*B*b^2*x^(11/2) + 2/5*A*a^2*x^(5/2) + 2/9*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^(9/2) + 2/7*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^(7/2)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2}{11}Bb^2x^{11/2} + \frac{4}{9}Babx^{9/2} + \frac{2}{9}Ab^2x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{7}Ba^2x^{7/2} + \frac{4}{7}Aabx^{7/2} + \frac{2}{5}Aa^2x^{5/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/11*B*b^2*x^(11/2) + 4/9*B*a*b*x^(9/2) + 2/9*A*b^2*x^(9/2) + 2/7*B*a^2*x^(7/2) + 4/7*A*a*b*x^(7/2) + 2/5*A*a^2*x^(5/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)dx = x^{7/2}\left(\frac{2Ba^2}{7} + \frac{4Aba}{7}\right) + x^{9/2}\left(\frac{2Ab^2}{9} + \frac{4Bab}{9}\right) + \frac{2Aa^2x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{11/2}}{11}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `x^(7/2)*((2*B*a^2)/7 + (4*A*a*b)/7) + x^(9/2)*((2*A*b^2)/9 + (4*B*a*b)/9) + (2*A*a^2*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*B*b^2*x^(11/2))/11`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^2(105b^3x^3 + 385ab^2x^2 + 495a^2bx + 231a^3)}{1155}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**2*(231*a**3 + 495*a**2*b*x + 385*a*b**2*x**2 + 105*b**3*x**3))/1155`

3.183 $\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1266
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1266
Rubi [A] (verified)	1267
Maple [A] (verified)	1268
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1268
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1269
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1269
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1270
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1270
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1271

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{3}a^2Ax^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}a(2Ab + aB)x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}b(Ab + 2aB)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}b^2Bx^{9/2}$$

output

$2/3*a^2*A*x^(3/2)+2/5*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(5/2)+2/7*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(7/2)+2/9*b^2*B*x^(9/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{315}x^{3/2}(21a^2(5A + 3Bx) + 18abx(7A + 5Bx) + 5b^2x^2(9A + 7Bx))$$

input

`Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x),x]`

output

$(2*x^(3/2)*(21*a^2*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 18*a*b*x*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 5*b^2*x^2*(9*A + 7*B*x)))/315$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(a^2 A \sqrt{x} + bx^{5/2}(2aB + Ab) + ax^{3/2}(aB + 2Ab) + b^2 Bx^{7/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{3}a^2 Ax^{3/2} + \frac{2}{7}bx^{7/2}(2aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{5}ax^{5/2}(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{9}b^2 Bx^{9/2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(2*a^2*A*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*b^2*B*x^(9/2))/9`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(35Bb^2x^3+45Ab^2x^2+90Babx^2+126aAbx+63Ba^2x+105a^2A)}{315}$	52
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2a^2Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	52
default	$\frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2a^2Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	52
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(35Bb^2x^3+45Ab^2x^2+90Babx^2+126aAbx+63Ba^2x+105a^2A)}{315}$	52
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(35Bb^2x^3+45Ab^2x^2+90Babx^2+126aAbx+63Ba^2x+105a^2A)}{315}$	52
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(35Bb^2x^3+45Ab^2x^2+90Babx^2+126aAbx+63Ba^2x+105a^2A)}{315}$	52

input `int(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/315*x^(3/2)*(35*B*b^2*x^3+45*A*b^2*x^2+90*B*a*b*x^2+126*A*a*b*x+63*B*a^2*x+105*A*a^2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{315} (35Bb^2x^4 + 105Aa^2x + 45(2Bab + Ab^2)x^3 + 63(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^2) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/315*(35*B*b^2*x^4 + 105*A*a^2*x + 45*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^3 + 63*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^2)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2Aa^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(Ab^2+2Bab)}{7} + \frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}} \cdot (2Aab+Ba^2)}{5}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A),x)`output `2*A*a**2*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*b**2*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*x**(7/2)*(A*b**2 + 2*B*a*b)/7 + 2*x**(5/2)*(2*A*a*b + B*a**2)/5`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{9}Bb^2x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{3}Aa^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2}{7}(2Bab+Ab^2)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{5}(Ba^2+2Aab)x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/9*B*b^2*x^(9/2) + 2/3*A*a^2*x^(3/2) + 2/7*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^(7/2) + 2/5*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^(5/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{9} Bb^2 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{4}{7} Babx^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} Ab^2 x^{\frac{7}{2}} \\ + \frac{2}{5} Ba^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{4}{5} Aabx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} Aa^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/9*B*b^2*x^(9/2) + 4/7*B*a*b*x^(7/2) + 2/7*A*b^2*x^(7/2) + 2/5*B*a^2*x^(5/2) + 4/5*A*a*b*x^(5/2) + 2/3*A*a^2*x^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = x^{5/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^2}{5} + \frac{4Aba}{5} \right) \\ + x^{7/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^2}{7} + \frac{4Bab}{7} \right) + \frac{2Aa^2 x^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2Bb^2 x^{9/2}}{9}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `x^(5/2)*((2*B*a^2)/5 + (4*A*a*b)/5) + x^(7/2)*((2*A*b^2)/7 + (4*B*a*b)/7) + (2*A*a^2*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*B*b^2*x^(9/2))/9`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x(35b^3x^3 + 135ab^2x^2 + 189a^2bx + 105a^3)}{315}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x*(105*a**3 + 189*a**2*b*x + 135*a*b**2*x**2 + 35*b**3*x**3))/315`

3.184 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	1272
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1272
Rubi [A] (verified)	1273
Maple [A] (verified)	1274
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1274
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1275
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1275
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1275
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1276
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1276

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2a^2 A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}a(2Ab+aB)x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}b(Ab+2aB)x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}b^2 Bx^{7/2}$$

output `2*a^2*A*x^(1/2)+2/3*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2)+2/5*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(5/2)+2/7*b^2*B*x^(7/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{105}\sqrt{x}(35a^2(3A+Bx) + 14abx(5A+3Bx) + 3b^2x^2(7A+5Bx))$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[x], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[x]*(35*a^2*(3*A + B*x) + 14*a*b*x*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 3*b^2*x^2*(7*A + 5*B*x)))/105`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2 A}{\sqrt{x}} + bx^{3/2}(2aB + Ab) + a\sqrt{x}(aB + 2Ab) + b^2 Bx^{5/2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2a^2 A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{5}bx^{5/2}(2aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{3}ax^{3/2}(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{7}b^2 Bx^{7/2}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `2*a^2*A*Sqrt[x] + (2*a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*b^2*B*x^(7/2))/7`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
trager	$(\frac{2}{7}Bb^2x^3 + \frac{2}{5}Ab^2x^2 + \frac{4}{5}Babx^2 + \frac{4}{3}aAbx + \frac{2}{3}Ba^2x + 2a^2A)\sqrt{x}$	51
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(15Bb^2x^3+21Ab^2x^2+42Babx^2+70aAbx+35Ba^2x+105a^2A)}{105}$	52
derivativdivides	$\frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2a^2A\sqrt{x}$	52
default	$\frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(b^2A+2abB)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(2abA+a^2B)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2a^2A\sqrt{x}$	52
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(15Bb^2x^3+21Ab^2x^2+42Babx^2+70aAbx+35Ba^2x+105a^2A)}{105}$	52
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(15Bb^2x^3+21Ab^2x^2+42Babx^2+70aAbx+35Ba^2x+105a^2A)}{105}$	52

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(2/7*B*b^2*x^3+2/5*A*b^2*x^2+4/5*B*a*b*x^2+4/3*a*A*b*x+2/3*B*a^2*x+2*a^2*A)*x^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{105} (15Bb^2x^3 + 105Aa^2 + 21(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 35(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/105*(15*B*b^2*x^3 + 105*A*a^2 + 21*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 35*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2Aa^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{4Aabx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ba^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{4Babx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A)/x**(1/2),x)`

output `2*A*a**2*sqrt(x) + 4*A*a*b*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*A*b**2*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*a**2*x**(3/2)/3 + 4*B*a*b*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*b**2*x**(7/2)/7`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{7} Bb^2x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2Aa^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{5} (2Bab + Ab^2)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} (Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/7*B*b^2*x^(7/2) + 2*A*a^2*sqrt(x) + 2/5*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^(5/2) + 2/3*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{7} Bb^2x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{4}{5} Babx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} Ab^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} Ba^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{4}{3} Aabx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Aa^2\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $2/7*B*b^2*x^{(7/2)} + 4/5*B*a*b*x^{(5/2)} + 2/5*A*b^2*x^{(5/2)} + 2/3*B*a^2*x^{(3/2)} + 4/3*A*a*b*x^{(3/2)} + 2*A*a^2*\text{sqrt}(x)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^2}{3} + \frac{4Aba}{3} \right) + x^{5/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^2}{5} + \frac{4Bab}{5} \right) + 2Aa^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{7/2}}{7}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2)/x^(1/2), x)`

output $x^{(3/2)}*((2*B*a^2)/3 + (4*A*a*b)/3) + x^{(5/2)}*((2*A*b^2)/5 + (4*B*a*b)/5) + 2*A*a^2*x^{(1/2)} + (2*B*b^2*x^{(7/2)})/7$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(5b^3x^3 + 21ab^2x^2 + 35a^2bx + 35a^3)}{35}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2), x)`

output $(2*\text{sqrt}(x)*(35*a**3 + 35*a**2*b*x + 21*a*b**2*x**2 + 5*b**3*x**3))/35$

$$3.185 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1277
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1277
Rubi [A] (verified)	1278
Maple [A] (verified)	1279
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1279
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1280
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1280
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1280
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1281
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1281

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^2A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2a(2Ab+aB)\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}b(Ab+2aB)x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}b^2Bx^{5/2}$$

output

```
-2*a^2*A/x^(1/2)+2*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)+2/3*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(3/2)+2/5*b^2*B*x^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-30a^2(A-Bx) + 20abx(3A+Bx) + 2b^2x^2(5A+3Bx)}{15\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(-30*a^2*(A - B*x) + 20*a*b*x*(3*A + B*x) + 2*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 3*B*x))/(15*Sqrt[x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2 A}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + b\sqrt{x}(2aB + Ab) + b^2 Bx^{3/2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^2 A}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3}bx^{3/2}(2aB + Ab) + 2a\sqrt{x}(aB + 2Ab) + \frac{2}{5}b^2 Bx^{5/2}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*a^2*A)/Sqrt[x] + 2*a*(2*A*b + a*B)*Sqrt[x] + (2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*b^2*B*x^(5/2))/5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(-3Bb^2x^3-5Ab^2x^2-10Babx^2-30aAbx-15Ba^2x+15a^2A)}{15\sqrt{x}}$	52
trager	$-\frac{2(-3Bb^2x^3-5Ab^2x^2-10Babx^2-30aAbx-15Ba^2x+15a^2A)}{15\sqrt{x}}$	52
risch	$-\frac{2(-3Bb^2x^3-5Ab^2x^2-10Babx^2-30aAbx-15Ba^2x+15a^2A)}{15\sqrt{x}}$	52
orering	$-\frac{2(-3Bb^2x^3-5Ab^2x^2-10Babx^2-30aAbx-15Ba^2x+15a^2A)}{15\sqrt{x}}$	52
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{4Babx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4abA\sqrt{x} + 2a^2B\sqrt{x} - \frac{2a^2A}{\sqrt{x}}$	54
default	$\frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{4Babx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4abA\sqrt{x} + 2a^2B\sqrt{x} - \frac{2a^2A}{\sqrt{x}}$	54

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-\frac{2}{15}(-3Bb^2x^3-5Ab^2x^2-10Babx^2-30aAbx-15Ba^2x+15a^2A)/x^{1/2}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bb^2x^3-15Aa^2+5(2Bab+Ab^2)x^2+15(Ba^2+2Aab)x)}{15\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{2}{15}(3Bb^2x^3-15Aa^2+5(2Bab+Ab^2)x^2+15(Ba^2+2Aab)x)/\sqrt{x}$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 4Aab\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{3/2}}{3} + 2Ba^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{4Babx^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{5/2}}{5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A)/x**(3/2),x)`output `-2*A*a**2/sqrt(x) + 4*A*a*b*sqrt(x) + 2*A*b**2*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*a**2*sqrt(x) + 4*B*a*b*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*b**2*x**(5/2)/5`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5}Bb^2x^{5/2} - \frac{2Aa^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3}(2Bab + Ab^2)x^{3/2} + 2(Ba^2 + 2Aab)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/5*B*b^2*x^(5/2) - 2*A*a^2/sqrt(x) + 2/3*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^(3/2) + 2*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*sqrt(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5}Bb^2x^{5/2} + \frac{4}{3}Babx^{3/2} + \frac{2}{3}Ab^2x^{3/2} + 2Ba^2\sqrt{x} + 4Aab\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Aa^2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/5*B*b^2*x^(5/2) + 4/3*B*a*b*x^(3/2) + 2/3*A*b^2*x^(3/2) + 2*B*a^2*sqrt(x) + 4*A*a*b*sqrt(x) - 2*A*a^2/sqrt(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \sqrt{x} (2B a^2 + 4A b a) + x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2A b^2}{3} + \frac{4B a b}{3} \right) - \frac{2A a^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2B b^2 x^{5/2}}{5}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2)/x^(3/2),x)`output `x^(1/2)*(2*B*a^2 + 4*A*a*b) + x^(3/2)*((2*A*b^2)/3 + (4*B*a*b)/3) - (2*A*a^2)/x^(1/2) + (2*B*b^2*x^(5/2))/5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}b^3x^3 + 2ab^2x^2 + 6a^2bx - 2a^3}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(- 5*a**3 + 15*a**2*b*x + 5*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))/(5*sqrt(x))`

$$3.186 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1282
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1282
Rubi [A] (verified)	1283
Maple [A] (verified)	1284
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1284
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1285
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1285
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1285
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1286
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1286

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^2A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2a(2Ab+aB)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b(Ab+2aB)\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}b^2Bx^{3/2}$$

output

```
-2/3*a^2*A/x^(3/2)-2*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^(1/2)+2*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(1/2)+2/3*b^2*B*x^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(6abx(-A+Bx) + b^2x^2(3A+Bx) - a^2(A+3Bx))}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(6*a*b*x*(-A + B*x) + b^2*x^2*(3*A + B*x) - a^2*(A + 3*B*x)))/(3*x^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2 A}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{b(2aB + Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + b^2 B \sqrt{x} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^2 A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2a(aB + 2Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b\sqrt{x}(2aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{3}b^2 Bx^{3/2}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*a^2*A)/(3*x^(3/2)) - (2*a*(2*A*b + a*B))/Sqrt[x] + 2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*Sqrt[x] + (2*b^2*B*x^(3/2))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(-Bb^2x^3 - 3Ab^2x^2 - 6Babx^2 + 6aAbx + 3Ba^2x + a^2A)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	51
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2b^2A\sqrt{x} + 4abB\sqrt{x} - \frac{2a(2Ab+Ba)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2a^2A}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	51
default	$\frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2b^2A\sqrt{x} + 4abB\sqrt{x} - \frac{2a(2Ab+Ba)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2a^2A}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	51
trager	$-\frac{2(-Bb^2x^3 - 3Ab^2x^2 - 6Babx^2 + 6aAbx + 3Ba^2x + a^2A)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	51
risch	$-\frac{2(-Bb^2x^3 - 3Ab^2x^2 - 6Babx^2 + 6aAbx + 3Ba^2x + a^2A)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	51
orering	$-\frac{2(-Bb^2x^3 - 3Ab^2x^2 - 6Babx^2 + 6aAbx + 3Ba^2x + a^2A)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	51

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/3*(-B*b^2*x^3 - 3*A*b^2*x^2 - 6*B*a*b*x^2 + 6*A*a*b*x + 3*B*a^2*x + A*a^2)/x^{(3/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bb^2x^3 - Aa^2 + 3(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 - 3(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$2/3*(B*b^2*x^3 - A*a^2 + 3*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^{(3/2)}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^2}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{4Aab}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Ab^2\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Ba^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 4Bab\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{3/2}}{3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A)/x**(5/2),x)`output `-2*A*a**2/(3*x**(3/2)) - 4*A*a*b/sqrt(x) + 2*A*b**2*sqrt(x) - 2*B*a**2/sqrt(x) + 4*B*a*b*sqrt(x) + 2*B*b**2*x**(3/2)/3`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3}Bb^2x^{3/2} + 2(2Bab + Ab^2)\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(Aa^2 + 3(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*B*b^2*x^(3/2) + 2*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*sqrt(x) - 2/3*(A*a^2 + 3*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^(3/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3}Bb^2x^{3/2} + 4Bab\sqrt{x} + 2Ab^2\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(3Ba^2x + 6Aabx + Aa^2)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*B*b^2*x^(3/2) + 4*B*a*b*sqrt(x) + 2*A*b^2*sqrt(x) - 2/3*(3*B*a^2*x + 6*A*a*b*x + A*a^2)/x^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6 B a^2 x + 2 A a^2 - 12 B a b x^2 + 12 A a b x - 2 B b^2 x^3 - 6 A b^2 x^2}{3 x^{3/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2)/x^(5/2),x)`

output `-(2*A*a^2 - 6*A*b^2*x^2 - 2*B*b^2*x^3 + 6*B*a^2*x - 12*B*a*b*x^2 + 12*A*a*b*x)/(3*x^(3/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}b^3x^3 + 6ab^2x^2 - 6a^2bx - \frac{2}{3}a^3}{\sqrt{x}x}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*(- a**3 - 9*a**2*b*x + 9*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))/(3*sqrt(x)*x)`

3.187 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1287
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1287
Rubi [A] (verified)	1288
Maple [A] (verified)	1289
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1289
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1290
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1290
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1290
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1291
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1291

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^2A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2a(2Ab + aB)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2b(Ab + 2aB)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^2B\sqrt{x}$$

output `-2/5*a^2*A/x^(5/2)-2/3*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^(3/2)-2*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^(1/2)+2*b^2*B*x^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(15b^2x^2(A - Bx) + 10abx(A + 3Bx) + a^2(3A + 5Bx))}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2), x]`

output `(-2*(15*b^2*x^2*(A - B*x) + 10*a*b*x*(A + 3*B*x) + a^2*(3*A + 5*B*x)))/(15*x^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^2 A}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{a(aB + 2Ab)}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{b(2aB + Ab)}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{b^2 B}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^2 A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2a(aB + 2Ab)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2b(2aB + Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^2 B\sqrt{x}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2), x]`

output `(-2*a^2*A)/(5*x^(5/2)) - (2*a*(2*A*b + a*B))/(3*x^(3/2)) - (2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B))/Sqrt[x] + 2*b^2*B*Sqrt[x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2a^2A}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2a(2Ab+Ba)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2b(Ab+2Ba)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^2B\sqrt{x}$	48
default	$-\frac{2a^2A}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2a(2Ab+Ba)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2b(Ab+2Ba)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^2B\sqrt{x}$	48
gospers	$-\frac{2(-15Bb^2x^3+15Ab^2x^2+30Babx^2+10aAbx+5Ba^2x+3a^2A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	52
trager	$-\frac{2(-15Bb^2x^3+15Ab^2x^2+30Babx^2+10aAbx+5Ba^2x+3a^2A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	52
risch	$-\frac{2(-15Bb^2x^3+15Ab^2x^2+30Babx^2+10aAbx+5Ba^2x+3a^2A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	52
orering	$-\frac{2(-15Bb^2x^3+15Ab^2x^2+30Babx^2+10aAbx+5Ba^2x+3a^2A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	52

input `int((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $-2/5*a^2*A/x^{(5/2)}-2/3*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^{(3/2)}-2*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^{(1/2)}+2*b^2*B*x^{(1/2)}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(15Bb^2x^3 - 3Aa^2 - 15(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 - 5(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/15*(15*B*b^2*x^3 - 3*A*a^2 - 15*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 - 5*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^{(5/2)}$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^2}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{4Aab}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2Ab^2}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2Ba^2}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{4Bab}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Bb^2\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A)/x**(7/2),x)`output `-2*A*a**2/(5*x**(5/2)) - 4*A*a*b/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*A*b**2/sqrt(x) - 2*B*a**2/(3*x**(3/2)) - 4*B*a*b/sqrt(x) + 2*B*b**2*sqrt(x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = 2Bb^2\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(3Aa^2 + 15(2Bab + Ab^2)x^2 + 5(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x)}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*B*b^2*sqrt(x) - 2/15*(3*A*a^2 + 15*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x)/x^(5/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = 2Bb^2\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(30Babx^2 + 15Ab^2x^2 + 5Ba^2x + 10Aabx + 3Aa^2)}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$2*B*b^2*\sqrt{x} - 2/15*(30*B*a*b*x^2 + 15*A*b^2*x^2 + 5*B*a^2*x + 10*A*a*b*x + 3*A*a^2)/x^(5/2)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = 2Bb^2\sqrt{x} - \frac{x^2(2Ab^2 + 4Bab) + \frac{2Aa^2}{5} + x\left(\frac{2Ba^2}{3} + \frac{4Aba}{3}\right)}{x^{5/2}}$$

input

$$\text{int}(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2)/x^(7/2), x)$$

output

$$2*B*b^2*x^(1/2) - (x^2*(2*A*b^2 + 4*B*a*b) + (2*A*a^2)/5 + x*((2*B*a^2)/3 + (4*A*a*b)/3))/x^(5/2)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2b^3x^3 - 6ab^2x^2 - 2a^2bx - \frac{2}{5}a^3}{\sqrt{x}x^2}$$

input

$$\text{int}((b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2), x)$$

output

$$(2*(-a**3 - 5*a**2*b*x - 15*a*b**2*x**2 + 5*b**3*x**3))/(5*\sqrt{x}*x**2)$$

3.188 $\int x^{7/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1292
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1292
Rubi [A] (verified)	1293
Maple [A] (verified)	1294
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1295
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1295
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1296
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1296
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1297
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1297

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{9}a^3Ax^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{6}{13}ab(Ab + aB)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{15}b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{15/2} + \frac{2}{17}b^3Bx^{17/2}$$

output

```
2/9*a^3*A*x^(9/2)+2/11*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(11/2)+6/13*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(13/2)+2/15*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(15/2)+2/17*b^3*B*x^(17/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2x^{9/2}(1105a^3(11A + 9Bx) + 2295a^2bx(13A + 11Bx) + 1683ab^2x^2(15A + 13Bx) + 429b^3x^3(17A + 13Bx))}{109395}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

$$(2x^{9/2}(1105a^3(11A + 9Bx) + 2295a^2bx(13A + 11Bx) + 1683ab^2x^2(15A + 13Bx) + 429b^3x^3(17A + 15Bx)))/109395$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int (a^3Ax^{7/2} + a^2x^{9/2}(aB + 3Ab) + b^2x^{13/2}(3aB + Ab) + 3abx^{11/2}(aB + Ab) + b^3Bx^{15/2}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2}{9}a^3Ax^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}a^2x^{11/2}(aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{15}b^2x^{15/2}(3aB + Ab) + \frac{6}{13}abx^{13/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{17}b^3Bx^{17/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(7/2)}*(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x), x]$$

output

$$(2a^3Ax^{(9/2)})/9 + (2a^2*(3A*b + a*B)*x^{(11/2)})/11 + (6a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{(13/2)})/13 + (2b^2*(A*b + 3a*B)*x^{(15/2)})/15 + (2b^3*B*x^{(17/2)})/17$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 85 Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(6435Bb^3x^4+7293Ab^3x^3+21879Bab^2x^3+25245aAb^2x^2+25245Ba^2bx^2+29835a^2Abx+9945Ba^3x+12155a^3A)}{109395}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^3Bx^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(b^3A+3ab^2B)x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(3ab^2A+3a^2bB)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(3a^2bA+a^3B)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2a^3Ax^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$
default	$\frac{2b^3Bx^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(b^3A+3ab^2B)x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(3ab^2A+3a^2bB)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(3a^2bA+a^3B)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2a^3Ax^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(6435Bb^3x^4+7293Ab^3x^3+21879Bab^2x^3+25245aAb^2x^2+25245Ba^2bx^2+29835a^2Abx+9945Ba^3x+12155a^3A)}{109395}$
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(6435Bb^3x^4+7293Ab^3x^3+21879Bab^2x^3+25245aAb^2x^2+25245Ba^2bx^2+29835a^2Abx+9945Ba^3x+12155a^3A)}{109395}$
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(6435Bb^3x^4+7293Ab^3x^3+21879Bab^2x^3+25245aAb^2x^2+25245Ba^2bx^2+29835a^2Abx+9945Ba^3x+12155a^3A)}{109395}$

```
input int(x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/109395*x^(9/2)*(6435*B*b^3*x^4+7293*A*b^3*x^3+21879*B*a*b^2*x^3+25245*A*
a*b^2*x^2+25245*B*a^2*b*x^2+29835*A*a^2*b*x+9945*B*a^3*x+12155*A*a^3)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2}{109395} (6435 Bb^3x^8 + 12155 Aa^3x^4 + 7293 (3 Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^7 + 25245 (Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^6 + 9945 (Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x^5) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/109395*(6435*B*b^3*x^8 + 12155*A*a^3*x^4 + 7293*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^7 + 25245*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^6 + 9945*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^5)*sqrt(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2Aa^3x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{6Aa^2bx^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{6Aab^2x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{15/2}}{15} + \frac{2Ba^3x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{6Ba^2bx^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2Bab^2x^{15/2}}{5} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{17/2}}{17}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A),x)`

output `2*A*a**3*x**(9/2)/9 + 6*A*a**2*b*x**(11/2)/11 + 6*A*a*b**2*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*A*b**3*x**(15/2)/15 + 2*B*a**3*x**(11/2)/11 + 6*B*a**2*b*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*B*a*b**2*x**(15/2)/5 + 2*B*b**3*x**(17/2)/17`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2}{17}Bb^3x^{17/2} + \frac{2}{9}Aa^3x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{15}(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^{15/2} + \frac{6}{13}(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{11}(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x^{11/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/17*B*b^3*x^(17/2) + 2/9*A*a^3*x^(9/2) + 2/15*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^(15/2) + 6/13*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^(13/2) + 2/11*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^(11/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2}{17}Bb^3x^{17/2} + \frac{2}{5}Bab^2x^{15/2} + \frac{2}{15}Ab^3x^{15/2} + \frac{6}{13}Ba^2bx^{13/2} + \frac{6}{13}Aab^2x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{11}Ba^3x^{11/2} + \frac{6}{11}Aa^2bx^{11/2} + \frac{2}{9}Aa^3x^{9/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/17*B*b^3*x^(17/2) + 2/5*B*a*b^2*x^(15/2) + 2/15*A*b^3*x^(15/2) + 6/13*B*a^2*b*x^(13/2) + 6/13*A*a*b^2*x^(13/2) + 2/11*B*a^3*x^(11/2) + 6/11*A*a^2*b*x^(11/2) + 2/9*A*a^3*x^(9/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = x^{11/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^3}{11} + \frac{6Aba^2}{11} \right) + x^{15/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^3}{15} + \frac{2Bab^2}{5} \right) + \frac{2Aa^3x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{17/2}}{17} + \frac{6abx^{13/2}(Ab+Ba)}{13}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3,x)`output `x^(11/2)*((2*B*a^3)/11 + (6*A*a^2*b)/11) + x^(15/2)*((2*A*b^3)/15 + (2*B*a*b^2)/5) + (2*A*a^3*x^(9/2))/9 + (2*B*b^3*x^(17/2))/17 + (6*a*b*x^(13/2)*(A*b + B*a))/13`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^4(6435b^4x^4 + 29172ab^3x^3 + 50490a^2b^2x^2 + 39780a^3bx + 12155a^4)}{109395}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**4*(12155*a**4 + 39780*a**3*b*x + 50490*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 29172*a*b**3*x**3 + 6435*b**4*x**4))/109395`

3.189 $\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1298
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1298
Rubi [A] (verified)	1299
Maple [A] (verified)	1300
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1300
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1301
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1301
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1302
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1302
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1303

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{7}a^3Ax^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{6}{11}ab(Ab + aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{15}b^3Bx^{15/2}$$

output

$$\frac{2}{7}a^3Ax^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{6}{11}ab(Ab + aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{15}b^3Bx^{15/2}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2x^{7/2}(715a^3(9A + 7Bx) + 1365a^2bx(11A + 9Bx) + 945ab^2x^2(13A + 11Bx) + 231b^3x^3(15A + Bx))}{45045}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^{5/2}(a + b*x)^3(A + B*x), x]$$

output

$$(2x^{7/2}(715a^3(9A + 7Bx) + 1365a^2bx(11A + 9Bx) + 945a^2bx^2(13A + 11Bx) + 231b^3x^3(15A + 13Bx)))/45045$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int (a^3Ax^{5/2} + a^2x^{7/2}(aB + 3Ab) + b^2x^{11/2}(3aB + Ab) + 3abx^{9/2}(aB + Ab) + b^3Bx^{13/2}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2}{7}a^3Ax^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}a^2x^{9/2}(aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{13}b^2x^{13/2}(3aB + Ab) + \frac{6}{11}abx^{11/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{15}b^3Bx^{15/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(5/2)}*(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x), x]$$

output

$$(2a^3Ax^{7/2})/7 + (2a^2*(3A*b + a*B)*x^{9/2})/9 + (6a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{11/2})/11 + (2b^2*(A*b + 3a*B)*x^{13/2})/13 + (2b^3*B*x^{15/2})/15$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```


rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}} (3003Bb^3x^4 + 3465Ab^3x^3 + 10395Bab^2x^3 + 12285aAb^2x^2 + 12285Ba^2bx^2 + 15015a^2Abx + 5005Ba^3x + 6435a^3A)}{45045}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{2b^3Bx^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(b^3A + 3ab^2B)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(3ab^2A + 3a^2bB)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(3a^2bA + a^3B)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2a^3Ax^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$
default	$\frac{2b^3Bx^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(b^3A + 3ab^2B)x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(3ab^2A + 3a^2bB)x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(3a^2bA + a^3B)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2a^3Ax^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}} (3003Bb^3x^4 + 3465Ab^3x^3 + 10395Bab^2x^3 + 12285aAb^2x^2 + 12285Ba^2bx^2 + 15015a^2Abx + 5005Ba^3x + 6435a^3A)}{45045}$
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}} (3003Bb^3x^4 + 3465Ab^3x^3 + 10395Bab^2x^3 + 12285aAb^2x^2 + 12285Ba^2bx^2 + 15015a^2Abx + 5005Ba^3x + 6435a^3A)}{45045}$
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}} (3003Bb^3x^4 + 3465Ab^3x^3 + 10395Bab^2x^3 + 12285aAb^2x^2 + 12285Ba^2bx^2 + 15015a^2Abx + 5005Ba^3x + 6435a^3A)}{45045}$

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/45045*x^(7/2)*(3003*B*b^3*x^4+3465*A*b^3*x^3+10395*B*a*b^2*x^3+12285*A*a*b^2*x^2+12285*B*a^2*b*x^2+15015*A*a^2*b*x+5005*B*a^3*x+6435*A*a^3)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{45045} (3003 Bb^3x^7 + 6435 Aa^3x^3 + 3465 (3 Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^6 + 12285 (Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^5 + 5005 (Ba^3 + Ab^3)x^4 + 15015 a^2 Abx + 5005 Ba^3x + 6435 a^3 A)$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/45045*(3003*B*b^3*x^7 + 6435*A*a^3*x^3 + 3465*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^6 +
12285*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^5 + 5005*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^4)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2Aa^3x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Aa^2bx^{9/2}}{3} + \frac{6Aab^2x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2Ba^3x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{6Ba^2bx^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{6Bab^2x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{15/2}}{15}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(5/2)*(b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A),x)
```

output

```
2*A*a**3*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*A*a**2*b*x**(9/2)/3 + 6*A*a*b**2*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*
A*b**3*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*B*a**3*x**(9/2)/9 + 6*B*a**2*b*x**(11/2)/11 + 6*B*
a*b**2*x**(13/2)/13 + 2*B*b**3*x**(15/2)/15
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{15} Bb^3x^{15/2} + \frac{2}{7} Aa^3x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{13} (3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^{13/2} + \frac{6}{11} (Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{9} (Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x^{9/2}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/15*B*b^3*x^(15/2) + 2/7*A*a^3*x^(7/2) + 2/13*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^(13/2)
) + 6/11*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^(11/2) + 2/9*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^(9/2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{15} Bb^3x^{15/2} + \frac{6}{13} Bab^2x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{13} Ab^3x^{13/2} \\ + \frac{6}{11} Ba^2bx^{11/2} + \frac{6}{11} Aab^2x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{9} Ba^3x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{3} Aa^2bx^{9/2} + \frac{2}{7} Aa^3x^{7/2}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*B*b^3*x^(15/2) + 6/13*B*a*b^2*x^(13/2) + 2/13*A*b^3*x^(13/2) + 6/11*B*a^2*b*x^(11/2) + 6/11*A*a*b^2*x^(11/2) + 2/9*B*a^3*x^(9/2) + 2/3*A*a^2*b*x^(9/2) + 2/7*A*a^3*x^(7/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = x^{9/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^3}{9} + \frac{2Aba^2}{3} \right) \\ + x^{13/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^3}{13} + \frac{6Bab^2}{13} \right) + \frac{2Aa^3x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{15/2}}{15} + \frac{6abx^{11/2}(Ab+Ba)}{11}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `x^(9/2)*((2*B*a^3)/9 + (2*A*a^2*b)/3) + x^(13/2)*((2*A*b^3)/13 + (6*B*a*b^2)/13) + (2*A*a^3*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*B*b^3*x^(15/2))/15 + (6*a*b*x^(11/2)*(A*b + B*a))/11`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^3(3003b^4x^4 + 13860ab^3x^3 + 24570a^2b^2x^2 + 20020a^3bx + 6435a^4)}{45045}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**3*(6435*a**4 + 20020*a**3*b*x + 24570*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 13860*a*b**3*x**3 + 3003*b**4*x**4))/45045`

3.190 $\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1304
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1304
Rubi [A] (verified)	1305
Maple [A] (verified)	1306
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1306
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1307
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1307
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1308
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1308
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1309

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{5}a^3Ax^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{3}ab(Ab + aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}b^3Bx^{13/2}$$

output

$$\frac{2}{5}a^3Ax^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{3}ab(Ab + aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{13}b^3Bx^{13/2}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2x^{5/2}(429a^3(7A + 5Bx) + 715a^2bx(9A + 7Bx) + 455ab^2x^2(11A + 9Bx) + 105b^3x^3(13A + 11Bx))}{15015}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^{3/2}(a + b*x)^3(A + B*x), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2x^{5/2})(429a^3(7A + 5Bx) + 715a^2bxx(9A + 7Bx) + 455a^2bx^2(11A + 9Bx) + 105b^3x^3(13A + 11Bx))}{15015}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(a^3 Ax^{3/2} + a^2 x^{5/2}(aB + 3Ab) + b^2 x^{9/2}(3aB + Ab) + 3abx^{7/2}(aB + Ab) + b^3 Bx^{11/2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2}{5} a^3 Ax^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7} a^2 x^{7/2}(aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{11} b^2 x^{11/2}(3aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{3} abx^{9/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{13} b^3 Bx^{13/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(3/2)}*(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2a^3Ax^{5/2})}{5} + \frac{(2a^2(3A*b + a*B)x^{7/2})}{7} + \frac{(2a*b*(A*b + a*B)x^{9/2})}{3} + \frac{(2b^2*(A*b + 3a*B)x^{11/2})}{11} + \frac{(2b^3B*x^{13/2})}{13}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}} (1155B b^3 x^4 + 1365A b^3 x^3 + 4095Ba b^2 x^3 + 5005aA b^2 x^2 + 5005B a^2 b x^2 + 6435a^2 Abx + 2145B a^3 x + 3003a^3 A)}{15015}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{2b^3 B x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(b^3 A + 3a b^2 B) x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(3a b^2 A + 3a^2 b B) x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(3a^2 b A + a^3 B) x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2a^3 A x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$
default	$\frac{2b^3 B x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(b^3 A + 3a b^2 B) x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(3a b^2 A + 3a^2 b B) x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(3a^2 b A + a^3 B) x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2a^3 A x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}} (1155B b^3 x^4 + 1365A b^3 x^3 + 4095Ba b^2 x^3 + 5005aA b^2 x^2 + 5005B a^2 b x^2 + 6435a^2 Abx + 2145B a^3 x + 3003a^3 A)}{15015}$
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}} (1155B b^3 x^4 + 1365A b^3 x^3 + 4095Ba b^2 x^3 + 5005aA b^2 x^2 + 5005B a^2 b x^2 + 6435a^2 Abx + 2145B a^3 x + 3003a^3 A)}{15015}$
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}} (1155B b^3 x^4 + 1365A b^3 x^3 + 4095Ba b^2 x^3 + 5005aA b^2 x^2 + 5005B a^2 b x^2 + 6435a^2 Abx + 2145B a^3 x + 3003a^3 A)}{15015}$

input

```
int(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/15015*x^(5/2)*(1155*B*b^3*x^4+1365*A*b^3*x^3+4095*B*a*b^2*x^3+5005*A*a*b^2*x^2+5005*B*a^2*b*x^2+6435*A*a^2*b*x+2145*B*a^3*x+3003*A*a^3)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{15015} (1155 B b^3 x^6 + 3003 A a^3 x^2 + 1365 (3 B a b^2 + A b^3) x^5 + 5005 (B a^2 b + A a b^2) x^4 + 2145 (A a^2 b + B a^3) x^3 + \dots)$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/15015*(1155*B*b^3*x^6 + 3003*A*a^3*x^2 + 1365*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^5 +
5005*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^4 + 2145*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^3)*sqrt(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2Aa^3x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{6Aa^2bx^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Aab^2x^{9/2}}{3} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{2Ba^3x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2Ba^2bx^{9/2}}{3} + \frac{6Bab^2x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{13/2}}{13}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(3/2)*(b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A),x)
```

output

```
2*A*a**3*x**(5/2)/5 + 6*A*a**2*b*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*A*a*b**2*x**(9/2)/3 + 2*A*
b**3*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*B*a**3*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*a**2*b*x**(9/2)/3 + 6*B*a*b*
**2*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*B*b**3*x**(13/2)/13
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2}{13}Bb^3x^{13/2} + \frac{2}{5}Aa^3x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{11}(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^{11/2} + \frac{2}{3}(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{7}(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x^{7/2}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/13*B*b^3*x^(13/2) + 2/5*A*a^3*x^(5/2) + 2/11*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^(11/2)
) + 2/3*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^(9/2) + 2/7*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^(7/2)
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2}{13}Bb^3x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{6}{11}Bab^2x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{11}Ab^3x^{\frac{11}{2}} \\ + \frac{2}{3}Ba^2bx^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{3}Aab^2x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{7}Ba^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{6}{7}Aa^2bx^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{5}Aa^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/13*B*b^3*x^(13/2) + 6/11*B*a*b^2*x^(11/2) + 2/11*A*b^3*x^(11/2) + 2/3*B*a^2*b*x^(9/2) + 2/3*A*a*b^2*x^(9/2) + 2/7*B*a^3*x^(7/2) + 6/7*A*a^2*b*x^(7/2) + 2/5*A*a^3*x^(5/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)dx = x^{7/2}\left(\frac{2Ba^3}{7} + \frac{6Aba^2}{7}\right) \\ + x^{11/2}\left(\frac{2Ab^3}{11} + \frac{6Bab^2}{11}\right) + \frac{2Aa^3x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{2abx^{9/2}(Ab+Ba)}{3}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `x^(7/2)*((2*B*a^3)/7 + (6*A*a^2*b)/7) + x^(11/2)*((2*A*b^3)/11 + (6*B*a*b^2)/11) + (2*A*a^3*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*B*b^3*x^(13/2))/13 + (2*a*b*x^(9/2)*(A*b + B*a))/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^2(1155b^4x^4 + 5460ab^3x^3 + 10010a^2b^2x^2 + 8580a^3bx + 3003a^4)}{15015}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**2*(3003*a**4 + 8580*a**3*b*x + 10010*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 5460*a*b**3*x**3 + 1155*b**4*x**4))/15015`

3.191 $\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1310
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1310
Rubi [A] (verified)	1311
Maple [A] (verified)	1312
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1312
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1313
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1313
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1314
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1314
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1315

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2}{3}a^3Ax^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{5/2} + \frac{6}{7}ab(Ab + aB)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{9/2} + \frac{2}{11}b^3Bx^{11/2}$$

output

```
2/3*a^3*A*x^(3/2)+2/5*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(5/2)+6/7*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(7/2)+2/9*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(9/2)+2/11*b^3*B*x^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2x^{3/2}(231a^3(5A + 3Bx) + 297a^2bx(7A + 5Bx) + 165ab^2x^2(9A + 7Bx) + 35b^3x^3(11A + 9Bx))}{3465}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

$$(2*x^{(3/2)}*(231*a^3*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 297*a^2*b*x*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 165*a*b^2*x^2*(9*A + 7*B*x) + 35*b^3*x^3*(11*A + 9*B*x)))/3465$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(a^3 A \sqrt{x} + a^2 x^{3/2} (aB + 3Ab) + b^2 x^{7/2} (3aB + Ab) + 3abx^{5/2} (aB + Ab) + b^3 Bx^{9/2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{3} a^3 A x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5} a^2 x^{5/2} (aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{9} b^2 x^{9/2} (3aB + Ab) + \frac{6}{7} abx^{7/2} (aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{11} b^3 Bx^{11/2}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

```
(2*a^3*A*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x^(5/2))/5 + (6*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^(9/2))/9 + (2*b^3*B*x^(11/2))/11
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(315Bb^3x^4+385Ab^3x^3+1155Bab^2x^3+1485aAb^2x^2+1485Ba^2bx^2+2079a^2Abx+693Ba^3x+1155a^3A)}{3465}$	76
derivativdivides	$\frac{2b^3Bx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(b^3A+3ab^2B)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(3ab^2A+3a^2bB)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(3a^2bA+a^3B)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2a^3Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	76
default	$\frac{2b^3Bx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(b^3A+3ab^2B)x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(3ab^2A+3a^2bB)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(3a^2bA+a^3B)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2a^3Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	76
trager	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(315Bb^3x^4+385Ab^3x^3+1155Bab^2x^3+1485aAb^2x^2+1485Ba^2bx^2+2079a^2Abx+693Ba^3x+1155a^3A)}{3465}$	76
risch	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(315Bb^3x^4+385Ab^3x^3+1155Bab^2x^3+1485aAb^2x^2+1485Ba^2bx^2+2079a^2Abx+693Ba^3x+1155a^3A)}{3465}$	76
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(315Bb^3x^4+385Ab^3x^3+1155Bab^2x^3+1485aAb^2x^2+1485Ba^2bx^2+2079a^2Abx+693Ba^3x+1155a^3A)}{3465}$	76

```
input int(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3465*x^(3/2)*(315*B*b^3*x^4+385*A*b^3*x^3+1155*B*a*b^2*x^3+1485*A*a*b^2*x^2+1485*B*a^2*b*x^2+2079*A*a^2*b*x+693*B*a^3*x+1155*A*a^3)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^3(A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{3465} (315 Bb^3x^5 + 1155 Aa^3x + 385 (3 Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^4 + 1485 (Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^3 + 693 (Ba^3 + 3 Aa^2b)x^2)$$

```
input integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output $2/3465*(315*B*b^3*x^5 + 1155*A*a^3*x + 385*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^4 + 1485*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^3 + 693*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^2)*\text{sqrt}(x)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2Aa^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(Ab^3 + 3Bab^2)}{9} + \frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}} \cdot (3Aab^2 + 3Ba^2b)}{7} + \frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}} \cdot (3Aa^2b + Ba^3)}{5}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A),x)`

output $2*A*a**3*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*b**3*x**(11/2)/11 + 2*x**(9/2)*(A*b**3 + 3*B*a*b**2)/9 + 2*x**(7/2)*(3*A*a*b**2 + 3*B*a**2*b)/7 + 2*x**(5/2)*(3*A*a**2*b + B*a**3)/5$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{11} Bb^3x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} Aa^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} (3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{6}{7} (Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} (Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $2/11*B*b^3*x^(11/2) + 2/3*A*a^3*x^(3/2) + 2/9*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^(9/2) + 6/7*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^(7/2) + 2/5*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^(5/2)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2}{11} Bb^3x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} Bab^2x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2}{9} Ab^3x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{6}{7} Ba^2bx^{\frac{7}{2}} \\ + \frac{6}{7} Aab^2x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} Ba^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{6}{5} Aa^2bx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} Aa^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/11*B*b^3*x^(11/2) + 2/3*B*a*b^2*x^(9/2) + 2/9*A*b^3*x^(9/2) + 6/7*B*a^2*
b*x^(7/2) + 6/7*A*a*b^2*x^(7/2) + 2/5*B*a^3*x^(5/2) + 6/5*A*a^2*b*x^(5/2)
+ 2/3*A*a^3*x^(3/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx = x^{5/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^3}{5} + \frac{6Aba^2}{5} \right) + x^{9/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^3}{9} + \frac{2Bab^2}{3} \right) \\ + \frac{2Aa^3x^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{6abx^{7/2}(Ab+Ba)}{7}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3,x)`output `x^(5/2)*((2*B*a^3)/5 + (6*A*a^2*b)/5) + x^(9/2)*((2*A*b^3)/9 + (2*B*a*b^2)/
3) + (2*A*a^3*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*B*b^3*x^(11/2))/11 + (6*a*b*x^(7/2)*(A*b +
B*a))/7`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3(A+Bx) dx$$
$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x}x(315b^4x^4 + 1540ab^3x^3 + 2970a^2b^2x^2 + 2772a^3bx + 1155a^4)}{3465}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x*(1155*a**4 + 2772*a**3*b*x + 2970*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 1540*a*b**3*x**3 + 315*b**4*x**4))/3465`

$$3.192 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	1316
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1316
Rubi [A] (verified)	1317
Maple [A] (verified)	1318
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1318
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1319
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1319
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1320
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1320
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1321

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2a^3A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}a^2(3Ab+aB)x^{3/2} \\ + \frac{6}{5}ab(Ab+aB)x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}b^2(Ab+3aB)x^{7/2} + \frac{2}{9}b^3Bx^{9/2}$$

output

```
2*a^3*A*x^(1/2)+2/3*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2)+6/5*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(5/2)+2/7*
b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(7/2)+2/9*b^3*B*x^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{315}\sqrt{x}(105a^3(3A+Bx) + 63a^2bx(5A+3Bx) \\ + 27ab^2x^2(7A+5Bx) + 5b^3x^3(9A+7Bx))$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[x], x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[x]*(105*a^3*(3*A + B*x) + 63*a^2*b*x*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 27*a*b^2*x^2*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 5*b^3*x^3*(9*A + 7*B*x)))/315
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3 A}{\sqrt{x}} + a^2 \sqrt{x}(aB + 3Ab) + b^2 x^{5/2}(3aB + Ab) + 3abx^{3/2}(aB + Ab) + b^3 Bx^{7/2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2a^3 A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}a^2 x^{3/2}(aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{7}b^2 x^{7/2}(3aB + Ab) + \frac{6}{5}abx^{5/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{9}b^3 Bx^{9/2}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[x], x]
```

output

```
2*a^3*A*Sqrt[x] + (2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x^(3/2))/3 + (6*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*b^3*B*x^(9/2))/9
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
trager	$\left(\frac{2}{9}Bb^3x^4 + \frac{2}{7}Ab^3x^3 + \frac{6}{7}Bab^2x^3 + \frac{6}{5}aAb^2x^2 + \frac{6}{5}Ba^2bx^2 + 2a^2Abx + \frac{2}{3}Ba^3x + 2a^3A\right)\sqrt{x}$
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(35Bb^3x^4 + 45Ab^3x^3 + 135Bab^2x^3 + 189aAb^2x^2 + 189Ba^2bx^2 + 315a^2Abx + 105Ba^3x + 315a^3A)}{315}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{2b^3Bx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(b^3A + 3ab^2B)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(3ab^2A + 3a^2bB)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(3a^2bA + a^3B)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2a^3A\sqrt{x}$
default	$\frac{2b^3Bx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(b^3A + 3ab^2B)x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(3ab^2A + 3a^2bB)x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(3a^2bA + a^3B)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2a^3A\sqrt{x}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(35Bb^3x^4 + 45Ab^3x^3 + 135Bab^2x^3 + 189aAb^2x^2 + 189Ba^2bx^2 + 315a^2Abx + 105Ba^3x + 315a^3A)}{315}$
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(35Bb^3x^4 + 45Ab^3x^3 + 135Bab^2x^3 + 189aAb^2x^2 + 189Ba^2bx^2 + 315a^2Abx + 105Ba^3x + 315a^3A)}{315}$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $(\frac{2}{9}Bb^3x^4 + \frac{2}{7}Ab^3x^3 + \frac{6}{7}Bab^2x^3 + \frac{6}{5}aAb^2x^2 + \frac{6}{5}Ba^2bx^2 + 2a^2Abx + \frac{2}{3}Ba^3x + 2a^3A)\sqrt{x}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{315} (35Bb^3x^4 + 315Aa^3 + 45(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 189(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 105(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{2}{315}*(35*B*b^3*x^4 + 315*A*a^3 + 45*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 189*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 105*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(x)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2Aa^3\sqrt{x} + 2Aa^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{6Aab^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} \\ + \frac{2Ba^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{6Ba^2bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{6Bab^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A)/x**(1/2),x)`output `2*A*a**3*sqrt(x) + 2*A*a**2*b*x**(3/2) + 6*A*a*b**2*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*A*b**3*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*a**3*x**(3/2)/3 + 6*B*a**2*b*x**(5/2)/5 + 6*B*a*b**2*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*b**3*x**(9/2)/9`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{9}Bb^3x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 2Aa^3\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{7}(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^{\frac{7}{2}} \\ + \frac{6}{5}(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3}(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/9*B*b^3*x^(9/2) + 2*A*a^3*sqrt(x) + 2/7*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^(7/2) + 6/5*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^(5/2) + 2/3*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{9} Bb^3x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{6}{7} Bab^2x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2}{7} Ab^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{6}{5} Ba^2bx^{\frac{5}{2}} \\ + \frac{6}{5} Aab^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} Ba^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Aa^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Aa^3\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/9*B*b^3*x^(9/2) + 6/7*B*a*b^2*x^(7/2) + 2/7*A*b^3*x^(7/2) + 6/5*B*a^2*b*x^(5/2) + 6/5*A*a*b^2*x^(5/2) + 2/3*B*a^3*x^(3/2) + 2*A*a^2*b*x^(3/2) + 2*A*a^3*sqrt(x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2Ba^3}{3} + 2Aba^2 \right) + x^{7/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^3}{7} + \frac{6Bab^2}{7} \right) \\ + 2Aa^3\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{6abx^{5/2}(Ab+Ba)}{5}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3)/x^(1/2),x)`output `x^(3/2)*((2*B*a^3)/3 + 2*A*a^2*b) + x^(7/2)*((2*A*b^3)/7 + (6*B*a*b^2)/7) + 2*A*a^3*x^(1/2) + (2*B*b^3*x^(9/2))/9 + (6*a*b*x^(5/2)*(A*b + B*a))/5`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(35b^4x^4 + 180ab^3x^3 + 378a^2b^2x^2 + 420a^3bx + 315a^4)}{315}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*(315*a**4 + 420*a**3*b*x + 378*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 180*a*b**3*x**3 + 35*b**4*x**4))/315`

3.193 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1322
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1322
Rubi [A] (verified)	1323
Maple [A] (verified)	1324
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1324
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1325
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1325
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1326
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1326
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1327

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^3A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2a^2(3Ab+aB)\sqrt{x} + 2ab(Ab+aB)x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}b^2(Ab+3aB)x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{7}b^3Bx^{7/2}$$

output

```
-2*a^3*A/x^(1/2)+2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)+2*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2)+2/5*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(5/2)+2/7*b^3*B*x^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(-35a^3(A-Bx) + 35a^2bx(3A+Bx) + 7ab^2x^2(5A+3Bx) + b^3x^3(7A+5B))}{35\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(-35*a^3*(A - B*x) + 35*a^2*b*x*(3*A + B*x) + 7*a*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 3*B*x) + b^3*x^3*(7*A + 5*B*x)))/(35*Sqrt[x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3 A}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{a^2(aB + 3Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + b^2 x^{3/2}(3aB + Ab) + 3ab\sqrt{x}(aB + Ab) + b^3 Bx^{5/2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^3 A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2a^2 \sqrt{x}(aB + 3Ab) + \frac{2}{5} b^2 x^{5/2}(3aB + Ab) + 2abx^{3/2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{7} b^3 Bx^{7/2}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*a^3*A)/Sqrt[x] + 2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*Sqrt[x] + 2*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^(3/2) + (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*b^3*B*x^(7/2))/7`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(-5Bb^3x^4 - 7Ab^3x^3 - 21Ba^2b^2x^3 - 35aAb^2x^2 - 35Ba^2bx^2 - 105a^2Abx - 35Ba^3x + 35a^3A)}{35\sqrt{x}}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-5Bb^3x^4 - 7Ab^3x^3 - 21Ba^2b^2x^3 - 35aAb^2x^2 - 35Ba^2bx^2 - 105a^2Abx - 35Ba^3x + 35a^3A)}{35\sqrt{x}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(-5Bb^3x^4 - 7Ab^3x^3 - 21Ba^2b^2x^3 - 35aAb^2x^2 - 35Ba^2bx^2 - 105a^2Abx - 35Ba^3x + 35a^3A)}{35\sqrt{x}}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-5Bb^3x^4 - 7Ab^3x^3 - 21Ba^2b^2x^3 - 35aAb^2x^2 - 35Ba^2bx^2 - 105a^2Abx - 35Ba^3x + 35a^3A)}{35\sqrt{x}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^3Bx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{6Ba^2b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 2Aa^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Ba^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6a^2bA\sqrt{x} + 2a^3B\sqrt{x} - \frac{2a^3A}{\sqrt{x}}$
default	$\frac{2b^3Bx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{6Ba^2b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 2Aa^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Ba^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6a^2bA\sqrt{x} + 2a^3B\sqrt{x} - \frac{2a^3A}{\sqrt{x}}$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/35*(-5*B*b^3*x^4-7*A*b^3*x^3-21*B*a*b^2*x^3-35*A*a*b^2*x^2-35*B*a^2*b*x^2-105*A*a^2*b*x-35*B*a^3*x+35*A*a^3)/x^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(5Bb^3x^4 - 35Aa^3 + 7(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 35(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 35(Ba^3 + Aa^2b)x - 35Aa^3)}{35\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$2/35*(5*B*b^3*x^4 - 35*A*a^3 + 7*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 35*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 35*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/sqrt(x)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 6Aa^2b\sqrt{x} + 2Aab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 2Ba^3\sqrt{x} + 2Ba^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{6Bab^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A)/x**(3/2),x)`output `-2*A*a**3/sqrt(x) + 6*A*a**2*b*sqrt(x) + 2*A*a*b**2*x**(3/2) + 2*A*b**3*x**
*(5/2)/5 + 2*B*a**3*sqrt(x) + 2*B*a**2*b*x**(3/2) + 6*B*a*b**2*x**(5/2)/5
+ 2*B*b**3*x**(7/2)/7`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{7} Bb^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} - \frac{2Aa^3}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{5} (3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/7*B*b^3*x^(7/2) - 2*A*a^3/sqrt(x) + 2/5*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^(5/2) + 2*
(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^(3/2) + 2*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*sqrt(x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{7} Bb^3 x^{7/2} + \frac{6}{5} Bab^2 x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{5} Ab^3 x^{5/2} \\ + 2Ba^2 b x^{3/2} + 2Aab^2 x^{3/2} + 2Ba^3 \sqrt{x} + 6Aa^2 b \sqrt{x} - \frac{2Aa^3}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/7*B*b^3*x^(7/2) + 6/5*B*a*b^2*x^(5/2) + 2/5*A*b^3*x^(5/2) + 2*B*a^2*b*x^(3/2) + 2*A*a*b^2*x^(3/2) + 2*B*a^3*sqrt(x) + 6*A*a^2*b*sqrt(x) - 2*A*a^3/sqrt(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \sqrt{x} (2Ba^3 + 6Aba^2) \\ + x^{5/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^3}{5} + \frac{6Bab^2}{5} \right) - \frac{2Aa^3}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2Bb^3 x^{7/2}}{7} + 2abx^{3/2}(Ab+Ba)$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3)/x^(3/2),x)`

output `x^(1/2)*(2*B*a^3 + 6*A*a^2*b) + x^(5/2)*((2*A*b^3)/5 + (6*B*a*b^2)/5) - (2*A*a^3)/x^(1/2) + (2*B*b^3*x^(7/2))/7 + 2*a*b*x^(3/2)*(A*b + B*a)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{7}b^4x^4 + \frac{8}{5}ab^3x^3 + 4a^2b^2x^2 + 8a^3bx - 2a^4}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*(- 35*a**4 + 140*a**3*b*x + 70*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 28*a*b**3*x**3 + 5*b**4*x**4))/(35*sqrt(x))`

3.194 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1328
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1328
Rubi [A] (verified)	1329
Maple [A] (verified)	1330
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1330
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1331
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1331
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1332
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1332
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1333

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^3A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab+aB)}{\sqrt{x}} + 6ab(Ab+aB)\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}b^2(Ab+3aB)x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}b^3Bx^{5/2}$$

output

```
-2/3*a^3*A/x^(3/2)-2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)/x^(1/2)+6*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)+2/3*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(3/2)+2/5*b^3*B*x^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(45a^2bx(-A+Bx) + 15ab^2x^2(3A+Bx) - 5a^3(A+3Bx) + b^3x^3(5A+3Bx))}{15x^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(45*a^2*b*x*(-A + B*x) + 15*a*b^2*x^2*(3*A + B*x) - 5*a^3*(A + 3*B*x) + b^3*x^3*(5*A + 3*B*x)))/(15*x^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3 A}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{a^2(aB + 3Ab)}{x^{3/2}} + b^2 \sqrt{x}(3aB + Ab) + \frac{3ab(aB + Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + b^3 Bx^{3/2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^3 A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2a^2(aB + 3Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3}b^2 x^{3/2}(3aB + Ab) + 6ab\sqrt{x}(aB + Ab) + \frac{2}{5}b^3 Bx^{5/2}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*a^3*A)/(3*x^(3/2)) - (2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))/Sqrt[x] + 6*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*Sqrt[x] + (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*b^3*B*x^(5/2))/5`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^3Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Bab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6ab^2A\sqrt{x} + 6a^2bB\sqrt{x} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab+Ba)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2a^3A}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	75
default	$\frac{2b^3Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Bab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6ab^2A\sqrt{x} + 6a^2bB\sqrt{x} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab+Ba)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2a^3A}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	75
gosper	$-\frac{2(-3Bb^3x^4 - 5Ab^3x^3 - 15Bab^2x^3 - 45aAb^2x^2 - 45Ba^2bx^2 + 45a^2Abx + 15Ba^3x + 5a^3A)}{15x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	76
trager	$-\frac{2(-3Bb^3x^4 - 5Ab^3x^3 - 15Bab^2x^3 - 45aAb^2x^2 - 45Ba^2bx^2 + 45a^2Abx + 15Ba^3x + 5a^3A)}{15x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	76
risch	$-\frac{2(-3Bb^3x^4 - 5Ab^3x^3 - 15Bab^2x^3 - 45aAb^2x^2 - 45Ba^2bx^2 + 45a^2Abx + 15Ba^3x + 5a^3A)}{15x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	76
orering	$-\frac{2(-3Bb^3x^4 - 5Ab^3x^3 - 15Bab^2x^3 - 45aAb^2x^2 - 45Ba^2bx^2 + 45a^2Abx + 15Ba^3x + 5a^3A)}{15x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	76

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/5*b^3*B*x^(5/2)+2/3*A*b^3*x^(3/2)+2*B*a*b^2*x^(3/2)+6*a*b^2*A*x^(1/2)+6*a^2*b*B*x^(1/2)-2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)/x^(1/2)-2/3*a^3*A/x^(3/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bb^3x^4 - 5Aa^3 + 5(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 + 45(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 - 15(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x - 5a^3A)}{15x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(3*B*b^3*x^4 - 5*A*a^3 + 5*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 + 45*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 15*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^(3/2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^3}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{6Aa^2b}{\sqrt{x}} + 6Aab^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{2Ba^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 6Ba^2b\sqrt{x} + 2Bab^2x^{3/2} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{5/2}}{5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A)/x**(5/2),x)`output `-2*A*a**3/(3*x**(3/2)) - 6*A*a**2*b/sqrt(x) + 6*A*a*b**2*sqrt(x) + 2*A*b**3*x**(3/2)/3 - 2*B*a**3/sqrt(x) + 6*B*a**2*b*sqrt(x) + 2*B*a*b**2*x**(3/2) + 2*B*b**3*x**(5/2)/5`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5} Bb^3x^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3} (3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^{3/2} + 6(Ba^2b + Aab^2)\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(Aa^3 + 3(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/5*B*b^3*x^(5/2) + 2/3*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^(3/2) + 6*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*sqrt(x) - 2/3*(A*a^3 + 3*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^(3/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{5} Bb^3x^{5/2} + 2 Bab^2x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{3} Ab^3x^{3/2} + 6 Ba^2b\sqrt{x} + 6 Aab^2\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(3 Ba^3x + 9 Aa^2bx + Aa^3)}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/5*B*b^3*x^(5/2) + 2*B*a*b^2*x^(3/2) + 2/3*A*b^3*x^(3/2) + 6*B*a^2*b*sqrt(x) + 6*A*a*b^2*sqrt(x) - 2/3*(3*B*a^3*x + 9*A*a^2*b*x + A*a^3)/x^(3/2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2Ab^3}{3} + 2Bab^2 \right) - \frac{x(2Ba^3 + 6Aba^2) + \frac{2Aa^3}{3}}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{5/2}}{5} + 6ab\sqrt{x}(Ab + Ba)$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3)/x^(5/2),x)`

output `x^(3/2)*((2*A*b^3)/3 + 2*B*a*b^2) - (x*(2*B*a^3 + 6*A*a^2*b) + (2*A*a^3)/3)/x^(3/2) + (2*B*b^3*x^(5/2))/5 + 6*a*b*x^(1/2)*(A*b + B*a)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}b^4x^4 + \frac{8}{3}ab^3x^3 + 12a^2b^2x^2 - 8a^3bx - \frac{2}{3}a^4}{\sqrt{x}x}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*(- 5*a**4 - 60*a**3*b*x + 90*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 20*a*b**3*x**3 + 3*b**4*x**4))/(15*sqrt(x)*x)`

3.195 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1334
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1334
Rubi [A] (verified)	1335
Maple [A] (verified)	1336
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1337
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1337
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1337
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1338
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1338
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1339

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^3A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab+aB)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{6ab(Ab+aB)}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^2(Ab+3aB)\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{3}b^3Bx^{3/2}$$

output

$-2/5*a^3*A/x^(5/2)-2/3*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)/x^(3/2)-6*a*b*(A*b+B*a)/x^(1/2)+2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(1/2)+2/3*b^3*B*x^(3/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(45ab^2x^2(A-Bx) - 5b^3x^3(3A+Bx) + 15a^2bx(A+3Bx) + a^3(3A+5Bx))}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[((a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2), x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(45*a*b^2*x^2*(A - B*x) - 5*b^3*x^3*(3*A + B*x) + 15*a^2*b*x*(A + 3*B*x) + a^3*(3*A + 5*B*x)))/(15*x^(5/2))}{15*x^(5/2)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 85

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3 A}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{a^2(aB + 3Ab)}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{b^2(3aB + Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{3ab(aB + Ab)}{x^{3/2}} + b^3 B \sqrt{x} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^3 A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2a^2(aB + 3Ab)}{3x^{3/2}} + 2b^2 \sqrt{x}(3aB + Ab) - \frac{6ab(aB + Ab)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{3} b^3 B x^{3/2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x)/x^(7/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*a^3*A)/(5*x^(5/2)) - (2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B))/(3*x^(3/2)) - (6*a*b*(A*b + a*B))/\text{Sqrt}[x] + 2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*\text{Sqrt}[x] + (2*b^3*B*x^(3/2))/3}{15*x^(5/2)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 85 Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^3 B x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2A b^3 \sqrt{x} + 6B a b^2 \sqrt{x} - \frac{6ab(Ab+Ba)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab+Ba)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2a^3 A}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	69
default	$\frac{2b^3 B x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2A b^3 \sqrt{x} + 6B a b^2 \sqrt{x} - \frac{6ab(Ab+Ba)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab+Ba)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2a^3 A}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	69
gosper	$-\frac{2(-5B b^3 x^4 - 15A b^3 x^3 - 45B a b^2 x^3 + 45a A b^2 x^2 + 45B a^2 b x^2 + 15a^2 A b x + 5B a^3 x + 3a^3 A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	76
trager	$-\frac{2(-5B b^3 x^4 - 15A b^3 x^3 - 45B a b^2 x^3 + 45a A b^2 x^2 + 45B a^2 b x^2 + 15a^2 A b x + 5B a^3 x + 3a^3 A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	76
risch	$-\frac{2(-5B b^3 x^4 - 15A b^3 x^3 - 45B a b^2 x^3 + 45a A b^2 x^2 + 45B a^2 b x^2 + 15a^2 A b x + 5B a^3 x + 3a^3 A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	76
orering	$-\frac{2(-5B b^3 x^4 - 15A b^3 x^3 - 45B a b^2 x^3 + 45a A b^2 x^2 + 45B a^2 b x^2 + 15a^2 A b x + 5B a^3 x + 3a^3 A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	76

```
input int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3*b^3*B*x^(3/2)+2*A*b^3*x^(1/2)+6*B*a*b^2*x^(1/2)-6*a*b*(A*b+B*a)/x^(1/2)
)-2/3*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)/x^(3/2)-2/5*a^3*A/x^(5/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(5Bb^3x^4 - 3Aa^3 + 15(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^3 - 45(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 - 5(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x - 5A^3)}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/15*(5*B*b^3*x^4 - 3*A*a^3 + 15*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^3 - 45*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 5*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*x)/x^(5/2)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^3}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2Aa^2b}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{6Aab^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Ab^3\sqrt{x} - \frac{2Ba^3}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{6Ba^2b}{\sqrt{x}} + 6Bab^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{3/2}}{3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A)/x**(7/2),x)`output `-2*A*a**3/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*A*a**2*b/x**(3/2) - 6*A*a*b**2/sqrt(x) + 2*A*b**3*sqrt(x) - 2*B*a**3/(3*x**(3/2)) - 6*B*a**2*b/sqrt(x) + 6*B*a*b**2*sqrt(x) + 2*B*b**3*x**(3/2)/3`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3}Bb^3x^{3/2} + 2(3Bab^2 + Ab^3)\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(3Aa^3 + 45(Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + 5(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b)x)}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{2}{3}Bb^3x^{3/2} + 2*(3B*ab^2 + A*b^3)*\sqrt{x} - \frac{2}{15}*(3A*a^3 + 45*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^3 + 3A*a^2*b)*x)/x^{5/2}$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3}Bb^3x^{3/2} + 6Bab^2\sqrt{x} + 2Ab^3\sqrt{x} - \frac{2(45Ba^2bx^2 + 45Aab^2x^2 + 5Ba^3x + 15Aa^2bx + 3Aa^3)}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{2}{3}Bb^3x^{3/2} + 6B*ab^2*\sqrt{x} + 2A*b^3*\sqrt{x} - \frac{2}{15}*(45B*a^2*b*x^2 + 45A*a*b^2*x^2 + 5*B*a^3*x + 15*A*a^2*b*x + 3*A*a^3)/x^{5/2}$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^3(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{10Ba^3x + 6Aa^3 + 90Ba^2bx^2 + 30Aa^2bx - 90Bab^2x^3 + 90Aab^2x^2 - 10Bb^3x^4 - 30Ab^3x^3}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3)/x^(7/2),x)`

output $\frac{-(6A*a^3 - 30A*b^3*x^3 - 10B*b^3*x^4 + 10B*a^3*x + 30A*a^2*b*x + 90A*a*b^2*x^2 + 90B*a^2*b*x^2 - 90B*a*b^2*x^3)/(15*x^{5/2})}$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^3(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}b^4x^4 + 8ab^3x^3 - 12a^2b^2x^2 - \frac{8}{3}a^3bx - \frac{2}{5}a^4}{\sqrt{x}x^2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x)`output `(2*(- 3*a**4 - 20*a**3*b*x - 90*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 60*a*b**3*x**3 + 5*b**4*x**4))/(15*sqrt(x)*x**2)`

$$3.196 \quad \int \frac{(2-3x)^3 \sqrt{x}}{(1+x)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1340
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1340
Rubi [A] (verified)	1341
Maple [A] (verified)	1343
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1344
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1344
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1344
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1345
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1345
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1346

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(2-3x)^3 \sqrt{x}}{(1+x)^2} dx = -450\sqrt{x} + 72x^{3/2} - \frac{54x^{5/2}}{5} - \frac{125\sqrt{x}}{1+x} + 575 \arctan(\sqrt{x})$$

output

```
-450*x^(1/2)+72*x^(3/2)-54/5*x^(5/2)-125*x^(1/2)/(1+x)+575*arctan(x^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(2-3x)^3 \sqrt{x}}{(1+x)^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{x}(2875 + 1890x - 306x^2 + 54x^3)}{5(1+x)} + 575 \arctan(\sqrt{x})$$

input

```
Integrate[((2 - 3*x)^3*Sqrt[x])/(1 + x)^2,x]
```

output

```
-1/5*(Sqrt[x]*(2875 + 1890*x - 306*x^2 + 54*x^3))/(1 + x) + 575*ArcTan[Sqr  
t[x]]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$, Rules used = {108, 27, 170, 27, 164, 73, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(2-3x)^3 \sqrt{x}}{(x+1)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 108 \\
 & \int \frac{(2-21x)(2-3x)^2}{2\sqrt{x}(x+1)} dx - \frac{(2-3x)^3 \sqrt{x}}{x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(2-21x)(2-3x)^2}{\sqrt{x}(x+1)} dx - \frac{(2-3x)^3 \sqrt{x}}{x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 170 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2}{5} \int \frac{(62-513x)(2-3x)}{2\sqrt{x}(x+1)} dx - \frac{42}{5} (2-3x)^2 \sqrt{x} \right) - \frac{(2-3x)^3 \sqrt{x}}{x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{(62-513x)(2-3x)}{\sqrt{x}(x+1)} dx - \frac{42}{5} (2-3x)^2 \sqrt{x} \right) - \frac{(2-3x)^3 \sqrt{x}}{x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 164 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(2875 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(x+1)} dx - 6(917-171x)\sqrt{x} \right) - \frac{42}{5} (2-3x)^2 \sqrt{x} \right) - \frac{(2-3x)^3 \sqrt{x}}{x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(5750 \int \frac{1}{x+1} d\sqrt{x} - 6(917-171x)\sqrt{x} \right) - \frac{42}{5} (2-3x)^2 \sqrt{x} \right) - \frac{(2-3x)^3 \sqrt{x}}{x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 216 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{5} (5750 \arctan(\sqrt{x}) - 6(917-171x)\sqrt{x}) - \frac{42}{5} (2-3x)^2 \sqrt{x} \right) - \frac{(2-3x)^3 \sqrt{x}}{x+1}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((2 - 3*x)^3*Sqrt[x])/(1 + x)^2,x]`

output `-(((2 - 3*x)^3*Sqrt[x])/(1 + x)) + ((-42*(2 - 3*x)^2*Sqrt[x])/5 + (-6*(917 - 171*x)*Sqrt[x] + 5750*ArcTan[Sqrt[x]])/5)/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 108 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(e + f*x)^(p - 1)*Simp[d*e*n + c*f*p + d*f*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || IntegersQ[m, n + p] || IntegersQ[p, m + n])`

rule 164 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(-a*d*f*h*(n + 2) + b*c*f*h*(m + 2) - b*d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n + 3) - b*d*f*h*(m + n + 2)*x)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(b^2*d^2*(m + n + 2)*(m + n + 3))), x] + Simp[(a^2*d^2*f*h*(n + 1)*(n + 2) + a*b*d*(n + 1)*(2*c*f*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n + 3)) + b^2*(c^2*f*h*(m + 1)*(m + 2) - c*d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1)*(m + n + 3) + d^2*e*g*(m + n + 2)*(m + n + 3)))/(b^2*d^2*(m + n + 2)*(m + n + 3)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 3, 0]`

rule 170

```

Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))
  Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) - h*(b*c*e*m + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + (b*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2) + h*(a*d*f*m - b*(d*e*(m + n + 1) + c*f*(m + p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p + 2, 0] && IntegerQ[m]

```

rule 216

```

Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])

```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
derivativedivides	$-450\sqrt{x} + 72x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{54x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{125\sqrt{x}}{1+x} + 575 \arctan(\sqrt{x})$
default	$-450\sqrt{x} + 72x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{54x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{125\sqrt{x}}{1+x} + 575 \arctan(\sqrt{x})$
risch	$-\frac{(54x^3 - 306x^2 + 1890x + 2875)\sqrt{x}}{5(1+x)} + 575 \arctan(\sqrt{x})$
trager	$-\frac{(54x^3 - 306x^2 + 1890x + 2875)\sqrt{x}}{5(1+x)} - \frac{575 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 + 1) \ln\left(-\frac{2 \operatorname{RootOf}(_Z^2 + 1)\sqrt{x-x+1}}{1+x}\right)}{2}$
meijerg	$-\frac{8\sqrt{x}}{1+x} + 575 \arctan(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{36\sqrt{x}(10x+15)}{5(1+x)} - \frac{18\sqrt{x}(-14x^2+70x+105)}{7(1+x)} - \frac{3\sqrt{x}(18x^3-42x^2+210x+3)}{5(1+x)}$

input

```
int((2-3*x)^3*x^(1/2)/(1+x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-450*x^(1/2)+72*x^(3/2)-54/5*x^(5/2)-125*x^(1/2)/(1+x)+575*arctan(x^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(2-3x)^3 \sqrt{x}}{(1+x)^2} dx = \frac{2875(x+1) \arctan(\sqrt{x}) - (54x^3 - 306x^2 + 1890x + 2875)\sqrt{x}}{5(x+1)}$$

input `integrate((2-3*x)^3*x^(1/2)/(1+x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/5*(2875*(x + 1)*arctan(sqrt(x)) - (54*x^3 - 306*x^2 + 1890*x + 2875)*sqrt(x))/(x + 1)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(2-3x)^3 \sqrt{x}}{(1+x)^2} dx = -\frac{54x^{7/2}}{5x+5} + \frac{306x^{5/2}}{5x+5} - \frac{1890x^{3/2}}{5x+5} - \frac{2875\sqrt{x}}{5x+5} + \frac{2875x \operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x})}{5x+5} + \frac{2875 \operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x})}{5x+5}$$

input `integrate((2-3*x)**3*x**(1/2)/(1+x)**2,x)`output `-54*x**(7/2)/(5*x + 5) + 306*x**(5/2)/(5*x + 5) - 1890*x**(3/2)/(5*x + 5) - 2875*sqrt(x)/(5*x + 5) + 2875*x*atan(sqrt(x))/(5*x + 5) + 2875*atan(sqrt(x))/(5*x + 5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(2-3x)^3 \sqrt{x}}{(1+x)^2} dx = -\frac{54}{5} x^{5/2} + 72 x^{3/2} - 450 \sqrt{x} - \frac{125 \sqrt{x}}{x+1} + 575 \arctan(\sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate((2-3*x)^3*x^(1/2)/(1+x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-54/5*x^{(5/2)} + 72*x^{(3/2)} - 450*\text{sqrt}(x) - 125*\text{sqrt}(x)/(x + 1) + 575*\text{arctan}(\text{sqrt}(x))$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(2-3x)^3 \sqrt{x}}{(1+x)^2} dx = -\frac{54}{5} x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 72 x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 450 \sqrt{x} - \frac{125 \sqrt{x}}{x+1} + 575 \arctan(\sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate((2-3*x)^3*x^(1/2)/(1+x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-54/5*x^{(5/2)} + 72*x^{(3/2)} - 450*\text{sqrt}(x) - 125*\text{sqrt}(x)/(x + 1) + 575*\text{arctan}(\text{sqrt}(x))$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(2-3x)^3 \sqrt{x}}{(1+x)^2} dx = 575 \text{atan}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{125 \sqrt{x}}{x+1} - 450 \sqrt{x} + 72 x^{3/2} - \frac{54 x^{5/2}}{5}$$

input `int(-(x^(1/2)*(3*x - 2)^3)/(x + 1)^2,x)`

output $575*\text{atan}(x^{(1/2)}) - (125*x^{(1/2)})/(x + 1) - 450*x^{(1/2)} + 72*x^{(3/2)} - (54*x^{(5/2)})/5$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(2-3x)^3 \sqrt{x}}{(1+x)^2} dx$$
$$= \frac{2875 \operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x}) x + 2875 \operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{x}) - 54 \sqrt{x} x^3 + 306 \sqrt{x} x^2 - 1890 \sqrt{x} x - 2875 \sqrt{x}}{5x + 5}$$

input `int((2-3*x)^3*x^(1/2)/(1+x)^2,x)`

output `(2875*atan(sqrt(x))*x + 2875*atan(sqrt(x)) - 54*sqrt(x)*x**3 + 306*sqrt(x)*x**2 - 1890*sqrt(x)*x - 2875*sqrt(x))/(5*(x + 1))`

3.197 $\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$

Optimal result	1347
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1347
Rubi [A] (verified)	1348
Maple [A] (verified)	1351
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1352
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1352
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1353
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1354
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1354
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1355

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = -\frac{2a^3(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^5} + \frac{2a^2(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}}{3b^4} - \frac{2a(Ab-aB)x^{5/2}}{5b^3} + \frac{2(Ab-aB)x^{7/2}}{7b^2} + \frac{2Bx^{9/2}}{9b} + \frac{2a^{7/2}(Ab-aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-2*a^3*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^5+2/3*a^2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^4-2/5*a*(A*b-B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^3+2/7*(A*b-B*a)*x^(7/2)/b^2+2/9*B*x^(9/2)/b+2*a^(7/2)*(A*b-B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(315a^4B-105a^3b(3A+Bx)+21a^2b^2x(5A+3Bx)-9ab^3x^2(7A+5Bx)+5b^4x^3)}{315b^5} - \frac{2a^{7/2}(-Ab+aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{11/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(7/2)*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x),x]
```


output

$$\frac{(2\sqrt{x}(315a^4B - 105a^3b(3A + Bx) + 21a^2b^2x(5A + 3Bx) - 9ab^3x^2(7A + 5Bx) + 5b^4x^3(9A + 7Bx)))/(315b^5) - (2a^{7/2})(-(Ab) + aB)\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a}]}{b^{11/2}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$, Rules used = {90, 60, 60, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{9/2}}{9b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{9/2}}{9b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{9/2}}{9b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{2Bx^{9/2}}{9b}$$

↓ 60

$$(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{2Bx^{9/2}}{9b}$$

↓ 73

$$(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{2Bx^{9/2}}{9b}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{9/2}}{9b}$$

input `Int[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x]`

output `(2*B*x^(9/2))/(9*b) + ((A*b - a*B)*((2*x^(7/2))/(7*b) - (a*((2*x^(5/2)))/(5*b) - (a*((2*x^(3/2)))/(3*b) - (a*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2)))/b))/b))/b)/b`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
 .), x] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2)),
 x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
 + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
 p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
 t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(-35Bx^4b^4 - 45Ax^3b^4 + 45Bx^3ab^3 + 63Ax^2ab^3 - 63Bx^2a^2b^2 - 105Ax^2a^2b^2 + 105Bxa^3b + 315Aa^3b - 315Ba^4)\sqrt{x}}{315b^5}$
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{Bx^{\frac{9}{2}}b^4}{9} - \frac{Ab^4x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{Bab^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{Aab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{Ba^2b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{Aa^2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{Ba^3bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + Aa^3b\sqrt{x} - Ba^4\sqrt{x}\right)}{b^5} + \frac{2a^4(Ab - B^2a^2)}{b^5}$
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{Bx^{\frac{9}{2}}b^4}{9} - \frac{Ab^4x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{Bab^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{Aab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{Ba^2b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{Aa^2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{Ba^3bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + Aa^3b\sqrt{x} - Ba^4\sqrt{x}\right)}{b^5} + \frac{2a^4(Ab - B^2a^2)}{b^5}$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/315*(-35*B*b^4*x^4-45*A*b^4*x^3+45*B*a*b^3*x^3+63*A*a*b^3*x^2-63*B*a^2*
 b^2*x^2-105*A*a^2*b^2*x+105*B*a^3*b*x+315*A*a^3*b-315*B*a^4)*x^(1/2)/b^5+2
 a^4(A*b-B*a)/b^5/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \left[\frac{315 (Ba^4 - Aa^3b) \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} \log\left(\frac{bx+2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}-a}{bx+a}\right) - 2(35 Bb^4x^4 + 315 Ba^4 - 315 Aa^3b)}{315 b^5} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\left(315 (Ba^4 - Aa^3b) \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}{a}\right) - (35 Bb^4x^4 + 315 Ba^4 - 315 Aa^3b - 45 (Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^3 + 63 (Ba^2b^2 - Aa^2b^2)x^2 - 105 (Ba^3b - Aa^2b^2)x) \sqrt{x}\right)}{315 b^5} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/315*(315*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*sqrt(-a/b)*log((b*x + 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) - a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(35*B*b^4*x^4 + 315*B*a^4 - 315*A*a^3*b - 45*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^3 + 63*(B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 105*(B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/b^5, -2/315*(315*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*sqrt(a/b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/b)/a) - (35*B*b^4*x^4 + 315*B*a^4 - 315*A*a^3*b - 45*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^3 + 63*(B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 105*(B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/b^5]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 328 vs. 2(131) = 262.

Time = 11.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \infty \left(\frac{2Ax^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} \right) \\ \frac{\frac{2Ax^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}}{a} \\ \frac{\frac{2Ax^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}}{b} \\ \frac{Aa^4 \log\left(\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b^5 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{Aa^4 \log\left(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b^5 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{2Aa^3 \sqrt{x}}{b^4} + \frac{2Aa^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b^3} - \frac{2Aax^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b^2} + \frac{2Ax^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7b} - \frac{Ba^5 \log\left(\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b^6} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(2*A*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*x**(9/2)/9), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*x**(11/2)/11)/a, Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*x**(9/2)/9)/b, Eq(a, 0)), (A*a**4*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(b**5*sqrt(-a/b)) - A*a**4*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(b**5*sqrt(-a/b)) - 2*A*a**3*sqrt(x)/b**4 + 2*A*a**2*x**(3/2)/(3*b**3) - 2*A*a*x**(5/2)/(5*b**2) + 2*A*x**(7/2)/(7*b) - B*a**5*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(b**6*sqrt(-a/b)) + B*a**5*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(b**6*sqrt(-a/b)) + 2*B*a**4*sqrt(x)/b**5 - 2*B*a**3*x**(3/2)/(3*b**4) + 2*B*a**2*x**(5/2)/(5*b**3) - 2*B*a*x**(7/2)/(7*b**2) + 2*B*x**(9/2)/(9*b), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = -\frac{2(Ba^5 - Aa^4b) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^5}} + \frac{2\left(35Bb^4x^{\frac{9}{2}} - 45(Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 63(Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 105(Ba^3b - Aa^2b^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 315(Ba^4 - Aa^3b)\right)}{315b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*(B*a^5 - A*a^4*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^5) + 2/315*(35*B*b^4*x^(9/2) - 45*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^(7/2) + 63*(B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^(5/2) - 105*(B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x^(3/2) + 315*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*sqrt(x))/b^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = -\frac{2(Ba^5 - Aa^4b) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^5}} + \frac{2\left(35Bb^8x^{\frac{9}{2}} - 45Bab^7x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 45Ab^8x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 63Ba^2b^6x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 63Aab^7x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 105Ba^3b^5x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 105Aa^2b^6x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 315Ba^4b^4\sqrt{x} - 315Aa^3b^5\sqrt{x}\right)}{315b^9}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*(B*a^5 - A*a^4*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^5) + 2/315*(35*B*b^8*x^(9/2) - 45*B*a*b^7*x^(7/2) + 45*A*b^8*x^(7/2) + 63*B*a^2*b^6*x^(5/2) - 63*A*a*b^7*x^(5/2) - 105*B*a^3*b^5*x^(3/2) + 105*A*a^2*b^6*x^(3/2) + 315*B*a^4*b^4*sqrt(x) - 315*A*a^3*b^5*sqrt(x))/b^9`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = x^{7/2} \left(\frac{2A}{7b} - \frac{2Ba}{7b^2} \right) + \frac{2Bx^{9/2}}{9b} + \frac{a^2 x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2A}{b} - \frac{2Ba}{b^2} \right)}{3b^2} - \frac{a^3 \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2A}{b} - \frac{2Ba}{b^2} \right)}{b^3} - \frac{2a^{7/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{7/2} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{x} (Ab - Ba)}{Ba^5 - Aa^4b}\right) (Ab - Ba)}{b^{11/2}} - \frac{ax^{5/2} \left(\frac{2A}{b} - \frac{2Ba}{b^2} \right)}{5b}$$

input `int((x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x)`output `x^(7/2)*((2*A)/(7*b) - (2*B*a)/(7*b^2)) + (2*B*x^(9/2))/(9*b) + (a^2*x^(3/2)*((2*A)/b - (2*B*a)/b^2))/(3*b^2) - (a^3*x^(1/2)*((2*A)/b - (2*B*a)/b^2))/b^3 - (2*a^(7/2)*atan((a^(7/2)*b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(A*b - B*a))/(B*a^5 - A*a^4*b))*(A*b - B*a))/b^(11/2) - (a*x^(5/2)*((2*A)/b - (2*B*a)/b^2))/(5*b)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.05

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x} x^4}{9}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**4)/9`

3.198 $\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$

Optimal result	1356
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1356
Rubi [A] (verified)	1357
Maple [A] (verified)	1359
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1360
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1361
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1361
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1362
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1362
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1363

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{2a^2(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^4} - \frac{2a(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}}{3b^3} + \frac{2(Ab-aB)x^{5/2}}{5b^2} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{2a^{5/2}(Ab-aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{9/2}}$$

output

```
2*a^2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^4-2/3*a*(A*b-B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^3+2/5*(A*b-B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^2+2/7*B*x^(7/2)/b-2*a^(5/2)*(A*b-B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(-105a^3B+35a^2b(3A+Bx)-7ab^2x(5A+3Bx)+3b^3x^2(7A+5Bx))}{105b^4} + \frac{2a^{5/2}(-Ab+aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2\sqrt{x}*(-105a^3B + 35a^2b(3A + Bx) - 7ab^2x(5A + 3Bx) + 3b^3x^2(7A + 5Bx)))/(105b^4) + (2a^{5/2}*(-Ab) + aB)\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}]/\sqrt{a}]}{b^{9/2}}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {90, 60, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b}$$

input `Int[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x]`

output `(2*B*x^(7/2))/(7*b) + ((A*b - a*B)*((2*x^(5/2))/(5*b) - (a*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (a*((2*sqrt[x])/b - (2*sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2)))/b))/b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 60 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(
b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!Integer
Q[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinear
Q[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 90 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(15b^3 B x^3 + 21A x^2 b^3 - 21B x^2 a b^2 - 35A x a b^2 + 35B x a^2 b + 105a^2 b A - 105a^3 B)\sqrt{x}}{105b^4} - \frac{2a^3(Ab - Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^4\sqrt{ab}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2b^3 B x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2A b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2B a b^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2A a b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2B a^2 b x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2a^2 b A \sqrt{x} - 2a^3 B \sqrt{x}}{b^4} - \frac{2a^3(Ab - Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^4\sqrt{ab}}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2b^3 B x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2A b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2B a b^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2A a b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2B a^2 b x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2a^2 b A \sqrt{x} - 2a^3 B \sqrt{x}}{b^4} - \frac{2a^3(Ab - Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^4\sqrt{ab}}$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{105}*(15*B*b^3*x^3+21*A*b^3*x^2-21*B*a*b^2*x^2-35*A*a*b^2*x+35*B*a^2*b*x+105*A*a^2*b-105*B*a^3)*x^{(1/2)}/b^4-2*a^3*(A*b-B*a)/b^4/(a*b)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(b*x^{(1/2)}/(a*b)^{(1/2)})$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \left[\frac{105(Ba^3 - Aa^2b)\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} \log\left(\frac{bx-2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}-a}{bx+a}\right) - 2(15Bb^3x^3 - 105Ba^3 + 105Aa^2b)}{105b^4} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[-\frac{1}{105}*(105*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*\sqrt{-a/b}*\log((b*x - 2*b*\sqrt{x})*\sqrt{-a/b} - a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(15*B*b^3*x^3 - 105*B*a^3 + 105*A*a^2*b - 21*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^2 + 35*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x)*\sqrt{x}/b^4, \frac{2}{105}*(105*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*\sqrt{a/b}*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{a/b}/a) + (15*B*b^3*x^3 - 105*B*a^3 + 105*A*a^2*b - 21*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^2 + 35*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x)*\sqrt{x}/b^4 \right]$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 294 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 3.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \begin{cases} \infty \left(\frac{2Ax^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} \right) \\ \frac{\frac{2Ax^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}}{a} \\ \frac{\frac{2Ax^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}}{b} \\ -\frac{Aa^3 \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b^4 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{Aa^3 \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b^4 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{2Aa^2 \sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{2Aax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b^2} + \frac{2Ax^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b} + \frac{Ba^4 \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b^5 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a), x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(2*A*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*x**(7/2)/7), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*x**(9/2)/9)/a, Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*x**(7/2)/7)/b, Eq(a, 0)), (-A*a**3*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(b**4*sqrt(-a/b)) + A*a**3*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(b**4*sqrt(-a/b)) + 2*A*a**2*sqrt(x)/b**3 - 2*A*a*x**(3/2)/(3*b**2) + 2*A*x**(5/2)/(5*b) + B*a**4*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(b**5*sqrt(-a/b)) - B*a**4*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(b**5*sqrt(-a/b)) - 2*B*a**3*sqrt(x)/b**4 + 2*B*a**2*x**(3/2)/(3*b**3) - 2*B*a*x**(5/2)/(5*b**2) + 2*B*x**(7/2)/(7*b), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{2(Ba^4 - Aa^3b) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}b^4} + \frac{2\left(15Bb^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21(Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35(Ba^2b - Aab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 105(Ba^3 - Aa^2b)\sqrt{x}\right)}{105b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$2*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*b^4) + 2/105*(15*B*b^3*x^{7/2} - 21*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^{5/2} + 35*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x^{3/2} - 105*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*\sqrt{x})/b^4$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{2(Ba^4 - Aa^3b) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^4}} + \frac{2\left(15Bb^6x^{7/2} - 21Bab^5x^{5/2} + 21Ab^6x^{5/2} + 35Ba^2b^4x^{3/2} - 35Aab^5x^{3/2} - 105Ba^3b^3\sqrt{x} + 105Aa^2b^4\sqrt{x}\right)}{105b^7}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$2*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*b^4) + 2/105*(15*B*b^6*x^{7/2} - 21*B*a*b^5*x^{5/2} + 21*A*b^6*x^{5/2} + 35*B*a^2*b^4*x^{3/2} - 35*A*a*b^5*x^{3/2} - 105*B*a^3*b^3*\sqrt{x} + 105*A*a^2*b^4*\sqrt{x})/b^7$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = x^{5/2} \left(\frac{2A}{5b} - \frac{2Ba}{5b^2} \right) + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b} + \frac{a^2\sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2A}{b} - \frac{2Ba}{b^2} \right)}{b^2} + \frac{2a^{5/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{5/2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(Ab-Ba)}{Ba^4-Aa^3b}\right) (Ab-Ba)}{b^{9/2}} - \frac{ax^{3/2} \left(\frac{2A}{b} - \frac{2Ba}{b^2} \right)}{3b}$$

input

```
int((x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x)
```

output

```
x^(5/2)*((2*A)/(5*b) - (2*B*a)/(5*b^2)) + (2*B*x^(7/2))/(7*b) + (a^2*x^(1/2))*((2*A)/b - (2*B*a)/b^2))/b^2 + (2*a^(5/2)*atan((a^(5/2)*b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))*((A*b - B*a))/(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)))*(A*b - B*a))/b^(9/2) - (a*x^(3/2))*((2*A)/b - (2*B*a)/b^2))/(3*b)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x} x^3}{7}$$

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(x)*x**3)/7
```


3.199 $\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$

Optimal result	1364
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1364
Rubi [A] (verified)	1365
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = -\frac{2a(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^3} + \frac{2(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}}{3b^2} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b} + \frac{2a^{3/2}(Ab-aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2*a*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^3+2/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^2+2/5*B*x^(5/2)/b+2*a^(3/2)*(A*b-B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(15a^2B-5ab(3A+Bx)+b^2x(5A+3Bx))}{15b^3} - \frac{2a^{3/2}(-Ab+aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x),x]
```

output

$$(2\sqrt{x}(15a^2B - 5ab(3A + Bx) + b^2x(5A + 3Bx)))/(15b^3) - (2a^{3/2}(-Ab + aB)\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}]/\sqrt{a}]/b^{7/2})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {90, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 90 \\ & \frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 73 \\ & \frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 218 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b}$$

input `Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x]`

output `(2*B*x^(5/2))/(5*b) + ((A*b - a*B)*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (a*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2))))/b)/b`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2(-3b^2Bx^2-5Ab^2x+5Babx+15abA-15a^2B)\sqrt{x}}{15b^3} + \frac{2a^2(Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^3\sqrt{ab}}$	76
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{b^2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}-\frac{Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+\frac{Babx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+abA\sqrt{x}-a^2B\sqrt{x}\right)}{b^3} + \frac{2a^2(Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^3\sqrt{ab}}$	82
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{b^2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}-\frac{Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+\frac{Babx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+abA\sqrt{x}-a^2B\sqrt{x}\right)}{b^3} + \frac{2a^2(Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^3\sqrt{ab}}$	82

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/15*(-3*B*b^2*x^2-5*A*b^2*x+5*B*a*b*x+15*A*a*b-15*B*a^2)*x^{(1/2)}/b^3+2*a^2*(A*b-B*a)/b^3/(a*b)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(b*x^{(1/2)}/(a*b)^{(1/2)})$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \left[\begin{aligned} &-\frac{15(Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} \log\left(\frac{bx+2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}-a}{bx+a}\right) - 2(3Bb^2x^2 + 15Ba^2 - 15Aab - 5(Bab - Ab^2)x)\sqrt{x}}{15b^3} \\ &-\frac{2\left(15(Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}{a}\right) - (3Bb^2x^2 + 15Ba^2 - 15Aab - 5(Bab - Ab^2)x)\sqrt{x}\right)}{15b^3} \end{aligned} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/15*(15*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(-a/b)*log((b*x + 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) -
a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(3*B*b^2*x^2 + 15*B*a^2 - 15*A*a*b - 5*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x
)*sqrt(x))/b^3, -2/15*(15*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(a/b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(
a/b)/a) - (3*B*b^2*x^2 + 15*B*a^2 - 15*A*a*b - 5*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x
))/b^3]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 260 vs. $2(87) = 174$.

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \left(\frac{2Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} \right) \\ \frac{\frac{2Ax^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}}{a} \\ \frac{\frac{2Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{b} \\ \frac{Aa^2 \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b^3 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{Aa^2 \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b^3 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{2Aa\sqrt{x}}{b^2} + \frac{2Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b} - \frac{Ba^3 \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b^4 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{Ba^3 \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b^4 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a), x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(5/2)/5), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((
2*A*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*x**(7/2)/7)/a, Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(
5/2)/5)/b, Eq(a, 0)), (A*a**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(b**3*sqrt(-a/b))
- A*a**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(b**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 2*A*a*sqrt(x)/b**2
+ 2*A*x**(3/2)/(3*b) - B*a**3*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(b**4*sqrt(-a/b))
+ B*a**3*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(b**4*sqrt(-a/b)) + 2*B*a**2*sqrt(x)/b*
*3 - 2*B*a*x**(3/2)/(3*b**2) + 2*B*x**(5/2)/(5*b), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = -\frac{2(Ba^3 - Aa^2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^3}} + \frac{2\left(3Bb^2x^{5/2} - 5(Bab - Ab^2)x^{3/2} + 15(Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{x}\right)}{15b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^3) + 2/15*(3*B*b^2*x^(5/2) - 5*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^(3/2) + 15*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/b^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = -\frac{2(Ba^3 - Aa^2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^3}} + \frac{2\left(3Bb^4x^{5/2} - 5Bab^3x^{3/2} + 5Ab^4x^{3/2} + 15Ba^2b^2\sqrt{x} - 15Aab^3\sqrt{x}\right)}{15b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^3) + 2/15*(3*B*b^4*x^(5/2) - 5*B*a*b^3*x^(3/2) + 5*A*b^4*x^(3/2) + 15*B*a^2*b^2*sqrt(x) - 15*A*a*b^3*sqrt(x))/b^5`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2A}{3b} - \frac{2Ba}{3b^2} \right) + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{2a^{3/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(Ab - Ba)}{Ba^3 - Aa^2b}\right) (Ab - Ba)}{b^{7/2}} - \frac{a\sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2A}{b} - \frac{2Ba}{b^2}\right)}{b}$$

input `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x)`output `x^(3/2)*((2*A)/(3*b) - (2*B*a)/(3*b^2)) + (2*B*x^(5/2))/(5*b) - (2*a^(3/2)*atan((a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(A*b - B*a))/(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b))*(A*b - B*a)/b^(7/2) - (a*x^(1/2)*((2*A)/b - (2*B*a)/b^2))/b`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^2}{5}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**2)/5`

3.200 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$

Optimal result	1371
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1371
Rubi [A] (verified)	1372
Maple [A] (verified)	1373
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1374
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1375
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1375
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1376
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1376
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1376

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{2(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^2} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}(Ab-aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

output $2*(A*b-B*a)*x^{(1/2)}/b^2+2/3*B*x^{(3/2)}/b-2*a^{(1/2)}*(A*b-B*a)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/b^{(5/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(3Ab-3aB+bBx)}{3b^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}(-Ab+aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x),x]$

output $(2*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(3*A*b-3*a*B+b*B*x))/(3*b^2) + (2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*(-A*b+a*B)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(\text{Sqrt}[a])])/b^{(5/2)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {90, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & \frac{(Ab-aB) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{(Ab-aB) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{(Ab-aB) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{(Ab-aB) \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x]`

output `(2*B*x^(3/2))/(3*b) + ((A*b - a*B)*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/b^(3/2))))/b`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 60 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0]))) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 90 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/(d*f*(n + p + 2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + p + 2, 0]$
- rule 218 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2(bBx+3Ab-3Ba)\sqrt{x}}{3b^2} - \frac{2a(Ab-Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{ab}}$	53
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2bBx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab\sqrt{x} - 2Ba\sqrt{x}}{b^2} - \frac{2a(Ab-Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{ab}}$	58
default	$\frac{\frac{2bBx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab\sqrt{x} - 2Ba\sqrt{x}}{b^2} - \frac{2a(Ab-Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{ab}}$	58

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*(B*b*x+3*A*b-3*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^2-2*a*(A*b-B*a)/b^2/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{3(Ba - Ab)\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} \log\left(\frac{bx - 2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} - a}{bx+a}\right) - 2(Bbx - 3Ba + 3Ab)\sqrt{x}}{3b^2}, \frac{2\left(3(Ba - Ab)\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a/b}}\right)\right)}{3b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/3*(3*(B*a - A*b)*sqrt(-a/b)*log((b*x - 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) - a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(B*b*x - 3*B*a + 3*A*b)*sqrt(x))/b^2, 2/3*(3*(B*a - A*b)*sqrt(a/b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/b)/a) + (B*b*x - 3*B*a + 3*A*b)*sqrt(x))/b^2]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs. $2(65) = 130$.

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \left(2A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3} \right) \\ \frac{\frac{2Ax^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5}}{a} \\ \frac{2A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3}}{b} \\ -\frac{Aa \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{Aa \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{2A\sqrt{x}}{b} + \frac{Ba^2 \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b^3 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{Ba^2 \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b^3 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{2Ba\sqrt{x}}{b^2} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(5/2)/5)/a, Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3)/b, Eq(a, 0)), (-A*a*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(b**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + A*a*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(b**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 2*A*sqrt(x)/b + B*a**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(b**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - B*a**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(b**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 2*B*a*sqrt(x)/b**2 + 2*B*x**(3/2)/(3*b), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{2(Ba^2 - Aab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^2}} + \frac{2\left(Bbx^{3/2} - 3(Ba - Ab)\sqrt{x}\right)}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^2) + 2/3*(B*b*x^(3/2) - 3*(B*a - A*b)*sqrt(x))/b^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{2(Ba^2 - Aab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^2}} + \frac{2\left(Bb^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3Bab\sqrt{x} + 3Ab^2\sqrt{x}\right)}{3b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^2) + 2/3*(B*b^2*x^(3/2) - 3*B*a*b*sqrt(x) + 3*A*b^2*sqrt(x))/b^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2A}{b} - \frac{2Ba}{b^2} \right) + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b} + \frac{2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(Ab-Ba)}{Ba^2-Aab}\right) (Ab-Ba)}{b^{5/2}}$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x)`output `x^(1/2)*((2*A)/b - (2*B*a)/b^2) + (2*B*x^(3/2))/(3*b) + (2*a^(1/2)*atan((a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(A*b - B*a))/(B*a^2 - A*a*b))*(A*b - B*a)/b^(5/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x}{3}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`

output $(2*\text{sqrt}(x)*x)/3$

3.201 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx$

Optimal result	1378
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1378
Rubi [A] (verified)	1379
Maple [A] (verified)	1380
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1380
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1381
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1382
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1382
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1382
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1383

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b} + \frac{2(Ab - aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}}$$

output $2*B*x^{(1/2)}/b+2*(A*b-B*a)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)}/b^{(3/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2(-Ab + aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)),x]$

output $(2*B*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*(-(A*b) + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*b^{(3/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {90, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{90}$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{73}$$

$$\frac{2(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{218}$$

$$\frac{2(Ab - aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)),x]`

output `(2*B*Sqrt[x])/b + (2*(A*b - a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b} + \frac{2(Ab-Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b\sqrt{ab}}$	40
default	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b} + \frac{2(Ab-Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b\sqrt{ab}}$	40
risch	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b} + \frac{2(Ab-Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b\sqrt{ab}}$	40

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*B*x^(1/2)/b+2*(A*b-B*a)/b/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2 Bab\sqrt{x} + (Ba - Ab)\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx-a-2\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{x}}{bx+a}\right)}{ab^2}, \frac{2 \left(Bab\sqrt{x} + (Ba - Ab)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right) \right)}{ab^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[(2*B*a*b*sqrt(x) + (B*a - A*b)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)))/(a*b^2), 2*(B*a*b*sqrt(x) + (B*a - A*b)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))))/(a*b^2)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 180 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.67

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \left(-\frac{2A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2B\sqrt{x} \right) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \\ \frac{2A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{-\frac{2A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2B\sqrt{x}}{b} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{A \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{A \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{Ba \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{Ba \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(1/2)/(b*x+a),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x)), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3)/a, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x))/b, Eq(a, 0)), (A*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(b*sqrt(-a/b)) - A*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(b*sqrt(-a/b)) - B*a*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(b**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + B*a*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(b**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 2*B*sqrt(x)/b, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2(Ba - Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*B*sqrt(x)/b - 2*(B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2(Ba - Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*B*sqrt(x)/b - 2*(B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b} + \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Ab - Ba)}{\sqrt{a} b^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(a + b*x)),x)`output `(2*B*x^(1/2))/b + (2*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(A*b - B*a))/(a^(1/2)*b^(3/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)} dx = 2\sqrt{x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a),x)`

output `2*sqrt(x)`

3.202 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx$

Optimal result	1384
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1384
Rubi [A] (verified)	1385
Maple [A] (verified)	1386
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1386
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1387
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1388
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1388
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1388
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1389

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2(Ab - aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}}$$

output `-2*A/a/x^(1/2)-2*(A*b-B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/b^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2(-Ab + aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(a*Sqrt[x]) + (2*(-(A*b) + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {87, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$-\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$-\frac{2(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$-\frac{2(Ab - aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}} - \frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(a*sqrt[x]) - (2*(A*b - a*B)*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[a]])/(a^(3/2)*sqrt[b])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2(-Ab+Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a\sqrt{ab}}$	40
default	$-\frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2(-Ab+Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a\sqrt{ab}}$	40
risch	$-\frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2(Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a\sqrt{ab}}$	40

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*A/a/x^(1/2)+2*(-A*b+B*a)/a/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)} dx = \left[-\frac{2Aab\sqrt{x} - (Ba - Ab)\sqrt{-ab}x \log\left(\frac{bx - a + 2\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{x}}{bx + a}\right)}{a^2bx}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{2\left(Aab\sqrt{x} + (Ba - Ab)\sqrt{ab}x \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right)\right)}{a^2bx} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-(2*A*a*b*sqrt(x) - (B*a - A*b)*sqrt(-a*b)*x*log((b*x - a + 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)))/(a^2*b*x), -2*(A*a*b*sqrt(x) + (B*a - A*b)*sqrt(a*b)*x*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))))/(a^2*b*x)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 178 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.63

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \left(-\frac{2A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2B}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \\ \frac{-\frac{2A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2B}{\sqrt{x}}}{b} \\ \frac{-\frac{2A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2B\sqrt{x}}{a} \\ -\frac{A \log(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{a\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{A \log(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{a\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}} + \frac{B \log(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{b\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{B \log(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{b\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} \end{cases}$$

for a

for a

for b

othe

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(3/2)/(b*x+a),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x)), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x))/b, Eq(a, 0)), ((-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x))/a, Eq(b, 0)), (-A*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(a*sqrt(-a/b)) + A*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(a*sqrt(-a/b)) - 2*A/(a*sqrt(x)) + B*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(b*sqrt(-a/b)) - B*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(b*sqrt(-a/b)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)} dx = \frac{2(Ba - Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba}} - \frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*(B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a) - 2*A/(a*sqrt(x))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)} dx = \frac{2(Ba - Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba}} - \frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*(B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a) - 2*A/(a*sqrt(x))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)} dx = \frac{2B \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}} - \frac{2A\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)),x)`output `(2*B*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2)))/(a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)) - (2*A*b^(1/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2)))/a^(3/2) - (2*A)/(a*x^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.12

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a),x)`

output `(- 2)/sqrt(x)`

3.203 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx$

Optimal result	1390
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1390
Rubi [A] (verified)	1391
Maple [A] (verified)	1392
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1393
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1393
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1394
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1395
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1395
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1395

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}} + \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{a^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2\sqrt{b}(Ab - aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

output
$$-2/3*A/a/x^{(3/2)}+2*(A*b-B*a)/a^2/x^{(1/2)}+2*b^{(1/2)}*(A*b-B*a)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(5/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{2(aA - 3Abx + 3aBx)}{3a^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{b}(-Ab + aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

input
$$\text{Integrate}[(A + B*x)/(x^{(5/2)}*(a + b*x)), x]$$

output
$$(-2*(a*A - 3*A*b*x + 3*a*B*x))/(3*a^2*x^{(3/2)}) - (2*\text{Sqrt}[b]*(-A*b) + a*B)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/a^{(5/2)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {87, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(3*a*x^(3/2)) - ((A*b - a*B)*(-2/(a*sqrt[x]) - (2*sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/a`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 61

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0]
) || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d
, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt
[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2(-3Abx+3Bax+3Aa)}{3a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2(Ab-Ba)b \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{ab}}$	54
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2A}{3ax^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ab+Ba)}{a^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2(Ab-Ba)b \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{ab}}$	57
default	$-\frac{2A}{3ax^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ab+Ba)}{a^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2(Ab-Ba)b \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{ab}}$	57

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*(-3*A*b*x+3*B*a*x+A*a)/a^2/x^(3/2)+2*(A*b-B*a)/a^2*b/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)} dx = \left[\frac{3(Ba - Ab)x^2 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{bx + 2a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} - a}{bx + a}\right) + 2(Aa + 3(Ba - Ab)x)\sqrt{x}}{3a^2x^2}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\left(3(Ba - Ab)x^2 \sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}\right) + (Aa + 3(Ba - Ab)x)\sqrt{x}\right)}{3a^2x^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/3*(3*(B*a - A*b)*x^2*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x + 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/a) - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(A*a + 3*(B*a - A*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*x^2), -2/3*(3*(B*a - A*b)*x^2*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/a)) + (A*a + 3*(B*a - A*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*x^2)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs. $2(65) = 130$.

Time = 1.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \left(-\frac{2A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2B}{3x^{3/2}} \right) \\ -\frac{2A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2B}{3x^{3/2}} \\ \frac{-\frac{2A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2B}{3x^{3/2}}}{b} \\ -\frac{2A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2B}{a\sqrt{x}} \\ -\frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}} + \frac{Ab \log(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{a^2 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{Ab \log(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{a^2 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{2Ab}{a^2 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{B \log(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{a \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{B \log(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{a \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(5/2)/(b*x+a), x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2)))/b, Eq(a, 0)), ((-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x))/a, Eq(b, 0)), (-2*A/(3*a*x**(3/2)) + A*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(a**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - A*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(a**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 2*A*b/(a**2*sqrt(x)) - B*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(a*sqrt(-a/b)) + B*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(a*sqrt(-a/b)) - 2*B/(a*sqrt(x)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{2(Bab - Ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^2}} - \frac{2(Aa + 3(Ba - Ab)x)}{3a^2x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2) - 2/3*(A*a + 3*(B*a - A*b)*x)/(a^2*x^(3/2))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{2(Bab - Ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^2}} - \frac{2(3Bax - 3Abx + Aa)}{3a^2x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2) - 2/3*(3*B*a*x - 3*A*b*x + A*a)/(a^2*x^(3/2))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Ab - Ba)}{a^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{2A}{3a} - \frac{2x(Ab - Ba)}{a^2}}{x^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)),x)`output `(2*b^(1/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(A*b - B*a))/a^(5/2) - ((2*A)/(3*a) - (2*x*(A*b - B*a))/a^2)/x^(3/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{x}x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a),x)`output `(- 2)/(3*sqrt(x)*x)`

3.204 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)} dx$

Optimal result	1396
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1396
Rubi [A] (verified)	1397
Maple [A] (verified)	1399
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1399
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1400
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1401
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1401
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1402
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1402

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)} dx = -\frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}} + \frac{2(Ab-aB)}{3a^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{2b(Ab-aB)}{a^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b^{3/2}(Ab-aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2/5*A/a/x^(5/2)+2/3*(A*b-B*a)/a^2/x^(3/2)-2*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^(1/2)-2*b^(3/2)*(A*b-B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)} dx = -\frac{2(15Ab^2x^2-5abx(A+3Bx)+a^2(3A+5Bx))}{15a^3x^{5/2}} + \frac{2b^{3/2}(-Ab+aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2*(15*A*b^2*x^2 - 5*a*b*x*(A + 3*B*x) + a^2*(3*A + 5*B*x)))/(15*a^3*x^(5/2)) + (2*b^(3/2)*(-(A*b) + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/a^(7/2)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {87, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 61 \\ & \frac{(Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 61 \\ & \frac{(Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 73 \\ & \frac{(Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 218 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(5*a*x^(5/2)) - ((A*b - a*B)*(-2/(3*a*x^(3/2)) - (b*(-2/(a*sqrt[x]) - (2*sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/a))/a`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2A}{5ax^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ab+Ba)}{3a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2b(Ab-Ba)}{a^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b^2(Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^3\sqrt{ab}}$	76
default	$-\frac{2A}{5ax^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ab+Ba)}{3a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2b(Ab-Ba)}{a^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b^2(Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^3\sqrt{ab}}$	76
risch	$-\frac{2(15Ab^2x^2-15Babx^2-5aAbx+5Ba^2x+3a^2A)}{15a^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2b^2(Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^3\sqrt{ab}}$	79

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/5*A/a/x^(5/2)-2/3*(-A*b+B*a)/a^2/x^(3/2)-2*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^(1/2)-2*b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)} dx = \left[\frac{15(Bab - Ab^2)x^3 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{bx - 2a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} - a}{bx + a}\right) + 2(3Aa^2 - 15(Bab - Ab^2)x^2 + 5Aa^2)}{15a^3x^3} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/15*(15*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^3*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x - 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/a)
) - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(3*A*a^2 - 15*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^2 - A*a*b
)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*x^3), 2/15*(15*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^3*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt
(x)*sqrt(b/a)) - (3*A*a^2 - 15*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*x
)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*x^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 262 vs. 2(87) = 174.

Time = 5.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \left(-\frac{2A}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{2B}{5x^{5/2}} \right) \\ -\frac{2A}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{2B}{5x^{5/2}} \\ b \\ -\frac{2A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2B}{3x^{3/2}} \\ a \\ -\frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}} + \frac{2Ab}{3a^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{Ab^2 \log(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{a^3 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{Ab^2 \log(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{a^3 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{2Ab^2}{a^3 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{2B}{3ax^{3/2}} + \frac{Bb \log(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{a^2 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(7/2)/(b*x+a), x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(7*x**(7/2)) - 2*B/(5*x**(5/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)
), ((-2*A/(7*x**(7/2)) - 2*B/(5*x**(5/2)))/b, Eq(a, 0)), ((-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)
)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2)))/a, Eq(b, 0)), (-2*A/(5*a*x**(5/2)) + 2*A*b/(3*a**2*
x**(3/2)) - A*b**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(a**3*sqrt(-a/b)) + A*b**2*lo
g(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(a**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 2*A*b**2/(a**3*sqrt(x)) - 2*B/
(3*a*x**(3/2)) + B*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(a**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - B*b*log
(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(a**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 2*B*b/(a**2*sqrt(x)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)} dx = \frac{2(Bab^2 - Ab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^3}} - \frac{2(3Aa^2 - 15(Bab - Ab^2)x^2 + 5(Ba^2 - Aab)x)}{15a^3x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^3) - 2/15*(3*A*a^2 - 15*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*x)/(a^3*x^(5/2))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)} dx = \frac{2(Bab^2 - Ab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^3}} + \frac{2(15Babx^2 - 15Ab^2x^2 - 5Ba^2x + 5Aabx - 3Aa^2)}{15a^3x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^3) + 2/15*(15*B*a*b*x^2 - 15*A*b^2*x^2 - 5*B*a^2*x + 5*A*a*b*x - 3*A*a^2)/(a^3*x^(5/2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{\frac{2A}{5a} - \frac{2x(Ab - Ba)}{3a^2} + \frac{2bx^2(Ab - Ba)}{a^3}}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{2b^{3/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Ab - Ba)}{a^{7/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)),x)`output `- ((2*A)/(5*a) - (2*x*(A*b - B*a))/(3*a^2) + (2*b*x^2*(A*b - B*a))/a^3)/x^(5/2) - (2*b^(3/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(A*b - B*a))/a^(7/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{2}{5\sqrt{x}x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a),x)`output `(- 2)/(5*sqrt(x)*x**2)`

3.205 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)} dx$

Optimal result	1403
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1403
Rubi [A] (verified)	1404
Maple [A] (verified)	1406
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1407
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1408
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1408
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1409
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1409
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1410

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)} dx = -\frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}} + \frac{2(Ab-aB)}{5a^2x^{5/2}} - \frac{2b(Ab-aB)}{3a^3x^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^2(Ab-aB)}{a^4\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b^{5/2}(Ab-aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2/7*A/a/x^(7/2)+2/5*(A*b-B*a)/a^2/x^(5/2)-2/3*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^(3/2)+2*b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^4/x^(1/2)+2*b^(5/2)*(A*b-B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)} dx = \frac{210Ab^3x^3 - 70ab^2x^2(A+3Bx) + 14a^2bx(3A+5Bx) - 6a^3(5A+7Bx)}{105a^4x^{7/2}} + \frac{2b^{5/2}(Ab-aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*(a + b*x)),x]
```


output

$$(210*A*b^3*x^3 - 70*a*b^2*x^2*(A + 3*B*x) + 14*a^2*b*x*(3*A + 5*B*x) - 6*a^3*(5*A + 7*B*x))/(105*a^4*x^{(7/2)}) + (2*b^{(5/2)}*(A*b - a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/a^{(9/2)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {87, 61, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$-\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$-\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$-\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}}$$

73

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}}$$

218

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*(a + b*x)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(7*a*x^(7/2)) - ((A*b - a*B)*(-2/(5*a*x^(5/2)) - (b*(-2/(3*a*x^(3/2))) - (b*(-2/(a*sqrt[x]) - (2*sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/a))/a`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 61 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0
] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d
, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2(Ab - Ba)b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^4\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ab + Ba)}{5a^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2b(Ab - Ba)}{3a^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2b^2(Ab - Ba)}{a^4\sqrt{x}}$
default	$\frac{2(Ab - Ba)b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^4\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ab + Ba)}{5a^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2b(Ab - Ba)}{3a^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2b^2(Ab - Ba)}{a^4\sqrt{x}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(-105Ab^3x^3 + 105Ba^2b^2x^3 + 35aAb^2x^2 - 35Ba^2bx^2 - 21a^2Abx + 21Ba^3x + 15a^3A)}{105a^4x^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{2(Ab - Ba)b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^4\sqrt{ab}}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2*(A*b-B*a)/a^4*b^3/(a*b)^(1/2)*\arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))-2/7*A/a/x^(7/2)-2/5*(-A*b+B*a)/a^2/x^(5/2)-2/3*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^(3/2)+2*b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^4/x^(1/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)} dx = \frac{105 (Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^4 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{bx + 2a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} - a}{bx + a}\right) + 2(15Aa^3 + 105(Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^3 - 35(Ba^2b - Aab^2)x^2 + 21Aa^2b - Aa^2b^2)x}{105a^4x^4} + \frac{2\left(105(Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^4 \sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}\right) + (15Aa^3 + 105(Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^3 - 35(Ba^2b - Aab^2)x^2 + 21Aa^2b - Aa^2b^2)x\right)}{105a^4x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[-\frac{1}{105}*(105*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^4*\sqrt{-b/a}*\log((b*x + 2*a*\sqrt{x})*\sqrt{-b/a} - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(15*A*a^3 + 105*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^3 - 35*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 21*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*x)*\sqrt{x})/(a^4*x^4), -\frac{2}{105}*(105*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^4*\sqrt{b/a}*\arctan(\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{b/a}) + (15*A*a^3 + 105*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^3 - 35*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 21*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*x)*\sqrt{x})/(a^4*x^4)\right]$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 299 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 16.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)} dx = \begin{cases} \infty \left(-\frac{2A}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{2B}{7x^{7/2}} \right) \\ -\frac{2A}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{2B}{7x^{7/2}} \\ \frac{2A}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{2B}{7x^{7/2}} \\ \frac{2A}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{2B}{5x^{5/2}} \\ \frac{2A}{7x^{7/2}} + \frac{2Ab}{5a^2x^{5/2}} - \frac{2Ab^2}{3a^3x^{3/2}} + \frac{Ab^3 \log(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{a^4 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{Ab^3 \log(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{a^4 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{2Ab^3}{a^4 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{2B}{5ax^{5/2}} + \frac{2B}{3a^2x^{3/2}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(9/2)/(b*x+a), x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(9*x**(9/2)) - 2*B/(7*x**(7/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(9*x**(9/2)) - 2*B/(7*x**(7/2)))/b, Eq(a, 0)), ((-2*A/(7*x**(7/2)) - 2*B/(5*x**(5/2)))/a, Eq(b, 0)), (-2*A/(7*a*x**(7/2)) + 2*A*b/(5*a**2*x**(5/2)) - 2*A*b**2/(3*a**3*x**(3/2)) + A*b**3*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(a**4*sqrt(-a/b)) - A*b**3*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(a**4*sqrt(-a/b)) + 2*A*b**3/(a**4*sqrt(x)) - 2*B/(5*a*x**(5/2)) + 2*B*b/(3*a**2*x**(3/2)) - B*b**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(a**3*sqrt(-a/b)) + B*b**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(a**3*sqrt(-a/b)) - 2*B*b**2/(a**3*sqrt(x)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{2(Bab^3 - Ab^4) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^4}} - \frac{2(15Aa^3 + 105(Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^3 - 35(Ba^2b - Aab^2)x^2 + 21(Ba^3 - Aa^2b)x)}{105a^4x^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-2*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*a^4) - 2/105*(15*A*a^3 + 105*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^3 - 35*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 21*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*x)/(a^4*x^{(7/2)})$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{2(Bab^3 - Ab^4) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^4}} - \frac{2(105 Bab^2 x^3 - 105 Ab^3 x^3 - 35 Ba^2 bx^2 + 35 Aab^2 x^2 + 21 Ba^3 x - 21 Aa^2 bx + 15 Aa^3)}{105 a^4 x^{7/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-2*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*a^4) - 2/105*(105*B*a*b^2*x^3 - 105*A*b^3*x^3 - 35*B*a^2*b*x^2 + 35*A*a*b^2*x^2 + 21*B*a^3*x - 21*A*a^2*b*x + 15*A*a^3)/(a^4*x^{(7/2)})$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)} dx = \frac{2b^{5/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Ab - Ba)}{a^{9/2}} - \frac{\frac{2A}{7a} - \frac{2x(Ab-Ba)}{5a^2} - \frac{2b^2x^3(Ab-Ba)}{a^4} + \frac{2bx^2(Ab-Ba)}{3a^3}}{x^{7/2}}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*(a + b*x)),x)
```

output

$$(2*b^{(5/2)}*\operatorname{atan}((b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)})*(A*b - B*a))/a^{(9/2)} - ((2*A)/(7*a) - (2*x*(A*b - B*a))/(5*a^2) - (2*b^2*x^3*(A*b - B*a))/a^4 + (2*b*x^2*(A*b - B*a))/(3*a^3))/x^{(7/2)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{2}{7\sqrt{x} x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a),x)`

output `(- 2)/(7*sqrt(x)*x**3)`

3.206 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{11/2}(a+bx)} dx$

Optimal result	1411
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1411
Rubi [A] (verified)	1412
Maple [A] (verified)	1415
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1416
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1416
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1417
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1417
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1418
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1418

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{11/2}(a+bx)} dx = -\frac{2A}{9ax^{9/2}} + \frac{2(Ab-aB)}{7a^2x^{7/2}} - \frac{2b(Ab-aB)}{5a^3x^{5/2}} + \frac{2b^2(Ab-aB)}{3a^4x^{3/2}} - \frac{2b^3(Ab-aB)}{a^5\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b^{7/2}(Ab-aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-2/9*A/a/x^(9/2)+2/7*(A*b-B*a)/a^2/x^(7/2)-2/5*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^(5/2)+2/3
*b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^4/x^(3/2)-2*b^3*(A*b-B*a)/a^5/x^(1/2)-2*b^(7/2)*(A*b-B*a)
*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{11/2}(a+bx)} dx = \frac{2(315Ab^4x^4 - 105ab^3x^3(A+3Bx) + 21a^2b^2x^2(3A+5Bx) - 9a^3bx(5A+7Bx) + 5a^4(7A+9Bx))}{315a^5x^{9/2}} + \frac{2b^{7/2}(-Ab+aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{11/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(11/2)*(a + b*x)),x]`

output `(-2*(315*A*b^4*x^4 - 105*a*b^3*x^3*(A + 3*B*x) + 21*a^2*b^2*x^2*(3*A + 5*B*x) - 9*a^3*b*x*(5*A + 7*B*x) + 5*a^4*(7*A + 9*B*x))/(315*a^5*x^(9/2)) + (2*b^(7/2)*(-A*b) + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/a^(11/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$, Rules used = {87, 61, 61, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{11/2}(a + bx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2A}{9ax^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{9ax^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{9ax^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}}}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{7ax^{7/2}} \right) \frac{2A}{9ax^{9/2}}$$

61

$$(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right) \frac{2A}{9ax^{9/2}}$$

73

$$(Ab - aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right) \frac{2A}{9ax^{9/2}}$$

218

$$\frac{(Ab - aB)}{a} \left(\frac{b}{a} \left(\frac{b}{a} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2}{7ax^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{2A}{9ax^{9/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(11/2)*(a + b*x)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(9*a*x^(9/2)) - ((A*b - a*B)*(-2/(7*a*x^(7/2)) - (b*(-2/(5*a*x^(5/2))) - (b*(-2/(3*a*x^(3/2)) - (b*(-2/(a*sqrt[x]) - (2*sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/a))/a))/a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
), x] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
 + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
 + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
 rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
 t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2A}{9ax^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ab+Ba)}{7a^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2b^3(Ab-Ba)}{a^5\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b(Ab-Ba)}{5a^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2b^2(Ab-Ba)}{3a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2b^4(Ab-Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^5\sqrt{ab}}$
default	$-\frac{2A}{9ax^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ab+Ba)}{7a^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2b^3(Ab-Ba)}{a^5\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b(Ab-Ba)}{5a^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2b^2(Ab-Ba)}{3a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2b^4(Ab-Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^5\sqrt{ab}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(315Ab^4x^4-315Bab^3x^4-105Aab^3x^3+105Ba^2b^2x^3+63Aa^2b^2x^2-63Ba^3bx^2-45Aa^3bx+45Ba^4x+35Aa^4)}{315a^5x^{\frac{9}{2}}}$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(11/2)/(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/9*A/a/x^(9/2)-2/7*(-A*b+B*a)/a^2/x^(7/2)-2*b^3*(A*b-B*a)/a^5/x^(1/2)-2/
 5*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^(5/2)+2/3*b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^4/x^(3/2)-2*b^4*(A*b-B*a)/a^
 5/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{11/2}(a + bx)} dx = \left[\frac{315 (Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^5 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{bx - 2a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} - a}{bx+a}\right) + 2(35Aa^4 - 315(Bab^3 - Ab^4))}{315a^5} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(11/2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/315*(315*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^5*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x - 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/a) - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(35*A*a^4 - 315*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^4 + 105*(B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 63*(B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 45*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*x^5), 2/315*(315*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^5*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/a)) - (35*A*a^4 - 315*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^4 + 105*(B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 63*(B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 45*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*x^5)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 333 vs. 2(131) = 262.

Time = 63.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{11/2}(a + bx)} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \tilde{\infty} \left(-\frac{2A}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{2B}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} \right) \\ -\frac{\frac{2A}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{2B}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}}}{b} \\ -\frac{\frac{2A}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{2B}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}}}{a} \\ -\frac{2A}{9ax^{\frac{9}{2}}} + \frac{2Ab}{7a^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2Ab^2}{5a^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2Ab^3}{3a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{Ab^4 \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{a^5 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{Ab^4 \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{a^5 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{2Ab^4}{a^5 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{2}{7a} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(11/2)/(b*x+a),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(11*x**(11/2)) - 2*B/(9*x**(9/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(11*x**(11/2)) - 2*B/(9*x**(9/2)))/b, Eq(a, 0)), ((-2*A/(9*x**(9/2)) - 2*B/(7*x**(7/2)))/a, Eq(b, 0)), (-2*A/(9*a*x**(9/2)) + 2*A*b/(7*a**2*x**(7/2)) - 2*A*b**2/(5*a**3*x**(5/2)) + 2*A*b**3/(3*a**4*x**(3/2)) - A*b**4*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(a**5*sqrt(-a/b)) + A*b**4*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(a**5*sqrt(-a/b)) - 2*A*b**4/(a**5*sqrt(x)) - 2*B/(7*a*x**(7/2)) + 2*B*b/(5*a**2*x**(5/2)) - 2*B*b**2/(3*a**3*x**(3/2)) + B*b**3*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(a**4*sqrt(-a/b)) - B*b**3*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(a**4*sqrt(-a/b)) + 2*B*b**3/(a**4*sqrt(x)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{11/2}(a + bx)} dx = \frac{2(Bab^4 - Ab^5) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^5}} - \frac{2(35Aa^4 - 315(Bab^3 - Ab^4)x^4 + 105(Ba^2b^2 - Aab^3)x^3 - 63(Ba^3b - Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 45(Ba^4 - Aa^3b)x)}{315a^5x^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(11/2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2*(B*a*b^4 - A*b^5)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^5) - 2/315*(35*A*a^4 - 315*(B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*x^4 + 105*(B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 63*(B*a^3*b - A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 45*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*x)/(a^5*x^(9/2))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{11/2}(a + bx)} dx = \frac{2(Bab^4 - Ab^5) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^5}} + \frac{2(315Bab^3x^4 - 315Ab^4x^4 - 105Ba^2b^2x^3 + 105Aab^3x^3 + 63Ba^3bx^2 - 63Aa^2b^2x^2 - 45Ba^4x + 45Aa^3b)}{315a^5x^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(11/2)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2*(B*a*b^4 - A*b^5)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^5) + 2/315*(3
15*B*a*b^3*x^4 - 315*A*b^4*x^4 - 105*B*a^2*b^2*x^3 + 105*A*a*b^3*x^3 + 63*
B*a^3*b*x^2 - 63*A*a^2*b^2*x^2 - 45*B*a^4*x + 45*A*a^3*b*x - 35*A*a^4)/(a^
5*x^(9/2))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{11/2}(a + bx)} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\frac{2A}{9a} - \frac{2x(Ab - Ba)}{7a^2} - \frac{2b^2x^3(Ab - Ba)}{3a^4} + \frac{2b^3x^4(Ab - Ba)}{a^5} + \frac{2bx^2(Ab - Ba)}{5a^3}}{x^{9/2}}$$

$$-\frac{2b^{7/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Ab - Ba)}{a^{11/2}}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(11/2)*(a + b*x)),x)
```

output

```
- ((2*A)/(9*a) - (2*x*(A*b - B*a))/(7*a^2) - (2*b^2*x^3*(A*b - B*a))/(3*a^
4) + (2*b^3*x^4*(A*b - B*a))/a^5 + (2*b*x^2*(A*b - B*a))/(5*a^3))/x^(9/2)
- (2*b^(7/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(A*b - B*a))/a^(11/2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.07

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{11/2}(a + bx)} dx = -\frac{2}{9\sqrt{x}x^4}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(11/2)/(b*x+a),x)
```

output

```
( - 2)/(9*sqrt(x)*x**4)
```

3.207 $\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1419
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1419
Rubi [A] (verified)	1420
Maple [A] (verified)	1423
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1424
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1424
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1425
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1426
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1426
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1427

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{2a^2(3Ab-4aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{2a(2Ab-3aB)x^{3/2}}{3b^4} + \frac{2(Ab-2aB)x^{5/2}}{5b^3} + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b^2} + \frac{a^3(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^5(a+bx)} - \frac{a^{5/2}(7Ab-9aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{11/2}}$$

output

$$2*a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^5-2/3*a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^4+2/5*(A*b-2*B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^3+2/7*B*x^(7/2)/b^2+a^3*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^5/(b*x+a)-a^(5/2)*(7*A*b-9*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(11/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-945a^4B+105a^3b(7A-6Bx))+6b^4x^3(7A+5Bx)+14a^2b^2x(35A+9Bx)-a^{5/2}(-7Ab+9aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{105b^5(a+bx)} + \frac{a^{5/2}(-7Ab+9aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{11/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(-945*a^4*B + 105*a^3*b*(7*A - 6*B*x) + 6*b^4*x^3*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 14*a^2*b^2*x*(35*A + 9*B*x) - 2*a*b^3*x^2*(49*A + 27*B*x)))/(105*b^5*(a + b*x)) + (a^{5/2}*(-7*A*b + 9*a*B)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/b^{1/2}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$, Rules used = {87, 60, 60, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(7Ab - 9aB) \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{a+bx} dx}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(7Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(7Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(7Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(7Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(7Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(7Ab - 9aB) \frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \left(a \frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \left(a \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right) \right)}{2ab}$$

input `Int[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*x^(9/2))/(a*b*(a + b*x)) - ((7*A*b - 9*a*B)*((2*x^(7/2))/(7*b) - (a*((2*x^(5/2))/(5*b) - (a*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (a*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2))))/b))/b))/(2*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(15b^3Bx^3+21Ax^2b^3-42Bx^2ab^2-70Axa^2b^2+105Bxa^2b+315a^2bA-420a^3B)\sqrt{x}}{105b^5} - \frac{a^3 \left(\frac{2(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2})\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(7Ab-9Ba) \arctan(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{b})}{2\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2b^3Bx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4Ba^2b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4Aab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ba^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6a^2bA\sqrt{x} - 8a^3B\sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{2a^3 \left(\frac{(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2})\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(7Ab-9Ba) \arctan(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{b})}{2\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b^5}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2b^3Bx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4Ba^2b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4Aab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ba^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6a^2bA\sqrt{x} - 8a^3B\sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{2a^3 \left(\frac{(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2})\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(7Ab-9Ba) \arctan(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{b})}{2\sqrt{x}} \right)}{b^5}$

```
input int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/105*(15*B*b^3*x^3+21*A*b^3*x^2-42*B*a*b^2*x^2-70*A*a*b^2*x+105*B*a^2*b*x
+315*A*a^2*b-420*B*a^3)*x^(1/2)/b^5-1/b^5*a^3*(2*(-1/2*A*b+1/2*B*a)*x^(1/2)
)/(b*x+a)+(7*A*b-9*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \left[\frac{105(9Ba^4 - 7Aa^3b + (9Ba^3b - 7Aa^2b^2)x)\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} \log\left(\frac{bx - 2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} - a}{bx + a}\right) - 2(30Bb^4x^4 - 945Ba^4 + 735Aa^3b - 6(9Bab^3 - 7Aab^4)x^3 + 14(9Ba^2b^2 - 7Aab^3)x^2 - 70(9Ba^3b - 7Aa^2b^2)x)\sqrt{x}}{(b^6x + ab^5)}, \frac{1}{105(105(9Ba^4 - 7Aa^3b + (9Ba^3b - 7Aa^2b^2)x)\sqrt{a/b})\operatorname{arctan}(b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a/b}/a) + (30Bb^4x^4 - 945Ba^4 + 735Aa^3b - 6(9Bab^3 - 7Aab^4)x^3 + 14(9Ba^2b^2 - 7Aab^3)x^2 - 70(9Ba^3b - 7Aa^2b^2)x)\sqrt{x}}{(b^6x + ab^5)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/210*(105*(9*B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b + (9*B*a^3*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a/b)*log((b*x - 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) - a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(30*B*b^4*x^4 - 945*B*a^4 + 735*A*a^3*b - 6*(9*B*a*b^3 - 7*A*b^4)*x^3 + 14*(9*B*a^2*b^2 - 7*A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 70*(9*B*a^3*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^6*x + a*b^5), 1/105*(105*(9*B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b + (9*B*a^3*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a/b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/b)/a) + (30*B*b^4*x^4 - 945*B*a^4 + 735*A*a^3*b - 6*(9*B*a*b^3 - 7*A*b^4)*x^3 + 14*(9*B*a^2*b^2 - 7*A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 70*(9*B*a^3*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^6*x + a*b^5)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 986 vs. 2(143) = 286.

Time = 42.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 986, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.90

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(2*A*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*x**(7/2)/7), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((
2*A*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*x**(11/2)/11)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B
*x**(7/2)/7)/b**2, Eq(a, 0)), (-735*A*a**4*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(21
0*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 735*A*a**4*b*log(sqrt(x) +
sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 1470*A*a**3*
b**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) -
735*A*a**3*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b
**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 735*A*a**3*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a*b**
6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 980*A*a**2*b**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b
)/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 196*A*a*b**4*x**(5/2)*
sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 84*A*b**5*x**
(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 945*B*a
**5*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/
b)) - 945*B*a**5*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b*
**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 1890*B*a**4*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b)
+ 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 945*B*a**4*b*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(210*
a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 945*B*a**4*b*x*log(sqrt(x) +
sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 1260*B*a**3*
b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b)) +
252*B*a**2*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*b**7*...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{(Ba^4 - Aa^3b)\sqrt{x}}{b^6x + ab^5} + \frac{(9Ba^4 - 7Aa^3b) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^5}} + \frac{2\left(15Bb^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21(2Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35(3Ba^2b - 2Aab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 105(4Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)\sqrt{x}\right)}{105b^5}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*sqrt(x)/(b^6*x + a*b^5) + (9*B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b)*arctan(
b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^5) + 2/105*(15*B*b^3*x^(7/2) - 21*(2*B*a
*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^(5/2) + 35*(3*B*a^2*b - 2*A*a*b^2)*x^(3/2) - 105*(4*B*a^3
- 3*A*a^2*b)*sqrt(x))/b^5
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{(9Ba^4 - 7Aa^3b) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) - Ba^4\sqrt{x} - Aa^3b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{abb^5}} - \frac{Ba^4\sqrt{x} - Aa^3b\sqrt{x}}{(bx+a)b^5} + \frac{2\left(15Bb^{12}x^{7/2} - 42Bab^{11}x^{5/2} + 21Ab^{12}x^{5/2} + 105Ba^2b^{10}x^{3/2} - 70Aab^{11}x^{3/2} - 420Ba^3b^9\sqrt{x} + 315Aa^2b^{10}\sqrt{x}\right)}{105b^{14}}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(9*B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^5) - (B*a^4*sqrt(x) - A*a^3*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)*b^5) + 2/105*(15*B*b^12*x^(7/2) - 42*B*a*b^11*x^(5/2) + 21*A*b^12*x^(5/2) + 105*B*a^2*b^10*x^(3/2) - 70*A*a*b^11*x^(3/2) - 420*B*a^3*b^9*sqrt(x) + 315*A*a^2*b^10*sqrt(x))/b^14`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{2A \left(\frac{2A}{b^2} - \frac{4Ba}{b^3} \right) + \frac{2Ba^2}{b^4} \right)}{b} - \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{2A}{b^2} - \frac{4Ba}{b^3} \right)}{b^2} \right) + x^{5/2} \left(\frac{2A}{5b^2} - \frac{4Ba}{5b^3} \right) - x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{2A}{b^2} - \frac{4Ba}{b^3} \right) + \frac{2Ba^2}{3b^4} \right) + \frac{2Bx^{7/2}}{7b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ba^4 - Aa^3b)}{xb^6 + ab^5} + \frac{a^{5/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{5/2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(7Ab-9Ba)}{9Ba^4-7Aa^3b}\right)}{b^{11/2}} (7Ab)$$

input `int((x^(7/2)*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^2,x)`

output

```
x^(1/2)*((2*a*((2*a*((2*A)/b^2 - (4*B*a)/b^3))/b + (2*B*a^2)/b^4))/b - (a^
2*((2*A)/b^2 - (4*B*a)/b^3))/b^2) + x^(5/2)*((2*A)/(5*b^2) - (4*B*a)/(5*b^
3)) - x^(3/2)*((2*a*((2*A)/b^2 - (4*B*a)/b^3))/(3*b) + (2*B*a^2)/(3*b^4))
+ (2*B*x^(7/2))/(7*b^2) - (x^(1/2)*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b))/(a*b^5 + b^6*x) + (a
^(5/2)*atan((a^(5/2)*b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(7*A*b - 9*B*a))/(9*B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b
))*(7*A*b - 9*B*a))/b^(11/2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 - 2\sqrt{x} a^3 b + \frac{2\sqrt{x} a^2 b^2 x}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{x} a b^3 x^2}{5} + \frac{2\sqrt{x} b^4 x^3}{7}}{b^5}$$

input

```
int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
(2*(105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3 - 105*sqrt(x)*a**3*b + 35*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**2*x - 21*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x**2 + 15*sqrt(x)*b**4*x**3))/(105*b**5)
```


3.208 $\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1428
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1428
Rubi [A] (verified)	1429
Maple [A] (verified)	1431
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1432
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1433
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1434
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1435
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1435
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1436

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{2a(2Ab-3aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^4} + \frac{2(Ab-2aB)x^{3/2}}{3b^3} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b^2} - \frac{a^2(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^4(a+bx)} + \frac{a^{3/2}(5Ab-7aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2*a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^4+2/3*(A*b-2*B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^3+2/5*B*x^(5/2)/b^2-a^2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^4/(b*x+a)+a^(3/2)*(5*A*b-7*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(105a^3B+2b^3x^2(5A+3Bx)-2ab^2x(25A+7Bx)+a^2(-75Ab+70bBx))}{15b^4(a+bx)} - \frac{a^{3/2}(-5Ab+7aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*(105*a^3*B + 2*b^3*x^2*(5*A + 3*B*x) - 2*a*b^2*x*(25*A + 7*B*x) + a^2*(-75*A*b + 70*b*B*x))/(15*b^4*(a + b*x)) - (a^(3/2)*(-5*A*b + 7*a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/b^(9/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {87, 60, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(5Ab - 7aB) \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{a+bx} dx}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(5Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(5Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(5Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

73

$$\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(5Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

218

$$\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(5Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

input `Int[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*x^(7/2))/(a*b*(a + b*x)) - ((5*A*b - 7*a*B)*((2*x^(5/2))/(5*b) - (a*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (a*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2)))/b))/b)/(2*a*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(-3b^2Bx^2-5Ab^2x+10Babx+30abA-45a^2B)\sqrt{x}}{15b^4} + \frac{a^2\left(\frac{2\left(-\frac{Ab}{2}+\frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(5Ab-7Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^4}$
derivativdivides	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{b^2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}-\frac{Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+\frac{2Babx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2abA\sqrt{x}-3a^2B\sqrt{x}\right)}{b^4} + \frac{2a^2\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{Ab}{2}+\frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(5Ab-7Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^4}$
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{b^2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}-\frac{Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+\frac{2Babx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2abA\sqrt{x}-3a^2B\sqrt{x}\right)}{b^4} + \frac{2a^2\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{Ab}{2}+\frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(5Ab-7Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^4}$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/15*(-3*B*b^2*x^2-5*A*b^2*x+10*B*a*b*x+30*A*a*b-45*B*a^2)*x^(1/2)/b^4+1/b^4*a^2*(2*(-1/2*A*b+1/2*B*a)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+(5*A*b-7*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{15(7Ba^3-5Aa^2b+(7Ba^2b-5Aab^2)x)\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\log\left(\frac{bx+2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}-a}{bx+a}\right)-2(6Bb^3x^3+105Ba^3-75Aa^2b-2(7Ba^3-5Aa^2b+(7Ba^2b-5Aab^2)x)\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}})\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}{a}\right)}{30(b^5x+ab^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/30*(15*(7*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b + (7*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a/b)*log((b*x + 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) - a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(6*B*b^3*x^3 + 105*B*a^3 - 75*A*a^2*b - 2*(7*B*a*b^2 - 5*A*b^3)*x^2 + 10*(7*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^5*x + a*b^4), -1/15*(15*(7*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b + (7*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a/b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/b)/a) - (6*B*b^3*x^3 + 105*B*a^3 - 75*A*a^2*b - 2*(7*B*a*b^2 - 5*A*b^3)*x^2 + 10*(7*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^5*x + a*b^4)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 877 vs. $2(117) = 234$.

Time = 15.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 877, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.37

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(5/2)/5), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((
2*A*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*x**(9/2)/9)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x
**(5/2)/5)/b**2, Eq(a, 0)), (75*A*a**3*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a*b
**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 75*A*a**3*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a
/b))/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 150*A*a**2*b**2*sqrt(
x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 75*A*a**2*b*
**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b
)) - 75*A*a**2*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30
*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 100*A*a*b**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/
b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 20*A*b**4*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a*b**5*sqrt
(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 105*B*a**4*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(30*
a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 105*B*a**4*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(
-a/b))/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 210*B*a**3*b*sqrt(x
)*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 105*B*a**3*b*
*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b))
+ 105*B*a**3*b*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6
*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 140*B*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a*b**5*sqrt(-a/b)
+ 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 28*B*a*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a*b**5*sqrt
(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 12*B*b**4*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a*b**5*
sqrt(-a/b) + 30*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{(Ba^3 - Aa^2b)\sqrt{x}}{b^5x + ab^4} - \frac{(7Ba^3 - 5Aa^2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}b^4} + \frac{2\left(3Bb^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 5(2Bab - Ab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15(3Ba^2 - 2Aab)\sqrt{x}\right)}{15b^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*sqrt(x)/(b^5*x + a*b^4) - (7*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*arctan(b
*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^4) + 2/15*(3*B*b^2*x^(5/2) - 5*(2*B*a*b -
A*b^2)*x^(3/2) + 15*(3*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/b^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{(7Ba^3 - 5Aa^2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^4}} + \frac{Ba^3\sqrt{x} - Aa^2b\sqrt{x}}{(bx+a)b^4} + \frac{2\left(3Bb^8x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10Bab^7x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 5Ab^8x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 45Ba^2b^6\sqrt{x} - 30Aab^7\sqrt{x}\right)}{15b^{10}}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output
$$-(7*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*b^4) + (B*a^3*\sqrt{x} - A*a^2*b*\sqrt{x})/((b*x + a)*b^4) + 2/15*(3*B*b^8*x^(5/2) - 10*B*a*b^7*x^(3/2) + 5*A*b^8*x^(3/2) + 45*B*a^2*b^6*\sqrt{x} - 30*A*a*b^7*\sqrt{x})/b^{10}$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2A}{3b^2} - \frac{4Ba}{3b^3} \right) - \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{2A}{b^2} - \frac{4Ba}{b^3} \right)}{b} + \frac{2Ba^2}{b^4} \right) + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ba^3 - Aa^2b)}{xb^5 + ab^4} - \frac{a^{3/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(5Ab-7Ba)}{7Ba^3-5Aa^2b}\right)}{b^{9/2}} (5Ab - 7Ba)$$

input `int((x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x)`output
$$x^{3/2}*((2*A)/(3*b^2) - (4*B*a)/(3*b^3)) - x^{1/2}*((2*a*((2*A)/b^2 - (4*B*a)/b^3))/b + (2*B*a^2)/b^4) + (2*B*x^(5/2))/(5*b^2) + (x^{1/2}*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b))/(a*b^4 + b^5*x) - (a^{3/2}*\operatorname{atan}((a^{3/2}*b^{1/2}*x^{1/2}*(5*A*b - 7*B*a))/(7*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)))/(7*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)/b^{9/2}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 + 2\sqrt{x} a^2 b - \frac{2\sqrt{x} a b^2 x}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{x} b^3 x^2}{5}}{b^4}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `(2*(- 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2 + 15*sqrt(x)*a**2*b - 5*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*x + 3*sqrt(x)*b**3*x**2))/(15*b**4)`

3.209 $\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1437
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1437
Rubi [A] (verified)	1438
Maple [A] (verified)	1440
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1440
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1441
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1442
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1442
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1443
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1443

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{2(Ab-2aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^3} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b^2} + \frac{a(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^3(a+bx)} - \frac{\sqrt{a}(3Ab-5aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{7/2}}$$

output `2*(A*b-2*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^3+2/3*B*x^(3/2)/b^2+a*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^3/(b*x+a)-a^(1/2)*(3*A*b-5*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(7/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-15a^2B+ab(9A-10Bx)+2b^2x(3A+Bx))}{3b^3(a+bx)} + \frac{\sqrt{a}(-3Ab+5aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(-15*a^2*B + a*b*(9*A - 10*B*x) + 2*b^2*x*(3*A + B*x)))/(3*b^3*(a + b*x)) + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*(-3*A*b + 5*a*B)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/b^{7/2}}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {87, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(3Ab - 5aB) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{2ab}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(3Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(3Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(3Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)} - \frac{(3Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right)}{2ab}$$

input `Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*x^(5/2))/(a*b*(a + b*x)) - ((3*A*b - 5*a*B)*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (a*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2)))/b))/(2*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2(bBx+3Ab-6Ba)\sqrt{x}}{3b^3} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2})\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(3Ab-5Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{b^3}$	77
derivativdivides	$\frac{\frac{2bB}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Ab\sqrt{x} - 4Ba\sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2})\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(3Ab-5Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{b^3}$	82
default	$\frac{\frac{2bB}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2Ab\sqrt{x} - 4Ba\sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2})\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(3Ab-5Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{b^3}$	82

input

```
int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/3*(B*b*x+3*A*b-6*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^3-a/b^3*(2*(-1/2*A*b+1/2*B*a)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+(3*A*b-5*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \left[-\frac{3(5Ba^2 - 3Aab + (5Bab - 3Ab^2)x)\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} \log\left(\frac{bx - 2b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} - a}{bx+a}\right) - 2(2Bb^2x^2 - \dots)}{6(b^4x + ab^3)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/6*(3*(5*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b + (5*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a/b)*log((b*x -
2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) - a)/(b*x + a)) - 2*(2*B*b^2*x^2 - 15*B*a^2 + 9*A*
a*b - 2*(5*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*x + a*b^3), 1/3*(3*(5*B*a^2 -
3*A*a*b + (5*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a/b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/b)/a)
+ (2*B*b^2*x^2 - 15*B*a^2 + 9*A*a*b - 2*(5*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b
^4*x + a*b^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 762 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 4.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 762, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.02

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A
*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*x**(7/2)/7)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2
)/3)/b**2, Eq(a, 0)), (-9*A*a**2*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a*b**4*sq
rt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 9*A*a**2*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a
*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 18*A*a*b**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(
6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 9*A*a*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sq
rt(-a/b))/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 9*A*a*b**2*x*log(s
qrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 12*A*b*
*3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 15*B*
a**3*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b))
- 15*B*a**3*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sq
rt(-a/b)) - 30*B*a**2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*
sqrt(-a/b)) + 15*B*a**2*b*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b)
+ 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 15*B*a**2*b*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a*b**
4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 20*B*a*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a
*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 4*B*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*
a*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{(Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{x}}{b^4x + ab^3} + \frac{(5Ba^2 - 3Aab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^3}} + \frac{2\left(Bbx^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3(2Ba - Ab)\sqrt{x}\right)}{3b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(x)/(b^4*x + a*b^3) + (5*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^3) + 2/3*(B*b*x^(3/2) - 3*(2*B*a - A*b)*sqrt(x))/b^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{(5Ba^2 - 3Aab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^3}} - \frac{Ba^2\sqrt{x} - Aab\sqrt{x}}{(bx+a)b^3} + \frac{2\left(Bb^4x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 6Bab^3\sqrt{x} + 3Ab^4\sqrt{x}\right)}{3b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(5*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^3) - (B*a^2*sqrt(x) - A*a*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)*b^3) + 2/3*(B*b^4*x^(3/2) - 6*B*a*b^3*sqrt(x) + 3*A*b^4*sqrt(x))/b^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2A}{b^2} - \frac{4Ba}{b^3} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ba^2 - Aab)}{xb^4 + ab^3} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(3Ab-5Ba)}{5Ba^2-3Aab}\right)}{b^{7/2}} (3Ab - 5Ba)$$

input `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x)`output `x^(1/2)*((2*A)/b^2 - (4*B*a)/b^3) - (x^(1/2)*(B*a^2 - A*a*b))/(a*b^3 + b^4*x) + (2*B*x^(3/2))/(3*b^2) + (a^(1/2)*atan((a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(3*A*b - 5*B*a))/(5*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b))*(3*A*b - 5*B*a))/b^(7/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a - 2\sqrt{x}ab + \frac{2\sqrt{x}b^2x}{3}}{b^3}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x)`output `(2*(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a - 3*sqrt(x)*a*b + sqrt(x)*b**2*x))/(3*b**3)`

3.210 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1444
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1444
Rubi [A] (verified)	1445
Maple [A] (verified)	1446
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1447
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1448
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1449
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1449
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1449
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1450

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^2} - \frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^2(a+bx)} + \frac{(Ab-3aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{5/2}}$$

output $2*B*x^{(1/2)}/b^2-(A*b-B*a)*x^{(1/2)}/b^2/(b*x+a)+(A*b-3*B*a)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)}/b^{(5/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-Ab+3aB+2bBx)}{b^2(a+bx)} + \frac{(Ab-3aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[x]*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^2,x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(-A*b)+3*a*B+2*b*B*x)/(b^2*(a+b*x))+((A*b-3*a*B)*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x)]/\text{Sqrt}[a])/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(5/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {87, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{ab(a+bx)} - \frac{(Ab-3aB)}{2ab} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{ab(a+bx)} - \frac{(Ab-3aB)}{2ab} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a}{b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{ab(a+bx)} - \frac{(Ab-3aB)}{2ab} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a}{b} \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{ab(a+bx)} - \frac{(Ab-3aB)}{2ab} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*x^(3/2))/(a*b*(a + b*x)) - ((A*b - 3*a*B)*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2)))/(2*a*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^2} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(Ab-3Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{ab}}$	62
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^2} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(Ab-3Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{ab}}$	63
default	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^2} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{Ab}{2} + \frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(Ab-3Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{ab}}$	63

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*B*x^(1/2)/b^2+1/b^2*(2*(-1/2*A*b+1/2*B*a)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+(A*b-3*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(3Ba^2 - Aab + (3Bab - Ab^2)x)\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx-a-2\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{x}}{bx+a}\right) + 2(2Bab^2x + 3Ba^2b - Aab^2)\sqrt{x} (3Ba^2 - Aab + (3Bab - Ab^2)x)}{2(ab^4x + a^2b^3)}, \dots \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*((3*B*a^2 - A*a*b + (3*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(2*B*a*b^2*x + 3*B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^4*x + a^2*b^3), ((3*B*a^2 - A*a*b + (3*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (2*B*a*b^2*x + 3*B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^4*x + a^2*b^3)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 634 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 2.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 634, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \left(-\frac{2A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2B\sqrt{x} \right) \\ \frac{\frac{2Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{a^2} \\ \frac{-\frac{2A}{\sqrt{x}} + 2B\sqrt{x}}{b^2} \\ \frac{Aab \log(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{2ab^3 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b} + 2b^4x} \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{Aab \log(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{2ab^3 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b} + 2b^4x} \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{2Ab^2 \sqrt{x} \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}}{2ab^3 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b} + 2b^4x} \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{Ab^2 x \log(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{2ab^3 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b} + 2b^4x} \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{Ab^2 x \log(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{2ab^3 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b} + 2b^4x} \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{3}{2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x)), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x
**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(5/2)/5)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x))
/b**2, Eq(a, 0)), (A*a*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) +
2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - A*a*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b)
) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 2*A*b**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b)
) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + A*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3*sq
rt(-a/b) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - A*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*
b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 3*B*a**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b)
)/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 3*B*a**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqr
t(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 6*B*a*b*sqrt(x)*sqr
t(-a/b)/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 3*B*a*b*x*log(sqrt(x)
) - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 3*B*a*b*x*lo
g(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 4*B*
b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(2*a*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)), True
))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{(Ba-Ab)\sqrt{x}}{b^3x+ab^2} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^2} - \frac{(3Ba-Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(B*a - A*b)*sqrt(x)/(b^3*x + a*b^2) + 2*B*sqrt(x)/b^2 - (3*B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^2} - \frac{(3Ba-Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abb^2}} + \frac{Ba\sqrt{x}-Ab\sqrt{x}}{(bx+a)b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*B*sqrt(x)/b^2 - (3*B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^2) + (B*a*sqrt(x) - A*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)*b^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab-Ba)}{xb^3+ab^2} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(Ab-3Ba)}{\sqrt{a}b^{5/2}}$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^2,x)`

output

```
(2*B*x^(1/2))/b^2 - (x^(1/2)*(A*b - B*a))/(a*b^2 + b^3*x) + (atan((b^(1/2)
*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(A*b - 3*B*a))/(a^(1/2)*b^(5/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) + 2\sqrt{x}b}{b^2}$$

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
(2*( - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a))) + sqrt(x)*b))/b
**2
```

3.211 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1451
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1451
Rubi [A] (verified)	1452
Maple [A] (verified)	1453
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1454
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1454
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1455
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1455
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1456
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1456

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)\sqrt{x}}{ab(a + bx)} + \frac{(Ab + aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}b^{3/2}}$$

output

$(A*b - B*a)*x^{(1/2)}/a/b/(b*x+a) + (A*b + B*a)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(3/2)}/b^{(3/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{(-Ab + aB)\sqrt{x}}{ab(a + bx)} + \frac{(Ab + aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}b^{3/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^2), x]`

output

$-(((- (A*b) + a*B)*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(a*b*(a + b*x))) + ((A*b + a*B)*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(a^{(3/2)}*b^{(3/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {87, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{(aB + Ab) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{2ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{(aB + Ab) \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{(aB + Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{ab(a + bx)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^2), x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*Sqrt[x])/(a*b*(a + b*x)) + ((A*b + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(a^(3/2)*b^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{(Ab-Ba)\sqrt{x}}{ab(bx+a)} + \frac{(Ab+Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{ab\sqrt{ab}}$	57
default	$\frac{(Ab-Ba)\sqrt{x}}{ab(bx+a)} + \frac{(Ab+Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{ab\sqrt{ab}}$	57

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b/(b*x+a)+(A*b+B*a)/a/b/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{(Ba^2 + Aab + (Bab + Ab^2)x)\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx - a - 2\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{x}}{bx + a}\right) + 2(Ba^2b - Aab^2)\sqrt{x}}{2(a^2b^3x + a^3b^2)}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{(Ba^2 + Aab + (Bab + Ab^2)x)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right) + (Ba^2b - Aab^2)\sqrt{x}}{a^2b^3x + a^3b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*((B*a^2 + A*a*b + (B*a*b + A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b^3*x + a^3*b^2), -(B*a^2 + A*a*b + (B*a*b + A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b^3*x + a^3*b^2)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 615 vs. 2(53) = 106.

Time = 2.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 615, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.76

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \tilde{\infty} \left(-\frac{2A}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2B}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \\ \frac{2A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{a^2} \\ -\frac{2A}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2B}{\sqrt{x}} \\ \frac{Aab \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2a^2b^2\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b} + 2ab^3x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{Aab \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2a^2b^2\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b} + 2ab^3x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{2Ab^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}}{2a^2b^2\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b} + 2ab^3x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{Ab^2x \log\left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2a^2b^2\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b} + 2ab^3x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{Ab^2x \log\left(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}\right)}{2a^2b^2\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b} + 2ab^3x}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(1/2)/(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x)), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((
2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/s
qrt(x))/b**2, Eq(a, 0)), (A*a*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**2*b**2*sq
rt(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - A*a*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**2
*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + 2*A*b**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(2
*a**2*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + A*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sq
rt(-a/b))/(2*a**2*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - A*b**2*x*log(
sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**2*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + B
*a**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**2*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(
-a/b)) - B*a**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**2*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a*b
**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - 2*B*a*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(2*a**2*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*
a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)) + B*a*b*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**2*b**2*sqrt
(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)) - B*a*b*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**
2*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{(Ba - Ab)\sqrt{x}}{ab^2x + a^2b} + \frac{(Ba + Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abab}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-(B*a - A*b)*sqrt(x)/(a*b^2*x + a^2*b) + (B*a + A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt
(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a*b)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{(Ba + Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abab}} - \frac{Ba\sqrt{x} - Ab\sqrt{x}}{(bx + a)ab}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output $(B*a + A*b)*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a*b})/(\sqrt{a*b}*a*b) - (B*a*\sqrt{x} - A*b*\sqrt{x})/((b*x + a)*a*b)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Ab + Ba)}{a^{3/2} b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{x} (Ab - Ba)}{ab (a + bx)}$$

input $\operatorname{int}((A + B*x)/(x^{(1/2)}*(a + b*x)^2), x)$

output $(\operatorname{atan}(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)})*(A*b + B*a)/(a^{(3/2)}*b^{(3/2)}) + (x^{(1/2)}*(A*b - B*a))/(a*b*(a + b*x))$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)}{ab}$$

input $\operatorname{int}((B*x+A)/x^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)^2, x)$

output $(2*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{a}*\operatorname{atan}((\sqrt{x}*b)/(\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{a}))) / (a*b)$

3.212 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1457
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1457
Rubi [A] (verified)	1458
Maple [A] (verified)	1459
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1460
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1461
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1461
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1462
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1462
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1463

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{2A}{a^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{a^2(a+bx)} - \frac{(3Ab-aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}\sqrt{b}}$$

output
$$-2*A/a^2/x^{(1/2)}-(A*b-B*a)*x^{(1/2)}/a^2/(b*x+a)-(3*A*b-B*a)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(5/2)}/b^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{-2aA-3Abx+aBx}{a^2\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} + \frac{(-3Ab+aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}\sqrt{b}}$$

input
$$\text{Integrate}[(A+B*x)/(x^{(3/2)}*(a+b*x)^2),x]$$

output
$$(-2*a*A-3*A*b*x+a*B*x)/(a^2*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(a+b*x))+((-3*A*b+a*B)*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x]]/\text{Sqrt}[a])]/(a^{(5/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[b])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {87, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(3Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{ab\sqrt{x}(a + bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(3Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{ab\sqrt{x}(a + bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{(3Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{ab\sqrt{x}(a + bx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{(3Ab - aB) \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{ab\sqrt{x}(a + bx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^2), x]`

output `(A*b - a*B)/(a*b*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)) + ((3*A*b - a*B)*(-2/(a*Sqrt[x])) - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/(2*a*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ab}{2}-\frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a}+\frac{(3Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^2}-\frac{2A}{a^2\sqrt{x}}$	64
default	$-\frac{2\left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ab}{2}-\frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a}+\frac{(3Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{a^2}-\frac{2A}{a^2\sqrt{x}}$	64
risch	$-\frac{2A}{a^2\sqrt{x}}-\frac{\frac{2\left(\frac{Ab}{2}-\frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a}+\frac{(3Ab-Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}}}{a^2}$	64

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/a^2*((1/2*A*b-1/2*B*a)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+1/2*(3*A*b-B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))-2*A/a^2/x^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} dx = \left[\frac{\left(\left(Bab-3Ab^2\right)x^2+\left(Ba^2-3Aab\right)x\right)\sqrt{-ab}\log\left(\frac{bx-a+2\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{x}}{bx+a}\right)-2\left(2Aa^2b-\left(Ba^2b-3Aab^2\right)x\right)\sqrt{-ab}}{2\left(a^3b^2x^2+a^4bx\right)} \right. \\ \left. -\frac{\left(\left(Bab-3Ab^2\right)x^2+\left(Ba^2-3Aab\right)x\right)\sqrt{ab}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right)+\left(2Aa^2b-\left(Ba^2b-3Aab^2\right)x\right)\sqrt{x}}{a^3b^2x^2+a^4bx} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*((B*a*b-3*A*b^2)*x^2+(B*a^2-3*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x-a+2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x+a))-2*(2*A*a^2*b-(B*a^2*b-3*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x)/(a^3*b^2*x^2+a^4*b*x),-(((B*a*b-3*A*b^2)*x^2+(B*a^2-3*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x)))+(2*A*a^2*b-(B*a^2*b-3*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x)/(a^3*b^2*x^2+a^4*b*x)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 794 vs. $2(68) = 136$.

Time = 5.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 794, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.59

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(3/2)/(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)),
((-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x))/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2)))/b**2, Eq(a, 0)),
(-3*A*a*b*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b)))/(2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 3*A*a*b*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 4*A*a*b*sqrt(-a/b)/(2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 3*A*b**2*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 3*A*b**2*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 6*A*b**2*x*sqrt(-a/b)/(2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + B*a**2*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - B*a**2*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + B*a*b*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - B*a*b*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 2*B*a*b*x*sqrt(-a/b)/(2*a**3*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{2Aa - (Ba - 3Ab)x}{a^2bx^{3/2} + a^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{(Ba - 3Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-(2Aa - (Ba - 3Ab)x)/(a^2bx^{3/2} + a^3\sqrt{x}) + (Ba - 3Ab)a \arctan(b\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{ab})/(\sqrt{ab}a^2)$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{(Ba - 3Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}a^2} + \frac{Bax - 3Abx - 2Aa}{(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a\sqrt{x})a^2}$$

input

$$\text{integrate}((B*x+A)/x^{(3/2)}/(b*x+a)^2,x, \text{algorithm}="giac")$$

output

$$(Ba - 3Ab)a \arctan(b\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{ab})/(\sqrt{ab}a^2) + (Ba*x - 3Ab*x - 2Aa)/((b*x^{(3/2)} + a*\sqrt{x})*a^2)$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{2A}{a} + \frac{x(3Ab - Ba)}{a^2}}{a\sqrt{x} + bx^{3/2}} - \frac{\text{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (3Ab - Ba)}{a^{5/2}\sqrt{b}}$$

input

$$\text{int}((A + B*x)/(x^{(3/2)}*(a + b*x)^2), x)$$

output

$$-((2A)/a + (x*(3Ab - Ba))/a^2)/(a*x^{(1/2)} + b*x^{(3/2)}) - (\text{atan}((b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)})*(3Ab - Ba))/(a^{(5/2)}*b^{(1/2)})$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) - 2a}{\sqrt{x} a^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `(- 2*(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a))) + a)/(sqrt(x)*a**2)`

3.213 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1464
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1464
Rubi [A] (verified)	1465
Maple [A] (verified)	1467
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1467
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1468
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1469
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1470
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1470
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1471

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{2A}{3a^2x^{3/2}} + \frac{2(2Ab-aB)}{a^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{a^3(a+bx)} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(5Ab-3aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*A/a^2/x^(3/2)+2*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^(1/2)+b*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^3/(b*x+a)+b^(1/2)*(5*A*b-3*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{15Ab^2x^2+abx(10A-9Bx)-2a^2(A+3Bx)}{3a^3x^{3/2}(a+bx)} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(5Ab-3aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^2), x]
```

output

$$(15A^2b^2x^2 + abx(10A - 9Bx) - 2a^2(A + 3Bx))/(3a^3x^{3/2}(a + bx)) + (\text{Sqrt}[b]*(5A^2b - 3a^2B)\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/a^{7/2}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {87, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{(5Ab - 3aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{3/2}(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{(5Ab - 3aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{3/2}(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{(5Ab - 3aB) \left(-\frac{b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{3/2}(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{(5Ab - 3aB) \left(-\frac{b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{3/2}(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{(5Ab - 3aB) \left(-\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{3/2}(a + bx)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^2), x]`

output `(A*b - a*B)/(a*b*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)) + ((5*A*b - 3*a*B)*(-2/(3*a*x^(3/2)) - (b*(-2/(a*Sqrt[x]) - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))))/a)/(2*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2(-6Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3a^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{b \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2} \right) \sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(5Ab-3Ba) \arctan \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^3}$	77
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2A}{3a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-2Ab+Ba)}{a^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b \left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2} \right) \sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(5Ab-3Ba) \arctan \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^3}$	81
default	$-\frac{2A}{3a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-2Ab+Ba)}{a^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b \left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2} \right) \sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(5Ab-3Ba) \arctan \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^3}$	81

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(-6*A*b*x+3*B*a*x+A*a)/a^3/x^(3/2)+1/a^3*b*(2*(1/2*A*b-1/2*B*a)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+(5*A*b-3*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} dx = \left[\frac{3((3Bab-5Ab^2)x^3+(3Ba^2-5Aab)x^2)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{bx+2a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}-a}{bx+a}\right)+2(2Aa^2-3Bab)x}{6(a^3bx^3+a^4x^2)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3((3Bab-5Ab^2)x^3+(3Ba^2-5Aab)x^2)\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}\right)+(2Aa^2+3(3Bab-5Ab^2)x^2+2(3Bab-5Ab^2)x)}{3(a^3bx^3+a^4x^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/6*(3*((3*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*x^3 + (3*B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*x^2)*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x + 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/a) - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(2*A*a^2 + 3*(3*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*b*x^3 + a^4*x^2), -1/3*(3*((3*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*x^3 + (3*B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*x^2)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/a)) + (2*A*a^2 + 3*(3*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*b*x^3 + a^4*x^2)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 882 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 21.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 882, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.28

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(5/2)/(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(7*x**(7/2)) - 2*B/(5*x**(5/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)
), ((-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x))/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(7*x**(7/2))
- 2*B/(5*x**(5/2)))/b**2, Eq(a, 0)), (-4*A*a**2*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)
*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 15*A*a*b*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt
(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/
b)) - 15*A*a*b*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a
/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 20*A*a*b*x*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)
*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 15*A*b**2*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt
(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a
/b)) - 15*A*b**2*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(
-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 30*A*b**2*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a**4*
x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 9*B*a**2*x**(3/2)*lo
g(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sq
rt(-a/b)) + 9*B*a**2*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*s
qrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 12*B*a**2*x*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a**4
*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 9*B*a*b*x**(5/2)*lo
g(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sq
rt(-a/b)) + 9*B*a*b*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(6*a**4*x**(3/2)*sq
rt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 18*B*a*b*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)/(6*a**
4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 6*a**3*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{2Aa^2 + 3(3Bab - 5Ab^2)x^2 + 2(3Ba^2 - 5Aab)x}{3(a^3bx^{\frac{5}{2}} + a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}})} - \frac{(3Bab - 5Ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^3}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/3*(2*A*a^2 + 3*(3*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*x)/(a^3*
b*x^(5/2) + a^4*x^(3/2)) - (3*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))
/(sqrt(a*b)*a^3)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{(3 Bab - 5 Ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^3}} - \frac{Bab\sqrt{x} - Ab^2\sqrt{x}}{(bx + a)a^3} - \frac{2(3 Bax - 6 Abx + Aa)}{3 a^3 x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-(3*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^3) - (B*a*b*sqrt(x) - A*b^2*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)*a^3) - 2/3*(3*B*a*x - 6*A*b*x + A*a)/(a^3*x^(3/2))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{2x(5Ab-3Ba)}{3a^2} - \frac{2A}{3a} + \frac{bx^2(5Ab-3Ba)}{a^3}}{ax^{3/2} + bx^{5/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (5Ab - 3Ba)}{a^{7/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^2),x)`output `((2*x*(5*A*b - 3*B*a))/(3*a^2) - (2*A)/(3*a) + (b*x^2*(5*A*b - 3*B*a))/a^3)/(a*x^(3/2) + b*x^(5/2)) + (b^(1/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(5*A*b - 3*B*a))/a^(7/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) bx - \frac{2a^2}{3} + 2abx}{\sqrt{x} a^3 x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `(2*(3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b*x - a*
*2 + 3*a*b*x))/(3*sqrt(x)*a**3*x)`

3.214 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1472
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1472
Rubi [A] (verified)	1473
Maple [A] (verified)	1475
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1476
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1477
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1478
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1478
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1479
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1479

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{2A}{5a^2x^{5/2}} + \frac{2(2Ab-aB)}{3a^3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2b(3Ab-2aB)}{a^4\sqrt{x}}$$

$$-\frac{b^2(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{a^4(a+bx)} - \frac{b^{3/2}(7Ab-5aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{9/2}}$$

output
$$-2/5*A/a^2/x^(5/2)+2/3*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^(3/2)-2*b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/x^(1/2)-b^2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^4/(b*x+a)-b^(3/2)*(7*A*b-5*B*a)*\arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(9/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{-105Ab^3x^3 - 2a^3(3A+5Bx) + 5ab^2x^2(-14A+15Bx) + 2a^2bx(7A+25Bx)}{15a^4x^{5/2}(a+bx)}$$

$$+ \frac{b^{3/2}(-7Ab+5aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^2), x]`

output

$$\frac{(-105A^2b^3x^3 - 2a^3(3A + 5Bx) + 5ab^2x^2(-14A + 15Bx) + 2a^2bx(7A + 25Bx))/(15a^4x^{5/2}(a + bx)) + (b^{3/2}(-7Ab + 5a^2B) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}]/\sqrt{a}])}{a^{9/2}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {87, 61, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{(7Ab - 5aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{5/2}(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{(7Ab - 5aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{5/2}(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{(7Ab - 5aB) \left(-\frac{b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{5/2}(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$(7Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{5/2}(a + bx)}$$

73

$$(7Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{5/2}(a + bx)}$$

218

$$(7Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{5/2}(a + bx)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^2), x]`

output `(A*b - a*B)/(a*b*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)) + ((7*A*b - 5*a*B)*(-2/(5*a*x^(5/2)) - (b*(-2/(3*a*x^(3/2)) - (b*(-2/(a*Sqrt[x]) - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/a))/a)/(2*a*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 61

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0]
) || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d
, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2b^2 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(7Ab-5Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^4} - \frac{2A}{5a^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(-2Ab+Ba)}{3a^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2b(3Ab-2Ba)}{a^4\sqrt{x}}$	101
default	$-\frac{2b^2 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(7Ab-5Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^4} - \frac{2A}{5a^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(-2Ab+Ba)}{3a^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2b(3Ab-2Ba)}{a^4\sqrt{x}}$	101
risch	$-\frac{2(45Ab^2x^2 - 30Babx^2 - 10aAbx + 5Ba^2x + 3a^2A)}{15a^4x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{2\left(\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2}\right)\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(7Ab-5Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^4}$	103

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/a^4*b^2*((1/2*A*b-1/2*B*a)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)+1/2*(7*A*b-5*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)
)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))-2/5*A/a^2/x^(5/2)-2/3*(-2*A*b+B*a)/a^3/x^(3/2)
-2*b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = \left[-\frac{15((5 Bab^2 - 7 Ab^3)x^4 + (5 Ba^2b - 7 Aab^2)x^3)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{bx - 2a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} - a}{bx+a}\right) + 2(\dots)}{30(a^4b)} \right]$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/30*(15*((5*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^4 + (5*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*x^3)*sqrt(-b/a)
*log((b*x - 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/a) - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(6*A*a^3 - 15*(5*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^3
- 10*(5*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*b*x^4 + a^5*x^3),
1/15*(15*((5*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^4 + (5*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*x^3)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/a))
- (6*A*a^3 - 15*(5*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^3 - 10*(5*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*b*x^4 + a^5*x^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1017 vs. $2(117) = 234$.

Time = 48.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1017, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.40

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(7/2)/(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(9*x**(9/2)) - 2*B/(7*x**(7/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2)))/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(9*x**(9/2)) - 2*B/(7*x**(7/2)))/b**2, Eq(a, 0)), (-12*A*a**3*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 28*A*a**2*b*x*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 105*A*a*b**2*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 105*A*a*b**2*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 140*A*a*b**2*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 105*A*b**3*x**(7/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 105*A*b**3*x**(7/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 210*A*b**3*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 20*B*a**3*x*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 75*B*a**2*b*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 75*B*a**2*b*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 100*B*a**2*b*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30*a**4*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 75*B*a*b**2*x**(7/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(30*a**5*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 30...`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{6Aa^3 - 15(5Bab^2 - 7Ab^3)x^3 - 10(5Ba^2b - 7Aab^2)x^2 + 2(5Ba^3 - 7Aa^2b)x}{15(a^4bx^{7/2} + a^5x^{5/2})} + \frac{(5Bab^2 - 7Ab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^4}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/15*(6*A*a^3 - 15*(5*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^3 - 10*(5*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*x)/(a^4*b*x^(7/2) + a^5*x^(5/2)) + (5*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^4)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{(5Bab^2 - 7Ab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba^4}} + \frac{Bab^2\sqrt{x} - Ab^3\sqrt{x}}{(bx + a)a^4} + \frac{2(30Babx^2 - 45Ab^2x^2 - 5Ba^2x + 10Aabx - 3Aa^2)}{15a^4x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(5*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^4) + (B*a*b^2*sqrt(x) - A*b^3*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)*a^4) + 2/15*(30*B*a*b*x^2 - 45*A*b^2*x^2 - 5*B*a^2*x + 10*A*a*b*x - 3*A*a^2)/(a^4*x^(5/2))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{2A}{5a} - \frac{2x(7Ab - 5Ba)}{15a^2} + \frac{b^2x^3(7Ab - 5Ba)}{a^4} + \frac{2bx^2(7Ab - 5Ba)}{3a^3}}{ax^{5/2} + bx^{7/2}} - \frac{b^{3/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (7Ab - 5Ba)}{a^{9/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^2), x)`output `- ((2*A)/(5*a) - (2*x*(7*A*b - 5*B*a))/(15*a^2) + (b^2*x^3*(7*A*b - 5*B*a))/a^4 + (2*b*x^2*(7*A*b - 5*B*a))/(3*a^3))/(a*x^(5/2) + b*x^(7/2)) - (b^(3/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(7*A*b - 5*B*a))/a^(9/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) b^2x^2 - \frac{2a^3}{5} + \frac{2a^2bx}{3} - 2ab^2x^2}{\sqrt{x}a^4x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^2, x)`output `(2*(- 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**2*x**2 - 3*a**3 + 5*a**2*b*x - 15*a*b**2*x**2))/(15*sqrt(x)*a**4*x**2)`

3.215 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1480
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1480
Rubi [A] (verified)	1481
Maple [A] (verified)	1484
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1485
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1486
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1487
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1487
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1488
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1488

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{2A}{7a^2x^{7/2}} + \frac{2(2Ab-aB)}{5a^3x^{5/2}} - \frac{2b(3Ab-2aB)}{3a^4x^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^2(4Ab-3aB)}{a^5\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^3(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{a^5(a+bx)} + \frac{b^{5/2}(9Ab-7aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{11/2}}$$

output
$$-2/7*A/a^2/x^(7/2)+2/5*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^(5/2)-2/3*b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/x^(3/2)+2*b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)/a^5/x^(1/2)+b^3*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^5/(b*x+a)+b^(5/2)*(9*A*b-7*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(11/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{945Ab^4x^4 + 105ab^3x^3(6A-7Bx) - 6a^4(5A+7Bx) - 14a^2b^2x^2(9A+35Bx) + 2a^3b^{5/2}(9Ab-7aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{105a^5x^{7/2}(a+bx)} + \frac{b^{5/2}(9Ab-7aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{11/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*(a + b*x)^2), x]`

output

$$(945A^2b^4x^4 + 105ab^3x^3(6A - 7Bx) - 6a^4(5A + 7Bx) - 14a^2b^2x^2(9A + 35Bx) + 2a^3bx(27A + 49Bx))/(105a^5x^{7/2}(a + bx)) + (b^{5/2}(9Ab - 7aB) \operatorname{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x})/\sqrt{a}])/a^{1/2}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$, Rules used = {87, 61, 61, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{(9Ab - 7aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{7/2}(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{(9Ab - 7aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{7/2}(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{(9Ab - 7aB) \left(-\frac{b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{2ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{7/2}(a + bx)}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$(9Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}}}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{7ax^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{7/2}(a + bx)}$$

61

$$(9Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{7/2}(a + bx)}$$

73

$$(9Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{abx^{7/2}(a + bx)}$$

218

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(9Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{abx^{7/2}(a + bx)} + \frac{2ab}{Ab - aB}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*(a + b*x)^2), x]`

output `(A*b - a*B)/(a*b*x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)) + ((9*A*b - 7*a*B)*(-2/(7*a*x^(7/2)) - (b*(-2/(5*a*x^(5/2)) - (b*(-2/(3*a*x^(3/2)) - (b*(-2/(a*Sqrt[x]) - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/a))/a))/a)/(2*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`


```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2A}{7a^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2(-2Ab+Ba)}{5a^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2b(3Ab-2Ba)}{3a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2b^2(4Ab-3Ba)}{a^5\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b^3 \left(\frac{(\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2})\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(9Ab-7Ba) \arctan(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}})}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^5}$
default	$-\frac{2A}{7a^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2(-2Ab+Ba)}{5a^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2b(3Ab-2Ba)}{3a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2b^2(4Ab-3Ba)}{a^5\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b^3 \left(\frac{(\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2})\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(9Ab-7Ba) \arctan(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}})}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^5}$
risch	$-\frac{2(-420Ab^3x^3+315Ba^2b^2x^3+105aAb^2x^2-70Ba^2bx^2-42a^2Abx+21Ba^3x+15a^3A)}{105a^5x^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{b^3 \left(\frac{2(\frac{Ab}{2} - \frac{Ba}{2})\sqrt{x}}{bx+a} + \frac{(9Ab-7Ba) \arctan(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}})}{2\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^5}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

$$-2/7*A/a^2/x^{(7/2)}-2/5*(-2*A*b+B*a)/a^3/x^{(5/2)}-2/3*b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/x^{(3/2)}+2*b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)/a^5/x^{(1/2)}+2/a^5*b^3*((1/2*A*b-1/2*B*a)*x^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)+1/2*(9*A*b-7*B*a)/(a*b)^{(1/2)}*arctan(b*x^{(1/2)}/(a*b)^{(1/2)}))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = \left[\frac{105((7Bab^3 - 9Ab^4)x^5 + (7Ba^2b^2 - 9Aab^3)x^4)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{bx + 2a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} - a}{bx + a}\right) + 2}{105((7Bab^3 - 9Ab^4)x^5 + (7Ba^2b^2 - 9Aab^3)x^4)\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}\right) + (30Aa^4 + 105(7Bab^3 - 9Ab^4))}{105(a^5bx^5 + a^6x^4)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/210*(105*((7*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^5 + (7*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^4)*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x + 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/a) - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(30*A*a^4 + 105*(7*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^4 + 70*(7*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 14*(7*B*a^3*b - 9*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 6*(7*B*a^4 - 9*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b*x^5 + a^6*x^4), -1/105*(105*((7*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^5 + (7*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^4)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/a)) + (30*A*a^4 + 105*(7*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^4 + 70*(7*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 14*(7*B*a^3*b - 9*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 6*(7*B*a^4 - 9*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b*x^5 + a^6*x^4)
]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1142 vs. $2(143) = 286$.

Time = 122.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1142, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.99

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(9/2)/(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(11*x**(11/2)) - 2*B/(9*x**(9/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(7*x**(7/2)) - 2*B/(5*x**(5/2)))/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(11*x**(11/2)) - 2*B/(9*x**(9/2)))/b**2, Eq(a, 0)), (-60*A*a**4*sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a**6*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*a**5*b*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 108*A*a**3*b*x*sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a**6*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*a**5*b*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 252*A*a**2*b**2*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a**6*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*a**5*b*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 945*A*a*b**3*x**(7/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a**6*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*a**5*b*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 945*A*a*b**3*x**(7/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a**6*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*a**5*b*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 1260*A*a*b**3*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a**6*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*a**5*b*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 945*A*b**4*x**(9/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a**6*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*a**5*b*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 945*A*b**4*x**(9/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a**6*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*a**5*b*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 1890*A*b**4*x**4*sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a**6*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*a**5*b*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 84*B*a**4*x*sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a**6*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*a**5*b*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 196*B*a**3*b*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)/(210*a**6*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*a**5*b*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 735*B*a**2*b**2*x**(7/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a**6*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 210*a**5*b*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 735*B*a**2*b**2*x**(7/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(210*a**6...`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{30 Aa^4 + 105 (7 Bab^3 - 9 Ab^4)x^4 + 70 (7 Ba^2b^2 - 9 Aab^3)x^3 - 14 (7 Ba^3b - 9 Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 6 (7 Ba^4 - 9 Aa^3b)x - 105 \left(a^5 bx^{\frac{9}{2}} + a^6 x^{\frac{7}{2}} \right)}{105 \left(a^5 bx^{\frac{9}{2}} + a^6 x^{\frac{7}{2}} \right)} - \frac{(7 Bab^3 - 9 Ab^4) \arctan \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{\sqrt{aba^5}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output
$$-1/105*(30*A*a^4 + 105*(7*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4))*x^4 + 70*(7*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 14*(7*B*a^3*b - 9*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 6*(7*B*a^4 - 9*A*a^3*b)*x / (a^5*b*x^(9/2) + a^6*x^(7/2)) - (7*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^5)$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{(7 Bab^3 - 9 Ab^4) \arctan \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{\sqrt{aba^5}} - \frac{Bab^3\sqrt{x} - Ab^4\sqrt{x}}{(bx + a)a^5} - \frac{2(315 Bab^2x^3 - 420 Ab^3x^3 - 70 Ba^2bx^2 + 105 Aab^2x^2 + 21 Ba^3x - 42 Aa^2bx + 15 Aa^3)}{105 a^5 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output
$$-(7*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^5) - (B*a*b^3*sqrt(x) - A*b^4*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)*a^5) - 2/105*(315*B*a*b^2*x^3 - 420*A*b^3*x^3 - 70*B*a^2*b*x^2 + 105*A*a*b^2*x^2 + 21*B*a^3*x - 42*A*a^2*b*x + 15*A*a^3)/(a^5*x^(7/2))$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{2x(9Ab - 7Ba)}{35a^2} - \frac{2A}{7a} + \frac{2b^2x^3(9Ab - 7Ba)}{3a^4} + \frac{b^3x^4(9Ab - 7Ba)}{a^5} - \frac{2bx^2(9Ab - 7Ba)}{15a^3} + \frac{b^{5/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(9Ab - 7Ba)}{a^{11/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*(a + b*x)^2), x)`output `((2*x*(9*A*b - 7*B*a))/(35*a^2) - (2*A)/(7*a) + (2*b^2*x^3*(9*A*b - 7*B*a))/(3*a^4) + (b^3*x^4*(9*A*b - 7*B*a))/a^5 - (2*b*x^2*(9*A*b - 7*B*a))/(15*a^3))/(a*x^(7/2) + b*x^(9/2)) + (b^(5/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(9*A*b - 7*B*a))/a^(11/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)b^3x^3 - \frac{2a^4}{7} + \frac{2a^3bx}{5} - \frac{2a^2b^2x^2}{3} + 2ab^3x^3}{\sqrt{x}a^5x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^2, x)`output `(2*(105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**3*x**3 - 15*a**4 + 21*a**3*b*x - 35*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 105*a*b**3*x**3))/(105*sqrt(x)*a**5*x**3)`

3.216 $\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1489
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1489
Rubi [A] (verified)	1490
Maple [A] (verified)	1493
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1494
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1495
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1496
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1496
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1497
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1497

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{a(7Ab-13aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^5} + \frac{(7Ab-15aB)x^{3/2}}{6b^4} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b^3} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{7/2}}{2b^2(a+bx)^2} - \frac{a^2(7Ab-11aB)\sqrt{x}}{4b^5(a+bx)} + \frac{7a^{3/2}(5Ab-9aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4b^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-a*(7*A*b-13*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^5+1/6*(7*A*b-15*B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^4+2/5*B*x^(5/2)/b^3-1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(7/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)^2-1/4*a^2*(7*A*b-11*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^5/(b*x+a)+7/4*a^(3/2)*(5*A*b-9*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(945a^4B-525a^3b(A-3Bx))+8b^4x^3(5A+3Bx)-8ab^3x^2(35A+9Bx)+7a^2b^2x}{60b^5(a+bx)^2} - \frac{7a^{3/2}(-5Ab+9aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4b^{11/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(945*a^4*B - 525*a^3*b*(A - 3*B*x) + 8*b^4*x^3*(5*A + 3*B*x) - 8*a*b^3*x^2*(35*A + 9*B*x) + 7*a^2*b^2*x*(-125*A + 72*B*x))/(60*b^5*(a + b*x)^2) - (7*a^{3/2}*(-5*A*b + 9*a*B)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(4*b^{11/2})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$, Rules used = {87, 51, 60, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(5Ab - 9aB) \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(a + bx)^2} dx}{4ab}$$

$$\downarrow 51$$

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(5Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{a + bx} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a + bx)} \right)}{4ab}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(5Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a + bx} dx}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a + bx)} \right)}{4ab}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(5Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(5Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(5Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(5Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{7}{2b} \left(\frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} \right) \right)}{4ab} - \frac{x^{7/2}}{b(a+bx)}$$

```
input Int[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x]
```

```
output ((A*b - a*B)*x^(9/2))/(2*a*b*(a + b*x)^2) - ((5*A*b - 9*a*B)*(-(x^(7/2)/(b*(a + b*x))) + (7*((2*x^(5/2))/(5*b) - (a*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (a*((2*Sqrt[x])/b - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2)))/b))/b))/(4*a*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 51 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(-3b^2Bx^2 - 5Ab^2x + 15Babx + 45abA - 90a^2B)\sqrt{x}}{15b^5} + \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{2(-\frac{13}{8}b^2A + \frac{17}{8}abB)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{a(11Ab - 15Ba)\sqrt{x}}{4}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{7(5Ab - 9Ba)}{b^5} \right)}{b^5}$
derivativdivides	$-\frac{2 \left(-\frac{b^2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + Babx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3abA\sqrt{x} - 6a^2B\sqrt{x} \right)}{b^5} + \frac{2a^2 \left(\frac{(-\frac{13}{8}b^2A + \frac{17}{8}abB)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{a(11Ab - 15Ba)\sqrt{x}}{8}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{7(5Ab - 9Ba)}{b^5} \right)}{b^5}$
default	$-\frac{2 \left(-\frac{b^2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + Babx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3abA\sqrt{x} - 6a^2B\sqrt{x} \right)}{b^5} + \frac{2a^2 \left(\frac{(-\frac{13}{8}b^2A + \frac{17}{8}abB)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{a(11Ab - 15Ba)\sqrt{x}}{8}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{7(5Ab - 9Ba)}{b^5} \right)}{b^5}$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{-2/15*(-3*B*b^2*x^2-5*A*b^2*x+15*B*a*b*x+45*A*a*b-90*B*a^2)*x^{1/2}/b^5+a^2/b^5*(2*((-13/8*b^2*A+17/8*a*b*B)*x^{3/2}-1/8*a*(11*A*b-15*B*a)*x^{1/2}))/((b*x+a)^2+7/4*(5*A*b-9*B*a)/(a*b)^{1/2}*\arctan(b*x^{1/2}/(a*b)^{1/2}))}{60(b^7x^2+2$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{\begin{aligned} &105(9Ba^4 - 5Aa^3b + (9Ba^2b^2 - 5Aab^3)x^2 + 2(9Ba^3b - 5Aa^2b^2)x)\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} \log \\ &105(9Ba^4 - 5Aa^3b + (9Ba^2b^2 - 5Aab^3)x^2 + 2(9Ba^3b - 5Aa^2b^2)x)\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}}{a}\right) - (24Bb^4x^4 \end{aligned}}{60(b^7x^2+2$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} &[-1/120*(105*(9B*a^4 - 5*A*a^3*b + (9B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(9B \\ &*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*\sqrt{-a/b}*\log((b*x + 2*b*\sqrt{x})*\sqrt{-a/b} - a) \\ &/ (b*x + a)) - 2*(24*B*b^4*x^4 + 945*B*a^4 - 525*A*a^3*b - 8*(9*B*a*b^3 - 5 \\ &*A*b^4)*x^3 + 56*(9*B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 175*(9*B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2* \\ &b^2)*x)*\sqrt{x})/(b^7*x^2 + 2*a*b^6*x + a^2*b^5), -1/60*(105*(9*B*a^4 - 5* \\ &A*a^3*b + (9*B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(9*B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*\sqrt{ \\ &a/b}*\arctan(b*\sqrt{x})*\sqrt{a/b}/a) - (24*B*b^4*x^4 + 945*B*a^4 - 525*A \\ &*a^3*b - 8*(9*B*a*b^3 - 5*A*b^4)*x^3 + 56*(9*B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x^2 + \\ &175*(9*B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*\sqrt{x})/(b^7*x^2 + 2*a*b^6*x + a^2*b^5)] \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1652 vs. $2(150) = 300$.

Time = 71.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1652, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.80

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(5/2)/5), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((
2*A*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*B*x**(11/2)/11)/a**3, Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B
*x**(5/2)/5)/b**3, Eq(a, 0)), (525*A*a**4*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(120
*a**2*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 240*a*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*b**8*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)
) - 525*A*a**4*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(120*a**2*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 240
*a*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*b**8*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 1050*A*a**3*b**2*sqrt(x)
)*sqrt(-a/b)/(120*a**2*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 240*a*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*b**
8*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 1050*A*a**3*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(120*a**
2*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 240*a*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*b**8*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) -
1050*A*a**3*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(120*a**2*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 2
40*a*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*b**8*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 1750*A*a**2*b**3*x**3
/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(120*a**2*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 240*a*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*
b**8*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 525*A*a**2*b**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(12
0*a**2*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 240*a*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*b**8*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)
)) - 525*A*a**2*b**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(120*a**2*b**6*sqrt(-a
/b) + 240*a*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*b**8*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 560*A*a*b**4*x
**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(120*a**2*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 240*a*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 1
20*b**8*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 80*A*b**5*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(120*a**2*b**6*sq
rt(-a/b) + 240*a*b**7*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*b**8*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 945*B*a**
5*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(120*a**2*b**6*sqrt(-a/b) + 240*a*b**7*x*sq...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{(17Ba^3b - 13Aa^2b^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + (15Ba^4 - 11Aa^3b)\sqrt{x}}{4(b^7x^2 + 2ab^6x + a^2b^5)} - \frac{7(9Ba^3 - 5Aa^2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{abb^5}} + \frac{2\left(3Bb^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 5(3Bab - Ab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 45(2Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{x}\right)}{15b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*((17*B*a^3*b - 13*A*a^2*b^2)*x^(3/2) + (15*B*a^4 - 11*A*a^3*b)*sqrt(x))/(b^7*x^2 + 2*a*b^6*x + a^2*b^5) - 7/4*(9*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^5) + 2/15*(3*B*b^2*x^(5/2) - 5*(3*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^(3/2) + 45*(2*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/b^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{7(9Ba^3 - 5Aa^2b) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{abb^5}} + \frac{17Ba^3bx^{\frac{3}{2}} - 13Aa^2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15Ba^4\sqrt{x} - 11Aa^3b\sqrt{x}}{4(bx+a)^2b^5} + \frac{2\left(3Bb^{12}x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 15Bab^{11}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 5Ab^{12}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 90Ba^2b^{10}\sqrt{x} - 45Aab^{11}\sqrt{x}\right)}{15b^{15}}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-7/4*(9*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^5) + 1/4*(17*B*a^3*b*x^(3/2) - 13*A*a^2*b^2*x^(3/2) + 15*B*a^4*sqrt(x) - 11*A*a^3*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^2*b^5) + 2/15*(3*B*b^12*x^(5/2) - 15*B*a*b^11*x^(3/2) + 5*A*b^12*x^(3/2) + 90*B*a^2*b^10*sqrt(x) - 45*A*a*b^11*sqrt(x))/b^15`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = x^{3/2} \left(\frac{2A}{3b^3} - \frac{2Ba}{b^4} \right) - \frac{x^{3/2} \left(\frac{13Aa^2b^2}{4} - \frac{17Ba^3b}{4} \right) - \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{15Ba^4}{4} - \frac{11Aa^3b}{4} \right)}{a^2b^5 + 2ab^6x + b^7x^2} - \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{3a \left(\frac{2A}{b^3} - \frac{6Ba}{b^4} \right) + \frac{6Ba^2}{b^5}}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b^3} - \frac{7a^{3/2} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{a^{3/2} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{x} (5Ab-9Ba)}{9Ba^3-5Aa^2b} \right) (5Ab-9Ba)}{4b^{11/2}} \right)$$

input `int((x^(7/2)*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^3,x)`output `x^(3/2)*((2*A)/(3*b^3) - (2*B*a)/b^4) - (x^(3/2)*((13*A*a^2*b^2)/4 - (17*B*a^3*b)/4) - x^(1/2)*((15*B*a^4)/4 - (11*A*a^3*b)/4))/(a^2*b^5 + b^7*x^2 + 2*a*b^6*x) - x^(1/2)*((3*a*((2*A)/b^3 - (6*B*a)/b^4))/b + (6*B*a^2)/b^5) + (2*B*x^(5/2))/(5*b^3) - (7*a^(3/2)*atan((a^(3/2)*b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(5*A*b - 9*B*a))/(9*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b))*(5*A*b - 9*B*a))/(4*b^(11/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{-105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}} \right) a^3 - 105\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}} \right) a^2bx + 105\sqrt{x}a^3b + 70\sqrt{x}a^3}{15b^5(bx+a)}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x)`output `(- 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**3 - 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*b*x + 105*sqrt(x)*a**3*b + 70*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**2*x - 14*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x**2 + 6*sqrt(x)*b**4*x**3)/(15*b**5*(a + b*x))`

3.217 $\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1498
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1498
Rubi [A] (verified)	1499
Maple [A] (verified)	1502
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1502
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1503
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1504
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1505
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1505
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1506

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{(5Ab-13aB)\sqrt{x}}{2b^4} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b^3} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{5/2}}{2b^2(a+bx)^2} + \frac{a(5Ab-9aB)\sqrt{x}}{4b^4(a+bx)} - \frac{5\sqrt{a}(3Ab-7aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4b^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/2*(5*A*b-13*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^4+2/3*B*x^(3/2)/b^3-1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)^2+1/4*a*(5*A*b-9*B*a)*x^(1/2)/b^4/(b*x+a)-5/4*a^(1/2)*(3*A*b-7*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-105a^3B+ab^2x(75A-56Bx))+5a^2b(9A-35Bx)+8b^3x^2(3A+Bx)}{12b^4(a+bx)^2} + \frac{5\sqrt{a}(-3Ab+7aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4b^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*(-105*a^3*B + a*b^2*x*(75*A - 56*B*x) + 5*a^2*b*(9*A - 35*B*x) + 8*b^3*x^2*(3*A + B*x))/(12*b^4*(a + b*x)^2) + (5*Sqrt[a]*(-3*A*b + 7*a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(4*b^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {87, 51, 60, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(3Ab - 7aB) \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{4ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(3Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a+bx} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(3Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(3Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx \right)}{b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)}}{4ab}$$

73

$$\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(3Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{2b} \right) - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)}}{4ab}$$

218

$$\frac{x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(3Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} \right) - \frac{x^{5/2}}{b(a+bx)}}{4ab}$$

input `Int[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*x^(7/2))/(2*a*b*(a + b*x)^2) - ((3*A*b - 7*a*B)*(-x^(5/2)/(b*(a + b*x))) + (5*((2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (a*((2*sqrt[x])/b - (2*sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2)))/b))/(2*b)))/(4*a*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]
&& ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)))]
Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))]
Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2(bBx+3Ab-9Ba)\sqrt{x}}{3b^4} - \frac{a \left(\frac{2(-\frac{9}{8}b^2A+\frac{13}{8}abB)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{a(7Ab-11Ba)\sqrt{x}}{4}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{5(3Ab-7Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{b^4}$	98
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2bBx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab\sqrt{x} - 6Ba\sqrt{x}}{b^4} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{(-\frac{9}{8}b^2A+\frac{13}{8}abB)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{a(7Ab-11Ba)\sqrt{x}}{8}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{5(3Ab-7Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{b^4}$	102
default	$\frac{\frac{2bBx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab\sqrt{x} - 6Ba\sqrt{x}}{b^4} - \frac{2a \left(\frac{(-\frac{9}{8}b^2A+\frac{13}{8}abB)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{a(7Ab-11Ba)\sqrt{x}}{8}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{5(3Ab-7Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{b^4}$	102

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{3} * (B * b * x + 3 * A * b - 9 * B * a) * x^{1/2} / b^4 - a / b^4 * (2 * ((-9/8 * b^2 * A + 13/8 * a * b * B) * x^{3/2} - 1/8 * a * (7 * A * b - 11 * B * a) * x^{1/2})) / (b * x + a)^2 + 5/4 * (3 * A * b - 7 * B * a) / (a * b)^{1/2} * \arctan(b * x^{1/2} / (a * b)^{1/2}))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \left[\frac{15(7Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b + (7Bab^2 - 3Ab^3)x^2 + 2(7Ba^2b - 3Aab^2)x)\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} \log\left(\frac{bx - a}{\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}}\right)}{24(a + bx)^3} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/24*(15*(7*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b + (7*B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(7*B*a^2*b
- 3*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a/b)*log((b*x - 2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) - a)/(b*x +
a)) - 2*(8*B*b^3*x^3 - 105*B*a^3 + 45*A*a^2*b - 8*(7*B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*x^
2 - 25*(7*B*a^2*b - 3*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^6*x^2 + 2*a*b^5*x + a^2*b^4)
, 1/12*(15*(7*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b + (7*B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(7*B*a^2*b
- 3*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a/b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/b)/a) + (8*B*b^3*x^3 -
105*B*a^3 + 45*A*a^2*b - 8*(7*B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*x^2 - 25*(7*B*a^2*b - 3*A
*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^6*x^2 + 2*a*b^5*x + a^2*b^4)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1496 vs. $2(128) = 256$.

Time = 23.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1496, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.42

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A
*x**(7/2)/7 + 2*B*x**(9/2)/9)/a**3, Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2
)/3)/b**3, Eq(a, 0)), (-45*A*a**3*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(24*a**2*b**
5*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 24*b**7*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 45*A*a
*3*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(24*a**2*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a*b**6*x*sqrt
(-a/b) + 24*b**7*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 90*A*a**2*b**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(24*
a**2*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 24*b**7*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) -
90*A*a**2*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(24*a**2*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*
a*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 24*b**7*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 90*A*a**2*b**2*x*log(sqrt
(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(24*a**2*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 24*b
**7*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 150*A*a*b**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(24*a**2*b**5*sqrt
(-a/b) + 48*a*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 24*b**7*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 45*A*a*b**3*x
**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(24*a**2*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a*b**6*x*sqrt(
-a/b) + 24*b**7*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 45*A*a*b**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/
b))/(24*a**2*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 24*b**7*x**2*sqrt(
-a/b)) + 48*A*b**4*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(24*a**2*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a*b**
6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 24*b**7*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 105*B*a**4*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(
-a/b))/(24*a**2*b**5*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 24*b**7*x**2*sq
rt(-a/b)) - 105*B*a**4*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(24*a**2*b**5*sqrt(-a/b)
+ 48*a*b**6*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 24*b**7*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 210*B*a**3*b*sqrt...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{(13Ba^2b-9Aab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}}+(11Ba^3-7Aa^2b)\sqrt{x}}{4(b^6x^2+2ab^5x+a^2b^4)} + \frac{5(7Ba^2-3Aab)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{abb^4}} + \frac{2(Bbx^{\frac{3}{2}}-3(3Ba-Ab)\sqrt{x})}{3b^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*((13*B*a^2*b - 9*A*a*b^2)*x^(3/2) + (11*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*sqrt(x))/(
b^6*x^2 + 2*a*b^5*x + a^2*b^4) + 5/4*(7*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/
sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^4) + 2/3*(B*b*x^(3/2) - 3*(3*B*a - A*b)*sqrt(x))/b
^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{5(7Ba^2 - 3Aab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{abb^4}} - \frac{13Ba^2bx^{3/2} - 9Aab^2x^{3/2} + 11Ba^3\sqrt{x} - 7Aa^2b\sqrt{x}}{4(bx+a)^2b^4} + \frac{2(Bb^6x^{3/2} - 9Bab^5\sqrt{x} + 3Ab^6\sqrt{x})}{3b^9}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output
$$\frac{5}{4} \cdot \frac{(7Ba^2 - 3Aa^2b) \arctan(b\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a^2b})}{(\sqrt{a^2b})^4} - \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{(13Ba^2bx^{3/2} - 9Aa^2b^2x^{3/2} + 11Ba^3\sqrt{x} - 7Aa^2b\sqrt{x})}{(bx+a)^2b^4} + \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{(Bb^6x^{3/2} - 9Bab^5\sqrt{x} + 3Ab^6\sqrt{x})}{b^9}$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{x^{3/2} \left(\frac{9Aab^2}{4} - \frac{13Ba^2b}{4} \right) - \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{11Ba^3}{4} - \frac{7Aa^2b}{4} \right)}{a^2b^4 + 2ab^5x + b^6x^2} + \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2A}{b^3} - \frac{6Ba}{b^4} \right) + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b^3} + \frac{5\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(3Ab-7Ba)}{7Ba^2-3Aab}\right) (3Ab-7Ba)}{4b^{9/2}}$$

input `int((x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^3,x)`output
$$\frac{(x^{3/2} \cdot ((9Aa^2b^2)/4 - (13Ba^2b)/4) - x^{1/2} \cdot ((11Ba^3)/4 - (7Aa^2b)/4))}{(a^2b^4 + b^6x^2 + 2a^5bx)} + \frac{x^{1/2} \cdot ((2A)/b^3 - (6Ba)/b^4) + (2Bx^{3/2})/(3b^3) + (5a^{1/2} \cdot \operatorname{atan}((a^{1/2}b^{1/2}x^{1/2}) \cdot (3Ab - 7Ba)) / (7Ba^2 - 3Aab)) \cdot (3Ab - 7Ba)}{(4b^{9/2})}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 + 15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) abx - 15\sqrt{x} a^2 b - 10\sqrt{x} a b^2 x + 2\sqrt{x} a b^2 x^2 + 2\sqrt{x} b^3 x^2}{3b^4 (bx + a)}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x)`output `(15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2 + 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*x - 15*sqrt(x)*a**2*b - 10*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*x + 2*sqrt(x)*b**3*x**2)/(3*b**4*(a + b*x))`

3.218 $\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1507
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1507
Rubi [A] (verified)	1508
Maple [A] (verified)	1510
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1511
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1511
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1512
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1513
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1513
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1514

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}}{2b^2(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(3Ab-7aB)\sqrt{x}}{4b^3(a+bx)} + \frac{3(Ab-5aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}^{7/2}}$$

output

$2*B*x^{(1/2)}/b^3-1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^{(3/2)}/b^2/(b*x+a)^2-1/4*(3*A*b-7*B*a)*x^{(1/2)}/b^3/(b*x+a)+3/4*(A*b-5*B*a)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)}/b^{(7/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(15a^2B+b^2x(-5A+8Bx)+a(-3Ab+25bBx))}{4b^3(a+bx)^2} + \frac{3(Ab-5aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*(15*a^2*B + b^2*x*(-5*A + 8*B*x) + a*(-3*A*b + 25*b*B*x)))/(4*b^3*(a + b*x)^2) + (3*(A*b - 5*a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(4*Sqrt[a]*b^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {87, 51, 60, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(Ab - 5aB) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{4ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a+bx} dx}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} - \frac{(Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x^{3/2}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab}$$

input

```
Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*x^(5/2))/(2*a*b*(a + b*x)^2) - ((A*b - 5*a*B)*(-x^(3/2)/(b*(a + b*x))) + (3*((2*sqrt[x])/b - (2*sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[a]])/b^(3/2)))/(2*b)))/(4*a*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x
] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 60

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(
b*(m + n + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!Integer
Q[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinear
Q[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^3} + \frac{2\left(\left(-\frac{5}{8}b^2A + \frac{9}{8}abB\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{a(3Ab-7Ba)\sqrt{x}}{8}\right)}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{3(Ab-5Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}}$	83
default	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^3} + \frac{2\left(\left(-\frac{5}{8}b^2A + \frac{9}{8}abB\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{a(3Ab-7Ba)\sqrt{x}}{8}\right)}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{3(Ab-5Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}}$	83
risch	$\frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^3} + \frac{2\left(\left(-\frac{5}{8}b^2A + \frac{9}{8}abB\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{a(3Ab-7Ba)\sqrt{x}}{4}\right)}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{3(Ab-5Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}}$	83

input

```
int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*B*x^(1/2)/b^3+2/b^3*((( -5/8*b^2*A+9/8*a*b*B)*x^(3/2)-1/8*a*(3*A*b-7*B*a)
*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^2+3/8*(A*b-5*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/
2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{3(5Ba^3 - Aa^2b + (5Bab^2 - Ab^3)x^2 + 2(5Ba^2b - Aab^2)x)\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx-a-2\sqrt{-a}}{bx+a}\right) + 2(8B^2a^3x^2 + 15B^2a^3b - 3A^2a^2b^2 + 5(5B^2a^2b^2 - A^2a^2b^3)x)\sqrt{x} + 1/4(3(5B^2a^3 - A^2a^2b + (5B^2a^2b^2 - A^2a^2b^3)x^2 + 2(5B^2a^2b - A^2a^2b^2)x)\sqrt{ab} \arctan(\sqrt{ab}/(b\sqrt{x})) + (8B^2a^2b^3x^2 + 15B^2a^3b - 3A^2a^2b^2 + 5(5B^2a^2b^2 - A^2a^2b^3)x)\sqrt{x})/(a^2b^6x^2 + 2a^2b^5x + a^3b^4)}{8(ab^6x^2 + 2a^2b^5x + a^3b^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(3*(5*B*a^3 - A*a^2*b + (5*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(8*B*a*b^3*x^2 + 15*B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2 + 5*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^6*x^2 + 2*a^2*b^5*x + a^3*b^4), 1/4*(3*(5*B*a^3 - A*a^2*b + (5*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (8*B*a*b^3*x^2 + 15*B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2 + 5*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^6*x^2 + 2*a^2*b^5*x + a^3*b^4)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1333 vs. 2(104) = 208.

Time = 10.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1333, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.58

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x)), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((2*A*x
**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*x**(7/2)/7)/a**3, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x))
/b**3, Eq(a, 0)), (3*A*a**2*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**2*b**4*sqrt(
-a/b) + 16*a*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 3*A*a**2*b*log(
sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**2*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8
*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 6*A*a*b**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(8*a**2*b**4*sqrt(-
a/b) + 16*a*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 6*A*a*b**2*x*log
(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**2*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b) +
8*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 6*A*a*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**2*b
**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 10*A*b
**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(8*a**2*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b) +
8*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 3*A*b**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**2
*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 3*A*
b**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**2*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a*b**5*x*
sqrt(-a/b) + 8*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 15*B*a**3*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))
/(8*a**2*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)
) + 15*B*a**3*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**2*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a*b**
5*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 30*B*a**2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/
(8*a**2*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a*b**5*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*b**6*x**2*sqrt(-a/b))
- 30*B*a**2*b*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**2*b**4*sqrt(-a/b) + 16...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{(9 Bab - 5 Ab^2)x^{3/2} + (7 Ba^2 - 3 Aab)\sqrt{x}}{4(b^5x^2 + 2ab^4x + a^2b^3)} + \frac{2 B\sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{3(5 Ba - Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{abb^3}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*((9*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*x^(3/2) + (7*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b^5*x^2 +
2*a*b^4*x + a^2*b^3) + 2*B*sqrt(x)/b^3 - 3/4*(5*B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(
x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^3)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{3(5Ba - Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}b^3} + \frac{9Babx^{\frac{3}{2}} - 5Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 7Ba^2\sqrt{x} - 3Aab\sqrt{x}}{4(bx+a)^2b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*B*sqrt(x)/b^3 - 3/4*(5*B*a - A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*b^3) + 1/4*(9*B*a*b*x^(3/2) - 5*A*b^2*x^(3/2) + 7*B*a^2*sqrt(x) - 3*A*a*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^2*b^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x} \left(\frac{7Ba^2}{4} - \frac{3Aab}{4} \right) - x^{3/2} \left(\frac{5Ab^2}{4} - \frac{9Bab}{4} \right)}{a^2b^3 + 2ab^4x + b^5x^2} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^3} + \frac{3\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(Ab - 5Ba)}{4\sqrt{a}b^{7/2}}$$

input `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x)`output `(x^(1/2)*((7*B*a^2)/4 - (3*A*a*b)/4) - x^(3/2)*((5*A*b^2)/4 - (9*B*a*b)/4))/(a^2*b^3 + b^5*x^2 + 2*a*b^4*x) + (2*B*x^(1/2))/b^3 + (3*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(A*b - 5*B*a))/(4*a^(1/2)*b^(7/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a - 3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) bx + 3\sqrt{x} ab + 2\sqrt{x} b^2 x}{b^3 (bx + a)}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x)`output `(- 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b*x + 3*sqrt(x)*a*b + 2*sqrt(x)*b**2*x)/(b**3*(a + b*x))`

3.219 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1515
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1515
Rubi [A] (verified)	1516
Maple [A] (verified)	1517
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1518
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1518
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1519
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1520
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1520
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1521

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{2b^2(a+bx)^2} + \frac{(Ab-5aB)\sqrt{x}}{4ab^2(a+bx)} + \frac{(Ab+3aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}b^{5/2}}$$

output
$$-1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^{(1/2)}/b^2/(b*x+a)^2+1/4*(A*b-5*B*a)*x^{(1/2)}/a/b^2/(b*x+a)+1/4*(A*b+3*B*a)*\arctan(b^{(1/2)*x^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(3/2)}/b^{(5/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{x}(aAb+3a^2B-Ab^2x+5abBx)}{4ab^2(a+bx)^2} + \frac{(Ab+3aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}b^{5/2}}$$

input
$$\text{Integrate}[(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^3,x]$$

output
$$-1/4*(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(a*A*b+3*a^2*B-A*b^2*x+5*a*b*B*x))/(a*b^2*(a+b*x)^2)+((A*b+3*a*B)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/ \text{Sqrt}[a]])/(4*a^{(3/2)*b^{(5/2)})}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {87, 51, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{(3aB+Ab) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{4ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 51$$

$$\frac{(3aB+Ab) \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{(3aB+Ab) \left(\int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{(3aB+Ab) \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{3/2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{2ab(a+bx)^2}$$

input

```
Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3, x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*x^(3/2))/(2*a*b*(a + b*x)^2) + ((A*b + 3*a*B)*(-(Sqrt[x]/(b*(a + b*x)))) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/2)))/(4*a*b)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]`
`Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`
`] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{(Ab-5Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ab} - \frac{(Ab+3Ba)\sqrt{x}}{4b^2}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{(Ab+3Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4b^2 a \sqrt{ab}}$	79
default	$\frac{\frac{(Ab-5Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ab} - \frac{(Ab+3Ba)\sqrt{x}}{4b^2}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{(Ab+3Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4b^2 a \sqrt{ab}}$	79

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
2*(1/8*(A*b-5*B*a)/a/b*x^(3/2)-1/8*(A*b+3*B*a)/b^2*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^2+1/4*
(A*b+3*B*a)/b^2/a/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(3Ba^3 + Aa^2b + (3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^2 + 2(3Ba^2b + Aab^2)x)\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx-a-2\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{x}}{bx+a}\right) + 2(3Ba^3b + Aa^2b^2 + (5Bab^2 + Ab^3)x)\sqrt{-ab}}{8(a^2b^5x^2 + 2a^3b^4x + a^4b^3)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(3Ba^3 + Aa^2b + (3Bab^2 + Ab^3)x^2 + 2(3Ba^2b + Aab^2)x)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right) + (3Ba^3b + Aa^2b^2 + (5Bab^2 + Ab^3)x)\sqrt{ab}}{4(a^2b^5x^2 + 2a^3b^4x + a^4b^3)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/8*((3*B*a^3 + A*a^2*b + (3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(3*B*a^3*b + A*a^2*b^2 + (5*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b^5*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^4*x + a^4*b^3), -1/4*((3*B*a^3 + A*a^2*b + (3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (3*B*a^3*b + A*a^2*b^2 + (5*B*a^2*b^2 - A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b^5*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^4*x + a^4*b^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1316 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 6.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1316, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x)), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), ((
2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(5/2)/5)/a**3, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*
B/sqrt(x))/b**3, Eq(a, 0)), (A*a**2*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**3*b*
*3*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - A*
a**2*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**3*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**2*b**4*x*
sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 2*A*a*b**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(8*
a**3*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)
)) + 2*A*a*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**3*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a
**2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 2*A*a*b**2*x*log(sqrt(
x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**3*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a
*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 2*A*b**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b)/(8*a**3*b**3*sqrt(-a
/b) + 16*a**2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + A*b**3*x**2*
log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**3*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a
/b) + 8*a*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - A*b**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(8
*a**3*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/
b)) + 3*B*a**3*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**3*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**2
*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 3*B*a**3*log(sqrt(x) + sq
rt(-a/b))/(8*a**3*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a*b**5*x
**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 6*B*a**2*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(8*a**3*b**3*sqrt(-a/b) +
16*a**2*b**4*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a*b**5*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 6*B*a**2*b*x*lo...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(5 Bab - Ab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + (3 Ba^2 + Aab)\sqrt{x}}{4(ab^4x^2 + 2a^2b^3x + a^3b^2)} + \frac{(3 Ba + Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}ab^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*((5*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x^(3/2) + (3*B*a^2 + A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^4*x^2 +
2*a^2*b^3*x + a^3*b^2) + 1/4*(3*B*a + A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sq
rt(a*b)*a*b^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3Ba+Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}ab^2} - \frac{5Babx^{\frac{3}{2}} - Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3Ba^2\sqrt{x} + Aab\sqrt{x}}{4(bx+a)^2ab^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*(3*B*a + A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a*b^2) - 1/4*(5*B*a*b*x^(3/2) - A*b^2*x^(3/2) + 3*B*a^2*sqrt(x) + A*a*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^2*a*b^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Ab+3Ba)}{4a^{3/2}b^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab+3Ba)}{4b^2} - \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab-5Ba)}{4ab}}{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^3,x)`output `(atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(A*b + 3*B*a))/(4*a^(3/2)*b^(5/2)) - ((x^(1/2)*(A*b + 3*B*a))/(4*b^2) - (x^(3/2)*(A*b - 5*B*a))/(4*a*b))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) bx - \sqrt{x} ab}{ab^2(bx+a)}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b*x - sqrt(x)*a*b)/(a*b**2*(a + b*x))`

3.220 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1522
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1522
Rubi [A] (verified)	1523
Maple [A] (verified)	1525
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1525
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1526
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1527
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1528
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1528
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1529

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{2ab(a+bx)^2} + \frac{(3Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}}{4a^2b(a+bx)} + \frac{(3Ab+aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{5/2}b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b/(b*x+a)^2+1/4*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/b/(b*x+a)+
1/4*(3*A*b+B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{x}(-5aAb+a^2B-3Ab^2x-abBx)}{4a^2b(a+bx)^2} + \frac{(3Ab+aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{5/2}b^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^3), x]
```

output

$$-1/4*(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(-5*a*A*b + a^2*B - 3*A*b^2*x - a*b*B*x))/(a^2*b*(a + b*x)^2) + ((3*A*b + a*B)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(\text{Sqrt}[a])]/(4*a^(5/2)*b^(3/2)))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {87, 52, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{(aB + 3Ab) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 52 \\ & \frac{(aB + 3Ab) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 73 \\ & \frac{(aB + 3Ab) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 218 \\ & \frac{(aB + 3Ab) \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{2ab(a + bx)^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(a + b*x)^3), x]$$

output
$$\frac{((A*b - a*B)*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(2*a*b*(a + b*x)^2) + ((3*A*b + a*B)*(\text{Sqrt}[x]/(a*(a + b*x))) + \text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/(a^{3/2}*\text{Sqrt}[b]))}{(4*a*b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52
$$\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[n] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 73
$$\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{p/b})^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87
$$\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)*(x_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] || !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] || !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] || \text{LtQ}[p, n]))))$$

rule 218
$$\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{(3Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4a^2} + \frac{(5Ab-Ba)\sqrt{x}}{4ab}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{(3Ab+Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4a^2b\sqrt{ab}}$	80
default	$\frac{\frac{(3Ab+Ba)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4a^2} + \frac{(5Ab-Ba)\sqrt{x}}{4ab}}{(bx+a)^2} + \frac{(3Ab+Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4a^2b\sqrt{ab}}$	80

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $2*(1/8*(3*A*b+B*a)/a^2*x^(3/2)+1/8*(5*A*b-B*a)/a/b*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^2+1/4*(3*A*b+B*a)/a^2/b/(a*b)^(1/2)*\arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b + (Bab^2 + 3Ab^3)x^2 + 2(Ba^2b + 3Aab^2)x)\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx-a-2\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{x}}{bx+a}\right) + 2(Ba^3b - 5Aa^2b^2 - (Bab^2 + 3Ab^3)x)\sqrt{-ab}}{8(a^3b^4x^2 + 2a^4b^3x + a^5b^2)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b + (Bab^2 + 3Ab^3)x^2 + 2(Ba^2b + 3Aab^2)x)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right) + (Ba^3b - 5Aa^2b^2 - (Bab^2 + 3Ab^3)x)\sqrt{ab}}{4(a^3b^4x^2 + 2a^4b^3x + a^5b^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/8*((B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b + (B*a*b^2 + 3*A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(B*a^2*b + 3*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) + 2*(B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2 - (B*a^2*b^2 + 3*A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*b^4*x^2 + 2*a^4*b^3*x + a^5*b^2), -1/4*((B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b + (B*a*b^2 + 3*A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(B*a^2*b + 3*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2 - (B*a^2*b^2 + 3*A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^3*b^4*x^2 + 2*a^4*b^3*x + a^5*b^2)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1345 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 8.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1345, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.45

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(1/2)/(b*x+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)
), ((2*A*sqrt(x) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/3)/a**3, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) -
2*B/(3*x**(3/2)))/b**3, Eq(a, 0)), (3*A*a**2*b*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(
8*a**4*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**3*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a**2*b**4*x**2*sqrt
(-a/b)) - 3*A*a**2*b*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**4*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 1
6*a**3*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a**2*b**4*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 10*A*a*b**2*sqrt
(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(8*a**4*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**3*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a**
2*b**4*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 6*A*a*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**4*b
**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**3*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a**2*b**4*x**2*sqrt(-a/b))
- 6*A*a*b**2*x*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**4*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**3
*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a**2*b**4*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 6*A*b**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt
(-a/b)/(8*a**4*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**3*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a**2*b**4*x
**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + 3*A*b**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**4*b**2*sqrt
(-a/b) + 16*a**3*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a**2*b**4*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 3*A*b
**3*x**2*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**4*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**3*b**3*
x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a**2*b**4*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) + B*a**3*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a
/b))/(8*a**4*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**3*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a**2*b**4*x**
2*sqrt(-a/b)) - B*a**3*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**4*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) +
16*a**3*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a**2*b**4*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)) - 2*B*a**2*b*sqrt
t(x)*sqrt(-a/b)/(8*a**4*b**2*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**3*b**3*x*sqrt(-a/b) + 8...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{(Bab + 3Ab^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}} - (Ba^2 - 5Aab)\sqrt{x}}{4(a^2b^3x^2 + 2a^3b^2x + a^4b)} + \frac{(Ba + 3Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{aba^2b}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*((B*a*b + 3*A*b^2)*x^(3/2) - (B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^2*b^3*x^2 +
2*a^3*b^2*x + a^4*b) + 1/4*(B*a + 3*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt
(a*b)*a^2*b)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(Ba + 3Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}a^2b} + \frac{Babx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - Ba^2\sqrt{x} + 5Aab\sqrt{x}}{4(bx + a)^2a^2b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*(B*a + 3*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2*b) + 1/4*(B*a*b*x^(3/2) + 3*A*b^2*x^(3/2) - B*a^2*sqrt(x) + 5*A*a*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^2*a^2*b)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{x^{3/2}(3Ab + Ba)}{4a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(5Ab - Ba)}{4ab} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(3Ab + Ba)}{4a^{5/2}b^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(a + b*x)^3),x)`output `((x^(3/2)*(3*A*b + B*a))/(4*a^2) + (x^(1/2)*(5*A*b - B*a))/(4*a*b))/(a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x) + (atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(3*A*b + B*a))/(4*a^(5/2)*b^(3/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) bx + \sqrt{x} ab}{a^2 b (bx + a)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x)`output `(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b*x + sqrt(x)*a*b)/(a**2*b*(a + b*x))`

3.221 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1530
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1530
Rubi [A] (verified)	1531
Maple [A] (verified)	1533
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1534
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1534
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1535
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1536
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1536
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1537

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{2A}{a^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{2a^2(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(7Ab-3aB)\sqrt{x}}{4a^3(a+bx)} - \frac{3(5Ab-aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{7/2}\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
-2*A/a^3/x^(1/2)-1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/(b*x+a)^2-1/4*(7*A*b-3*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^3/(b*x+a)-3/4*(5*A*b-B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{-15Ab^2x^2 + abx(-25A + 3Bx) + a^2(-8A + 5Bx)}{4a^3\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2} + \frac{3(-5Ab + aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{7/2}\sqrt{b}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^3), x]
```

output

```
(-15*A*b^2*x^2 + a*b*x*(-25*A + 3*B*x) + a^2*(-8*A + 5*B*x))/(4*a^3*Sqrt[x]
]*(a + b*x)^2) + (3*(-5*A*b + a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(4*a
^(7/2)*Sqrt[b])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {87, 52, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{(5Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2ab\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 52$$

$$\frac{(5Ab - aB) \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2ab\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{(5Ab - aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2ab\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{(5Ab - aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2ab\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{(5Ab - aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2ab\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^2}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^3), x]`

output `(A*b - a*B)/(2*a*b*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^2) + ((5*A*b - a*B)*(1/(a*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)) + (3*(-2/(a*Sqrt[x])) - (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/(2*a)))/(4*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2A}{a^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{7}{8}b^2A - \frac{3}{8}abB\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{a(9Ab - 5Ba)\sqrt{x}}{8} + \frac{3(5Ab - Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^3}$	84
default	$-\frac{2A}{a^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{7}{8}b^2A - \frac{3}{8}abB\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{a(9Ab - 5Ba)\sqrt{x}}{8} + \frac{3(5Ab - Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^3}$	84
risch	$-\frac{2A}{a^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\frac{2\left(\frac{7}{8}b^2A - \frac{3}{8}abB\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{a(9Ab - 5Ba)\sqrt{x}}{4} + \frac{3(5Ab - Ba)\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}}}{a^3}$	85

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2*A/a^3/x^(1/2)-2/a^3*(((7/8*b^2*A-3/8*a*b*B)*x^(3/2)+1/8*a*(9*A*b-5*B*a)
*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^2+3/8*(5*A*b-B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/
2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 331, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{3((Bab^2 - 5Ab^3)x^3 + 2(Ba^2b - 5Aab^2)x^2 + (Ba^3 - 5Aa^2b)x)\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx-a+2}{bx}\right) + 3((Bab^2 - 5Ab^3)x^3 + 2(Ba^2b - 5Aab^2)x^2 + (Ba^3 - 5Aa^2b)x)\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right) + (8Aa^3b - 3(Ba^2b^2 - 5Aab^2)x)\sqrt{x}}{8(a^4b^3x^3 + 2a^5b^2x^2 + a^6bx)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(3*((B*a*b^2 - 5*A*b^3)*x^3 + 2*(B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(-a*b)*log((b*x - a + 2*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(x))/(b*x + a)) - 2*(8*A*a^3*b - 3*(B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 5*(B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x)/(a^4*b^3*x^3 + 2*a^5*b^2*x^2 + a^6*b*x), -1/4*(3*((B*a*b^2 - 5*A*b^3)*x^3 + 2*(B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + (B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(a*b)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)/(b*sqrt(x))) + (8*A*a^3*b - 3*(B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 5*(B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(x)/(a^4*b^3*x^3 + 2*a^5*b^2*x^2 + a^6*b*x)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1598 vs. 2(105) = 210.

Time = 18.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1598, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(3/2)/(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(7*x**(7/2)) - 2*B/(5*x**(5/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)
), ((-2*A/sqrt(x) + 2*B*sqrt(x))/a**3, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(7*x**(7/2)) - 2*
B/(5*x**(5/2)))/b**3, Eq(a, 0)), (-15*A*a**2*b*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(
-a/b))/(8*a**5*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**4*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 8
*a**3*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 15*A*a**2*b*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-
a/b))/(8*a**5*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**4*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*
a**3*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 16*A*a**2*b*sqrt(-a/b)/(8*a**5*b*sqrt(x)*
sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**4*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a**3*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(
-a/b)) - 30*A*a*b**2*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**5*b*sqrt(x)*
sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**4*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a**3*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(
-a/b)) + 30*A*a*b**2*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**5*b*sqrt(x)*
sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**4*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a**3*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(
-a/b)) - 50*A*a*b**2*x*sqrt(-a/b)/(8*a**5*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**4*b
**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a**3*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 15*A*b**3*x**
(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**5*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**4*b**
2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a**3*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 15*A*b**3*x**
(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(8*a**5*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**4*b**2*
x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 8*a**3*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 30*A*b**3*x**2*sqr
t(-a/b)/(8*a**5*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-a/b) + 16*a**4*b**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) +
8*a**3*b**3*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 3*B*a**3*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^3} dx = -\frac{8Aa^2 - 3(Bab - 5Ab^2)x^2 - 5(Ba^2 - 5Aab)x}{4(a^3b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2a^4bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^5\sqrt{x})} + \frac{3(Ba - 5Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{aba^3}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*(8*A*a^2 - 3*(B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*x^2 - 5*(B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*x)/(a^3*b^2*
x^(5/2) + 2*a^4*b*x^(3/2) + a^5*sqrt(x)) + 3/4*(B*a - 5*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt
(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^3)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{3(Ba - 5Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}a^3} - \frac{2A}{a^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{3Babx^{\frac{3}{2}} - 7Ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 5Ba^2\sqrt{x} - 9Aab\sqrt{x}}{4(bx + a)^2a^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/4*(B*a - 5*A*b)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^3) - 2*A/(a^3*sqrt(x)) + 1/4*(3*B*a*b*x^(3/2) - 7*A*b^2*x^(3/2) + 5*B*a^2*sqrt(x) - 9*A*a*b*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^2*a^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{2A}{a} + \frac{5x(5Ab - Ba)}{4a^2} + \frac{3bx^2(5Ab - Ba)}{4a^3}}{a^2\sqrt{x} + b^2x^{5/2} + 2abx^{3/2}} - \frac{3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}(5Ab - Ba)}{\sqrt{a}(15Ab - 3Ba)}\right) (5Ab - Ba)}{4a^{7/2}\sqrt{b}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^3),x)`output `- ((2*A)/a + (5*x*(5*A*b - B*a))/(4*a^2) + (3*b*x^2*(5*A*b - B*a))/(4*a^3))/(a^2*x^(1/2) + b^2*x^(5/2) + 2*a*b*x^(3/2)) - (3*atan((3*b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(5*A*b - B*a))/(a^(1/2)*(15*A*b - 3*B*a)))*(5*A*b - B*a))/(4*a^(7/2)*b^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a - 3\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) bx - 2a^2 - 3abx}{\sqrt{x} a^3 (bx + a)}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x)`output `(- 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b*x - 2*a**2 - 3*a*b*x)/(sqrt(x)*a**3*(a + b*x))`

3.222 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1538
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1538
Rubi [A] (verified)	1539
Maple [A] (verified)	1542
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1542
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1543
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1544
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1545
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1545
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1546

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{2A}{3a^3x^{3/2}} + \frac{2(3Ab-aB)}{a^4\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{2a^3(a+bx)^2} + \frac{b(11Ab-7aB)\sqrt{x}}{4a^4(a+bx)} + \frac{5\sqrt{b}(7Ab-3aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*A/a^3/x^(3/2)+2*(3*A*b-B*a)/a^4/x^(1/2)+1/2*b*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^3/(
b*x+a)^2+1/4*b*(11*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^4/(b*x+a)+5/4*b^(1/2)*(7*A*b-3*B*a
)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{105Ab^3x^3 + a^2bx(56A-75Bx) + 5ab^2x^2(35A-9Bx) - 8a^3(A+3Bx)}{12a^4x^{3/2}(a+bx)^2} + \frac{5\sqrt{b}(7Ab-3aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^3), x]
```

output

```
(105*A*b^3*x^3 + a^2*b*x*(56*A - 75*B*x) + 5*a*b^2*x^2*(35*A - 9*B*x) - 8*
a^3*(A + 3*B*x))/(12*a^4*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^2) + (5*Sqrt[b]*(7*A*b - 3*a*B)
*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(4*a^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {87, 52, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(7Ab - 3aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abx^{3/2}(a + bx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(7Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abx^{3/2}(a + bx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(7Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abx^{3/2}(a + bx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(7Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^2}$$

73

$$(7Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^2}$$

218

$$(7Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}(a+bx)} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abx^{3/2}(a+bx)^2}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^3), x]`

output `(A*b - a*B)/(2*a*b*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^2) + ((7*A*b - 3*a*B)*(1/(a*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)) + (5*(-2/(3*a*x^(3/2))) - (b*(-2/(a*sqrt[x]) - (2*sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x])/sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/a))/(2*a)))/(4*a*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2(-9Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{b \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{11}{8}b^2A - \frac{7}{8}abB \right) x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{a(13Ab-9Ba)\sqrt{x}}{4} + \frac{5(7Ab-3Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^4}$	98
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2A}{3a^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-3Ab+Ba)}{a^4\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b \left(\frac{\left(\frac{11}{8}b^2A - \frac{7}{8}abB \right) x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{a(13Ab-9Ba)\sqrt{x}}{8} + \frac{5(7Ab-3Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^4}$	101
default	$-\frac{2A}{3a^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-3Ab+Ba)}{a^4\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b \left(\frac{\left(\frac{11}{8}b^2A - \frac{7}{8}abB \right) x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{a(13Ab-9Ba)\sqrt{x}}{8} + \frac{5(7Ab-3Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^4}$	101

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*(-9*A*b*x+3*B*a*x+A*a)/a^4/x^(3/2)+1/a^4*b*(2*((11/8*b^2*A-7/8*a*b*B)*x^(3/2)+1/8*a*(13*A*b-9*B*a)*x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^2+5/4*(7*A*b-3*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^3} dx = \left[\frac{15((3 Bab^2 - 7 Ab^3)x^4 + 2(3 Ba^2b - 7 Aab^2)x^3 + (3 Ba^3 - 7 Aa^2b)x^2) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log \left(\frac{2 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} (bx + a) + \sqrt{a}}{2 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} (bx + a) - \sqrt{a}} \right) + 15((3 Bab^2 - 7 Ab^3)x^4 + 2(3 Ba^2b - 7 Aab^2)x^3 + (3 Ba^3 - 7 Aa^2b)x^2) \sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan \left(\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \right) + (8 Aa^3 + 12 Aab^2x + 6 A^2b^2x^2)}{12(a^4b^2x^4 + 2a^5bx^3 + a^6x^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/24*(15*((3*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^4 + 2*(3*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*x^3 + (3*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*x^2)*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x + 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b/a) - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(8*A*a^3 + 15*(3*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^3 + 25*(3*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(3*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*b^2*x^4 + 2*a^5*b*x^3 + a^6*x^2), -1/12*(15*((3*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^4 + 2*(3*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*x^3 + (3*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*x^2)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/a)) + (8*A*a^3 + 15*(3*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^3 + 25*(3*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(3*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*b^2*x^4 + 2*a^5*b*x^3 + a^6*x^2)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1703 vs. $2(124) = 248$.

Time = 43.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1703, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.10

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(5/2)/(b*x+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(9*x**(9/2)) - 2*B/(7*x**(7/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)
), ((-2*A/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B/sqrt(x))/a**3, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(9*x**(9/2))
- 2*B/(7*x**(7/2)))/b**3, Eq(a, 0)), (-16*A*a**3*sqrt(-a/b)/(24*a**6*x**(
3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**5*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 24*a**4*b**2*x**(7/2)*sq
rt(-a/b)) + 105*A*a**2*b*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(24*a**6*x**(3
/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**5*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 24*a**4*b**2*x**(7/2)*sq
rt(-a/b)) - 105*A*a**2*b*x**(3/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(24*a**6*x**(3/
2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**5*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 24*a**4*b**2*x**(7/2)*sq
rt(-a/b)) + 112*A*a**2*b*x*sqrt(-a/b)/(24*a**6*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**5
*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 24*a**4*b**2*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 210*A*a*b**2*x
**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(24*a**6*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**5*
b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 24*a**4*b**2*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 210*A*a*b**2*x
**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(24*a**6*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**5*b
*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 24*a**4*b**2*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 350*A*a*b**2*x*
**2*sqrt(-a/b)/(24*a**6*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**5*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b)
+ 24*a**4*b**2*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 105*A*b**3*x**(7/2)*log(sqrt(x) - s
qrt(-a/b))/(24*a**6*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**5*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) +
24*a**4*b**2*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 105*A*b**3*x**(7/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt
(-a/b))/(24*a**6*x**(3/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 48*a**5*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 24*
a**4*b**2*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 210*A*b**3*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)/(24*a**6*x**...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{8Aa^3 + 15(3Bab^2 - 7Ab^3)x^3 + 25(3Ba^2b - 7Aab^2)x^2 + 8(3Ba^3 - 7Aa^2b)x}{12\left(a^4b^2x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2a^5bx^{\frac{5}{2}} + a^6x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{5(3Bab - 7Ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{aba^4}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/12*(8*A*a^3 + 15*(3*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^3 + 25*(3*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)
*x^2 + 8*(3*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*x)/(a^4*b^2*x^(7/2) + 2*a^5*b*x^(5/2) + a^6
*x^(3/2)) - 5/4*(3*B*a*b - 7*A*b^2)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)
*a^4)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^3} dx = -\frac{5(3Bab - 7Ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}a^4} - \frac{2(3Bax - 9Abx + Aa)}{3a^4x^{3/2}} - \frac{7Bab^2x^{3/2} - 11Ab^3x^{3/2} + 9Ba^2b\sqrt{x} - 13Aab^2\sqrt{x}}{4(bx + a)^2a^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-5/4*(3*B*a*b - 7*A*b^2)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^4) - 2/3
*(3*B*a*x - 9*A*b*x + A*a)/(a^4*x^(3/2)) - 1/4*(7*B*a*b^2*x^(3/2) - 11*A*b
^3*x^(3/2) + 9*B*a^2*b*sqrt(x) - 13*A*a*b^2*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^2*a^4)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{2x(7Ab - 3Ba)}{3a^2} - \frac{2A}{3a} + \frac{5b^2x^3(7Ab - 3Ba)}{4a^4} + \frac{25bx^2(7Ab - 3Ba)}{12a^3} + \frac{5\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(7Ab - 3Ba)}{4a^{9/2}}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^3),x)
```

output

```
((2*x*(7*A*b - 3*B*a))/(3*a^2) - (2*A)/(3*a) + (5*b^2*x^3*(7*A*b - 3*B*a))
/(4*a^4) + (25*b*x^2*(7*A*b - 3*B*a))/(12*a^3))/(a^2*x^(3/2) + b^2*x^(7/2)
+ 2*a*b*x^(5/2)) + (5*b^(1/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(7*A*b - 3*
B*a))/(4*a^(9/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)abx + 15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)b^2x^2 - 2a^3 + 10a^2bx + 1}{3\sqrt{x}a^4x(bx + a)}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
(15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*x + 15
*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**2*x**2 - 2
*a**3 + 10*a**2*b*x + 15*a*b**2*x**2)/(3*sqrt(x)*a**4*x*(a + b*x))
```

3.223 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1547
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1547
Rubi [A] (verified)	1548
Maple [A] (verified)	1552
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1552
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1553
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1554
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1555
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1555
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1556

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{2A}{5a^3x^{5/2}} + \frac{2(3Ab-aB)}{3a^4x^{3/2}} - \frac{6b(2Ab-aB)}{a^5\sqrt{x}} - \frac{b^2(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{2a^4(a+bx)^2} - \frac{b^2(15Ab-11aB)\sqrt{x}}{4a^5(a+bx)} - \frac{7b^{3/2}(9Ab-5aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-2/5*A/a^3/x^(5/2)+2/3*(3*A*b-B*a)/a^4/x^(3/2)-6*b*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^5/x^(1/2)
-1/2*b^2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^4/(b*x+a)^2-1/4*b^2*(15*A*b-11*B*a)*x^(1/2)/a
^5/(b*x+a)-7/4*b^(3/2)*(9*A*b-5*B*a)*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(11
/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{-945Ab^4x^4 + 525ab^3x^3(-3A+Bx) - 8a^4(3A+5Bx) + 8a^3bx(9A+35Bx) + 7a^2b^2(-9Ab+5aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{60a^5x^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} + \frac{7b^{3/2}(-9Ab+5aB) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{11/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^3), x]`

output $(-945*A*b^4*x^4 + 525*a*b^3*x^3*(-3*A + B*x) - 8*a^4*(3*A + 5*B*x) + 8*a^3*b*x*(9*A + 35*B*x) + 7*a^2*b^2*x^2*(-72*A + 125*B*x))/(60*a^5*x^{(5/2)}*(a + b*x)^2) + (7*b^{(3/2)}*(-9*A*b + 5*a*B)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a]])/(4*a^{(11/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$, Rules used = {87, 52, 61, 61, 61, 73, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(9Ab - 5aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^2} dx}{4ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abx^{5/2}(a + bx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(9Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)} dx}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{5/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abx^{5/2}(a + bx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(9Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{5/2}(a+bx)} \right)}{4ab} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abx^{5/2}(a + bx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(9Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}}}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{5/2}(a+bx)} \right) + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abx^{5/2}(a+bx)^2}$$

$$4ab$$

61

$$(9Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)} dx}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}}}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{5/2}(a+bx)} \right) + \frac{4ab}{Ab - aB} \frac{1}{2abx^{5/2}(a+bx)^2}$$

73

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(9Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{a+bx} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}}}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{5/2}(a+bx)} \right) \\
 & \frac{4ab}{2abx^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{218}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(9Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{b \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}}}{a} - \frac{2}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{ax^{5/2}(a+bx)} \right) \\
 & \frac{4ab}{2abx^{5/2}(a+bx)^2} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{218}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^3), x]`

output

$$\frac{(A*b - a*B)/(2*a*b*x^{5/2}*(a + b*x)^2) + ((9*A*b - 5*a*B)*(1/(a*x^{5/2}*(a + b*x)) + (7*(-2/(5*a*x^{5/2})) - (b*(-2/(3*a*x^{3/2})) - (b*(-2/(a*\sqrt{x})) - (2*\sqrt{b})*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b})*\sqrt{x}]/\sqrt{a}])/a^{3/2}))/a)/a)/(2*a)))/(4*a*b)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[n] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 61

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& !(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] || (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 73

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] || !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] || !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] || \text{LtQ}[p, n]))))$$

rule 218

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^2 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{15}{8}b^2A - \frac{11}{8}abB\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{a(17Ab-13Ba)\sqrt{x}}{8} + \frac{7(9Ab-5Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^5} - \frac{2A}{5a^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(-3Ab+Ba)}{3a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{6b(2A)}{a^5}$
default	$\frac{2b^2 \left(\frac{\left(\frac{15}{8}b^2A - \frac{11}{8}abB\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{a(17Ab-13Ba)\sqrt{x}}{8} + \frac{7(9Ab-5Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^5} - \frac{2A}{5a^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(-3Ab+Ba)}{3a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{6b(2A)}{a^5}$
risch	$-\frac{2(90Ab^2x^2 - 45Babx^2 - 15aAbx + 5Ba^2x + 3a^2A)}{15a^5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{2\left(\frac{15}{8}b^2A - \frac{11}{8}abB\right)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{a(17Ab-13Ba)\sqrt{x}}{4} + \frac{7(9Ab-5Ba) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{a^5}$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/a^5*b^2*(((15/8*b^2*A-11/8*a*b*B)*x^(3/2)+1/8*a*(17*A*b-13*B*a)*x^(1/2)
)/(b*x+a)^2+7/8*(9*A*b-5*B*a)/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*x^(1/2)/(a*b)^(1/2)))-2
/5*A/a^3/x^(5/2)-2/3*(-3*A*b+B*a)/a^4/x^(3/2)-6*b*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^5/x^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^3} dx = \left[\frac{105((5 Bab^3 - 9 Ab^4)x^5 + 2(5 Ba^2b^2 - 9 Aab^3)x^4 + (5 Ba^3b - 9 Aa^2b^2)x^3) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/120*(105*((5*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^5 + 2*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^4
+ (5*B*a^3*b - 9*A*a^2*b^2)*x^3)*sqrt(-b/a)*log((b*x - 2*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(-b
/a) - a)/(b*x + a)) + 2*(24*A*a^4 - 105*(5*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^4 - 175*(5
*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 56*(5*B*a^3*b - 9*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(5*B*a^
4 - 9*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b^2*x^5 + 2*a^6*b*x^4 + a^7*x^3), 1/60*(10
5*((5*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^5 + 2*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^4 + (5*B*a^3*
b - 9*A*a^2*b^2)*x^3)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b/a)) - (24*A*a^4 - 10
5*(5*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^4 - 175*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 56*(5*B*
a^3*b - 9*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(5*B*a^4 - 9*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b^2*x^
5 + 2*a^6*b*x^4 + a^7*x^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1882 vs. $2(150) = 300$.

Time = 121.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1882, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.06

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(7/2)/(b*x+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(-2*A/(11*x**(11/2)) - 2*B/(9*x**(9/2))), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b,
0)), ((-2*A/(5*x**(5/2)) - 2*B/(3*x**(3/2)))/a**3, Eq(b, 0)), ((-2*A/(11*x
**(11/2)) - 2*B/(9*x**(9/2)))/b**3, Eq(a, 0)), (-48*A*a**4*sqrt(-a/b)/(120
*a**7*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 240*a**6*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*a**5*b**2
*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 144*A*a**3*b*x*sqrt(-a/b)/(120*a**7*x**(5/2)*sqrt(
-a/b) + 240*a**6*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*a**5*b**2*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)
) - 945*A*a**2*b**2*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(120*a**7*x**(5/2)*
sqrt(-a/b) + 240*a**6*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*a**5*b**2*x**(9/2)*sqrt(
-a/b)) + 945*A*a**2*b**2*x**(5/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(120*a**7*x**(
5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 240*a**6*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*a**5*b**2*x**(9/2)*
sqrt(-a/b)) - 1008*A*a**2*b**2*x**2*sqrt(-a/b)/(120*a**7*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/
b) + 240*a**6*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*a**5*b**2*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) -
1890*A*a*b**3*x**(7/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(120*a**7*x**(5/2)*sqrt(
-a/b) + 240*a**6*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*a**5*b**2*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)
) + 1890*A*a*b**3*x**(7/2)*log(sqrt(x) + sqrt(-a/b))/(120*a**7*x**(5/2)*sq
rt(-a/b) + 240*a**6*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*a**5*b**2*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a
/b)) - 3150*A*a*b**3*x**3*sqrt(-a/b)/(120*a**7*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 240*a
**6*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*a**5*b**2*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) - 945*A*b**
4*x**(9/2)*log(sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a/b))/(120*a**7*x**(5/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 240*a
**6*b*x**(7/2)*sqrt(-a/b) + 120*a**5*b**2*x**(9/2)*sqrt(-a/b)) + 945*A*...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{24 Aa^4 - 105 (5 Bab^3 - 9 Ab^4)x^4 - 175 (5 Ba^2b^2 - 9 Aab^3)x^3 - 56 (5 Ba^3b - 9 Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 8 (5 Ba^4 - 9 Aa^3b)x - 4Aa^5}{60 \left(a^5 b^2 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 2 a^6 b x^{\frac{7}{2}} + a^7 x^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)} + \frac{7 (5 Bab^2 - 9 Ab^3) \arctan \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{4 \sqrt{aba^5}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/60*(24*A*a^4 - 105*(5*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^4 - 175*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a
*b^3)*x^3 - 56*(5*B*a^3*b - 9*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(5*B*a^4 - 9*A*a^3*b)*x)/
(a^5*b^2*x^(9/2) + 2*a^6*b*x^(7/2) + a^7*x^(5/2)) + 7/4*(5*B*a*b^2 - 9*A*b
^3)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^5)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{7(5 Bab^2 - 9 Ab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ab}a^5} + \frac{11 Bab^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 15 Ab^4 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 13 Ba^2 b^2 \sqrt{x} - 17 Aab^3 \sqrt{x}}{4(bx + a)^2 a^5} + \frac{2(45 Babx^2 - 90 Ab^2 x^2 - 5 Ba^2 x + 15 Aabx - 3 Aa^2)}{15 a^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
7/4*(5*B*a*b^2 - 9*A*b^3)*arctan(b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^5) + 1/
4*(11*B*a*b^3*x^(3/2) - 15*A*b^4*x^(3/2) + 13*B*a^2*b^2*sqrt(x) - 17*A*a*b
^3*sqrt(x))/((b*x + a)^2*a^5) + 2/15*(45*B*a*b*x^2 - 90*A*b^2*x^2 - 5*B*a^
2*x + 15*A*a*b*x - 3*A*a^2)/(a^5*x^(5/2))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{2A}{5a} - \frac{2x(9Ab-5Ba)}{15a^2} + \frac{35b^2x^3(9Ab-5Ba)}{12a^4} + \frac{7b^3x^4(9Ab-5Ba)}{4a^5} + \frac{14bx^2(9Ab-5Ba)}{15a^3}}{a^2x^{5/2} + b^2x^{9/2} + 2abx^{7/2}} - \frac{7b^{3/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (9Ab - 5Ba)}{4a^{11/2}}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^3),x)
```


output

```
- ((2*A)/(5*a) - (2*x*(9*A*b - 5*B*a))/(15*a^2) + (35*b^2*x^3*(9*A*b - 5*B*a))/(12*a^4) + (7*b^3*x^4*(9*A*b - 5*B*a))/(4*a^5) + (14*b*x^2*(9*A*b - 5*B*a))/(15*a^3))/(a^2*x^(5/2) + b^2*x^(9/2) + 2*a*b*x^(7/2)) - (7*b^(3/2)*atan((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(9*A*b - 5*B*a))/(4*a^(11/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^3} dx = \frac{-105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)ab^2x^2 - 105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)b^3x^3 - 6a^4 + 14a^3}{15\sqrt{x}a^5x^2(bx + a)}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b**2*x**2 - 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**3*x**3 - 6*a**4 + 14*a**3*b*x - 70*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 105*a*b**3*x**3)/(15*sqrt(x)*a**5*x**2*(a + b*x))
```

3.224 $\int x^4 \sqrt{a + bx}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1557
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1558
Rubi [A] (verified)	1558
Maple [A] (verified)	1559
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1560
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1560
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1561
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1561
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1562
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1563

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a + bx}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2a^4(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{3/2}}{3b^6} - \frac{2a^3(4Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b^6} + \frac{4a^2(3Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b^6} - \frac{4a(2Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{9/2}}{9b^6} + \frac{2(Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{11/2}}{11b^6} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{13/2}}{13b^6}$$

output

$$\frac{2}{3}a^4(Ab - B^2a)(b^2x + a)^{3/2}/b^6 - \frac{2}{5}a^3(4Ab - 5B^2a)(b^2x + a)^{5/2}/b^6 + \frac{4}{7}a^2(3Ab - 5B^2a)(b^2x + a)^{7/2}/b^6 - \frac{4}{9}a(2Ab - 5B^2a)(b^2x + a)^{9/2}/b^6 + \frac{2}{11}(Ab - 5B^2a)(b^2x + a)^{11/2}/b^6 + \frac{2B}{13}(b^2x + a)^{13/2}/b^6$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}(-1280a^5B + 315b^5x^4(13A + 11Bx) + 128a^4b(13A + 15Bx) - 96a^3b^2x(26A + 25Bx) + 80a^2b^3x^2(39A + 35Bx) - 70ab^4x^3(52A + 45Bx))}{45045b^6}$$

input `Integrate[x^4*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x),x]`

output $(2*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)}*(-1280*a^5*B + 315*b^5*x^4*(13*A + 11*B*x) + 128*a^4*b*(13*A + 15*B*x) - 96*a^3*b^2*x*(26*A + 25*B*x) + 80*a^2*b^3*x^2*(39*A + 35*B*x) - 70*a*b^4*x^3*(52*A + 45*B*x)))/(45045*b^6)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^4 \sqrt{a+bx}(aB - Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{a^3(a+bx)^{3/2}(5aB - 4Ab)}{b^5} - \frac{2a^2(a+bx)^{5/2}(5aB - 3Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{(a+bx)^{9/2}(Ab - 5aB)}{b^5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2a^4(a+bx)^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{3b^6} - \frac{2a^3(a+bx)^{5/2}(4Ab - 5aB)}{5b^6} + \frac{4a^2(a+bx)^{7/2}(3Ab - 5aB)}{7b^6} + \frac{2(a+bx)^{11/2}(Ab - 5aB)}{11b^6} - \frac{4a(a+bx)^{9/2}(2Ab - 5aB)}{9b^6} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{13/2}}{13b^6}$$

input `Int[x^4*sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x),x]`

output $(2*a^4*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*b^6) - (2*a^3*(4*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(5/2)})/(5*b^6) + (4*a^2*(3*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(7/2)})/(7*b^6) - (4*a*(2*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(9/2)})/(9*b^6) + (2*(A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(11/2)})/(11*b^6) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^{(13/2)})/(13*b^6)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{256 \left(\frac{315 \left(\frac{11Bx}{13} + A \right) x^4 b^5}{128} - \frac{35a \left(\frac{45Bx}{52} + A \right) x^3 b^4}{16} + \frac{15a^2 \left(\frac{35Bx}{39} + A \right) x^2 b^3}{8} - \frac{3a^3 \left(\frac{25Bx}{26} + A \right) x b^2}{2} + a^4 \left(\frac{15Bx}{13} + A \right) b - \frac{10a^5 B}{13} \right)}{3465b^6} (b$
gospert	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (3465b^5 B x^5 + 4095A b^5 x^4 - 3150Ba b^4 x^4 - 3640Aa b^4 x^3 + 2800B a^2 b^3 x^3 + 3120A a^2 b^3 x^2 - 2400B a^3 b^2 x^2 - 2400A a^3 b^2 x - 2400A^2 a^3 b^2)}{45045b^6}$
oring	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (3465b^5 B x^5 + 4095A b^5 x^4 - 3150Ba b^4 x^4 - 3640Aa b^4 x^3 + 2800B a^2 b^3 x^3 + 3120A a^2 b^3 x^2 - 2400B a^3 b^2 x^2 - 2400A a^3 b^2 x - 2400A^2 a^3 b^2)}{45045b^6}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(Ab-5Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(6a^2B-4a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(-4a^3B+6a^2(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(Ba^4-4a^3(Ab-Ba))}{5}$
default	$\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(Ab-5Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(6a^2B-4a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(-4a^3B+6a^2(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(Ba^4-4a^3(Ab-Ba))}{5}$
trager	$\frac{2(3465B b^6 x^6 + 4095A b^6 x^5 + 315Ba b^5 x^5 + 455Aa b^5 x^4 - 350B a^2 b^4 x^4 - 520A a^2 b^4 x^3 + 400B a^3 b^3 x^3 + 624A a^3 b^3 x^2 - 4800A^2 a^3 b^3 x - 2400A^2 a^3 b^3)}{45045b^6}$
risch	$\frac{2(3465B b^6 x^6 + 4095A b^6 x^5 + 315Ba b^5 x^5 + 455Aa b^5 x^4 - 350B a^2 b^4 x^4 - 520A a^2 b^4 x^3 + 400B a^3 b^3 x^3 + 624A a^3 b^3 x^2 - 4800A^2 a^3 b^3 x - 2400A^2 a^3 b^3)}{45045b^6}$

input `int(x^4*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{256}{3465} \cdot \frac{315}{128} \cdot \frac{11}{13} B^2 x^2 + \frac{35}{16} a \cdot \frac{45}{52} B x + \frac{15}{8} a^2 \cdot \frac{35}{39} B x + \frac{3}{2} a^3 \cdot \frac{25}{26} B x + a^4 \cdot \frac{15}{13} B x - \frac{10}{13} a^5 B \cdot \frac{1}{b^6} (b x + a)^{3/2}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a + bx} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(3465 B b^6 x^6 - 1280 B a^6 + 1664 A a^5 b + 315 (B a b^5 + 13 A b^6) x^5 - 35 (10 B a^2 b^4 - 13 A a b^5) x^4 + 40 (10 B a^3 b^3 - 13 A a^2 b^4) x^3 - 48 (10 B a^4 b^2 - 13 A a^3 b^3) x^2 + 64 (10 B a^5 b - 13 A a^4 b^2) x) \sqrt{b x + a}}{45045 b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{45045} \cdot (3465 B b^6 x^6 - 1280 B a^6 + 1664 A a^5 b + 315 (B a b^5 + 13 A b^6) x^5 - 35 (10 B a^2 b^4 - 13 A a b^5) x^4 + 40 (10 B a^3 b^3 - 13 A a^2 b^4) x^3 - 48 (10 B a^4 b^2 - 13 A a^3 b^3) x^2 + 64 (10 B a^5 b - 13 A a^4 b^2) x) \sqrt{b x + a} / b^6$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a + bx} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{11}{2}} (Ab-5Ba)}{11b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{9}{2}} (-4Aab+10Ba^2)}{9b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}} (6Aa^2b-10Ba^3)}{7b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}} (-4Aa^3b+5Ba^4)}{5b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} (Aa^4b-Ba^5)}{3b} \right)}{b^5} + \sqrt{a} \left(\frac{Ax^5}{5} + \frac{Bx^6}{6} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**4*(b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(13/2)/(13*b) + (a + b*x)**(11/2)*(A*b - 5*B*a)
/(11*b) + (a + b*x)**(9/2)*(-4*A*a*b + 10*B*a**2)/(9*b) + (a + b*x)**(7/2)
*(6*A*a**2*b - 10*B*a**3)/(7*b) + (a + b*x)**(5/2)*(-4*A*a**3*b + 5*B*a**4)
)/(5*b) + (a + b*x)**(3/2)*(A*a**4*b - B*a**5)/(3*b))/b**5, Ne(b, 0)), (sq
rt(a)*(A*x**5/5 + B*x**6/6), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a + bx} (A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3465 (bx + a)^{\frac{13}{2}} B - 4095 (5Ba - Ab)(bx + a)^{\frac{11}{2}} + 10010 (5Ba^2 - 2Aab)(bx + a)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 12870 (5Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)(bx + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 9009 (5B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)(bx + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 15015 (B*a^5 - A*a^4*b)(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)}{45045 b^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/45045*(3465*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*B - 4095*(5*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(11/2) + 1
0010*(5*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 12870*(5*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*(b*
x + a)^(7/2) + 9009*(5*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 15015*(B*a^5 -
A*a^4*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2))/b^6
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 304 vs. 2(128) = 256.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a + bx} (A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{143 \left(35 (bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 180 (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a + 378 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^2 - 420 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^3 + 315 \sqrt{bx+aa^4} \right) Aa}{b^4} + \frac{65 \left(63 (bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 385 (bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} a + 990 (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a^2 - 12870 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^3 + 15015 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^4 \right)}{45045 b^6} \right)}{45045 b^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/45045*(143*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*A*a/b^4 + 65*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*B*a/b^5 + 65*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*A/b^4 + 15*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^6)*B/b^5)/b
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{(20Ba^2 - 8Aab)(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b^6} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{13/2}}{13b^6} + \frac{(2Ab - 10Ba)(a+bx)^{11/2}}{11b^6} - \frac{(2Ba^5 - 2Aa^4b)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^6} + \frac{(10Ba^4 - 8Aa^3b)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^6} - \frac{(20Ba^3 - 12Aa^2b)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^6}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
((20*B*a^2 - 8*A*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^6) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(13/2))/(13*b^6) + ((2*A*b - 10*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(11/2))/(11*b^6) - ((2*B*a^5 - 2*A*a^4*b)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^6) + ((10*B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^6) - ((20*B*a^3 - 12*A*a^2*b)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^6)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a + bx} (A + Bx) dx$$
$$= \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a} (1155b^6x^6 + 1470ab^5x^5 + 35a^2b^4x^4 - 40a^3b^3x^3 + 48a^4b^2x^2 - 64a^5bx + 128a^6)}{15015b^5}$$

input `int(x^4*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(128*a**6 - 64*a**5*b*x + 48*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 40*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 35*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 1470*a*b**5*x**5 + 1155*b**6*x**6))/(15015*b**5)`

3.225 $\int x^3 \sqrt{a + bx}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1564
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1564
Rubi [A] (verified)	1565
Maple [A] (verified)	1566
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1567
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1567
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1568
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1568
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1569
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1569

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + bx}(A + Bx) dx = -\frac{2a^3(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{3/2}}{3b^5} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b^5} - \frac{6a(Ab - 2aB)(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b^5} + \frac{2(Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)^{9/2}}{9b^5} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{11/2}}{11b^5}$$

output

$$-2/3*a^3*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^5+2/5*a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^5-6/7*a*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^5+2/9*(A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(9/2)/b^5+2/11*B*(b*x+a)^(11/2)/b^5$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + bx}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(a + bx)^{3/2} (128a^4B + 35b^4x^3(11A + 9Bx) + 24a^2b^2x(11A + 10Bx) - 16a^3b(11A + 12Bx) - 10ab^3x^2)}{3465b^5}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x),x]`

output
$$\frac{(2*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)}*(128*a^4*B + 35*b^4*x^3*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 24*a^2*b^2*x*(11*A + 10*B*x) - 16*a^3*b*(11*A + 12*B*x) - 10*a*b^3*x^2*(33*A + 28*B*x))}{(3465*b^5)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + bx} (A + Bx) dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3 \sqrt{a + bx} (aB - Ab)}{b^4} - \frac{a^2 (a + bx)^{3/2} (4aB - 3Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{(a + bx)^{7/2} (Ab - 4aB)}{b^4} + \frac{3a (a + bx)^{5/2} (2aB - Ab)}{b^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^3 (a + bx)^{3/2} (Ab - aB)}{3b^5} + \frac{2a^2 (a + bx)^{5/2} (3Ab - 4aB)}{5b^5} + \frac{2(a + bx)^{9/2} (Ab - 4aB)}{9b^5} - \frac{6a(a + bx)^{7/2} (Ab - 2aB)}{7b^5} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{11/2}}{11b^5}$$

input `Int[x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x),x]`

output
$$\frac{(-2*a^3*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(3/2))}}{(3*b^5)} + \frac{(2*a^2*(3*A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(5/2))}}{(5*b^5)} - \frac{(6*a*(A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(7/2))}}{(7*b^5)} + \frac{(2*(A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(9/2))}}{(9*b^5)} + \frac{(2*B*(a + b*x)^{(11/2))}}{(11*b^5)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{32 \left(-\frac{35 \left(\frac{9Bx+A}{16} \right) x^3 b^4}{16} + \frac{15 \left(\frac{28Bx+A}{33} \right) a x^2 b^3}{8} - \frac{3a^2 \left(\frac{10Bx+A}{11} \right) x b^2}{2} + a^3 \left(\frac{12Bx}{11} + A \right) b - \frac{8B a^4}{11} \right) (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315b^5}$
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-315B x^4 b^4 - 385A x^3 b^4 + 280B x^3 a b^3 + 330A x^2 a b^3 - 240B x^2 a^2 b^2 - 264A x a^2 b^2 + 192B x a^3 b + 176A a^3 b^2)}{3465b^5}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-315B x^4 b^4 - 385A x^3 b^4 + 280B x^3 a b^3 + 330A x^2 a b^3 - 240B x^2 a^2 b^2 - 264A x a^2 b^2 + 192B x a^3 b + 176A a^3 b^2)}{3465b^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(Ab-4Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(3a^2B-3a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(-a^3B+3a^2(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2a^3(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{b^5}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} - \frac{2(-Ab+4Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{2(-3a^2B+3a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{2(a^3B-3a^2(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2a^3(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{b^5}$
trager	$\frac{2(-315b^5 B x^5 - 385A b^5 x^4 - 35Ba b^4 x^4 - 55Aa b^4 x^3 + 40B a^2 b^3 x^3 + 66A a^2 b^3 x^2 - 48B a^3 b^2 x^2 - 88a^3 b^2 A x + 64a^4 b B x)}{3465b^5}$
risch	$\frac{2(-315b^5 B x^5 - 385A b^5 x^4 - 35Ba b^4 x^4 - 55Aa b^4 x^3 + 40B a^2 b^3 x^3 + 66A a^2 b^3 x^2 - 48B a^3 b^2 x^2 - 88a^3 b^2 A x + 64a^4 b B x)}{3465b^5}$

```
input int(x^3*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -32/315*(-35/16*(9/11*B*x+A)*x^3*b^4+15/8*(28/33*B*x+A)*a*x^2*b^3-3/2*a^2*(10/11*B*x+A)*x*b^2+a^3*(12/11*B*x+A)*b-8/11*B*a^4)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a+bx} (A+Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(315 Bb^5 x^5 + 128 Ba^5 - 176 Aa^4 b + 35 (Bab^4 + 11 Ab^5) x^4 - 5(8 Ba^2 b^3 - 11 Aab^4) x^3 + 6(8 Ba^3 b^2 - 11 Aa^2 b^3) x^2 - 8(8 Ba^4 b - 11 Aa^3 b^2) x) \sqrt{bx+a}}{3465 b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3465*(315*B*b^5*x^5 + 128*B*a^5 - 176*A*a^4*b + 35*(B*a*b^4 + 11*A*b^5)*x^4 - 5*(8*B*a^2*b^3 - 11*A*a*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(8*B*a^3*b^2 - 11*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 - 8*(8*B*a^4*b - 11*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/b^5`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a+bx} (A+Bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{9}{2}}(Ab-4Ba)}{9b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}(-3Aab+6Ba^2)}{7b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(3Aa^2b-4Ba^3)}{5b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-Aa^3b+Ba^4)}{3b} \right)}{b^4} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{a} \left(\frac{Ax^4}{4} + \frac{Bx^5}{5} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(11/2)/(11*b) + (a + b*x)**(9/2)*(A*b - 4*B*a)/(9*b) + (a + b*x)**(7/2)*(-3*A*a*b + 6*B*a**2)/(7*b) + (a + b*x)**(5/2)*(3*A*a**2*b - 4*B*a**3)/(5*b) + (a + b*x)**(3/2)*(-A*a**3*b + B*a**4)/(3*b))/b**4, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*(A*x**4/4 + B*x**5/5), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a+bx} (A+Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(315 (bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}} B - 385 (4Ba - Ab)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 1485 (2Ba^2 - Aab)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 693 (4Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b) \right)}{3465 b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3465*(315*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*B - 385*(4*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(9/2) + 1485*(2*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 693*(4*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2) + 1155*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2))/b^5`**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 256 vs. 2(104) = 208.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a+bx} (A+Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{99 (5 (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a + 35 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 - 35 \sqrt{bx+aa^3}) Aa}{b^3} + \frac{11 (35 (bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 180 (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a + 378 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^2 - 420 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^3 + 315 \sqrt{bx+aa^3}) B}{b^4} \right)}{3465}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3465*(99*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*A*a/b^3 + 11*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*B*a/b^4 + 11*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*A/b^3 + 5*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*B/b^4)/b`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{(12Ba^2 - 6Aab)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^5} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{11/2}}{11b^5} + \frac{(2Ab - 8Ba)(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b^5} + \frac{(2Ba^4 - 2Aa^3b)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^5} - \frac{(8Ba^3 - 6Aa^2b)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^5}$$

input `int(x^3*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2),x)`output `((12*B*a^2 - 6*A*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^5) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(11/2))/(11*b^5) + ((2*A*b - 8*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^5) + ((2*B*a^4 - 2*A*a^3*b)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^5) - ((8*B*a^3 - 6*A*a^2*b)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^5)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(105b^5x^5 + 140ab^4x^4 + 5a^2b^3x^3 - 6a^3b^2x^2 + 8a^4bx - 16a^5)}{1155b^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(- 16*a**5 + 8*a**4*b*x - 6*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 5*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 140*a*b**4*x**4 + 105*b**5*x**5))/(1155*b**4)`

3.226 $\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1570
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1570
Rubi [A] (verified)	1571
Maple [A] (verified)	1572
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1573
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1573
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1574
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1574
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1575
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1575

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2a^2(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{3/2}}{3b^4} - \frac{2a(2Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b^4} + \frac{2(Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b^4} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{9/2}}{9b^4}$$

output

```
2/3*a^2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^4-2/5*a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^4+
2/7*(A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^4+2/9*B*(b*x+a)^(9/2)/b^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(a + bx)^{3/2}(-16a^3B + 24a^2b(A + Bx) - 6ab^2x(6A + 5Bx) + 5b^3x^2(9A + 7Bx))}{315b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

$$(2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(-16*a^3*B + 24*a^2*b*(A + B*x) - 6*a*b^2*x*(6*A + 5*B*x) + 5*b^3*x^2*(9*A + 7*B*x)))/(315*b^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx} (A + Bx) dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx} (aB - Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2} (Ab - 3aB)}{b^3} + \frac{a(a + bx)^{3/2} (3aB - 2Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{7/2}}{b^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2a^2(a + bx)^{3/2} (Ab - aB)}{3b^4} + \frac{2(a + bx)^{7/2} (Ab - 3aB)}{7b^4} - \frac{2a(a + bx)^{5/2} (2Ab - 3aB)}{5b^4} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{9/2}}{9b^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^2 \sqrt{a + b*x} * (A + B*x), x]$$

output

$$(2*a^2*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^4) - (2*a*(2*A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^4) + (2*(A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^4) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{16(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\frac{15 \left(\frac{7Bx+A}{8} \right) x^2 b^3 - 3a \left(\frac{5Bx+A}{2} \right) x b^2 + a^2 (Bx+A) b - \frac{2a^3 B}{3}}{105b^4} \right)}{105b^4}$	57
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (35b^3 B x^3 + 45A x^2 b^3 - 30B x^2 a b^2 - 36A x a b^2 + 24B x a^2 b + 24a^2 b A - 16a^3 B)}{315b^4}$	71
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (35b^3 B x^3 + 45A x^2 b^3 - 30B x^2 a b^2 - 36A x a b^2 + 24B x a^2 b + 24a^2 b A - 16a^3 B)}{315b^4}$	71
derivativdivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(Ab-3Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(a^2B-2a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{b^4} + \frac{2a^2(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{b^4}$	80
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(Ab-3Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(a^2B-2a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{b^4} + \frac{2a^2(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{b^4}$	80
trager	$\frac{2(35B x^4 b^4 + 45A x^3 b^4 + 5B x^3 a b^3 + 9A x^2 a b^3 - 6B x^2 a^2 b^2 - 12A x a^2 b^2 + 8B x a^3 b + 24A a^3 b - 16B a^4) \sqrt{bx+a}}{315b^4}$	95
risch	$\frac{2(35B x^4 b^4 + 45A x^3 b^4 + 5B x^3 a b^3 + 9A x^2 a b^3 - 6B x^2 a^2 b^2 - 12A x a^2 b^2 + 8B x a^3 b + 24A a^3 b - 16B a^4) \sqrt{bx+a}}{315b^4}$	95

```
input int(x^2*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 16/105*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(15/8*(7/9*B*x+A)*x^2*b^3-3/2*a*(5/6*B*x+A)*x*b^2+a^2*(B*x+A)*b-2/3*a^3*B)/b^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx} (A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(35 Bb^4 x^4 - 16 Ba^4 + 24 Aa^3 b + 5(Bab^3 + 9 Ab^4)x^3 - 3(2 Ba^2 b^2 - 3 Aab^3)x^2 + 4(2 Ba^3 b - 3 Aa^2 b^2))}{315 b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/315*(35*B*b^4*x^4 - 16*B*a^4 + 24*A*a^3*b + 5*(B*a*b^3 + 9*A*b^4)*x^3 - 3*(2*B*a^2*b^2 - 3*A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 4*(2*B*a^3*b - 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/b^4`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx} (A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}(Ab-3Ba)}{7b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(-2Aab+3Ba^2)}{5b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(Aa^2b-Ba^3)}{3b} \right)}{b^3} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{a} \left(\frac{Ax^3}{3} + \frac{Bx^4}{4} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(9/2)/(9*b) + (a + b*x)**(7/2)*(A*b - 3*B*a)/(7*b) + (a + b*x)**(5/2)*(-2*A*a*b + 3*B*a**2)/(5*b) + (a + b*x)**(3/2)*(A*a**2*b - B*a**3)/(3*b))/b**3, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*(A*x**3/3 + B*x**4/4), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a+bx} (A+Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(35 (bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} B - 45 (3Ba - Ab)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 63 (3Ba^2 - 2Aab)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 105 (Ba^3 - Aa^2b)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)}{315 b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/315*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*B - 45*(3*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2) + 63*(3*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 105*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2))/b^4`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 207 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a+bx} (A+Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{21 \left(3 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a + 15 \sqrt{bx+aa^2} \right) Aa}{b^2} + \frac{9 \left(5 (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a + 35 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 - 35 \sqrt{bx+aa^3} \right) Ba}{b^3} + \frac{9 \left(5 (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a + 35 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 - 35 \sqrt{bx+aa^3} \right) Aa}{b^3} \right)}{315 b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/315*(21*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*A*a/b^2 + 9*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*B*a/b^3 + 9*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*A/b^2 + (35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*B/b^3)/b`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{(6Ba^2 - 4Aab)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^4} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b^4} + \frac{(2Ab - 6Ba)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^4} - \frac{(2Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^4}$$

input `int(x^2*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2),x)`output `((6*B*a^2 - 4*A*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^4) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^4) + ((2*A*b - 6*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^4) - ((2*B*a^3 - 2*A*a^2*b)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^4)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(35b^4x^4 + 50ab^3x^3 + 3a^2b^2x^2 - 4a^3bx + 8a^4)}{315b^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(8*a**4 - 4*a**3*b*x + 3*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 50*a*b**3*x**3 + 35*b**4*x**4))/(315*b**3)`

3.227 $\int x\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1576
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1576
Rubi [A] (verified)	1577
Maple [A] (verified)	1578
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1578
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1579
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1579
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1580
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1580
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1581

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = -\frac{2a(Ab-aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^3} + \frac{2(Ab-2aB)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^3} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^3}$$

output

```
-2/3*a*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^3+2/5*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^3+2/7*B*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}(8a^2B+3b^2x(7A+5Bx)-2ab(7A+6Bx))}{105b^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

```
(2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(8*a^2*B + 3*b^2*x*(7*A + 5*B*x) - 2*a*b*(7*A + 6*B*x)))/(105*b^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(Ab-2aB)}{b^2} + \frac{a\sqrt{a+bx}(aB-Ab)}{b^2} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{5/2}}{b^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}(Ab-2aB)}{5b^3} - \frac{2a(a+bx)^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{3b^3} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^3}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(-2*a*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^3) + (2*(A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^3) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{4(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(-\frac{3 \left(\frac{5Bx+A}{7} \right) x b^2}{2} + a \left(\frac{6Bx+A}{7} \right) b - \frac{4a^2 B}{7} \right)}{15b^3}$	41
gospers	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-15b^2 B x^2 - 21A b^2 x + 12Babx + 14abA - 8a^2 B)}{105b^3}$	47
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-15b^2 B x^2 - 21A b^2 x + 12Babx + 14abA - 8a^2 B)}{105b^3}$	47
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(Ab-2Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2a(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{b^3}$	52
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(Ab-2Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2a(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{b^3}$	52
trager	$-\frac{2(-15b^3 B x^3 - 21A x^2 b^3 - 3B x^2 a b^2 - 7A x a b^2 + 4B x a^2 b + 14a^2 b A - 8a^3 B) \sqrt{bx+a}}{105b^3}$	71
risch	$-\frac{2(-15b^3 B x^3 - 21A x^2 b^3 - 3B x^2 a b^2 - 7A x a b^2 + 4B x a^2 b + 14a^2 b A - 8a^3 B) \sqrt{bx+a}}{105b^3}$	71

input `int(x*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-4/15*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(-3/2*(5/7*B*x+A)*x*b^2+a*(6/7*B*x+A)*b-4/7*a^2*B)/b^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x \sqrt{a+bx} (A+Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(15Bb^3x^3 + 8Ba^3 - 14Aa^2b + 3(Bab^2 + 7Ab^3)x^2 - (4Ba^2b - 7Aab^2)x) \sqrt{bx+a}}{105b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/105*(15*B*b^3*x^3 + 8*B*a^3 - 14*A*a^2*b + 3*(B*a*b^2 + 7*A*b^3)*x^2 - (4*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/b^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(Ab-2Ba)}{5b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-Aab+Ba^2)}{3b}\right)}{b^2} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{a}\left(\frac{Ax^2}{2} + \frac{Bx^3}{3}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(7/2))/(7*b) + (a + b*x)**(5/2)*(A*b - 2*B*a)/(5*b) + (a + b*x)**(3/2)*(-A*a*b + B*a**2)/(3*b))/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*(A*x**2/2 + B*x**3/3), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2\left(15(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}B - 21(2Ba - Ab)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35(Ba^2 - Aab)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{105b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/105*(15*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*B - 21*(2*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2) + 35*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2))/b^3`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 158 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{35((bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{bx+aa})Aa}{b} + \frac{7(3(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a + 15\sqrt{bx+aa^2})Ba}{b^2} + \frac{7(3(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a + 15\sqrt{bx+aa^2})A}{b} + \dots \right)}{105b}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/105*(35*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*A*a/b + 7*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*B*a/b^2 + 7*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*A/b + 3*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*B/b^2)/b`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)dx$$

$$= \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}(35Ba^2 + 15B(a+bx)^2 - 35Aab + 21Ab(a+bx) - 42Ba(a+bx))}{105b^3}$$

input `int(x*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(35*B*a^2 + 15*B*(a + b*x)^2 - 35*A*a*b + 21*A*b*(a + b*x) - 42*B*a*(a + b*x)))/(105*b^3)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(5b^3x^3 + 8ab^2x^2 + a^2bx - 2a^3)}{35b^2}$$

input `int(x*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(- 2*a**3 + a**2*b*x + 8*a*b**2*x**2 + 5*b**3*x**3))/(35*b**2)`

3.228 $\int \sqrt{a + bx}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1582
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1582
Rubi [A] (verified)	1583
Maple [A] (verified)	1584
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1584
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1585
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1585
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1585
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1586
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1586

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{3/2}}{3b^2} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b^2}$$

output

```
2/3*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^2+2/5*B*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(a + bx)^{3/2}(5Ab - 2aB + 3bBx)}{15b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

```
(2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(5*A*b - 2*a*B + 3*b*B*x))/(15*b^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(Ab-aB)}{b} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{3/2}}{b} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{3b^2} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(2*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^2) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
gosper	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(3bBx+5Ab-2Ba)}{15b^2}$	27
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(3bBx+5Ab-2Ba)}{15b^2}$	27
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2((3Bx+5A)b-2Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15b^2}$	28
derivativeldivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{b^2}$	34
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{b^2}$	34
trager	$\frac{2(3b^2Bx^2+5Ab^2x+Babx+5abA-2a^2B)\sqrt{bx+a}}{15b^2}$	46
risch	$\frac{2(3b^2Bx^2+5Ab^2x+Babx+5abA-2a^2B)\sqrt{bx+a}}{15b^2}$	46

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $2/15*(b*x+a)^{(3/2)}*(3*B*b*x+5*A*b-2*B*a)/b^2$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2(3Bb^2x^2 - 2Ba^2 + 5Aab + (Bab + 5Ab^2)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{15b^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output $2/15*(3*B*b^2*x^2 - 2*B*a^2 + 5*A*a*b + (B*a*b + 5*A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/b^2$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(Ab-Ba)}{3b}\right)}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{a}\left(Ax + \frac{Bx^2}{2}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A), x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(5/2)/(5*b) + (a + b*x)**(3/2)*(A*b - B*a)/(3*b))/b, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*(A*x + B*x**2/2), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2\left(3(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}B - 5(Ba - Ab)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{15b^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/15*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B - 5*(B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2))/b^2`**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 100 vs. 2(34) = 68.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2\left(15\sqrt{bx+aa}Aa + 5\left((bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{bx+aa}\right)A + \frac{5\left((bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{bx+aa}\right)Ba}{b} + \frac{\left(3(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a + 15\sqrt{bx+aa}\right)}{b}\right)}{15b}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(15*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a + 5*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*A + 5*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*B*a/b + (3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*B/b)/b`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}(5Ab-5Ba+3B(a+bx))}{15b^2}$$

input `int((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(5*A*b - 5*B*a + 3*B*(a + b*x)))/(15*b^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2)}{5b}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))/(5*b)`

3.229 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1587
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1587
Rubi [A] (verified)	1588
Maple [A] (verified)	1589
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1590
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1590
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1591
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1591
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1591
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1592

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = 2A\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b} - 2\sqrt{a}A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

output $2*A*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}+2/3*B*(b*x+a)^{(3/2)}/b-2*a^{(1/2)}*A*\operatorname{arctanh}((b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}(3Ab+B(a+bx))}{3b} - 2\sqrt{a}A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x,x]`

output $(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(3*A*b + B*(a + b*x)))/(3*b) - 2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*A*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]]$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {90, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$A \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} dx + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$A \left(a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + 2\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$A \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$A \left(2\sqrt{a+bx} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x,x]`

output `(2*B*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b) + A*(2*Sqrt[a + b*x] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m+n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m+n+1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{n-1}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n+1, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m-n, 0]))) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m+n+2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p*(m+1)-1}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{1/p}], x]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 90 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n)((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^{n+1}*((e + f*x)^{p+1}/(d*f*(n+p+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n+p+2) - b*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1))]/(d*f*(n+p+2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n+p+2, 0]$

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^2]^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab\sqrt{bx+a} - 2A\sqrt{a}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b}$	46
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab\sqrt{bx+a} - 2A\sqrt{a}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b}$	46
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-2A\sqrt{a}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + 2\left(\left(\frac{Bx}{3} + A\right)b + \frac{Ba}{3}\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b}$	47

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/b*(1/3*B*(b*x+a)^(3/2)+A*b*(b*x+a)^(1/2)-A*a^(1/2)*b*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \left[\frac{3A\sqrt{ab} \log\left(\frac{bx-2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x}\right) + 2(Bbx+Ba+3Ab)\sqrt{bx+a}}{3b}, \frac{2\left(3A\sqrt{-ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) + (Bbx - \dots)}{3b} \right.$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/3*(3*A*sqrt(a)*b*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(B*b*x + B*a + 3*A*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b, 2/3*(3*A*sqrt(-a)*b*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (B*b*x + B*a + 3*A*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2Aa \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + 2A\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b}}{\sqrt{-a}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{a}(A \log(Bx) + Bx) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x)`

output `Piecewise((2*A*a*atan(sqrt(a + b*x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*A*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*B*(a + b*x)**(3/2)/(3*b), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*(A*log(B*x) + B*x), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = A\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{2\left((bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}B + 3\sqrt{bx+a}Ab\right)}{3b}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `A*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a))) + 2/3*((b*x + a)^(3/2)*B + 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*b)/b`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{2Aa \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + \frac{2\left((bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bb^2 + 3\sqrt{bx+a}Ab^3\right)}{3b^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*A*a*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2/3*((b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*b^2 + 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*b^3)/b^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = 2A\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b} + A\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \quad 2i$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x,x)`

output

```
2*A*(a + b*x)^(1/2) + A*a^(1/2)*atan(((a + b*x)^(1/2)*1i)/a^(1/2))*2i + (2
*B*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{bx+a}a}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}bx}{3} + \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a}) a - \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a}) a$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x)
```

output

```
(8*sqrt(a + b*x)*a + 2*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*x + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - s
qrt(a))*a - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a)/3
```

3.230 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1593
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1593
Rubi [A] (verified)	1594
Maple [A] (verified)	1595
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1596
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1597
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1597
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1598
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1598
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1599

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = 2B\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} - \frac{(Ab+2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

output

```
2*B*(b*x+a)^(1/2)-A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x-(A*b+2*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(-A+2Bx)}{x} - \frac{(Ab+2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-A + 2*B*x))/x - ((A*b + 2*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {87, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(2aB+Ab) \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} dx}{2a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(2aB+Ab) \left(a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + 2\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{(2aB+Ab) \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{(2aB+Ab) \left(2\sqrt{a+bx} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{ax}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^2,x]`

output `-((A*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(a*x)) + ((A*b + 2*a*B)*(2*Sqrt[a + b*x] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]))/(2*a)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(Ab+2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) x + \sqrt{a} (-2Bx+A)\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a} x}$	49
derivativedivides	$2B\sqrt{bx+a} - \frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{x} - \frac{(Ab+2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$	50
default	$2B\sqrt{bx+a} - \frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{x} - \frac{(Ab+2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$	50
risch	$2B\sqrt{bx+a} - \frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{x} - \frac{(Ab+2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$	50

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-((A*b+2*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*x+a^(1/2)*(-2*B*x+A)*(b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(2Ba+Ab)\sqrt{ax} \log\left(\frac{bx-2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x}\right) + 2(2Bax-Aa)\sqrt{bx+a} (2Ba+Ab)\sqrt{-ax} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right)}{2ax}, \frac{(2Ba+Ab)\sqrt{-ax} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right)}{ax} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*((2*B*a + A*b)*sqrt(a)*x*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(2*B*a*x - A*a)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a*x), ((2*B*a + A*b)*sqrt(-a)*x*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (2*B*a*x - A*a)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a*x)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{Ab \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + B \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a+bx} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{a} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x**2,x)`output `-A*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/sqrt(x) - A*b*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/sqrt(a) + B*Piecewise((2*a*atan(sqrt(a + b*x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*sqrt(a + b*x), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} b \left(\frac{4\sqrt{bx+a}B}{b} + \frac{(2Ba+Ab) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}A}{bx} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*b*(4*sqrt(b*x + a)*B/b + (2*B*a + A*b)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(sqrt(a)*b) - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*A/(b*x))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}B}{b} + \frac{(2Ba+Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ab}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+a}A}{bx} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b*(2*sqrt(b*x + a)*B/b + (2*B*a + A*b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*b) - sqrt(b*x + a)*A/(b*x))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = 2B\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(Ab+2Ba)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{x}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x^2,x)`

output `2*B*(a + b*x)^(1/2) - (atanh((a + b*x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(A*b + 2*B*a))/a^(1/2) - (A*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{bx+a}a + 4\sqrt{bx+a}bx + 3\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})bx - 3\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a})bx}{2x}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x)*a + 4*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*x + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b*x - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b*x)/(2*x)`

3.231 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1600
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1600
Rubi [A] (verified)	1601
Maple [A] (verified)	1602
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1603
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1604
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1604
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1605
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1605
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1606

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{2x^2} - \frac{(Ab+4aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{4ax} + \frac{b(Ab-4aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^2-1/4*(A*b+4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x+1/4*b*(A*b-4*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(Abx+2a(A+2Bx))}{4ax^2} + \frac{b(Ab-4aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^3,x]
```

output

$$-1/4*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(A*b*x + 2*a*(A + 2*B*x)))/(a*x^2) + (b*(A*b - 4*a*B)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(4*a^{(3/2)})$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {87, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & -\frac{(Ab-4aB) \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^2} dx}{4a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2ax^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 51 \\ & -\frac{(Ab-4aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2ax^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 73 \\ & -\frac{(Ab-4aB) \left(\int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2ax^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 221 \\ & -\frac{(Ab-4aB) \left(-\frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2ax^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^3, x]$$

output

$$-1/2*(A*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)})/(a*x^2) - ((A*b - 4*a*B)*(-(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/x) - (b*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/\text{Sqrt}[a]))/(4*a)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]
&& ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(Abx+4Bax+2Aa)}{4x^2a} + \frac{b(Ab-4Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	57
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{-bx^2(Ab-4Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + ((4Bx+2A)a^{\frac{3}{2}} + A\sqrt{a}bx)\sqrt{bx+a}}{4a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2}$	64
derivativedivides	$2b \left(-\frac{\frac{(Ab+4Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8a} + \left(-\frac{Ba}{2} + \frac{Ab}{8}\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^2x^2} + \frac{(Ab-4Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$	76
default	$2b \left(-\frac{\frac{(Ab+4Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8a} + \left(-\frac{Ba}{2} + \frac{Ab}{8}\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^2x^2} + \frac{(Ab-4Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$	76

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/4*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(A*b*x+4*B*a*x+2*A*a)/x^2/a+1/4*b*(A*b-4*B*a)*\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b*x+a}{a^{(1/2)}}\right)/a^{(3/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \left[-\frac{(4Bab - Ab^2)\sqrt{ax^2} \log\left(\frac{bx+2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x}\right) + 2(2Aa^2 + (4Ba^2 + Aab)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{8a^2x^2}, \frac{(4Bab - Ab^2)\sqrt{a+bx}}{8a^2x^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[-1/8*((4*B*a*b - A*b^2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*x^2*\log((b*x + 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x + a))*\operatorname{sqrt}(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(2*A*a^2 + (4*B*a^2 + A*a*b)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x + a)/(a^2*x^2), 1/4*((4*B*a*b - A*b^2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)*x^2*\operatorname{arctan}(\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)/\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x + a)) - (2*A*a^2 + (4*B*a^2 + A*a*b)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x + a))/(a^2*x^2) \right]$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 151 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 37.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{Aa}{2\sqrt{b}x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{3A\sqrt{b}}{4x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}$$

$$+ \frac{Ab^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4a^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{B\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{Bb \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x**3,x)`

output `-A*a/(2*sqrt(b)*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 3*A*sqrt(b)/(4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - A*b**(3/2)/(4*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + A*b**2*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(4*a**(3/2)) - B*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/sqrt(x) - B*b*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/sqrt(a)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{8}b^2 \left(\frac{2 \left((4Ba + Ab)(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - (4Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{bx + a} \right)}{(bx + a)^2 ab - 2(bx + a)a^2 b + a^3 b} - \frac{(4Ba - Ab) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}b} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*b^2*(2*((4*B*a + A*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) - (4*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^2*a*b - 2*(b*x + a)*a^2*b + a^3*b) - (4*B*a - A*b)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(3/2)*b)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{(4Bab^2 - Ab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) - \frac{4(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bab^2 - 4\sqrt{bx+a} Ba^2 b^2 + (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} Ab^3 + \sqrt{bx+a} Aab^3}{ab^2 x^2}}{4b}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*((4*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a) - (4*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*a*b^2 - 4*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^2*b^2 + (b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*b^3 + sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a*b^3)/(a*b^2*x^2))/b`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Ab - 4Ba)}{4a^{3/2}} - \frac{\left(\frac{Ab^2}{4} - Bab\right) \sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{(Ab^2+4Bab)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4a}}{(a+bx)^2 - 2a(a+bx) + a^2}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x^3,x)`output `(b*atanh((a + b*x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(A*b - 4*B*a))/(4*a^(3/2)) - (((A*b^2)/4 - B*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(1/2) + ((A*b^2 + 4*B*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(4*a))/((a + b*x)^2 - 2*a*(a + b*x) + a^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4\sqrt{bx+a}a^2 - 10\sqrt{bx+a}abx + 3\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})b^2x^2 - 3\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a})b^2x^2}{8ax^2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x)`

output `(- 4*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2 - 10*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*x + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**2*x**2)/(8*a*x**2)`

3.232 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1607
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1607
Rubi [A] (verified)	1608
Maple [A] (verified)	1610
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1610
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1611
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1612
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1612
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1613
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1613

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{3x^3} - \frac{(Ab+6aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{12ax^2} + \frac{b(Ab-2aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{8a^2x} - \frac{b^2(Ab-2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^3-1/12*(A*b+6*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x^2+1/8*b*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x-1/8*b^2*(A*b-2*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(3Ab^2x^2 - 2abx(A+3Bx) - 4a^2(2A+3Bx))}{24a^2x^3} + \frac{b^2(-Ab+2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(3*A*b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x*(A + 3*B*x) - 4*a^2*(2*A + 3*B*x)))/
(24*a^2*x^3) + (b^2*(-(A*b) + 2*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(8*a^
(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {87, 51, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab-2aB) \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^3} dx}{2a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab-2aB) \left(\frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2x^2} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab-2aB) \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2x^2} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab-2aB) \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(-\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2x^2} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab-2aB) \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(\frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2x^2} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3ax^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(A*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(a*x^3) - ((A*b - 2*a*B)*(-1/2*Sqrt[a + b*x]/x^2 + (b*(-Sqrt[a + b*x]/(a*x)) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/4)/(2*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(-3Ab^2x^2+6Babx^2+2aAbx+12Ba^2x+8a^2A)}{24x^3a^2} - \frac{b^2(Ab-2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	82
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\frac{3b^2x^3(Ab-2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8} + \left(\frac{bx(3Bx+A)a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \left(\frac{3Bx}{2} + A\right)a^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{3A\sqrt{a}b^2x^2}{8}\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{3a^{\frac{5}{2}}x^3}$	82
derivativedivides	$2b^2 \left(-\frac{\frac{(Ab-2Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{16a^2} + \frac{Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6a} + \left(\frac{Ab}{16} - \frac{Ba}{8}\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^3x^3} - \frac{(Ab-2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$	92
default	$2b^2 \left(-\frac{\frac{(Ab-2Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{16a^2} + \frac{Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6a} + \left(\frac{Ab}{16} - \frac{Ba}{8}\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^3x^3} - \frac{(Ab-2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$	92

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/24*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(-3*A*b^2*x^2+6*B*a*b*x^2+2*A*a*b*x+12*B*a^2*x+8*A*a^2)/x^3/a^2-1/8*b^2*(A*b-2*B*a)*\operatorname{arctanh}((b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(5/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{3(2Bab^2 - Ab^3)\sqrt{ax^3} \log\left(\frac{bx-2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a}+2a}{x}\right) + 2(8Aa^3 + 3(2Ba^2b - Aab^2)x^2 + 2(6Ba^3 + Aa^2b)x)}{48a^3x^3} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(2Bab^2 - Ab^3)\sqrt{-ax^3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) + (8Aa^3 + 3(2Ba^2b - Aab^2)x^2 + 2(6Ba^3 + Aa^2b)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{24a^3x^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/48*(3*(2*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*sqrt(a)*x^3*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(8*A*a^3 + 3*(2*B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(6*B*a^3 + A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^3*x^3), -1/24*(3*(2*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*sqrt(-a)*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (8*A*a^3 + 3*(2*B*a^2*b - A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(6*B*a^3 + A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^3*x^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 236 vs. 2(97) = 194.

Time = 49.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{Aa}{3\sqrt{bx}^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{5A\sqrt{b}}{12x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} + \frac{Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24ax^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}$$

$$+ \frac{Ab^{\frac{5}{2}}}{8a^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{Ab^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{8a^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{Ba}{2\sqrt{bx}^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}$$

$$- \frac{3B\sqrt{b}}{4x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} + \frac{Bb^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x**4,x)
```

output

```
-A*a/(3*sqrt(b)*x**(7/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 5*A*sqrt(b)/(12*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + A*b**(3/2)/(24*a*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + A*b**(5/2)/(8*a**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - A*b**3*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(8*a**(5/2)) - B*a/(2*sqrt(b)*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 3*B*sqrt(b)/(4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - B*b**(3/2)/(4*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + B*b**2*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(4*a**(3/2))
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{1}{48} b^3 \left(\frac{2 \left(8 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} Aab + 3 (2Ba - Ab)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 3 (2Ba^3 - Aa^2b)\sqrt{bx+a} \right)}{(bx+a)^3 a^2 b - 3 (bx+a)^2 a^3 b + 3 (bx+a) a^4 b - a^5 b} \right) + \frac{3 (2Ba - Ab) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output
$$-\frac{1}{48} b^3 \left(\frac{2 \left(8 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} Aa^2 b + 3 (2Ba - Ab)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 3 (2Ba^3 - Aa^2 b)\sqrt{bx+a} \right)}{(bx+a)^3 a^2 b - 3 (bx+a)^2 a^3 b + 3 (bx+a) a^4 b - a^5 b} \right) + \frac{3 (2Ba - Ab) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{1}{24} b^3 \left(\frac{3 (2Ba - Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa^2b}} + \frac{6 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} Ba - 6 \sqrt{bx+a} Ba^3 - 3 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} Ab + 8 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} Aa^2 b}{a^2 b^4 x^3} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output
$$-\frac{1}{24} b^3 \left(\frac{3 (2Ba - Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa^2b}} + \frac{6 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} Ba - 6 \sqrt{bx+a} Ba^3 - 3 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} Ab + 8 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} Aa^2 b}{a^2 b^4 x^3} \right)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{Ab^3}{8} - \frac{Bab^2}{4}\right) \sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{(Ab^3 - 2Bab^2)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{8a^2} + \frac{Ab^3(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3a}}{3a(a+bx)^2 - 3a^2(a+bx) - (a+bx)^3 + a^3} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Ab - 2Ba)}{8a^{5/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x^4,x)`output `((((A*b^3)/8 - (B*a*b^2)/4)*(a + b*x)^(1/2) - ((A*b^3 - 2*B*a*b^2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(8*a^2) + (A*b^3*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*a))/(3*a*(a + b*x)^2 - 3*a^2*(a + b*x) - (a + b*x)^3 + a^3) - (b^2*atanh((a + b*x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(A*b - 2*B*a))/(8*a^(5/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-16\sqrt{bx+a}a^3 - 28\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bx - 6\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2x^2 - 3\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})b^3x^3 + 3\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a})b^3x^3}{48a^2x^3}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x)`output `(-16*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3 - 28*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x - 6*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**3*x**3 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**3*x**3)/(48*a**2*x**3)`

3.233 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	1614
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1614
Rubi [A] (verified)	1615
Maple [A] (verified)	1617
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1618
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1619
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1619
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1620
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1620
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1621

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{4x^4} - \frac{(Ab+8aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{24ax^3} + \frac{b(5Ab-8aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{96a^2x^2} - \frac{b^2(5Ab-8aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{64a^3x} + \frac{b^3(5Ab-8aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^4-1/24*(A*b+8*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x^3+1/96*b*(5*A*b-8*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x^2-1/64*b^2*(5*A*b-8*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x+1/64*b^3*(5*A*b-8*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(15Ab^3x^3+8a^2bx(A+2Bx)+16a^3(3A+4Bx)-2ab^2x^2(5A+12Bx))}{192a^3x^4} + \frac{b^3(5Ab-8aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^5,x]`

output `-1/192*(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(15*A*b^3*x^3 + 8*a^2*b*x*(A + 2*B*x) + 16*a^3*(3*A + 4*B*x) - 2*a*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 12*B*x)))/(a^3*x^4) + (b^3*(5*A*b - 8*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(64*a^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {87, 51, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(5Ab-8aB) \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^4} dx}{8a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & -\frac{(5Ab-8aB) \left(\frac{1}{6}b \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3x^3} \right)}{8a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -\frac{(5Ab-8aB) \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3x^3} \right)}{8a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -\frac{(5Ab-8aB) \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3x^3} \right)}{8a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(5Ab - 8aB) \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \left(-\frac{\int \frac{1}{b} - \frac{a}{b} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3x^3} \right) \right)}{8a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4ax^4}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{(5Ab - 8aB) \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3x^3} \right) \right)}{8a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4ax^4}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(A*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(a*x^4) - ((5*A*b - 8*a*B)*(-1/3*Sqrt[a + b*x]/x^3 + (b*(-1/2*Sqrt[a + b*x]/(a*x^2) - (3*b*(-(Sqrt[a + b*x]/(a*x)) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/(4*a)))/6)/(8*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\left(-\frac{15}{8}Ab^4+3Ba^3b^3\right)x^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)+\sqrt{bx+a}\left(-\frac{5\left(\frac{12Bx+A}{5}\right)b^2x^2a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4}+bx(2Bx+A)a^{\frac{5}{2}}+(8Bx+6A)a^{\frac{7}{2}}+\frac{15A\sqrt{bx+a}}{4}\right)}{24a^{\frac{7}{2}}x^4}$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}\left(15Ab^3x^3-24Bab^2x^3-10aAb^2x^2+16Ba^2bx^2+8a^2Abx+64Ba^3x+48a^3A\right)}{192x^4a^3} + \frac{b^3(5Ab-8Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
derivativedivides	$2b^3\left(-\frac{\frac{(5Ab-8Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{128a^3}-\frac{11(5Ab-8Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{384a^2}+\frac{(73Ab-40Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{384a}}{b^4x^4}+\left(\frac{5Ab}{128}-\frac{Ba}{16}\right)\sqrt{bx+a}+\frac{(5Ab-8Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{\frac{7}{2}}}\right)$
default	$2b^3\left(-\frac{\frac{(5Ab-8Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{128a^3}-\frac{11(5Ab-8Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{384a^2}+\frac{(73Ab-40Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{384a}}{b^4x^4}+\left(\frac{5Ab}{128}-\frac{Ba}{16}\right)\sqrt{bx+a}+\frac{(5Ab-8Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{\frac{7}{2}}}\right)$

```
input int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/24*((-15/8*A*b^4+3*B*a*b^3)*x^4*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-5/4*(12/5*B*x+A)*b^2*x^2*a^(3/2)+b*x*(2*B*x+A)*a^(5/2)+(8*B*x+6*A)*a^(7/2)+15/8*A*a^(1/2)*b^3*x^3))/a^(7/2)/x^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{3(8Bab^3 - 5Ab^4)\sqrt{ax^4} \log\left(\frac{bx+2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x}\right) + 2(48Aa^4 - 3(8Ba^2b^2 - 5Aab^3)x^3 + 2(8Ba^3b - 5Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 8(8Ba^4 + Aa^3b)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{384a^4x^4} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/384*(3*(8*B*a*b^3 - 5*A*b^4)*sqrt(a)*x^4*log((b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(48*A*a^4 - 3*(8*B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 2*(8*B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(8*B*a^4 + A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^4*x^4), 1/192*(3*(8*B*a*b^3 - 5*A*b^4)*sqrt(-a)*x^4*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (48*A*a^4 - 3*(8*B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 2*(8*B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(8*B*a^4 + A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^4*x^4)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 296 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 92.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{Aa}{4\sqrt{b}x^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{7A\sqrt{b}}{24x^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} + \frac{Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}}{96ax^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}$$

$$- \frac{5Ab^{\frac{5}{2}}}{192a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{5Ab^{\frac{7}{2}}}{64a^3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}$$

$$+ \frac{5Ab^4 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{64a^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{Ba}{3\sqrt{b}x^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{5B\sqrt{b}}{12x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}$$

$$+ \frac{Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24ax^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} + \frac{Bb^{\frac{5}{2}}}{8a^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{Bb^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{8a^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x**5,x)`

output `-A*a/(4*sqrt(b)*x**(9/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 7*A*sqrt(b)/(24*x**(7/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + A*b**(3/2)/(96*a*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 5*A*b**(5/2)/(192*a**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 5*A*b**(7/2)/(64*a**3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 5*A*b**4*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(64*a**(7/2)) - B*a/(3*sqrt(b)*x**(7/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 5*B*sqrt(b)/(12*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + B*b**(3/2)/(24*a*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + B*b**(5/2)/(8*a**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - B*b**3*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(8*a**(5/2))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{384} b^4 \left(\frac{2 \left(3(8Ba - 5Ab)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 11(8Ba^2 - 5Aab)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} + (40Ba^3 - 73Aa^2b)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 5 \right)}{(bx+a)^4 a^3 b - 4(bx+a)^3 a^4 b + 6(bx+a)^2 a^5 b - 4(bx+a)a^6 b + a^7} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{1/384*b^4*(2*(3*(8*B*a - 5*A*b)*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)} - 11*(8*B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)} + (40*B*a^3 - 73*A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)} + 3*(8*B*a^4 - 5*A*a^3*b)*\sqrt{b*x + a})/((b*x + a)^4*a^3*b - 4*(b*x + a)^3*a^4*b + 6*(b*x + a)^2*a^5*b - 4*(b*x + a)*a^6*b + a^7*b) + 3*(8*B*a - 5*A*b)*\log((\sqrt{b*x + a} - \sqrt{a})/(\sqrt{b*x + a} + \sqrt{a}))}{(a^{(7/2)}*b)}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{3(8Bab^4 - 5Ab^5) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + \frac{24(bx+a)^{7/2} Bab^4 - 88(bx+a)^{5/2} Ba^2b^4 + 40(bx+a)^{3/2} Ba^3b^4 + 24\sqrt{bx+a} Ba^4b^4 - 15(bx+a)^{1/2} Ab^5 + 55(bx+a)^{1/2} A^2b^5}{\sqrt{-a}a^3} + \frac{24(bx+a)^{7/2} Bab^4 - 88(bx+a)^{5/2} Ba^2b^4 + 40(bx+a)^{3/2} Ba^3b^4 + 24\sqrt{bx+a} Ba^4b^4 - 15(bx+a)^{1/2} Ab^5 + 55(bx+a)^{1/2} A^2b^5}{a^3b^4x^4}}{192b}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1/192*(3*(8*B*a*b^4 - 5*A*b^5)*\arctan(\sqrt{b*x + a}/\sqrt{-a})/(\sqrt{-a})*a^3 + (24*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)}*B*a*b^4 - 88*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*B*a^2*b^4 + 40*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*B*a^3*b^4 + 24*\sqrt{b*x + a}*B*a^4*b^4 - 15*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)}*A*b^5 + 55*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*A*a*b^5 - 73*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*A*a^2*b^5 - 15*\sqrt{b*x + a}*A*a^3*b^5)/(a^3*b^4*x^4))/b}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{b^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (5Ab - 8Ba)}{64a^{7/2}} - \frac{\left(\frac{5Ab^4}{64} - \frac{Bab^3}{8}\right) \sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{11(5Ab^4 - 8Bab^3)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{192a^2} + \frac{(5Ab^4 - 8Bab^3)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{64a^3} + \frac{(73Ab^4 - 40Bab^3)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{192a}}{(a+bx)^4 - 4a^3(a+bx) - 4a(a+bx)^3 + 6a^2(a+bx)^2 + a^4}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x^5,x)`

output `(b^3*atanh((a + b*x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(5*A*b - 8*B*a))/(64*a^(7/2)) - (((5*A*b^4)/64 - (B*a*b^3)/8)*(a + b*x)^(1/2) - (11*(5*A*b^4 - 8*B*a*b^3)*(a + b*x)^(5/2)))/(192*a^2) + ((5*A*b^4 - 8*B*a*b^3)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(64*a^3) + ((73*A*b^4 - 40*B*a*b^3)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(192*a))/((a + b*x)^4 - 4*a^3*(a + b*x) - 4*a*(a + b*x)^3 + 6*a^2*(a + b*x)^2 + a^4)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-32\sqrt{bx+a}a^4 - 48\sqrt{bx+a}a^3bx - 4\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2x^2 + 6\sqrt{bx+a}ab^3x^3 + 3\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})b^4x}{128a^3x^4}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x)`

output `(- 32*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4 - 48*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*x - 4*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*x**3 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**4*x**4 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**4*x**4)/(128*a**3*x**4)`

3.234 $\int x^4(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1622
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1622
Rubi [A] (verified)	1623
Maple [A] (verified)	1624
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1625
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1625
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1626
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1626
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1627
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1628

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int x^4(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2a^4(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b^6} - \frac{2a^3(4Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b^6} + \frac{4a^2(3Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{9/2}}{9b^6} - \frac{4a(2Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{11/2}}{11b^6} + \frac{2(Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{13/2}}{13b^6} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{15/2}}{15b^6}$$

output

$2/5*a^4*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^6-2/7*a^3*(4*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^6+4/9*a^2*(3*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(9/2)/b^6-4/11*a*(2*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(11/2)/b^6+2/13*(A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(13/2)/b^6+2/15*B*(b*x+a)^(15/2)/b^6$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int x^4(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(a + bx)^{5/2}(-256a^5B + 1680a^2b^3x^2(A + Bx) + 128a^4b(3A + 5Bx) - 160a^3b^2x(6A + 7Bx) - 45045b^6)}{45045b^6}$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x),x]`

output $(2*(a + b*x)^{(5/2)}*(-256*a^5*B + 1680*a^2*b^3*x^2*(A + B*x) + 128*a^4*b*(3*A + 5*B*x) - 160*a^3*b^2*x*(6*A + 7*B*x) - 210*a*b^4*x^3*(12*A + 11*B*x) + 231*b^5*x^4*(15*A + 13*B*x)))/(45045*b^6)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^4(a + bx)^{3/2}(aB - Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{a^3(a + bx)^{5/2}(5aB - 4Ab)}{b^5} - \frac{2a^2(a + bx)^{7/2}(5aB - 3Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{(a + bx)^{11/2}(Ab - aB)}{b^5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2a^4(a + bx)^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{5b^6} - \frac{2a^3(a + bx)^{7/2}(4Ab - 5aB)}{7b^6} + \frac{4a^2(a + bx)^{9/2}(3Ab - 5aB)}{9b^6} + \frac{2(a + bx)^{13/2}(Ab - 5aB)}{13b^6} - \frac{4a(a + bx)^{11/2}(2Ab - 5aB)}{11b^6} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{15/2}}{15b^6}$$

input `Int[x^4*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x),x]`

output $(2*a^4*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(5/2)})/(5*b^6) - (2*a^3*(4*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(7/2)})/(7*b^6) + (4*a^2*(3*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(9/2)})/(9*b^6) - (4*a*(2*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(11/2)})/(11*b^6) + (2*(A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(13/2)})/(13*b^6) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^{(15/2)})/(15*b^6)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{256 \left(\frac{1155 \left(\frac{13Bx+A}{15} \right) x^4 b^5}{128} - \frac{105a \left(\frac{11Bx+A}{12} \right) x^3 b^4}{16} + \frac{35a^2 x^2 (Bx+A) b^3}{8} - \frac{5a^3 \left(\frac{7Bx+A}{6} \right) x b^2}{2} + a^4 \left(\frac{5Bx+A}{3} \right) b - \frac{2a^5 B}{3} \right) (bx+a)}{15015b^6}$
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (3003b^5 B x^5 + 3465A b^5 x^4 - 2310Ba b^4 x^4 - 2520Aa b^4 x^3 + 1680B a^2 b^3 x^3 + 1680A a^2 b^3 x^2 - 1120B a^3 b^2 x^2 - 960A a^3 b^2 x - 64A^2 a^3 b)}{45045b^6}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (3003b^5 B x^5 + 3465A b^5 x^4 - 2310Ba b^4 x^4 - 2520Aa b^4 x^3 + 1680B a^2 b^3 x^3 + 1680A a^2 b^3 x^2 - 1120B a^3 b^2 x^2 - 960A a^3 b^2 x - 64A^2 a^3 b)}{45045b^6}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(Ab-5Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(6a^2B-4a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(-4a^3B+6a^2(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(Ba^4-4a^3(Ab-Ba))}{b^6}}{b^6}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(Ab-5Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(6a^2B-4a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(-4a^3B+6a^2(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(Ba^4-4a^3(Ab-Ba))}{b^6}}{b^6}$
trager	$\frac{2(3003B b^7 x^7 + 3465A b^7 x^6 + 3696Ba b^6 x^6 + 4410Aa b^6 x^5 + 63B a^2 b^5 x^5 + 105A a^2 b^5 x^4 - 70B a^3 b^4 x^4 - 120A a^3 b^4 x^3 + 80A^2 a^3 b^4 x^2 - 64A^2 a^3 b^4 x - 64A^2 a^3 b^4)}{45045b^6}$
risch	$\frac{2(3003B b^7 x^7 + 3465A b^7 x^6 + 3696Ba b^6 x^6 + 4410Aa b^6 x^5 + 63B a^2 b^5 x^5 + 105A a^2 b^5 x^4 - 70B a^3 b^4 x^4 - 120A a^3 b^4 x^3 + 80A^2 a^3 b^4 x^2 - 64A^2 a^3 b^4 x - 64A^2 a^3 b^4)}{45045b^6}$

```
input int(x^4*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 256/15015*(1155/128*(13/15*B*x+A)*x^4*b^5-105/16*a*(11/12*B*x+A)*x^3*b^4+35/8*a^2*x^2*(B*x+A)*b^3-5/2*a^3*(7/6*B*x+A)*x*b^2+a^4*(5/3*B*x+A)*b-2/3*a^5*B)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2(3003 Bb^7 x^7 - 256 Ba^7 + 384 Aa^6 b + 231(16 Bab^6 + 15 Ab^7)x^6 + 63(Ba^2 b^5 + 70 Aab^6)x^5 - \dots}{b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/45045*(3003*B*b^7*x^7 - 256*B*a^7 + 384*A*a^6*b + 231*(16*B*a*b^6 + 15*A*b^7)*x^6 + 63*(B*a^2*b^5 + 70*A*a*b^6)*x^5 - 35*(2*B*a^3*b^4 - 3*A*a^2*b^5)*x^4 + 40*(2*B*a^4*b^3 - 3*A*a^3*b^4)*x^3 - 48*(2*B*a^5*b^2 - 3*A*a^4*b^3)*x^2 + 64*(2*B*a^6*b - 3*A*a^5*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/b^6`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{15/2}}{15b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{13/2}(Ab-5Ba)}{13b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{11/2}(-4Aab+10Ba^2)}{11b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{9/2}(6Aa^2b-10Ba^3)}{9b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{7/2}(-4Aa^3b+5Ba^4)}{7b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(Aa^4b-Ba^5)}{5b} \right)}{b^5} + a^{3/2} \left(\frac{Ax^5}{5} + \frac{Bx^6}{6} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**4*(b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(15/2)/(15*b) + (a + b*x)**(13/2)*(A*b - 5*B*a)/(13*b) + (a + b*x)**(11/2)*(-4*A*a*b + 10*B*a**2)/(11*b) + (a + b*x)**(9/2)*(6*A*a**2*b - 10*B*a**3)/(9*b) + (a + b*x)**(7/2)*(-4*A*a**3*b + 5*B*a**4)/(7*b) + (a + b*x)**(5/2)*(A*a**4*b - B*a**5)/(5*b))/b**5, Ne(b, 0)), (a**(3/2)*(A*x**5/5 + B*x**6/6), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(3003 (bx+a)^{\frac{15}{2}} B - 3465 (5Ba - Ab)(bx+a)^{\frac{13}{2}} + 8190 (5Ba^2 - 2Aab)(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 10010 (5B^2a^3 - 3A^2a^2b)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 6435 (5B^2a^4 - 4A^2a^3b)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 9009 (B^2a^5 - A^2a^4b)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)}{45045 b^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/45045*(3003*(b*x + a)^(15/2)*B - 3465*(5*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(13/2) + 8190*(5*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 10010*(5*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a)^(9/2) + 6435*(5*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 9009*(B*a^5 - A*a^4*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2))/b^6
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 494 vs. 2(128) = 256.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 494, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2/45045*(143*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(
5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*A*a^2/b^4 + 65
*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 -
1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^
5)*B*a^2/b^5 + 130*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x
+ a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 69
3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*A*a/b^4 + 30*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(
11/2)*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x
+ a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^6)*B*a/b^
5 + 15*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^(9
/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*x
+ a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^6)*A/b^4 + 7*(429*(b*x + a)^(15/2) -
3465*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a + 12285*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^2 - 25025*(b*x + a)^(9
/2)*a^3 + 32175*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^4 - 27027*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^5 + 15015*(b
*x + a)^(3/2)*a^6 - 6435*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^7)*B/b^5)/b

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^4(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx &= \frac{(20Ba^2 - 8Aab)(a+bx)^{11/2}}{11b^6} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{15/2}}{15b^6} \\
&+ \frac{(2Ab - 10Ba)(a+bx)^{13/2}}{13b^6} - \frac{(2Ba^5 - 2Aa^4b)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^6} \\
&+ \frac{(10Ba^4 - 8Aa^3b)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^6} - \frac{(20Ba^3 - 12Aa^2b)(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b^6}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```

((20*B*a^2 - 8*A*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(11/2))/(11*b^6) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(15/2))/
(15*b^6) + ((2*A*b - 10*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(13/2))/(13*b^6) - ((2*B*a^5 - 2*A*
a^4*b)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^6) + ((10*B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))
/(7*b^6) - ((20*B*a^3 - 12*A*a^2*b)*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^6)

```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(3003b^7x^7 + 7161ab^6x^6 + 4473a^2b^5x^5 + 35a^3b^4x^4 - 40a^4b^3x^3 + 48a^5b^2x^2 - 64a^6bx + 3003a^7)}{45045b^5}$$

input `int(x^4*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(128*a**7 - 64*a**6*b*x + 48*a**5*b**2*x**2 - 40*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 35*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 4473*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 7161*a*b**6*x**6 + 3003*b**7*x**7))/(45045*b**5)`

3.235 $\int x^3(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1629
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1629
Rubi [A] (verified)	1630
Maple [A] (verified)	1631
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1632
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1632
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1633
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1633
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1634
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1635

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int x^3(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = -\frac{2a^3(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b^5} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b^5} - \frac{2a(Ab - 2aB)(a + bx)^{9/2}}{3b^5} + \frac{2(Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)^{11/2}}{11b^5} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{13/2}}{13b^5}$$

output

```
-2/5*a^3*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^5+2/7*a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^5-2/3*a*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(9/2)/b^5+2/11*(A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(11/2)/b^5+2/13*B*(b*x+a)^(13/2)/b^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^3(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(a + bx)^{5/2} (128a^4B + 105b^4x^3(13A + 11Bx) - 70ab^3x^2(13A + 12Bx) + 40a^2b^2x(13A + 14Bx) - 2a^3(13A + 11Bx))}{15015b^5}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(2*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(128*a^4*B + 105*b^4*x^3*(13*A + 11*B*x) - 70*a*b^3*x^2*(13*A + 12*B*x) + 40*a^2*b^2*x*(13*A + 14*B*x) - 16*a^3*b*(13*A + 20*B*x)))/(15015*b^5)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3(a + bx)^{3/2}(aB - Ab)}{b^4} - \frac{a^2(a + bx)^{5/2}(4aB - 3Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{(a + bx)^{9/2}(Ab - 4aB)}{b^4} + \frac{3a(a + bx)^{7/2}(2aB - Ab)}{b^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2a^3(a + bx)^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{5b^5} + \frac{2a^2(a + bx)^{7/2}(3Ab - 4aB)}{7b^5} + \frac{2(a + bx)^{11/2}(Ab - 4aB)}{11b^5} - \frac{2a(a + bx)^{9/2}(Ab - 2aB)}{3b^5} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{13/2}}{13b^5}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(-2*a^3*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^5) + (2*a^2*(3*A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^5) - (2*a*(A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(3*b^5) + (2*(A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(11/2))/(11*b^5) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(13/2))/(13*b^5)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{32 \left(-\frac{105 \left(\frac{11Bx+A}{13} \right) x^3 b^4}{16} + \frac{35a \left(\frac{12Bx+A}{13} \right) x^2 b^3}{8} - \frac{5a^2 x \left(\frac{14Bx+A}{13} \right) b^2}{2} + a^3 \left(\frac{20Bx+A}{13} \right) b - \frac{8B a^4}{13} \right) (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{1155b^5}$
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (-1155B x^4 b^4 - 1365A x^3 b^4 + 840B x^3 a b^3 + 910A x^2 a b^3 - 560B x^2 a^2 b^2 - 520A x a^2 b^2 + 320B x a^3 b + 208A a^4)}{15015b^5}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (-1155B x^4 b^4 - 1365A x^3 b^4 + 840B x^3 a b^3 + 910A x^2 a b^3 - 560B x^2 a^2 b^2 - 520A x a^2 b^2 + 320B x a^3 b + 208A a^4)}{15015b^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(Ab-4Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(3a^2B-3a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(-a^3B+3a^2(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{2a^3(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{b^5}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} - \frac{2(-Ab+4Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} - \frac{2(-3a^2B+3a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{2(a^3B-3a^2(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{2a^3(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{b^5}$
trager	$\frac{2(-1155B b^6 x^6 - 1365A b^6 x^5 - 1470Ba b^5 x^5 - 1820Aa b^5 x^4 - 35B a^2 b^4 x^4 - 65A a^2 b^4 x^3 + 40B a^3 b^3 x^3 + 78A a^3 b^3 x^2 - 208A a^4)}{15015b^5}$
risch	$\frac{2(-1155B b^6 x^6 - 1365A b^6 x^5 - 1470Ba b^5 x^5 - 1820Aa b^5 x^4 - 35B a^2 b^4 x^4 - 65A a^2 b^4 x^3 + 40B a^3 b^3 x^3 + 78A a^3 b^3 x^2 - 208A a^4)}{15015b^5}$

```
input int(x^3*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -32/1155*(-105/16*(11/13*B*x+A)*x^3*b^4+35/8*a*(12/13*B*x+A)*x^2*b^3-5/2*a^2*x*(14/13*B*x+A)*b^2+a^3*(20/13*B*x+A)*b-8/13*B*a^4)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2(1155Bb^6x^6 + 128Ba^6 - 208Aa^5b + 105(14Bab^5 + 13Ab^6)x^5 + 35(Ba^2b^4 + 52Aab^5)x^4 - 5(8Bb^4a^3 + 13Aa^2b^4)x^3 + 6(8Bb^3a^4 - 13Aa^3b^3)x^2 - 8(8Bb^2a^5 - 13Aa^4b^2)x + 2Aa^3b^2)}{15015b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/15015*(1155*B*b^6*x^6 + 128*B*a^6 - 208*A*a^5*b + 105*(14*B*a*b^5 + 13*A*b^6)*x^5 + 35*(B*a^2*b^4 + 52*A*a*b^5)*x^4 - 5*(8*B*a^3*b^3 - 13*A*a^2*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(8*B*a^4*b^2 - 13*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 - 8*(8*B*a^5*b - 13*A*a^4*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/b^5`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{13/2}}{13b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{11/2}(Ab-4Ba)}{11b} + \frac{(a+bx)^9(-3Aab+6Ba^2)}{9b} + \frac{(a+bx)^7(3Aa^2b-4Ba^3)}{7b} + \frac{(a+bx)^5(-Aa^3b+Ba^4)}{5b}\right)}{b^4} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ a^{3/2}\left(\frac{Ax^4}{4} + \frac{Bx^5}{5}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(13/2)/(13*b) + (a + b*x)**(11/2)*(A*b - 4*B*a)/(11*b) + (a + b*x)**(9/2)*(-3*A*a*b + 6*B*a**2)/(9*b) + (a + b*x)**(7/2)*(3*A*a**2*b - 4*B*a**3)/(7*b) + (a + b*x)**(5/2)*(-A*a**3*b + B*a**4)/(5*b))/b**4, Ne(b, 0)), (a**(3/2)*(A*x**4/4 + B*x**5/5), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(1155 (bx+a)^{\frac{13}{2}} B - 1365 (4Ba - Ab)(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}} + 5005 (2Ba^2 - Aab)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 2145 (4Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 3003 (Ba^4 - Aa^3b)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)}{15015 b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15015*(1155*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*B - 1365*(4*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(11/2) + 5005*(2*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 2145*(4*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2) + 3003*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2))/b^5`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 422 vs. 2(104) = 208.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 422, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.46

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{1287 \left(5 (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a + 35 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 - 35 \sqrt{bx+aa^3} \right) Aa^2}{b^3} + \frac{143 \left(35 (bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 180 (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a + 378 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^2 - 143 \sqrt{bx+aa^3} \right) Aa^2}{b^4} \right)}{15015 b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/45045*(1287*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*A*a^2/b^3 + 143*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*B*a^2/b^4 + 286*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*A*a/b^3 + 130*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*B*a/b^4 + 65*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*A/b^3 + 15*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^6)*B/b^4)/b

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^3(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)dx &= \frac{(12Ba^2 - 6Aab)(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b^5} \\
&+ \frac{2B(a+bx)^{13/2}}{13b^5} + \frac{(2Ab - 8Ba)(a+bx)^{11/2}}{11b^5} \\
&+ \frac{(2Ba^4 - 2Aa^3b)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^5} - \frac{(8Ba^3 - 6Aa^2b)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^5}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```

((12*B*a^2 - 6*A*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^5) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(13/2))/(13*b^5) + ((2*A*b - 8*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(11/2))/(11*b^5) + ((2*B*a^4 - 2*A*a^3*b)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^5) - ((8*B*a^3 - 6*A*a^2*b)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^5)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(231b^6x^6 + 567ab^5x^5 + 371a^2b^4x^4 + 5a^3b^3x^3 - 6a^4b^2x^2 + 8a^5bx - 16a^6)}{3003b^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(- 16*a**6 + 8*a**5*b*x - 6*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 5*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 371*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 567*a*b**5*x**5 + 231*b**6*x**6))/(3003*b**4)`

3.236 $\int x^2(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1636
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1636
Rubi [A] (verified)	1637
Maple [A] (verified)	1638
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1639
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1639
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1640
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1640
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1641
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1641

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2a^2(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b^4} - \frac{2a(2Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b^4} + \frac{2(Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^{9/2}}{9b^4} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{11/2}}{11b^4}$$

output

```
2/5*a^2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^4-2/7*a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^4+
2/9*(A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(9/2)/b^4+2/11*B*(b*x+a)^(11/2)/b^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(a + bx)^{5/2}(-48a^3B + 35b^3x^2(11A + 9Bx) + 8a^2b(11A + 15Bx) - 10ab^2x(22A + 21Bx))}{3465b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

$$(2*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(-48*a^3*B + 35*b^3*x^2*(11*A + 9*B*x) + 8*a^2*b*(11*A + 15*B*x) - 10*a*b^2*x*(22*A + 21*B*x)))/(3465*b^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^2(a + bx)^{3/2}(aB - Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{(a + bx)^{7/2}(Ab - 3aB)}{b^3} + \frac{a(a + bx)^{5/2}(3aB - 2Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{9/2}}{b^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2a^2(a + bx)^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{5b^4} + \frac{2(a + bx)^{9/2}(Ab - 3aB)}{9b^4} - \frac{2a(a + bx)^{7/2}(2Ab - 3aB)}{7b^4} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{11/2}}{11b^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x), x]$$

output

$$(2*a^2*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^4) - (2*a*(2*A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^4) + (2*(A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^4) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(11/2))/(11*b^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{16 \left(\frac{35 \left(\frac{9Bx+A}{11} \right) x^2 b^3}{8} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{21Bx+A}{22} \right) x b^2}{2} + a^2 \left(\frac{15Bx}{11} + A \right) b - \frac{6a^3 B}{11} \right) (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{315b^4}$
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (315b^3 B x^3 + 385A x^2 b^3 - 210B x^2 a b^2 - 220A x a b^2 + 120B x a^2 b + 88a^2 b A - 48a^3 B)}{3465b^4}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (315b^3 B x^3 + 385A x^2 b^3 - 210B x^2 a b^2 - 220A x a b^2 + 120B x a^2 b + 88a^2 b A - 48a^3 B)}{3465b^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(Ab-3Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(a^2B-2a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2a^2(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{b^4}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(Ab-3Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(a^2B-2a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2a^2(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{b^4}$
trager	$\frac{2(315b^5 B x^5 + 385A b^5 x^4 + 420Ba b^4 x^4 + 550Aa b^4 x^3 + 15B a^2 b^3 x^3 + 33A a^2 b^3 x^2 - 18B a^3 b^2 x^2 - 44a^3 b^2 A x + 24a^4 b B x + 24a^4 B A)}{3465b^4}$
risch	$\frac{2(315b^5 B x^5 + 385A b^5 x^4 + 420Ba b^4 x^4 + 550Aa b^4 x^3 + 15B a^2 b^3 x^3 + 33A a^2 b^3 x^2 - 18B a^3 b^2 x^2 - 44a^3 b^2 A x + 24a^4 b B x + 24a^4 B A)}{3465b^4}$

```
input int(x^2*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 16/315*(35/8*(9/11*B*x+A)*x^2*b^3-5/2*a*(21/22*B*x+A)*x*b^2+a^2*(15/11*B*x+A)*b-6/11*a^3*B)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2(315Bb^5x^5 - 48Ba^5 + 88Aa^4b + 35(12Bab^4 + 11Ab^5)x^4 + 5(3Ba^2b^3 + 110Aab^4)x^3 - 3(6B^2a^2b^2 - 11A^2a^2b^3)x^2 + 4(6B^2a^4b - 11A^2a^3b^2)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{3465b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3465*(315*B*b^5*x^5 - 48*B*a^5 + 88*A*a^4*b + 35*(12*B*a*b^4 + 11*A*b^5)*x^4 + 5*(3*B*a^2*b^3 + 110*A*a*b^4)*x^3 - 3*(6*B*a^3*b^2 - 11*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 4*(6*B*a^4*b - 11*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/b^4`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{9}{2}}(Ab-3Ba)}{9b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}(-2Aab+3Ba^2)}{7b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(Aa^2b-Ba^3)}{5b}\right)}{b^3} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ a^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(\frac{Ax^3}{3} + \frac{Bx^4}{4}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(11/2))/(11*b) + (a + b*x)**(9/2)*(A*b - 3*B*a)/(9*b) + (a + b*x)**(7/2)*(-2*A*a*b + 3*B*a**2)/(7*b) + (a + b*x)**(5/2)*(A*a**2*b - B*a**3)/(5*b))/b**3, Ne(b, 0)), (a**(3/2)*(A*x**3/3 + B*x**4/4), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(315 (bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}} B - 385 (3Ba - Ab)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 495 (3Ba^2 - 2Aab)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 693 (Ba^3 - A^2b)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)}{3465 b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3465*(315*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*B - 385*(3*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(9/2) + 495*(3*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 693*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2))/b^4`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 350 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.68

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{231 \left(3 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a + 15 \sqrt{bx+aa^2} \right) Aa^2}{b^2} + \frac{99 \left(5 (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a + 35 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 - 35 \sqrt{bx+aa^3} \right) Ba^2}{b^3} \right)}{3465 b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/3465*(231*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a
^2)*A*a^2/b^2 + 99*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a
)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*B*a^2/b^3 + 198*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 2
1*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*A*a/b
^2 + 22*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*
a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*B*a/b^3 + 11*(35*(b
*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x
+ a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*A/b^2 + 5*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) -
385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3
+ 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*B/b^3)/b
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)dx = \frac{(6Ba^2 - 4Aab)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^4} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{11/2}}{11b^4} + \frac{(2Ab - 6Ba)(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b^4} - \frac{(2Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^4}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
((6*B*a^2 - 4*A*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^4) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(11/2))/(11
*b^4) + ((2*A*b - 6*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^4) - ((2*B*a^3 - 2*A*a^2*b)
*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^4)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(63b^5x^5 + 161ab^4x^4 + 113a^2b^3x^3 + 3a^3b^2x^2 - 4a^4bx + 8a^5)}{693b^3}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A), x)
```

output $(2\sqrt{a + bx}(8a^5 - 4a^4bx + 3a^3b^2x^2 + 113a^2b^3x^3 + 161ab^4x^4 + 63b^5x^5))/(693b^3)$

3.237 $\int x(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1643
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1643
Rubi [A] (verified)	1644
Maple [A] (verified)	1645
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1645
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1646
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1646
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1647
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1647
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1648

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int x(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = -\frac{2a(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b^3} + \frac{2(Ab - 2aB)(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b^3} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{9/2}}{9b^3}$$

output

```
-2/5*a*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^3+2/7*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^3+2/9*B*(b*x+a)^(9/2)/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(a + bx)^{5/2}(8a^2B + 5b^2x(9A + 7Bx) - 2ab(9A + 10Bx))}{315b^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

```
(2*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(8*a^2*B + 5*b^2*x*(9*A + 7*B*x) - 2*a*b*(9*A + 10*B*x)))/(315*b^3)
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(Ab-2aB)}{b^2} + \frac{a(a+bx)^{3/2}(aB-Ab)}{b^2} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{7/2}}{b^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}(Ab-2aB)}{7b^3} - \frac{2a(a+bx)^{5/2}(Ab-aB)}{5b^3} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b^3}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(-2*a*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^3) + (2*(A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^3) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result	s
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{4 \left(-\frac{5 \left(\frac{7Bx+A}{9} \right) x b^2}{2} + a \left(\frac{10Bx+A}{9} \right) b - \frac{4a^2 B}{9} \right) (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{35b^3}$	4
gospers	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (-35b^2 B x^2 - 45A b^2 x + 20Babx + 18abA - 8a^2 B)}{315b^3}$	4
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (-35b^2 B x^2 - 45A b^2 x + 20Babx + 18abA - 8a^2 B)}{315b^3}$	4
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(Ab-2Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{2a(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{b^3}$	5
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(Ab-2Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{2a(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{b^3}$	5
trager	$-\frac{2(-35B x^4 b^4 - 45A x^3 b^4 - 50B x^3 a b^3 - 72A x^2 a b^3 - 3B x^2 a^2 b^2 - 9A x a^2 b^2 + 4B x a^3 b + 18A a^3 b - 8B a^4) \sqrt{bx+a}}{315b^3}$	9
risch	$-\frac{2(-35B x^4 b^4 - 45A x^3 b^4 - 50B x^3 a b^3 - 72A x^2 a b^3 - 3B x^2 a^2 b^2 - 9A x a^2 b^2 + 4B x a^3 b + 18A a^3 b - 8B a^4) \sqrt{bx+a}}{315b^3}$	9

input `int(x*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{-4/35 * (-5/2 * (7/9 * B * x + A) * x * b^2 + a * (10/9 * B * x + A) * b - 4/9 * a^2 * B) * (b * x + a)^{5/2}}{b^3}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int x(a + bx)^{3/2} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(35 B b^4 x^4 + 8 B a^4 - 18 A a^3 b + 5(10 B a b^3 + 9 A b^4) x^3 + 3(B a^2 b^2 + 24 A a b^3) x^2 - (4 B a^3 b - 9 A a^2 b^2) x + 3 A a^2 b}{315 b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\frac{2}{315} \cdot (35 \cdot B \cdot b^4 \cdot x^4 + 8 \cdot B \cdot a^4 - 18 \cdot A \cdot a^3 \cdot b + 5 \cdot (10 \cdot B \cdot a \cdot b^3 + 9 \cdot A \cdot b^4) \cdot x^3 + 3 \cdot (B \cdot a^2 \cdot b^2 + 24 \cdot A \cdot a \cdot b^3) \cdot x^2 - (4 \cdot B \cdot a^3 \cdot b - 9 \cdot A \cdot a^2 \cdot b^2) \cdot x) \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot x + a} / b^3$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{7/2}(Ab-2Ba)}{7b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(-Aab+Ba^2)}{5b} \right)}{b^2} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ a^{3/2} \left(\frac{Ax^2}{2} + \frac{Bx^3}{3} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A), x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(9/2))/(9*b) + (a + b*x)**(7/2)*(A*b - 2*B*a)/(7*b) + (a + b*x)**(5/2)*(-A*a*b + B*a**2)/(5*b))/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), (a**(3/2)*(A*x**2/2 + B*x**3/3), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(35 (bx+a)^{9/2} B - 45 (2Ba - Ab)(bx+a)^{7/2} + 63 (Ba^2 - Aab)(bx+a)^{5/2} \right)}{315 b^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/315*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*B - 45*(2*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2) + 63*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2))/b^3
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 275 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.10

$$\int x(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{105((bx+a)^{3/2} - 3\sqrt{bx+aa})Aa^2}{b} + \frac{21(3(bx+a)^{5/2} - 10(bx+a)^{3/2}a + 15\sqrt{bx+aa^2})Ba^2}{b^2} + \frac{42(3(bx+a)^{5/2} - 10(bx+a)^{3/2}a + 15\sqrt{bx+aa^2})Ba^2}{b} \right)}{1}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/315*(105*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*A*a^2/b + 21*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*B*a^2/b^2 + 42*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*A*a/b + 18*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*B*a/b^2 + 9*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*A/b + (35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*B/b^2)/b`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}(63Ba^2 + 35B(a+bx)^2 - 63Aab + 45Ab(a+bx) - 90Ba(a+bx))}{315b^3}$$

input `int(x*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(63*B*a^2 + 35*B*(a + b*x)^2 - 63*A*a*b + 45*A*b*(a + b*x) - 90*B*a*(a + b*x)))/(315*b^3)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(7b^4x^4 + 19ab^3x^3 + 15a^2b^2x^2 + a^3bx - 2a^4)}{63b^2}$$

input `int(x*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(- 2*a**4 + a**3*b*x + 15*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 19*a*b**3*x**3 + 7*b**4*x**4))/(63*b**2)`

3.238 $\int (a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1649
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1649
Rubi [A] (verified)	1650
Maple [A] (verified)	1651
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1651
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1652
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1652
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1653
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1653
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1654

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int (a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b^2} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b^2}$$

output

```
2/5*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^2+2/7*B*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(a + bx)^{5/2}(7Ab - 2aB + 5bBx)}{35b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

```
(2*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(7*A*b - 2*a*B + 5*b*B*x))/(35*b^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{b} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{5/2}}{b} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2(a + bx)^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{5b^2} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(2*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^2) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}(5bBx+7Ab-2Ba)}{35b^2}$	27
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}(5bBx+7Ab-2Ba)}{35b^2}$	27
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2((5Bx+7A)b-2Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{35b^2}$	28
derivativdivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{b^2}$	34
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{b^2}$	34
trager	$\frac{2(5b^3Bx^3+7Ax^2b^3+8Bx^2ab^2+14Axa^2b^2+Bxa^2b+7a^2bA-2a^3B)\sqrt{bx+a}}{35b^2}$	70
risch	$\frac{2(5b^3Bx^3+7Ax^2b^3+8Bx^2ab^2+14Axa^2b^2+Bxa^2b+7a^2bA-2a^3B)\sqrt{bx+a}}{35b^2}$	70

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/35*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(5*B*b*x+7*A*b-2*B*a)/b^2`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs. 2(34) = 68.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2(5Bb^3x^3 - 2Ba^3 + 7Aa^2b + (8Bab^2 + 7Ab^3)x^2 + (Ba^2b + 14Aab^2)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{35b^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/35*(5*B*b^3*x^3 - 2*B*a^3 + 7*A*a^2*b + (8*B*a*b^2 + 7*A*b^3)*x^2 + (B*a^2*b + 14*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/b^2`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.48

$$\int (a + bx)^{3/2} (A + Bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2Aa^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{5b} + \frac{4Aax\sqrt{a+bx}}{5} + \frac{2Abx^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{5} - \frac{4Ba^3\sqrt{a+bx}}{35b^2} + \frac{2Ba^2x\sqrt{a+bx}}{35b} + \frac{16Bax^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{35} + \frac{2Bbx^3\sqrt{a+bx}}{7} \\ a^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(Ax + \frac{Bx^2}{2} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*A*a**2*sqrt(a + b*x)/(5*b) + 4*A*a*x*sqrt(a + b*x)/5 + 2*A*b*x**2*sqrt(a + b*x)/5 - 4*B*a**3*sqrt(a + b*x)/(35*b**2) + 2*B*a**2*x*sqrt(a + b*x)/(35*b) + 16*B*a*x**2*sqrt(a + b*x)/35 + 2*B*b*x**3*sqrt(a + b*x)/7, Ne(b, 0)), (a**(3/2)*(A*x + B*x**2/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + bx)^{3/2} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(5 (bx + a)^{7/2} B - 7 (Ba - Ab) (bx + a)^{5/2} \right)}{35 b^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/35*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*B - 7*(B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2))/b^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 192 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.57

$$\int (a + bx)^{3/2} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(105 \sqrt{bx + a} A a^2 + 70 \left((bx + a)^{3/2} - 3 \sqrt{bx + a} a \right) A a + \frac{35 \left((bx + a)^{3/2} - 3 \sqrt{bx + a} a \right) B a^2}{b} + 7 \left(3 (bx + a)^{5/2} - 10 (bx + a)^{3/2} a + 15 \sqrt{bx + a} a^2 \right) A + 14 \left(3 (bx + a)^{5/2} - 10 (bx + a)^{3/2} a + 15 \sqrt{bx + a} a^2 \right) B a / b + 3 \left(5 (bx + a)^{7/2} - 21 (bx + a)^{5/2} a + 35 (bx + a)^{3/2} a^2 - 35 \sqrt{bx + a} a^3 \right) B / b}{b}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/105*(105*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a^2 + 70*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*A*a + 35*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*B*a^2/b + 7*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*A + 14*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*B*a/b + 3*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*B/b)/b`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (a + bx)^{3/2} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{2 (a + bx)^{5/2} (7 A b - 7 B a + 5 B (a + b x))}{35 b^2}$$

input `int((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(7*A*b - 7*B*a + 5*B*(a + b*x)))/(35*b^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + bx)^{3/2} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a} (b^3 x^3 + 3a b^2 x^2 + 3a^2 bx + a^3)}{7b}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))/(7*b)`

3.239 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1655
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1655
Rubi [A] (verified)	1656
Maple [A] (verified)	1658
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1658
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1659
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1659
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1660
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1660
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1661

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = 2aA\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{2}{3}A(a+bx)^{3/2} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b} - 2a^{3/2}A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

output

```
2*a*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)+2/3*A*(b*x+a)^(3/2)+2/5*B*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b-2*a^(3/2)*A*
arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}(15aAb+5Ab(a+bx)+3B(a+bx)^2)}{15b} - 2a^{3/2}A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x,x]
```

output

$$(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(15*a*A*b + 5*A*b*(a + b*x) + 3*B*(a + b*x)^2))/(15*b) - 2*a^{(3/2)}*A*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a]]$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {90, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\ & A \int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}}{x} dx + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\ & A \left(a \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}}{x} dx + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\ & A \left(a \left(a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + bx}} dx + 2\sqrt{a + bx} \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\ & A \left(a \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + bx}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + bx} \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\ & A \left(a \left(2\sqrt{a + bx} - 2\sqrt{a} \text{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(3/2)}*(A + B*x)/x, x]$$

output

```
(2*B*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b) + A*((2*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/3 + a*(2*Sqrt[a + b*x] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(
b*(m + n + 1))] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!Integer
Q[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinear
Q[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 90

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Aab\sqrt{bx+a} - 2Aa^{\frac{3}{2}}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b}$	58
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Aab\sqrt{bx+a} - 2Aa^{\frac{3}{2}}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b}$	58
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-2Aa^{\frac{3}{2}}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{8\sqrt{bx+a} \left(\frac{(\frac{3Bx}{5} + A)x b^2}{4} + a \left(\frac{3Bx}{10} + A \right) b + \frac{3a^2 B}{20} \right)}{3}}{b}$	63

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/b*(1/5*B*(b*x+a)^(5/2)+1/3*A*b*(b*x+a)^(3/2)+A*a*b*(b*x+a)^(1/2)-A*a^(3/2)*b*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{\left[15 A a^{\frac{3}{2}} b \log\left(\frac{bx-2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a}+2a}{x}\right) + 2(3 B b^2 x^2 + 3 B a^2 + 20 A a b + (6 B a b + 2 A^2) \sqrt{bx+a}) \right]}{15 b}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/15*(15*A*a^(3/2)*b*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(3*B*b^2*x^2 + 3*B*a^2 + 20*A*a*b + (6*B*a*b + 5*A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b, 2/15*(15*A*sqrt(-a)*a*b*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (3*B*b^2*x^2 + 3*B*a^2 + 20*A*a*b + (6*B*a*b + 5*A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2Aa^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2Aa\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ a^{3/2}(A \log(Bx) + Bx) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x)`output `Piecewise(((2*A*a**2*atan(sqrt(a + b*x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*A*a*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*A*(a + b*x)**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*(a + b*x)**(5/2)/(5*b), Ne(b, 0)), (a**3/2)*(A*log(B*x) + B*x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = Aa^{3/2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{2\left(3(bx+a)^{5/2}B + 5(bx+a)^{3/2}Ab + 15\sqrt{bx+a}Aab\right)}{15b}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `A*a^(3/2)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a))) + 2/15*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B + 5*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*b + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a*b)/b`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{2 A a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + \frac{2 \left(3 (bx + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} B b^4 + 5 (bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} A b^5 + 15 \sqrt{bx + a} A a b^5\right)}{15 b^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*A*a^2*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2/15*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B*b^4 + 5*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*b^5 + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a*b^5)/b^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \left(\frac{2 A b - 2 B a}{3 b} + \frac{2 B a}{3 b} \right) (a + b x)^{3/2} + \frac{2 B (a + b x)^{5/2}}{5 b} + a \left(\frac{2 A b - 2 B a}{b} + \frac{2 B a}{b} \right) \sqrt{a + b x} + A a^{3/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b x} \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) 2i$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x,x)`output `((2*A*b - 2*B*a)/(3*b) + (2*B*a)/(3*b))*(a + b*x)^(3/2) + A*a^(3/2)*atan((a + b*x)^(1/2)*1i/a^(1/2))*2i + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b) + a*((2*A*b - 2*B*a)/b + (2*B*a)/b)*(a + b*x)^(1/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{46\sqrt{bx + a} a^2}{15} + \frac{22\sqrt{bx + a} abx}{15} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a} b^2 x^2}{5} + \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a}) a^2 - \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} + \sqrt{a}) a^2$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x)`output `(46*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2 + 22*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*x + 6*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a**2 - 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a**2)/15`

3.240 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1662
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1662
Rubi [A] (verified)	1663
Maple [A] (verified)	1665
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1665
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1666
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1666
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1667
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1667
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1668

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = 2(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{aA\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} + \frac{2}{3}B(a+bx)^{3/2} - \sqrt{a}(3Ab+2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

output

```
2*(A*b+B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)-a*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x+2/3*B*(b*x+a)^(3/2)-a^(1/2)*(3*A*b+2*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(2bx(3A+Bx) + a(-3A+8Bx))}{3x} - \sqrt{a}(3Ab+2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^2, x]
```

output

$$\left(\sqrt{a + bx} \cdot (2bx(3A + Bx) + a(-3A + 8Bx))\right) / (3x) - \sqrt{a} \cdot (3A \cdot b + 2a \cdot B) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a + bx} / \sqrt{a}]$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {87, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{(2aB + 3Ab) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x} dx}{2a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{ax}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(2aB + 3Ab) \left(a \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} dx + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{ax}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(2aB + 3Ab) \left(a \left(a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + 2\sqrt{a + bx} \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{ax}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{(2aB + 3Ab) \left(a \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + bx} \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{ax}$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$\frac{(2aB + 3Ab) \left(a \left(2\sqrt{a + bx} - 2\sqrt{a} \arctanh\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{ax}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + bx)^{(3/2)} \cdot (A + Bx) / x^2, x]$$

output

$$-\frac{(A(a+bx)^{5/2})/(ax) + ((3Ab + 2aB) * ((2(a+bx)^{3/2})/3 + a * (2\sqrt{a+bx} - 2\sqrt{a} * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a+bx}/\sqrt{a}]))) / (2a)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(
b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!Integer
Q[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinear
Q[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{3 \left(ax \left(Ab + \frac{2Ba}{3} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) - \frac{2 \left(\left(\frac{4Bx}{3} - \frac{A}{2} \right) a^{\frac{3}{2}} + bx\sqrt{a} \left(\frac{Bx}{3} + A \right) \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{3}}{\sqrt{a} x} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{aA\sqrt{bx+a}}{x} + \frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab\sqrt{bx+a} + 2Ba\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a} (3Ab + 2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab\sqrt{bx+a} + 2Ba\sqrt{bx+a} - 2a \left(\frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{2x} + \frac{(3Ab+2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}} \right)$
default	$\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab\sqrt{bx+a} + 2Ba\sqrt{bx+a} - 2a \left(\frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{2x} + \frac{(3Ab+2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}} \right)$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-3*(a*x*(A*b+2/3*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))-2/3*((4/3*B*x-1/2*A)*a^(3/2)+b*x*a^(1/2)*(1/3*B*x+A))*(b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx = \left[\frac{3(2Ba + 3Ab)\sqrt{a}x \log\left(\frac{bx - 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a} + 2a}{x}\right) + 2(2Bbx^2 - 3Aa + 2(4Ba + 3Ab)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{6x} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(3*(2*B*a + 3*A*b)*sqrt(a)*x*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(2*B*b*x^2 - 3*A*a + 2*(4*B*a + 3*A*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/x, 1/3*(3*(2*B*a + 3*A*b)*sqrt(-a)*x*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (2*B*b*x^2 - 3*A*a + 2*(4*B*a + 3*A*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/x]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = -A\sqrt{ab} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right) - \frac{Aa\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{\sqrt{x}} + Ab \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a+bx} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{a} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + Ba \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a+bx} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{a} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + Bb \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{ax} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x**2,x)`output `-A*sqrt(a)*b*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))) - A*a*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/sqrt(x) + A*b*Piecewise((2*a*atan(sqrt(a + b*x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*sqrt(a + b*x), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*log(x), True)) + B*a*Piecewise((2*a*atan(sqrt(a + b*x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*sqrt(a + b*x), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*log(x), True)) + B*b*Piecewise((2*(a + b*x)**(3/2)/(3*b), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3(2Ba + 3Ab)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b} - \frac{6\sqrt{bx+a}Aa}{bx} + \frac{4((bx+a)^{3/2}B + (bx+a)\sqrt{a}A + \sqrt{a}^3)}{6} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*(3*(2*B*a + 3*A*b)*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/b - 6*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a/(b*x) + 4*((b*x + a)^(3/2)*B + 3*(B*a + A*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b)*b`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{3}b \left(\frac{3\sqrt{bx+a}Aa}{bx} - \frac{3(2Ba^2+3Aab)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ab}} - \frac{2\left((bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bb^2+3\sqrt{bx+a}Bab^2+3\sqrt{bx+a}\right)}{b^3} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*b*(3*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a/(b*x) - 3*(2*B*a^2 + 3*A*a*b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*b) - 2*((b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*b^2 + 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a*b^2 + 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*b^3)/b^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = (2Ab+2Ba)\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3} + 2\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2(3Ab+2Ba)\sqrt{-\frac{a}{4}}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2Ba^2+3Aba}\right) \left((3Ab+2Ba)\sqrt{-\frac{a}{4}} - \frac{Aa\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} \right)$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x^2,x)`output `(2*A*b + 2*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(1/2) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/3 + 2*atan((2*(3*A*b + 2*B*a)*(-a/4)^(1/2)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/(2*B*a^2 + 3*A*a*b))*(3*A*b + 2*B*a)*(-a/4)^(1/2) - (A*a*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{-6\sqrt{bx + a}a^2 + 28\sqrt{bx + a}abx + 4\sqrt{bx + a}b^2x^2 + 15\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a})}{6x}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x)`output `(- 6*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2 + 28*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*x + 4*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a*b*x - 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b*x)/(6*x)`

3.241 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1669
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1669
Rubi [A] (verified)	1670
Maple [A] (verified)	1672
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1672
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1673
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1674
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1674
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1675
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1675

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = 2bB\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{(3Ab+4aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{4x} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2x^2} - \frac{3b(Ab+4aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}}$$

output

```
2*b*B*(b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/4*(3*A*b+4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x-1/2*A*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^2-3/4*b*(A*b+4*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(bx(5A-8Bx)+2a(A+2Bx))}{4x^2} - \frac{3b(Ab+4aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^3,x]
```

output

$$-1/4*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(b*x*(5*A - 8*B*x) + 2*a*(A + 2*B*x)))/x^2 - (3*b*(A*b + 4*a*B)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(4*\text{Sqrt}[a])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {87, 51, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{(4aB + Ab) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx}{4a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{2ax^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 51 \\ & \frac{(4aB + Ab) \left(\frac{3}{2}b \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{2ax^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{(4aB + Ab) \left(\frac{3}{2}b \left(a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + 2\sqrt{a + bx} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{2ax^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 73 \\ & \frac{(4aB + Ab) \left(\frac{3}{2}b \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + bx} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{2ax^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 221 \\ & \frac{(4aB + Ab) \left(\frac{3}{2}b \left(2\sqrt{a + bx} - 2\sqrt{a} \text{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{2ax^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^3, x]$$

output

```
-1/2*(A*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(a*x^2) + ((A*b + 4*a*B)*(-(a + b*x)^(3/2)/x) +
(3*b*(2*sqrt[a + b*x] - 2*sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[sqrt[a + b*x]/sqrt[a]]))/2)/(4*
a)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x
] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 60

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(
b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !Integer
Q[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinear
Q[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{3 \left(b x^2 (Ab+4Ba) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) + \frac{5 \left(\frac{2(2Bx+A)a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5} + bx\sqrt{a} \left(-\frac{8Bx}{5} + A \right) \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{3}}{4\sqrt{a} x^2} \right)}{4\sqrt{a} x^2}$	68
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} (5Abx+4Bax+2Aa)}{4x^2} + \frac{b \left(16B\sqrt{bx+a} - \frac{2(3Ab+12Ba) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{8}$	69
derivativedivides	$2b \left(B\sqrt{bx+a} - \frac{\left(\frac{5Ab}{8} + \frac{Ba}{2} \right) (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(-\frac{1}{2} a^2 B - \frac{3}{8} abA \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{b^2 x^2} - \frac{3(Ab+4Ba) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{8\sqrt{a}} \right)$	85
default	$2b \left(B\sqrt{bx+a} - \frac{\left(\frac{5Ab}{8} + \frac{Ba}{2} \right) (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(-\frac{1}{2} a^2 B - \frac{3}{8} abA \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{b^2 x^2} - \frac{3(Ab+4Ba) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{8\sqrt{a}} \right)$	85

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-3/4*(b*x^2*(A*b+4*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+5/3*(2/5*(2*B*x+A)*a^(3/2)+b*x*a^(1/2)*(-8/5*B*x+A))*(b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/x^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \left[\frac{3(4Bab+Ab^2)\sqrt{a}x^2 \log\left(\frac{bx-2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a}+2a}{x}\right) + 2(8Babx^2 - 2Aa^2 - (4Ba^2))\sqrt{bx+a}}{8ax^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(3*(4*B*a*b + A*b^2)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) +
2*a)/x) + 2*(8*B*a*b*x^2 - 2*A*a^2 - (4*B*a^2 + 5*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)
)/(a*x^2), 1/4*(3*(4*B*a*b + A*b^2)*sqrt(-a)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x
+ a)) + (8*B*a*b*x^2 - 2*A*a^2 - (4*B*a^2 + 5*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a*
x^2)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 42.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{Aa^2}{2\sqrt{b}x^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{3Aa\sqrt{b}}{4x^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{Ab^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$- \frac{Ab^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{3Ab^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}} - B\sqrt{ab} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)$$

$$- \frac{Ba\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{\sqrt{x}} + Bb \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + 2\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a+bx} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{a} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x**3,x)
```

output

```
-A*a**2/(2*sqrt(b)*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 3*A*a*sqrt(b)/(4*x**(3/2)
*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - A*b**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/sqrt(x) - A*b**(3/2)/(4
*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 3*A*b**2*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(4
*sqrt(a)) - B*sqrt(a)*b*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))) - B*a*sqrt(b)*sqr
t(a/(b*x) + 1)/sqrt(x) + B*b*Piecewise((2*a*atan(sqrt(a + b*x)/sqrt(-a))/s
qrt(-a) + 2*sqrt(a + b*x), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*log(x), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{8} b^2 \left(\frac{16 \sqrt{bx+a} B}{b} + \frac{3(4Ba+Ab) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{2((4Ba+5Ab)(bx+a))}{(bx+a)} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*b^2*(16*sqrt(b*x + a)*B/b + 3*(4*B*a + A*b)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(sqrt(a)*b) - 2*((4*B*a + 5*A*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) - (4*B*a^2 + 3*A*a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^2*b - 2*(b*x + a)*a*b + a^2*b))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{8 \sqrt{bx+a} B b^2 + \frac{3(4Bab^2+Ab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{4(bx+a)^{3/2} Bab^2 - 4\sqrt{bx+a} Ba^2 b^2 + 5(bx+a)}{b^2 x^2}}{4b}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*(8*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*b^2 + 3*(4*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) - (4*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*a*b^2 - 4*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^2*b^2 + 5*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*b^3 - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a*b^3)/(b^2*x^2))/b`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{\left(Ba^2b + \frac{3Aab^2}{4}\right) \sqrt{a+bx} - \left(\frac{5Ab^2}{4} + Bab\right) (a+bx)^{3/2}}{(a+bx)^2 - 2a(a+bx) + a^2} + 2Bb\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{3b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{3b(Ab+4Ba)\sqrt{a+bx}}{2\sqrt{a}\left(\frac{3Ab^2}{2}+6Bab\right)}\right) (Ab+4Ba)}{4\sqrt{a}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x^3,x)`output `((((3*A*a*b^2)/4 + B*a^2*b)*(a + b*x)^(1/2) - ((5*A*b^2)/4 + B*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/((a + b*x)^2 - 2*a*(a + b*x) + a^2) + 2*B*b*(a + b*x)^(1/2) - (3*b*atanh((3*b*(A*b + 4*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/(2*a^(1/2)*((3*A*b^2)/2 + 6*B*a*b)))*(A*b + 4*B*a))/(4*a^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{bx+a}a^2 - 18\sqrt{bx+a}abx + 16\sqrt{bx+a}b^2x^2 + 15\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})}{8x^2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x)`output `(- 4*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2 - 18*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*x + 16*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**2*x**2 - 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**2*x**2)/(8*x**2)`

3.242 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1676
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1676
Rubi [A] (verified)	1677
Maple [A] (verified)	1679
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1679
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1680
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1680
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1681
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1681
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1682

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{(Ab+2aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{4x^2} - \frac{b(Ab+10aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{8ax} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3x^3} + \frac{b^2(Ab-6aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(A*b+2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^2-1/8*b*(A*b+10*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x-1/3*A*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^3+1/8*b^2*(A*b-6*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(3Ab^2x^2+4a^2(2A+3Bx)+2abx(7A+15Bx))}{24ax^3} + \frac{b^2(Ab-6aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^4,x]`

output `-1/24*(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(3*A*b^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 2*a*b*x*(7*A + 15*B*x)))/(a*x^3) + (b^2*(A*b - 6*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(8*a^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {87, 51, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - 6aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx}{6a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{3ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - 6aB) \left(\frac{3}{4}b \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^2} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{3ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - 6aB) \left(\frac{3}{4}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{3ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - 6aB) \left(\frac{3}{4}b \left(\int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + bx} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{3ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(Ab - 6aB) \left(\frac{3}{4}b \left(-\frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{3ax^3}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^4, x]`

output `-1/3*(A*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(a*x^3) - ((A*b - 6*a*B)*(-1/2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)/x^2 + (3*b*(-(Sqrt[a + b*x]/x) - (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a]))/4)/(6*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(3Ab^2x^2+30Babx^2+14AAbx+12Ba^2x+8a^2A)}{24x^3a} + \frac{b^2(Ab-6Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{3b^2x^3(Ab-6Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8} + \left(\frac{7b\left(\frac{15Bx}{4}+A\right)xa^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \left(\frac{3Bx}{2}+A\right)a^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{3A\sqrt{a}b^2x^2}{8}\right)\sqrt{bx+a}$
derivativedivides	$2b^2\left(-\frac{\frac{(Ab+10Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{16a} + \left(\frac{Ab}{6}-Ba\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{3}{8}a^2B - \frac{1}{16}abA\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^3x^3} + \frac{(Ab-6Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)$
default	$2b^2\left(-\frac{\frac{(Ab+10Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{16a} + \left(\frac{Ab}{6}-Ba\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{3}{8}a^2B - \frac{1}{16}abA\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^3x^3} + \frac{(Ab-6Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/24*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(3*A*b^2*x^2+30*B*a*b*x^2+14*A*a*b*x+12*B*a^2*x+8*A*a^2)/x^3/a+1/8*b^2*(A*b-6*B*a)*\operatorname{arctanh}((b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(3/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \left[-\frac{3(6Bab^2 - Ab^3)\sqrt{a}x^3 \log\left(\frac{bx+2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a}+2a}{x}\right) + 2(8Aa^3 + 3(10Ba^2b + \dots)}{48a^2x^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$[-1/48*(3*(6*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*x^3*\log((b*x + 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x + a))*\operatorname{sqrt}(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(8*A*a^3 + 3*(10*B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2))*x^2 + 2*(6*B*a^3 + 7*A*a^2*b)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x + a))/(a^2*x^3), 1/24*(3*(6*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)*x^3*\operatorname{arctan}(\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)/\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x + a)) - (8*A*a^3 + 3*(10*B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2))*x^2 + 2*(6*B*a^3 + 7*A*a^2*b)*x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x + a))/(a^2*x^3)]$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 264 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 65.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{Aa^2}{3\sqrt{b}x^{7/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{11Aa\sqrt{b}}{12x^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{17Ab^{3/2}}{24x^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{Ab^{5/2}}{8a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} + \frac{Ab^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}} - \frac{Ba^2}{2\sqrt{b}x^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{3Ba\sqrt{b}}{4x^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{Bb^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{Bb^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{3Bb^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x**4,x)`

output `-A*a**2/(3*sqrt(b)*x**(7/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 11*A*a*sqrt(b)/(12*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 17*A*b**(3/2)/(24*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - A*b**(5/2)/(8*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + A*b**3*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(8*a**(3/2)) - B*a**2/(2*sqrt(b)*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 3*B*a*sqrt(b)/(4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - B*b**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/sqrt(x) - B*b**(3/2)/(4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 3*B*b**2*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(4*sqrt(a))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{1}{48} b^3 \left(\frac{2 \left(3(10Ba + Ab)(bx + a)^{5/2} - 8(6Ba^2 - Aab)(bx + a)^{3/2} + 3(6Ba^3 - Aa^2b)\sqrt{bx + a} \right)}{(bx + a)^3 ab - 3(bx + a)^2 a^2 b + 3(bx + a)a^3 b - a^4 b} \right) - \frac{3(6Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{bx + a}}{48 b^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/48*b^3*(2*(3*(10*B*a + A*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 8*(6*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*(b*x
+ a)^(3/2) + 3*(6*B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^3*a*b - 3*(b*
x + a)^2*a^2*b + 3*(b*x + a)*a^3*b - a^4*b) - 3*(6*B*a - A*b)*log((sqrt(b*
x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(3/2)*b)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{24} b^3 \left(\frac{3(6Ba - Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aab}} - \frac{30(bx+a)^{5/2}Ba - 48(bx+a)^{3/2}Ba^2}{\sqrt{-aab}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/24*b^3*(3*(6*B*a - A*b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a*b) -
(30*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B*a - 48*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*a^2 + 18*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^
3 + 3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*A*b + 8*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*a*b - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a^
2*b)/(a*b^4*x^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{Ab^3}{3} - 2Bab^2\right)(a+bx)^{3/2} + \left(\frac{3Ba^2b^2}{4} - \frac{Aab^3}{8}\right)\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{(Ab^3+10Bab^2)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{8a}}{3a(a+bx)^2 - 3a^2(a+bx) - (a+bx)^3 + a^3} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(Ab - 6Ba)}{8a^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x^4,x)
```

output

```
((A*b^3)/3 - 2*B*a*b^2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2) + ((3*B*a^2*b^2)/4 - (A*a*b^3)/8)
*(a + b*x)^(1/2) + ((A*b^3 + 10*B*a*b^2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(8*a)/(3*a*(a +
b*x)^2 - 3*a^2*(a + b*x) - (a + b*x)^3 + a^3) + (b^2*atanh((a + b*x)^(1/2)
)/a^(1/2))*(A*b - 6*B*a)/(8*a^(3/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{-16\sqrt{bx + a} a^3 - 52\sqrt{bx + a} a^2 bx - 66\sqrt{bx + a} a b^2 x^2 + 15\sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} + \sqrt{a})}{48a x^3}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x)`

output `(- 16*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3 - 52*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x - 66*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**3*x**3 - 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**3*x**3)/(48*a*x**3)`

3.243 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	1683
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1683
Rubi [A] (verified)	1684
Maple [A] (verified)	1686
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1687
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1687
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1688
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1688
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1689
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1690

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{(3Ab+8aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{24x^3} - \frac{b(3Ab+56aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{96ax^2} + \frac{b^2(3Ab-8aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{64a^2x} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4x^4} - \frac{b^3(3Ab-8aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/24*(3*A*b+8*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^3-1/96*b*(3*A*b+56*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x^2+1/64*b^2*(3*A*b-8*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x-1/4*A*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^4-1/64*b^3*(3*A*b-8*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(-9Ab^3x^3+6ab^2x^2(A+4Bx)+16a^3(3A+4Bx)+8a^2bx(9A+14Bx))}{192a^2x^4} + \frac{b^3(-3Ab+8aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^5,x]`

output `-1/192*(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-9*A*b^3*x^3 + 6*a*b^2*x^2*(A + 4*B*x) + 16*a^3*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 8*a^2*b*x*(9*A + 14*B*x)))/(a^2*x^4) + (b^3*(-3*A*b + 8*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(64*a^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {87, 51, 51, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(3Ab - 8aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx}{8a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & -\frac{(3Ab - 8aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^3} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right)}{8a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & -\frac{(3Ab - 8aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right)}{8a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -\frac{(3Ab - 8aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right)}{8a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(3Ab - 8aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(-\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right)}{8a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{4ax^4}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{(3Ab - 8aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right)}{8a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{4ax^4}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(A*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(a*x^4) - ((3*A*b - 8*a*B)*(-1/3*(a + b*x)^(3/2)/x^3 + (b*(-1/2*sqrt[a + b*x]/x^2 + (b*(-sqrt[a + b*x]/(a*x)) + (b*ArcTanh[sqrt[a + b*x]/sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/4))/2)/(8*a)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_]
:> Simp[-(b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x]
- Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))
Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !EqQ[e, 0] || !EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{3 \left(\frac{b^3 x^4 (Ab - \frac{8Ba}{3}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \sqrt{bx+a} \left(\frac{b^2 x^2 (4Bx+A)a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{12} + bx \left(\frac{14Bx}{9} + A \right) a^{\frac{5}{2}} + \left(\frac{8Bx}{9} + \frac{2A}{3} \right) a^{\frac{7}{2}} - \frac{A\sqrt{a} b^3 x^3}{8} \right)}{8a^{\frac{5}{2}} x^4} \right)}{8a^{\frac{5}{2}} x^4}$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} (-9Ab^3x^3 + 24Ba^2b^2x^3 + 6aAb^2x^2 + 112Ba^2bx^2 + 72a^2Abx + 64Ba^3x + 48a^3A)}{192x^4a^2} - \frac{b^3(3Ab - 8Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
derivativedivides	$2b^3 \left(-\frac{\frac{(3Ab - 8Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{128a^2} + \frac{(33Ab + 40Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{384a} + \left(\frac{11Ab}{128} - \frac{11Ba}{48}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{a(3Ab - 8Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{128}}{b^4x^4} - \frac{(3Ab - 8Ba)}{64a^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$
default	$2b^3 \left(-\frac{\frac{(3Ab - 8Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{128a^2} + \frac{(33Ab + 40Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{384a} + \left(\frac{11Ab}{128} - \frac{11Ba}{48}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{a(3Ab - 8Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{128}}{b^4x^4} - \frac{(3Ab - 8Ba)}{64a^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-3/8*(1/8*b^3*x^4*(A*b-8/3*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+(b*x+a)^(1/2)
*(1/12*b^2*x^2*(4*B*x+A)*a^(3/2)+b*x*(14/9*B*x+A)*a^(5/2)+(8/9*B*x+2/3*A)
*a^(7/2)-1/8*A*a^(1/2)*b^3*x^3)/a^(5/2)/x^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{\left[-\frac{3(8Bab^3 - 3Ab^4)\sqrt{ax^4} \log\left(\frac{bx-2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x}\right) + 2(48Aa^4 + 3(8Ba^2b^2 - 3Aa^3b))\sqrt{ax^4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) + (48Aa^4 + 3(8Ba^2b^2 - 3Aab^3))x^3 + 2(56Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 8(8Ba^4 + 9Aa^3b)x\sqrt{bx+a}}{192a^3x^4} \right]}{192a^3x^4}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/384*(3*(8*B*a*b^3 - 3*A*b^4)*sqrt(a)*x^4*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(48*A*a^4 + 3*(8*B*a^2*b^2 - 3*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 2*(56*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(8*B*a^4 + 9*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^3*x^4), -1/192*(3*(8*B*a*b^3 - 3*A*b^4)*sqrt(-a)*x^4*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (48*A*a^4 + 3*(8*B*a^2*b^2 - 3*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 2*(56*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(8*B*a^4 + 9*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^3*x^4)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 298 vs. 2(129) = 258.

Time = 125.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{Aa^2}{4\sqrt{bx}x^{9/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{5Aa\sqrt{b}}{8x^{7/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{13Ab^{3/2}}{32x^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} + \frac{Ab^{5/2}}{64ax^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} + \frac{3Ab^{7/2}}{64a^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{3Ab^4 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{64a^{5/2}} - \frac{Ba^2}{3\sqrt{bx}x^{7/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{11Ba\sqrt{b}}{12x^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{17Bb^{3/2}}{24x^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{Bb^{5/2}}{8a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} + \frac{Bb^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x**5,x)`

output

```
-A*a**2/(4*sqrt(b)*x**(9/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 5*A*a*sqrt(b)/(8*x**(7/2)
*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 13*A*b**(3/2)/(32*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + A*b*
*(5/2)/(64*a*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 3*A*b**(7/2)/(64*a**2*sqrt(x)*s
qrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 3*A*b**4*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(64*a**(5/2)
) - B*a**2/(3*sqrt(b)*x**(7/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 11*B*a*sqrt(b)/(12*x**
(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 17*B*b**(3/2)/(24*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) -
B*b**(5/2)/(8*a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + B*b**3*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)
)*sqrt(x))/(8*a**(3/2))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{1}{384} b^4 \left(\frac{2 \left(3(8Ba - 3Ab)(bx+a)^{7/2} + (40Ba^2 + 33Aab)(bx+a)^{5/2} - 11(8Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)(bx+a)^{3/2} + 3Aa^2 \right)}{(bx+a)^4 a^2 b - 4(bx+a)^3 a^3 b + 6(bx+a)^2 a^4 b - 4(bx+a) a^5 b + a^6 b} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/384*b^4*(2*(3*(8*B*a - 3*A*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2) + (40*B*a^2 + 33*A*a*b)*
(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 11*(8*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) + 3*(8*B*a^4 - 3
*A*a^3*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^4*a^2*b - 4*(b*x + a)^3*a^3*b + 6*(b*x
+ a)^2*a^4*b - 4*(b*x + a)*a^5*b + a^6*b) + 3*(8*B*a - 3*A*b)*log((sqrt(b
*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(5/2)*b)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{3(8Bab^4 - 3Ab^5) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + 24(bx+a)^{7/2} Bab^4 + 40(bx+a)^{5/2} Ba^2 b^4 - 88(bx+a)^{3/2} Ba^3 b^4 + 24\sqrt{bx+a} Ba^4 b^4 - 9(bx+a)^{7/2} Ab^5 + 33(bx+a)^{5/2} Aa^2 b^4}{\sqrt{-aa^2} a^2 b^4 x^4}$$

192 b

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{-1/192*(3*(8*B*a*b^4 - 3*A*b^5)*\arctan(\sqrt{b*x + a}/\sqrt{-a}))/(\sqrt{-a}*a^2) + (24*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)}*B*a*b^4 + 40*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*B*a^2*b^4 - 88*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*B*a^3*b^4 + 24*\sqrt{b*x + a}*B*a^4*b^4 - 9*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)}*A*b^5 + 33*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*A*a*b^5 + 33*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*A*a^2*b^5 - 9*\sqrt{b*x + a}*A*a^3*b^5)/(a^2*b^4*x^4)/b}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{11Ab^4}{64} - \frac{11Bab^3}{24}\right)(a + bx)^{3/2} + \left(\frac{Ba^2b^3}{8} - \frac{3Aab^4}{64}\right)\sqrt{a + bx} - \frac{(3Ab^4 - 8Bab^3)(a + bx)^{7/2}}{64a^2} + \frac{(33Ab^4 + 40Bab^3)(a + bx)^{5/2}}{192a} - \frac{(a + bx)^4 - 4a^3(a + bx) - 4a(a + bx)^3 + 6a^2(a + bx)^2 + a^4}{64a^{5/2}} + \frac{b^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(3Ab - 8Ba)}{64a^{5/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x^5,x)`

output
$$- \left(\frac{11Ab^4}{64} - \frac{11Bab^3}{24}\right)(a + b*x)^{(3/2)} + \left(\frac{Ba^2b^3}{8} - \frac{3Aab^4}{64}\right)\sqrt{a + b*x} - \frac{(3Ab^4 - 8Bab^3)(a + b*x)^{(7/2)}}{64a^2} + \frac{(33Ab^4 + 40Bab^3)(a + b*x)^{(5/2)}}{192a} - \frac{(a + b*x)^4 - 4a^3(a + b*x) - 4a(a + b*x)^3 + 6a^2(a + b*x)^2 + a^4}{64a^{5/2}} - \frac{b^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b*x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(3Ab - 8Ba)}{64a^{5/2}}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{-96\sqrt{bx + a}a^4 - 272\sqrt{bx + a}a^3bx - 236\sqrt{bx + a}a^2b^2x^2 - 30\sqrt{bx + a}ab^3x^3}{384a^2x^4}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x)`output `(- 96*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4 - 272*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*x - 236*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 30*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*x**3 - 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**4*x**4 + 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**4*x**4)/(384*a**2*x**4)`

3.244 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1691
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1692
Rubi [A] (verified)	1692
Maple [A] (verified)	1695
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1695
Sympy [F(-1)]	1696
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1696
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1697
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1697
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1698

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{(3Ab+10aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{40x^4} - \frac{b(Ab+30aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{80ax^3} + \frac{b^2(Ab-2aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{64a^2x^2} - \frac{3b^3(Ab-2aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{128a^3x} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{5x^5} + \frac{3b^4(Ab-2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/40*(3*A*b+10*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^4-1/80*b*(A*b+30*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a
/x^3+1/64*b^2*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x^2-3/128*b^3*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x
+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x-1/5*A*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^5+3/128*b^4*(A*b-2*B*a)*arctanh((b*x
+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(15Ab^4x^4 - 10ab^3x^3(A+3Bx) + 4a^2b^2x^2(2A+5Bx) + 32a^4(4A+5Bx) + 16a^3bx(11A+15B))}{640a^3x^5}$$

$$+ \frac{3b^4(Ab - 2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^6, x]
```

output

```
-1/640*(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(15*A*b^4*x^4 - 10*a*b^3*x^3*(A + 3*B*x) + 4*a^2*b^2*x^2*(2*A + 5*B*x) + 32*a^4*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 16*a^3*b*x*(11*A + 15*B*x)))/(a^3*x^5) + (3*b^4*(A*b - 2*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(128*a^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$, Rules used = {87, 51, 51, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$-\frac{(Ab - 2aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx}{2a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5ax^5}$$

$$\downarrow 51$$

$$-\frac{(Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{3}{8}b \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^4} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5ax^5}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5ax^5} \\
 & \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5ax^5} \\
 & \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5ax^5} \\
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{(Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \left(-\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5ax^5} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{(Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5ax^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^6, x]`

output

$$-1/5*(A*(a + b*x)^{(5/2)})/(a*x^5) - ((A*b - 2*a*B)*(-1/4*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)}/x^4 + (3*b*(-1/3*sqrt[a + b*x])/x^3 + (b*(-1/2*sqrt[a + b*x]/(a*x^2) - (3*b*(-(sqrt[a + b*x]/(a*x)) + (b*ArcTanh[sqrt[a + b*x]/sqrt[a])/a^{(3/2)}]))/(4*a))))/6)/8)/(2*a)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x
] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 52

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{15b^4x^5(Ab-2Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)+\sqrt{bx+a}\left(-\frac{5b^3x^3(3Bx+A)a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4}+b^2x^2\left(\frac{5Bx}{2}+A\right)a^{\frac{5}{2}}+22b\left(\frac{15Bx}{11}+A\right)xa^{\frac{7}{2}}+(20Bx+16A)a^{\frac{9}{2}}\right)}{80a^{\frac{7}{2}}x^5}$
derivativedivides	$2b^4\left(-\frac{3(Ab-2Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{256a^3}-\frac{7(Ab-2Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{128a^2}+\frac{Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{10a}+\left(\frac{7Ab}{128}-\frac{7Ba}{64}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}-\frac{3a(Ab-2Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{256}+\frac{3(Ab-2Ba)a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{256}\right)$
default	$2b^4\left(-\frac{3(Ab-2Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{256a^3}-\frac{7(Ab-2Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{128a^2}+\frac{Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{10a}+\left(\frac{7Ab}{128}-\frac{7Ba}{64}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}-\frac{3a(Ab-2Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{256}+\frac{3(Ab-2Ba)a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{256}\right)$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(15Ab^4x^4-30Bab^3x^4-10Aab^3x^3+20Ba^2b^2x^3+8Aa^2b^2x^2+240Ba^3bx^2+176Aa^3bx+160Ba^4x+128Aa^4)}{640x^5a^3}$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/80*(-15/8*b^4*x^5*(A*b-2*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-5/4*b^3*x^3*(3*B*x+A)*a^(3/2)+b^2*x^2*(5/2*B*x+A)*a^(5/2)+22*b*(15/11*B*x+A)*x*a^(7/2)+(20*B*x+16*A)*a^(9/2)+15/8*A*a^(1/2)*b^4*x^4)/a^(7/2)/x^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = \left[-\frac{15(2Bab^4 - Ab^5)\sqrt{a}x^5 \log\left(\frac{bx+2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x}\right) + 2(128Aa^5 - 15(2Ba^2b^2 + 16Aa^3))\sqrt{a}x^4 + (15Aa^4 - 15(2Ba^2b^2 + 16Aa^3))\sqrt{a}x^3 + (15Aa^3 - 15(2Ba^2b^2 + 16Aa^3))\sqrt{a}x^2 + (15Aa^2 - 15(2Ba^2b^2 + 16Aa^3))\sqrt{a}x + 15Aa\sqrt{a}}{640x^5a^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^6,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/1280*(15*(2*B*a*b^4 - A*b^5)*sqrt(a)*x^5*log((b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(128*A*a^5 - 15*(2*B*a^2*b^3 - A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 10*(2*B*a^3*b^2 - A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 8*(30*B*a^4*b + A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 16*(10*B*a^5 + 11*A*a^4*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^4*x^5), 1/640*(15*(2*B*a*b^4 - A*b^5)*sqrt(-a)*x^5*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (128*A*a^5 - 15*(2*B*a^2*b^3 - A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 10*(2*B*a^3*b^2 - A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 8*(30*B*a^4*b + A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 16*(10*B*a^5 + 11*A*a^4*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^4*x^5)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x**6,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{1280} b^5 \left(\frac{2 \left(128 (bx + a)^{5/2} A a^2 b - 15 (2 Ba - Ab) (bx + a)^{9/2} + 70 (2 Ba^2 - Aab) (bx + a)^{7/2} - 70 (2 Ba^4 - \dots \right)}{(bx + a)^5 a^3 b - 5 (bx + a)^4 a^4 b + 10 (bx + a)^3 a^5 b - 10 (bx + a)^2 a^6 b + \dots} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/1280*b^5*(2*(128*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*A*a^2*b - 15*(2*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(9/2) + 70*(2*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 70*(2*B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) + 15*(2*B*a^5 - A*a^4*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^5*a^3*b - 5*(b*x + a)^4*a^4*b + 10*(b*x + a)^3*a^5*b - 10*(b*x + a)^2*a^6*b + 5*(b*x + a)*a^7*b - a^8*b) - 15*(2*B*a - A*b)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(7/2)*b))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{1}{640} b^5 \left(\frac{15(2Ba - Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa^3b}} + \frac{30(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}Ba - 140(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}B}{a^3b^6x^5} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/640*b^5*(15*(2*B*a - A*b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^3*b) + (30*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*B*a - 140*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*B*a^2 + 140*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*a^4 - 30*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^5 - 15*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*A*b + 70*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*A*a*b - 128*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*A*a^2*b - 70*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*a^3*b + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a^4*b)/(a^3*b^6*x^5))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{7Ab^5}{64} - \frac{7Bab^4}{32}\right) (a+bx)^{3/2} + \left(\frac{3Ba^2b^4}{64} - \frac{3Aab^5}{128}\right) \sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{7(Ab^5-2Bab^4)}{64a^2}}{5a(a+bx)^4 - 5a^4(a+bx) - (a+bx)^5 - 10a^2(a+bx)} + \frac{3b^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Ab - 2Ba)}{128a^{7/2}}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x^6,x)
```

output

```
((7*A*b^5)/64 - (7*B*a*b^4)/32)*(a + b*x)^(3/2) + ((3*B*a^2*b^4)/64 - (3*A*a*b^5)/128)*(a + b*x)^(1/2) - (7*(A*b^5 - 2*B*a*b^4)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(64*a^2) + (3*(A*b^5 - 2*B*a*b^4)*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(128*a^3) + (A*b^5*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*a)/(5*a*(a + b*x)^4 - 5*a^4*(a + b*x) - (a + b*x)^5 - 10*a^2*(a + b*x)^3 + 10*a^3*(a + b*x)^2 + a^5) + (3*b^4*atanh((a + b*x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(A*b - 2*B*a))/(128*a^(7/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{-256\sqrt{bx + a}a^5 - 672\sqrt{bx + a}a^4bx - 496\sqrt{bx + a}a^3b^2x^2 - 20\sqrt{bx + a}a^2b^3x^3 + 30\sqrt{a}a^{3/2}b^3x^3 + 15\sqrt{a}a^{1/2}b^3x^3 - 15\sqrt{a}a^{1/2}b^3x^3}{1280a^{3/2}x^5}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^6,x)
```

output

```
( - 256*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5 - 672*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b*x - 496*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 20*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 30*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**4*x**4 + 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**5*x**5 - 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**5*x**5)/(1280*a**3*x**5)
```

3.245 $\int x^4(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1699
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1699
Rubi [A] (verified)	1700
Maple [A] (verified)	1701
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1702
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1702
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1703
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1703
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1704
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1705

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int x^4(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2a^4(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b^6} - \frac{2a^3(4Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{9/2}}{9b^6} + \frac{4a^2(3Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{11/2}}{11b^6} - \frac{4a(2Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{13/2}}{13b^6} + \frac{2(Ab - 5aB)(a + bx)^{15/2}}{15b^6} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{17/2}}{17b^6}$$

output

```
2/7*a^4*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^6-2/9*a^3*(4*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(9/2)/b^6+4/11*a^2*(3*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(11/2)/b^6-4/13*a*(2*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(13/2)/b^6+2/15*(A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(15/2)/b^6+2/17*B*(b*x+a)^(17/2)/b^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^4(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(a + bx)^{7/2}(-1280a^5B + 3003b^5x^4(17A + 15Bx) + 128a^4b(17A + 35Bx) - 224a^3b^2x(34A + 17Bx) + 128a^2b^3x^2(17A + 15Bx) - 224ab^4x^3(17A + 15Bx) + 128a^5B)}{765765b^6}$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x),x]`

output $(2*(a + b*x)^{(7/2)}*(-1280*a^5*B + 3003*b^5*x^4*(17*A + 15*B*x) + 128*a^4*b*(17*A + 35*B*x) - 224*a^3*b^2*x*(34*A + 45*B*x) + 336*a^2*b^3*x^2*(51*A + 55*B*x) - 462*a*b^4*x^3*(68*A + 65*B*x)))/(765765*b^6)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^4(a + bx)^{5/2}(aB - Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{a^3(a + bx)^{7/2}(5aB - 4Ab)}{b^5} - \frac{2a^2(a + bx)^{9/2}(5aB - 3Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{(a + bx)^{13/2}(Ab - 5aB)}{b^5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2a^4(a + bx)^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{7b^6} - \frac{2a^3(a + bx)^{9/2}(4Ab - 5aB)}{9b^6} + \frac{4a^2(a + bx)^{11/2}(3Ab - 5aB)}{11b^6} + \frac{2(a + bx)^{15/2}(Ab - 5aB)}{15b^6} - \frac{4a(a + bx)^{13/2}(2Ab - 5aB)}{13b^6} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{17/2}}{17b^6}$$

input `Int[x^4*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x),x]`

output $(2*a^4*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(7/2)})/(7*b^6) - (2*a^3*(4*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(9/2)})/(9*b^6) + (4*a^2*(3*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(11/2)})/(11*b^6) - (4*a*(2*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(13/2)})/(13*b^6) + (2*(A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(15/2)})/(15*b^6) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^{(17/2)})/(17*b^6)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{256 \left(\frac{3003 \left(\frac{15Bx+A}{17} \right) x^4 b^5}{128} - \frac{231a \left(\frac{65Bx+A}{68} \right) x^3 b^4}{16} + \frac{63a^2 x^2 \left(\frac{55Bx+A}{51} \right) b^3}{8} - \frac{7a^3 \left(\frac{45Bx+A}{34} \right) x b^2}{2} + a^4 \left(\frac{35Bx+A}{17} \right) b - \frac{10a^5 B}{17} \right)}{45045b^6}$
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} (45045b^5 B x^5 + 51051A b^5 x^4 - 30030Ba b^4 x^4 - 31416Aa b^4 x^3 + 18480B a^2 b^3 x^3 + 17136A a^2 b^3 x^2 - 10080B a^3 x^2 - 10080A a^3 x + 10080A^2)}{765765b^6}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} (45045b^5 B x^5 + 51051A b^5 x^4 - 30030Ba b^4 x^4 - 31416Aa b^4 x^3 + 18480B a^2 b^3 x^3 + 17136A a^2 b^3 x^2 - 10080B a^3 x^2 - 10080A a^3 x + 10080A^2)}{765765b^6}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(Ab-5Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(6a^2B-4a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(-4a^3B+6a^2(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(Ba^4-4a^3(Ab-Ba))}{b^6}}{b^6}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2(Ab-5Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(6a^2B-4a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(-4a^3B+6a^2(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(Ba^4-4a^3(Ab-Ba))}{b^6}}{b^6}$
trager	$\frac{2(45045b^8 B x^8 + 51051A b^8 x^7 + 105105Ba b^7 x^7 + 121737Aa b^7 x^6 + 63525B a^2 b^6 x^6 + 76041A a^2 b^6 x^5 + 315B a^3 b^5 x^5 + 59049A a^3 b^5 x^4 + 10080A^2 a^3 b^4 x^4 + 10080A^2 a^3 b^4 x^3 + 10080A^2 a^3 b^4 x^2 + 10080A^2 a^3 b^4 x + 10080A^2 a^3)}{b^6}$
risch	$\frac{2(45045b^8 B x^8 + 51051A b^8 x^7 + 105105Ba b^7 x^7 + 121737Aa b^7 x^6 + 63525B a^2 b^6 x^6 + 76041A a^2 b^6 x^5 + 315B a^3 b^5 x^5 + 59049A a^3 b^5 x^4 + 10080A^2 a^3 b^4 x^4 + 10080A^2 a^3 b^4 x^3 + 10080A^2 a^3 b^4 x^2 + 10080A^2 a^3 b^4 x + 10080A^2 a^3)}{b^6}$

```
input int(x^4*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 256/45045*(3003/128*(15/17*B*x+A)*x^4*b^5-231/16*a*(65/68*B*x+A)*x^3*b^4+3/8*a^2*x^2*(55/51*B*x+A)*b^3-7/2*a^3*(45/34*B*x+A)*x*b^2+a^4*(35/17*B*x+A)*b-10/17*a^5*B)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2(45045 Bb^8x^8 - 1280 Ba^8 + 2176 Aa^7b + 3003(35 Bab^7 + 17 Ab^8)x^7 + 231(275 Ba^2b^6 + 527$$

input `integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/765765*(45045*B*b^8*x^8 - 1280*B*a^8 + 2176*A*a^7*b + 3003*(35*B*a*b^7 + 17*A*b^8)*x^7 + 231*(275*B*a^2*b^6 + 527*A*a*b^7)*x^6 + 63*(5*B*a^3*b^5 + 1207*A*a^2*b^6)*x^5 - 35*(10*B*a^4*b^4 - 17*A*a^3*b^5)*x^4 + 40*(10*B*a^5*b^3 - 17*A*a^4*b^4)*x^3 - 48*(10*B*a^6*b^2 - 17*A*a^5*b^3)*x^2 + 64*(10*B*a^7*b - 17*A*a^6*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/b^6`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{17}}{17b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{15}(Ab-5Ba)}{15b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{13}(-4Aab+10Ba^2)}{13b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{11}(6Aa^2b-10Ba^3)}{11b} + \frac{(a+bx)^9(-4Aa^3b+5Ba^4)}{9b} + \frac{(a+bx)^7(-4Aa^4b+5Ba^5)}{7b} \right)}{b^5} + a^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(\frac{Ax^5}{5} + \frac{Bx^6}{6} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**4*(b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `Piecewise(((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(17/2))/(17*b) + (a + b*x)**(15/2)*(A*b - 5*B*a)/(15*b) + (a + b*x)**(13/2)*(-4*A*a*b + 10*B*a**2)/(13*b) + (a + b*x)**(11/2)*(6*A*a**2*b - 10*B*a**3)/(11*b) + (a + b*x)**(9/2)*(-4*A*a**3*b + 5*B*a**4)/(9*b) + (a + b*x)**(7/2)*(A*a**4*b - B*a**5)/(7*b))/b**5, Ne(b, 0)), (a**(5/2)*(A*x**5/5 + B*x**6/6), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(45045 (bx+a)^{\frac{17}{2}} B - 51051 (5Ba - Ab)(bx+a)^{\frac{15}{2}} + 117810 (5Ba^2 - 2Aab)(bx+a)^{\frac{13}{2}} - 139230 (5Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}} + 85085 (5Ba^4 - 4Aa^3b)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 109395 (Ba^5 - Aa^4b)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} \right)}{b^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/765765*(45045*(b*x + a)^(17/2)*B - 51051*(5*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(15/2)
+ 117810*(5*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 139230*(5*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*
b)*(b*x + a)^(11/2) + 85085*(5*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 109395
*(B*a^5 - A*a^4*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2))/b^6
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 708 vs. $2(128) = 256$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 708, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.69

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2/765765*(2431*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)
^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*A*a^3/b^4 +
1105*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^
2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x + a
)*a^5)*B*a^3/b^5 + 3315*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990
*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4
- 693*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*A*a^2/b^4 + 765*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*
x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 90
09*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^6
)*B*a^2/b^5 + 765*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005*(
b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4 -
6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^6)*A*a/b^4 + 357*(429*(b*
x + a)^(15/2) - 3465*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a + 12285*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^2 - 250
25*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^3 + 32175*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^4 - 27027*(b*x + a)^(5/2)
*a^5 + 15015*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^6 - 6435*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^7)*B*a/b^5 + 119*(
429*(b*x + a)^(15/2) - 3465*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a + 12285*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^
2 - 25025*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^3 + 32175*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^4 - 27027*(b*x + a
)^(5/2)*a^5 + 15015*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^6 - 6435*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^7)*A/b^4 +
7*(6435*(b*x + a)^(17/2) - 58344*(b*x + a)^(15/2)*a + 235620*(b*x + a)^(13
/2)*a^2 - 556920*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^3 + 850850*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^4 - 87...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^4(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx &= \frac{(20Ba^2 - 8Aab)(a+bx)^{13/2}}{13b^6} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{17/2}}{17b^6} \\
 &+ \frac{(2Ab - 10Ba)(a+bx)^{15/2}}{15b^6} - \frac{(2Ba^5 - 2Aa^4b)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^6} \\
 &+ \frac{(10Ba^4 - 8Aa^3b)(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b^6} - \frac{(20Ba^3 - 12Aa^2b)(a+bx)^{11/2}}{11b^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```

((20*B*a^2 - 8*A*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(13/2))/(13*b^6) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(17/2))/
(17*b^6) + ((2*A*b - 10*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(15/2))/(15*b^6) - ((2*B*a^5 - 2*A*
a^4*b)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^6) + ((10*B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*(a + b*x)^(9/2))
/(9*b^6) - ((20*B*a^3 - 12*A*a^2*b)*(a + b*x)^(11/2))/(11*b^6)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x^4(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(6435b^8x^8 + 22308ab^7x^7 + 26466a^2b^6x^6 + 10908a^3b^5x^5 + 35a^4b^4x^4 - 40a^5b^3x^3 + 48a^6b^2x^2 - 40a^7bx + 128a^8)}{109395b^5}$$

input `int(x^4*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(128*a**8 - 64*a**7*b*x + 48*a**6*b**2*x**2 - 40*a**5*b**3*x**3 + 35*a**4*b**4*x**4 + 10908*a**3*b**5*x**5 + 26466*a**2*b**6*x**6 + 22308*a*b**7*x**7 + 6435*b**8*x**8))/(109395*b**5)`

3.246 $\int x^3(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1706
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1706
Rubi [A] (verified)	1707
Maple [A] (verified)	1708
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1709
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1709
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1710
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1710
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1711
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1712

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int x^3(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = -\frac{2a^3(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b^5} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)^{9/2}}{9b^5} - \frac{6a(Ab - 2aB)(a + bx)^{11/2}}{11b^5} + \frac{2(Ab - 4aB)(a + bx)^{13/2}}{13b^5} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{15/2}}{15b^5}$$

output

$$-2/7*a^3*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^5+2/9*a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(9/2)/b^5-6/11*a*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(11/2)/b^5+2/13*(A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(13/2)/b^5+2/15*B*(b*x+a)^(15/2)/b^5$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^3(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(a + bx)^{7/2} (128a^4B + 168a^2b^2x(5A + 6Bx) + 231b^4x^3(15A + 13Bx) - 16a^3b(15A + 28Bx) - 45045b^5)}{45045b^5}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x),x]`

output
$$\frac{(2*(a + b*x)^{(7/2)}*(128*a^4*B + 168*a^2*b^2*x*(5*A + 6*B*x) + 231*b^4*x^3*(15*A + 13*B*x) - 16*a^3*b*(15*A + 28*B*x) - 42*a*b^3*x^2*(45*A + 44*B*x))}{(45045*b^5)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3(a + bx)^{5/2}(aB - Ab)}{b^4} - \frac{a^2(a + bx)^{7/2}(4aB - 3Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{(a + bx)^{11/2}(Ab - 4aB)}{b^4} + \frac{3a(a + bx)^{9/2}(2aB - Ab)}{b^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^3(a + bx)^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{7b^5} + \frac{2a^2(a + bx)^{9/2}(3Ab - 4aB)}{9b^5} + \frac{2(a + bx)^{13/2}(Ab - 4aB)}{13b^5} - \frac{6a(a + bx)^{11/2}(Ab - 2aB)}{11b^5} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{15/2}}{15b^5}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x),x]`

output
$$\frac{(-2*a^3*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(7/2))}}{(7*b^5)} + \frac{(2*a^2*(3*A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(9/2))}}{(9*b^5)} - \frac{(6*a*(A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(11/2))}}{(11*b^5)} + \frac{(2*(A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(13/2))}}{(13*b^5)} + \frac{(2*B*(a + b*x)^{(15/2))}}{(15*b^5)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{32 \left(-\frac{231 \left(\frac{13Bx+A}{16} \right) x^3 b^4}{16} + \frac{63 a x^2 \left(\frac{44Bx+A}{45} \right) b^3}{8} - \frac{7 a^2 \left(\frac{6Bx+A}{5} \right) x b^2}{2} + a^3 \left(\frac{28Bx+A}{15} \right) b - \frac{8B a^4}{15} \right) (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3003b^5}$
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} (-3003B x^4 b^4 - 3465A x^3 b^4 + 1848B x^3 a b^3 + 1890A x^2 a b^3 - 1008B x^2 a^2 b^2 - 840A x a^2 b^2 + 448B x a^3 b + 240A^2 a^3)}{45045b^5}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} (-3003B x^4 b^4 - 3465A x^3 b^4 + 1848B x^3 a b^3 + 1890A x^2 a b^3 - 1008B x^2 a^2 b^2 - 840A x a^2 b^2 + 448B x a^3 b + 240A^2 a^3)}{45045b^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(Ab-4Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(3a^2B-3a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(-a^3B+3a^2(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{2a^3(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}}{b^5}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} - \frac{2(-Ab+4Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} - \frac{2(-3a^2B+3a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} - \frac{2(a^3B-3a^2(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{2a^3(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}}{b^5}$
trager	$\frac{2(-3003b^7B x^7 - 3465A b^7 x^6 - 7161Ba b^6 x^6 - 8505Aa b^6 x^5 - 4473B a^2 b^5 x^5 - 5565A a^2 b^5 x^4 - 35B a^3 b^4 x^4 - 75A a^3 b^4)}{45045b^5}$
risch	$\frac{2(-3003b^7B x^7 - 3465A b^7 x^6 - 7161Ba b^6 x^6 - 8505Aa b^6 x^5 - 4473B a^2 b^5 x^5 - 5565A a^2 b^5 x^4 - 35B a^3 b^4 x^4 - 75A a^3 b^4)}{45045b^5}$

```
input int(x^3*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -32/3003*(-231/16*(13/15*B*x+A)*x^3*b^4+63/8*a*x^2*(44/45*B*x+A)*b^3-7/2*a^2*(6/5*B*x+A)*x*b^2+a^3*(28/15*B*x+A)*b-8/15*B*a^4)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2(3003 Bb^7 x^7 + 128 Ba^7 - 240 Aa^6 b + 231(31 Bab^6 + 15 Ab^7)x^6 + 63(71 Ba^2 b^5 + 135 Aab^6)x^5 + 35(Ba^3 b^4 + 159 Aa^2 b^5)x^4 - 5(8B^2 a^4 b^3 - 15A^2 a^3 b^4)x^3 + 6(8B^2 a^5 b^2 - 15A^2 a^4 b^3)x^2 - 8(8B^2 a^6 b - 15A^2 a^5 b^2)x) \sqrt{bx+a}}{b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/45045*(3003*B*b^7*x^7 + 128*B*a^7 - 240*A*a^6*b + 231*(31*B*a*b^6 + 15*A*b^7)*x^6 + 63*(71*B*a^2*b^5 + 135*A*a*b^6)*x^5 + 35*(B*a^3*b^4 + 159*A*a^2*b^5)*x^4 - 5*(8*B*a^4*b^3 - 15*A*a^3*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(8*B*a^5*b^2 - 15*A*a^4*b^3)*x^2 - 8*(8*B*a^6*b - 15*A*a^5*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/b^5`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{15/2}}{15b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{13/2}(Ab-4Ba)}{13b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{11/2}(-3Aab+6Ba^2)}{11b} + \frac{(a+bx)^9(3Aa^2b-4Ba^3)}{9b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{7/2}(-Aa^3b+Ba^4)}{7b}\right)}{b^4} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ a^{5/2}\left(\frac{Ax^4}{4} + \frac{Bx^5}{5}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(15/2)/(15*b) + (a + b*x)**(13/2)*(A*b - 4*B*a)/(13*b) + (a + b*x)**(11/2)*(-3*A*a*b + 6*B*a**2)/(11*b) + (a + b*x)**(9/2)*(3*A*a**2*b - 4*B*a**3)/(9*b) + (a + b*x)**(7/2)*(-A*a**3*b + B*a**4)/(7*b))/b**4, Ne(b, 0)), (a**(5/2)*(A*x**4/4 + B*x**5/5), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(3003 (bx+a)^{\frac{15}{2}} B - 3465 (4Ba - Ab)(bx+a)^{\frac{13}{2}} + 12285 (2Ba^2 - Aab)(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 5005 (4Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 6435 (Ba^4 - Aa^3b)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} \right)}{45045 b^5}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/45045*(3003*(b*x + a)^(15/2)*B - 3465*(4*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(13/2) + 12285*(2*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 5005*(4*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a)^(9/2) + 6435*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2))/b^5
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 612 vs. 2(104) = 208.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 612, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.02

$$\int x^3(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2/45045*(1287*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*A*a^3/b^3 + 143*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*B*a^3/b^4 + 429*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*A*a^2/b^3 + 195*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*B*a^2/b^4 + 195*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*A*a/b^3 + 45*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^6)*B*a/b^4 + 15*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^6)*A/b^3 + 7*(429*(b*x + a)^(15/2) - 3465*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*a + 12285*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a^2 - 25025*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^3 + 32175*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^4 - 27027*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^5 + 15015*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^6 - 6435*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^7)*B/b^4)/b

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^3(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)dx &= \frac{(12Ba^2 - 6Aab)(a+bx)^{11/2}}{11b^5} \\
 &+ \frac{2B(a+bx)^{15/2}}{15b^5} + \frac{(2Ab - 8Ba)(a+bx)^{13/2}}{13b^5} \\
 &+ \frac{(2Ba^4 - 2Aa^3b)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^5} - \frac{(8Ba^3 - 6Aa^2b)(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```

((12*B*a^2 - 6*A*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(11/2))/(11*b^5) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(15/2))/(15*b^5) + ((2*A*b - 8*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(13/2))/(13*b^5) + ((2*B*a^4 - 2*A*a^3*b)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^5) - ((8*B*a^3 - 6*A*a^2*b)*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^5)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^3(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(429b^7x^7 + 1518ab^6x^6 + 1854a^2b^5x^5 + 800a^3b^4x^4 + 5a^4b^3x^3 - 6a^5b^2x^2 + 8a^6bx - 16a^7)}{6435b^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(- 16*a**7 + 8*a**6*b*x - 6*a**5*b**2*x**2 + 5*a**4*b**3*x**3 + 800*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 1854*a**2*b**5*x**5 + 1518*a*b**6*x**6 + 429*b**7*x**7))/(6435*b**4)`

3.247 $\int x^2(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1713
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1713
Rubi [A] (verified)	1714
Maple [A] (verified)	1715
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1716
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1716
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1717
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1717
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1718
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1719

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2a^2(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b^4} - \frac{2a(2Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^{9/2}}{9b^4} + \frac{2(Ab - 3aB)(a + bx)^{11/2}}{11b^4} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{13/2}}{13b^4}$$

output

```
2/7*a^2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^4-2/9*a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(9/2)/b^4+
2/11*(A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(11/2)/b^4+2/13*B*(b*x+a)^(13/2)/b^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(a + bx)^{7/2}(-48a^3B + 63b^3x^2(13A + 11Bx) + 8a^2b(13A + 21Bx) - 14ab^2x(26A + 27Bx))}{9009b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

$$(2*(a + b*x)^(7/2)*(-48*a^3*B + 63*b^3*x^2*(13*A + 11*B*x) + 8*a^2*b*(13*A + 21*B*x) - 14*a*b^2*x*(26*A + 27*B*x)))/(9009*b^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^2(a + bx)^{5/2}(aB - Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{(a + bx)^{9/2}(Ab - 3aB)}{b^3} + \frac{a(a + bx)^{7/2}(3aB - 2Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{11/2}}{b^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2a^2(a + bx)^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{7b^4} + \frac{2(a + bx)^{11/2}(Ab - 3aB)}{11b^4} - \frac{2a(a + bx)^{9/2}(2Ab - 3aB)}{9b^4} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{13/2}}{13b^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^2*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x), x]$$

output

$$(2*a^2*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^4) - (2*a*(2*A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^4) + (2*(A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(11/2))/(11*b^4) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(13/2))/(13*b^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{16 \left(\frac{63 \left(\frac{11Bx+A}{13} \right) x^2 b^3}{8} - \frac{7a \left(\frac{27Bx+A}{26} \right) x b^2}{2} + a^2 \left(\frac{21Bx+A}{13} \right) b - \frac{6a^3 B}{13} \right) (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{693b^4}$
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} (693b^3 B x^3 + 819A x^2 b^3 - 378B x^2 a b^2 - 364A x a b^2 + 168B x a^2 b + 104a^2 b A - 48a^3 B)}{9009b^4}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} (693b^3 B x^3 + 819A x^2 b^3 - 378B x^2 a b^2 - 364A x a b^2 + 168B x a^2 b + 104a^2 b A - 48a^3 B)}{9009b^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(Ab-3Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(a^2 B - 2a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2a^2(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}}{b^4}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(Ab-3Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(a^2 B - 2a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2a^2(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}}{b^4}$
trager	$\frac{2(693B b^6 x^6 + 819A b^6 x^5 + 1701Ba b^5 x^5 + 2093Aa b^5 x^4 + 1113B a^2 b^4 x^4 + 1469A a^2 b^4 x^3 + 15B a^3 b^3 x^3 + 39A a^3 b^3 x^2 - 18a^4 b^2 x^2 + 18a^4 b^2 x - 6a^4 b^2)}{9009b^4}$
risch	$\frac{2(693B b^6 x^6 + 819A b^6 x^5 + 1701Ba b^5 x^5 + 2093Aa b^5 x^4 + 1113B a^2 b^4 x^4 + 1469A a^2 b^4 x^3 + 15B a^3 b^3 x^3 + 39A a^3 b^3 x^2 - 18a^4 b^2 x^2 + 18a^4 b^2 x - 6a^4 b^2)}{9009b^4}$

```
input int(x^2*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 16/693*(63/8*(11/13*B*x+A)*x^2*b^3-7/2*a*(27/26*B*x+A)*x*b^2+a^2*(21/13*B*x+A)*b-6/13*a^3*B)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^4
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2(693Bb^6x^6 - 48Ba^6 + 104Aa^5b + 63(27Bab^5 + 13Ab^6)x^5 + 7(159Ba^2b^4 + 299Aab^5)x^4 + \dots}{9009b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/9009*(693*B*b^6*x^6 - 48*B*a^6 + 104*A*a^5*b + 63*(27*B*a*b^5 + 13*A*b^6)
)*x^5 + 7*(159*B*a^2*b^4 + 299*A*a*b^5)*x^4 + (15*B*a^3*b^3 + 1469*A*a^2*b
^4)*x^3 - 3*(6*B*a^4*b^2 - 13*A*a^3*b^3)*x^2 + 4*(6*B*a^5*b - 13*A*a^4*b^2
)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/b^4
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 292 vs. 2(94) = 188.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{16Aa^5\sqrt{a+bx}}{693b^3} - \frac{8Aa^4x\sqrt{a+bx}}{693b^2} + \frac{2Aa^3x^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{231b} + \frac{226Aa^2x^3\sqrt{a+bx}}{693} + \frac{46Aabx^4\sqrt{a+bx}}{99} + \frac{2Ab^2x^5\sqrt{a+bx}}{11} - \frac{32Ba^6}{300} \\ a^{5/2} \left(\frac{Ax^3}{3} + \frac{Bx^4}{4} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((16*A*a**5*sqrt(a + b*x)/(693*b**3) - 8*A*a**4*x*sqrt(a + b*x)/(
693*b**2) + 2*A*a**3*x**2*sqrt(a + b*x)/(231*b) + 226*A*a**2*x**3*sqrt(a +
b*x)/693 + 46*A*a*b*x**4*sqrt(a + b*x)/99 + 2*A*b**2*x**5*sqrt(a + b*x)/1
1 - 32*B*a**6*sqrt(a + b*x)/(3003*b**4) + 16*B*a**5*x*sqrt(a + b*x)/(3003*
b**3) - 4*B*a**4*x**2*sqrt(a + b*x)/(1001*b**2) + 10*B*a**3*x**3*sqrt(a +
b*x)/(3003*b) + 106*B*a**2*x**4*sqrt(a + b*x)/429 + 54*B*a*b*x**5*sqrt(a +
b*x)/143 + 2*B*b**2*x**6*sqrt(a + b*x)/13, Ne(b, 0)), (a**(5/2)*(A*x**3/3
+ B*x**4/4), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(693 (bx+a)^{\frac{13}{2}} B - 819 (3Ba - Ab)(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}} + 1001 (3Ba^2 - 2Aab)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 1287 (Ba^3 - Aa^2b)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} \right)}{9009 b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/9009*(693*(b*x + a)^(13/2)*B - 819*(3*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(11/2) + 1001*(3*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 1287*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2))/b^4`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 516 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 516, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.43

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/45045*(3003*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)
*a^2)*A*a^3/b^2 + 1287*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x
+ a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*B*a^3/b^3 + 3861*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2)
) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*
A*a^2/b^2 + 429*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)
)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*B*a^2/b^3 +
429*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2
- 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*A*a/b^2 + 195*(63*(b*x
+ a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x
+ a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*B*a/b^
3 + 65*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*
a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x +
a)*a^5)*A/b^2 + 15*(231*(b*x + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005
*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^4
- 6006*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^6)*B/b^3)/b

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^2(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)dx = \frac{(6Ba^2 - 4Aab)(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b^4} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{13/2}}{13b^4} + \frac{(2Ab - 6Ba)(a+bx)^{11/2}}{11b^4} - \frac{(2Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^4}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```

((6*B*a^2 - 4*A*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^4) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(13/2))/(13
*b^4) + ((2*A*b - 6*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(11/2))/(11*b^4) - ((2*B*a^3 - 2*A*a^2*
b)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^4)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^2(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(99b^6x^6 + 360ab^5x^5 + 458a^2b^4x^4 + 212a^3b^3x^3 + 3a^4b^2x^2 - 4a^5bx + 8a^6)}{1287b^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(8*a**6 - 4*a**5*b*x + 3*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 212*a**3*b**3*x**3 + 458*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 360*a*b**5*x**5 + 99*b**6*x**6))/(1287*b**3)`

3.248 $\int x(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1720
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1720
Rubi [A] (verified)	1721
Maple [A] (verified)	1722
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1722
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1723
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1723
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1724
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1725
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1725

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int x(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = -\frac{2a(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b^3} + \frac{2(Ab - 2aB)(a + bx)^{9/2}}{9b^3} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{11/2}}{11b^3}$$

output

```
-2/7*a*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^3+2/9*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(9/2)/b^3+2/11*
B*(b*x+a)^(11/2)/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(a + bx)^{7/2}(8a^2B + 7b^2x(11A + 9Bx) - 2ab(11A + 14Bx))}{693b^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

```
(2*(a + b*x)^(7/2)*(8*a^2*B + 7*b^2*x*(11*A + 9*B*x) - 2*a*b*(11*A + 14*B*
x)))/(693*b^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{(a+bx)^{7/2}(Ab-2aB)}{b^2} + \frac{a(a+bx)^{5/2}(aB-Ab)}{b^2} + \frac{B(a+bx)^{9/2}}{b^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2(a+bx)^{9/2}(Ab-2aB)}{9b^3} - \frac{2a(a+bx)^{7/2}(Ab-aB)}{7b^3} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{11/2}}{11b^3}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(-2*a*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^3) + (2*(A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^3) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(11/2))/(11*b^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{4 \left(-\frac{7 \left(\frac{9Bx+A}{11} \right) x b^2}{2} + a \left(\frac{14Bx+A}{11} \right) b - \frac{4a^2 B}{11} \right) (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{63b^3}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} (-63b^2 B x^2 - 77A b^2 x + 28Babx + 22abA - 8a^2 B)}{693b^3}$
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} (-63b^2 B x^2 - 77A b^2 x + 28Babx + 22abA - 8a^2 B)}{693b^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(Ab-2Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{2a(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}}{b^3}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(Ab-2Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{2a(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}}{b^3}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-63b^5 B x^5 - 77A b^5 x^4 - 161Ba b^4 x^4 - 209Aa b^4 x^3 - 113B a^2 b^3 x^3 - 165A a^2 b^3 x^2 - 3B a^3 b^2 x^2 - 11a^3 b^2 Ax + 4a^4 b Bx)}{693b^3}$
risch	$-\frac{2(-63b^5 B x^5 - 77A b^5 x^4 - 161Ba b^4 x^4 - 209Aa b^4 x^3 - 113B a^2 b^3 x^3 - 165A a^2 b^3 x^2 - 3B a^3 b^2 x^2 - 11a^3 b^2 Ax + 4a^4 b Bx)}{693b^3}$

```
input int(x*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -4/63*(-7/2*(9/11*B*x+A)*x*b^2+a*(14/11*B*x+A)*b-4/11*a^2*B)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^3
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 118 vs. 2(56) = 112.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int x(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(63 Bb^5 x^5 + 8 Ba^5 - 22 Aa^4 b + 7(23 Bab^4 + 11 Ab^5)x^4 + (113 Ba^2 b^3 + 209 Aab^4)x^3 + 3(Ba^5 + 113 Ab^4 a^2 + 209 Aab^3 + 63 Bb^5)x^2 + (113 Ba^2 b^3 + 209 Aab^4)x + 3(Ba^5 + 113 Ab^4 a^2 + 209 Aab^3 + 63 Bb^5))}{693 b^3}$$

```
input integrate(x*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{2}{693} \cdot (63Bb^5x^5 + 8Ba^5 - 22Aa^4b + 7 \cdot (23Bab^4 + 11Aab^5)x^4 + (113Bb^2b^3 + 209Aab^4)x^3 + 3 \cdot (Ba^3b^2 + 55Aa^2b^3)x^2 - (4Bb^4b - 11Aa^3b^2)x) \cdot \sqrt{bx + a} / b^3$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.66

$$\int x(a + bx)^{5/2} (A + Bx) dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{4Aa^4\sqrt{a+bx}}{63b^2} + \frac{2Aa^3x\sqrt{a+bx}}{63b} + \frac{10Aa^2x^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{21} + \frac{38Aabx^3\sqrt{a+bx}}{63} + \frac{2Ab^2x^4\sqrt{a+bx}}{9} + \frac{16Ba^5\sqrt{a+bx}}{693b^3} - \frac{8Ba^4x\sqrt{a+bx}}{693b^3} \\ a^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(\frac{Ax^2}{2} + \frac{Bx^3}{3} \right) \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-4*A*a**4*sqrt(a + b*x)/(63*b**2) + 2*A*a**3*x*sqrt(a + b*x)/(63*b) + 10*A*a**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*x)/21 + 38*A*a*b*x**3*sqrt(a + b*x)/63 + 2*A*b**2*x**4*sqrt(a + b*x)/9 + 16*B*a**5*sqrt(a + b*x)/(693*b**3) - 8*B*a**4*x*sqrt(a + b*x)/(693*b**2) + 2*B*a**3*x**2*sqrt(a + b*x)/(231*b) + 226*B*a**2*x**3*sqrt(a + b*x)/693 + 46*B*a*b*x**4*sqrt(a + b*x)/99 + 2*B*b**2*x**5*sqrt(a + b*x)/11, Ne(b, 0)), (a**(5/2)*(A*x**2/2 + B*x**3/3), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x(a + bx)^{5/2} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(63 (bx + a)^{\frac{11}{2}} B - 77 (2Ba - Ab)(bx + a)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 99 (Ba^2 - Aab)(bx + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} \right)}{693b^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

$$\frac{2/693*(63*(b*x + a)^{(11/2)}*B - 77*(2*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^{(9/2)} + 99*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)})}{b^3}$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 418 vs. $2(56) = 112$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.24

$$\int x(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{1155 \left((bx+a)^{3/2} - 3\sqrt{bx+aa} \right) Aa^3}{b} + \frac{231 \left(3(bx+a)^{5/2} - 10(bx+a)^{3/2}a + 15\sqrt{bx+aa^2} \right) Ba^3}{b^2} + \frac{693 \left(3(bx+a)^{5/2} - 10(bx+a)^{3/2}a + Bx \right)}{b} \right)}{b^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{2/3465*(1155*((b*x + a)^{(3/2)} - 3*\text{sqrt}(b*x + a)*a)*A*a^3/b + 231*(3*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)} - 10*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a + 15*\text{sqrt}(b*x + a)*a^2)*B*a^3/b^2 + 693*(3*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)} - 10*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a + 15*\text{sqrt}(b*x + a)*a^2)*A*a^2/b + 297*(5*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)} - 21*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a + 35*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^2 - 35*\text{sqrt}(b*x + a)*a^3)*B*a^2/b^2 + 297*(5*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)} - 21*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a + 35*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^2 - 35*\text{sqrt}(b*x + a)*a^3)*A*a/b + 33*(35*(b*x + a)^{(9/2)} - 180*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)}*a + 378*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^3 + 315*\text{sqrt}(b*x + a)*a^4)*B*a/b^2 + 11*(35*(b*x + a)^{(9/2)} - 180*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)}*a + 378*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^3 + 315*\text{sqrt}(b*x + a)*a^4)*A/b + 5*(63*(b*x + a)^{(11/2)} - 385*(b*x + a)^{(9/2)}*a + 990*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)}*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^4 - 693*\text{sqrt}(b*x + a)*a^5)*B/b^2)/b$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(a + bx)^{7/2} (99 B a^2 + 63 B (a + bx)^2 - 99 A a b + 77 A b (a + bx) - 154 B a (a + bx))}{693 b^3}$$

input `int(x*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(a + b*x)^(7/2)*(99*B*a^2 + 63*B*(a + b*x)^2 - 99*A*a*b + 77*A*b*(a + b*x) - 154*B*a*(a + b*x)))/(693*b^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a} (9b^5x^5 + 34ab^4x^4 + 46a^2b^3x^3 + 24a^3b^2x^2 + a^4bx - 2a^5)}{99b^2}$$

input `int(x*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(- 2*a**5 + a**4*b*x + 24*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 46*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 34*a*b**4*x**4 + 9*b**5*x**5))/(99*b**2)`

3.249 $\int (a + bx)^{5/2} (A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1726
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1726
Rubi [A] (verified)	1727
Maple [A] (verified)	1728
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1728
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1729
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1729
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1730
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1730
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1731

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int (a + bx)^{5/2} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(Ab - aB)(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b^2} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{9/2}}{9b^2}$$

output

$$2/7*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^2+2/9*B*(b*x+a)^(9/2)/b^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + bx)^{5/2} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(a + bx)^{7/2}(9Ab - 2aB + 7bBx)}{63b^2}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x), x]$$

output

$$(2*(a + b*x)^(7/2)*(9*A*b - 2*a*B + 7*b*B*x))/(63*b^2)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)^{5/2} (A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(a + bx)^{5/2} (Ab - aB)}{b} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{7/2}}{b} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2(a + bx)^{7/2} (Ab - aB)}{7b^2} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{9/2}}{9b^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(2*(A*b - a*B)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^2) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}(7bBx+9Ab-2Ba)}{63b^2}$	27
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}(7bBx+9Ab-2Ba)}{63b^2}$	27
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2((7Bx+9A)b-2Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{63b^2}$	28
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}}{b^2}$	34
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(Ab-Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}}{b^2}$	34
trager	$\frac{2(7Bx^4b^4+9Ax^3b^4+19Bx^3ab^3+27Ax^2ab^3+15Bx^2a^2b^2+27Ax^2a^2b^2+Bxa^3b+9Aa^3b-2Ba^4)\sqrt{bx+a}}{63b^2}$	94
risch	$\frac{2(7Bx^4b^4+9Ax^3b^4+19Bx^3ab^3+27Ax^2ab^3+15Bx^2a^2b^2+27Ax^2a^2b^2+Bxa^3b+9Aa^3b-2Ba^4)\sqrt{bx+a}}{63b^2}$	94

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2/63*(b*x+a)^(7/2)*(7*B*b*x+9*A*b-2*B*a)/b^2`**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 93 vs. 2(34) = 68.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int (a+bx)^{5/2} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{2(7Bb^4x^4 - 2Ba^4 + 9Aa^3b + (19Bab^3 + 9Ab^4)x^3 + 3(5Ba^2b^2 + 9Aab^3)x^2 + (Ba^3b + 27Aa^2b)x + 2Ba^4)}{63b^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\frac{2}{63}(7Bb^4x^4 - 2Ba^4 + 9Aa^3b + (19Bab^3 + 9Ab^4)x^3 + 3(5Ba^2b^2 + 9Aab^3)x^2 + (Ba^3b + 27Aa^2b^2)x)\sqrt{bx+a}/b^2$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 194 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.62

$$\int (a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2Aa^3\sqrt{a+bx}}{7b} + \frac{6Aa^2x\sqrt{a+bx}}{7} + \frac{6Aabx^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{7} + \frac{2Ab^2x^3\sqrt{a+bx}}{7} - \frac{4Ba^4\sqrt{a+bx}}{63b^2} + \frac{2Ba^3x\sqrt{a+bx}}{63b} + \frac{10Ba^2x^2\sqrt{a+bx}}{21} \\ a^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(Ax + \frac{Bx^2}{2}\right) \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*A*a**3*sqrt(a + b*x)/(7*b) + 6*A*a**2*x*sqrt(a + b*x)/7 + 6*A*a*b*x**2*sqrt(a + b*x)/7 + 2*A*b**2*x**3*sqrt(a + b*x)/7 - 4*B*a**4*sqrt(a + b*x)/(63*b**2) + 2*B*a**3*x*sqrt(a + b*x)/(63*b) + 10*B*a**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*x)/21 + 38*B*a*b*x**3*sqrt(a + b*x)/63 + 2*B*b**2*x**4*sqrt(a + b*x)/9, Ne(b, 0)), (a**(5/2)*(A*x + B*x**2/2), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{2\left(7(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}B - 9(Ba - Ab)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}\right)}{63b^2}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$2/63*(7*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*B - 9*(B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2))/b^2$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 306 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.29

$$\int (a + bx)^{5/2} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{2 \left(315 \sqrt{bx + a} A a^3 + 315 \left((bx + a)^{3/2} - 3 \sqrt{bx + a} \right) A a^2 + \frac{105 \left((bx + a)^{3/2} - 3 \sqrt{bx + a} \right) B a^3}{b} + 63 \left(3 (bx + a)^{5/2} - 10 (bx + a)^{3/2} a + 15 \sqrt{bx + a} a^2 \right) A a + 63 \left(3 (bx + a)^{5/2} - 10 (bx + a)^{3/2} a + 15 \sqrt{bx + a} a^2 \right) B a^2 / b + 9 \left(5 (bx + a)^{7/2} - 21 (bx + a)^{5/2} a + 35 (bx + a)^{3/2} a^2 - 35 \sqrt{bx + a} a^3 \right) A + 27 \left(5 (bx + a)^{7/2} - 21 (bx + a)^{5/2} a + 35 (bx + a)^{3/2} a^2 - 35 \sqrt{bx + a} a^3 \right) B a / b + \left(35 (bx + a)^{9/2} - 180 (bx + a)^{7/2} a + 378 (bx + a)^{5/2} a^2 - 420 (bx + a)^{3/2} a^3 + 315 \sqrt{bx + a} a^4 \right) B / b}{63 b^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/315*(315*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a^3 + 315*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*A*a^2 + 105*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*B*a^3/b + 63*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*A*a + 63*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*B*a^2/b + 9*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*A + 27*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*B*a/b + (35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*B/b)/b`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (a + bx)^{5/2} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{2 (a + bx)^{7/2} (9 A b - 9 B a + 7 B (a + b x))}{63 b^2}$$

input `int((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*(a + b*x)^(7/2)*(9*A*b - 9*B*a + 7*B*(a + b*x)))/(63*b^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(b^4x^4 + 4ab^3x^3 + 6a^2b^2x^2 + 4a^3bx + a^4)}{9b}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(a**4 + 4*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*x**4))/(9*b)`

$$3.250 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1732
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1732
Rubi [A] (verified)	1733
Maple [A] (verified)	1735
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1735
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1736
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1736
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1737
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1737
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1738

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = 2a^2 A \sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{2}{3} a A (a+bx)^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5} A (a+bx)^{5/2} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b} - 2a^{5/2} A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

output

```
2*a^2*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)+2/3*a*A*(b*x+a)^(3/2)+2/5*A*(b*x+a)^(5/2)+2/7*B*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b-2*a^(5/2)*A*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{2(105a^2 Ab \sqrt{a+bx} + 35aAb(a+bx)^{3/2} + 21Ab(a+bx)^{5/2} + 15B(a+bx)^{7/2})}{105b} - 2a^{5/2} A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x,x]
```

output

```
(2*(105*a^2*A*b*Sqrt[a + b*x] + 35*a*A*b*(a + b*x)^(3/2) + 21*A*b*(a + b*x)^(5/2) + 15*B*(a + b*x)^(7/2)))/(105*b) - 2*a^(5/2)*A*ArcTanH[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {90, 60, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$A \int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}}{x} dx + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$A \left(a \int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}}{x} dx + \frac{2}{5}(a + bx)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$A \left(a \left(a \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}}{x} dx + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5}(a + bx)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$A \left(a \left(a \left(a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + bx}} dx + 2\sqrt{a + bx} \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5}(a + bx)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$A \left(a \left(a \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + bx}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + bx} \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5}(a + bx)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b}$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$A \left(a \left(a \left(2\sqrt{a+bx} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x,x]`

output `(2*B*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b) + A*((2*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/5 + a*((2*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/3 + a*(2*sqrt[a + b*x] - 2*sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/sqrt[a]]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Aab(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Aa^2b\sqrt{bx+a} - 2Aa^{\frac{5}{2}}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b}$	72
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Aab(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Aa^2b\sqrt{bx+a} - 2Aa^{\frac{5}{2}}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b}$	72
pseudoelliptic	$-2Aa^{\frac{5}{2}}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{46\sqrt{bx+a} \left(\frac{3\left(\frac{5Bx}{7} + A\right)x^2b^3}{23} + \frac{11ax\left(\frac{45Bx}{77} + A\right)b^2}{23} + a^2\left(\frac{45Bx}{161} + A\right)b + \frac{15a^3B}{161} \right)}{15}$	80

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/b*(1/7*B*(b*x+a)^(7/2)+1/5*A*b*(b*x+a)^(5/2)+1/3*A*a*b*(b*x+a)^(3/2)+A*a^2*b*(b*x+a)^(1/2)-A*a^(5/2)*b*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{\left[105 Aa^{\frac{5}{2}}b \log\left(\frac{bx - 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a} + 2a}{x}\right) + 2(15 Bb^3x^3 + 15 Ba^3 + 161 Aa^2b + 3(15 B^2a^2b + 77 A^2a^2b^2)x)\sqrt{bx+a} \right]}{105b}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/105*(105*A*a^(5/2)*b*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(15*B*b^3*x^3 + 15*B*a^3 + 161*A*a^2*b + 3*(15*B*a*b^2 + 7*A*b^3)*x^2 + (45*B*a^2*b + 77*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b, 2/105*(105*A*sqrt(-a)*a^2*b*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (15*B*b^3*x^3 + 15*B*a^3 + 161*A*a^2*b + 3*(15*B*a*b^2 + 7*A*b^3)*x^2 + (45*B*a^2*b + 77*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2Aa^3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2Aa^2\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{2Aa(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b} & \text{for } a < 0 \\ a^{5/2}(A \log(Bx) + Bx) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x)`

output `Piecewise(((2*A*a**3*atan(sqrt(a + b*x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*A*a**2*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*A*a*(a + b*x)**(3/2)/3 + 2*A*(a + b*x)**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*(a + b*x)**(7/2)/(7*b), Ne(b, 0)), (a**(5/2)*(A*log(B*x) + B*x), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x} dx = Aa^{5/2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{2\left(15(bx+a)^{7/2}B + 21(bx+a)^{5/2}Ab + 35(bx+a)^{3/2}Aab + 105\sqrt{bx+a}Aa^2b\right)}{105b}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `A*a^(5/2)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a))) + 2/105*(15*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*B + 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*A*b + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*a*b + 105*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a^2*b)/b`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{2Aa^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + \frac{2\left(15(bx+a)^{7/2}Bb^6 + 21(bx+a)^{5/2}Ab^7 + 35(bx+a)^{3/2}Aab^7 + 105\sqrt{bx+a}Aa^2b^7\right)}{105b^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*A*a^3*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2/105*(15*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*B*b^6 + 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*A*b^7 + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*a*b^7 + 105*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a^2*b^7)/b^7`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \left(\frac{2Ab - 2Ba}{5b} + \frac{2Ba}{5b}\right) (a + bx)^{5/2} + a^2 \left(\frac{2Ab - 2Ba}{b} + \frac{2Ba}{b}\right) \sqrt{a + bx} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b} + \frac{a\left(\frac{2Ab - 2Ba}{b} + \frac{2Ba}{b}\right) (a + bx)^{3/2}}{3} + Aa^{5/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx} \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) 2i$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x,x)`

output `((2*A*b - 2*B*a)/(5*b) + (2*B*a)/(5*b))*(a + b*x)^(5/2) + a^2*((2*A*b - 2*B*a)/b + (2*B*a)/b)*(a + b*x)^(1/2) + A*a^(5/2)*atan(((a + b*x)^(1/2)*1i)/a^(1/2))*2i + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b) + (a*((2*A*b - 2*B*a)/b + (2*B*a)/b)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/3`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x} dx = \frac{352\sqrt{bx + a} a^3}{105} + \frac{244\sqrt{bx + a} a^2 bx}{105} + \frac{44\sqrt{bx + a} a b^2 x^2}{35} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a} b^3 x^3}{7} + \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a}) a^3 - \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} + \sqrt{a}) a^3$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x,x)`output `(352*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3 + 244*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x + 132*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 + 30*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 + 105*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*a**3 - 105*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a**3)/105`

3.251 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1739
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1739
Rubi [A] (verified)	1740
Maple [A] (verified)	1742
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1743
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1743
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1744
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1744
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1745
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1745

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = 2a(2Ab+aB)\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{a^2A\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} + \frac{2}{3}(Ab+aB)(a+bx)^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5}B(a+bx)^{5/2} - a^{3/2}(5Ab+2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

output

```
2*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)-a^2*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x+2/3*(A*b+B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)+2/5*B*(b*x+a)^(5/2)-a^(3/2)*(5*A*b+2*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(2b^2x^2(5A+3Bx) + 2abx(35A+11Bx) + a^2(-15A+46Bx))}{15x} - a^{3/2}(5Ab+2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^2,x]
```


output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(2*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 2*a*b*x*(35*A + 11*B*x) + a^2*(-15*A + 46*B*x)))/(15*x) - a^(3/2)*(5*A*b + 2*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {87, 60, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(2aB + 5Ab) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x} dx}{2a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(2aB + 5Ab) \left(a \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x} dx + \frac{2}{5}(a + bx)^{5/2} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(2aB + 5Ab) \left(a \left(a \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} dx + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5}(a + bx)^{5/2} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(2aB + 5Ab) \left(a \left(a \left(a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + 2\sqrt{a + bx} \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5}(a + bx)^{5/2} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{ax} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(2aB + 5Ab) \left(a \left(a \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right)}{\frac{2a}{A(a+bx)^{7/2}} \frac{ax}{ax}}$$

221

$$\frac{(2aB + 5Ab) \left(a \left(a \left(2\sqrt{a+bx} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right)}{\frac{2a}{A(a+bx)^{7/2}} \frac{ax}{ax}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^2,x]`

output `-((A*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(a*x)) + ((5*A*b + 2*a*B)*((2*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/5 + a*((2*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/3 + a*(2*Sqrt[a + b*x] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])))/(2*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_]
:> Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x]
- Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))
Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\left(-\frac{15}{2}a^2bA-3a^3B\right)x \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + 2\left(7\left(\frac{11Bx+A}{35}\right)bx a^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{23Bx-3A}{5}\right)a^{\frac{5}{2}} + b^2x^2\sqrt{a}\left(\frac{3Bx+A}{5}\right)\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}x}$
risch	$-\frac{a^2A\sqrt{bx+a}}{x} + \frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Ba(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4Aab\sqrt{bx+a} + 2B a^2\sqrt{bx+a} -$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Ba(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4Aab\sqrt{bx+a} + 2B a^2\sqrt{bx+a} - 2a^2\left(\frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{2x} -$
default	$\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Ba(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4Aab\sqrt{bx+a} + 2B a^2\sqrt{bx+a} - 2a^2\left(\frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{2x} -$

```
input int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3*((-15/2*a^2*b*A-3*a^3*B)*x*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+(7*(11/35*B*x+A)*b*x*a^(3/2)+(23/5*B*x-3/2*A)*a^(5/2)+b^2*x^2*a^(1/2)*(3/5*B*x+A))*(b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = \left[\frac{15(2Ba^2 + 5Aab)\sqrt{ax} \log\left(\frac{bx-2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x}\right) + 2(6Bb^2x^3 - 15Aa^2 + 2(3Ba^2 + 5Aab)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{30x} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/30*(15*(2*B*a^2 + 5*A*a*b)*sqrt(a)*x*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(6*B*b^2*x^3 - 15*A*a^2 + 2*(11*B*a*b + 5*A*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(23*B*a^2 + 35*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/x, 1/15*(15*(2*B*a^2 + 5*A*a*b)*sqrt(-a)*x*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (6*B*b^2*x^3 - 15*A*a^2 + 2*(11*B*a*b + 5*A*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(23*B*a^2 + 35*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/x]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = -Aa^{\frac{3}{2}}b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right) - \frac{Aa^2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Aab \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a+bx} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{a} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + Ab^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2(a+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{ax} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + Ba^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a+bx} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{a} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + 2Bab \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2(a+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{ax} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + Bb^2 \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{2a(a+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b^2} + \frac{2(a+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b^2} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{ax^2}}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x**2,x)`

output

```
-A*a**(3/2)*b*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))) - A*a**2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/sqrt(x) + 2*A*a*b*Piecewise((2*a*atan(sqrt(a + b*x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*sqrt(a + b*x), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*log(x), True)) + A*b**2*Piecewise((2*(a + b*x)**(3/2)/(3*b), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x, True)) + B*a**2*Piecewise((2*a*atan(sqrt(a + b*x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*sqrt(a + b*x), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*log(x), True)) + 2*B*a*b*Piecewise((2*(a + b*x)**(3/2)/(3*b), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x, True)) + B*b**2*Piecewise((-2*a*(a + b*x)**(3/2)/(3*b**2) + 2*(a + b*x)**(5/2)/(5*b**2), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**2/2, True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{30} \left(\frac{15(2Ba + 5Ab)a^{3/2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b} - \frac{30\sqrt{bx+a}Aa^2}{bx} + \frac{4(3(bx+a)^{5/2}B + 5(Ba + A^2b)(bx+a)^{3/2} + 15(Ba^2 + 2Aa^2b)\sqrt{bx+a})}{b} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/30*(15*(2*B*a + 5*A*b)*a^(3/2)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/b - 30*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a^2/(b*x) + 4*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B + 5*(B*a + A*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) + 15*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b)*b
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{15} \left(\frac{15\sqrt{bx+a}Aa^2}{bx} - \frac{15(2Ba^3 + 5Aa^2b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ab}} - \frac{2(3(bx+a)^{5/2}Bb^4 + 5(bx+a)^{3/2}Bab^4 + 15(Ba^2 + 2Aa^2b)\sqrt{bx+a})}{b} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/15*(15*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a^2/(b*x) - 15*(2*B*a^3 + 5*A*a^2*b)*arctan(sqrt
(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*b) - 2*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B*b^4 + 5*(b*x + a
)^(3/2)*B*a*b^4 + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^2*b^4 + 5*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*b^5 + 3
0*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a*b^5)/b^5)*b
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = \left(\frac{2Ab}{3} + \frac{2Ba}{3} \right) (a+bx)^{3/2} + (2a(2Ab+2Ba) - 2Ba^2) \sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5} - \frac{Aa^2 \sqrt{a+bx}}{x} + a^{3/2} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx} \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) (5Ab + 2Ba) \operatorname{li}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
((2*A*b)/3 + (2*B*a)/3)*(a + b*x)^(3/2) + (2*a*(2*A*b + 2*B*a) - 2*B*a^2)*
(a + b*x)^(1/2) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/5 + a^(3/2)*atan(((a + b*x)^(1/2)*
li)/a^(1/2))*(5*A*b + 2*B*a)*li - (A*a^2*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{-30\sqrt{bx+a}a^3 + 232\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bx + 64\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2x^2 + 12\sqrt{bx+a}b^3x^3 + 30x}{30x}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 30*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3 + 232*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x + 64*sqrt(a + b*x)*
a*b**2*x**2 + 12*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 + 105*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) -
sqrt(a))*a**2*b*x - 105*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a**2*b*x)/(3
0*x)
```

3.252 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1746
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1746
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1752

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{2}b(5Ab+8aB)\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{a(5Ab+4aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{4x} + \frac{2}{3}bB(a+bx)^{3/2} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{2x^2} - \frac{5}{4}\sqrt{ab}(3Ab+4aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

output `1/2*b*(5*A*b+8*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/4*a*(5*A*b+4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x+2/3*b*B*(b*x+a)^(3/2)-1/2*A*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/x^2-5/4*a^(1/2)*b*(3*A*b+4*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(8b^2x^2(3A+Bx) - 6a^2(A+2Bx) + abx(-27A+56Bx))}{12x^2} - \frac{5}{4}\sqrt{ab}(3Ab+4aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^3,x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(8*b^2*x^2*(3*A + B*x) - 6*a^2*(A + 2*B*x) + a*b*x*(-27*A +
56*B*x)))/(12*x^2) - (5*Sqrt[a]*b*(3*A*b + 4*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/S
qrt[a]])/4
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {87, 51, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(4aB+3Ab) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx}{4a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{2ax^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(4aB+3Ab) \left(\frac{5}{2}b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{2ax^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(4aB+3Ab) \left(\frac{5}{2}b \left(a \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} dx + \frac{2}{3}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{2ax^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(4aB+3Ab) \left(\frac{5}{2}b \left(a \left(a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + 2\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{2ax^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{(4aB+3Ab) \left(\frac{5}{2}b \left(a \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{2ax^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(4aB + 3Ab) \left(\frac{5}{2}b \left(a \left(2\sqrt{a+bx} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x} \right)}{\frac{4a}{2ax^2} A(a+bx)^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(A*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(a*x^2) + ((3*A*b + 4*a*B)*(-(a + b*x)^(5/2)/x) + (5*b*((2*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/3 + a*(2*Sqrt[a + b*x] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])))/2)/(4*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]`
`Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`
`&& ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1))`
`Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b`
`Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_]
:> Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x]
- Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))
Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !
(EqQ[e, 0] || !EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{15ab\left(Ab+\frac{4Ba}{3}\right)x^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)+\sqrt{bx+a}\left(-4b^2\left(\frac{Bx}{3}+A\right)x^2\sqrt{a}+\left(-\frac{28bB}{3}x^2+\left(2Ba+\frac{9Ab}{2}\right)x+Aa\right)a^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}x^2}$
risch	$-\frac{a\sqrt{bx+a}(9Abx+4Bax+2Aa)}{4x^2} + \frac{b\left(\frac{16B(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+16Ab\sqrt{bx+a}+32Ba\sqrt{bx+a}-10\sqrt{a}(3Ab+4Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{8}$
derivativedivides	$2b\left(\frac{B(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+Ab\sqrt{bx+a}+2Ba\sqrt{bx+a}\right)-a\left(\frac{\left(\frac{9Ab}{8}+\frac{Ba}{2}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}+\left(-\frac{7}{8}abA-\frac{1}{2}a^2B\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^2x^2}\right)+\dots$
default	$2b\left(\frac{B(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+Ab\sqrt{bx+a}+2Ba\sqrt{bx+a}\right)-a\left(\frac{\left(\frac{9Ab}{8}+\frac{Ba}{2}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}+\left(-\frac{7}{8}abA-\frac{1}{2}a^2B\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^2x^2}\right)+\dots$

```
input int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(15/2*a*b*(A*b+4/3*B*a)*x^2*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-4*b^2*(1/3*B*x+A)*x^2*a^(1/2)+(-28/3*b*B*x^2+(2*B*a+9/2*A*b)*x+A*a)*a^(3/2))/a^(1/2)/x^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{15(4Bab+3Ab^2)\sqrt{a}x^2 \log\left(\frac{bx-2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x}\right) + 2(8Bb^2x^3 - 6Aa^2 + 8(7Bab+3Ab^2)x^2 - 3(4Ba^2+9Aab)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{24x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/24*(15*(4*B*a*b + 3*A*b^2)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(8*B*b^2*x^3 - 6*A*a^2 + 8*(7*B*a*b + 3*A*b^2)*x^2 - 3*(4*B*a^2 + 9*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/x^2, 1/12*(15*(4*B*a*b + 3*A*b^2)*sqrt(-a)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (8*B*b^2*x^3 - 6*A*a^2 + 8*(7*B*a*b + 3*A*b^2)*x^2 - 3*(4*B*a^2 + 9*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/x^2]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 41.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{7A\sqrt{ab^2} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4} - \frac{Aa^3}{2\sqrt{bx}^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{3Aa^2\sqrt{b}}{4x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{2Aab^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{Aab^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} + Ab^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a+bx} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{a} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) - Ba^{\frac{3}{2}}b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right) - \frac{Ba^2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Bab \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a+bx} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{a} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + Bb^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2(a+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{ax} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x**3,x)`

output

```
-7*A*sqrt(a)*b**2*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/4 - A*a**3/(2*sqrt(b)*x
**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 3*A*a**2*sqrt(b)/(4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1
)) - 2*A*a*b**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/sqrt(x) - A*a*b**(3/2)/(4*sqrt(x)*sq
rt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + A*b**2*Piecewise((2*a*atan(sqrt(a + b*x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt
(-a) + 2*sqrt(a + b*x), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*log(x), True)) - B*a**(3/2)*b*
asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x))) - B*a**2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/sqrt(x
) + 2*B*a*b*Piecewise((2*a*atan(sqrt(a + b*x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*sqrt(
a + b*x), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*log(x), True)) + B*b**2*Piecewise((2*(a + b*
x)**(3/2)/(3*b), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x, True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{24} \left(\frac{15(4Ba + 3Ab)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b} - \frac{6\left((4Ba^2 + 9Aab)(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - (bx + a)^2b - 2(bx + a)\right)}{(bx + a)^2b - 2(bx + a)} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/24*(15*(4*B*a + 3*A*b)*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x +
a) + sqrt(a)))/b - 6*((4*B*a^2 + 9*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) - (4*B*a^3 + 7*
A*a^2*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^2*b - 2*(b*x + a)*a*b + a^2*b) + 16*((b
*x + a)^(3/2)*B + 3*(2*B*a + A*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b)*b^2
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{8(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bb^2 + 48\sqrt{bx + a}Bab^2 + 24\sqrt{bx + a}Ab^3 + \frac{15(4Ba^2b^2 + 3Aab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}}}{12b}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/12*(8*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*b^2 + 48*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a*b^2 + 24*sqrt(b*x + a)
)*A*b^3 + 15*(4*B*a^2*b^2 + 3*A*a*b^3)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt
(-a) - 3*(4*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*a^2*b^2 - 4*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^3*b^2 + 9*(b*x
+ a)^(3/2)*A*a*b^3 - 7*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a^2*b^3)/(b^2*x^2))/b
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = (2Ab^2 + 4Bab) \sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{\left(Ba^2b + \frac{9Aab^2}{4}\right)(a+bx)^{3/2} - \left(Ba^3b + \frac{7Aa^2b^2}{4}\right)\sqrt{a+bx}}{(a+bx)^2 - 2a(a+bx) + a^2} + \frac{2Bb(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3} + 2b \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2b(3Ab + 4Ba)\sqrt{-\frac{25a}{64}}\sqrt{a+bx}}{5Ba^2b + \frac{15Aab^2}{4}}\right) (3Ab + 4Ba) \sqrt{-\frac{25a}{64}}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^3,x)
```

output

```
(2*A*b^2 + 4*B*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(1/2) - (((9*A*a*b^2)/4 + B*a^2*b)*(a + b*x)
)^(3/2) - (((7*A*a^2*b^2)/4 + B*a^3*b)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/((a + b*x)^2 - 2*a*(
a + b*x) + a^2) + (2*B*b*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/3 + 2*b*atan((2*b*(3*A*b + 4*B*a
))*(-(25*a)/64)^(1/2)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/((15*A*a*b^2)/4 + 5*B*a^2*b))*(3*A*b
+ 4*B*a)*(-(25*a)/64)^(1/2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{-12\sqrt{bx+a}a^3 - 78\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bx + 160\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2x^2 + 16\sqrt{bx+a}b^3x^3 + 24x^2}{24x^2}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 12*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3 - 78*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x + 160*sqrt(a + b*x)*  
a*b**2*x**2 + 16*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 + 105*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) -  
sqrt(a))*a*b**2*x**2 - 105*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*a*b**2*x*  
*2)/(24*x**2)
```

3.253 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1754
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1754
Rubi [A] (verified)	1755
Maple [A] (verified)	1757
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1758
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1758
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1759
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1760
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1760
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1761

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = 2b^2B\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{b(5Ab+14aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{8x} - \frac{(5Ab+6aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{12x^2} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{3x^3} - \frac{5b^2(Ab+6aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a}}$$

output

```
2*b^2*B*(b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/8*b*(5*A*b+14*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x-1/12*(5*A*b+6*B
*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^2-1/3*A*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/x^3-5/8*b^2*(A*b+6*B*a)*arctanh(
(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(3b^2x^2(11A-16Bx)+4a^2(2A+3Bx)+2abx(13A+27Bx))}{24x^3} - \frac{5b^2(Ab+6aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^4, x]`

output `-1/24*(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(3*b^2*x^2*(11*A - 16*B*x) + 4*a^2*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 2*a*b*x*(13*A + 27*B*x)))/x^3 - (5*b^2*(A*b + 6*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(8*Sqrt[a])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {87, 51, 51, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(6aB + Ab) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx}{6a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{3ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(6aB + Ab) \left(\frac{5}{4}b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{2x^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{3ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(6aB + Ab) \left(\frac{5}{4}b \left(\frac{3}{2}b \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{2x^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{3ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(6aB + Ab) \left(\frac{5}{4}b \left(\frac{3}{2}b \left(a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + 2\sqrt{a + bx} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{2x^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{3ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(6aB + Ab) \left(\frac{5}{4}b \left(\frac{3}{2}b \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a+bx} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{2x^2} \right)}{\frac{6a}{A(a+bx)^{7/2}} \frac{3ax^3}}{\downarrow 221}}$$

$$\frac{(6aB + Ab) \left(\frac{5}{4}b \left(\frac{3}{2}b \left(2\sqrt{a+bx} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{2x^2} \right)}{\frac{6a}{A(a+bx)^{7/2}} \frac{3ax^3}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^4, x]`

output `-1/3*(A*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(a*x^3) + ((A*b + 6*a*B)*(-1/2*(a + b*x)^(5/2)/x^2 + (5*b*(-((a + b*x)^(3/2)/x) + (3*b*(2*sqrt[a + b*x] - 2*sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]]))/2))/4)/(6*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]`
`Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`
`] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
 .), x] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
 + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
 + 1))]/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
 rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$11 \left(\frac{5b^2x^3(Ab+6Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{11} + \left(\frac{26\left(\frac{27Bx}{13}+A\right)bx a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{33} + \frac{4(Bx+\frac{2A}{3})a^{\frac{5}{2}}}{11} + b^2x^2\sqrt{a}\left(-\frac{16Bx}{11}+A\right) \right) \sqrt{bx+a} \right) \\ - \frac{\hspace{15em}}{8\sqrt{a}x^3}$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(33Ab^2x^2+54Babx^2+26aAbx+12Ba^2x+8a^2A)}{24x^3} + \frac{b^2\left(32B\sqrt{bx+a}-\frac{2(5Ab+30Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16}$
derivativedivides	$2b^2\left(B\sqrt{bx+a}-\frac{\left(\frac{11Ab}{16}+\frac{9Ba}{8}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}+\left(-\frac{5}{6}abA-2a^2B\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}+\left(\frac{7}{8}a^3B+\frac{5}{16}a^2bA\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^3x^3}-\frac{5(Ab+6Ba)}{b^3x^3}\right)$
default	$2b^2\left(B\sqrt{bx+a}-\frac{\left(\frac{11Ab}{16}+\frac{9Ba}{8}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}+\left(-\frac{5}{6}abA-2a^2B\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}+\left(\frac{7}{8}a^3B+\frac{5}{16}a^2bA\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^3x^3}-\frac{5(Ab+6Ba)}{b^3x^3}\right)$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-11/8*(5/11*b^2*x^3*(A*b+6*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+(26/33*(27/13*B*x+A)*b*x*a^(3/2)+4/11*(B*x+2/3*A)*a^(5/2)+b^2*x^2*a^(1/2)*(-16/11*B*x+A))*(b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/x^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{\left[\frac{15(6Bab^2 + Ab^3)\sqrt{ax^3} \log\left(\frac{bx-2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a}+2a}{x}\right) + 2(48Bab^2x^3 - 8Aa^3 - 3}{48ax^3} \right]}{48ax^3}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(15*(6*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*sqrt(a)*x^3*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(48*B*a*b^2*x^3 - 8*A*a^3 - 3*(18*B*a^2*b + 11*A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 2*(6*B*a^3 + 13*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a*x^3), 1/24*(15*(6*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*sqrt(-a)*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (48*B*a*b^2*x^3 - 8*A*a^3 - 3*(18*B*a^2*b + 11*A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 2*(6*B*a^3 + 13*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a*x^3)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 66.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{Aa^3}{3\sqrt{bx^7}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{17Aa^2\sqrt{b}}{12x^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{35Aab^{3/2}}{24x^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{Ab^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{3Ab^{5/2}}{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{5Ab^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a}} - \frac{7B\sqrt{ab^2} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4} - \frac{Ba^3}{2\sqrt{bx^5}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{3Ba^2\sqrt{b}}{4x^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{2Bab^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{Bab^{3/2}}{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} + Bb^2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a+bx} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{a} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x**4,x)`

output `-A*a**3/(3*sqrt(b)*x**(7/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 17*A*a**2*sqrt(b)/(12*x**
(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 35*A*a*b**(3/2)/(24*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1))
- A*b**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/sqrt(x) - 3*A*b**(5/2)/(8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(
b*x) + 1)) - 5*A*b**3*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(8*sqrt(a)) - 7*B*s
qrt(a)*b**2*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/4 - B*a**3/(2*sqrt(b)*x**(5/2
) *sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 3*B*a**2*sqrt(b)/(4*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 2
*B*a*b**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/sqrt(x) - B*a*b**(3/2)/(4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(
b*x) + 1)) + B*b**2*Piecewise((2*a*atan(sqrt(a + b*x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) +
2*sqrt(a + b*x), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*log(x), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{48} b^3 \left(\frac{96 \sqrt{bx + a} B}{b} + \frac{15 (6 Ba + Ab) \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{2 (3 (18 Ba + 11 A^2))}{\dots} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/48*b^3*(96*sqrt(b*x + a)*B/b + 15*(6*B*a + A*b)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt
t(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(sqrt(a)*b) - 2*(3*(18*B*a + 11*A*b)*(b*x
+ a)^(5/2) - 8*(12*B*a^2 + 5*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) + 3*(14*B*a^3 + 5*A*a
^2*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^3*b - 3*(b*x + a)^2*a*b + 3*(b*x + a)*a^2*
b - a^3*b))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{24} b^3 \left(\frac{48\sqrt{bx+a}B}{b} + \frac{15(6Ba+Ab)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ab}} - \frac{54(bx+a)^{5/2}Ba}{x^3} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/24*b^3*(48*sqrt(b*x + a)*B/b + 15*(6*B*a + A*b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*b) - (54*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B*a - 96*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*a^2 + 42*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^3 + 33*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*A*b - 40*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*a*b + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a^2*b)/(b^4*x^3)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{11Ab^3}{8} + \frac{9Bab^2}{4}\right)(a+bx)^{5/2} + \left(\frac{7Ba^3b^2}{4} + \frac{5Aa^2b^3}{8}\right)\sqrt{a+bx} - \left(4Ba^2b^2 + 2Bb^2\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{5b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{5b^2(Ab+6Ba)\sqrt{a+bx}}{4\sqrt{a}\left(\frac{5Ab^3}{4} + \frac{15Bab^2}{2}\right)}\right)(Ab+6Ba)}{8\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3a(a+bx)^2 - 3a^2(a+bx) - (a+bx)^3 + a^3}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^4,x)`

output

```
((((11*A*b^3)/8 + (9*B*a*b^2)/4)*(a + b*x)^(5/2) + ((5*A*a^2*b^3)/8 + (7*B*a^3*b^2)/4)*(a + b*x)^(1/2) - (4*B*a^2*b^2 + (5*A*a*b^3)/3)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/((3*a*(a + b*x)^2 - 3*a^2*(a + b*x) - (a + b*x)^3 + a^3) + 2*B*b^2*(a + b*x)^(1/2) - (5*b^2*atanh((5*b^2*(A*b + 6*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/(4*a^(1/2)*(5*A*b^3/4 + (15*B*a*b^2)/2)))*(A*b + 6*B*a))/(8*a^(1/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{-16\sqrt{bx + a}a^3 - 76\sqrt{bx + a}a^2bx - 174\sqrt{bx + a}ab^2x^2 + 96\sqrt{bx + a}b^3x^3 + 105\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{a + bx} - \sqrt{a})b^3x^3 - 105\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{a + bx} + \sqrt{a})b^3x^3}{48x^3}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^4,x)`output `(- 16*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3 - 76*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x - 174*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 + 96*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 + 105*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**3*x**3 - 105*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**3*x**3)/ (48*x**3)`

3.254 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	1762
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1762
Rubi [A] (verified)	1763
Maple [A] (verified)	1765
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1766
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1766
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1767
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1767
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1768
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1768

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{b(5Ab+24aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{32x^2} - \frac{b^2(5Ab+88aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{64ax} - \frac{(5Ab+8aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{24x^3} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{4x^4} + \frac{5b^3(Ab-8aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/32*b*(5*A*b+24*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^2-1/64*b^2*(5*A*b+88*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x-1/24*(5*A*b+8*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^3-1/4*A*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/x^4+5/64*b^3*(A*b-8*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(15Ab^3x^3+16a^3(3A+4Bx)+8a^2bx(17A+26Bx)+2ab^2x^2(59A+132Bx))}{192ax^4} + \frac{5b^3(Ab-8aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^5,x]`

output
$$-1/192*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(15*A*b^3*x^3 + 16*a^3*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 8*a^2*b*x*(17*A + 26*B*x) + 2*a*b^2*x^2*(59*A + 132*B*x)))/(a*x^4) + (5*b^3*(A*b - 8*a*B)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(64*a^{(3/2)})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {87, 51, 51, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - 8aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx}{8a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - 8aB) \left(\frac{5}{6}b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{3x^3} \right)}{8a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - 8aB) \left(\frac{5}{6}b \left(\frac{3}{4}b \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^2} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{3x^3} \right)}{8a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & -\frac{(Ab - 8aB) \left(\frac{5}{6}b \left(\frac{3}{4}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{3x^3} \right)}{8a} - \frac{A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(Ab - 8aB) \left(\frac{5}{6}b \left(\frac{3}{4}b \left(\int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{3x^3} \right)}{\frac{8a}{A(a+bx)^{7/2}} \frac{1}{4ax^4}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{(Ab - 8aB) \left(\frac{5}{6}b \left(\frac{3}{4}b \left(-\frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{3x^3} \right)}{\frac{8a}{A(a+bx)^{7/2}} \frac{1}{4ax^4}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(A*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(a*x^4) - ((A*b - 8*a*B)*(-1/3*(a + b*x)^(5/2)/x^3 + (5*b*(-1/2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)/x^2 + (3*b*(-(Sqrt[a + b*x]/x) - (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a]))/4))/6)/(8*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))*Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{17 \left(-\frac{15b^3x^4(Ab-8Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \sqrt{bx+a} \left(\frac{59\left(\frac{132Bx+A}{59}\right)b^2x^2a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{68} + bx\left(\frac{26Bx+A}{17}\right)a^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2(4Bx+3A)a^{\frac{7}{2}}}{17} + 15A \right)}{24a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^4} \right)}{192x^4a} + \frac{5b^3(Ab-8Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} (15A b^3 x^3 + 264B a b^2 x^3 + 118a A b^2 x^2 + 208B a^2 b x^2 + 136a^2 A b x + 64B a^3 x + 48a^3 A)}{192x^4a} + \frac{5b^3(Ab-8Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
derivativedivides	$2b^3 \left(-\frac{\frac{(5Ab+88Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{128a} + \left(-\frac{73Ba}{48} + \frac{73Ab}{384}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{55a(Ab-8Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{384} + \left(-\frac{5}{16}a^3B + \frac{5}{128}a^2bA\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^4x^4} + \dots \right)$
default	$2b^3 \left(-\frac{\frac{(5Ab+88Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{128a} + \left(-\frac{73Ba}{48} + \frac{73Ab}{384}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{55a(Ab-8Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{384} + \left(-\frac{5}{16}a^3B + \frac{5}{128}a^2bA\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^4x^4} + \dots \right)$

```
input int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -17/24*(-15/136*b^3*x^4*(A*b-8*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+(b*x+a)
^(1/2)*(59/68*(132/59*B*x+A)*b^2*x^2*a^(3/2)+b*x*(26/17*B*x+A)*a^(5/2)+2/1
7*(4*B*x+3*A)*a^(7/2)+15/136*A*a^(1/2)*b^3*x^3))/a^(3/2)/x^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = \left[-\frac{15(8Bab^3 - Ab^4)\sqrt{a}x^4 \log\left(\frac{bx+2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x}\right) + 2(48Aa^4 + 3(88Ba^2b^2}}{x^5} \right. \quad \left. 384 \right.$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/384*(15*(8*B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*sqrt(a)*x^4*log((b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(48*A*a^4 + 3*(88*B*a^2*b^2 + 5*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 2*(104*B*a^3*b + 59*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(8*B*a^4 + 17*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^2*x^4), 1/192*(15*(8*B*a*b^3 - A*b^4)*sqrt(-a)*x^4*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (48*A*a^4 + 3*(88*B*a^2*b^2 + 5*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 2*(104*B*a^3*b + 59*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(8*B*a^4 + 17*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^2*x^4)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 326 vs. 2(126) = 252.

Time = 163.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{Aa^3}{4\sqrt{bx}^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{23Aa^2\sqrt{b}}{24x^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{127Aab^{\frac{3}{2}}}{96x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{133Ab^{\frac{5}{2}}}{192x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{5Ab^{\frac{7}{2}}}{64a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} + \frac{5Ab^4 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{64a^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{Ba^3}{3\sqrt{bx}^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{17Ba^2\sqrt{b}}{12x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{35Bab^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{Bb^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{3Bb^{\frac{5}{2}}}{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}} - \frac{5Bb^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x**5,x)`

output

```
-A*a**3/(4*sqrt(b)*x**(9/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 23*A*a**2*sqrt(b)/(24*x**
(7/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 127*A*a*b**(3/2)/(96*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)
) - 133*A*b**(5/2)/(192*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 5*A*b**(7/2)/(64*a*s
qrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 5*A*b**4*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(64*
a**(3/2)) - B*a**3/(3*sqrt(b)*x**(7/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 17*B*a**2*sqrt
(b)/(12*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 35*B*a*b**(3/2)/(24*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/
(b*x) + 1)) - B*b**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/sqrt(x) - 3*B*b**(5/2)/(8*sqrt(
x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 5*B*b**3*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(8*sqrt(
a))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{384} b^4 \left(\frac{2 \left(3(88Ba + 5Ab)(bx + a)^{7/2} - 73(8Ba^2 - Aab)(bx + a)^{5/2} + 55(8Ba^3 - Aa^2b)(bx + a)^{3/2} - 15 \right)}{(bx + a)^4 ab - 4(bx + a)^3 a^2 b + 6(bx + a)^2 a^3 b - 4(bx + a)a^4 b + a^5 b} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/384*b^4*(2*(3*(88*B*a + 5*A*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 73*(8*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*(
b*x + a)^(5/2) + 55*(8*B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) - 15*(8*B*a^4 - A*
a^3*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^4*a*b - 4*(b*x + a)^3*a^2*b + 6*(b*x + a)
^2*a^3*b - 4*(b*x + a)*a^4*b + a^5*b) - 15*(8*B*a - A*b)*log((sqrt(b*x + a)
) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(3/2)*b))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{15(8Bab^4 - Ab^5) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) - 264(bx+a)^{7/2} Bab^4 - 584(bx+a)^{5/2} Ba^2 b^4 + 440(bx+a)^{3/2} Ba^3 b^4 - 120}{192b}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{192} \cdot (15 \cdot (8 \cdot B \cdot a \cdot b^4 - A \cdot b^5) \cdot \arctan(\sqrt{b \cdot x + a} / \sqrt{-a}) / (\sqrt{-a} \cdot a) - (264 \cdot (b \cdot x + a)^{(7/2)} \cdot B \cdot a \cdot b^4 - 584 \cdot (b \cdot x + a)^{(5/2)} \cdot B \cdot a^2 \cdot b^4 + 440 \cdot (b \cdot x + a)^{(3/2)} \cdot B \cdot a^3 \cdot b^4 - 120 \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot x + a} \cdot B \cdot a^4 \cdot b^4 + 15 \cdot (b \cdot x + a)^{(7/2)} \cdot A \cdot b^5 + 73 \cdot (b \cdot x + a)^{(5/2)} \cdot A \cdot a \cdot b^5 - 55 \cdot (b \cdot x + a)^{(3/2)} \cdot A \cdot a^2 \cdot b^5 + 15 \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot x + a} \cdot A \cdot a^3 \cdot b^5) / (a \cdot b^4 \cdot x^4)) / b$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{5 b^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Ab - 8Ba)}{64 a^{3/2}} - \frac{\left(\frac{73Ab^4}{192} - \frac{73Bab^3}{24}\right) (a + bx)^{5/2} + \left(\frac{5Aa^2b^4}{64} - \frac{5Ba^3b^3}{8}\right) \sqrt{a + bx} + \left(\frac{55Ba^2b^3}{24} - \frac{55Aab^4}{192}\right) (a + bx)^{3/2} + \frac{5Aa^2b^4}{64} (a + bx)^{1/2}}{(a + bx)^4 - 4a^3 (a + bx) - 4a(a + bx)^3 + 6a^2 (a + bx)^2 + a^4}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}(((A + B \cdot x) \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^{(5/2)}) / x^5, x)$$

output

$$\frac{(5 \cdot b^3 \cdot \operatorname{atanh}((a + b \cdot x)^{(1/2)} / a^{(1/2)}) \cdot (A \cdot b - 8 \cdot B \cdot a)) / (64 \cdot a^{(3/2)}) - (((73 \cdot A \cdot b^4) / 192 - (73 \cdot B \cdot a \cdot b^3) / 24) \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^{(5/2)} + ((5 \cdot A \cdot a^2 \cdot b^4) / 64 - (5 \cdot B \cdot a^3 \cdot b^3) / 8) \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^{(1/2)} + ((55 \cdot B \cdot a^2 \cdot b^3) / 24 - (55 \cdot A \cdot a \cdot b^4) / 192) \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^{(3/2)} + ((5 \cdot A \cdot b^4 + 88 \cdot B \cdot a \cdot b^3) \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^{(7/2)}) / (64 \cdot a)) / ((a + b \cdot x)^4 - 4 \cdot a^3 \cdot (a + b \cdot x) - 4 \cdot a \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^3 + 6 \cdot a^2 \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^2 + a^4)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2} (A + Bx)}{x^5} dx = \frac{-96 \sqrt{bx + a} a^4 - 400 \sqrt{bx + a} a^3 bx - 652 \sqrt{bx + a} a^2 b^2 x^2 - 558 \sqrt{bx + a} a b^3 x^3 - 192 b^4 x^4}{384 a^4}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}((b \cdot x + a)^{(5/2)} \cdot (B \cdot x + A) / x^5, x)$$

output

$$\frac{(-96\sqrt{a+bx}a^4 - 400\sqrt{a+bx}a^3bx - 652\sqrt{a+bx}a^2b^2x^2 - 558\sqrt{a+bx}ab^3x^3 + 105\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{a+bx} - \sqrt{a})b^4x^4 - 105\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{a+bx} + \sqrt{a})b^4x^4)}{(384ax^4)}$$

3.255 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1770
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1771
Rubi [A] (verified)	1771
Maple [A] (verified)	1774
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1774
Sympy [F(-1)]	1775
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1775
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1776
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1776
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1777

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{b(3Ab+22aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{48x^3} - \frac{b^2(3Ab+118aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{192ax^2} + \frac{b^3(3Ab-10aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{128a^2x} - \frac{(Ab+2aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{8x^4} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5x^5} - \frac{b^4(3Ab-10aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/48*b*(3*A*b+22*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^3-1/192*b^2*(3*A*b+118*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x^2+1/128*b^3*(3*A*b-10*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x-1/8*(A*b+2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^4-1/5*A*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/x^5-1/128*b^4*(3*A*b-10*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(-45Ab^4x^4 + 30ab^3x^3(A+5Bx) + 96a^4(4A+5Bx) + 16a^3bx(63A+85Bx) + 4a^2b^2x^2(186A +$$

$$1920a^2x^5$$

$$+ \frac{b^4(-3Ab + 10aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^6, x]
```

output

```
-1/1920*(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-45*A*b^4*x^4 + 30*a*b^3*x^3*(A + 5*B*x) + 96*a^4*(4*A + 5*B*x) + 16*a^3*b*x*(63*A + 85*B*x) + 4*a^2*b^2*x^2*(186*A + 295*B*x)))/(a^2*x^5) + (b^4*(-3*A*b + 10*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(128*a^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$, Rules used = {87, 51, 51, 51, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$-\frac{(3Ab - 10aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^5} dx}{10a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{5ax^5}$$

$$\downarrow 51$$

$$-\frac{(3Ab - 10aB) \left(\frac{5}{8}b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{4x^4} \right)}{10a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{5ax^5}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 51 \\
 \frac{(3Ab - 10aB) \left(\frac{5}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^3} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{4x^4} \right)}{10a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{5ax^5} \\
 \downarrow 51 \\
 \frac{(3Ab - 10aB) \left(\frac{5}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{4}b \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{4x^4} \right)}{10a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{5ax^5} \\
 \downarrow 52 \\
 \frac{(3Ab - 10aB) \left(\frac{5}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{4x^4} \right)}{10a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{5ax^5} \\
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{(3Ab - 10aB) \left(\frac{5}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(-\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{4x^4} \right)}{10a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{5ax^5} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{(3Ab - 10aB) \left(\frac{5}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{4}b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{4x^4} \right)}{10a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{5ax^5}
 \end{array}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^6,x]
```

output

```
-1/5*(A*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(a*x^5) - ((3*A*b - 10*a*B)*(-1/4*(a + b*x)^(5/2)
/x^4 + (5*b*(-1/3*(a + b*x)^(3/2)/x^3 + (b*(-1/2*sqrt[a + b*x]/x^2 + (b*(-
(sqrt[a + b*x]/(a*x)) + (b*ArcTanh[sqrt[a + b*x]/sqrt[a]]))/a^(3/2))))/4))/8))/(10*a)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]`
`Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`
`] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{31 \left(\frac{15b^4 \left(Ab - \frac{10Ba}{3} \right) x^5 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) + \left(\frac{5b^3 x^3 (5Bx+A) a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{124} + b^2 x^2 \left(\frac{295Bx}{186} + A \right) a^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{42b \left(\frac{85Bx}{63} + A \right) x a^{\frac{7}{2}}}{31} + \frac{4(5Bx+A)}{256} \right)}{80a^{\frac{5}{2}} x^5}$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} (-45A b^4 x^4 + 150Ba b^3 x^4 + 30Aa b^3 x^3 + 1180B a^2 b^2 x^3 + 744A a^2 b^2 x^2 + 1360B a^3 b x^2 + 1008A a^3 b x + 480B a^4)}{1920x^5 a^2}$
derivativedivides	$2b^4 \left(-\frac{(3Ab-10Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{256a^2} + \frac{(21Ab+58Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{384a} + \left(\frac{Ab}{10} - \frac{Ba}{3} \right) (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{7a(3Ab-10Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{384} + \frac{a^2(3Ab-10Ba)}{256} \right)$
default	$2b^4 \left(-\frac{(3Ab-10Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{256a^2} + \frac{(21Ab+58Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{384a} + \left(\frac{Ab}{10} - \frac{Ba}{3} \right) (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{7a(3Ab-10Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{384} + \frac{a^2(3Ab-10Ba)}{256} \right)$

```
input int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -31/80/a^(5/2)*(15/248*b^4*(A*b-10/3*B*a)*x^5*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
)+(5/124*b^3*x^3*(5*B*x+A)*a^(3/2)+b^2*x^2*(295/186*B*x+A)*a^(5/2)+42/31*
b*(85/63*B*x+A)*x*a^(7/2)+4/31*(5*B*x+4*A)*a^(9/2)-15/248*A*a^(1/2)*b^4*x^
4)*(b*x+a)^(1/2))/x^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = \left[-\frac{15(10Bab^4 - 3Ab^5)\sqrt{ax^5} \log\left(\frac{bx-2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x}\right) + 2(384Aa^5 + 15(10Bab^4 - 3Ab^5)\sqrt{-ax^5} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) + (384Aa^5 + 15(10Ba^2b^3 - 3Aab^4)x^4 + 10(118Ba^3b^2 + \dots)}{1920a^3x^5} \right]$$

```
input integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^6,x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/3840*(15*(10*B*a*b^4 - 3*A*b^5)*sqrt(a)*x^5*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)
*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(384*A*a^5 + 15*(10*B*a^2*b^3 - 3*A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 10
*(118*B*a^3*b^2 + 3*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 8*(170*B*a^4*b + 93*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 +
48*(10*B*a^5 + 21*A*a^4*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^3*x^5), -1/1920*(15*(10*B*
a*b^4 - 3*A*b^5)*sqrt(-a)*x^5*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (384*A*a^5
+ 15*(10*B*a^2*b^3 - 3*A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 10*(118*B*a^3*b^2 + 3*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3
+ 8*(170*B*a^4*b + 93*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 48*(10*B*a^5 + 21*A*a^4*b)*x)*sqrt
(b*x + a))/(a^3*x^5)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x**6,x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{3840} b^5 \left(\frac{2 \left(15 (10 Ba - 3 Ab)(bx + a)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 10 (58 Ba^2 + 21 Aab)(bx + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 128 (10 Ba^3 - 3 Aa^2b)(bx + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)}{(bx + a)^5 a^2 b - 5 (bx + a)^4 a^3 b + 10 (bx + a)^3 a^4 b - 10 (bx + a)^2 a^5 b} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/3840*b^5*(2*(15*(10*B*a - 3*A*b)*(b*x + a)^(9/2) + 10*(58*B*a^2 + 21*A*
a*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 128*(10*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2) + 70*(10
*B*a^4 - 3*A*a^3*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) - 15*(10*B*a^5 - 3*A*a^4*b)*sqrt(b*x +
a))/((b*x + a)^5*a^2*b - 5*(b*x + a)^4*a^3*b + 10*(b*x + a)^3*a^4*b - 10*
(b*x + a)^2*a^5*b + 5*(b*x + a)*a^6*b - a^7*b) + 15*(10*B*a - 3*A*b)*log((
sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(5/2)*b))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{1920} b^5 \left(\frac{15(10Ba - 3Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa^2b}} + \frac{150(bx+a)^{9/2}Ba + 580(bx+a)^{7/2}Ba^2 - 1280(bx+a)^{5/2}B}{\sqrt{-aa^2b}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/1920*b^5*(15*(10*B*a - 3*A*b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*
a^2*b) + (150*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*B*a + 580*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*B*a^2 - 1280*(b*x
+ a)^(5/2)*B*a^3 + 700*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*a^4 - 150*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^5 - 4
5*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*A*b + 210*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*A*a*b + 384*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*A*
a^2*b - 210*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*a^3*b + 45*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a^4*b)/(a^2*b^6*x
^5))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{Ab^5}{5} - \frac{2Bab^4}{3}\right) (a+bx)^{5/2} + \left(\frac{3Aa^2b^5}{128} - \frac{5Ba^3b^4}{64}\right) \sqrt{a+bx} + \left(\frac{35Ba^2b^4}{96} - \frac{7Ba^3b^3}{96}\right) \sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{b^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (3Ab - 10Ba)}{128a^{5/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^6,x)`

output `((A*b^5)/5 - (2*B*a*b^4)/3)*(a + b*x)^(5/2) + ((3*A*a^2*b^5)/128 - (5*B*a^3*b^4)/64)*(a + b*x)^(1/2) + ((35*B*a^2*b^4)/96 - (7*A*a*b^5)/64)*(a + b*x)^(3/2) - ((3*A*b^5 - 10*B*a*b^4)*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(128*a^2) + ((21*A*b^5 + 58*B*a*b^4)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(192*a)/(5*a*(a + b*x)^4 - 5*a^4*(a + b*x)) - (a + b*x)^5 - 10*a^2*(a + b*x)^3 + 10*a^3*(a + b*x)^2 + a^5) - (b^4*atanh((a + b*x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(3*A*b - 10*B*a))/(128*a^(5/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^6} dx = \frac{-768\sqrt{bx + a}a^5 - 2976\sqrt{bx + a}a^4bx - 4208\sqrt{bx + a}a^3b^2x^2 - 2420\sqrt{bx + a}a^2b^3x^3 - 210\sqrt{bx + a}ab^4x^4 - 105\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a})b^5x^5 + 105\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx + a} + \sqrt{a})b^5x^5}{3840a^2x^5}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^6,x)`

output `(- 768*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5 - 2976*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b*x - 4208*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 2420*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*x**3 - 210*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**4*x**4 - 105*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**5*x**5 + 105*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**5*x**5)/(3840*a**2*x**5)`

3.256 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	1778
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1779
Rubi [A] (verified)	1779
Maple [A] (verified)	1782
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1783
Sympy [F(-1)]	1783
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1784
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1784
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1785
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1785

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = -\frac{b(5Ab+52aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{160x^4} - \frac{b^2(5Ab+372aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{960ax^3} + \frac{b^3(5Ab-12aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{768a^2x^2} - \frac{b^4(5Ab-12aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{512a^3x} - \frac{(5Ab+12aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{60x^5} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{6x^6} + \frac{b^5(5Ab-12aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{512a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/160*b*(5*A*b+52*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^4-1/960*b^2*(5*A*b+372*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x^3+1/768*b^3*(5*A*b-12*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x^2-1/512*b^4*(5*A*b-12*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x-1/60*(5*A*b+12*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^5-1/6*A*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/x^6+1/512*b^5*(5*A*b-12*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(75Ab^5x^5 + 40a^2b^3x^3(A+3Bx) + 256a^5(5A+6Bx) - 10ab^4x^4(5A+18Bx) + 48a^3b^2x^2(45A + 62Bx) + 64a^4bx(50A+63Bx))}{7680a^3x^6} + \frac{b^5(5Ab - 12aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{512a^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^7, x]`

output `-1/7680*(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(75*A*b^5*x^5 + 40*a^2*b^3*x^3*(A + 3*B*x) + 256*a^5*(5*A + 6*B*x) - 10*a*b^4*x^4*(5*A + 18*B*x) + 48*a^3*b^2*x^2*(45*A + 62*B*x) + 64*a^4*b*x*(50*A + 63*B*x)))/(a^3*x^6) + (b^5*(5*A*b - 12*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(512*a^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {87, 51, 51, 51, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$-\frac{(5Ab - 12aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^6} dx}{12a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{6ax^6}$$

$$\downarrow 51$$

$$-\frac{(5Ab - 12aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{12a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{6ax^6}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(5Ab - 12aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{3}{8}b \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^4} dx - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{12a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{6ax^6} \\
 & \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(5Ab - 12aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{12a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{6ax^6} \\
 & \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(5Ab - 12aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{12a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{6ax^6} \\
 & \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(5Ab - 12aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{12a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{6ax^6} \\
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{(5Ab - 12aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \left(-\frac{\int \frac{1}{a+bx} - \frac{a}{b} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4x^4} \right) - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right)}{12a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{6ax^6} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{6ax^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(5Ab - 12aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{3}{8}b \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax}}{a^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3x^3}} - \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4x^4}} - \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5x^5} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{12a} - \frac{A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{6ax^6}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^7,x]`

output `-1/6*(A*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(a*x^6) - ((5*A*b - 12*a*B)*(-1/5*(a + b*x)^(5/2)/x^5 + (b*(-1/4*(a + b*x)^(3/2)/x^4 + (3*b*(-1/3*sqrt[a + b*x]/x^3 + (b*(-1/2*sqrt[a + b*x]/(a*x^2) - (3*b*(-(sqrt[a + b*x]/(a*x)) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/sqrt[a])/a^(3/2)))/(4*a)))/6))/8))/2))/(12*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-\frac{15(Ab - \frac{12Ba}{5})b^5x^6 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \left(\frac{192Bx + 32A}{5}\right)a^{\frac{11}{2}} + \left(-\frac{5b^3x^3\left(\frac{18Bx+A}{5}\right)a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + b^2x^2(3Bx+A)a^{\frac{5}{2}} + 54b\left(\frac{62}{45}Bx+A\right)x^4\right)a^{\frac{7}{2}}}{192a^{\frac{7}{2}}x^6}}$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(75Ab^5x^5 - 180Ba^2b^4x^5 - 50aAb^4x^4 + 120Ba^2b^3x^4 + 40a^2Ab^3x^3 + 2976Ba^3b^2x^3 + 2160a^3Ab^2x^2 + 4032Ba^4x^2 + 54b^2(62/45Bx+A)x^4)}{7680x^6a^3}$
derivativedivides	$2b^5 \left(-\frac{(5Ab-12Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{1024a^3} - \frac{17(5Ab-12Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3072a^2} + \frac{(165Ab+116Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{2560a} + \left(\frac{33Ab}{512} - \frac{99Ba}{640}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{17a(5Ab-12Ba)}{b^6x^6} \right)$
default	$2b^5 \left(-\frac{(5Ab-12Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{1024a^3} - \frac{17(5Ab-12Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3072a^2} + \frac{(165Ab+116Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{2560a} + \left(\frac{33Ab}{512} - \frac{99Ba}{640}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{17a(5Ab-12Ba)}{b^6x^6} \right)$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/192*(-15/8*(A*b-12/5*B*a)*b^5*x^6*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+((192/
5*B*x+32*A)*a^(11/2)+(-5/4*b^3*x^3*(18/5*B*x+A)*a^(3/2)+b^2*x^2*(3*B*x+A)*
a^(5/2)+54*b*(62/45*B*x+A)*x*a^(7/2)+(504/5*B*x+80*A)*a^(9/2)+15/8*A*a^(1/
2)*b^4*x^4)*b*x*(b*x+a)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/x^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = \left[-\frac{15(12Bab^5 - 5Ab^6)\sqrt{ax^6} \log\left(\frac{bx+2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x}\right) + 2(1280Aa^6 - 15(12Bab^5 - 5Ab^6)\sqrt{ax^6})}{x^7} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[ -1/15360*(15*(12*B*a*b^5 - 5*A*b^6)*sqrt(a)*x^6*log((b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)
)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(1280*A*a^6 - 15*(12*B*a^2*b^4 - 5*A*a*b^5)*x^5 +
10*(12*B*a^3*b^3 - 5*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 8*(372*B*a^4*b^2 + 5*A*a^3*b^3)*x^3
+ 144*(28*B*a^5*b + 15*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 128*(12*B*a^6 + 25*A*a^5*b)*x)*sqrt
(b*x + a))/(a^4*x^6), 1/7680*(15*(12*B*a*b^5 - 5*A*b^6)*sqrt(-a)*x^6*arct
an(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (1280*A*a^6 - 15*(12*B*a^2*b^4 - 5*A*a*b^5)*x
^5 + 10*(12*B*a^3*b^3 - 5*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 8*(372*B*a^4*b^2 + 5*A*a^3*b^3)
*x^3 + 144*(28*B*a^5*b + 15*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 128*(12*B*a^6 + 25*A*a^5*b)*x
)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^4*x^6)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x**7,x)`

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{1}{15360} b^6 \left(\frac{2 \left(15(12Ba - 5Ab)(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 85(12Ba^2 - 5Aab)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} - \dots \right)}{(bx+a)^6 a^3 b - 6 \dots} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`output

```
1/15360*b^6*(2*(15*(12*B*a - 5*A*b)*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 85*(12*B*a^2 - 5*A*
a*b)*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 6*(116*B*a^3 + 165*A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2) + 198*(
12*B*a^4 - 5*A*a^3*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 85*(12*B*a^5 - 5*A*a^4*b)*(b*x + a
)^(3/2) + 15*(12*B*a^6 - 5*A*a^5*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^6*a^3*b - 6*
(b*x + a)^5*a^4*b + 15*(b*x + a)^4*a^5*b - 20*(b*x + a)^3*a^6*b + 15*(b*x
+ a)^2*a^7*b - 6*(b*x + a)*a^8*b + a^9*b) + 15*(12*B*a - 5*A*b)*log((sqrt(
b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(7/2)*b))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{15(12Bab^6 - 5Ab^7) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa^3}} + \frac{180(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}} Bab^6 - 1020(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} Ba^2 b^6 - 696(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} Ba^3 b^6}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`output

```
1/7680*(15*(12*B*a*b^6 - 5*A*b^7)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)
*a^3) + (180*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*B*a*b^6 - 1020*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*B*a^2*b^6 - 6
96*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*B*a^3*b^6 + 2376*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B*a^4*b^6 - 1020*(b*x
+ a)^(3/2)*B*a^5*b^6 + 180*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^6*b^6 - 75*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*A
*b^7 + 425*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*A*a*b^7 - 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*A*a^2*b^7 - 990*(
b*x + a)^(5/2)*A*a^3*b^7 + 425*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*a^4*b^7 - 75*sqrt(b*x + a
)*A*a^5*b^7)/(a^3*b^6*x^6))/b
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{b^5 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (5Ab - 12Ba)}{512a^{7/2}} - \frac{\left(\frac{33Ab^6}{256} - \frac{99Ba^5}{320}\right) (a+bx)^{5/2} + \left(\frac{5Aa^2b^6}{512} - \frac{3Ba^3b^5}{128}\right) \sqrt{a+bx} + \left(\frac{17Ba^2b^5}{128} - \frac{85Aab^6}{1536}\right) (a+bx)^{3/2} - \frac{17Aa^2b^6}{1536} (a+bx)^{1/2}}{(a+bx)^6 - 6a^5(a+bx) - 6a(a+bx)^5 + 15a^2(a+bx)^4 - 20a^3(a+bx)^3 + 15a^4(a+bx)^2 + a^6}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^7,x)`output `(b^5*atanh((a + b*x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(5*A*b - 12*B*a))/(512*a^(7/2)) - ((33*A*b^6)/256 - (99*B*a*b^5)/320)*(a + b*x)^(5/2) + ((5*A*a^2*b^6)/512 - (3*B*a^3*b^5)/128)*(a + b*x)^(1/2) + ((17*B*a^2*b^5)/128 - (85*A*a*b^6)/1536)*(a + b*x)^(3/2) - (17*(5*A*b^6 - 12*B*a*b^5)*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(1536*a^2) + ((5*A*b^6 - 12*B*a*b^5)*(a + b*x)^(11/2))/(512*a^3) + ((165*A*b^6 + 116*B*a*b^5)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(1280*a)/((a + b*x)^6 - 6*a^5*(a + b*x) - 6*a*(a + b*x)^5 + 15*a^2*(a + b*x)^4 - 20*a^3*(a + b*x)^3 + 15*a^4*(a + b*x)^2 + a^6)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^7} dx = \frac{-2560\sqrt{bx+a}a^6 - 9472\sqrt{bx+a}a^5bx - 12384\sqrt{bx+a}a^4b^2x^2 - 6032\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^3x^3 - 140\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^4x^4 + 210\sqrt{bx+a}ab^5x^5 + 105\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{a+bx} - \sqrt{a})b^6x^6 - 105\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{a+bx} + \sqrt{a})b^6x^6}{(15360a^3x^6)}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^7,x)`output `(- 2560*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**6 - 9472*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*b*x - 12384*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 6032*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**3*x**3 - 140*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 210*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**5*x**5 + 105*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**6*x**6 - 105*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**6*x**6)/(15360*a**3*x**6)`

3.257 $\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	1786
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1786
Rubi [A] (verified)	1787
Maple [A] (verified)	1788
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1789
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1789
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1790
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1790
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1791
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1791

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2a^4(Ab-aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^6} - \frac{2a^3(4Ab-5aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^6} + \frac{4a^2(3Ab-5aB)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^6} - \frac{4a(2Ab-5aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^6} + \frac{2(Ab-5aB)(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b^6} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{11/2}}{11b^6}$$

```
output 2*a^4*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^6-2/3*a^3*(4*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^6+
4/5*a^2*(3*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^6-4/7*a*(2*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/
b^6+2/9*(A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(9/2)/b^6+2/11*B*(b*x+a)^(11/2)/b^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}(-1280a^5B+128a^4b(11A+5Bx)+35b^5x^4(11A+9Bx)-32a^3b^2x(22A+15Bx)+16a^2b^3x^2)}{3465b^6}$$

input `Integrate[(x^4*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a + b*x],x]`

output $(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(-1280*a^5*B + 128*a^4*b*(11*A + 5*B*x) + 35*b^5*x^4*(11*A + 9*B*x) - 32*a^3*b^2*x*(22*A + 15*B*x) + 16*a^2*b^3*x^2*(33*A + 25*B*x) - 10*a*b^4*x^3*(44*A + 35*B*x)))/(3465*b^6)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^4(aB - Ab)}{b^5\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{a^3\sqrt{a + bx}(5aB - 4Ab)}{b^5} - \frac{2a^2(a + bx)^{3/2}(5aB - 3Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{(a + bx)^{7/2}(Ab - 5aB)}{b^5} + \frac{2a(a + bx)^{11/2}(Ab - 5aB)}{11b^6} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2a^4\sqrt{a + bx}(Ab - aB)}{b^6} - \frac{2a^3(a + bx)^{3/2}(4Ab - 5aB)}{3b^6} + \frac{4a^2(a + bx)^{5/2}(3Ab - 5aB)}{5b^6} + \frac{2(a + bx)^{9/2}(Ab - 5aB)}{9b^6} - \frac{4a(a + bx)^{7/2}(2Ab - 5aB)}{7b^6} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{11/2}}{11b^6}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a + b*x],x]`

output $(2*a^4*(A*b - a*B)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])/b^6 - (2*a^3*(4*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^6) + (4*a^2*(3*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^6) - (4*a*(2*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^6) + (2*(A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^6) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(11/2))/(11*b^6)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{256 \left(\frac{35 \left(\frac{9Bx+A}{11} \right) x^4 b^5}{128} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{35Bx+A}{44} \right) x^3 b^4}{16} + \frac{3a^2 \left(\frac{25Bx+A}{33} \right) x^2 b^3}{8} - \frac{a^3 \left(\frac{15Bx+A}{22} \right) x b^2}{2} + a^4 \left(\frac{5Bx+A}{11} \right) b - \frac{10a^5 B}{11} \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{315b^6}$
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} (315b^5 B x^5 + 385A b^5 x^4 - 350Ba b^4 x^4 - 440Aa b^4 x^3 + 400B a^2 b^3 x^3 + 528A a^2 b^3 x^2 - 480B a^3 b^2 x^2 - 704a^3 b^2 Ax - 10a^5 B)}{3465b^6}$
trager	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} (315b^5 B x^5 + 385A b^5 x^4 - 350Ba b^4 x^4 - 440Aa b^4 x^3 + 400B a^2 b^3 x^3 + 528A a^2 b^3 x^2 - 480B a^3 b^2 x^2 - 704a^3 b^2 Ax - 10a^5 B)}{3465b^6}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} (315b^5 B x^5 + 385A b^5 x^4 - 350Ba b^4 x^4 - 440Aa b^4 x^3 + 400B a^2 b^3 x^3 + 528A a^2 b^3 x^2 - 480B a^3 b^2 x^2 - 704a^3 b^2 Ax - 10a^5 B)}{3465b^6}$
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} (315b^5 B x^5 + 385A b^5 x^4 - 350Ba b^4 x^4 - 440Aa b^4 x^3 + 400B a^2 b^3 x^3 + 528A a^2 b^3 x^2 - 480B a^3 b^2 x^2 - 704a^3 b^2 Ax - 10a^5 B)}{3465b^6}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(Ab-5Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(6a^2B-4a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(-4a^3B+6a^2(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(Ba^4-4a^3(Ab-5Ba))}{3}}{b^6}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(Ab-5Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(6a^2B-4a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(-4a^3B+6a^2(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(Ba^4-4a^3(Ab-5Ba))}{3}}{b^6}$

```
input int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 256/315*(35/128*(9/11*B*x+A)*x^4*b^5-5/16*a*(35/44*B*x+A)*x^3*b^4+3/8*a^2*(25/33*B*x+A)*x^2*b^3-1/2*a^3*(15/22*B*x+A)*x*b^2+a^4*(5/11*B*x+A)*b-10/11*a^5*B)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(315 Bb^5 x^5 - 1280 Ba^5 + 1408 Aa^4 b - 35(10 Bab^4 - 11 Ab^5)x^4 + 40(10 Ba^2 b^3 - 11 Aab^4)x^3 - 48(10 Bb^3 a^2 - 11 Ab^4 a)x^2 + 64(10 Bb^4 a - 11 Aa^3 b^2)x + 64(Aa^4 b - Ba^5)\sqrt{a + bx}}{3465 b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3465*(315*B*b^5*x^5 - 1280*B*a^5 + 1408*A*a^4*b - 35*(10*B*a*b^4 - 11*A*b^5)*x^4 + 40*(10*B*a^2*b^3 - 11*A*a*b^4)*x^3 - 48*(10*B*a^3*b^2 - 11*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 64*(10*B*a^4*b - 11*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/b^6`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{2 \left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{9}{2}}(Ab-5Ba)}{9b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}(-4Aab+10Ba^2)}{7b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(6Aa^2b-10Ba^3)}{5b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-4Aa^3b+5Ba^4)}{3b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(Aa^4b-Ba^5)}{b} \right)}{b^5} \\ \frac{Ax^5}{5} + \frac{Bx^6}{6} \\ \sqrt{a} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(11/2))/(11*b) + (a + b*x)**(9/2)*(A*b - 5*B*a)/(9*b) + (a + b*x)**(7/2)*(-4*A*a*b + 10*B*a**2)/(7*b) + (a + b*x)**(5/2)*(6*A*a**2*b - 10*B*a**3)/(5*b) + (a + b*x)**(3/2)*(-4*A*a**3*b + 5*B*a**4)/(3*b) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(A*a**4*b - B*a**5)/b)/b**5, Ne(b, 0)), ((A*x**5/5 + B*x**6/6)/sqrt(a), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(315 (bx + a)^{\frac{11}{2}} B - 385 (5Ba - Ab)(bx + a)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 990 (5Ba^2 - 2Aab)(bx + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 1386 (5Ba^3 - 3Aa^2) \sqrt{bx + a} + 1155 (5Ba^4 - 4Aa^3b) (bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3465 (Ba^5 - Aa^4b) \sqrt{bx + a} \right)}{3465 b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/3465*(315*(b*x + a)^(11/2)*B - 385*(5*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(9/2) + 990*(5*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 1386*(5*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2) + 1155*(5*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3465*(B*a^5 - A*a^4*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b^6
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{11 \left(35 (bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 180 (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a + 378 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^2 - 420 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^3 + 315 \sqrt{bx+aa^4} \right) A}{b^4} + \frac{5 \left(63 (bx+a)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 385 (bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} a + 990 (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a^2 - 1386 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^3 + 1155 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^4 - 693 \sqrt{bx+a} a^5 \right) B}{b^5} \right)}{3465 b}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/3465*(11*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4)*A/b^4 + 5*(63*(b*x + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5)*B/b^5/b
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{(20Ba^2 - 8Aab)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^6} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{11/2}}{11b^6} + \frac{(2Ab - 10Ba)(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b^6} - \frac{(2Ba^5 - 2Aa^4b)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^6} + \frac{(10Ba^4 - 8Aa^3b)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^6} - \frac{(20Ba^3 - 12Aa^2b)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^6}$$

input `int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(1/2),x)`output `((20*B*a^2 - 8*A*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^6) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(11/2))/(11*b^6) + ((2*A*b - 10*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^6) - ((2*B*a^5 - 2*A*a^4*b)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/b^6 + ((10*B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^6) - ((20*B*a^3 - 12*A*a^2*b)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^6)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(315b^5x^5 + 35ab^4x^4 - 40a^2b^3x^3 + 48a^3b^2x^2 - 64a^4bx + 128a^5)}{3465b^5}$$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(128*a**5 - 64*a**4*b*x + 48*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 40*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 35*a*b**4*x**4 + 315*b**5*x**5))/(3465*b**5)`

3.258 $\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	1792
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1792
Rubi [A] (verified)	1793
Maple [A] (verified)	1794
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1796
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = -\frac{2a^3(Ab-aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^5} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab-4aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^5} - \frac{6a(Ab-2aB)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^5} + \frac{2(Ab-4aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^5} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b^5}$$

output

```
-2*a^3*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^5+2/3*a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^5
-6/5*a*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^5+2/7*(A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^5+2/9
*B*(b*x+a)^(9/2)/b^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}(128a^4B+24a^2b^2x(3A+2Bx)-16a^3b(9A+4Bx)+5b^4x^3(9A+7Bx)-2ab^3x^2(27A+20B))}{315b^5}$$

input `Integrate[(x^3*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a + b*x],x]`

output $(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(128*a^4*B + 24*a^2*b^2*x*(3*A + 2*B*x) - 16*a^3*b*(9*A + 4*B*x) + 5*b^4*x^3*(9*A + 7*B*x) - 2*a*b^3*x^2*(27*A + 20*B*x)))/(315*b^5)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3(aB - Ab)}{b^4\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{a^2\sqrt{a + bx}(4aB - 3Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(Ab - 4aB)}{b^4} + \frac{3a(a + bx)^{3/2}(2aB - Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{B(a + bx)}{b^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^3\sqrt{a + bx}(Ab - aB)}{b^5} + \frac{2a^2(a + bx)^{3/2}(3Ab - 4aB)}{3b^5} + \frac{2(a + bx)^{7/2}(Ab - 4aB)}{7b^5} - \frac{6a(a + bx)^{5/2}(Ab - 2aB)}{5b^5} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{9/2}}{9b^5}$$

input `Int[(x^3*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a + b*x],x]`

output $(-2*a^3*(A*b - a*B)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])/b^5 + (2*a^2*(3*A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*b^5) - (6*a*(A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(5/2)})/(5*b^5) + (2*(A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^{(7/2)})/(7*b^5) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^{(9/2)})/(9*b^5)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{32 \left(-\frac{5(7Bx+A)x^3b^4}{16} + \frac{3a(20Bx+A)x^2b^3}{8} - \frac{(2Bx+A)a^2x^2}{2} + a^3 \left(\frac{4Bx+A}{9} b - \frac{8Ba^4}{9} \right) \sqrt{bx+a} \right)}{35b^5}$
gosper	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} (-35Bx^4b^4 - 45Ax^3b^4 + 40Bx^3ab^3 + 54Ax^2ab^3 - 48Bx^2a^2b^2 - 72Ax^2a^2b^2 + 64Bx^2a^3b + 144Aa^3b - 128Ba^3)}{315b^5}$
trager	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} (-35Bx^4b^4 - 45Ax^3b^4 + 40Bx^3ab^3 + 54Ax^2ab^3 - 48Bx^2a^2b^2 - 72Ax^2a^2b^2 + 64Bx^2a^3b + 144Aa^3b - 128Ba^3)}{315b^5}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} (-35Bx^4b^4 - 45Ax^3b^4 + 40Bx^3ab^3 + 54Ax^2ab^3 - 48Bx^2a^2b^2 - 72Ax^2a^2b^2 + 64Bx^2a^3b + 144Aa^3b - 128Ba^3)}{315b^5}$
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} (-35Bx^4b^4 - 45Ax^3b^4 + 40Bx^3ab^3 + 54Ax^2ab^3 - 48Bx^2a^2b^2 - 72Ax^2a^2b^2 + 64Bx^2a^3b + 144Aa^3b - 128Ba^3)}{315b^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(Ab-4Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(3a^2B-3a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(-a^3B+3a^2(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2a^3(Ab-Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^5}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{2(-Ab+4Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{2(-3a^2B+3a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2(a^3B-3a^2(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2a^3(Ab-Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^5}$

```
input int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -32/35*(-5/16*(7/9*B*x+A)*x^3*b^4+3/8*a*(20/27*B*x+A)*x^2*b^3-1/2*(2/3*B*x+A)*a^2*x*b^2+a^3*(4/9*B*x+A)*b-8/9*B*a^4)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(35 Bb^4x^4 + 128 Ba^4 - 144 Aa^3b - 5(8 Bab^3 - 9 Ab^4)x^3 + 6(8 Ba^2b^2 - 9 Aab^3)x^2 - 8(8 Ba^3b - 9 Aa^4)x}{315 b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/315*(35*B*b^4*x^4 + 128*B*a^4 - 144*A*a^3*b - 5*(8*B*a*b^3 - 9*A*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(8*B*a^2*b^2 - 9*A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 8*(8*B*a^3*b - 9*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/b^5`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}(Ab-4Ba)}{7b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(-3Aab+6Ba^2)}{5b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(3Aa^2b-4Ba^3)}{3b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(-Aa^3b+Ba^4)}{b}\right)}{b^4} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\frac{Ax^4}{4} + \frac{Bx^5}{5}}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(9/2)/(9*b) + (a + b*x)**(7/2)*(A*b - 4*B*a)/(7*b) + (a + b*x)**(5/2)*(-3*A*a*b + 6*B*a**2)/(5*b) + (a + b*x)**(3/2)*(3*A*a**2*b - 4*B*a**3)/(3*b) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(-A*a**3*b + B*a**4)/b)/b**4, Ne(b, 0)), ((A*x**4/4 + B*x**5/5)/sqrt(a), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(35 (bx + a)^{\frac{9}{2}} B - 45 (4Ba - Ab)(bx + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 189 (2Ba^2 - Aab)(bx + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 105 (4Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 315 (B^2a^4 - A^2a^3b) \sqrt{bx + a} \right)}{315 b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/315*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*B - 45*(4*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2) + 189*(2*B*
a^2 - A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 105*(4*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) +
315*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b^5
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{9 \left(5 (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a + 35 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 - 35 \sqrt{bx+aa^3} \right) A}{b^3} + \frac{\left(35 (bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 180 (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a + 378 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^2 - 420 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^3 + 315 \sqrt{bx+aa^4} \right) B}{b^4} \right)}{315 b}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/315*(9*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^
2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*A/b^3 + (35*(b*x + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*x + a)^(7/2
)*a + 378*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*x + a
)*a^4)*B/b^4)/b
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{(12Ba^2 - 6Aab)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^5} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b^5} + \frac{(2Ab - 8Ba)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^5} + \frac{(2Ba^4 - 2Aa^3b)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^5} - \frac{(8Ba^3 - 6Aa^2b)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^5}$$

input `int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(1/2), x)`output `((12*B*a^2 - 6*A*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^5) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^5) + ((2*A*b - 8*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^5) + ((2*B*a^4 - 2*A*a^3*b)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/b^5 - ((8*B*a^3 - 6*A*a^2*b)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^5)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(35b^4x^4 + 5ab^3x^3 - 6a^2b^2x^2 + 8a^3bx - 16a^4)}{315b^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2), x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(- 16*a**4 + 8*a**3*b*x - 6*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 5*a*b**3*x**3 + 35*b**4*x**4))/(315*b**4)`

3.259 $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	1798
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1798
Rubi [A] (verified)	1799
Maple [A] (verified)	1800
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1801
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1801
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1802
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1802
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1803
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1803

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2a^2(Ab-aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^4} - \frac{2a(2Ab-3aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^4} + \frac{2(Ab-3aB)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^4} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^4}$$

output

$2*a^2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^4-2/3*a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^4+2/5*(A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^4+2/7*B*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^4$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}(-48a^3B+8a^2b(7A+3Bx)+3b^3x^2(7A+5Bx)-2ab^2x(14A+9Bx))}{105b^4}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^2*(A+B*x))/Sqrt[a+b*x],x]`

output

$$(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(-48*a^3*B + 8*a^2*b*(7*A + 3*B*x) + 3*b^3*x^2*(7*A + 5*B*x) - 2*a*b^2*x*(14*A + 9*B*x)))/(105*b^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^2(aB - Ab)}{b^3\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(Ab - 3aB)}{b^3} + \frac{a\sqrt{a + bx}(3aB - 2Ab)}{b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{5/2}}{b^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2a^2\sqrt{a + bx}(Ab - aB)}{b^4} + \frac{2(a + bx)^{5/2}(Ab - 3aB)}{5b^4} - \frac{2a(a + bx)^{3/2}(2Ab - 3aB)}{3b^4} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^2*(A + B*x))/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x], x]$$

output

$$(2*a^2*(A*b - a*B)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])/b^4 - (2*a*(2*A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^4) + (2*(A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^4) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^4)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{16 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{5Bx+A}{8} \right) x^2 b^3 - a \left(\frac{9Bx+A}{14} \right) x b^2 + a^2 \left(\frac{3Bx+A}{7} \right) b - \frac{6a^3 B}{7} \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{15b^4}$	58
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} (15b^3 B x^3 + 21A x^2 b^3 - 18B x^2 a b^2 - 28A x a b^2 + 24B x a^2 b + 56a^2 b A - 48a^3 B)}{105b^4}$	71
trager	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} (15b^3 B x^3 + 21A x^2 b^3 - 18B x^2 a b^2 - 28A x a b^2 + 24B x a^2 b + 56a^2 b A - 48a^3 B)}{105b^4}$	71
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} (15b^3 B x^3 + 21A x^2 b^3 - 18B x^2 a b^2 - 28A x a b^2 + 24B x a^2 b + 56a^2 b A - 48a^3 B)}{105b^4}$	71
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} (15b^3 B x^3 + 21A x^2 b^3 - 18B x^2 a b^2 - 28A x a b^2 + 24B x a^2 b + 56a^2 b A - 48a^3 B)}{105b^4}$	71
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(Ab-3Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(a^2B-2a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2a^2(Ab-Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^4}$	79
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(Ab-3Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(a^2B-2a(Ab-Ba))(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2a^2(Ab-Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^4}$	79

```
input int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 16/15*(3/8*(5/7*B*x+A)*x^2*b^3-1/2*a*(9/14*B*x+A)*x*b^2+a^2*(3/7*B*x+A)*b-6/7*a^3*B)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(15Bb^3x^3 - 48Ba^3 + 56Aa^2b - 3(6Bab^2 - 7Ab^3)x^2 + 4(6Ba^2b - 7Aab^2)x)\sqrt{bx + a}}{105b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/105*(15*B*b^3*x^3 - 48*B*a^3 + 56*A*a^2*b - 3*(6*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*x^2 + 4*(6*B*a^2*b - 7*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/b^4`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}(Ab-3Ba)}{5b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-2Aab+3Ba^2)}{3b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(Aa^2b-Ba^3)}{b}\right)}{b^3} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\frac{Ax^3}{3} + \frac{Bx^4}{4}}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(7/2)/(7*b) + (a + b*x)**(5/2)*(A*b - 3*B*a)/(5*b) + (a + b*x)**(3/2)*(-2*A*a*b + 3*B*a**2)/(3*b) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(A*a**2*b - B*a**3)/b)/b**3, Ne(b, 0)), ((A*x**3/3 + B*x**4/4)/sqrt(a), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(15 (bx + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} B - 21 (3Ba - Ab)(bx + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35 (3Ba^2 - 2Aab)(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 105 (Ba^3 - Aa^2b)\sqrt{bx + a} \right)}{105 b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/105*(15*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*B - 21*(3*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2) + 35*(3*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) - 105*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{7 \left(3 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a + 15 \sqrt{bx+aa^2} \right) A}{b^2} + \frac{3 \left(5 (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a + 35 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 - 35 \sqrt{bx+aa^3} \right) B}{b^3} \right)}{105 b}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/105*(7*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*A/b^2 + 3*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^3)*B/b^3)/b`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{(6Ba^2 - 4Aab)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^4} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^4} + \frac{(2Ab - 6Ba)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^4} - \frac{(2Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^4}$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(1/2),x)`output `((6*B*a^2 - 4*A*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^4) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^4) + ((2*A*b - 6*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^4) - ((2*B*a^3 - 2*A*a^2*b)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/b^4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(15b^3x^3 + 3ab^2x^2 - 4a^2bx + 8a^3)}{105b^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(8*a**3 - 4*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*x**2 + 15*b**3*x**3))/(105*b**3)`

3.260 $\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	1804
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1804
Rubi [A] (verified)	1805
Maple [A] (verified)	1806
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1806
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1807
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1807
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1808
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1808
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1808

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = -\frac{2a(Ab-aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^3} + \frac{2(Ab-2aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^3} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^3}$$

output

```
-2*a*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3+2/3*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^3+2/5*B*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}(8a^2B-2ab(5A+2Bx)+b^2x(5A+3Bx))}{15b^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(A+B*x))/Sqrt[a+b*x],x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a+b*x]*(8*a^2*B-2*a*b*(5*A+2*B*x)+b^2*x*(5*A+3*B*x)))/(15*b^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(Ab - 2aB)}{b^2} + \frac{a(aB - Ab)}{b^2\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{3/2}}{b^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2(a + bx)^{3/2}(Ab - 2aB)}{3b^3} - \frac{2a\sqrt{a + bx}(Ab - aB)}{b^3} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b^3}$$

input `Int[(x*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a + b*x],x]`

output `(-2*a*(A*b - a*B)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b^3 + (2*(A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^3) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{4 \left(-\frac{\left(\frac{3Bx}{5} + A\right) x b^2}{2} + a \left(\frac{2Bx}{5} + A \right) b - \frac{4a^2 B}{5} \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{3b^3}$	41
gospers	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} (-3b^2 B x^2 - 5A b^2 x + 4Babx + 10abA - 8a^2 B)}{15b^3}$	47
trager	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} (-3b^2 B x^2 - 5A b^2 x + 4Babx + 10abA - 8a^2 B)}{15b^3}$	47
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} (-3b^2 B x^2 - 5A b^2 x + 4Babx + 10abA - 8a^2 B)}{15b^3}$	47
orering	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} (-3b^2 B x^2 - 5A b^2 x + 4Babx + 10abA - 8a^2 B)}{15b^3}$	47
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(Ab-2Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2a(Ab-Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^3}$	52
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(Ab-2Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2a(Ab-Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^3}$	52

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-4/3*(-1/2*(3/5*B*x+A)*x*b^2+a*(2/5*B*x+A)*b-4/5*a^2*B)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2(3Bb^2x^2 + 8Ba^2 - 10Aab - (4Bab - 5Ab^2)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{15b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(3*B*b^2*x^2 + 8*B*a^2 - 10*A*a*b - (4*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/b^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(Ab-2Ba)}{3b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(-Aab+Ba^2)}{b}\right)}{b^2} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\frac{Ax^2}{2} + \frac{Bx^3}{3}}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(5/2)/(5*b) + (a + b*x)**(3/2)*(A*b - 2*B*a)/(3*b) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(-A*a*b + B*a**2)/b)/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), ((A*x**2/2 + B*x**3/3)/sqrt(a), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2\left(3(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}B - 5(2Ba-Ab)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15(Ba^2-Aab)\sqrt{bx+a}\right)}{15b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/15*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B - 5*(2*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) + 15*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{5((bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{bx+aa})A}{b} + \frac{(3(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a + 15\sqrt{bx+aa^2})B}{b^2} \right)}{15b}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/15*(5*((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*A/b + (3*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x + a)*a^2)*B/b^2)/b`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}(15Ba^2 + 3B(a+bx)^2 - 15Aab + 5Ab(a+bx) - 10Ba(a+bx))}{15b^3}$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*(a + b*x)^(1/2)*(15*B*a^2 + 3*B*(a + b*x)^2 - 15*A*a*b + 5*A*b*(a + b*x) - 10*B*a*(a + b*x)))/(15*b^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(3b^2x^2 + abx - 2a^2)}{15b^2}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output $(2\sqrt{a + bx})(-2a^2 + abx + 3b^2x^2)/(15b^2)$

3.261 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	1810
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1810
Rubi [A] (verified)	1811
Maple [A] (verified)	1812
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1812
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1813
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1813
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1813
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1814
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1814

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2(Ab-aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^2} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^2}$$

output `2*(A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^2+2/3*B*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}(3Ab-2aB+bBx)}{3b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(3*A*b - 2*a*B + b*B*x))/(3*b^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

↓ 53

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab - aB}{b\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{B\sqrt{a + bx}}{b} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a + bx}(Ab - aB)}{b^2} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{3/2}}{3b^2}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x],x]`

output `(2*(A*b - a*B)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b^2 + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(bBx+3Ab-2Ba)}{3b^2}$	26
trager	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(bBx+3Ab-2Ba)}{3b^2}$	26
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(bBx+3Ab-2Ba)}{3b^2}$	26
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\left(\left(\frac{Bx}{3}+A\right)b-\frac{2Ba}{3}\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^2}$	26
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(bBx+3Ab-2Ba)}{3b^2}$	26
derivativdivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2Ab\sqrt{bx+a}-2Ba\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^2}$	38
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2Ab\sqrt{bx+a}-2Ba\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^2}$	38

input `int((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*b*x+3*A*b-2*B*a)/b^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2(Bbx-2Ba+3Ab)\sqrt{bx+a}}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(B*b*x - 2*B*a + 3*A*b)*sqrt(b*x + a)/b^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2A\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{2B\left(-a\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}\right)}{b}}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{Ax + \frac{Bx^2}{2}}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise(((2*A*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*B*(-a*sqrt(a + b*x) + (a + b*x)**(3/2)/3)/b)/b, Ne(b, 0)), ((A*x + B*x**2/2)/sqrt(a), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{2 \left(3\sqrt{bx + a}A + \frac{(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{bx+aa}B}{b} \right)}{3b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*(3*sqrt(b*x + a)*A + ((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*B/b)/b`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{2 \left(3\sqrt{bx + a}A + \frac{(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{bx+aa}B}{b} \right)}{3b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(3*sqrt(b*x + a)*A + ((b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*a)*B/b)/b`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx}(3Ab - 3Ba + B(a + bx))}{3b^2}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(a + b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(a + b*x)^(1/2)*(3*A*b - 3*B*a + B*(a + b*x)))/(3*b^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(bx + a)}{3b}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(a + b*x))/(3*b)`

3.262 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	1815
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1815
Rubi [A] (verified)	1816
Maple [A] (verified)	1817
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1817
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1818
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1818
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1819
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1819
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1819

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{2A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

output $2*B*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/b-2*A*\operatorname{arctanh}((b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{2A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[(A+B*x)/(x*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a+b*x]),x]$

output $(2*B*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a+b*x])/b - (2*A*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a+b*x]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]])/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {90, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$A \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + bx}} dx + \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx}}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{2A \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + bx}}{b} + \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx}}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx}}{b} - \frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x]),x]`

output `(2*B*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b - (2*A*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 90

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_]
:> Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x]
+ Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2))
Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x]
&& NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
&& NegQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B\sqrt{bx+a} - \frac{2Ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{b}$	35
default	$\frac{2B\sqrt{bx+a} - \frac{2Ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{b}$	35
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-2Ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + 2B\sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{a}}{b\sqrt{a}}$	38

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/b*(B*(b*x+a)^(1/2)-A*b/a^(1/2)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{A\sqrt{ab} \log\left(\frac{bx - 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a} + 2a}{x}\right) + 2\sqrt{bx+a}Ba}{ab}, \frac{2\left(A\sqrt{-ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) + \sqrt{bx+a}Ba\right)}{ab} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[(A*sqrt(a)*b*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a)/(a*b), 2*(A*sqrt(-a)*b*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a)/(a*b)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2A \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{A \log(Bx) + Bx}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise(((2*A*atan(sqrt(a + b*x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*B*sqrt(a + b*x)/b, Ne(b, 0)), ((A*log(B*x) + B*x)/sqrt(a), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{A \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}B}{b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `A*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/sqrt(a) + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*B/b`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{2A \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}B}{b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*A*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*B/b`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx}}{b} - \frac{2A \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x*(a + b*x)^(1/2)),x)`output `(2*B*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/b - (2*A*atanh((a + b*x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/a^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = 2\sqrt{bx + a} + \sqrt{a} \log\left(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a}\right) - \sqrt{a} \log\left(\sqrt{bx + a} + \sqrt{a}\right)$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `2*sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a)) - sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))`

3.263 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	1820
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1820
Rubi [A] (verified)	1821
Maple [A] (verified)	1822
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1823
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1823
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1824
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1824
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1824
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1825

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} + \frac{(Ab-2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

output `-A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x+(A*b-2*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} + \frac{(Ab-2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x]),x]`

output `-((A*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(a*x)) + ((A*b - 2*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {87, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$-\frac{(Ab - 2aB) \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2a} - \frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$-\frac{(Ab - 2aB) \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{ab} - \frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax}$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$\frac{(Ab - 2aB) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x]),x]`

output `-((A*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(a*x)) + ((A*b - 2*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{ax} + \frac{(Ab-2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	42
default	$-\frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{ax} + \frac{(Ab-2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	42
risch	$-\frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{ax} + \frac{(Ab-2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	42
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{ax} + \frac{(Ab-2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	42

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x+(A*b-2*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{(2Ba - Ab)\sqrt{ax} \log\left(\frac{bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x}\right) + 2\sqrt{bx+a}Aa}{2a^2x}, \frac{(2Ba - Ab)\sqrt{-ax} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) - \sqrt{bx+a}}{a^2x} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*((2*B*a - A*b)*sqrt(a)*x*log((b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a)/(a^2*x), ((2*B*a - A*b)*sqrt(-a)*x*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a)/(a^2*x)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{A\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{a\sqrt{x}} + \frac{Ab \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}} + B \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**2/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `-A*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(a*sqrt(x)) + A*b*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/a**(3/2) + B*Piecewise((2*atan(sqrt(a + b*x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a), Ne(b, 0)), (log(x)/sqrt(a), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{1}{2} b \left(\frac{2 \sqrt{bx + a} A}{(bx + a)a - a^2} - \frac{(2Ba - Ab) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}} b} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*b*(2*sqrt(b*x + a)*A/((b*x + a)*a - a^2) - (2*B*a - A*b)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(3/2)*b))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx = b \left(\frac{(2Ba - Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aab}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx + a} A}{abx} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `b*((2*B*a - A*b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a*b) - sqrt(b*x + a)*A/(a*b*x))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (Ab - 2Ba)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{A \sqrt{a + bx}}{ax}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^2*(a + b*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output $(\operatorname{atanh}((a + bx)^{1/2}/a^{1/2})*(A*b - 2*B*a))/a^{3/2} - (A*(a + bx)^{1/2})/(a*x)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{bx + a} a + \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a}) bx - \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} + \sqrt{a}) bx}{2ax}$$

input $\operatorname{int}((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^{1/2},x)$

output $(-2*\sqrt{a + b*x}*a + \sqrt{a}*\log(\sqrt{a + b*x} - \sqrt{a})*b*x - \sqrt{a}*\log(\sqrt{a + b*x} + \sqrt{a})*b*x)/(2*a*x)$

3.264 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	1826
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1826
Rubi [A] (verified)	1827
Maple [A] (verified)	1829
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1829
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1830
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1830
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1831
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1831
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1832

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} + \frac{(3Ab-4aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{4a^2x} - \frac{b(3Ab-4aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x^2+1/4*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x-1/4*b*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+bx}(3Abx-2a(A+2Bx))}{x^2} + \frac{b(-3Ab+4aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x]),x]
```

output $((\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x] \cdot (3 \cdot A \cdot b \cdot x - 2 \cdot a \cdot (A + 2 \cdot B \cdot x))) / x^2 + b \cdot (-3 \cdot A \cdot b + 4 \cdot a \cdot B) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x] / \text{Sqrt}[a]]) / (4 \cdot a^{(5/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {87, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(3Ab - 4aB) \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx}{4a} - \frac{A\sqrt{a + bx}}{2ax^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -\frac{(3Ab - 4aB) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + bx}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}}{ax} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A\sqrt{a + bx}}{2ax^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & -\frac{(3Ab - 4aB) \left(-\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{a + bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + bx}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}}{ax} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A\sqrt{a + bx}}{2ax^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & -\frac{(3Ab - 4aB) \left(\frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}}{ax} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A\sqrt{a + bx}}{2ax^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(A + B \cdot x) / (x^3 \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x]), x]$

output
$$-1/2*(A*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])/(a*x^2) - ((3*A*b - 4*a*B)*(-(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/(a*x)) + (b*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/a^{(3/2)}))/(4*a)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52
$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)})/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))], x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$$

$$\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 73
$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /;$$

$$\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87
$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /;$$

$$\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{!LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{!(IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{!(EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \text{!(EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n]))}))$$

rule 221
$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(-1)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$$

$$\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(-3Abx+4Bax+2Aa)}{4a^2x^2} - \frac{b(3Ab-4Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	59
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{3b\left(Ab-\frac{4Ba}{3}\right)x^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx+a}\left(\frac{2(-2Bx-A)a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + A\sqrt{a}bx\right)}{4a^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2}$	65
derivativedivides	$2b\left(-\frac{\frac{(3Ab-4Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{(5Ab-4Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{8a}}{b^2x^2} - \frac{(3Ab-4Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{\frac{5}{2}}}\right)$	82
default	$2b\left(-\frac{\frac{(3Ab-4Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8a^2} + \frac{(5Ab-4Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{8a}}{b^2x^2} - \frac{(3Ab-4Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{\frac{5}{2}}}\right)$	82

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-3*A*b*x+4*B*a*x+2*A*a)/a^2/x^2-1/4*b*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{(4Bab-3Ab^2)\sqrt{ax^2} \log\left(\frac{bx-2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a}+2a}{x}\right) + 2(2Aa^2+(4Ba^2-3Aab)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{8a^3x^2}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{(4Bab-3Ab^2)\sqrt{-ax^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) + (2Aa^2+(4Ba^2-3Aab)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{4a^3x^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/8*((4*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a)
+ 2*a)/x) + 2*(2*A*a^2 + (4*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^3*x^2),
-1/4*((4*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*sqrt(-a)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (2
*A*a^2 + (4*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^3*x^2)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs. $2(73) = 146$.

Time = 16.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{A}{2\sqrt{bx}^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{A\sqrt{b}}{4ax^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{3Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4a^2 \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{3Ab^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4a^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{B\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{a\sqrt{x}} + \frac{Bb \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**3/(b*x+a)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
-A/(2*sqrt(b)*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + A*sqrt(b)/(4*a*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a
/(b*x) + 1)) + 3*A*b**(3/2)/(4*a**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 3*A*b**2*
asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(4*a**(5/2)) - B*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1
)/(a*sqrt(x)) + B*b*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/a**(3/2)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{1}{8} b^2 \left(\frac{2 \left((4Ba - 3Ab)(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - (4Ba^2 - 5Aab)\sqrt{bx + a} \right)}{(bx + a)^2 a^2 b - 2(bx + a)a^3 b + a^4 b} + \frac{(4Ba - 3Ab) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}} b} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/8*b^2*(2*((4*B*a - 3*A*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) - (4*B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^2*a^2*b - 2*(b*x + a)*a^3*b + a^4*b) + (4*B*a - 3*A*b)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(5/2)*b))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(4Bab^2 - 3Ab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + 4(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bab^2 - 4\sqrt{bx+a} Ba^2 b^2 - 3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} Ab^3 + 5\sqrt{bx+a} Aab^3}{\sqrt{-aa^2} a^2 b^2 x^2} + \frac{4(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bab^2 - 4\sqrt{bx+a} Ba^2 b^2 - 3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} Ab^3 + 5\sqrt{bx+a} Aab^3}{4b}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/4*((4*B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2) + (4*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*a*b^2 - 4*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^2*b^2 - 3*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*b^3 + 5*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a*b^3)/(a^2*b^2*x^2))/b
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{\frac{(5Ab^2 - 4Bab)\sqrt{a+bx}}{4a} - \frac{(3Ab^2 - 4Bab)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4a^2}}{(a+bx)^2 - 2a(a+bx) + a^2} - \frac{b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (3Ab - 4Ba)}{4a^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^3*(a + b*x)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
-(((5*A*b^2 - 4*B*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/(4*a) - ((3*A*b^2 - 4*B*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(4*a^2))/((a + b*x)^2 - 2*a*(a + b*x) + a^2) - (b*atanh((a + b*x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(3*A*b - 4*B*a))/(4*a^(5/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4\sqrt{bx + a} a^2 - 2\sqrt{bx + a} abx - \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a}) b^2 x^2 + \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} + \sqrt{a}) b^2 x^2}{8a^2 x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(- 4*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2 - 2*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*x - sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**2*x**2 + sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**2*x**2)/(8*a**2*x**2)`

3.265 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	1833
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1833
Rubi [A] (verified)	1834
Maple [A] (verified)	1836
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1836
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1837
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1838
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1838
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1839
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1839

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^3} + \frac{(5Ab-6aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{12a^2x^2} - \frac{b(5Ab-6aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{8a^3x} + \frac{b^2(5Ab-6aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x^3+1/12*(5*A*b-6*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x^2-1/8*b*(5*A*b-6*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x+1/8*b^2*(5*A*b-6*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(-15Ab^2x^2-4a^2(2A+3Bx)+2abx(5A+9Bx))}{24a^3x^3} + \frac{b^2(5Ab-6aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^4*sqrt[a + b*x]), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-15*A*b^2*x^2 - 4*a^2*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 2*a*b*x*(5*A + 9*B*x)))/(24*a^3*x^3) + (b^2*(5*A*b - 6*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(8*a^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {87, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(5Ab - 6aB) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{6a} - \frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -\frac{(5Ab - 6aB) \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -\frac{(5Ab - 6aB) \left(-\frac{3b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & -\frac{(5Ab - 6aB) \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(5Ab - 6aB) \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax}}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^3}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^4*sqrt[a + b*x]),x]`

output `-1/3*(A*sqrt[a + b*x])/(a*x^3) - ((5*A*b - 6*a*B)*(-1/2*sqrt[a + b*x])/(a*x^2) - (3*b*(-(sqrt[a + b*x])/(a*x)) + (b*ArcTanh[sqrt[a + b*x]/sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/(4*a))/(6*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{15b^2x^3\left(Ab-\frac{6Ba}{5}\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)+\sqrt{bx+a}\left(-\frac{5b\left(\frac{9Bx}{5}+A\right)xa^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4}+\left(\frac{3Bx}{2}+A\right)a^{\frac{5}{2}}+\frac{15A\sqrt{a}b^2x^2}{8}\right)}{3a^{\frac{7}{2}}x^3}$	82
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}\left(15Ab^2x^2-18Babx^2-10AAbx+12Ba^2x+8a^2A\right)}{24a^3x^3}+\frac{b^2(5Ab-6Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	83
derivativedivides	$2b^2\left(-\frac{\frac{(5Ab-6Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{16a^3}-\frac{(5Ab-6Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6a^2}+\frac{(11Ab-10Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{16a}}{b^3x^3}+\frac{(5Ab-6Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{\frac{7}{2}}}\right)$	105
default	$2b^2\left(-\frac{\frac{(5Ab-6Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{16a^3}-\frac{(5Ab-6Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6a^2}+\frac{(11Ab-10Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{16a}}{b^3x^3}+\frac{(5Ab-6Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{\frac{7}{2}}}\right)$	105

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3/a^(7/2)*(-15/8*b^2*x^3*(A*b-6/5*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+
(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-5/4*b*(9/5*B*x+A)*x*a^(3/2)+(3/2*B*x+A)*a^(5/2)+15/8*A*a^(1/2)*b^2*x^2))/x^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(6Bab^2-5Ab^3)\sqrt{a}x^3 \log\left(\frac{bx+2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a}+2a}{x}\right) + 2(8Aa^3-3(6Ba^2b-5Aab^2)x^2+2(6Ba^3-5Aa^2b)x+2Aa^2)}{48a^4x^3} \right]$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/48*(3*(6*B*a*b^2 - 5*A*b^3)*sqrt(a)*x^3*log((b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(8*A*a^3 - 3*(6*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(6*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^4*x^3), 1/24*(3*(6*B*a*b^2 - 5*A*b^3)*sqrt(-a)*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (8*A*a^3 - 3*(6*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(6*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^4*x^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 23.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{A}{3\sqrt{bx}^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{A\sqrt{b}}{12ax^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{5Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{5Ab^{\frac{5}{2}}}{8a^3\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{5Ab^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{8a^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{B}{2\sqrt{bx}^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{B\sqrt{b}}{4ax^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{3Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4a^2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{3Bb^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4a^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**4/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
-A/(3*sqrt(b)*x**(7/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + A*sqrt(b)/(12*a*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 5*A*b**(3/2)/(24*a**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 5*A*b**(5/2)/(8*a**3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 5*A*b**3*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(8*a**(7/2)) - B/(2*sqrt(b)*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + B*sqrt(b)/(4*a*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 3*B*b**(3/2)/(4*a**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 3*B*b**2*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(4*a**(5/2))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{48} b^3 \left(\frac{2 \left(3(6Ba - 5Ab)(bx + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 8(6Ba^2 - 5Aab)(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3(10Ba^3 - 11Aa^2b)\sqrt{bx + a} \right)}{(bx + a)^3 a^3 b - 3(bx + a)^2 a^4 b + 3(bx + a)a^5 b - a^6 b} \right) + \dots$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/48*b^3*(2*(3*(6*B*a - 5*A*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 8*(6*B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) + 3*(10*B*a^3 - 11*A*a^2*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(b*x + a)^3*a^3*b - 3*(b*x + a)^2*a^4*b + 3*(b*x + a)*a^5*b - a^6*b) + 3*(6*B*a - 5*A*b)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(7/2)*b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{24} b^3 \left(\frac{3(6Ba - 5Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}a^3b} + \frac{18(bx + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}Ba - 48(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba^2 + 30\sqrt{bx + a}Ba^3 - 15(bx + a)a^4}{a^3b^4x^3} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/24*b^3*(3*(6*B*a - 5*A*b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^3*b) + (18*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B*a - 48*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*a^2 + 30*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^3 - 15*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*A*b + 40*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*a*b - 33*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a^2*b)/(a^3*b^4*x^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{(5Ab^3 - 6Bab^2)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{8a^3} - \frac{(5Ab^3 - 6Bab^2)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3a^2} + \frac{(11Ab^3 - 10Bab^2)\sqrt{a+bx}}{8a}}{3a(a+bx)^2 - 3a^2(a+bx) - (a+bx)^3 + a^3} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (5Ab - 6Ba)}{8a^{7/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^4*(a + b*x)^(1/2)),x)`output `((((5*A*b^3 - 6*B*a*b^2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(8*a^3) - ((5*A*b^3 - 6*B*a*b^2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*a^2) + ((11*A*b^3 - 10*B*a*b^2)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/(8*a))/(3*a*(a + b*x)^2 - 3*a^2*(a + b*x) - (a + b*x)^3 + a^3) + (b^2*atanh((a + b*x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(5*A*b - 6*B*a))/(8*a^(7/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-16\sqrt{bx + a}a^3 - 4\sqrt{bx + a}a^2bx + 6\sqrt{bx + a}ab^2x^2 + 3\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a})b^3x^3 - 3\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx + a} + \sqrt{a})b^3x^3}{48a^3x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(- 16*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3 - 4*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x + 6*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**3*x**3 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**3*x**3)/(48*a**3*x**3)`

3.266 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	1840
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1840
Rubi [A] (verified)	1841
Maple [A] (verified)	1843
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1844
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1845
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1846
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1846
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1847
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1847

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = -\frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{4ax^4} + \frac{(7Ab-8aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{24a^2x^3} - \frac{5b(7Ab-8aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{96a^3x^2} + \frac{5b^2(7Ab-8aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{64a^4x} - \frac{5b^3(7Ab-8aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x^4+1/24*(7*A*b-8*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x^3-5/96*b
*(7*A*b-8*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^2+5/64*b^2*(7*A*b-8*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/
a^4/x-5/64*b^3*(7*A*b-8*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(105Ab^3x^3 - 16a^3(3A+4Bx) + 8a^2bx(7A+10Bx) - 10ab^2x^2(7A+12Bx))}{192a^4x^4} + \frac{5b^3(-7Ab+8aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^5*Sqrt[a + b*x]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(105*A*b^3*x^3 - 16*a^3*(3*A + 4*B*x) + 8*a^2*b*x*(7*A + 10*B*x) - 10*a*b^2*x^2*(7*A + 12*B*x))/(192*a^4*x^4) + (5*b^3*(-7*A*b + 8*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(64*a^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {87, 52, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(7Ab - 8aB) \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx}{8a} - \frac{A\sqrt{a + bx}}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -\frac{(7Ab - 8aB) \left(-\frac{5b \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}}{3ax^3} \right)}{8a} - \frac{A\sqrt{a + bx}}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -\frac{(7Ab - 8aB) \left(-\frac{5b \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}}{2ax^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}}{3ax^3} \right)}{8a} - \frac{A\sqrt{a + bx}}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(7Ab - 8aB) \left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3b \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^3} \right)}{8a} - \frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{(7Ab - 8aB) \left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3b \left(-\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^3} \right)}{8a} - \frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{4ax^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{(7Ab - 8aB) \left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{ax} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{2ax^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^3} \right)}{8a} - \frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{4ax^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(x^5*Sqrt[a + b*x]),x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(A*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(a*x^4) - ((7*A*b - 8*a*B)*(-1/3*Sqrt[a + b*x]/(a*x^3) - (5*b*(-1/2*Sqrt[a + b*x]/(a*x^2) - (3*b*(-(Sqrt[a + b*x]/(a*x)) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/(4*a)))/(6*a))/(8*a)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{35(Ab - \frac{8B}{7}a)b^3x^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64} + \frac{7\sqrt{bx+a} \left(-\frac{5b^2\left(\frac{12Bx}{7}+A\right)x^2a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + bx\left(\frac{10Bx}{7}+A\right)a^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2(-4Bx-3A)a^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + 15A\sqrt{a}b^3x^5 \right)}{24a^{\frac{9}{2}}x^4}$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(-105Ab^3x^3+120Ba^2b^2x^3+70aAb^2x^2-80Ba^2bx^2-56a^2Abx+64Ba^3x+48a^3A)}{192a^4x^4} - \frac{5b^3(7Ab-8Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
derivativedivides	$2b^3 \left(-\frac{5(7Ab-8Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{128a^4} + \frac{55(7Ab-8Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{384a^3} - \frac{73(7Ab-8Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{384a^2} + \frac{(93Ab-88Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{128a} - \frac{5(7Ab-8Ba)}{64a^{\frac{9}{2}}} \right)$
default	$2b^3 \left(-\frac{5(7Ab-8Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{128a^4} + \frac{55(7Ab-8Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{384a^3} - \frac{73(7Ab-8Ba)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{384a^2} + \frac{(93Ab-88Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{128a} - \frac{5(7Ab-8Ba)}{64a^{\frac{9}{2}}} \right)$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^5/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 7/24*(-15/8*(A*b-8/7*B*a)*b^3*x^4*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-5/4*b^2*(12/7*B*x+A)*x^2*a^(3/2)+b*x*(10/7*B*x+A)*a^(5/2)+2/7*(-4*B*x-3*A)*a^(7/2)+15/8*A*a^(1/2)*b^3*x^3)/a^(9/2)/x^4
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^5\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(8Bab^3-7Ab^4)\sqrt{ax^4} \log\left(\frac{bx-2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x}\right) + 2(48Aa^4+15(8Ba^2b^2-7Aab^3)x^3-10(8Ba^3b-7Aa^4)x^2)}{384a^5x^4} - \frac{15(8Bab^3-7Ab^4)\sqrt{-ax^4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) + (48Aa^4+15(8Ba^2b^2-7Aab^3)x^3-10(8Ba^3b-7Aa^4)x^2)}{192a^5x^4} \right]$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)/x^5/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/384*(15*(8*B*a*b^3 - 7*A*b^4)*sqrt(a)*x^4*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a))*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(48*A*a^4 + 15*(8*B*a^2*b^2 - 7*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 10*(8*B*a^3*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(8*B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^5*x^4), -1/192*(15*(8*B*a*b^3 - 7*A*b^4)*sqrt(-a)*x^4*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (48*A*a^4 + 15*(8*B*a^2*b^2 - 7*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 10*(8*B*a^3*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 8*(8*B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^5*x^4)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 303 vs. $2(141) = 282$.

Time = 63.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{A}{4\sqrt{b}x^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{A\sqrt{b}}{24ax^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{7Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}}{96a^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}$$

$$+ \frac{35Ab^{\frac{5}{2}}}{192a^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{35Ab^{\frac{7}{2}}}{64a^4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{35Ab^4 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{64a^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

$$- \frac{B}{3\sqrt{b}x^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{B\sqrt{b}}{12ax^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{5Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}$$

$$- \frac{5Bb^{\frac{5}{2}}}{8a^3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{5Bb^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{8a^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**5/(b*x+a)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
-A/(4*sqrt(b)*x**(9/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + A*sqrt(b)/(24*a*x**(7/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 7*A*b**(3/2)/(96*a**2*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 35*A*b**(5/2)/(192*a**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 35*A*b**(7/2)/(64*a**4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 35*A*b**4*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(64*a**(9/2)) - B/(3*sqrt(b)*x**(7/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + B*sqrt(b)/(12*a*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 5*B*b**(3/2)/(24*a**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 5*B*b**(5/2)/(8*a**3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 5*B*b**3*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(8*a**(7/2))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{384} b^4 \left(\frac{2 \left(15 (8 Ba - 7 Ab) (bx + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 55 (8 Ba^2 - 7 Aab) (bx + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 73 (8 Ba^3 - 7 Aa^2 b) (bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)}{(bx + a)^4 a^4 b - 4 (bx + a)^3 a^5 b + 6 (bx + a)^2 a^6 b - 4 (bx + a) a^7 b} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^5/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/384*b^4*(2*(15*(8*B*a - 7*A*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2) - 55*(8*B*a^2 - 7*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2) + 73*(8*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) - 3*(88*B*a^4 - 93*A*a^3*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^4*a^4*b - 4*(b*x + a)^3*a^5*b + 6*(b*x + a)^2*a^6*b - 4*(b*x + a)*a^7*b + a^8*b) + 15*(8*B*a - 7*A*b)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(9/2)*b)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{15 (8 Bab^4 - 7 Ab^5) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa^4}} + \frac{120 (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} Bab^4 - 440 (bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} Ba^2 b^4 + 584 (bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} Ba^3 b^4 - 264 \sqrt{bx+a} Ba^4 b^4 - 105 (bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} Ab^5}{192 b a^4 b^4 x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^5/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/192*(15*(8*B*a*b^4 - 7*A*b^5)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^4) + (120*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*B*a*b^4 - 440*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B*a^2*b^4 + 584*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*a^3*b^4 - 264*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^4*b^4 - 105*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*A*b^5 + 385*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*A*a*b^5 - 511*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*a^2*b^5 + 279*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a^3*b^5)/(a^4*b^4*x^4)/b`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{73(7Ab^4 - 8Bab^3)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{192a^2} - \frac{55(7Ab^4 - 8Bab^3)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{192a^3} + \frac{5(7Ab^4 - 8Bab^3)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{64a^4} - \frac{(93Ab^4 - 88Bab^3)\sqrt{a+bx}}{64a}$$

$$- \frac{5b^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(7Ab - 8Ba)}{64a^{9/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^5*(a + b*x)^(1/2)),x)`output `((73*(7*A*b^4 - 8*B*a*b^3)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(192*a^2) - (55*(7*A*b^4 - 8*B*a*b^3)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(192*a^3) + (5*(7*A*b^4 - 8*B*a*b^3)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(64*a^4) - ((93*A*b^4 - 88*B*a*b^3)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/(64*a))/((a + b*x)^4 - 4*a^3*(a + b*x) - 4*a*(a + b*x)^3 + 6*a^2*(a + b*x)^2 + a^4) - (5*b^3*atanh((a + b*x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(7*A*b - 8*B*a))/(64*a^(9/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^5 \sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-96\sqrt{bx+a}a^4 - 16\sqrt{bx+a}a^3bx + 20\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2x^2 - 30\sqrt{bx+a}ab^3x^3 - 15\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a})}{384a^4x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^5/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(- 96*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4 - 16*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*x + 20*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 30*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*x**3 - 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**4*x**4 + 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**4*x**4)/(384*a**4*x**4)`

3.267 $\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1848
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1848
Rubi [A] (verified)	1849
Maple [A] (verified)	1850
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1851
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1851
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1852
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1852
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1853
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1853

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^4(Ab-aB)}{b^6\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2a^3(4Ab-5aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^6} + \frac{4a^2(3Ab-5aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^6} - \frac{4a(2Ab-5aB)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^6} + \frac{2(Ab-5aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^6} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b^6}$$

output

$$-2*a^4*(A*b-B*a)/b^6/(b*x+a)^(1/2)-2*a^3*(4*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^6+4/3*a^2*(3*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^6-4/5*a*(2*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^6+2/7*(A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^6+2/9*B*(b*x+a)^(9/2)/b^6$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2560a^5B - 256a^4b(9A - 5Bx) + 32a^2b^3x^2(9A + 5Bx) - 64a^3b^2x(18A + 5Bx) + 10b^5x^2}{315b^6\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$(2560*a^5*B - 256*a^4*b*(9*A - 5*B*x) + 32*a^2*b^3*x^2*(9*A + 5*B*x) - 64*a^3*b^2*x*(18*A + 5*B*x) + 10*b^5*x^4*(9*A + 7*B*x) - 4*a*b^4*x^3*(36*A + 25*B*x))/(315*b^6*sqrt[a + b*x])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^4(aB - Ab)}{b^5(a + bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{a^3(5aB - 4Ab)}{b^5\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{2a^2\sqrt{a + bx}(5aB - 3Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{2a(a + bx)^{3/2}(5aB - 2Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}}{b^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^4(Ab - aB)}{b^6\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{2a^3\sqrt{a + bx}(4Ab - 5aB)}{b^6} + \frac{4a^2(a + bx)^{3/2}(3Ab - 5aB)}{3b^6} + \frac{2(a + bx)^{7/2}(Ab - 5aB)}{7b^6} - \frac{4a(a + bx)^{5/2}(2Ab - 5aB)}{5b^6} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{9/2}}{9b^6}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$(-2*a^4*(A*b - a*B))/(b^6*sqrt[a + b*x]) - (2*a^3*(4*A*b - 5*a*B)*sqrt[a + b*x])/b^6 + (4*a^2*(3*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^6) - (4*a*(2*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^6) + (2*(A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^6) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^6)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(70Bx^5+90Ax^4)b^5-144\left(\frac{25Bx}{36}+A\right)ax^3b^4+288a^2\left(\frac{5Bx}{9}+A\right)x^2b^3-1152a^3\left(\frac{5Bx}{18}+A\right)xb^2-2304a^4\left(-\frac{5Bx}{9}+A\right)b+2560a^5}{315\sqrt{bx+a}b^6}$
gospert	$-\frac{2(-35b^5Bx^5-45Ab^5x^4+50Bab^4x^4+72Aab^4x^3-80Ba^2b^3x^3-144Aa^2b^3x^2+160Ba^3b^2x^2+576a^3b^2Ax-640a^4b^2)}{315\sqrt{bx+a}b^6}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-35b^5Bx^5-45Ab^5x^4+50Bab^4x^4+72Aab^4x^3-80Ba^2b^3x^3-144Aa^2b^3x^2+160Ba^3b^2x^2+576a^3b^2Ax-640a^4b^2)}{315\sqrt{bx+a}b^6}$
risch	$-\frac{2(-35Bx^4b^4-45Ax^3b^4+85Bx^3ab^3+117Ax^2ab^3-165Bx^2a^2b^2-261Ax^2a^2b^2+325Bxa^3b+837Aa^3b-965Ba^4)}{315b^6}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-35b^5Bx^5-45Ab^5x^4+50Bab^4x^4+72Aab^4x^3-80Ba^2b^3x^3-144Aa^2b^3x^2+160Ba^3b^2x^2+576a^3b^2Ax-640a^4b^2)}{315\sqrt{bx+a}b^6}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{10Ba(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{8Aab(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 4Ba^2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 4Aa^2b(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{20Ba^3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 8Aa^3b}{b^6}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{10Ba(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{8Aab(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 4Ba^2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 4Aa^2b(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{20Ba^3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 8Aa^3b}{b^6}$

```
input int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/315*((70*B*x^5+90*A*x^4)*b^5-144*(25/36*B*x+A)*a*x^3*b^4+288*a^2*(5/9*B*x+A)*x^2*b^3-1152*a^3*(5/18*B*x+A)*x*b^2-2304*a^4*(-5/9*B*x+A)*b+2560*a^5*B)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^6
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(35Bb^5x^5 + 1280Ba^5 - 1152Aa^4b - 5(10Bab^4 - 9Ab^5)x^4 + 8(10Ba^2b^3 - 9Aab^4)x^3 - 16(10Baa^3b^2 - 9Aa^2b^3)x^2 + 64(10Baa^4b - 9Aa^3b^2)x) \sqrt{bx+a}}{315(b^7x + ab^6)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/315*(35*B*b^5*x^5 + 1280*B*a^5 - 1152*A*a^4*b - 5*(10*B*a*b^4 - 9*A*b^5)*x^4 + 8*(10*B*a^2*b^3 - 9*A*a*b^4)*x^3 - 16*(10*B*a^3*b^2 - 9*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 64*(10*B*a^4*b - 9*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(b^7*x + a*b^6)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b} + \frac{a^4(-Ab+Ba)}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{(a+bx)^{7/2}(Ab-5Ba)}{7b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(-4Aab+10Ba^2)}{5b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(6Aa^2b-10Ba^3)}{3b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(-4Aa^3b+5Ba^4)}{b} \right)}{b^5} + \frac{\frac{Ax^5}{5} + \frac{Bx^6}{6}}{a^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(9/2)/(9*b) + a**4*(-A*b + B*a)/(b*sqrt(a + b*x))) + (a + b*x)**(7/2)*(A*b - 5*B*a)/(7*b) + (a + b*x)**(5/2)*(-4*A*a*b + 10*B*a**2)/(5*b) + (a + b*x)**(3/2)*(6*A*a**2*b - 10*B*a**3)/(3*b) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(-4*A*a**3*b + 5*B*a**4)/b)/b**5, Ne(b, 0)), ((A*x**5/5 + B*x**6/6)/a**(3/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{35(bx+a)^{9/2}B - 45(5Ba - Ab)(bx+a)^{7/2} + 126(5Ba^2 - 2Aab)(bx+a)^{5/2} - 210(5Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)(bx+a)^{3/2} + 315(5Ba^4 - 4Aa^3b)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b} + 315(Ba^5 - Aa^4b)/\sqrt{bx+a} \right)}{315b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/315*((35*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*B - 45*(5*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(7/2) + 126*(5*B
*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2) - 210*(5*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2
) + 315*(5*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b + 315*(B*a^5 - A*a^4*b)/(sq
rt(b*x + a)*b))/b^5
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Ba^5 - Aa^4b)}{\sqrt{bx+a}ab^6} + \frac{2 \left(35(bx+a)^{9/2}Bb^{48} - 225(bx+a)^{7/2}Bab^{48} + 630(bx+a)^{5/2}Ba^2b^{48} - 1050(bx+a)^{3/2}Ba^3b^{48} + 1575\sqrt{bx+a}Ba^4b^{48} - 1260\sqrt{bx+a}Aa^3b^{48} \right)}{315b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2*(B*a^5 - A*a^4*b)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^6) + 2/315*(35*(b*x + a)^(9/2)*B*b^48
- 225*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*B*a*b^48 + 630*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B*a^2*b^48 - 1050*(b
*x + a)^(3/2)*B*a^3*b^48 + 1575*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^4*b^48 + 45*(b*x + a)^(7
/2)*A*b^49 - 252*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*A*a*b^49 + 630*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*a^2*b^49
- 1260*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a^3*b^49)/b^54
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(20Ba^2 - 8Aab)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^6} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{9/2}}{9b^6} + \frac{(2Ab - 10Ba)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^6} + \frac{2Ba^5 - 2Aa^4b}{b^6\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{(10Ba^4 - 8Aa^3b)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^6} - \frac{(20Ba^3 - 12Aa^2b)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^6}$$

input `int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2), x)`output `((20*B*a^2 - 8*A*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^6) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(9/2))/(9*b^6) + ((2*A*b - 10*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^6) + (2*B*a^5 - 2*A*a^4*b)/(b^6*(a + b*x)^(1/2)) + ((10*B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/b^6 - ((20*B*a^3 - 12*A*a^2*b)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^6)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(35b^4x^4 - 40ab^3x^3 + 48a^2b^2x^2 - 64a^3bx + 128a^4)}{315b^5}$$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2), x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(128*a**4 - 64*a**3*b*x + 48*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 40*a*b**3*x**3 + 35*b**4*x**4))/(315*b**5)`

3.268 $\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1854
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1854
Rubi [A] (verified)	1855
Maple [A] (verified)	1856
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1857
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1857
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1858
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1858
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1859
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1859

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2a^3(Ab-aB)}{b^5\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab-4aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^5} - \frac{2a(Ab-2aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{b^5} + \frac{2(Ab-4aB)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^5} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^5}$$

output

```
2*a^3*(A*b-B*a)/b^5/(b*x+a)^(1/2)+2*a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^5-2*
a*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^5+2/5*(A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^5+2/7*B*(b
*x+a)^(7/2)/b^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(-128a^4B+16a^3b(7A-4Bx)+8a^2b^2x(7A+2Bx)-2ab^3x^2(7A+4Bx)+b^4x^3(7A+4Bx))}{35b^5\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$(2*(-128*a^4*B + 16*a^3*b*(7*A - 4*B*x) + 8*a^2*b^2*x*(7*A + 2*B*x) - 2*a*b^3*x^2*(7*A + 4*B*x) + b^4*x^3*(7*A + 5*B*x)))/(35*b^5*Sqrt[a + b*x])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3(aB - Ab)}{b^4(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{a^2(4aB - 3Ab)}{b^4\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{3a\sqrt{a + bx}(2aB - Ab)}{b^4} + \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(Ab - 4aB)}{b^4} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{5/2}}{b^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2a^3(Ab - aB)}{b^5\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{2a^2\sqrt{a + bx}(3Ab - 4aB)}{b^5} + \frac{2(a + bx)^{5/2}(Ab - 4aB)}{5b^5} - \frac{2a(a + bx)^{3/2}(Ab - 2aB)}{b^5} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b^5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^3*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$(2*a^3*(A*b - a*B))/(b^5*Sqrt[a + b*x]) + (2*a^2*(3*A*b - 4*a*B)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b^5 - (2*a*(A*b - 2*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/b^5 + (2*(A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^5) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^5)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(10Bx^4+14Ax^3)b^4-28\left(\frac{4Bx}{7}+A\right)ax^2b^3+112\left(\frac{2Bx}{7}+A\right)a^2xb^2+224a^3\left(-\frac{4Bx}{7}+A\right)b-256Ba^4}{35\sqrt{bx+ab^5}}$
gospers	$\frac{\frac{2}{7}Bx^4b^4+\frac{2}{5}Ax^3b^4-\frac{16}{35}Bx^3ab^3-\frac{4}{5}Ax^2ab^3+\frac{32}{35}Bx^2a^2b^2+\frac{16}{5}Ax^2a^2b^2-\frac{128}{35}Bxa^3b+\frac{32}{5}Aa^3b-\frac{256}{35}Ba^4}{\sqrt{bx+ab^5}}$
trager	$\frac{\frac{2}{7}Bx^4b^4+\frac{2}{5}Ax^3b^4-\frac{16}{35}Bx^3ab^3-\frac{4}{5}Ax^2ab^3+\frac{32}{35}Bx^2a^2b^2+\frac{16}{5}Ax^2a^2b^2-\frac{128}{35}Bxa^3b+\frac{32}{5}Aa^3b-\frac{256}{35}Ba^4}{\sqrt{bx+ab^5}}$
risch	$\frac{2(5b^3Bx^3+7Ax^2b^3-13Bx^2ab^2-21Axa^2b+29Bxa^2b+77a^2bA-93a^3B)\sqrt{bx+a}}{35b^5} + \frac{2a^3(Ab-Ba)}{b^5\sqrt{bx+a}}$
oring	$\frac{\frac{2}{7}Bx^4b^4+\frac{2}{5}Ax^3b^4-\frac{16}{35}Bx^3ab^3-\frac{4}{5}Ax^2ab^3+\frac{32}{35}Bx^2a^2b^2+\frac{16}{5}Ax^2a^2b^2-\frac{128}{35}Bxa^3b+\frac{32}{5}Aa^3b-\frac{256}{35}Ba^4}{\sqrt{bx+ab^5}}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{8Ba(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - 2Aab(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 4Ba^2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6Aa^2b\sqrt{bx+a} - 8Ba^3\sqrt{bx+a} + \frac{2a^3(Ab-Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}}{b^5}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{8Ba(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - 2Aab(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 4Ba^2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6Aa^2b\sqrt{bx+a} - 8Ba^3\sqrt{bx+a} + \frac{2a^3(Ab-Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}}{b^5}$

input

```
int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/35*((10*B*x^4+14*A*x^3)*b^4-28*(4/7*B*x+A)*a*x^2*b^3+112*(2/7*B*x+A)*a^2*x*b^2+224*a^3*(-4/7*B*x+A)*b-256*B*a^4)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(5Bb^4x^4 - 128Ba^4 + 112Aa^3b - (8Bab^3 - 7Ab^4)x^3 + 2(8Ba^2b^2 - 7Aab^3)x^2 - 8Aa^2b^2 + 7Aab^3)}{35(b^6x + ab^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/35*(5*B*b^4*x^4 - 128*B*a^4 + 112*A*a^3*b - (8*B*a*b^3 - 7*A*b^4)*x^3 + 2*(8*B*a^2*b^2 - 7*A*a*b^3)*x^2 - 8*(8*B*a^3*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(b^6*x + a*b^5)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{a^3(-Ab+Ba)}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(Ab-4Ba)}{5b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(-3Aab+6Ba^2)}{3b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(3Aa^2b-4Ba^3)}{b}\right)}{b^4} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\frac{Ax^4}{4} + \frac{Bx^5}{5}}{a^{3/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(7/2)/(7*b) - a**3*(-A*b + B*a)/(b*sqrt(a + b*x))) + (a + b*x)**(5/2)*(A*b - 4*B*a)/(5*b) + (a + b*x)**(3/2)*(-3*A*a*b + 6*B*a**2)/(3*b) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(3*A*a**2*b - 4*B*a**3)/b)/b**4, Ne(b, 0)), ((A*x**4/4 + B*x**5/5)/a**(3/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{5(bx+a)^{7/2}B - 7(4Ba-Ab)(bx+a)^{5/2} + 35(2Ba^2-Aab)(bx+a)^{3/2} - 35(4Ba^3-3Aa^2b)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b} - \frac{35(Ba^4-Aa^3b)}{\sqrt{bx+a}} \right)}{35b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/35*((5*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*B - 7*(4*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2) + 35*(2*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) - 35*(4*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b - 35*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b))/b^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ba^4 - Aa^3b)}{\sqrt{bx+ab^5}} + \frac{2 \left(5(bx+a)^{7/2}Bb^{30} - 28(bx+a)^{5/2}Bab^{30} + 70(bx+a)^{3/2}Ba^2b^{30} - 140\sqrt{bx+a}Ba^3b^{30} + 7(bx+a)^{5/2}Ab^{31} \right)}{35b^{35}}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^5) + 2/35*(5*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*B*b^30 - 28*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B*a*b^30 + 70*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*a^2*b^30 - 140*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^3*b^30 + 7*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*A*b^31 - 35*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*a*b^31 + 105*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a^2*b^31)/b^35`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(12Ba^2 - 6Aab)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^5} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^5} \\ + \frac{(2Ab - 8Ba)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^5} - \frac{2Ba^4 - 2Aa^3b}{b^5\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{(8Ba^3 - 6Aa^2b)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^5}$$

input `int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output

`((12*B*a^2 - 6*A*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^5) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^5) + ((2*A*b - 8*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^5) - (2*B*a^4 - 2*A*a^3*b)/(b^5*(a + b*x)^(1/2)) - ((8*B*a^3 - 6*A*a^2*b)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/b^5`
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(5b^3x^3 - 6ab^2x^2 + 8a^2bx - 16a^3)}{35b^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

`(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(- 16*a**3 + 8*a**2*b*x - 6*a*b**2*x**2 + 5*b**3*x**3))/(35*b**4)`

3.269 $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1860
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1860
Rubi [A] (verified)	1861
Maple [A] (verified)	1862
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1862
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1863
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1863
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1864
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1864
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1865

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^2(Ab-aB)}{b^4\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2a(2Ab-3aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^4} + \frac{2(Ab-3aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^4} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^4}$$

output `-2*a^2*(A*b-B*a)/b^4/(b*x+a)^(1/2)-2*a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^4+2/3*(A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^4+2/5*B*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^4`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(48a^3B-8a^2b(5A-3Bx)+b^3x^2(5A+3Bx)-2ab^2x(10A+3Bx))}{15b^4\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(48*a^3*B-8*a^2*b*(5*A-3*B*x)+b^3*x^2*(5*A+3*B*x)-2*a*b^2*x*(10*A+3*B*x)))/(15*b^4*sqrt[a+b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^2(aB - Ab)}{b^3(a + bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{a(3aB - 2Ab)}{b^3\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(Ab - 3aB)}{b^3} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{3/2}}{b^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^2(Ab - aB)}{b^4\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{2(a + bx)^{3/2}(Ab - 3aB)}{3b^4} - \frac{2a\sqrt{a + bx}(2Ab - 3aB)}{b^4} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b^4}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^2*(A*b - a*B))/(b^4*Sqrt[a + b*x]) - (2*a*(2*A*b - 3*a*B)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b^4 + (2*(A*b - 3*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^4) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{16\left(-\frac{(3Bx+A)x^2b^3}{8} + \frac{a(3Bx+A)xb^2}{2} + a^2\left(-\frac{3Bx}{5} + A\right)b - \frac{6a^3B}{5}\right)}{3\sqrt{bx+a}b^4}$	58
gospers	$-\frac{2(-3b^3Bx^3 - 5Ax^2b^3 + 6Bx^2ab^2 + 20Axa b^2 - 24Bxa^2b + 40a^2bA - 48a^3B)}{15\sqrt{bx+a}b^4}$	71
trager	$-\frac{2(-3b^3Bx^3 - 5Ax^2b^3 + 6Bx^2ab^2 + 20Axa b^2 - 24Bxa^2b + 40a^2bA - 48a^3B)}{15\sqrt{bx+a}b^4}$	71
risch	$-\frac{2(-3b^2Bx^2 - 5Ax^2x + 9Babx + 25abA - 33a^2B)\sqrt{bx+a}}{15b^4} - \frac{2a^2(Ab - Ba)}{b^4\sqrt{bx+a}}$	71
orering	$-\frac{2(-3b^3Bx^3 - 5Ax^2b^3 + 6Bx^2ab^2 + 20Axa b^2 - 24Bxa^2b + 40a^2bA - 48a^3B)}{15\sqrt{bx+a}b^4}$	71
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2Ba(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 4Aab\sqrt{bx+a} + 6Ba^2\sqrt{bx+a} - \frac{2a^2(Ab - Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}}{b^4}$	84
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 2Ba(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 4Aab\sqrt{bx+a} + 6Ba^2\sqrt{bx+a} - \frac{2a^2(Ab - Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}}{b^4}$	84

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-16/3*(-1/8*(3/5*B*x+A)*x^2*b^3 + 1/2*a*(3/10*B*x+A)*x*b^2 + a^2*(-3/5*B*x+A)*b - 6/5*a^3*B)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^4$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bb^3x^3 + 48Ba^3 - 40Aa^2b - (6Bab^2 - 5Ab^3)x^2 + 4(6Ba^2b - 5Aab^2)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{15(b^5x + ab^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$2/15*(3*B*b^3*x^3 + 48*B*a^3 - 40*A*a^2*b - (6*B*a*b^2 - 5*A*b^3)*x^2 + 4*(6*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(b^5*x + a*b^4)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} 2 \left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b} + \frac{a^2(-Ab+Ba)}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(Ab-3Ba)}{3b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(-2Aab+3Ba^2)}{b} \right) & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{Ax^3 + \frac{Bx^4}{4}}{a^{3/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(5/2)/(5*b) + a**2*(-A*b + B*a)/(b*sqrt(a + b*x)) + (a + b*x)**(3/2)*(A*b - 3*B*a)/(3*b) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(-2*A*a*b + 3*B*a**2)/b)/b**3, Ne(b, 0)), ((A*x**3/3 + B*x**4/4)/a**(3/2), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{3(bx+a)^{5/2}B-5(3Ba-Ab)(bx+a)^{3/2}+15(3Ba^2-2Aab)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b} + \frac{15(Ba^3-Aa^2b)}{\sqrt{bx+ab}} \right)}{15b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/15*((3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B - 5*(3*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) + 15*(3*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b + 15*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b))/b^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Ba^3 - Aa^2b)}{\sqrt{bx+a}b^4} + \frac{2\left(3(bx+a)^{5/2}Bb^{16} - 15(bx+a)^{3/2}Bab^{16} + 45\sqrt{bx+a}Ba^2b^{16} + 5(bx+a)^{3/2}Ab^{17} - 30\sqrt{bx+a}Aab^{17}\right)}{15b^{20}}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

`2*(B*a^3 - A*a^2*b)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^4) + 2/15*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B*b^16 - 15*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*a*b^16 + 45*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^2*b^16 + 5*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*b^17 - 30*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a*b^17)/b^20`
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(6Ba^2 - 4Aab)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^4} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^4} + \frac{(2Ab - 6Ba)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^4} + \frac{2Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b}{b^4\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `int((x^2*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output

`((6*B*a^2 - 4*A*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/b^4 + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^4) + ((2*A*b - 6*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^4) + (2*B*a^3 - 2*A*a^2*b)/(b^4*(a + b*x)^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(3b^2x^2 - 4abx + 8a^2)}{15b^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*(8*a**2 - 4*a*b*x + 3*b**2*x**2))/(15*b**3)`

3.270 $\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1866
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1866
Rubi [A] (verified)	1867
Maple [A] (verified)	1868
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1868
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1869
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1869
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1870
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1870
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1870

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2a(Ab-aB)}{b^3\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{2(Ab-2aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^3} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^3}$$

output

```
2*a*(A*b-B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)^(1/2)+2*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3+2/3*B*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(-8a^2B+b^2x(3A+Bx)+a(6Ab-4bBx))}{3b^3\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(-8*a^2*B+b^2*x*(3*A+B*x)+a*(6*A*b-4*b*B*x)))/(3*b^3*Sqrt[a+b*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab - 2aB}{b^2\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{a(aB - Ab)}{b^2(a + bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{B\sqrt{a + bx}}{b^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a + bx}(Ab - 2aB)}{b^3} + \frac{2a(Ab - aB)}{b^3\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{3/2}}{3b^3}$$

input `Int[(x*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*a*(A*b - a*B))/(b^3*Sqrt[a + b*x]) + (2*(A*b - 2*a*B)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b^3 + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\left(\frac{Bx}{3}+A\right)x b^2+4a\left(-\frac{2Bx}{3}+A\right)b-\frac{16a^2B}{3}}{\sqrt{bx+a} b^3}$	41
gospers	$\frac{\frac{2}{3}b^2Bx^2+2Ab^2x-\frac{8}{3}Babx+4abA-\frac{16}{3}a^2B}{\sqrt{bx+a} b^3}$	46
trager	$\frac{\frac{2}{3}b^2Bx^2+2Ab^2x-\frac{8}{3}Babx+4abA-\frac{16}{3}a^2B}{\sqrt{bx+a} b^3}$	46
orering	$\frac{\frac{2}{3}b^2Bx^2+2Ab^2x-\frac{8}{3}Babx+4abA-\frac{16}{3}a^2B}{\sqrt{bx+a} b^3}$	46
risch	$\frac{2(bBx+3Ab-5Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{3b^3} + \frac{2a(Ab-Ba)}{b^3\sqrt{bx+a}}$	48
derivativdivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2Ab\sqrt{bx+a}-4Ba\sqrt{bx+a}+\frac{2a(Ab-Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}}{b^3}$	55
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2Ab\sqrt{bx+a}-4Ba\sqrt{bx+a}+\frac{2a(Ab-Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}}{b^3}$	55

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `4*(1/2*(1/3*B*x+A)*x*b^2+a*(-2/3*B*x+A)*b-4/3*a^2*B)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bb^2x^2 - 8Ba^2 + 6Aab - (4Bab - 3Ab^2)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{3(b^4x + ab^3)}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3*(B*b^2*x^2 - 8*B*a^2 + 6*A*a*b - (4*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/
(b^4*x + a*b^3)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} 2 \left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a(-Ab+Ba)}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(Ab-2Ba)}{b} \right) & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{Ax^2}{2} + \frac{Bx^3}{3} & \text{otherwise} \\ a^{3/2} & \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(3/2)/(3*b) - a*(-A*b + B*a)/(b*sqrt(a + b*x)) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(A*b - 2*B*a)/b)/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), ((A*x**2/2 + B*x**3/3)/a**3/2, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{(bx+a)^{3/2} B - 3(2Ba - Ab)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b} - \frac{3(Ba^2 - Aab)}{\sqrt{bx+ab}} \right)}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*(((b*x + a)^(3/2)*B - 3*(2*B*a - A*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b - 3*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b))/b^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ba^2 - Aab)}{\sqrt{bx + a}b^3} + \frac{2\left((bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bb^6 - 6\sqrt{bx + a}Bab^6 + 3\sqrt{bx + a}Ab^7\right)}{3b^9}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^3) + 2/3*((b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*b^6 - 6*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a*b^6 + 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*b^7)/b^9`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2B(a + bx)^2 - 6Ba^2 + 6Aab + 6Ab(a + bx) - 12Ba(a + bx)}{3b^3\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*B*(a + b*x)^2 - 6*B*a^2 + 6*A*a*b + 6*A*b*(a + b*x) - 12*B*a*(a + b*x))/(3*b^3*(a + b*x)^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}(bx - 2a)}{3b^2}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x)`

output $(2\sqrt{a + bx}(-2a + bx))/(3b^2)$

$$3.271 \quad \int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1872
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1872
Rubi [A] (verified)	1873
Maple [A] (verified)	1874
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1874
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1875
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1875
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1875
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1876
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1876

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ab-aB)}{b^2\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^2}$$

output $(-2*A*b+2*B*a)/b^2/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}+2*B*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/b^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(-Ab+2aB+bBx)}{b^2\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(a + b*x)^(3/2), x]`

output $(2*(-(A*b) + 2*a*B + b*B*x))/(b^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab - aB}{b(a + bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{B}{b\sqrt{a + bx}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx}}{b^2} - \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{b^2\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(a + b*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(A*b - a*B))/(b^2*Sqrt[a + b*x]) + (2*B*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(-bBx+Ab-2Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}b^2}$	26
trager	$-\frac{2(-bBx+Ab-2Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}b^2}$	26
orering	$-\frac{2(-bBx+Ab-2Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}b^2}$	26
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(2Bx-2A)b+4Ba}{\sqrt{bx+a}b^2}$	27
derivativdivides	$\frac{2B\sqrt{bx+a}-\frac{2(Ab-Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}}{b^2}$	33
default	$\frac{2B\sqrt{bx+a}-\frac{2(Ab-Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}}{b^2}$	33
risch	$\frac{2B\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^2} - \frac{2(Ab-Ba)}{b^2\sqrt{bx+a}}$	35

input `int((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-2/(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-B*b*x+A*b-2*B*a)/b^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bbx+2Ba-Ab)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^3x+ab^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2*(B*b*x + 2*B*a - A*b)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(b^3*x + a*b^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2A}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{4Ba}{b^2\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{2Bx}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{Ax + \frac{Bx^2}{2}}{a^{3/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`output `Piecewise((-2*A/(b*sqrt(a + b*x)) + 4*B*a/(b**2*sqrt(a + b*x)) + 2*B*x/(b*sqrt(a + b*x)), Ne(b, 0)), ((A*x + B*x**2/2)/a**(3/2), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}B}{b} + \frac{Ba-Ab}{\sqrt{bx+ab}} \right)}{b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*(sqrt(b*x + a)*B/b + (B*a - A*b)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b))/b`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}B}{b^2} + \frac{2(Ba - Ab)}{\sqrt{bx+ab^2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*sqrt(b*x + a)*B/b^2 + 2*(B*a - A*b)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*b^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4Ba - 2Ab + 2Bbx}{b^2 \sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(a + b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(4*B*a - 2*A*b + 2*B*b*x)/(b^2*(a + b*x)^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}}{b}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x))/b`

$$3.272 \quad \int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1877
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1877
Rubi [A] (verified)	1878
Maple [A] (verified)	1879
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1880
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1880
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1881
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1881
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1881
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1882

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Ab-aB)}{ab\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

output `2*(A*b-B*a)/a/b/(b*x+a)^(1/2)-2*A*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(-Ab+aB)}{ab\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(-(A*b) + a*B))/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x]) - (2*A*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {87, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{A \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{a} + \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{2A \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + bx}}{ab} + \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$\frac{2(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{2A \operatorname{Arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*(A*b - a*B))/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x]) - (2*A*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p(m+1)-1}(c - a(d/b) + d(x^p/b))^n], x], x, (a + b*x)^{1/p}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n)((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)(c + d*x)^{n+1}((e + f*x)^{p+1}/(f*(p+1)(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n+p+2) - b*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1)))/(f*(p+1)(c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] || !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] || !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] || \text{LtQ}[p, n]))))$

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^2]^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\frac{2(Ab-Ba)}{a\sqrt{bx+a}} - \frac{2Ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{b}$	45
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2(-Ab+Ba)}{a\sqrt{bx+a}} - \frac{2Ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{b}$	46
default	$\frac{\frac{2(-Ab+Ba)}{a\sqrt{bx+a}} - \frac{2Ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{b}$	46

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $2/b*((A*b-B*a)/a/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}-A*b/a^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)}))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{(Ab^2x + Aab)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx - 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x}\right) - 2(Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{bx+a}}{a^2b^2x + a^3b}, \frac{2((Ab^2x + Aab)\sqrt{-a} \arctan(\sqrt{-a}/\sqrt{bx+a}) - (Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{bx+a})}{a^2b^2x + a^3b} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[[((A*b^2*x + A*a*b)*sqrt(a)*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) - 2*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^2*b^2*x + a^3*b), 2*((A*b^2*x + A*a*b)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^2*b^2*x + a^3*b)]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2A \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{a\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{2(-Ab+Ba)}{ab\sqrt{a+bx}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{A \log(Bx) + Bx}{a^{3/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*A*atan(sqrt(a + b*x)/sqrt(-a))/(a*sqrt(-a)) - 2*(-A*b + B*a)/(a*b*sqrt(a + b*x)), Ne(b, 0)), ((A*log(B*x) + B*x)/a**(3/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{A \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2(Ba - Ab)}{\sqrt{bx + aab}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `A*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/a^(3/2) - 2*(B*a - A*b)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*a*b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2A \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa}} - \frac{2(Ba - Ab)}{\sqrt{bx + aab}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*A*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a) - 2*(B*a - A*b)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*a*b)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Ab - Ba)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{2A \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output $(2*(A*b - B*a))/(a*b*(a + b*x)^{(1/2)}) - (2*A*atanh((a + b*x)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)}))/a^{(3/2)}$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} (\log(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a}) - \log(\sqrt{bx + a} + \sqrt{a}))}{a}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x)`

output $(\sqrt{a}*(\log(\sqrt{a + b*x}) - \sqrt{a}) - \log(\sqrt{a + b*x} + \sqrt{a}))/a$

3.273 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1883
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1883
Rubi [A] (verified)	1884
Maple [A] (verified)	1885
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1886
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1887
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1887
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1888
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1888
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1889

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ab-aB)}{a^2\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{a^2x} + \frac{(3Ab-2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
(-2*A*b+2*B*a)/a^2/(b*x+a)^(1/2)-A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x+(3*A*b-2*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-aA-3Abx+2aBx}{a^2x\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{(3Ab-2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)), x]
```

output

```
(-(a*A) - 3*A*b*x + 2*a*B*x)/(a^2*x*Sqrt[a + b*x]) + ((3*A*b - 2*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(5/2)
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {87, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(3Ab - 2aB) \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{A}{ax\sqrt{a + bx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & -\frac{(3Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A}{ax\sqrt{a + bx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & -\frac{(3Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\frac{1}{a+bx} - \frac{a}{b}}{ab} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A}{ax\sqrt{a + bx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & -\frac{(3Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A}{ax\sqrt{a + bx}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)), x]`

output `-(A/(a*x*Sqrt[a + b*x])) - ((3*A*b - 2*a*B)*(2/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/(2*a)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 61

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0]
) || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d
, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{x} + \frac{(3Ab-2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^2} - \frac{2(Ab-Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}$	61
derivativedivides	$-\frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{x} + \frac{(3Ab-2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^2} - \frac{2(Ab-Ba)}{a^2\sqrt{bx+a}}$	67
default	$-\frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{x} + \frac{(3Ab-2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^2} - \frac{2(Ab-Ba)}{a^2\sqrt{bx+a}}$	67
risch	$-\frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{a^2x} - \frac{2(-2Ab+2Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}} - \frac{2(3Ab-2Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^2}$	68

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a^2*(-A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x+(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^(1/2)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))-2*(A*b-B*a)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{((2Bab - 3Ab^2)x^2 + (2Ba^2 - 3Aab)x)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx+2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a}+2a}{x}\right) + 2(Aa^2 - (2Bab - 3Ab^2)x)}{2(a^3bx^2 + a^4x)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(((2*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*x^2 + (2*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(a)*log((b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(A*a^2 - (2*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^3*b*x^2 + a^4*x), (((2*B*a*b - 3*A*b^2)*x^2 + (2*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (A*a^2 - (2*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^3*b*x^2 + a^4*x)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 224 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 22.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.11

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = A \left(-\frac{1}{a\sqrt{bx}^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{3\sqrt{b}}{a^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{3b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right) + B \left(\frac{2a^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}}{a^{\frac{9}{2}} + a^{\frac{7}{2}}bx} + \frac{a^3 \log\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^{\frac{9}{2}} + a^{\frac{7}{2}}bx} - \frac{2a^3 \log\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}} + 1\right)}{a^{\frac{9}{2}} + a^{\frac{7}{2}}bx} \right) + \frac{a^2bx \log\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^{\frac{9}{2}} + a^{\frac{7}{2}}bx} - \frac{2a^2bx \log\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}} + 1\right)}{a^{\frac{9}{2}} + a^{\frac{7}{2}}bx}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**2/(b*x+a)**(3/2), x)`

output `A*(-1/(a*sqrt(b)*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 3*sqrt(b)/(a**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 3*b*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/a**(5/2)) + B*(2*a**3*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)/(a**(9/2) + a**(7/2)*b*x) + a**3*log(b*x/a)/(a**(9/2) + a**(7/2)*b*x) - 2*a**3*log(sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 1)/(a**(9/2) + a**(7/2)*b*x) + a**2*b*x*log(b*x/a)/(a**(9/2) + a**(7/2)*b*x) - 2*a**2*b*x*log(sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 1)/(a**(9/2) + a**(7/2)*b*x))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{2(2Ba^2 - 2Aab - (2Ba - 3Ab)(bx + a))}{(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b - \sqrt{bx + a}a^3b} - \frac{(2Ba - 3Ab) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}b} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-1/2*b*(2*(2*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b - (2*B*a - 3*A*b)*(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b - \sqrt{b*x + a}*a^3*b) - (2*B*a - 3*A*b)*\log((\sqrt{b*x + a} - \sqrt{a})/(\sqrt{b*x + a} + \sqrt{a}))/a^{5/2}*b)$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(2Ba - 3Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}a^2} + \frac{2(bx+a)Ba - 2Ba^2 - 3(bx+a)Ab + 2Aab}{\left((bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \sqrt{bx+aa}\right)a^2}$$

input

`integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$(2*B*a - 3*A*b)*\arctan(\sqrt{b*x + a}/\sqrt{-a})/(\sqrt{-a}*a^2) + (2*(b*x + a)*B*a - 2*B*a^2 - 3*(b*x + a)*A*b + 2*A*a*b)/(((b*x + a)^(3/2) - \sqrt{b*x + a})*a)*a^2$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (3Ab - 2Ba)}{a^{5/2}} - \frac{2(Ab - Ba) - (3Ab - 2Ba)(a+bx)}{a\sqrt{a+bx} - (a+bx)^{3/2}}$$

input

`int((A + B*x)/(x^2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output

$$(\operatorname{atanh}((a + b*x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(3*A*b - 2*B*a))/a^{5/2} - ((2*(A*b - B*a))/a - ((3*A*b - 2*B*a)*(a + b*x))/a^2)/(a*(a + b*x)^(1/2) - (a + b*x)^(3/2))$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{bx + a} a - \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a}) bx + \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} + \sqrt{a}) bx}{2a^2 x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(- 2*sqrt(a + b*x)*a - sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b*x + sqrt(a)
*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b*x)/(2*a**2*x)`

3.274 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1890
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1890
Rubi [A] (verified)	1891
Maple [A] (verified)	1893
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1894
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1894
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1895
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1895
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1896
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1896

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2b(Ab-aB)}{a^3\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{2a^2x^2} + \frac{(7Ab-4aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{4a^3x} - \frac{3b(5Ab-4aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
2*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/2*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x^2+1/4*(7*A*b-4*B
*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x-3/4*b*(5*A*b-4*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
/a^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{15Ab^2x^2+abx(5A-12Bx)-2a^2(A+2Bx)}{4a^3x^2\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{3b(-5Ab+4aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A+B*x)/(x^3*(a+b*x)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

$(15A^2b^2x^2 + abx(5A - 12Bx) - 2a^2(A + 2Bx))/(4a^3x^2\sqrt{a + bx}) + (3b(-5Ab + 4aB)\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a + bx}/\sqrt{a}])/(4a^2(7/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {87, 52, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(5Ab - 4aB) \int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{4a} - \frac{A}{2ax^2\sqrt{a + bx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -\frac{(5Ab - 4aB) \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A}{2ax^2\sqrt{a + bx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & -\frac{(5Ab - 4aB) \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A}{2ax^2\sqrt{a + bx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & -\frac{(5Ab - 4aB) \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A}{2ax^2\sqrt{a + bx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(5Ab - 4aB) \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A}{2ax^2\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/2*A/(a*x^2*sqrt[a + b*x]) - ((5*A*b - 4*a*B)*(-1/(a*x*sqrt[a + b*x])) - (3*b*(2/(a*sqrt[a + b*x]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/sqrt[a])/a^(3/2)))/(2*a)))/(4*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$b \left(\frac{-\sqrt{bx+a}(-7Abx+4Bax+2Aa)}{4bx^2} - \frac{3(5Ab-4Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{2Ab-2Ba}{\sqrt{bx+a}}}{a^3} \right)$	80
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(-7Abx+4Bax+2Aa)}{4a^3x^2} + \frac{b \left(-\frac{2(-8Ab+8Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}} - \frac{2(15Ab-12Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{8a^3}$	83
derivativedivides	$2b \left(-\frac{-Ab+Ba}{a^3\sqrt{bx+a}} - \frac{\left(-\frac{7A}{8} + \frac{B}{2}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{9}{8}abA - \frac{1}{2}a^2B\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^2x^2} + \frac{3(5Ab-4Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^3} \right)$	102
default	$2b \left(-\frac{-Ab+Ba}{a^3\sqrt{bx+a}} - \frac{\left(-\frac{7A}{8} + \frac{B}{2}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{9}{8}abA - \frac{1}{2}a^2B\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^2x^2} + \frac{3(5Ab-4Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^3} \right)$	102

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
b/a^3*(-1/4*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b*(-7*A*b*x+4*B*a*x+2*A*a)/x^2-3/4*(5*A*b-4*B*a)
/a^(1/2)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+2*(A*b-B*a)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3((4Bab^2 - 5Ab^3)x^3 + (4Ba^2b - 5Aab^2)x^2)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx - 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x}\right) + 2(2Aa^3 + 3(4Ba^2b - 5Aab^2)x^2 + 3((4Bab^2 - 5Ab^3)x^3 + (4Ba^2b - 5Aab^2)x^2)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) + (2Aa^3 + 3(4Ba^2b - 5Aab^2)x^2 + \dots}{4(a^4bx^3 + a^5x^2)} \right.$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/8*(3*((4*B*a*b^2 - 5*A*b^3)*x^3 + (4*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x^2)*sqrt(a)
*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(2*A*a^3 + 3*(4*B*a^2*b
- 5*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + (4*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^4*b*x^3 + a^
5*x^2), -1/4*(3*((4*B*a*b^2 - 5*A*b^3)*x^3 + (4*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x^2)*
sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (2*A*a^3 + 3*(4*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a
b^2)*x^2 + (4*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^4*b*x^3 + a^5*x^2)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 51.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = A \left(-\frac{1}{2a\sqrt{bx}^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{5\sqrt{b}}{4a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{15b^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4a^3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{15b^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4a^{\frac{7}{2}}} \right) \\ + B \left(-\frac{1}{a\sqrt{bx}^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{3\sqrt{b}}{a^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{3b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**3/(b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
A*(-1/(2*a*sqrt(b)*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 5*sqrt(b)/(4*a**2*x**(3/2)
)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 15*b**(3/2)/(4*a**3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 15
*b**2*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(4*a**(7/2))) + B*(-1/(a*sqrt(b)*x*
*(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 3*sqrt(b)/(a**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 3
*b*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/a**(5/2))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{8}b^2 \left(\frac{2(8Ba^3 - 8Aa^2b + 3(4Ba - 5Ab)(bx + a)^2 - 5(4Ba^2 - 5Aab)(bx + a))}{(bx + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^3b - 2(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^4b + \sqrt{bx + a}a^5b} + \frac{3(4Ba - 5Ab) \log}{a^{\frac{7}{2}}b} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/8*b^2*(2*(8*B*a^3 - 8*A*a^2*b + 3*(4*B*a - 5*A*b)*(b*x + a)^2 - 5*(4*B*
a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3*b - 2*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4*b
+ sqrt(b*x + a)*a^5*b) + 3*(4*B*a - 5*A*b)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/
(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(7/2)*b))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{3(4Bab - 5Ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-aa^3}} - \frac{2(Bab - Ab^2)}{\sqrt{bx + aa^3}}$$

$$- \frac{4(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bab - 4\sqrt{bx + a}BAa^2b - 7(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ab^2 + 9\sqrt{bx + a}Aab^2}{4a^3b^2x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-3/4*(4*B*a*b - 5*A*b^2)*\arctan(\sqrt{b*x + a}/\sqrt{-a})/(\sqrt{-a}*a^3) - 2*(B*a*b - A*b^2)/(\sqrt{b*x + a}*a^3) - 1/4*(4*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*B*a*b - 4*\sqrt{b*x + a}*B*a^2*b - 7*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*A*b^2 + 9*\sqrt{b*x + a}*A*a*b^2)/(a^3*b^2*x^2)$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2(Ab^2 - B a b)}{a} - \frac{5(5Ab^2 - 4B a b)(a + bx)}{4a^2} + \frac{3(5Ab^2 - 4B a b)(a + bx)^2}{4a^3}}{(a + bx)^{5/2} - 2a(a + bx)^{3/2} + a^2\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{3b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (5Ab - 4Ba)}{4a^{7/2}}$$

input

$$\text{int}((A + B*x)/(x^3*(a + b*x)^(3/2)), x)$$

output

$$((2*(A*b^2 - B*a*b))/a - (5*(5*A*b^2 - 4*B*a*b)*(a + b*x))/(4*a^2) + (3*(5*A*b^2 - 4*B*a*b)*(a + b*x)^2)/(4*a^3))/((a + b*x)^(5/2) - 2*a*(a + b*x)^(3/2) + a^2*(a + b*x)^(1/2)) - (3*b*atanh((a + b*x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(5*A*b - 4*B*a))/(4*a^(7/2))$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{bx + a}a^2 + 6\sqrt{bx + a}abx + 3\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a})b^2x^2 - 3\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx + a} + \sqrt{a})b^2x^2}{8a^3x^2}$$

input

$$\text{int}((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^(3/2), x)$$

output

$$(-4*\sqrt{a + b*x}*a**2 + 6*\sqrt{a + b*x}*a*b*x + 3*\sqrt{a}*\log(\sqrt{a + b*x} - \sqrt{a})*b**2*x**2 - 3*\sqrt{a}*\log(\sqrt{a + b*x} + \sqrt{a})*b**2*x**2)/(8*a**3*x**2)$$

3.275 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1897
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1897
Rubi [A] (verified)	1898
Maple [A] (verified)	1901
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1901
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1902
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1903
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1903
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1904
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1904

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2b^2(Ab-aB)}{a^4\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{3a^2x^3} + \frac{(11Ab-6aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{12a^3x^2} - \frac{b(19Ab-14aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{8a^4x} + \frac{5b^2(7Ab-6aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2*b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/3*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x^3+1/12*(11*A*b-6*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^2-1/8*b*(19*A*b-14*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^4/x+5/8*b^2*(7*A*b-6*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-105Ab^3x^3 - 4a^3(2A+3Bx) + 2a^2bx(7A+15Bx) + 5ab^2x^2(-7A+18Bx)}{24a^4x^3\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{5b^2(7Ab-6aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^4*(a + b*x)^(3/2)), x]
```

output

$$(-105A^2b^3x^3 - 4a^3(2A + 3Bx) + 2a^2bx(7A + 15Bx) + 5a^2b^2x^2(-7A + 18Bx))/(24a^4x^3\sqrt{a + bx}) + (5b^2(7Ab - 6a^2B) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a + bx}/\sqrt{a}])/(8a^{9/2})$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {87, 52, 52, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$-\frac{(7Ab - 6aB) \int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{6a} - \frac{A}{3ax^3\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 52$$

$$-\frac{(7Ab - 6aB) \left(-\frac{5b \int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{4a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{6a} - \frac{A}{3ax^3\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 52$$

$$-\frac{(7Ab - 6aB) \left(-\frac{5b \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{6a} - \frac{A}{3ax^3\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(7Ab - 6aB) \left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{6a} - \frac{A}{3ax^3\sqrt{a+bx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{(7Ab - 6aB) \left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{6a} - \frac{A}{3ax^3\sqrt{a+bx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{(7Ab - 6aB) \left(\frac{5b \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{6a} - \frac{A}{3ax^3\sqrt{a+bx}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^4*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/3*A/(a*x^3*sqrt[a + b*x]) - ((7*A*b - 6*a*B)*(-1/2*1/(a*x^2*sqrt[a + b*x]) - (5*b*(-1/(a*x*sqrt[a + b*x])) - (3*b*(2/(a*sqrt[a + b*x]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/sqrt[a]))/a^(3/2)))/(2*a)))/(4*a)))/(6*a)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{35(Ab - \frac{6Ba}{7})\sqrt{bx+a} b^2 x^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{35(-18Bx+A)b^2 x^2 a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24} + \frac{7bx(15Bx+A)a^{\frac{5}{2}}}{12} + \frac{(-3Bx-2A)a^{\frac{7}{2}}}{6} - \frac{35A\sqrt{a}b^3 x^3}{8}}{x^3 a^{\frac{9}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a}}$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(57A b^2 x^2 - 42Bab x^2 - 22aAbx + 12B a^2 x + 8a^2 A)}{24a^4 x^3} - \frac{b^2 \left(-\frac{2(-16Ab+16Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}} - \frac{2(35Ab-30Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{16a^4}$
derivativedivides	$2b^2 \left(\frac{-\left(\frac{19Ab}{16} - \frac{7Ba}{8}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \left(-\frac{17}{6}abA + 2a^2 B\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{29}{16}a^2 bA - \frac{9}{8}a^3 B\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^3 x^3} + \frac{5(7Ab-6Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16\sqrt{a}} \right) \frac{1}{a^4}$
default	$2b^2 \left(\frac{-\left(\frac{19Ab}{16} - \frac{7Ba}{8}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \left(-\frac{17}{6}abA + 2a^2 B\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{29}{16}a^2 bA - \frac{9}{8}a^3 B\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^3 x^3} + \frac{5(7Ab-6Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16\sqrt{a}} \right) \frac{1}{a^4}$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
7/12/(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(15/2*(A*b-6/7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*b^2*x^3*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))-5/2*(-18/7*B*x+A)*b^2*x^2*a^(3/2)+b*x*(15/7*B*x+A)*a^(5/2)+2/7*(-3*B*x-2*A)*a^(7/2)-15/2*A*a^(1/2)*b^3*x^3/a^(9/2)/x^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15((6 Bab^3 - 7 Ab^4)x^4 + (6 Ba^2 b^2 - 7 Aab^3)x^3)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx+2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a}+2a}{x}\right) + 2(8}{48($$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/48*(15*((6*B*a*b^3 - 7*A*b^4)*x^4 + (6*B*a^2*b^2 - 7*A*a*b^3)*x^3)*sqrt(a)*log((b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(8*A*a^4 - 15*(6*B*a^2*b^2 - 7*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 5*(6*B*a^3*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(6*B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^5*b*x^4 + a^6*x^3), 1/24*(15*((6*B*a*b^3 - 7*A*b^4)*x^4 + (6*B*a^2*b^2 - 7*A*a*b^3)*x^3)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (8*A*a^4 - 15*(6*B*a^2*b^2 - 7*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 5*(6*B*a^3*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 2*(6*B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^5*b*x^4 + a^6*x^3)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 83.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = A \left(-\frac{1}{3a\sqrt{bx} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{7\sqrt{b}}{12a^2x^{5/2} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{35b^{3/2}}{24a^3x^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{35b^{5/2}}{8a^4\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{35b^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{8a^9} \right) + B \left(-\frac{1}{2a\sqrt{bx} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{5\sqrt{b}}{4a^2x^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{15b^{3/2}}{4a^3\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{15b^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{4a^7} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**4/(b*x+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
A*(-1/(3*a*sqrt(b)*x**(7/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 7*sqrt(b)/(12*a**2*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 35*b**(3/2)/(24*a**3*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 35*b**(5/2)/(8*a**4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 35*b**3*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(8*a**9/2)) + B*(-1/(2*a*sqrt(b)*x**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 5*sqrt(b)/(4*a**2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 15*b**(3/2)/(4*a**3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 15*b**2*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(4*a**7/2))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{48} b^3 \left(\frac{2(48Ba^4 - 48Aa^3b - 15(6Ba - 7Ab)(bx + a)^3 + 40(6Ba^2 - 7Aab)(bx + a)^2 - 33(6Ba^3 - 7Aab^2)(bx + a) - 15Aa^4)}{(bx + a)^{7/2}a^4b - 3(bx + a)^{5/2}a^5b + 3(bx + a)^{3/2}a^6b - \sqrt{bx + a}a^7b} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/48*b^3*(2*(48*B*a^4 - 48*A*a^3*b - 15*(6*B*a - 7*A*b)*(b*x + a)^3 + 40*(6*B*a^2 - 7*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^2 - 33*(6*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a))/(b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^4*b - 3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^5*b + 3*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^6*b - sqrt(b*x + a)*a^7*b) - 15*(6*B*a - 7*A*b)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(9/2)*b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{5(6Bab^2 - 7Ab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + \frac{2(Bab^2 - Ab^3)}{\sqrt{bx+aa^4}}}{8\sqrt{-aa^4}} + \frac{42(bx+a)^{5/2}Bab^2 - 96(bx+a)^{3/2}Ba^2b^2 + 54\sqrt{bx+a}Ba^3b^2 - 57(bx+a)^{5/2}Ab^3 + 136(bx+a)^{3/2}Aab^3 - 87Aa^4b^3}{24a^4b^3x^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `5/8*(6*B*a*b^2 - 7*A*b^3)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^4) + 2*(B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)/(sqrt(b*x + a)*a^4) + 1/24*(42*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B*a*b^2 - 96*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*a^2*b^2 + 54*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^3*b^2 - 57*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*A*b^3 + 136*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*a*b^3 - 87*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a^2*b^3)/(a^4*b^3*x^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{5b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (7Ab - 6Ba)}{8a^{9/2}} - \frac{2(Ab^3 - Ba^2b^2)}{a} - \frac{11(7Ab^3 - 6Ba^2b^2)(a+bx)}{8a^2} + \frac{5(7Ab^3 - 6Ba^2b^2)(a+bx)^2}{3a^3} - \frac{5(7Ab^3 - 6Ba^2b^2)(a+bx)^3}{8a^4} - \frac{3a(a+bx)^{5/2} - (a+bx)^{7/2} + a^3\sqrt{a+bx} - 3a^2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3a(a+bx)^{5/2} - (a+bx)^{7/2} + a^3\sqrt{a+bx} - 3a^2(a+bx)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^4*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x)`output `(5*b^2*atanh((a + b*x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(7*A*b - 6*B*a))/(8*a^(9/2)) - ((2*(A*b^3 - B*a*b^2))/a - (11*(7*A*b^3 - 6*B*a*b^2)*(a + b*x))/(8*a^2) + (5*(7*A*b^3 - 6*B*a*b^2)*(a + b*x)^2)/(3*a^3) - (5*(7*A*b^3 - 6*B*a*b^2)*(a + b*x)^3)/(8*a^4))/(3*a*(a + b*x)^(5/2) - (a + b*x)^(7/2) + a^3*(a + b*x)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*(a + b*x)^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-16\sqrt{bx + a}a^3 + 20\sqrt{bx + a}a^2bx - 30\sqrt{bx + a}ab^2x^2 - 15\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a})}{48a^4x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x)`output `(- 16*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3 + 20*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x - 30*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 - 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**3*x**3 + 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**3*x**3)/(48*a**4*x**3)`

3.276 $\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1905
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1905
Rubi [A] (verified)	1906
Maple [A] (verified)	1907
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1908
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1908
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1909
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1909
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1910
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1910

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^4(Ab-aB)}{3b^6(a+bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2a^3(4Ab-5aB)}{b^6\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{4a^2(3Ab-5aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^6} - \frac{4a(2Ab-5aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^6} + \frac{2(Ab-5aB)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^6} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^6}$$

output

```
-2/3*a^4*(A*b-B*a)/b^6/(b*x+a)^(3/2)+2*a^3*(4*A*b-5*B*a)/b^6/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
+4*a^2*(3*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^6-4/3*a*(2*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b
^6+2/5*(A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^6+2/7*B*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2560a^5B + 256a^4b(7A - 15Bx) + 192a^3b^2x(14A - 5Bx) + 6b^5x^4(7A + 5Bx) + 32b^6x^5}{105b^6(a+bx)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2560*a^5*B + 256*a^4*b*(7*A - 15*B*x) + 192*a^3*b^2*x*(14*A - 5*B*x) + 6*b^5*x^4*(7*A + 5*B*x) + 32*a^2*b^3*x^2*(21*A + 5*B*x) - 4*a*b^4*x^3*(28*A + 15*B*x))/(105*b^6*(a + b*x)^(3/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^4(aB - Ab)}{b^5(a + bx)^{5/2}} + \frac{a^3(5aB - 4Ab)}{b^5(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2a^2(5aB - 3Ab)}{b^5\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{a + bx}(5aB - 2Ab)}{b^5} + \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(Ab - 5aB)}{b^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^4(Ab - aB)}{3b^6(a + bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2a^3(4Ab - 5aB)}{b^6\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{4a^2\sqrt{a + bx}(3Ab - 5aB)}{b^6} - \frac{4a(a + bx)^{3/2}(2Ab - 5aB)}{3b^6} + \frac{2(a + bx)^{5/2}(Ab - 5aB)}{5b^6} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7b^6}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^4*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*a^4*(A*b - a*B))/(3*b^6*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + (2*a^3*(4*A*b - 5*a*B))/(b^6*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]) + (4*a^2*(3*A*b - 5*a*B)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])/b^6 - (4*a*(2*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^6) + (2*(A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^6) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^6)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(30Bx^5+42Ax^4)b^5-112\left(\frac{15Bx}{28}+A\right)ax^3b^4+672\left(\frac{5Bx}{21}+A\right)a^2x^2b^3+2688a^3x\left(-\frac{5Bx}{14}+A\right)b^2+1792a^4\left(-\frac{15Bx}{7}+A\right)b-105(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^6}{105b^6}$
risch	$\frac{2(15b^3Bx^3+21Ax^2b^3-60Bx^2ab^2-98Aaxb^2+185Bxa^2b+511a^2bA-790a^3B)\sqrt{bx+a}}{105b^6} + \frac{2a^3(12Ab^2x-15Babx+15a^2)}{3b^6(bx+a)}$
gospers	$\frac{\frac{2}{7}b^5Bx^5+\frac{2}{5}Ab^5x^4-\frac{4}{7}Bab^4x^4-\frac{16}{15}Aab^4x^3+\frac{32}{21}Ba^2b^3x^3+\frac{32}{5}Aa^2b^3x^2-\frac{64}{7}Ba^3b^2x^2+\frac{128}{5}a^3b^2Ax-\frac{256}{7}a^4bBx+\frac{256}{15}a^4}{(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^6}$
trager	$\frac{\frac{2}{7}b^5Bx^5+\frac{2}{5}Ab^5x^4-\frac{4}{7}Bab^4x^4-\frac{16}{15}Aab^4x^3+\frac{32}{21}Ba^2b^3x^3+\frac{32}{5}Aa^2b^3x^2-\frac{64}{7}Ba^3b^2x^2+\frac{128}{5}a^3b^2Ax-\frac{256}{7}a^4bBx+\frac{256}{15}a^4}{(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^6}$
orering	$\frac{\frac{2}{7}b^5Bx^5+\frac{2}{5}Ab^5x^4-\frac{4}{7}Bab^4x^4-\frac{16}{15}Aab^4x^3+\frac{32}{21}Ba^2b^3x^3+\frac{32}{5}Aa^2b^3x^2-\frac{64}{7}Ba^3b^2x^2+\frac{128}{5}a^3b^2Ax-\frac{256}{7}a^4bBx+\frac{256}{15}a^4}{(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^6}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - 2Ba(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{8Aab(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{20Ba^2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 12Aa^2b\sqrt{bx+a} - 20Ba^3\sqrt{bx+a} + \frac{2a^3(4Ab-3a^2)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}}{b^6}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - 2Ba(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{8Aab(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{20Ba^2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 12Aa^2b\sqrt{bx+a} - 20Ba^3\sqrt{bx+a} + \frac{2a^3(4Ab-3a^2)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}}{b^6}$

```
input int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/105*((30*B*x^5+42*A*x^4)*b^5-112*(15/28*B*x+A)*a*x^3*b^4+672*(5/21*B*x+A)*a^2*x^2*b^3+2688*a^3*x*(-5/14*B*x+A)*b^2+1792*a^4*(-15/7*B*x+A)*b-2560*a^5*B)/(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^6
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(15Bb^5x^5 - 1280Ba^5 + 896Aa^4b - 3(10Bab^4 - 7Ab^5)x^4 + 8(10Ba^2b^3 - 7Aab^4) - 192(10Ba^4b - 7Aa^3b^2)x^3 - 48(10Ba^3b^2 - 7Aa^2b^3)x^2 - 192(10Ba^4b - 7Aa^3b^2)x) \sqrt{bx+a}}{105(b^8x^2 + 2ab^7x + a^2b^6)}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/105*(15*B*b^5*x^5 - 1280*B*a^5 + 896*A*a^4*b - 3*(10*B*a*b^4 - 7*A*b^5)*x^4 + 8*(10*B*a^2*b^3 - 7*A*a*b^4)*x^3 - 48*(10*B*a^3*b^2 - 7*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 - 192*(10*B*a^4*b - 7*A*a^3*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(b^8*x^2 + 2*a*b^7*x + a^2*b^6)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b} + \frac{a^4(-Ab+Ba)}{3b(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{a^3(-4Ab+5Ba)}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(Ab-5Ba)}{5b} + \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(-4Aab+10Ba^2)}{3b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(6Aa^2b-10Ba^2)}{b} \right)}{b^5} \\ \frac{\frac{Ax^5}{5} + \frac{Bx^6}{6}}{a^{5/2}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(7/2)/(7*b) + a**4*(-A*b + B*a)/(3*b*(a + b*x)**(3/2)) - a**3*(-4*A*b + 5*B*a)/(b*sqrt(a + b*x)) + (a + b*x)**(5/2)*(A*b - 5*B*a)/(5*b) + (a + b*x)**(3/2)*(-4*A*a*b + 10*B*a**2)/(3*b) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(6*A*a**2*b - 10*B*a**3)/b)/b**5, Ne(b, 0)), ((A*x**5/5 + B*x**6/6)/a**5/2, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{15(bx+a)^{7/2}B - 21(5Ba - Ab)(bx+a)^{5/2} + 70(5Ba^2 - 2Aab)(bx+a)^{3/2} - 210(5Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b} + \frac{35(Ba^5 - A^2a^2)}{105b^5} \right)}{105b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/105*((15*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*B - 21*(5*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(5/2) + 70*(5*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) - 210*(5*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b + 35*(B*a^5 - A*a^4*b - 3*(5*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b)*(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*b))/b^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(15(bx+a)Ba^4 - Ba^5 - 12(bx+a)Aa^3b + Aa^4b)}{3(bx+a)^{3/2}b^6} + \frac{2 \left(15(bx+a)^{7/2}Bb^{36} - 105(bx+a)^{5/2}Bab^{36} + 350(bx+a)^{3/2}Ba^2b^{36} - 1050\sqrt{bx+a}Ba^3b^{36} + 21(bx+a)^{5/2}Aa^2b^{37} - 140(bx+a)^{3/2}Aa^3b^{37} + 630\sqrt{bx+a}Aa^4b^{37} \right)}{105b^{42}}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/3*(15*(b*x + a)*B*a^4 - B*a^5 - 12*(b*x + a)*A*a^3*b + A*a^4*b)/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^6) + 2/105*(15*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*B*b^36 - 105*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B*a*b^36 + 350*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*a^2*b^36 - 1050*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^3*b^36 + 21*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*A*a^2*b^37 - 140*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*a^3*b^37 + 630*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a^4*b^37)/b^42`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(20Ba^2 - 8Aab)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^6} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7b^6} - \frac{(10Ba^4 - 8Aa^3b)(a+bx) - \frac{2Ba^5}{3} + \frac{2Aa^4b}{3}}{b^6(a+bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{(2Ab - 10Ba)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^6} - \frac{(20Ba^3 - 12Aa^2b)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^6}$$

input `int((x^4*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2),x)`output `((20*B*a^2 - 8*A*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^6) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(7*b^6) - ((10*B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*(a + b*x) - (2*B*a^5)/3 + (2*A*a^4*b)/3)/(b^6*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + ((2*A*b - 10*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^6) - ((20*B*a^3 - 12*A*a^2*b)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/b^6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{x^4(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{7}b^4x^4 - \frac{16}{35}ab^3x^3 + \frac{32}{35}a^2b^2x^2 - \frac{128}{35}a^3bx - \frac{256}{35}a^4}{\sqrt{bx+ab^5}}$$

input `int(x^4*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(-128*a**4 - 64*a**3*b*x + 16*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 8*a*b**3*x**3 + 5*b**4*x**4))/(35*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**5)`

3.277 $\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1911
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1911
Rubi [A] (verified)	1912
Maple [A] (verified)	1913
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1914
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1914
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1915
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1915
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1916
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1916

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2a^3(Ab-aB)}{3b^5(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab-4aB)}{b^5\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{6a(Ab-2aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^5} + \frac{2(Ab-4aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^5} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^5}$$

output

$2/3*a^3*(A*b-B*a)/b^5/(b*x+a)^(3/2)-2*a^2*(3*A*b-4*B*a)/b^5/(b*x+a)^(1/2)-6*a*(A*b-2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^5+2/3*(A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^5+2/5*B*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b^5$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(128a^4B+24a^2b^2x(-5A+2Bx)+b^4x^3(5A+3Bx)-2ab^3x^2(15A+4Bx)+a^3(-15A-4Bx))}{15b^5(a+bx)^{3/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^3*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^(5/2),x]`

output

$$(2*(128*a^4*B + 24*a^2*b^2*x*(-5*A + 2*B*x) + b^4*x^3*(5*A + 3*B*x) - 2*a*b^3*x^2*(15*A + 4*B*x) + a^3*(-80*A*b + 192*b*B*x)))/(15*b^5*(a + b*x)^(3/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{a^3(aB - Ab)}{b^4(a + bx)^{5/2}} - \frac{a^2(4aB - 3Ab)}{b^4(a + bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{3a(2aB - Ab)}{b^4\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(Ab - 4aB)}{b^4} + \frac{B(a + bx)^{3/2}}{b^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2a^3(Ab - aB)}{3b^5(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab - 4aB)}{b^5\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{6a\sqrt{a + bx}(Ab - 2aB)}{b^5} + \frac{2(a + bx)^{3/2}(Ab - 4aB)}{3b^5} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b^5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^3*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2), x]$$

output

$$(2*a^3*(A*b - a*B))/(3*b^5*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) - (2*a^2*(3*A*b - 4*a*B))/(b^5*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]) - (6*a*(A*b - 2*a*B)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])/b^5 + (2*(A*b - 4*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^5) + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^5)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{32 \left(-\frac{(3Bx+A)x^3b^4}{16} + \frac{3ax^2(4Bx+A)b^3}{8} + \frac{3a^2(-2Bx+A)xb^2}{2} + a^3 \left(-\frac{12Bx}{5} + A \right) b - \frac{8Ba^4}{5} \right)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^5}$	75
risch	$\frac{2(-3b^2Bx^2-5Ab^2x+14Babx+40abA-73a^2B)\sqrt{bx+a}}{15b^5} - \frac{2a^2(9Ab^2x-12Babx+8abA-11a^2B)}{3b^5(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	88
gospers	$\frac{2(-3Bx^4b^4-5Ax^3b^4+8Bx^3ab^3+30Ax^2ab^3-48Bx^2a^2b^2+120Ax^2a^2b^2-192Bxa^3b+80Aa^3b-128Ba^4)}{15(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^5}$	95
trager	$\frac{2(-3Bx^4b^4-5Ax^3b^4+8Bx^3ab^3+30Ax^2ab^3-48Bx^2a^2b^2+120Ax^2a^2b^2-192Bxa^3b+80Aa^3b-128Ba^4)}{15(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^5}$	95
oring	$\frac{2(-3Bx^4b^4-5Ax^3b^4+8Bx^3ab^3+30Ax^2ab^3-48Bx^2a^2b^2+120Ax^2a^2b^2-192Bxa^3b+80Aa^3b-128Ba^4)}{15(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^5}$	95
derivativdivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{8Ba(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 6Aab\sqrt{bx+a} + 12Ba^2\sqrt{bx+a} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab-4Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}} + \frac{2a^3(Ab-Ba)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{b^5}$	105
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{8Ba(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 6Aab\sqrt{bx+a} + 12Ba^2\sqrt{bx+a} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab-4Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}} + \frac{2a^3(Ab-Ba)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{b^5}$	105

```
input int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -32/3*(-1/16*(3/5*B*x+A)*x^3*b^4+3/8*a*x^2*(4/15*B*x+A)*b^3+3/2*a^2*(-2/5*B*x+A)*x*b^2+a^3*(-12/5*B*x+A)*b-8/5*B*a^4)/(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bb^4x^4 + 128Ba^4 - 80Aa^3b - (8Bab^3 - 5Ab^4)x^3 + 6(8Ba^2b^2 - 5Aab^3)x^2 + 24Aa^2b^2 - 5Aab^3)x^2 + 24Aa^2b^2 - 5Aab^3}{15(b^7x^2 + 2ab^6x + a^2b^5)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/15*(3*B*b^4*x^4 + 128*B*a^4 - 80*A*a^3*b - (8*B*a*b^3 - 5*A*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(8*B*a^2*b^2 - 5*A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 24*(8*B*a^3*b - 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(b^7*x^2 + 2*a*b^6*x + a^2*b^5)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(\frac{B(a+bx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b} - \frac{a^3(-Ab+Ba)}{3b(a+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{a^2(-3Ab+4Ba)}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{(a+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(Ab-4Ba)}{3b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(-3Aab+6Ba^2)}{b}\right)}{b^4} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\frac{Ax^4}{4} + \frac{Bx^5}{5}}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(5/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(B*(a + b*x)**(5/2))/(5*b) - a**3*(-A*b + B*a)/(3*b*(a + b*x))* (3/2)) + a**2*(-3*A*b + 4*B*a)/(b*sqrt(a + b*x)) + (a + b*x)**(3/2)*(A*b - 4*B*a)/(3*b) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(-3*A*a*b + 6*B*a**2)/b)/b**4, Ne(b, 0)), ((A*x**4/4 + B*x**5/5)/a**(5/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{3(bx+a)^{5/2}B - 5(4Ba-Ab)(bx+a)^{3/2} + 45(2Ba^2-Aab)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b} - \frac{5(Ba^4 - Aa^3b - 3(4Ba^3 - 3Aa^2b)(bx+a))}{(bx+a)^{3/2}b} \right)}{15b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/15*((3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B - 5*(4*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a)^(3/2) + 45*(2*B*a^2 - A*a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b - 5*(B*a^4 - A*a^3*b - 3*(4*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*b))/b^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(12(bx+a)Ba^3 - Ba^4 - 9(bx+a)Aa^2b + Aa^3b)}{3(bx+a)^{3/2}b^5} + \frac{2 \left(3(bx+a)^{5/2}Bb^{20} - 20(bx+a)^{3/2}Bab^{20} + 90\sqrt{bx+a}Ba^2b^{20} + 5(bx+a)^{3/2}Ab^{21} - 45\sqrt{bx+a}Aab^{21} \right)}{15b^{25}}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*(12*(b*x + a)*B*a^3 - B*a^4 - 9*(b*x + a)*A*a^2*b + A*a^3*b)/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^5) + 2/15*(3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*B*b^20 - 20*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*a*b^20 + 90*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a^2*b^20 + 5*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A*b^21 - 45*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*a*b^21)/b^25`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(12Ba^2 - 6Aab)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^5} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b^5} + \frac{(8Ba^3 - 6Aa^2b)(a+bx) - \frac{2Ba^4}{3} + \frac{2Aa^3b}{3}}{b^5(a+bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{(2Ab - 8Ba)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^5}$$

input `int((x^3*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2),x)`output `((12*B*a^2 - 6*A*a*b)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/b^5 + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^5) + ((8*B*a^3 - 6*A*a^2*b)*(a + b*x) - (2*B*a^4)/3 + (2*A*a^3*b)/3)/(b^5*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + ((2*A*b - 8*B*a)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^5)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{x^3(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}b^3x^3 - \frac{4}{5}ab^2x^2 + \frac{16}{5}a^2bx + \frac{32}{5}a^3}{\sqrt{bx+a}b^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(16*a**3 + 8*a**2*b*x - 2*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*x**3))/(5*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4)`

3.278 $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1917
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1917
Rubi [A] (verified)	1918
Maple [A] (verified)	1919
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1919
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1920
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1920
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1921
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1921
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1922

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^2(Ab-aB)}{3b^4(a+bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2a(2Ab-3aB)}{b^4\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{2(Ab-3aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^4} + \frac{2B(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b^4}$$

output
$$-2/3*a^2*(A*b-B*a)/b^4/(b*x+a)^{(3/2)}+2*a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)/b^4/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}+2*(A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/b^4+2/3*B*(b*x+a)^{(3/2)}/b^4$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(-16a^3B+8a^2b(A-3Bx)-6ab^2x(-2A+Bx)+b^3x^2(3A+Bx))}{3b^4(a+bx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^(5/2),x]`

output
$$(2*(-16*a^3*B+8*a^2*b*(A-3*B*x)-6*a*b^2*x*(-2*A+B*x)+b^3*x^2*(3*A+B*x)))/(3*b^4*(a+b*x)^{(3/2)})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(-\frac{a^2(aB - Ab)}{b^3(a + bx)^{5/2}} + \frac{a(3aB - 2Ab)}{b^3(a + bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{Ab - 3aB}{b^3\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{B\sqrt{a + bx}}{b^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^2(Ab - aB)}{3b^4(a + bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2a(2Ab - 3aB)}{b^4\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx}(Ab - 3aB)}{b^4} + \frac{2B(a + bx)^{3/2}}{3b^4}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*a^2*(A*b - a*B))/(3*b^4*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + (2*a*(2*A*b - 3*a*B))/(b^4*Sqrt[a + b*x]) + (2*(A*b - 3*a*B)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b^4 + (2*B*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(2Bx^3+6Ax^2)b^3+24a\left(-\frac{Bx}{2}+A\right)xb^2+16a^2(-3Bx+A)b-32a^3B}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4}$	62
risch	$\frac{2(bBx+3Ab-8Ba)\sqrt{bx+a}}{3b^4} + \frac{2a(6Ab^2x-9Babx+5abA-8a^2B)}{3b^4(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	65
gospers	$\frac{\frac{2}{3}b^3Bx^3+2Ax^2b^3-4Bx^2ab^2+8Axa^2b^2-16Bxa^2b+\frac{16}{3}a^2bA-\frac{32}{3}a^3B}{(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4}$	70
trager	$\frac{\frac{2}{3}b^3Bx^3+2Ax^2b^3-4Bx^2ab^2+8Axa^2b^2-16Bxa^2b+\frac{16}{3}a^2bA-\frac{32}{3}a^3B}{(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4}$	70
orering	$\frac{\frac{2}{3}b^3Bx^3+2Ax^2b^3-4Bx^2ab^2+8Axa^2b^2-16Bxa^2b+\frac{16}{3}a^2bA-\frac{32}{3}a^3B}{(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4}$	70
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2Ab\sqrt{bx+a}-6Ba\sqrt{bx+a}+\frac{2a(2Ab-3Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}-\frac{2a^2(Ab-Ba)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{b^4}$	76
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2Ab\sqrt{bx+a}-6Ba\sqrt{bx+a}+\frac{2a(2Ab-3Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}-\frac{2a^2(Ab-Ba)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{b^4}$	76

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{3} * \left((2*B*x^3+6*A*x^2)*b^3+24*a*(-1/2*B*x+A)*x*b^2+16*a^2*(-3*B*x+A)*b-32*a^3*B \right) / (b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^4$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(Bb^3x^3-16Ba^3+8Aa^2b-3(2Bab^2-Ab^3)x^2-12(2Ba^2b-Aab^2)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{3(b^6x^2+2ab^5x+a^2b^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{2}{3} * (B*b^3*x^3-16*B*a^3+8*A*a^2*b-3*(2*B*a*b^2-A*b^3)*x^2-12*(2*B*a^2*b-A*a*b^2)*x)*\text{sqrt}(b*x+a)/(b^6*x^2+2*a*b^5*x+a^2*b^4)$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 299 vs. $2(88) = 176$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{16Aa^2b}{3ab^4\sqrt{a+bx}+3b^5x\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{24Aab^2x}{3ab^4\sqrt{a+bx}+3b^5x\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{6Ab^3x^2}{3ab^4\sqrt{a+bx}+3b^5x\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{32Ba^3}{3ab^4\sqrt{a+bx}+3b^5x\sqrt{a+bx}} \\ \frac{Ax^3 + Bx^4}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((16*A*a**2*b/(3*a*b**4*sqrt(a + b*x) + 3*b**5*x*sqrt(a + b*x)) + 24*A*a*b**2*x/(3*a*b**4*sqrt(a + b*x) + 3*b**5*x*sqrt(a + b*x)) + 6*A*b**3*x**2/(3*a*b**4*sqrt(a + b*x) + 3*b**5*x*sqrt(a + b*x)) - 32*B*a**3/(3*a*b**4*sqrt(a + b*x) + 3*b**5*x*sqrt(a + b*x)) - 48*B*a**2*b*x/(3*a*b**4*sqrt(a + b*x) + 3*b**5*x*sqrt(a + b*x)) - 12*B*a*b**2*x**2/(3*a*b**4*sqrt(a + b*x) + 3*b**5*x*sqrt(a + b*x)) + 2*B*b**3*x**3/(3*a*b**4*sqrt(a + b*x) + 3*b**5*x*sqrt(a + b*x)), Ne(b, 0)), ((A*x**3/3 + B*x**4/4)/a**(5/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} B - 3(3Ba - Ab)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b} + \frac{Ba^3 - Aa^2b - 3(3Ba^2 - 2Aab)(bx+a)}{(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b} \right)}{3b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(((b*x + a)^(3/2)*B - 3*(3*B*a - A*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/b + (B*a^3 - A*a^2*b - 3*(3*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b)*(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*b))/b^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(9(bx+a)Ba^2 - Ba^3 - 6(bx+a)Aab + Aa^2b)}{3(bx+a)^{3/2}b^4} + \frac{2\left((bx+a)^{3/2}Bb^8 - 9\sqrt{bx+a}Bab^8 + 3\sqrt{bx+a}Ab^9\right)}{3b^{12}}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/3*(9*(b*x + a)*B*a^2 - B*a^3 - 6*(b*x + a)*A*a*b + A*a^2*b)/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^4) + 2/3*((b*x + a)^(3/2)*B*b^8 - 9*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*a*b^8 + 3*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*b^9)/b^12`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Ba^3 + 2B(a+bx)^3 + 6Ab(a+bx)^2 - 18Ba(a+bx)^2 - 18Ba^2(a+bx) - 2Aa^2}{3b^4(a+bx)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*B*a^3 + 2*B*(a + b*x)^3 + 6*A*b*(a + b*x)^2 - 18*B*a*(a + b*x)^2 - 18*B*a^2*(a + b*x) - 2*A*a^2*b + 12*A*a*b*(a + b*x))/(3*b^4*(a + b*x)^(3/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}b^2x^2 - \frac{8}{3}abx - \frac{16}{3}a^2}{\sqrt{bx + a}b^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*(- 8*a**2 - 4*a*b*x + b**2*x**2))/(3*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3)`

$$3.279 \quad \int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1923
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1923
Rubi [A] (verified)	1924
Maple [A] (verified)	1925
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1925
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1926
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1926
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1927
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1927
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1927

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2a(Ab-aB)}{3b^3(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(Ab-2aB)}{b^3\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^3}$$

output

```
2/3*a*(A*b-B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)^(3/2)-2*(A*b-2*B*a)/b^3/(b*x+a)^(1/2)+2*B*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{16a^2B - 4ab(A - 6Bx) + 6b^2x(-A + Bx)}{3b^3(a+bx)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(16*a^2*B - 4*a*b*(A - 6*B*x) + 6*b^2*x*(-A + B*x))/(3*b^3*(a + b*x)^(3/2))
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab - 2aB}{b^2(a + bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{a(aB - Ab)}{b^2(a + bx)^{5/2}} + \frac{B}{b^2\sqrt{a + bx}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2(Ab - 2aB)}{b^3\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{2a(Ab - aB)}{3b^3(a + bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx}}{b^3}$$

input `Int[(x*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*a*(A*b - a*B))/(3*b^3*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) - (2*(A*b - 2*a*B))/(b^3*Sqrt[a + b*x]) + (2*B*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{4\left(\frac{3x(-Bx+A)b^2}{2} + a(-6Bx+A)b - 4a^2B\right)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3}$	41
gospers	$-\frac{2(-3b^2Bx^2 + 3Ab^2x - 12Babx + 2abA - 8a^2B)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3}$	47
trager	$-\frac{2(-3b^2Bx^2 + 3Ab^2x - 12Babx + 2abA - 8a^2B)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3}$	47
orering	$-\frac{2(-3b^2Bx^2 + 3Ab^2x - 12Babx + 2abA - 8a^2B)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3}$	47
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B\sqrt{bx+a} - \frac{2(Ab-2Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}} + \frac{2a(Ab-Ba)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{b^3}$	51
default	$\frac{2B\sqrt{bx+a} - \frac{2(Ab-2Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}} + \frac{2a(Ab-Ba)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{b^3}$	51
risch	$\frac{2B\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^3} - \frac{2(3Ab^2x - 6Babx + 2abA - 5a^2B)}{3b^3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	52

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-4/3*(3/2*x*(-B*x+A)*b^2+a*(-6*B*x+A)*b-4*a^2*B)/(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b^3$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Bb^2x^2 + 8Ba^2 - 2Aab + 3(4Bab - Ab^2)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{3(b^5x^2 + 2ab^4x + a^2b^3)}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$2/3*(3*B*b^2*x^2 + 8*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b + 3*(4*B*a*b - A*b^2)*x)*\sqrt{b*x + a} / (b^5*x^2 + 2*a*b^4*x + a^2*b^3)$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 211 vs. $2(60) = 120$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{4Aab}{3ab^3\sqrt{a+bx}+3b^4x\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{6Ab^2x}{3ab^3\sqrt{a+bx}+3b^4x\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{16Ba^2}{3ab^3\sqrt{a+bx}+3b^4x\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{24Babx}{3ab^3\sqrt{a+bx}+3b^4x\sqrt{a+bx}} \\ \frac{\frac{Ax^2}{2} + \frac{Bx^3}{3}}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-4*A*a*b/(3*a*b**3*sqrt(a + b*x) + 3*b**4*x*sqrt(a + b*x)) - 6*A*b**2*x/(3*a*b**3*sqrt(a + b*x) + 3*b**4*x*sqrt(a + b*x)) + 16*B*a**2/(3*a*b**3*sqrt(a + b*x) + 3*b**4*x*sqrt(a + b*x)) + 24*B*a*b*x/(3*a*b**3*sqrt(a + b*x) + 3*b**4*x*sqrt(a + b*x)) + 6*B*b**2*x**2/(3*a*b**3*sqrt(a + b*x) + 3*b**4*x*sqrt(a + b*x)), Ne(b, 0)), ((A*x**2/2 + B*x**3/3)/a**(5/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{3\sqrt{bx+a}B}{b} - \frac{Ba^2 - Aab - 3(2Ba - Ab)(bx+a)}{(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b} \right)}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(3*sqrt(b*x + a)*B/b - (B*a^2 - A*a*b - 3*(2*B*a - A*b)*(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*b))/b^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}B}{b^3} + \frac{2(6(bx+a)Ba - Ba^2 - 3(bx+a)Ab + Aab)}{3(bx+a)^{3/2}b^3}$$

input `integrate(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(b*x + a)*B/b^3 + 2/3*(6*(b*x + a)*B*a - B*a^2 - 3*(b*x + a)*A*b + A*a*b)/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6B(a+bx)^2 - 2Ba^2 + 2Aab - 6Ab(a+bx) + 12Ba(a+bx)}{3b^3(a+bx)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `(6*B*(a + b*x)^2 - 2*B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b - 6*A*b*(a + b*x) + 12*B*a*(a + b*x))/(3*b^3*(a + b*x)^(3/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2bx+4a}{\sqrt{bx+ab^2}}$$

input `int(x*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*(2*a + b*x))/(sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2)`

$$3.280 \quad \int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1928
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1928
Rubi [A] (verified)	1929
Maple [A] (verified)	1930
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1930
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1931
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1931
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1932
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1932
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1932

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ab-aB)}{3b^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2B}{b^2\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

output $1/3*(-2*A*b+2*B*a)/b^2/(b*x+a)^(3/2)-2*B/b^2/(b*x+a)^(1/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ab+2aB+3bBx)}{3b^2(a+bx)^{3/2}}$$

input $\text{Integrate}[(A+B*x)/(a+b*x)^(5/2),x]$

output $(-2*(A*b+2*a*B+3*b*B*x))/(3*b^2*(a+b*x)^(3/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 53

$$\int \left(\frac{Ab - aB}{b(a + bx)^{5/2}} + \frac{B}{b(a + bx)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2(Ab - aB)}{3b^2(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2B}{b^2\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(a + b*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*(A*b - a*B))/(3*b^2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) - (2*B)/(b^2*Sqrt[a + b*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(3bBx+Ab+2Ba)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2}$	26
trager	$-\frac{2(3bBx+Ab+2Ba)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2}$	26
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2((3Bx+A)b+2Ba)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2}$	26
orering	$-\frac{2(3bBx+Ab+2Ba)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2}$	26
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\frac{2B}{\sqrt{bx+a}} - \frac{2(Ab-Ba)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{b^2}$	34
default	$-\frac{\frac{2B}{\sqrt{bx+a}} - \frac{2(Ab-Ba)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{b^2}$	34

input `int((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-2/3/(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(3*B*b*x+A*b+2*B*a)/b^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3Bbx + 2Ba + Ab)\sqrt{bx + a}}{3(b^4x^2 + 2ab^3x + a^2b^2)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-2/3*(3*B*b*x + 2*B*a + A*b)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(b^4*x^2 + 2*a*b^3*x + a^2*b^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 124 vs. $2(39) = 78$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2Ab}{3ab^2\sqrt{a+bx}+3b^3x\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{4Ba}{3ab^2\sqrt{a+bx}+3b^3x\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{6Bbx}{3ab^2\sqrt{a+bx}+3b^3x\sqrt{a+bx}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{Ax + \frac{Bx^2}{2}}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-2*A*b/(3*a*b**2*sqrt(a + b*x) + 3*b**3*x*sqrt(a + b*x)) - 4*B*a/(3*a*b**2*sqrt(a + b*x) + 3*b**3*x*sqrt(a + b*x)) - 6*B*b*x/(3*a*b**2*sqrt(a + b*x) + 3*b**3*x*sqrt(a + b*x)), Ne(b, 0)), ((A*x + B*x**2/2)/a**(5/2), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3(bx + a)B - Ba + Ab)}{3(bx + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3*(3*(b*x + a)*B - B*a + A*b)/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3(bx + a)B - Ba + Ab)}{3(bx + a)^{3/2}b^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/3*(3*(b*x + a)*B - B*a + A*b)/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ab - 2Ba + 6B(a + bx)}{3b^2(a + bx)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(a + b*x)^(5/2),x)`output `-(2*A*b - 2*B*a + 6*B*(a + b*x))/(3*b^2*(a + b*x)^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{bx + a}b}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`output `(- 2)/(sqrt(a + b*x)*b)`

3.281 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1933
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1933
Rubi [A] (verified)	1934
Maple [A] (verified)	1935
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1936
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1937
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1937
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1938
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1938
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1938

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2A}{a^2\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{2A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

output $2/3*(A*b-B*a)/a/b/(b*x+a)^{(3/2)}+2*A/a^2/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}-2*A*\operatorname{arctanh}((b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(5/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(-aAb + a^2B - 3Ab(a + bx))}{3a^2b(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output $(-2*(-(a*A*b) + a^2*B - 3*A*b*(a + b*x)))/(3*a^2*b*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)}) - (2*A*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]])/a^{(5/2)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$, Rules used = {87, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{A \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 61$$

$$\frac{A \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{A \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\frac{1}{a+bx} - \frac{a}{b}}{ab} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$\frac{A \left(\frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x)/(x*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*(A*b - a*B))/(3*a*b*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + (A*(2/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/a
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 61

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0]
) || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d
, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2Ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ab+Ba)}{3a(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2Ab}{a^2\sqrt{bx+a}}$	59
default	$-\frac{2Ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ab+Ba)}{3a(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2Ab}{a^2\sqrt{bx+a}}$	59
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left(3Ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}+a^{\frac{5}{2}}(-3Ab^2x-4abA+a^2B)\right)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}ba^{\frac{9}{2}}}$	65

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/b*(-1/3*(-A*b+B*a)/a/(b*x+a)^(3/2)+A*b/a^2/(b*x+a)^(1/2)-A*b/a^(5/2)*arc
tanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(Ab^3x^2 + 2Aab^2x + Aa^2b)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx - 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{a} + 2a}{x}\right) + 2(3Aab^2x - Ba^3 + 4Aa^2b)}{3(a^3b^3x^2 + 2a^4b^2x + a^5b)} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/3*(3*(A*b^3*x^2 + 2*A*a*b^2*x + A*a^2*b)*sqrt(a)*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x
+ a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(3*A*a*b^2*x - B*a^3 + 4*A*a^2*b)*sqrt(b*x + a
)/(a^3*b^3*x^2 + 2*a^4*b^2*x + a^5*b), 2/3*(3*(A*b^3*x^2 + 2*A*a*b^2*x + A
*a^2*b)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (3*A*a*b^2*x - B*a^3 + 4
*A*a^2*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^3*b^3*x^2 + 2*a^4*b^2*x + a^5*b)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2A}{a^2\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{2A \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{-a}} - \frac{2(-Ab+Ba)}{3ab(a+bx)^{3/2}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{A \log(Bx) + Bx}{a^{5/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)**(5/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*A/(a**2*sqrt(a + b*x)) + 2*A*atan(sqrt(a + b*x)/sqrt(-a))/(a**2*sqrt(-a)) - 2*(-A*b + B*a)/(3*a*b*(a + b*x)**(3/2)), Ne(b, 0)), ((A*log(B*x) + B*x)/a**(5/2), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{A \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}} - \frac{2(Ba^2 - 3(bx+a)Ab - Aab)}{3(bx+a)^{3/2}a^2b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `A*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/a^(5/2) - 2/3*(B*a^2 - 3*(b*x + a)*A*b - A*a*b)/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2A \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa^2}} - \frac{2(Ba^2 - 3(bx+a)Ab - Aab)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*A*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2) - 2/3*(B*a^2 - 3*(b*x + a)*A*b - A*a*b)/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2(Ab - Ba)}{3a} + \frac{2Ab(a + bx)}{a^2}}{b(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2A \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x)`output `((2*(A*b - B*a))/(3*a) + (2*A*b*(a + b*x))/a^2)/(b*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) - (2*A*atanh((a + b*x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/a^(5/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{bx+a} \log(\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a}) - \sqrt{a} \sqrt{bx+a} \log(\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a}) + 2a}{\sqrt{bx+a} a^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`

output
$$\frac{(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx}\log(\sqrt{a + bx} - \sqrt{a}) - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + bx})\log(\sqrt{a + bx} + \sqrt{a}) + 2a}{(\sqrt{a + bx})a^2}$$

3.282 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^2(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1940
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1940
Rubi [A] (verified)	1941
Maple [A] (verified)	1943
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1943
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1944
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1945
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1946
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1946
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1947

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ab - aB)}{3a^2(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(2Ab - aB)}{a^3\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{A\sqrt{a + bx}}{a^3x} + \frac{(5Ab - 2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*(-2*A*b+2*B*a)/a^2/(b*x+a)^(3/2)-2*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)^(1/2)-A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x+(5*A*b-2*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-15Ab^2x^2 + 2abx(-10A + 3Bx) + a^2(-3A + 8Bx)}{3a^3x(a + bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{(5Ab - 2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a + b*x)^(5/2)), x]
```

output

$$(-15A*b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x*(-10*A + 3*B*x) + a^2*(-3*A + 8*B*x))/(3*a^3*x*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + ((5*A*b - 2*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(7/2)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$, Rules used = {87, 61, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 87

$$-\frac{(5Ab - 2aB) \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{A}{ax(a + bx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 61

$$-\frac{(5Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A}{ax(a + bx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 61

$$-\frac{(5Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A}{ax(a + bx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 73

$$-\frac{(5Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A}{ax(a + bx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{(5Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{\frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}}{a} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A}{ax(a+bx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^2*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-(A/(a*x*(a + b*x)^(3/2))) - ((5*A*b - 2*a*B)*(2/(3*a*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + (2/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/a))/(2*a)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{-5(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x\left(Ab-\frac{2Ba}{5}\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)+\frac{20b\left(-\frac{3Bx}{10}+A\right)x a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+5A\sqrt{a}b^2x^2+a^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(-\frac{8Bx}{3}+A\right)}{(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^{\frac{7}{2}}x}$	82
risch	$-\frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{a^3x}-\frac{2(5Ab-2Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}-\frac{2(-4Ab+2Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}+\frac{4a(Ab-Ba)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	86
derivativedivides	$-\frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{x}+\frac{(5Ab-2Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^3}-\frac{2(2Ab-Ba)}{a^3\sqrt{bx+a}}-\frac{2(Ab-Ba)}{3a^2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	88
default	$-\frac{A\sqrt{bx+a}}{x}+\frac{(5Ab-2Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^3}-\frac{2(2Ab-Ba)}{a^3\sqrt{bx+a}}-\frac{2(Ab-Ba)}{3a^2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	88

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(-5*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*x*(A*b-2/5*B*a)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+20/3*b*(-3/10*B*x+A)*x*a^(3/2)+5*A*a^(1/2)*b^2*x^2+a^(5/2)*(-8/3*B*x+A))/(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a^(7/2)/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.37

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3((2 Bab^2 - 5 Ab^3)x^3 + 2(2 Ba^2b - 5 Aab^2)x^2 + (2 Ba^3 - 5 Aa^2b)x)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx+a}{a^4b^2x^3 + \dots}\right)}{6(a^4b^2x^3 + \dots)} \right]$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/6*(3*((2*B*a*b^2 - 5*A*b^3)*x^3 + 2*(2*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + (2*B
*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(a)*log((b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x)
+ 2*(3*A*a^3 - 3*(2*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*x)*
sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^4*b^2*x^3 + 2*a^5*b*x^2 + a^6*x), 1/3*(3*((2*B*a*b^2 - 5
*A*b^3)*x^3 + 2*(2*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + (2*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*x)*sq
rt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (3*A*a^3 - 3*(2*B*a^2*b - 5*A*a*b^2
)*x^2 - 4*(2*B*a^3 - 5*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^4*b^2*x^3 + 2*a^5*b*x
^2 + a^6*x)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1520 vs. $2(92) = 184$.

Time = 27.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1520, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.67

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**2/(b*x+a)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
A*(-6*a**17*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)/(6*a**(39/2)*x + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x**3 + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3*x**4) - 46*a**16*b*x*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)/(6*a**(39/2)*x + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x**3 + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3*x**4) - 15*a**16*b*x*log(b*x/a)/(6*a**(39/2)*x + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x**3 + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3*x**4) + 30*a**16*b*x*log(sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 1)/(6*a**(39/2)*x + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x**3 + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3*x**4) - 70*a**15*b**2*x**2*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)/(6*a**(39/2)*x + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x**3 + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3*x**4) - 45*a**15*b**2*x**2*log(b*x/a)/(6*a**(39/2)*x + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x**3 + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3*x**4) + 90*a**15*b**2*x**2*log(sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 1)/(6*a**(39/2)*x + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x**3 + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3*x**4) - 30*a**14*b**3*x**3*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)/(6*a**(39/2)*x + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x**3 + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3*x**4) - 45*a**14*b**3*x**3*log(b*x/a)/(6*a**(39/2)*x + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x**3 + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3*x**4) + 90*a**14*b**3*x**3*log(sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 1)/(6*a**(39/2)*x + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x**3 + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3*x**4) - 15*a**13*b**4*x**4*log(b*x/a)/(6*a**(39/2)*x + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x**3 + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3*x**4) + 30*a**13*b**4*x**4*log(sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 1)/(6*a**(39/2)*x + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x**3 + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3*x**4))...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{6}b \left(\frac{2(2Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b - 3(2Ba - 5Ab)(bx + a)^2 + 2(2Ba^2 - 5Aab)(bx + a))}{(bx + a)^{5/2}a^3b - (bx + a)^{3/2}a^4b} - \frac{3(2Ba - 5Ab) \log}{a^{7/2}b} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/6*b*(2*(2*B*a^3 - 2*A*a^2*b - 3*(2*B*a - 5*A*b)*(b*x + a)^2 + 2*(2*B*a^2 - 5*A*a*b)*(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^3*b - (b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^4*b) - 3*(2*B*a - 5*A*b)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(7/2)*b)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(2Ba - 5Ab) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+a}A}{a^3x} + \frac{2(3(bx+a)Ba + Ba^2 - 6(bx+a)Ab - Aab)}{3(bx+a)^{3/2}a^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(2*B*a - 5*A*b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^3) - sqrt(b*x + a)*A/(a^3*x) + 2/3*(3*(b*x + a)*B*a + B*a^2 - 6*(b*x + a)*A*b - A*a*b)/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (5Ab - 2Ba)}{a^{7/2}} - \frac{\frac{2(Ab - Ba)}{3a} + \frac{2(5Ab - 2Ba)(a+bx)}{3a^2} - \frac{(5Ab - 2Ba)(a+bx)^2}{a^3}}{a(a+bx)^{3/2} - (a+bx)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^2*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x)`output `(atanh((a + b*x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(5*A*b - 2*B*a))/a^(7/2) - ((2*(A*b - B*a))/(3*a) + (2*(5*A*b - 2*B*a)*(a + b*x))/(3*a^2) - ((5*A*b - 2*B*a)*(a + b*x)^2)/a^3)/(a*(a + b*x)^(3/2) - (a + b*x)^(5/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^2(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})bx + 3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a})bx - 2a^2}{2\sqrt{bx+a}a^3x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^2/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`output `(- 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b*x + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b*x - 2*a**2 - 6*a*b*x)/(2*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*x)`

3.283 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^3(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1948
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1948
Rubi [A] (verified)	1949
Maple [A] (verified)	1951
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1952
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1953
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1954
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1955
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1955
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1956

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2b(Ab - aB)}{3a^3(a + bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2b(3Ab - 2aB)}{a^4\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{A\sqrt{a + bx}}{2a^3x^2} + \frac{(11Ab - 4aB)\sqrt{a + bx}}{4a^4x} - \frac{5b(7Ab - 4aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{9/2}}$$

output $2/3*b*(A*b-B*a)/a^3/(b*x+a)^(3/2)+2*b*(3*A*b-2*B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/2*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^2+1/4*(11*A*b-4*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^4/x-5/4*b*(7*A*b-4*B*a)*\operatorname{arctanh}((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(9/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{105Ab^3x^3 + a^2bx(21A - 80Bx) + 20ab^2x^2(7A - 3Bx) - 6a^3(A + 2Bx)}{12a^4x^2(a + bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{5b(-7Ab + 4aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{9/2}}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(a + b*x)^(5/2)), x]$

output

```
(105*A*b^3*x^3 + a^2*b*x*(21*A - 80*B*x) + 20*a*b^2*x^2*(7*A - 3*B*x) - 6*
a^3*(A + 2*B*x))/(12*a^4*x^2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + (5*b*(-7*A*b + 4*a*B)*ArcT
anh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(4*a^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {87, 52, 61, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(7Ab - 4aB) \int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx}{4a} - \frac{A}{2ax^2(a + bx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -\frac{(7Ab - 4aB) \left(-\frac{5b \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A}{2ax^2(a + bx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & -\frac{(7Ab - 4aB) \left(-\frac{5b \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A}{2ax^2(a + bx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & -\frac{(7Ab - 4aB) \left(-\frac{5b \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{A}{2ax^2(a + bx)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 73 \\
 (7Ab - 4aB) \left(-\frac{5b \left(\frac{\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a+bx}{b} - \frac{a}{b}}{ab} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 4a \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{A}{2ax^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} \\
 \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 (7Ab - 4aB) \left(-\frac{5b \left(\frac{\frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{4a}{A} \\
 \frac{A}{2ax^2(a+bx)^{3/2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^3*(a + b*x)^(5/2)), x]`

output `-1/2*A/(a*x^2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) - ((7*A*b - 4*a*B)*(-1/(a*x*(a + b*x)^(3/2))) - (5*b*(2/(3*a*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + (2/(a*sqrt[a + b*x]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/a))/(2*a)))/(4*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(-11Abx+4Bax+2Aa)}{4a^4x^2} + b \left(-\frac{2(35Ab-20Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2(-24Ab+16Ba)}{\sqrt{bx+a}} + \frac{16a(Ab-Ba)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{35(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b(Ab-\frac{4Ba}{7})x^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4} + \frac{35(-\frac{3Bx}{7}+A)b^2x^2a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2a^{\frac{9}{2}}(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{7bx(-\frac{80Bx}{21}+A)a^{\frac{5}{2}}}{4} + \frac{(-2Bx-A)a^{\frac{7}{2}}}{2} + \frac{35A\sqrt{a}b^3x^3}{4}$
derivativedivides	$2b \left(-\frac{-3Ab+2Ba}{a^4\sqrt{bx+a}} - \frac{-Ab+Ba}{3a^3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\left(-\frac{11Ab}{8} + \frac{Ba}{2}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{13}{8}abA - \frac{1}{2}a^2B\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^2x^2} + \frac{5(7Ab-4Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^4} \right)$
default	$2b \left(-\frac{-3Ab+2Ba}{a^4\sqrt{bx+a}} - \frac{-Ab+Ba}{3a^3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\left(-\frac{11Ab}{8} + \frac{Ba}{2}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{13}{8}abA - \frac{1}{2}a^2B\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^2x^2} + \frac{5(7Ab-4Ba) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^4} \right)$

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-11*A*b*x+4*B*a*x+2*A*a)/a^4/x^2+1/8/a^4*b*(-2*(35*A*b-20*B*a)/a^(1/2)*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))-2*(-24*A*b+16*B*a)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)+16/3*a*(A*b-B*a)/(b*x+a)^(3/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 392, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15((4 Bab^3 - 7 Ab^4)x^4 + 2(4 Ba^2b^2 - 7 Aab^3)x^3 + (4 Ba^3b - 7 Aa^2b^2)x^2)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx+a} - \sqrt{a}}\right) + 15((4 Bab^3 - 7 Ab^4)x^4 + 2(4 Ba^2b^2 - 7 Aab^3)x^3 + (4 Ba^3b - 7 Aa^2b^2)x^2)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) + (6 Aa^4 - 12(a^5b^2x^4 + 2a^6bx^3 + \dots))}{12(a^5b^2x^4 + 2a^6bx^3 + \dots)} \right]$$

```
input integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/24*(15*((4*B*a*b^3 - 7*A*b^4)*x^4 + 2*(4*B*a^2*b^2 - 7*A*a*b^3)*x^3 +
(4*B*a^3*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2)*sqrt(a)*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a))*sqrt(a)
+ 2*a)/x) + 2*(6*A*a^4 + 15*(4*B*a^2*b^2 - 7*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 20*(4*B*a^3*b
- 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(4*B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^5*b^2*x^
4 + 2*a^6*b*x^3 + a^7*x^2), -1/12*(15*((4*B*a*b^3 - 7*A*b^4)*x^4 + 2*(4*B*
a^2*b^2 - 7*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + (4*B*a^3*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(
sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (6*A*a^4 + 15*(4*B*a^2*b^2 - 7*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 20
*(4*B*a^3*b - 7*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(4*B*a^4 - 7*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))
/(a^5*b^2*x^4 + 2*a^6*b*x^3 + a^7*x^2)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1287 vs. $2(126) = 252$.

Time = 62.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1287, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.68

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**3/(b*x+a)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
A*(-6*a**(89/2)*b**75*x**75/(12*a**(93/2)*b**(151/2)*x**(155/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1) + 12*a**(91/2)*b**(153/2)*x**(157/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 21*a**(87/2)*b**76*x**76/(12*a**(93/2)*b**(151/2)*x**(155/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1) + 12*a**(91/2)*b**(153/2)*x**(157/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 140*a**(85/2)*b**77*x**77/(12*a**(93/2)*b**(151/2)*x**(155/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1) + 12*a**(91/2)*b**(153/2)*x**(157/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 105*a**(83/2)*b**78*x**78/(12*a**(93/2)*b**(151/2)*x**(155/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1) + 12*a**(91/2)*b**(153/2)*x**(157/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 105*a**42*b**(155/2)*x**(155/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(12*a**(93/2)*b**(151/2)*x**(155/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1) + 12*a**(91/2)*b**(153/2)*x**(157/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 105*a**41*b**(157/2)*x**(157/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)))/(12*a**(93/2)*b**(151/2)*x**(155/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1) + 12*a**(91/2)*b**(153/2)*x**(157/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + B*(-6*a**17*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)/(6*a**(39/2)*x + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x**3 + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3*x**4) - 46*a**16*b*x*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)/(6*a**(39/2)*x + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x**3 + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3*x**4) - 15*a**16*b*x*log(b*x/a)/(6*a**(39/2)*x + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x**3 + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3*x**4) + 30*a**16*b*x*log(sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 1)/(6*a**(39/2)*x + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x**3 + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3*x**4) - 70*a**15*b**2*x**2*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)/(6*a**(39/2)*x + 18*a**...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{24} b^2 \left(\frac{2(8Ba^4 - 8Aa^3b + 15(4Ba - 7Ab)(bx + a)^3 - 25(4Ba^2 - 7Aab)(bx + a)^2 + 8(4Ba^3 - 7Aa^2b)(bx + a) - 2A^2b^2)}{(bx + a)^{7/2}a^4b - 2(bx + a)^{5/2}a^5b + (bx + a)^{3/2}a^6b} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/24*b^2*(2*(8*B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b + 15*(4*B*a - 7*A*b)*(b*x + a)^3 - 25*(4*B*a^2 - 7*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^2 + 8*(4*B*a^3 - 7*A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^(7/2)*a^4*b - 2*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^5*b + (b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^6*b) + 15*(4*B*a - 7*A*b)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(9/2)*b)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{5(4Bab - 7Ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-a}a^4} - \frac{2(6(bx+a)Bab + Ba^2b - 9(bx+a)Ab^2 - Aab^2)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^4} - \frac{4(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bab - 4\sqrt{bx+a}Ba^2b - 11(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ab^2 + 13\sqrt{bx+a}Aab^2}{4a^4b^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output
$$-5/4*(4*B*a*b - 7*A*b^2)*\arctan(\sqrt{b*x + a}/\sqrt{-a})/(\sqrt{-a}*a^4) - 2/3*(6*(b*x + a)*B*a*b + B*a^2*b - 9*(b*x + a)*A*b^2 - A*a*b^2)/((b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*a^4) - 1/4*(4*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*B*a*b - 4*\sqrt{b*x + a}*B*a^2*b - 11*(b*x + a)^{(3/2)}*A*b^2 + 13*\sqrt{b*x + a}*A*a*b^2)/(a^4*b^2*x^2)$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(Ab^2 - Bab)}{3a} + \frac{2(7Ab^2 - 4Bab)(a + bx)}{3a^2} - \frac{25(7Ab^2 - 4Bab)(a + bx)^2}{12a^3} + \frac{5(7Ab^2 - 4Bab)(a + bx)^3}{4a^4} - \frac{5b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(7Ab - 4Ba)}{4a^{9/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^3*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x)`output
$$((2*(A*b^2 - B*a*b))/(3*a) + (2*(7*A*b^2 - 4*B*a*b)*(a + b*x))/(3*a^2) - (25*(7*A*b^2 - 4*B*a*b)*(a + b*x)^2)/(12*a^3) + (5*(7*A*b^2 - 4*B*a*b)*(a + b*x)^3)/(4*a^4))/((a + b*x)^{(7/2)} - 2*a*(a + b*x)^{(5/2)} + a^2*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)}) - (5*b*\operatorname{atanh}((a + b*x)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})*(7*A*b - 4*B*a))/(4*a^{(9/2)})$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^3(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}-\sqrt{a})b^2x^2 - 15\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx+a}\log(\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{a})b^2x^2 - 4a^3 + 10a^2bx + 30ab^2x^2}{8\sqrt{bx+a}a^4x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^3/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `(15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**2*x**2 - 15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**2*x**2 - 4*a**3 + 10*a**2*b*x + 30*a*b**2*x**2)/(8*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*x**2)`

3.284 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1957
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1958
Rubi [A] (verified)	1958
Maple [A] (verified)	1962
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1962
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1963
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1964
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1965
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1965
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1966

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^4(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2b^2(Ab-aB)}{3a^4(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2b^2(4Ab-3aB)}{a^5\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

$$- \frac{A\sqrt{a+bx}}{3a^3x^3} + \frac{(17Ab-6aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{12a^4x^2}$$

$$- \frac{b(41Ab-22aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{8a^5x} + \frac{35b^2(3Ab-2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*b^2*(A*b-B*a)/a^4/(b*x+a)^(3/2)-2*b^2*(4*A*b-3*B*a)/a^5/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
-1/3*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^3+1/12*(17*A*b-6*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^4/x^2-1/8
*b*(41*A*b-22*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^5/x+35/8*b^2*(3*A*b-2*B*a)*arctanh((b*x
+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-315Ab^4x^4 + 210ab^3x^3(-2A + Bx) - 4a^4(2A + 3Bx) + 6a^3bx(3A + 7Bx) + 7a^2b^2}{24a^5x^3(a + bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{35b^2(3Ab - 2aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{11/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^4*(a + b*x)^(5/2)), x]
```

output

```
(-315*A*b^4*x^4 + 210*a*b^3*x^3*(-2*A + B*x) - 4*a^4*(2*A + 3*B*x) + 6*a^3*b*x*(3*A + 7*B*x) + 7*a^2*b^2*x^2*(-9*A + 40*B*x))/(24*a^5*x^3*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + (35*b^2*(3*A*b - 2*a*B)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[a]])/(8*a^(11/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.389$, Rules used = {87, 52, 52, 61, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & -\frac{(3Ab - 2aB) \int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{A}{3ax^3(a + bx)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 52 \\ & -\frac{(3Ab - 2aB) \left(-\frac{7b \int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx}{4a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{A}{3ax^3(a + bx)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 52 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 (3Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{7b \left(-\frac{5b \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{2a}{3ax^3(a+bx)^{3/2}} \quad \frac{A}{3ax^3(a+bx)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow 61 \\
 (3Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{7b \left(-\frac{5b \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{2a}{3ax^3(a+bx)^{3/2}} \quad \frac{A}{3ax^3(a+bx)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow 61 \\
 (3Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{7b \left(-\frac{5b \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{2a}{3ax^3(a+bx)^{3/2}} \quad \frac{A}{3ax^3(a+bx)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow 73
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{(3Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{7b \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{a+bx} - \frac{a}{b} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2a}{3ax^3(a+bx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \left(\frac{(3Ab - 2aB) \left(\frac{7b \left(\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2}{a^{3/2}} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{1}{ax(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{1}{2ax^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2a}{3ax^3(a+bx)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^4*(a + b*x)^(5/2)), x]`

output

$$-1/3*A/(a*x^3*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)}) - ((3*A*b - 2*a*B)*(-1/2*1/(a*x^2*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)}) - (7*b*(-1/(a*x*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)})) - (5*b*(2/(3*a*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)}) + (2/(a*sqrt[a + b*x]) - (2*ArcTanh[sqrt[a + b*x]/sqrt[a])/a^{(3/2)})/a)/(2*a)))/(4*a)))/(2*a)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m * ((c + d*x)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{m+1} * ((c + d*x)^{n+1} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d * ((m + n + 2) / ((b*c - a*d)*(m+1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{m+1} * (c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$$

FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]

rule 61

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m * ((c + d*x)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{m+1} * ((c + d*x)^{n+1} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d * ((m + n + 2) / ((b*c - a*d)*(m+1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{m+1} * (c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$$

FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]

rule 73

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m * ((c + d*x)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[p = \text{Denominator}[m], \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p*(m+1) - 1} * (c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b)^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{1/p}], x]] /;$$

FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]

rule 87

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m * ((c + d*x)^n * ((e + f*x)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f) * (c + d*x)^{n+1} * ((e + f*x)^{p+1} / (f*(p+1) * (c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n+p+2) - b*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1))) / (f*(p+1) * (c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n * (e + f*x)^{p+1}, x], x] /;$$

FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))

rule 221

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) * \text{ArcTanh}[x / \text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$$

FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{105b^2(Ab - \frac{2Ba}{3})(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{35b^3(-\frac{Bx}{2} + A)x^3a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2} - \frac{21b^2(-\frac{40Bx}{9} + A)x^2a^{\frac{5}{2}}}{8} + \frac{3bx(\frac{7Bx}{3} + A)a^{\frac{7}{2}}}{4} + 3(-2A^2 + \frac{2Abx}{3} + \frac{B^2x^2}{9})a^{\frac{9}{2}}}{x^3a^{\frac{11}{2}}(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(123Ab^2x^2 - 66Babx^2 - 34aAbx + 12Ba^2x + 8a^2A)}{24a^5x^3} - \frac{b^2\left(-\frac{2(105Ab - 70Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2(-64Ab + 4A^2)}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right)}{16a^5}$
derivativedivides	$2b^2\left(\frac{-\left(\frac{41Ab}{16} - \frac{11Ba}{8}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \left(-\frac{35}{6}abA + 3a^2B\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{55}{16}a^2bA - \frac{13}{8}a^3B\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^3x^3a^5} + \frac{35(3Ab - 2Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16\sqrt{a}}\right)$
default	$2b^2\left(\frac{-\left(\frac{41Ab}{16} - \frac{11Ba}{8}\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \left(-\frac{35}{6}abA + 3a^2B\right)(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \left(\frac{55}{16}a^2bA - \frac{13}{8}a^3B\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^3x^3a^5} + \frac{35(3Ab - 2Ba)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16\sqrt{a}}\right)$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
3/4*(35/2*b^2*(A*b-2/3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*x^3*arctanh((b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
)-70/3*b^3*(-1/2*B*x+A)*x^3*a^(3/2)-7/2*b^2*(-40/9*B*x+A)*x^2*a^(5/2)+b*x
*(7/3*B*x+A)*a^(7/2)+(-2/3*B*x-4/9*A)*a^(9/2)-35/2*A*a^(1/2)*b^4*x^4/a^(1
1/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 445, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{105((2Bab^4 - 3Ab^5)x^5 + 2(2Ba^2b^3 - 3Aab^4)x^4 + (2Ba^3b^2 - 3Aa^2b^3)x^3)\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^4(a+bx)^{5/2}} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/48*(105*((2*B*a*b^4 - 3*A*b^5)*x^5 + 2*(2*B*a^2*b^3 - 3*A*a*b^4)*x^4 +
(2*B*a^3*b^2 - 3*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3)*sqrt(a)*log((b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a))*sqrt(
a) + 2*a)/x) + 2*(8*A*a^5 - 105*(2*B*a^2*b^3 - 3*A*a*b^4)*x^4 - 140*(2*B*a
^3*b^2 - 3*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 21*(2*B*a^4*b - 3*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 6*(2*B*a^5
- 3*A*a^4*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a))/(a^6*b^2*x^5 + 2*a^7*b*x^4 + a^8*x^3), 1/24
*(105*((2*B*a*b^4 - 3*A*b^5)*x^5 + 2*(2*B*a^2*b^3 - 3*A*a*b^4)*x^4 + (2*B*
a^3*b^2 - 3*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (8*A
*a^5 - 105*(2*B*a^2*b^3 - 3*A*a*b^4)*x^4 - 140*(2*B*a^3*b^2 - 3*A*a^2*b^3)
*x^3 - 21*(2*B*a^4*b - 3*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2 + 6*(2*B*a^5 - 3*A*a^4*b)*x)*sqrt(
b*x + a))/(a^6*b^2*x^5 + 2*a^7*b*x^4 + a^8*x^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1001 vs. $2(162) = 324$.

Time = 114.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1001, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.96

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**4/(b*x+a)**(5/2), x)
```


output

```
-1/48*b^3*(2*(16*B*a^5 - 16*A*a^4*b - 105*(2*B*a - 3*A*b)*(b*x + a)^4 + 28
0*(2*B*a^2 - 3*A*a*b)*(b*x + a)^3 - 231*(2*B*a^3 - 3*A*a^2*b)*(b*x + a)^2
+ 48*(2*B*a^4 - 3*A*a^3*b)*(b*x + a))/((b*x + a)^(9/2)*a^5*b - 3*(b*x + a)
^(7/2)*a^6*b + 3*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*a^7*b - (b*x + a)^(3/2)*a^8*b) - 105*(2*B
*a - 3*A*b)*log((sqrt(b*x + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(1
1/2)*b))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{35(2Bab^2 - 3Ab^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{-a}a^5} + \frac{210(bx+a)^4 Bab^2 - 560(bx+a)^3 Ba^2 b^2 + 462(bx+a)^2 Ba^3 b^2 - 96(bx+a) Ba^4 b^2 - 16Ba^5 b^2 - 315(bx+a)^4 A b^3 + 840(bx+a)^3 A a b^3 - 693(bx+a)^2 A a^2 b^3 + 144(bx+a) A a^3 b^3 + 16A a^4 b^3}{24\left((bx+a)^{3/2} - \sqrt{bx+a}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
35/8*(2*B*a*b^2 - 3*A*b^3)*arctan(sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^5) +
1/24*(210*(b*x + a)^4*B*a*b^2 - 560*(b*x + a)^3*B*a^2*b^2 + 462*(b*x + a)
^2*B*a^3*b^2 - 96*(b*x + a)*B*a^4*b^2 - 16*B*a^5*b^2 - 315*(b*x + a)^4*A*b
^3 + 840*(b*x + a)^3*A*a*b^3 - 693*(b*x + a)^2*A*a^2*b^3 + 144*(b*x + a)*A
*a^3*b^3 + 16*A*a^4*b^3)/(((b*x + a)^(3/2) - sqrt(b*x + a)*a)^3*a^5)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{35b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (3Ab - 2Ba)}{8a^{11/2}} - \frac{\frac{2(Ab^3 - Bab^2)}{3a} + \frac{2(3Ab^3 - 2Bab^2)(a+bx)}{a^2} - \frac{77(3Ab^3 - 2Bab^2)(a+bx)^2}{8a^3} + \frac{35(3Ab^3 - 2Bab^2)(a+bx)^3}{3a^4} - \frac{35(3Ab^3 - 2Bab^2)(a+bx)^4}{8a^5}}{3a(a+bx)^{7/2} - (a+bx)^{9/2} + a^3(a+bx)^{3/2} - 3a^2(a+bx)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^4*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
(35*b^2*atanh((a + b*x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(3*A*b - 2*B*a))/(8*a^(11/2)) - ((2
*(A*b^3 - B*a*b^2))/(3*a) + (2*(3*A*b^3 - 2*B*a*b^2)*(a + b*x))/a^2 - (77*
(3*A*b^3 - 2*B*a*b^2)*(a + b*x)^2)/(8*a^3) + (35*(3*A*b^3 - 2*B*a*b^2)*(a
+ b*x)^3)/(3*a^4) - (35*(3*A*b^3 - 2*B*a*b^2)*(a + b*x)^4)/(8*a^5))/(3*a*(
a + b*x)^(7/2) - (a + b*x)^(9/2) + a^3*(a + b*x)^(3/2) - 3*a^2*(a + b*x)^(
5/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^4(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-105\sqrt{a} \sqrt{bx + a} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} - \sqrt{a}) b^3 x^3 + 105\sqrt{a} \sqrt{bx + a} \log(\sqrt{bx + a} + \sqrt{a}) b^3}{48\sqrt{bx + a} a^5 x^3}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^4/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 105*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(a))*b**3*x**3 + 105
*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log(sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(a))*b**3*x**3 - 16*a**4 +
28*a**3*b*x - 70*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 210*a*b**3*x**3)/(48*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*
x**3)
```

3.285 $\int x^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx} (A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1967
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1968
Rubi [A] (verified)	1968
Maple [A] (verified)	1971
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1972
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1973
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1974
Giac [F(-1)]	1974
Mupad [F(-1)]	1975
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1975

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 192

$$\int x^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{a^3(10Ab - 7aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}}{128b^4} - \frac{a^2(10Ab - 7aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}{192b^3} + \frac{a(10Ab - 7aB)x^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}{240b^2} + \frac{(10Ab - 7aB)x^{7/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}{40b} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}}{5b} - \frac{a^4(10Ab - 7aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{128b^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/128*a^3*(10*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^4-1/192*a^2*(10*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3+1/240*a*(10*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/40*(10*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b+1/5*B*x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b-1/128*a^4*(10*A*b-7*B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a+bx} (-105a^4B + 16ab^3x^2(5A + 3Bx) + 96b^4x^3(5A + 4Bx) + 10a^3b(15A + 7Bx) - 4a^2b^2x(25A + 14Bx)) + 300a^4Ab \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a+bx}}] + 210a^5B \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a+bx}}]}{1920b^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-105*a^4*B + 16*a*b^3*x^2*(5*A + 3*B*x) + 96*b^4*x^3*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 10*a^3*b*(15*A + 7*B*x) - 4*a^2*b^2*x*(25*A + 14*B*x)) + 300*a^4*A*b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b*x])] + 210*a^5*B*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(1920*b^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {90, 60, 60, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx} (A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 90 \\ & \frac{(10Ab - 7aB) \int x^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx} dx}{10b} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{5b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{(10Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{1}{8}a \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^{7/2} \sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{10b} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{5b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(10Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{1}{8}a \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{6b} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{10b} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{5b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(10Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{1}{8}a \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{10b} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{5b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(10Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{1}{8}a \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{10b} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{5b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 65 \\
 & \frac{(10Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{1}{8}a \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{10b} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{5b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(10Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{1}{8}a \frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{10b}{5b} Bx^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[x^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x), x]`

output `(B*x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(5*b) + ((10*A*b - 7*a*B)*((x^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/4 + (a*((x^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(3*b) - (5*a*((x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(2*b) - (3*a*((Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b - (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/b^(3/2)))/(4*b)))/(6*b)))/8)/(10*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

```
rule 90 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
risch	$\frac{(384Bx^4b^4+480Ax^3b^4+48Bx^3ab^3+80Ax^2ab^3-56Bx^2a^2b^2-100Ax^2a^2b^2+70Bxa^3b+150Aa^3b-105Ba^4)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}{1920b^4} - \frac{a^4(10Ab^2x^2-100Aa^2b^2x+70Bba^3b^2x+150Aa^3b-105Ba^4)}{1920b^4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}\left(-768Bb^{\frac{9}{2}}x^4\sqrt{x(bx+a)}-960Ab^{\frac{9}{2}}x^3\sqrt{x(bx+a)}-96Bab^{\frac{7}{2}}x^3\sqrt{x(bx+a)}-160Aab^{\frac{7}{2}}x^2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}+112Ba^2b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\right)}{1920b^4}$

```
input int(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/1920*(384*B*b^4*x^4+480*A*b^4*x^3+48*B*a*b^3*x^3+80*A*a*b^3*x^2-56*B*a^2*b^2*x^2-100*A*a^2*b^2*x+70*B*a^3*b*x+150*A*a^3*b-105*B*a^4)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^4-1/256*a^4*(10*A*b-7*B*a)/b^(9/2)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int x^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{15(7Ba^5 - 10Aa^4b)\sqrt{b} \log(2bx - 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x+a}) - 2(384Bb^5x^4 - 105Ba^4b + 150Aa^3b^2 + 48(Bab^4 + 10Ab^5)x^3 - 8(7Ba^2b^3 - 10Aa^2b^3)x)\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x+a}}{1920b^5} - \frac{15(7Ba^5 - 10Aa^4b)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) - (384Bb^5x^4 - 105Ba^4b + 150Aa^3b^2 + 48(Bab^4 + 10Ab^5)x^3 - 8(7Ba^2b^3 - 10Aa^2b^3)x)\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x+a}}{1920b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/3840*(15*(7*B*a^5 - 10*A*a^4*b)*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(384*B*b^5*x^4 - 105*B*a^4*b + 150*A*a^3*b^2 + 48*(B*a*b^4 + 10*A*b^5)*x^3 - 8*(7*B*a^2*b^3 - 10*A*a^2*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/b^5, -1/1920*(15*(7*B*a^5 - 10*A*a^4*b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (384*B*b^5*x^4 - 105*B*a^4*b + 150*A*a^3*b^2 + 48*(B*a*b^4 + 10*A*b^5)*x^3 - 8*(7*B*a^2*b^3 - 10*A*a^2*b^3)*x)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x))/b^5]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 128.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int x^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx} (A+Bx) dx = \frac{5Aa^{7/2} \sqrt{x}}{64b^3 \sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{5Aa^{5/2} x^{3/2}}{192b^2 \sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{Aa^{3/2} x^{5/2}}{96b \sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{7A\sqrt{ax}^{7/2}}{24\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{5Aa^4 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64b^{7/2}} + \frac{Abx^{9/2}}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{7Ba^{9/2}\sqrt{x}}{128b^4\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{7Ba^{7/2}x^{3/2}}{384b^3\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{7Ba^{5/2}x^{5/2}}{960b^2\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{Ba^{3/2}x^{7/2}}{240b\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{9B\sqrt{ax}^{9/2}}{40\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{7Ba^5 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128b^{9/2}} + \frac{Bbx^{11/2}}{5\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}}$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A), x)`output `5*A*a**(7/2)*sqrt(x)/(64*b**3*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 5*A*a**(5/2)*x**(3/2)/(192*b**2*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - A*a**(3/2)*x**(5/2)/(96*b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 7*A*sqrt(a)*x**(7/2)/(24*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 5*A*a**4*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(64*b**(7/2)) + A*b*x**(9/2)/(4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 7*B*a**(9/2)*sqrt(x)/(128*b**4*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 7*B*a**(7/2)*x**(3/2)/(384*b**3*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 7*B*a**(5/2)*x**(5/2)/(960*b**2*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - B*a*(3/2)*x**(7/2)/(240*b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 9*B*sqrt(a)*x**(9/2)/(40*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 7*B*a**5*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(128*b**(9/2)) + B*b*x**(11/2)/(5*sqrt(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int x^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2} Bx^2}{5b} - \frac{7\sqrt{bx^2+ax} B a^3 x}{64b^3} - \frac{7(bx^2+ax)^{3/2} B a x}{40b^2} + \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax} A a^2 x}{32b^2} + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2} A x}{4b} + \frac{7Ba^5 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{256b^{9/2}} - \frac{5Aa^4 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{128b^{7/2}} - \frac{7\sqrt{bx^2+ax} B a^4}{128b^4} + \frac{7(bx^2+ax)^{3/2} B a^2}{48b^3} + \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax} A a^3}{64b^3} - \frac{5(bx^2+ax)^{3/2} A a}{24b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*x^2/b - 7/64*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^3*x/b^3 - 7/40*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a*x/b^2 + 5/32*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^2*x/b^2 + 1/4*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A*x/b + 7/256*B*a^5*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(9/2) - 5/128*A*a^4*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(7/2) - 7/128*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^4/b^4 + 7/48*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a^2/b^3 + 5/64*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^3/b^3 - 5/24*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A*a/b^2`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx} (A+Bx) dx = \int x^{5/2} (A+Bx) \sqrt{a+bx} dx$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int x^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{15\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a^4 b - 10\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a^3 b^2 x + 8\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a^2 b^3 x^2 + 176\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a b^4 x^3 + 128\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a^2 b^5 x^4 - 15\sqrt{b} \log(\sqrt{a+bx} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{b}) / \sqrt{a} a^{5/2}}{640b^4}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A), x)`output `(15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b - 10*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*x + 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*x**2 + 176*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**4*x**3 + 128*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**5*x**4 - 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**5)/(640*b**4)`

3.286 $\int x^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx} (A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1976
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1977
Rubi [A] (verified)	1977
Maple [A] (verified)	1979
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1980
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1980
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1981
Giac [F(-1)]	1982
Mupad [F(-1)]	1982
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1982

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int x^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx} (A + Bx) dx = -\frac{a^2(8Ab - 5aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}}{64b^3} + \frac{a(8Ab - 5aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}{96b^2} + \frac{(8Ab - 5aB)x^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}{24b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}}{4b} + \frac{a^3(8Ab - 5aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{64b^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/64*a^2*(8*A*b-5*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3+1/96*a*(8*A*b-5*B*a)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/24*(8*A*b-5*B*a)*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b+1/4*B*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b+1/64*a^3*(8*A*b-5*B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a+bx} (15a^3 B + 8ab^2 x (2A + Bx) + 16b^3 x^2 (4A + 3Bx) - 2a^2 b (12A + 5Bx)) + 6a^3 (-8A + 5B) \operatorname{Arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{192b^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(15*a^3*B + 8*a*b^2*x*(2*A + B*x) + 16*b^3*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x) - 2*a^2*b*(12*A + 5*B*x)) + 6*a^3*(-8*A*b + 5*a*B)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[a + b*x])]/(192*b^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {90, 60, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx} (A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 90 \\ & \frac{(8Ab - 5aB) \int x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx} dx}{8b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2} (a+bx)^{3/2}}{4b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{(8Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{1}{6} a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \frac{1}{3} x^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{8b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2} (a+bx)^{3/2}}{4b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(8Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{1}{6}a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{4b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{8b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{(8Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{1}{6}a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{8b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{65} \\
 & \frac{(8Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{1}{6}a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx}{a+bx}} \frac{d\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}} \right)}{4b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{8b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{(8Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{1}{6}a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{8b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{4b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

```
(B*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(4*b) + ((8*A*b - 5*a*B)*((x^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/3 + (a*((x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(2*b) - (3*a*((Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b - (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/b^(3/2)))/(4*b)))/6))/(8*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 60 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(
b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!Integer
Q[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinear
Q[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 65 Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Sub
st[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d
}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

```
rule 90 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-48b^3 B x^3 - 64A x^2 b^3 - 8B x^2 a b^2 - 16A x a b^2 + 10B x a^2 b + 24a^2 b A - 15a^3 B) \sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a}}{192b^3} + \frac{a^3(8Ab-5Ba) \ln\left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx+a}\right)}{128b^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} \left(96B b^{\frac{7}{2}} x^3 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} + 128A b^{\frac{7}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} + 16Ba b^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} + 32A \sqrt{x(bx+a)} b^{\frac{5}{2}} ax - 20B \sqrt{x(bx+a)} b^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 x + 384b^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{x(bx+a)}\right)}{192b^3}$

```
input int(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```
-1/192*(-48*B*b^3*x^3-64*A*b^3*x^2-8*B*a*b^2*x^2-16*A*a*b^2*x+10*B*a^2*b*x
+24*A*a^2*b-15*B*a^3)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3+1/128*a^3*(8*A*b-5*B*a)/b^
(7/2)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))*(x*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/
(b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx} (A + Bx) dx = \left[-\frac{3(5Ba^4 - 8Aa^3b)\sqrt{b} \log\left(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x+a}\right) - 2(48Bb^4x^3 + 15Ba^3b - 24Aa^2b^2 + 8A^2b^3)x^2 - 2(5Ba^2b^2 - 8Aa^2b^3)x}{384b^4} \sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{x+a} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/384*(3*(5*B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(
b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(48*B*b^4*x^3 + 15*B*a^3*b - 24*A*a^2*b^2 + 8*(B*a*b^3
+ 8*A*b^4)*x^2 - 2*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - 8*A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/b^
4, 1/192*(3*(5*B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*
x + a)) + (48*B*b^4*x^3 + 15*B*a^3*b - 24*A*a^2*b^2 + 8*(B*a*b^3 + 8*A*b^4
)*x^2 - 2*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - 8*A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/b^4]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 24.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx} (A + Bx) dx = -\frac{Aa^{5/2}\sqrt{x}}{8b^2\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{Aa^{3/2}x^{3/2}}{24b\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{5A\sqrt{ax}^{5/2}}{12\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{Aa^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8b^{5/2}} + \frac{Abx^{7/2}}{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{5Ba^{7/2}\sqrt{x}}{64b^3\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{5Ba^{5/2}x^{3/2}}{192b^2\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{Ba^{3/2}x^{5/2}}{96b\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{7B\sqrt{ax}^{7/2}}{24\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{5Ba^4 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64b^{7/2}} + \frac{Bbx^{9/2}}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `-A*a**(5/2)*sqrt(x)/(8*b**2*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - A*a**(3/2)*x**(3/2)/(24*b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 5*A*sqrt(a)*x**(5/2)/(12*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + A*a**3*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(8*b**(5/2)) + A*b*x**(7/2)/(3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 5*B*a**(7/2)*sqrt(x)/(64*b**3*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 5*B*a**(5/2)*x**(3/2)/(192*b**2*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - B*a**(3/2)*x**(5/2)/(96*b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 7*B*sqrt(a)*x**(7/2)/(24*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 5*B*a**4*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(64*b**(7/2)) + B*b*x**(9/2)/(4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx} (A+Bx) dx = \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^2x}{32b^2} + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}Bx}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aax}{4b} - \frac{5Ba^4 \log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{128b^{7/2}} + \frac{Aa^3 \log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{16b^{5/2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^3}{64b^3} - \frac{5(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}Ba}{24b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa^2}{8b^2} + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}A}{3b}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `5/32*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^2*x/b^2 + 1/4*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*x/b - 1/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a*x/b - 5/128*B*a^4*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(7/2) + 1/16*A*a^3*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(5/2) + 5/64*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^3/b^3 - 5/24*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a/b^2 - 1/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^2/b^2 + 1/3*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A/b`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx} (A+Bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx} (A+Bx) dx = \int x^{3/2} (A+Bx) \sqrt{a+bx} dx$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x)*(a+b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x)*(a+b*x)^(1/2),x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx} (A + Bx) dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a^3 b + 2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a^2 b^2 x + 24\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a b^3 x^2 + 16\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} b^4 x^3 + 3\sqrt{b} a^3 x^{5/2}}{64b^3}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x)`

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*x +  
24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*x**2 + 16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*x**3  
+ 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**4)/(64*b**3  
)
```

3.287 $\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$

Optimal result	1984
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1984
Rubi [A] (verified)	1985
Maple [A] (verified)	1987
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1987
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1988
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1989
Giac [F(-1)]	1989
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1990
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1990

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{a(2Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{8b^2} + \frac{(2Ab-aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4b} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{a^2(2Ab-aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{8b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/8*a*(2*A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/4*(2*A*b-B*a)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b+1/3*B*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b-1/8*a^2*(2*A*b-B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(-3a^2B+2ab(3A+Bx)+4b^2x(3A+2Bx))}{24b^2} + \frac{a^2(-2Ab+aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{4b^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a+b*x]*(A+B*x),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(-3*a^2*B + 2*a*b*(3*A + B*x) + 4*b^2*x*(3*A + 2*B*x)))/(24*b^2) + (a^2*(-2*A*b + a*B)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(-\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])])/(4*b^(5/2))}{1}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {90, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$\frac{(2Ab - aB) \int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} dx}{2b} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(2Ab - aB) \left(\frac{1}{4}a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{2b} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(2Ab - aB) \left(\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{2b} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 65$$

$$\frac{(2Ab - aB) \left(\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}}{b} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{2b} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{(2Ab - aB) \left(\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{2b} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3b}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(B*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*b) + ((2*A*b - a*B)*((x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])
)/2 + (a*((Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b - (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a
+ b*x]])/b^(3/2)))/4)/(2*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(
b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!Integer
Q[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinear
Q[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Sub
st[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d
, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
.), x] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
risch	$\frac{(8b^2Bx^2+12Ab^2x+2Babx+6abA-3a^2B)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}{24b^2} - \frac{a^2(2Ab-Ba)\ln\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{b}}+\sqrt{bx+a}\right)\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{16b^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}\left(-16Bb^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2\sqrt{bx+a}-24A\sqrt{bx+a}b^{\frac{5}{2}}x-4B\sqrt{bx+a}b^{\frac{3}{2}}ax+6A\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)a^2b-12A\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\right)}{48b^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{24}*(8*B*b^2*x^2+12*A*b^2*x+2*B*a*b*x+6*A*a*b-3*B*a^2)*x^{(1/2)}*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/b^2-1/16*a^2*(2*A*b-B*a)/b^{(5/2)}*\ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^{(1/2)}+(b*x^2+a*x)^{(1/2)})*(x*(b*x+a))^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(Ba^3-2Aa^2b)\sqrt{b}\log\left(2bx-2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x+a}\right)-2(8Bb^3x^2-3Ba^2b+6Aab^2+2(Bab^2+6Ab^3)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{48b^3} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(Ba^3-2Aa^2b)\sqrt{-b}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right)-(8Bb^3x^2-3Ba^2b+6Aab^2+2(Bab^2+6Ab^3)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{24b^3} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$[-1/48*(3*(B*a^3-2*A*a^2*b)*\sqrt{b}*\log(2*b*x-2*\sqrt{b*x+a}*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{x+a})-2*(8*B*b^3*x^2-3*B*a^2*b+6*A*a*b^2+2*(B*a*b^2+6*A*b^3)*x)*\sqrt{b*x+a}*\sqrt{x})/b^3, -1/24*(3*(B*a^3-2*A*a^2*b)*\sqrt{-b}*\arctan(\sqrt{-b}*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{b*x+a})-(8*B*b^3*x^2-3*B*a^2*b+6*A*a*b^2+2*(B*a*b^2+6*A*b^3)*x)*\sqrt{b*x+a}*\sqrt{x})/b^3]$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx$$

$$= 2A \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} a^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}+2b\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{b}} \text{ for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{bx}} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \end{array} \right) + \sqrt{a+bx} \left(\frac{a\sqrt{x}}{8b} + \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} \right) \text{ for } b \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$+ 2B \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} a^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}+2b\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{b}} \text{ for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{bx}} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} \end{array} \right) + \sqrt{a+bx} \left(-\frac{a^2\sqrt{x}}{16b^2} + \frac{ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24b} + \frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} \right) \text{ for } b \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A), x)`output `2*A*Piecewise((-a**2*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True))/(8*b) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(a*sqrt(x)/(8*b) + x**(3/2)/4), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**(3/2)/3, True)) + 2*B*Piecewise((a**3*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True))/(16*b**2) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(-a**2*sqrt(x)/(16*b**2) + a*x**(3/2)/(24*b) + x**(5/2)/6), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**(5/2)/5, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ax - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bax}{4b} + \frac{Ba^3 \log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{16b^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{Aa^2 \log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{8b^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^2}{8b^2} + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}B}{3b} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa}{4b}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*x - 1/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a*x/b + 1/16*B*a^3*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(5/2) - 1/8*A*a^2*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(3/2) - 1/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^2/b^2 + 1/3*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B/b + 1/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a/b`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a+bx} (A+Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{11/2} \left(\frac{Aa^2b^4}{2} - \frac{Ba^3b^3}{4} \right)}{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^{11}} + \frac{x^{9/2} \left(\frac{17Ba^3b^2}{12} + \frac{5Aa^2b^3}{2} \right)}{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^9} - \frac{x^{7/2} \left(3Aa^2b^2 - \frac{19Ba^3b}{2} \right)}{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^7} + \frac{x^{5/2} \left(\frac{19Ba^3}{2} - 3Aa^2b \right)}{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^5} - \frac{\sqrt{x} (Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b)}{4b^2(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{15b^2x^2}{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^4} - \frac{20b^3x^3}{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^6} + \frac{15b^4x^4}{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^8} - \frac{6b^5x^5}{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^{10}} + \frac{b^6x^6}{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^{12}} - \frac{6bx}{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})}}{4b^{5/2}} - \frac{a^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a}}\right) (2Ab - Ba)}{4b^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2), x)`

output

$$\left((x^{11/2} * ((A*a^2*b^4)/2 - (B*a^3*b^3)/4)) / ((a + b*x)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^{11} + (x^{9/2} * ((5*A*a^2*b^3)/2 + (17*B*a^3*b^2)/12)) / ((a + b*x)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^9 - (x^{7/2} * (3*A*a^2*b^2 - (19*B*a^3*b)/2)) / ((a + b*x)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^7 + (x^{5/2} * ((19*B*a^3)/2 - 3*A*a^2*b)) / ((a + b*x)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^5 - (x^{1/2} * (B*a^3 - 2*A*a^2*b)) / (4*b^2 * ((a + b*x)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})) + (x^{3/2} * (17*B*a^3 + 30*A*a^2*b)) / (12*b * ((a + b*x)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^3) / ((15*b^2*x^2) / ((a + b*x)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^4 - (20*b^3*x^3) / ((a + b*x)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^6 + (15*b^4*x^4) / ((a + b*x)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^8 - (6*b^5*x^5) / ((a + b*x)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^{10} + (b^6*x^6) / ((a + b*x)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^{12} - (6*b*x) / ((a + b*x)^{1/2} - a^{1/2})^2 + 1 - (a^2 * \operatorname{atanh}((b^{1/2} * x^{1/2}) / ((a + b*x)^{1/2} - a^{1/2}))) * (2*A*b - B*a) / (4*b^{5/2}) \right)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a+bx} (A+Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a^2b + 14\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} a b^2x + 8\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} b^3x^2 - 3\sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3}{24b^2}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A), x)`

output

```
(3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b + 14*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x + 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*x**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**3)/(24*b**2)
```

$$3.288 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	1992
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1992
Rubi [A] (verified)	1993
Maple [A] (verified)	1994
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1995
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1995
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1996
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1996
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1997
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1997

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{(4Ab - aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4b} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2b} + \frac{a(4Ab - aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/4*(4*A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b+1/2*B*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/b+1/4*
a*(4*A*b-B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(4Ab + aB + 2bBx)}{4b} + \frac{a(-4Ab + aB)\log\left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a+bx}\right)}{4b^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[x], x]
```

output $(\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(4*A*b + a*B + 2*b*B*x))/(4*b) + (a*(-4*A*b + a*B)*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x]) + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]])/(4*b^(3/2))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {90, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 90

$$\frac{(4Ab - aB) \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{4b} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2b}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{(4Ab - aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{4b} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2b}$$

↓ 65

$$\frac{(4Ab - aB) \left(a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{4b} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2b}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(4Ab - aB) \left(\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{4b} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}}{2b}$$

input $\text{Int}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/\text{Sqrt}[x], x]$

output $(B*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(2*b) + ((4*A*b - a*B)*(\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x] + (a*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/ \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]])/\text{Sqrt}[b]))/(4*b)$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
risch	$\frac{(2bBx+4Ab+Ba)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}{4b} + \frac{a(4Ab-Ba)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}}+\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right)\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{8b^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{x}\left(4Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{x(bx+a)}+4A\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)ab+8Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(bx+a)}-B\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)a^2+2Ba\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\right)}{8b^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}$

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1}{4} \cdot (2Bbx + 4Ab + Ba) \cdot x^{1/2} \cdot (bx+a)^{1/2} / b + \frac{1}{8} \cdot a \cdot (4Ab - Ba) / b^{3/2} \cdot \ln\left(\frac{(1/2 \cdot a + bx) / b^{1/2} + (bx^2 + a \cdot x)^{1/2}}{(x \cdot (bx+a))^{1/2} / x^{1/2} / (bx+a)^{1/2}}\right)$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \left[-\frac{(Ba^2 - 4Aab)\sqrt{b} \log\left(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + a\right) - 2(2Bb^2x + Bab + 4Ab^2)\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{x}}{8b^2}, \frac{(Ba^2 - 4Aab)\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + (2Bb^2x + Bab + 4Ab^2)\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{x}}{8b^2} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\left[-\frac{1}{8} \cdot ((Ba^2 - 4Aab) \cdot \sqrt{b} \cdot \log(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + a) - 2 \cdot (2Bb^2x + Bab + 4Ab^2) \cdot \sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{x}) / b^2, \frac{1}{4} \cdot ((Ba^2 - 4Aab) \cdot \sqrt{-b} \cdot \operatorname{arctan}(\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x} / \sqrt{bx+a}) + (2Bb^2x + Bab + 4Ab^2) \cdot \sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{x}) / b^2 \right]$$
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = A\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}} + \frac{Aa \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + 2B \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}+2b\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{b}} \text{ for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{bx}} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ \frac{\sqrt{ax}^3}{3} \end{array} \right) + \frac{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{8b} + \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4} \text{ for } b \neq 0 \text{ otherwise}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(1/2),x)
```


output

```
A*sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + A*a*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/sqrt(b) + 2*B*Piecewise((-a**2*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True)))/(8*b) + a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)/(8*b) + x**(3/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)/4, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**(3/2)/3, True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{bx^2+ax} Bx - \frac{Ba^2 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{8b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{Aa \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{2\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx^2+ax} A + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax} Ba}{4b}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*x - 1/8*B*a^2*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(3/2) + 1/2*A*a*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(b) + sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A + 1/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a/b
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 75.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{\left(\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\sqrt{bx+a} \left(\frac{2(bx+a)B}{b^2} - \frac{Bab^2-4Ab^3}{b^4} \right) + \frac{(Ba^2-4Aab) \log\left(\frac{-\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) b}{4|b|}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/4*(sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a)*(2*(b*x + a)*B/b^2 - (B*a*b^2 -
4*A*b^3)/b^4) + (B*a^2 - 4*A*a*b)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) + sqrt((
b*x + a)*b - a*b)))/b^(3/2))*b/abs(b)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = A\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{2Aa \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + B\sqrt{x}\left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{a}{4b}\right)\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{Ba^2 \ln\left(a + 2bx + 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}\right)}{8b^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
A*x^(1/2)*(a + b*x)^(1/2) + (2*A*a*atanh((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/((a + b*x)^(1/2)
) - a^(1/2)))/b^(1/2) + B*x^(1/2)*(x/2 + a/(4*b))*(a + b*x)^(1/2) - (B*a^
2*log(a + 2*b*x + 2*b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*(a + b*x)^(1/2)))/(8*b^(3/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^2x + 3\sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2}{4b}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
(5*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*x + 3*sqrt(b)*
log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2)/(4*b)
```

$$3.289 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1998
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1998
Rubi [A] (verified)	1999
Maple [A] (verified)	2000
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2001
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2001
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2002
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2002
Mupad [F(-1)]	2003
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2003

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} + B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{(2Ab+aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
-2*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)+B*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)+(2*A*b+B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(-2A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2(2Ab+aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-2*A + B*x))/Sqrt[x] + (2*(2*A*b + a*B)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/Sqrt[b]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {87, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(aB+2Ab) \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{a\sqrt{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(aB+2Ab) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{a\sqrt{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 65 \\
 & \frac{(aB+2Ab) \left(a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{a\sqrt{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{(aB+2Ab) \left(\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{a\sqrt{x}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*A*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(a*Sqrt[x]) + ((2*A*b + a*B)*(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x] + a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/Sqrt[b])/a`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(-Bx+2A)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\left(Ab + \frac{Ba}{2}\right) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2} + bx}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\right) \sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a}}$	77
default	$\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} \left(2A \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b} + 2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right) bx + B \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b} + 2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right) ax + 2Bx\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b} - 4A\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}}$	118

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-B*x+2*A)/x^(1/2)+(A*b+1/2*B*a)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{(Ba+2Ab)\sqrt{bx} \log\left(2bx+2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}+a\right)+2(Bbx-2Ab)\sqrt{bx+a}}{2bx} - \frac{(Ba+2Ab)\sqrt{-bx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) - (Bbx-2Ab)\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{x}}{bx} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*((B*a + 2*A*b)*sqrt(b)*x*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) + 2*(B*b*x - 2*A*b)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(b*x), -((B*a + 2*A*b)*sqrt(-b)*x*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (B*b*x - 2*A*b)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(b*x)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + 2A\sqrt{b} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2Ab\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + B\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}} + \frac{Ba \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(3/2),x)
```

output
$$\frac{-2A\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1 + bx/a}} + 2A\sqrt{b}\operatorname{asinh}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a}) - 2A b \sqrt{x}/(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1 + bx/a}) + B\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1 + bx/a} + B a \operatorname{asinh}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a})/\sqrt{b}$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Ba \log(2bx + a + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\sqrt{b})}{2\sqrt{b}} + A\sqrt{b} \log(2bx + a + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\sqrt{b}) + \sqrt{bx^2 + ax}B - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}A}{x}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{1}{2}B a \log(2bx + a + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\sqrt{b})/\sqrt{b} + A\sqrt{b} \log(2bx + a + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\sqrt{b}) + \sqrt{bx^2 + ax}B - 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}A/x$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 75.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}\left(\frac{(bx+a)B}{b} - \frac{Bab+2Ab^2}{b^2}\right)}{\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}} - \frac{(Ba+2Ab) \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right|\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{|b|} b^2$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{(\sqrt{bx+a})((bx+a)B/b - (B a b + 2A b^2)/b^2)/\sqrt{(bx+a)b - a b} - (B a + 2A b) \log(\operatorname{abs}(-\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{(bx+a)b - a b}))}{b^{3/2}} b^2/\operatorname{abs}(b)$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x^(3/2), x)`output `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a + 4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}bx + 12\sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)ax - 9\sqrt{b}ax}{4x}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2), x)`output `(- 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*x + 12*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*x - 9*sqrt(b)*a*x)/(4*x)`

$$3.290 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2004
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2004
Rubi [A] (verified)	2005
Maple [A] (verified)	2006
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2007
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2007
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2008
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2008
Mupad [F(-1)]	2009
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2009

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2B\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3ax^{3/2}} + 2\sqrt{b}B \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)$$

output

```
-2*B*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)-2/3*A*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a/x^(3/2)+2*b^(1/2)*B*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}(aA+Abx+3aBx)}{3ax^{3/2}} - 2\sqrt{b}B \log\left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a+bx}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(a*A + A*b*x + 3*a*B*x))/(3*a*x^(3/2)) - 2*Sqrt[b]*B*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[a + b*x]]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {87, 57, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & B \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3ax^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{57} \\
 & B \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3ax^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{65} \\
 & B \left(2b \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3ax^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & B \left(2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3ax^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*A*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*a*x^(3/2)) + B*((-2*Sqrt[a + b*x])/Sqrt[x] + 2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 57 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &
& GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m
+ n + 2, 0] && (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c
, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 65 Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Sub
st[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d
}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}a} + \frac{B\sqrt{b} \ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right) \sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a}}$	78
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} \left(-3B \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right) abx^2+2Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{x(bx+a)}+6Bax\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x(bx+a)}+2Aa\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\right)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(bx+a)}a\sqrt{b}}$	112

```
input int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(A*b*x+3*B*a*x+A*a)/x^(3/2)/a+B*b^(1/2)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/
b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))*(x*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3Ba\sqrt{bx^2} \log\left(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x+a}\right) - 2(Aa + (3Ba + Ab)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{3ax^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\left(3Ba\sqrt{-bx^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) + (Aa + (3Ba + Ab)x)\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{x}\right)}{3ax^2} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/3*(3*B*a*sqrt(b)*x^2*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) -
2*(A*a + (3*B*a + A*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(a*x^2), -2/3*(3*B*a*sqrt
(-b)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (A*a + (3*B*a + A*b)*x)
*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(a*x^2)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{3x} - \frac{2Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{3a} \\ - \frac{2B\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + 2B\sqrt{b} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2Bb\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
-2*A*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*x) - 2*A*b**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a)
) - 2*B*sqrt(a)/(sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 2*B*sqrt(b)*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt
(x)/sqrt(a)) - 2*B*b*sqrt(x)/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\left(\sqrt{b} \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b}-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{b}+\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{x}}}\right) + \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{x}}\right) B - \frac{2(bx+a)^{3/2}A}{3ax^{3/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-(sqrt(b)*log(-(sqrt(b) - sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(x))/(sqrt(b) + sqrt(b*x + a)/
sqrt(x))) + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(x))*B - 2/3*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*A/(a*x^(3/2))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 75.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2b^3 \left(\frac{3B \log\left(|-\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right|)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{\left(3Ba - \frac{(3Bab+Ab^2)(bx+a)}{ab}\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{((bx+a)b-ab)^{3/2}} \right)}{3|b|}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-2/3*b^3*(3*B*log(abs(-sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)))/b
^(3/2) - (3*B*a - (3*B*a*b + A*b^2)*(b*x + a)/(a*b))*sqrt(b*x + a)/((b*x +
a)*b - a*b)^(3/2))/abs(b)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x^(5/2), x)`output `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a}{3} - \frac{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}bx}{3} + 2\sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)bx^2}{x^2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2), x)`output `(2*(-sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a - 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*x + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*b*x**2))/(3*x**2)`

$$3.291 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2010
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2010
Rubi [A] (verified)	2011
Maple [A] (verified)	2012
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2013
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2013
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2014
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2014
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2015
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2015

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{5ax^{5/2}} + \frac{2(2Ab-5aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{15a^2x^{3/2}}$$

output
$$-2/5*A*(b*x+a)^{(3/2)}/a/x^{(5/2)}+2/15*(2*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^{(3/2)}/a^2/x^{(3/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}(3aA-2Abx+5aBx)}{15a^2x^{5/2}}$$

input
$$\text{Integrate}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^{(7/2)}, x]$$

output
$$(-2*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)}*(3*a*A - 2*A*b*x + 5*a*B*x))/(15*a^2*x^{(5/2)})$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{(2Ab-5aB) \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^{5/2}} dx}{5a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{5ax^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$\frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}(2Ab-5aB)}{15a^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{5ax^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2), x]`

output `(-2*A*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(5*a*x^(5/2)) + (2*(2*A*b - 5*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(15*a^2*x^(3/2))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-2Abx+5Bax+3Aa)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2}$	31
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-2Abx+5Bax+3Aa)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2}$	31
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-2Abx+5Bax+3Aa)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2}$	31
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-2Ab^2x^2+5Babx^2+aAbx+5Ba^2x+3a^2A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2}$	52

input

```
int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/15*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(-2*A*b*x+5*B*a*x+3*A*a)/x^(5/2)/a^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3Aa^2 + (5Bab - 2Ab^2)x^2 + (5Ba^2 + Aab)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{15a^2x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/15*(3*A*a^2 + (5*B*a*b - 2*A*b^2)*x^2 + (5*B*a^2 + A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(a^2*x^(5/2))`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 114 vs. 2(49) = 98.

Time = 3.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{5x^2} - \frac{2Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{15ax} + \frac{4Ab^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{15a^2} - \frac{2B\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{3x} - \frac{2Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{3a}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(7/2),x)`

output `-2*A*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(5*x**2) - 2*A*b**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(15*a*x) + 4*A*b**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(15*a**2) - 2*B*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*x) - 2*B*b**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 100 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb}{3ax} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^2}{15a^2x} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}B}{3x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab}{15ax^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}A}{5x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b/(a*x) + 4/15*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^2/(a^2*x) - 2/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B/x^2 - 2/15*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b/(a*x^2) - 2/5*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A/x^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b\left(\frac{(5Bab^4-2Ab^5)(bx+a)}{a^2} - \frac{5(Ba^2b^4-Aab^5)}{a^2}\right)}{15((bx+a)b-ab)^{\frac{5}{2}}|b|}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/15*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*b*((5*B*a*b^4 - 2*A*b^5)*(b*x + a)/a^2 - 5*(B*a^2*b^4 - A*a*b^5)/a^2)/(((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(5/2)*abs(b))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx} \left(\frac{2A}{5} - \frac{x^2(4Ab^2-10Bab)}{15a^2} + \frac{x(10Ba^2+2Aba)}{15a^2} \right)}{x^{5/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x^(7/2),x)`output `-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A)/5 - (x^2*(4*A*b^2 - 10*B*a*b))/(15*a^2) + (x*(10*B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b))/(15*a^2)))/x^(5/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2}{5} - \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}abx}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^2x^2}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{b}b^2x^3}{5}}{ax^3}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x)`output `(2*(-sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2 - 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*x - sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2 - sqrt(b)*b**2*x**3))/(5*a*x**3)`

3.292 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2016
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2016
Rubi [A] (verified)	2017
Maple [A] (verified)	2018
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2019
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2019
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2020
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2021
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2021
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2022

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} + \frac{2(4Ab-7aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{35a^2x^{5/2}} - \frac{4b(4Ab-7aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{105a^3x^{3/2}}$$

output `-2/7*A*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a/x^(7/2)+2/35*(4*A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a^2/x^(5/2)-4/105*b*(4*A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a^3/x^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}(15a^2A-12aAbx+21a^2Bx+8Ab^2x^2-14abBx^2)}{105a^3x^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^(9/2),x]`

output $(-2*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)}*(15*a^2*A - 12*a*A*b*x + 21*a^2*B*x + 8*A*b^2*x^2 - 14*a*b*B*x^2))/(105*a^3*x^{(7/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {87, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & -\frac{(4Ab-7aB) \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^{7/2}} dx}{7a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{(4Ab-7aB) \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^{5/2}} dx}{5a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & -\frac{\left(\frac{4b(a+bx)^{3/2}}{15a^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right) (4Ab-7aB)}{7a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^{(9/2)}, x]$

output $(-2*A*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)})/(7*a*x^{(7/2)}) - ((4*A*b - 7*a*B)*((-2*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)})/(5*a*x^{(5/2)}) + (4*b*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)})/(15*a^2*x^{(3/2)}))/7*a$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 48 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x]$ $\&\& \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$ $\&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 55 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2] / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{\text{Simplify}[m + 1]}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x]$ $\&\& \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2], 0]$ $\&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$ $\&\& !(\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] || (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \&\& (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] || !\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1])$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)} / (f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) / (f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x]$ $\&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$ $\&\& (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] || !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] || !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] || \text{LtQ}[p, n])))))$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(8Ab^2x^2-14Babx^2-12aAbx+21Ba^2x+15a^2A)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}a^3}$	53
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(8Ab^2x^2-14Babx^2-12aAbx+21Ba^2x+15a^2A)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}a^3}$	53
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(8Ab^2x^2-14Babx^2-12aAbx+21Ba^2x+15a^2A)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}a^3}$	53
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(8Ab^3x^3-14Ba^2b^2x^3-4aAb^2x^2+7Ba^2bx^2+3a^2Abx+21Ba^3x+15a^3A)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}a^3}$	77

input $\text{int}((b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(B*x+A)/x^{(9/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

$$-2/105*(b*x+a)^{(3/2)}*(8*A*b^2*x^2-14*B*a*b*x^2-12*A*a*b*x+21*B*a^2*x+15*A*a^2)/x^{(7/2)}/a^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(15Aa^3 - 2(7Bab^2 - 4Ab^3)x^3 + (7Ba^2b - 4Aab^2)x^2 + 3(7Ba^3 + Aa^2b)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{105a^3x^{7/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$-2/105*(15*A*a^3 - 2*(7*B*a*b^2 - 4*A*b^3)*x^3 + (7*B*a^2*b - 4*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(7*B*a^3 + A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(a^3*x^(7/2))$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 427 vs. 2(82) = 164.

Time = 10.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{30Aa^5b^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3+210a^4b^5x^4+105a^3b^6x^5} - \frac{66Aa^4b^{\frac{11}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3+210a^4b^5x^4+105a^3b^6x^5} - \frac{34Aa^3b^{\frac{13}{2}}x^2\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3+210a^4b^5x^4+105a^3b^6x^5} - \frac{6Aa^2b^{\frac{15}{2}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3+210a^4b^5x^4+105a^3b^6x^5} - \frac{24Aab^{\frac{17}{2}}x^4\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3+210a^4b^5x^4+105a^3b^6x^5} - \frac{16Ab^{\frac{19}{2}}x^5\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3+210a^4b^5x^4+105a^3b^6x^5} - \frac{2B\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{5x^2} - \frac{2Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{15ax} + \frac{4Bb^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{15a^2}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(9/2),x)
```


output

```
-30*A*a**5*b**(9/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*
x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 66*A*a**4*b**(11/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*
a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 34*A*a**3*b**(
13/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 10
5*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 6*A*a**2*b**(15/2)*x**3*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b*
**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 24*A*a*b**(17/2)*x**4
*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**
6*x**5) - 16*A*b**(19/2)*x**5*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*
a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 2*B*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(5*x*
*2) - 2*B*b**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(15*a*x) + 4*B*b**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x)
+ 1)/(15*a**2)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^2}{15a^2x} - \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^3}{105a^3x} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb}{15ax^2} + \frac{8\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^2}{105a^2x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}B}{5x^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab}{35ax^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}A}{7x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
4/15*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^2/(a^2*x) - 16/105*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^3/(a^3
*x) - 2/15*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b/(a*x^2) + 8/105*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^2/(
a^2*x^2) - 2/5*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B/x^3 - 2/35*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b/(a*x^3
) - 2/7*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A/x^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left((bx+a) \left(\frac{2(7Bab^2-4Ab^3)(bx+a)}{a^3} - \frac{7(7Ba^2b^2-4Aab^3)}{a^3} \right) + \frac{35(Ba^3b^2-Aa^2b^3)}{a^3} \right)}{105((bx+a)b-ab)^{\frac{7}{2}}|b|}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/105*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*((b*x + a)*(2*(7*B*a*b^2 - 4*A*b^3)*(b*x + a)/a^3 - 7*(7*B*a^2*b^2 - 4*A*a*b^3)/a^3) + 35*(B*a^3*b^2 - A*a^2*b^3)/a^3)*b^5/(((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(7/2)*abs(b))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx} \left(\frac{2A}{7} + \frac{x(42Ba^3+6Aba^2)}{105a^3} + \frac{x^3(16Ab^3-28Bab^2)}{105a^3} - \frac{2bx^2(4Ab-7Ba)}{105a^2} \right)}{x^{7/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x^(9/2),x)`

output `-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A)/7 + (x*(42*B*a^3 + 6*A*a^2*b))/(105*a^3) + (x^3*(16*A*b^3 - 28*B*a*b^2))/(105*a^3) - (2*b*x^2*(4*A*b - 7*B*a))/(105*a^2)))/x^(7/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3}{7} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bx}{35} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2x^2}{35} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^3x^3}{35} - \frac{4\sqrt{b}b^3x^4}{35}}{a^2x^4}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(9/2),x)`

output `(2*(- 5*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x - sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 - 2*sqrt(b)*b**3*x**4))/(35*a**2*x**4)`

3.293 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2023
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2023
Rubi [A] (verified)	2024
Maple [A] (verified)	2026
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2026
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2027
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2028
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2028
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2029
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2029

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} + \frac{2(2Ab-3aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{21a^2x^{7/2}} - \frac{8b(2Ab-3aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{105a^3x^{5/2}} + \frac{16b^2(2Ab-3aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{315a^4x^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2/9*A*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a/x^(9/2)+2/21*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a^2/x^(7/2)
)-8/105*b*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a^3/x^(5/2)+16/315*b^2*(2*A*b-3*B*a)
*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a^4/x^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}(-16Ab^3x^3 + 24ab^2x^2(A+Bx) - 6a^2bx(5A+6Bx) + 5a^3(7A+9Bx))}{315a^4x^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^(11/2), x]
```

```
output (-2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(-16*A*b^3*x^3 + 24*a*b^2*x^2*(A + B*x) - 6*a^2*b*x*(5
*A + 6*B*x) + 5*a^3*(7*A + 9*B*x)))/(315*a^4*x^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

↓ 87

$$-\frac{(2Ab-3aB) \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^{9/2}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{9ax^{9/2}}$$

↓ 55

$$-\frac{(2Ab-3aB) \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^{7/2}} dx}{7a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{9ax^{9/2}}$$

↓ 55

$$-\frac{(2Ab-3aB) \left(-\frac{4b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^{5/2}} dx}{5a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{9ax^{9/2}}$$

↓ 48

$$-\frac{\left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{4b(a+bx)^{3/2}}{15a^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right) (2Ab-3aB)}{3a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{9ax^{9/2}}$$

```
input Int[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^(11/2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2A(a + bx)^{3/2})/(9ax^{9/2}) - ((2Ab - 3aB)((-2(a + bx)^{3/2})/(7ax^{7/2}) - (4b((-2(a + bx)^{3/2})/(5ax^{5/2}) + (4b(a + bx)^{3/2})/(15a^2x^{3/2}))))/(7a)))/(3a)}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 55

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-16Ab^3x^3+24Ba^2b^2x^3+24aAb^2x^2-36Ba^2bx^2-30a^2Abx+45Ba^3x+35a^3A)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^4}$	77
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-16Ab^3x^3+24Ba^2b^2x^3+24aAb^2x^2-36Ba^2bx^2-30a^2Abx+45Ba^3x+35a^3A)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^4}$	77
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-16Ab^3x^3+24Ba^2b^2x^3+24aAb^2x^2-36Ba^2bx^2-30a^2Abx+45Ba^3x+35a^3A)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^4}$	77
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-16Ab^4x^4+24Ba^2b^3x^4+8Aa^2b^3x^3-12Ba^2b^2x^3-6Aa^2b^2x^2+9Ba^3bx^2+5Aa^3bx+45Ba^4x+35Aa^4)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^4}$	101

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/315*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(-16*A*b^3*x^3+24*B*a*b^2*x^3+24*A*a*b^2*x^2-36*B*a^2*b*x^2-30*A*a^2*b*x+45*B*a^3*x+35*A*a^3)/x^(9/2)/a^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(35Aa^4 + 8(3Bab^3 - 2Ab^4)x^4 - 4(3Ba^2b^2 - 2Aab^3)x^3 + 3(3Ba^3b - 2Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 5(9Ba^4 + Aa^3b))}{315a^4x^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/315*(35*A*a^4 + 8*(3*B*a*b^3 - 2*A*b^4)*x^4 - 4*(3*B*a^2*b^2 - 2*A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 3*(3*B*a^3*b - 2*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(9*B*a^4 + A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(a^4*x^(9/2))`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 930 vs. $2(116) = 232$.

Time = 31.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 930, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(11/2),x)`

output

```
-70*A*a**7*b**(19/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 220*A*a**6*b**(21/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 228*A*a**5*b**(23/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 80*A*a**4*b**(25/2)*x**3*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) + 10*A*a**3*b**(27/2)*x**4*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) + 60*A*a**2*b**(29/2)*x**5*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) + 80*A*a*b**(31/2)*x**6*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) + 32*A*b**(33/2)*x**7*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 30*B*a**5*b**(9/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 66*B*a**4*b**(11/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 34*B*a**3*b**(13/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 6*B*a**2*b**(15/2)*x**3*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 24*B*a*b**(1...
```


Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 192 vs. $2(93) = 186$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{16\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^3}{105a^3x} + \frac{32\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^4}{315a^4x} \\ + \frac{8\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^2}{105a^2x^2} - \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^3}{315a^3x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb}{35ax^3} \\ + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^2}{105a^2x^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}B}{7x^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab}{63ax^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}A}{9x^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-16/105*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^3/(a^3*x) + 32/315*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^4/(a^4*x) + 8/105*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^2/(a^2*x^2) - 16/315*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^3/(a^3*x^2) - 2/35*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b/(a*x^3) + 4/105*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^2/(a^2*x^3) - 2/7*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B/x^4 - 2/63*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b/(a*x^4) - 2/9*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A/x^5`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left((bx+a) \left(4(bx+a) \left(\frac{2(3Bab^8-2Ab^9)(bx+a)}{a^4} - \frac{9(3Ba^2b^8-2Aab^9)}{a^4} \right) + \frac{63(3Ba^3b^8-2Aa^2b^9)}{a^4} \right) - \frac{105(Ba^4b^8-Aa^3b^9)}{a^4} \right)}{315((bx+a)b-ab)^{\frac{9}{2}}|b|}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/315*((b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*(2*(3*B*a*b^8 - 2*A*b^9)*(b*x + a)/a^4 - 9*(3*B*a^2*b^8 - 2*A*a*b^9)/a^4) + 63*(3*B*a^3*b^8 - 2*A*a^2*b^9)/a^4) - 105*(B*a^4*b^8 - A*a^3*b^9)/a^4)*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*b/(((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(9/2)*abs(b))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx} \left(\frac{2A}{9} + \frac{x(90Ba^4+10Aba^3)}{315a^4} - \frac{x^4(32Ab^4-48Bab^3)}{315a^4} + \frac{8b^2x^3(2Ab-3Ba)}{315a^3} - \frac{2bx^2(2Ab-3Ba)}{105a^2} \right)}{x^{9/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x^(11/2),x)`output `-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A)/9 + (x*(90*B*a^4 + 10*A*a^3*b))/(315*a^4) - (x^4*(32*A*b^4 - 48*B*a*b^3))/(315*a^4) + (8*b^2*x^3*(2*A*b - 3*B*a))/(315*a^3) - (2*b*x^2*(2*A*b - 3*B*a))/(105*a^2)))/x^(9/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4}{9} - \frac{20\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3bx}{63} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2x^2}{105} + \frac{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^3x^3}{315} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^4x^4}{315}}{a^3x^5}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(11/2),x)`output `(2*(-35*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4 - 50*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*x - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*x**3 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*x**4 + 8*sqrt(b)*b**4*x**5))/(315*a**3*x**5)`

3.294 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2030
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2031
Rubi [A] (verified)	2031
Maple [A] (verified)	2033
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2034
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2034
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2035
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2036
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2036
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2037

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} + \frac{2(8Ab-11aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{99a^2x^{9/2}} - \frac{4b(8Ab-11aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{231a^3x^{7/2}} + \frac{16b^2(8Ab-11aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{1155a^4x^{5/2}} - \frac{32b^3(8Ab-11aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3465a^5x^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2/11*A*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a/x^(11/2)+2/99*(8*A*b-11*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a^2/x^(9/2)-4/231*b*(8*A*b-11*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a^3/x^(7/2)+16/1155*b^2*(8*A*b-11*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a^4/x^(5/2)-32/3465*b^3*(8*A*b-11*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a^5/x^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}(128Ab^4x^4 + 35a^4(9A+11Bx) + 24a^2b^2x^2(10A+11Bx) - 16ab^3x^3(12A+11Bx) - 10a^3b^2(10A+11Bx) - 16a^2b^3x^3(12A+11Bx) - 10a^3b^2(12A+11Bx) - 10a^3b^2x^3)}{3465a^5x^{11/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^(13/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(128*A*b^4*x^4 + 35*a^4*(9*A + 11*B*x) + 24*a^2*b^2*x^2*(10*A + 11*B*x) - 16*a*b^3*x^3*(12*A + 11*B*x) - 10*a^3*b*x*(28*A + 33*B*x)))/(3465*a^5*x^(11/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & -\frac{(8Ab-11aB) \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^{11/2}} dx}{11a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{(8Ab-11aB) \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^{9/2}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(8Ab - 11aB) \left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^{7/2}} dx}{7a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & \frac{(8Ab - 11aB) \left(\frac{2b \left(\frac{4b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^{5/2}} dx}{5a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 48 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{2b \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{4b(a+bx)^{3/2}}{15a^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right) (8Ab - 11aB)}{11a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{11ax^{11/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(A + B*x))/x^(13/2),x]`

output `(-2*A*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(11*a*x^(11/2)) - ((8*A*b - 11*a*B)*((-2*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(9*a*x^(9/2)) - (2*b*((-2*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(7*a*x^(7/2)) - (4*b*((-2*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(5*a*x^(5/2)) + (4*b*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(15*a^2*x^(3/2)))/(7*a)))/(3*a)))/(11*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 55 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{\text{Simplify}[m + 1]}(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] \ || \ !\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1])$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(128Ab^4x^4-176Ba^3b^3x^4-192Aa^2b^3x^3+264Ba^2b^2x^3+240Aa^2b^2x^2-330Ba^3bx^2-280Aa^3bx+385Ba^4x+315Aa^4)}{3465x^{\frac{11}{2}}a^5}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(128Ab^4x^4-176Ba^3b^3x^4-192Aa^2b^3x^3+264Ba^2b^2x^3+240Aa^2b^2x^2-330Ba^3bx^2-280Aa^3bx+385Ba^4x+315Aa^4)}{3465x^{\frac{11}{2}}a^5}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(128Ab^4x^4-176Ba^3b^3x^4-192Aa^2b^3x^3+264Ba^2b^2x^3+240Aa^2b^2x^2-330Ba^3bx^2-280Aa^3bx+385Ba^4x+315Aa^4)}{3465x^{\frac{11}{2}}a^5}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(128Ab^5x^5-176Ba^4b^4x^5-64Aa^4b^4x^4+88Ba^2b^3x^4+48a^2Ab^3x^3-66Ba^3b^2x^3-40a^3Ab^2x^2+55Ba^4bx^2+35a^4Abx+385a^4A)}{3465x^{\frac{11}{2}}a^5}$

input $\text{int}((b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(B*x+A)/x^{(13/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
-2/3465*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(128*A*b^4*x^4-176*B*a*b^3*x^4-192*A*a*b^3*x^3+264*B
*a^2*b^2*x^3+240*A*a^2*b^2*x^2-330*B*a^3*b*x^2-280*A*a^3*b*x+385*B*a^4*x+3
15*A*a^4)/x^(11/2)/a^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(315Aa^5 - 16(11Bab^4 - 8Ab^5)x^5 + 8(11Ba^2b^3 - 8Aab^4)x^4 - 6(11Ba^3b^2 - 8Aa^2b^3)x^3 + 5(11Ba^4b - 8Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 35(11Ba^5 + Aa^4b)x + 3465a^5x^{11/2}}{3465a^5x^{11/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(13/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/3465*(315*A*a^5 - 16*(11*B*a*b^4 - 8*A*b^5)*x^5 + 8*(11*B*a^2*b^3 - 8*A
*a*b^4)*x^4 - 6*(11*B*a^3*b^2 - 8*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + 5*(11*B*a^4*b - 8*A*a^3
*b^2)*x^2 + 35*(11*B*a^5 + A*a^4*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(a^5*x^(11/2))
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1413 vs. 2(150) = 300.

Time = 82.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1413, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.42

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(13/2),x)
```

output

```

-630*A*a**9*b**(33/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8
*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**18*x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b**
*20*x**9) - 2590*A*a**8*b**(35/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**
5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**18*x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**19*x**8
+ 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9) - 3980*A*a**7*b**(37/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(34
65*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**18*x**7 + 13860
*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9) - 2716*A*a**6*b**(39/2)*x**3*sqrt
(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b
**18*x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9) - 686*A*a**5*b**
(41/2)*x**4*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**
6 + 20790*a**7*b**18*x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9)
- 70*A*a**4*b**(43/2)*x**5*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860
*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**18*x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a*
*5*b**20*x**9) - 560*A*a**3*b**(45/2)*x**6*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b*
*16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**18*x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**1
9*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9) - 1120*A*a**2*b**(47/2)*x**7*sqrt(a/(b*x) +
1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**18*x**7
+ 13860*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9) - 896*A*a*b**(49/2)*x**8*s
qrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**
7*b**18*x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9) - 256*A*b*...

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx &= \frac{32\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^4}{315a^4x} - \frac{256\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^5}{3465a^5x} \\
 &- \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^3}{315a^3x^2} + \frac{128\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^4}{3465a^4x^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^2}{105a^2x^3} \\
 &- \frac{32\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^3}{1155a^3x^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb}{63ax^4} + \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^2}{693a^2x^4} \\
 &- \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}B}{9x^5} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab}{99ax^5} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}A}{11x^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

```
32/315*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^4/(a^4*x) - 256/3465*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^5/
(a^5*x) - 16/315*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^3/(a^3*x^2) + 128/3465*sqrt(b*x^2 +
a*x)*A*b^4/(a^4*x^2) + 4/105*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^2/(a^2*x^3) - 32/1155*
sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^3/(a^3*x^3) - 2/63*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b/(a*x^4) + 1
6/693*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^2/(a^2*x^4) - 2/9*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B/x^5 - 2/
99*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b/(a*x^5) - 2/11*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A/x^6
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left((2(bx+a)) \left(4(bx+a) \left(\frac{2(11Bab^4-8Ab^5)(bx+a)}{a^5} - \frac{11(11Ba^2b^4-8Aab^5)}{a^5} \right) + \frac{99(11Ba^2b^4-8Aab^5)}{3465((bx+a)^{11/2})} \right) \right)}{3465((bx+a)^{11/2})}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/3465*((2*(b*x + a))*(4*(b*x + a)*(2*(11*B*a*b^4 - 8*A*b^5)*(b*x + a)/a^5
- 11*(11*B*a^2*b^4 - 8*A*a*b^5)/a^5) + 99*(11*B*a^3*b^4 - 8*A*a^2*b^5)/a^5
) - 231*(11*B*a^4*b^4 - 8*A*a^3*b^5)/a^5)*(b*x + a) + 1155*(B*a^5*b^4 - A*
a^4*b^5)/a^5)*(b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^7/(((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(11/2)*abs(b))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx} \left(\frac{2A}{11} + \frac{x(770Ba^5+70Aba^4)}{3465a^5} + \frac{x^5(256Ab^5-352Bab^4)}{3465a^5} + \frac{4b^2x^3(8Ab-11Ba)}{1155a^3} - \frac{16b^3x^4(8Ab-11Ba)}{3465a^4} - \frac{2bx^2(8Ab-11Ba)}{693a^4} \right)}{x^{11/2}}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x^(13/2),x)
```

output

```

-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A)/11 + (x*(770*B*a^5 + 70*A*a^4*b))/(3465*a^5) + (x
^5*(256*A*b^5 - 352*B*a*b^4))/(3465*a^5) + (4*b^2*x^3*(8*A*b - 11*B*a))/(1
155*a^3) - (16*b^3*x^4*(8*A*b - 11*B*a))/(3465*a^4) - (2*b*x^2*(8*A*b - 11
*B*a))/(693*a^2))/x^(11/2)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5}{11} - \frac{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4bx}{33} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^2x^2}{231} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^3x^3}{385} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^4x^4}{1155} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^5x^5}{1155} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^6x^6}{1155}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(13/2),x)
```

output

```

(2*( - 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5 - 140*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b*x
- 5*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b
**3*x**3 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**4*x**4 + 16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*
b**5*x**5 - 16*sqrt(b)*b**5*x**6))/(1155*a**4*x**6)

```

3.295 $\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	2038
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2039
Rubi [A] (verified)	2039
Maple [A] (verified)	2042
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2043
Sympy [F(-1)]	2043
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2044
Giac [F(-1)]	2045
Mupad [F(-1)]	2045
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2045

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{a^4(12Ab - 7aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}}{512b^4} - \frac{a^3(12Ab - 7aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}{768b^3} + \frac{a^2(12Ab - 7aB)x^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}{960b^2} + \frac{11a(12Ab - 7aB)x^{7/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}{480b} + \frac{1}{60}(12Ab - 7aB)x^{9/2}\sqrt{a + bx} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}}{6b} - \frac{a^5(12Ab - 7aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{512b^{9/2}}$$

output

```
1/512*a^4*(12*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^4-1/768*a^3*(12*A*b-7*B*a)
)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3+1/960*a^2*(12*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)
/b^2+11/480*a*(12*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b+1/60*(12*A*b-7*B*a)*x
^(9/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/6*B*x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b-1/512*a^5*(12*A*b-7*B*a
)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}(-105a^5B + 48a^2b^3x^2(2A + Bx) + 256b^5x^4(6A + 5Bx) - 8a^3b^2x(15A + 7Bx) + 10a^4b(18A + 7Bx) + 64a*b^4*x^3(33A + 26B*x)) + 360a^5A*b*ArcTanh[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(\text{Sqrt}[a] - \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])] + 210a^6B*ArcTanh[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(-\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])]}{(7680*b^{(9/2)})}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-105*a^5*B + 48*a^2*b^3*x^2*(2*A + B*x) + 256*b^5*x^4*(6*A + 5*B*x) - 8*a^3*b^2*x*(15*A + 7*B*x) + 10*a^4*b*(18*A + 7*B*x) + 64*a*b^4*x^3*(33*A + 26*B*x)) + 360*a^5*A*b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(\text{Sqrt}[a] - \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])] + 210*a^6*B*ArcTanh[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(-\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])])/(7680*b^(9/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {90, 60, 60, 60, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 90 \\ & \frac{(12Ab - 7aB)}{12b} \int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2} dx + \frac{Bx^{7/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}}{6b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{(12Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{3}{10}a \int x^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx} dx + \frac{1}{5}x^{7/2}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{Bx^{7/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}}{6b}}{12b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(12Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{3}{10}a \left(\frac{1}{8}a \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right)}{12b} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}}{6b}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{(12Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{3}{10}a \left(\frac{1}{8}a \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{6b} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right)}{12b} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}}{6b}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{(12Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{3}{10}a \left(\frac{1}{8}a \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right)}{12b} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}}{6b}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{(12Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{3}{10}a \left(\frac{1}{8}a \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right)}{12b} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}}{6b}$$

↓ 65

$$(12Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{3}{10}a \left(\frac{1}{8}a \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx}{a+bx}} d-\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{1}{5}x \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{Bx^{7/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}}{6b} \quad 12b$$

↓ 219

$$(12Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{3}{10}a \left(\frac{1}{8}a \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{1}{5}x \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{Bx^{7/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}}{6b} \quad 12b$$

input `Int[x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(B*x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(6*b) + ((12*A*b - 7*a*B)*((x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/5 + (3*a*((x^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/4 + (a*((x^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(3*b) - (5*a*((x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(2*b) - (3*a*((Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b - (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/b^(3/2)))/(4*b)))/(6*b))/8))/10)/(12*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
risch	$\frac{(1280b^5Bx^5 + 1536Ab^5x^4 + 1664Bab^4x^4 + 2112Aab^4x^3 + 48Ba^2b^3x^3 + 96Aa^2b^3x^2 - 56Ba^3b^2x^2 - 120a^3b^2Ax + 70a^4bBx + 180a^4bA)}{7680b^4}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}\left(-2560Bb^{\frac{11}{2}}x^5\sqrt{bx+a} - 3072Ab^{\frac{11}{2}}x^4\sqrt{bx+a} - 3328Bab^{\frac{9}{2}}x^4\sqrt{bx+a} - 4224Aab^{\frac{9}{2}}x^3\sqrt{bx+a} - 96B a^2b^{\frac{9}{2}}x^3\sqrt{bx+a} - 1280Aab^{\frac{7}{2}}x^3\sqrt{bx+a} - 1280Bab^{\frac{7}{2}}x^2\sqrt{bx+a} - 1280Aa^2b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2\sqrt{bx+a} - 1280Ba^3b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2\sqrt{bx+a} - 1280Aa^4b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2\sqrt{bx+a} - 1280Ba^5b^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{bx+a} - 1280Aa^6b^{\frac{1}{2}}x\sqrt{bx+a} - 1280Ba^7b^{\frac{1}{2}}\sqrt{bx+a}\right)}{7680b^4}$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/7680/b^4*(1280*B*b^5*x^5+1536*A*b^5*x^4+1664*B*a*b^4*x^4+2112*A*a*b^4*x^
3+48*B*a^2*b^3*x^3+96*A*a^2*b^3*x^2-56*B*a^3*b^2*x^2-120*A*a^3*b^2*x+70*B*
a^4*b*x+180*A*a^4*b-105*B*a^5)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/1024*a^5/b^(9/2)*(1
2*A*b-7*B*a)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))*(x*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x
^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \left[-\frac{15(7Ba^6 - 12Aa^5b)\sqrt{b} \log(2bx - 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x+a}) - 2(1280Bb^6x^5 - 105B^2a^5b^2x^4 + 48B^2a^4b^3x^3 - 8(7B^2a^3b^3 - 12Aa^2b^4)x^2 + 10(7B^2a^4b^2 - 12Aa^3b^3)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^5} - \frac{1}{7680} \frac{(15(7B^2a^6 - 12Aa^5b)\sqrt{-b} \arctan(\frac{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}) - (1280Bb^6x^5 - 105B^2a^5b^2x^4 + 128(13B^2a^4b^3 - 12Aa^3b^4)x^2 + 10(7B^2a^4b^2 - 12Aa^3b^3)x)\sqrt{bx+a}))}{b^5} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/15360*(15*(7*B*a^6 - 12*A*a^5*b)*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*s
qrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(1280*B*b^6*x^5 - 105*B*a^5*b + 180*A*a^4*b^2 + 12
8*(13*B*a*b^5 + 12*A*b^6)*x^4 + 48*(B*a^2*b^4 + 44*A*a*b^5)*x^3 - 8*(7*B*a
^3*b^3 - 12*A*a^2*b^4)*x^2 + 10*(7*B*a^4*b^2 - 12*A*a^3*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x +
a)*sqrt(x))/b^5, -1/7680*(15*(7*B*a^6 - 12*A*a^5*b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(
-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (1280*B*b^6*x^5 - 105*B*a^5*b + 180*A*a^4*b^2
+ 128*(13*B*a*b^5 + 12*A*b^6)*x^4 + 48*(B*a^2*b^4 + 44*A*a*b^5)*x^3 - 8*(
7*B*a^3*b^3 - 12*A*a^2*b^4)*x^2 + 10*(7*B*a^4*b^2 - 12*A*a^3*b^3)*x)*sqrt(
b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/b^5]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(5/2)*(b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A),x)
```


output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)dx = -\frac{7\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^4x}{256b^3} + \frac{7(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}Ba^2x}{96b^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa^3x}{64b^2} + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{5/2}Bx}{6b} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}Aax}{8b} + \frac{7Ba^6\log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{1024b^{9/2}} - \frac{3Aa^5\log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{256b^{7/2}} - \frac{7\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^5}{512b^4} + \frac{7(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}Ba^3}{192b^3} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa^4}{128b^3} - \frac{7(bx^2+ax)^{5/2}Ba}{60b^2} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}Aa^2}{16b^2} + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{5/2}A}{5b}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-7/256*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^4*x/b^3 + 7/96*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a^2*x/b^2 + 3/64*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^3*x/b^2 + 1/6*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(5/2)*B*x/b - 1/8*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A*a*x/b + 7/1024*B*a^6*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(9/2) - 3/256*A*a^5*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(7/2) - 7/512*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^5/b^4 + 7/192*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a^3/b^3 + 3/128*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^4/b^3 - 7/60*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(5/2)*B*a/b^2 - 1/16*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A*a^2/b^2 + 1/5*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(5/2)*A/b`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \int x^{5/2}(A+Bx)(a+bx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(A+B*x)*(a+b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^(5/2)*(A+B*x)*(a+b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5b - 10\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4b^2x + 8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^3x^2 + 432\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}{153}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x)`

output

```
(15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*b - 10*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b**2*x +
8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**3*x**2 + 432*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*
*4*x**3 + 640*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**5*x**4 + 256*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x
)*b**6*x**5 - 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*
*6)/(1536*b**4)
```

3.296 $\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	2047
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2048
Rubi [A] (verified)	2048
Maple [A] (verified)	2051
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2051
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2052
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2053
Giac [F(-1)]	2053
Mupad [F(-1)]	2054
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2054

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = -\frac{3a^3(2Ab - aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}}{128b^3} + \frac{a^2(2Ab - aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}{64b^2} + \frac{3a(2Ab - aB)x^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}{16b} + \frac{1}{8}(2Ab - aB)x^{7/2}\sqrt{a + bx} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b} + \frac{3a^4(2Ab - aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{128b^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-3/128*a^3*(2*A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3+1/64*a^2*(2*A*b-B*a)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^2+3/16*a*(2*A*b-B*a)*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b+1/8*(2*A*b-B*a)*x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/5*B*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b+3/128*a^4*(2*A*b-B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}(15a^4B - 10a^3b(3A + Bx) + 4a^2b^2x(5A + 2Bx) + 32b^4x^3(5A + 4Bx) + 3a^4(-2Ab + aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{640b^3} + \frac{3a^4(-2Ab + aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{64b^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x), x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(15*a^4*B - 10*a^3*b*(3*A + B*x) + 4*a^2*b^2*x*(5*A + 2*B*x) + 32*b^4*x^3*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 16*a*b^3*x^2*(15*A + 11*B*x)))/(640*b^3) + (3*a^4*(-2*A*b + a*B)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(64*b^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {90, 60, 60, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\ & \frac{(2Ab - aB) \int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2} dx}{2b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\ & \frac{(2Ab - aB) \left(\frac{3}{8}a \int x^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right)}{2b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5b} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(2Ab - aB) \left(\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{1}{6}a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right)}{2b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b}$$

$$\frac{(2Ab - aB) \left(\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{1}{6}a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{4b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right)}{2b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b}$$

$$\frac{(2Ab - aB) \left(\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{1}{6}a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right)}{2b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b}$$

$$\frac{(2Ab - aB) \left(\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{1}{6}a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx}{a+bx}} d \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}} \right)}{4b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right)}{2b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b}$$

$$\frac{(2Ab - aB) \left(\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{1}{6}a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right)}{2b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5b}$$

input `Int[x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(B*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*b) + ((2*A*b - a*B)*((x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*((x^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/3 + (a*((x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(2*b) - (3*a*((Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b - (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/b^(3/2)))/(4*b)))/6))/8))/(2*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-128Bx^4b^4-160Ax^3b^4-176Bx^3ab^3-240Ax^2ab^3-8Bx^2a^2b^2-20Axa^2b^2+10Bxa^3b+30Aa^3b-15Ba^4)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}{640b^3} + \dots$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}\left(256Bb^{\frac{9}{2}}x^4\sqrt{x(bx+a)}+320Ab^{\frac{9}{2}}x^3\sqrt{x(bx+a)}+352Bab^{\frac{7}{2}}x^3\sqrt{x(bx+a)}+480Aab^{\frac{7}{2}}x^2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}+16Ba^2b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\right)}{\dots}$

```
input int(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/640/b^3*(-128*B*b^4*x^4-160*A*b^4*x^3-176*B*a*b^3*x^3-240*A*a*b^3*x^2-8
*B*a^2*b^2*x^2-20*A*a^2*b^2*x+10*B*a^3*b*x+30*A*a^3*b-15*B*a^4)*x^(1/2)*(b
*x+a)^(1/2)+3/256*a^4/b^(7/2)*(2*A*b-B*a)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*
x)^(1/2))*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \left[-\frac{15(Ba^5 - 2Aa^4b)\sqrt{b} \log\left(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x+a}\right) - 2(128Bb^5x^4 + 15Ba^4b^5)}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/1280*(15*(B*a^5 - 2*A*a^4*b)*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(
b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(128*B*b^5*x^4 + 15*B*a^4*b - 30*A*a^3*b^2 + 16*(11*B*
a*b^4 + 10*A*b^5)*x^3 + 8*(B*a^2*b^3 + 30*A*a*b^4)*x^2 - 10*(B*a^3*b^2 - 2
*A*a^2*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/b^4, 1/640*(15*(B*a^5 - 2*A*a^4*b)*s
qrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (128*B*b^5*x^4 + 15*B*a^4
*b - 30*A*a^3*b^2 + 16*(11*B*a*b^4 + 10*A*b^5)*x^3 + 8*(B*a^2*b^3 + 30*A*a
*b^4)*x^2 - 10*(B*a^3*b^2 - 2*A*a^2*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/b^4]
```


Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 355 vs. $2(173) = 346$.

Time = 154.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)dx = -\frac{3Aa^{7/2}\sqrt{x}}{64b^2\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{Aa^{5/2}x^{3/2}}{64b\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{13Aa^{3/2}x^{5/2}}{32\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{5A\sqrt{ab}x^{7/2}}{8\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{3Aa^4\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64b^{5/2}} + \frac{Ab^2x^{9/2}}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{3Ba^{9/2}\sqrt{x}}{128b^3\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{Ba^{7/2}x^{3/2}}{128b^2\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{Ba^{5/2}x^{5/2}}{320b\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{23Ba^{3/2}x^{7/2}}{80\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{19B\sqrt{ab}x^{9/2}}{40\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{3Ba^5\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128b^{7/2}} + \frac{Bb^2x^{11/2}}{5\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A), x)`

output

```
-3*A*a**(7/2)*sqrt(x)/(64*b**2*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - A*a**(5/2)*x**(3/2)/(64*
b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 13*A*a**(3/2)*x**(5/2)/(32*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 5*A*sq
rt(a)*b*x**(7/2)/(8*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 3*A*a**4*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(
a))/(64*b**(5/2)) + A*b**2*x**(9/2)/(4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 3*B*a**
(9/2)*sqrt(x)/(128*b**3*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + B*a**(7/2)*x**(3/2)/(128*b**2*sq
rt(1 + b*x/a)) - B*a**(5/2)*x**(5/2)/(320*b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 23*B*a**
(3/2)*x**(7/2)/(80*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 19*B*sqrt(a)*b*x**(9/2)/(40*sqrt(1 + b
x/a)) - 3*B*a**5*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(128*b**(7/2)) + B*b**2*x
*(11/2)/(5*sqrt(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{4}(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ax + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^3x}{64b^2} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bax}{8b} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa^2x}{32b} - \frac{3Ba^5 \log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{256b^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{3Aa^4 \log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{128b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^4}{128b^3} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba^2}{16b^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa^3}{64b^2} + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}B}{5b} + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Aa}{8b}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A*x + 3/64*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^3*x/b^2 - 1/8*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a*x/b - 3/32*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^2*x/b - 3/256*B*a^5*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(7/2) + 3/128*A*a^4*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(5/2) + 3/128*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^4/b^3 - 1/16*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a^2/b^2 - 3/64*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^3/b^2 + 1/5*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(5/2)*B/b + 1/8*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A*a/b`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a+bx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{-15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4b + 10\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^2x + 248\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^3x^2 + 336\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^4x^3 + 128\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^5x^4 + 15\sqrt{b}\log(\sqrt{a+bx} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{b})/\sqrt{a}a^5}{640b^3}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A), x)`

output `(- 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b + 10*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*x + 248*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*x**2 + 336*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**4*x**3 + 128*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**5*x**4 + 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**5)/(640*b**3)`

3.297 $\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	2055
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2055
Rubi [A] (verified)	2056
Maple [A] (verified)	2058
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2059
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2060
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2061
Giac [F(-1)]	2062
Mupad [F(-1)]	2062
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2063

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{a^2(8Ab - 3aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{64b^2} + \frac{7a(8Ab - 3aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{96b}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{24}(8Ab - 3aB)x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}}{4b} - \frac{a^3(8Ab - 3aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{64b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/64*a^2*(8*A*b-3*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^2+7/96*a*(8*A*b-3*B*a)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b+1/24*(8*A*b-3*B*a)*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/4*B*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b-1/64*a^3*(8*A*b-3*B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}(-9a^3B + 6a^2b(4A + Bx) + 16b^3x^2(4A + 3Bx) + 8ab^2x(14A + 9Bx)) + 6a^3(-}{192b^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x), x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(-9*a^3*B + 6*a^2*b*(4*A + B*x) + 16*b^3*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 8*a*b^2*x*(14*A + 9*B*x)) + 6*a^3*(-8*A*b + 3*a*B)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(-\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])])/(192*b^{(5/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {90, 60, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 90 \\
 & \frac{(8Ab-3aB) \int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2} dx}{8b} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(8Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right)}{8b} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(8Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{1}{4}a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right)}{8b} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(8Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right)}{8b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 65
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(8Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right)}{\frac{8b}{4b} Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} +$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(8Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right)}{\frac{8b}{4b} Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} +$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x), x]`

output `(B*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(4*b) + ((8*A*b - 3*a*B)*((x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/3 + (a*(x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/2 + (a*((Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b - (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/b^(3/2))))/4)/2)/(8*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 90

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
risch	$\frac{(48b^3 B x^3 + 64A x^2 b^3 + 72B x^2 a b^2 + 112A x a b^2 + 6B x a^2 b + 24a^2 b A - 9a^3 B) \sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a}}{192b^2} - \frac{a^3(8Ab - 3Ba) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2} + bx}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\right)}{128b^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} \left(-96B b^{\frac{7}{2}} x^3 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} - 128A b^{\frac{7}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} - 144Ba b^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} - 224A \sqrt{x(bx+a)} b^{\frac{5}{2}} ax - 12B \sqrt{x(bx+a)} b \right)}{384b^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{x}}$

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/192/b^2*(48*B*b^3*x^3+64*A*b^3*x^2+72*B*a*b^2*x^2+112*A*a*b^2*x+6*B*a^2*b*x+24*A*a^2*b-9*B*a^3)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)-1/128*a^3/b^(5/2)*(8*A*b-3*B*a)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))*(x*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)dx = \left[\frac{3(3Ba^4 - 8Aa^3b)\sqrt{b} \log(2bx - 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + a) - 2(48Bb^4x^3 - 9Ba^3b + 24Aa^2b^2 + 8(9Bab^3 + 8Ab^4)x^2 + 2(3Ba^4 - 8Aa^3b)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) - (48Bb^4x^3 - 9Ba^3b + 24Aa^2b^2 + 8(9Bab^3 + 8Ab^4)x^2 + 2(3Ba^4 - 8Aa^3b)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right))}{384b^3} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/384*(3*(3*B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(48*B*b^4*x^3 - 9*B*a^3*b + 24*A*a^2*b^2 + 8*(9*B*a*b^3 + 8*A*b^4)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 56*A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/b^3, -1/192*(3*(3*B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (48*B*b^4*x^3 - 9*B*a^3*b + 24*A*a^2*b^2 + 8*(9*B*a*b^3 + 8*A*b^4)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 56*A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/b^3]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 457, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.93

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A \\
& + Bx) dx = 2Aa \left(\left(\begin{array}{l} a^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}+2b\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{b}} \\ \frac{\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{bx}} \end{array} \right) \text{ for } a \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \right) + \sqrt{a+bx} \left(\frac{a\sqrt{x}}{8b} + \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} \right) \text{ for } b \neq 0 \\
& \text{otherwise} \\
& + 2Ab \left(\left(\begin{array}{l} a^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}+2b\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{b}} \\ \frac{\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{bx}} \end{array} \right) \text{ for } a \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} \right) + \sqrt{a+bx} \left(-\frac{a^2\sqrt{x}}{16b^2} + \frac{ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24b} + \frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} \right) \text{ for } b \neq 0 \\
& \text{otherwise} \\
& + 2Ba \left(\left(\begin{array}{l} a^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}+2b\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{b}} \\ \frac{\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{bx}} \end{array} \right) \text{ for } a \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} \right) + \sqrt{a+bx} \left(-\frac{a^2\sqrt{x}}{16b^2} + \frac{ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24b} + \frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} \right) \text{ for } b \neq 0 \\
& \text{otherwise} \\
& + 2Bb \left(\left(\begin{array}{l} 5a^4 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}+2b\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{b}} \\ \frac{\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{bx}} \end{array} \right) \text{ for } a \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} \right) + \sqrt{a+bx} \left(\frac{5a^3\sqrt{x}}{128b^3} - \frac{5a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{192b^2} + \frac{ax^{\frac{5}{2}}}{48b} + \frac{x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8} \right) \text{ for } b \neq 0 \\
& \text{otherwise}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A), x)`

output

```

2*A*a*Piecewise((-a**2*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x)
))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True))/(8*b) + sqrt
t(a + b*x)*(a*sqrt(x)/(8*b) + x**(3/2)/4), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**(3/2)/3,
True)) + 2*A*b*Piecewise((a**3*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2
*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True))/(1
6*b**2) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(-a**2*sqrt(x)/(16*b**2) + a*x**(3/2)/(24*b) + x**
(5/2)/6), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**(5/2)/5, True)) + 2*B*a*Piecewise((a**3*P
iecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (
sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True))/(16*b**2) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(-a**2*sq
rt(x)/(16*b**2) + a*x**(3/2)/(24*b) + x**(5/2)/6), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**
(5/2)/5, True)) + 2*B*b*Piecewise((-5*a**4*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a
+ b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x)
, True))/(128*b**3) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(5*a**3*sqrt(x)/(128*b**3) - 5*a**2*x*
*(3/2)/(192*b**2) + a*x**(5/2)/(48*b) + x**(7/2)/8), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x
**(7/2)/7, True))

```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 287 vs. $2(122) = 244$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx &= \frac{1}{4} (bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bx + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{bx^2+ax} Aax \\
&+ \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax} B a^2 x}{32b} - \frac{5Ba^4 \log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{128b^{\frac{5}{2}}} \\
&- \frac{Aa^3 \log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{8b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax} B a^3}{64b^2} \\
&- \frac{5(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} B a}{24b} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax} A a^2}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax} (Ba+Ab) a x}{4b} \\
&+ \frac{(Ba+Ab) a^3 \log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{16b^{\frac{5}{2}}} \\
&- \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax} (Ba+Ab) a^2}{8b^2} + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} (Ba+Ab)}{3b}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/4*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*x + 1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a*x + 5/32*sqrt(b*x^
2 + a*x)*B*a^2*x/b - 5/128*B*a^4*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(
b))/b^(5/2) - 1/8*A*a^3*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(3/
2) + 5/64*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^3/b^2 - 5/24*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a/b + 1
/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^2/b - 1/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*(B*a + A*b)*a*x/b + 1
/16*(B*a + A*b)*a^3*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(5/2) -
1/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*(B*a + A*b)*a^2/b^2 + 1/3*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*(B*a
+ A*b)/b

```

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

Timed out

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx) dx = \int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(a + bx)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b + 118\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2x + 136\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^3x^2 + 48\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^4x^3 - 15\sqrt{b}\log(\sqrt{a+bx} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{b})/\sqrt{a}a^4}{192b^2}$$

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A),x)
```

output

```
(15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b + 118*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*x +
136*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*x**
3 - 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**4)/(192*b
**2)
```

3.298 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	2064
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2064
Rubi [A] (verified)	2065
Maple [A] (verified)	2067
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2067
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2068
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2069
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2070
Mupad [F(-1)]	2070
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2070

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{5a(6Ab - aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{24b} + \frac{1}{12}(6Ab - aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2}}{3b} + \frac{a^2(6Ab - aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}}$$

output `5/24*a*(6*A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b+1/12*(6*A*b-B*a)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/3*B*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/b+1/8*a^2*(6*A*b-B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(30aAb + 3a^2B + 12Ab^2x + 14abBx + 8b^2Bx^2)}{24b} + \frac{a^2(-6Ab + aB)\log\left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a+bx}\right)}{8b^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[x], x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(30*a*A*b + 3*a^2*B + 12*A*b^2*x + 14*a*b*B*x + 8*b^2*B*x^2))/(24*b) + (a^2*(-6*A*b + a*B)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[a + b*x]])/(8*b^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {90, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$\frac{(6Ab - aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{6b} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(6Ab - aB) \left(\frac{3}{4}a \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} dx + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right)}{6b} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(6Ab - aB) \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right)}{6b} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 65$$

$$\frac{(6Ab - aB) \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx}{a+bx}} d \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right)}{6b} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{(6Ab - aB) \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right)}{6b} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}}{3b}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[x], x]`

output `(B*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(3*b) + ((6*A*b - a*B)*((Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/2 + (3*a*(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x] + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]]))/Sqrt[b]))/4)/(6*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
risch	$\frac{(8b^2Bx^2+12Ab^2x+14Babx+30abA+3a^2B)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}{24b} + \frac{a^2(6Ab-Ba)\ln\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{b}}+\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right)\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{16b^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{x}\left(16Bb^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}+24A\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{5}{2}}x+28B\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{3}{2}}ax+18A\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}+2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)a^2b+60A\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\right)}{48b^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{24} \frac{1}{b} (8Bb^2x^2 + 12Ab^2x + 14Babx + 30Aab + 3Bb^2a^2) x^{1/2} (bx+a)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{16} \frac{a^2}{b^{3/2}} (6Ab - Ba) \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right) \frac{(bx+a)^{1/2}}{x^{1/2}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(Ba^3 - 6Aa^2b)\sqrt{b} \log\left(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + a\right) - 2(8Bb^3x^2 + 3Bb^2ax + 3Aab^2)}{48b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[-\frac{1}{48} \frac{(3(Ba^3 - 6Aa^2b)\sqrt{b} \log(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + a) - 2(8Bb^3x^2 + 3Bb^2ax + 3Aab^2))}{48b^2}, \frac{1}{24} \frac{(3(Ba^3 - 6Aa^2b)\sqrt{-b} \arctan(\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{bx+a}) + (8Bb^3x^2 + 3Bb^2ax + 3Aab^2)\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{x})}{b^2} \right]$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = Aa^{3/2}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}} + \frac{Aa^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \\
& + 2Ab \left(\left(\begin{array}{l} a^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}+2b\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{b}} \text{ for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{bx}} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{3/2}}{3} \end{array} \right) + \frac{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{8b} + \frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4} \text{ for } b \neq 0 \\
& \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\
& - \frac{Ba^{5/2}\sqrt{x}}{8b\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{Ba^{3/2}x^{3/2}}{24\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{5B\sqrt{ab}x^{5/2}}{12\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{Ba^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}} \\
& + 2Ba \left(\left(\begin{array}{l} a^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}+2b\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{b}} \text{ for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{bx}} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{3/2}}{3} \end{array} \right) + \frac{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{8b} + \frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4} \text{ for } b \neq 0 \\
& \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\
& + \frac{Bb^2x^{7/2}}{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(1/2), x)`output `A*a**(3/2)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + A*a**2*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a)) /sqrt(b) + 2*A*b*Piecewise((-a**2*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True)))/(8*b) + a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)/(8*b) + x**(3/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)/4, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**(3/2)/3, True)) - B*a**(5/2)*sqrt(x)/(8*b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - B*a**(3/2)*x**(3/2)/(24*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 5*B*sqrt(a)*b*x**(5/2)/(12*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + B*a**3*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(8*b**(3/2)) + 2*B*a*Piecewise((-a**2*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True)))/(8*b) + a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)/(8*b) + x**(3/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)/4, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**(3/2)/3, True)) + B*b**2*x**(7/2)/(3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a))`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 282 vs. $2(92) = 184$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{bx^2+ax} Bbx^2 - \frac{5}{12} \sqrt{bx^2+ax} Bax - \frac{5Ba^3 \log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{16b^{3/2}} + \frac{Aa^2 \log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^2}{8b} + \frac{(2Bab+Ab^2)\sqrt{bx^2+ax}x}{2b} + \frac{3(2Bab+Ab^2)a^2 \log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{8b^{5/2}} - \frac{(Ba^2+2Aab)a \log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{2b^{3/2}} - \frac{3(2Bab+Ab^2)\sqrt{bx^2+ax}a}{4b^2} + \frac{(Ba^2+2Aab)\sqrt{bx^2+ax}}{b}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b*x^2 - 5/12*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a*x - 5/16*B*a^3*
log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(3/2) + A*a^2*log(2*b*x + a
+ 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(b) + 5/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^2/b +
1/2*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*x/b + 3/8*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*a^2*lo
g(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(5/2) - 1/2*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)
*a*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(3/2) - 3/4*(2*B*a*b + A
*b^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a/b^2 + (B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)/b
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 75.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{\left(\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\sqrt{bx+a} \left(2(bx+a) \left(\frac{4(bx+a)B}{b^2} - \frac{Bab^2-6Ab^3}{b^4} \right) - \frac{3(Ba^2b^2-6Ab^3)}{b^4} \right) \right)}{24|b|}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/24*(sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a)*(2*(b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*B/b^2 - (B*a*b^2 - 6*A*b^3)/b^4) - 3*(B*a^2*b^2 - 6*A*a*b^3)/b^4) + 3*(B*a^3 - 6*A*a^2*b)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)))/b^(3/2))*b/abs(b)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x^(1/2),x)`output `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{33\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b + 26\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2x + 8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^3x^2 + 15\sqrt{b}\log(\dots)}{24b}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(33*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b + 26*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x + 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*x**2 + 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**3)/(24*b)
```

3.299 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2072
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2072
Rubi [A] (verified)	2073
Maple [A] (verified)	2075
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2075
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2076
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2076
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2077
Mupad [F(-1)]	2077
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2078

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3}{4}(4Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{2}B\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2} + \frac{3a(4Ab+aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
3/4*(4*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)-2*A*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^(1/2)+1/2*B*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)+3/4*a*(4*A*b+B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(-8aA+4Abx+5aBx+2bBx^2)}{4\sqrt{x}} + \frac{3a(4Ab+aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-8*a*A + 4*A*b*x + 5*a*B*x + 2*b*B*x^2))/(4*Sqrt[x]) + (3*a*(4*A*b + a*B)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(2*Sqrt[b])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {87, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(aB + 4Ab) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{a\sqrt{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(aB + 4Ab) \left(\frac{3}{4}a \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} dx + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{a\sqrt{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(aB + 4Ab) \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{a\sqrt{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 65 \\
 & \frac{(aB + 4Ab) \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{a\sqrt{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(aB + 4Ab) \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{a\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*A*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(a*Sqrt[x]) + ((4*A*b + a*B)*((Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/2 + (3*a*(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x] + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/Sqrt[b]))/4)/a`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 219 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(-2bBx^2-4Abx-5Bax+8Aa)}{4\sqrt{x}} + \frac{3a(4Ab+Ba)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}}+\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right)\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}\left(4B\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2+12Ab\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}+2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)ax+8A\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{3}{2}}x+3B\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}+2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)a^2x+10B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}\right)}{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}}$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/4*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(-2*B*b*x^2-4*A*b*x-5*B*a*x+8*A*a)/x^{(1/2)}+3/8*a*(4*A*b+B*a)*\ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^{(1/2)}+(b*x^2+a*x)^{(1/2)})/b^{(1/2)}*(x*(b*x+a))^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(Ba^2+4Aab)\sqrt{bx}\log\left(2bx+2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}+a\right)+2(2Bb^2x^2-8Aab)}{8bx} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`output
$$\left[\frac{1}{8}*(3*(B*a^2+4*A*a*b)*\sqrt{b}*x*\log(2*b*x+2*\sqrt{b*x+a}*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{x}+a)+2*(2*B*b^2*x^2-8*A*a*b+(5*B*a*b+4*A*b^2)*x)*\sqrt{b*x+a}*\sqrt{x})/(b*x), -1/4*(3*(B*a^2+4*A*a*b)*\sqrt{-b}*x*\arctan(\sqrt{-b}*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{b*x+a}))-(2*B*b^2*x^2-8*A*a*b+(5*B*a*b+4*A*b^2)*x)*\sqrt{b*x+a}*\sqrt{x})/(b*x) \right]$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + A\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}} - \frac{2A\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + 3Aa\sqrt{b}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + Ba^{3/2}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}} + \frac{Ba^2\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + 2Bb \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} a^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}+2b\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{b}} \quad \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{bx}} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - \frac{\quad}{8b} \end{array} \right) + \frac{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{8b} + \frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4} \quad \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{3/2}}{3} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(3/2), x)`output `-2*A*a**(3/2)/(sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + A*sqrt(a)*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) - 2*A*sqrt(a)*b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 3*A*a*sqrt(b)*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a)) + B*a**(3/2)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + B*a**2*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/sqrt(b) + 2*B*b*Piecewise((-a**2*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True)))/(8*b) + a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)/(8*b) + x**(3/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)/4, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**(3/2)/3, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3Ba^2\log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}} + \frac{3}{2}Aa\sqrt{b}\log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right) + \frac{3}{4}\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}B}{2x} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa}{x} + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}A}{x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/8*B*a^2*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(b) + 3/2*A*a*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b)) + 3/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a + 1/2*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B/x - 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a/x + (b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A/x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 74.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{(bx+a) \left(\frac{2(bx+a)B}{b} + \frac{Bab+4Ab^2}{b^2} \right) - \frac{3(Ba^2b+4Aab^2)}{b^2}}{\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}} \right) \sqrt{bx+a} - \frac{3(Ba^2+4Aab) \log\left(\frac{-\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}}{b^2}\right)}{b^2}}{4|b|}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(((b*x + a)*(2*(b*x + a)*B/b + (B*a*b + 4*A*b^2)/b^2) - 3*(B*a^2*b + 4*A*a*b^2)/b^2)*sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b) - 3*(B*a^2 + 4*A*a*b)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)))/b^(3/2))*b^2/a bs(b)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2 + 9\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}abx + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^2x^2 + 15\sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4x}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x)`output `(- 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2 + 9*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*x + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x))*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2*x - 10*sqrt(b)*a**2*x)/(4*x)`

3.300 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2079
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2079
Rubi [A] (verified)	2080
Maple [A] (verified)	2082
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2082
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2083
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2084
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2084
Mupad [F(-1)]	2085
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2085

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ab+aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} + bB\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} + \sqrt{b}(2Ab+3aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)$$

output

```
-2*(A*b+B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)+b*B*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)-2/3*A*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^(3/2)+b^(1/2)*(2*A*b+3*B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(-2aA-8Abx-6aBx+3bBx^2)}{3x^{3/2}} + 2\sqrt{b}(2Ab+3aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-2*a*A - 8*A*b*x - 6*a*B*x + 3*b*B*x^2))/(3*x^(3/2)) + 2*Sqrt[b]*(2*A*b + 3*a*B)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {87, 57, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(3aB + 2Ab) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{3ax^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 57 \\
 & \frac{(3aB + 2Ab) \left(3b \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} dx - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{3ax^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(3aB + 2Ab) \left(3b \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{3ax^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 65 \\
 & \frac{(3aB + 2Ab) \left(3b \left(a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx}{a+bx}} d \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{3ax^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{(3aB + 2Ab) \left(3b \left(\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{3ax^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*A*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(3*a*x^(3/2)) + ((2*A*b + 3*a*B)*((-2*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/Sqrt[x] + 3*b*(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x] + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/Sqrt[b]))/(3*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 57 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m + n + 2, 0] && (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(-3bBx^2+8Abx+6Bax+2Aa)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(2Ab+3Ba)\ln\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{b}}+\sqrt{bx+a}\right)\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}\left(6A\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)b^2x^2+9B\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)abx^2+6B\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2-16A\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{3}{2}}x-12E\right)}{6x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}}$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-3*B*b*x^2+8*A*b*x+6*B*a*x+2*A*a)/x^(3/2)+1/2*b^(1/2)*
(2*A*b+3*B*a)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/
x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(3Ba+2Ab)\sqrt{bx+a}\log\left(2bx+2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}+a\right)+2(3Bbx^2-2Aa)}{6x^2} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/6*(3*(3*B*a + 2*A*b)*sqrt(b)*x^2*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) + 2*(3*B*b*x^2 - 2*A*a - 2*(3*B*a + 4*A*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/x^2, -1/3*(3*(3*B*a + 2*A*b)*sqrt(-b)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (3*B*b*x^2 - 2*A*a - 2*(3*B*a + 4*A*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/x^2]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 3.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{ab}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{2Aa\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3x}$$

$$- \frac{2Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3} + 2Ab^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2Ab^2\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{2Ba^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}}$$

$$+ B\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}} - \frac{2B\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}} + 3Ba\sqrt{b} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
-2*A*sqrt(a)*b/(sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 2*A*a*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*x) - 2*A*b**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/3 + 2*A*b**(3/2)*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a)) - 2*A*b**2*sqrt(x)/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 2*B*a**(3/2)/(sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + B*sqrt(a)*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) - 2*B*sqrt(a)*b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 3*B*a*sqrt(b)*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3}{2}Ba\sqrt{b} \log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right) + Ab^{\frac{3}{2}} \log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right) - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba}{x} - \frac{7\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab}{3x} + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}B}{x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa}{3x^2} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}A}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/2*B*a*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b)) + A*b^(3/2)*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b)) - 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a/x - 7/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b/x + (b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B/x^2 - 1/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a/x^2 - 1/3*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A/x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 76.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{b^3 \left(\frac{3(3Ba+2Ab) \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right|\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\left(\left(3(bx+a)B - \frac{4(3Ba^2b+2Aab^2)}{ab}\right)(bx+a) + \frac{3(3Ba^3b+2Aa^2b^2)}{ab}\right)\sqrt{bx+a}}{\left((bx+a)b-ab\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{3|b|}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*b^3*(3*(3*B*a + 2*A*b)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)))/b^(3/2) - ((3*(b*x + a)*B - 4*(3*B*a^2*b + 2*A*a*b^2)/(a*b))*(b*x + a) + 3*(3*B*a^3*b + 2*A*a^2*b^2)/(a*b))*sqrt(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(3/2)/abs(b)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x^(5/2), x)`output `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}a^2 - 28\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}abx + 6\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}b^2x^2 + 30\sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx + a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{6x^2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2), x)`output `(- 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2 - 28*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*x + 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2 + 30*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*b*x**2 + 5*sqrt(b)*a*b*x**2)/(6*x**2)`

3.301 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2086
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2086
Rubi [A] (verified)	2087
Maple [A] (verified)	2089
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2089
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2090
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2090
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2091
Mupad [F(-1)]	2091
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2092

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2aB\sqrt{a+bx}}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{8bB\sqrt{a+bx}}{3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5ax^{5/2}} + 2b^{3/2}B \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)$$

output
$$-2/3*a*B*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/x^{(3/2)}-8/3*b*B*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)}-2/5*A*(b*x+a)^{(5/2)}/a/x^{(5/2)}+2*b^{(3/2)}*B*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)})$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}(3a^2A+6aAbx+5a^2Bx+3Ab^2x^2+20abBx^2)}{15ax^{5/2}} - 2b^{3/2}B \log\left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a+bx}\right)$$

input
$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(a+b*x)^{(3/2)}*(A+B*x)/x^{(7/2)},x]$$

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(3*a^2*A + 6*a*A*b*x + 5*a^2*B*x + 3*A*b^2*x^2 + 20*a*b*B*x^2))/(15*a*x^(5/2)) - 2*b^(3/2)*B*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[a + b*x]]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {87, 57, 57, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$B \int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5ax^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 57$$

$$B \left(b \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}}{x^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2(a + bx)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5ax^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 57$$

$$B \left(b \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2(a + bx)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5ax^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 65$$

$$B \left(b \left(2b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx}{a+bx}} d \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2(a + bx)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5ax^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$B \left(b \left(2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a + bx}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2(a + bx)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5ax^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2A*(a + b*x)^{(5/2)})/(5*a*x^{(5/2)}) + B*((-2*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*x^{(3/2)}) \\ & + b*((-2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])/\text{Sqrt}[x] + 2*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])) \end{aligned}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 57

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\\ & (a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) \\ & \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \& \& \\ & \& \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \& \& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \& \& !(IntegerQ[n] \& \& !IntegerQ[m]) \& \& !(ILeQ[m \\ & + n + 2, 0] \& \& (\text{FractionQ}[m] || \text{GeQ}[2*n + m + 1, 0])) \& \& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c \\ & , d, m, n, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 65

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(b_.)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Sub} \\ & \text{st}[\text{Int}[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[b*x]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d \\ & \}, x\} \& \& !\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \end{aligned}$$

rule 87

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^{(p} \\ & _.), x_] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/(f*(p \\ & + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p \\ & + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] \\ & /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x\} \& \& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \& \& (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] || \text{Intege} \\ & \text{rQ}[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || \text{LtQ}[p, n]))) \end{aligned}$$

rule 219

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \\ & \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \& \& \text{NegQ}[a/b] \& \& (\text{Gt} \\ & \text{Q}[a, 0] || \text{LtQ}[b, 0]) \end{aligned}$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(3Ab^2x^2+20Babx^2+6aAbx+5Ba^2x+3a^2A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}a} + \frac{b^{\frac{3}{2}}B\ln\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{b}}+\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right)\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}\left(-15B\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}+2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)a b^2x^3+6A\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2+40B\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{3}{2}}ax^2+12Aab^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{x(bx+a)}+10Ba^2\right)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}a\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}}$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/15*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(3*A*b^2*x^2+20*B*a*b*x^2+6*A*a*b*x+5*B*a^2*x+3*A*a^2)/x^(5/2)/a+b^(3/2)*B*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \left[\frac{15 Bab^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 \log\left(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + a\right) - 2(3Aa^2 + (20Bab + 3Ab^2)x^2 + (5Ba^2 + 6Aab)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{15ax^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/15*(15*B*a*b^(3/2)*x^3*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(3*A*a^2 + (20*B*a*b + 3*A*b^2)*x^2 + (5*B*a^2 + 6*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(a*x^3), -2/15*(15*B*a*sqrt(-b)*b*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (3*A*a^2 + (20*B*a*b + 3*A*b^2)*x^2 + (5*B*a^2 + 6*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(a*x^3)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 190 vs. $2(88) = 176$.

Time = 4.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{5x^2} - \frac{4Ab^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{5x}$$

$$- \frac{2Ab^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{5a} - \frac{2B\sqrt{ab}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{2Ba\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3x}$$

$$- \frac{2Bb^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3} + 2Bb^{3/2} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2Bb^2\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(7/2),x)
```

output

```
-2*A*a*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(5*x**2) - 4*A*b**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)
/(5*x) - 2*A*b**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(5*a) - 2*B*sqrt(a)*b/(sqrt(x)*sq
rt(1 + b*x/a)) - 2*B*a*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*x) - 2*B*b**(3/2)*sqrt(
a/(b*x) + 1)/3 + 2*B*b**(3/2)*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a)) - 2*B*b**2*sq
rt(x)/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 158 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = Bb^{3/2} \log\left(2bx + a + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\sqrt{b}\right)$$

$$- \frac{7\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bb}{3x} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab^2}{5ax} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ba}{3x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab}{5x^2} - \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{3/2}B}{3x^3} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Aa}{5x^3} - \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{3/2}A}{x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$B*b^{(3/2)}*\log(2*b*x + a + 2*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*\sqrt{b}) - 7/3*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*B*b/x - 2/5*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*A*b^2/(a*x) - 1/3*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*B*a/x^2 + 1/5*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*A*b/x^2 - 1/3*(b*x^2 + a*x)^{(3/2)}*B/x^3 + 3/5*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*A*a/x^3 - (b*x^2 + a*x)^{(3/2)}*A/x^4$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 75.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left(15 B b^{\frac{3}{2}} \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab} \right| \right) + \frac{\left(15 B a^2 b^4 - \left(35 B a b^4 - \frac{(20 B a^2 b^4 + 3 A a b^5)(bx + a)}{a^2} \right) (bx + a) \right) \sqrt{bx + a}}{((bx + a)b - ab)^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$$

$$15 |b|$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{-2/15*(15*B*b^{(3/2)}*\log(\text{abs}(-\sqrt{b*x + a}*\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{(b*x + a)*b - a*b})) + (15*B*a^2*b^4 - (35*B*a*b^4 - (20*B*a^2*b^4 + 3*A*a*b^5)*(b*x + a)/a^2)*(b*x + a))*\sqrt{b*x + a}/((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^{(5/2)}*b/\text{abs}(b))}{15|b|}$$
Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x^(7/2),x)
```

output

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x^(7/2), x)
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2}{5} - \frac{22\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}abx}{15} - \frac{46\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^2x^2}{15} + 2\sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{x^3} b^2x^3$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x)`output `(2*(- 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2 - 11*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*x - 23*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*b**2*x**3 + 5*sqrt(b)*b**2*x**3))/(15*x**3)`

3.302 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2093
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2093
Rubi [A] (verified)	2094
Maple [A] (verified)	2095
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2096
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2096
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2097
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2098
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2098
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2099

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} + \frac{2(2Ab-7aB)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{35a^2x^{5/2}}$$

output `-2/7*A*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/a/x^(7/2)+2/35*(2*A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/a^2/x^(5/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}(5aA-2Abx+7aBx)}{35a^2x^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(9/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(5*a*A - 2*A*b*x + 7*a*B*x))/(35*a^2*x^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$-\frac{(2Ab - 7aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx}{7a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{7ax^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$\frac{2(a + bx)^{5/2}(2Ab - 7aB)}{35a^2x^{5/2}} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{7ax^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(9/2),x]`

output `(-2*A*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(7*a*x^(7/2)) + (2*(2*A*b - 7*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(35*a^2*x^(5/2))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}(-2Abx+7Bax+5Aa)}{35x^{\frac{7}{2}}a^2}$	31
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}(-2Abx+7Bax+5Aa)}{35x^{\frac{7}{2}}a^2}$	31
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-2Ab^2x^2+7Babx^2+3aAbx+7Ba^2x+5a^2A)}{35x^{\frac{7}{2}}a^2}$	53
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-2Ab^3x^3+7Bab^2x^3+aAb^2x^2+14Ba^2bx^2+8a^2Abx+7Ba^3x+5a^3A)}{35x^{\frac{7}{2}}a^2}$	76

input

```
int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/35*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(-2*A*b*x+7*B*a*x+5*A*a)/x^(7/2)/a^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2(5Aa^3 + (7Bab^2 - 2Ab^3)x^3 + (14Ba^2b + Aab^2)x^2 + (7Ba^3 + 8Aa^2b)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{35a^2x^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/35*(5*A*a^3 + (7*B*a*b^2 - 2*A*b^3)*x^3 + (14*B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*x^2 + (7*B*a^3 + 8*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(a^2*x^(7/2))`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 500 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 12.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 500, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.43

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = & -\frac{30Aa^6b^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3 + 210a^4b^5x^4 + 105a^3b^6x^5} \\ & -\frac{66Aa^5b^{\frac{11}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3 + 210a^4b^5x^4 + 105a^3b^6x^5} - \frac{34Aa^4b^{\frac{13}{2}}x^2\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3 + 210a^4b^5x^4 + 105a^3b^6x^5} \\ & -\frac{6Aa^3b^{\frac{15}{2}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3 + 210a^4b^5x^4 + 105a^3b^6x^5} - \frac{24Aa^2b^{\frac{17}{2}}x^4\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3 + 210a^4b^5x^4 + 105a^3b^6x^5} \\ & -\frac{16Aab^{\frac{19}{2}}x^5\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3 + 210a^4b^5x^4 + 105a^3b^6x^5} - \frac{2Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{5x^2} - \frac{2Ab^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{15ax} \\ & + \frac{4Ab^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{15a^2} - \frac{2Ba\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{5x^2} - \frac{4Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{5x} - \frac{2Bb^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{5a} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(9/2),x)`

output

```
-30*A*a**6*b**(9/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*
x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 66*A*a**5*b**(11/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*
a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 34*A*a**4*b**(
13/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 10
5*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 6*A*a**3*b**(15/2)*x**3*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b*
**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 24*A*a**2*b**(17/2)*x
**4*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*
b**6*x**5) - 16*A*a*b**(19/2)*x**5*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 +
210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 2*A*b**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)
/(5*x**2) - 2*A*b**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(15*a*x) + 4*A*b**(7/2)*sqrt(a/
(b*x) + 1)/(15*a**2) - 2*B*a*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(5*x**2) - 4*B*b**(
3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(5*x) - 2*B*b**(5/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(5*a)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 176 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bb^2}{5ax} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab^3}{35a^2x}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bb}{5x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab^2}{35ax^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ba}{5x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab}{70x^3} - \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{3/2}B}{x^4} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Aa}{14x^4} - \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{3/2}A}{2x^5}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-2/5*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^2/(a*x) + 4/35*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^3/(a^2*x)
+ 1/5*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b/x^2 - 2/35*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^2/(a*x^2) + 3
/5*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a/x^3 + 3/70*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b/x^3 - (b*x^2 + a
*x)^(3/2)*B/x^4 + 3/14*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a/x^4 - 1/2*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)
*A/x^5
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bx + a)^{5/2}b^5 \left(\frac{(7Ba^2b^2 - 2Aab^3)(bx+a)}{a^3} - \frac{7(Ba^3b^2 - Aa^2b^3)}{a^3} \right)}{35((bx + a)b - ab)^{7/2}|b|}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/35*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*b^5*((7*B*a^2*b^2 - 2*A*a*b^3)*(b*x + a)/a^3 - 7*(B*a^3*b^2 - A*a^2*b^3)/a^3)/(((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(7/2)*abs(b))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx} \left(\frac{2Aa}{7} + \frac{x(14Ba^3 + 16Aba^2)}{35a^2} - \frac{x^3(4Ab^3 - 14Bab^2)}{35a^2} + \frac{2bx^2(Ab + 14Ba)}{35a} \right)}{x^{7/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x^(9/2),x)`output `-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A*a)/7 + (x*(14*B*a^3 + 16*A*a^2*b))/(35*a^2) - (x^3*(4*A*b^3 - 14*B*a*b^2))/(35*a^2) + (2*b*x^2*(A*b + 14*B*a))/(35*a)))/x^(7/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3}{7} - \frac{6\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bx}{7} - \frac{6\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2x^2}{7} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^3x^3}{7} - \frac{2\sqrt{b}b^3x^4}{7}}{ax^4}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(9/2),x)`output `(2*(- sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3 - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 - sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 - sqrt(b)*b**3*x**4))/(7*a*x**4)`

3.303 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2100
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2100
Rubi [A] (verified)	2101
Maple [A] (verified)	2102
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2103
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2103
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2104
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2105
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2105
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2106

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} + \frac{2(4Ab-9aB)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{63a^2x^{7/2}} - \frac{4b(4Ab-9aB)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{315a^3x^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-2/9*A*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/a/x^(9/2)+2/63*(4*A*b-9*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/a^2/x^(7/2)
)-4/315*b*(4*A*b-9*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/a^3/x^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}(35a^2A-20aAbx+45a^2Bx+8Ab^2x^2-18abBx^2)}{315a^3x^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(11/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2*(a + b*x)^{(5/2)}*(35*a^2*A - 20*a*A*b*x + 45*a^2*B*x + 8*A*b^2*x^2 - 18*a*b*B*x^2))/(315*a^3*x^{(9/2)})}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {87, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & -\frac{(4Ab - 9aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx}{9a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{(4Ab - 9aB) \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx}{7a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{9a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & -\frac{\left(\frac{4b(a+bx)^{5/2}}{35a^2x^{5/2}} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right) (4Ab - 9aB)}{9a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(a + b*x)^{(3/2)}*(A + B*x)}{x^{(11/2)}}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*A*(a + b*x)^{(5/2)})/(9*a*x^{(9/2)}) - ((4*A*b - 9*a*B)*((-2*(a + b*x)^{(5/2)})/(7*a*x^{(7/2)}) + (4*b*(a + b*x)^{(5/2)})/(35*a^2*x^{(5/2)})))/(9*a)}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 48 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x]$ $\&\& \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$ $\&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 55 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2] / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{\text{Simplify}[m + 1]}(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x]$ $\&\& \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2], 0]$ $\&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$ $\&\& !(\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \parallel (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[n])))$ $\&\& (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] \parallel !\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1])$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)} / (f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) / (f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x]$ $\&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$ $\&\& (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \parallel \text{IntegerQ}[p] \parallel !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \parallel !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \parallel !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}(8Ab^2x^2-18Babx^2-20aAbx+45Ba^2x+35a^2A)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^3}$	53
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}(8Ab^2x^2-18Babx^2-20aAbx+45Ba^2x+35a^2A)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^3}$	53
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(8Ab^3x^3-18Ba^2b^2x^3-12aAb^2x^2+27Ba^2bx^2+15a^2Abx+45Ba^3x+35a^3A)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^3}$	77
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(8Ab^4x^4-18Ba^3b^3x^4-4Aa^2b^3x^3+9Ba^2b^2x^3+3Aa^2b^2x^2+72Ba^3bx^2+50Aa^3bx+45Ba^4x+35Aa^4)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^3}$	101

input $\text{int}((b*x+a)^{(3/2)}*(B*x+A)/x^{(11/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
-2/315*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(8*A*b^2*x^2-18*B*a*b*x^2-20*A*a*b*x+45*B*a^2*x+35*A*
a^2)/x^(9/2)/a^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(35Aa^4 - 2(9Bab^3 - 4Ab^4)x^4 + (9Ba^2b^2 - 4Aab^3)x^3 + 3(24Ba^3b + Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 5(9Ba^4 + 10Aa^3b)x + 2Aa^5)}{315a^3x^{9/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/315*(35*A*a^4 - 2*(9*B*a*b^3 - 4*A*b^4)*x^4 + (9*B*a^2*b^2 - 4*A*a*b^3)
*x^3 + 3*(24*B*a^3*b + A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(9*B*a^4 + 10*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b
*x + a)/(a^3*x^(9/2))
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1365 vs. $2(82) = 164$.

Time = 36.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1365, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.25

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(11/2),x)
```

output

```

-70*A*a**8*b**(19/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**1
0*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 220*A*a**7*b**(21/2)
*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*
b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 228*A*a**6*b**(23/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x)
+ 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 31
5*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 80*A*a**5*b**(25/2)*x**3*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*
b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**
7) - 30*A*a**5*b**(11/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*
b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) + 10*A*a**4*b**(27/2)*x**4*sqrt(a/(b*x) +
1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a
**4*b**12*x**7) - 66*A*a**4*b**(13/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x
**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) + 60*A*a**3*b**(29/2)*x**5*
sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**
11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 34*A*a**3*b**(15/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1
)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) + 80*A*a
**2*b**(31/2)*x**6*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x
**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 6*A*a**2*b**(17/2)*x**3
*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**
6*x**5) + 32*A*a*b**(33/2)*x**7*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 94
5*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 24*A*a...

```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 222 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx &= \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^3}{35a^2x} - \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^4}{315a^3x} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^2}{35ax^2} \\
&+ \frac{8\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^3}{315a^2x^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb}{70x^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^2}{105ax^3} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba}{14x^4} \\
&+ \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab}{63x^4} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}B}{2x^5} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa}{9x^5} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}A}{3x^6}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 4/35*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*B*b^3/(a^2*x) - 16/315*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*A*b^4/(a^3*x) - 2/35*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*B*b^2/(a*x^2) + 8/315*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*A*b^3/(a^2*x^2) \\ & + 3/70*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*B*b/x^3 - 2/105*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*A*b^2/(a*x^3) + 3/14*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*B*a/x^4 + 1/63*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*A*b/x^4 \\ & - 1/2*(b*x^2 + a*x)^{(3/2)}*B/x^5 + 1/9*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*A*a/x^5 - 1/3*(b*x^2 + a*x)^{(3/2)}*A/x^6 \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(bx+a)^{5/2} \left((bx+a) \left(\frac{2(9Ba^2b^8-4Aab^9)(bx+a)}{a^4} - \frac{9(9Ba^3b^8-4Aa^2b^9)}{a^4} \right) + \frac{63(Ba^4b^8-Aa^3b^9)}{a^4} \right)}{315((bx+a)b-ab)^{9/2}|b|}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/315*(b*x + a)^{(5/2)}*((b*x + a)*(2*(9*B*a^2*b^8 - 4*A*a*b^9)*(b*x + a)/a^4 - 9*(9*B*a^3*b^8 - 4*A*a^2*b^9)/a^4) + 63*(B*a^4*b^8 - A*a^3*b^9)/a^4)*b \\ & /(((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^{(9/2)}*abs(b)) \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx} \left(\frac{2Aa}{9} + \frac{x(90Ba^4+100Aba^3)}{315a^3} + \frac{x^4(16Ab^4-36Bab^3)}{315a^3} - \frac{2b^2x^3(4Ab-9Ba)}{315a^2} + \frac{2bx^2(Ab+24Ba)}{105a} \right)}{x^{9/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x^(11/2),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -((a + b*x)^{(1/2)}*((2*A*a)/9 + (x*(90*B*a^4 + 100*A*a^3*b))/(315*a^3) + (x^4*(16*A*b^4 - 36*B*a*b^3))/(315*a^3) - (2*b^2*x^3*(4*A*b - 9*B*a))/(315*a^2) \\ & + (2*b*x^2*(A*b + 24*B*a))/(105*a)))/x^(9/2) \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4}{9} - \frac{38\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3bx}{63} - \frac{10\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2x^2}{21} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^3x^3}{63} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^4x^4}{63}}{a^2x^5}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(11/2),x)`output `(2*(- 7*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4 - 19*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*x - 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*x**2 - sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*x**3 + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(b)*b**4*x**5))/(63*a**2*x**5)`

3.304 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2107
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2107
Rubi [A] (verified)	2108
Maple [A] (verified)	2110
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2110
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2111
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2112
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2112
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2113
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2113

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} + \frac{2(6Ab-11aB)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{99a^2x^{9/2}} - \frac{8b(6Ab-11aB)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{693a^3x^{7/2}} + \frac{16b^2(6Ab-11aB)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{3465a^4x^{5/2}}$$

output `-2/11*A*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/a/x^(11/2)+2/99*(6*A*b-11*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/a^2/x^(9/2)-8/693*b*(6*A*b-11*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/a^3/x^(7/2)+16/3465*b^2*(6*A*b-11*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/a^4/x^(5/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}(-48Ab^3x^3 + 35a^3(9A+11Bx) + 8ab^2x^2(15A+11Bx) - 10a^2bx(21A+22Bx))}{3465a^4x^{11/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(13/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(a + b*x)^{(5/2)}*(-48*A*b^3*x^3 + 35*a^3*(9*A + 11*B*x) + 8*a*b^2*x^2*(15*A + 11*B*x) - 10*a^2*b*x*(21*A + 22*B*x)))/(3465*a^4*x^{(11/2)})}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx$$

↓ 87

$$-\frac{(6Ab - 11aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx}{11a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{11ax^{11/2}}$$

↓ 55

$$-\frac{(6Ab - 11aB) \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx}{9a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{11ax^{11/2}}$$

↓ 55

$$-\frac{(6Ab - 11aB) \left(-\frac{4b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx}{7a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{9a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{11ax^{11/2}}$$

↓ 48

$$-\frac{\left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{4b(a+bx)^{5/2}}{35a^2x^{5/2}} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{9a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right) (6Ab - 11aB)}{11a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{11ax^{11/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(3/2)}*(A + B*x))/x^{(13/2)}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{-2A(a + bx)^{5/2}}{(11ax^{11/2})} - \frac{((6Ab - 11aB)(-2(a + bx)^{5/2})/(9ax^{9/2}) - (4b(-2(a + bx)^{5/2})/(7ax^{7/2}) + (4b(a + bx)^{5/2})/(35a^2x^{5/2})))}{(9a)}}{(11a)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 55

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}(-48Ab^3x^3+88Bab^2x^3+120aAb^2x^2-220Ba^2bx^2-210a^2Abx+385Ba^3x+315a^3A)}{3465x^{\frac{11}{2}}a^4}$
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}(-48Ab^3x^3+88Bab^2x^3+120aAb^2x^2-220Ba^2bx^2-210a^2Abx+385Ba^3x+315a^3A)}{3465x^{\frac{11}{2}}a^4}$
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-48Ab^4x^4+88Bab^3x^4+72aAb^3x^3-132Ba^2b^2x^3-90Aa^2b^2x^2+165Ba^3bx^2+105Aa^3bx+385Ba^4x+315Aa^4)}{3465x^{\frac{11}{2}}a^4}$
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-48Ab^5x^5+88Bab^4x^5+24aAb^4x^4-44Ba^2b^3x^4-18a^2Ab^3x^3+33Ba^3b^2x^3+15a^3Ab^2x^2+550Ba^4bx^2+420a^4Abx+315a^4A)}{3465x^{\frac{11}{2}}a^4}$

input `int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(13/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{2}{3465}(b*x+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}*(-48*A*b^3*x^3+88*B*a*b^2*x^3+120*A*a*b^2*x^2-220*B*a^2*b*x^2-210*A*a^2*b*x+385*B*a^3*x+315*A*a^3)/x^{\frac{11}{2}}/a^4$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(315Aa^5+8(11Bab^4-6Ab^5)x^5-4(11Ba^2b^3-6Aab^4)x^4+3(11Ba^3b^2-6Aa^2b^3)x^3+5(110Ba^4b^2-35Aa^4b)x^2+35(11Ba^5+12Aa^4b)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{3465a^4x^{\frac{11}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(13/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-\frac{2}{3465}(315*A*a^5+8*(11*B*a*b^4-6*A*b^5)*x^5-4*(11*B*a^2*b^3-6*A*a*b^4)*x^4+3*(11*B*a^3*b^2-6*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3+5*(110*B*a^4*b+3*A*a^3*b^2)*x^2+35*(11*B*a^5+12*A*a^4*b)*x)\sqrt{b*x+a}/(a^4*x^{\frac{11}{2}})$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2351 vs. $2(116) = 232$.

Time = 103.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2351, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.09

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(13/2),x)`

output

```
-630*A*a**10*b**(33/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**18*x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9) - 2590*A*a**9*b**(35/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**18*x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9) - 3980*A*a**8*b**(37/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**18*x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9) - 2716*A*a**7*b**(39/2)*x**3*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**18*x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9) - 70*A*a**7*b**(21/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 686*A*a**6*b**(41/2)*x**4*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**18*x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9) - 220*A*a**6*b**(23/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 70*A*a**5*b**(43/2)*x**5*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**18*x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9) - 228*A*a**5*b**(25/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 560*A*a**4*b**(45/2)*x**6*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**1...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 268 vs. $2(93) = 186$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = -\frac{16\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^4}{315a^3x} + \frac{32\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^5}{1155a^4x} + \frac{8\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^3}{315a^2x^2} - \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^4}{1155a^3x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^2}{105ax^3} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^3}{385a^2x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb}{63x^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^2}{231ax^4} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba}{9x^5} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab}{132x^5} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}B}{3x^6} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa}{44x^6} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}A}{4x^7}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-16/315*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^4/(a^3*x) + 32/1155*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^5/(a^4*x) + 8/315*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^3/(a^2*x^2) - 16/1155*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^4/(a^3*x^2) - 2/105*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^2/(a*x^3) + 4/385*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^3/(a^2*x^3) + 1/63*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b/x^4 - 2/231*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^2/(a*x^4) + 1/9*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a/x^5 + 1/132*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b/x^5 - 1/3*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B/x^6 + 3/44*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a/x^6 - 1/4*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A/x^7$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left((bx+a) \left(4(bx+a) \left(\frac{2(11Ba^2b^4-6Aab^5)(bx+a)}{a^5} - \frac{11(11Ba^3b^4-6Aa^2b^5)}{a^5} \right) + \frac{99(11Ba^4b^4-6Aa^3b^5)}{a^5} \right) - \frac{693(Ba^5b^4-Aa^5)}{a^5} \right)}{3465((bx+a)b-ab)^{\frac{11}{2}}|b|}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$-2/3465*((b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*(2*(11*B*a^2*b^4 - 6*A*a*b^5)*(b*x + a)/a^5 - 11*(11*B*a^3*b^4 - 6*A*a^2*b^5)/a^5) + 99*(11*B*a^4*b^4 - 6*A*a^3*b^5)/a^5) - 693*(B*a^5*b^4 - A*a^4*b^5)/a^5*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*b^7/(((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(11/2)*abs(b))$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx} \left(\frac{2Aa}{11} + \frac{x(770Ba^5 + 840Aba^4)}{3465a^4} - \frac{x^5(96Ab^5 - 176Bab^4)}{3465a^4} - \frac{2b^2x^3(6Ab - 11Ba)}{1155a^2} + \frac{8b^3x^4(6Ab - 11Ba)}{3465a^3} + \frac{2bx^2(3Aa + 10Ba)}{693a} \right)}{x^{11/2}}$$

input

$$\text{int}(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x^(13/2), x)$$

output

$$-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A*a)/11 + (x*(770*B*a^5 + 840*A*a^4*b))/(3465*a^4) - (x^5*(96*A*b^5 - 176*B*a*b^4))/(3465*a^4) - (2*b^2*x^3*(6*A*b - 11*B*a))/(1155*a^2) + (8*b^3*x^4*(6*A*b - 11*B*a))/(3465*a^3) + (2*b*x^2*(3*A*b + 10*B*a))/(693*a)))/x^(11/2)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5}{11} - \frac{46\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4bx}{99} - \frac{226\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^2x^2}{693} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^3x^3}{231} + \frac{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^4x^4}{693}}{a^3x^6}$$

input

$$\text{int}((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(13/2), x)$$

output

$$(2*(-63*\text{sqrt}(x)*\text{sqrt}(a + b*x)*a**5 - 161*\text{sqrt}(x)*\text{sqrt}(a + b*x)*a**4*b*x - 113*\text{sqrt}(x)*\text{sqrt}(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 3*\text{sqrt}(x)*\text{sqrt}(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*x**3 + 4*\text{sqrt}(x)*\text{sqrt}(a + b*x)*a*b**4*x**4 - 8*\text{sqrt}(x)*\text{sqrt}(a + b*x)*b**5*x**5 + 8*\text{sqrt}(b)*b**5*x**6))/(693*a**3*x**6)$$

3.305 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2114
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2115
Rubi [A] (verified)	2115
Maple [A] (verified)	2117
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2118
Sympy [F(-1)]	2118
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2119
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2119
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2120
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2120

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{13ax^{13/2}} + \frac{2(8Ab-13aB)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{143a^2x^{11/2}} - \frac{4b(8Ab-13aB)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{429a^3x^{9/2}} + \frac{16b^2(8Ab-13aB)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{3003a^4x^{7/2}} - \frac{32b^3(8Ab-13aB)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{15015a^5x^{5/2}}$$

output

$-2/13*A*(b*x+a)^{(5/2)}/a/x^{(13/2)}+2/143*(8*A*b-13*B*a)*(b*x+a)^{(5/2)}/a^2/x^{(11/2)}-4/429*b*(8*A*b-13*B*a)*(b*x+a)^{(5/2)}/a^3/x^{(9/2)}+16/3003*b^2*(8*A*b-13*B*a)*(b*x+a)^{(5/2)}/a^4/x^{(7/2)}-32/15015*b^3*(8*A*b-13*B*a)*(b*x+a)^{(5/2)}/a^5/x^{(5/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx = \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}(128Ab^4x^4 + 105a^4(11A+13Bx) - 70a^3bx(12A+13Bx) + 40a^2b^2x^2(14A+13Bx) - 16ab^3x^3(20A+13Bx))}{15015a^5x^{13/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(15/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(128*A*b^4*x^4 + 105*a^4*(11*A + 13*B*x) - 70*a^3*b*x*(12*A + 13*B*x) + 40*a^2*b^2*x^2*(14*A + 13*B*x) - 16*a*b^3*x^3*(20*A + 13*B*x)))/(15015*a^5*x^(13/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\ & -\frac{(8Ab-13aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx}{13a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{13ax^{13/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \\ & -\frac{(8Ab-13aB) \left(-\frac{6b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx}{11a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{13ax^{13/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{(8Ab - 13aB) \left(\frac{6b \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx}{9a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{13ax^{13/2}} \\
 \downarrow 55 \\
 \frac{(8Ab - 13aB) \left(\frac{6b \left(\frac{4b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx}{7a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{9a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{13ax^{13/2}} \\
 \downarrow 48 \\
 \frac{\left(\frac{6b \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{4b(a+bx)^{5/2}}{35a^2x^{5/2}} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{9a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \right) (8Ab - 13aB)}{13a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{13ax^{13/2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(15/2),x]`

output `(-2*A*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(13*a*x^(13/2)) - ((8*A*b - 13*a*B)*((-2*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(11*a*x^(11/2)) - (6*b*((-2*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(9*a*x^(9/2)) - (4*b*((-2*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(7*a*x^(7/2)) + (4*b*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(35*a^2*x^(5/2))))/(9*a)))/(11*a)))/(13*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 48 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 55 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}(128Ab^4x^4-208Ba^3b^3x^4-320Aa^3b^3x^3+520Ba^2b^2x^3+560Aa^2b^2x^2-910Ba^3bx^2-840Aa^3bx+1365Ba^4x+1155Aa^4)}{15015x^{\frac{13}{2}}a^5}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}(128Ab^4x^4-208Ba^3b^3x^4-320Aa^3b^3x^3+520Ba^2b^2x^3+560Aa^2b^2x^2-910Ba^3bx^2-840Aa^3bx+1365Ba^4x+1155Aa^4)}{15015x^{\frac{13}{2}}a^5}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(128Ab^5x^5-208Ba^4b^4x^5-192Aa^4b^4x^4+312Ba^2b^3x^4+240a^2Ab^3x^3-390Ba^3b^2x^3-280a^3Ab^2x^2+455Ba^4bx^2+315Aa^4b^2x)}{15015x^{\frac{13}{2}}a^5}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(128Ab^6x^6-208Ba^5b^5x^6-64Aa^5b^5x^5+104Ba^2b^4x^5+48Aa^2b^4x^4-78Ba^3b^3x^4-40Aa^3b^3x^3+65Ba^4b^2x^3+35Aa^4b^2x^2)}{15015x^{\frac{13}{2}}a^5}$

```
input int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(15/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/15015*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(128*A*b^4*x^4-208*B*a*b^3*x^4-320*A*a*b^3*x^3+520*
B*a^2*b^2*x^3+560*A*a^2*b^2*x^2-910*B*a^3*b*x^2-840*A*a^3*b*x+1365*B*a^4*x
+1155*A*a^4)/x^(13/2)/a^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx = \frac{2(1155Aa^6 - 16(13Bab^5 - 8Ab^6)x^6 + 8(13Ba^2b^4 - 8Aab^5)x^5 - 6(13Ba^3b^3 - 8Aa^2b^4)x^4 + 5(13Ba^4b^2 - 8Aa^3b^3)x^3 + 35(52B*a^5*b + A*a^4*b^2)x^2 + 105(13B*a^6 + 14A*a^5*b)*x)*\sqrt{b*x + a}}{15015 a^5 x^{\frac{13}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(15/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/15015*(1155*A*a^6 - 16*(13*B*a*b^5 - 8*A*b^6)*x^6 + 8*(13*B*a^2*b^4 - 8
*A*a*b^5)*x^5 - 6*(13*B*a^3*b^3 - 8*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4 + 5*(13*B*a^4*b^2 - 8*A
*a^3*b^3)*x^3 + 35*(52*B*a^5*b + A*a^4*b^2)*x^2 + 105*(13*B*a^6 + 14*A*a^5
*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(a^5*x^(13/2))
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(15/2),x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 314 vs. $2(120) = 240$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx = \frac{32\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^5}{1155a^4x} - \frac{256\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^6}{15015a^5x}$$

$$- \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^4}{1155a^3x^2} + \frac{128\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^5}{15015a^4x^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^3}{385a^2x^3}$$

$$- \frac{32\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^4}{5005a^3x^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^2}{231ax^4} + \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^3}{3003a^2x^4}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb}{132x^5} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^2}{429ax^5} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba}{44x^6}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab}{715x^6} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}B}{4x^7} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa}{65x^7} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}A}{5x^8}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(15/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `32/1155*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^5/(a^4*x) - 256/15015*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^6/(a^5*x) - 16/1155*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^4/(a^3*x^2) + 128/15015*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^5/(a^4*x^2) + 4/385*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^3/(a^2*x^3) - 32/5005*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^4/(a^3*x^3) - 2/231*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^2/(a*x^4) + 16/3003*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^3/(a^2*x^4) + 1/132*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b/x^5 - 2/429*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^2/(a*x^5) + 3/44*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a/x^6 + 3/715*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b/x^6 - 1/4*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B/x^7 + 3/65*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a/x^7 - 1/5*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A/x^8`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\left(2(bx+a) \left(4(bx+a) \left(\frac{2(13Ba^2b^{12}-8Aab^{13})(bx+a)}{a^6} - \frac{13(13Ba^3b^{12}-8Aa^2b^{13})}{a^6} \right) \right) \right) \right)}{15015} +$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(15/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/15015*((2*(b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*(2*(13*B*a^2*b^12 - 8*A*a*b^13)*(b*x +
a)/a^6 - 13*(13*B*a^3*b^12 - 8*A*a^2*b^13)/a^6) + 143*(13*B*a^4*b^12 - 8*A
*a^3*b^13)/a^6) - 429*(13*B*a^5*b^12 - 8*A*a^4*b^13)/a^6)*(b*x + a) + 3003
*(B*a^6*b^12 - A*a^5*b^13)/a^6)*(b*x + a)^(5/2)*b/(((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(13
/2)*abs(b))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx} \left(\frac{2Aa}{13} + x \left(\frac{28Ab}{143} + \frac{2Ba}{11} \right) + \frac{x^6(256Ab^6 - 416Bab^5)}{15015a^5} - \frac{2b^2x^3(8Ab - 13Ba)}{3003a^2} + \frac{4b^3x^4(8Ab - 13Ba)}{5005a^3} - \frac{16b^4x^5(8Ab - 13Ba)}{15015a^4} \right)}{x^{13/2}}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/x^(15/2), x)
```

output

```
-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A*a)/13 + x*((28*A*b)/143 + (2*B*a)/11) + (x^6*(256*
A*b^6 - 416*B*a*b^5))/(15015*a^5) - (2*b^2*x^3*(8*A*b - 13*B*a))/(3003*a^2
) + (4*b^3*x^4*(8*A*b - 13*B*a))/(5005*a^3) - (16*b^4*x^5*(8*A*b - 13*B*a)
))/(15015*a^4) + (2*b*x^2*(A*b + 52*B*a))/(429*a))/x^(13/2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^6}{13} - \frac{54\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5bx}{143} - \frac{106\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4b^2x^2}{429} - \frac{10\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^3x^3}{3003} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^4x^4}{15015}}{a^4x^7}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(15/2), x)
```

output

```
(2*( - 231*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**6 - 567*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*b*x
- 371*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 5*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3
*b**3*x**3 + 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b
*x)*a*b**5*x**5 + 16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**6*x**6 - 16*sqrt(b)*b**6*x**
7))/(3003*a**4*x**7)
```

3.306 $\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	2122
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2123
Rubi [A] (verified)	2123
Maple [A] (verified)	2126
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2126
Sympy [F(-1)]	2127
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2127
Giac [F(-1)]	2129
Mupad [F(-1)]	2129
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2129

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 220

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = -\frac{a^4(12Ab - 5aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}}{512b^3} + \frac{a^3(12Ab - 5aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}{768b^2} + \frac{31a^2(12Ab - 5aB)x^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}{960b} + \frac{7}{160}a(12Ab - 5aB)x^{7/2}\sqrt{a + bx} + \frac{1}{60}b(12Ab - 5aB)x^{9/2}\sqrt{a + bx} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}(a + bx)^{7/2}}{6b} + \frac{a^5(12Ab - 5aB)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}}{b}\right)}{512b^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/512*a^4*(12*A*b-5*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3+1/768*a^3*(12*A*b-5*B*a)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^2+31/960*a^2*(12*A*b-5*B*a)*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b+7/160*a*(12*A*b-5*B*a)*x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/60*b*(12*A*b-5*B*a)*x^(9/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/6*B*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b+1/512*a^5*(12*A*b-5*B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}(75a^5B + 40a^3b^2x(3A + Bx) + 256b^5x^4(6A + 5Bx) - 10a^4b(18A + 5Bx)) + 48a^2b^3x^2(62A + 45Bx) + 64a*b^4*x^3*(63A + 50*B*x) + 30*a^5*(-12*A*b + 5*a*B)*ArcTanh[(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x})/(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{a + b*x})]}{(7680*b^{7/2})}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(75*a^5*B + 40*a^3*b^2*x*(3*A + B*x) + 256*b^5*x^4*(6*A + 5*B*x) - 10*a^4*b*(18*A + 5*B*x) + 48*a^2*b^3*x^2*(62*A + 45*B*x) + 64*a*b^4*x^3*(63*A + 50*B*x)) + 30*a^5*(-12*A*b + 5*a*B)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b*x])]/(7680*b^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {90, 60, 60, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$\frac{(12Ab - 5aB) \int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{5/2} dx}{12b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}(a + bx)^{7/2}}{6b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(12Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{5}x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{5/2} \right)}{12b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}(a + bx)^{7/2}}{6b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(12Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3}{8}a \int x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{12b}{6b} Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)^{7/2}}{6b}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{(12Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{1}{6}a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{12b}{6b} Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)^{7/2}}{6b}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{(12Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{1}{6}a \left(\frac{x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{4b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{12b}{6b} Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)^{7/2}}{6b}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{(12Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{1}{6}a \left(\frac{x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{12b}{6b} Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)^{7/2}}{6b}$$

↓ 65

$$\frac{(12Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{1}{6}a \left(\frac{x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx}{a+bx}} d \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}} \right)}{4b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{12b}{6b} Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)^{7/2}}{6b}$$

↓ 219

$$(12Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{1}{6}a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{5/2}(a+bx) \right) \right) \right) \\ \frac{Bx^{5/2}(a+bx)^{7/2}}{6b} \quad 12b$$

input `Int[x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(B*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(6*b) + ((12*A*b - 5*a*B)*((x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/5 + (a*((x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*((x^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/3 + (a*((x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(2*b) - (3*a*((Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b - (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/b^(3/2)))/(4*b)))/6))/8))/2)/(12*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-1280b^5Bx^5 - 1536Ab^5x^4 - 3200Ba^4b^4x^3 - 4032Aab^4x^3 - 2160Ba^2b^3x^2 - 2976Aa^2b^3x^2 - 40Ba^3b^2x^2 - 120a^3b^2Ax + 50a^4bBx + 50a^4bBx + 50a^4bBx + 50a^4bBx)}{7680b^3}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a} \left(2560Bb^{\frac{11}{2}}x^5\sqrt{bx+a} + 3072Ab^{\frac{11}{2}}x^4\sqrt{bx+a} + 6400Ba^{\frac{9}{2}}x^4\sqrt{bx+a} + 8064Aa^{\frac{9}{2}}x^3\sqrt{bx+a} + 4320Ba^2b^{\frac{7}{2}}x^3\sqrt{bx+a} + 4320Ba^2b^{\frac{7}{2}}x^3\sqrt{bx+a} + 4320Ba^2b^{\frac{7}{2}}x^3\sqrt{bx+a} + 4320Ba^2b^{\frac{7}{2}}x^3\sqrt{bx+a} \right)}{\dots}$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/7680/b^3 * (-1280*B*b^5*x^5 - 1536*A*b^5*x^4 - 3200*B*a*b^4*x^4 - 4032*A*a*b^4*x^3 - 2160*B*a^2*b^3*x^3 - 2976*A*a^2*b^3*x^2 - 40*B*a^3*b^2*x^2 - 120*A*a^3*b^2*x + 50*B*a^4*b*x + 180*A*a^4*b - 75*B*a^5) * x^(1/2) * (b*x+a)^(1/2) + 1/1024*a^5/b^(7/2) * (12*A*b - 5*B*a) * \ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2) + (b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2)) * (x*(b*x+a))^(1/2) / x^(1/2) / (b*x+a)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \left[-\frac{15(5Ba^6 - 12Aa^5b)\sqrt{b} \log(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + a) - 2(1280Bb^6x^5 + 75\dots)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/15360*(15*(5*B*a^6 - 12*A*a^5*b)*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(1280*B*b^6*x^5 + 75*B*a^5*b - 180*A*a^4*b^2 + 128*(25*B*a*b^5 + 12*A*b^6)*x^4 + 144*(15*B*a^2*b^4 + 28*A*a*b^5)*x^3 + 8*(5*B*a^3*b^3 + 372*A*a^2*b^4)*x^2 - 10*(5*B*a^4*b^2 - 12*A*a^3*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/b^4, 1/7680*(15*(5*B*a^6 - 12*A*a^5*b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (1280*B*b^6*x^5 + 75*B*a^5*b - 180*A*a^4*b^2 + 128*(25*B*a*b^5 + 12*A*b^6)*x^4 + 144*(15*B*a^2*b^4 + 28*A*a*b^5)*x^3 + 8*(5*B*a^3*b^3 + 372*A*a^2*b^4)*x^2 - 10*(5*B*a^4*b^2 - 12*A*a^3*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/b^4]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(3/2)*(b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A), x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 422 vs. $2(174) = 348$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 422, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{6} (bx^2+ax)^{\frac{5}{2}} Bx \\
& + \frac{1}{4} (bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} Aax - \frac{7\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^4x}{256b^2} + \frac{7(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba^2x}{96b} \\
& - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa^3x}{32b} + \frac{7Ba^6 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{1024b^{\frac{7}{2}}} \\
& + \frac{3Aa^5 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{128b^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{7\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^5}{512b^3} \\
& + \frac{7(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba^3}{192b^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa^4}{64b^2} - \frac{7(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}Ba}{60b} \\
& + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Aa^2}{8b} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}(Ba+Ab)a^3x}{64b^2} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}(Ba+Ab)ax}{8b} \\
& - \frac{3(Ba+Ab)a^5 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{256b^{\frac{7}{2}}} \\
& + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}(Ba+Ab)a^4}{128b^3} \\
& - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}(Ba+Ab)a^2}{16b^2} + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}(Ba+Ab)}{5b}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/6*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(5/2)*B*x + 1/4*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A*a*x - 7/256*sqrt(b
*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^4*x/b^2 + 7/96*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a^2*x/b - 3/32*sqrt(b
*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^3*x/b + 7/1024*B*a^6*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*s
qrt(b))/b^(7/2) + 3/128*A*a^5*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))
/b^(5/2) - 7/512*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^5/b^3 + 7/192*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B
*a^3/b^2 - 3/64*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^4/b^2 - 7/60*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(5/2)*B*a
/b + 1/8*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A*a^2/b + 3/64*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*(B*a + A*b)*
a^3*x/b^2 - 1/8*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*(B*a + A*b)*a*x/b - 3/256*(B*a + A*b)*
a^5*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(7/2) + 3/128*sqrt(b*x^
2 + a*x)*(B*a + A*b)*a^4/b^3 - 1/16*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*(B*a + A*b)*a^2/b^
2 + 1/5*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(5/2)*(B*a + A*b)/b

```

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \int x^{3/2}(A+Bx)(a+bx)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x)*(a+b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x)*(a+b*x)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{-105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5b + 70\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4b^2x + 3016\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^3x^2 + 6192\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^4x^3 + 1008\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^4x^3 + 1008\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^4x^3 + 1008\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^4x^3}{1008\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x)`

output

```
( - 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*b + 70*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b**2*  
x + 3016*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**3*x**2 + 6192*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)  
*a**2*b**4*x**3 + 4736*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**5*x**4 + 1280*sqrt(x)*sq  
rt(a + b*x)*b**6*x**5 + 105*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/  
sqrt(a))*a**6)/(7680*b**3)
```

3.307 $\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	2131
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2132
Rubi [A] (verified)	2132
Maple [A] (verified)	2135
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2135
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2136
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2137
Giac [F(-1)]	2138
Mupad [F(-1)]	2138
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2139

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{a^3(10Ab - 3aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}}{128b^2} + \frac{59a^2(10Ab - 3aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}{960b} + \frac{17}{240}a(10Ab - 3aB)x^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx} + \frac{1}{40}b(10Ab - 3aB)x^{7/2}\sqrt{a + bx} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}(a + bx)^{7/2}}{5b} - \frac{a^4(10Ab - 3aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{128b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/128*a^3*(10*A*b-3*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^2+59/960*a^2*(10*A*b-3*B*a)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b+17/240*a*(10*A*b-3*B*a)*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/40*b*(10*A*b-3*B*a)*x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/5*B*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/b-1/128*a^4*(10*A*b-3*B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(-45a^4B+30a^3b(5A+Bx)+96b^4x^3(5A+4Bx)+16ab^3x^2(85A+63Bx)+4a^2b^2x(295A+186Bx))+300a^4A*b*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(\text{Sqrt}[a]-\text{Sqrt}[a+b*x])] + 90a^5B*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(-\text{Sqrt}[a]+\text{Sqrt}[a+b*x])]}{1920b^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-45*a^4*B + 30*a^3*b*(5*A + B*x) + 96*b^4*x^3*(5*A + 4*B*x) + 16*a*b^3*x^2*(85*A + 63*B*x) + 4*a^2*b^2*x*(295*A + 186*B*x)) + 300*a^4*A*b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b*x])] + 90*a^5*B*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])]/(1920*b^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {90, 60, 60, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 90 \\ & \frac{(10Ab-3aB) \int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2} dx}{10b} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{7/2}}{5b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{(10Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{5}{8}a \int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right)}{10b} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{7/2}}{5b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(10Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{5}{8}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a+bx} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{10b}{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{7/2}}}{5b}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{(10Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{5}{8}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{1}{4}a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{10b}{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{7/2}}}{5b}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{(10Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{5}{8}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{10b}{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{7/2}}}{5b}$$

↓ 65

$$\frac{(10Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{5}{8}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}}}{b} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{10b}{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{7/2}}}{5b}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(10Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{5}{8}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{10b}{Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{7/2}}}{5b}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(Bx^{3/2}(a+bx)^{7/2})/(5b) + ((10Ab - 3aB)(x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2})/4 + (5a(x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2})/3 + a(x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx})/2 + (a(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx})/b - (a\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}]/\sqrt{a+bx}])/b^{3/2}))/4)/2)/8)/(10b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(
b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!Integer
Q[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinear
Q[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 65

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Sub
st[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d
}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

rule 90

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
risch	$\frac{(384B x^4 b^4 + 480A x^3 b^4 + 1008B x^3 a b^3 + 1360A x^2 a b^3 + 744B x^2 a^2 b^2 + 1180A x a^2 b^2 + 30B x a^3 b + 150A a^3 b - 45B a^4) \sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a}}{1920b^2}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} \left(-768B b^{\frac{9}{2}} x^4 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} - 960A b^{\frac{9}{2}} x^3 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} - 2016B a b^{\frac{7}{2}} x^3 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} - 2720A a b^{\frac{7}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} - 1488B a^2 b^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)}{1920b^2}$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{1920} \frac{1}{b^2} (384 B b^4 x^4 + 480 A b^4 x^3 + 1008 B a b^3 x^3 + 1360 A a b^3 x^2 + 744 B a^2 b^2 x^2 + 1180 A a^2 b^2 x + 30 B a^3 b x + 150 A a^3 b - 45 B a^4) x^{1/2} \sqrt{bx+a} - \frac{1}{256} \frac{a^4}{b^{5/2}} (10 A b - 3 B a) \ln\left(\frac{1/2 a + b x}{b^{1/2}} + \frac{(b x^2 + a x)^{1/2} (x (b x + a))^{1/2}}{x^{1/2} (b x + a)^{1/2}}\right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \frac{15(3Ba^5 - 10Aa^4b)\sqrt{b} \log\left(2bx - 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x+a}\right) - 2(384Bb^5x^4 - 45Ba^4b + 150Aa^3b^2 + 48(21Bab^4 + 10Ab^5))\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) - (384Bb^5x^4 - 45Ba^4b + 150Aa^3b^2 + 48(21Bab^4 + 10Ab^5))}{1920b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/3840*(15*(3*B*a^5 - 10*A*a^4*b)*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(384*B*b^5*x^4 - 45*B*a^4*b + 150*A*a^3*b^2 + 48*(21*B*a*b^4 + 10*A*b^5)*x^3 + 8*(93*B*a^2*b^3 + 170*A*a*b^4)*x^2 + 10*(3*B*a^3*b^2 + 118*A*a^2*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/b^3, -1/1920*(15*(3*B*a^5 - 10*A*a^4*b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (384*B*b^5*x^4 - 45*B*a^4*b + 150*A*a^3*b^2 + 48*(21*B*a*b^4 + 10*A*b^5)*x^3 + 8*(93*B*a^2*b^3 + 170*A*a*b^4)*x^2 + 10*(3*B*a^3*b^2 + 118*A*a^2*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/b^3]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 748, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.00

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(1/2)*(b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A), x)
```

output

```
2*A*a**2*Piecewise((-a**2*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True)))/(8*b) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(a*sqrt(x)/(8*b) + x**(3/2)/4), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**(3/2)/3, True)) + 4*A*a*b*Piecewise((a**3*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True)))/(16*b**2) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(-a**2*sqrt(x)/(16*b**2) + a*x**(3/2)/(24*b) + x**(5/2)/6), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**(5/2)/5, True)) + 2*A*b**2*Piecewise((-5*a**4*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True)))/(128*b**3) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(5*a**3*sqrt(x)/(128*b**3) - 5*a**2*x**(3/2)/(192*b**2) + a*x**(5/2)/(48*b) + x**(7/2)/8), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**(7/2)/7, True)) + 2*B*a**2*Piecewise((a**3*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True)))/(16*b**2) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(-a**2*sqrt(x)/(16*b**2) + a*x**(3/2)/(24*b) + x**(5/2)/6), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**(5/2)/5, True)) + 4*B*a*b*Piecewise((-5*a**4*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True)))/(128*b**3) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(5*a**3*sqrt(x)/(128*b**3) - 5*a**2*x**(3/2)/(192*b**2) + a*x**(5/2)/(48*b) + x**(7/2)/8), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**(7/2)/7, True)) + 2*B*b**2*Piecewise((7*a**5*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 485 vs. $2(147) = 294$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 485, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{1}{5} (bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bbx^2 \\
& - \frac{7}{40} (bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} Bax + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{bx^2+ax} Aa^2x \\
& - \frac{7\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^3x}{64b} + \frac{7Ba^5 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{256b^{\frac{5}{2}}} \\
& - \frac{Aa^4 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{8b^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{7\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^4}{128b^2} \\
& + \frac{7(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba^2}{48b} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa^3}{4b} + \frac{5(2Bab+Ab^2)\sqrt{bx^2+ax}a^2x}{32b^2} \\
& + \frac{(2Bab+Ab^2)(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}x}{4b} - \frac{(Ba^2+2Aab)\sqrt{bx^2+ax}ax}{4b} \\
& - \frac{5(2Bab+Ab^2)a^4 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{128b^{\frac{7}{2}}} \\
& + \frac{(Ba^2+2Aab)a^3 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{16b^{\frac{5}{2}}} \\
& + \frac{5(2Bab+Ab^2)\sqrt{bx^2+ax}a^3}{64b^3} - \frac{5(2Bab+Ab^2)(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}a}{24b^2} \\
& - \frac{(Ba^2+2Aab)\sqrt{bx^2+ax}a^2}{8b^2} + \frac{(Ba^2+2Aab)(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/5*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*b*x^2 - 7/40*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a*x + 1/2*sqrt
t(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^2*x - 7/64*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^3*x/b + 7/256*B*a^5*log
g(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(5/2) - 1/8*A*a^4*log(2*b*x +
a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(3/2) - 7/128*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^4/
b^2 + 7/48*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a^2/b + 1/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^3/b + 5
/32*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^2*x/b^2 + 1/4*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*
(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*x/b - 1/4*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a*x/b -
5/128*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*a^4*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b
^(7/2) + 1/16*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*a^3*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sq
rt(b))/b^(5/2) + 5/64*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^3/b^3 - 5/24*(
2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*a/b^2 - 1/8*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*sqrt(b*
x^2 + a*x)*a^2/b^2 + 1/3*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)/b
```

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

Timed out

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx) dx = \int \sqrt{x}(A + Bx)(a + bx)^{5/2} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^(1/2)*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx) dx = \frac{105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4b + 1210\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^2x + 2104\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^3x^2 + 1488\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^4x^3 + 384\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^5x^4 - 105\sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^{5/2}}{1920b^2}$$

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A),x)
```

output

```
(105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b + 1210*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**2*x
+ 2104*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**3*x**2 + 1488*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*
a*b**4*x**3 + 384*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**5*x**4 - 105*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(
a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**5)/(1920*b**2)
```


3.308 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	2140
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2141
Rubi [A] (verified)	2141
Maple [A] (verified)	2143
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2144
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2145
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2146
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2148
Mupad [F(-1)]	2148
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2148

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{11a^2(8Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{64b} + \frac{13}{96}a(8Ab-aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{1}{24}b(8Ab-aB)x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{7/2}}{4b} + \frac{5a^3(8Ab-aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{64b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
11/64*a^2*(8*A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b+13/96*a*(8*A*b-B*a)*x^(3/2)*
(b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/24*b*(8*A*b-B*a)*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)+1/4*B*x^(1/2)*(b*x+
a)^(7/2)/b+5/64*a^3*(8*A*b-B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(
3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(15a^3B + 16b^3x^2(4A + 3Bx) + 8ab^2x(26A + 17Bx) + 2a^2b(192b^{3/2}))}{192b^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[x], x]`

output `(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(15*a^3*B + 16*b^3*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x) + 8*a*b^2*x*(26*A + 17*B*x) + 2*a^2*b*(132*A + 59*B*x)) + 15*a^3*(-8*A*b + a*B)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[a + b*x]])/(192*b^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {90, 60, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 90 \\ & \frac{(8Ab - aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{8b} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{7/2}}{4b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{(8Ab - aB) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right)}{8b} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{7/2}}{4b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{(8Ab - aB) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} dx + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right)}{8b} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{7/2}}{4b} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{(8Ab - aB) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right)}{\frac{8b}{4b} B\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{7/2}} +$$

↓ 65

$$\frac{(8Ab - aB) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right)}{\frac{8b}{4b} B\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{7/2}} +$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(8Ab - aB) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right)}{\frac{8b}{4b} B\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{7/2}} +$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[x], x]`

output `(B*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(4*b) + ((8*A*b - a*B)*((Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/3 + (5*a*((Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/2 + (3*a*(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x] + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/Sqrt[b]))/4))/6)/(8*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
risch	$\frac{(48b^3 B x^3 + 64A x^2 b^3 + 136B x^2 a b^2 + 208A x a b^2 + 118B x a^2 b + 264a^2 b A + 15a^3 B) \sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a}}{192b} + \frac{5a^3(8Ab - Ba) \ln\left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx+a}\right)}{128b^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{x} \left(96B b^{\frac{7}{2}} x^3 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} + 128A b^{\frac{7}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} + 272B a b^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} + 416A \sqrt{x(bx+a)} b^{\frac{5}{2}} a x + 236B \sqrt{x(bx+a)} b^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2\right)}{384b^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{x(bx+a)}}$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/192/b*(48*B*b^3*x^3+64*A*b^3*x^2+136*B*a*b^2*x^2+208*A*a*b^2*x+118*B*a^2*b*x+264*A*a^2*b+15*B*a^3)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)+5/128*a^3/b^(3/2)*(8*A*b-B*a)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(Ba^4 - 8Aa^3b)\sqrt{b} \log(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + a) - 2(48Bb^4x^3 + 15Ba^4 - 8Aa^3b)\sqrt{b} \log(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + a)}{\sqrt{x}} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/384*(15*(B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(48*B*b^4*x^3 + 15*B*a^3*b + 264*A*a^2*b^2 + 8*(17*B*a*b^3 + 8*A*b^4)*x^2 + 2*(59*B*a^2*b^2 + 104*A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/b^2, 1/192*(15*(B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (48*B*b^4*x^3 + 15*B*a^3*b + 264*A*a^2*b^2 + 8*(17*B*a*b^3 + 8*A*b^4)*x^2 + 2*(59*B*a^2*b^2 + 104*A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/b^2]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 35.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 541, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.51

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = Aa^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}} - \frac{Aa^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x}}{8\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} \\
& - \frac{Aa^{\frac{3}{2}}bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{5A\sqrt{ab^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}}{12\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{9Aa^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}} \\
& + 4Aab \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} a^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}+2b\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{b}} \quad \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{bx}} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \end{array} \right) + \frac{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{8b} + \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4} \quad \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\
& + \frac{Ab^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{11Ba^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{x}}{64b\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{11Ba^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{192\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} \\
& + \frac{79Ba^{\frac{3}{2}}bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{96\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{23B\sqrt{ab^2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}}{24\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{11Ba^4 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\
& + 2Ba^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} a^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}+2b\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{b}} \quad \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{bx}} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \end{array} \right) + \frac{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{8b} + \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4} \quad \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\
& + \frac{Bb^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(1/2), x)`

output

```

A*a**(5/2)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) - A*a**(5/2)*sqrt(x)/(8*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)
) - A*a**(3/2)*b*x**(3/2)/(24*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 5*A*sqrt(a)*b**2*x**(5/2)
/(12*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 9*A*a**3*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(8*sqrt(b)
) + 4*A*a*b*Piecewise((-a**2*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*
sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True)))/(8*b)
+ a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)/(8*b) + x**(3/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)/4, Ne(b, 0)), (s
qrt(a)*x**(3/2)/3, True)) + A*b**3*x**(7/2)/(3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) -
11*B*a**(7/2)*sqrt(x)/(64*b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 11*B*a**(5/2)*x**(3/2)/(192
*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 79*B*a**(3/2)*b*x**(5/2)/(96*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 23*B*s
qrt(a)*b**2*x**(7/2)/(24*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 11*B*a**4*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)
)/sqrt(a))/(64*b**(3/2)) + 2*B*a**2*Piecewise((-a**2*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt
(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))
/sqrt(b*x), True)))/(8*b) + a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)/(8*b) + x**(3/2)*sqrt(a
+ b*x)/4, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**(3/2)/3, True)) + B*b**3*x**(9/2)/(4*sqrt
(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a))

```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 454 vs. $2(116) = 232$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{bx^2+ax} B b^2 x^3 - \frac{7}{24} \sqrt{bx^2+ax} B a b x^2$$

$$+ \frac{35}{96} \sqrt{bx^2+ax} B a^2 x + \frac{35 B a^4 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{128 b^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{A a^3 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{\sqrt{b}}$$

$$- \frac{35 \sqrt{bx^2+ax} B a^3}{64 b} + \frac{(3 B a b^2 + A b^3) \sqrt{bx^2+ax} x^2}{3 b}$$

$$- \frac{5(3 B a b^2 + A b^3) \sqrt{bx^2+ax} a x}{12 b^2} + \frac{3(B a^2 b + A a b^2) \sqrt{bx^2+ax}}{2 b}$$

$$- \frac{5(3 B a b^2 + A b^3) a^3 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{16 b^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{9(B a^2 b + A a b^2) a^2 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{8 b^{5/2}}$$

$$- \frac{(B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) a \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{2 b^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{5(3 B a b^2 + A b^3) \sqrt{bx^2+ax} a^2}{8 b^3}$$

$$- \frac{9(B a^2 b + A a b^2) \sqrt{bx^2+ax} a}{4 b^2} + \frac{(B a^3 + 3 A a^2 b) \sqrt{bx^2+ax}}{b}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^2*x^3 - 7/24*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a*b*x^2 + 35/96*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^2*x + 35/128*B*a^4*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(3/2) + A*a^3*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(b) - 35/64*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^3/b + 1/3*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*x^2/b - 5/12*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a*x/b^2 + 3/2*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*x/b - 5/16*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*a^3*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(7/2) + 9/8*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*a^2*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(5/2) - 1/2*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*a*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(3/2) + 5/8*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^2/b^3 - 9/4*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a/b^2 + (B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)/b`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 76.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(2(bx + a) \left(4(bx + a) \left(\frac{6(bx+a)B}{b^2} - \frac{Bab^2 - 8Ab^3}{b^4} \right) - \frac{5(Ba^2b^2 - 8Aab^3)}{b^4} \right) - \frac{15(Ba^3b^2 - 8A^2ab^3)}{b^4} \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/192*((2*(b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*(6*(b*x + a)*B/b^2 - (B*a*b^2 - 8*A*b^3)/b^4) - 5*(B*a^2*b^2 - 8*A*a*b^3)/b^4) - 15*(B*a^3*b^2 - 8*A*a^2*b^3)/b^4)*sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a) + 15*(B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)))/b^(3/2))*b/abs(b)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^(1/2),x)`output `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{279\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}a^3b + 326\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}a^2b^2x + 200\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}ab^3x^2 + 48\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}b^4x^3}{192b}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(279*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b + 326*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*x  
+ 200*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*x**  
*3 + 105*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**4)/(192  
*b)
```

3.309 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2150
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2151
Rubi [A] (verified)	2151
Maple [A] (verified)	2153
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2154
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2155
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2156
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2157
Mupad [F(-1)]	2158
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2158

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{25}{24}a(6Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} + \frac{5}{12}b(6Ab+aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{3}B\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2} + \frac{5a^2(6Ab+aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
25/24*a*(6*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)+5/12*b*(6*A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)-2*A*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/x^(1/2)+1/3*B*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(5/2)+5/8*a^2*(6*A*b+B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}(4b^2x^2(3A + 2Bx) + 2abx(27A + 13Bx) + a^2(-48A + 33Bx))}{24\sqrt{x}} + \frac{5a^2(6Ab + aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(4*b^2*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x) + 2*a*b*x*(27*A + 13*B*x) + a^2*(-48*A + 33*B*x)))/(24*Sqrt[x]) + (5*a^2*(6*A*b + a*B)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(4*Sqrt[b])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {87, 60, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{(aB + 6Ab) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{a\sqrt{x}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{(aB + 6Ab) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{a\sqrt{x}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(aB + 6Ab) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} dx + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{a\sqrt{x}}$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{(aB + 6Ab) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{a\sqrt{x}}$$

↓ 65

$$\frac{(aB + 6Ab) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{a\sqrt{x}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(aB + 6Ab) \left(\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{a\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*A*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(a*Sqrt[x]) + ((6*A*b + a*B)*((Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/3 + (5*a*((Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/2 + (3*a*(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x] + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/Sqrt[b]))/4))/6)/a`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(-8Bb^2x^3-12Aa^2x^2-26Babx^2-54aAbx-33Ba^2x+48a^2A)}{24\sqrt{x}} + \frac{5a^2(6Ab+Ba)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}}+\sqrt{bx+a}\right)\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{16\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}\left(16B\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^3+24A\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2+52B\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2x^2+90Ab\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}+2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)a^2x+108Aab^{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)}{48\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}}$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/24*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-8*B*b^2*x^3-12*A*b^2*x^2-26*B*a*b*x^2-54*A*a*b*x-33*
B*a^2*x+48*A*a^2)/x^(1/2)+5/16*a^2*(6*A*b+B*a)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x
^2+a*x)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{15(Ba^3 + 6Aa^2b)\sqrt{bx} \log(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x+a}) + 2(8Bb^3x^3 - 48Bb^2x^2 + 3(11Bb^2a + 18Aab^2)x)\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{x}}{48bx} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(15*(B*a^3 + 6*A*a^2*b)*sqrt(b)*x*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)
)*sqrt(x) + a) + 2*(8*B*b^3*x^3 - 48*A*a^2*b + 2*(13*B*a*b^2 + 6*A*b^3)*x^
2 + 3*(11*B*a^2*b + 18*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(b*x), -1/24*(15
*(B*a^3 + 6*A*a^2*b)*sqrt(-b)*x*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (
8*B*b^3*x^3 - 48*A*a^2*b + 2*(13*B*a*b^2 + 6*A*b^3)*x^2 + 3*(11*B*a^2*b +
18*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(b*x)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 478, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} \\
& + 2Aa^{3/2}b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}} - \frac{2Aa^{3/2}b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + 4Aa^2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \\
& + 2Ab^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}+2b\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{b}} \text{ for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{bx}} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - \frac{\quad}{8b} + \frac{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{8b} + \frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4} \text{ for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{3/2}}{3} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\
& + Ba^{5/2}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}} - \frac{Ba^{5/2}\sqrt{x}}{8\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{Ba^{3/2}bx^{3/2}}{24\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{5B\sqrt{ab}^2x^{5/2}}{12\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{9Ba^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}} \\
& + 4Bab \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}+2b\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{b}} \text{ for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{bx}} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - \frac{\quad}{8b} + \frac{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{8b} + \frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4} \text{ for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{3/2}}{3} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\
& + \frac{Bb^3x^{7/2}}{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(3/2), x)`

output

```

-2*A*a**(5/2)/(sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 2*A*a**(3/2)*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 +
b*x/a) - 2*A*a**(3/2)*b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 4*A*a**2*sqrt(b)*asinh(s
qrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a)) + 2*A*b**2*Piecewise((-a**2*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(
b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/
sqrt(b*x), True))/(8*b) + a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)/(8*b) + x**(3/2)*sqrt(a
+ b*x)/4, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**(3/2)/3, True)) + B*a**(5/2)*sqrt(x)*sqrt
(1 + b*x/a) - B*a**(5/2)*sqrt(x)/(8*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - B*a**(3/2)*b*x**(3/
2)/(24*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 5*B*sqrt(a)*b**2*x**(5/2)/(12*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) +
9*B*a**3*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(8*sqrt(b)) + 4*B*a*b*Piecewise((
-a**2*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a,
0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True))/(8*b) + a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b
*x)/(8*b) + x**(3/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)/4, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**(3/2)/3, True
)) + B*b**3*x**(7/2)/(3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a))

```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 487 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 487, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.69

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{Bb^3x^4}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}} - \frac{7Bab^2x^3}{12\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}} \\
&+ \frac{35Ba^2bx^2}{24\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}} + \frac{51Ba^3x}{8\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}} + \frac{4Aa^2bx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}} \\
&- \frac{35Ba^3 \log\left(2bx + a + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{16\sqrt{b}} - \frac{2Aa^3}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}} \\
&+ \frac{(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)x^3}{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}} - \frac{5(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)ax^2}{4\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}}{2(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)x^2} \\
&- \frac{15(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)a^2x}{4\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}b^3} + \frac{6(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)ax}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}b^2} - \frac{4(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2)x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}b} \\
&+ \frac{15(4Bab^3 + Ab^4)a^2 \log\left(2bx + a + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{8b^{7/2}} \\
&- \frac{3(3Ba^2b^2 + 2Aab^3)a \log\left(2bx + a + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{b^{5/2}} \\
&+ \frac{2(2Ba^3b + 3Aa^2b^2) \log\left(2bx + a + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{b^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/3*B*b^3*x^4/\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x} - 7/12*B*a*b^2*x^3/\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x} + 35/ \\ & 24*B*a^2*b*x^2/\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x} + 51/8*B*a^3*x/\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x} + 4*A*a^ \\ & 2*b*x/\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x} - 35/16*B*a^3*\log(2*b*x + a + 2*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}) * \\ & \sqrt{b})/\sqrt{b} - 2*A*a^3/\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x} + 1/2*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*x^3 \\ & /(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*b) - 5/4*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*a*x^2/(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}* \\ & b^2) + 2*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*x^2/(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*b) - 15/4*(4*B*a \\ & *b^3 + A*b^4)*a^2*x/(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*b^3) + 6*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)* \\ & a*x/(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*b^2) - 4*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*x/(\sqrt{b*x^2 + \\ & a*x}*b) + 15/8*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*a^2*\log(2*b*x + a + 2*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}) \\ & *\sqrt{b})/b^(7/2) - 3*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*a*\log(2*b*x + a + 2*\sqrt{b \\ & *x^2 + a*x}*\sqrt{b})/b^(5/2) + 2*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*\log(2*b*x + a + \\ & 2*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*\sqrt{b})/b^(3/2) \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 76.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(\left(2(bx+a) \left(\frac{4(bx+a)B}{b} + \frac{Bab+6Ab^2}{b^2} \right) + \frac{5(Ba^2b+6Aab^2)}{b^2} \right) (bx+a) - \frac{15(Ba^3b+6Aa^2b^2)}{b^2} \right) \sqrt{bx+a} \right)}{\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}} - \frac{1}{24|b|}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/24*((2*(b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*B/b + (B*a*b + 6*A*b^2)/b^2) + 5*(B*a^2*b \\ & + 6*A*a*b^2)/b^2)*(b*x + a) - 15*(B*a^3*b + 6*A*a^2*b^2)/b^2)*\sqrt{b*x + \\ & a}/\sqrt{(b*x + a)*b - a*b} - 15*(B*a^3 + 6*A*a^2*b)*\log(\text{abs}(-\sqrt{b*x + a} \\ & *\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{(b*x + a)*b - a*b}))/b^(3/2))*b^2/\text{abs}(b) \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^(3/2), x)`output `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-384\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}a^3 + 696\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}a^2bx + 304\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}ab^2x^2 + 64\sqrt{bx + a}b^3x^3 + 840\sqrt{b}\log((\sqrt{a + bx} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{b})/\sqrt{a})a^3x - 525\sqrt{b}a^3x}{192x}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(3/2), x)`output `(- 384*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3 + 696*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x + 304*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 + 64*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 + 840*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**3*x - 525*sqrt(b)*a**3*x)/(192*x)`

3.310 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2159
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2159
Rubi [A] (verified)	2160
Maple [A] (verified)	2162
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2163
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2163
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2164
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2165
Mupad [F(-1)]	2165
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2166

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5}{4}b(4Ab+3aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{2(5Ab+3aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{2}bB\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{5}{4}a\sqrt{b}(4Ab+3aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)$$

output `5/4*b*(4*A*b+3*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)-2/3*(5*A*b+3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^(1/2)+1/2*b*B*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)-2/3*A*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/x^(3/2)+5/4*a*b^(1/2)*(4*A*b+3*B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(6b^2x^2(2A+Bx) - 8a^2(A+3Bx) + abx(-56A+27Bx))}{12x^{3/2}} + \frac{5}{2}a\sqrt{b}(4Ab+3aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{a+bx}*(6*b^2*x^2*(2*A+B*x) - 8*a^2*(A+3*B*x) + a*b*x*(-56*A+27*B*x)))/(12*x^{3/2}) + (5*a*\sqrt{b}*(4*A*b+3*a*B)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{x})/(-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a+bx})])}{2}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {87, 57, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{(3aB+4Ab) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{3ax^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 57$$

$$\frac{(3aB+4Ab) \left(5b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} dx - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{3ax^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(3aB+4Ab) \left(5b \left(\frac{3}{4}a \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} dx + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{3ax^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(3aB+4Ab) \left(5b \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{3ax^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 65$$

$$\frac{(3aB + 4Ab) \left(5b \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx}{a+bx}} d \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right)}{\frac{3a}{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}} \frac{3ax^{3/2}}{3ax^{3/2}}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(3aB + 4Ab) \left(5b \left(\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right)}{\frac{3a}{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}} \frac{3ax^{3/2}}{3ax^{3/2}}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*A*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(3*a*x^(3/2)) + ((4*A*b + 3*a*B)*((-2*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/Sqrt[x] + 5*b*((Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/2 + (3*a*(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x] + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/Sqrt[b]))/4))/(3*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 57 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]`
`Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m + n + 2, 0] && (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(-6Bb^2x^3-12Ab^2x^2-27Babx^2+56AAbx+24Ba^2x+8a^2A)}{12x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{5a\sqrt{b}(4Ab+3Ba)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}}+\sqrt{bx+a}\right)\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}\left(12B\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^3+60Ab^2\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)ax^2+24A\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2+45Bb\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)a^2\right)}{24x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}}$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/12*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-6*B*b^2*x^3-12*A*b^2*x^2-27*B*a*b*x^2+56*A*a*b*x+24*B*a^2*x+8*A*a^2)/x^(3/2)+5/8*a*b^(1/2)*(4*A*b+3*B*a)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2))+ (b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2)*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{15(3Ba^2 + 4Aab)\sqrt{bx^2} \log(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + a) + 2(6Bb^2x^3 - 8Aa^2x^2 + 3(9Bab + 4Ab^2)x - 8(3Ba^2 + 7Aab)x)\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{x}}{24x^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/24*(15*(3*B*a^2 + 4*A*a*b)*sqrt(b)*x^2*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) + 2*(6*B*b^2*x^3 - 8*A*a^2 + 3*(9*B*a*b + 4*A*b^2)*x^2 - 8*(3*B*a^2 + 7*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/x^2, -1/12*(15*(3*B*a^2 + 4*A*a*b)*sqrt(-b)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (6*B*b^2*x^3 - 8*A*a^2 + 3*(9*B*a*b + 4*A*b^2)*x^2 - 8*(3*B*a^2 + 7*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/x^2]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4Aa^{\frac{3}{2}}b}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + A\sqrt{ab^2}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}} - \frac{4A\sqrt{ab^2}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{2Aa^2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{3x} - \frac{2Aab^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{3} + 5Aab^{\frac{3}{2}}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2Ba^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + 2Ba^{\frac{3}{2}}b\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}} - \frac{2Ba^{\frac{3}{2}}b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + 4Ba^2\sqrt{b}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + 2Bb^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{l} a^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}+2b\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{b}} \text{ for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{bx}} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ -\frac{\sqrt{ax}^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8b} + \frac{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{8b} + \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4} \text{ for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right) \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(5/2),x)`

output

```
-4*A*a**(3/2)*b/(sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + A*sqrt(a)*b**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(1
+ b*x/a) - 4*A*sqrt(a)*b**2*sqrt(x)/sqrt(1 + b*x/a) - 2*A*a**2*sqrt(b)*sqrt
(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*x) - 2*A*a*b**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/3 + 5*A*a*b**(3/2)
*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a)) - 2*B*a**(5/2)/(sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) +
2*B*a**(3/2)*b*sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) - 2*B*a**(3/2)*b*sqrt(x)/sqrt(1 +
b*x/a) + 4*B*a**2*sqrt(b)*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a)) + 2*B*b**2*Piecew
ise((-a**2*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b),
Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True)))/(8*b) + a*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a
+ b*x)/(8*b) + x**(3/2)*sqrt(a + b*x)/4, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*x**(3/2)/3,
True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{15}{8} Ba^2 \sqrt{b} \log \left(2bx + a + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\sqrt{b} \right) + \frac{5}{2} Aab^{\frac{3}{2}} \log \left(2bx + a + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\sqrt{b} \right) - \frac{15\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ba^2}{4x} - \frac{35\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Aab}{6x} + \frac{5(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba}{4x^2} - \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Aa^2}{6x^2} + \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}B}{2x^3} - \frac{5(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Aa}{6x^3} + \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}A}{x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
15/8*B*a^2*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b)) + 5/2*A*a*
b^(3/2)*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b)) - 15/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a
*x)*B*a^2/x - 35/6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a*b/x + 5/4*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a
/x^2 - 5/6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^2/x^2 + 1/2*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(5/2)*B/x^3 - 5
/6*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A*a/x^3 + (b*x^2 + a*x)^(5/2)*A/x^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 76.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{b^3 \left(\frac{15(3Ba^2+4Aab) \log\left(|-\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)|}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{\left(3\left(2(bx+a)B+\frac{3Ba^2b+4Aab^2}{ab}\right)(bx+a)-\frac{20(3Ba^3b+4Aa^2b^2)}{ab}\right)(bx+a)+15}{((bx+a)b-ab)^{3/2}} \right)}{12|b|}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/12*b^3*(15*(3*B*a^2 + 4*A*a*b)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)))/b^(3/2) - ((3*(2*(b*x + a)*B + (3*B*a^2*b + 4*A*a*b^2)/(a*b))*(b*x + a) - 20*(3*B*a^3*b + 4*A*a^2*b^2)/(a*b))*(b*x + a) + 15*(3*B*a^4*b + 4*A*a^3*b^2)/(a*b))*sqrt(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(3/2))/abs(b)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx)(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-64\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3 - 640\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bx + 312\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2x^2 + 48\sqrt{x}Aa^2 + 48\sqrt{x}Babx}{96x^2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(5/2),x)`output `(- 64*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3 - 640*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x + 312*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 + 840*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2*b*x**2 + 175*sqrt(b)*a**2*b*x**2)/(96*x**2)`

3.311 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2167
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2167
Rubi [A] (verified)	2168
Maple [A] (verified)	2170
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2171
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2171
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2172
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2173
Mupad [F(-1)]	2173
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2174

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2b(Ab+2aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} + b^2B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} - \frac{2(Ab+aB)(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}} + b^{3/2}(2Ab+5aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)$$

output

```
-2*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)+b^2*B*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)-2/3*(A*b+B*a)*(b*x+a)^(3/2)/x^(3/2)-2/5*A*(b*x+a)^(5/2)/x^(5/2)+b^(3/2)*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}(b^2x^2(46A-15Bx) + 2a^2(3A+5Bx) + 2abx(11A+35Bx))}{15x^{5/2}} + 2b^{3/2}(2Ab+5aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2), x]`

output `-1/15*(Sqrt[a + b*x]*(b^2*x^2*(46*A - 15*B*x) + 2*a^2*(3*A + 5*B*x) + 2*a*b*x*(11*A + 35*B*x)))/x^(5/2) + 2*b^(3/2)*(2*A*b + 5*a*B)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {87, 57, 57, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(5aB + 2Ab) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx}{5a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{5ax^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 57 \\
 & \frac{(5aB + 2Ab) \left(\frac{5}{3}b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{3/2}}{x^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{5ax^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 57 \\
 & \frac{(5aB + 2Ab) \left(\frac{5}{3}b \left(3b \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}} dx - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{5ax^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(5aB + 2Ab) \left(\frac{5}{3}b \left(3b \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{5ax^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 65
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(5aB + 2Ab) \left(\frac{5}{3}b \left(3b \left(a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx}{a+bx}} d \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right)}{\frac{5a}{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}} \frac{5ax^{5/2}}{5ax^{5/2}}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(5aB + 2Ab) \left(\frac{5}{3}b \left(3b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right)}{\frac{5a}{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}} \frac{5ax^{5/2}}{5ax^{5/2}}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(7/2), x]`

output `(-2*A*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(5*a*x^(5/2)) + ((2*A*b + 5*a*B)*((-2*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(3*x^(3/2)) + (5*b*((-2*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/Sqrt[x] + 3*b*(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x] + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/Sqrt[b]))/3))/(5*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 57 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m + n + 2, 0] && (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

- rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}(-15Bb^2x^3+46Ab^2x^2+70Babx^2+22aAbx+10Ba^2x+6a^2A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{b^{\frac{3}{2}}(2Ab+5Ba)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}}+\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right)\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}\left(30A\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)b^3x^3+75B\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)a b^2x^3+30B\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^3-92A\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2\right)}{30x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}}$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/15*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-15*B*b^2*x^3+46*A*b^2*x^2+70*B*a*b*x^2+22*A*a*b*x+10*B*a^2*x+6*A*a^2)/x^(5/2)+1/2*b^(3/2)*(2*A*b+5*B*a)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\left[\frac{15(5Bab+2Ab^2)\sqrt{bx^3} \log(2bx+2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x+a})}{30x^3} + 2(15Bb^2x^3 - 2Aa^2\sqrt{ab^2} - \frac{2Aa^2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{5x^2} - \frac{22Aab^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{15x} - \frac{16Ab^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{15} + 2Ab^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2Ab^3\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{4Ba^{\frac{3}{2}}b}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + B\sqrt{ab^2}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}} - \frac{4B\sqrt{ab^2}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{2Ba^2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{3x} - \frac{2Bab^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{3} + 5Bab^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \right]}{30x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/30*(15*(5*B*a*b + 2*A*b^2)*sqrt(b)*x^3*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) + 2*(15*B*b^2*x^3 - 6*A*a^2 - 2*(35*B*a*b + 23*A*b^2)*x^2 - 2*(5*B*a^2 + 11*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/x^3, -1/15*(15*(5*B*a*b + 2*A*b^2)*sqrt(-b)*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (15*B*b^2*x^3 - 6*A*a^2 - 2*(35*B*a*b + 23*A*b^2)*x^2 - 2*(5*B*a^2 + 11*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/x^3]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 303 vs. 2(124) = 248.

Time = 7.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{ab^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{2Aa^2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{5x^2} - \frac{22Aab^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{15x} - \frac{16Ab^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{15} + 2Ab^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2Ab^3\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{4Ba^{\frac{3}{2}}b}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + B\sqrt{ab^2}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}} - \frac{4B\sqrt{ab^2}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{2Ba^2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{3x} - \frac{2Bab^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{3} + 5Bab^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(7/2),x)`

output

```
-2*A*sqrt(a)*b**2/(sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 2*A*a**2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x
) + 1)/(5*x**2) - 22*A*a*b**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(15*x) - 16*A*b**(5/2)
*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/15 + 2*A*b**(5/2)*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a)) - 2*A*
b**3*sqrt(x)/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 4*B*a**(3/2)*b/(sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 +
b*x/a)) + B*sqrt(a)*b**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) - 4*B*sqrt(a)*b**2*sqrt(x
)/sqrt(1 + b*x/a) - 2*B*a**2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*x) - 2*B*a*b**(3
/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/3 + 5*B*a*b**(3/2)*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 244 vs. $2(97) = 194$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{5}{2} Bab^{\frac{3}{2}} \log\left(2bx + a + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\sqrt{b}\right) + Ab^{\frac{5}{2}} \log\left(2bx + a + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\sqrt{b}\right) - \frac{35\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bab}{6x} - \frac{38\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab^2}{15x} - \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ba^2}{6x^2} - \frac{7\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Aab}{30x^2} - \frac{5(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba}{6x^3} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Aa^2}{10x^3} - \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ab}{3x^3} + \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}B}{x^4} - \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Aa}{2x^4} - \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}A}{5x^5}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
5/2*B*a*b^(3/2)*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b)) + A*b^(5/2)*1
og(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b)) - 35/6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a*b
/x - 38/15*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^2/x - 5/6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^2/x^2 - 7
/30*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a*b/x^2 - 5/6*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a/x^3 + 3/10*s
qrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^2/x^3 - 1/3*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A*b/x^3 + (b*x^2 + a*
x)^(5/2)*B/x^4 - 1/2*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A*a/x^4 - 1/5*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(5/2)
*A/x^5
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 76.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{15 (5 Bab^2 + 2 Ab^3) \log\left(\left| \frac{-\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}}{\sqrt{b}} \right| \right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\left(\left(\left(15 (bx+a)Bb^4 - \frac{23 (5 Ba^3b^6 + 2 Aa^2b^7)}{a^2b^2} \right) (bx+a) + \frac{35 (5 Ba^4b^6 + 2 Aa^3b^7)}{a^2b^2} \right) (bx+a) - 15 (5 Ba^5b^6 + 2 Aa^4b^7) / (a^2b^2) \right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{(bx+a)b-ab)^{5/2}} \right)}{15 |b|}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/15*(15*(5*B*a*b^2 + 2*A*b^3)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)))/sqrt(b) - (((15*(b*x + a)*B*b^4 - 23*(5*B*a^3*b^6 + 2*A*a^2*b^7)/(a^2*b^2))*(b*x + a) + 35*(5*B*a^4*b^6 + 2*A*a^3*b^7)/(a^2*b^2))*(b*x + a) - 15*(5*B*a^5*b^6 + 2*A*a^4*b^7)/(a^2*b^2))*sqrt(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(5/2))*b/abs(b)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^(7/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-24\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3 - 128\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bx - 464\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2x^2 + 60\sqrt{x}Aa^3 + 60\sqrt{x}Ab^2x^2}{60x^3}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(7/2),x)`output `(- 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3 - 128*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x - 464*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 + 60*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 + 420*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a*b**2*x**3 + 203*sqrt(b)*a*b**2*x**3)/(60*x**3)`

3.312 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2175
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2175
Rubi [A] (verified)	2176
Maple [A] (verified)	2178
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2179
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2179
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2180
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2181
Mupad [F(-1)]	2181
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2182

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^2B\sqrt{a+bx}}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{22abB\sqrt{a+bx}}{15x^{3/2}} - \frac{46b^2B\sqrt{a+bx}}{15\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} + 2b^{5/2}B \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)$$

output

```
-2/5*a^2*B*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^(5/2)-22/15*a*b*B*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^(3/2)-46/15*b^2*B*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)-2/7*A*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/a/x^(7/2)+2*b^(5/2)*B*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}(15Ab^3x^3 + 3a^3(5A + 7Bx) + a^2bx(45A + 77Bx) + ab^2x^2(45A + 161Bx))}{105ax^{7/2}} - 2b^{5/2}B \log\left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a+bx}\right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(9/2), x]`

output `(-2*sqrt[a + b*x]*(15*A*b^3*x^3 + 3*a^3*(5*A + 7*B*x) + a^2*b*x*(45*A + 77*B*x) + a*b^2*x^2*(45*A + 161*B*x)))/(105*a*x^(7/2)) - 2*b^(5/2)*B*Log[-(sqrt[b]*sqrt[x]) + sqrt[a + b*x]]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {87, 57, 57, 57, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & B \int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}}{x^{7/2}} dx - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 57 \\
 & B \left(b \int \frac{(a + bx)^{3/2}}{x^{5/2}} dx - \frac{2(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 57 \\
 & B \left(b \left(b \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx}}{x^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2(a + bx)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 57 \\
 & B \left(b \left(b \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{2(a + bx)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2(a + bx)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{7ax^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 65
 \end{aligned}$$

$$B\left(b\left(b\left(2b\int\frac{1}{1-\frac{bx}{a+bx}}d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}-\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}}\right)-\frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}}\right)-\frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}}\right)-\frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7ax^{7/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$B\left(b\left(b\left(2\sqrt{b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)-\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{\sqrt{x}}\right)-\frac{2(a+bx)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}}\right)-\frac{2(a+bx)^{5/2}}{5x^{5/2}}\right)-\frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{7ax^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(9/2), x]`

output `(-2*A*(a + b*x)^(7/2)/(7*a*x^(7/2)) + B*((-2*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/(5*x^(5/2)) + b*((-2*(a + b*x)^(3/2))/(3*x^(3/2)) + b*((-2*Sqrt[a + b*x])/Sqrt[x] + 2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 57 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]`
`Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m + n + 2, 0] && (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(15Ab^3x^3+161Ba^2b^2x^3+45aAb^2x^2+77Ba^2bx^2+45a^2Abx+21Ba^3x+15a^3A)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}a} + \frac{b^{\frac{5}{2}}B \ln\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx+a}\right)\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}\left(-105B \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}+2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)a^3b^3x^4+30A\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{7}{2}}x^3+322B\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{5}{2}}ax^3+90A\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{5}{2}}ax^2+15A^2b^{\frac{5}{2}}ax+15A^2b^{\frac{5}{2}}A\right)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}a\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}}$

```
input int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/105*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(15*A*b^3*x^3+161*B*a*b^2*x^3+45*A*a*b^2*x^2+77*B*a^2
*b*x^2+45*A*a^2*b*x+21*B*a^3*x+15*A*a^3)/x^(7/2)/a+b^(5/2)*B*ln((1/2*a+b*x
)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{105 Bab^{\frac{5}{2}}x^4 \log(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x+a}) - 2(15Aa^3 + (161Bab^2 + 105a^3))}{105a^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/105*(105*B*a*b^(5/2)*x^4*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(15*A*a^3 + (161*B*a*b^2 + 15*A*b^3)*x^3 + (77*B*a^2*b + 45*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(7*B*a^3 + 15*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(a*x^4), -2/105*(105*B*a*sqrt(-b)*b^2*x^4*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (15*A*a^3 + (161*B*a*b^2 + 15*A*b^3)*x^3 + (77*B*a^2*b + 45*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(7*B*a^3 + 15*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(a*x^4)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 581 vs. 2(114) = 228.

Time = 14.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 581, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{30Aa^7b^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3+210a^4b^5x^4+105a^3b^6x^5} - \frac{66Aa^6b^{\frac{11}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3+210a^4b^5x^4+105a^3b^6x^5} - \frac{34Aa^5b^{\frac{13}{2}}x^2\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3+210a^4b^5x^4+105a^3b^6x^5} - \frac{6Aa^4b^{\frac{15}{2}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3+210a^4b^5x^4+105a^3b^6x^5} - \frac{24Aa^3b^{\frac{17}{2}}x^4\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3+210a^4b^5x^4+105a^3b^6x^5} - \frac{16Aa^2b^{\frac{19}{2}}x^5\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{105a^5b^4x^3+210a^4b^5x^4+105a^3b^6x^5} - \frac{4Aab^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{5x^2} - \frac{14Ab^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{15x} - \frac{2Ab^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{15a} - \frac{2B\sqrt{ab^2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{2Ba^2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{5x^2} - \frac{22Bab^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{15x} - \frac{16Bb^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx}+1}}{15} + 2Bb^{\frac{5}{2}}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2Bb^3\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(9/2),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -30*A*a**7*b**(9/2)*\sqrt{a/(b*x) + 1}/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 66*A*a**6*b**(11/2)*x*\sqrt{a/(b*x) + 1}/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 34*A*a**5*b**(13/2)*x**2*\sqrt{a/(b*x) + 1}/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 6*A*a**4*b**(15/2)*x**3*\sqrt{a/(b*x) + 1}/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 24*A*a**3*b**(17/2)*x**4*\sqrt{a/(b*x) + 1}/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 16*A*a**2*b**(19/2)*x**5*\sqrt{a/(b*x) + 1}/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) - 4*A*a*b**(3/2)*\sqrt{a/(b*x) + 1}/(5*x**2) - 14*A*b**(5/2)*\sqrt{a/(b*x) + 1}/(15*x) - 2*A*b**(7/2)*\sqrt{a/(b*x) + 1}/(15*a) - 2*B*\sqrt{a}*b**2/(\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{1 + b*x/a}) - 2*B*a**2*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{a/(b*x) + 1}/(5*x**2) - 22*B*a*b**(3/2)*\sqrt{a/(b*x) + 1}/(15*x) - 16*B*b**(5/2)*\sqrt{a/(b*x) + 1}/15 + 2*B*b**(5/2)*\operatorname{asinh}(\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{a}) - 2*B*b**3*\sqrt{x}/(\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{1 + b*x/a})
 \end{aligned}$$

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 258 vs. $2(85) = 170$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx &= Bb^{\frac{5}{2}} \log \left(2bx + a + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\sqrt{b} \right) \\
 &- \frac{38\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bb^2}{15x} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab^3}{7ax} - \frac{7\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bab}{30x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab^2}{7x^2} \\
 &+ \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ba^2}{10x^3} - \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Bb}{3x^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Aab}{28x^3} - \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba}{2x^4} \\
 &- \frac{15\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Aa^2}{28x^4} - \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}B}{5x^5} + \frac{5(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Aa}{4x^5} - \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}A}{x^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
B*b^(5/2)*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b)) - 38/15*sqrt(b*x^2
+ a*x)*B*b^2/x - 2/7*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^3/(a*x) - 7/30*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x
)*B*a*b/x^2 + 1/7*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^2/x^2 + 3/10*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a
^2/x^3 - 1/3*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*b/x^3 - 3/28*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a*b/x^
3 - 1/2*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a/x^4 - 15/28*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^2/x^4 -
1/5*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(5/2)*B/x^5 + 5/4*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A*a/x^5 - (b*x^2 +
a*x)^(5/2)*A/x^6
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 75.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx =$$

$$2b^5 \left(\frac{105 B \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right|\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{\left(105 Ba^3b^2 - \left(350 Ba^2b^2 - \left(406 Bab^2 - \frac{(161 Ba^3b^3 + 15 Aa^2b^4)(bx+a)}{a^3b}\right)(bx+a)\right)(bx+a)\right)}{((bx+a)b-ab)^{7/2}} \right)$$

105 |b|

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-2/105*b^5*(105*B*log(abs(-sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b
)))/b^(3/2) - (105*B*a^3*b^2 - (350*B*a^2*b^2 - (406*B*a*b^2 - (161*B*a^3*b
^3 + 15*A*a^2*b^4)*(b*x + a)/(a^3*b))*(b*x + a))*(b*x + a))*sqrt(b*x + a)/
((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(7/2))/abs(b)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx)(a + bx)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^(9/2),x)
```

output `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^(9/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3}{7} - \frac{44\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bx}{35} - \frac{244\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2x^2}{105} - \frac{352\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^3x^3}{105} + 2\sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{x^4}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(9/2), x)`

output `(2*(- 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3 - 66*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x - 122*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 - 176*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 + 105*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*b**3*x**4 + 56*sqrt(b)*b**3*x**4))/(105*x**4)`

3.313 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2183
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2183
Rubi [A] (verified)	2184
Maple [A] (verified)	2185
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2186
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2186
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2187
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2188
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2188
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2189

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} + \frac{2(2Ab-9aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{63a^2x^{7/2}}$$

output `-2/9*A*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/a/x^(9/2)+2/63*(2*A*b-9*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/a^2/x^(7/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}(7aA-2Abx+9aBx)}{63a^2x^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(11/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a + b*x)^(7/2)*(7*a*A - 2*A*b*x + 9*a*B*x))/(63*a^2*x^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$-\frac{(2Ab - 9aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx}{9a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{9ax^{9/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$\frac{2(a + bx)^{7/2}(2Ab - 9aB)}{63a^2x^{7/2}} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{9ax^{9/2}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(11/2), x]`

output `(-2*A*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(9*a*x^(9/2)) + (2*(2*A*b - 9*a*B)*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(63*a^2*x^(7/2))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}(-2Abx+9Bax+7Aa)}{63x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^2}$	31
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}(-2Abx+9Bax+7Aa)}{63x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^2}$	31
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-2Ab^3x^3+9Ba^2b^2x^3+3aAb^2x^2+18Ba^2bx^2+12a^2Abx+9Ba^3x+7a^3A)}{63x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^2}$	77
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-2Ab^4x^4+9Ba^3b^3x^4+Aa^2b^3x^3+27Ba^2b^2x^3+15Aa^2b^2x^2+27Ba^3bx^2+19Aa^3bx+9Ba^4x+7Aa^4)}{63x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^2}$	100

input

```
int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/63*(b*x+a)^(7/2)*(-2*A*b*x+9*B*a*x+7*A*a)/x^(9/2)/a^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(7Aa^4 + (9Bab^3 - 2Ab^4)x^4 + (27Ba^2b^2 + Aab^3)x^3 + 3(9Ba^3b + 5Aa^2b^2)x^2 + (9Ba^4 + 19Aa^3b)x)}{63a^2x^{9/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/63*(7*A*a^4 + (9*B*a*b^3 - 2*A*b^4)*x^4 + (27*B*a^2*b^2 + A*a*b^3)*x^3 + 3*(9*B*a^3*b + 5*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + (9*B*a^4 + 19*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(a^2*x^(9/2))`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1442 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 39.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1442, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.21

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(11/2),x)`

output

```

-70*A*a**9*b**(19/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**1
0*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 220*A*a**8*b**(21/2)
*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*
b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 228*A*a**7*b**(23/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x)
+ 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 31
5*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 80*A*a**6*b**(25/2)*x**3*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*
b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**
7) - 60*A*a**6*b**(11/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*
b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) + 10*A*a**5*b**(27/2)*x**4*sqrt(a/(b*x) +
1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a
**4*b**12*x**7) - 132*A*a**5*b**(13/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*
x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) + 60*A*a**4*b**(29/2)*x**5
*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b*
**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 68*A*a**4*b**(15/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) +
1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b**6*x**5) + 80*A*a
**3*b**(31/2)*x**6*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*
x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 12*A*a**3*b**(17/2)*x*
**3*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(105*a**5*b**4*x**3 + 210*a**4*b**5*x**4 + 105*a**3*b
**6*x**5) + 32*A*a**2*b**(33/2)*x**7*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4
+ 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 4...

```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 258 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.87

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx &= -\frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^3}{7ax} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^4}{63a^2x} \\
&+ \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^2}{7x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^3}{63ax^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bab}{28x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^2}{42x^3} \\
&- \frac{15\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^2}{28x^4} - \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aab}{252x^4} + \frac{5(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba}{4x^5} \\
&- \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa^2}{36x^5} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}B}{x^6} + \frac{5(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Aa}{12x^6} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}A}{2x^7}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2/7*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*B*b^3/(a*x) + 4/63*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*A*b^4/(a^2*x) \\
& + 1/7*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*B*b^2/x^2 - 2/63*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*A*b^3/(a*x^2) - \\
& 3/28*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*B*a*b/x^3 + 1/42*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*A*b^2/x^3 - 15/ \\
& 28*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*B*a^2/x^4 - 5/252*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*A*a*b/x^4 + 5/4*(\\
& b*x^2 + a*x)^{(3/2)}*B*a/x^5 - 5/36*\sqrt{b*x^2 + a*x}*A*a^2/x^5 - (b*x^2 + a \\
& *x)^{(5/2)}*B/x^6 + 5/12*(b*x^2 + a*x)^{(3/2)}*A*a/x^6 - 1/2*(b*x^2 + a*x)^{(5/ \\
& 2)}*A/x^7
\end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{2(bx + a)^{7/2}b \left(\frac{(9Ba^3b^8 - 2Aa^2b^9)(bx+a)}{a^4} - \frac{9(Ba^4b^8 - Aa^3b^9)}{a^4} \right)}{63((bx + a)b - ab)^{9/2}|b|}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{-2/63*(b*x + a)^{(7/2)}*b*((9*B*a^3*b^8 - 2*A*a^2*b^9)*(b*x + a)/a^4 - 9*(B*a^4*b^8 - A*a^3*b^9)/a^4)/(((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^{(9/2)}*abs(b))}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx} \left(\frac{2Aa^2}{9} + \frac{x(18Ba^4 + 38Aab^3)}{63a^2} - \frac{x^4(4Ab^4 - 18Bab^3)}{63a^2} + \frac{2bx^2(5Ab + 9Ba)}{21} + \frac{2b^2x^3(Ab + 27Ba)}{63a} \right)}{x^{9/2}}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^(11/2),x)
```

output

$$\frac{-((a + b*x)^{(1/2)}*((2*A*a^2)/9 + (x*(18*B*a^4 + 38*A*a^3*b))/(63*a^2) - (x^4*(4*A*b^4 - 18*B*a*b^3))/(63*a^2) + (2*b*x^2*(5*A*b + 9*B*a))/21 + (2*b^2*x^3*(A*b + 27*B*a))/(63*a)))/x^{9/2}}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4}{9} - \frac{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3bx}{9} - \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2x^2}{3} - \frac{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^3x^3}{9} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^4x^4}{9}}{ax^5}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(11/2),x)`output `(2*(- sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4 - 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*x - 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*x**3 - sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*x**4 - sqrt(b)*b**4*x**5))/(9*a*x**5)`

3.314 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2190
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2190
Rubi [A] (verified)	2191
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} + \frac{2(4Ab-11aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{99a^2x^{9/2}} - \frac{4b(4Ab-11aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{693a^3x^{7/2}}$$

output `-2/11*A*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/a/x^(11/2)+2/99*(4*A*b-11*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/a^2/x^(9/2)-4/693*b*(4*A*b-11*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/a^3/x^(7/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}(63a^2A-28aAbx+77a^2Bx+8Ab^2x^2-22abBx^2)}{693a^3x^{11/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(13/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(a + b*x)^{(7/2)}*(63*a^2*A - 28*a*A*b*x + 77*a^2*B*x + 8*A*b^2*x^2 - 22*a*b*B*x^2))/(693*a^3*x^{(11/2)})}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {87, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & -\frac{(4Ab - 11aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx}{11a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{(4Ab - 11aB) \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx}{9a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & -\frac{\left(\frac{4b(a+bx)^{7/2}}{63a^2x^{7/2}} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right) (4Ab - 11aB)}{11a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(a + b*x)^{(5/2)}*(A + B*x)}{x^{(13/2)}}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*A*(a + b*x)^{(7/2)})/(11*a*x^{(11/2)}) - ((4*A*b - 11*a*B)*((-2*(a + b*x)^{(7/2)})/(9*a*x^{(9/2)}) + (4*b*(a + b*x)^{(7/2)})/(63*a^2*x^{(7/2)})))/(11*a)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 55 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{\text{Simplify}[m + 1]}(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] \ || \ !\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1])$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}(8Ab^2x^2-22Babx^2-28aAbx+77Ba^2x+63a^2A)}{693x^{\frac{11}{2}}a^3}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}(8Ab^2x^2-22Babx^2-28aAbx+77Ba^2x+63a^2A)}{693x^{\frac{11}{2}}a^3}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(8Ab^4x^4-22Ba^3b^3x^4-12Aab^3x^3+33Ba^2b^2x^3+15Aa^2b^2x^2+132Ba^3bx^2+98Aa^3bx+77Ba^4x+63Aa^4)}{693x^{\frac{11}{2}}a^3}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(8Ab^5x^5-22Ba^4b^4x^5-4aAb^4x^4+11Ba^2b^3x^4+3a^2Ab^3x^3+165Ba^3b^2x^3+113a^3Ab^2x^2+209Ba^4bx^2+161a^4Abx+77Aa^4)}{693x^{\frac{11}{2}}a^3}$

input $\text{int}((b*x+a)^{(5/2)}*(B*x+A)/x^{(13/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
-2/693*(b*x+a)^(7/2)*(8*A*b^2*x^2-22*B*a*b*x^2-28*A*a*b*x+77*B*a^2*x+63*A*
a^2)/x^(11/2)/a^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2(63Aa^5 - 2(11Bab^4 - 4Ab^5)x^5 + (11Ba^2b^3 - 4Aab^4)x^4 + 3(55Ba^3b^2 + Aa^2b^3)x^3 + (209Ba^4b + 113Aa^3b^2)x^2 + 7(11Ba^5 + 23Aa^4b)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{693a^3x^{11/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(13/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/693*(63*A*a^5 - 2*(11*B*a*b^4 - 4*A*b^5)*x^5 + (11*B*a^2*b^3 - 4*A*a*b^
4)*x^4 + 3*(55*B*a^3*b^2 + A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 + (209*B*a^4*b + 113*A*a^3*b^2)*
x^2 + 7*(11*B*a^5 + 23*A*a^4*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(a^3*x^(11/2))
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2790 vs. $2(82) = 164$.

Time = 110.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2790, normalized size of antiderivative = 33.21

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(13/2),x)
```

output

```
-630*A*a**11*b**(33/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**
8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**18*x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b
**20*x**9) - 2590*A*a**10*b**(35/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x
**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**18*x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**19*x**
8 + 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9) - 3980*A*a**9*b**(37/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(
3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**18*x**7 + 138
60*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9) - 2716*A*a**8*b**(39/2)*x**3*sq
rt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7
*b**18*x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9) - 140*A*a**8*b
**(21/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945
*a**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 686*A*a**7*b**(41/2)*x**4*sqrt(a
/(b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**
18*x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9) - 440*A*a**7*b**(2
3/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a
**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 70*A*a**6*b**(43/2)*x**5*sqrt(a/(b
*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**18*
x**7 + 13860*a**6*b**19*x**8 + 3465*a**5*b**20*x**9) - 456*A*a**6*b**(25/2
)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**7*b**9*x**4 + 945*a**6*b**10*x**5 + 945*a
**5*b**11*x**6 + 315*a**4*b**12*x**7) - 560*A*a**5*b**(45/2)*x**6*sqrt(a/(
b*x) + 1)/(3465*a**9*b**16*x**5 + 13860*a**8*b**17*x**6 + 20790*a**7*b**...
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 304 vs. $2(66) = 132$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^4}{63a^2x} - \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^5}{693a^3x}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^3}{63ax^2} + \frac{8\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^4}{693a^2x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^2}{42x^3}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^3}{231ax^3} - \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bab}{252x^4} + \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^2}{693x^4}$$

$$- \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^2}{36x^5} - \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aab}{792x^5} + \frac{5(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}Ba}{12x^6}$$

$$- \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa^2}{88x^6} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{5/2}B}{2x^7} + \frac{5(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}Aa}{24x^7} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{5/2}A}{3x^8}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 4/63\sqrt{bx^2 + ax} * B * b^4 / (a^2 * x) - 16/693\sqrt{bx^2 + ax} * A * b^5 / (a^3 * x) \\ & - 2/63\sqrt{bx^2 + ax} * B * b^3 / (a * x^2) + 8/693\sqrt{bx^2 + ax} * A * b^4 / (a^2 * x^2) \\ & + 1/42\sqrt{bx^2 + ax} * B * b^2 / x^3 - 2/231\sqrt{bx^2 + ax} * A * b^3 / (a * x^3) \\ & - 5/252\sqrt{bx^2 + ax} * B * a * b / x^4 + 5/693\sqrt{bx^2 + ax} * A * b^2 / x^4 \\ & - 5/36\sqrt{bx^2 + ax} * B * a^2 / x^5 - 5/792\sqrt{bx^2 + ax} * A * a * b / x^5 \\ & + 5/12 * (bx^2 + ax)^{(3/2)} * B * a / x^6 - 5/88\sqrt{bx^2 + ax} * A * a^2 / x^6 \\ & - 1/2 * (bx^2 + ax)^{(5/2)} * B / x^7 + 5/24 * (bx^2 + ax)^{(3/2)} * A * a / x^7 - 1/3 * (bx^2 + ax)^{(5/2)} * A / x^8 \end{aligned}$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{2(bx + a)^{7/2} \left((bx + a) \left(\frac{2(11Ba^3b^4 - 4Aa^2b^5)(bx + a)}{a^5} - \frac{11(11Ba^4b^4 - 4Aa^3b^5)}{a^5} \right) + \frac{99(Ba^5b^4 - 4Aa^4b^4)}{a^5} \right)}{693((bx + a)b - ab)^{11/2}|b|}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2/693 * (bx + a)^{(7/2)} * ((bx + a) * (2 * (11 * B * a^3 * b^4 - 4 * A * a^2 * b^5) * (bx + a) \\ & / a^5 - 11 * (11 * B * a^4 * b^4 - 4 * A * a^3 * b^5) / a^5) + 99 * (B * a^5 * b^4 - A * a^4 * b^5) / a^5 \\ & * b^7 / (((bx + a) * b - a * b)^{(11/2)} * \text{abs}(b)) \end{aligned}$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx} \left(\frac{2Aa^2}{11} + \frac{x(154Ba^5 + 322Aba^4)}{693a^3} + \frac{x^5(16Ab^5 - 44Bab^4)}{693a^3} + \frac{2bx^2(113Ab + 209Ba)}{693} - \frac{2b^3x^4(4Ab - 11Ba)}{693a^2} + \frac{2b^2x^5}{693a} \right)}{x^{11/2}}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^(13/2),x)
```


output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -((a + b*x)^{(1/2)}*((2*A*a^2)/11 + (x*(154*B*a^5 + 322*A*a^4*b))/(693*a^3) \\
& + (x^5*(16*A*b^5 - 44*B*a*b^4))/(693*a^3) + (2*b*x^2*(113*A*b + 209*B*a))/ \\
& 693 - (2*b^3*x^4*(4*A*b - 11*B*a))/(693*a^2) + (2*b^2*x^3*(A*b + 55*B*a))/ \\
& (231*a)))/x^{(11/2)}
\end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{13/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5}{11} - \frac{68\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4bx}{99} - \frac{92\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^2x^2}{99} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^3x^3}{33} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^4x^4}{33} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^5x^5}{33}}{a^2x^6}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(13/2),x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (2*(- 9*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{a + b*x}*a**5 - 34*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{a + b*x}*a**4*b*x - \\
& 46*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{a + b*x}*a**3*b**2*x**2 - 24*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{a + b*x}*a**2*b* \\
& *3*x**3 - \sqrt{x}*\sqrt{a + b*x}*a*b**4*x**4 + 2*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{a + b*x}*b**5 \\
& *x**5 - 2*\sqrt{b}*b**5*x**6))/(99*a**2*x**6)
\end{aligned}$$

3.315 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2197
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2197
Rubi [A] (verified)	2198
Maple [A] (verified)	2200
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2200
Sympy [F(-1)]	2201
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2201
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2202
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2202
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2203

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{13ax^{13/2}} + \frac{2(6Ab-13aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{143a^2x^{11/2}} - \frac{8b(6Ab-13aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{1287a^3x^{9/2}} + \frac{16b^2(6Ab-13aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{9009a^4x^{7/2}}$$

output
$$-2/13*A*(b*x+a)^{(7/2)}/a/x^{(13/2)}+2/143*(6*A*b-13*B*a)*(b*x+a)^{(7/2)}/a^2/x^{(11/2)}-8/1287*b*(6*A*b-13*B*a)*(b*x+a)^{(7/2)}/a^3/x^{(9/2)}+16/9009*b^2*(6*A*b-13*B*a)*(b*x+a)^{(7/2)}/a^4/x^{(7/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx = \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}(-48Ab^3x^3+63a^3(11A+13Bx)+8ab^2x^2(21A+13Bx)-14a^2bx(27A+26Bx))}{9009a^4x^{13/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(15/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(a + b*x)^{(7/2)}*(-48*A*b^3*x^3 + 63*a^3*(11*A + 13*B*x) + 8*a*b^2*x^2*(21*A + 13*B*x) - 14*a^2*b*x*(27*A + 26*B*x))}{(9009*a^4*x^{(13/2)})}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx$$

↓ 87

$$-\frac{(6Ab - 13aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx}{13a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{13ax^{13/2}}$$

↓ 55

$$-\frac{(6Ab - 13aB) \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx}{11a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{13ax^{13/2}}$$

↓ 55

$$-\frac{(6Ab - 13aB) \left(-\frac{4b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx}{9a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{13ax^{13/2}}$$

↓ 48

$$-\frac{\left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{4b(a+bx)^{7/2}}{63a^2x^{7/2}} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \right) (6Ab - 13aB)}{13a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{13ax^{13/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(5/2)}*(A + B*x))/x^{(15/2)}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2A(a + bx)^{7/2})/(13ax^{13/2}) - ((6Ab - 13aB)((-2(a + bx)^{7/2})/(11ax^{11/2}) - (4b((-2(a + bx)^{7/2})/(9ax^{9/2}) + (4b(a + bx)^{7/2})/(63a^2x^{7/2}))))/(11a)))/(13a)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 55

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}(-48Ab^3x^3+104Ba^2b^2x^3+168aAb^2x^2-364Ba^2bx^2-378a^2Abx+819Ba^3x+693a^3A)}{9009x^{\frac{13}{2}}a^4}$
orering	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}(-48Ab^3x^3+104Ba^2b^2x^3+168aAb^2x^2-364Ba^2bx^2-378a^2Abx+819Ba^3x+693a^3A)}{9009x^{\frac{13}{2}}a^4}$
default	$-\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-48Ab^5x^5+104Ba^4b^4x^5+72aAb^4x^4-156Ba^2b^3x^4-90a^2Ab^3x^3+195Ba^3b^2x^3+105a^3Ab^2x^2+1274Ba^4bx^2+1008a^4A)}{9009x^{\frac{13}{2}}a^4}$
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-48Ab^6x^6+104Ba^5b^5x^6+24Aab^5x^5-52Ba^2b^4x^5-18Aa^2b^4x^4+39Ba^3b^3x^4+15Aa^3b^3x^3+1469Ba^4b^2x^3+1113Aa^4b^2x^2+1008Aa^4bx^2+693Aa^4A)}{9009x^{\frac{13}{2}}a^4}$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(15/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{2}{9009} \frac{(b*x+a)^{7/2} * (-48*A*b^3*x^3+104*B*a*b^2*x^3+168*A*a*b^2*x^2-364*B*a^2*b*x^2-378*A*a^2*b*x+819*B*a^3*x+693*A*a^3)}{x^{13/2}/a^4}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(693Aa^6+8(13Bab^5-6Ab^6)x^6-4(13Ba^2b^4-6Aab^5)x^5+3(13Ba^3b^3-6Aa^2b^4)x^4+(1469Ba^4b^2+15Aa^4b)x^3+7(299Ba^5b+159Aa^4b^2)x^2+63(13Ba^6+27Aa^5b)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{9009a^4x^{13/2}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(15/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-\frac{2}{9009} \frac{(693*A*a^6+8*(13*B*a*b^5-6*A*b^6)*x^6-4*(13*B*a^2*b^4-6*A*a*b^5)*x^5+3*(13*B*a^3*b^3-6*A*a^2*b^4)*x^4+(1469*B*a^4*b^2+15*A*a^4*b)*x^3+7*(299*B*a^5*b+159*A*a^4*b^2)*x^2+63*(13*B*a^6+27*A*a^5*b)*x*\sqrt{b*x+a}}{a^4*x^{13/2}}$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(15/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 350 vs. 2(93) = 186.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx = & -\frac{16\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bb^5}{693a^3x} + \frac{32\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab^6}{3003a^4x} \\ & + \frac{8\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bb^4}{693a^2x^2} - \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab^5}{3003a^3x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bb^3}{231ax^3} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab^4}{1001a^2x^3} \\ & + \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bb^2}{693x^4} - \frac{10\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab^3}{3003ax^4} - \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bab}{792x^5} \\ & + \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab^2}{1716x^5} - \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ba^2}{88x^6} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Aab}{1144x^6} + \frac{5(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba}{24x^7} \\ & - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Aa^2}{104x^7} - \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}B}{3x^8} + \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Aa}{8x^8} - \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}A}{4x^9} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(15/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-16/693*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^5/(a^3*x) + 32/3003*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^6/
(a^4*x) + 8/693*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^4/(a^2*x^2) - 16/3003*sqrt(b*x^2 + a
*x)*A*b^5/(a^3*x^2) - 2/231*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^3/(a*x^3) + 4/1001*sqrt(
b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^4/(a^2*x^3) + 5/693*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^2/x^4 - 10/3003
*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^3/(a*x^4) - 5/792*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a*b/x^5 + 5/1
716*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^2/x^5 - 5/88*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^2/x^6 - 3/114
4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a*b/x^6 + 5/24*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a/x^7 - 3/104*s
qrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^2/x^7 - 1/3*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(5/2)*B/x^8 + 1/8*(b*x^2 +
a*x)^(3/2)*A*a/x^8 - 1/4*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(5/2)*A/x^9
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left((bx+a) \left(4(bx+a) \left(\frac{2(13Ba^3b^{12}-6Aa^2b^{13})(bx+a)}{a^6} - \frac{13(13Ba^4b^{12}-6Aa^3b^{13})}{a^6} \right) + \frac{143(13Ba^5b^{12}-6Aa^4b^{13})}{a^6} \right) - \frac{1287}{9009} \left((bx+a)b - ab \right)^{\frac{13}{2}} |b| \right)}{9009 \left((bx+a)b - ab \right)^{\frac{13}{2}} |b|}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(15/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-2/9009*((b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*(2*(13*B*a^3*b^12 - 6*A*a^2*b^13)*(b*x + a
)/a^6 - 13*(13*B*a^4*b^12 - 6*A*a^3*b^13)/a^6) + 143*(13*B*a^5*b^12 - 6*A*
a^4*b^13)/a^6) - 1287*(B*a^6*b^12 - A*a^5*b^13)/a^6*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*b/(((
b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(13/2)*abs(b))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx} \left(\frac{2Aa^2}{13} + \frac{x(1638Ba^6+3402Ab^5)}{9009a^4} - \frac{x^6(96Ab^6-208Bab^5)}{9009a^4} + \frac{2bx^2(159Ab+299Ba)}{1287} - \frac{2b^3x^4(6Ab-13Ba)}{3003a^2} + \frac{8b^5x^6}{3003a^2} \right)}{x^{13/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^(15/2),x)`

output `-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A*a^2)/13 + (x*(1638*B*a^6 + 3402*A*a^5*b))/(9009*a^4) - (x^6*(96*A*b^6 - 208*B*a*b^5))/(9009*a^4) + (2*b*x^2*(159*A*b + 299*B*a))/1287 - (2*b^3*x^4*(6*A*b - 13*B*a))/(3003*a^2) + (8*b^4*x^5*(6*A*b - 13*B*a))/(9009*a^3) + (2*b^2*x^3*(15*A*b + 1469*B*a))/(9009*a)))/x^(13/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{15/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^6}{13} - \frac{80\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5bx}{143} - \frac{916\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4b^2x^2}{1287} - \frac{424\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^3x^3}{1287} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{a^3x^7}}{a^3x^7}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(15/2),x)`

output `(2*(- 99*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**6 - 360*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*b*x - 458*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b**2*x**2 - 212*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**3*x**3 - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**4*x**4 + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**5*x**5 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**6*x**6 + 8*sqrt(b)*b**6*x**7))/(1287*a**3*x**7)`

3.316 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{17/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2204
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2205
Rubi [A] (verified)	2205
Maple [A] (verified)	2207
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2208
Sympy [F(-1)]	2208
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2209
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2210
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2210
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2211

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{17/2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{15ax^{15/2}} + \frac{2(8Ab-15aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{195a^2x^{13/2}} - \frac{4b(8Ab-15aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{715a^3x^{11/2}} + \frac{16b^2(8Ab-15aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{6435a^4x^{9/2}} - \frac{32b^3(8Ab-15aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{45045a^5x^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2/15*A*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/a/x^(15/2)+2/195*(8*A*b-15*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/a^2/x^(13/2)-4/715*b*(8*A*b-15*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/a^3/x^(11/2)+16/6435*b^2*(8*A*b-15*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/a^4/x^(9/2)-32/45045*b^3*(8*A*b-15*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/a^5/x^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{17/2}} dx = \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}(128Ab^4x^4 + 168a^2b^2x^2(6A+5Bx) + 231a^4(13A+15Bx) - 16ab^3x^3(28A+15Bx) - 42a^3Bx) - 45045a^5x^{15/2}}{45045a^5x^{15/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(17/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(a + b*x)^(7/2)*(128*A*b^4*x^4 + 168*a^2*b^2*x^2*(6*A + 5*B*x) + 231*a^4*(13*A + 15*B*x) - 16*a*b^3*x^3*(28*A + 15*B*x) - 42*a^3*b*x*(44*A + 45*B*x)))/(45045*a^5*x^(15/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{17/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\ & -\frac{(8Ab-15aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx}{15a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{15ax^{15/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \\ & -\frac{(8Ab-15aB) \left(-\frac{6b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx}{13a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{13ax^{13/2}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{15ax^{15/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{(8Ab - 15aB) \left(\frac{6b \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx}{11a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{13ax^{13/2}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{15ax^{15/2}} \\
 \downarrow 55 \\
 \frac{(8Ab - 15aB) \left(\frac{6b \left(\frac{4b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx}{9a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{13ax^{13/2}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{15ax^{15/2}} \\
 \downarrow 48 \\
 \frac{\left(\frac{6b \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{4b(a+bx)^{7/2}}{63a^2x^{7/2}} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{13ax^{13/2}} \right) (8Ab - 15aB)}{15a} - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{15ax^{15/2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(17/2),x]`

output `(-2*A*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(15*a*x^(15/2)) - ((8*A*b - 15*a*B)*((-2*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(13*a*x^(13/2)) - (6*b*((-2*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(11*a*x^(11/2)) - (4*b*((-2*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(9*a*x^(9/2)) + (4*b*(a + b*x)^(7/2))/(63*a^2*x^(7/2))))/(11*a)))/(13*a)))/(15*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 55 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{\text{Simplify}[m + 1]}(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] \ || \ !\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1])$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}(128Ab^4x^4-240Ba^2b^3x^4-448Aa^2b^3x^3+840B^2a^2b^2x^3+1008A^2a^2b^2x^2-1890B^3a^3bx^2-1848A^3a^3bx+3465B^4a^4x+3003B^5a^5)}{45045x^{\frac{15}{2}}a^5}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}(128Ab^4x^4-240Ba^2b^3x^4-448Aa^2b^3x^3+840B^2a^2b^2x^3+1008A^2a^2b^2x^2-1890B^3a^3bx^2-1848A^3a^3bx+3465B^4a^4x+3003B^5a^5)}{45045x^{\frac{15}{2}}a^5}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(128Ab^6x^6-240Ba^2b^5x^6-192Aa^2b^5x^5+360B^2a^2b^4x^5+240A^2a^2b^4x^4-450B^3a^3b^3x^4-280A^3a^3b^3x^3+525B^4a^4b^2x^3+315B^5a^5b^2x^2-120A^4a^4b^2x^2-120A^4a^4b^2x+120A^4a^4b^2)}{45045x^{\frac{15}{2}}a^5}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(128Ab^7x^7-240Ba^2b^6x^7-64Aa^2b^6x^6+120B^2a^2b^5x^6+48A^2a^2b^5x^5-90B^3a^3b^4x^5-40A^3a^3b^4x^4+75B^4a^4b^3x^4+35A^4a^4b^3x^3-120A^4a^4b^3x^2-120A^4a^4b^3x+120A^4a^4b^3)}{45045x^{\frac{15}{2}}a^5}$

input $\text{int}((b*x+a)^{(5/2)}*(B*x+A)/x^{(17/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
-2/45045*(b*x+a)^(7/2)*(128*A*b^4*x^4-240*B*a*b^3*x^4-448*A*a*b^3*x^3+840*
B*a^2*b^2*x^3+1008*A*a^2*b^2*x^2-1890*B*a^3*b*x^2-1848*A*a^3*b*x+3465*B*a^
4*x+3003*A*a^4)/x^(15/2)/a^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{17/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(3003Aa^7 - 16(15Bab^6 - 8Ab^7)x^7 + 8(15Ba^2b^5 - 8Aab^6)x^6 - 6(15Ba^3b^4 - 8Aa^2b^5)x^5 + 5(15Ba$$

4)

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(17/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/45045*(3003*A*a^7 - 16*(15*B*a*b^6 - 8*A*b^7)*x^7 + 8*(15*B*a^2*b^5 - 8
*A*a*b^6)*x^6 - 6*(15*B*a^3*b^4 - 8*A*a^2*b^5)*x^5 + 5*(15*B*a^4*b^3 - 8*A
*a^3*b^4)*x^4 + 35*(159*B*a^5*b^2 + A*a^4*b^3)*x^3 + 63*(135*B*a^6*b + 71*
A*a^5*b^2)*x^2 + 231*(15*B*a^7 + 31*A*a^6*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(a^5*x^(15/2
))
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{17/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(17/2),x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 396 vs. $2(120) = 240$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{17/2}} dx = \frac{32\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^6}{3003a^4x} - \frac{256\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^7}{45045a^5x}$$

$$- \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^5}{3003a^3x^2} + \frac{128\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^6}{45045a^4x^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^4}{1001a^2x^3}$$

$$- \frac{32\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^5}{15015a^3x^3} - \frac{10\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^3}{3003ax^4} + \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^4}{9009a^2x^4}$$

$$+ \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bb^2}{1716x^5} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^3}{1287ax^5} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bab}{1144x^6}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ab^2}{715x^6} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^2}{104x^7} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aab}{780x^7} + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}Ba}{8x^8}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa^2}{60x^8} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{5/2}B}{4x^9} + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}Aa}{12x^9} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{5/2}A}{5x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(17/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
32/3003*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^6/(a^4*x) - 256/45045*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^7/(a^5*x) - 16/3003*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^5/(a^3*x^2) + 128/45045*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^6/(a^4*x^2) + 4/1001*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^4/(a^2*x^3) - 32/15015*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^5/(a^3*x^3) - 10/3003*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^3/(a*x^4) + 16/9009*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^4/(a^2*x^4) + 5/1716*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^2/x^5 - 2/1287*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^3/(a*x^5) - 3/1144*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a*b/x^6 + 1/715*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^2/x^6 - 3/104*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^2/x^7 - 1/780*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a*b/x^7 + 1/8*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a/x^8 - 1/60*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^2/x^8 - 1/4*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(5/2)*B/x^9 + 1/12*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A*a/x^9 - 1/5*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(5/2)*A/x^10
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{17/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left((2(bx+a)) \left(4(bx+a) \left(\frac{2(15Ba^3b^6-8Aa^2b^7)(bx+a)}{a^7} - \frac{15(15Ba^4b^6-8Aa^3b^7)}{a^7} \right) + \frac{19}{45045} \right) \right)}{45045((bx$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(17/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/45045*((2*(b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*(2*(15*B*a^3*b^6 - 8*A*a^2*b^7)*(b*x +
a)/a^7 - 15*(15*B*a^4*b^6 - 8*A*a^3*b^7)/a^7) + 195*(15*B*a^5*b^6 - 8*A*a^
4*b^7)/a^7) - 715*(15*B*a^6*b^6 - 8*A*a^5*b^7)/a^7)*(b*x + a) + 6435*(B*a^
7*b^6 - A*a^6*b^7)/a^7)*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*b^9/(((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(15/2)*ab
s(b))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{17/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx} \left(\frac{2Aa^2}{15} + \frac{x^7(256Ab^7-480Bab^6)}{45045a^5} + \frac{2ax(31Ab+15Ba)}{195} + \frac{2bx^2(71Ab+135Ba)}{715} - \frac{2b^3x^4(8Ab-15Ba)}{9009a^2} + \frac{4b^4x^5}{15} \right)}{x^{15/2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^(17/2),x)`

output

```
-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A*a^2)/15 + (x^7*(256*A*b^7 - 480*B*a*b^6))/(45045*a
^5) + (2*a*x*(31*A*b + 15*B*a))/195 + (2*b*x^2*(71*A*b + 135*B*a))/715 - (
2*b^3*x^4*(8*A*b - 15*B*a))/(9009*a^2) + (4*b^4*x^5*(8*A*b - 15*B*a))/(150
15*a^3) - (16*b^5*x^6*(8*A*b - 15*B*a))/(45045*a^4) + (2*b^2*x^3*(A*b + 15
9*B*a))/(1287*a)))/x^(15/2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{17/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^7}{15} - \frac{92\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^6bx}{195} - \frac{412\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5b^2x^2}{715} - \frac{320\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4b^3x^3}{1287} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{a^4x}}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(17/2),x)`output `(2*(- 429*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**7 - 1518*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**6*b*x - 1854*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**5*b**2*x**2 - 800*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b**3*x**3 - 5*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**4*x**4 + 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**5*x**5 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**6*x**6 + 16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**7*x**7 - 16*sqrt(b)*b**7*x**8))/(6435*a**4*x**8)`

3.317 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{19/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2212
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2213
Rubi [A] (verified)	2213
Maple [A] (verified)	2217
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2217
Sympy [F(-1)]	2218
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2218
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2219
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2220
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2220

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{x^{19/2}} dx = -\frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{17ax^{17/2}} + \frac{2(10Ab-17aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{255a^2x^{15/2}} - \frac{16b(10Ab-17aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{3315a^3x^{13/2}} + \frac{32b^2(10Ab-17aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{12155a^4x^{11/2}} - \frac{128b^3(10Ab-17aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{109395a^5x^{9/2}} + \frac{256b^4(10Ab-17aB)(a+bx)^{7/2}}{765765a^6x^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2/17*A*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/a/x^(17/2)+2/255*(10*A*b-17*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/a^2/x
^(15/2)-16/3315*b*(10*A*b-17*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/a^3/x^(13/2)+32/12155*b^2*
(10*A*b-17*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/a^4/x^(11/2)-128/109395*b^3*(10*A*b-17*B*a)*
(b*x+a)^(7/2)/a^5/x^(9/2)+256/765765*b^4*(10*A*b-17*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(7/2)/a^6
/x^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{19/2}} dx = \frac{2(a + bx)^{7/2}(-1280Ab^5x^5 + 3003a^5(15A + 17Bx) + 128ab^4x^4(35A + 17Bx) - 224a^2b^3x^3(45A + 34Bx) - 336a^3b^2x^2(55A + 51Bx) - 462a^4b^2x(65A + 68Bx))}{765765a^6x^{17/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(19/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(a + b*x)^(7/2)*(-1280*A*b^5*x^5 + 3003*a^5*(15*A + 17*B*x) + 128*a*b^4*x^4*(35*A + 17*B*x) - 224*a^2*b^3*x^3*(45*A + 34*B*x) + 336*a^3*b^2*x^2*(55*A + 51*B*x) - 462*a^4*b*x*(65*A + 68*B*x)))/(765765*a^6*x^(17/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{19/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{(10Ab - 17aB) \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{17/2}} dx}{17a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{17ax^{17/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & \frac{(10Ab - 17aB) \left(-\frac{8b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{15/2}} dx}{15a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{15ax^{15/2}} \right)}{17a} - \frac{2A(a + bx)^{7/2}}{17ax^{17/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \end{aligned}$$

$$(10Ab - 17aB) \left(-\frac{8b \left(-\frac{6b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{13/2}} dx}{13a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{13ax^{13/2}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{15ax^{15/2}} \right) - \frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}{17ax^{17/2}}$$

↓ 55

$$(10Ab - 17aB) \left(-\frac{8b \left(-\frac{6b \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{11/2}} dx}{11a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{13ax^{13/2}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{15ax^{15/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{17a}{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}} - \frac{17ax^{17/2}}{17ax^{17/2}}$$

↓ 55

$$(10Ab - 17aB) \left[\frac{6b \left(\frac{4b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{(a+bx)^{5/2}}{x^{9/2}} dx - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{13ax^{13/2}} \right] - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{15ax^{15/2}}$$

$$\frac{17a}{17ax^{17/2}} \frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 48

$$\left(\frac{8b \left(\frac{6b \left(\frac{4b \left(\frac{4b(a+bx)^{7/2}}{63a^2x^{7/2}} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{9ax^{9/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{11ax^{11/2}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{13ax^{13/2}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{2(a+bx)^{7/2}}{15ax^{15/2}} \right) (10Ab - 17aB)$$

$$\frac{17a}{17ax^{17/2}} \frac{2A(a+bx)^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/x^(19/2), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2A(a + bx)^{7/2}) / (17ax^{17/2}) - ((10Ab - 17aB) * (-2(a + bx)^{7/2}) / (15ax^{15/2}) - (8b * (-2(a + bx)^{7/2}) / (13ax^{13/2}) - (6b * (-2(a + bx)^{7/2}) / (11ax^{11/2}) - (4b * (-2(a + bx)^{7/2}) / (9ax^9/2)) + (4b * (a + bx)^{7/2}) / (63a^2x^{7/2}))) / (11a)) / (13a)) / (15a)) / (17a) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 55

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))], x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*
(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}(-1280Ab^5x^5+2176Ba^4x^5+4480aAb^4x^4-7616Ba^2b^3x^4-10080a^2Ab^3x^3+17136Ba^3b^2x^3+18480a^3Ab^2x^2-31416a^4Abx^2-765765x^{\frac{17}{2}}a^6)}{765765x^{\frac{17}{2}}a^6}$
orering	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}(-1280Ab^5x^5+2176Ba^4x^5+4480aAb^4x^4-7616Ba^2b^3x^4-10080a^2Ab^3x^3+17136Ba^3b^2x^3+18480a^3Ab^2x^2-31416a^4Abx^2-765765x^{\frac{17}{2}}a^6)}{765765x^{\frac{17}{2}}a^6}$
default	$\frac{2(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(-1280Ab^7x^7+2176Ba^6b^7x^7+1920Aa^6b^6x^6-3264Ba^2b^5x^6-2400Aa^2b^5x^5+4080Ba^3b^4x^5+2800Aa^3b^4x^4-4760Ba^4b^3x^4-765765x^{\frac{17}{2}}a^6)}{765765x^{\frac{17}{2}}a^6}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-1280Ab^8x^8+2176Ba^7b^7x^8+640Aa^7b^7x^7-1088Ba^2b^6x^7-480Aa^2b^6x^6+816Ba^3b^5x^6+400Aa^3b^5x^5-680Ba^4b^4x^5-765765x^{\frac{17}{2}}a^6)}{765765x^{\frac{17}{2}}a^6}$

input `int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(19/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{-2/765765*(b*x+a)^{(7/2)}*(-1280*A*b^5*x^5+2176*B*a*b^4*x^5+4480*A*a*b^4*x^4-7616*B*a^2*b^3*x^4-10080*A*a^2*b^3*x^3+17136*B*a^3*b^2*x^3+18480*A*a^3*b^2*x^2-31416*B*a^4*b*x^2-30030*A*a^4*b*x+51051*B*a^5*x+45045*A*a^5)/x^{(17/2)}}{a^6}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{19/2}} dx = \frac{2(45045Aa^8 + 128(17Bab^7 - 10Ab^8)x^8 - 64(17Ba^2b^6 - 10Aab^7)x^7 + 48(17Ba^3b^5 - 10Aa^2b^6)x^6 - 30030Aa^4b^4x^5 + 51051Bab^5x^4 + 45045Aa^5x^3 + 231(527Bab^7 + 275Aa^6b^2)x^2 + 3003(17Bab^8 + 35Aa^7b)x)\sqrt{bx + a}}{a^6x^{(17/2)}}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(19/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-2/765765*(45045*A*a^8 + 128*(17*B*a*b^7 - 10*A*b^8)*x^8 - 64*(17*B*a^2*b^6 - 10*A*a*b^7)*x^7 + 48*(17*B*a^3*b^5 - 10*A*a^2*b^6)*x^6 - 40*(17*B*a^4*b^4 - 10*A*a^3*b^5)*x^5 + 35*(17*B*a^5*b^3 - 10*A*a^4*b^4)*x^4 + 63*(1207*B*a^6*b^2 + 5*A*a^5*b^3)*x^3 + 231*(527*B*a^7*b + 275*A*a^6*b^2)*x^2 + 3003*(17*B*a^8 + 35*A*a^7*b)*x)\sqrt{b*x + a}}{a^6x^{(17/2)}}$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{19/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x**(19/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 442 vs. $2(147) = 294$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 442, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{19/2}} dx = & -\frac{256 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} B b^7}{45045 a^5 x} + \frac{512 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} A b^8}{153153 a^6 x} \\ & + \frac{128 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} B b^6}{45045 a^4 x^2} - \frac{256 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} A b^7}{153153 a^5 x^2} - \frac{32 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} B b^5}{15015 a^3 x^3} \\ & + \frac{64 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} A b^6}{51051 a^4 x^3} + \frac{16 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} B b^4}{9009 a^2 x^4} - \frac{160 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} A b^5}{153153 a^3 x^4} \\ & - \frac{2 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} B b^3}{1287 a x^5} + \frac{20 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} A b^4}{21879 a^2 x^5} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ax} B b^2}{715 x^6} \\ & - \frac{2 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} A b^3}{2431 a x^6} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ax} B a b}{780 x^7} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ax} A b^2}{1326 x^7} \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ax} B a^2}{60 x^8} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ax} A a b}{1428 x^8} + \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} B a}{12 x^9} \\ & - \frac{5 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} A a^2}{476 x^9} - \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{5}{2}} B}{5 x^{10}} + \frac{5 (bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} A a}{84 x^{10}} - \frac{(bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{5}{2}} A}{6 x^{11}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(19/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-256/45045*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^7/(a^5*x) + 512/153153*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*
A*b^8/(a^6*x) + 128/45045*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^6/(a^4*x^2) - 256/153153*
sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^7/(a^5*x^2) - 32/15015*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^5/(a^3*x
^3) + 64/51051*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^6/(a^4*x^3) + 16/9009*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*
x)*B*b^4/(a^2*x^4) - 160/153153*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^5/(a^3*x^4) - 2/1287
*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^3/(a*x^5) + 20/21879*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^4/(a^2*x
^5) + 1/715*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^2/x^6 - 2/2431*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^3/(
a*x^6) - 1/780*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a*b/x^7 + 1/1326*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^
2/x^7 - 1/60*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^2/x^8 - 1/1428*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a*b/
x^8 + 1/12*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a/x^9 - 5/476*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^2/x^9
- 1/5*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(5/2)*B/x^10 + 5/84*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A*a/x^10 - 1/
6*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(5/2)*A/x^11
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{19/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left(\left(8 \left(2 (bx + a) \left(4 (bx + a) \left(\frac{2 (17 Ba^3 b^{16} - 10 Aa^2 b^{17}) (bx + a)}{a^8} - \frac{17 (17 Ba^4 b^{16} - 10 Aa^3 b^{17})}{a^8} \right) \right) + \frac{255 (17 Ba^5 b^{16} - 10 Aa^4 b^{17})}{a^8} \right) \right)}{765765 ((bx +$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(19/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-2/765765*((8*(2*(b*x + a))*(4*(b*x + a))*(2*(17*B*a^3*b^16 - 10*A*a^2*b^17)
*(b*x + a)/a^8 - 17*(17*B*a^4*b^16 - 10*A*a^3*b^17)/a^8) + 255*(17*B*a^5*b
^16 - 10*A*a^4*b^17)/a^8) - 1105*(17*B*a^6*b^16 - 10*A*a^5*b^17)/a^8)*(b*x
+ a) + 12155*(17*B*a^7*b^16 - 10*A*a^6*b^17)/a^8)*(b*x + a) - 109395*(B*a
^8*b^16 - A*a^7*b^17)/a^8)*(b*x + a)^(7/2)*b/(((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(17/2)*a
bs(b))
```


Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{19/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx} \left(\frac{2Aa^2}{17} + \frac{2ax(35Ab + 17Ba)}{255} + \frac{2bx^2(275Ab + 527Ba)}{3315} - \frac{2b^3x^4(10Ab - 17Ba)}{21879a^2} + \frac{16b^4x^5(10Ab - 17Ba)}{153153a^3} - \frac{32b^5x^6(10Ab - 17Ba)}{153153a^3} \right)}{x^{17/2}}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^(5/2))/x^(19/2), x)
```

output

```
-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A*a^2)/17 + (2*a*x*(35*A*b + 17*B*a))/255 + (2*b*x^2
*(275*A*b + 527*B*a))/3315 - (2*b^3*x^4*(10*A*b - 17*B*a))/(21879*a^2) + (
16*b^4*x^5*(10*A*b - 17*B*a))/(153153*a^3) - (32*b^5*x^6*(10*A*b - 17*B*a)
)/(255255*a^4) + (128*b^6*x^7*(10*A*b - 17*B*a))/(765765*a^5) - (256*b^7*x
^8*(10*A*b - 17*B*a))/(765765*a^6) + (2*b^2*x^3*(5*A*b + 1207*B*a))/(12155
*a)))/x^(17/2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{x^{19/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^8}{17} - \frac{104\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^7bx}{255} - \frac{1604\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^6b^2x^2}{3315} - \frac{2424\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5b^3x^3}{12155} - \frac{1444\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4b^4x^4}{12155} - \frac{1444\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b^5x^5}{12155} - \frac{1444\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^6x^6}{12155} - \frac{1444\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^7x^7}{12155} - \frac{1444\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^8x^8}{12155} - \frac{1444\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^9x^9}{12155}}{x^{17/2}}$$

input

```
int((b*x+a)^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/x^(19/2), x)
```

output

```
(2*( - 6435*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**8 - 22308*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**7*
b*x - 26466*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**6*b**2*x**2 - 10908*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a +
b*x)*a**5*b**3*x**3 - 35*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4*b**4*x**4 + 40*sqrt(x)
*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b**5*x**5 - 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**6*x**6 +
64*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**7*x**7 - 128*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**8*x**8
+ 128*sqrt(b)*b**8*x**9))/(109395*a**5*x**9)
```

3.318 $\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	2221
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2221
Rubi [A] (verified)	2222
Maple [A] (verified)	2224
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2225
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2226
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2226
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2227
Mupad [F(-1)]	2227
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2228

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{5a^2(8Ab-7aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{64b^4} - \frac{5a(8Ab-7aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{96b^3} + \frac{(8Ab-7aB)x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{24b^2} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4b} - \frac{5a^3(8Ab-7aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{64b^{9/2}}$$

output

```
5/64*a^2*(8*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^4-5/96*a*(8*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3+1/24*(8*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/4*B*x^(7/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b-5/64*a^3*(8*A*b-7*B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(-105a^3B+16b^3x^2(4A+3Bx)-8ab^2x(10A+7Bx)+10a^2b(12A+7Bx))}{192b^4} + \frac{5a^3(-8Ab+7aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{32b^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a + b*x], x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(-105*a^3*B + 16*b^3*x^2*(4*A + 3*B*x) - 8*a*b^2*x*(10*A + 7*B*x) + 10*a^2*b*(12*A + 7*B*x)))/(192*b^4) + (5*a^3*(-8*A*b + 7*a*B)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(32*b^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {90, 60, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 90 \\
 & \frac{(8Ab - 7aB) \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{8b} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(8Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{6b} \right)}{8b} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(8Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8b} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(8Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8b} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4b}$$

65

$$(8Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx}{a+bx}} d \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8b} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4b}$$

219

$$(8Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{8b} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4b}$$

input

```
Int[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a + b*x], x]
```

output

```
(B*x^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(4*b) + ((8*A*b - 7*a*B)*((x^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(3*b) - (5*a*((x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(2*b) - (3*a*((Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b - (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/b^(3/2)))/(4*b)))/(6*b)))/(8*b)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 60

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(
b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!Integer
Q[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinear
Q[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 65

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Sub
st[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d
}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

rule 90

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
risch	$\frac{(48b^3 B x^3 + 64A x^2 b^3 - 56B x^2 a b^2 - 80A x a b^2 + 70B x a^2 b + 120a^2 b A - 105a^3 B) \sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a}}{192b^4} - \frac{5a^3 (8Ab - 7Ba) \ln\left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx+a}\right)}{128b^{\frac{9}{2}} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a} \left(-96B b^{\frac{7}{2}} x^3 \sqrt{bx+a} - 128A b^{\frac{7}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{bx+a} + 112B a b^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{bx+a} + 160A \sqrt{bx+a} b^{\frac{5}{2}} a x - 140B \sqrt{bx+a} \right)}{384b^{\frac{9}{2}}}$

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/192*(48*B*b^3*x^3+64*A*b^3*x^2-56*B*a*b^2*x^2-80*A*a*b^2*x+70*B*a^2*b*x+
120*A*a^2*b-105*B*a^3)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^4-5/128*a^3*(8*A*b-7*B*a)/b
^(9/2)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)
/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \left[\frac{15(7Ba^4 - 8Aa^3b)\sqrt{b} \log\left(2bx - 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + a\right) - 2(48Bb^4x^3 - 105Ba^3b)}{384} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{15(7Ba^4 - 8Aa^3b)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) - (48Bb^4x^3 - 105Ba^3b + 120Aa^2b^2 - 8(7Bab^3 - 8Ab^4)x^2 - 192b^5)}{192b^5} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/384*(15*(7*B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt
(b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(48*B*b^4*x^3 - 105*B*a^3*b + 120*A*a^2*b^2 - 8*(7*B*
a*b^3 - 8*A*b^4)*x^2 + 10*(7*B*a^2*b^2 - 8*A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x)
)/b^5, -1/192*(15*(7*B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)
/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (48*B*b^4*x^3 - 105*B*a^3*b + 120*A*a^2*b^2 - 8*(7*B*a*b
^3 - 8*A*b^4)*x^2 + 10*(7*B*a^2*b^2 - 8*A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x)
)/b^5]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 50.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{5Aa^{5/2}\sqrt{x}}{8b^3\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{5Aa^{3/2}x^{3/2}}{24b^2\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{A\sqrt{ax^{5/2}}}{12b\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}}$$

$$- \frac{5Aa^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8b^{7/2}} + \frac{Ax^{7/2}}{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{35Ba^{7/2}\sqrt{x}}{64b^4\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{35Ba^{5/2}x^{3/2}}{192b^3\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}}$$

$$+ \frac{7Ba^{3/2}x^{5/2}}{96b^2\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{B\sqrt{ax^{7/2}}}{24b\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{35Ba^4 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64b^{9/2}} + \frac{Bx^{9/2}}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}}$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(1/2), x)`output `5*A*a**(5/2)*sqrt(x)/(8*b**3*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 5*A*a**(3/2)*x**(3/2)/(24*b**2*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - A*sqrt(a)*x**(5/2)/(12*b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 5*A*a**3*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(8*b**(7/2)) + A*x**(7/2)/(3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 35*B*a**(7/2)*sqrt(x)/(64*b**4*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 35*B*a**(5/2)*x**(3/2)/(192*b**3*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 7*B*a**(3/2)*x**(5/2)/(96*b**2*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - B*sqrt(a)*x**(7/2)/(24*b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 35*B*a**4*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(64*b**(9/2)) + B*x**(9/2)/(4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bx^3}{4b} - \frac{7\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bax^2}{24b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ax^2}{3b}$$

$$+ \frac{35\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^2x}{96b^3} - \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aax}{12b^2} + \frac{35Ba^4 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{128b^{9/2}}$$

$$- \frac{5Aa^3 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{16b^{7/2}} - \frac{35\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^3}{64b^4} + \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa^2}{8b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*x^3/b - 7/24*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a*x^2/b^2 + 1/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*x^2/b + 35/96*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^2*x/b^3 - 5/12*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a*x/b^2 + 35/128*B*a^4*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(9/2) - 5/16*A*a^3*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(7/2) - 35/64*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^3/b^4 + 5/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a^2/b^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 150.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{105 a^4 \log\left(-\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \left(2(bx+a)\left(4(bx+a)\left(\frac{6(bx+a)}{b^3} - \frac{25a}{b^3}\right) + \frac{163a^2}{b^3}\right) - \frac{279a^3}{b^3}\right) \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\sqrt{bx+a} \right) B|b|}{b^2} - \frac{8(15a^3\sqrt{b})}{192b}$$

192b

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/192*((105*a^4*log(abs(-sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)))/b^(5/2) - (2*(b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*(6*(b*x + a)/b^3 - 25*a/b^3) + 163*a^2/b^3) - 279*a^3/b^3)*sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))*B*abs(b)/b^2 - 8*(15*a^3*sqrt(b)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))) + (2*(4*b*x - 9*a)*(b*x + a) + 33*a^2)*sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a))*A*abs(b)/b^4)/b
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(1/2), x)
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3b - 10\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2x + 8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^3x^2 + 48\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^4x^3}{192b^4}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b - 10*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*x + 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*x**3 - 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**4)/(192*b**4)`

3.319 $\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	2229
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2229
Rubi [A] (verified)	2230
Maple [A] (verified)	2232
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2232
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2233
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2233
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2234
Mupad [F(-1)]	2234
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2235

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = -\frac{a(6Ab-5aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{8b^3} + \frac{(6Ab-5aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{12b^2} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} + \frac{a^2(6Ab-5aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{8b^{7/2}}$$

output `-1/8*a*(6*A*b-5*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3+1/12*(6*A*b-5*B*a)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/3*B*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b+1/8*a^2*(6*A*b-5*B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(7/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(-18aAb+15a^2B+12Ab^2x-10abBx+8b^2Bx^2)}{24b^3} - \frac{a^2(-6Ab+5aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{4b^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x))/Sqrt[a+b*x],x]`

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(-18aAb + 15a^2B + 12Ab^2x - 10abBx + 8b^2Bx^2))/(24b^3) - (a^2(-6Ab + 5aB)\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x})/(-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a+bx})])/(4b^{7/2})}{1}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {90, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$\frac{(6Ab-5aB) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{6b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(6Ab-5aB) \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{4b} \right)}{6b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{(6Ab-5aB) \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 65$$

$$\frac{(6Ab-5aB) \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}}{b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{(6Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b}$$

input `Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/Sqrt[a + b*x],x]`

output `(B*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(3*b) + ((6*A*b - 5*a*B)*((x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(2*b) - (3*a*((Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b - (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/b^(3/2)))/(4*b)))/(6*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-8b^2Bx^2-12Ab^2x+10Babx+18abA-15a^2B)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}{24b^3} + \frac{a^2(6Ab-5Ba)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}}+\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right)\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{16b^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}\left(16Bb^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}+24A\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{5}{2}}x-20B\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{3}{2}}ax+18A\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}+2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)a^2b-36A\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\right)}{48b^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/24*(-8*B*b^2*x^2-12*A*b^2*x+10*B*a*b*x+18*A*a*b-15*B*a^2)*x^{1/2}*(b*x+a)^{1/2}/b^3+1/16*a^2*(6*A*b-5*B*a)/b^{7/2}*\ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^{1/2}+(b*x^2+a*x)^{1/2})*(x*(b*x+a))^{1/2}/x^{1/2}/(b*x+a)^{1/2}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(5Ba^3-6Aa^2b)\sqrt{b}\log(2bx+2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}+a)-2(8Bb^3x^2+15Ba^2b)}{48b^4} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[-1/48*(3*(5*B*a^3-6*A*a^2*b)*\sqrt{b}*\log(2*b*x+2*\sqrt{b*x+a}*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{x}+a)-2*(8*B*b^3*x^2+15*B*a^2*b-18*A*a*b^2-2*(5*B*a*b^2-6*A*b^3)*x)*\sqrt{b*x+a}*\sqrt{x})/b^4, 1/24*(3*(5*B*a^3-6*A*a^2*b)*\sqrt{(-b)*\arctan(\sqrt{(-b)*\sqrt{x}}/\sqrt{b*x+a})}+(8*B*b^3*x^2+15*B*a^2*b-18*A*a*b^2-2*(5*B*a*b^2-6*A*b^3)*x)*\sqrt{b*x+a}*\sqrt{x})/b^4 \right]$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs. $2(117) = 234$.

Time = 10.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = -\frac{3Aa^{3/2}\sqrt{x}}{4b^2\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{A\sqrt{ax^{3/2}}}{4b\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{3Aa^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4b^{5/2}} + \frac{Ax^{5/2}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{5Ba^{5/2}\sqrt{x}}{8b^3\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{5Ba^{3/2}x^{3/2}}{24b^2\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{B\sqrt{ax^{5/2}}}{12b\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{5Ba^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8b^{7/2}} + \frac{Bx^{7/2}}{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `-3*A*a**(3/2)*sqrt(x)/(4*b**2*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - A*sqrt(a)*x**(3/2)/(4*b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 3*A*a**2*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(4*b**(5/2)) + A*x**(5/2)/(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 5*B*a**(5/2)*sqrt(x)/(8*b**3*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 5*B*a**(3/2)*x**(3/2)/(24*b**2*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - B*sqrt(a)*x**(5/2)/(12*b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 5*B*a**3*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(8*b**(7/2)) + B*x**(7/2)/(3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bx^2}{3b} - \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Bax}{12b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ax}{2b} - \frac{5Ba^3 \log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{16b^{7/2}} + \frac{3Aa^2 \log\left(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{8b^{5/2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^2}{8b^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa}{4b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*x^2/b - 5/12*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a*x/b^2 + 1/2*sqrt
t(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*x/b - 5/16*B*a^3*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt
(b))/b^(7/2) + 3/8*A*a^2*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(5
/2) + 5/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^2/b^3 - 3/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a/b^2
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 150.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx =$$

$$\frac{6 \left(3a^2\sqrt{b} \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right|-\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}(2bx-3a)\sqrt{bx+a}\right)A|b| - \left(15a^3\sqrt{b} \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right|\right)+2\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)\right)B}{b^3} - \frac{\left(15a^3\sqrt{b} \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right|\right)+2\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)\right)B}{24b}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/24*(6*(3*a^2*sqrt(b)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b
- a*b))) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)*(2*b*x - 3*a)*sqrt(b*x + a))*A*abs(b)/b
^3 - (15*a^3*sqrt(b)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a
*b))) + (2*(4*b*x - 9*a)*(b*x + a) + 33*a^2)*sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)*sqrt(
b*x + a))*B*abs(b)/b^4)/b
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2x + 8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^3x^2 + 3\sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{24b^3}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x + 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**3)/(24*b**3)`

3.320 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	2236
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2236
Rubi [A] (verified)	2237
Maple [A] (verified)	2239
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2239
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2240
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2240
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2241
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2241
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2242

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{(4Ab-3aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4b^2} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{a(4Ab-3aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{4b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/4*(4*A*b-3*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/2*B*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b-1/4*a*(4*A*b-3*B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}(4Ab-3aB+2bBx)}{4b^2} + \frac{a(-4Ab+3aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a+\sqrt{a+bx}}}\right)}{2b^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[x]*(A+B*x))/Sqrt[a+b*x],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(4*A*b - 3*a*B + 2*b*B*x))/(4*b^2) + (a*(-4*A*b + 3*a*B)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(-\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])])/(2*b^{5/2})}{1}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {90, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\ & \frac{(4Ab - 3aB) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{4b} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\ & \frac{(4Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{65} \\ & \frac{(4Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx}{a+bx}} d \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}}{b} \right)}{4b} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\ & \frac{(4Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(A + B*x))/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(Bx^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx})/(2b) + ((4Ab - 3aB)((\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx})/b - (a\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x})/\sqrt{a+bx}])/b^{3/2})))/(4b)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(
b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!Integer
Q[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinear
Q[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 65

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Sub
st[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d
}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

rule 90

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2)),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
risch	$\frac{(2bBx+4Ab-3Ba)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}{4b^2} - \frac{a(4Ab-3Ba)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}}+\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right)\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{8b^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}\left(-4Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{x(bx+a)}+4A\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)ab-8Ab^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(bx+a)}-3B\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)a^2+6Ba\right)}{8b^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{1}{4}*(2*B*b*x+4*A*b-3*B*a)*x^{(1/2)}*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/b^2-1/8*a*(4*A*b-3*B*a)/b^{(5/2)}*\ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^{(1/2)}+(b*x^2+a*x)^{(1/2)}*(x*(b*x+a))^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)})$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(3Ba^2 - 4Aab)\sqrt{b} \log\left(2bx - 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + a\right) - 2(2Bb^2x - 3Bab + 4Ab^2)\sqrt{bx+a}a\sqrt{x}}{8b^3}, \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{(3Ba^2 - 4Aab)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) - (2Bb^2x - 3Bab + 4Ab^2)\sqrt{bx+a}a\sqrt{x}}{4b^3} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$\left[-\frac{1}{8}*((3*B*a^2 - 4*A*a*b)*\sqrt{b}*\log(2*b*x - 2*\sqrt{b*x + a}*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{x} + a) - 2*(2*B*b^2*x - 3*B*a*b + 4*A*b^2)*\sqrt{b*x + a}*\sqrt{x})/b^3, -\frac{1}{4}*((3*B*a^2 - 4*A*a*b)*\sqrt{-b}*\arctan(\sqrt{-b}*\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{b*x + a}) - (2*B*b^2*x - 3*B*a*b + 4*A*b^2)*\sqrt{b*x + a}*\sqrt{x})/b^3\right]$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a \left(2A - \frac{3Ba}{2b}\right) \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx} + 2b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{bx}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2b} + \sqrt{a + bx} \left(\frac{Bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2b} + \frac{\sqrt{x} \left(2A - \frac{3Ba}{2b}\right)}{2b} \right)} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\frac{2Ax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(1/2), x)`output `Piecewise((-a*(2*A - 3*B*a/(2*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True))/(2*b) + sqrt(a + b*x)*(B*x**(3/2)/(2*b) + sqrt(x)*(2*A - 3*B*a/(2*b))/(2*b)), Ne(b, 0)), ((2*A*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*x**(5/2)/5)/sqrt(a), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bx}{2b} + \frac{3Ba^2 \log\left(2x + \frac{a}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8b^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

$$- \frac{Aa \log\left(2x + \frac{a}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ba}{4b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}A}{b}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*x/b + 3/8*B*a^2*log(2*x + a/b + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)/sqrt(b))/b^(5/2) - 1/2*A*a*log(2*x + a/b + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)/sqrt(b))/b^(3/2) - 3/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a/b^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A/b`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs. $2(71) = 142$.

Time = 151.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left(a\sqrt{b} \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right| \right) + \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\sqrt{bx+a} \right) A|b|}{b^2} - \frac{\left(3a^2\sqrt{b} \log \left(\left| -\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right| \right) - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right) (2b^2x - 3a) \sqrt{bx+a} B|b|}{b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{4} * (4 * (a * \sqrt{b}) * \log(\text{abs}(-\sqrt{b*x + a}) * \sqrt{b} + \sqrt{(b*x + a) * b - a * b})) + \sqrt{(b*x + a) * b - a * b} * \sqrt{b*x + a} * A * \text{abs}(b) / b^2 - (3 * a^2 * \sqrt{b}) * \log(\text{abs}(-\sqrt{b*x + a}) * \sqrt{b} + \sqrt{(b*x + a) * b - a * b})) - \sqrt{(b*x + a) * b - a * b} * (2 * b * x - 3 * a) * \sqrt{b*x + a} * B * \text{abs}(b) / b^3) / b$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{7/2} \left(2Aab^2 - \frac{3Ba^2b}{2} \right)}{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^7} + \frac{x^{5/2} \left(\frac{11Ba^2}{2} - 2Aab \right)}{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^5} - \frac{\sqrt{x} (3Ba^2 - 4Aab)}{2b^2 (\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})} + \frac{x^{3/2} (11Ba^2 - 4Aab)}{2b (\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^3}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{6b^2x^2}{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^4} - \frac{4b^3x^3}{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^6} + \frac{b^4x^4}{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^8} - \frac{4bx}{(\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a})^2} + 1}{2b^{5/2}} - \frac{a \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a}} \right) (4Ab - 3Ba)}{2b^{5/2}}$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
((x^(7/2)*(2*A*a*b^2 - (3*B*a^2*b)/2))/((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^7 + (x^(5/2)*((11*B*a^2)/2 - 2*A*a*b))/((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^5 - (x^(1/2)*(3*B*a^2 - 4*A*a*b))/(2*b^2*((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))) + (x^(3/2)*(11*B*a^2 - 4*A*a*b))/(2*b*((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^3)/((6*b^2*x^2)/((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^4 - (4*b^3*x^3)/((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^6 + (b^4*x^4)/((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^8 - (4*b*x)/((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^2 + 1) - (a*atanh((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))))*(4*A*b - 3*B*a))/(2*b^(5/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} ab + 2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx + a} b^2 x - \sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2}{4b^2}$$

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*x - sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2)/(4*b**2)
```

3.321 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	2243
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2243
Rubi [A] (verified)	2244
Maple [A] (verified)	2245
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2245
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2246
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2247
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2247
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2248
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2248

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} + \frac{(2Ab - aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

output $B*x^{(1/2)}*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/b+(2*A*b-B*a)*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/b^{(3/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} + \frac{2(2Ab - aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a+\sqrt{a+bx}}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]), x]$

output $(B*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b + (2*(2*A*b - a*B)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a + Sqrt[a + b*x]])])/b^{(3/2)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {90, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$\frac{(2Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 65$$

$$\frac{(2Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}}{b} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{(2Ab - aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}}{b}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]), x]`

output `(B*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b + ((2*A*b - a*B)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/b^(3/2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 90

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p
+ 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n,
p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}{b} + \frac{(2Ab-Ba)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{9}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right)\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$	74
default	$\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}\left(2A\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)b+2B\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x(bx+a)}-B\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)a\right)}{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	101

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
B*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b+1/2*(2*A*b-B*a)/b^(3/2)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(
b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}Bb\sqrt{x} - (Ba - 2Ab)\sqrt{b} \log\left(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + a\right)}{2b^2}, \frac{\sqrt{bx+a}Bb\sqrt{x} + (Ba - 2Ab)\sqrt{b}}{b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(2*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*b*sqrt(x) - (B*a - 2*A*b)*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a))/b^2, (sqrt(b*x + a)*B*b*sqrt(x) + (B*a - 2*A*b)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)))/b^2]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2A \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + 2B \left(\begin{array}{l} a \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}+2b\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{b}} \quad \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{bx}} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ - \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3\sqrt{a}} \quad \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(1/2)/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `2*A*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/sqrt(b) + 2*B*Piecewise((-a*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + 2*b*sqrt(x))/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))/sqrt(b*x), True))/(2*b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)/(2*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x**(3/2)/(3*sqrt(a)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{Ba \log\left(2bx + a + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{A \log\left(2bx + a + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}B}{b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*B*a*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(3/2) + A*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(b) + sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B/b`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 76.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{b \left(\frac{(Ba - 2Ab) \log\left(|-\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right|)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\sqrt{bx+a}B}{b^2} \right)}{|b|}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `b*((B*a - 2*A*b)*log(abs(-sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)))/b^(3/2) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a)*B/b^2)/abs(b)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}}{b} - \frac{2Ba \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{4A \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(a + b*x)^(1/2)),x)`output `(B*x^(1/2)*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/b - (2*B*a*atanh((b^(1/2)*x^(1/2))/((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))))/b^(3/2) - (4*A*atan(((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))/((-b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2))))/(-b)^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}b + \sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a}{b}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b + sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a)/b`

3.322 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	2249
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2249
Rubi [A] (verified)	2250
Maple [A] (verified)	2251
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2251
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2252
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2252
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2253
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2253
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2253

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{a+bx}}{a\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

output $-2*A*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a/x^{(1/2)}+2*B*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/b^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{a+bx}}{a\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2B \log\left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a+bx}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[(A + B*x)/(x^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x]), x]$

output $(-2*A*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x])/(a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]) - (2*B*\operatorname{Log}[-(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]) + \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x]])/\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {87, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx - \frac{2A\sqrt{a + bx}}{a\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\downarrow 65$$

$$2B \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx}{a+bx}} d \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a + bx}}{a\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{2B \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a + bx}}{a\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]),x]`

output `(-2*A*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(a*Sqrt[x]) + (2*B*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/Sqrt[b]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{bx+a}}{a\sqrt{x}} + \frac{B \ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right) \sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a}}$	66
default	$\frac{\left(B \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}+2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right) ax - 2A\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}\right) \sqrt{bx+a}}{a\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x(bx+a)} \sqrt{b}}$	73

```
input int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x^(1/2)+B*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))/b
^(1/2)*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \left[\frac{Ba\sqrt{bx} \log\left(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + a\right) - 2\sqrt{bx+a}Ab\sqrt{x}}{abx}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\left(Ba\sqrt{-bx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) + \sqrt{bx+a}Ab\sqrt{x}\right)}{abx} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[(B*a*sqrt(b)*x*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*b*sqrt(x))/(a*b*x), -2*(B*a*sqrt(-b)*x*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + sqrt(b*x + a)*A*b*sqrt(x))/(a*b*x)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{a} + \frac{2B \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(3/2)/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `-2*A*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/a + 2*B*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{B \log\left(2bx + a + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}\sqrt{b}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}A}{ax}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `B*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(b) - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A/(a*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 75.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{2b^2 \left(\frac{B \log\left(\left| -\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right| \right)}{b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx+a}A}{\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}} \right)}{|b|}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*b^2*(B*log(abs(-sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) + sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)))/b^(3/2) + sqrt(b*x + a)*A/(sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)*a))/abs(b)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{4B \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b}} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a+bx}}{a\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^(1/2)),x)`output `- (4*B*atan(((a + b*x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))/((-b)^(1/2)*x^(1/2))))/(-b)^(1/2)
- (2*A*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/(a*x^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a} + 2\sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)x - 2\sqrt{b}x}{x}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output $(2*(-\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx} + \sqrt{b}\log((\sqrt{a+bx} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}))/\sqrt{a})x - \sqrt{b}x)/x$

3.323 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	2255
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2255
Rubi [A] (verified)	2256
Maple [A] (verified)	2257
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2258
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2258
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2258
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2259
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2259
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2259

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^{3/2}} + \frac{2(2Ab-3aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{3a^2\sqrt{x}}$$

output $-2/3*A*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a/x^{(3/2)}+2/3*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^2/x^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}(aA-2Abx+3aBx)}{3a^2x^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]),x]`

output $(-2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*(a*A - 2*A*b*x + 3*a*B*x))/(3*a^2*x^{(3/2)})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$-\frac{(2Ab - 3aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a + bx}}{3ax^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a + bx}(2Ab - 3aB)}{3a^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a + bx}}{3ax^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]),x]`

output `(-2*A*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(3*a*x^(3/2)) + (2*(2*A*b - 3*a*B)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(3*a^2*Sqrt[x])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /;` `FreeQ[{`
`a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p`
`_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p`
`+ 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p`
`+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]`
`/;` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege`
`rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-2Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2}$	30
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-2Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2}$	30
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-2Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2}$	30
orering	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-2Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2}$	30

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-2*A*b*x+3*B*a*x+A*a)/x^(3/2)/a^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{2(Aa + (3Ba - 2Ab)x)\sqrt{bx + a}}{3a^2x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-2/3*(A*a + (3*B*a - 2*A*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(a^2*x^(3/2))`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3ax} + \frac{4Ab^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3a^2} - \frac{2B\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{a}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(5/2)/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`output `-2*A*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a*x) + 4*A*b**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**2) - 2*B*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/a`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}B}{ax} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab}{3a^2x} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}A}{3ax^2}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B/(a*x) + 4/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b/(a^2*x) - 2/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A/(a*x^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}ab^3\left(\frac{(3Ba - 2Ab)(bx + a)}{a^2} - \frac{3(Ba^2 - Aab)}{a^2}\right)}{3((bx + a)b - ab)^{\frac{3}{2}}|b|}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/3*sqrt(b*x + a)*b^3*((3*B*a - 2*A*b)*(b*x + a)/a^2 - 3*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)/a^2)/(((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(3/2)*abs(b))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{2A}{3a} - \frac{x(4Ab - 6Ba)}{3a^2}\right)\sqrt{a + bx}}{x^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^(1/2)),x)`output `-(((2*A)/(3*a) - (x*(4*A*b - 6*B*a))/(3*a^2))*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/x^(3/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}a - 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}bx - 2\sqrt{b}bx^2}{3ax^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(- 2*(sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*x + sqrt(b)*b*x**2))/(3*a*x**2)`

3.324 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	2260
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2260
Rubi [A] (verified)	2261
Maple [A] (verified)	2262
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2263
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2263
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2264
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2264
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2265
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2265

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{a+bx}}{5ax^{5/2}} + \frac{2(4Ab-5aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{15a^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{4b(4Ab-5aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{15a^3\sqrt{x}}$$

```
output -2/5*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x^(5/2)+2/15*(4*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x^(3/2)
-4/15*b*(4*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}(3a^2A-4aAbx+5a^2Bx+8Ab^2x^2-10abBx^2)}{15a^3x^{5/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]),x]
```

```
output (-2*Sqrt[a + b*x]*(3*a^2*A - 4*a*A*b*x + 5*a^2*B*x + 8*A*b^2*x^2 - 10*a*b*B*x^2))/(15*a^3*x^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {87, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(4Ab - 5aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{5a} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a + bx}}{5ax^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & -\frac{(4Ab - 5aB) \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a + bx}}{5ax^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 48 \\
 & -\frac{\left(\frac{4b\sqrt{a+bx}}{3a^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) (4Ab - 5aB)}{5a} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a + bx}}{5ax^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]),x]`

output `(-2*A*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(5*a*x^(5/2)) - ((4*A*b - 5*a*B)*((-2*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(3*a*x^(3/2)) + (4*b*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(3*a^2*Sqrt[x])))/(5*a)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
 [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
 a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
 (a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
 implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
 c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
 c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
 lerQ[n, 1])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
), x] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
 + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
 + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
 rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(8Ab^2x^2-10Babx^2-4aAbx+5Ba^2x+3a^2A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^3}$	53
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(8Ab^2x^2-10Babx^2-4aAbx+5Ba^2x+3a^2A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^3}$	53
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(8Ab^2x^2-10Babx^2-4aAbx+5Ba^2x+3a^2A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^3}$	53
orering	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(8Ab^2x^2-10Babx^2-4aAbx+5Ba^2x+3a^2A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^3}$	53

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-2/15*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(8*A*b^2*x^2-10*B*a*b*x^2-4*A*a*b*x+5*B*a^2*x+3*A*a^2)/x^{(5/2)}/a^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{2(3Aa^2 - 2(5Bab - 4Ab^2)x^2 + (5Ba^2 - 4Aab)x)\sqrt{bx + a}}{15a^3x^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$-2/15*(3*A*a^2 - 2*(5*B*a*b - 4*A*b^2)*x^2 + (5*B*a^2 - 4*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(a^3*x^{(5/2)})$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 342 vs. 2(82) = 164.

Time = 4.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.07

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = & -\frac{6Aa^4b^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{15a^5b^4x^2 + 30a^4b^5x^3 + 15a^3b^6x^4} \\ & - \frac{4Aa^3b^{\frac{11}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{15a^5b^4x^2 + 30a^4b^5x^3 + 15a^3b^6x^4} - \frac{6Aa^2b^{\frac{13}{2}}x^2\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{15a^5b^4x^2 + 30a^4b^5x^3 + 15a^3b^6x^4} \\ & - \frac{24Aab^{\frac{15}{2}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{15a^5b^4x^2 + 30a^4b^5x^3 + 15a^3b^6x^4} - \frac{16Ab^{\frac{17}{2}}x^4\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{15a^5b^4x^2 + 30a^4b^5x^3 + 15a^3b^6x^4} \\ & - \frac{2B\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3ax} + \frac{4Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3a^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(7/2)/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
-6*A*a**4*b**(9/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*x**2 + 30*a**4*b**5*x**3 + 15*a**3*b**6*x**4) - 4*A*a**3*b**(11/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*x**2 + 30*a**4*b**5*x**3 + 15*a**3*b**6*x**4) - 6*A*a**2*b**(13/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*x**2 + 30*a**4*b**5*x**3 + 15*a**3*b**6*x**4) - 24*A*a*b**(15/2)*x**3*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*x**2 + 30*a**4*b**5*x**3 + 15*a**3*b**6*x**4) - 16*A*b**(17/2)*x**4*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*x**2 + 30*a**4*b**5*x**3 + 15*a**3*b**6*x**4) - 2*B*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a*x) + 4*B*b**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**2)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bb}{3a^2x} - \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab^2}{15a^3x} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}B}{3ax^2} + \frac{8\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab}{15a^2x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}A}{5ax^3}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
4/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b/(a^2*x) - 16/15*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^2/(a^3*x) - 2/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B/(a*x^2) + 8/15*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b/(a^2*x^2) - 2/5*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A/(a*x^3)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx + a} \left((bx + a) \left(\frac{2(5Bab^4 - 4Ab^5)(bx+a)}{a^3} - \frac{5(5Ba^2b^4 - 4Aab^5)}{a^3} \right) + \frac{15(Ba^3b^4 - Aa^2b^5)}{a^3} \right) b}{15((bx + a)b - ab)^{\frac{5}{2}}|b|}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/15*sqrt(b*x + a)*((b*x + a)*(2*(5*B*a*b^4 - 4*A*b^5)*(b*x + a)/a^3 - 5*(5*B*a^2*b^4 - 4*A*a*b^5)/a^3) + 15*(B*a^3*b^4 - A*a^2*b^5)/a^3)*b/(((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(5/2)*abs(b))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a + bx} \left(\frac{2A}{5a} + \frac{x^2(16Ab^2 - 20Bab)}{15a^3} + \frac{x(10Ba^2 - 8Aab)}{15a^3} \right)}{x^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A)/(5*a) + (x^2*(16*A*b^2 - 20*B*a*b))/(15*a^3) + (x*(10*B*a^2 - 8*A*a*b))/(15*a^3)))/x^(5/2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}abx}{15} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^2x^2}{15} - \frac{4\sqrt{b}b^2x^3}{15}}{a^2x^3}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*(- 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2 - sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*x + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*b**2*x**3))/(15*a**2*x**3)
```

3.325 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	2266
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2266
Rubi [A] (verified)	2267
Maple [A] (verified)	2269
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2269
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2270
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2271
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2272
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2272
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2273

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{a+bx}}{7ax^{7/2}} + \frac{2(6Ab-7aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{35a^2x^{5/2}} - \frac{8b(6Ab-7aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{105a^3x^{3/2}} + \frac{16b^2(6Ab-7aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{105a^4\sqrt{x}}$$

output

```
-2/7*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x^(7/2)+2/35*(6*A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x^(5/2)
)-8/105*b*(6*A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^(3/2)+16/105*b^2*(6*A*b-7*B*a)
)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^4/x^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}(-48Ab^3x^3 + 8ab^2x^2(3A+7Bx) + 3a^3(5A+7Bx) - 2a^2bx(9A+14Bx))}{105a^4x^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2\sqrt{a + bx} * (-48A * b^3 * x^3 + 8 * a * b^2 * x^2 * (3A + 7B * x) + 3 * a^3 * (5A + 7B * x) - 2 * a^2 * b * x * (9A + 14 * B * x)))}{(105 * a^4 * x^{(7/2)})}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2} \sqrt{a + bx}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & -\frac{(6Ab - 7aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2} \sqrt{a + bx}} dx}{7a} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a + bx}}{7ax^{7/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{(6Ab - 7aB) \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx}} dx}{5a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a + bx}}{7ax^{7/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{(6Ab - 7aB) \left(-\frac{4b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a + bx}}{7ax^{7/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & -\frac{\left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{4b\sqrt{a + bx}}{3a^2 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right) (6Ab - 7aB)}{7a} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a + bx}}{7ax^{7/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2A\sqrt{a+bx})/(7ax^{7/2}) - ((6Ab - 7aB)*(-2\sqrt{a+bx})/(5ax^{5/2}) - (4b*(-2\sqrt{a+bx})/(3ax^{3/2}) + (4b\sqrt{a+bx})/(3a^2\sqrt{x})))/(5a))}{7a}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 55

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-48Ab^3x^3+56Ba^2b^2x^3+24aAb^2x^2-28Ba^2bx^2-18a^2Abx+21Ba^3x+15a^3A)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}a^4}$	77
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-48Ab^3x^3+56Ba^2b^2x^3+24aAb^2x^2-28Ba^2bx^2-18a^2Abx+21Ba^3x+15a^3A)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}a^4}$	77
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-48Ab^3x^3+56Ba^2b^2x^3+24aAb^2x^2-28Ba^2bx^2-18a^2Abx+21Ba^3x+15a^3A)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}a^4}$	77
orering	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-48Ab^3x^3+56Ba^2b^2x^3+24aAb^2x^2-28Ba^2bx^2-18a^2Abx+21Ba^3x+15a^3A)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}a^4}$	77

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/105*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}*(-48*A*b^3*x^3+56*B*a*b^2*x^3+24*A*a*b^2*x^2-28*B*a^2*b*x^2-18*A*a^2*b*x+21*B*a^3*x+15*A*a^3)/x^{(7/2)}/a^4$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2(15Aa^3+8(7Bab^2-6Ab^3)x^3-4(7Ba^2b-6Aab^2)x^2+3(7Ba^3-6Aa^2b)x)\sqrt{bx+a}}{105a^4x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-2/105*(15*A*a^3+8*(7*B*a*b^2-6*A*b^3)*x^3-4*(7*B*a^2*b-6*A*a*b^2)*x^2+3*(7*B*a^3-6*A*a^2*b)*x)*\text{sqrt}(b*x+a)/(a^4*x^{(7/2)})$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 796 vs. $2(116) = 232$.

Time = 12.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 796, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.80

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{10Aa^6b^{\frac{19}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{35a^7b^9x^3 + 105a^6b^{10}x^4 + 105a^5b^{11}x^5 + 35a^4b^{12}x^6}$$

$$-\frac{18Aa^5b^{\frac{21}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{35a^7b^9x^3 + 105a^6b^{10}x^4 + 105a^5b^{11}x^5 + 35a^4b^{12}x^6}$$

$$-\frac{10Aa^4b^{\frac{23}{2}}x^2\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{35a^7b^9x^3 + 105a^6b^{10}x^4 + 105a^5b^{11}x^5 + 35a^4b^{12}x^6}$$

$$+\frac{10Aa^3b^{\frac{25}{2}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{35a^7b^9x^3 + 105a^6b^{10}x^4 + 105a^5b^{11}x^5 + 35a^4b^{12}x^6}$$

$$+\frac{60Aa^2b^{\frac{27}{2}}x^4\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{35a^7b^9x^3 + 105a^6b^{10}x^4 + 105a^5b^{11}x^5 + 35a^4b^{12}x^6}$$

$$+\frac{80Aab^{\frac{29}{2}}x^5\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{35a^7b^9x^3 + 105a^6b^{10}x^4 + 105a^5b^{11}x^5 + 35a^4b^{12}x^6}$$

$$+\frac{32Ab^{\frac{31}{2}}x^6\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{35a^7b^9x^3 + 105a^6b^{10}x^4 + 105a^5b^{11}x^5 + 35a^4b^{12}x^6}$$

$$-\frac{6Ba^4b^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{15a^5b^4x^2 + 30a^4b^5x^3 + 15a^3b^6x^4} - \frac{4Ba^3b^{\frac{11}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{15a^5b^4x^2 + 30a^4b^5x^3 + 15a^3b^6x^4}$$

$$-\frac{6Ba^2b^{\frac{13}{2}}x^2\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{15a^5b^4x^2 + 30a^4b^5x^3 + 15a^3b^6x^4} - \frac{24Bab^{\frac{15}{2}}x^3\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{15a^5b^4x^2 + 30a^4b^5x^3 + 15a^3b^6x^4}$$

$$-\frac{16Bb^{\frac{17}{2}}x^4\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{15a^5b^4x^2 + 30a^4b^5x^3 + 15a^3b^6x^4}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(9/2)/(b*x+a)**(1/2), x)`

output

```

-10*A*a**6*b**(19/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*x**3 + 105*a**6*b**10
*x**4 + 105*a**5*b**11*x**5 + 35*a**4*b**12*x**6) - 18*A*a**5*b**(21/2)*x*
sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*x**3 + 105*a**6*b**10*x**4 + 105*a**5*b**1
1*x**5 + 35*a**4*b**12*x**6) - 10*A*a**4*b**(23/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/
(35*a**7*b**9*x**3 + 105*a**6*b**10*x**4 + 105*a**5*b**11*x**5 + 35*a**4*b
**12*x**6) + 10*A*a**3*b**(25/2)*x**3*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*x**3
+ 105*a**6*b**10*x**4 + 105*a**5*b**11*x**5 + 35*a**4*b**12*x**6) + 60*A*
a**2*b**(27/2)*x**4*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*x**3 + 105*a**6*b**10*
x**4 + 105*a**5*b**11*x**5 + 35*a**4*b**12*x**6) + 80*A*a*b**(29/2)*x**5*s
qrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*x**3 + 105*a**6*b**10*x**4 + 105*a**5*b**11
*x**5 + 35*a**4*b**12*x**6) + 32*A*b**(31/2)*x**6*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(35*a*
**7*b**9*x**3 + 105*a**6*b**10*x**4 + 105*a**5*b**11*x**5 + 35*a**4*b**12*x
**6) - 6*B*a**4*b**(9/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*x**2 + 30*a**4*b*
**5*x**3 + 15*a**3*b**6*x**4) - 4*B*a**3*b**(11/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(15*
a**5*b**4*x**2 + 30*a**4*b**5*x**3 + 15*a**3*b**6*x**4) - 6*B*a**2*b**(13/
2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*x**2 + 30*a**4*b**5*x**3 + 15*a**3
*b**6*x**4) - 24*B*a*b**(15/2)*x**3*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*x**2 +
30*a**4*b**5*x**3 + 15*a**3*b**6*x**4) - 16*B*b**(17/2)*x**4*sqrt(a/(b*x)
+ 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*x**2 + 30*a**4*b**5*x**3 + 15*a**3*b**6*x**4)

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = -\frac{16\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bb^2}{15a^3x} + \frac{32\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab^3}{35a^4x} + \frac{8\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bb}{15a^2x^2} - \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab^2}{35a^3x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}B}{5ax^3} + \frac{12\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab}{35a^2x^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}A}{7ax^4}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-16/15*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^2/(a^3*x) + 32/35*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^3/(a^
4*x) + 8/15*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b/(a^2*x^2) - 16/35*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^
2/(a^3*x^2) - 2/5*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B/(a*x^3) + 12/35*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*
b/(a^2*x^3) - 2/7*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A/(a*x^4)

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{2 \left((bx + a) \left(4 (bx + a) \left(\frac{2(7Bab^2 - 6Ab^3)(bx+a)}{a^4} - \frac{7(7Ba^2b^2 - 6Aab^3)}{a^4} \right) + \frac{35(7Ba^3b^2 - 6Aa^2b^3)}{a^4} \right) - \frac{105(Ba^4b^2 - Aa^3b^3)}{a^4} \right)}{105((bx + a)b - ab)^{7/2}|b|}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/105*((b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*(2*(7*B*a*b^2 - 6*A*b^3)*(b*x + a)/a^4 - 7*(7*B*a^2*b^2 - 6*A*a*b^3)/a^4) + 35*(7*B*a^3*b^2 - 6*A*a^2*b^3)/a^4) - 105*(B*a^4*b^2 - A*a^3*b^3)/a^4)*sqrt(b*x + a)*b^5/(((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(7/2)*abs(b))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx} \left(\frac{2A}{7a} + \frac{x(42Ba^3 - 36Aa^2b)}{105a^4} - \frac{x^3(96Ab^3 - 112Bab^2)}{105a^4} + \frac{8bx^2(6Ab - 7Ba)}{105a^3} \right)}{x^{7/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*(a + b*x)^(1/2)),x)`output `-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A)/(7*a) + (x*(42*B*a^3 - 36*A*a^2*b))/(105*a^4) - (x^3*(96*A*b^3 - 112*B*a*b^2))/(105*a^4) + (8*b*x^2*(6*A*b - 7*B*a))/(105*a^3)))/x^(7/2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3}{7} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bx}{35} + \frac{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2x^2}{105} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^3x^3}{105} + \frac{16\sqrt{b}b^3x^4}{105}}{a^3x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*(- 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3 - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 + 8*sqrt(b)*b**3*x**4))/(105*a**3*x**4)`

3.326 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{11/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx$

Optimal result	2274
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2274
Rubi [A] (verified)	2275
Maple [A] (verified)	2277
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2277
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2278
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2279
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2279
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2280
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2280

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{11/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = -\frac{2A\sqrt{a+bx}}{9ax^{9/2}} + \frac{2(8Ab-9aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{63a^2x^{7/2}} - \frac{4b(8Ab-9aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{105a^3x^{5/2}} + \frac{16b^2(8Ab-9aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{315a^4x^{3/2}} - \frac{32b^3(8Ab-9aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{315a^5\sqrt{x}}$$

```
output -2/9*A*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a/x^(9/2)+2/63*(8*A*b-9*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x^(7/2)
)-4/105*b*(8*A*b-9*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^(5/2)+16/315*b^2*(8*A*b-9*B*a)
)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^4/x^(3/2)-32/315*b^3*(8*A*b-9*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^5/x^(1
/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{11/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}(128Ab^4x^4 + 24a^2b^2x^2(2A+3Bx) - 16ab^3x^3(4A+9Bx) + 5a^4(7A+9Bx) - 2a^3bx(20A+27B))}{315a^5x^{9/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(11/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]),x]
```

output

$$(-2\sqrt{a + bx}*(128A*b^4*x^4 + 24*a^2*b^2*x^2*(2A + 3B*x) - 16*a*b^3*x^3*(4A + 9B*x) + 5*a^4*(7A + 9B*x) - 2*a^3*b*x*(20A + 27B*x)))/(315*a^5*x^{(9/2)})$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{11/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$-\frac{(8Ab - 9aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{9/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{9a} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a + bx}}{9ax^{9/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$-\frac{(8Ab - 9aB) \left(-\frac{6b \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{7a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{9a} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a + bx}}{9ax^{9/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$-\frac{(8Ab - 9aB) \left(-\frac{6b \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{5a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{9a} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a + bx}}{9ax^{9/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$\frac{(8Ab - 9aB) \left(\frac{6b \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^{3/2}}}{5a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{9a} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a+bx}}{9ax^{9/2}}$$

↓ 48

$$\frac{\left(\frac{6b \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{4b\sqrt{a+bx}}{3a^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right) (8Ab - 9aB)}{9a} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a+bx}}{9ax^{9/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(11/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]),x]`

output `(-2*A*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(9*a*x^(9/2)) - ((8*A*b - 9*a*B)*((-2*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(7*a*x^(7/2)) - (6*b*((-2*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(5*a*x^(5/2)) - (4*b*((-2*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(3*a*x^(3/2)) + (4*b*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(3*a^2*Sqrt[x])))/(5*a)))/(7*a)))/(9*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{-2\sqrt{bx+a}(128Ab^4x^4-144Bab^3x^4-64Aab^3x^3+72Ba^2b^2x^3+48Aa^2b^2x^2-54Ba^3bx^2-40Aa^3bx+45Ba^4x+35Aa^4)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^5}$	101
default	$\frac{-2\sqrt{bx+a}(128Ab^4x^4-144Bab^3x^4-64Aab^3x^3+72Ba^2b^2x^3+48Aa^2b^2x^2-54Ba^3bx^2-40Aa^3bx+45Ba^4x+35Aa^4)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^5}$	101
risch	$\frac{-2\sqrt{bx+a}(128Ab^4x^4-144Bab^3x^4-64Aab^3x^3+72Ba^2b^2x^3+48Aa^2b^2x^2-54Ba^3bx^2-40Aa^3bx+45Ba^4x+35Aa^4)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^5}$	101
orering	$\frac{-2\sqrt{bx+a}(128Ab^4x^4-144Bab^3x^4-64Aab^3x^3+72Ba^2b^2x^3+48Aa^2b^2x^2-54Ba^3bx^2-40Aa^3bx+45Ba^4x+35Aa^4)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}a^5}$	101

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(11/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/315*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(128*A*b^4*x^4-144*B*a*b^3*x^4-64*A*a*b^3*x^3+72*B*a^2*b^2*x^3+48*A*a^2*b^2*x^2-54*B*a^3*b*x^2-40*A*a^3*b*x+45*B*a^4*x+35*A*a^4)/x^(9/2)/a^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{11/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{2(35Aa^4 - 16(9Bab^3 - 8Ab^4)x^4 + 8(9Ba^2b^2 - 8Aab^3)x^3 - 6(9Ba^3b - 8Aa^2b^2)x^2 + 5(9Ba^4 - 8Aa^4b - 8Aa^3b^2 + 4Aa^2b^3 - 4Aab^4)x + 5(9Ba^4 - 8Aa^4b - 8Aa^3b^2 + 4Aa^2b^3 - 4Aab^4)}{315a^5x^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(11/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/315*(35*A*a^4 - 16*(9*B*a*b^3 - 8*A*b^4)*x^4 + 8*(9*B*a^2*b^2 - 8*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 6*(9*B*a^3*b - 8*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + 5*(9*B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)/(a^5*x^(9/2))
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1255 vs. $2(150) = 300$.

Time = 35.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1255, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.37

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{11/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(11/2)/(b*x+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
-70*A*a**8*b**(33/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**9*b**16*x**4 + 1260*a**8*b**17*x**5 + 1890*a**7*b**18*x**6 + 1260*a**6*b**19*x**7 + 315*a**5*b**20*x**8) - 200*A*a**7*b**(35/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**9*b**16*x**4 + 1260*a**8*b**17*x**5 + 1890*a**7*b**18*x**6 + 1260*a**6*b**19*x**7 + 315*a**5*b**20*x**8) - 196*A*a**6*b**(37/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**9*b**16*x**4 + 1260*a**8*b**17*x**5 + 1890*a**7*b**18*x**6 + 1260*a**6*b**19*x**7 + 315*a**5*b**20*x**8) - 56*A*a**5*b**(39/2)*x**3*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**9*b**16*x**4 + 1260*a**8*b**17*x**5 + 1890*a**7*b**18*x**6 + 1260*a**6*b**19*x**7 + 315*a**5*b**20*x**8) - 70*A*a**4*b**(41/2)*x**4*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**9*b**16*x**4 + 1260*a**8*b**17*x**5 + 1890*a**7*b**18*x**6 + 1260*a**6*b**19*x**7 + 315*a**5*b**20*x**8) - 560*A*a**3*b**(43/2)*x**5*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**9*b**16*x**4 + 1260*a**8*b**17*x**5 + 1890*a**7*b**18*x**6 + 1260*a**6*b**19*x**7 + 315*a**5*b**20*x**8) - 1120*A*a**2*b**(45/2)*x**6*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**9*b**16*x**4 + 1260*a**8*b**17*x**5 + 1890*a**7*b**18*x**6 + 1260*a**6*b**19*x**7 + 315*a**5*b**20*x**8) - 896*A*a*b**(47/2)*x**7*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**9*b**16*x**4 + 1260*a**8*b**17*x**5 + 1890*a**7*b**18*x**6 + 1260*a**6*b**19*x**7 + 315*a**5*b**20*x**8) - 256*A*b**(49/2)*x**8*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(315*a**9*b**16*x**4 + 1260*a**8*b**17*x**5 + 1890*a**7*b**18*x**6 + 1260*a**6*b**19*x**7 + 315*a**5*b**20*x**8) - 10*B*a**6*b**(19/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*x**3 + 105*...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{11/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{32\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bb^3}{35a^4x} - \frac{256\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab^4}{315a^5x} - \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bb^2}{35a^3x^2} + \frac{128\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab^3}{315a^4x^2} + \frac{12\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Bb}{35a^2x^3} - \frac{32\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab^2}{105a^3x^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}B}{7ax^4} + \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ab}{63a^2x^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}A}{9ax^5}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(11/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
32/35*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^3/(a^4*x) - 256/315*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^4/(a^5*x) - 16/35*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b^2/(a^3*x^2) + 128/315*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^3/(a^4*x^2) + 12/35*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*b/(a^2*x^3) - 32/105*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b^2/(a^3*x^3) - 2/7*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B/(a*x^4) + 16/63*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*b/(a^2*x^4) - 2/9*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A/(a*x^5)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{11/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\left(2(bx + a) \left(4(bx + a) \left(\frac{2(9Bab^8 - 8Ab^9)(bx+a)}{a^5} - \frac{9(9Ba^2b^8 - 8Aab^9)}{a^5} \right) \right) + \frac{63(9Ba^3b^8 - 8Aa^2b^9)}{a^5} \right) \right)}{315((bx + a)b - ab)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(11/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/315*((2*(b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*(2*(9*B*a*b^8 - 8*A*b^9)*(b*x + a)/a^5 - 9*(9*B*a^2*b^8 - 8*A*a*b^9)/a^5) + 63*(9*B*a^3*b^8 - 8*A*a^2*b^9)/a^5) - 105*(9*B*a^4*b^8 - 8*A*a^3*b^9)/a^5)*(b*x + a) + 315*(B*a^5*b^8 - A*a^4*b^9)/a^5)*sqrt(b*x + a)*b/(((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(9/2)*abs(b))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{11/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx} \left(\frac{2A}{9a} + \frac{x(90Ba^4 - 80Aa^3b)}{315a^5} + \frac{x^4(256Ab^4 - 288Bab^3)}{315a^5} - \frac{16b^2x^3(8Ab - 9Ba)}{315a^4} + \frac{4bx^2(8Ab - 9Ba)}{105a^3} \right)}{x^{9/2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(11/2)*(a + b*x)^(1/2)),x)`output `-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A)/(9*a) + (x*(90*B*a^4 - 80*A*a^3*b))/(315*a^5) + (x^4*(256*A*b^4 - 288*B*a*b^3))/(315*a^5) - (16*b^2*x^3*(8*A*b - 9*B*a))/(315*a^4) + (4*b*x^2*(8*A*b - 9*B*a))/(105*a^3)))/x^(9/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{11/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^4}{9} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3bx}{63} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2b^2x^2}{105} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^3x^3}{315} + \frac{32\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^4x^4}{315}}{a^4x^5}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(11/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*(-35*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**4 - 5*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*b*x + 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**3*x**3 + 16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4*x**4 - 16*sqrt(b)*b**4*x**5))/(315*a**4*x**5)`

3.327 $\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2281
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2281
Rubi [A] (verified)	2282
Maple [A] (verified)	2285
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2285
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2286
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2287
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2287
Mupad [F(-1)]	2288
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2288

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ab-aB)x^{5/2}}{b^2\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{5a(6Ab-7aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{8b^4} + \frac{5(6Ab-7aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{12b^3} + \frac{Bx^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b^2} + \frac{5a^2(6Ab-7aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{8b^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)^(1/2)-5/8*a*(6*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^4+5/12*(6*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3+1/3*B*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^2+5/8*a^2*(6*A*b-7*B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(105a^3B+4b^3x^2(3A+2Bx)-2ab^2x(15A+7Bx)+a^2(-90Ab+35bBx))}{24b^4\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{5a^2(-6Ab+7aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{4b^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*(105*a^3*B + 4*b^3*x^2*(3*A + 2*B*x) - 2*a*b^2*x*(15*A + 7*B*x) + a^2*(-90*A*b + 35*b*B*x))/(24*b^4*Sqrt[a + b*x]) + (5*a^2*(-6*A*b + 7*a*B)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(4*b^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {87, 60, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{2x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{(6Ab - 7aB) \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{2x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{(6Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{6b} \right)}{ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{2x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{(6Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{(6Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{ab}$$

65

$$\frac{2x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{(6Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{ab}$$

219

$$\frac{2x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{(6Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{ab}$$

input

```
Int[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2), x]
```


output

$$\frac{(2(Ab - aB)x^{7/2})/(aB\sqrt{a + bx}) - ((6Ab - 7aB)((x^{5/2})\sqrt{a + bx})/(3b) - (5a((x^{3/2})\sqrt{a + bx})/(2b) - (3a((\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a + bx})/b - (a\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{b})\sqrt{x})/\sqrt{a + bx}])/b^{3/2}))/((4b)))/(6b))/(aB)}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 60

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(
b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !Integer
Q[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinear
Q[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 65

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Sub
st[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d
}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-8b^2 B x^2 - 12A b^2 x + 22B a b x + 42abA - 57a^2 B)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}{24b^4} + \frac{a^2 \left(30A\sqrt{b} \ln\left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx+a}\right) - \frac{35Ba \ln\left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx+a}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{16b^4 \sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$\frac{\left(16B b^{\frac{7}{2}} x^3 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} + 24A b^{\frac{7}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} - 28Ba b^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} + 90A \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b} + 2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right) \right) a^2 b^2 x - 60A \sqrt{x(bx+a)} b^{\frac{5}{2}} a}{16b^4 \sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$

```
input int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/24*(-8*B*b^2*x^2-12*A*b^2*x+22*B*a*b*x+42*A*a*b-57*B*a^2)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^4+1/16*a^2/b^4*(30*A*b^(1/2)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))-35*B*a*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)-32*(A*b-B*a)/b/(x+a/b)*(b*(x+a/b)^2-(x+a/b)*a)^(1/2)*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(7Ba^4 - 6Aa^3b + (7Ba^3b - 6Aa^2b^2)x)\sqrt{b} \log(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x+a})}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} \right]$$

```
input integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/48*(15*(7*B*a^4 - 6*A*a^3*b + (7*B*a^3*b - 6*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b)*log
(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(8*B*b^4*x^3 + 105*B*a^3
*b - 90*A*a^2*b^2 - 2*(7*B*a*b^3 - 6*A*b^4)*x^2 + 5*(7*B*a^2*b^2 - 6*A*a*b
^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(b^6*x + a*b^5), 1/24*(15*(7*B*a^4 - 6*A*a^3
*b + (7*B*a^3*b - 6*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*
x + a)) + (8*B*b^4*x^3 + 105*B*a^3*b - 90*A*a^2*b^2 - 2*(7*B*a*b^3 - 6*A*b
^4)*x^2 + 5*(7*B*a^2*b^2 - 6*A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(b^6*x + a
*b^5)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 72.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = A \left(-\frac{15a^{3/2}\sqrt{x}}{4b^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{5\sqrt{ax}^{3/2}}{4b^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{15a^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4b^{7/2}} + \frac{x^{5/2}}{2\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}} \right) + B \left(\frac{35a^{5/2}\sqrt{x}}{8b^4\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{35a^{3/2}x^{3/2}}{24b^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{7\sqrt{ax}^{5/2}}{12b^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{35a^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8b^{9/2}} + \frac{x^{7/2}}{3\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
A*(-15*a**(3/2)*sqrt(x)/(4*b**3*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 5*sqrt(a)*x**(3/2)/(4*b
**2*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 15*a**2*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(4*b**(7/2))
+ x**(5/2)/(2*sqrt(a)*b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a))) + B*(35*a**(5/2)*sqrt(x)/(8*b**
4*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 35*a**(3/2)*x**(3/2)/(24*b**3*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 7*sq
rt(a)*x**(5/2)/(12*b**2*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 35*a**3*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/s
qrt(a))/(8*b**(9/2)) + x**(7/2)/(3*sqrt(a)*b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Bx^4}{3\sqrt{bx^2+axb}} - \frac{7Bax^3}{12\sqrt{bx^2+axb^2}} + \frac{Ax^3}{2\sqrt{bx^2+axb}} + \frac{35Ba^2x^2}{24\sqrt{bx^2+axb^3}} - \frac{5Aax^2}{4\sqrt{bx^2+axb^2}} + \frac{35Ba^3x}{8\sqrt{bx^2+axb^4}} - \frac{15Aa^2x}{4\sqrt{bx^2+axb^3}} - \frac{35Ba^3 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{16b^{9/2}} + \frac{15Aa^2 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{8b^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*B*x^4/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*b) - 7/12*B*a*x^3/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*b^2) + 1/2*A*x^3/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*b) + 35/24*B*a^2*x^2/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*b^3) - 5/4*A*a*x^2/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*b^2) + 35/8*B*a^3*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*b^4) - 15/4*A*a^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*b^3) - 35/16*B*a^3*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(9/2) + 15/8*A*a^2*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(7/2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\sqrt{bx+a} \left(2(bx+a) \left(\frac{4(bx+a)B|b|}{b^6} - \frac{19Bab^{17}|b| - 6Ab^{18}|b|}{b^{23}} \right) + \frac{5(7Ba^3|b| - 6Aa^2b|b|) \log\left(\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)^2\right)}{16b^{11/2}} + \frac{4(Ba^4|b| - Aa^3b|b|)}{\left(\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)^2 + ab\right)b^{9/2}} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/24*sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a)*(2*(b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*B*abs
(b)/b^6 - (19*B*a*b^17*abs(b) - 6*A*b^18*abs(b))/b^23) + 3*(29*B*a^2*b^17*
abs(b) - 18*A*a*b^18*abs(b))/b^23) + 5/16*(7*B*a^3*abs(b) - 6*A*a^2*b*abs(
b))*log((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2)/b^(11/2) + 4*
(B*a^4*abs(b) - A*a^3*b*abs(b))/(((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*
b - a*b))^2 + a*b)*b^(9/2))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int((x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}a^2b - 10\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}ab^2x + 8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}b^3x^2 - 15\sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{24b^4}$$

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
(15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b - 10*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x + 8*s
qrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*x**2 - 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*s
qrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**3)/(24*b**4)
```

3.328 $\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2289
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2289
Rubi [A] (verified)	2290
Maple [A] (verified)	2292
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2292
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2293
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2294
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2294
Mupad [F(-1)]	2295
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2295

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}}{b^2\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{3(4Ab-5aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4b^3} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b^2} - \frac{3a(4Ab-5aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{4b^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)^(1/2)+3/4*(4*A*b-5*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3+1/2*B*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^2-3/4*a*(4*A*b-5*B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-15a^2B+ab(12A-5Bx)+2b^2x(2A+Bx))}{4b^3\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{3a(-4Ab+5aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{2b^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(-15*a^2*B + a*b*(12*A - 5*B*x) + 2*b^2*x*(2*A + B*x)))/(4*b^3*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]) + (3*a*(-4*A*b + 5*a*B)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(-\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])])/(2*b^(7/2))}{}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {87, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{2x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{(4Ab - 5aB) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{ab}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{2x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{(4Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{4b} \right)}{ab}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{2x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{(4Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{ab}$$

$$\downarrow 65$$

$$\frac{2x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{(4Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx}{a+bx}} d \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{ab}$$

$$\frac{2x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{(4Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{ab}$$

input `Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(A*b - a*B)*x^(5/2))/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x]) - ((4*A*b - 5*a*B)*((x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(2*b) - (3*a*((Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b - (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/b^(3/2)))/(4*b)))/(a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
risch	$\frac{(2bBx+4Ab-7Ba)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}{4b^3} - \frac{a \left(12A\sqrt{b} \ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right) - \frac{15Ba \ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{16(Ab-Ba)\sqrt{b\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 - \left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)}}{b\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)} \right)}{8b^3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$-\frac{\left(-4Bb^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}+12A\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)a b^2x-8A\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{5}{2}}x-15B\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)a^2bx+10B\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\right)}{8b^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{x}}$

input

```
int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*(2*B*b*x+4*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3-1/8/b^3*a*(12*A*b^(1/2)
)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))-15*B*a*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+
(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)-16*(A*b-B*a)/b/(x+a/b)*(b*(x+a/b)^2-(x+a/b)*a)^(
1/2))*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(5Ba^3-4Aa^2b+(5Ba^2b-4Aab^2)x)\sqrt{b}\log\left(2bx-2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x+a}\right)}{8(b^5x+ab^4)} - \dots \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/8*(3*(5*B*a^3 - 4*A*a^2*b + (5*B*a^2*b - 4*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(2*B*b^3*x^2 - 15*B*a^2*b + 12*A*a*b^2 - (5*B*a*b^2 - 4*A*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(b^5*x + a*b^4), -1/4*(3*(5*B*a^3 - 4*A*a^2*b + (5*B*a^2*b - 4*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-b)*arc tan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (2*B*b^3*x^2 - 15*B*a^2*b + 12*A*a*b^2 - (5*B*a*b^2 - 4*A*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(b^5*x + a*b^4)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 14.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = A \left(\frac{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{b^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{3a \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{5/2}} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}} \right) + B \left(-\frac{15a^{3/2}\sqrt{x}}{4b^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{5\sqrt{a}x^{3/2}}{4b^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{15a^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4b^{7/2}} + \frac{x^{5/2}}{2\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
A*(3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)/(b**2*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 3*a*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/b**(5/2) + x**(3/2)/(sqrt(a)*b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a))) + B*(-15*a**(3/2)*sqrt(x)/(4*b**3*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 5*sqrt(a)*x**(3/2)/(4*b**2*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 15*a**2*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(4*b**(7/2)) + x**(5/2)/(2*sqrt(a)*b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)))
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 246 vs. $2(94) = 188$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}Ba}{b^4x^2+2ab^3x+a^2b^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^2}{b^4x+ab^3} + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}A}{b^3x^2+2ab^2x+a^2b} + \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}B}{2(b^3x+ab^2)} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa}{b^3x+ab^2} + \frac{15Ba^2\log\left(2x+\frac{a}{b}+\frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8b^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{3Aa\log\left(2x+\frac{a}{b}+\frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2b^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba}{4b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-(b*x^2+a*x)^(3/2)*B*a/(b^4*x^2+2*a*b^3*x+a^2*b^2) - 3*sqrt(b*x^2+a*x)*B*a^2/(b^4*x+a*b^3) + (b*x^2+a*x)^(3/2)*A/(b^3*x^2+2*a*b^2*x+a^2*b) + 1/2*(b*x^2+a*x)^(3/2)*B/(b^3*x+a*b^2) + 3*sqrt(b*x^2+a*x)*A*a/(b^3*x+a*b^2) + 15/8*B*a^2*log(2*x+a/b+2*sqrt(b*x^2+a*x)/sqrt(b))/b^(7/2) - 3/2*A*a*log(2*x+a/b+2*sqrt(b*x^2+a*x)/sqrt(b))/b^(5/2) - 3/4*sqrt(b*x^2+a*x)*B*a/b^3$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\sqrt{bx+a} \left(\frac{2(bx+a)B|b|}{b^5} - \frac{9Bab^9|b|-4Ab^{10}|b|}{b^{14}} \right) - \frac{3(5Ba^2|b|-4Aab|b|)\log\left(\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)^2\right)}{8b^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{4(Ba^3|b|-Aa^2b|b|)}{\left(\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)^2+ab\right)b^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a)*(2*(b*x + a)*B*abs(b)/b^5 - (9*B*a*b^9*abs(b) - 4*A*b^10*abs(b))/b^14) - 3/8*(5*B*a^2*abs(b) - 4*A*a*b*abs(b))*log((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2)/b^(9/2) - 4*(B*a^3*abs(b) - A*a^2*b*abs(b))/(((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2 + a*b)*b^(7/2))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^2x + 3\sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2}{4b^3}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(- 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*x + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2)/(4*b**3)`

3.329 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2296
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2296
Rubi [A] (verified)	2297
Maple [B] (verified)	2298
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2299
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2299
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2300
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2300
Mupad [F(-1)]	2301
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2301

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^2\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^2} + \frac{(2Ab-3aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

output

$$-2*(A*b-B*a)*x^{(1/2)}/b^2/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}+B*x^{(1/2)}*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/b^2+(2*A*b-3*B*a)*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/b^{(5/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-2Ab+3aB+bBx)}{b^2\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{2(2Ab-3aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^{(3/2)},x]$$

output

$$(\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]*(-2*A*b+3*a*B+b*B*x))/(b^2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a+b*x])+(2*(2*A*b-3*a*B)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x])/(-\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]+\operatorname{Sqrt}[a+b*x])])/b^{(5/2)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {87, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{2x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{ab\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{(2Ab-3aB) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{2x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{ab\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{(2Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 65 \\
 & \frac{2x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{ab\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{(2Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}}{b} \right)}{ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{2x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{ab\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{(2Ab-3aB) \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{ab}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*(A*b - a*B)*x^(3/2))/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x]) - ((2*A*b - 3*a*B)*((Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b - (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]]/b^(3/2))))/(a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 60 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(
b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !Integer
Q[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinear
Q[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 65 Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Sub
st[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d
}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

method	result
risch	$\frac{B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^2} + \frac{\left(2A\sqrt{b}\ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}}+\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right) - \frac{3Ba\ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}}+\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{4(Ab-Ba)\sqrt{b\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 - \left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)a}}{b\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)}\right)\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{2b^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$\frac{\left(2A\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}+2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)b^2x - 3B\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}+2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)abx + 2Bb^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{x(bx+a)} + 2A\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}+2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)ab - 4A\right)\sqrt{x(bx+a)}}{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}b^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{bx+a}}$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `B*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/2/b^2*(2*A*b^(1/2)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))-3*B*a*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)-4*(A*b-B*a)/b/(x+a/b)*(b*(x+a/b)^2-(x+a/b)*a)^(1/2)*(x*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^(1/2))/(b*x+a)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{(3Ba^2 - 2Aab + (3Bab - 2Ab^2)x)\sqrt{b} \log\left(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x+a}\right) - 2(Bx^2 + a^2)\sqrt{b}}{2(b^4x + ab^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*((3*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b + (3*B*a*b - 2*A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(B*b^2*x + 3*B*a*b - 2*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*x + a*b^3), ((3*B*a^2 - 2*A*a*b + (3*B*a*b - 2*A*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (B*b^2*x + 3*B*a*b - 2*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(b^4*x + a*b^3)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = A \left(\frac{2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} \right) + B \left(\frac{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{b^2\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{3a \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{5/2}} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
A*(2*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/b**(3/2) - 2*sqrt(x)/(sqrt(a)*b*sqrt(1
+ b*x/a))) + B*(3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)/(b**2*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 3*a*asinh(sqrt
(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/b**(5/2) + x**(3/2)/(sqrt(a)*b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba}{b^3x+ab^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}A}{b^2x+ab}$$

$$- \frac{3Ba \log\left(2x + \frac{a}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2b^{5/2}} + \frac{A \log\left(2x + \frac{a}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}B}{b^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a/(b^3*x + a*b^2) - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A/(b^2*x +
*b) - 3/2*B*a*log(2*x + a/b + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)/sqrt(b))/b^(5/2) + A*log
(2*x + a/b + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)/sqrt(b))/b^(3/2) + sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B/b^
2
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\sqrt{bx+a}B|b|}{b^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(3Ba|b| - 2Ab|b|) \log\left(\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)^2\right)}{2b^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{4(Ba^2|b| - Aab|b|)}{\left(\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)^2 + ab\right)b^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*abs(b)/b^4 + 1/2*(3*B*a*abs(b) - 2
*A*b*abs(b))*log((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2)/b^(7
/2) + 4*(B*a^2*abs(b) - A*a*b*abs(b))/(((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x
+ a)*b - a*b))^2 + a*b)*b^(5/2))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a}b - \sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a}{b^2}$$

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b - sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/s
qrt(a))*a)/b**2
```

3.330 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2302
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2302
Rubi [A] (verified)	2303
Maple [B] (verified)	2304
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2305
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2305
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2306
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2306
Mupad [F(-1)]	2307
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2307

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{ab\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{2B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

output $2*(A*b-B*a)*x^{(1/2)}/a/b/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}+2*B*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/b^{(3/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{ab\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2B \log\left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a+bx}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[(A+B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a+b*x)^{(3/2)}),x]$

output $(2*(A*b-a*B)*Sqrt[x])/(a*b*Sqrt[a+b*x]) - (2*B*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[a+b*x]])/b^{(3/2)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {87, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 65$$

$$\frac{2B \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{2B \operatorname{Arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*(A*b - a*B)*Sqrt[x])/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x]) + (2*B*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/b^(3/2)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 65

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Sub
st[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d
}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 120 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(B \ln \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}} \right) abx + 2A b^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{x(bx+a)} + B \ln \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b+2bx+a}}{2\sqrt{b}} \right) a^2 - 2Ba \sqrt{x(bx+a)} \sqrt{b} \right) \sqrt{x}}{a \sqrt{x(bx+a)} b^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a}}$	121

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(B*ln(1/2*(2*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+2*b*x+a)/b^(1/2))*a*b*x+2*A*b^(3/2)
*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)+B*ln(1/2*(2*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+2*b*x+a)/b^(1/2))
*a^2-2*B*a*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*b^(1/2))/a*x^(1/2)/(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/
(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{(Babx + Ba^2)\sqrt{b} \log(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + a) - 2(Bab - Ab^2)\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{x}}{ab^3x + a^2b^2} - \frac{2\left((Babx + Ba^2)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) + (Bab - Ab^2)\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{x}\right)}{ab^3x + a^2b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[(B*a*b*x + B*a^2)*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(B*a*b - A*b^2)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^3*x + a^2*b^2), -2*((B*a*b*x + B*a^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (B*a*b - A*b^2)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^3*x + a^2*b^2)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2A}{a\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + B \left(\frac{2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(1/2)/(b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `2*A/(a*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + B*(2*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/b**3/2 - 2*sqrt(x)/(sqrt(a)*b*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}A}{abx + a^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}B}{b^2x + ab} + \frac{B \log\left(2x + \frac{a}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A/(a*b*x + a^2) - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B/(b^2*x + a*b) + B*log(2*x + a/b + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)/sqrt(b))/b^(3/2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 97 vs. 2(48) = 96.

Time = 15.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{B \log\left(\left(\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab}\right)^2\right)}{\sqrt{b}|b|} - \frac{4\left(Ba\sqrt{b} - Ab^{3/2}\right)}{\left(\left(\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab}\right)^2 + ab\right)|b|}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-B*log((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2)/(sqrt(b)*abs(b)) - 4*(B*a*sqrt(b) - A*b^(3/2))/(((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2 + a*b)*abs(b))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x)`output `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a)))/b`

3.331 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2308
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2308
Rubi [A] (verified)	2309
Maple [A] (verified)	2310
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2311
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2311
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2311
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2312
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2312
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2313

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2(2Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{a^2\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

output `-2*A/a/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)-2*(2*A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/(b*x+a)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(aA+2Abx-aBx)}{a^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(a*A + 2*A*b*x - a*B*x))/(a^2*sqrt[x]*sqrt[a + b*x])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$-\frac{(2Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{a} - \frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{x}(2Ab - aB)}{a^2\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(a*sqrt[x]*sqrt[a + b*x]) - (2*(2*A*b - a*B)*sqrt[x])/(a^2*sqrt[a + b*x])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 48 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(c_.)} + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (b*e - a*f)) * (c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} * (e + f*x)^{(p + 1)} / (f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))] / (f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n * (e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \!(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \!(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \!(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(2Abx - Bax + Aa)}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2}$	30
default	$-\frac{2(2Abx - Bax + Aa)}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2}$	30
orering	$-\frac{2(2Abx - Bax + Aa)}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2}$	30
risch	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{bx+a}}{a^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2(Ab - Ba)\sqrt{x}}{a^2\sqrt{bx+a}}$	41

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)/x^{(3/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $-2*(2*A*b*x - B*a*x + A*a)/x^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^2$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Aa - (Ba - 2Ab)x)\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{x}}{a^2bx^2 + a^3x}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-2*(A*a - (B*a - 2*A*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x)/(a^2*b*x^2 + a^3*x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = A \left(-\frac{2}{a\sqrt{bx}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{4\sqrt{b}}{a^2\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} \right) + \frac{2B}{a\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(3/2)/(b*x+a)**(3/2),x)`output `A*(-2/(a*sqrt(b)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 4*sqrt(b)/(a**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1))) + 2*B/(a*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2Bx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + axa}} - \frac{4Abx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + axa^2}} - \frac{2A}{\sqrt{bx^2 + axa}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*B*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a) - 4*A*b*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^2) - 2*A/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs. $2(40) = 80$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}Ab^2}{\sqrt{(bx+a)b - aba^2|b|}} + \frac{4(B^2a^2b^3 - 2ABab^4 + A^2b^5)}{\left(Ba\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b - ab}\right)^2 b^{\frac{3}{2}} + Ba^2b^{\frac{5}{2}} - A\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b - ab}\right)^2 b^{\frac{5}{2}} - Aab^{\frac{7}{2}}\right)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*b^2/(sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)*a^2*abs(b)) + 4*(B^2*a^2*b^3 - 2*A*B*a*b^4 + A^2*b^5)/((B*a*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b^(3/2) + B*a^2*b^(5/2) - A*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b^(5/2) - A*a*b^(7/2))*a*abs(b))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{2A}{ab} + \frac{x(4Ab-2Ba)}{a^2b}\right)\sqrt{a+bx}}{x^{3/2} + \frac{a\sqrt{x}}{b}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `-(((2*A)/(a*b) + (x*(4*A*b - 2*B*a))/(a^2*b))*(a + b*x)^(1/2))/(x^(3/2) + (a*x^(1/2))/b)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx + a} - 2\sqrt{b}x}{ax}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(- 2*(sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(b)*x))/(a*x)`

3.332 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2314
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2314
Rubi [A] (verified)	2315
Maple [A] (verified)	2316
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2317
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2317
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2318
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2318
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2319
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2319

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx}} - \frac{2(4Ab - 3aB)}{3a^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{4(4Ab - 3aB)\sqrt{a + bx}}{3a^3\sqrt{x}}$$

```
output -2/3*A/a/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)-2/3*(4*A*b-3*B*a)/a^2/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
+4/3*(4*A*b-3*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(-8Ab^2x^2 + 2abx(-2A + 3Bx) + a^2(A + 3Bx))}{3a^3x^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

```
input Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x]
```

```
output (-2*(-8*A*b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x*(-2*A + 3*B*x) + a^2*(A + 3*B*x)))/(3*a^3*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {87, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$-\frac{(4Ab - 3aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$-\frac{(4Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$-\frac{\left(\frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{4\sqrt{a+bx}}{a^2\sqrt{x}} \right) (4Ab - 3aB)}{3a} - \frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(3*a*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]) - ((4*A*b - 3*a*B)*(2/(a*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x]) - (4*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(a^2*Sqrt[x])))/(3*a)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
 [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
 a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
 (a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
 implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
 c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
 c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
 lerQ[n, 1])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
), x] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
 + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
 + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
 rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(-8Ab^2x^2+6Babx^2-4aAbx+3Ba^2x+a^2A)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3}$	52
default	$-\frac{2(-8Ab^2x^2+6Babx^2-4aAbx+3Ba^2x+a^2A)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3}$	52
orering	$-\frac{2(-8Ab^2x^2+6Babx^2-4aAbx+3Ba^2x+a^2A)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3}$	52
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-5Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3a^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2b(Ab-Ba)\sqrt{x}}{a^3\sqrt{bx+a}}$	55

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-2/3*(-8*A*b^2*x^2+6*B*a*b*x^2-4*A*a*b*x+3*B*a^2*x+A*a^2)/x^{(3/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Aa^2 + 2(3Bab - 4Ab^2)x^2 + (3Ba^2 - 4Aab)x)\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{x}}{3(a^3bx^3 + a^4x^2)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$-2/3*(A*a^2 + 2*(3*B*a*b - 4*A*b^2)*x^2 + (3*B*a^2 - 4*A*a*b)*x)*\text{sqrt}(b*x + a)*\text{sqrt}(x)/(a^3*b*x^3 + a^4*x^2)$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 265 vs. 2(76) = 152.

Time = 11.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = A \left(-\frac{2a^3b^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3a^5b^4x + 6a^4b^5x^2 + 3a^3b^6x^3} + \frac{6a^2b^{\frac{11}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3a^5b^4x + 6a^4b^5x^2 + 3a^3b^6x^3} + \frac{24ab^{\frac{13}{2}}x^2\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3a^5b^4x + 6a^4b^5x^2 + 3a^3b^6x^3} \right) + B \left(-\frac{2}{a\sqrt{bx}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} - \frac{4\sqrt{b}}{a^2\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(5/2)/(b*x+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

$$A*(-2*a**3*b**(9/2)*\text{sqrt}(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**5*b**4*x + 6*a**4*b**5*x**2 + 3*a**3*b**6*x**3) + 6*a**2*b**(11/2)*x*\text{sqrt}(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**5*b**4*x + 6*a**4*b**5*x**2 + 3*a**3*b**6*x**3) + 24*a*b**(13/2)*x**2*\text{sqrt}(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**5*b**4*x + 6*a**4*b**5*x**2 + 3*a**3*b**6*x**3) + 16*b**(15/2)*x**3*\text{sqrt}(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**5*b**4*x + 6*a**4*b**5*x**2 + 3*a**3*b**6*x**3)) + B*(-2/(a*\text{sqrt}(b)*x*\text{sqrt}(a/(b*x) + 1)) - 4*\text{sqrt}(b)/(a**2*\text{sqrt}(a/(b*x) + 1)))$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{4 Bbx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + axa^2}} + \frac{16 Ab^2x}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + axa^3}} - \frac{2 B}{\sqrt{bx^2 + axa}} + \frac{8 Ab}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + axa^2}} - \frac{2 A}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + axax}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-4*B*b*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^2) + 16/3*A*b^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^3) - 2*B/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a) + 8/3*A*b/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^2) - 2/3*A/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a*x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}\left(\frac{3Ba^3b^3|b|-5Aa^2b^4|b|}{a^5b^2}(bx+a) - \frac{3(Ba^4b^3|b|-2Aa^3b^4|b|)}{a^5b^2}\right)}{3((bx+a)b-ab)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot 4(B^2a^2b^5 - 2ABab^6 + A^2b^7)} - \frac{\left(Ba(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab})^2 b^{\frac{5}{2}} + Ba^2b^{\frac{7}{2}} - A(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab})^2 b^{\frac{7}{2}} - Aab^{\frac{9}{2}}\right)}{3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/3*sqrt(b*x + a)*((3*B*a^3*b^3*abs(b) - 5*A*a^2*b^4*abs(b))*(b*x + a)/(a^5*b^2) - 3*(B*a^4*b^3*abs(b) - 2*A*a^3*b^4*abs(b))/(a^5*b^2))/((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(3/2) - 4*(B^2*a^2*b^5 - 2*A*B*a*b^6 + A^2*b^7)/((B*a*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b^(5/2) + B*a^2*b^(7/2) - A*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b^(7/2) - A*a*b^(9/2))*a^2*abs(b)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a + bx} \left(\frac{2A}{3ab} + \frac{x(6Ba^2 - 8Aab)}{3a^3b} - \frac{x^2(16Ab^2 - 12Bab)}{3a^3b} \right)}{x^{5/2} + \frac{ax^{3/2}}{b}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x)`output `-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A)/(3*a*b) + (x*(6*B*a^2 - 8*A*a*b))/(3*a^3*b) - (x^2*(16*A*b^2 - 12*B*a*b))/(3*a^3*b)))/(x^(5/2) + (a*x^(3/2))/b)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+aa}}{3} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+abx}}{3} - \frac{4\sqrt{b}bx^2}{3}}{a^2x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(-sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*x - 2*sqrt(b)*b*x**2))/(3*a**2*x**2)`

3.333 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2320
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2320
Rubi [A] (verified)	2321
Maple [A] (verified)	2323
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2323
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2324
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2324
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2325
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2325
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2326

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2(6Ab-5aB)}{5a^2x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{8(6Ab-5aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{15a^3x^{3/2}} - \frac{16b(6Ab-5aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{15a^4\sqrt{x}}$$

output `-2/5*A/a/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)-2/5*(6*A*b-5*B*a)/a^2/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)+8/15*(6*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^(3/2)-16/15*b*(6*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^4/x^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(48Ab^3x^3+8ab^2x^2(3A-5Bx)+a^3(3A+5Bx)-2a^2bx(3A+10Bx))}{15a^4x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Integrate[(A+B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a+b*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(48*A*b^3*x^3 + 8*a*b^2*x^2*(3*A - 5*B*x) + a^3*(3*A + 5*B*x) - 2*a^2*b*x*(3*A + 10*B*x)))/(15*a^4*x^{(5/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])}{}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & -\frac{(6Ab - 5aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{5a} - \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{(6Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{(6Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{4 \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & -\frac{\left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{4b\sqrt{a+bx}}{3a^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} \right) (6Ab - 5aB)}{5a} - \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/(x^{(7/2)}*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)}), x]$$

output
$$\frac{(-2A)/(5ax^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}) - ((6Ab - 5aB)(2/(ax^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}) + 4((-2\sqrt{a+bx})/(3ax^{3/2}) + 4b\sqrt{a+bx})/(3a^2\sqrt{x}))/a)/(5a)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48
$$\text{Int}[\{(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)\}^{(m_.)}\{(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)\}^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + bx)^{(m+1)}\{(c + dx)^{(n+1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m+1))\}, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 55
$$\text{Int}[\{(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)\}^{(m_.)}\{(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)\}^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + bx)^{(m+1)}\{(c + dx)^{(n+1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m+1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2] / ((b*c - a*d)*(m+1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + bx)^{\text{Simplify}[m+1]}(c + dx)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] \ || \ !\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1])$$

rule 87
$$\text{Int}[\{(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)\}^{(c_.)}\{(d_.)(x_)\}^{(n_.)}\{(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)\}^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)(c + dx)^{(n+1)}\{(e + f*x)^{(p+1)} / (f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) / (f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \ \text{Int}[(c + dx)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(48A b^3 x^3 - 40B a b^2 x^3 + 24a A b^2 x^2 - 20B a^2 b x^2 - 6a^2 A b x + 5B a^3 x + 3a^3 A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} a^4}$	77
default	$-\frac{2(48A b^3 x^3 - 40B a b^2 x^3 + 24a A b^2 x^2 - 20B a^2 b x^2 - 6a^2 A b x + 5B a^3 x + 3a^3 A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} a^4}$	77
orering	$-\frac{2(48A b^3 x^3 - 40B a b^2 x^3 + 24a A b^2 x^2 - 20B a^2 b x^2 - 6a^2 A b x + 5B a^3 x + 3a^3 A)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{bx+a} a^4}$	77
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} (33A b^2 x^2 - 25B a b x^2 - 9a A b x + 5B a^2 x + 3a^2 A)}{15a^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2b^2 (Ab - Ba) \sqrt{x}}{a^4 \sqrt{bx+a}}$	80

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-2/15*(48*A*b^3*x^3-40*B*a*b^2*x^3+24*A*a*b^2*x^2-20*B*a^2*b*x^2-6*A*a^2*b*x+5*B*a^3*x+3*A*a^3)/x^{5/2}/(b*x+a)^{1/2}/a^4$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(3Aa^3 - 8(5Bab^2 - 6Ab^3)x^3 - 4(5Ba^2b - 6Aab^2)x^2 + (5Ba^3 - 6Aa^2b)x)\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{x}}{15(a^4bx^4 + a^5x^3)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-2/15*(3*A*a^3 - 8*(5*B*a*b^2 - 6*A*b^3)*x^3 - 4*(5*B*a^2*b - 6*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + (5*B*a^3 - 6*A*a^2*b)*x)*\sqrt{b*x + a}*\sqrt{x}/(a^4*b*x^4 + a^5*x^3)$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 573 vs. $2(110) = 220$.

Time = 31.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 573, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.03

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = A \left(-\frac{2a^5 b^{19/2} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{5a^7 b^9 x^2 + 15a^6 b^{10} x^3 + 15a^5 b^{11} x^4 + 5a^4 b^{12} x^5} - \frac{10a^3 b^{23/2} x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{5a^7 b^9 x^2 + 15a^6 b^{10} x^3 + 15a^5 b^{11} x^4 + 5a^4 b^{12} x^5} \right) + B \left(-\frac{2a^3 b^{9/2} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3a^5 b^4 x + 6a^4 b^5 x^2 + 3a^3 b^6 x^3} + \frac{6a^2 b^{11/2} x \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3a^5 b^4 x + 6a^4 b^5 x^2 + 3a^3 b^6 x^3} + \frac{24ab^{13/2} x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3a^5 b^4 x + 6a^4 b^5 x^2 + 3a^3 b^6 x^3} + \frac{16a^2 b^{15/2} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3a^5 b^4 x + 6a^4 b^5 x^2 + 3a^3 b^6 x^3} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(7/2)/(b*x+a)**(3/2), x)`

output `A*(-2*a**5*b**(19/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(5*a**7*b**9*x**2 + 15*a**6*b**10*x**3 + 15*a**5*b**11*x**4 + 5*a**4*b**12*x**5) - 10*a**3*b**(23/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(5*a**7*b**9*x**2 + 15*a**6*b**10*x**3 + 15*a**5*b**11*x**4 + 5*a**4*b**12*x**5) - 60*a**2*b**(25/2)*x**3*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(5*a**7*b**9*x**2 + 15*a**6*b**10*x**3 + 15*a**5*b**11*x**4 + 5*a**4*b**12*x**5) - 80*a*b**(27/2)*x**4*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(5*a**7*b**9*x**2 + 15*a**6*b**10*x**3 + 15*a**5*b**11*x**4 + 5*a**4*b**12*x**5) - 32*b**(29/2)*x**5*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(5*a**7*b**9*x**2 + 15*a**6*b**10*x**3 + 15*a**5*b**11*x**4 + 5*a**4*b**12*x**5)) + B*(-2*a**3*b**(9/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**5*b**4*x + 6*a**4*b**5*x**2 + 3*a**3*b**6*x**3) + 6*a**2*b**(11/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**5*b**4*x + 6*a**4*b**5*x**2 + 3*a**3*b**6*x**3) + 24*a*b**(13/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**5*b**4*x + 6*a**4*b**5*x**2 + 3*a**3*b**6*x**3) + 16*b**(15/2)*x**3*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**5*b**4*x + 6*a**4*b**5*x**2 + 3*a**3*b**6*x**3))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{16 B b^2 x}{3 \sqrt{bx^2 + axa^3}} - \frac{32 A b^3 x}{5 \sqrt{bx^2 + axa^4}} + \frac{8 B b}{3 \sqrt{bx^2 + axa^2}} - \frac{16 A b^2}{5 \sqrt{bx^2 + axa^3}} - \frac{2 B}{3 \sqrt{bx^2 + axax}} + \frac{4 A b}{5 \sqrt{bx^2 + axa^2 x}} - \frac{2 A}{5 \sqrt{bx^2 + axax^2}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{16}{3}Bb^2x/(\sqrt{bx^2+ax})a^3 - \frac{32}{5}A^2b^3x/(\sqrt{bx^2+ax})a^4 + \frac{8}{3}B^2b/(\sqrt{bx^2+ax})a^2 - \frac{16}{5}A^2b^2/(\sqrt{bx^2+ax})a^3 - \frac{2}{3}B/(\sqrt{bx^2+ax})ax + \frac{4}{5}A^2b/(\sqrt{bx^2+ax})a^2x - \frac{2}{5}A/(\sqrt{bx^2+ax})ax^2$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 254 vs. $2(90) = 180$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}\left((bx+a)\left(\frac{(25Ba^6b^7-33Aa^5b^8)(bx+a)}{a^9b^2|b|} - \frac{5(11Ba^7b^7-15Aa^6b^8)}{a^9b^2|b|}\right) + \frac{15(2Ba^8b^7-3Aa^7b^8)}{a^9b^2|b|}\right)}{15((bx+a)b-ab)^{5/2}} + \frac{4(B^2a^2b^7-2ABab^8+A^2b^9)}{4\left(Ba\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)^2b^{7/2}+Ba^2b^{9/2}-A\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)^2b^{9/2}-Aab^{11/2}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{2}{15}\sqrt{bx+a}\left(\frac{(bx+a)\left(\frac{(25B^2a^6b^7-33A^2a^5b^8)(bx+a)}{a^9b^2|b|} - \frac{5(11B^2a^7b^7-15A^2a^6b^8)}{a^9b^2|b|}\right) + \frac{15(2B^2a^8b^7-3A^2a^7b^8)}{a^9b^2|b|}}{(bx+a)b-ab)^{5/2}} + \frac{4(B^2a^2b^7-2ABab^8+A^2b^9)}{4\left(Ba\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)^2b^{7/2}+Ba^2b^{9/2}-A\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)^2b^{9/2}-Aab^{11/2}\right)}\right)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx}\left(\frac{2A}{5ab} + \frac{8x^2(6Ab-5Ba)}{15a^3} + \frac{x^3(96Ab^3-80Bab^2)}{15a^4b} + \frac{x(10Ba^3-12Aa^2b)}{15a^4b}\right)}{x^{7/2} + \frac{ax^{5/2}}{b}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A)/(5*a*b) + (8*x^2*(6*A*b - 5*B*a))/(15*a^3) + (x^3*(96*A*b^3 - 80*B*a*b^2))/(15*a^4*b) + (x*(10*B*a^3 - 12*A*a^2*b))/(15*a^4*b)))/(x^(7/2) + (a*x^(5/2))/b)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2}{5} + \frac{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}abx}{15} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^2x^2}{15} + \frac{16\sqrt{b}b^2x^3}{15}}{a^3x^3}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*(- 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2 + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b*x - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2*x**2 + 8*sqrt(b)*b**2*x**3))/(15*a**3*x**3)`

3.334 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2327
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2327
Rubi [A] (verified)	2328
Maple [A] (verified)	2330
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2330
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2331
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2332
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2332
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2333
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2333

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{2(8Ab-7aB)}{7a^2x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{12(8Ab-7aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{35a^3x^{5/2}} - \frac{16b(8Ab-7aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{35a^4x^{3/2}} + \frac{32b^2(8Ab-7aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{35a^5\sqrt{x}}$$

output
$$-2/7*A/a/x^{(7/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}-2/7*(8*A*b-7*B*a)/a^2/x^{(5/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}+12/35*(8*A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^3/x^{(5/2)}-16/35*b*(8*A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^4/x^{(3/2)}+32/35*b^2*(8*A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^5/x^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(-128Ab^4x^4 + 16ab^3x^3(-4A + 7Bx) + 8a^2b^2x^2(2A + 7Bx) - 2a^3bx(4A + 7Bx) + a^4(5A + 7Bx))}{35a^5x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
(-2*(-128*A*b^4*x^4 + 16*a*b^3*x^3*(-4*A + 7*B*x) + 8*a^2*b^2*x^2*(2*A + 7*B*x) - 2*a^3*b*x*(4*A + 7*B*x) + a^4*(5*A + 7*B*x)))/(35*a^5*x^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(8Ab - 7aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{7a} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & \frac{(8Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{6 \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & \frac{(8Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{6 \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{5a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(8Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{6 \left(-\frac{4b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}}{7a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 48 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{6 \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{4b\sqrt{a+bx}}{3a^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} \right) (8Ab - 7aB)}{7a} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(7*a*x^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]) - ((8*A*b - 7*a*B)*(2/(a*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]) + (6*((-2*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(5*a*x^(5/2)) - (4*b*((-2*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(3*a*x^(3/2)) + (4*b*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(3*a^2*Sqrt[x])))/(5*a)))/a)/(7*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(-128Ab^4x^4+112Bab^3x^4-64Aab^3x^3+56Ba^2b^2x^3+16Aa^2b^2x^2-14Ba^3bx^2-8Aa^3bx+7Ba^4x+5Aa^4)}{35x^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5}$	101
default	$-\frac{2(-128Ab^4x^4+112Bab^3x^4-64Aab^3x^3+56Ba^2b^2x^3+16Aa^2b^2x^2-14Ba^3bx^2-8Aa^3bx+7Ba^4x+5Aa^4)}{35x^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5}$	101
orering	$-\frac{2(-128Ab^4x^4+112Bab^3x^4-64Aab^3x^3+56Ba^2b^2x^3+16Aa^2b^2x^2-14Ba^3bx^2-8Aa^3bx+7Ba^4x+5Aa^4)}{35x^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{bx+a}a^5}$	101
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-93Ab^3x^3+77Bab^2x^3+29Aa^2b^2x^2-21Ba^2bx^2-13a^2Abx+7Ba^3x+5a^3A)}{35a^5x^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{2(Ab-Ba)b^3\sqrt{x}}{a^5\sqrt{bx+a}}$	104

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/35*(-128*A*b^4*x^4+112*B*a*b^3*x^4-64*A*a*b^3*x^3+56*B*a^2*b^2*x^3+16*A
*a^2*b^2*x^2-14*B*a^3*b*x^2-8*A*a^3*b*x+7*B*a^4*x+5*A*a^4)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)
^(1/2)/a^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(5Aa^4 + 16(7Bab^3 - 8Ab^4)x^4 + 8(7Ba^2b^2 - 8Aab^3)x^3 - 2(7Ba^3b - 8Aa^2b^2)x^2 + (7Ba^4 - 8Aa^3b))}{35(a^5bx^5 + a^6x^4)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/35*(5*A*a^4 + 16*(7*B*a*b^3 - 8*A*b^4)*x^4 + 8*(7*B*a^2*b^2 - 8*A*a*b^3)
)*x^3 - 2*(7*B*a^3*b - 8*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + (7*B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b*
x + a)*sqrt(x)/(a^5*b*x^5 + a^6*x^4)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1008 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 80.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1008, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(9/2)/(b*x+a)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
A*(-10*a**7*b**(33/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(35*a**9*b**16*x**3 + 140*a**8*b**
17*x**4 + 210*a**7*b**18*x**5 + 140*a**6*b**19*x**6 + 35*a**5*b**20*x**7)
- 14*a**6*b**(35/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(35*a**9*b**16*x**3 + 140*a**8*b**
17*x**4 + 210*a**7*b**18*x**5 + 140*a**6*b**19*x**6 + 35*a**5*b**20*x**7)
- 14*a**5*b**(37/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(35*a**9*b**16*x**3 + 140*a**8*
b**17*x**4 + 210*a**7*b**18*x**5 + 140*a**6*b**19*x**6 + 35*a**5*b**20*x**
7) + 70*a**4*b**(39/2)*x**3*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(35*a**9*b**16*x**3 + 140*a*
*8*b**17*x**4 + 210*a**7*b**18*x**5 + 140*a**6*b**19*x**6 + 35*a**5*b**20*
x**7) + 560*a**3*b**(41/2)*x**4*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(35*a**9*b**16*x**3 + 14
0*a**8*b**17*x**4 + 210*a**7*b**18*x**5 + 140*a**6*b**19*x**6 + 35*a**5*b*
*20*x**7) + 1120*a**2*b**(43/2)*x**5*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(35*a**9*b**16*x**3
+ 140*a**8*b**17*x**4 + 210*a**7*b**18*x**5 + 140*a**6*b**19*x**6 + 35*a*
*5*b**20*x**7) + 896*a*b**(45/2)*x**6*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(35*a**9*b**16*x**
3 + 140*a**8*b**17*x**4 + 210*a**7*b**18*x**5 + 140*a**6*b**19*x**6 + 35*a
**5*b**20*x**7) + 256*b**(47/2)*x**7*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(35*a**9*b**16*x**3
+ 140*a**8*b**17*x**4 + 210*a**7*b**18*x**5 + 140*a**6*b**19*x**6 + 35*a*
*5*b**20*x**7) + B*(-2*a**5*b**(19/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(5*a**7*b**9*x**2
+ 15*a**6*b**10*x**3 + 15*a**5*b**11*x**4 + 5*a**4*b**12*x**5) - 10*a**3*
b**(23/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(5*a**7*b**9*x**2 + 15*a**6*b**10*x**3 +
15*a**5*b**11*x**4 + 5*a**4*b**12*x**5) - 60*a**2*b**(25/2)*x**3*sqrt(a...
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{32 Bb^3x}{5\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^4} + \frac{256 Ab^4x}{35\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^5}$$

$$- \frac{16 Bb^2}{5\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^3} + \frac{128 Ab^3}{35\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^4} + \frac{4 Bb}{5\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^2x} - \frac{32 Ab^2}{35\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^3x}$$

$$- \frac{2 B}{5\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}ax^2} + \frac{16 Ab}{35\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^2x^2} - \frac{2 A}{7\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}ax^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-32/5*B*b^3*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^4) + 256/35*A*b^4*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^5) - 16/5*B*b^2/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^3) + 128/35*A*b^3/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^4) + 4/5*B*b/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^2*x) - 32/35*A*b^2/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^3*x) - 2/5*B/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a*x^2) + 16/35*A*b/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^2*x^2) - 2/7*A/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a*x^3)`**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 292 vs. 2(117) = 234.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left((bx + a) \left((bx + a) \left(\frac{(77 Ba^{10}b^9|b| - 93 Aa^9b^{10}|b|)(bx+a)}{a^{14}b^4} - \frac{28 (9 Ba^{11}b^9|b| - 11 Aa^{10}b^{10}|b|)}{a^{14}b^4} \right) + \frac{70 (4 Ba^{12}b^9|b| - 5 Aa^{11}b^{10}|b|)}{a^{14}b^4} \right) \right)}{35 ((bx + a)b - ab)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

$$- \frac{4 (B^2a^2b^9 - 2 ABab^{10} + A^2b^{11})}{\left(Ba \left(\sqrt{bx + a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab} \right)^2 b^{\frac{9}{2}} + Ba^2b^{\frac{11}{2}} - A \left(\sqrt{bx + a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab} \right)^2 b^{\frac{11}{2}} - Aab^{\frac{11}{2}} \right)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2/35*((b*x + a)*((b*x + a)*((77*B*a^10*b^9*abs(b) - 93*A*a^9*b^10*abs(b))
*(b*x + a)/(a^14*b^4) - 28*(9*B*a^11*b^9*abs(b) - 11*A*a^10*b^10*abs(b))/(
a^14*b^4)) + 70*(4*B*a^12*b^9*abs(b) - 5*A*a^11*b^10*abs(b))/(a^14*b^4) -
35*(3*B*a^13*b^9*abs(b) - 4*A*a^12*b^10*abs(b))/(a^14*b^4))*sqrt(b*x + a)
/((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(7/2) - 4*(B^2*a^2*b^9 - 2*A*B*a*b^10 + A^2*b^11)/((B
*a*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b^(9/2) + B*a^2*b^(
11/2) - A*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b^(11/2) - A
*a*b^(13/2))*a^4*abs(b))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx} \left(\frac{2A}{7ab} + \frac{4x^2(8Ab - 7Ba)}{35a^3} - \frac{x^4(256Ab^4 - 224Bab^3)}{35a^5b} - \frac{16bx^3(8Ab - 7Ba)}{35a^4} + \frac{x(14Ba^4 - 16Aa^3b)}{35a^5b} \right)}{x^{9/2} + \frac{ax^{7/2}}{b}}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A)/(7*a*b) + (4*x^2*(8*A*b - 7*B*a))/(35*a^3) - (x^4
*(256*A*b^4 - 224*B*a*b^3))/(35*a^5*b) - (16*b*x^3*(8*A*b - 7*B*a))/(35*a^
4) + (x*(14*B*a^4 - 16*A*a^3*b))/(35*a^5*b)))/(x^(9/2) + (a*x^(7/2))/b)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^3}{7} + \frac{12\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2bx}{35} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}ab^2x^2}{35} + \frac{32\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}b^3x^3}{35} - \frac{32\sqrt{b}b^3x^4}{35}}{a^4x^4}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*( - 5*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3 + 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2*b*x - 8
*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b**2*x**2 + 16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3*x**3 -
16*sqrt(b)*b**3*x**4))/(35*a**4*x**4)
```

3.335
$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2335
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2336
Rubi [A] (verified)	2336
Maple [A] (verified)	2340
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2341
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Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2342
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2343
Mupad [F(-1)]	2344
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2344

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ab-aB)x^{7/2}}{3b^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(7Ab-10aB)x^{5/2}}{3b^3\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

$$- \frac{35a(2Ab-3aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{8b^5} + \frac{35(2Ab-3aB)x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{12b^4}$$

$$+ \frac{Bx^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b^3} + \frac{35a^2(2Ab-3aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{8b^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^(7/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)^(3/2)-2/3*(7*A*b-10*B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^3/(b
*x+a)^(1/2)-35/8*a*(2*A*b-3*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^5+35/12*(2*A*b-3*
B*a)*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^4+1/3*B*x^(5/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3+35/8*a^2*(2
*A*b-3*B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(11/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(315a^4B - 210a^3b(A - 2Bx) + 4b^4x^3(3A + 2Bx) - 6ab^3x^2(7A + 3Bx) + 7a^2b^2 + 35a^2(-2Ab + 3aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{24b^5(a+bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{35a^2(-2Ab + 3aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{4b^{11/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*(315*a^4*B - 210*a^3*b*(A - 2*B*x) + 4*b^4*x^3*(3*A + 2*B*x) - 6*a*b^3*x^2*(7*A + 3*B*x) + 7*a^2*b^2*x*(-40*A + 9*B*x))/(24*b^5*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + (35*a^2*(-2*A*b + 3*a*B)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(4*b^(11/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$, Rules used = {87, 57, 60, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{2x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{(2Ab - 3aB) \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{ab}$$

$$\downarrow 57$$

$$\frac{2x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{(2Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{7 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{b} - \frac{2x^{7/2}}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{ab}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{2x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{(2Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{6b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2x^{7/2}}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{ab} \\
 & \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{2x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{(2Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2x^{7/2}}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{ab} \\
 & \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{2x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{(2Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{7 \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2x^{7/2}}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{ab} \\
 & \downarrow 65
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \\
 & \left(\left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}} \right)}{4b} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{\left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right) \\
 & \frac{(2Ab - 3aB)}{b} - \frac{2x^{7/2}}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} \\
 & \frac{ab}{\downarrow} \quad 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2x^{9/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{(2Ab - 3aB) \left(\frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{3b} - \frac{5a \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}\right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{b} \right)}{ab} - \frac{2x^{7/2}}{b\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

```
input Int[(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2), x]
```

```
output (2*(A*b - a*B)*x^(9/2))/(3*a*b*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) - ((2*A*b - 3*a*B)*((-2*x^(7/2))/(b*Sqrt[a + b*x]) + (7*((x^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]))/(3*b) - (5*a*((x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]))/(2*b) - (3*a*((Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b - (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/b^(3/2)))/(4*b)))/(6*b))/b)/(a*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 57 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &
& GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m
+ n + 2, 0] && (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c
, d, m, n, x]
```


rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-8b^2 B x^2 - 12A b^2 x + 34B a b x + 66a b A - 123a^2 B) \sqrt{x} \sqrt{bx+a}}{24b^5} + a^2 \left(70A \sqrt{b} \ln \left(\frac{\frac{a}{2} + bx}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} \right) - \frac{105B a \ln \left(\frac{\frac{a}{2} + bx}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} \right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right)$
default	$\frac{(16B b^{\frac{9}{2}} x^4 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} + 24A b^{\frac{9}{2}} x^3 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} - 36B a b^{\frac{7}{2}} x^3 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} + 210A \ln \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)} \sqrt{b} + 2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}} \right) a^2 b^3 x^2 - 84A a b^{\frac{7}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{x(bx+a)})}{24b^5}$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/24*(-8*B*b^2*x^2-12*A*b^2*x+34*B*a*b*x+66*A*a*b-123*B*a^2)*x^{1/2}*(b*x+a)^{1/2}/b^5+1/16*a^2/b^5*(70*A*b^{1/2}*\ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^{1/2}+(b*x^2+a*x)^{1/2}))-105*B*a*\ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^{1/2}+(b*x^2+a*x)^{1/2})/b^{1/2}-32*(4*A*b-5*B*a)/b/(x+a/b)*(b*(x+a/b)^2-(x+a/b)*a)^{1/2}+16*a^2*(A*b-B*a)/b^2*(2/3/a/(x+a/b)^2*(b*(x+a/b)^2-(x+a/b)*a)^{1/2}+4/3*b/a^2/(x+a/b)*(b*(x+a/b)^2-(x+a/b)*a)^{1/2}))*x*(b*x+a)^{1/2}/x^{1/2}/(b*x+a)^{1/2}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{105(3Ba^5 - 2Aa^4b + (3Ba^3b^2 - 2Aa^2b^3)x^2 + 2(3Ba^4b - 2Aa^3b^2)x)\sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{x + a + \sqrt{b*x + a}}{2*\sqrt{b*x + a}}\right) + (8*B*b^5*x^4 + 315*B*a^4*b - 210*A*a^3*b^2 - 6*(3*B*a*b^4 - 2*A*b^5)*x^3 + 21*(3*B*a^2*b^3 - 2*A*a*b^4)*x^2 + 140*(3*B*a^3*b^2 - 2*A*a^2*b^3)*x)\sqrt{b*x + a}\sqrt{x}}{(b^8*x^2 + 2*a*b^7*x + a^2*b^6)}, \frac{1}{24}*(105*(3*B*a^5 - 2*A*a^4*b + (3*B*a^3*b^2 - 2*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^4*b - 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x)\sqrt{-b}\arctan(\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{b*x + a}) + (8*B*b^5*x^4 + 315*B*a^4*b - 210*A*a^3*b^2 - 6*(3*B*a*b^4 - 2*A*b^5)*x^3 + 21*(3*B*a^2*b^3 - 2*A*a*b^4)*x^2 + 140*(3*B*a^3*b^2 - 2*A*a^2*b^3)*x)\sqrt{b*x + a}\sqrt{x}}{(b^8*x^2 + 2*a*b^7*x + a^2*b^6)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[-1/48*(105*(3*B*a^5 - 2*A*a^4*b + (3*B*a^3*b^2 - 2*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^4*b - 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x)\sqrt{b}\log(2*b*x + 2*\sqrt{b*x + a})*\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x + a} - 2*(8*B*b^5*x^4 + 315*B*a^4*b - 210*A*a^3*b^2 - 6*(3*B*a*b^4 - 2*A*b^5)*x^3 + 21*(3*B*a^2*b^3 - 2*A*a*b^4)*x^2 + 140*(3*B*a^3*b^2 - 2*A*a^2*b^3)*x)\sqrt{b*x + a}\sqrt{x})/(b^8*x^2 + 2*a*b^7*x + a^2*b^6), 1/24*(105*(3*B*a^5 - 2*A*a^4*b + (3*B*a^3*b^2 - 2*A*a^2*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(3*B*a^4*b - 2*A*a^3*b^2)*x)\sqrt{-b}\arctan(\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}/\sqrt{b*x + a}) + (8*B*b^5*x^4 + 315*B*a^4*b - 210*A*a^3*b^2 - 6*(3*B*a*b^4 - 2*A*b^5)*x^3 + 21*(3*B*a^2*b^3 - 2*A*a*b^4)*x^2 + 140*(3*B*a^3*b^2 - 2*A*a^2*b^3)*x)\sqrt{b*x + a}\sqrt{x})/(b^8*x^2 + 2*a*b^7*x + a^2*b^6) \right]$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(5/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 416 vs. 2(145) = 290.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{Bx^6}{3(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}b} - \frac{3Bax^5}{4(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}b^2} + \frac{Ax^5}{2(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}b} \\ &+ \frac{35Ba^3x \left(\frac{3x^2}{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}b} + \frac{ax}{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}b^2} - \frac{2x}{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}ab} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}b^2} \right)}{16b^3} \\ &- \frac{35Aa^2x \left(\frac{3x^2}{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}b} + \frac{ax}{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}b^2} - \frac{2x}{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}ab} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}b^2} \right)}{24b^2} \\ &+ \frac{21Ba^2x^4}{8(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}b^3} - \frac{7Aax^4}{4(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}b^2} + \frac{35Ba^3x}{4\sqrt{bx^2+ax}b^5} \\ &- \frac{35Aa^2x}{6\sqrt{bx^2+ax}b^4} - \frac{105Ba^3 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{16b^{11/2}} \\ &+ \frac{35Aa^2 \log(2bx+a+2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}\sqrt{b})}{8b^{9/2}} \\ &+ \frac{35\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^2}{8b^5} - \frac{35\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa}{12b^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/3*B*x^6/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*b) - 3/4*B*a*x^5/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*b^2)
+ 1/2*A*x^5/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*b) + 35/16*B*a^3*x*(3*x^2/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(
3/2)*b) + a*x/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*b^2) - 2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a*b) - 1
/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*b^2))/b^3 - 35/24*A*a^2*x*(3*x^2/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*
b) + a*x/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*b^2) - 2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a*b) - 1/(sqrt
(b*x^2 + a*x)*b^2))/b^2 + 21/8*B*a^2*x^4/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*b^3) - 7/4*A
*a*x^4/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*b^2) + 35/4*B*a^3*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*b^5) -
35/6*A*a^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*b^4) - 105/16*B*a^3*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt
(b*x^2 + a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(11/2) + 35/8*A*a^2*log(2*b*x + a + 2*sqrt(b*x^2
+ a*x)*sqrt(b))/b^(9/2) + 35/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^2/b^5 - 35/12*sqrt(b*
x^2 + a*x)*A*a/b^4

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 370 vs. $2(145) = 290$.

Time = 15.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \sqrt{bx+a} \left(2(bx+a) \left(\frac{4(bx+a)B|b|}{b^7} - \frac{25Bab^{20}|b| - 6Ab^{21}|b|}{b^{27}} \right) \right. \\
 \left. + \frac{35(3Ba^3|b| - 2Aa^2b|b|) \log \left(\left(\sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right)^2 \right)}{16b^{13/2}} \right) \\
 + \frac{4 \left(15Ba^4 \left(\sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right)^4 |b| + 24Ba^5 \left(\sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right)^2 b|b| - 12Aa \right)}{3 \left(\left(\sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right)^2 \right)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/24*sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a)*(2*(b*x + a)*(4*(b*x + a)*B*abs
(b)/b^7 - (25*B*a*b^20*abs(b) - 6*A*b^21*abs(b))/b^27) + 3*(55*B*a^2*b^20*
abs(b) - 26*A*a*b^21*abs(b))/b^27) + 35/16*(3*B*a^3*abs(b) - 2*A*a^2*b*abs
(b))*log((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2)/b^(13/2) + 4
/3*(15*B*a^4*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^4*abs(b) +
24*B*a^5*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b*abs(b) - 12
*A*a^3*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^4*b*abs(b) + 13*B
*a^6*b^2*abs(b) - 18*A*a^4*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b
))^2*b^2*abs(b) - 10*A*a^5*b^3*abs(b))/(((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*
x + a)*b - a*b))^2 + a*b)^3*b^(11/2))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int((x^(7/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{x^{7/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-840\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx + a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 + 525\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx + a} a^3 + 840\sqrt{x} a^3 b + 280\sqrt{x}}{192\sqrt{bx + a} b^5}$$

input

```
int(x^(7/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 840*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a
))**3 + 525*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)**3 + 840*sqrt(x)**3*b + 280*sqrt(x
)**2*b**2*x - 112*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x**2 + 64*sqrt(x)*b**4*x**3)/(192*sqrt(
a + b*x)*b**5)
```

3.336 $\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2345
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2345
Rubi [A] (verified)	2346
Maple [B] (verified)	2349
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2349
Sympy [F(-1)]	2350
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2350
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2352
Mupad [F(-1)]	2352
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2353

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ab-aB)x^{5/2}}{3b^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(5Ab-8aB)x^{3/2}}{3b^3\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{5(4Ab-7aB)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{4b^4} + \frac{Bx^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b^3} - \frac{5a(4Ab-7aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{4b^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^(5/2)/b^2/(b*x+a)^(3/2)-2/3*(5*A*b-8*B*a)*x^(3/2)/b^3/(b*x+a)^(1/2)+5/4*(4*A*b-7*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^4+1/2*B*x^(3/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3-5/4*a*(4*A*b-7*B*a)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))/b^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-105a^3B+ab^2x(80A-21Bx)+20a^2b(3A-7Bx)+6b^3x^2(2A+Bx))}{12b^4(a+bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{5a(-4Ab+7aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{2b^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*(-105*a^3*B + a*b^2*x*(80*A - 21*B*x) + 20*a^2*b*(3*A - 7*B*x) + 6*b^3*x^2*(2*A + B*x))/(12*b^4*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + (5*a*(-4*A*b + 7*a*B)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x])])/(2*b^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {87, 57, 60, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{2x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{(4Ab - 7aB) \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(a + bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 57 \\
 & \frac{2x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{(4Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx}{b} - \frac{2x^{5/2}}{b\sqrt{a + bx}} \right)}{3ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{2x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{(4Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a + bx}} dx}{4b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2x^{5/2}}{b\sqrt{a + bx}} \right)}{3ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{(4Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{b} \right)}{3ab} - \frac{2x^{5/2}}{b\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

65

$$\frac{2x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{(4Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx}{a+bx}} d\sqrt{x}}{b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{b} \right)}{3ab} - \frac{2x^{5/2}}{b\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

219

$$\frac{2x^{7/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{(4Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}}{2b} - \frac{3a \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{b} \right)}{3ab} - \frac{2x^{5/2}}{b\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

input `Int[(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(A*b - a*B)*x^(7/2))/(3*a*b*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) - ((4*A*b - 7*a*B)*((-2*x^(5/2))/(b*Sqrt[a + b*x]) + (5*((x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])/(2*b) - (3*a*((Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b - (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/b^(3/2)))))/(4*b))/b)/(3*a*b)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 57 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
 (a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))
 Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &&
 GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m
 + n + 2, 0] && (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c
 , d, m, n, x]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
 (a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(
 b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
 c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!Integer
 Q[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinear
 Q[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Sub
 st[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d
 }, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
), x] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
 + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
 + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
 rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
 ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
 Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 258 vs. 2(118) = 236.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

method	result
risch	$\frac{(2bBx+4Ab-11Ba)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}{4b^4} - \frac{a \left(20A\sqrt{b} \ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right) - \frac{35Ba \ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{16(3Ab-4Ba)\sqrt{b\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 - (bx+a)}}{b\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)} \right)}{8b^4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$-\frac{\left(-12Bb^{\frac{7}{2}}x^3\sqrt{x(bx+a)}+60A\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}+2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)ab^3x^2-24Ab^{\frac{7}{2}}x^2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}-105B\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}+2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)a^2b^2x^2\right)}{8b^4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$

```
input int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4*(2*B*b*x+4*A*b-11*B*a)*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^4-1/8*a/b^4*(20*A*b^(1/2)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))-35*B*a*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)-16*(3*A*b-4*B*a)/b/(x+a/b)*(b*(x+a/b)^2-(x+a/b)*a)^(1/2)+8*a^2*(A*b-B*a)/b^2*(2/3/a/(x+a/b)^2*(b*(x+a/b)^2-(x+a/b)*a)^(1/2)+4/3*b/a^2/(x+a/b)*(b*(x+a/b)^2-(x+a/b)*a)^(1/2))*x*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{15(7Ba^4 - 4Aa^3b + (7Ba^2b^2 - 4Aab^3)x^2 + 2(7Ba^3b - 4Aa^2b^2)x)\sqrt{b} \log\left(2b\sqrt{x(bx+a)} + \sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} \right]$$

```
input integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/24*(15*(7*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b + (7*B*a^2*b^2 - 4*A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(7*B*a^3*b - 4*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x - 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(6*B*b^4*x^3 - 105*B*a^3*b + 60*A*a^2*b^2 - 3*(7*B*a*b^3 - 4*A*b^4)*x^2 - 20*(7*B*a^2*b^2 - 4*A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(b^7*x^2 + 2*a*b^6*x + a^2*b^5), -1/12*(15*(7*B*a^4 - 4*A*a^3*b + (7*B*a^2*b^2 - 4*A*a*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(7*B*a^3*b - 4*A*a^2*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) - (6*B*b^4*x^3 - 105*B*a^3*b + 60*A*a^2*b^2 - 3*(7*B*a*b^3 - 4*A*b^4)*x^2 - 20*(7*B*a^2*b^2 - 4*A*a*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(b^7*x^2 + 2*a*b^6*x + a^2*b^5)]
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(5/2), x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 517 vs. $2(118) = 236$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 517, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(bx^2+ax)^{5/2}Ba}{b^6x^4+4ab^5x^3+6a^2b^4x^2+4a^3b^3x+a^4b^2}$$

$$-\frac{5(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}Ba^2}{6(b^6x^3+3ab^5x^2+3a^2b^4x+a^3b^3)} + \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^3}{6(b^6x^2+2ab^5x+a^2b^4)}$$

$$+\frac{(bx^2+ax)^{5/2}A}{b^5x^4+4ab^4x^3+6a^2b^3x^2+4a^3b^2x+a^4b}$$

$$+\frac{(bx^2+ax)^{5/2}B}{2(b^5x^3+3ab^4x^2+3a^2b^3x+a^3b^2)} + \frac{5(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}Aa}{6(b^5x^3+3ab^4x^2+3a^2b^3x+a^3b^2)}$$

$$-\frac{5(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}Ba}{4(b^5x^2+2ab^4x+a^2b^3)} - \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa^2}{6(b^5x^2+2ab^4x+a^2b^3)}$$

$$-\frac{115\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^2}{12(b^5x+ab^4)} + \frac{35\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa}{6(b^4x+ab^3)}$$

$$+\frac{35Ba^2\log\left(2x+\frac{a}{b}+\frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8b^{9/2}} - \frac{5Aa\log\left(2x+\frac{a}{b}+\frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2b^{7/2}}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-(b*x^2+a*x)^(5/2)*B*a/(b^6*x^4+4*a*b^5*x^3+6*a^2*b^4*x^2+4*a^3*b^3*x+a^4*b^2) - 5/6*(b*x^2+a*x)^(3/2)*B*a^2/(b^6*x^3+3*a*b^5*x^2+3*a^2*b^4*x+a^3*b^3) + 5/6*sqrt(b*x^2+a*x)*B*a^3/(b^6*x^2+2*a*b^5*x+a^2*b^4) + (b*x^2+a*x)^(5/2)*A/(b^5*x^4+4*a*b^4*x^3+6*a^2*b^3*x^2+4*a^3*b^2*x+a^4*b) + 1/2*(b*x^2+a*x)^(5/2)*B/(b^5*x^3+3*a*b^4*x^2+3*a^2*b^3*x+a^3*b^2) + 5/6*(b*x^2+a*x)^(3/2)*A*a/(b^5*x^3+3*a*b^4*x^2+3*a^2*b^3*x+a^3*b^2) - 5/4*(b*x^2+a*x)^(3/2)*B*a/(b^5*x^2+2*a*b^4*x+a^2*b^3) - 5/6*sqrt(b*x^2+a*x)*A*a^2/(b^5*x^2+2*a*b^4*x+a^2*b^3) - 115/12*sqrt(b*x^2+a*x)*B*a^2/(b^5*x+ab^4) + 35/6*sqrt(b*x^2+a*x)*A*a/(b^4*x+ab^3) + 35/8*B*a^2*log(2*x+a/b+2*sqrt(b*x^2+a*x)/sqrt(b))/b^(9/2) - 5/2*A*a*log(2*x+a/b+2*sqrt(b*x^2+a*x)/sqrt(b))/b^(7/2)$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 334 vs. $2(118) = 236$.

Time = 15.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \sqrt{bx+a} \left(\frac{2(bx+a)B|b|}{b^6} - \frac{13Bab^{11}|b| - 4Ab^{12}|b|}{b^{17}} \right) - \frac{5(7Ba^2|b| - 4Aab|b|) \log \left(\left(\sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right)^2 \right)}{8b^{11/2}} - \frac{4 \left(12Ba^3 \left(\sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right)^4 |b| + 18Ba^4 \left(\sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right)^2 b|b| - 9Aa^5 \left(\sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right)^2 \right)}{3 \left(\sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right)^2}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a)*(2*(b*x + a)*B*abs(b)/b^6 - (13*B*a*b^11*abs(b) - 4*A*b^12*abs(b))/b^17) - 5/8*(7*B*a^2*abs(b) - 4*A*a*b*abs(b))*log((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2)/b^(11/2) - 4/3*(12*B*a^3*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^4*abs(b) + 18*B*a^4*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b*abs(b) - 9*A*a^2*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^4*b*abs(b) + 10*B*a^5*b^2*abs(b) - 12*A*a^3*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b^2*abs(b) - 7*A*a^4*b^3*abs(b))/(((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2 + a*b)^3*b^(9/2))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^(5/2)*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^(5/2),x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2 - 10\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}a^2 - 15\sqrt{x}a^2b - 5\sqrt{x}ab^2x + 2\sqrt{x}b^3x^2}{4\sqrt{bx+a}b^4}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`output `(15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a))*a**2 - 10*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**2 - 15*sqrt(x)*a**2*b - 5*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*x + 2*sqrt(x)*b**3*x**2)/(4*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**4)`

3.337 $\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2354
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2354
Rubi [A] (verified)	2355
Maple [B] (verified)	2357
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2358
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2358
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2359
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2360
Mupad [F(-1)]	2361
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2361

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}}{3b^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(Ab-2aB)\sqrt{x}}{b^3\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b^3} + \frac{(2Ab-5aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{7/2}}$$

output

$$-2/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^{(3/2)}/b^2/(b*x+a)^{(3/2)}-2*(A*b-2*B*a)*x^{(1/2)}/b^3/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}+B*x^{(1/2)}*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/b^3+(2*A*b-5*B*a)*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/b^{(7/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(-6aAb+15a^2B-8Ab^2x+20abBx+3b^2Bx^2)}{3b^3(a+bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(2Ab-5aB)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{7/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2), x]`

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(-6*a*A*b + 15*a^2*B - 8*A*b^2*x + 20*a*b*B*x + 3*b^2*B*x^2))/(3*b^3*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(2*A*b - 5*a*B)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(-\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x])])}{b^(7/2)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {87, 57, 60, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{2x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{(2Ab - 5aB) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab}$$

$$\downarrow 57$$

$$\frac{2x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{(2Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{b} - \frac{2x^{3/2}}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{3ab}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{2x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{(2Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{2b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2x^{3/2}}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{3ab}$$

$$\downarrow 65$$

$$\frac{2x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{(2Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx}{a+bx}} d - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}} dx}{b} \right)}{b} - \frac{2x^{3/2}}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{3ab}$$

$$\frac{2x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{(2Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}}{b} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{b} - \frac{2x^{3/2}}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{3ab}$$

input `Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(A*b - a*B)*x^(5/2))/(3*a*b*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) - ((2*A*b - 5*a*B)*((-2*x^(3/2))/(b*Sqrt[a + b*x]) + (3*((Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[a + b*x])/b - (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/b^(3/2)))/b))/(3*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 57 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m]) && !(ILeQ[m + n + 2, 0] && (FractionQ[m] || GeQ[2*n + m + 1, 0])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1))] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 65 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. 2(90) = 180.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

method	result
risch	$\frac{B\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}{b^3} + \frac{\left(2A\sqrt{b} \ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right) - \frac{5Ba \ln\left(\frac{\frac{a}{2}+bx}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{bx^2+ax}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{4(2Ab-3Ba)\sqrt{b\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 - \left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)a}}{b\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)} + \frac{2a^2(Ab-Ba)}{b^3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}} \right)}{2b^3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$
default	$\frac{\left(6A \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}+2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right) b^3 x^2 - 15B \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}+2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right) a b^2 x^2 + 6B b^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{x(bx+a)} + 12A \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(bx+a)}\sqrt{b}+2bx+a}{2\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{2b^3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx+a}}$

```
input int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output B*x^(1/2)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/b^3+1/2/b^3*(2*A*b^(1/2)*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b
*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))-5*B*a*ln((1/2*a+b*x)/b^(1/2)+(b*x^2+a*x)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)-4
*(2*A*b-3*B*a)/b/(x+a/b)*(b*(x+a/b)^2-(x+a/b)*a)^(1/2)+2*a^2*(A*b-B*a)/b^2
*(2/3/a/(x+a/b)^2*(b*(x+a/b)^2-(x+a/b)*a)^(1/2)+4/3*b/a^2/(x+a/b)*(b*(x+a/
b)^2-(x+a/b)*a)^(1/2))*((x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \left[-\frac{3(5Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b + (5Bab^2 - 2Ab^3)x^2 + 2(5Ba^2b - 2Aab^2)x)\sqrt{b} \log(2bx + \sqrt{b^6x^2 + 2ab^5x + a^2b^4})}{6(b^6x^2 + 2ab^5x + a^2b^4)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/6*(3*(5*B*a^3 - 2*A*a^2*b + (5*B*a*b^2 - 2*A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*a^2*b - 2*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(3*B*b^3*x^2 + 15*B*a^2*b - 6*A*a*b^2 + 4*(5*B*a*b^2 - 2*A*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(b^6*x^2 + 2*a*b^5*x + a^2*b^4), 1/3*(3*(5*B*a^3 - 2*A*a^2*b + (5*B*a*b^2 - 2*A*b^3)*x^2 + 2*(5*B*a^2*b - 2*A*a*b^2)*x)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (3*B*b^3*x^2 + 15*B*a^2*b - 6*A*a*b^2 + 4*(5*B*a*b^2 - 2*A*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(b^6*x^2 + 2*a*b^5*x + a^2*b^4)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 729 vs. 2(110) = 220.

Time = 62.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 729, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.51

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(5/2),x)`

output

```

A*(6*a**(39/2)*b**11*x**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(3*a**(39/2)*b**(27/2)*x**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 3*a**(37/2)*b**(29/2)*x**(29/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 6*a**(37/2)*b**12*x**(29/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(3*a**(39/2)*b**(27/2)*x**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 3*a**(37/2)*b**(29/2)*x**(29/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 6*a**19*b**(23/2)*x**14/(3*a**(39/2)*b**(27/2)*x**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 3*a**(37/2)*b**(29/2)*x**(29/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 8*a**18*b**(25/2)*x**15/(3*a**(39/2)*b**(27/2)*x**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 3*a**(37/2)*b**(29/2)*x**(29/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + B*(-15*a**(81/2)*b**22*x**(51/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(3*a**(79/2)*b**(51/2)*x**(51/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 3*a**(77/2)*b**(53/2)*x**(53/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 15*a**(79/2)*b**23*x**(53/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(3*a**(79/2)*b**(51/2)*x**(51/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 3*a**(77/2)*b**(53/2)*x**(53/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 15*a**40*b**(45/2)*x**26/(3*a**(79/2)*b**(51/2)*x**(51/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 3*a**(77/2)*b**(53/2)*x**(53/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 20*a**39*b**(47/2)*x**27/(3*a**(79/2)*b**(51/2)*x**(51/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 3*a**(77/2)*b**(53/2)*x**(53/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 3*a**38*b**(49/2)*x**28/(3*a**(79/2)*b**(51/2)*x**(51/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 3*a**(77/2)*b**(53/2)*x**(53/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a))

```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 334 vs. $2(92) = 184$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}Ba}{3(b^5x^3+3ab^4x^2+3a^2b^3x+a^3b^2)} \\
&- \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba^2}{3(b^5x^2+2ab^4x+a^2b^3)} - \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}A}{3(b^4x^3+3ab^3x^2+3a^2b^2x+a^3b)} \\
&+ \frac{(bx^2+ax)^{3/2}B}{b^4x^2+2ab^3x+a^2b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Aa}{3(b^4x^2+2ab^3x+a^2b^2)} + \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2+ax}Ba}{3(b^4x+ab^3)} \\
&- \frac{7\sqrt{bx^2+ax}A}{3(b^3x+ab^2)} - \frac{5Ba \log\left(2x + \frac{a}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2b^{7/2}} + \frac{A \log\left(2x + \frac{a}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ax}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/3*(b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*B*a/(b^5*x^3 + 3*a*b^4*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^3*x + a^3*b^2)
) - 1/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a^2/(b^5*x^2 + 2*a*b^4*x + a^2*b^3) - 1/3*(b*x^
^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*A/(b^4*x^3 + 3*a*b^3*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^2*x + a^3*b) + (b*x^2 +
a*x)^(3/2)*B/(b^4*x^2 + 2*a*b^3*x + a^2*b^2) + 1/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A*a/
(b^4*x^2 + 2*a*b^3*x + a^2*b^2) + 16/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a/(b^4*x + a*b^
3) - 7/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A/(b^3*x + a*b^2) - 5/2*B*a*log(2*x + a/b + 2*s
qrt(b*x^2 + a*x)/sqrt(b))/b^(7/2) + A*log(2*x + a/b + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)/
sqrt(b))/b^(5/2)

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 297 vs. $2(92) = 184$.

Time = 15.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\sqrt{bx+a}B|b|}{b^5}$$

$$+ \frac{(5Ba|b| - 2Ab|b|) \log\left(\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)^2\right)}{2b^{9/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{4\left(9Ba^2\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)^4|b| + 12Ba^3\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)^2b|b| - 6Aa\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)\right)}{3\left(\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab}\right)^2 + a\right)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)*sqrt(b*x + a)*B*abs(b)/b^5 + 1/2*(5*B*a*abs(b) - 2
*A*b*abs(b))*log((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2)/b^(9
/2) + 4/3*(9*B*a^2*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^4*abs
(b) + 12*B*a^3*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b*abs(b)
) - 6*A*a*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^4*b*abs(b) + 7
*B*a^4*b^2*abs(b) - 6*A*a^2*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a
b))^2*b^2*abs(b) - 4*A*a^3*b^3*abs(b))/(((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b
x + a)*b - a*b))^2 + a*b)^3*b^(7/2))

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2), x)`output `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-12\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a + 9\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}a + 12\sqrt{x}ab + 4\sqrt{x}b^2x}{4\sqrt{bx+a}b^3}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2), x)`output `(- 12*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a)) * a + 9*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*a + 12*sqrt(x)*a*b + 4*sqrt(x)*b**2*x)/(4*sqrt(a + b*x)*b**3)`

3.338 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2362
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2362
Rubi [A] (verified)	2363
Maple [B] (verified)	2364
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2365
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2366
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2367
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2367
Mupad [F(-1)]	2368
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2368

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}}{3ab(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b^2\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{2B\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

output

$2/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^{(3/2)}/a/b/(b*x+a)^{(3/2)}-2*B*x^{(1/2)}/b^2/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}+2*B*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)})/b^{(5/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(-3a^2B+Ab^2x-4abBx)}{3ab^2(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2B\log\left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{a+bx}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[(Sqrt[x]*(A+B*x))/(a+b*x)^(5/2),x]`

output

$(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]*(-3*a^2*B+A*b^2*x-4*a*b*B*x))/(3*a*b^2*(a+b*x)^{(3/2)})-(2*B*\operatorname{Log}[-(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x])+\operatorname{Sqrt}[a+b*x]])/b^{(5/2)}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {87, 57, 65, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{B \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{b} + \frac{2x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{3ab(a+bx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 57 \\
 & \frac{B \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{b} + \frac{2x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{3ab(a+bx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 65 \\
 & \frac{B \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx}{a+bx}} d-\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{b} + \frac{2x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{3ab(a+bx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{2x^{3/2}(Ab-aB)}{3ab(a+bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{B \left(\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a+bx}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(A*b - a*B)*x^(3/2))/(3*a*b*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + (B*((-2*Sqrt[x])/(b*Sqrt[a + b*x])) + (2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[a + b*x]])/b^(3/2))/b`

output

```
1/3*(3*B*ln(1/2*(2*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+2*b*x+a)/b^(1/2))*a*b^2*x^2+2
*A*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*b^(5/2)*x+6*B*ln(1/2*(2*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+2*b
*x+a)/b^(1/2))*a^2*b*x-8*B*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*a*x+3*B*ln(1/2*(2*(x*
(b*x+a))^(1/2)*b^(1/2)+2*b*x+a)/b^(1/2))*a^3-6*B*(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)*b^(1/2)
*a^2)*x^(1/2)/a/(x*(b*x+a))^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(Bab^2x^2 + 2Ba^2bx + Ba^3)\sqrt{b} \log\left(2bx + 2\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x} + a\right) - 2(3Ba^2b + (3Bab^2x^2 + 2Ba^2bx + Ba^3)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{bx+a}}\right) + (3Ba^2b + (4Bab^2 - Ab^3)x)\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{x})}{3(ab^5x^2 + 2a^2b^4x + a^3b^3)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/3*(3*(B*a*b^2*x^2 + 2*B*a^2*b*x + B*a^3)*sqrt(b)*log(2*b*x + 2*sqrt(b*x
+ a)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(3*B*a^2*b + (4*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*
x + a)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^5*x^2 + 2*a^2*b^4*x + a^3*b^3), -2/3*(3*(B*a*b^2*x^2
+ 2*B*a^2*b*x + B*a^3)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b*x + a)) + (
3*B*a^2*b + (4*B*a*b^2 - A*b^3)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x))/(a*b^5*x^2 + 2*a
^2*b^4*x + a^3*b^3)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 376 vs. $2(78) = 156$.

Time = 24.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Ax^{3/2}}{3a^{5/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}} + 3a^{3/2}bx\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + B \left(\frac{6a^{39/2}b^{11}x^{27/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3a^{39/2}b^{27/2}x^{27/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}} + 3a^{37/2}b^{29/2}x^{29/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} + \frac{6a^{37/2}b^{12}x^{29/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3a^{39/2}b^{27/2}x^{27/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}} + 3a^{37/2}b^{29/2}x^{29/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{6a^{19}b^{23/2}x^{14}}{3a^{39/2}b^{27/2}x^{27/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}} + 3a^{37/2}b^{29/2}x^{29/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} - \frac{8a^{18}b^{25/2}x^{15}}{3a^{39/2}b^{27/2}x^{27/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}} + 3a^{37/2}b^{29/2}x^{29/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx}{a}}} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**(5/2), x)`

output

```
2*A*x**(3/2)/(3*a**(5/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 3*a**(3/2)*b*x*sqrt(1 + b*x/a))
+ B*(6*a**(39/2)*b**11*x**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(3*a**(39/2)*b**(27/2)*x**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 3*a**(37/2)*b**(29/2)*x**(29/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) + 6*a**(37/2)*b**(12)*x**(29/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)*asinh(sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a))/(3*a**(39/2)*b**(27/2)*x**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 3*a**(37/2)*b**(29/2)*x**(29/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 6*a**(19)*b**(23/2)*x**14/(3*a**(39/2)*b**(27/2)*x**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 3*a**(37/2)*b**(29/2)*x**(29/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a)) - 8*a**(18)*b**(25/2)*x**15/(3*a**(39/2)*b**(27/2)*x**(27/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 3*a**(37/2)*b**(29/2)*x**(29/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3} B \left(\frac{2 \left(b + \frac{3(bx+a)}{x} \right) x^{3/2}}{(bx+a)^{3/2} b^2} + \frac{3 \log \left(-\frac{\sqrt{b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{b} + \frac{\sqrt{bx+a}}{\sqrt{x}}} \right)}{b^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{2Ax^{3/2}}{3(bx+a)^{3/2}a}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*B*(2*(b + 3*(b*x + a)/x)*x^(3/2)/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*b^2) + 3*log(-(sqrt(b) - sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(x))/(sqrt(b) + sqrt(b*x + a)/sqrt(x)))/b^(5/2)) + 2/3*A*x^(3/2)/((b*x + a)^(3/2)*a)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 15.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{B|b| \log \left(\left(\sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right)^2 \right)}{b^{7/2}} - \frac{4 \left(6Ba \left(\sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right)^4 |b| + 6Ba^2 \left(\sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right)^2 b|b| - 3A \left(\sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right) \right)}{3 \left(\left(\sqrt{bx+a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b-ab} \right)^2 + ab \right)^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-B*abs(b)*log((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2)/b^(7/2) - 4/3*(6*B*a*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^4*abs(b) + 6*B*a^2*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b*abs(b) - 3*A*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^4*b*abs(b) + 4*B*a^3*b^2*abs(b) - A*a^2*b^3*abs(b))/(((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2 + a*b)^3*b^(5/2))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2), x)`output `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+a}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a} - 2\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{bx+a}b^2}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^(5/2), x)`output `(2*(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*log((sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b))/sqrt(a)) - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) - sqrt(x)*b)/(sqrt(a + b*x)*b**2)`

3.339 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2369
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2369
Rubi [A] (verified)	2370
Maple [A] (verified)	2371
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2372
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2372
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2373
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2373
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2374
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2374

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(Ab-aB)\sqrt{x}}{3ab(a+bx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(2Ab+aB)\sqrt{x}}{3a^2b\sqrt{a+bx}}$$

output

```
2/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b/(b*x+a)^(3/2)+2/3*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/b/(b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(3aA+2Abx+aBx)}{3a^2(a+bx)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[x]*(3*a*A + 2*A*b*x + a*B*x))/(3*a^2*(a + b*x)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{(aB + 2Ab) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(aB + 2Ab)}{3a^2b\sqrt{a + bx}} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(2*(A*b - a*B)*Sqrt[x])/(3*a*b*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(2*A*b + a*B)*Sqrt[x])/(3*a^2*b*Sqrt[a + b*x])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(2Abx+Bax+3Aa)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2}$	30
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(2Abx+Bax+3Aa)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2}$	30
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(2Abx+Bax+3Aa)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2}$	30

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/3*x^(1/2)*(2*A*b*x+B*a*x+3*A*a)/(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a^2
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Aa + (Ba + 2Ab)x)\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{x}}{3(a^2b^2x^2 + 2a^3bx + a^4)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(3*A*a + (B*a + 2*A*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x)/(a^2*b^2*x^2 + 2*a^3*b*x + a^4)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 17.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = A \left(\frac{6a}{3a^3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1} + 3a^2b^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{4bx}{3a^3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1} + 3a^2b^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} \right) + \frac{2Bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3a^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}} + 3a^{\frac{3}{2}}bx\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx}{a}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(1/2)/(b*x+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `A*(6*a/(3*a**3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1) + 3*a**2*b**(3/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 4*b*x/(3*a**3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1) + 3*a**2*b**(3/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1))) + 2*B*x**(3/2)/(3*a**(5/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x/a) + 3*a**(3/2)*b*x*sqrt(1 + b*x/a))`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 161 vs. $2(53) = 106$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ba}{3(ab^3x^2 + 2a^2b^2x + a^3b)} - \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}Ba}{3(a^2b^2x + a^3b)}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}A}{3(ab^2x^2 + 2a^2bx + a^3)} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}A}{3(a^2bx + a^3)} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}B}{ab^2x + a^2b}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a/(a*b^3*x^2 + 2*a^2*b^2*x + a^3*b) - 4/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B*a/(a^2*b^2*x + a^3*b) + 2/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A/(a*b^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*b*x + a^3) + 4/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*A/(a^2*b*x + a^3) + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*B/(a*b^2*x + a^2*b)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 130 vs. $2(53) = 106$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4 \left(3B \left(\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab} \right)^4 \sqrt{b} + Ba^2b^{5/2} + 6A \left(\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab} \right) \right)}{3 \left(\left(\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab} \right)^2 + ab \right)^3 |b|}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4/3*(3*B*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^4*sqrt(b) + B*a^2*b^(5/2) + 6*A*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b^(5/2) + 2*A*a*b^(7/2))/(((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2 + a*b)^3*abs(b))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{x^2(4Ab + 2Ba)}{3a^2b^2} + \frac{2Ax}{ab^2}\right) \sqrt{a + bx}}{x^{5/2} + \frac{2ax^{3/2}}{b} + \frac{a^2\sqrt{x}}{b^2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(1/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x)`output `((x^2*(4*A*b + 2*B*a))/(3*a^2*b^2) + (2*A*x)/(a*b^2))*(a + b*x)^(1/2)/(x^(5/2) + (2*a*x^(3/2))/b + (a^2*x^(1/2))/b^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx + a} + 2\sqrt{x}b}{\sqrt{bx + a}ab}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*b))/(sqrt(a + b*x)*a*b)`

3.340 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2375
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2375
Rubi [A] (verified)	2376
Maple [A] (verified)	2377
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2378
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2378
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2379
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2379
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2380
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2380

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(4Ab - aB)\sqrt{x}}{3a^2(a + bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{4(4Ab - aB)\sqrt{x}}{3a^3\sqrt{a + bx}}$$

output `-2*A/a/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2)-2/3*(4*A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^2/(b*x+a)^(3/2)-4/3*(4*A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a^3/(b*x+a)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-16Ab^2x^2 - 6a^2(A - Bx) + 4abx(-6A + Bx)}{3a^3\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-16*A*b^2*x^2 - 6*a^2*(A - B*x) + 4*a*b*x*(-6*A + B*x))/(3*a^3*sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {87, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & -\frac{(4Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx}{a} - \frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & -\frac{(4Ab - aB) \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{3a(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 48 \\
 & -\frac{\left(\frac{4\sqrt{x}}{3a^2\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{3a(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right) (4Ab - aB)}{a} - \frac{2A}{a\sqrt{x}(a + bx)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(a*sqrt[x]*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) - ((4*A*b - a*B)*((2*sqrt[x])/(3*a*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + (4*sqrt[x])/(3*a^2*sqrt[a + b*x])))/a`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 48 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)} * ((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x]$ $\&\& \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$ $\&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 55 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)} * ((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2] / ((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{\text{Simplify}[m + 1]} * (c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x]$ $\&\& \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2], 0]$ $\&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$ $\&\& !(\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \|\| (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \&\& (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] \|\| !\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1])$

rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_) * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)} * ((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f) * (c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} * ((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)} / (f * (p + 1) * (c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f * (n + p + 2) - b * (d*e * (n + 1) + c*f * (p + 1))) / (f * (p + 1) * (c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n * (e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x]$ $\&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$ $\&\& (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \|\| \text{IntegerQ}[p] \|\| !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \|\| !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \|\| !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \|\| \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{2(8Ab^2x^2 - 2Babx^2 + 12aAbx - 3Ba^2x + 3a^2A)}{3\sqrt{x}(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^3}$	53
default	$-\frac{2(8Ab^2x^2 - 2Babx^2 + 12aAbx - 3Ba^2x + 3a^2A)}{3\sqrt{x}(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^3}$	53
orering	$-\frac{2(8Ab^2x^2 - 2Babx^2 + 12aAbx - 3Ba^2x + 3a^2A)}{3\sqrt{x}(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^3}$	53
risch	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{bx+a}}{a^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2(5Ab^2x - 2Babx + 6abA - 3a^2B)\sqrt{x}}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^3}$	58

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)/x^{(3/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(5/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

$$-2/3*(8*A*b^2*x^2-2*B*a*b*x^2+12*A*a*b*x-3*B*a^2*x+3*A*a^2)/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3Aa^2 - 2(Bab - 4Ab^2)x^2 - 3(Ba^2 - 4Aab)x)\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{x}}{3(a^3b^2x^3 + 2a^4bx^2 + a^5x)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$-2/3*(3*A*a^2 - 2*(B*a*b - 4*A*b^2)*x^2 - 3*(B*a^2 - 4*A*a*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x)/(a^3*b^2*x^3 + 2*a^4*b*x^2 + a^5*x)$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 250 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 43.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = A \left(-\frac{6a^2b^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3a^5b^4 + 6a^4b^5x + 3a^3b^6x^2} - \frac{24ab^{\frac{11}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3a^5b^4 + 6a^4b^5x + 3a^3b^6x^2} - \frac{16b^{\frac{13}{2}}x^2\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3a^5b^4 + 6a^4b^5x + 3a^3b^6x^2} \right) + B \left(\frac{6a}{3a^3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1} + 3a^2b^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} + \frac{4bx}{3a^3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1} + 3a^2b^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(3/2)/(b*x+a)**(5/2),x)
```

output

$$A*(-6*a**2*b**(9/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**5*b**4 + 6*a**4*b**5*x + 3*a**3*b**6*x**2) - 24*a*b**(11/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**5*b**4 + 6*a**4*b**5*x + 3*a**3*b**6*x**2) - 16*b**(13/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**5*b**4 + 6*a**4*b**5*x + 3*a**3*b**6*x**2)) + B*(6*a/(3*a**3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1) + 3*a**2*b**(3/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)) + 4*b*x/(3*a**3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1) + 3*a**2*b**(3/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)))$$

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 151 vs. $2(63) = 126$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2Ba}{3(\sqrt{bx^2 + axab^2x} + \sqrt{bx^2 + axa^2b})} + \frac{2A}{3(\sqrt{bx^2 + axabx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + axa^2})} + \frac{4Bx}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + axa^2}} - \frac{16Abx}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + axa^3}} - \frac{8A}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + axa^2}} + \frac{2B}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + axab}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3*B*a/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a*b^2*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^2*b) + 2/3*A/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a*b*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^2) + 4/3*B*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^2) - 16/3*A*b*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^3) - 8/3*A/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^2) + 2/3*B/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a*b)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 211 vs. $2(63) = 126$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx + a}Ab^2}{\sqrt{(bx + a)b - aba^3|b|}} + \frac{4\left(6Ba^2\left(\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab}\right)^2 b^{\frac{5}{2}} - 3A\left(\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab}\right)^4 b^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2Ba^3b^{\frac{7}{2}} - 3\left(\left(\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab}\right)^2 + ab\right)^3 a^2|b|\right)}{3\left(\left(\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab}\right)^2 + ab\right)^3 a^2|b|}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2*sqrt(b*x + a)*A*b^2/(sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b)*a^3*abs(b)) + 4/3*(6*B*a^2
*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b^(5/2) - 3*A*(sqrt(b
*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^4*b^(5/2) + 2*B*a^3*b^(7/2) - 1
2*A*a*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b^(7/2) - 5*A*a^
2*b^(9/2))/(((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2 + a*b)^3*
a^2*abs(b))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a + bx} \left(\frac{2A}{ab^2} - \frac{x(6Ba^2 - 24Aab)}{3a^3b^2} + \frac{x^2(16Ab^2 - 4Bab)}{3a^3b^2} \right)}{x^{5/2} + \frac{2ax^{3/2}}{b} + \frac{a^2\sqrt{x}}{b^2}}$$

input

```
int((A + B*x)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```
-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A)/(a*b^2) - (x*(6*B*a^2 - 24*A*a*b))/(3*a^3*b^2) +
(x^2*(16*A*b^2 - 4*B*a*b))/(3*a^3*b^2)))/(x^(5/2) + (2*a*x^(3/2))/b + (a^2
*x^(1/2))/b^2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{3/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx + a}x - 2\sqrt{x}a - 4\sqrt{x}bx}{\sqrt{bx + a}a^2x}$$

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*( - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*x - sqrt(x)*a - 2*sqrt(x)*b*x))/(sqrt(a + b
*x)*a**2*x)
```

3.341 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2381
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2381
Rubi [A] (verified)	2382
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2385
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2386
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2387
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2387

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(2Ab-aB)}{3a^2\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{8(2Ab-aB)}{3a^3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{16(2Ab-aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{3a^4\sqrt{x}}$$

output

```
-2/3*A/a/x^(3/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2)-2/3*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^2/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2)-8/3*(2*A*b-B*a)/a^3/x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)+16/3*(2*A*b-B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^4/x^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(-16Ab^3x^3 - 6a^2bx(A - 2Bx) + 8ab^2x^2(-3A + Bx) + a^3(A + 3Bx))}{3a^4x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2*(-16*A*b^3*x^3 - 6*a^2*b*x*(A - 2*B*x) + 8*a*b^2*x^2*(-3*A + B*x) + a^3*(A + 3*B*x)))/(3*a^4*x^{(3/2)}*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)})}{3*a^4*x^{(3/2)}*(a + b*x)^{(3/2)}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & -\frac{(2Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx}{a} - \frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{(2Ab - aB) \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2}{3a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{(2Ab - aB) \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2}{3a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & -\frac{\left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2}{a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a+bx}} - \frac{4\sqrt{a+bx}}{a^2\sqrt{x}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2}{3a\sqrt{x}(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right) (2Ab - aB)}{a} - \frac{2A}{3ax^{3/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x)/(x^{(5/2)}*(a + b*x)^{(5/2)}), x]$$

output
$$\frac{(-2A)/(3ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}) - ((2Ab - aB)*(2/(3a\sqrt{x})(a+bx)^{3/2}) + (4*(2/(a\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{a+bx})) - (4*\sqrt{a+bx})/(a^2*\sqrt{x}))))/(3a))/a$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48
$$\text{Int}[\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)\}^{(m_.)}\{(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)\}^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + bx)^{(m+1)}\{(c + dx)^{(n+1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m+1))\}, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 55
$$\text{Int}[\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)\}^{(m_.)}\{(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)\}^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + bx)^{(m+1)}\{(c + dx)^{(n+1)} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m+1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2] / ((b*c - a*d)*(m+1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + bx)^{\text{Simplify}[m+1]}(c + dx)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] \ || \ !\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1])$$

rule 87
$$\text{Int}[\{(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)\}^{(c_.)}\{(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)\}^{(n_.)}\{(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.)\}^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + dx)^{(n+1)}\{(e + f*x)^{(p+1)} / (f*(p+1)*(c*f - d*e))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) / (f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \ \text{Int}[(c + dx)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(-8Abx+3Bax+Aa)}{3a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2b(8Ab^2x-5Babx+9abA-6a^2B)\sqrt{x}}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^4}$	72
gospers	$-\frac{2(-16Ab^3x^3+8Bab^2x^3-24aAb^2x^2+12Ba^2bx^2-6a^2Abx+3Ba^3x+a^3A)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^4}$	76
default	$-\frac{2(-16Ab^3x^3+8Bab^2x^3-24aAb^2x^2+12Ba^2bx^2-6a^2Abx+3Ba^3x+a^3A)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^4}$	76
orering	$-\frac{2(-16Ab^3x^3+8Bab^2x^3-24aAb^2x^2+12Ba^2bx^2-6a^2Abx+3Ba^3x+a^3A)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^4}$	76

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(-8*A*b*x+3*B*a*x+A*a)/a^4/x^(3/2)+2/3*b*(8*A*b^2*x-5*B*a*b*x+9*A*a*b-6*B*a^2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(Aa^3 + 8(Bab^2 - 2Ab^3)x^3 + 12(Ba^2b - 2Aab^2)x^2 + 3(Ba^3 - 2Aa^2b)x)\sqrt{bx+a}a\sqrt{x}}{3(a^4b^2x^4 + 2a^5bx^3 + a^6x^2)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(A*a^3 + 8*(B*a*b^2 - 2*A*b^3)*x^3 + 12*(B*a^2*b - 2*A*a*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(B*a^3 - 2*A*a^2*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x)/(a^4*b^2*x^4 + 2*a^5*b*x^3 + a^6*x^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 495 vs. $2(110) = 220$.

Time = 123.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 495, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.38

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = A \left(-\frac{2a^4 b^{19/2} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3a^7 b^9 x + 9a^6 b^{10} x^2 + 9a^5 b^{11} x^3 + 3a^4 b^{12} x^4} + \frac{10a^3 b^{21/2} x \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3a^7 b^9 x + 9a^6 b^{10} x^2 + 9a^5 b^{11} x^3 + 3a^4 b^{12} x^4} \right) + B \left(-\frac{6a^2 b^{9/2} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3a^5 b^4 + 6a^4 b^5 x + 3a^3 b^6 x^2} - \frac{24ab^{11/2} x \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3a^5 b^4 + 6a^4 b^5 x + 3a^3 b^6 x^2} - \frac{16b^{13/2} x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx} + 1}}{3a^5 b^4 + 6a^4 b^5 x + 3a^3 b^6 x^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x**(5/2)/(b*x+a)**(5/2), x)`

output

```
A*(-2*a**4*b**(19/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**7*b**9*x + 9*a**6*b**10*x**2 + 9*a**5*b**11*x**3 + 3*a**4*b**12*x**4) + 10*a**3*b**(21/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**7*b**9*x + 9*a**6*b**10*x**2 + 9*a**5*b**11*x**3 + 3*a**4*b**12*x**4) + 60*a**2*b**(23/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**7*b**9*x + 9*a**6*b**10*x**2 + 9*a**5*b**11*x**3 + 3*a**4*b**12*x**4) + 80*a*b**(25/2)*x**3*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**7*b**9*x + 9*a**6*b**10*x**2 + 9*a**5*b**11*x**3 + 3*a**4*b**12*x**4) + 32*b**(27/2)*x**4*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**7*b**9*x + 9*a**6*b**10*x**2 + 9*a**5*b**11*x**3 + 3*a**4*b**12*x**4)) + B*(-6*a**2*b**(9/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**5*b**4 + 6*a**4*b**5*x + 3*a**3*b**6*x**2) - 24*a*b**(11/2)*x*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**5*b**4 + 6*a**4*b**5*x + 3*a**3*b**6*x**2) - 16*b**(13/2)*x**2*sqrt(a/(b*x) + 1)/(3*a**5*b**4 + 6*a**4*b**5*x + 3*a**3*b**6*x**2))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Bx}{3(bx^2 + ax)^{3/2}a} - \frac{16Bbx}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^3} - \frac{4Abx}{3(bx^2 + ax)^{3/2}a^2} + \frac{32Ab^2x}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^4} - \frac{8B}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^2} - \frac{2A}{3(bx^2 + ax)^{3/2}a} + \frac{16Ab}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^3}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{2}{3}Bx/((bx^2 + ax)^{3/2}a) - \frac{16}{3}Bb^2x/(\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^3) - \frac{4}{3}A^2bx/((bx^2 + ax)^{3/2}a^2) + \frac{32}{3}A^2b^2x/(\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^4) - \frac{8}{3}B/(\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^2) - \frac{2}{3}A/((bx^2 + ax)^{3/2}a) + \frac{16}{3}A^2b/(\sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^3)$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 303 vs. $2(86) = 172$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx + a} \left(\frac{3Ba^4b^3|b| - 8Aa^3b^4|b|}{a^7b^2}(bx+a) - \frac{3(Ba^5b^3|b| - 3Aa^4b^4|b|)}{a^7b^2} \right)}{3((bx + a)b - ab)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\ - \frac{4 \left(3Ba \left(\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab} \right)^4 b^{\frac{5}{2}} + 12Ba^2 \left(\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab} \right)^2 b^{\frac{7}{2}} - 6A \left(\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab} \right) \right)}{3 \left(\left(\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab} \right)^2 b^{\frac{7}{2}} - 6A \left(\sqrt{bx + a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab} \right) \right)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{bx + a} \left((3B^2a^4b^3\text{abs}(b) - 8A^2a^3b^4\text{abs}(b)) \cdot (bx + a) / (a^7b^2) - 3(B^2a^5b^3\text{abs}(b) - 3A^2a^4b^4\text{abs}(b)) / (a^7b^2) \right) / ((bx + a) \cdot b - a^2b)^{3/2} - \frac{4}{3} \left(3B^2a \left(\sqrt{bx + a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - a^2b} \right)^4 b^{5/2} + 12B^2a^2 \left(\sqrt{bx + a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - a^2b} \right)^2 b^{7/2} - 6A^2 \left(\sqrt{bx + a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - a^2b} \right) \right) / \left(\left(\sqrt{bx + a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - a^2b} \right)^2 b^{7/2} - 6A^2 \left(\sqrt{bx + a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - a^2b} \right) \right) + 5B^2a^3b^{9/2} - 18A^2a \left(\sqrt{bx + a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - a^2b} \right)^2 b^{9/2} - 8A^2a^2b^{11/2} / \left(\left(\sqrt{bx + a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - a^2b} \right)^2 + a^2b \right)^{3/2} \text{abs}(b)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx} \left(\frac{2A}{3ab^2} - \frac{8x^2(2Ab - Ba)}{a^3b} - \frac{x^3(32Ab^3 - 16Bab^2)}{3a^4b^2} + \frac{x(6Ba^3 - 12Aa^2b)}{3a^4b^2} \right)}{x^{7/2} + \frac{2ax^{5/2}}{b} + \frac{a^2x^{3/2}}{b^2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x)`output `-((a + b*x)^(1/2)*((2*A)/(3*a*b^2) - (8*x^2*(2*A*b - B*a))/(a^3*b) - (x^3*(32*A*b^3 - 16*B*a*b^2))/(3*a^4*b^2) + (x*(6*B*a^3 - 12*A*a^2*b))/(3*a^4*b^2)))/(x^(7/2) + (2*a*x^(5/2))/b + (a^2*x^(3/2))/b^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{5/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{16\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}bx^2}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}a^2}{3} + \frac{8\sqrt{x}abx}{3} + \frac{16\sqrt{x}b^2x^2}{3}}{\sqrt{bx+a}a^3x^2}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(- 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x)*b*x**2 - sqrt(x)*a**2 + 4*sqrt(x)*a*b*x + 8*sqrt(x)*b**2*x**2))/(3*sqrt(a + b*x)*a**3*x**2)`

3.342 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2388
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2388
Rubi [A] (verified)	2389
Maple [A] (verified)	2391
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2391
Sympy [F(-1)]	2392
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2392
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2393
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2393
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2394

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(8Ab-5aB)}{15a^2x^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{4(8Ab-5aB)}{5a^3x^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{16(8Ab-5aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{15a^4x^{3/2}} - \frac{32b(8Ab-5aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{15a^5\sqrt{x}}$$

output
$$-2/5*A/a/x^{(5/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(3/2)}-2/15*(8*A*b-5*B*a)/a^2/x^{(3/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(3/2)}-4/5*(8*A*b-5*B*a)/a^3/x^{(3/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}+16/15*(8*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^4/x^{(3/2)}-32/15*b*(8*A*b-5*B*a)*(b*x+a)^{(1/2)}/a^5/x^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(128Ab^4x^4 + 24a^2b^2x^2(2A - 5Bx) + 16ab^3x^3(12A - 5Bx) + a^4(3A + 5Bx) - 2a^3bx(4A + 15Bx))}{15a^5x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output

$$(-2*(128*A*b^4*x^4 + 24*a^2*b^2*x^2*(2*A - 5*B*x) + 16*a*b^3*x^3*(12*A - 5*B*x) + a^4*(3*A + 5*B*x) - 2*a^3*b*x*(4*A + 15*B*x)))/(15*a^5*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$-\frac{(8Ab - 5aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx}{5a} - \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$-\frac{(8Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$-\frac{(8Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 (8Ab - 5aB) \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{4 \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2} (a+bx)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{5a}{2A} \\
 \frac{5ax^{5/2} (a+bx)^{3/2}}{\downarrow 48} \\
 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{4b\sqrt{a+bx}}{3a^2 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{3ax^{3/2} (a+bx)^{3/2}} \right) (8Ab - 5aB) \\
 \hline
 \frac{2A}{5a} \qquad \frac{2A}{5ax^{5/2} (a+bx)^{3/2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(5*a*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) - ((8*A*b - 5*a*B)*(2/(3*a*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(2/(a*x^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x]) + (4*((-2*Sqrt[a + b*x]))/(3*a*x^(3/2)) + (4*b*Sqrt[a + b*x]))/(3*a^2*Sqrt[x])))/a))/a)/(5*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] :> Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{bx+a}(73Ab^2x^2-40Babx^2-14aAbx+5Ba^2x+3a^2A)}{15a^5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2b^2(11Ab^2x-8Babx+12abA-9a^2B)\sqrt{x}}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^5}$	97
gospers	$\frac{2(128Ab^4x^4-80Bab^3x^4+192Aab^3x^3-120Ba^2b^2x^3+48Aa^2b^2x^2-30Ba^3bx^2-8Aa^3bx+5Ba^4x+3Aa^4)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^5}$	101
default	$\frac{2(128Ab^4x^4-80Bab^3x^4+192Aab^3x^3-120Ba^2b^2x^3+48Aa^2b^2x^2-30Ba^3bx^2-8Aa^3bx+5Ba^4x+3Aa^4)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^5}$	101
orering	$\frac{2(128Ab^4x^4-80Bab^3x^4+192Aab^3x^3-120Ba^2b^2x^3+48Aa^2b^2x^2-30Ba^3bx^2-8Aa^3bx+5Ba^4x+3Aa^4)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^5}$	101

input

```
int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/15*(b*x+a)^(1/2)*(73*A*b^2*x^2-40*B*a*b*x^2-14*A*a*b*x+5*B*a^2*x+3*A*a^2)/a^5/x^(5/2)-2/3*b^2*(11*A*b^2*x-8*B*a*b*x+12*A*a*b-9*B*a^2)*x^(1/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2)/a^5
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3Aa^4 - 16(5Bab^3 - 8Ab^4)x^4 - 24(5Ba^2b^2 - 8Aab^3)x^3 - 6(5Ba^3b - 8Aa^2b^2)x^2 + (5Ba^4 - 8Aa^3b - 4A^2b)x + 2A^2)}{15(a^5b^2x^5 + 2a^6bx^4 + a^7x^3)}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/15*(3*A*a^4 - 16*(5*B*a*b^3 - 8*A*b^4)*x^4 - 24*(5*B*a^2*b^2 - 8*A*a*b^3)*x^3 - 6*(5*B*a^3*b - 8*A*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + (5*B*a^4 - 8*A*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x)/(a^5*b^2*x^5 + 2*a^6*b*x^4 + a^7*x^3)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(7/2)/(b*x+a)**(5/2), x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = & -\frac{4 Bbx}{3 (bx^2 + ax)^{3/2} a^2} + \frac{32 Bb^2x}{3 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} a^4} \\ & + \frac{32 Ab^2x}{15 (bx^2 + ax)^{3/2} a^3} - \frac{256 Ab^3x}{15 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} a^5} - \frac{2 B}{3 (bx^2 + ax)^{3/2} a} + \frac{16 Bb}{3 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} a^3} \\ & + \frac{16 Ab}{15 (bx^2 + ax)^{3/2} a^2} - \frac{128 Ab^2}{15 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax} a^4} - \frac{2 A}{5 (bx^2 + ax)^{3/2} ax} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-4/3*B*b*x/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*a^2) + 32/3*B*b^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^4) + 32/15*A*b^2*x/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*a^3) - 256/15*A*b^3*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^5) - 2/3*B/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*a) + 16/3*B*b/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^3) + 16/15*A*b/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*a^2) - 128/15*A*b^2/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^4) - 2/5*A/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*a*x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 341 vs. $2(114) = 228$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx+a} \left((bx+a) \left(\frac{40Ba^8b^7 - 73Aa^7b^8}{a^{12}b^2|b|} (bx+a) - \frac{5(17Ba^9b^7 - 32Aa^8b^8)}{a^{12}b^2|b|} \right) + \frac{45(Ba^{10}b^7 - 2Aa^9b^8)}{a^{12}b^2|b|} \right)}{15((bx+a)b - ab)^{5/2}} + \frac{4 \left(6Ba \left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b - ab} \right)^4 b^{7/2} + 18Ba^2 \left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b - ab} \right)^2 b^{9/2} - 9A \left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b - ab} \right) b^{11/2} - 11Aa^2 b^{13/2} \right)}{3 \left(\left(\sqrt{bx+a}\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx+a)b - ab} \right)^2 + a^2 b^2 \right)}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*sqrt(b*x + a)*((b*x + a)*((40*B*a^8*b^7 - 73*A*a^7*b^8)*(b*x + a)/(a^12*b^2*abs(b)) - 5*(17*B*a^9*b^7 - 32*A*a^8*b^8)/(a^12*b^2*abs(b))) + 45*(B*a^10*b^7 - 2*A*a^9*b^8)/(a^12*b^2*abs(b)))/((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(5/2) + 4/3*(6*B*a*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^4*b^(7/2) + 18*B*a^2*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b^(9/2) - 9*A*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^4*b^(9/2) + 8*B*a^3*b^(11/2) - 24*A*a*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b^(11/2) - 11*A*a^2*b^(13/2))/(((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2 + a*b)^3*a^4*abs(b))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx} \left(\frac{2A}{5ab^2} + \frac{16x^3(8Ab - 5Ba)}{5a^4} + \frac{4x^2(8Ab - 5Ba)}{5a^3b} + \frac{x^4(256Ab^4 - 160Ba^3b^3)}{15a^5b^2} + \frac{x(10Ba^4 - 16Aa^3b)}{15a^5b^2} \right)}{x^{9/2} + \frac{2ax^{7/2}}{b} + \frac{a^2x^{5/2}}{b^2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output

$$-\left((a + bx)^{1/2} \left(\frac{2A}{5ab^2} + \frac{16x^3(8Ab - 5Ba)}{5a^4} + \frac{4x^2(8Ab - 5Ba)}{5a^3b} + \frac{x^4(256Ab^4 - 160Bab^3)}{15a^5b^2} + \frac{x(10Ba^4 - 16Aa^3b)}{15a^5b^2} \right) \right) / (x^{9/2} + \frac{2ax^{7/2}}{b + \frac{a^2x^{5/2}}{b^2}})$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{7/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{32\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}b^2x^3}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}a^3}{5} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}a^2bx}{5} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}ab^2x^2}{5} - \frac{32\sqrt{x}b^3x^3}{5}}{\sqrt{bx+a}a^4x^3}$$

input

`int((B*x+A)/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

$$(2*(16*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{a + bx}*b**2*x**3 - \sqrt{x}*a**3 + 2*\sqrt{x}*a**2*b*x - 8*\sqrt{x}*a*b**2*x**2 - 16*\sqrt{x}*b**3*x**3))/(5*\sqrt{a + bx}*a**4*x**3)$$

3.343 $\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2395
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2396
Rubi [A] (verified)	2396
Maple [A] (verified)	2399
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2399
Sympy [F(-1)]	2400
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2400
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2401
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2401
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2402

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 177

$$\int \frac{A+Bx}{x^{9/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(10Ab-7aB)}{21a^2x^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} - \frac{16(10Ab-7aB)}{21a^3x^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} + \frac{32(10Ab-7aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{35a^4x^{5/2}} - \frac{128b(10Ab-7aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{105a^5x^{3/2}} + \frac{256b^2(10Ab-7aB)\sqrt{a+bx}}{105a^6\sqrt{x}}$$

output

```
-2/7*A/a/x^(7/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2)-2/21*(10*A*b-7*B*a)/a^2/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(3/2)-16/21*(10*A*b-7*B*a)/a^3/x^(5/2)/(b*x+a)^(1/2)+32/35*(10*A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^4/x^(5/2)-128/105*b*(10*A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^5/x^(3/2)+256/105*b^2*(10*A*b-7*B*a)*(b*x+a)^(1/2)/a^6/x^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(-1280Ab^5x^5 + 128ab^4x^4(-15A + 7Bx) + 3a^5(5A + 7Bx) + 96a^2b^3x^3(-5A + 14Bx) + 16a^3b^2x^2(5A - 15Bx) + 16a^4bx(5A - 21Bx) - 2a^5(5A + 7Bx))}{105a^6x^{7/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2)), x]`

output `(-2*(-1280*A*b^5*x^5 + 128*a*b^4*x^4*(-15*A + 7*B*x) + 3*a^5*(5*A + 7*B*x) + 96*a^2*b^3*x^3*(-5*A + 14*B*x) + 16*a^3*b^2*x^2*(5*A + 21*B*x) - 2*a^4*b*x*(15*A + 28*B*x)))/(105*a^6*x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {87, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & -\frac{(10Ab - 7aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{5/2}} dx}{7a} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & -\frac{(10Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{8 \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}(a + bx)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \end{aligned}$$

$$(10Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{6 \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2} \sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{7a}{7ax^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} \quad \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}$$

55

$$(10Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{6 \left(-\frac{4b \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{5a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{7a}{2A} \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}$$

55

$$(10Ab - 7aB) \left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{6 \left(\frac{4b \left(-\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^{5/2} \sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{7a}{2A} \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}$$

48

$$\frac{\left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{6 \left(-\frac{4b \left(\frac{4b\sqrt{a+bx}}{3a^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx}}{5ax^{5/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2}{ax^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax^{5/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}} \right) (10Ab - 7aB)}{7a} \cdot \frac{2A}{7ax^{7/2}(a+bx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-2*A)/(7*a*x^(7/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) - ((10*A*b - 7*a*B)*(2/(3*a*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x)^(3/2)) + (8*(2/(a*x^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x])) + (6*((-2*Sqrt[a + b*x]))/(5*a*x^(5/2)) - (4*b*((-2*Sqrt[a + b*x]))/(3*a*x^(3/2)) + (4*b*Sqrt[a + b*x]))/(3*a^2*Sqrt[x])))/(5*a)))/a)/(3*a))/(7*a)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 87
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.) * (x_)] * ((c_.) + (d_.) * (x_))^{(n_.)} * ((e_.) + (f_.) * (x_))^{(p_.)}, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (b * e - a * f)) * (c + d * x)^{(n + 1)} * ((e + f * x)^{(p + 1)} / (f * (p + 1) * (c * f - d * e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a * d * f * (n + p + 2) - b * (d * e * (n + 1) + c * f * (p + 1))) / (f * (p + 1) * (c * f - d * e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d * x)^n * (e + f * x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] / ; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (! \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ ! (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ ! (\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ ! (\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n]) \))) \) \) \)$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
risch	$\frac{-2\sqrt{bx+a}(-790Ab^3x^3+511Ba^2b^2x^3+185aAb^2x^2-98Ba^2bx^2-60a^2Abx+21Ba^3x+15a^3A)}{105a^6x^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{2b^3(14Ab^2x-11Babx+15aba)}{3(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^6}$
gospers	$\frac{-2(-1280Ab^5x^5+896Ba^4b^4x^5-1920aAb^4x^4+1344Ba^2b^3x^4-480a^2Ab^3x^3+336Ba^3b^2x^3+80a^3Ab^2x^2-56Ba^4bx^2-30a^4Abx+15a^5A)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^6}$
default	$\frac{-2(-1280Ab^5x^5+896Ba^4b^4x^5-1920aAb^4x^4+1344Ba^2b^3x^4-480a^2Ab^3x^3+336Ba^3b^2x^3+80a^3Ab^2x^2-56Ba^4bx^2-30a^4Abx+15a^5A)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^6}$
orering	$\frac{-2(-1280Ab^5x^5+896Ba^4b^4x^5-1920aAb^4x^4+1344Ba^2b^3x^4-480a^2Ab^3x^3+336Ba^3b^2x^3+80a^3Ab^2x^2-56Ba^4bx^2-30a^4Abx+15a^5A)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}(bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^6}$

input $\text{int}((B*x+A)/x^{(9/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(5/2)},x,\text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output
$$\frac{-2}{105} * (b * x + a)^{(1/2)} * (-790 * A * b^3 * x^3 + 511 * B * a * b^2 * x^3 + 185 * A * a * b^2 * x^2 - 98 * B * a^2 * b * x^2 - 60 * A * a^2 * b * x + 21 * B * a^3 * x + 15 * A * a^3) / a^6 / x^{(7/2)} + \frac{2}{3} * b^3 * (14 * A * b^2 * x - 11 * B * a * b * x + 15 * A * a * b - 12 * B * a^2) * x^{(1/2)} / (b * x + a)^{(3/2)} / a^6$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2} (a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(15Aa^5 + 128(7Bab^4 - 10Ab^5)x^5 + 192(7Ba^2b^3 - 10Aab^4)x^4 + 48(7Ba^3b^2 - 10Aa^2b^3)x^3 - 8(7Ba^4bx - 11Aa^4ab + 15Aa^5A))}{105(a^6b^2x^6 + 2a^7bx^5 + a^8x^4)}$$

input $\text{integrate}((B*x+A)/x^{(9/2)}/(b*x+a)^{(5/2)},x,\text{algorithm}="fricas")$

output

```
-2/105*(15*A*a^5 + 128*(7*B*a*b^4 - 10*A*b^5)*x^5 + 192*(7*B*a^2*b^3 - 10*
A*a*b^4)*x^4 + 48*(7*B*a^3*b^2 - 10*A*a^2*b^3)*x^3 - 8*(7*B*a^4*b - 10*A*a
^3*b^2)*x^2 + 3*(7*B*a^5 - 10*A*a^4*b)*x)*sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(x)/(a^6*b^2*x
^6 + 2*a^7*b*x^5 + a^8*x^4)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x**(9/2)/(b*x+a)**(5/2), x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = & \frac{32 Bb^2x}{15 (bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^3} - \frac{256 Bb^3x}{15 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^5} - \frac{64 Ab^3x}{21 (bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^4} \\ & + \frac{512 Ab^4x}{21 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^6} + \frac{16 Bb}{15 (bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2} - \frac{128 Bb^2}{15 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^4} - \frac{32 Ab^2}{21 (bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^3} \\ & + \frac{256 Ab^3}{21 \sqrt{bx^2 + ax}a^5} - \frac{2 B}{5 (bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}ax} + \frac{4 Ab}{7 (bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2x} - \frac{2 A}{7 (bx^2 + ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}ax^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
32/15*B*b^2*x/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*a^3) - 256/15*B*b^3*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)
)*a^5) - 64/21*A*b^3*x/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*a^4) + 512/21*A*b^4*x/(sqrt(b*
x^2 + a*x)*a^6) + 16/15*B*b/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*a^2) - 128/15*B*b^2/(sqrt
(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^4) - 32/21*A*b^2/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*a^3) + 256/21*A*b^3/
(sqrt(b*x^2 + a*x)*a^5) - 2/5*B/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*a*x) + 4/7*A*b/((b*x^
2 + a*x)^(3/2)*a^2*x) - 2/7*A/((b*x^2 + a*x)^(3/2)*a*x^2)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 380 vs. $2(141) = 282$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left((bx + a) \left((bx + a) \left(\frac{(511 Ba^{13} b^9 |b| - 790 A a^{12} b^{10} |b|)(bx+a)}{a^{18} b^4} - \frac{7(233 Ba^{14} b^9 |b| - 365 A a^{13} b^{10} |b|)}{a^{18} b^4} \right) + \frac{350(5 Ba^{15} b^9 |b| - 8 A a^{14} b^{10} |b|)}{a^{18} b^4} \right) - 105((bx + a)b - ab)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{4 \left(9 Ba \left(\sqrt{bx + a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab} \right)^4 b^{\frac{9}{2}} + 24 Ba^2 \left(\sqrt{bx + a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab} \right)^2 b^{\frac{11}{2}} - 12 A \left(\sqrt{bx + a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab} \right) \right) - 3 \left(\left(\sqrt{bx + a} \sqrt{b} - \sqrt{(bx + a)b - ab} \right)^2 + a b \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2/105*((b*x + a)*((b*x + a)*((511*B*a^13*b^9*abs(b) - 790*A*a^12*b^10*abs(b))*(b*x + a)/(a^18*b^4) - 7*(233*B*a^14*b^9*abs(b) - 365*A*a^13*b^10*abs(b))/(a^18*b^4)) + 350*(5*B*a^15*b^9*abs(b) - 8*A*a^14*b^10*abs(b))/(a^18*b^4)) - 210*(3*B*a^16*b^9*abs(b) - 5*A*a^15*b^10*abs(b))/(a^18*b^4))*sqrt(b*x + a)/((b*x + a)*b - a*b)^(7/2) - 4/3*(9*B*a*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^4*b^(9/2) + 24*B*a^2*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b^(11/2) - 12*A*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b^(11/2) + 11*B*a^3*b^(13/2) - 30*A*a*(sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2*b^(13/2) - 14*A*a^2*b^(15/2))/(((sqrt(b*x + a)*sqrt(b) - sqrt((b*x + a)*b - a*b))^2 + a*b)^3*a^5*abs(b))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx} \left(\frac{2A}{7ab^2} - \frac{32x^3(10Ab - 7Ba)}{35a^4} + \frac{16x^2(10Ab - 7Ba)}{105a^3b} - \frac{x^5(2560Ab^5 - 1792Bab^4)}{105a^6b^2} - \frac{128bx^4(10Ab - 7Ba)}{35a^5} + \frac{x(42B - 10A)}{105a^2} \right) + \frac{x^{11/2} + \frac{2ax^{9/2}}{b} + \frac{a^2x^{7/2}}{b^2}}{105a^5b^2}}$$

input `int((A + B*x)/(x^(9/2)*(a + b*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output
$$-\left(\frac{(a + bx)^{1/2} \left(\frac{2A}{7ab^2} - \frac{32x^3(10Ab - 7Ba)}{35a^4} + \frac{16x^2(10Ab - 7Ba)}{105a^3b} - \frac{x^5(2560Ab^5 - 1792Bab^4)}{105a^6b^2} - \frac{128bx^4(10Ab - 7Ba)}{35a^5} + \frac{x(42Ba^5 - 60Aa^4b)}{105a^6b^2} \right)}{x^{11/2} + \frac{2ax^{9/2}}{b} + \frac{a^2x^{7/2}}{b^2}}\right)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{A + Bx}{x^{9/2}(a + bx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{256\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx+a}b^3x^4}{35} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}a^4}{7} + \frac{16\sqrt{x}a^3bx}{35} - \frac{32\sqrt{x}a^2b^2x^2}{35} + \frac{128\sqrt{x}ab^3x^3}{35} + \frac{256\sqrt{x}b^4x^4}{35}}{\sqrt{bx+a}a^5x^4}$$

input `int((B*x+A)/x^(9/2)/(b*x+a)^(5/2),x)`

output
$$\frac{(2(-128\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx}b^3x^4 - 5\sqrt{x}a^4 + 8\sqrt{x}a^3bx - 16\sqrt{x}a^2b^2x^2 + 64\sqrt{x}ab^3x^3 + 128\sqrt{x}b^4x^4))/(35\sqrt{a+bx}a^5x^4)}$$

3.344 $\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	2403
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2404
Rubi [A] (verified)	2404
Maple [A] (verified)	2405
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2406
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2407
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2408
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2408
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2409
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2410

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{a^4 A (ex)^{1+m}}{e(1+m)} + \frac{a^3 (4Ab + aB) (ex)^{2+m}}{e^2(2+m)} + \frac{2a^2 b (3Ab + 2aB) (ex)^{3+m}}{e^3(3+m)} + \frac{2ab^2 (2Ab + 3aB) (ex)^{4+m}}{e^4(4+m)} + \frac{b^3 (Ab + 4aB) (ex)^{5+m}}{e^5(5+m)} + \frac{b^4 B (ex)^{6+m}}{e^6(6+m)}$$

output

```
a^4*A*(e*x)^(1+m)/e/(1+m)+a^3*(4*A*b+B*a)*(e*x)^(2+m)/e^2/(2+m)+2*a^2*b*(3
*A*b+2*B*a)*(e*x)^(3+m)/e^3/(3+m)+2*a*b^2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)*(e*x)^(4+m)/e^4/(4
+m)+b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)*(e*x)^(5+m)/e^5/(5+m)+b^4*B*(e*x)^(6+m)/e^6/(6+m)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex)^m \left(Bx(a + bx)^5 + (-aB(1 + m) + Ab(6 + m))x \left(\frac{a^4}{1+m} + \frac{4a^3bx}{2+m} + \frac{6a^2b^2x^2}{3+m} + \frac{4ab^3x^3}{4+m} + \frac{b^4x^4}{5+m} \right) \right)}{b(6 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x)^4*(A + B*x),x]`

output

```
((e*x)^m*(B*x*(a + b*x)^5 + (-a*B*(1 + m)) + A*b*(6 + m))*x*(a^4/(1 + m)
+ (4*a^3*b*x)/(2 + m) + (6*a^2*b^2*x^2)/(3 + m) + (4*a*b^3*x^3)/(4 + m) +
(b^4*x^4)/(5 + m)))/(b*(6 + m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) (ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(a^4 A (ex)^m + \frac{a^3 (ex)^{m+1} (aB + 4Ab)}{e} + \frac{2a^2 b (ex)^{m+2} (2aB + 3Ab)}{e^2} + \frac{b^3 (ex)^{m+4} (4aB + Ab)}{e^4} + \frac{2ab^2 (ex)^{m+3} (3aB + 2Ab)}{e^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^4 A (ex)^{m+1}}{e(m+1)} + \frac{a^3 (ex)^{m+2} (aB + 4Ab)}{e^2(m+2)} + \frac{2a^2 b (ex)^{m+3} (2aB + 3Ab)}{e^3(m+3)} + \frac{b^3 (ex)^{m+5} (4aB + Ab)}{e^5(m+5)} + \frac{2ab^2 (ex)^{m+4} (3aB + 2Ab)}{e^4(m+4)} + \frac{b^4 B (ex)^{m+6}}{e^6(m+6)}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x)^4*(A + B*x),x]`

output $(a^4 A (e x)^{(1+m)}) / (e^{(1+m)}) + (a^3 (4 A b + a B) (e x)^{(2+m)}) / (e^{2(2+m)}) + (2 a^2 b (3 A b + 2 a B) (e x)^{(3+m)}) / (e^{3(3+m)}) + (2 a b^2 (2 A b + 3 a B) (e x)^{(4+m)}) / (e^{4(4+m)}) + (b^3 (A b + 4 a B) (e x)^{(5+m)}) / (e^{5(5+m)}) + (b^4 B (e x)^{(6+m)}) / (e^{6(6+m)})$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :`
`> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,`
`d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*`
`f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n`
`+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,`
`1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
norman	$\frac{A a^4 x e^{m \ln(e x)}}{1+m} + \frac{B b^4 x^6 e^{m \ln(e x)}}{6+m} + \frac{a^3 (4 A b + B a) x^2 e^{m \ln(e x)}}{2+m} + \frac{b^3 (A b + 4 B a) x^5 e^{m \ln(e x)}}{5+m} + \frac{2 a b^2 (2 A b + 3 B a) x^4 e^{m \ln(e x)}}{4+m}$
gospers	$x (B b^4 m^5 x^5 + A b^4 m^5 x^4 + 4 B a b^3 m^5 x^4 + 15 B b^4 m^4 x^5 + 4 A a b^3 m^5 x^3 + 16 A b^4 m^4 x^4 + 6 B a^2 b^2 m^5 x^3 + 64 B a b^3 m^4 x^4 + 85 B b^4 m^5 x^5)$
risch	$x (B b^4 m^5 x^5 + A b^4 m^5 x^4 + 4 B a b^3 m^5 x^4 + 15 B b^4 m^4 x^5 + 4 A a b^3 m^5 x^3 + 16 A b^4 m^4 x^4 + 6 B a^2 b^2 m^5 x^3 + 64 B a b^3 m^4 x^4 + 85 B b^4 m^5 x^5)$
orering	$x (B b^4 m^5 x^5 + A b^4 m^5 x^4 + 4 B a b^3 m^5 x^4 + 15 B b^4 m^4 x^5 + 4 A a b^3 m^5 x^3 + 16 A b^4 m^4 x^4 + 6 B a^2 b^2 m^5 x^3 + 64 B a b^3 m^4 x^4 + 85 B b^4 m^5 x^5)$
parallelrisch	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^4*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
A*a^4/(1+m)*x*exp(m*ln(e*x))+B*b^4/(6+m)*x^6*exp(m*ln(e*x))+a^3*(4*A*b+B*a
)/(2+m)*x^2*exp(m*ln(e*x))+b^3*(A*b+4*B*a)/(5+m)*x^5*exp(m*ln(e*x))+2*a*b^
2*(2*A*b+3*B*a)/(4+m)*x^4*exp(m*ln(e*x))+2*a^2*b*(3*A*b+2*B*a)/(3+m)*x^3*e
xp(m*ln(e*x))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 609 vs. $2(155) = 310$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 609, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.93

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{((Bb^4m^5 + 15Bb^4m^4 + 85Bb^4m^3 + 225Bb^4m^2 + 274Bb^4m + 120Bb^4)x^6 + ((4Bab^3 + Ab^4)m^5 + 576$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^4*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
((B*b^4*m^5 + 15*B*b^4*m^4 + 85*B*b^4*m^3 + 225*B*b^4*m^2 + 274*B*b^4*m +
120*B*b^4)*x^6 + ((4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*m^5 + 576*B*a*b^3 + 144*A*b^4 + 16*(
4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*m^4 + 95*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*m^3 + 260*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b
^4)*m^2 + 324*(4*B*a*b^3 + A*b^4)*m)*x^5 + 2*((3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*m^
5 + 540*B*a^2*b^2 + 360*A*a*b^3 + 17*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*m^4 + 107*(
3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*m^3 + 307*(3*B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*m^2 + 396*(3*
B*a^2*b^2 + 2*A*a*b^3)*m)*x^4 + 2*((2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*m^5 + 480*B*a
^3*b + 720*A*a^2*b^2 + 18*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*m^4 + 121*(2*B*a^3*b +
3*A*a^2*b^2)*m^3 + 372*(2*B*a^3*b + 3*A*a^2*b^2)*m^2 + 508*(2*B*a^3*b + 3
*A*a^2*b^2)*m)*x^3 + ((B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*m^5 + 360*B*a^4 + 1440*A*a^3*b +
19*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*m^4 + 137*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*m^3 + 461*(B*a^4 + 4
*A*a^3*b)*m^2 + 702*(B*a^4 + 4*A*a^3*b)*m)*x^2 + (A*a^4*m^5 + 20*A*a^4*m^4
+ 155*A*a^4*m^3 + 580*A*a^4*m^2 + 1044*A*a^4*m + 720*A*a^4)*x*(e*x)^m/(m
^6 + 21*m^5 + 175*m^4 + 735*m^3 + 1624*m^2 + 1764*m + 720)
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3538 vs. $2(146) = 292$.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3538, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.83

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(b*x+a)**4*(B*x+A), x)`

output

```
Piecewise((( -A*a**4/(5*x**5) - A*a**3*b/x**4 - 2*A*a**2*b**2/x**3 - 2*A*a*
b**3/x**2 - A*b**4/x - B*a**4/(4*x**4) - 4*B*a**3*b/(3*x**3) - 3*B*a**2*b*
**2/x**2 - 4*B*a*b**3/x + B*b**4*log(x))/e**6, Eq(m, -6)), (( -A*a**4/(4*x**
4) - 4*A*a**3*b/(3*x**3) - 3*A*a**2*b**2/x**2 - 4*A*a*b**3/x + A*b**4*log(
x) - B*a**4/(3*x**3) - 2*B*a**3*b/x**2 - 6*B*a**2*b**2/x + 4*B*a*b**3*log(
x) + B*b**4*x)/e**5, Eq(m, -5)), (( -A*a**4/(3*x**3) - 2*A*a**3*b/x**2 - 6*
A*a**2*b**2/x + 4*A*a*b**3*log(x) + A*b**4*x - B*a**4/(2*x**2) - 4*B*a**3*
b/x + 6*B*a**2*b**2*log(x) + 4*B*a*b**3*x + B*b**4*x**2/2)/e**4, Eq(m, -4)
), (( -A*a**4/(2*x**2) - 4*A*a**3*b/x + 6*A*a**2*b**2*log(x) + 4*A*a*b**3*x
+ A*b**4*x**2/2 - B*a**4/x + 4*B*a**3*b*log(x) + 6*B*a**2*b**2*x + 2*B*a*
b**3*x**2 + B*b**4*x**3/3)/e**3, Eq(m, -3)), (( -A*a**4/x + 4*A*a**3*b*log(
x) + 6*A*a**2*b**2*x + 2*A*a*b**3*x**2 + A*b**4*x**3/3 + B*a**4*log(x) + 4
*B*a**3*b*x + 3*B*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*B*a*b**3*x**3/3 + B*b**4*x**4/4)/e**2
, Eq(m, -2)), ((A*a**4*log(x) + 4*A*a**3*b*x + 3*A*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*A*a*
b**3*x**3/3 + A*b**4*x**4/4 + B*a**4*x + 2*B*a**3*b*x**2 + 2*B*a**2*b**2*x
**3 + B*a*b**3*x**4 + B*b**4*x**5/5)/e, Eq(m, -1)), (A*a**4*m**5*x*(e*x)**
m/(m**6 + 21*m**5 + 175*m**4 + 735*m**3 + 1624*m**2 + 1764*m + 720) + 20*A
*a**4*m**4*x*(e*x)**m/(m**6 + 21*m**5 + 175*m**4 + 735*m**3 + 1624*m**2 +
1764*m + 720) + 155*A*a**4*m**3*x*(e*x)**m/(m**6 + 21*m**5 + 175*m**4 + 73
5*m**3 + 1624*m**2 + 1764*m + 720) + 580*A*a**4*m**2*x*(e*x)**m/(m**6 + ...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{Bb^4 e^m x^6 x^m}{m+6} + \frac{4 Bab^3 e^m x^5 x^m}{m+5} + \frac{Ab^4 e^m x^5 x^m}{m+5} + \frac{6 Ba^2 b^2 e^m x^4 x^m}{m+4} + \frac{4 Aab^3 e^m x^4 x^m}{m+4} + \frac{4 Ba^3 b e^m x^3 x^m}{m+3} + \frac{6 Aa^2 b^2 e^m x^3 x^m}{m+3} + \frac{Ba^4 e^m x^2 x^m}{m+2} + \frac{4 Aa^3 b e^m x^2 x^m}{m+2} + \frac{(ex)^{m+1} Aa^4}{e(m+1)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^4*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `B*b^4*e^m*x^6*x^m/(m + 6) + 4*B*a*b^3*e^m*x^5*x^m/(m + 5) + A*b^4*e^m*x^5*x^m/(m + 5) + 6*B*a^2*b^2*e^m*x^4*x^m/(m + 4) + 4*A*a*b^3*e^m*x^4*x^m/(m + 4) + 4*B*a^3*b*e^m*x^3*x^m/(m + 3) + 6*A*a^2*b^2*e^m*x^3*x^m/(m + 3) + B*a^4*e^m*x^2*x^m/(m + 2) + 4*A*a^3*b*e^m*x^2*x^m/(m + 2) + (e*x)^(m + 1)*A*a^4/(e*(m + 1))`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1046 vs. 2(155) = 310.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1046, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.75

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^4*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

((e*x)^m*B*b^4*m^5*x^6 + 4*(e*x)^m*B*a*b^3*m^5*x^5 + (e*x)^m*A*b^4*m^5*x^5
+ 15*(e*x)^m*B*b^4*m^4*x^6 + 6*(e*x)^m*B*a^2*b^2*m^5*x^4 + 4*(e*x)^m*A*a*
b^3*m^5*x^4 + 64*(e*x)^m*B*a*b^3*m^4*x^5 + 16*(e*x)^m*A*b^4*m^4*x^5 + 85*(
e*x)^m*B*b^4*m^3*x^6 + 4*(e*x)^m*B*a^3*b*m^5*x^3 + 6*(e*x)^m*A*a^2*b^2*m^5
*x^3 + 102*(e*x)^m*B*a^2*b^2*m^4*x^4 + 68*(e*x)^m*A*a*b^3*m^4*x^4 + 380*(e
*x)^m*B*a*b^3*m^3*x^5 + 95*(e*x)^m*A*b^4*m^3*x^5 + 225*(e*x)^m*B*b^4*m^2*x
^6 + (e*x)^m*B*a^4*m^5*x^2 + 4*(e*x)^m*A*a^3*b*m^5*x^2 + 72*(e*x)^m*B*a^3*
b*m^4*x^3 + 108*(e*x)^m*A*a^2*b^2*m^4*x^3 + 642*(e*x)^m*B*a^2*b^2*m^3*x^4
+ 428*(e*x)^m*A*a*b^3*m^3*x^4 + 1040*(e*x)^m*B*a*b^3*m^2*x^5 + 260*(e*x)^m
*A*b^4*m^2*x^5 + 274*(e*x)^m*B*b^4*m*x^6 + (e*x)^m*A*a^4*m^5*x + 19*(e*x)^
m*B*a^4*m^4*x^2 + 76*(e*x)^m*A*a^3*b*m^4*x^2 + 484*(e*x)^m*B*a^3*b*m^3*x^3
+ 726*(e*x)^m*A*a^2*b^2*m^3*x^3 + 1842*(e*x)^m*B*a^2*b^2*m^2*x^4 + 1228*(
e*x)^m*A*a*b^3*m^2*x^4 + 1296*(e*x)^m*B*a*b^3*m*x^5 + 324*(e*x)^m*A*b^4*m*
x^5 + 120*(e*x)^m*B*b^4*x^6 + 20*(e*x)^m*A*a^4*m^4*x + 137*(e*x)^m*B*a^4*m
^3*x^2 + 548*(e*x)^m*A*a^3*b*m^3*x^2 + 1488*(e*x)^m*B*a^3*b*m^2*x^3 + 2232
*(e*x)^m*A*a^2*b^2*m^2*x^3 + 2376*(e*x)^m*B*a^2*b^2*m*x^4 + 1584*(e*x)^m*A
*a*b^3*m*x^4 + 576*(e*x)^m*B*a*b^3*x^5 + 144*(e*x)^m*A*b^4*x^5 + 155*(e*x)
^m*A*a^4*m^3*x + 461*(e*x)^m*B*a^4*m^2*x^2 + 1844*(e*x)^m*A*a^3*b*m^2*x^2
+ 2032*(e*x)^m*B*a^3*b*m*x^3 + 3048*(e*x)^m*A*a^2*b^2*m*x^3 + 1080*(e*x)^m
*B*a^2*b^2*x^4 + 720*(e*x)^m*A*a*b^3*x^4 + 580*(e*x)^m*A*a^4*m^2*x + 70...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (ex)^m (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx \\
&= (ex)^m \left(\frac{Aa^4 x (m^5 + 20m^4 + 155m^3 + 580m^2 + 1044m + 720)}{m^6 + 21m^5 + 175m^4 + 735m^3 + 1624m^2 + 1764m + 720} \right. \\
&\quad + \frac{Bb^4 x^6 (m^5 + 15m^4 + 85m^3 + 225m^2 + 274m + 120)}{m^6 + 21m^5 + 175m^4 + 735m^3 + 1624m^2 + 1764m + 720} \\
&\quad + \frac{a^3 x^2 (4Ab + Ba) (m^5 + 19m^4 + 137m^3 + 461m^2 + 702m + 360)}{m^6 + 21m^5 + 175m^4 + 735m^3 + 1624m^2 + 1764m + 720} \\
&\quad + \frac{b^3 x^5 (Ab + 4Ba) (m^5 + 16m^4 + 95m^3 + 260m^2 + 324m + 144)}{m^6 + 21m^5 + 175m^4 + 735m^3 + 1624m^2 + 1764m + 720} \\
&\quad + \frac{2ab^2 x^4 (2Ab + 3Ba) (m^5 + 17m^4 + 107m^3 + 307m^2 + 396m + 180)}{m^6 + 21m^5 + 175m^4 + 735m^3 + 1624m^2 + 1764m + 720} \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{2a^2 b x^3 (3Ab + 2Ba) (m^5 + 18m^4 + 121m^3 + 372m^2 + 508m + 240)}{m^6 + 21m^5 + 175m^4 + 735m^3 + 1624m^2 + 1764m + 720} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^4,x)`

output
$$\frac{(e*x)^m*((A*a^4*x*(1044*m + 580*m^2 + 155*m^3 + 20*m^4 + m^5 + 720))/(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720) + (B*b^4*x^6*(274*m + 225*m^2 + 85*m^3 + 15*m^4 + m^5 + 120))/(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720) + (a^3*x^2*(4*A*b + B*a)*(702*m + 461*m^2 + 137*m^3 + 19*m^4 + m^5 + 360))/(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720) + (b^3*x^5*(A*b + 4*B*a)*(324*m + 260*m^2 + 95*m^3 + 16*m^4 + m^5 + 144))/(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720) + (2*a*b^2*x^4*(2*A*b + 3*B*a)*(396*m + 307*m^2 + 107*m^3 + 17*m^4 + m^5 + 180))/(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720) + (2*a^2*b*x^3*(3*A*b + 2*B*a)*(508*m + 372*m^2 + 121*m^3 + 18*m^4 + m^5 + 240))/(1764*m + 1624*m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720))$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.72

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^4 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m e^m x (b^5 m^5 x^5 + 5a b^4 m^5 x^4 + 15b^5 m^4 x^5 + 10a^2 b^3 m^5 x^3 + 80a b^4 m^4 x^4 + 85b^5 m^3 x^5 + 10a^3 b^2 m^5 x^2 + 170a^4 b m^4 x^3 + 105a^2 b^2 m^4 x^4 + 35a^3 b m^3 x^5 + 10a^4 m^2 x^6 + 5a^5 m x^7 + 5a^6 m^2 x^8 + 5a^7 m^3 x^9 + 5a^8 m^4 x^{10} + 5a^9 m^5 x^{11} + 5a^{10} m^6 x^{12})}{m^6 + 21m^5 + 175m^4 + 735m^3 + 1624m^2 + 1764m + 720}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^4*(B*x+A),x)`

output
$$\frac{(x^m e^m x (a^5 m^5 + 20a^4 m^4 + 155a^3 m^3 + 580a^2 m^2 + 1044a m + 720) a^5 + 5a^4 b m^5 x + 95a^4 b m^4 x + 685a^4 b m^3 x + 2305a^4 b m^2 x + 3510a^4 b m x + 1800a^4 b x + 10a^3 b^2 m^5 x^2 + 180a^3 b^2 m^4 x^2 + 1210a^3 b^2 m^3 x^2 + 3720a^3 b^2 m^2 x^2 + 5080a^3 b^2 m x^2 + 2400a^3 b^2 x^2 + 10a^2 b^3 m^5 x^3 + 170a^2 b^3 m^4 x^3 + 1070a^2 b^3 m^3 x^3 + 3070a^2 b^3 m^2 x^3 + 3960a^2 b^3 m x^3 + 1800a^2 b^3 x^3 + 5a b^4 m^5 x^4 + 80a b^4 m^4 x^4 + 475a b^4 m^3 x^4 + 1300a b^4 m^2 x^4 + 1620a b^4 m x^4 + 720a b^4 x^4 + b^5 m^5 x^5 + 15b^5 m^4 x^5 + 85b^5 m^3 x^5 + 225b^5 m^2 x^5 + 274b^5 m x^5 + 120b^5 x^5))/(m^6 + 21m^5 + 175m^4 + 735m^3 + 1624m^2 + 1764m + 720)$$

3.345 $\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	2411
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2411
Rubi [A] (verified)	2412
Maple [A] (verified)	2413
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2414
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2414
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2415
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2416
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2417
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2417

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{a^3 A (ex)^{1+m}}{e(1+m)} + \frac{a^2 (3Ab + aB) (ex)^{2+m}}{e^2(2+m)} + \frac{3ab(Ab + aB) (ex)^{3+m}}{e^3(3+m)} + \frac{b^2 (Ab + 3aB) (ex)^{4+m}}{e^4(4+m)} + \frac{b^3 B (ex)^{5+m}}{e^5(5+m)}$$

output

```
a^3*A*(e*x)^(1+m)/e/(1+m)+a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*(e*x)^(2+m)/e^2/(2+m)+3*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*(e*x)^(3+m)/e^3/(3+m)+b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*(e*x)^(4+m)/e^4/(4+m)+b^3*B*(e*x)^(5+m)/e^5/(5+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{(ex)^m \left(Bx(a + bx)^4 + (-aB(1 + m) + Ab(5 + m))x \left(\frac{a^3}{1+m} + \frac{3a^2bx}{2+m} + \frac{3ab^2x^2}{3+m} + \frac{b^3x^3}{4+m} \right) \right)}{b(5 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x),x]`

output $((e*x)^m*(B*x*(a + b*x)^4 + (-a*B*(1 + m) + A*b*(5 + m))*x*(a^3/(1 + m) + (3*a^2*b*x)/(2 + m) + (3*a*b^2*x^2)/(3 + m) + (b^3*x^3)/(4 + m)))/(b*(5 + m))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) (ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(a^3 A (ex)^m + \frac{a^2 (ex)^{m+1} (aB + 3Ab)}{e} + \frac{b^2 (ex)^{m+3} (3aB + Ab)}{e^3} + \frac{3ab (ex)^{m+2} (aB + Ab)}{e^2} + \frac{b^3 B (ex)^{m+4}}{e^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^3 A (ex)^{m+1}}{e(m+1)} + \frac{a^2 (ex)^{m+2} (aB + 3Ab)}{e^2(m+2)} + \frac{b^2 (ex)^{m+4} (3aB + Ab)}{e^4(m+4)} + \frac{3ab (ex)^{m+3} (aB + Ab)}{e^3(m+3)} + \frac{b^3 B (ex)^{m+5}}{e^5(m+5)}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x)^3*(A + B*x),x]`

output $(a^3 A (e*x)^{(1+m)} / (e*(1+m)) + (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*(e*x)^{(2+m)} / (e^2*(2+m)) + (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*(e*x)^{(3+m)} / (e^3*(3+m)) + (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*(e*x)^{(4+m)} / (e^4*(4+m)) + (b^3*B*(e*x)^{(5+m)} / (e^5*(5+m)))$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
norman	$\frac{a^2(3Ab+Ba)x^2e^{m \ln(ex)}}{2+m} + \frac{a^3Ax e^{m \ln(ex)}}{1+m} + \frac{b^2(Ab+3Ba)x^4e^{m \ln(ex)}}{4+m} + \frac{b^3Bx^5e^{m \ln(ex)}}{5+m} + \frac{3ab(Ab+Ba)x^3e^{m \ln(ex)}}{3+m}$
gosper	$\frac{x(Bb^3m^4x^4+Ab^3m^4x^3+3Ba b^2m^4x^3+10B b^3m^3x^4+3Aa b^2m^4x^2+11A b^3m^3x^3+3B a^2b m^4x^2+33Ba b^2m^3x^3+35B b^3m^2)}{x(Bb^3m^4x^4+Ab^3m^4x^3+3Ba b^2m^4x^3+10B b^3m^3x^4+3Aa b^2m^4x^2+11A b^3m^3x^3+3B a^2b m^4x^2+33Ba b^2m^3x^3+35B b^3m^2)}$
risch	$\frac{x(Bb^3m^4x^4+Ab^3m^4x^3+3Ba b^2m^4x^3+10B b^3m^3x^4+3Aa b^2m^4x^2+11A b^3m^3x^3+3B a^2b m^4x^2+33Ba b^2m^3x^3+35B b^3m^2)}{x(Bb^3m^4x^4+Ab^3m^4x^3+3Ba b^2m^4x^3+10B b^3m^3x^4+3Aa b^2m^4x^2+11A b^3m^3x^3+3B a^2b m^4x^2+33Ba b^2m^3x^3+35B b^3m^2)}$
orering	$\frac{x(Bb^3m^4x^4+Ab^3m^4x^3+3Ba b^2m^4x^3+10B b^3m^3x^4+3Aa b^2m^4x^2+11A b^3m^3x^3+3B a^2b m^4x^2+33Ba b^2m^3x^3+35B b^3m^2)}{x(Bb^3m^4x^4+Ab^3m^4x^3+3Ba b^2m^4x^3+10B b^3m^3x^4+3Aa b^2m^4x^2+11A b^3m^3x^3+3B a^2b m^4x^2+33Ba b^2m^3x^3+35B b^3m^2)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{3Bx^4(ex)^m a b^2 m^4 + 3A x^3(ex)^m a b^2 m^4 + 33B x^4(ex)^m a b^2 m^3 + 3B x^3(ex)^m a^2 b m^4 + 36A x^3(ex)^m a b^2 m^3 + 3A x^2(ex)^m a^2 b m^3 + 3A x^2(ex)^m a^2 b m^3 + 3A x^2(ex)^m a^2 b m^3 + 3A x^2(ex)^m a^2 b m^3}{x(Bb^3m^4x^4+Ab^3m^4x^3+3Ba b^2m^4x^3+10B b^3m^3x^4+3Aa b^2m^4x^2+11A b^3m^3x^3+3B a^2b m^4x^2+33Ba b^2m^3x^3+35B b^3m^2)}$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)/(2+m)*x^2*exp(m*ln(e*x))+a^3*A/(1+m)*x*exp(m*ln(e*x))+b^2*
(A*b+3*B*a)/(4+m)*x^4*exp(m*ln(e*x))+b^3*B/(5+m)*x^5*exp(m*ln(e*x))+3*a*b*
(A*b+B*a)/(3+m)*x^3*exp(m*ln(e*x))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 381 vs. $2(121) = 242$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.15

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{((Bb^3m^4 + 10Bb^3m^3 + 35Bb^3m^2 + 50Bb^3m + 24Bb^3)x^5 + ((3Bab^2 + Ab^3)m^4 + 90Bab^2 + 30Ab^3 +$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((B*b^3*m^4 + 10*B*b^3*m^3 + 35*B*b^3*m^2 + 50*B*b^3*m + 24*B*b^3)*x^5 + (3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*m^4 + 90*B*a*b^2 + 30*A*b^3 + 11*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*m^3 + 41*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*m^2 + 61*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*m*x^4 + 3*((B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*m^4 + 40*B*a^2*b + 40*A*a*b^2 + 12*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*m^3 + 49*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*m^2 + 78*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*m)*x^3 + ((B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*m^4 + 60*B*a^3 + 180*A*a^2*b + 13*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*m^3 + 59*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*m^2 + 107*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*m)*x^2 + (A*a^3*m^4 + 14*A*a^3*m^3 + 71*A*a^3*m^2 + 154*A*a^3*m + 120*A*a^3)*x)*(e*x)^m/(m^5 + 15*m^4 + 85*m^3 + 225*m^2 + 274*m + 120)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2101 vs. $2(110) = 220$.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2101, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.36

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(b*x+a)**3*(B*x+A),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((( -A**3/(4*x**4) - A**2*b/x**3 - 3*A*a*b**2/(2*x**2) - A*b**
3/x - B*a**3/(3*x**3) - 3*B*a**2*b/(2*x**2) - 3*B*a*b**2/x + B*b**3*log(x)
)/e**5, Eq(m, -5)), (( -A**3/(3*x**3) - 3*A*a**2*b/(2*x**2) - 3*A*a*b**2/
x + A*b**3*log(x) - B*a**3/(2*x**2) - 3*B*a**2*b/x + 3*B*a*b**2*log(x) + B
*b**3*x)/e**4, Eq(m, -4)), (( -A**3/(2*x**2) - 3*A*a**2*b/x + 3*A*a*b**2*
log(x) + A*b**3*x - B*a**3/x + 3*B*a**2*b*log(x) + 3*B*a*b**2*x + B*b**3*x
**2/2)/e**3, Eq(m, -3)), (( -A**3/x + 3*A*a**2*b*log(x) + 3*A*a*b**2*x +
A*b**3*x**2/2 + B*a**3*log(x) + 3*B*a**2*b*x + 3*B*a*b**2*x**2/2 + B*b**3*
x**3/3)/e**2, Eq(m, -2)), ((A**3*log(x) + 3*A*a**2*b*x + 3*A*a*b**2*x**2
/2 + A*b**3*x**3/3 + B*a**3*x + 3*B*a**2*b*x**2/2 + B*a*b**2*x**3 + B*b**3
*x**4/4)/e, Eq(m, -1)), (A**3*m**4*x*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 15*m**4 + 85*m**3
+ 225*m**2 + 274*m + 120) + 14*A**3*m**3*x*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 15*m**4 + 85
*m**3 + 225*m**2 + 274*m + 120) + 71*A**3*m**2*x*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 15*m**
4 + 85*m**3 + 225*m**2 + 274*m + 120) + 154*A**3*m*x*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 15
*m**4 + 85*m**3 + 225*m**2 + 274*m + 120) + 120*A**3*x*(e*x)**m/(m**5 +
15*m**4 + 85*m**3 + 225*m**2 + 274*m + 120) + 3*A**2*b*m**4*x**2*(e*x)**
m/(m**5 + 15*m**4 + 85*m**3 + 225*m**2 + 274*m + 120) + 39*A**2*b*m**3*x
**2*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 15*m**4 + 85*m**3 + 225*m**2 + 274*m + 120) + 177*A**
2*b*m**2*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 15*m**4 + 85*m**3 + 225*m**2 + 274*m + 12
0) + 321*A**2*b*m*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**5 + 15*m**4 + 85*m**3 + 225*m**2 ...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{Bb^3 e^m x^5 x^m}{m+5} + \frac{3 Bab^2 e^m x^4 x^m}{m+4} + \frac{Ab^3 e^m x^4 x^m}{m+4} + \frac{3 Ba^2 b e^m x^3 x^m}{m+3} + \frac{3 Aab^2 e^m x^3 x^m}{m+3} + \frac{Ba^3 e^m x^2 x^m}{m+2} + \frac{3 Aa^2 b e^m x^2 x^m}{m+2} + \frac{(ex)^{m+1} Aa^3}{e(m+1)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
B*b^3*e^m*x^5*x^m/(m + 5) + 3*B*a*b^2*e^m*x^4*x^m/(m + 4) + A*b^3*e^m*x^4*
x^m/(m + 4) + 3*B*a^2*b*e^m*x^3*x^m/(m + 3) + 3*A*a*b^2*e^m*x^3*x^m/(m + 3
) + B*a^3*e^m*x^2*x^m/(m + 2) + 3*A*a^2*b*e^m*x^2*x^m/(m + 2) + (e*x)^(m +
1)*A*a^3/(e*(m + 1))
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 673 vs. $2(121) = 242$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 673, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.56

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex)^m Bb^3 m^4 x^5 + 3(ex)^m Bab^2 m^4 x^4 + (ex)^m Ab^3 m^4 x^4 + 10(ex)^m Bb^3 m^3 x^5 + 3(ex)^m Ba^2 b m^4 x^3 + 3(ex)^m Aa^2 b m^4 x^3 + 3(ex)^m Aa^2 b m^4 x^3 + 3(ex)^m Aa^2 b m^4 x^3}{m^5 + 15m^4 + 85m^3 + 225m^2 + 274m + 120}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{((e*x)^m*B*b^3*m^4*x^5 + 3*(e*x)^m*B*a*b^2*m^4*x^4 + (e*x)^m*A*b^3*m^4*x^4 + 10*(e*x)^m*B*b^3*m^3*x^5 + 3*(e*x)^m*B*a^2*b*m^4*x^3 + 3*(e*x)^m*A*a*b^2*m^4*x^3 + 33*(e*x)^m*B*a*b^2*m^3*x^4 + 11*(e*x)^m*A*b^3*m^3*x^4 + 35*(e*x)^m*B*b^3*m^2*x^5 + (e*x)^m*B*a^3*m^4*x^2 + 3*(e*x)^m*A*a^2*b*m^4*x^2 + 36*(e*x)^m*B*a^2*b*m^3*x^3 + 36*(e*x)^m*A*a*b^2*m^3*x^3 + 123*(e*x)^m*B*a*b^2*m^2*x^4 + 41*(e*x)^m*A*b^3*m^2*x^4 + 50*(e*x)^m*B*b^3*m*x^5 + (e*x)^m*A*a^3*m^4*x + 13*(e*x)^m*B*a^3*m^3*x^2 + 39*(e*x)^m*A*a^2*b*m^3*x^2 + 147*(e*x)^m*B*a^2*b*m^2*x^3 + 147*(e*x)^m*A*a*b^2*m^2*x^3 + 183*(e*x)^m*B*a*b^2*m*x^4 + 61*(e*x)^m*A*b^3*m*x^4 + 24*(e*x)^m*B*b^3*x^5 + 14*(e*x)^m*A*a^3*m^3*x + 59*(e*x)^m*B*a^3*m^2*x^2 + 177*(e*x)^m*A*a^2*b*m^2*x^2 + 234*(e*x)^m*B*a^2*b*m*x^3 + 234*(e*x)^m*A*a*b^2*m*x^3 + 90*(e*x)^m*B*a*b^2*x^4 + 30*(e*x)^m*A*b^3*x^4 + 71*(e*x)^m*A*a^3*m^2*x + 107*(e*x)^m*B*a^3*m*x^2 + 321*(e*x)^m*A*a^2*b*m*x^2 + 120*(e*x)^m*B*a^2*b*x^3 + 120*(e*x)^m*A*a*b^2*x^3 + 154*(e*x)^m*A*a^3*m*x + 60*(e*x)^m*B*a^3*x^2 + 180*(e*x)^m*A*a^2*b*x^2 + 120*(e*x)^m*A*a^3*x)/(m^5 + 15*m^4 + 85*m^3 + 225*m^2 + 274*m + 120)}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$= (ex)^m \left(\frac{A a^3 x (m^4 + 14 m^3 + 71 m^2 + 154 m + 120)}{m^5 + 15 m^4 + 85 m^3 + 225 m^2 + 274 m + 120} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{B b^3 x^5 (m^4 + 10 m^3 + 35 m^2 + 50 m + 24)}{m^5 + 15 m^4 + 85 m^3 + 225 m^2 + 274 m + 120}$$

$$+ \frac{a^2 x^2 (3 A b + B a) (m^4 + 13 m^3 + 59 m^2 + 107 m + 60)}{m^5 + 15 m^4 + 85 m^3 + 225 m^2 + 274 m + 120}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 x^4 (A b + 3 B a) (m^4 + 11 m^3 + 41 m^2 + 61 m + 30)}{m^5 + 15 m^4 + 85 m^3 + 225 m^2 + 274 m + 120}$$

$$\left. + \frac{3 a b x^3 (A b + B a) (m^4 + 12 m^3 + 49 m^2 + 78 m + 40)}{m^5 + 15 m^4 + 85 m^3 + 225 m^2 + 274 m + 120} \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^3,x)`output `(e*x)^m*((A*a^3*x*(154*m + 71*m^2 + 14*m^3 + m^4 + 120))/(274*m + 225*m^2 + 85*m^3 + 15*m^4 + m^5 + 120) + (B*b^3*x^5*(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24))/(274*m + 225*m^2 + 85*m^3 + 15*m^4 + m^5 + 120) + (a^2*x^2*(3*A*b + B*a)*(107*m + 59*m^2 + 13*m^3 + m^4 + 60))/(274*m + 225*m^2 + 85*m^3 + 15*m^4 + m^5 + 120) + (b^2*x^4*(A*b + 3*B*a)*(61*m + 41*m^2 + 11*m^3 + m^4 + 30))/(274*m + 225*m^2 + 85*m^3 + 15*m^4 + m^5 + 120) + (3*a*b*x^3*(A*b + B*a)*(78*m + 49*m^2 + 12*m^3 + m^4 + 40))/(274*m + 225*m^2 + 85*m^3 + 15*m^4 + m^5 + 120))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^3 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m e^{mx} (b^4 m^4 x^4 + 4 a b^3 m^4 x^3 + 10 b^4 m^3 x^4 + 6 a^2 b^2 m^4 x^2 + 44 a b^3 m^3 x^3 + 35 b^4 m^2 x^4 + 4 a^3 b m^4 x + 72 a^2 b^2 m^4)}{m^5 + 15 m^4 + 85 m^3 + 225 m^2 + 274 m + 120}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^3*(B*x+A),x)`

output

```
(x**m**e**m*x*(a**4*m**4 + 14*a**4*m**3 + 71*a**4*m**2 + 154*a**4*m + 120*a**4 + 4*a**3*b*m**4*x + 52*a**3*b*m**3*x + 236*a**3*b*m**2*x + 428*a**3*b*m*x + 240*a**3*b*x + 6*a**2*b**2*m**4*x**2 + 72*a**2*b**2*m**3*x**2 + 294*a**2*b**2*m**2*x**2 + 468*a**2*b**2*m*x**2 + 240*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 4*a*b**3*m**4*x**3 + 44*a*b**3*m**3*x**3 + 164*a*b**3*m**2*x**3 + 244*a*b**3*m*x**3 + 120*a*b**3*x**3 + b**4*m**4*x**4 + 10*b**4*m**3*x**4 + 35*b**4*m**2*x**4 + 50*b**4*m*x**4 + 24*b**4*x**4))/(m**5 + 15*m**4 + 85*m**3 + 225*m**2 + 274*m + 120)
```

3.346 $\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^2 (A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	2419
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2419
Rubi [A] (verified)	2420
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Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2422
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2424
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^2 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{a^2 A (ex)^{1+m}}{e(1+m)} + \frac{a(2Ab + aB)(ex)^{2+m}}{e^2(2+m)} + \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)(ex)^{3+m}}{e^3(3+m)} + \frac{b^2 B (ex)^{4+m}}{e^4(4+m)}$$

output

```
a^2*A*(e*x)^(1+m)/e/(1+m)+a*(2*A*b+B*a)*(e*x)^(2+m)/e^2/(2+m)+b*(A*b+2*B*a)
*(e*x)^(3+m)/e^3/(3+m)+b^2*B*(e*x)^(4+m)/e^4/(4+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^2 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{(ex)^m \left(Bx(a + bx)^3 + (-aB(1+m) + Ab(4+m))x \left(\frac{a^2}{1+m} + \frac{2abx}{2+m} + \frac{b^2 x^2}{3+m} \right) \right)}{b(4+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x)^2*(A + B*x),x]
```


output

$$\left((e^x)^m (Bx(a + bx)^3 + (-aB(1 + m) + A*b*(4 + m)) * x * (a^2/(1 + m) + (2*a*b*x)/(2 + m) + (b^2*x^2)/(3 + m))) \right) / (b*(4 + m))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (A + Bx) (ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(a^2 A (ex)^m + \frac{b(ex)^{m+2}(2aB + Ab)}{e^2} + \frac{a(ex)^{m+1}(aB + 2Ab)}{e} + \frac{b^2 B (ex)^{m+3}}{e^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2 A (ex)^{m+1}}{e(m+1)} + \frac{b(ex)^{m+3}(2aB + Ab)}{e^3(m+3)} + \frac{a(ex)^{m+2}(aB + 2Ab)}{e^2(m+2)} + \frac{b^2 B (ex)^{m+4}}{e^4(m+4)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(e^x)^m (a + b*x)^2 (A + B*x), x]$$

output

$$(a^2 * A * (e^x)^{(1 + m)}) / (e * (1 + m)) + (a * (2 * A * b + a * B) * (e^x)^{(2 + m)}) / (e^2 * (2 + m)) + (b * (A * b + 2 * a * B) * (e^x)^{(3 + m)}) / (e^3 * (3 + m)) + (b^2 * B * (e^x)^{(4 + m)}) / (e^4 * (4 + m))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 85 Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*
f, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,
1])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
norman	$\frac{a(2Ab+Ba)x^2e^{m \ln(ex)}}{2+m} + \frac{a^2Ax e^{m \ln(ex)}}{1+m} + \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)x^3e^{m \ln(ex)}}{3+m} + \frac{b^2B x^4e^{m \ln(ex)}}{4+m}$
gosper	$\frac{x(Bb^2m^3x^3+Ab^2m^3x^2+2Babm^3x^2+6Bb^2m^2x^3+2Aabm^3x+7Ab^2m^2x^2+Ba^2m^3x+14Babm^2x^2+11mx^3b^2B+Aa^2m^3)}{x(Bb^2m^3x^3+Ab^2m^3x^2+2Babm^3x^2+6Bb^2m^2x^3+2Aabm^3x+7Ab^2m^2x^2+Ba^2m^3x+14Babm^2x^2+11mx^3b^2B+Aa^2m^3)}$
risch	$\frac{x(Bb^2m^3x^3+Ab^2m^3x^2+2Babm^3x^2+6Bb^2m^2x^3+2Aabm^3x+7Ab^2m^2x^2+Ba^2m^3x+14Babm^2x^2+11mx^3b^2B+Aa^2m^3)}{x(Bb^2m^3x^3+Ab^2m^3x^2+2Babm^3x^2+6Bb^2m^2x^3+2Aabm^3x+7Ab^2m^2x^2+Ba^2m^3x+14Babm^2x^2+11mx^3b^2B+Aa^2m^3)}$
orering	$\frac{x(Bb^2m^3x^3+Ab^2m^3x^2+2Babm^3x^2+6Bb^2m^2x^3+2Aabm^3x+7Ab^2m^2x^2+Ba^2m^3x+14Babm^2x^2+11mx^3b^2B+Aa^2m^3)}{x(Bb^2m^3x^3+Ab^2m^3x^2+2Babm^3x^2+6Bb^2m^2x^3+2Aabm^3x+7Ab^2m^2x^2+Ba^2m^3x+14Babm^2x^2+11mx^3b^2B+Aa^2m^3)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{Bx^4(ex)^m b^2 m^3 + Ax^3(ex)^m b^2 m^3 + 6Bx^4(ex)^m b^2 m^2 + 7Ax^3(ex)^m b^2 m^2 + 11Bx^4(ex)^m b^2 m + Bx^2(ex)^m a^2 m^3 + 14Ax^3(ex)^m b^2 m^3}{x(Bb^2m^3x^3+Ab^2m^3x^2+2Babm^3x^2+6Bb^2m^2x^3+2Aabm^3x+7Ab^2m^2x^2+Ba^2m^3x+14Babm^2x^2+11mx^3b^2B+Aa^2m^3)}$

```
input int((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(2*A*b+B*a)/(2+m)*x^2*exp(m*ln(e*x))+a^2*A/(1+m)*x*exp(m*ln(e*x))+b*(A*b
+2*B*a)/(3+m)*x^3*exp(m*ln(e*x))+b^2*B/(4+m)*x^4*exp(m*ln(e*x))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 217 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^2 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{((Bb^2m^3 + 6Bb^2m^2 + 11Bb^2m + 6Bb^2)x^4 + ((2Bab + Ab^2)m^3 + 16Bab + 8Ab^2 + 7(2Bab + Ab^2)m^2 + 14Bab + 8Ab^2)m + 14Bab + 8Ab^2)x^3 + ((B^2a^2 + 2A^2ab)m^3 + 12B^2a^2 + 24A^2ab + 8(B^2a^2 + 2A^2ab)m^2 + 19(B^2a^2 + 2A^2ab)m)x^2 + (A^2a^2m^3 + 9A^2a^2m^2 + 26A^2a^2m + 24A^2a^2)x)(ex)^m}{(m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((B*b^2*m^3 + 6*B*b^2*m^2 + 11*B*b^2*m + 6*B*b^2)*x^4 + ((2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*m^3 + 16*B*a*b + 8*A*b^2 + 7*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*m^2 + 14*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*m)*x^3 + ((B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*m^3 + 12*B*a^2 + 24*A*a*b + 8*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*m^2 + 19*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*m)*x^2 + (A*a^2*m^3 + 9*A*a^2*m^2 + 26*A*a^2*m + 24*A*a^2)*x)*(e*x)^m/(m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1073 vs. $2(82) = 164$.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1073, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.79

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^2 (A + Bx) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(b*x+a)**2*(B*x+A),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((( -A**2/(3*x**3) - A*b/x**2 - A*b**2/x - B**2/(2*x**2) - 2
*B*a*b/x + B*b**2*log(x))/e**4, Eq(m, -4)), (( -A**2/(2*x**2) - 2*A*a*b/x
+ A*b**2*log(x) - B**2/x + 2*B*a*b*log(x) + B*b**2*x)/e**3, Eq(m, -3)),
(( -A**2/x + 2*A*a*b*log(x) + A*b**2*x + B**2*log(x) + 2*B*a*b*x + B*b
**2*x**2/2)/e**2, Eq(m, -2)), ((A**2*log(x) + 2*A*a*b*x + A*b**2*x**2/2
+ B**2*x + B*a*b*x**2 + B*b**2*x**3/3)/e, Eq(m, -1)), (A**2*m**3*x*(e
*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 9*A**2*m**2*x*(e*x)**m/(m
**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 26*A**2*m*x*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m
**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 24*A**2*x*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**
2 + 50*m + 24) + 2*A*a*b*m**3*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50
*m + 24) + 16*A*a*b*m**2*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m +
24) + 38*A*a*b*m*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 24
*A*a*b*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + A*b**2*m**3*
x**3*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 7*A*b**2*m**2*x**3*
(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 14*A*b**2*m*x**3*(e*x)**
m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 8*A*b**2*x**3*(e*x)**m/(m**4 +
10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + B**2*m**3*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3
+ 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 8*B**2*m**2*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35
*m**2 + 50*m + 24) + 19*B**2*m*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 +
50*m + 24) + 12*B**2*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m ...
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^2 (A + Bx) dx = \frac{Bb^2 e^m x^4 x^m}{m+4} + \frac{2Babe^m x^3 x^m}{m+3} + \frac{Ab^2 e^m x^3 x^m}{m+3} + \frac{Ba^2 e^m x^2 x^m}{m+2} + \frac{2Aabe^m x^2 x^m}{m+2} + \frac{(ex)^{m+1} Aa^2}{e(m+1)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
B*b^2*e^m*x^4*x^m/(m + 4) + 2*B*a*b*e^m*x^3*x^m/(m + 3) + A*b^2*e^m*x^3*x^
m/(m + 3) + B*a^2*e^m*x^2*x^m/(m + 2) + 2*A*a*b*e^m*x^2*x^m/(m + 2) + (e*x
)^m*(m + 1)*A*a^2/(e*(m + 1))
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 380 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.18

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^2 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex)^m Bb^2 m^3 x^4 + 2(ex)^m Babm^3 x^3 + (ex)^m Ab^2 m^3 x^3 + 6(ex)^m Bb^2 m^2 x^4 + (ex)^m Ba^2 m^3 x^2 + 2(ex)^m}{m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $((ex)^m B b^2 m^3 x^4 + 2(ex)^m B a b m^3 x^3 + (ex)^m A b^2 m^3 x^3 + 6(ex)^m B b^2 m^2 x^4 + (ex)^m B a^2 m^3 x^2 + 2(ex)^m A a b m^3 x^2 + 14(ex)^m B a b m^2 x^3 + 7(ex)^m A b^2 m^2 x^3 + 11(ex)^m B b^2 m x^4 + (ex)^m A a^2 m^3 x + 8(ex)^m B a^2 m^2 x^2 + 16(ex)^m A a b m^2 x^2 + 28(ex)^m B a b m x^3 + 14(ex)^m A b^2 m x^3 + 6(ex)^m B b^2 x^4 + 9(ex)^m A a^2 m^2 x + 19(ex)^m B a^2 m x^2 + 38(ex)^m A a b m x^2 + 16(ex)^m B a b x^3 + 8(ex)^m A b^2 x^3 + 26(ex)^m A a^2 m x + 12(ex)^m B a^2 x^2 + 24(ex)^m A a b x^2 + 24(ex)^m A a^2 x) / (m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^2 (A + Bx) dx = (ex)^m \left(\frac{B b^2 x^4 (m^3 + 6 m^2 + 11 m + 6)}{m^4 + 10 m^3 + 35 m^2 + 50 m + 24} + \frac{A a^2 x (m^3 + 9 m^2 + 26 m + 24)}{m^4 + 10 m^3 + 35 m^2 + 50 m + 24} + \frac{a x^2 (2 A b + B a) (m^3 + 8 m^2 + 19 m + 12)}{m^4 + 10 m^3 + 35 m^2 + 50 m + 24} + \frac{b x^3 (A b + 2 B a) (m^3 + 7 m^2 + 14 m + 8)}{m^4 + 10 m^3 + 35 m^2 + 50 m + 24} \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output

```
(e*x)^m*((B*b^2*x^4*(11*m + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6))/(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24) + (A*a^2*x*(26*m + 9*m^2 + m^3 + 24))/(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24) + (a*x^2*(2*A*b + B*a)*(19*m + 8*m^2 + m^3 + 12))/(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24) + (b*x^3*(A*b + 2*B*a)*(14*m + 7*m^2 + m^3 + 8))/(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 + m^4 + 24))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^2 (A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m e^m x (b^3 m^3 x^3 + 3a b^2 m^3 x^2 + 6b^3 m^2 x^3 + 3a^2 b m^3 x + 21a b^2 m^2 x^2 + 11b^3 m x^3 + a^3 m^3 + 24a^2 b m^2 x + 4a^3 m^2)}{m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24}$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^2*(B*x+A),x)
```

output

```
(x**m*e**m*x*(a**3*m**3 + 9*a**3*m**2 + 26*a**3*m + 24*a**3 + 3*a**2*b*m**3*x + 24*a**2*b*m**2*x + 57*a**2*b*m*x + 36*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*m**3*x**2 + 21*a*b**2*m**2*x**2 + 42*a*b**2*m*x**2 + 24*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*m**3*x**3 + 6*b**3*m**2*x**3 + 11*b**3*m*x**3 + 6*b**3*x**3))/(m**4 + 10*m**3 + 35*m**2 + 50*m + 24)
```

3.347 $\int (ex)^m (a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	2426
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2426
Rubi [A] (verified)	2427
Maple [A] (verified)	2428
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2428
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2429
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2429
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2430
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2430
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2431

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{aA(ex)^{1+m}}{e(1+m)} + \frac{(Ab + aB)(ex)^{2+m}}{e^2(2+m)} + \frac{bB(ex)^{3+m}}{e^3(3+m)}$$

output

```
a*A*(e*x)^(1+m)/e/(1+m)+(A*b+B*a)*(e*x)^(2+m)/e^2/(2+m)+b*B*(e*x)^(3+m)/e^3/(3+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = \frac{x(ex)^m (a(3+m)(A(2+m) + B(1+m)x) + b(1+m)x(A(3+m) + B(2+m)x))}{(1+m)(2+m)(3+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

```
(x*(e*x)^m*(a*(3+m)*(A*(2+m) + B*(1+m)*x) + b*(1+m)*x*(A*(3+m) + B*(2+m)*x))/((1+m)*(2+m)*(3+m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)(A + Bx)(ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 85$$

$$\int \left(\frac{(ex)^{m+1}(aB + Ab)}{e} + aA(ex)^m + \frac{bB(ex)^{m+2}}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{m+2}(aB + Ab)}{e^2(m + 2)} + \frac{aA(ex)^{m+1}}{e(m + 1)} + \frac{bB(ex)^{m+3}}{e^3(m + 3)}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x)*(A + B*x),x]`

output `(a*A*(e*x)^(1 + m))/(e*(1 + m)) + ((A*b + a*B)*(e*x)^(2 + m))/(e^2*(2 + m)) + (b*B*(e*x)^(3 + m))/(e^3*(3 + m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p, 1])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
norman	$\frac{(Ab+Ba)x^2e^{m \ln(ex)}}{2+m} + \frac{Aax e^{m \ln(ex)}}{1+m} + \frac{bB x^3 e^{m \ln(ex)}}{3+m}$
gospers	$\frac{x(Bb m^2 x^2 + Ab m^2 x + Ba m^2 x + 3Bbm x^2 + Aa m^2 + 4Abm x + 4Bam x + 2bB x^2 + 5Aam + 3Abx + 3Bax + 6Aa)(ex)^m}{(3+m)(2+m)(1+m)}$
risch	$\frac{x(Bb m^2 x^2 + Ab m^2 x + Ba m^2 x + 3Bbm x^2 + Aa m^2 + 4Abm x + 4Bam x + 2bB x^2 + 5Aam + 3Abx + 3Bax + 6Aa)(ex)^m}{(3+m)(2+m)(1+m)}$
orering	$\frac{x(Bb m^2 x^2 + Ab m^2 x + Ba m^2 x + 3Bbm x^2 + Aa m^2 + 4Abm x + 4Bam x + 2bB x^2 + 5Aam + 3Abx + 3Bax + 6Aa)(ex)^m}{(3+m)(2+m)(1+m)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{B x^3 (ex)^m b m^2 + A x^2 (ex)^m b m^2 + 3 B x^3 (ex)^m b m + B x^2 (ex)^m a m^2 + 4 A x^2 (ex)^m b m + A x (ex)^m a m^2 + 2 B x^3 (ex)^m b + 4 B x^2 (ex)^m b}{(3+m)(2+m)(1+m)}$

input `int((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(A*b+B*a)/(2+m)*x^2*exp(m*ln(e*x))+A*a/(1+m)*x*exp(m*ln(e*x))+b*B/(3+m)*x^3*exp(m*ln(e*x))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int (ex)^m(a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{((Bbm^2 + 3 Bbm + 2 Bb)x^3 + ((Ba + Ab)m^2 + 3 Ba + 3 Ab + 4 (Ba + Ab)m)x^2 + (Aam^2 + 5 Aam + 6 Aa)x + 6Aa)(ex)^m}{m^3 + 6 m^2 + 11 m + 6}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((B*b*m^2 + 3*B*b*m + 2*B*b)*x^3 + ((B*a + A*b)*m^2 + 3*B*a + 3*A*b + 4*(B*a + A*b)*m)*x^2 + (A*a*m^2 + 5*A*a*m + 6*A*a)*x*(e*x)^m/(m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 418 vs. $2(51) = 102$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.97

$$\int (ex)^m(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{-\frac{Aa}{2x^2} - \frac{Ab}{x} - \frac{Ba}{x} + Bb \log(x)}{e^3} \\ \frac{-\frac{Aa}{x} + Ab \log(x) + Ba \log(x) + Bbx}{e^2} \\ \frac{Aa \log(x) + Abx + Bax + \frac{Bbx^2}{2}}{e} \\ \frac{Aam^2x(ex)^m}{m^3+6m^2+11m+6} + \frac{5Aamx(ex)^m}{m^3+6m^2+11m+6} + \frac{6Aax(ex)^m}{m^3+6m^2+11m+6} + \frac{Abm^2x^2(ex)^m}{m^3+6m^2+11m+6} + \frac{4Abmx^2(ex)^m}{m^3+6m^2+11m+6} + \frac{3Abx^2(ex)^m}{m^3+6m^2+11m+6} + \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A), x)`

output `Piecewise(((−A*a/(2*x**2) − A*b/x − B*a/x + B*b*log(x))/e**3, Eq(m, −3)), ((−A*a/x + A*b*log(x) + B*a*log(x) + B*b*x)/e**2, Eq(m, −2)), ((A*a*log(x) + A*b*x + B*a*x + B*b*x**2/2)/e, Eq(m, −1)), (A*a*m**2*x*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + 5*A*a*m*x*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + 6*A*a*x*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + A*b*m**2*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + 4*A*b*m*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + 3*A*b*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + B*a*m**2*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + 4*B*a*m*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + 3*B*a*x**2*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + B*b*m**2*x**3*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + 3*B*b*m*x**3*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + 2*B*b*x**3*(e*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (ex)^m(a+bx)(A+Bx) dx = \frac{Bbe^m x^3 x^m}{m+3} + \frac{Bae^m x^2 x^m}{m+2} + \frac{Abe^m x^2 x^m}{m+2} + \frac{(ex)^{m+1} Aa}{e(m+1)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$B*b*e^{m*x^3*x^m}/(m+3) + B*a*e^{m*x^2*x^m}/(m+2) + A*b*e^{m*x^2*x^m}/(m+2) + (e*x)^{(m+1)}*A*a/(e*(m+1))$$
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 167 vs. $2(60) = 120$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex)^m Bbm^2x^3 + (ex)^m Bam^2x^2 + (ex)^m Abm^2x^2 + 3(ex)^m Bbm^2x^3 + (ex)^m Aam^2x + 4(ex)^m Bam^2x^2}{m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{((e*x)^m*B*b*m^2*x^3 + (e*x)^m*B*a*m^2*x^2 + (e*x)^m*A*b*m^2*x^2 + 3*(e*x)^m*B*b*m*x^3 + (e*x)^m*A*a*m^2*x + 4*(e*x)^m*B*a*m*x^2 + 4*(e*x)^m*A*b*m*x^2 + 2*(e*x)^m*B*b*x^3 + 5*(e*x)^m*A*a*m*x + 3*(e*x)^m*B*a*x^2 + 3*(e*x)^m*A*b*x^2 + 6*(e*x)^m*A*a*x)/(m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)}$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)(A + Bx) dx = (ex)^m \left(\frac{x^2 (Ab + Ba) (m^2 + 4m + 3)}{m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6} + \frac{Bbx^3 (m^2 + 3m + 2)}{m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6} + \frac{Aax (m^2 + 5m + 6)}{m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6} \right)$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x),x)
```

output

$$(e*x)^m*((x^2*(A*b + B*a)*(4*m + m^2 + 3))/(11*m + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6) + (B*b*x^3*(3*m + m^2 + 2))/(11*m + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6) + (A*a*x*(5*m + m^2 + 6))/(11*m + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6))$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)(A + Bx) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m e^m x (b^2 m^2 x^2 + 2ab m^2 x + 3b^2 m x^2 + a^2 m^2 + 8abmx + 2b^2 x^2 + 5a^2 m + 6abx + 6a^2)}{m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)*(B*x+A),x)`

output `(x**m*e**m*x*(a**2*m**2 + 5*a**2*m + 6*a**2 + 2*a*b*m**2*x + 8*a*b*m*x + 6*a*b*x + b**2*m**2*x**2 + 3*b**2*m*x**2 + 2*b**2*x**2))/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6)`

3.348 $\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$

Optimal result	2432
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2432
Rubi [A] (verified)	2433
Maple [F]	2434
Fricas [F]	2434
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2435
Maxima [F]	2435
Giac [F]	2436
Mupad [F(-1)]	2436
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2436

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{B(ex)^{1+m}}{be(1+m)} + \frac{(Ab-aB)(ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{abe(1+m)}$$

output

```
B*(e*x)^(1+m)/b/e/(1+m)+(A*b-B*a)*(e*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], -b*x/a)/a/b/e/(1+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = -\frac{x(ex)^m(-aB+(-Ab+aB)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right))}{ab(1+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x), x]
```

output

```

-((x*(e*x)^m*(-(a*B) + -(A*b) + a*B)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, -
((b*x)/a)])))/(a*b*(1 + m))

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {90, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(A + Bx)(ex)^m}{a + bx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 90 \\
 & \frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{(ex)^m}{a + bx} dx}{b} + \frac{B(ex)^{m+1}}{be(m+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 74 \\
 & \frac{(ex)^{m+1}(Ab - aB) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{abe(m+1)} + \frac{B(ex)^{m+1}}{be(m+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```

Int[((e*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x]

```

output

```

(B*(e*x)^(1 + m))/(b*e*(1 + m)) + ((A*b - a*B)*(e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometri
c2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, -((b*x)/a)])/(a*b*e*(1 + m))

```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (Bx + A)}{bx + a} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (A + Bx)}{a + bx} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex)^m}{bx + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x + A)*(e*x)^m/(b*x + a), x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{Ae^m m x^{m+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, m+1\right) \Gamma(m+1)}{a \Gamma(m+2)} + \frac{Ae^m x^{m+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, m+1\right) \Gamma(m+1)}{a \Gamma(m+2)} + \frac{Be^m m x^{m+2} \Phi\left(\frac{bx e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, m+2\right) \Gamma(m+2)}{a \Gamma(m+3)} + \frac{2Be^m x^{m+2} \Phi\left(\frac{bx e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, m+2\right) \Gamma(m+2)}{a \Gamma(m+3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`

output `A*e**m*m*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(a*gamma(m + 2)) + A*e**m*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(a*gamma(m + 2)) + B*e**m*m*x**(m + 2)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 2)*gamma(m + 2)/(a*gamma(m + 3)) + 2*B*e**m*x**(m + 2)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 2)*gamma(m + 2)/(a*gamma(m + 3))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)(ex)^m}{bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x)^m/(b*x + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)(ex)^m}{bx+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x)^m/(b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{a+bx} dx = \frac{x^m e^m x}{m+1}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a),x)`

output `(x**m*e**m*x)/(m + 1)`

3.349 $\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2437
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2437
Rubi [A] (verified)	2438
Maple [F]	2439
Fricas [F]	2439
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2440
Maxima [F]	2441
Giac [F]	2441
Mupad [F(-1)]	2441
Reduce [F]	2442

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{B(ex)^{1+m}}{bem(a+bx)} + \frac{(Abm - aB(1+m))(ex)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^2bem(1+m)}$$

output

$B*(e*x)^{(1+m)}/b/e/m/(b*x+a)+(A*b*m-a*B*(1+m))*(e*x)^{(1+m)*hypergeom([2, 1+m], [2+m], -b*x/a)/a^2/b/e/m/(1+m)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{x(ex)^m \left(\frac{a(Ab-aB)}{a+bx} + \frac{(-Abm+aB(1+m)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{1+m} \right)}{a^2b}$$

input

$\text{Integrate}[((e*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2, x]$

output

```
(x*(e*x)^m*((a*(A*b - a*B))/(a + b*x) + ((-(A*b*m) + a*B*(1 + m))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, -(b*x)/a])/(1 + m)))/(a^2*b)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {87, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(ex)^m}{(a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{abe(a + bx)} - \frac{(Abm - aB(m + 1)) \int \frac{(ex)^m}{a + bx} dx}{ab}$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{abe(a + bx)} - \frac{(ex)^{m+1}(Abm - aB(m + 1)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^2be(m + 1)}$$

input

```
Int[((e*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*(e*x)^(1 + m))/(a*b*e*(a + b*x)) - ((A*b*m - a*B*(1 + m))*(e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, -(b*x)/a])/(a^2*b*e*(1 + m))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (Bx + A)}{(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex)^m}{(bx + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x + A)*(e*x)^m/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2), x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 678, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.69

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output

```
A*(-a**m*m**2*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(a**3*gamma(m + 2) + a**2*b*x*gamma(m + 2)) - a**m*m*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(a**3*gamma(m + 2) + a**2*b*x*gamma(m + 2)) + a**m*m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(a**3*gamma(m + 2) + a**2*b*x*gamma(m + 2)) + a**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(a**3*gamma(m + 2) + a**2*b*x*gamma(m + 2)) - b**m*m**2*x*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(a**3*gamma(m + 2) + a**2*b*x*gamma(m + 2)) - b**m*m*x*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(a**3*gamma(m + 2) + a**2*b*x*gamma(m + 2))) + B*(-a**m*m**2*x**(m + 2)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 2)*gamma(m + 2)/(a**3*gamma(m + 3) + a**2*b*x*gamma(m + 3)) - 3*a**m*m*x**(m + 2)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 2)*gamma(m + 2)/(a**3*gamma(m + 3) + a**2*b*x*gamma(m + 3)) + a**m*m*x**(m + 2)*gamma(m + 2)/(a**3*gamma(m + 3) + a**2*b*x*gamma(m + 3)) - 2*a**m*x**(m + 2)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 2)*gamma(m + 2)/(a**3*gamma(m + 3) + a**2*b*x*gamma(m + 3)) + 2*a**m*x**(m + 2)*gamma(m + 2)/(a**3*gamma(m + 3) + a**2*b*x*gamma(m + 3)) - b**m*m**2*x*x**(m + 2)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 2)*gamma(m + 2)/(a**3*gamma(m + 3) + a**2*b*x*gamma(m + 3)) - 3*b**m*m*x*x**(m + 2)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 2)*gamma(m + 2)/(a**3*gamma(m + 3) + a**2*b*x*gamma(m + 3)) - 2*b**m*x*x**(m + 2)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 2)*gamma(m + 2)/(a**3*gamma(m + 3) + a**2*b*x*gamma(m + 3))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)(ex)^m}{(bx+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x)^m/(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)(ex)^m}{(bx+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x)^m/(b*x + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((e*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{e^m(x^m - (\int \frac{x^m}{bx^2+ax} dx) am)}{bm}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^2,x)`

output `(e**m*(x**m - int(x**m/(a*x + b*x**2),x)*a*m))/(b*m)`

3.350 $\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2443
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2443
Rubi [A] (verified)	2444
Maple [F]	2445
Fricas [F]	2445
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2446
Maxima [F]	2447
Giac [F]	2447
Mupad [F(-1)]	2447
Reduce [F]	2448

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = -\frac{B(ex)^{1+m}}{be(1-m)(a+bx)^2} + \frac{(aB(1+m)+A(b-bm))(ex)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^3be(1-m)(1+m)}$$

output

```
-B*(e*x)^(1+m)/b/e/(1-m)/(b*x+a)^2+(a*B*(1+m)+A*(-b*m+b))*(e*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([3, 1+m], [2+m], -b*x/a)/a^3/b/e/(1-m)/(1+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \frac{x(ex)^m \left(\frac{a^2(Ab-aB)}{(a+bx)^2} - \frac{(Ab(-1+m)-aB(1+m)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{1+m} \right)}{2a^3b}$$

input `Integrate[((e*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x]`

output `(x*(e*x)^m*((a^2*(A*b - a*B))/(a + b*x)^2 - ((A*b*(-1 + m) - a*B*(1 + m))*
Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, -(b*x)/a])/(1 + m)))/(2*a^3*b)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {87, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(ex)^m}{(a + bx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{(aB(m + 1) + Ab(1 - m)) \int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a+bx)^2} dx}{2ab} + \frac{(ex)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{2abe(a + bx)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{m+1}(aB(m + 1) + Ab(1 - m)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, m + 1, m + 2, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{2a^3be(m + 1)} + \frac{(ex)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{2abe(a + bx)^2}$$

input `Int[((e*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*(e*x)^(1 + m))/(2*a*b*e*(a + b*x)^2) + ((A*b*(1 - m) + a*B*(1 + m))*(e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, -(b*x)/a])/(2*a^3*b*e*(1 + m))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (Bx + A)}{(bx + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex)^m}{(bx + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x + A)*(e*x)^m/(b^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*x + a^3), x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1763, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.59

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**3,x)`

output

```
A*(a**2*e**m*m**3*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(2*a**5*gamma(m + 2) + 4*a**4*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 2*a**3*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2)) - a**2*e**m*m**2*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(2*a**5*gamma(m + 2) + 4*a**4*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 2*a**3*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2)) - a**2*e**m*m*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(2*a**5*gamma(m + 2) + 4*a**4*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 2*a**3*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2)) + a**2*e**m*m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(2*a**5*gamma(m + 2) + 4*a**4*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 2*a**3*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2)) + 2*a**2*e**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(2*a**5*gamma(m + 2) + 4*a**4*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 2*a**3*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2)) + 2*a*b*e**m*m**3*x*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(2*a**5*gamma(m + 2) + 4*a**4*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 2*a**3*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2)) - a*b*e**m*m**2*x*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(2*a**5*gamma(m + 2) + 4*a**4*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 2*a**3*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2)) - 2*a*b*e**m*m*x*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(2*a**5*gamma(m + 2) + 4*a**4*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 2*a**3*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2)) + a*b*e**m*x*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(2*a**5*gamma(m + 2) + 4*a**4*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 2*a**3*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2)) + b**2*e**m*m**3*x**2*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(2*a**5*gamma(m + 2) + 4*a**4*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 2*a**3*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2)) - b**2*e**m*m*x**2*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a...
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)(ex)^m}{(bx+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x)^m/(b*x + a)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)(ex)^m}{(bx+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x)^m/(b*x + a)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((e*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^m \left(x^m - \left(\int \frac{x^m}{b^2 m x^3 + 2abm x^2 - b^2 x^3 + a^2 m x - 2ab x^2 - a^2 x} dx \right) a^2 m^2 + \left(\int \frac{x^m}{b^2 m x^3 + 2abm x^2 - b^2 x^3 + a^2 m x - 2ab x^2 - a^2 x} dx \right) a^2 m \right)}{b(bmx + am)}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^3,x)`

output `(e**m*(x**m - int(x**m/(a**2*m*x - a**2*x + 2*a*b*m*x**2 - 2*a*b*x**2 + b**2*m*x**3 - b**2*x**3),x)*a**2*m**2 + int(x**m/(a**2*m*x - a**2*x + 2*a*b*m*x**2 - 2*a*b*x**2 + b**2*m*x**3 - b**2*x**3),x)*a**2*m - int(x**m/(a**2*m*x - a**2*x + 2*a*b*m*x**2 - 2*a*b*x**2 + b**2*m*x**3 - b**2*x**3),x)*a*b**m**2*x + int(x**m/(a**2*m*x - a**2*x + 2*a*b*m*x**2 - 2*a*b*x**2 + b**2*m*x**3 - b**2*x**3),x)*a*b*m*x))/(b*(a*m - a + b*m*x - b*x))`

3.351 $\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^4} dx$

Optimal result	2449
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2449
Rubi [A] (verified)	2450
Maple [F]	2451
Fricas [F]	2451
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2452
Maxima [F]	2453
Giac [F]	2453
Mupad [F(-1)]	2453
Reduce [F]	2454

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^4} dx = -\frac{B(ex)^{1+m}}{be(2-m)(a+bx)^3} + \frac{(Ab(2-m)+aB(1+m))(ex)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^4be(2-m)(1+m)}$$

output

```
-B*(e*x)^(1+m)/b/e/(2-m)/(b*x+a)^3+(A*b*(2-m)+a*B*(1+m))*(e*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([4, 1+m], [2+m], -b*x/a)/a^4/b/e/(2-m)/(1+m)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^4} dx = \frac{x(ex)^m \left(\frac{a^3(Ab-aB)}{(a+bx)^3} - \frac{(Ab(-2+m)-aB(1+m)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{1+m} \right)}{3a^4b}$$

input `Integrate[((e*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^4,x]`

output `(x*(e*x)^m*((a^3*(A*b - a*B))/(a + b*x)^3 - ((A*b*(-2 + m) - a*B*(1 + m))*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + m, 2 + m, -(b*x)/a])/(1 + m)))/(3*a^4*b)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {87, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + Bx)(ex)^m}{(a + bx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{(aB(m + 1) + Ab(2 - m)) \int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx)^3} dx}{3ab} + \frac{(ex)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{3abe(a + bx)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{m+1}(aB(m + 1) + Ab(2 - m)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, m + 1, m + 2, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{3a^4be(m + 1)} + \frac{(ex)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{3abe(a + bx)^3}$$

input `Int[((e*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^4,x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*(e*x)^(1 + m))/(3*a*b*e*(a + b*x)^3) + ((A*b*(2 - m) + a*B*(1 + m))*(e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + m, 2 + m, -(b*x)/a])/(3*a^4*b*e*(1 + m))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (Bx + A)}{(bx + a)^4} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^4,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^4,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (A + Bx)}{(a + bx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(Bx + A)(ex)^m}{(bx + a)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x + A)*(e*x)^m/(b^4*x^4 + 4*a*b^3*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*x^2 + 4*a^3*b*x + a^4), x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4840, normalized size of antiderivative = 53.78

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)**4,x)`

output

```
A*(-a**3*e**m*m**4*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(6*a**7*gamma(m + 2) + 18*a**6*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 18*a**5*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2) + 6*a**4*b**3*x**3*gamma(m + 2)) + 2*a**3*e**m*m**3*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(6*a**7*gamma(m + 2) + 18*a**6*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 18*a**5*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2) + 6*a**4*b**3*x**3*gamma(m + 2)) + a**3*e**m*m**3*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(6*a**7*gamma(m + 2) + 18*a**6*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 18*a**5*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2) + 6*a**4*b**3*x**3*gamma(m + 2)) + a**3*e**m*m**2*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(6*a**7*gamma(m + 2) + 18*a**6*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 18*a**5*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2) + 6*a**4*b**3*x**3*gamma(m + 2)) - 3*a**3*e**m*m**2*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(6*a**7*gamma(m + 2) + 18*a**6*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 18*a**5*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2) + 6*a**4*b**3*x**3*gamma(m + 2)) - 2*a**3*e**m*m*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(6*a**7*gamma(m + 2) + 18*a**6*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 18*a**5*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2) + 6*a**4*b**3*x**3*gamma(m + 2)) + 2*a**3*e**m*m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(6*a**7*gamma(m + 2) + 18*a**6*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 18*a**5*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2) + 6*a**4*b**3*x**3*gamma(m + 2)) + 6*a**3*e**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)/(6*a**7*gamma(m + 2) + 18*a**6*b*x*gamma(m + 2) + 18*a**5*b**2*x**2*gamma(m + 2) + 6*a**4*b**3*x**3*gamma(m + 2)) - 3*a**2*b*e**m*m**4*x*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, ...
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)(ex)^m}{(bx+a)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x)^m/(b*x + a)^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(Bx+A)(ex)^m}{(bx+a)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(B*x+A)/(b*x+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(e*x)^m/(b*x + a)^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m(A+Bx)}{(a+bx)^4} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^4,x)`

output `int(((e*x)^m*(A + B*x))/(a + b*x)^4, x)`

3.352 $\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^p (A + Bx) dx$

Optimal result	2455
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2455
Rubi [A] (verified)	2456
Maple [F]	2457
Fricas [F]	2458
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2458
Maxima [F]	2459
Giac [F]	2459
Mupad [F(-1)]	2459
Reduce [F]	2460

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^p (A + Bx) dx = \frac{B(ex)^{1+m} (a + bx)^{1+p}}{be(2 + m + p)} + \frac{\left(\frac{A}{a+am} - \frac{B}{b(2+m+p)}\right) (ex)^{1+m} (a + bx)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2 + m + p, 2 + m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{e}$$

output

```
B*(e*x)^(1+m)*(b*x+a)^(p+1)/b/e/(2+m+p)+(A/(a*m+a)-B/b/(2+m+p))*(e*x)^(1+m)
)*(b*x+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, 2+m+p],[2+m],-b*x/a)/e
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^p (A + Bx) dx = \frac{x(ex)^m (a + bx)^p \left(B(a + bx) + \frac{(-aB(1+m) + Ab(2+m+p)) \left(1 + \frac{bx}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1+m, -p, 2+m, -\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{1+m} \right)}{b(2 + m + p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x)^p*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

```
(x*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x)^p*(B*(a + b*x) + ((-a*B*(1 + m)) + A*b*(2 + m + p))*
Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -p, 2 + m, -((b*x)/a)]/((1 + m)*(1 + (b*x)/a)^p)
)/ (b*(2 + m + p))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {90, 76, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (A + Bx)(ex)^m(a + bx)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$\left(A - \frac{aB(m+1)}{b(m+p+2)}\right) \int (ex)^m(a + bx)^p dx + \frac{B(ex)^{m+1}(a + bx)^{p+1}}{be(m+p+2)}$$

$$\downarrow 76$$

$$(a + bx)^p \left(\frac{bx}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(A - \frac{aB(m+1)}{b(m+p+2)}\right) \int (ex)^m \left(\frac{bx}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{B(ex)^{m+1}(a + bx)^{p+1}}{be(m+p+2)}$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{m+1}(a + bx)^p \left(\frac{bx}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(A - \frac{aB(m+1)}{b(m+p+2)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(m+1, -p, m+2, -\frac{bx}{a}\right) + \frac{e(m+1)B(ex)^{m+1}(a + bx)^{p+1}}{be(m+p+2)}}{}$$

input

```
Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x)^p*(A + B*x),x]
```

output

```
(B*(e*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x)^(1 + p))/(b*e*(2 + m + p)) + ((A - (a*B*(1 + m)
)/(b*(2 + m + p)))*(e*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + m, -p,
2 + m, -((b*x)/a)]/(e*(1 + m)*(1 + (b*x)/a)^p)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 76 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[n]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(1 + d*(x/c))^FracPart[n]) Int[(b*x)^m*(1 + d*(x/c))^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0] && ((RationalQ[m] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0])) || !RationalQ[n])`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (bx + a)^p (Bx + A) dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^p*(B*x+A),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^p*(B*x+A),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^p (A + Bx) dx = \int (Bx + A)(bx + a)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^p*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x + A)*(b*x + a)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^p (A + Bx) dx = \frac{Aa^p e^m x^{m+1} \Gamma(m+1) {}_2F_1\left(-p, m+1 \middle| \frac{bx e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\Gamma(m+2)} + \frac{Ba^p e^m x^{m+2} \Gamma(m+2) {}_2F_1\left(-p, m+2 \middle| \frac{bx e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\Gamma(m+3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(b*x+a)**p*(B*x+A),x)`

output `A*a**p*e**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m + 1)*hyper((-p, m + 1), (m + 2,), b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/gamma(m + 2) + B*a**p*e**m*x**(m + 2)*gamma(m + 2)*hyper((-p, m + 2), (m + 3,), b*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/gamma(m + 3)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^p (A + Bx) dx = \int (Bx + A)(bx + a)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^p*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(b*x + a)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^p (A + Bx) dx = \int (Bx + A)(bx + a)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^p*(B*x+A),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x + A)*(b*x + a)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^p (A + Bx) dx = \int (ex)^m (A + Bx) (a + bx)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(A + B*x)*(a + b*x)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx)^p (A + Bx) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(b*x+a)^p*(B*x+A),x)`

output

```
(e**m*(x**m*(a + b*x)**p*a**2*p**2 + x**m*(a + b*x)**p*a**2*p + x**m*(a +
b*x)**p*a*b*m**2*x + 3*x**m*(a + b*x)**p*a*b*m*p*x + 2*x**m*(a + b*x)**p*a
*b*m*x + 2*x**m*(a + b*x)**p*a*b*p**2*x + 2*x**m*(a + b*x)**p*a*b*p*x + x
**m*(a + b*x)**p*b**2*m**2*x**2 + 2*x**m*(a + b*x)**p*b**2*m*p*x**2 + x**m
(a + b*x)**p*b**2*m*x**2 + x**m*(a + b*x)**p*b**2*p**2*x**2 + x**m*(a + b
x)**p*b**2*p*x**2 - int((x**m*(a + b*x)**p)/(a*m**3*x + 3*a*m**2*p*x + 3*a
*m**2*x + 3*a*m*p**2*x + 6*a*m*p*x + 2*a*m*x + a*p**3*x + 3*a*p**2*x + 2*a
*p*x + b*m**3*x**2 + 3*b*m**2*p*x**2 + 3*b*m**2*x**2 + 3*b*m*p**2*x**2 + 6
*b*m*p*x**2 + 2*b*m*x**2 + b*p**3*x**2 + 3*b*p**2*x**2 + 2*b*p*x**2),x)*a*
*3*m**4*p**2 - int((x**m*(a + b*x)**p)/(a*m**3*x + 3*a*m**2*p*x + 3*a*m**2
*x + 3*a*m*p**2*x + 6*a*m*p*x + 2*a*m*x + a*p**3*x + 3*a*p**2*x + 2*a*p*x
+ b*m**3*x**2 + 3*b*m**2*p*x**2 + 3*b*m**2*x**2 + 3*b*m*p**2*x**2 + 6*b*m
p*x**2 + 2*b*m*x**2 + b*p**3*x**2 + 3*b*p**2*x**2 + 2*b*p*x**2),x)*a**3*m
*4*p - 3*int((x**m*(a + b*x)**p)/(a*m**3*x + 3*a*m**2*p*x + 3*a*m**2*x + 3
*a*m*p**2*x + 6*a*m*p*x + 2*a*m*x + a*p**3*x + 3*a*p**2*x + 2*a*p*x + b*m
*3*x**2 + 3*b*m**2*p*x**2 + 3*b*m**2*x**2 + 3*b*m*p**2*x**2 + 6*b*m*p*x**2
+ 2*b*m*x**2 + b*p**3*x**2 + 3*b*p**2*x**2 + 2*b*p*x**2),x)*a**3*m**3*p**
3 - 6*int((x**m*(a + b*x)**p)/(a*m**3*x + 3*a*m**2*p*x + 3*a*m**2*x + 3*a
m*p**2*x + 6*a*m*p*x + 2*a*m*x + a*p**3*x + 3*a*p**2*x + 2*a*p*x + b*m**3
x**2 + 3*b*m**2*p*x**2 + 3*b*m**2*x**2 + 3*b*m*p**2*x**2 + 6*b*m*p*x**2...
```

CHAPTER 4

APPENDIX

4.1	Listing of Grading functions	2461
4.2	Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS .	2479

4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
          ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.
    ]
  ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "
  ,

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]===Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]],
    If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```

```

    Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 5]],
    If [AppellFunctionQ [Head [expn]],
        Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 6]],
        If [Head [expn] === RootSum,
            Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 7]],
            If [Head [expn] === Integrate || Head [expn] === Int,
                Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 8]],
                9]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

```

```

HypergeometricFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

```

```

AppellFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{AppellF1}, func]

```

Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022  add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result   := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal  := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
#     is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```

```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```
    if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
      if debug then
        print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
      fi;
      return "A"," ";
    else
      if debug then
        print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
      fi;
      return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                    convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                    convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
      fi;
    fi;
  else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
    if debug then
      print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
    fi;
    return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                  convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                  convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
  fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
  return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function
```



```
# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
  9
end proc
```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc:
```

Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#      grade Fracas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#      'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#      issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```

```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arccoth','arcsech','arccsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric'] #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):
    #debug=False

```



```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
else:
    grade = "C"
    grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file